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## **ATTACHMENT S – DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA**

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**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**Client **H-CT (Dymstec)**Certificate No: **D835V2-441\_Sep04**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 441**Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**  
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kitsCalibration date: **September 16, 2004**Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

## Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID #             | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power sensor HP 8481A      | US37292783       | 5-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)            | Nov-04                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g)   | 10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)           | Aug-05                |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)           | Aug-05                |
| Reference Probe ET3DV8     | SN 1507          | 23-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Jan04)     | Jan-05                |
| DAE4                       | SN 601           | 6-Nov-03 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jul04)      | Jul-05                |

| Secondary Standards       | ID #             | Check Date (In house)                    | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B        | GB43310788       | 13-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Jan-04) | In house check: Jan-06 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A     | MY41092317       | 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) | In house check: Oct-05 |
| RF generator R&S SML-03   | 100698           | 27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03) | In house check: Dec-05 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) | In house check: Nov-04 |

| Calibrated by: | Name           | Function              | Signature   |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|---|
|                | Judith Mueller | Laboratory Technician |  |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic  | Technical Manager     |  |

Issued: September 24, 2004

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

#### **Glossary:**

|      |                                 |
|------|---------------------------------|
| TSL  | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A  | not applicable or not measured  |

#### **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz)", July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### **Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- **Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- **Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- **SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- **SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- **SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY4                     | V4.3        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Area Scan resolution</b>         | dx, dy = 15 mm            |             |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz       |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 41.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.92 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (21.2 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ---            | ---                  |

### SAR result with Head TSL

|   |                    |                                |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.54 mW / g                    |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 10.2 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | 10.2 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

|   |                    |                                |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                |
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.65 mW / g                    |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.60 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | 6.63 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

**Appendix****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.6 $\Omega$ - 6.8 $\mu\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | 23.3 dB                         |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.375 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | March 9, 2001 |

**DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 09/16/04 14:52:29

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN441**

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 23.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 20; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 126

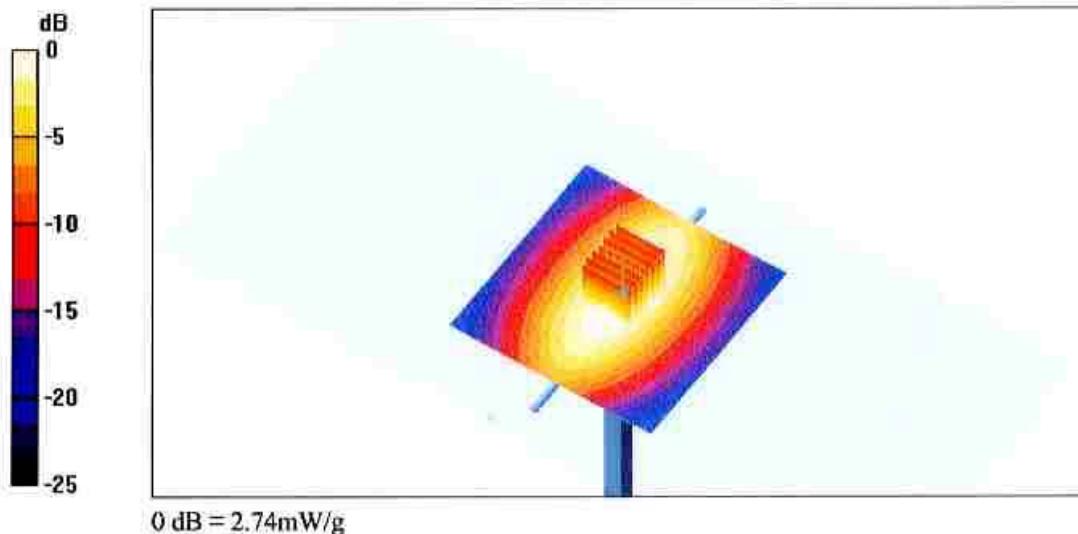
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.74 mW/g**Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

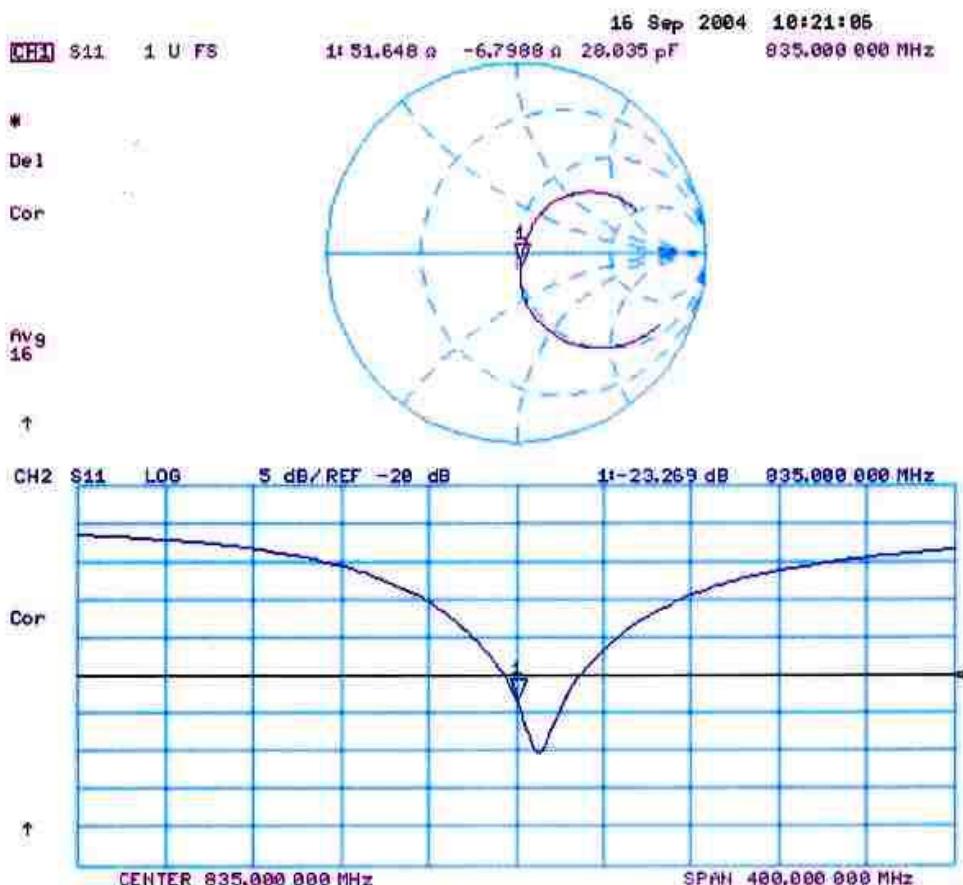
Reference Value = 56.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.78 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.54 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 mW/g



