

Certification Test Report

FCC ID: R7PEG1R1S6
IC: 5294A-EG1R1S6

FCC Rule Part: 15.247
IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS-247

ACS Report Number: 15-0242.W06.1A

Manufacturer: Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc.
Model: G5 Integrated Focus AXe

Test Begin Date: August 31, 2015
Test End Date: September 3, 2015

Report Issue Date: September 11, 2015



FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report is not be used to claim certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any government agency.

Reviewed by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kirby Munroe', is positioned above the printed name.

Kirby Munroe
Director, Wireless Certifications
ACS, Inc.

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This report contains 36 pages

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1 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-247 Certification for modular approval.

1.2 Product description

The G5 Integrated Focus AXe contains (1) 900 MHz LAN frequency hopping spread spectrum radio and (1) 2.4 GHz direct sequence spread spectrum Zigbee radio. This report addresses the 900 MHz LAN radio only.

Technical Information:

The model G5 Integrated Focus AXe provides 5 distinct frequency hopping modes of operation as outlined below.

| Mode of Operation | Frequency Range (MHz) | Number of Channels | Channel Separation (kHz) | Data Rates Supported (kbps) |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 902.3 - 927.8 | 86 | 300 | 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 115.2 |
| 2 | 904.0 - 927.8 | 239 | 100 | 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 |
| 3 | 902.5 - 927.5 | 51 | 500 | 300.0 |
| 4 | 902.2 - 927.8 | 129 | 200 | 50.0 |
| 5 | 902.4 - 927.6 | 64 | 400 | 150, 200 |

Modulation Format: FSK/GFSK
Antenna Type / Gain: PIFA / 6 dBi
Operating Voltage: 3.3Vdc

Manufacturer Information:
Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc.
30000 Mill Creek Ave., Suite 100
Alpharetta, GA 30022

EUT Serial Numbers: 90600060 (Radiated), 9060005F (Conducted)

Test Sample Condition: The test samples were provided in good working order with no visible defects.

1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations

All modes of operation, including all available data rates, were evaluated. The data presented in this report represents the worst case where applicable.

The EUT was evaluated in three orthogonal orientations. The worst case orientation was Y-position.

Both the 900 MHz LAN radio and the 2.4 GHz Zigbee radio can transmit simultaneously therefore radiated inter-modulation products were evaluated and found to be in compliance.

Software power setting during test: 34

2 TEST FACILITIES

2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive
Buford, GA 30518
Phone: (770) 831-8048
Fax: (770) 831-8598

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

ACS is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), Lab Code 200612-0. Unless otherwise specified, all tests methods described within this report are covered under the ISO/IEC 17025 scope of accreditation.

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment.

FCC Registration Number: 511277

Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175A

VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 – 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 – 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

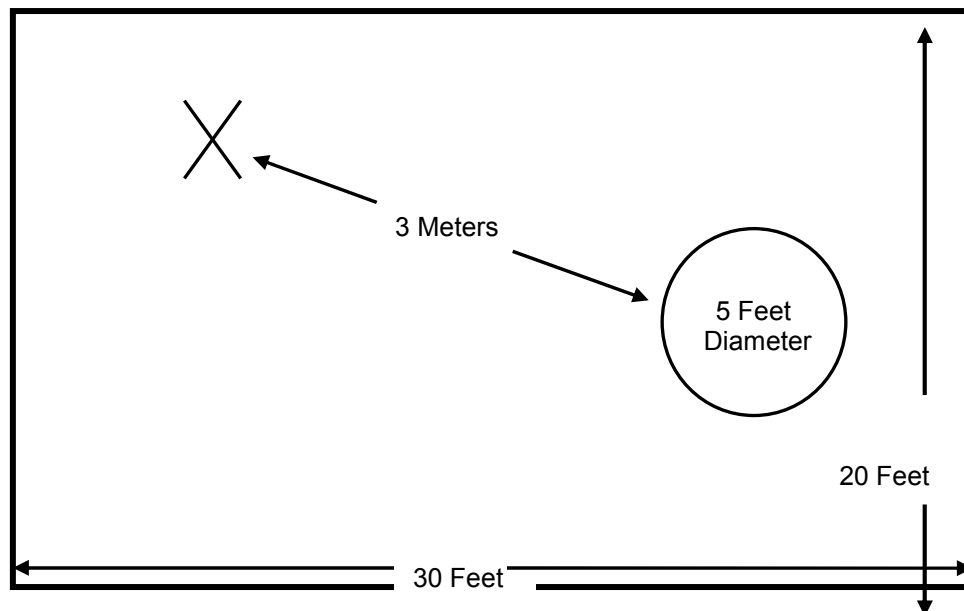


Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 – 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 – 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

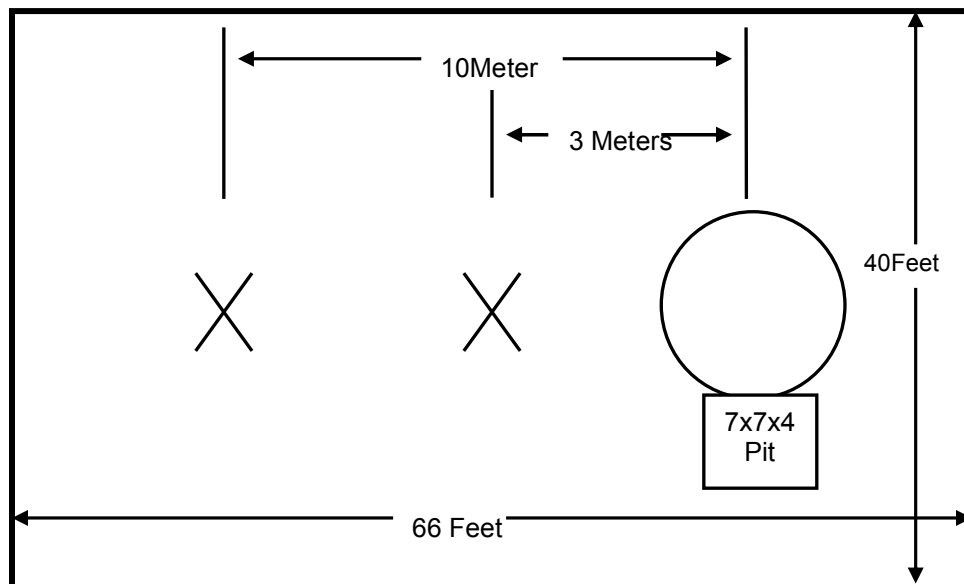


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal ground reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the room is shown below in figure 2.4-1:

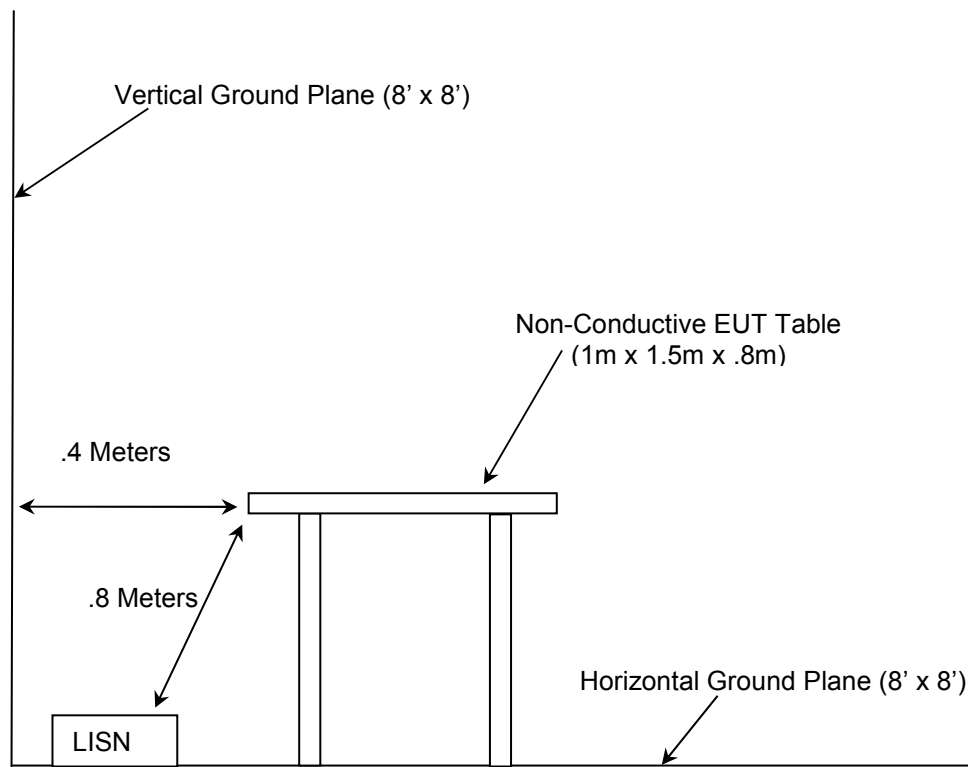


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

3 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ❖ ANSI C63.10-2013: American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2015
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2015
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-247 – Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and License-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices, Issue 1, May 2015
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-GEN – General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, Issue 4, Nov 2014.

4 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

Table 4-1: Test Equipment

| AssetID | Manufacturer | Model # | Equipment Type | Serial # | Last Calibration Date | Calibration Due Date |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Rohde & Schwarz | ESMI - Display | Spectrum Analyzers | 833771/007 | 7/14/2015 | 7/14/2016 |
| 2 | Rohde & Schwarz | ESMI-Receiver | Spectrum Analyzers | 839587/003 | 7/14/2015 | 7/14/2016 |
| 22 | Agilent | 8449B | Amplifiers | 3008A00526 | 5/18/2015 | 5/18/2016 |
| 30 | Spectrum Technologies | DRH-0118 | Antennas | 970102 | 4/30/2015 | 4/30/2017 |
| 40 | EMCO | 3104 | Antennas | 3211 | 2/10/2015 | 2/10/2017 |
| 73 | Agilent | 8447D | Amplifiers | 2727A05624 | 7/15/2015 | 7/15/2016 |
| 167 | ACS | Cable Set | Cable Set | 167 | 10/28/2014 | 10/28/2015 |
| 168 | Hewlett Packard | 11947A | Attenuators | 44829 | 1/19/2015 | 1/19/2016 |
| 267 | Agilent | N1911A | Meters | MY45100129 | 8/24/2015 | 8/24/2017 |
| 268 | Agilent | N1921A | Sensors | MY45240184 | 8/13/2015 | 8/13/2017 |
| 292 | Florida RF Cables | SMR-290AW-480.0-SMR | Cables | None | 3/3/2015 | 3/3/2016 |
| 324 | ACS | Belden | Cables | 8214 | 5/5/2015 | 5/5/2016 |
| 337 | Microwave Circuits | H1G513G1 | Filters | 282706 | 5/20/2015 | 5/20/2016 |
| 340 | Aeroflex/Weinschel | AS-20 | Attenuators | 7136 | 7/13/2015 | 7/13/2016 |
| 412 | Electro Metrics | LPA-25 | Antennas | 1241 | 7/24/2014 | 7/24/2016 |
| 422 | Florida RF | SMR | Cables | 805 | 11/5/2014 | 11/5/2015 |
| 616 | Florida RF Cables | SMRE | Cables | N/A | 9/10/2014 | 9/10/2015 |
| 622 | Rohde & Schwarz | FSV40 | Analyzers | 101338 | 7/15/2015 | 7/15/2016 |
| 3010 | Rohde & Schwarz | ENV216 | LISN | 3010 | 7/10/2015 | 7/10/2016 |
| RE112 | Rohde & Schwarz | ESIB26 | Receiver | 836119/012 | 7/16/2015 | 7/16/2016 |

5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

| Item | Equipment Type | Manufacturer | Model Number | Serial Number |
|---|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| EUT is standalone equipment with no provisions for support equipment. | | | | |
| | | | | |

6 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM

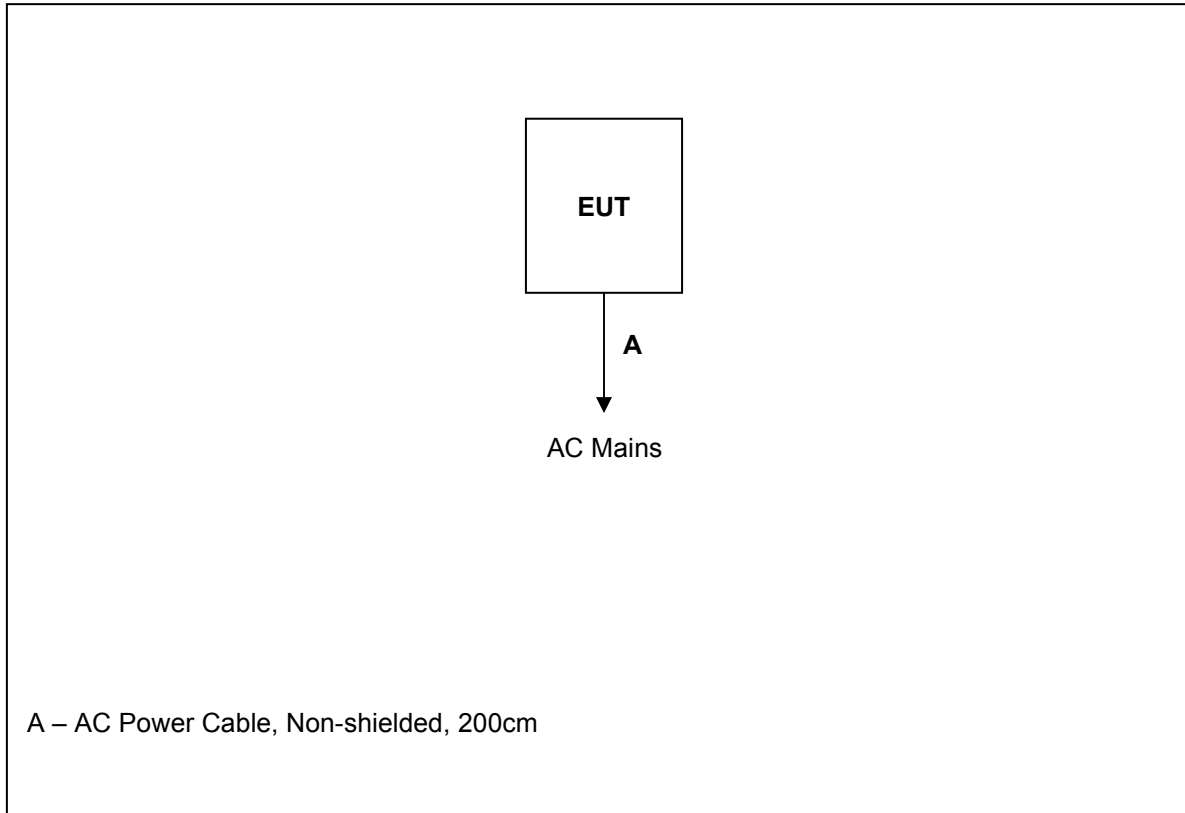


Figure 6-1: Test Setup Block Diagram

7 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

7.1 Antenna Requirement – FCC: Section 15.203

The integral antenna is a PIFA with 6dBi gain and cannot be removed without permanently damaging the device, therefore satisfying the requirements of Section 15.203.

