

FCC SAR REPORT

Applicant: Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd

Address of Applicant: Floor 21, Block A, Coolpad Building North High-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: 4G Smart Phone

Model No.: C203

Trade mark Coolpad

FCC ID: R38YLCPC203

Applicable standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 05 Dec., 2021 ~ 12 Dec., 2021

Test Result: Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head: 0.666 Body: 1.153 Hotspot: 1.153

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang
Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the JYT product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	20 Jan., 2022	Original

Tested by:

Vieta Zhang

Date:

20 Jan., 2022

Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Wiby Zhang

Date:

20 Jan., 2022

Project Engineer

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4 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM 850	0.111	PCE	0.666
	GSM 1900	0.079		
	WCDMA Band V	0.235		
	WCDMA Band II	0.201		
	LTE Band 2	0.137		
	LTE Band 4	0.053		
	LTE Band 5	0.315		
	LTE Band 7	0.078		
	LTE Band 12	0.139		
	LTE Band 13	0.304		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.666	DTS	
Body (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.330	PCE	1.153
	GSM 1900	0.725		
	WCDMA Band V	0.364		
	WCDMA Band II	0.650		
	LTE Band 2	1.088		
	LTE Band 4	1.088		
	LTE Band 5	0.353		
	LTE Band 7	1.153		
	LTE Band 12	0.190		
	LTE Band 13	0.288		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.317	DTS	
Hotspot (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.330	PCE	1.153
	GSM 1900	0.734		
	WCDMA Band V	0.364		
	WCDMA Band II	0.650		
	LTE Band 2	1.088		
	LTE Band 4	1.088		
	LTE Band 5	0.353		
	LTE Band 7	1.153		
	LTE Band 12	0.190		
	LTE Band 13	0.288		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.317	DTS	

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Back	WWAN	1.153	PCE	1.470
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.317	DTS	

Note:

- The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
- This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
- For FDD-LTE Band 17 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 12, so only FDD-LTE Band 12 was tested.

5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd
Address of Applicant:	Floor 21, Block A, Coolpad Building North High-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District
Manufacturer:	Mobiwire Mobiles(NongBo) Co.,Ltd.
Address of Manufacturer:	No.999 DaCheng East Road, Fenghua Zhejiang, China

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	4G Smart Phone		
Model No.:	C203		
Category of device	Portable device		
Operation Frequency:	2G :	GSM850: 824.2~848.8 MHz	PCS 1900: 1850.2~1909.8 MHz
	3G :	Band II: 1852.4~1907.6 MHz	Band V: 826.4~846.6 MHz
	4G :	Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz	Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz
		Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz	Band 7: 2500MHz~2570MHz
		Band 12: 698MHz~716MHz	Band 13: 777MHz~787MHz
		Band 17: 704MHz~716MHz	
	Wi-Fi:	2412MHz~2462MHz	
Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz			
Modulation technology:	2G:	☒ Voice(GMSK)	☒ GPRS(GMSK) ☒ EGPRS(GMSK, 8PSK)
	3G:	☒ RCM(QPSK)	☒ HSUPA(QPSK) ☒ HSDPA(QPSK,16QAM)
	4G:	☒ QPSK	☒ 16QAM ☒ 64QAM
	Wi-Fi:	☒ 802.11b(DSSS)	☒ 802.11g/n (OFDM)
	Bluetooth:	☒ BDR(GFSK)	☒ EDR(π /4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) ☒ LE(GFSK)
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: -2.5 dBi; PCS 1900: -1.5 dBi WCDMA Band V: -2.5 dBi ;WCDMA Band II: -1.5 dBi; LTE Band 2: -1.5 dBi; LTE Band 4: -1.0 dBi LTE Band 5: -2.5 dBi; LTE Band 7: -1.5 dBi LTE Band 12: -3.0 dBi; LTE Band 13: -3.0 dBi LTE Band 17: -3.0 dBi; LTE Band 66: -2.5 dBi Bluetooth: -5.0 dBi; 2.4G Wi-Fi: -5.0 dBi		
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12		
Dimensions (L*W*H):	177 mm (L)× 79 mm (W)× 9 mm (H)		
Accessories information:	Adapter: Model: A8A-050200U-US1 Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.35A Output: DC 5.0V, 2A		Battery: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery DC3.85V, 3900mAh
			Headset: Support headset

5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (Voice)	33.23	30.11
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	33.19	30.09
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	31.12	28.08
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	29.47	26.55
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	27.14	24.50
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	26.67	26.37
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	26.64	26.33
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	25.54	24.79
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	23.29	22.58

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2 kbps	24.33	24.15
RMC 12.2 kbps	24.33	24.17
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.44	24.02
HSDPA Sub-test 2	23.24	23.65
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.91	23.41
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.81	23.44
HSUPA Sub-test 1	22.07	21.65
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.20	22.24
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.94	22.07
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.77	22.30
HSUPA Sub-test 5	23.43	24.03

Mode	Average Power (dBm)						
	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 12	LTE Band 13	LTE Band 17
BW/1.4 MHz	24.13	23.93	24.30	/	24.31	/	/
BW/3.0 MHz	24.13	23.92	24.30	/	24.34	/	/
BW/5.0 MHz	24.21	23.96	24.38	23.09	24.33	24.51	24.36
BW/10 MHz	24.15	24.02	24.41	23.00	24.36	24.34	24.31
BW/15 MHz	24.17	24.03	/	22.99	/	/	/
BW/20 MHz	24.27	24.23	/	23.20	/	/	/

WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)			
Mode/Band	b	g	n (HT-20)
WLAN 2.4GHz	18.34	17.83	17.33

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	1 Mbps(GFSK)	2 Mbps(π /4DQPSK)	3 Mbps (8DPSK)	LE (BT 4.0)
Bluetooth	9.13	8.95	9.35	3.42

5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5 Test Sample Plan

Sample Number	Used for Test Items
20#	SAR
<i>Remark: JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. is only responsible for the test project data of the above samples, and will keep the above samples for a month.</i>	

5.6 Test Location

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.
No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community,Xinqiao Street,
Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong,People's Republic of China.
Tel: +86-755-23118282, Fax: +86-755-23116366
Email: info-JYTee@lets.com, Website: <http://www.ccis-cb.com>

6 Introduction

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

8 SAR Measurement System

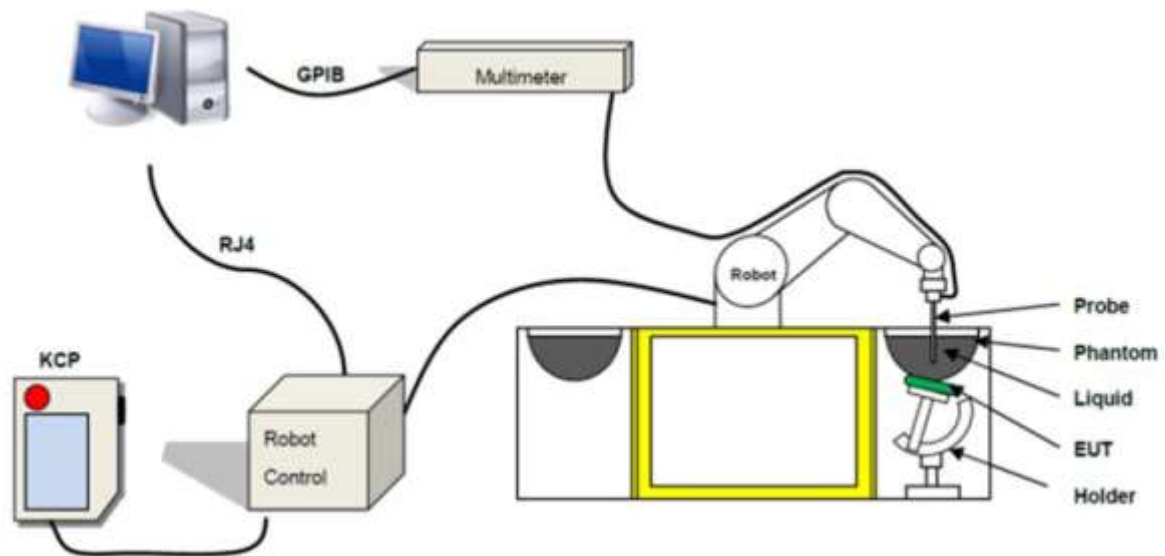


Fig. 8.1 MVG COMOSAR System Configurations

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system COMOSAR from MVG. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528.

The MVG COMOSAR system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

➤ E-Field Probe Specification

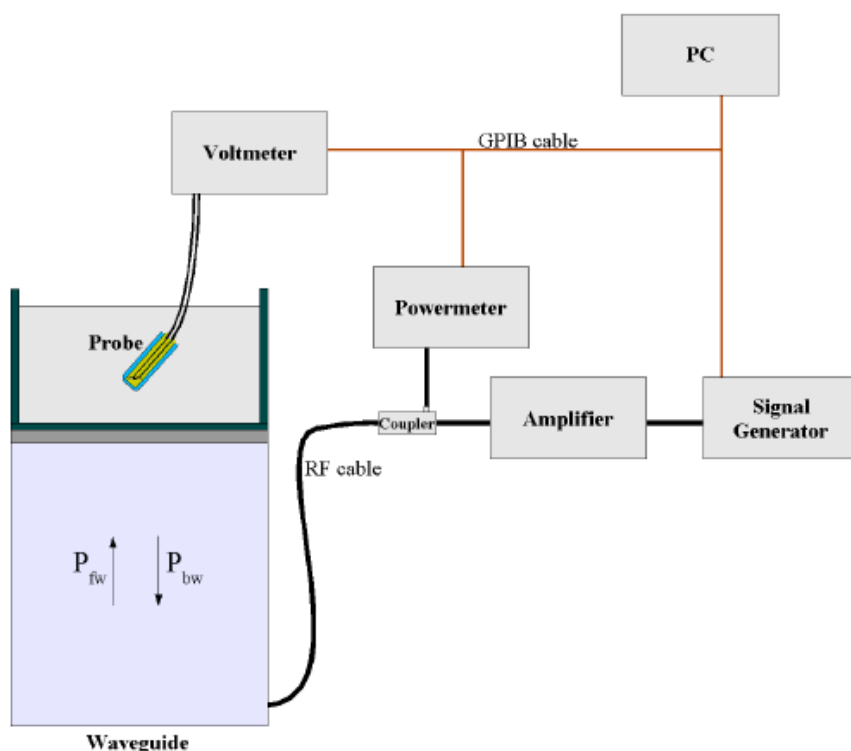
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Model	SSE2
Frequency Range	150 MHz to 6 GHz
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to 100W/kg
Probe linearity	<0.25dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip diameter: 2.5 mm Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 1 mm



Fig. 8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN/IEC 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, MVG proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the technique using reference waveguide.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} \cos^2 \left(\pi \frac{y}{a} \right) e^{-(2\pi/\sigma)z}$$

Where :

- P_{fw} = Forward Power
- P_{bw} = Backward Power
- a and b = Waveguide Dimensions
- σ = Skin Depth

Keithley configuration

Rate=Medium; Filter=ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE=MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The Calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearized output voltage V_{lin}(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad N=1,2,3$$

Where the DCP is the dipole compression point in mV

8.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA-KRC2sr) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 27 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm; Height: 200mm	
Material	Fiberglass based	
Relative permittivity	3-4	
Loss tangent	0.02	
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom	

Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Phantom

The phantom developed by MVG is produced in accordance with the specified in the standards. It has been designed to fit the COMOSAR phantom tables and is delivered with a plastic cover to prevent liquid evaporation.

8.4 Device Holder

The positioning system is made of an extremely stable material, which ensures easy handling and reproducible positioning. It also allows correct positioning of the dipoles referenced by the IEEE, ANSI and IEC.

<Device Holder for SAM Phantom>

Model	Handset Positioning System	
Material properties	The positioning system is made of PETP. This material offers a low permittivity of 3.2 and low loss, with a loss tangent of 0.005 to minimize the influence of the DUT on measurement results.	
Mechanical properties	The positioning system developed by MVG allows a positioning resolution better than 1 mm. The system is fixed on a bottom rail “x axis” so that the positioning system can be quickly moved from the right to the left part of the phantom. In addition, it can be moved on a perpendicular “y axis” and the height can be adapted. The system is also composed of three rotation points for accurate positioning of the device's acoustical output.	
Accuracy and precision	A curved rail on the top part allows the fast switch from the cheek to the tilt position. The required 15° angle for the tilt position can be easily checked thanks to a printed scale on the curved rail with a tolerance of ± 1°	

Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

8.5 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	Management Number	Cal. Information	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
MVG	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	WXJ076	05.20.2021	05.19.2022
MVG	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID750	WXJ076-4	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	WXJ076-5	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 1750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1750	WXJ076-8	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	WXJ076-9	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	WXJ076-12	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
MVG	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	WXJ076-13	01.14.2021	01.13.2024
KEITHLEY	DIGIT MULTIMETER	DMM6500	WXJ076-1	12.17.2019	12.16.2022
MVG	MVG Measurement Software	OpenSAR	Version: V5_01_09	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	N/A	WXG009-2	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	N/A	WXG009-3	N.C.R	N.C.R
MVG	MOBILE PHONE POSITIONNING SYSTEM	N/A	WXG009-4	N.C.R	N.C.R
KUKA	Robot	KR 6 R900 sixx	WXG009-1	N.C.R	N.C.R
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	WXJ008-5	03.03.2021	03.02.2022
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	WXJ008-2	06.18.2020	06.17.2021
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	WXJ024	06.18.2020	06.17.2022
KEYSIGHT	EPM Series Power Meter	N1914A	WXJ075	08.29.2021	08.28.2022
KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-1	08.29.2021	08.28.2022
KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-2	08.29.2021	08.28.2022
KEYSIGHT	Signal Generator	N5173B	WXJ006-7	03.25.2021	03.24.2022
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-13	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-14	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-15	See Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	WXG008-16	See Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	WXG008-17	See Note 3	
MVG	LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE	SCLMP	WXG009-5	See Note 4	
TXC	Broadband Amplifier	BBA018000	WXG008-11	See Note 5	

Note:

- The calibration certificate of MVG can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by MVG.
- In system check we need to monitor the level on the spectrum analyzer, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the spectrum analyzer is critical and we do have calibration for it
- Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.



Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR
(depth>15cm)

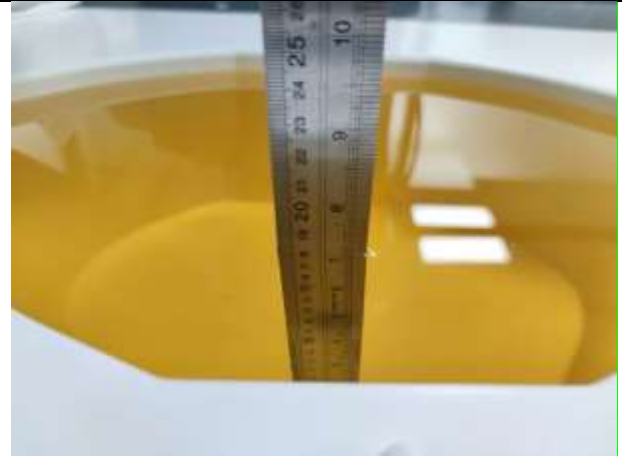


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR
(depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m

The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a MVG Liquid measurement Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(ϵ_r)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (ϵ_r)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	22.5	0.88	41.50	0.89	41.90	-1.12	-0.95	±5	12.05.2021
835	22.6	0.89	41.38	0.90	41.50	-1.11	-0.29	±5	12.05.2021
1750	20.8	1.40	40.21	1.37	40.10	2.19	0.27	±5	12.08.2021
1900	20.8	1.37	40.05	1.40	40.00	-2.14	0.12	±5	12.08.2021
2450	22.7	1.82	39.00	1.80	39.20	1.11	-0.51	±5	12.12.2021
2600	22.3	2.00	38.80	1.96	39.00	2.04	-0.51	±5	12.12.2021

10 SAR System Verification

Each ComoSAR system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the OpenSAR software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

➤ Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

➤ System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

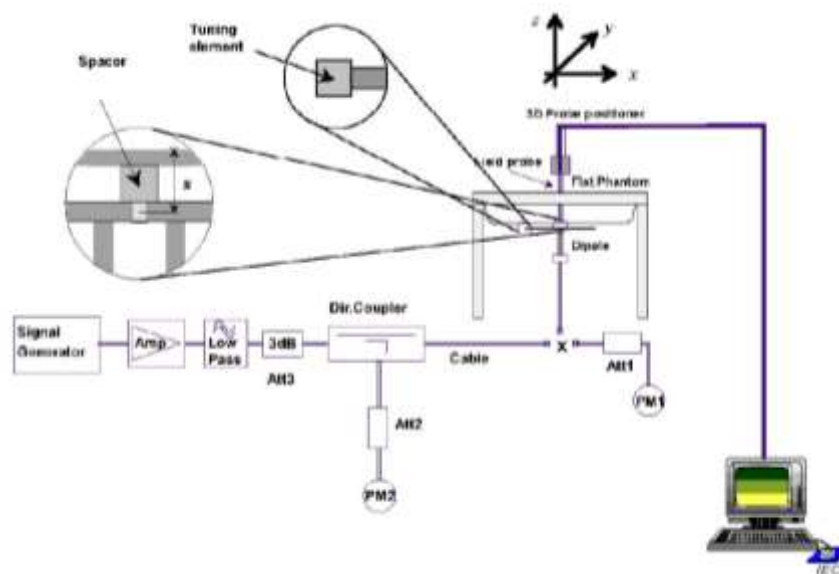


Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram

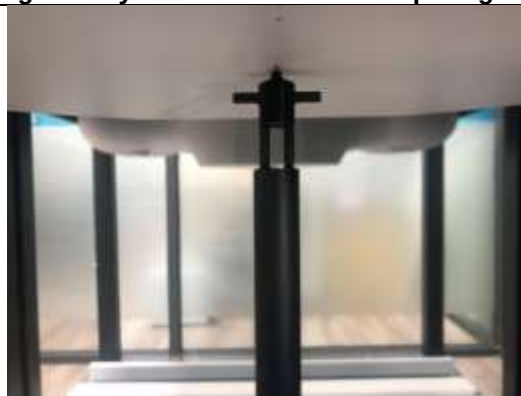


Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup



➤ **System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
12.05.2021	750	100	0.85	8.50	8.57	-0.82
12.05.2021	835	100	0.90	9.00	9.57	-5.96
12.08.2021	1750	100	3.67	36.70	36.5	0.55
12.08.2021	1900	100	3.95	39.50	39.6	-0.25
12.12.2021	2450	100	5.40	54.00	52.92	2.04
12.12.2021	2600	100	5.60	56.00	55.47	0.96

11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Left/Right/Top/Bottom of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

11.1 Handset Reference Points

- The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

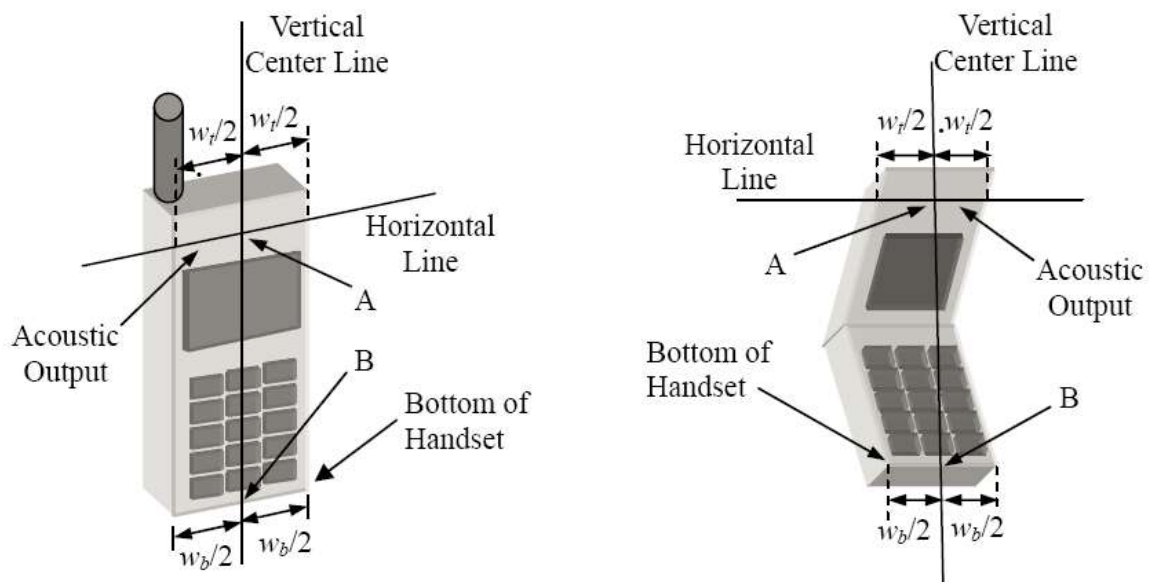


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

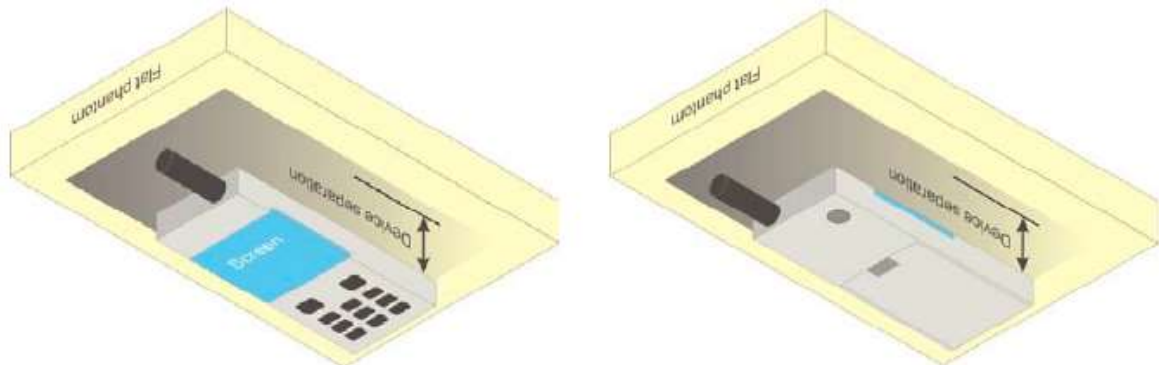


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

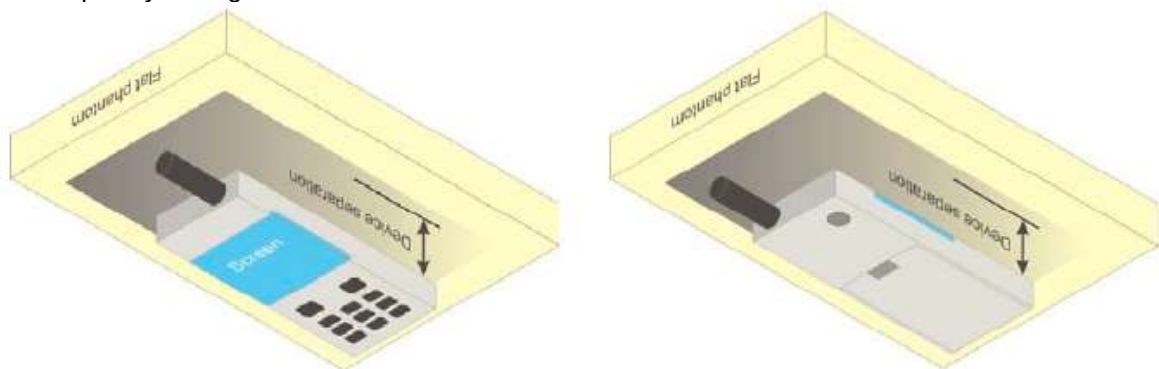


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OpenSAR software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The OpenSAR software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a “cube” measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scans use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scans are completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculate the multiband SAR.