**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **H-CT (Dymstec)**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object(s)  | D1900V2 - SN:5d032   |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Calibration procedure(s)   | QA CAL-05.v2<br>Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits |   |  |
| Calibration date:  | April 26, 2004   |   |  |
| Condition of the calibrated item   | In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)    |   |  |
| This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.   |  |   |  |
| All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.   |  |   |  |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)   |  |   |  |
| Model Type   | ID #   | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
| Power meter EPM E442   | GB37480704   | 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)            | Nov-04   |
| Power sensor HP 8481A  | US37292783   | 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)            | Nov-04   |
| Power sensor HP 8481A  | MY41092317   | 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)         | Oct-04   |
| RF generator R&S SML-03  | 100698   | 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)           | In house check: Mar-05   |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585   | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)  | In house check: Oct 05   |
| Calibrated by:   | Name<br>Judith Mueller   | Function<br>Technician                    | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic  | Laboratory Director                       |               |
| Date issued: April 27, 2004  |  |   |  |
| This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed. |  |   |  |

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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# DASY

## Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d032

Manufactured: March 17, 2003  
Calibrated: April 26, 2004

## 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

|                        |                   |           |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Relative Dielectricity | <b>40.1</b>       | $\pm 5\%$ |
| Conductivity           | <b>1.45 mho/m</b> | $\pm 5\%$ |

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.96 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was  $250 \text{ mW} \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## 2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over  $1 \text{ cm}^3$  (1 g) of tissue: **40.0 mW/g**  $\pm 16.8\% \text{ (k=2)}$ <sup>1</sup>

averaged over  $10 \text{ cm}^3$  (10 g) of tissue: **21.0 mW/g**  $\pm 16.2\% \text{ (k=2)}$ <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty

### **3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: **1.192 ns** (one direction)  
Transmission factor: **0.999** (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: **Re{Z} = 49.8 Ω**

**Im {Z} = 3.4 Ω**

Return Loss at 1900 MHz **-29.5 dB**

### **4. Handling**

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

### **5. Design**

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

### **6. Power Test**

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Date/Time: 04/26/04 13:04:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d032**Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

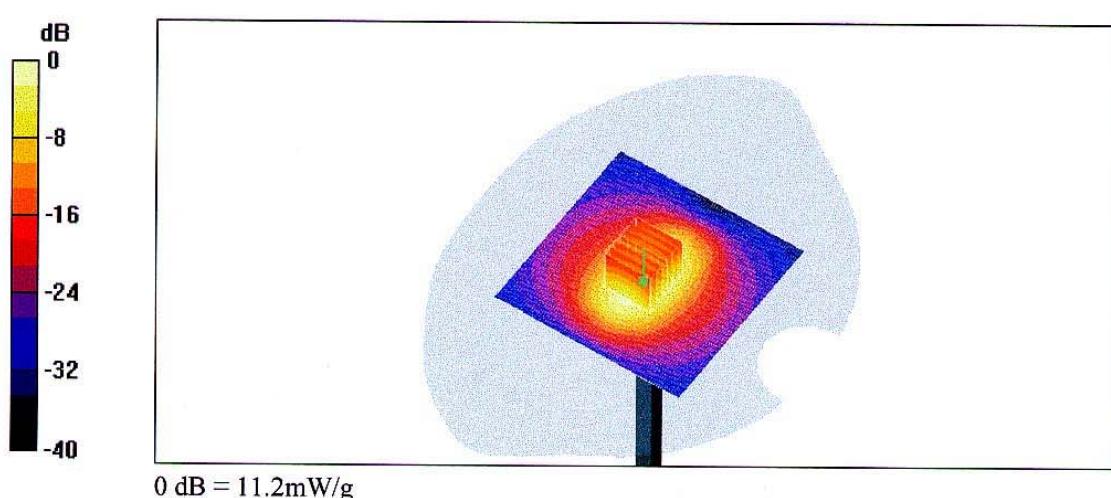
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 mW/g

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g**

5d032