7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions – FCC 15.207, IC: RSS-Gen 8.8

7.2.1 Measurement Procedure

ANSI C63.4 sections 6 and 7 were the guiding documents for this evaluation. Conducted emissions were performed from 150kHz to 30MHz with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 9kHz and the video bandwidth set to 30kHz. The calculation for the conducted emissions is as follows:

Corrected Reading = Analyzer Reading + LISN Loss + Cable Loss

Margin = Applicable Limit - Corrected Reading

7.2.2 Measurement Results

Table 7.2.2-1: Conducted EMI Results – Line 1

| Frequency (MHz) | Corrected Reading | | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Line | Correction (dB) |
|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|
| | Quasi-Peak (dBuV) | Average (dBuV) | | | | |
| 0.152554 | --- | 27.53 | 55.85 | 28.32 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.152554 | 42.91 | --- | 65.85 | 22.94 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.265330 | --- | 21.52 | 51.02 | 29.50 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.265330 | 31.94 | --- | 61.06 | 29.12 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.301202 | --- | 18.67 | 49.97 | 31.30 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.301202 | 27.95 | --- | 60.01 | 32.06 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.419439 | --- | 4.29 | 47.34 | 43.05 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.419439 | 20.04 | --- | 57.36 | 37.32 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.450200 | --- | 3.84 | 46.80 | 42.96 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 0.450200 | 18.00 | --- | 56.81 | 38.81 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 1.109719 | --- | 13.77 | 46.00 | 32.23 | L1 | 10.0 |
| 1.109719 | 18.73 | --- | 56.00 | 37.27 | L1 | 10.0 |

Table 7.2.2-2: Conducted EMI Results – Line 2

| Frequency (MHz) | Corrected Reading | | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Line | Correction (dB) |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|------|--------------------|
| | Quasi-Peak (dBuV) | Average (dBuV) | | | | |
| 0.150115 | --- | 27.80 | 55.99 | 28.19 | N | 10.2 |
| 0.150115 | 43.09 | --- | 65.99 | 22.90 | N | 10.2 |
| 0.332966 | --- | 23.48 | 49.16 | 25.68 | N | 10.1 |
| 0.332966 | 29.59 | --- | 59.19 | 29.60 | N | 10.1 |
| 1.097194 | --- | 29.39 | 46.00 | 16.61 | N | 10.2 |
| 1.097194 | 34.61 | --- | 56.00 | 21.39 | N | 10.2 |
| 1.189579 | --- | 23.45 | 46.00 | 22.55 | N | 10.2 |
| 1.189579 | 28.58 | --- | 56.00 | 27.42 | N | 10.2 |
| 1.792485 | --- | 21.69 | 46.00 | 24.31 | N | 10.2 |
| 1.792485 | 27.28 | --- | 56.00 | 28.72 | N | 10.2 |
| 3.211323 | --- | 21.90 | 46.00 | 24.10 | N | 10.2 |
| 3.211323 | 27.35 | --- | 56.00 | 28.65 | N | 10.2 |

7.3 Peak Output Power - FCC 15.247(b)(2) IC: RSS-247 5.4(1)**7.3.1 Measurement Procedure (Conducted Method)**

The RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of a power meter. The device employs >50 channels therefore the power is limited to 1 Watt.

All data rates were evaluated and worst case reported. Worst case data rate was 50kbps for 902.2 MHz and 9.6kbps for all other frequencies evaluated.

7.3.2 Measurement Results**Table 7.3.2-1: RF Output Power**

| Frequency [MHz] | Level [dBm] |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 902.2 | 28.31 |
| 915.0 | 27.73 |
| 927.8 | 27.19 |

7.4 Channel Usage Requirements

7.4.1 Carrier Frequency Separation – FCC 15.247(a)(1) IC: RSS-247 5.1(2)

7.4.1.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with suitable attenuation. The span of the spectrum analyzer was set wide enough to capture two adjacent peaks and the RBW started at approximately 30% of the channel spacing and adjusted as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel. The VBW was set to \geq RBW.

Carrier frequency separation was measured for all modes of operation and data presented in section 7.4.1.2 below.

7.4.1.2 Measurement Results

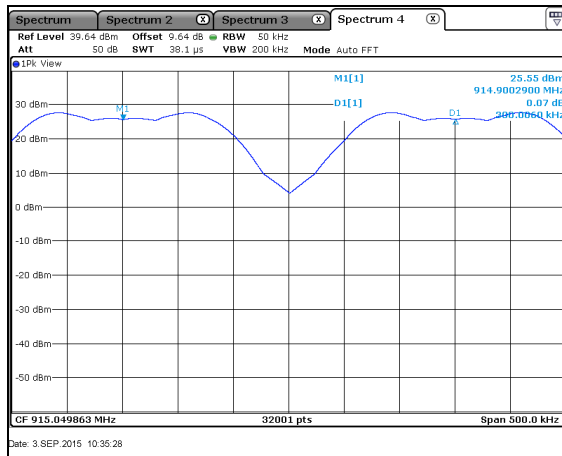


Figure 7.4.1.2-1: Mode 1

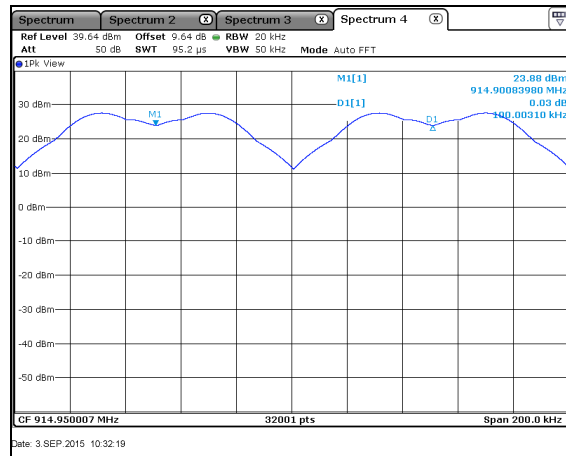


Figure 7.4.1.2-2: Mode 2

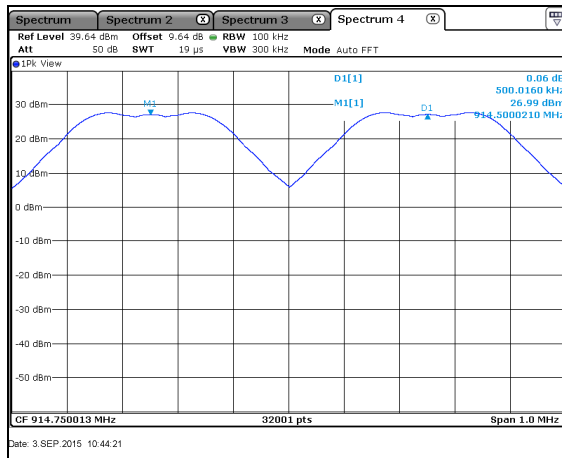


Figure 7.4.1.2-3: Mode 3

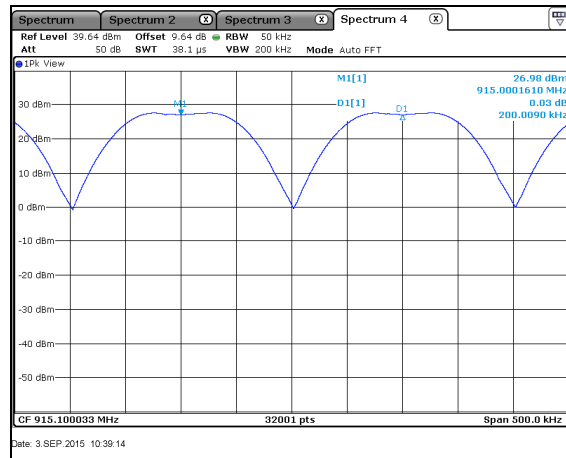


Figure 7.4.1.2-4: Mode 4

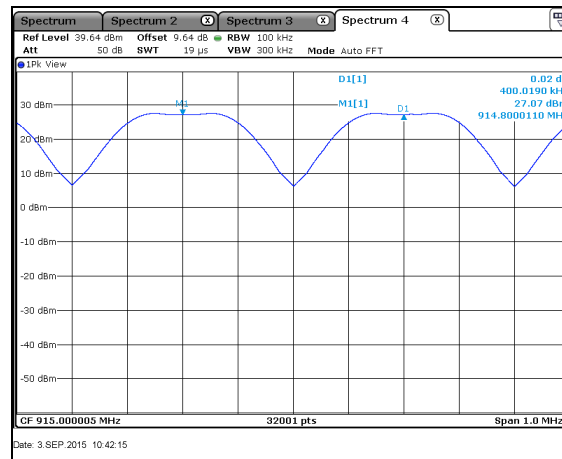


Figure 7.4.1.2-5: Mode 5

7.4.2 Number of Hopping Channels – FCC 15.247(a)(1)(i) IC: RSS-247 5.1(3)

7.4.2.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with suitable attenuation. The span of the spectrum analyzer was set wide enough to capture the frequency band of operation. The RBW was set to 300kHz for mode 1 and mode 4 and 100kHz for mode 2 and mode 3. The VBW was set to \geq RBW.

The number of hopping channels was measured for the modes of operation and data presented in section 7.4.2.2 below.

7.4.2.2 Measurement Results

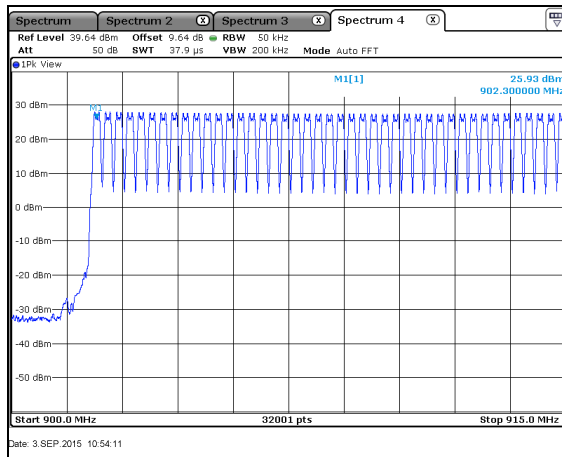


Figure 7.4.2.2-1: Mode 1 (86 Channels)

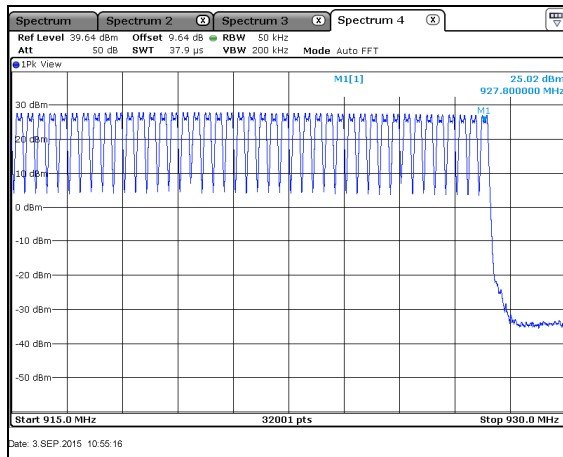


Figure 7.4.2.2-2: Mode 1 (86 Channels)

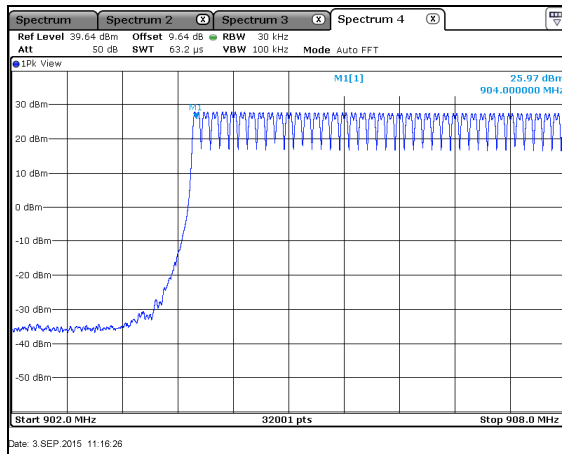


Figure 7.4.2.2-3: Mode 2 (239 Channels)