12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In the COMOSAR system, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method, which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT with a full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

13 Conducted RF Output Power

13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	33.15	33.23	33.21	24.12	24.20	24.18
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	33.14	33.19	33.18	24.11	24.16	24.15
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	31.12	31.12	31.09	25.10	25.10	25.07
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	29.46	29.47	29.42	25.20	25.21	25.16
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	27.08	27.14	27.08	24.07	24.13	24.07
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	26.31	26.67	26.15	17.28	17.64	17.12
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	26.22	26.64	26.16	20.20	20.62	20.14
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	25.04	25.54	24.97	20.78	21.28	20.71
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	22.80	23.29	22.83	19.79	20.28	19.82

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 3 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- For GPRS multi time slots SAR measurement, when the measured maximum output power levels are within 0.25 dB of each other, test the configuration with the most number of time slots.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

Band: PCS 1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	30.11	29.95	29.89	21.08	20.92	20.86
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	30.09	29.93	29.90	21.06	20.90	20.87
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	28.08	27.89	27.86	22.06	21.87	21.84
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	26.55	26.34	26.28	22.29	22.08	22.02
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	24.50	24.27	24.17	21.49	21.26	21.16
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	25.81	26.37	25.99	16.78	17.34	16.96
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	25.70	26.33	25.96	19.68	20.31	19.94
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	24.00	24.79	24.41	19.74	20.53	20.15
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	21.85	22.58	22.18	18.84	19.57	19.17

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 3 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 1

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 2

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration

WCDMA Conducted Power:

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	24.15	24.31	24.33
RMC 12.2 kbps	24.17	24.32	24.33
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.43	23.43	23.44
HSDPA Sub-test 2	23.07	23.19	23.24
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.77	22.74	22.91
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.67	22.81	22.81
HSUPA Sub-test 1	22.01	21.96	22.07
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.17	22.08	22.20
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.94	21.58	21.67
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.77	21.66	21.76
HSUPA Sub-test 5	23.32	23.24	23.43

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band II		
Channel	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	24.02	23.94	24.15
RMC 12.2 kbps	24.01	23.98	24.17
HSDPA Sub-test 1	24.02	23.69	23.91
HSDPA Sub-test 2	23.65	23.35	23.56
HSDPA Sub-test 3	23.41	23.15	23.36
HSDPA Sub-test 4	23.44	23.16	23.42
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.65	21.44	21.16
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.24	21.83	22.06
HSUPA Sub-test 3	22.07	21.37	21.62
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.30	21.93	22.14
HSUPA Sub-test 5	24.03	23.70	23.88

Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
2. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

13.3 LTE Conducted Power

13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.⁸ When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.⁹

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

13.3.3 TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r03 and April 2013 TCB workshop slides, SAR must be tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- see 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions and must be taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor
 - according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS to determine the highest SAR test duty factor

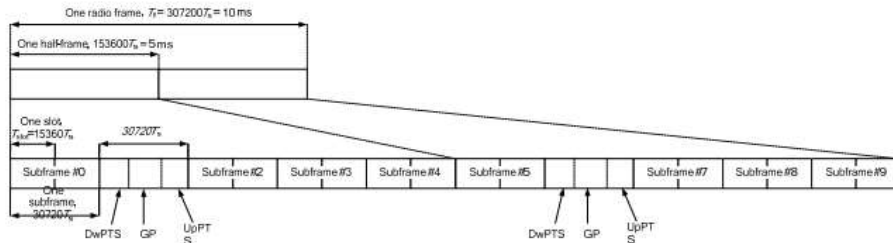


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Per 3GPP 36.211 section 4.2, each radio frame of length $T_F=37200 \cdot T_s = 10$ ms consists of two half-frames of length $153600 \cdot T_s = 5$ ms each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length $30720 \cdot T_s = 1$ ms. So, the uplink duty factor in special subframe as below:

Special Subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink		Extended cyclic prefix in downlink	
	Duty factor of Uplink		Duty factor of Uplink	
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
1	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
2	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
3	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
4	7.14%	8.33%	14.27%	16.67%
5	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
6	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
7	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
8	14.27%	16.67%	/	/
9	14.27%	16.67%	/	/

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to above table:

1. The highest duty factor is configuration 0;
2. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with normal cyclic prefix is: $(3\text{ms} + 0.143\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=62.86\%$;
3. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with extended cyclic prefix is: $(3\text{ms} + 0.167\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=63.34\%$;
4. For purpose to get the worst case SAR test duty factor, the duty factor of normal cyclic prefix in uplink scaled-up to the extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the scaling factor is $63.34\%/62.86\%=1.008$, and the scaling factor will be taken into the final measured SAR.

LTE Band 2 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18607	18900	19193
					1850.7MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.3MHz
Band 2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.95	23.92	24.13
			1	2	23.89	23.90	24.09
			1	5	23.95	23.86	24.06
			3	0	22.94	22.87	23.06
			3	1	23.09	22.88	23.06
			3	2	23.05	22.87	23.18
			6	0	22.93	23.01	23.13
		16QAM	1	0	23.17	23.16	23.88
			1	2	23.15	23.27	23.88
			1	5	23.11	23.20	23.89
			3	0	22.66	22.81	22.86
			3	1	22.65	22.81	22.76
			3	2	22.64	22.80	22.76
			6	0	22.03	22.14	22.20

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18615	18900	19185
					1851.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.5MHz
Band 2	3	QPSK	1	0	23.80	23.82	24.13
			1	7	23.87	23.75	24.00
			1	14	23.84	23.65	24.02
			8	0	22.87	22.84	22.96
			8	4	22.89	22.82	22.98
			8	7	22.83	22.82	23.11
			15	0	22.87	22.80	23.10
		16QAM	1	0	22.92	22.85	23.55
			1	7	22.90	22.83	23.60
			1	14	22.92	22.79	23.54
			8	0	22.18	22.04	22.30
			8	4	22.19	22.04	22.34
			8	7	22.16	21.96	22.13
			15	0	21.93	21.78	22.12

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18625	18900	19175
					1852.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.5MHz
Band 2	5	QPSK	1	0	23.95	23.90	24.17
			1	12	23.89	23.76	24.18
			1	24	23.94	23.86	24.21
			12	0	22.91	22.92	22.95
			12	6	22.91	22.92	22.96
			12	11	22.94	22.91	22.96
			25	0	22.89	22.84	23.01
		16QAM	1	0	22.43	22.84	23.14
			1	12	22.45	22.74	23.11
			1	24	22.46	22.89	23.13
			12	0	22.00	21.94	22.12
			12	6	21.99	21.93	22.22
			12	11	22.05	21.92	22.18
			25	0	22.14	21.77	22.18

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18650	18900	19150
					1855.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1905.0MHz
Band 2	10	QPSK	1	0	23.85	23.85	24.07
			1	24	23.78	23.91	24.15
			1	49	23.96	23.83	24.08
			25	0	22.89	22.89	23.14
			25	12	22.96	23.00	23.08
			25	24	22.97	22.99	23.09
			50	0	22.95	22.84	23.12
		16QAM	1	0	22.70	22.61	22.92
			1	24	22.79	22.53	23.55
			1	49	23.04	22.52	23.58
			25	0	22.04	22.07	22.24
			25	12	22.05	22.07	22.25
			25	24	22.05	22.09	22.25
			50	0	22.03	21.98	22.23

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18675	18900	19125
					1857.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1902.5MHz
Band 2	15	QPSK	1	0	23.93	23.93	24.15
			1	37	23.93	23.90	24.12
			1	74	23.94	23.69	24.17
			36	0	22.89	22.91	23.07
			36	16	23.07	23.02	23.00
			36	35	22.97	23.00	23.00
			75	0	23.07	22.77	23.03
		16QAM	1	0	22.79	23.37	22.89
			1	37	22.93	23.02	23.04
			1	74	22.94	23.04	23.08
			36	0	22.20	22.18	22.10
			36	16	22.22	22.16	22.16
			36	35	22.14	22.15	22.13
			75	0	22.18	22.01	22.23

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18700	18900	19100
					1860.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1900.0MHz
Band 2	20	QPSK	1	0	24.08	24.22	23.78
			1	49	24.22	24.03	23.87
			1	99	24.20	24.27	23.91
			50	0	23.06	22.99	23.03
			50	24	22.95	22.87	23.09
			50	49	22.88	22.87	23.10
			100	0	23.01	23.03	23.05
		16QAM	1	0	22.80	23.57	23.04
			1	49	22.87	23.44	23.26
			1	99	22.86	23.64	23.29
			50	0	22.17	22.05	22.24
			50	24	22.19	22.09	22.25
			50	49	22.20	22.12	22.26
			100	0	22.06	22.05	22.13

LTE Band 4 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19957	20175	20393
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
Band 4	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.85	23.72	23.66
			1	2	23.93	23.86	23.70
			1	5	23.89	23.89	23.70
			3	0	22.94	22.88	22.96
			3	1	22.94	22.89	22.81
			3	2	22.94	22.89	22.92
			6	0	22.86	22.89	22.80
		16QAM	1	0	23.85	23.06	23.24
			1	2	23.48	23.02	23.29
			1	5	23.79	23.02	23.31
			3	0	22.73	22.76	22.80
			3	1	22.70	22.69	22.78
			3	2	22.73	22.67	22.76
			6	0	22.29	22.09	21.84

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19965	20175	20385
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
Band 4	3	QPSK	1	0	23.92	23.68	23.72
			1	7	23.92	23.82	23.68
			1	14	23.70	23.82	23.72
			8	0	23.03	22.83	22.79
			8	4	23.04	22.97	22.81
			8	7	22.83	22.88	22.78
			15	0	23.02	22.82	22.81
		16QAM	1	0	23.07	22.83	23.30
			1	7	23.02	22.86	23.27
			1	14	22.88	22.95	23.33
			8	0	22.25	22.04	22.14
			8	4	22.26	22.05	22.09
			8	7	22.10	22.16	22.10
			15	0	22.17	21.93	22.04

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19975	20175	20375
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
Band 4	5	QPSK	1	0	23.96	23.71	23.93
			1	12	23.83	23.76	23.87
			1	24	23.82	23.83	23.84
			12	0	23.04	22.78	22.79
			12	6	23.04	22.97	22.81
			12	11	23.04	22.97	22.82
			25	0	22.74	22.91	22.91
		16QAM	1	0	22.43	23.09	22.82
			1	12	22.23	23.18	22.77
			1	24	22.22	23.26	22.73
			12	0	22.07	22.05	21.96
			12	6	22.07	21.96	21.93
			12	11	22.07	21.96	21.93
			25	0	22.05	21.93	21.91

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20000	20175	20350
					1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
Band 4	10	QPSK	1	0	23.93	23.79	23.98
			1	24	23.60	23.87	23.88
			1	49	23.57	24.02	23.82
			25	0	22.81	22.87	22.99
			25	12	22.82	22.96	22.89
			25	24	22.82	22.96	22.90
			50	0	22.80	22.92	22.93
		16QAM	1	0	22.83	22.41	23.30
			1	24	22.62	22.53	23.12
			1	49	22.58	22.58	23.08
			25	0	21.86	22.05	22.07
			25	12	21.92	22.06	22.08
			25	24	21.86	22.06	22.08
			50	0	21.81	22.02	22.07

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20025	20175	20325
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
Band 4	15	QPSK	1	0	23.89	23.65	24.00
			1	37	23.58	23.71	24.03
			1	74	23.69	23.83	23.87
			36	0	22.77	22.77	22.91
			36	16	22.82	22.93	22.86
			36	35	22.82	22.93	22.95
			75	0	22.80	22.96	22.92
		16QAM	1	0	22.80	22.90	23.33
			1	37	22.55	23.00	23.34
			1	74	22.64	23.15	23.15
			36	0	21.99	22.01	22.16
			36	16	21.99	22.02	22.13
			36	35	21.99	22.03	22.15
			75	0	21.86	22.00	22.02

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20050	20175	20300
					1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
Band 4	20	QPSK	1	0	24.03	23.78	24.05
			1	49	23.81	23.99	24.16
			1	99	24.00	24.23	24.00
			50	0	22.74	22.85	23.04
			50	24	22.70	22.87	22.91
			50	49	22.67	22.66	22.90
			100	0	22.64	22.98	22.88
		16QAM	1	0	23.30	22.47	23.16
			1	49	23.07	22.75	23.23
			1	99	23.26	22.85	23.12
			50	0	21.75	21.93	22.09
			50	24	21.83	21.93	22.10
			50	49	21.71	21.94	22.11
			100	0	21.85	21.97	22.01

LTE Band 5 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20407	20525	20643
					824.7MHz	836.5MHz	848.3MHz
Band 5	1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.06	24.26	24.22
			1	2	24.02	24.22	24.20
			1	5	24.01	24.30	24.17
			3	0	23.15	23.32	23.18
			3	1	23.09	23.32	23.20
			3	2	23.09	23.32	23.20
			6	0	23.22	23.23	23.29
		16QAM	1	0	23.70	23.14	23.75
			1	2	23.79	23.21	23.75
			1	5	23.92	23.24	23.69
			3	0	22.91	23.23	22.92
			3	1	22.87	23.27	22.99
			3	2	22.96	23.22	22.89
			6	0	22.38	22.34	22.08

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20415	20525	20635
					825.5MHz	836.5MHz	847.5MHz
Band 5	3	QPSK	1	0	24.10	24.26	24.30
			1	7	23.97	24.30	24.27
			1	14	24.05	24.27	24.21
			8	0	23.14	23.27	23.22
			8	4	23.14	23.28	23.19
			8	7	23.15	23.29	23.16
			15	0	23.18	23.30	23.29
		16QAM	1	0	22.86	23.03	23.88
			1	7	22.82	23.00	23.84
			1	14	22.82	23.03	23.46
			8	0	22.24	22.40	22.36
			8	4	22.21	22.37	22.37
			8	7	22.30	22.28	22.22
			15	0	22.19	22.07	22.27

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20425	20525	20625
					826.5MHz	836.5MHz	846.5MHz
Band 5	5	QPSK	1	0	24.16	24.28	24.38
			1	12	24.12	24.28	24.36
			1	24	24.08	24.35	24.32
			12	0	23.20	23.28	23.33
			12	6	23.18	23.17	23.29
			12	11	23.18	23.18	23.30
			25	0	23.17	23.22	23.35
		16QAM	1	0	22.54	23.07	23.22
			1	12	22.53	23.18	23.25
			1	24	22.56	23.24	23.20
			12	0	22.30	22.21	22.37
			12	6	22.29	22.22	22.23
			12	11	22.28	22.22	22.26
			25	0	22.33	22.05	22.32

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20450	20525	20600
					829MHz	836.5MHz	844MHz
Band 5	10	QPSK	1	0	24.07	24.32	24.21
			1	24	24.19	24.41	24.19
			1	49	24.28	24.41	24.13
			25	0	23.21	23.08	23.28
			25	12	23.21	23.10	23.28
			25	24	23.20	23.10	23.21
			50	0	23.27	23.25	23.18
		16QAM	1	0	22.86	22.96	22.94
			1	24	22.75	23.15	23.00
			1	49	22.75	23.15	22.91
			25	0	22.30	22.36	22.32
			25	12	22.30	22.36	22.29
			25	24	22.30	22.36	22.35
			50	0	22.24	22.24	22.20

LTE Band 7 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20775	21100	21425
					2502.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2567.5MHz
Band 7	5	QPSK	1	0	22.98	22.92	23.05
			1	12	23.06	22.86	22.98
			1	24	23.09	22.92	23.00
			12	0	21.87	22.04	22.01
			12	6	21.88	21.90	22.05
			12	11	21.88	21.90	22.00
			25	0	21.90	21.87	21.98
		16QAM	1	0	21.47	21.86	21.87
			1	12	21.50	21.86	21.91
			1	24	21.50	21.91	21.51
			12	0	21.11	20.99	20.96
			12	6	21.11	21.15	20.94
			12	11	21.11	20.99	20.91
			25	0	21.24	20.92	21.00

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20800	21100	21400
					2505.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2565.0MHz
Band 7	10	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.99	22.96
			1	24	22.92	22.91	22.92
			1	49	22.95	23.00	22.96
			25	0	21.82	21.93	21.92
			25	12	21.99	21.96	21.97
			25	24	21.98	21.95	21.97
			50	0	22.02	21.99	21.83
		16QAM	1	0	21.75	21.85	21.99
			1	24	21.78	21.78	21.90
			1	49	21.77	21.60	21.90
			25	0	21.03	21.14	21.14
			25	12	21.02	21.17	21.19
			25	24	21.01	21.17	21.15
			50	0	21.24	21.19	21.19

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20825	21100	21375
					2507.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2562.5MHz
Band 7	15	QPSK	1	0	22.87	22.99	22.97
			1	37	22.85	22.97	22.89
			1	74	22.92	22.87	22.95
			36	0	21.92	22.07	22.14
			36	16	21.90	21.92	21.89
			36	35	21.89	22.08	21.93
			75	0	21.89	22.01	21.98
		16QAM	1	0	21.82	22.21	22.16
			1	37	21.89	22.18	22.61
			1	74	21.93	22.15	22.59
			36	0	21.17	21.35	21.07
			36	16	21.17	21.16	21.05
			36	35	21.16	21.16	21.06
			75	0	21.21	21.18	21.10

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20850	21100	21350
					2510.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2560.0MHz
Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	23.02	23.17	22.95
			1	49	22.99	23.19	22.91
			1	99	23.10	23.20	23.12
			50	0	21.98	21.99	21.86
			50	24	21.93	22.03	21.90
			50	49	21.87	21.89	21.90
			100	0	21.81	21.88	22.00
		16QAM	1	0	21.50	22.23	22.32
			1	49	21.76	22.20	22.33
			1	99	21.80	22.24	22.05
			50	0	21.13	21.12	21.13
			50	24	21.17	21.06	21.14
			50	49	21.20	21.13	21.14
			100	0	21.14	21.24	21.08