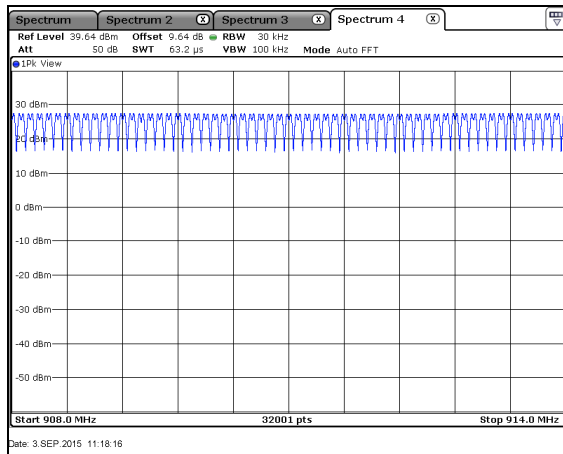
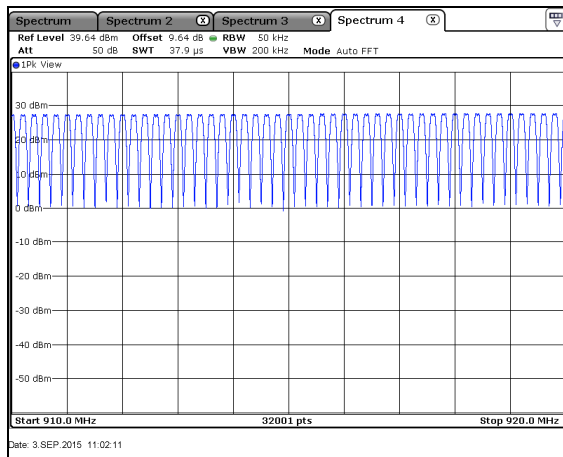
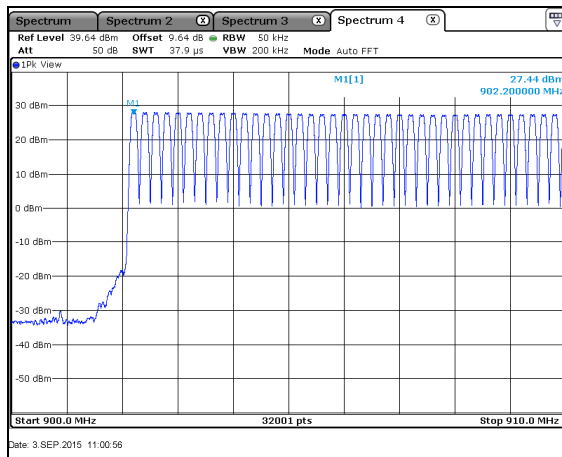
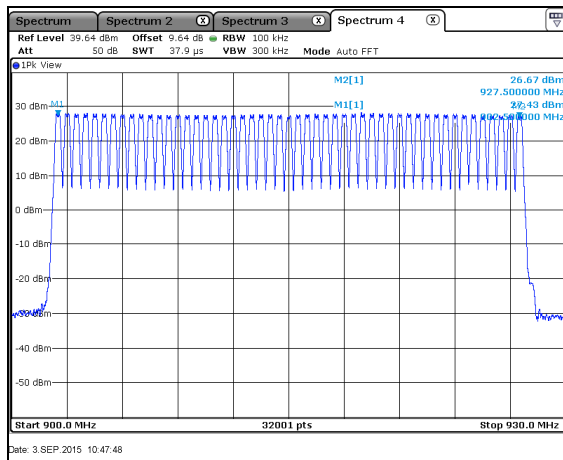
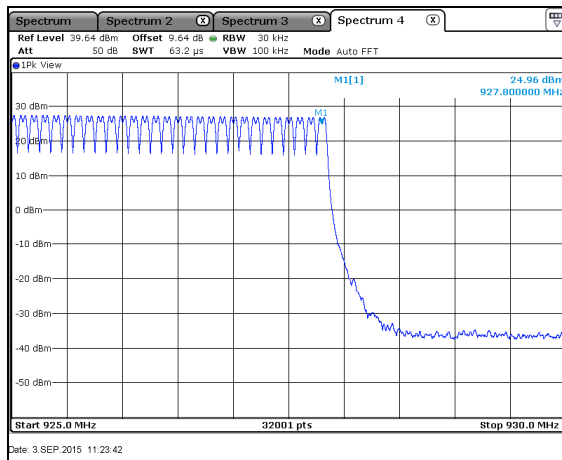
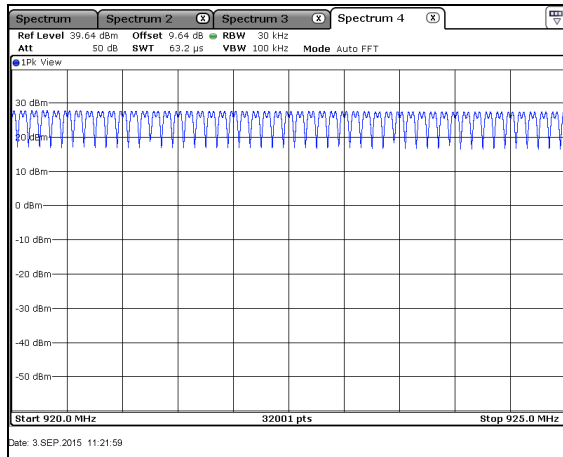
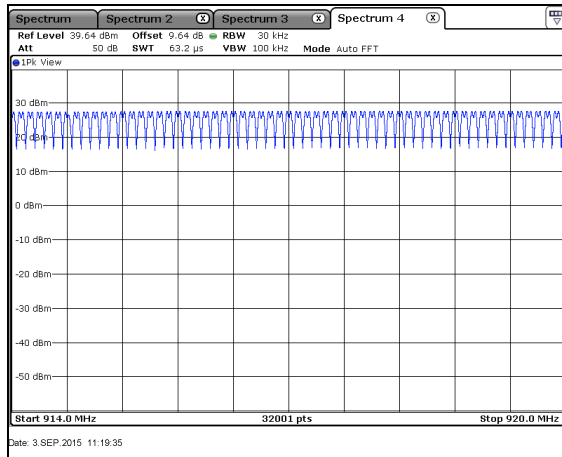


Figure 7.4.2.2-4: Mode 2 (239 Channels)



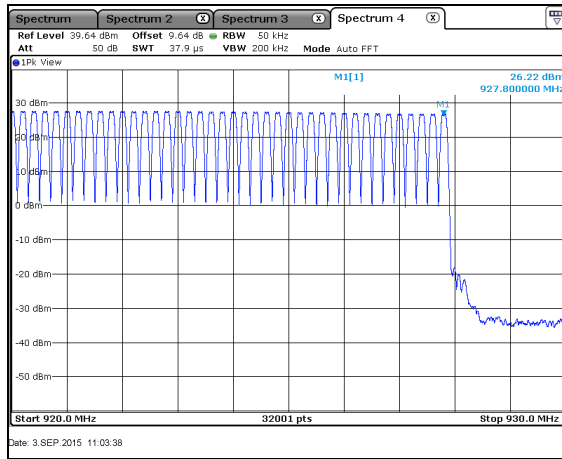


Figure 7.4.2.2-11: Mode 4 (129 Channels)

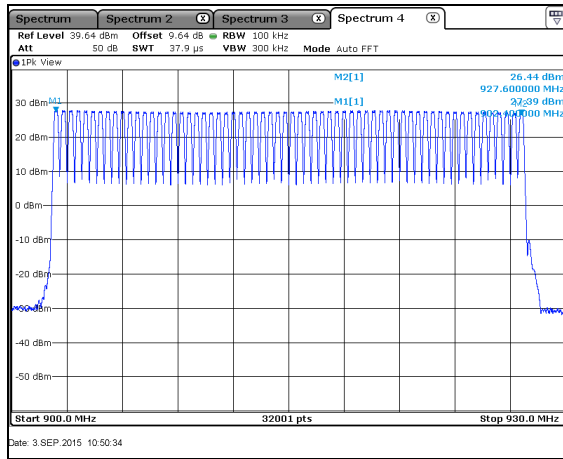


Figure 7.4.2.2-12: Mode 5 (64 Channels)

7.4.3 Channel Dwell Time – FCC 15.247(a)(1)(i) IC: RSS-247 5.1(3)**7.4.3.1 Measurement Procedure**

The EUT test mode does not generate a worst case channel dwell time therefore a detailed engineering analysis is provided in the theory of operation.

As described in the theory of operation, the maximum channel transmitter dwell time is < 400ms per channel hop with the minimum period of 700ms between hops. Therefore the maximum time of occupancy on any one channel within a 10s or 20s period is <400ms for all modes of operation.

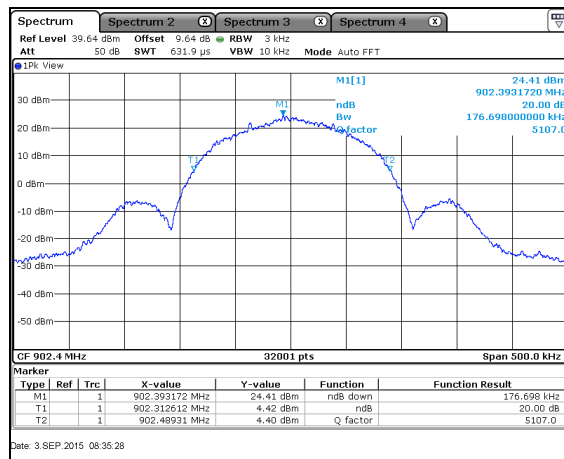
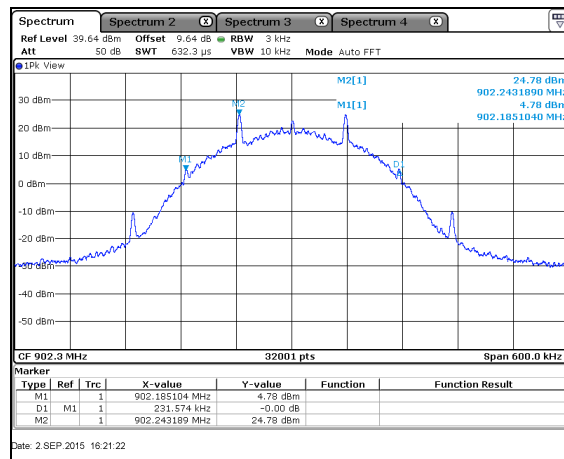
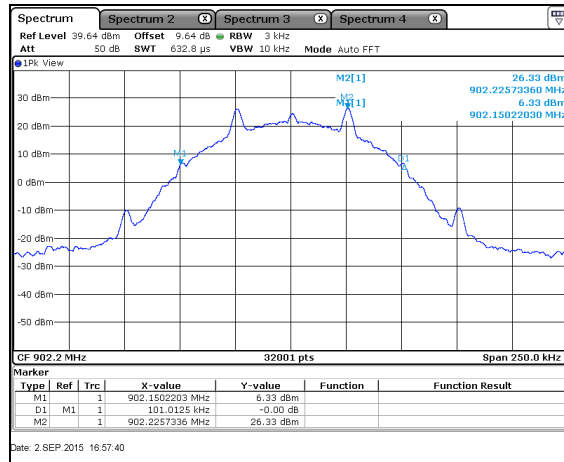
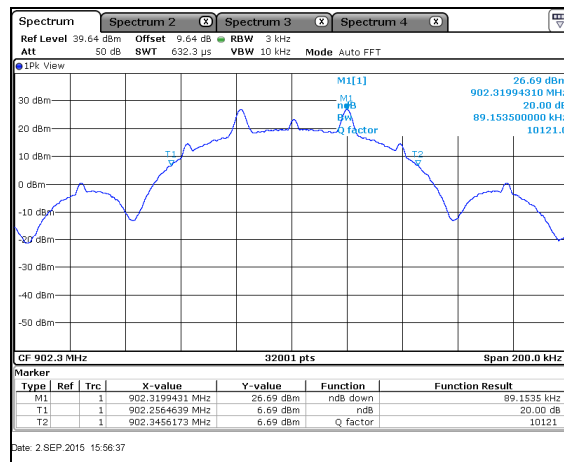
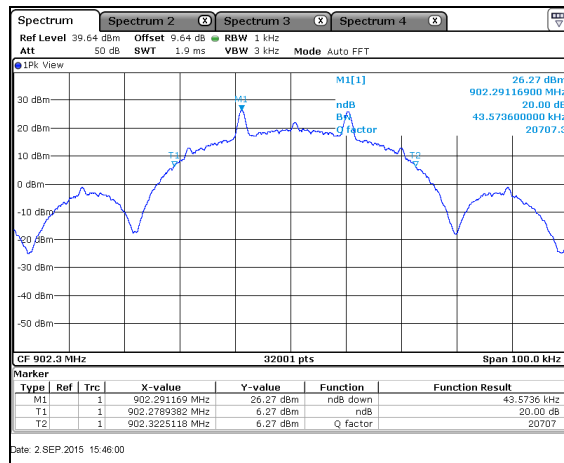
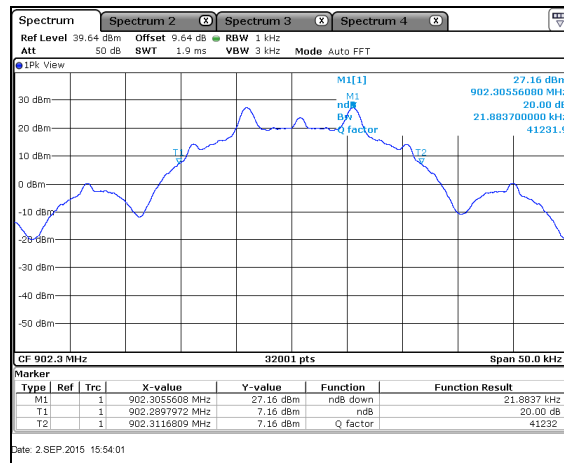
7.4.4 20dB / 99% Bandwidth - FCC 15.247(a)(1)(i) IC: RSS-247 5.1(3)**7.4.4.1 Measurement Procedure**

The RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with suitable attenuation. The span of the spectrum analyzer display was set between two times and five times the occupied bandwidth (OBW) of the emission. The RBW of the spectrum analyzer was set to approximately 1 % to 5 % of the OBW. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. The Delta and ndB down functions of the analyzer were utilized to determine the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

The occupied bandwidth measurement function of the spectrum analyzer was used to measure the 99% bandwidth. The span of the analyzer was set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission sidebands. The resolution bandwidth was set to 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth. The video bandwidth was set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. A peak detector was used.

7.4.4.2 Measurement Results**Table 7.4.4.2-1: 20dB / 99% Bandwidth**

| Frequency [MHz] | 20dB Bandwidth [kHz] | 99% Bandwidth [kHz] | Data Rate (kbps) | Mode(s) |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------|
| 902.3 | 21.88 | 20.82 | 9.6 | 1 / 2 |
| 902.3 | 43.57 | 43.29 | 19.2 | 1 / 2 |
| 902.3 | 89.15 | 85.92 | 38.4 | 1 / 2 |
| 902.2 | 101.01 | 89.59 | 50.0 | 4 |
| 902.3 | 231.57 | 208.08 | 115.2 | 1 |
| 902.4 | 176.70 | 158.89 | 150.0 | 5 |
| 902.4 | 243.16 | 211.55 | 200.0 | 5 |
| 902.5 | 364.74 | 318.15 | 300.0 | 3 |
| 915.0 | 21.86 | 20.82 | 9.6 | 1 / 2 |
| 915.0 | 43.59 | 43.25 | 19.2 | 1 / 2 |
| 915.0 | 88.20 | 85.83 | 38.4 | 1 / 2 |
| 915.0 | 101.98 | 89.34 | 50.0 | 4 |
| 915.0 | 211.96 | 208.87 | 115.2 | 1 |
| 915.0 | 181.59 | 158.76 | 150.0 | 5 |
| 915.0 | 244.64 | 212.07 | 200.0 | 5 |
| 915.0 | 363.58 | 317.74 | 300.0 | 3 |
| 927.8 | 21.88 | 20.85 | 9.6 | 1 / 2 |
| 927.8 | 43.86 | 43.13 | 19.2 | 1 / 2 |
| 927.8 | 88.41 | 85.81 | 38.4 | 1 / 2 |
| 927.8 | 102.29 | 89.44 | 50.0 | 4 |
| 927.8 | 222.27 | 208.91 | 115.2 | 1 |
| 927.6 | 179.67 | 158.96 | 150.0 | 5 |
| 927.6 | 244.47 | 211.89 | 200.0 | 5 |
| 927.5 | 360.90 | 317.96 | 300.0 | 3 |



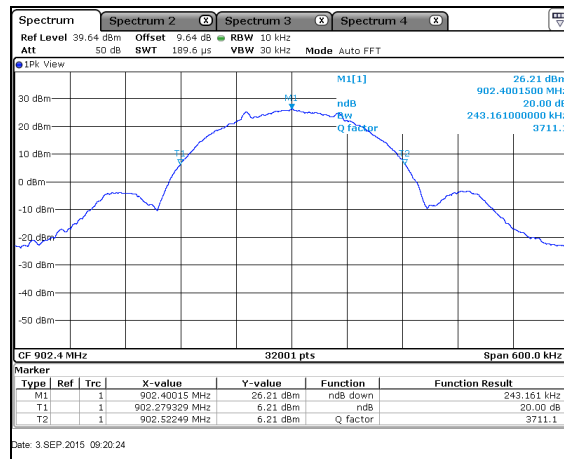


Figure 7.4.4.2-7: 20dB BW Low Channel – 200.0kbps

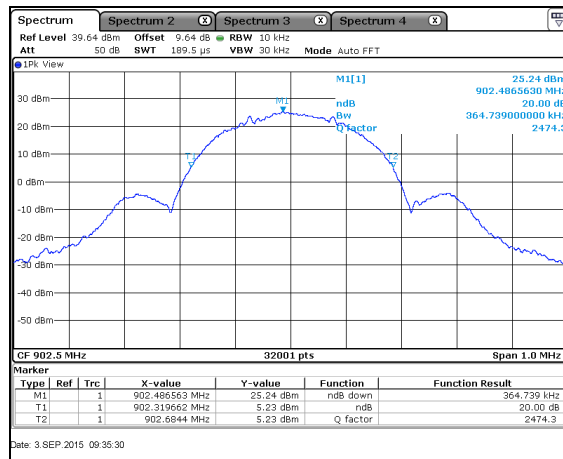


Figure 7.4.4.2-8: 20dB BW Low Channel – 300.0kbps

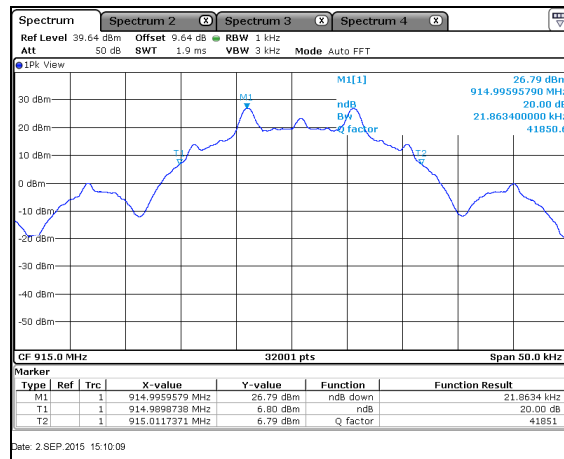


Figure 7.4.4.2-9: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 9.6kbps

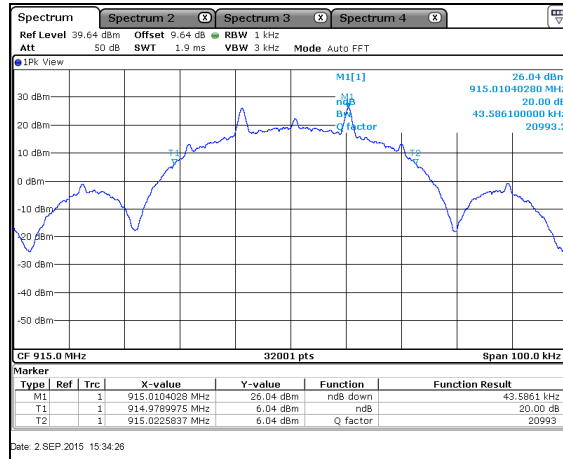


Figure 7.4.4.2-10: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 19.2kbps

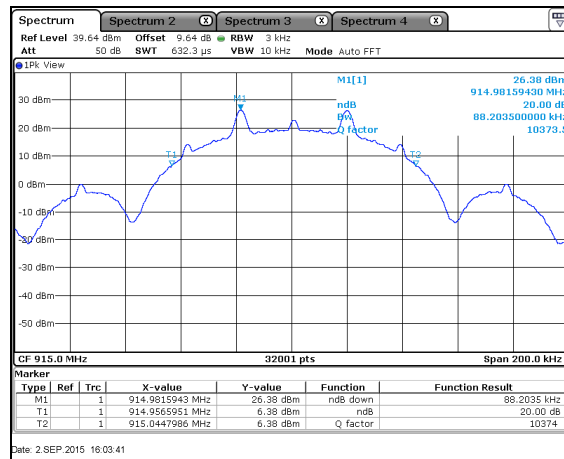


Figure 7.4.4.2-11: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 38.4kbps

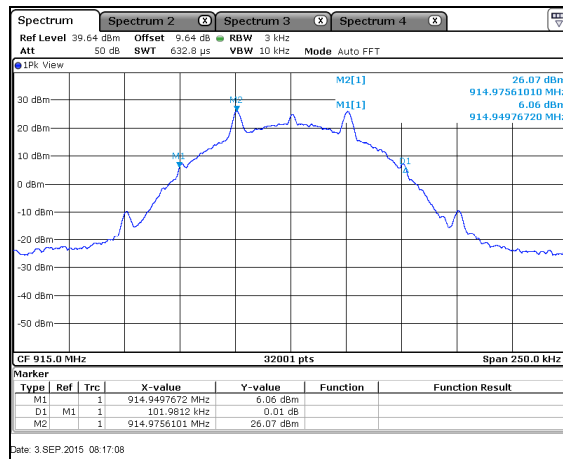


Figure 7.4.4.2-12: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 50.0kbps

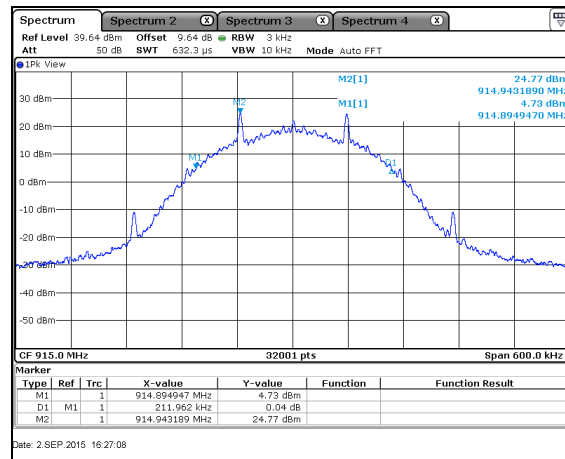


Figure 7.4.4.2-13: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 115.2kbps

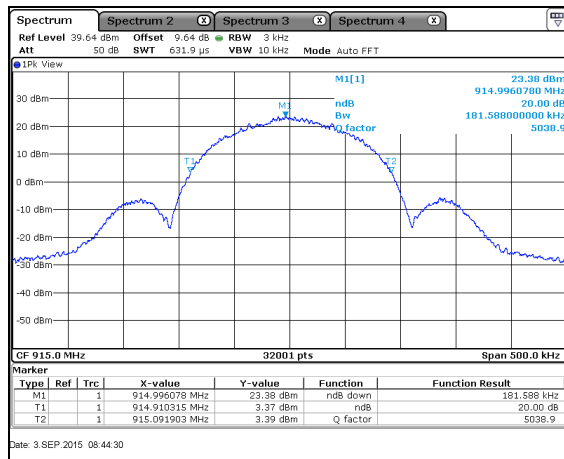


Figure 7.4.4.2-14: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 150.0kbps

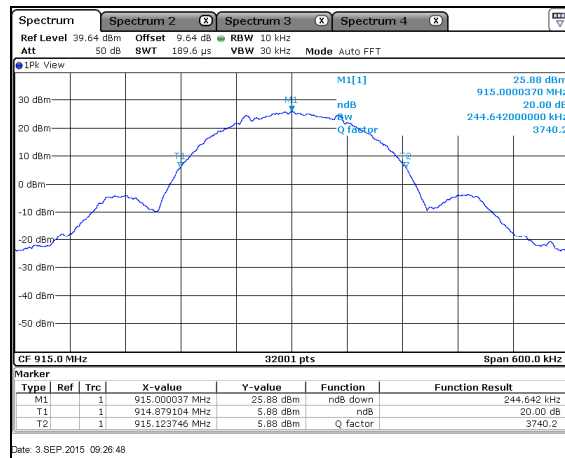


Figure 7.4.4.2-15: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 200.0kbps