LTE Band 12 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23017	23095	23175
					699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
Band 12	1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.08	24.00	24.26
			1	2	24.06	24.09	24.31
			1	5	24.20	24.09	24.28
			3	0	23.16	23.08	23.28
			3	1	23.15	23.10	23.29
			3	2	23.15	23.03	23.44
			6	0	23.18	23.09	23.07
		16QAM	1	0	23.68	22.83	23.73
			1	2	23.67	23.09	23.85
			1	5	23.71	22.86	23.82
			3	0	22.83	22.72	22.85
			3	1	22.86	22.72	22.84
			3	2	22.84	22.70	22.84
			6	0	22.30	22.09	22.10

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23025	23095	23165
					700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
Band 12	3	QPSK	1	0	24.18	24.12	24.20
			1	7	24.13	24.16	24.34
			1	14	24.17	24.17	24.28
			8	0	23.12	23.08	23.18
			8	4	23.15	23.03	23.22
			8	7	23.05	23.19	23.08
			15	0	23.04	23.10	23.15
		16QAM	1	0	23.11	22.83	23.65
			1	7	22.92	22.87	23.43
			1	14	22.94	22.80	23.45
			8	0	22.36	22.21	22.09
			8	4	22.37	22.19	22.10
			8	7	21.97	22.26	22.25
			15	0	22.06	21.98	22.10

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23035	23095	23155
					701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz
Band 12	5	QPSK	1	0	24.16	23.98	24.14
			1	12	24.08	23.98	24.24
			1	24	24.19	24.06	24.33
			12	0	23.19	23.11	23.03
			12	6	23.10	23.12	23.07
			12	11	23.05	23.13	23.05
			25	0	23.09	23.17	23.16
		16QAM	1	0	22.40	22.88	22.97
			1	12	22.31	22.94	23.02
			1	24	22.42	22.81	23.23
			12	0	21.99	22.09	21.98
			12	6	22.06	22.02	22.02
			12	11	22.06	22.13	21.88
			25	0	22.15	21.98	22.16

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23060	23095	23130
					704MHz	707.5MHz	711MHz
Band 12	10	QPSK	1	0	24.07	24.16	24.13
			1	24	24.13	24.23	24.11
			1	49	24.11	24.36	24.29
			25	0	23.16	23.15	23.10
			25	12	23.11	23.15	23.10
			25	24	23.01	23.15	23.01
			50	0	23.17	23.18	23.09
		16QAM	1	0	23.02	22.60	22.91
			1	24	22.93	22.96	22.90
			1	49	23.01	22.82	23.08
			25	0	21.97	22.16	22.21
			25	12	21.91	22.17	22.22
			25	24	21.90	22.31	22.17
			50	0	22.18	22.23	22.64

LTE Band 13 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23205	23230	23255
					779.50MHz	782.00MHz	784.50MHz
Band 13	5	QPSK	1	0	23.16	24.51	24.19
			1	12	24.19	24.22	24.20
			1	24	24.19	24.26	24.28
			12	0	23.35	23.25	23.18
			12	6	23.27	23.13	23.24
			12	11	23.32	23.13	23.25
			25	0	23.11	23.25	23.18
		16QAM	1	0	23.13	22.53	23.07
			1	12	23.09	22.64	23.08
			1	24	23.21	22.65	23.15
			12	0	22.32	22.25	22.28
			12	6	22.31	22.25	22.26
			12	11	22.31	22.23	22.24
			25	0	22.15	22.30	22.05

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					/	23230	/
					/	782.00MHz	/
Band 13	10	QPSK	1	0	/	24.34	/
			1	24	/	24.22	/
			1	49	/	24.30	/
			25	0	/	23.16	/
			25	12	/	23.24	/
			25	24	/	23.24	/
			50	0	/	23.20	/
		16QAM	1	0	/	23.27	/
			1	24	/	23.18	/
			1	49	/	23.15	/
			25	0	/	22.25	/
			25	12	/	22.28	/
			25	24	/	22.17	/
			50	0	/	22.20	/

LTE Band 17 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23755	23790	23825
					706.5MHz	710.0MHz	713.5MHz
Band 17	5	QPSK	1	0	24.16	24.04	24.21
			1	12	24.12	24.09	24.19
			1	24	24.36	24.00	24.30
			12	0	23.24	23.11	22.99
			12	6	23.34	23.12	23.07
			12	11	23.14	23.16	23.04
			25	0	23.16	23.05	23.05
		16QAM	1	0	22.50	22.92	22.93
			1	12	22.50	22.81	22.97
			1	24	22.59	22.87	23.20
			12	0	22.14	22.11	21.98
			12	6	22.15	22.08	21.95
			12	11	22.21	22.06	21.94
			25	0	22.24	22.53	22.16

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23780	23790	23800
					709.0MHz	710.0MHz	711.0MHz
Band 17	10	QPSK	1	0	24.05	24.09	24.10
			1	24	24.05	24.22	24.12
			1	49	24.04	24.31	24.28
			25	0	23.14	23.06	23.13
			25	12	23.09	23.15	23.10
			25	24	23.10	23.15	23.17
			50	0	23.17	23.01	23.02
		16QAM	1	0	22.86	22.87	22.88
			1	24	22.94	22.77	22.87
			1	49	23.05	22.89	23.06
			25	0	22.07	22.13	22.18
			25	12	22.05	22.19	22.12
			25	24	22.03	22.16	22.12
			50	0	22.12	22.55	22.62

13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
		802.11 b	802.11 g	802.11n (HT20)
CH 01	2412	17.09	15.96	15.33
CH 06	2437	17.55	16.69	16.46
CH 11	2462	18.34	17.83	17.33

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* $\leq$ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 11	2.462	18.5	70.79	5	22.2	3.0
g/CH 11	2.462	18.0	63.10	5	19.8	3.0

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 99.74%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.

13.5 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8DPSK
CH 00	2402	9.13	8.95	9.35
CH 39	2441	9.11	8.71	9.16
CH 78	2480	8.11	7.94	8.38

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	BLE
CH 00	2402	0.85
CH 20	2442	3.42
CH 39	2480	2.68

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* $\leq$ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 00	2.402	9.5	8.91	5	2.79774	3.0

- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

14 Exposure Positions Consideration

14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

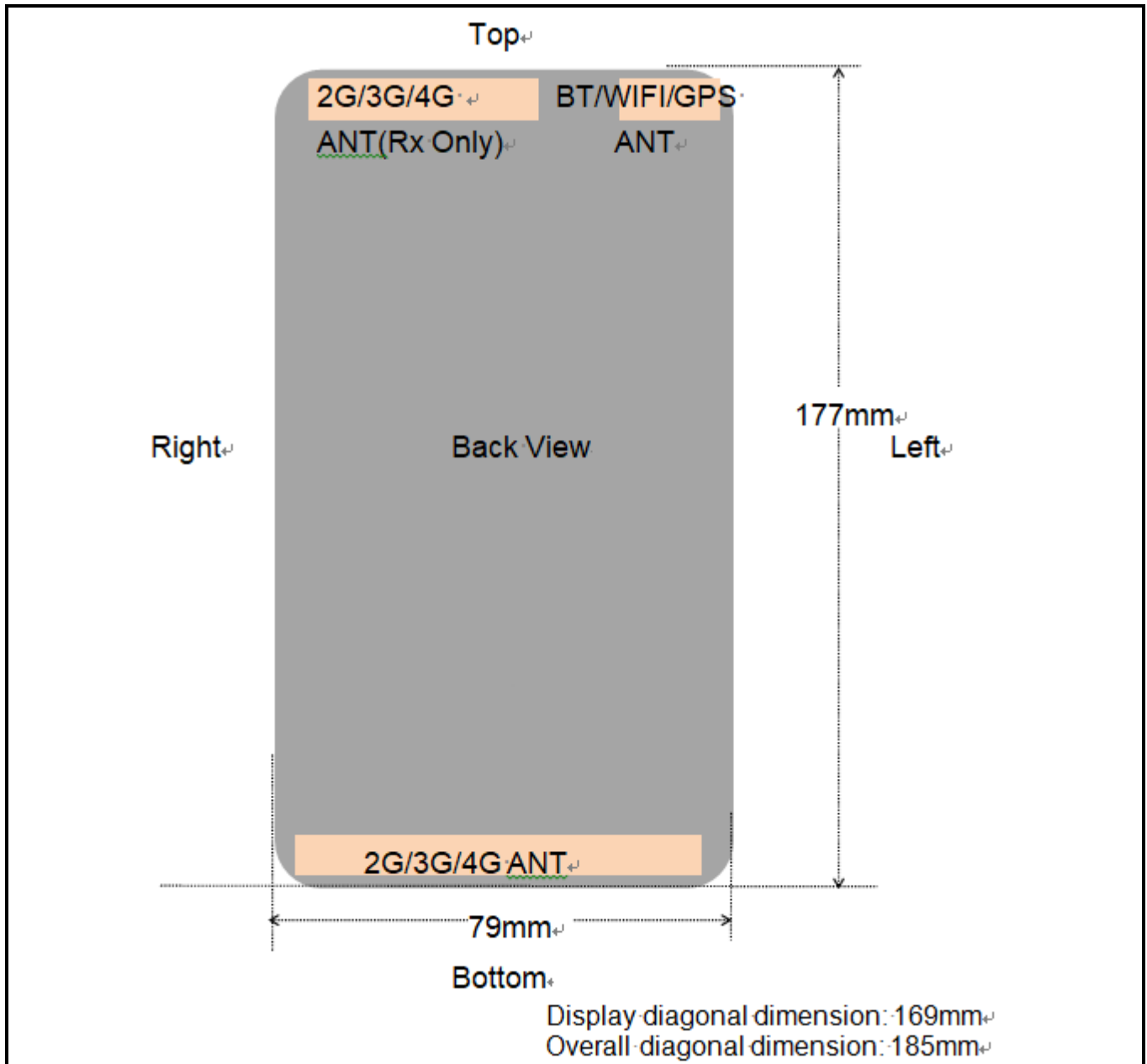


Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

Note: This antenna diagram is only used as a reference for the distance from the antenna to each edge. For the specific shape of the antenna, please refer to the physical photo.

14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	<25mm	<25mm	169mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	161mm	55mm	<25mm

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} * 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.

15 SAR Test Results Summary

15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

➤ GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
1	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	190	836.6	33.23	-1.84	33.5	0.104	1.064	0.111
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	190	836.6	33.23	-1.03	33.5	0.052	1.064	0.055
	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	190	836.6	33.23	0.39	33.5	0.083	1.064	0.088
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	190	836.6	33.23	1.20	33.5	0.041	1.064	0.044
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	30.11	-0.74	30.5	0.051	1.094	0.056
2	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	30.11	4.74	30.5	0.072	1.094	0.079
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	30.11	-1.61	30.5	0.035	1.094	0.038
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	30.11	1.98	30.5	0.050	1.094	0.055
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
3	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	24.33	-2.14	24.5	0.226	1.04	0.235
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	24.33	0.70	24.5	0.127	1.04	0.132
	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	24.33	-1.81	24.5	0.189	1.04	0.197
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	24.33	-1.73	24.5	0.101	1.04	0.105
	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	24.17	-4.94	24.5	0.113	1.079	0.122
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	24.17	-1.74	24.5	0.072	1.079	0.078
4	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	24.17	-2.28	24.5	0.186	1.079	0.201
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	24.17	-0.88	24.5	0.105	1.079	0.113
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#99	Right Cheek	18900	1880	24.27	0.47	24.5	0.091	1.054	0.096
	Band2/1RB#99	Right Tilted	18900	1880	24.27	-1.58	24.5	0.061	1.054	0.064
5	Band2/1RB#99	Left Cheek	18900	1880	24.27	-3.78	24.5	0.130	1.054	0.137
	Band2/1RB#99	Left Tilted	18900	1880	24.27	1.90	24.5	0.075	1.054	0.079
	Band2/50%RB#49	Right Cheek	19100	1900	23.10	1.35	23.5	0.082	1.096	0.090
	Band2/50%RB#49	Right Tilted	19100	1900	23.10	-0.54	23.5	0.053	1.096	0.058
	Band2/50%RB#49	Left Cheek	19100	1900	23.10	1.07	23.5	0.122	1.096	0.134
	Band2/50%RB#49	Left Tilted	19100	1900	23.10	1.84	23.5	0.069	1.096	0.076
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#99	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	24.23	-1.08	24.5	0.026	1.064	0.028
	Band4/1RB#99	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	24.23	0.61	24.5	0.015	1.064	0.016
6	Band4/1RB#99	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	24.23	1.05	24.5	0.050	1.064	0.053
	Band4/1RB#99	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	24.23	-1.78	24.5	0.029	1.064	0.031
	Band4/50%RB#0	Right Cheek	20300	1745	23.04	0.48	23.5	0.019	1.112	0.021
	Band4/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	20300	1745	23.04	1.90	23.5	0.011	1.112	0.012

	Band4/50%RB#0	Left Cheek	20300	1745	23.04	1.33	23.5	0.042	1.112	0.047
	Band4/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	20300	1745	23.04	-1.64	23.5	0.024	1.112	0.027
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 5(10MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/1RB#24	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	24.41	-1.24	25.0	0.241	1.146	0.276
	Band5/1RB#24	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	24.41	1.52	25.0	0.135	1.146	0.155
7	Band5/1RB#24	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	24.41	-1.77	25.0	0.275	1.146	0.315
	Band5/1RB#24	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	24.41	0.57	25.0	0.157	1.146	0.180
	Band5/50%RB#0	Right Cheek	20450	829	23.27	-1.75	23.5	0.221	1.054	0.233
	Band5/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	20450	829	23.27	-1.29	23.5	0.116	1.054	0.122
	Band5/50%RB#0	Left Cheek	20450	829	23.27	1.91	23.5	0.259	1.054	0.273
	Band5/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	20450	829	23.27	1.97	23.5	0.142	1.054	0.150
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 7(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band7/1RB#99	Right Cheek	21100	2535	23.20	-1.06	23.5	0.022	1.072	0.024
	Band7/1RB#99	Right Tilted	21100	2535	23.20	-1.52	23.5	0.011	1.072	0.012
8	Band7/1RB#99	Left Cheek	21100	2535	23.20	-3.22	23.5	0.073	1.072	0.078
	Band7/1RB#99	Left Tilted	21100	2535	23.20	-1.21	23.5	0.056	1.072	0.060
	Band7/50%RB#24	Right Cheek	21350	2560	22.03	0.51	22.5	0.021	1.114	0.023
	Band7/50%RB#24	Right Tilted	21350	2560	22.03	-1.32	22.5	0.009	1.114	0.010
	Band7/50%RB#24	Left Cheek	21350	2560	22.03	-0.07	22.5	0.053	1.114	0.059
	Band7/50%RB#24	Left Tilted	21350	2560	22.03	-0.12	22.5	0.036	1.114	0.040
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 12(10MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/1RB#49	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	24.36	1.04	24.5	0.109	1.033	0.113
	Band12/1RB#49	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	24.36	-0.17	24.5	0.063	1.033	0.065
9	Band12/1RB#49	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	24.36	-2.54	24.5	0.135	1.033	0.139
	Band12/1RB#49	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	24.36	-0.78	24.5	0.078	1.033	0.081
	Band12/50%RB#0	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	23.18	-0.47	23.5	0.099	1.076	0.107
	Band12/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	23.18	-1.21	23.5	0.057	1.076	0.061
	Band12/50%RB#0	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	23.18	-1.14	23.5	0.126	1.076	0.136
	Band12/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	23.18	1.65	23.5	0.071	1.076	0.076
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 13(10MHz) QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band13/1RB#0	Right Cheek	23230	782	24.34	-2.40	25.0	0.227	1.164	0.264
	Band13/1RB#0	Right Tilted	23230	782	24.34	0.78	25.0	0.132	1.164	0.154
10	Band13/1RB#0	Left Cheek	23230	782	24.34	-0.67	25.0	0.261	1.164	0.304
	Band13/1RB#0	Left Tilted	23230	782	24.34	-0.78	25.0	0.148	1.164	0.172

	Band13/50%RB#0	Right Cheek	23230	782	23.20	1.97	23.5	0.231	1.072	0.248
	Band13/50%RB#0	Right Tilted	23230	782	23.20	-1.83	23.5	0.121	1.072	0.130
	Band13/50%RB#0	Left Cheek	23230	782	23.20	0.97	23.5	0.268	1.072	0.287
	Band13/50%RB#0	Left Tilted	23230	782	23.20	-1.81	23.5	0.139	1.072	0.149
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
11	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	11	2462	18.34	-0.64	18.5	0.635	1.038	1.010	0.666
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	11	2462	18.34	-1.86	18.5	0.471	1.038	1.000	0.489
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	11	2462	18.34	-1.69	18.5	0.308	1.038	1.000	0.320
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilted	11	2462	18.34	1.36	18.5	0.228	1.038	1.000	0.237
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 60.67mW(17.83dBm) and 68.23mW(18.34dBm), the scaled SAR would be $0.179 \times (60.67/68.23) = 0.159$ W/Kg < 1.2 W/kg, therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.2 Standalone Body SAR

➤ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/3 slots	Front	190	836.6	29.47	-1.76	30.0	0.184	1.130	0.208
12	GPRS850/3 slots	Back	190	836.6	29.47	-2.22	30.0	0.292	1.130	0.330
	GPRS1900/3 slots	Front	512	1850.2	26.55	-0.71	27.0	0.217	1.109	0.241
13	GPRS1900/3 slots	Back	512	1850.2	26.55	-0.67	27.0	0.654	1.109	0.725
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	24.33	-0.31	24.5	0.212	1.040	0.220
14	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	24.33	-3.77	24.5	0.350	1.040	0.364
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	24.17	-1.13	24.5	0.411	1.079	0.443
15	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	24.17	-3.66	24.5	0.602	1.079	0.650
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#99	Front	18900	1880	24.27	0.01	24.5	0.589	1.054	0.621
16	Band2/1RB#99	Back	18900	1880	24.27	-0.45	24.5	1.032	1.054	1.088
	Band2/1RB#99	Back	18900	1880	24.27	0.66	24.5	1.022	1.054	1.077
	Band2/1RB#49	Back	18700	1860	24.22	0.32	24.5	0.763	1.067	0.814
	Band2/1RB#99	Back	19100	1900	23.91	1.65	24.5	0.856	1.146	0.981
	Band2/50%RB#49	Front	19100	1900	23.10	0.07	23.5	0.546	1.096	0.598
	Band2/50%RB#49	Back	19100	1900	23.10	1.02	23.5	0.722	1.096	0.791
	Band2/100%RB#0	Front	19100	1900	23.05	1.21	23.5	0.512	1.109	0.568
	Band2/100%RB#0	Back	19100	1900	23.05	0.34	23.5	0.692	1.109	0.767
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#99	Front	20175	1732.5	24.23	1.53	24.5	0.503	1.064	0.535
	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20175	1732.5	24.23	1.07	24.5	0.849	1.064	0.903
	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20050	1720	24.00	-2.91	24.5	0.901	1.122	1.011
17	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20300	1745	24.00	1.27	24.5	0.970	1.122	1.088
	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20300	1745	24.00	0.65	24.5	0.952	1.122	1.068
	Band4/50%RB#0	Front	20300	1745	23.04	-0.73	23.5	0.469	1.112	0.522
	Band4/50%RB#0	Back	20300	1745	23.04	-0.71	23.5	0.711	1.112	0.791
	Band4/100%RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	22.98	0.02	23.5	0.413	1.127	0.465
	Band4/100%RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	22.98	-1.70	23.5	0.705	1.127	0.795
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 5(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/1RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	24.41	0.57	25.0	0.177	1.146	0.203
18	Band5/1RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	24.41	-0.64	25.0	0.308	1.146	0.353
	Band5/50%RB#0	Front	20450	829	23.27	0.19	23.5	0.162	1.054	0.171
	Band5/50%RB#0	Back	20450	829	23.27	1.49	23.5	0.294	1.054	0.310
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 7(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band7/1RB#99	Front	21100	2535	23.20	-1.84	23.5	0.447	1.072	0.479
	Band7/1RB#99	Back	21100	2535	23.20	-0.91	23.5	1.000	1.072	1.072
	Band7/1RB#99	Back	20850	2510	23.10	-0.91	23.5	0.854	1.096	0.936
19	Band7/1RB#99	Back	21350	2560	23.12	-0.62	23.5	1.057	1.091	1.153
	Band7/1RB#99	Back	21350	2560	23.12	0.23	23.5	1.049	1.091	1.144
	Band7/50%RB#24	Front	21350	2560	22.03	-1.56	22.5	0.398	1.114	0.443
	Band7/50%RB#24	Back	21350	2560	22.03	0.52	22.5	0.702	1.114	0.782
	Band7/100%RB#0	Front	21350	2560	22.00	0.40	22.5	0.356	1.122	0.399
	Band7/100%RB#0	Back	21350	2560	22.00	-0.25	22.5	0.652	1.122	0.732
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 12(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/1RB#49	Front	23095	707.5	24.36	-1.90	24.5	0.123	1.033	0.127
20	Band12/1RB#49	Back	23095	707.5	24.36	-0.89	24.5	0.184	1.033	0.190
	Band12/50%RB#0	Front	23095	707.5	23.18	1.49	23.5	0.112	1.076	0.121
	Band12/50%RB#0	Back	23095	707.5	23.18	-1.21	23.5	0.169	1.076	0.182
ANSI / IEEE C912.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 13(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band13/1RB#0	Front	23230	782	24.34	1.25	25.0	0.136	1.164	0.158
21	Band13/1RB#0	Back	23230	782	24.34	-0.31	25.0	0.247	1.164	0.288
	Band13/50%RB#0	Front	23230	782	23.20	1.95	23.5	0.121	1.072	0.130
	Band13/50%RB#0	Back	23230	782	23.20	0.85	23.5	0.227	1.072	0.243
ANSI / IEEE C913.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	11	2462	18.34	-1.64	18.5	0.161	1.038	1.01	0.169
22	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	11	2462	18.34	0.50	18.5	0.302	1.038	1.01	0.317
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

Note:

1. Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
2. Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
4. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
6. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
8. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
9. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

➤ GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/3 slots	Front	190	836.6	29.47	-1.76	30.0	0.184	1.130	0.208
12	GPRS850/3 slots	Back	190	836.6	29.47	-2.22	30.0	0.292	1.130	0.330
	GPRS850/3 slots	Left	190	836.6	29.47	-0.28	30.0	0.052	1.130	0.059
	GPRS850/3 slots	Right	190	836.6	29.47	0.89	30.0	0.096	1.130	0.108
	GPRS850/3 slots	Bottom	190	836.6	29.47	-1.73	30.0	0.053	1.130	0.060
	GPRS1900/3 slots	Front	512	1850.2	26.55	-0.71	27.0	0.217	1.109	0.241
13	GPRS1900/3 slots	Back	512	1850.2	26.55	-0.67	27.0	0.654	1.109	0.725
	GPRS1900/3 slots	Left	512	1850.2	26.55	0.09	27.0	0.058	1.109	0.064
	GPRS1900/3 slots	Right	512	1850.2	26.55	-0.85	27.0	0.094	1.109	0.104
	GPRS1900/3 slots	Bottom	512	1850.2	26.55	0.68	27.0	0.474	1.109	0.526
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	24.33	-0.31	24.5	0.212	1.040	0.220
14	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	24.33	-3.77	24.5	0.350	1.040	0.364
	Band V/RMC	Left	4233	846.6	24.33	-1.99	24.5	0.049	1.040	0.051
	Band V/RMC	Right	4233	846.6	24.33	-1.72	24.5	0.081	1.040	0.084
	Band V/RMC	Bottom	4233	846.6	24.33	0.11	24.5	0.323	1.040	0.336
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	24.17	-1.13	24.5	0.411	1.079	0.443
15	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	24.17	-3.66	24.5	0.602	1.079	0.650
	Band II/RMC	Left	9538	1907.6	24.17	-1.01	24.5	0.078	1.079	0.084
	Band II/RMC	Right	9538	1907.6	24.17	0.12	24.5	0.126	1.079	0.136
	Band II/RMC	Bottom	9538	1907.6	24.17	0.68	24.5	0.463	1.079	0.500
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#99	Front	18900	1880	24.27	0.01	24.5	0.589	1.054	0.621
16	Band2/1RB#99	Back	18900	1880	24.27	-0.45	24.5	1.032	1.054	1.088
	Band2/1RB#99	Back	18900	1880	24.27	0.66	24.5	1.022	1.054	1.077
	Band2/1RB#99	Left	18900	1880	24.27	1.78	24.5	0.103	1.054	0.109
	Band2/1RB#99	Right	18900	1880	24.27	-0.99	24.5	0.179	1.054	0.189
	Band2/1RB#99	Bottom	18900	1880	24.27	2.13	24.5	0.712	1.054	0.750
	Band2/1RB#49	Back	18700	1860	24.22	0.32	24.5	0.763	1.067	0.814
	Band2/1RB#99	Back	19100	1900	23.91	1.65	24.5	0.856	1.146	0.981
	Band2/50%RB#49	Front	19100	1900	23.10	0.07	23.5	0.546	1.096	0.598
	Band2/50%RB#49	Back	19100	1900	23.10	1.02	23.5	0.722	1.096	0.791
	Band2/50%RB#49	Left	19100	1900	23.10	-1.66	23.5	0.093	1.096	0.102
	Band2/50%RB#49	Right	19100	1900	23.10	0.19	23.5	0.167	1.096	0.183
	Band2/50%RB#49	Bottom	19100	1900	23.10	-0.04	23.5	0.685	1.096	0.751
	Band2/100%RB#0	Front	19100	1900	23.05	1.21	23.5	0.512	1.109	0.568
	Band2/100%RB#0	Back	19100	1900	23.05	0.34	23.5	0.692	1.109	0.767
	Band2/100%RB#0	Left	19100	1900	23.05	-0.09	23.5	0.077	1.109	0.085
	Band2/100%RB#0	Right	19100	1900	23.05	-1.33	23.5	0.133	1.109	0.147
	Band2/100%RB#0	Bottom	19100	1900	23.05	-1.93	23.5	0.661	1.109	0.733
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

➤ FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#99	Front	20175	1732.5	24.23	1.53	24.5	0.503	1.064	0.535
	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20175	1732.5	24.23	1.07	24.5	0.849	1.064	0.903
	Band4/1RB#99	Left	20175	1732.5	24.23	1.95	24.5	0.081	1.064	0.086
	Band4/1RB#99	Right	20175	1732.5	24.23	-0.56	24.5	0.154	1.064	0.164
	Band4/1RB#99	Bottom	20175	1732.5	24.23	-1.04	24.5	0.604	1.064	0.643
	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20050	1720	24.00	-2.91	24.5	0.901	1.122	1.011
17	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20300	1745	24.00	1.27	24.5	0.970	1.122	1.088
	Band4/1RB#99	Back	20300	1745	24.00	0.65	24.5	0.952	1.122	1.068
	Band4/50%RB#0	Front	20300	1745	23.04	-0.73	23.5	0.469	1.112	0.522
	Band4/50%RB#0	Back	20300	1745	23.04	-0.71	23.5	0.711	1.112	0.791
	Band4/50%RB#0	Left	20300	1745	23.04	-1.96	23.5	0.069	1.112	0.077
	Band4/50%RB#0	Right	20300	1745	23.04	-1.34	23.5	0.142	1.112	0.158
	Band4/50%RB#0	Bottom	20300	1745	23.04	1.58	23.5	0.561	1.112	0.624
	Band4/100%RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	22.98	0.02	23.5	0.413	1.127	0.465
	Band4/100%RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	22.98	-1.70	23.5	0.705	1.127	0.795
	Band4/100%RB#0	Left	20175	1732.5	22.98	1.62	23.5	0.041	1.127	0.046
	Band4/100%RB#0	Right	20175	1732.5	22.98	-1.85	23.5	0.102	1.127	0.115
	Band4/100%RB#0	Bottom	20175	1732.5	22.98	-2.00	23.5	0.479	1.127	0.540
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ FDD-LTE Band 5(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/1RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	24.41	0.57	25.0	0.177	1.146	0.203
18	Band5/1RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	24.41	-0.64	25.0	0.308	1.146	0.353
	Band5/1RB#24	Left	20525	836.5	24.41	-0.50	25.0	0.018	1.146	0.021
	Band5/1RB#24	Right	20525	836.5	24.41	0.55	25.0	0.032	1.146	0.037
	Band5/1RB#24	Bottom	20525	836.5	24.41	1.34	25.0	0.056	1.146	0.064
	Band5/50%RB#0	Front	20450	829	23.27	0.19	23.5	0.162	1.054	0.171
	Band5/50%RB#0	Back	20450	829	23.27	1.49	23.5	0.294	1.054	0.310
	Band5/50%RB#0	Left	20450	829	23.27	-0.27	23.5	0.012	1.054	0.013
	Band5/50%RB#0	Right	20450	829	23.27	0.42	23.5	0.027	1.054	0.028
	Band5/50%RB#0	Bottom	20450	829	23.27	1.10	23.5	0.048	1.054	0.051
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ FDD-LTE Band 7(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band7/1RB#99	Front	21100	2535	23.20	-1.84	23.5	0.447	1.072	0.479
	Band7/1RB#99	Back	21100	2535	23.20	-0.91	23.5	1.000	1.072	1.072
	Band7/1RB#99	Left	21100	2535	23.20	1.76	23.5	0.170	1.072	0.182
	Band7/1RB#99	Right	21100	2535	23.20	-0.58	23.5	0.121	1.072	0.130
	Band7/1RB#99	Bottom	21100	2535	23.20	1.15	23.5	0.535	1.072	0.574
	Band7/1RB#99	Back	20850	2510	23.10	-0.91	23.5	0.854	1.096	0.936
19	Band7/1RB#99	Back	21350	2560	23.12	-0.62	23.5	1.057	1.091	1.153
	Band7/1RB#99	Back	21350	2560	23.12	0.23	23.5	1.049	1.091	1.144
	Band7/50%RB#24	Front	21350	2560	22.03	-1.56	22.5	0.398	1.114	0.443
	Band7/50%RB#24	Back	21350	2560	22.03	0.52	22.5	0.702	1.114	0.782
	Band7/50%RB#24	Left	21350	2560	22.03	-0.78	22.5	0.148	1.114	0.165
	Band7/50%RB#24	Right	21350	2560	22.03	-0.91	22.5	0.103	1.114	0.115

	Band7/50%RB#24	Bottom	21350	2560	22.03	1.18	22.5	0.478	1.114	0.532
	Band7/100%RB#0	Front	21350	2560	22.00	0.40	22.5	0.356	1.122	0.399
	Band7/100%RB#0	Back	21350	2560	22.00	-0.25	22.5	0.652	1.122	0.732
	Band7/100%RB#0	Left	21350	2560	22.00	-0.50	22.5	0.123	1.122	0.138
	Band7/100%RB#0	Right	21350	2560	22.00	-1.57	22.5	0.085	1.122	0.095
	Band7/100%RB#0	Bottom	21350	2560	22.00	1.48	22.5	0.435	1.122	0.488
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 12(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band12/1RB#49	Front	23095	707.5	24.36	-1.90	24.5	0.123	1.033	0.127
20	Band12/1RB#49	Back	23095	707.5	24.36	-0.89	24.5	0.184	1.033	0.190
	Band12/1RB#49	Left	23095	707.5	24.36	1.66	24.5	0.026	1.033	0.027
	Band12/1RB#49	Right	23095	707.5	24.36	-0.84	24.5	0.041	1.033	0.042
	Band12/1RB#49	Bottom	23095	707.5	24.36	-1.69	24.5	0.145	1.033	0.150
	Band12/50%RB#0	Front	23095	707.5	23.18	1.49	23.5	0.112	1.076	0.121
	Band12/50%RB#0	Back	23095	707.5	23.18	-1.21	23.5	0.169	1.076	0.182
	Band12/50%RB#0	Left	23095	707.5	23.18	-0.01	23.5	0.022	1.076	0.024
	Band12/50%RB#0	Right	23095	707.5	23.18	-0.55	23.5	0.039	1.076	0.042
	Band12/50%RB#0	Bottom	23095	707.5	23.18	0.60	23.5	0.135	1.076	0.145
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ FDD-LTE Band 13(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band13/1RB#0	Front	23230	782	24.34	1.25	25.0	0.136	1.164	0.158
21	Band13/1RB#0	Back	23230	782	24.34	-0.31	25.0	0.247	1.164	0.288
	Band13/1RB#0	Left	23230	782	24.34	1.30	25.0	0.021	1.164	0.024
	Band13/1RB#0	Right	23230	782	24.34	0.56	25.0	0.036	1.164	0.042
	Band13/1RB#0	Bottom	23230	782	24.34	1.49	25.0	0.198	1.164	0.230
	Band13/50%RB#0	Front	23230	782	23.20	1.95	23.5	0.121	1.072	0.130
	Band13/50%RB#0	Back	23230	782	23.20	0.85	23.5	0.227	1.072	0.243
	Band13/50%RB#0	Left	23230	782	23.20	0.44	23.5	0.016	1.072	0.017
	Band13/50%RB#0	Right	23230	782	23.20	0.29	23.5	0.029	1.072	0.031
	Band13/50%RB#0	Bottom	23230	782	23.20	1.36	23.5	0.172	1.072	0.184
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Variation (%)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	11	2462	18.34	-1.64	18.5	0.161	1.038	1.01	0.169
22	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	11	2462	18.34	0.50	18.5	0.302	1.038	1.01	0.317
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left	11	2462	18.34	-1.63	18.5	0.087	1.038	1.01	0.091
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	11	2462	18.34	-1.28	18.5	0.181	1.038	1.01	0.190
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.

2. Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
3. For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is $< 0.25\text{dB}$ higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is $\leq 1.2\text{W/kg}$, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
5. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
6. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2\text{W/kg}$, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
8. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
9. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

15.4 Repeated SAR measurement

Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/kg)				
				Original	1 st Repeated		2 nd Repeated	
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
Band2/1RB#99	Back	18900	1880	1.032	1.022	1.01	/	/
Band4/1RB#99	Back	20300	1745	0.970	0.952	1.02	/	/
Band7/1RB#99	Back	21350	2560	1.057	1.049	1.01	/	/
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.

15.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body	Hotspot
		Test Distance (mm)	0	10	10
Bluetooth	9.5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.368	0.184	0.184

Note:

- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

➤ Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Position	Applicable Combination
	Head	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Hotspot	WWAN (Data) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
		WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth

Note:

- WLAN 2.4GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

15.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

➤ Simultaneous Transmission

Position		Standalone SAR(W/kg)			Σ SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3
		WWAN	2.4G WLAN	BT		
Head	Right Cheek	0.276	0.666	0.368	0.942	0.644
	Right Tilted	0.155	0.489	0.368	0.644	0.523
	Left Cheek	0.315	0.320	0.368	0.635	0.683
	Left Tilted	0.180	0.237	0.368	0.417	0.548
Body-worn	Front	0.621	0.169	0.184	0.790	0.805
	Back	1.153	0.317	0.184	1.470	1.337
Hotspot	Front	0.621	0.169	0.184	0.790	0.805
	Back	1.153	0.317	0.184	1.470	1.337
	Left	0.182	0.091	0.184	0.273	0.366
	Right	0.189	0.000	0.184	0.189	0.373
	Top	0.000	0.190	0.184	0.190	0.184
	Bottom	0.751	0.000	0.184	0.751	0.935

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

15.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

16 Reference

- [1]. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2]. ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3]. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, September 2013
- [4]. OpenSAR V5 Software User Manual
- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS”, October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES”, October 2015
- [7]. FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR WIRELESS HANDSETS”, October 2015
- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES”, October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES”, Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE”, December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, “SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES”, October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, “SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz”, August 2015

Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check

System check at 750 MHz

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

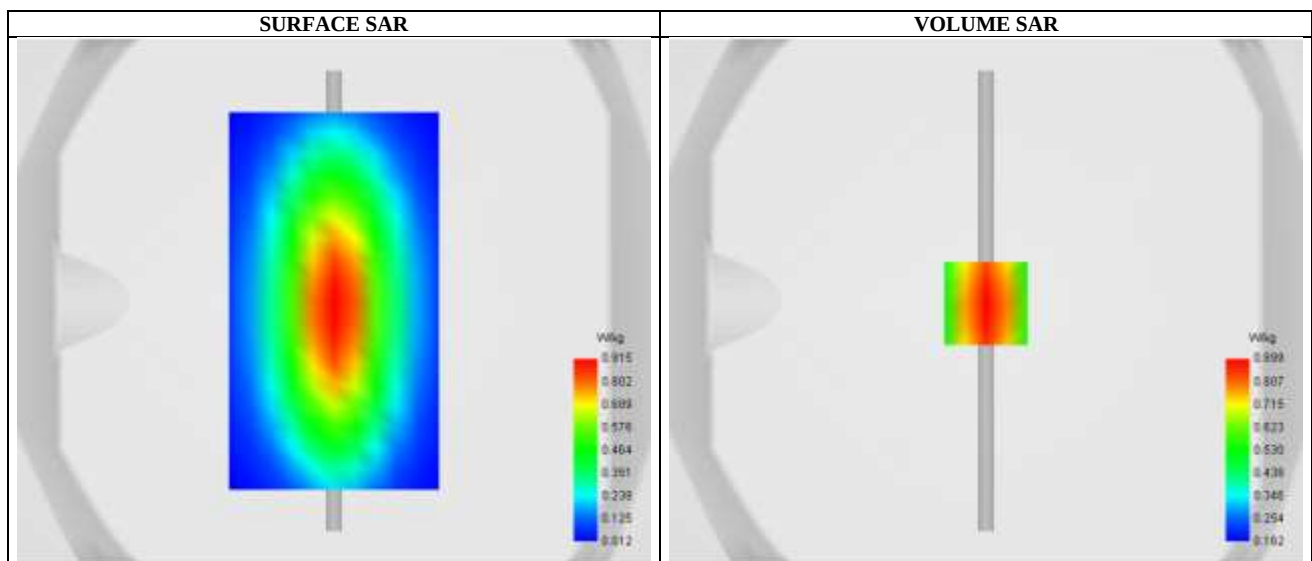
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW750
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.880000

C. SAR Surface and Volume

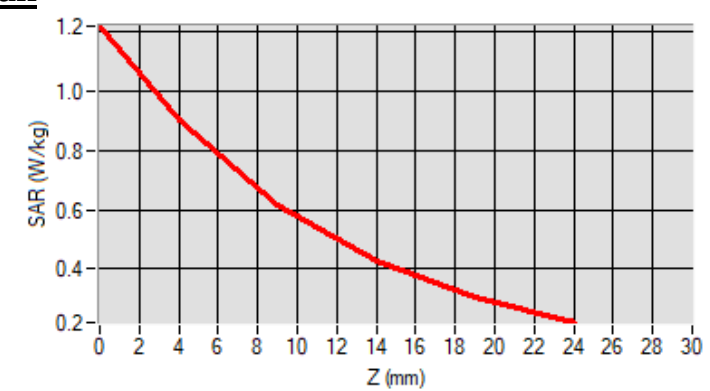


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 1.21 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.554745
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.850247
Variation (%)	-1.210000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 835 MHz

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

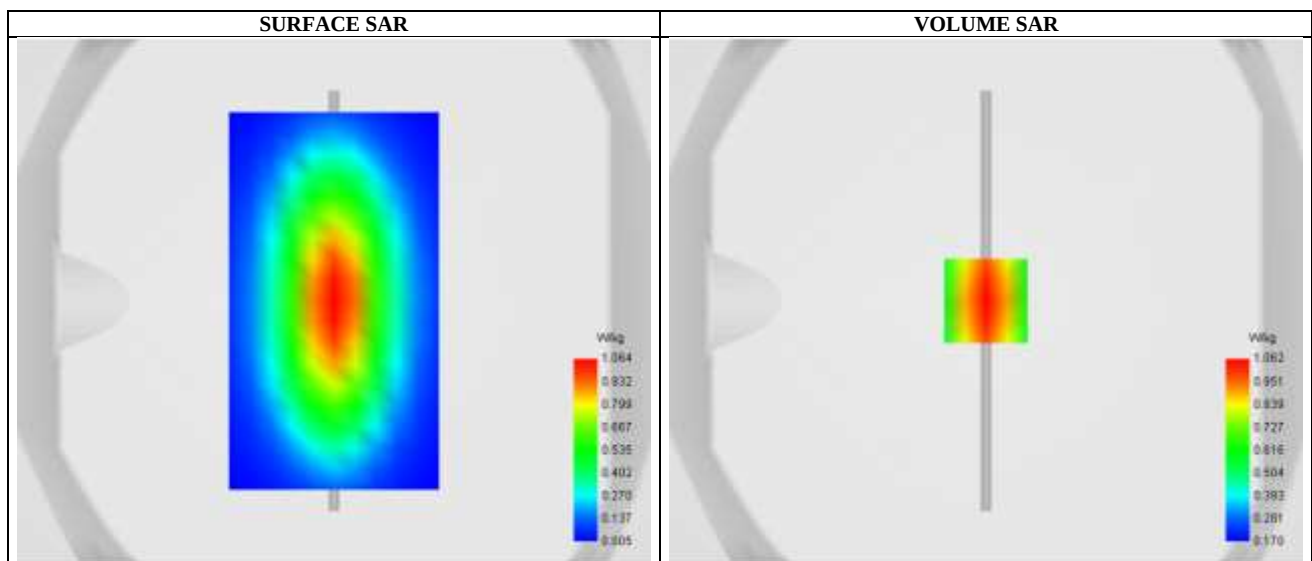
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.381423
Conductivity (S/m)	0.893513