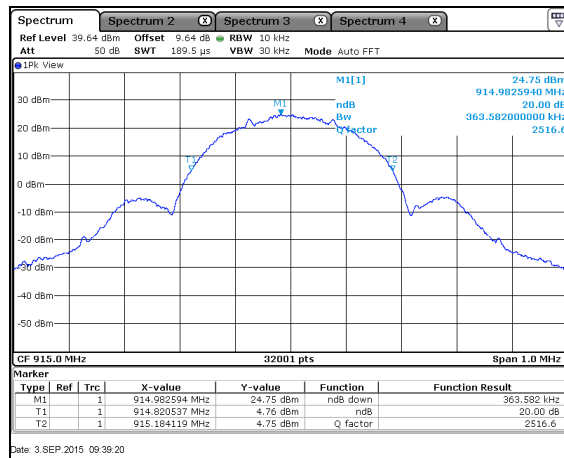


Figure 7.4.4.2-16: 20dB BW Mid Channel – 300.0kbps

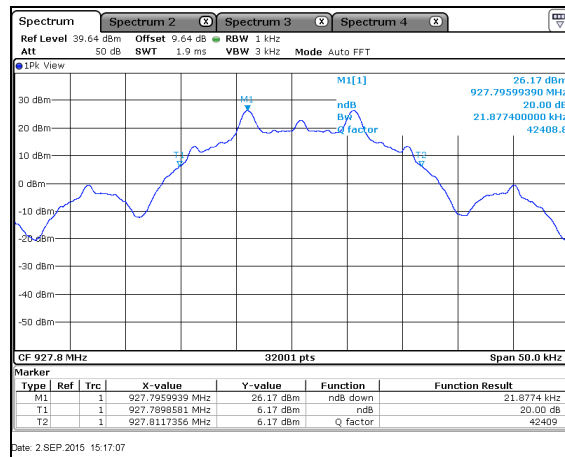


Figure 7.4.4.2-17: 20dB BW High Channel - 9.6kbps

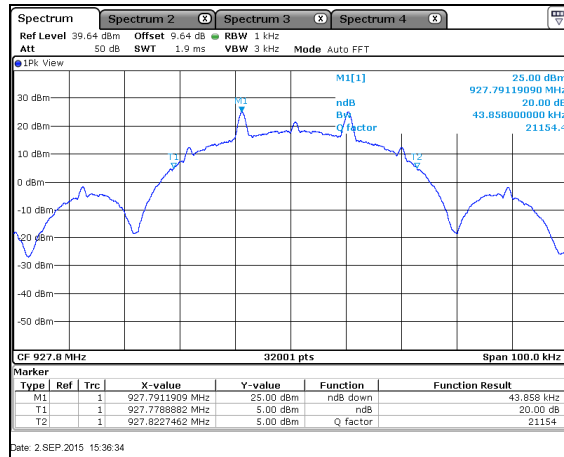


Figure 7.4.4.2-18: 20dB BW High Channel – 19.2kbps

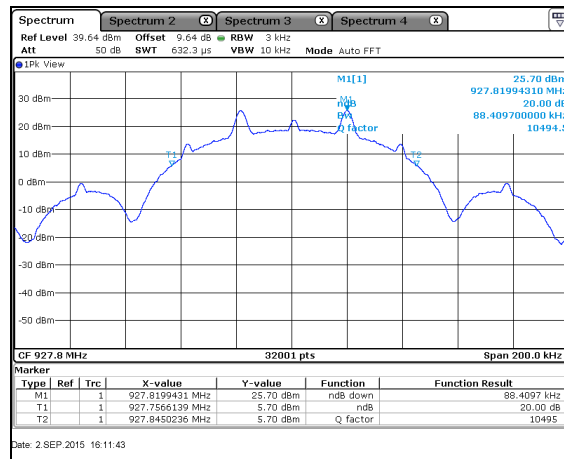


Figure 7.4.4.2-19: 20dB BW High Channel – 38.4kbps

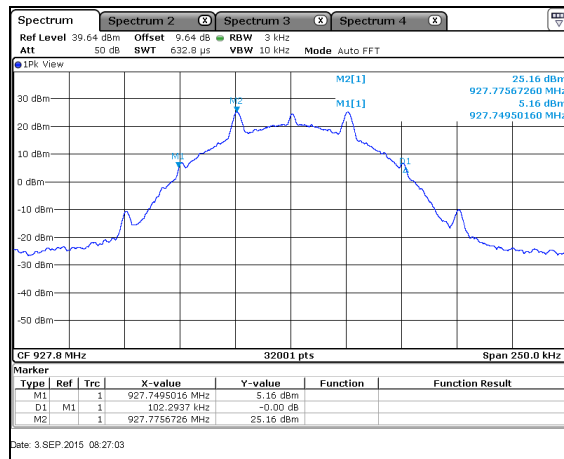


Figure 7.4.4.2-20: 20dB BW High Channel – 50.0kbps

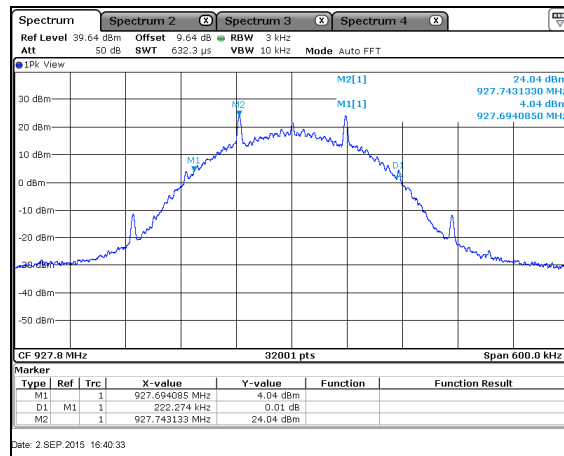


Figure 7.4.4.2-21: 20dB BW High Channel – 115.2kbps

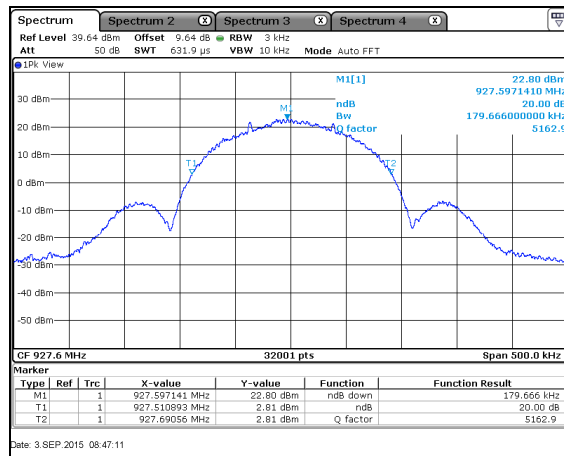


Figure 7.4.4.2-22: 20dB BW High Channel – 150.0kbps

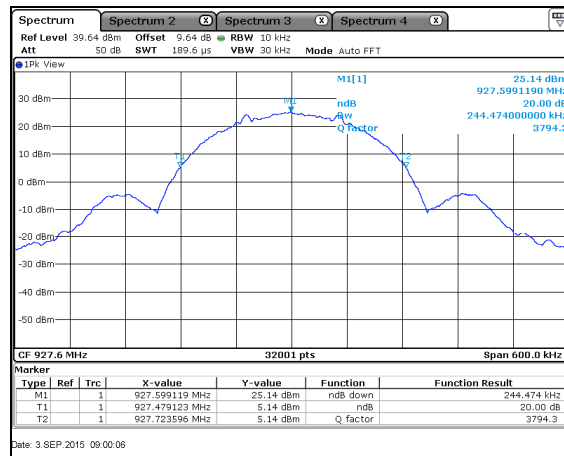


Figure 7.4.4.2-23: 20dB BW High Channel – 200.0kbps

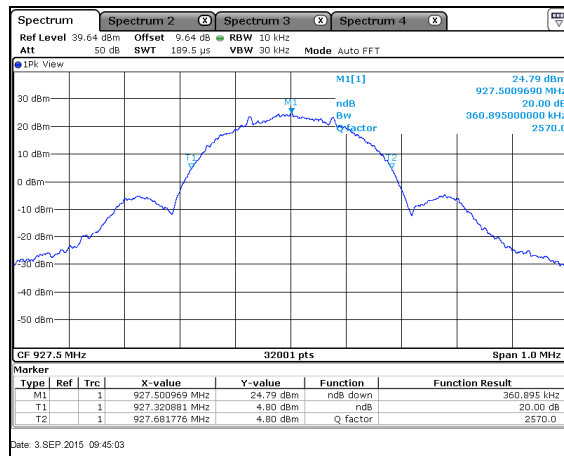


Figure 7.4.4.2-24: 20dB BW High Channel – 300.0kbps

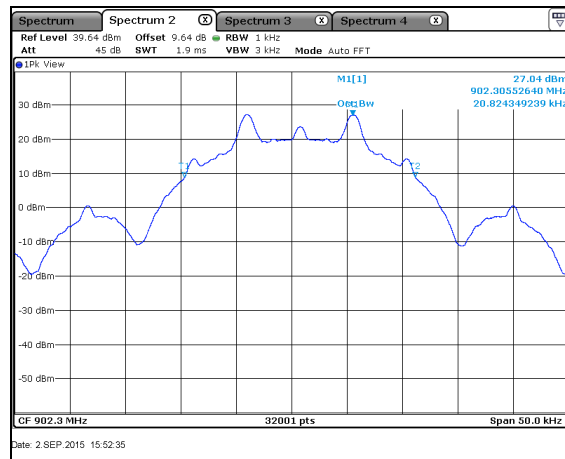


Figure 7.4.4.2-25: 99% BW Low Channel - 9.6kbps

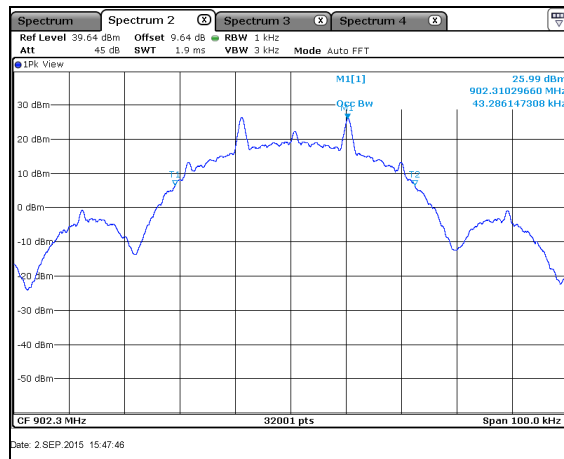


Figure 7.4.4.2-26: 99% BW Low Channel - 19.2kbps

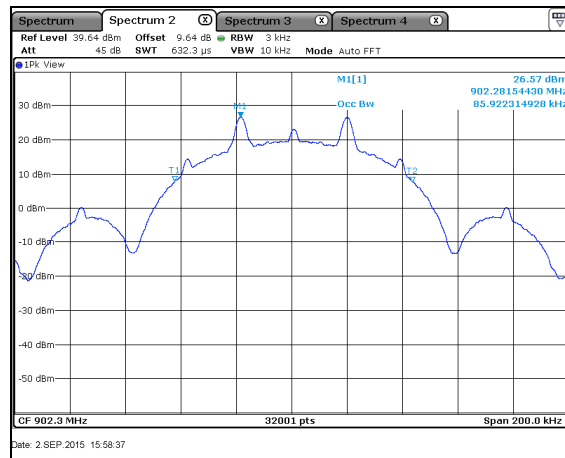


Figure 7.4.4.2-27: 99% BW Low Channel - 38.4kbps

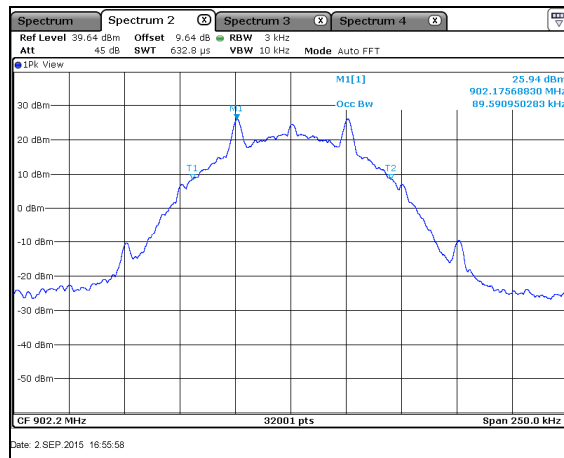


Figure 7.4.4.2-28: 99% BW Low Channel - 50.0kbps

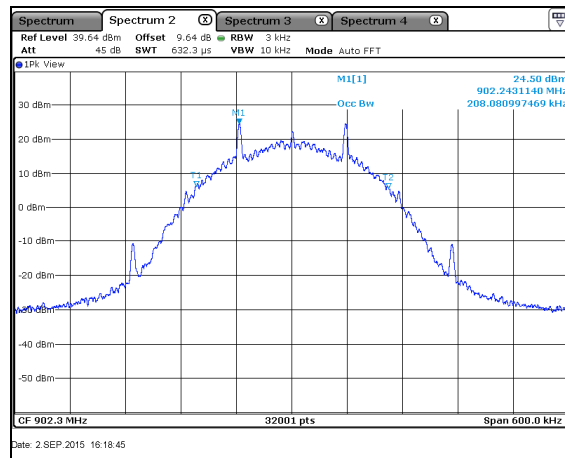


Figure 7.4.4.2-29: 99% BW Low Channel - 115.2kbps

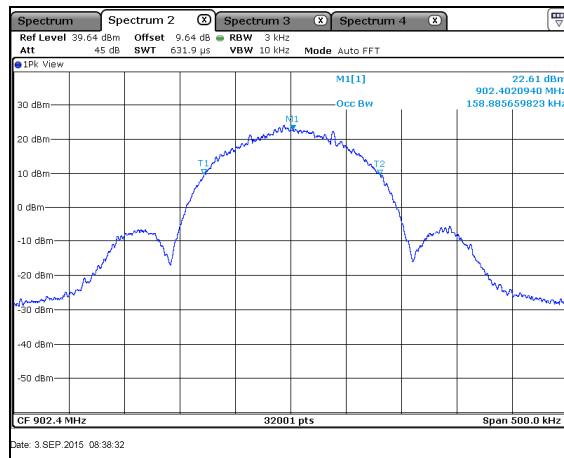


Figure 7.4.4.2-30: 99% BW Low Channel - 150.0kbps

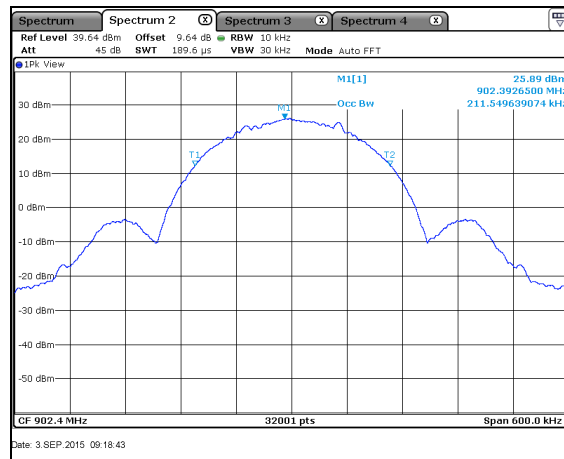


Figure 7.4.4.2-31: 99% BW Low Channel – 200.0kbps

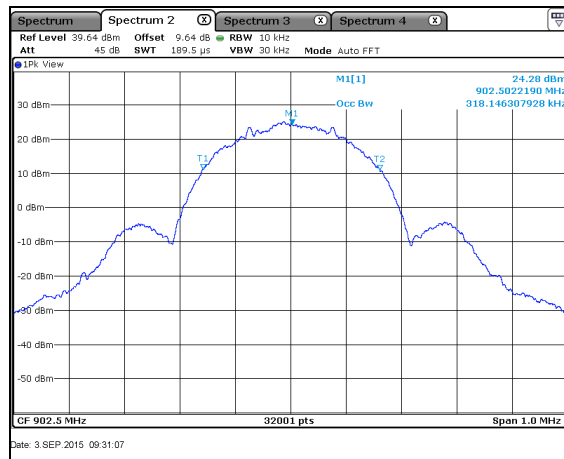


Figure 7.4.4.2-32: 99% BW Low Channel – 300.0kbps

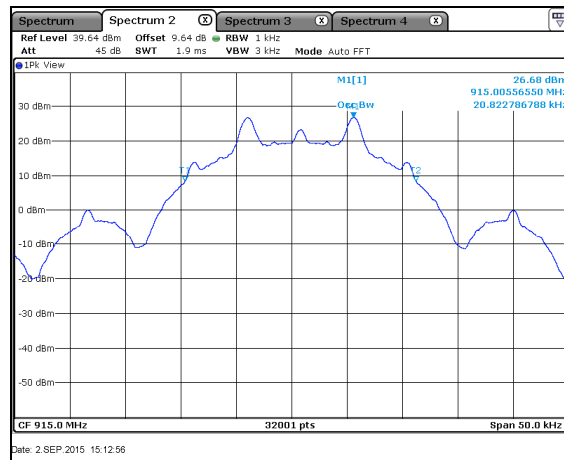


Figure 7.4.4.2-33: 99% BW Mid Channel – 9.6kbps

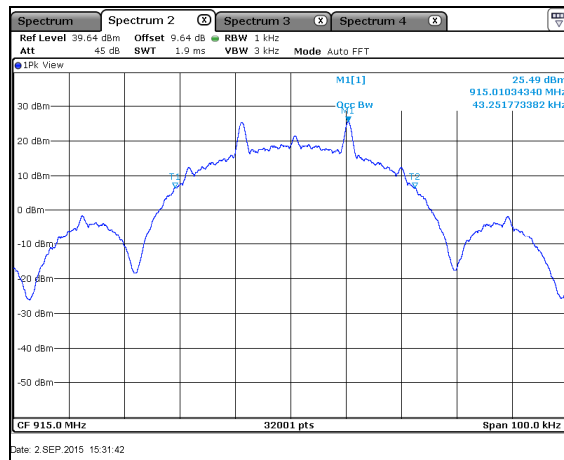


Figure 7.4.4.2-34: 99% BW Mid Channel – 19.2kbps