C. SAR Surface and Volume

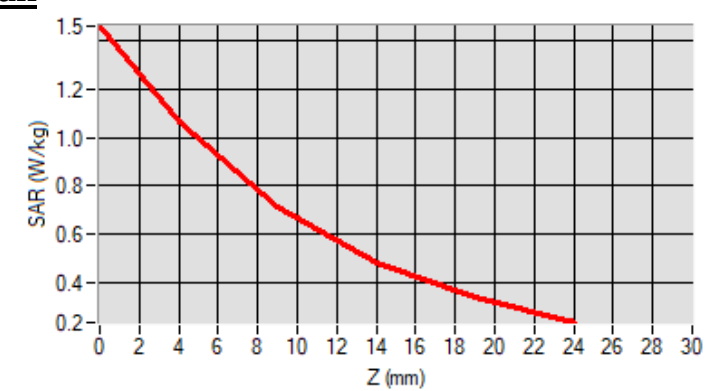


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 1.46 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.604221
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.901212
Variation (%)	1.350000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 1750 MHz

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

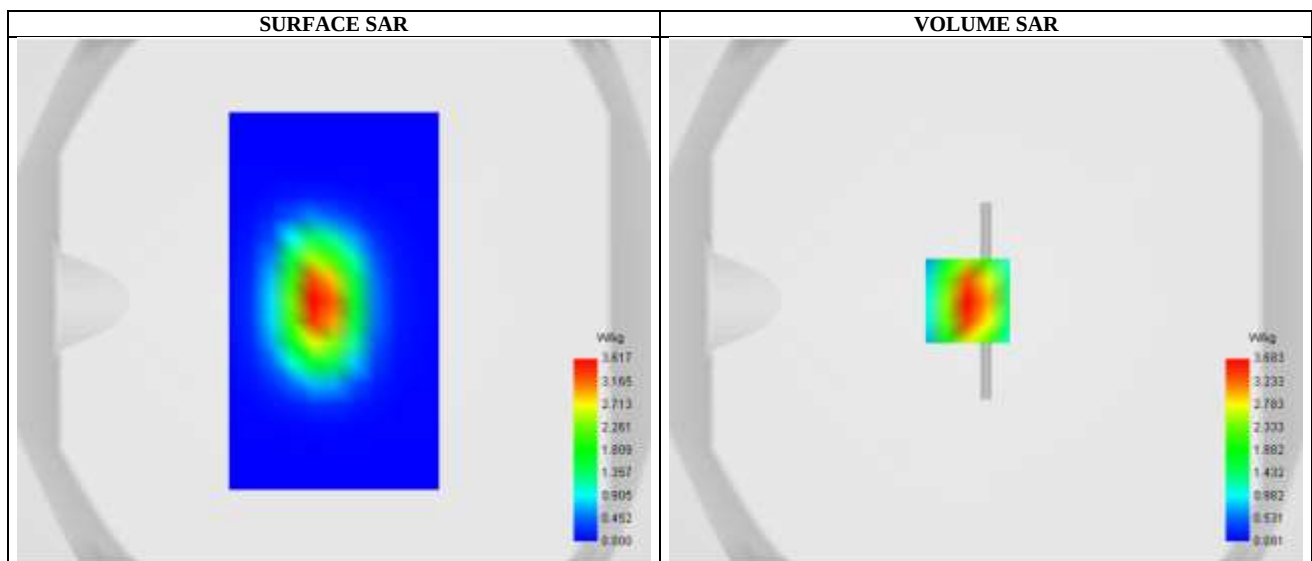
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1750
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.213424
Conductivity (S/m)	1.401847

C. SAR Surface and Volume

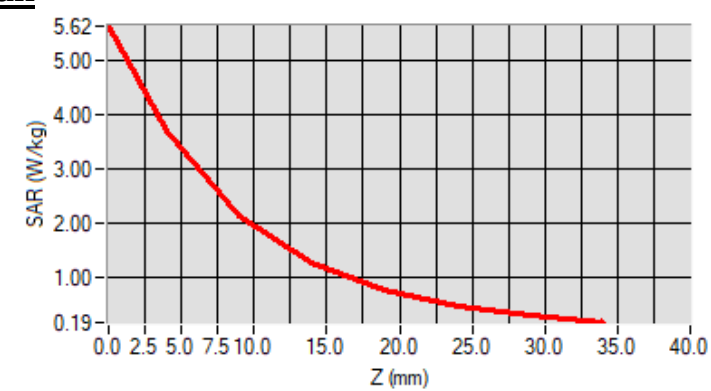


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 5.78 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.923136
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.666481
Variation (%)	-1.170000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 1900 MHz

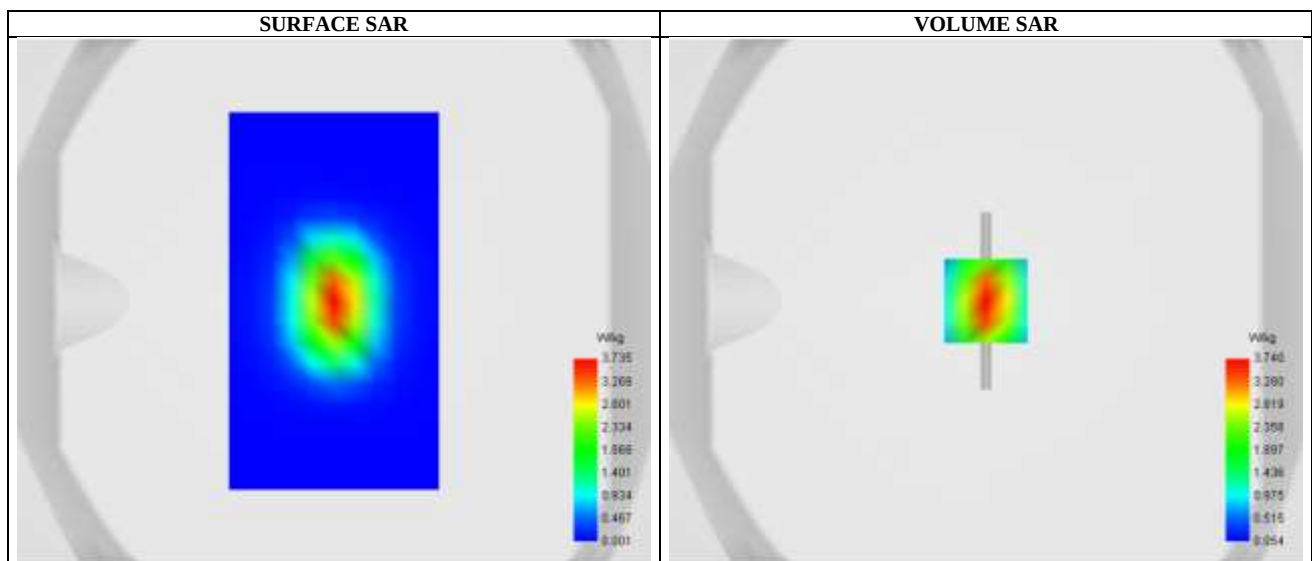
Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 36/20 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

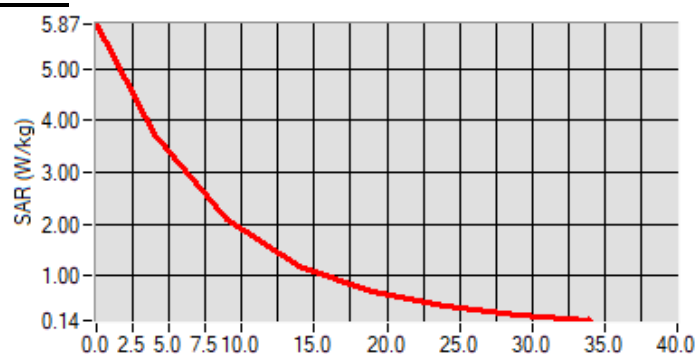
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.051087
Conductivity (S/m)	1.401522

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 5.85 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.022671
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.951253
Variation (%)	-2.120000

E. Z Axis Scan

System check at 2450 MHz

Date of measurement: 12/12/2021

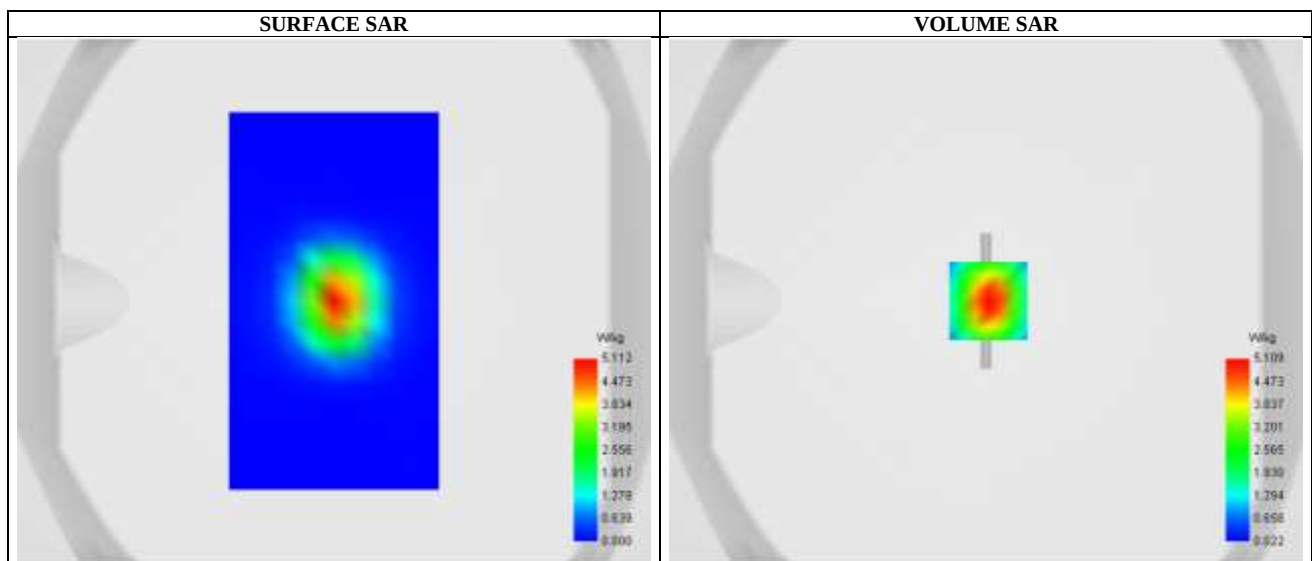
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.001432
Conductivity (S/m)	1.822142

C. SAR Surface and Volume

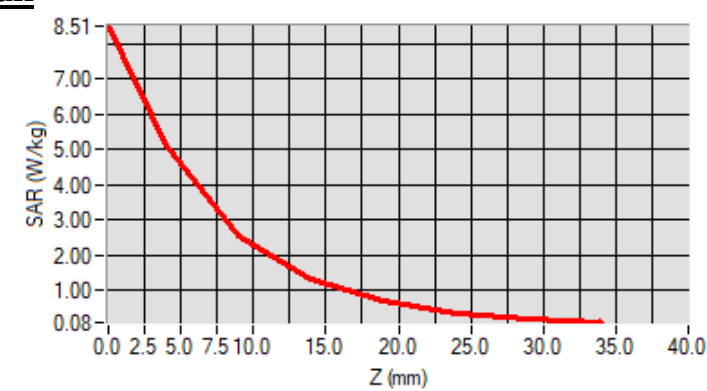


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 8.48 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.371143
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.403054
Variation (%)	-1.180000

E. Z Axis Scan



System check at 2600 MHz

Date of measurement: 12/12/2021

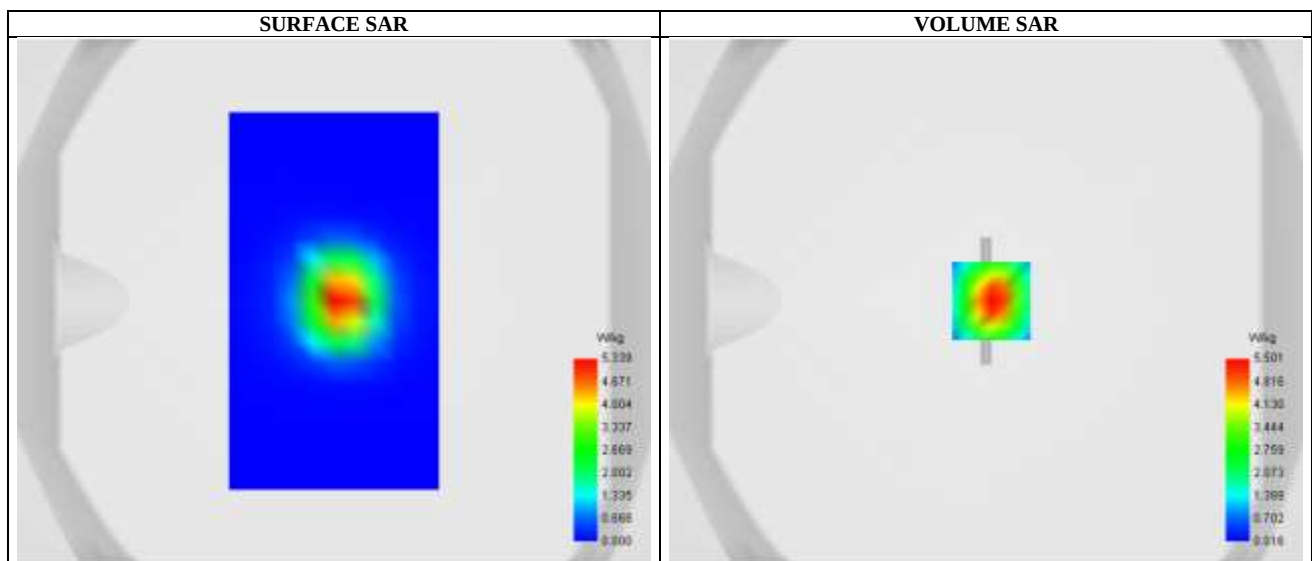
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2600
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.801284
Conductivity (S/m)	2.001412

C. SAR Surface and Volume

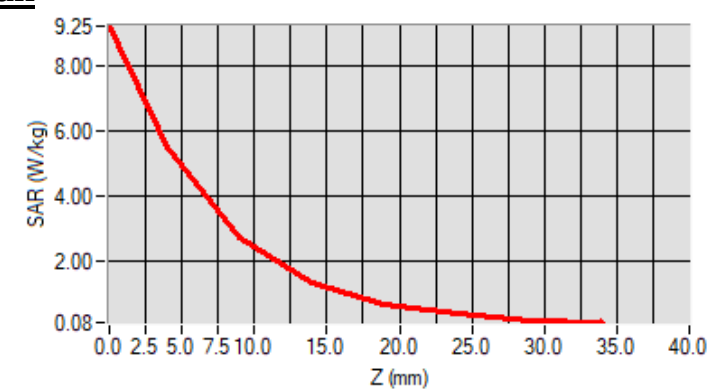


Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 9.23 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.502145
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.604514
Variation (%)	-1.990000

E. Z Axis Scan



Appendix B: Plots of SAR Test Data

SAR Measurement at GSM850 (Cheek, Right)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

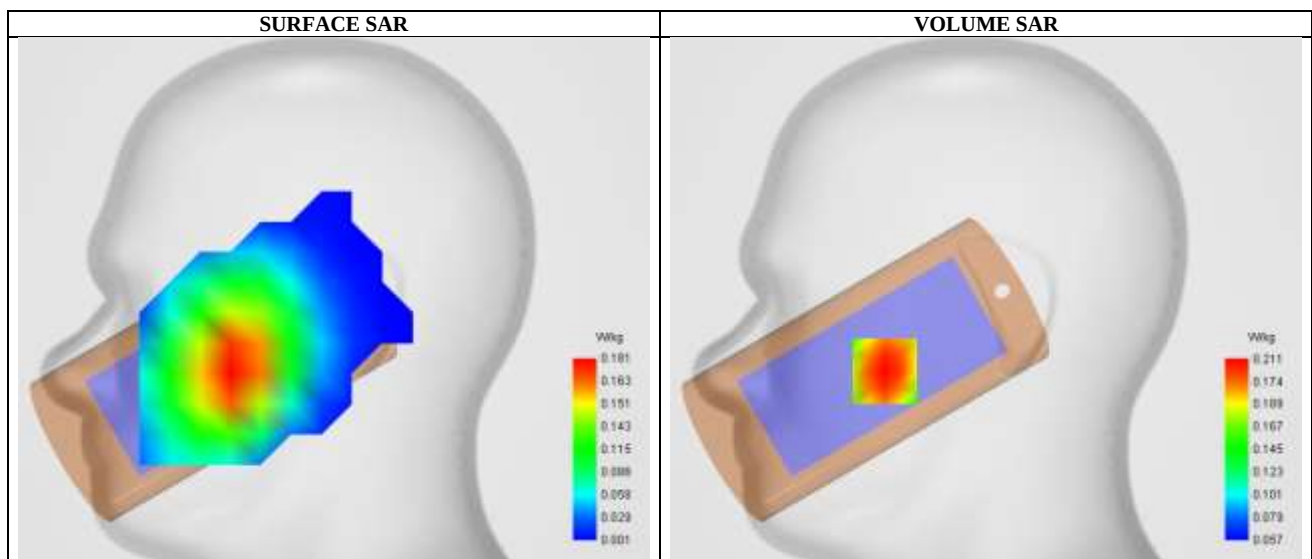
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901669

C. SAR Surface and Volume

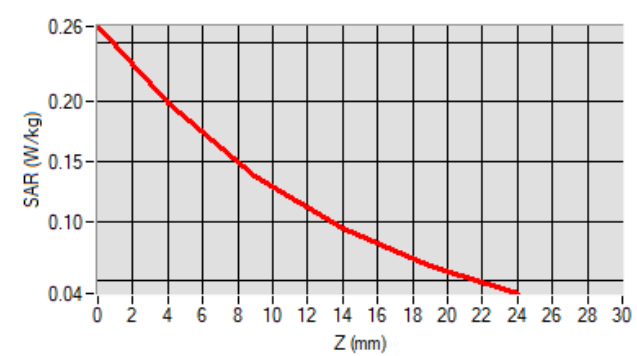


Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-3.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.25 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.031540
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.104426
Variation (%)	-1.840000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at GSM1900 (Tilt, Right)

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

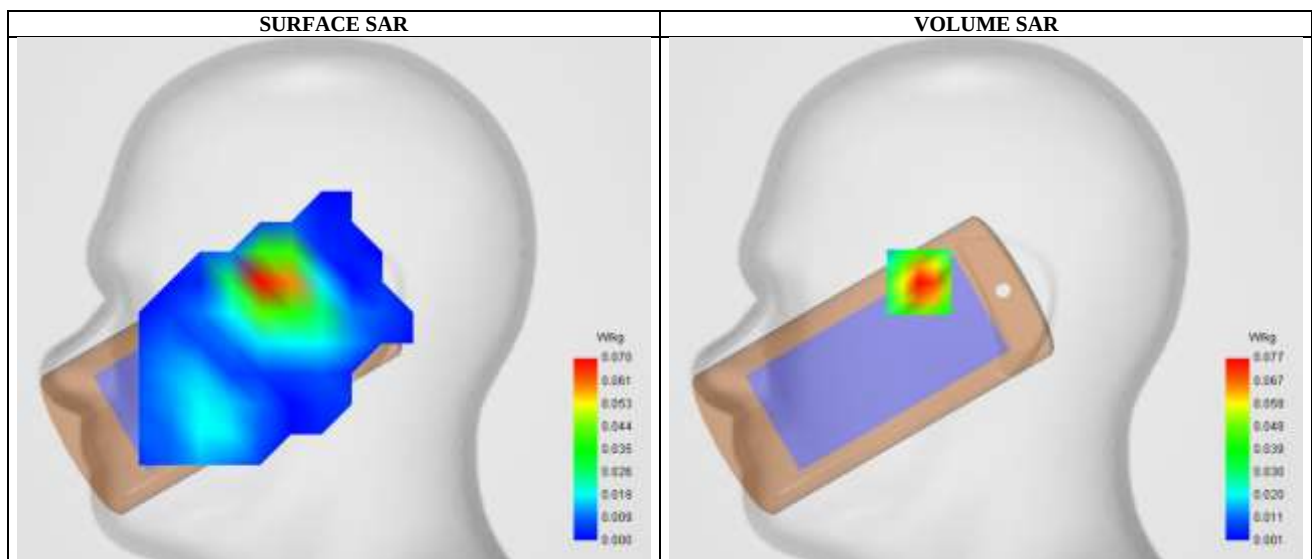
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