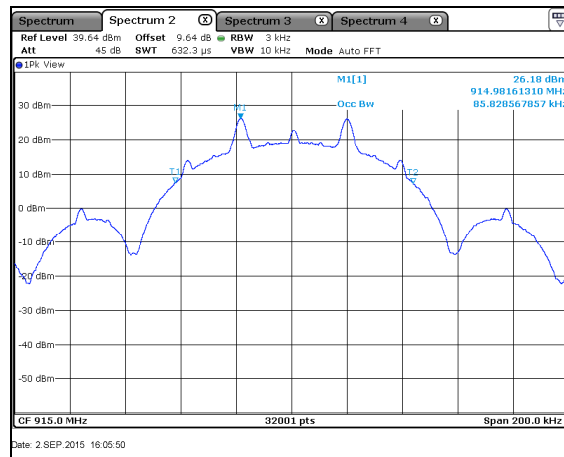


Figure 7.4.4.2-35: 99% BW Mid Channel – 38.4kbps

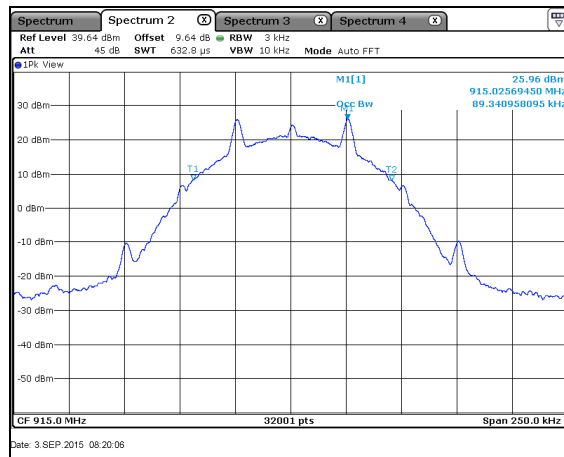


Figure 7.4.4.2-36: 99% BW Mid Channel – 50.0kbps

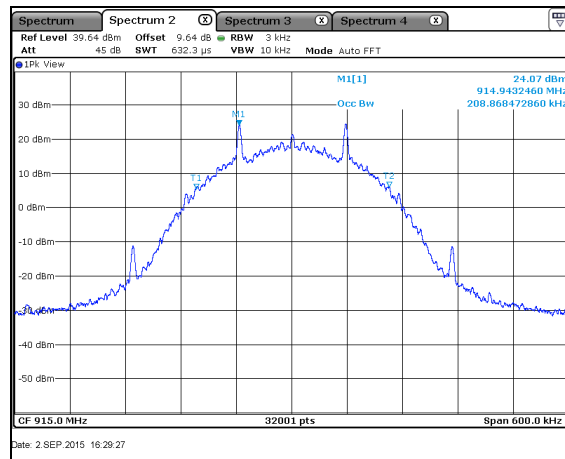


Figure 7.4.4.2-37: 99% BW Mid Channel – 115.2kbps

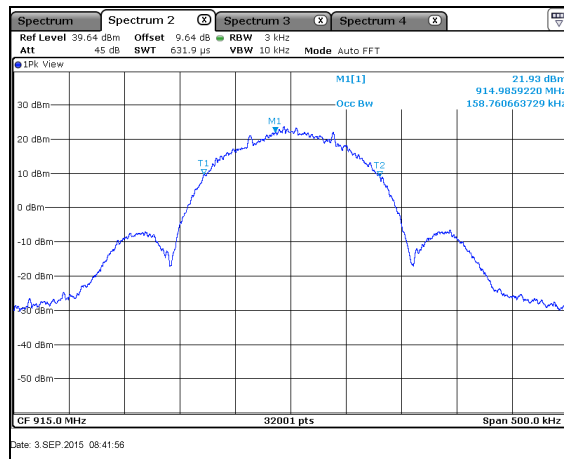


Figure 7.4.4.2-38: 99% BW Mid Channel – 150.0kbps

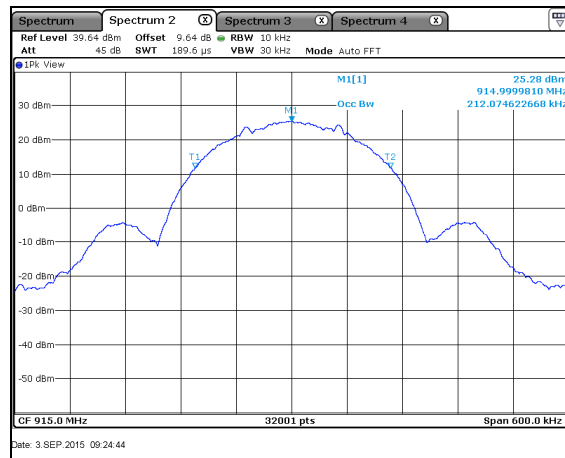


Figure 7.4.4.2-39: 99% BW Mid Channel – 200.0kbps

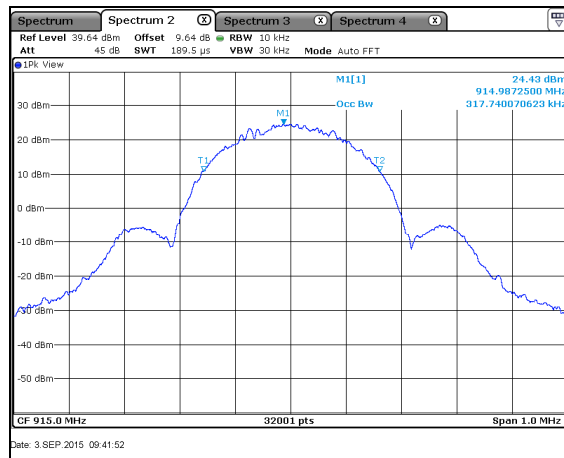


Figure 7.4.4.2-40: 99% BW Mid Channel – 300.0kbps

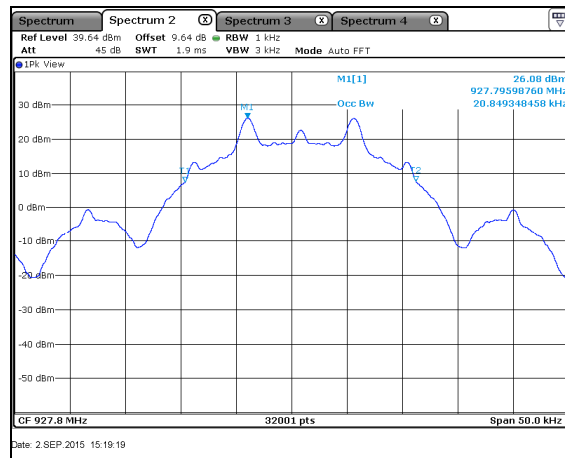


Figure 7.4.4.2-41: 99% BW High Channel - 9.6kbps

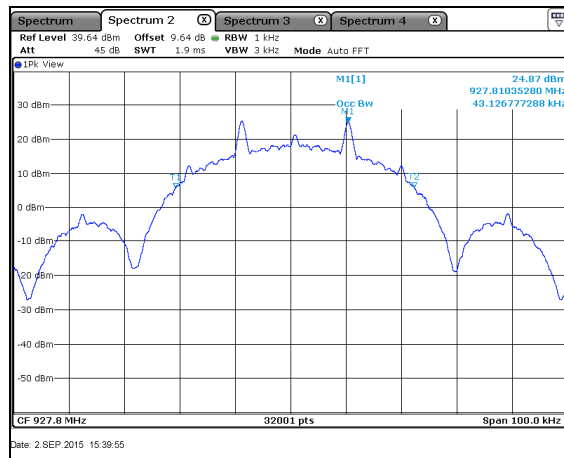


Figure 7.4.4.2-42: 99% BW High Channel – 19.2kbps

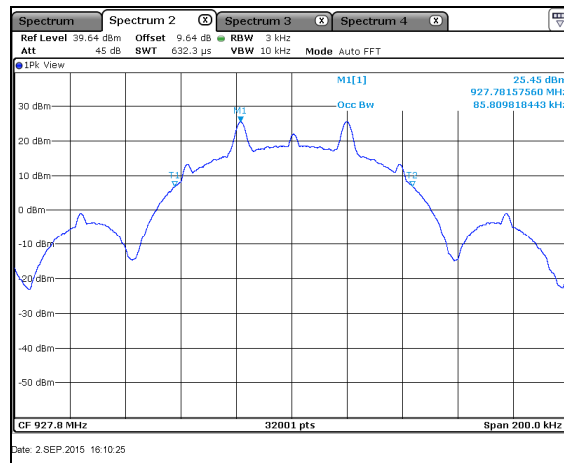


Figure 7.4.4.2-43: 99% BW High Channel – 38.4kbps

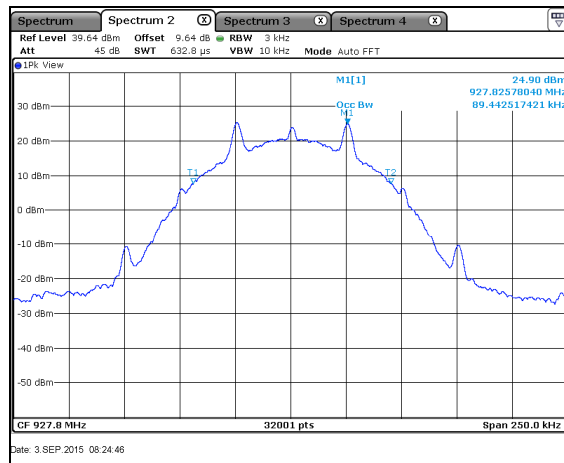


Figure 7.4.4.2-44: 99% BW High Channel – 50.0kbps

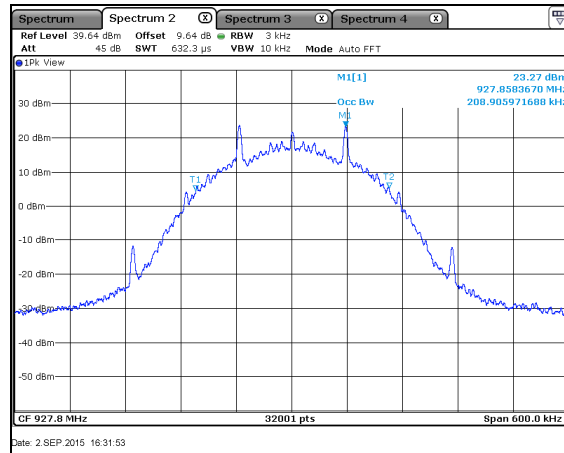


Figure 7.4.4.2-45: 99% BW High Channel – 115.2kbps

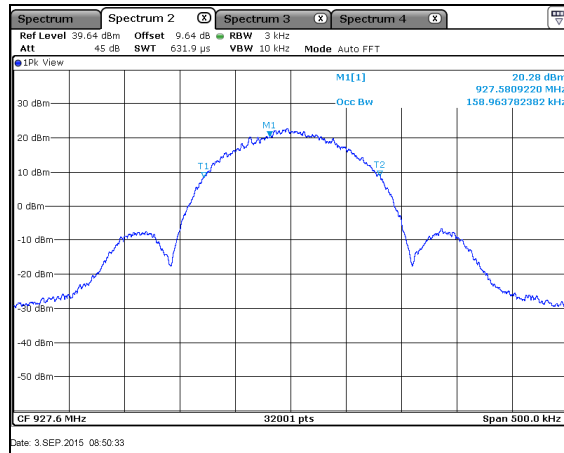


Figure 7.4.4.2-46: 99% BW High Channel – 150.0kbps

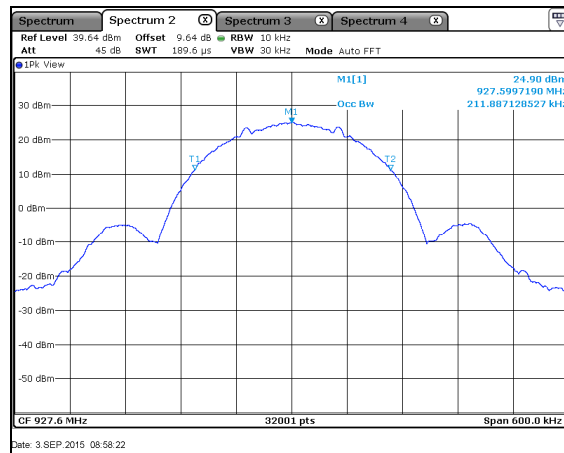


Figure 7.4.4.2-47: 99% BW High Channel – 200.0kbps

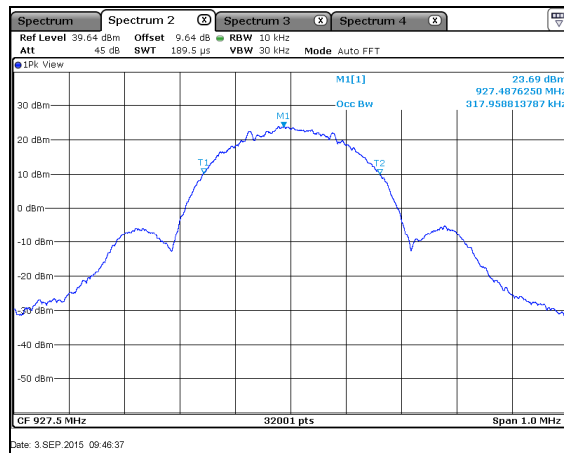


Figure 7.4.4.2-48: 99% BW High Channel – 300.0kbps

7.5 Band-Edge Compliance and Spurious Emissions

7.5.1 Band-Edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions - FCC 15.247(d); IC RSS-247 5.5

7.5.1.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with suitable attenuation. The EUT was investigated at the lowest and highest channel available to determine band-edge compliance. For each measurement the spectrum analyzer's RBW was set to 100kHz and the VBW was set to 300kHz.