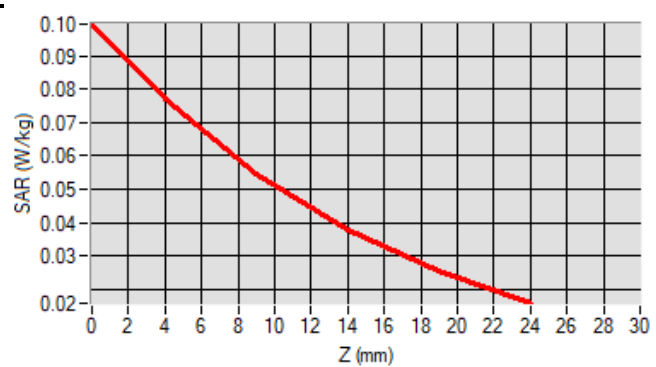


Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=9.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.10 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.043462
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.072315
Variation (%)	4.740000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band5_WCDMA850 (Cheek, Right)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

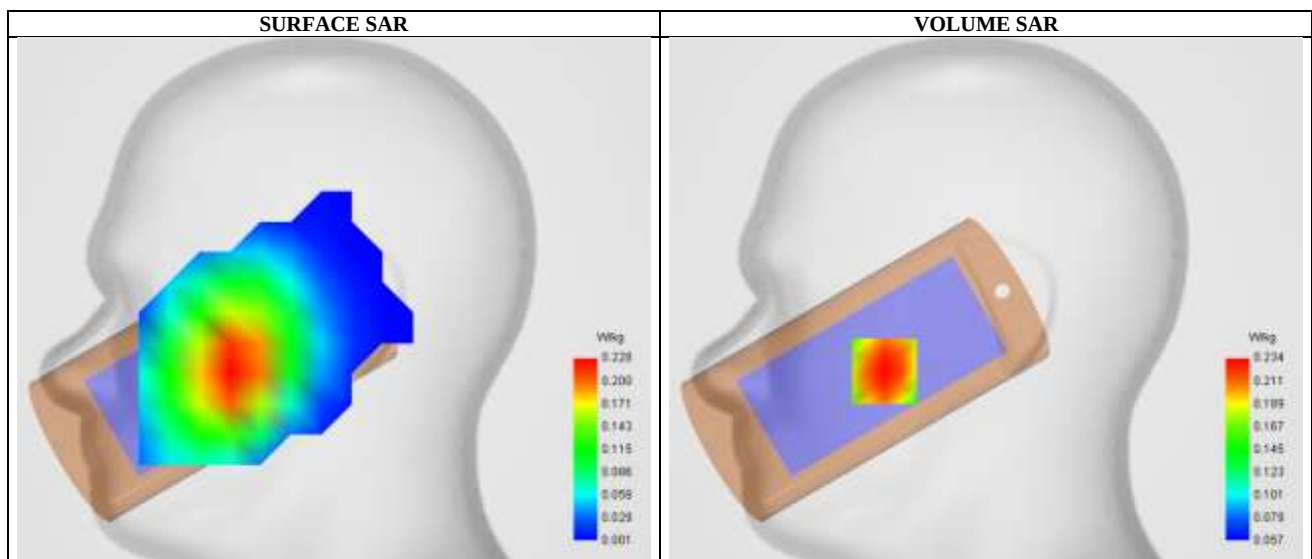
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	846.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901669

C. SAR Surface and Volume

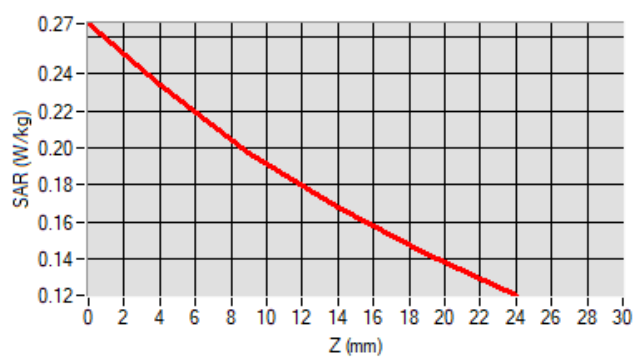


Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-35.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.179393
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.226356
Variation (%)	-2.140000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band2_WCDMA1900 (Cheek, Left)

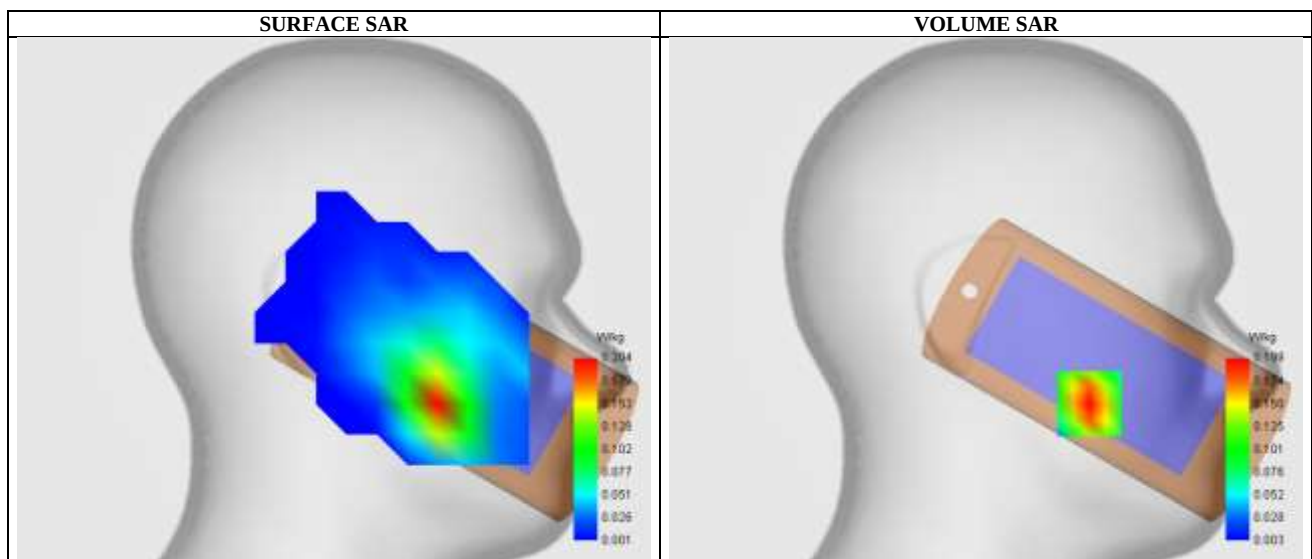
Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

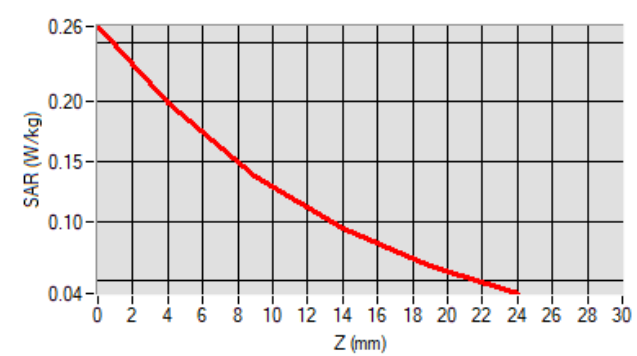
Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-51.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.111788
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.185535
Variation (%)	-2.280000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

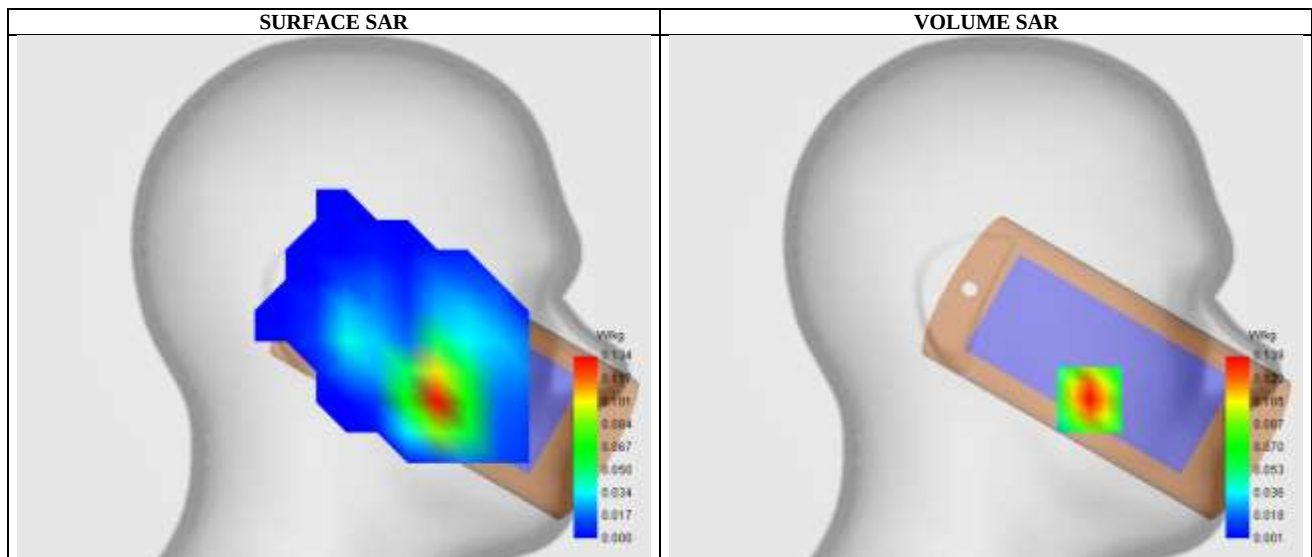
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

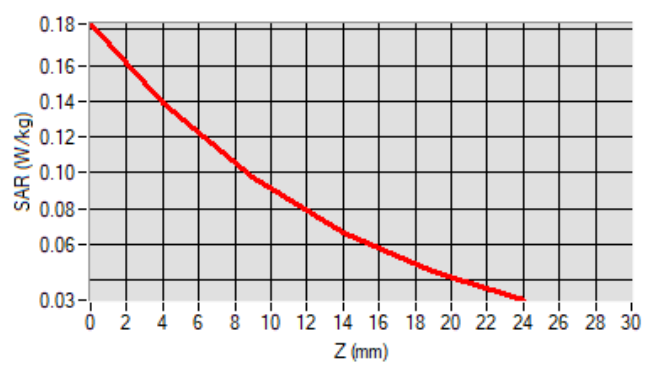


Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-50.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.077688
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.129500
Variation (%)	-3.780000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

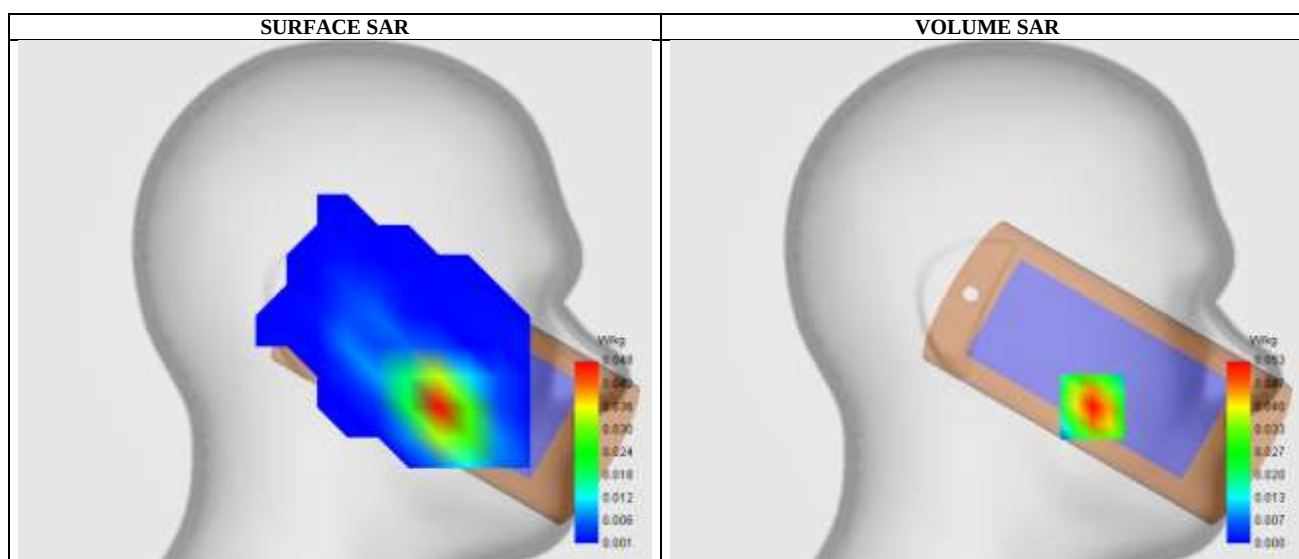
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.115910
Conductivity (S/m)	1.360603

C. SAR Surface and Volume

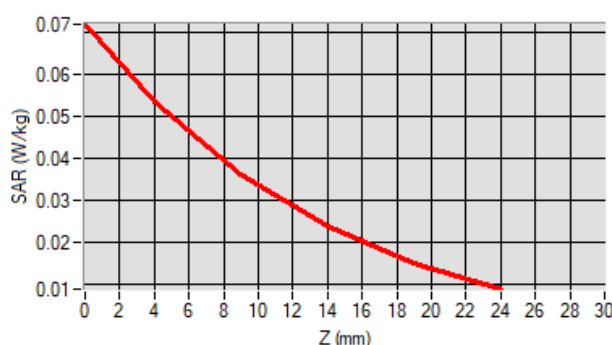


Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-51.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.028542
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.049703
Variation (%)	1.050000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 5 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

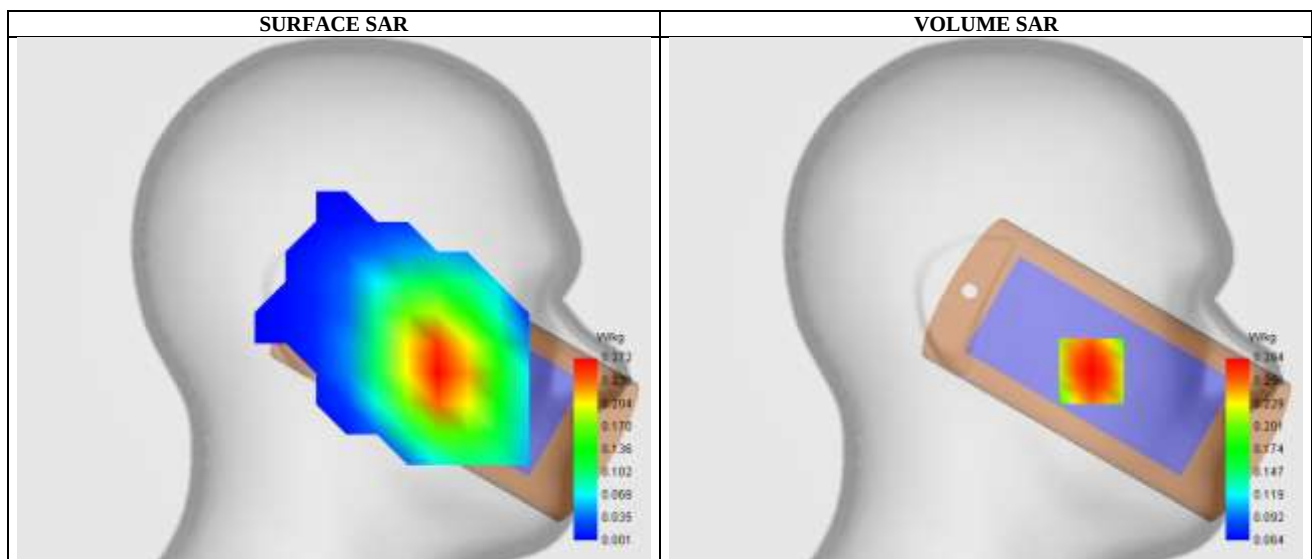
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 5
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901561

C. SAR Surface and Volume

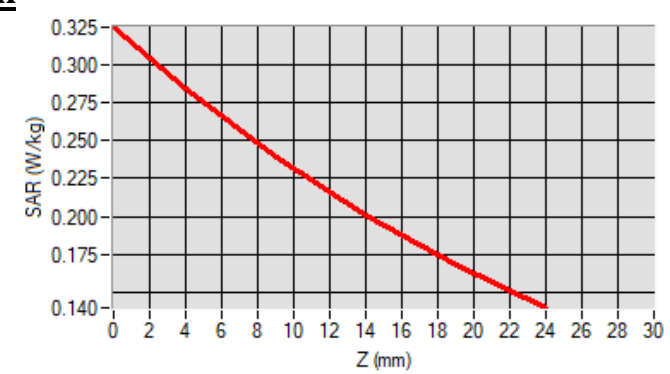


Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-35.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.33 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.216552
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.274879
Variation (%)	-1.770000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 7 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 12/12/2021

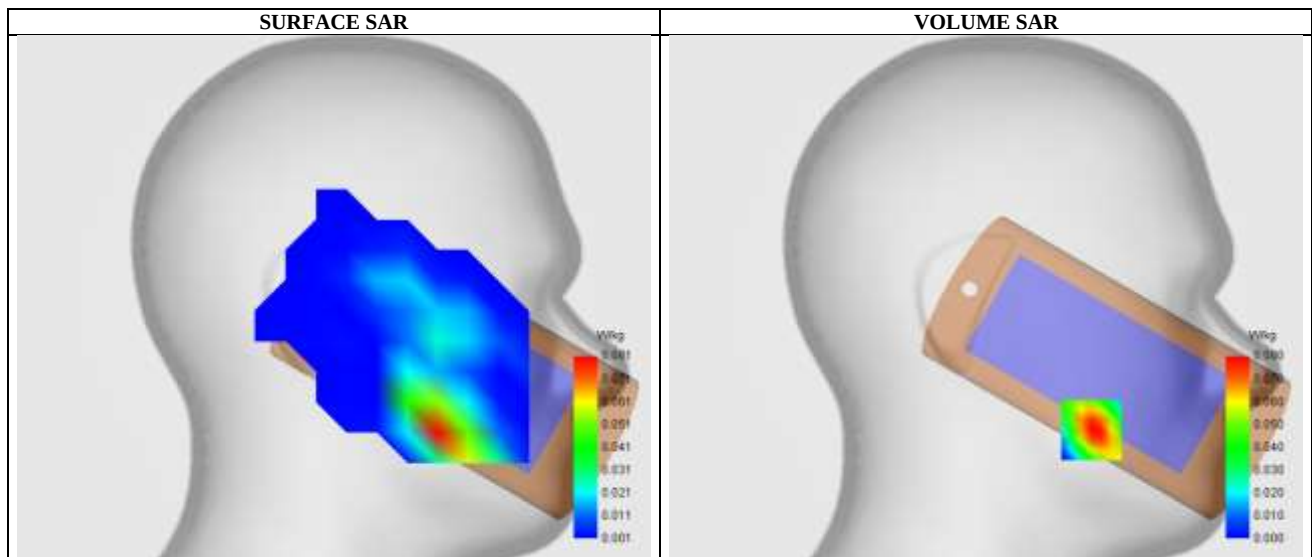
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 7
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.086666
Conductivity (S/m)	1.989749

C. SAR Surface and Volume

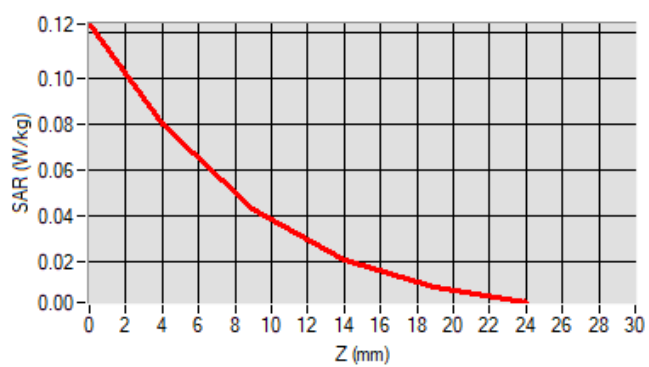


Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-65.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.035184
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.072772
Variation (%)	-3.220000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 12 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