Band-edge was evaluated for all combinations of operating modes and data rates. Worst case reported utilized 115.2kbps in Mode 1, 38.4kbps in Mode 2, 300.0kbps in Mode 3, 50.0kbps in Mode 4 and 200.0kbps in Mode 5.

7.5.1.2 Measurement Results

NON-HOPPING MODE:

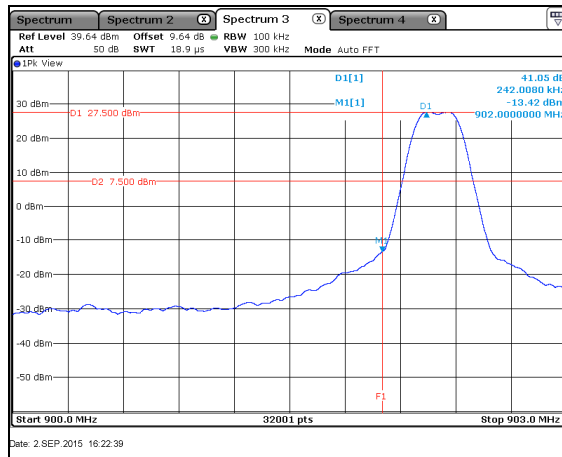


Figure 7.5.1.2-1: Lower Band-edge – Mode 1

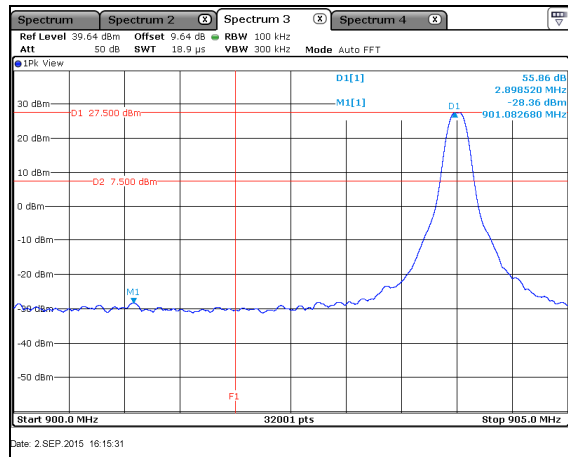


Figure 7.5.1.2-2: Lower Band-edge – Mode 2

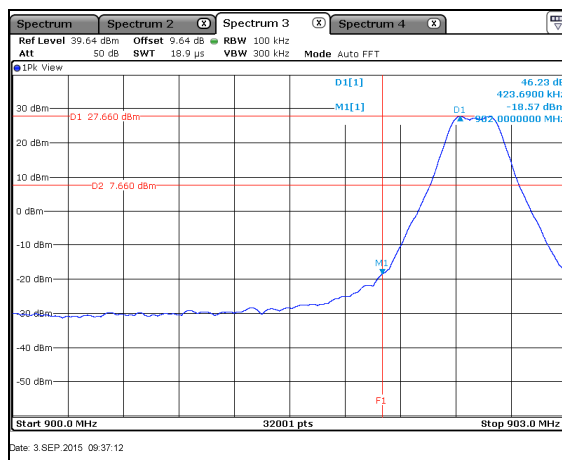


Figure 7.5.1.2-3: Lower Band-edge – Mode 3

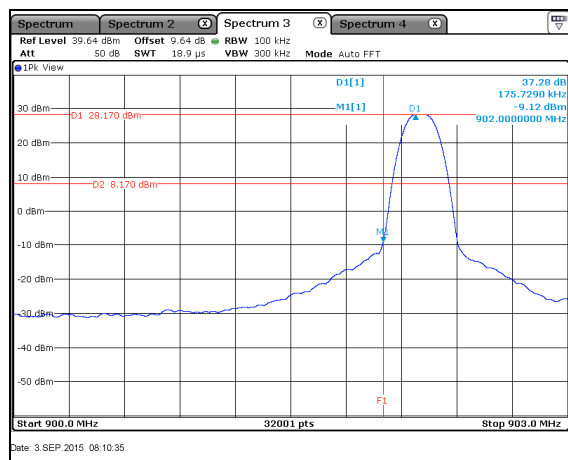


Figure 7.5.1.2-4: Lower Band-edge – Mode 4

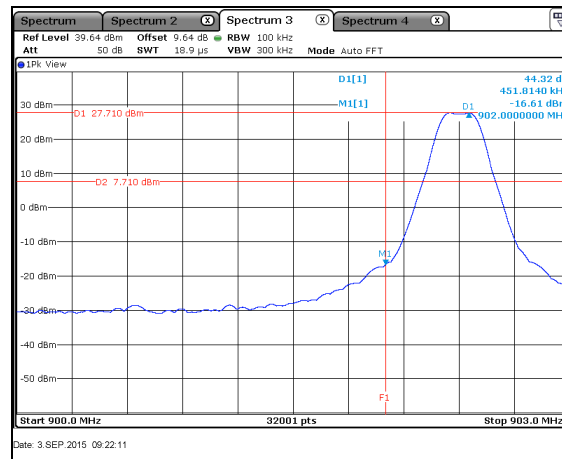


Figure 7.5.1.2-5: Lower Band-edge – Mode 5

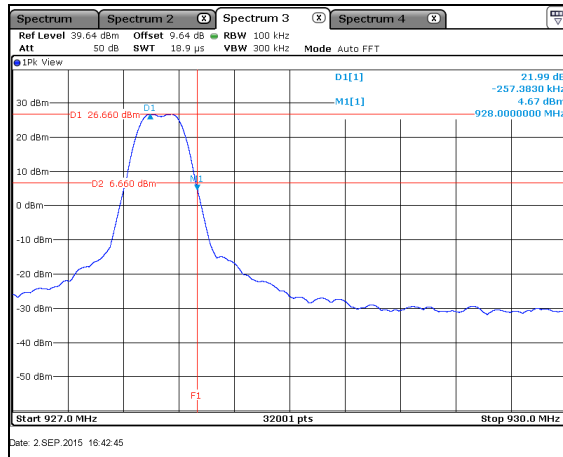


Figure 7.5.1.2-6: Upper Band-edge – Mode 1

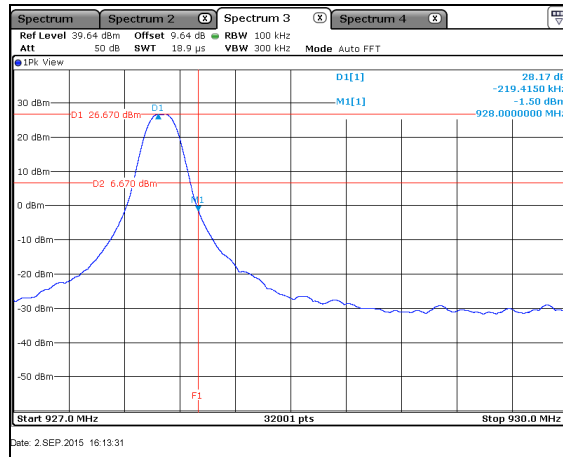


Figure 7.5.1.2-7: Upper Band-edge – Mode 2

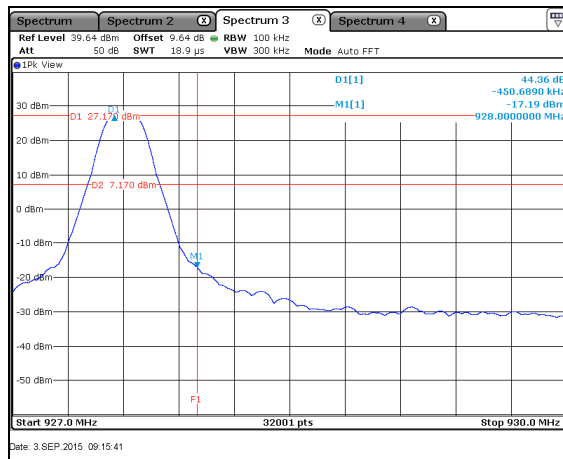


Figure 7.5.1.2-8: Upper Band-edge – Mode 3

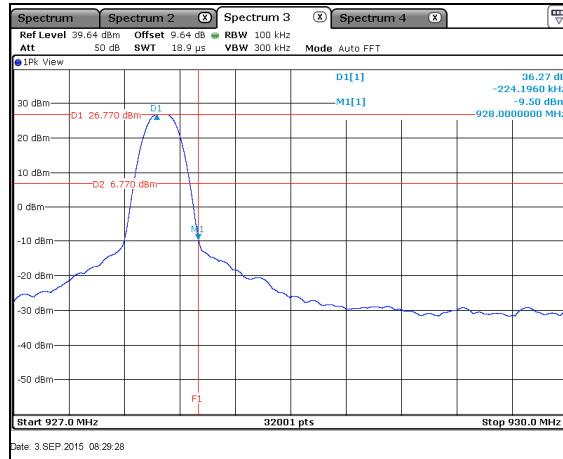


Figure 7.5.1.2-9: Upper Band-edge – Mode 4

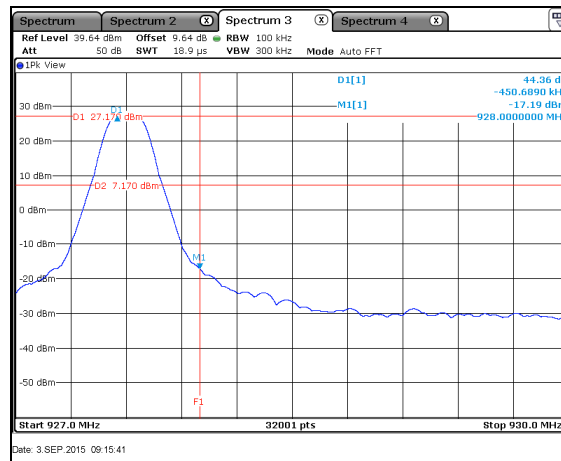


Figure 7.5.1.2-10: Upper Band-edge – Mode 5

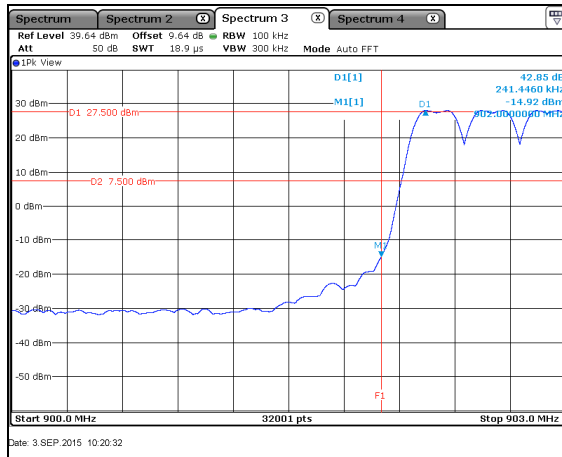
HOPPING MODE:

Figure 7.5.1.2-11: Lower Band-edge – Mode 1

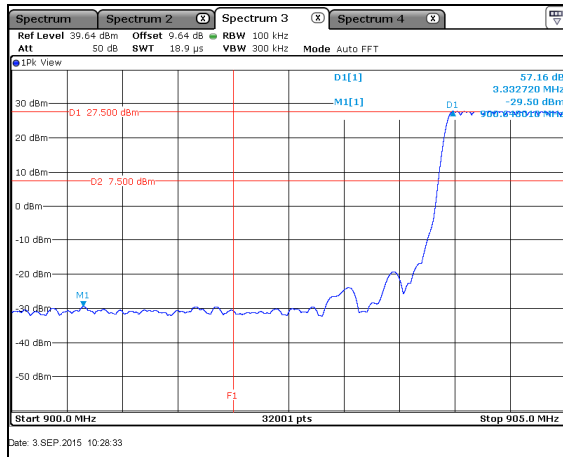


Figure 7.5.1.2-12: Lower Band-edge – Mode 2

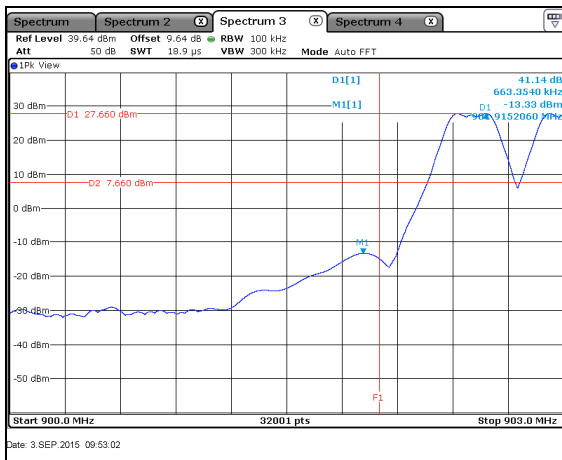


Figure 7.5.1.2-13: Lower Band-edge – Mode 3

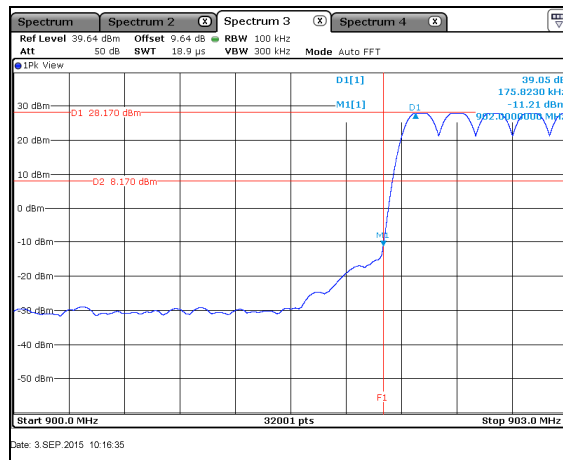


Figure 7.5.1.2-14: Lower Band-edge – Mode 4

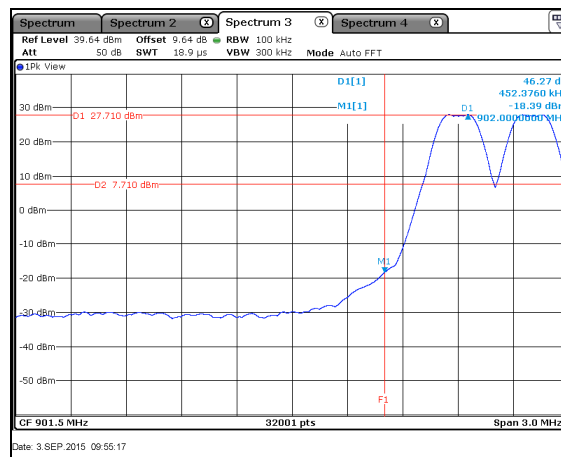


Figure 7.5.1.2-15: Lower Band-edge – Mode 5

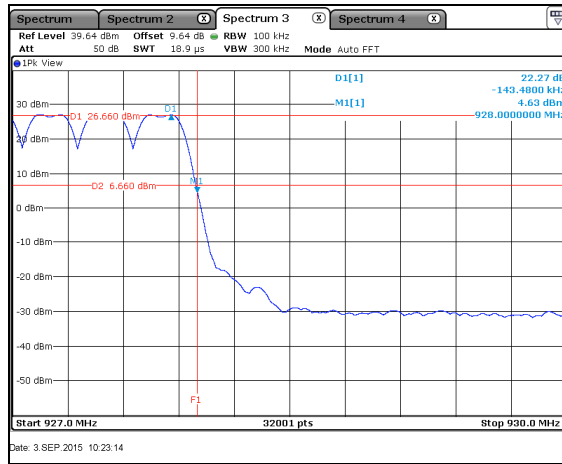


Figure 7.5.1.2-16: Upper Band-edge – Mode 1

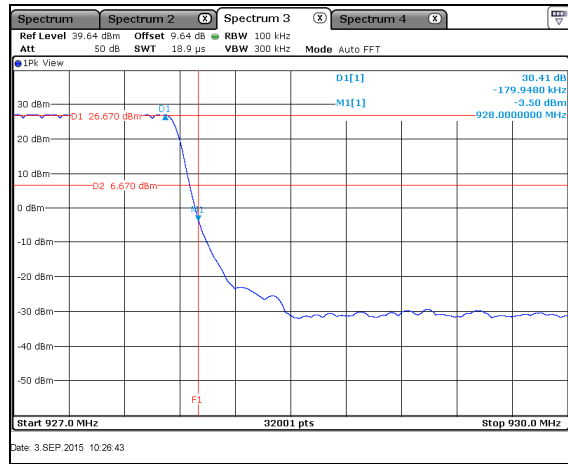


Figure 7.5.1.2-17: Upper Band-edge – Mode 2

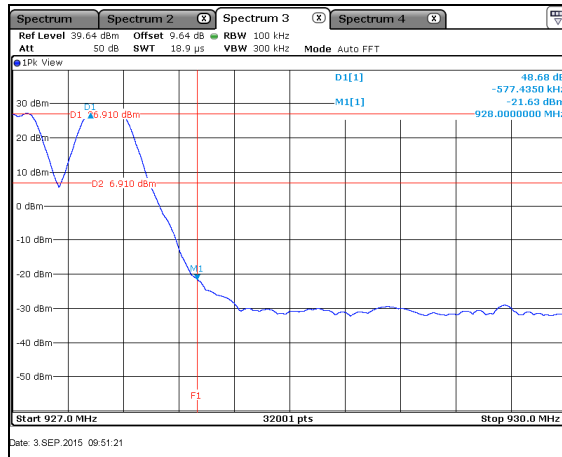


Figure 7.5.1.2-18: Upper Band-edge – Mode 3

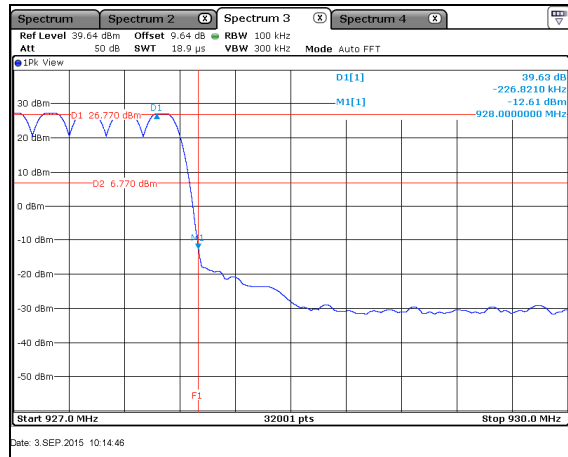


Figure 7.5.1.2-19: Upper Band-edge – Mode 4

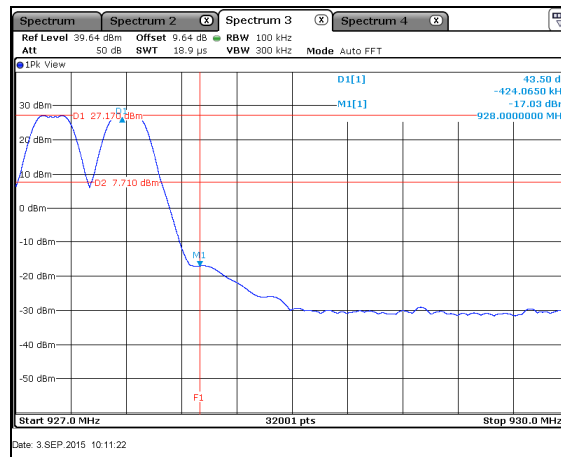


Figure 7.5.1.2-20: Upper Band-edge – Mode 5

7.5.2 RF Conducted Spurious Emissions - FCC 15.247(d); IC RSS-247 5.5

7.5.2.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer. The EUT was investigated for conducted spurious emissions from 30MHz to 10GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency. Measurements were made at the low, center and high channels of the EUT. For each measurement, the spectrum analyzer's RBW was set to 100kHz. A peak detector function was used with the trace set to max hold.

7.5.2.2 Measurement Results

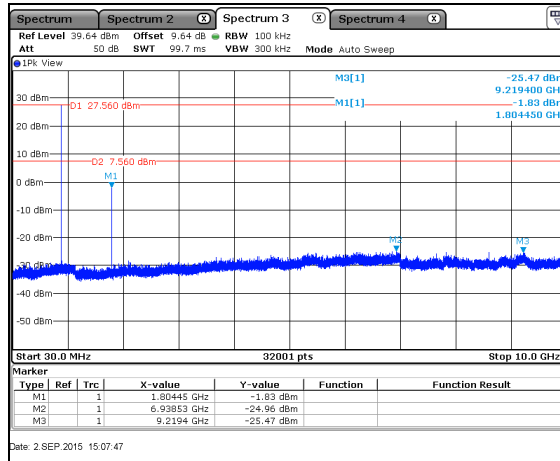


Figure 7.5.2.2-1: 30 MHz – 10 GHz – Low Channel

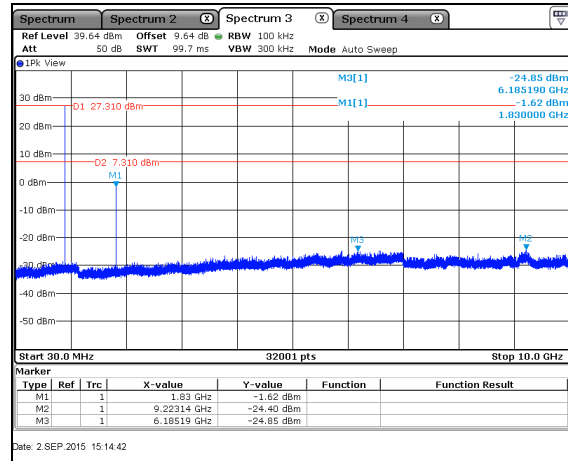


Figure 7.5.2.2-2: 30 MHz – 10 GHz – Mid Channel

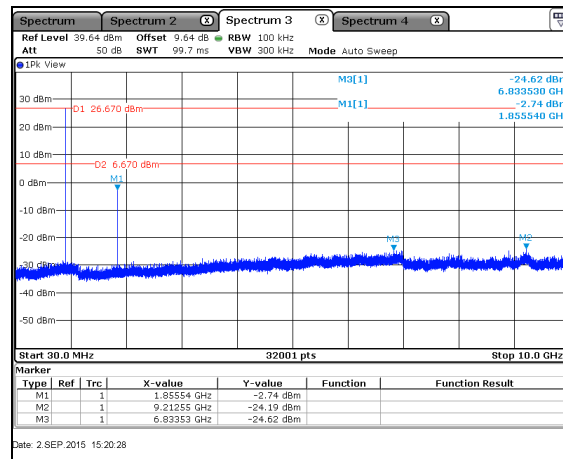


Figure 7.5.2.2-3: 30 MHz – 10 GHz – High Channel

7.5.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions - FCC 15.205, 15.209; RSS-Gen 8.9/8.10

7.5.3.1 Measurement Procedure

Radiated emissions tests were made over the frequency range of 30MHz to 10GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency.

The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth RBW of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth VBW of 300 kHz. For frequencies above 1000MHz, peak and average measurements were made with RBW and VBW of 1 MHz and 3MHz respectively.

The EUT was caused to generate a continuous modulated carrier on the hopping channel.

Each emission found to be in a restricted band was compared to the applicable radiated emission limits.

Radiated spurious emissions were evaluated for all combinations of operating modes and data rates with worst case data provided.

7.5.3.2 Measurement Results

Table 7.5.3.2-1: Radiated Spurious Emissions Tabulated Data

| Frequency (MHz) | Level (dBuV) | | Antenna Polarity (H/V) | Correction Factors (dB) | Corrected Level (dBuV/m) | | Limit (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| | pk | Qpk/Avg | | | pk | Qpk/Avg | pk | Qpk/Avg | pk | Qpk/Avg |
| Low Channel | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2706.6 | 46.21 | 40.06 | H | 2.12 | 48.33 | 42.18 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 25.7 | 11.8 |
| 2706.6 | 48.19 | 42.47 | V | 2.12 | 50.31 | 44.59 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 23.7 | 9.4 |
| 8119.8 | 41.86 | 32.59 | H | 13.59 | 55.45 | 46.18 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 18.6 | 7.8 |
| 8119.8 | 44.53 | 38.36 | V | 13.59 | 58.12 | 51.95 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 15.9 | 2.1 |
| Middle Channel | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2745 | 46.52 | 40.26 | H | 2.24 | 48.76 | 42.50 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 25.2 | 11.5 |
| 2745 | 48.37 | 43.56 | V | 2.24 | 50.61 | 45.80 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 23.4 | 8.2 |
| 3660 | 44.02 | 33.78 | H | 5.09 | 49.11 | 38.87 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 24.9 | 15.1 |
| 3660 | 43.61 | 34.47 | V | 5.09 | 48.70 | 39.56 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 25.3 | 14.4 |
| 8235 | 41.67 | 31.68 | V | 13.69 | 55.36 | 45.37 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 18.6 | 8.6 |
| High Channel | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2783.4 | 46.58 | 41.40 | H | 2.36 | 48.94 | 43.76 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 25.1 | 10.2 |
| 2783.4 | 47.37 | 42.93 | V | 2.36 | 49.73 | 45.29 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 24.3 | 8.7 |
| 3711.2 | 45.07 | 36.02 | H | 5.30 | 50.37 | 41.32 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 23.6 | 12.7 |
| 3711.2 | 45.17 | 35.51 | V | 5.30 | 50.47 | 40.81 | 74.0 | 54.0 | 23.5 | 13.2 |

Sample Calculation:

$$R_C = R_U + CF_T$$

Where:

CF_T = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)-DC (Average Measurements Only)

R_U = Uncorrected Reading

R_C = Corrected Level

AF = Antenna Factor

CA = Cable Attenuation

AG = Amplifier Gain

DC = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

Example Calculation: Peak

Corrected Level: $46.21 + 2.12 = 48.33\text{dBuV/m}$

Margin: $74\text{dBuV/m} - 48.33\text{dBuV/m} = 25.7\text{dB}$

Example Calculation: Average

Corrected Level: $40.06 + 2.12 - 0 = 42.18\text{dBuV}$

Margin: $54\text{dBuV} - 42.18\text{dBuV} = 11.8\text{dB}$

8 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc. the G5 Integrated Focus AXe, manufactured by Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc. meets the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-247.

END REPORT