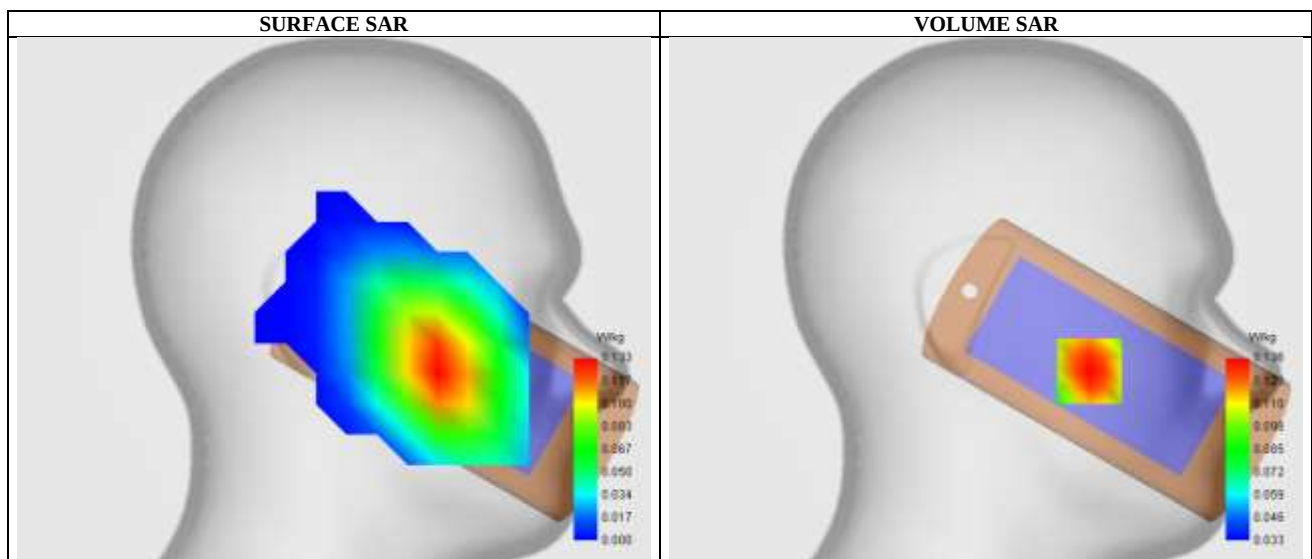
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 12
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Conductivity (S/m)	0.903218

C. SAR Surface and Volume

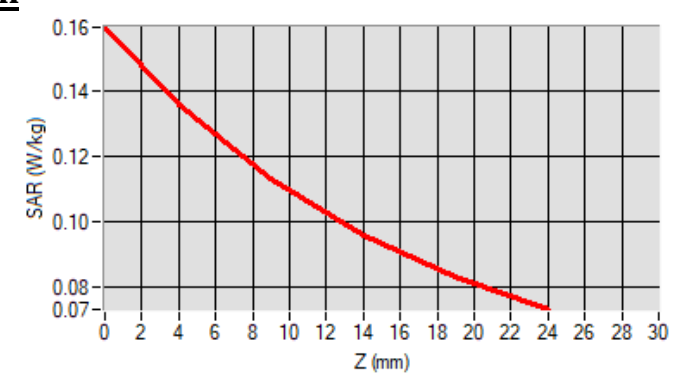


Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-35.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107031
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.134745
Variation (%)	-2.540000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 13 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

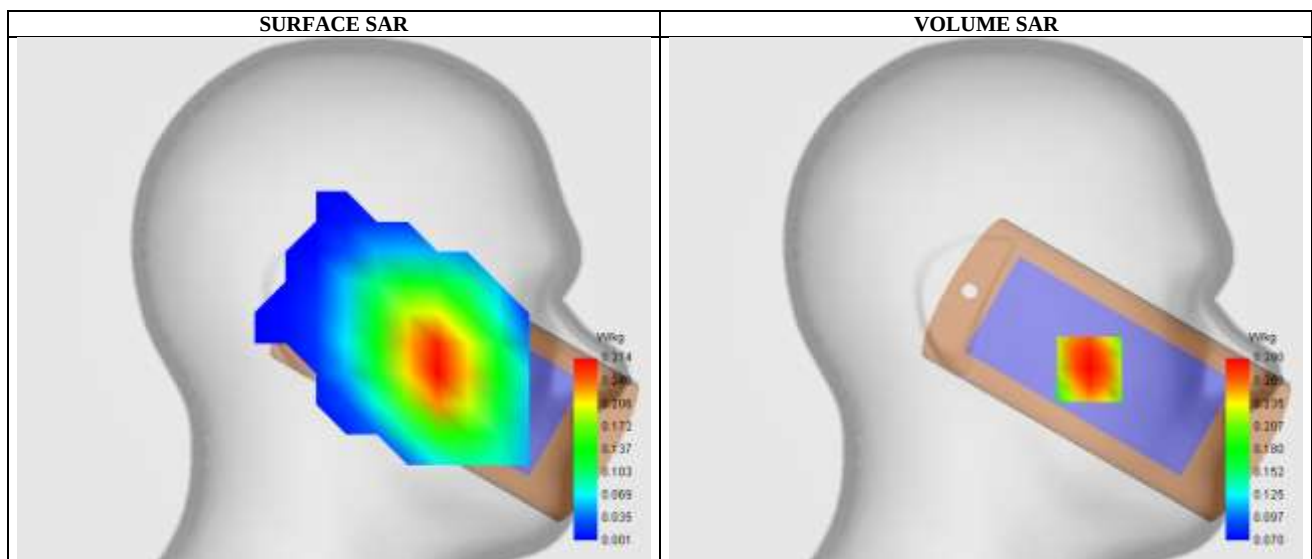
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 13
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.749413
Conductivity (S/m)	0.895916

C. SAR Surface and Volume

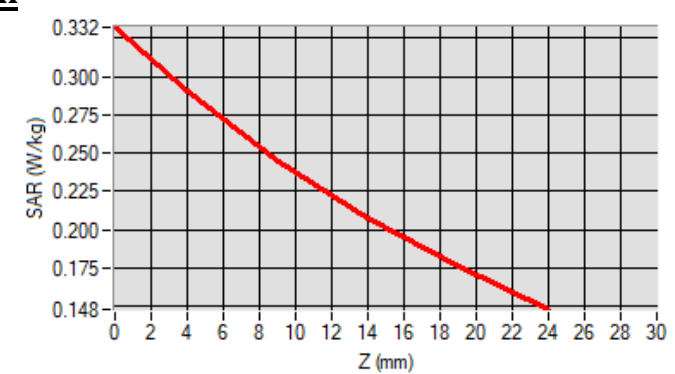


Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-34.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.33 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.223360
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.261150
Variation (%)	-0.670000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11b ISM (Cheek, Right)

Date of measurement: 12/12/2021

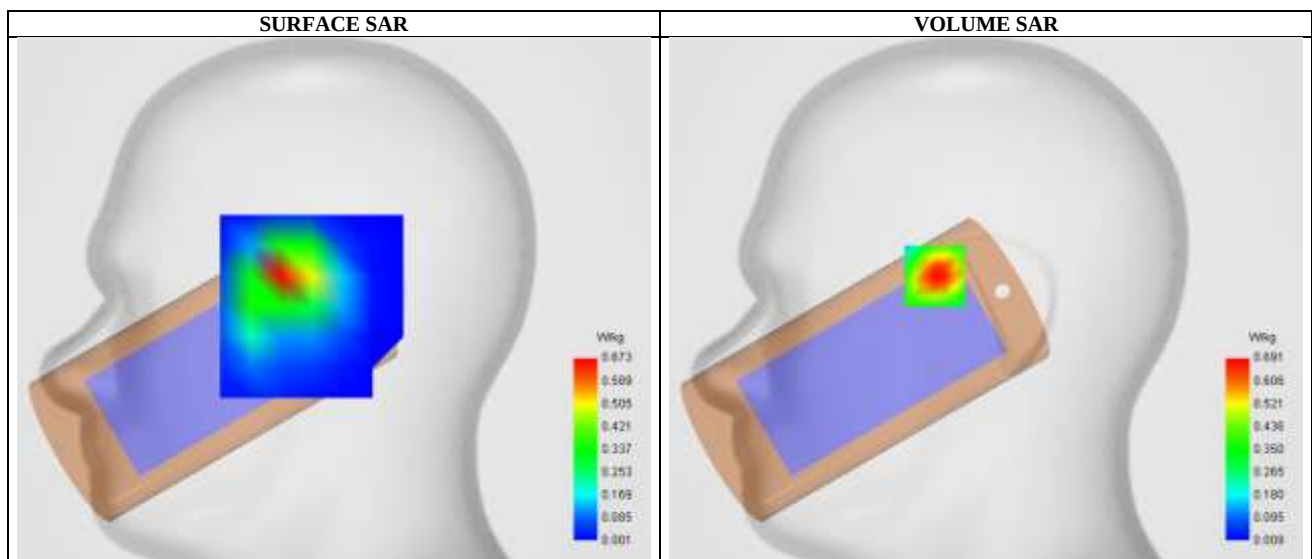
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.226002
Conductivity (S/m)	1.798081

C. SAR Surface and Volume

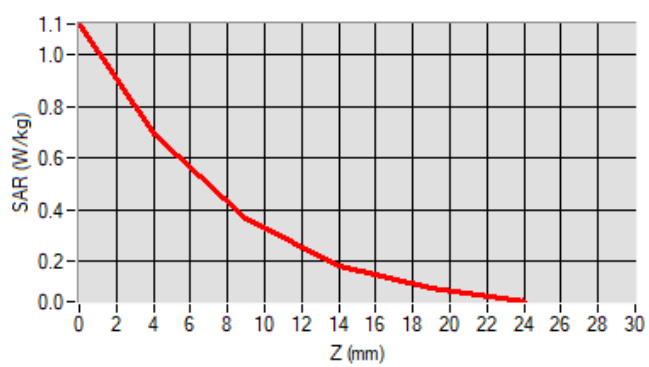


Maximum location: X=-25.00, Y=12.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.12 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.322341
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.635180
Variation (%)	-0.640000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (GPRS8503Txslot) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

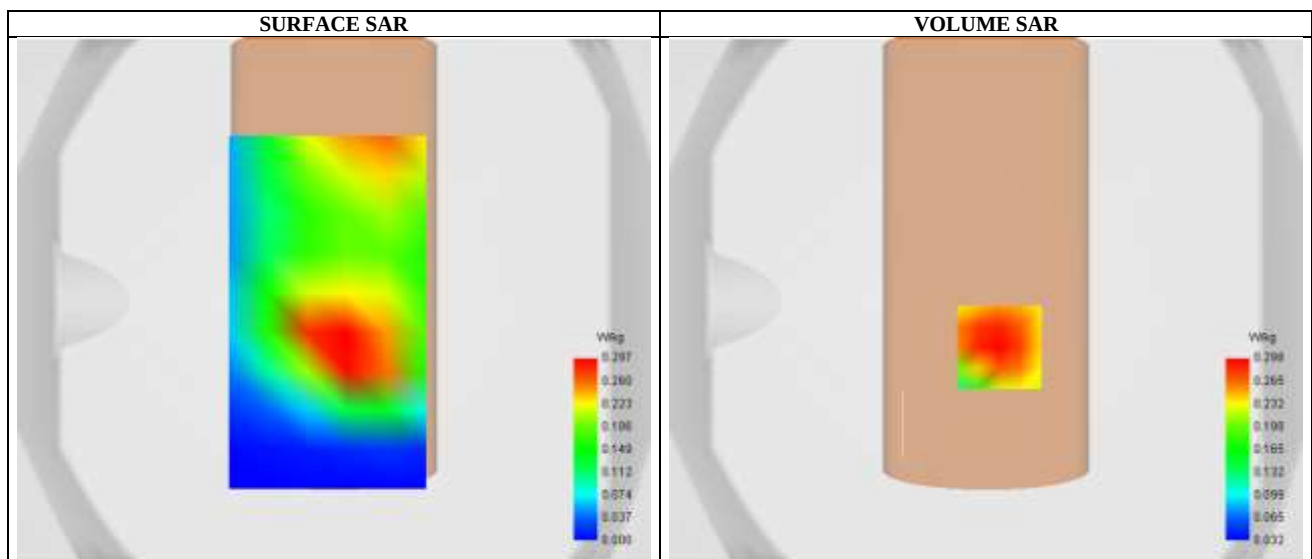
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPGO354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.456322
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907115

C. SAR Surface and Volume

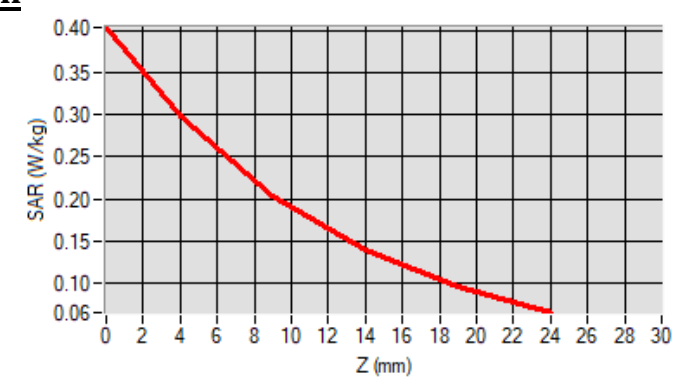


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-18.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.41 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.193526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.291578
Variation (%)	-2.220000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at CUSTOM (GPRS19003Txslot) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

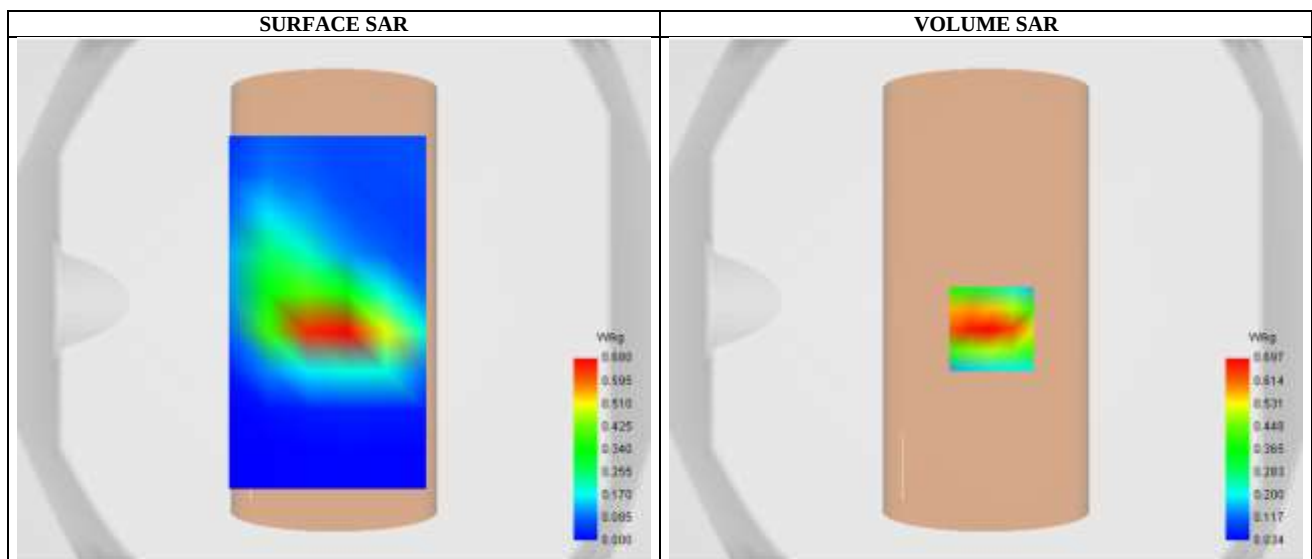
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

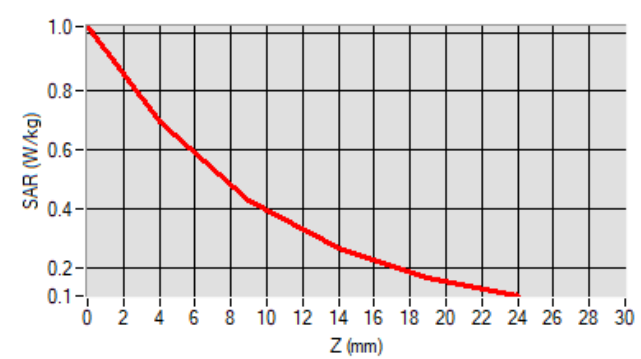


Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-11.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.03 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.371250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.654163
Variation (%)	-0.670000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band5_WCDMA850 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

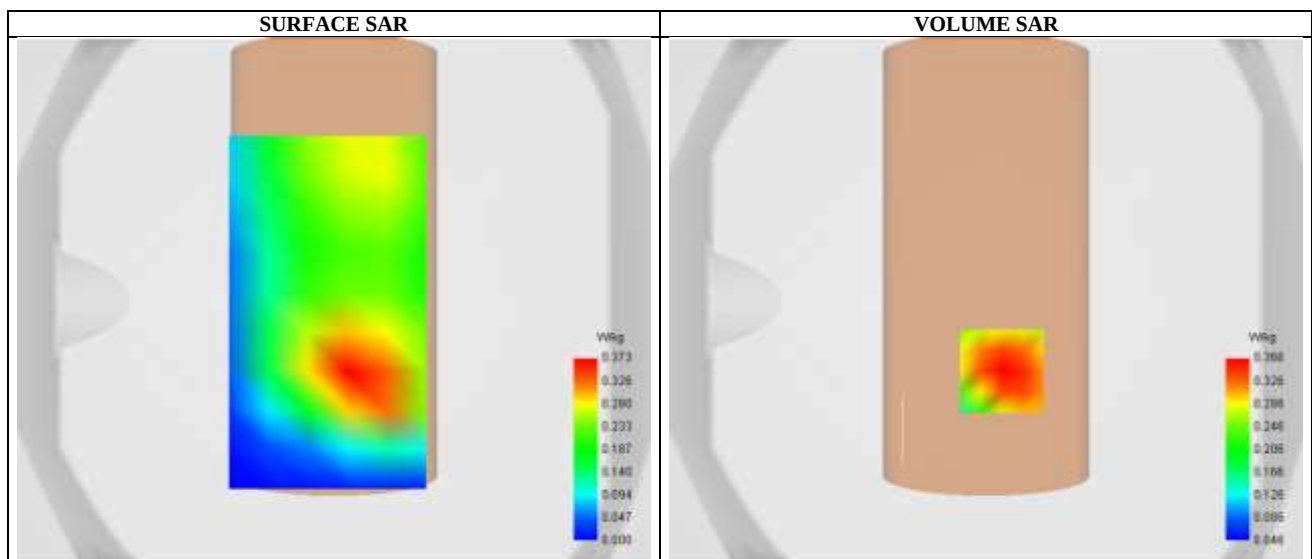
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	846.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901669

C. SAR Surface and Volume

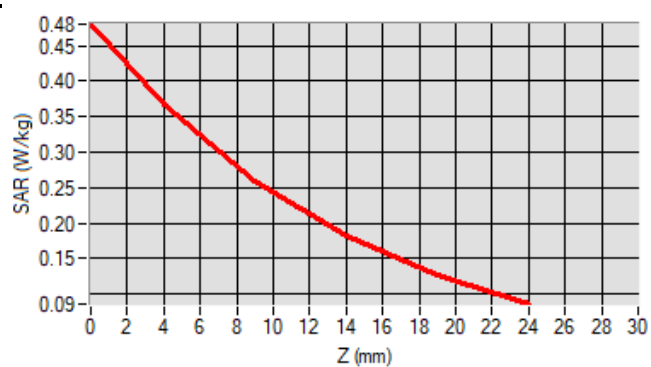


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-27.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.48 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.236217
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.349670
Variation (%)	-3.770000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at Band2_WCDMA1900 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

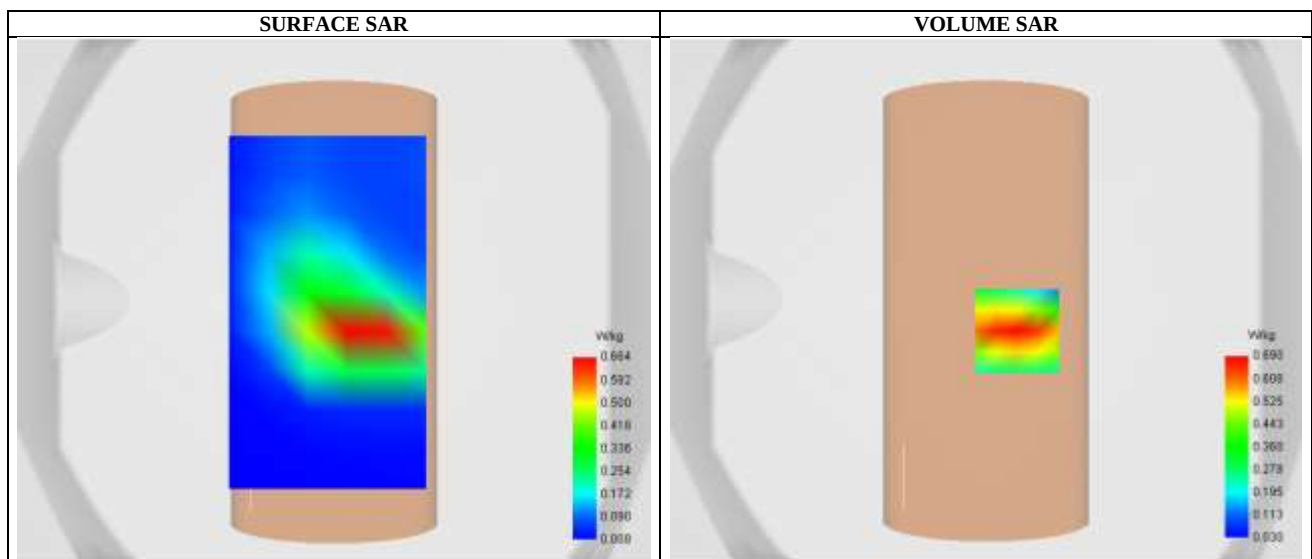
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

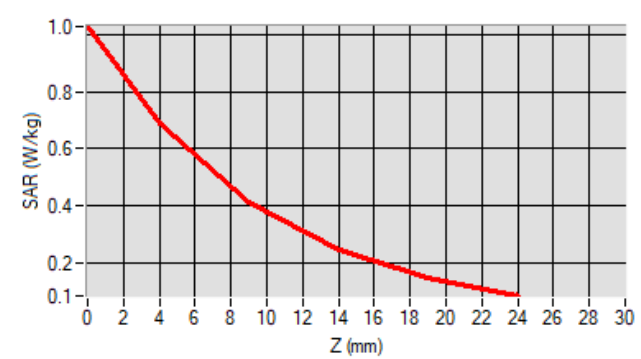


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=15.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.05 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.363028
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.602055
Variation (%)	-3.660000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Body, Validation Plane)

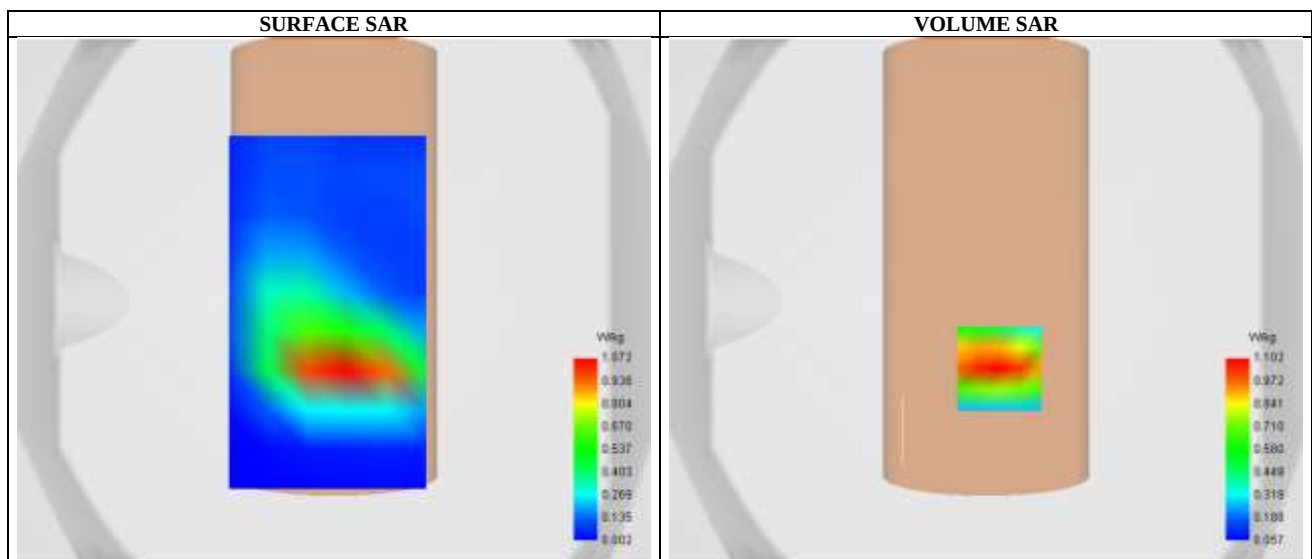
Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.14
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

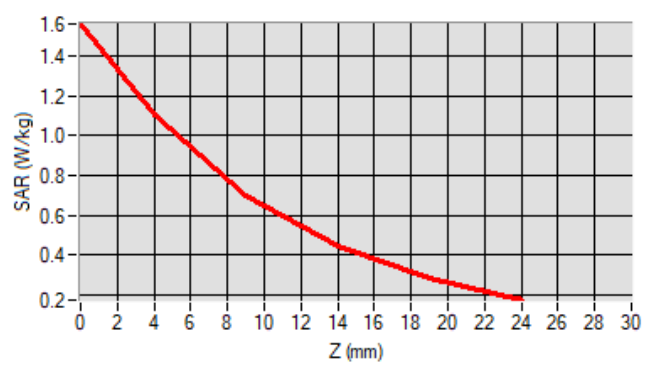
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-26.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.58 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.597179
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.031730
Variation (%)	-0.450000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 8/12/2021

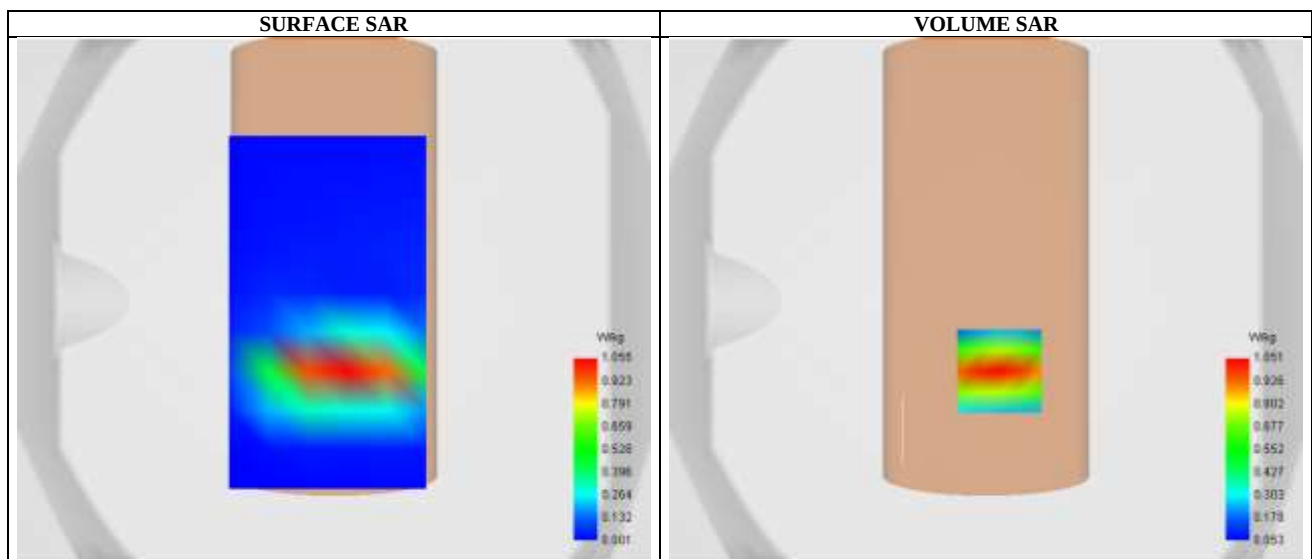
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	High
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.104546
Conductivity (S/m)	1.367225

C. SAR Surface and Volume

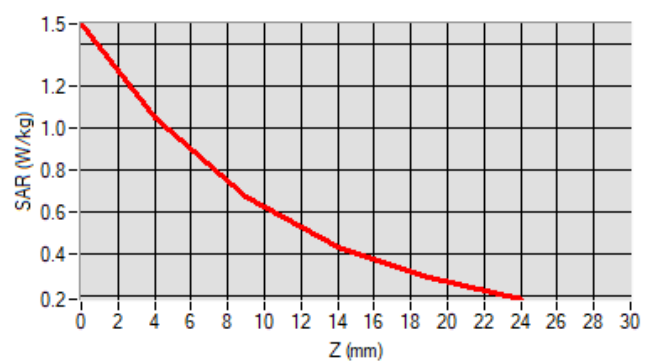


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-27.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.50 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.553308
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.969742
Variation (%)	1.270000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 5 (Body, Validation Plane)

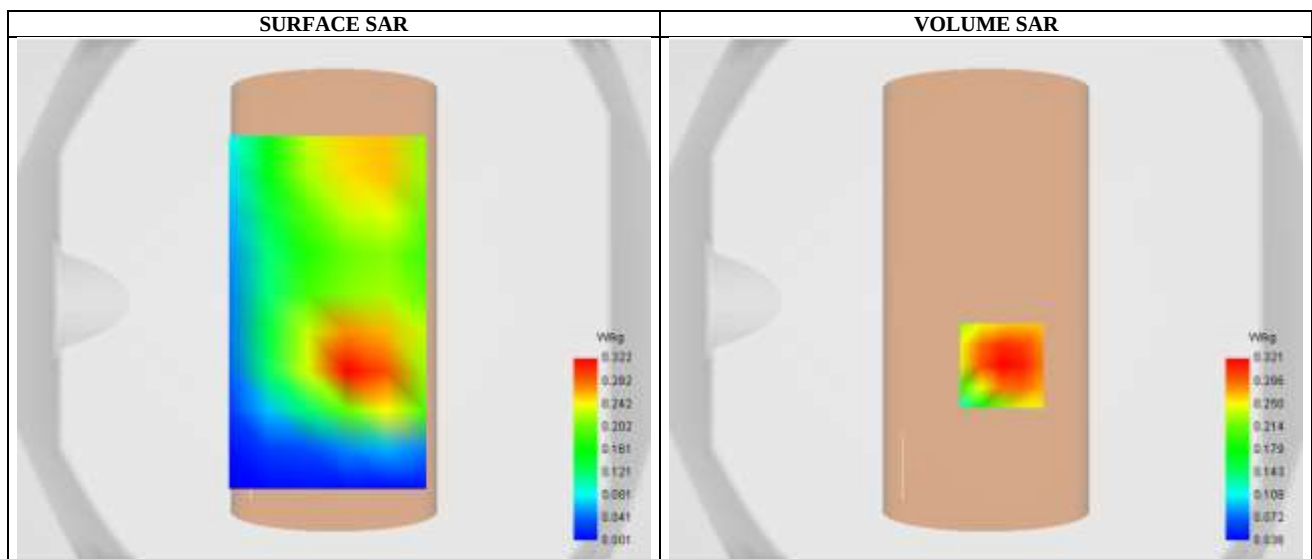
Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.68
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 5
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

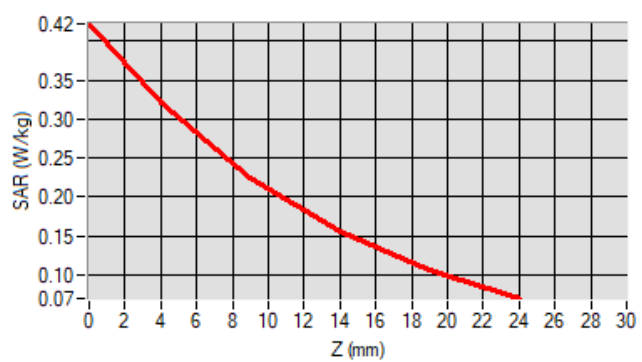
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901561

C. SAR Surface and Volume

Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-25.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.42 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.207865
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.307682
Variation (%)	-0.640000

E. Z Axis Scan

SAR Measurement at LTE band 7 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 12/12/2021

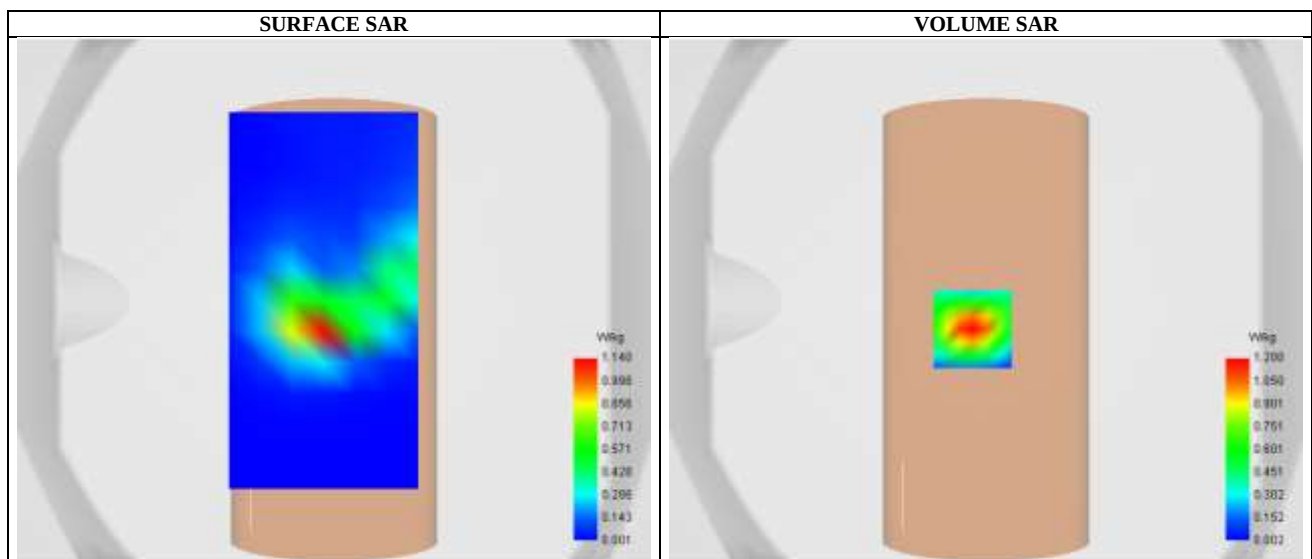
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 7
Channels	High
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2560.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.053333
Conductivity (S/m)	1.976682

C. SAR Surface and Volume

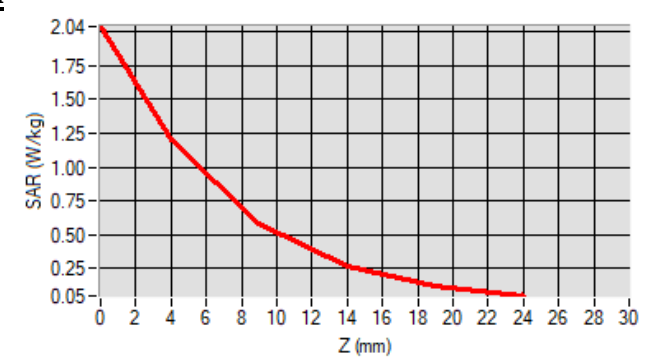


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-11.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.03 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.468518
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.056901
Variation (%)	-0.620000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 12 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

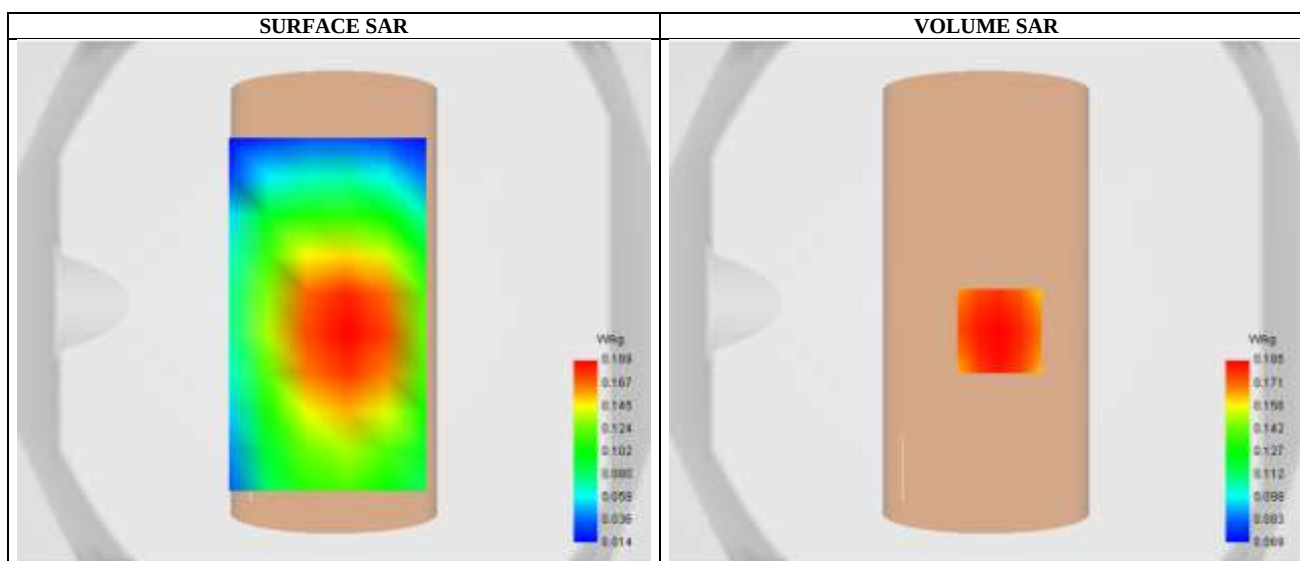
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 12
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Conductivity (S/m)	0.903218

C. SAR Surface and Volume

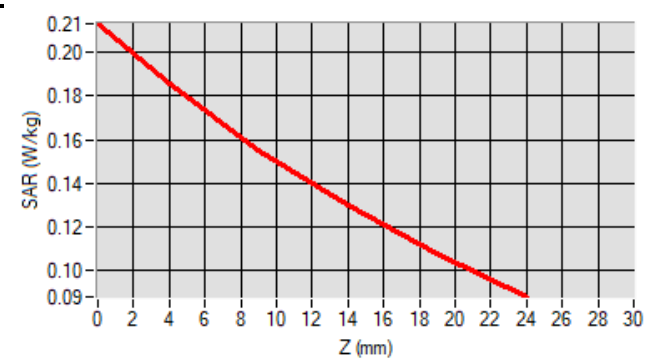


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-11.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.147608
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.184455
Variation (%)	-0.890000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at LTE band 13 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/12/2021

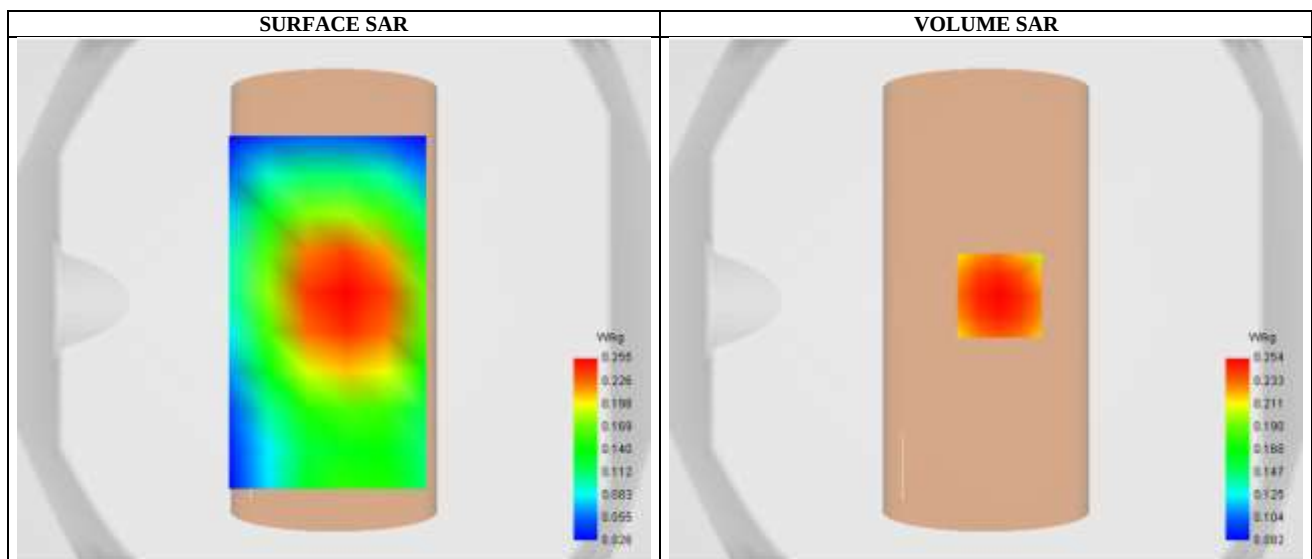
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	1.73
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 13
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.749413
Conductivity (S/m)	0.895916

C. SAR Surface and Volume

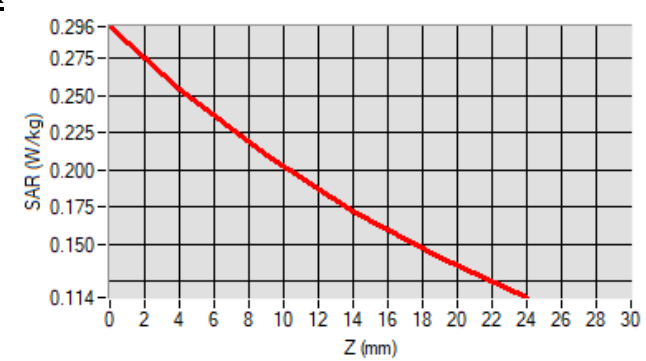


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.30 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.194335
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.246932
Variation (%)	-0.310000

E. Z Axis Scan



SAR Measurement at IEEE 802.11b ISM (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 12/12/2021

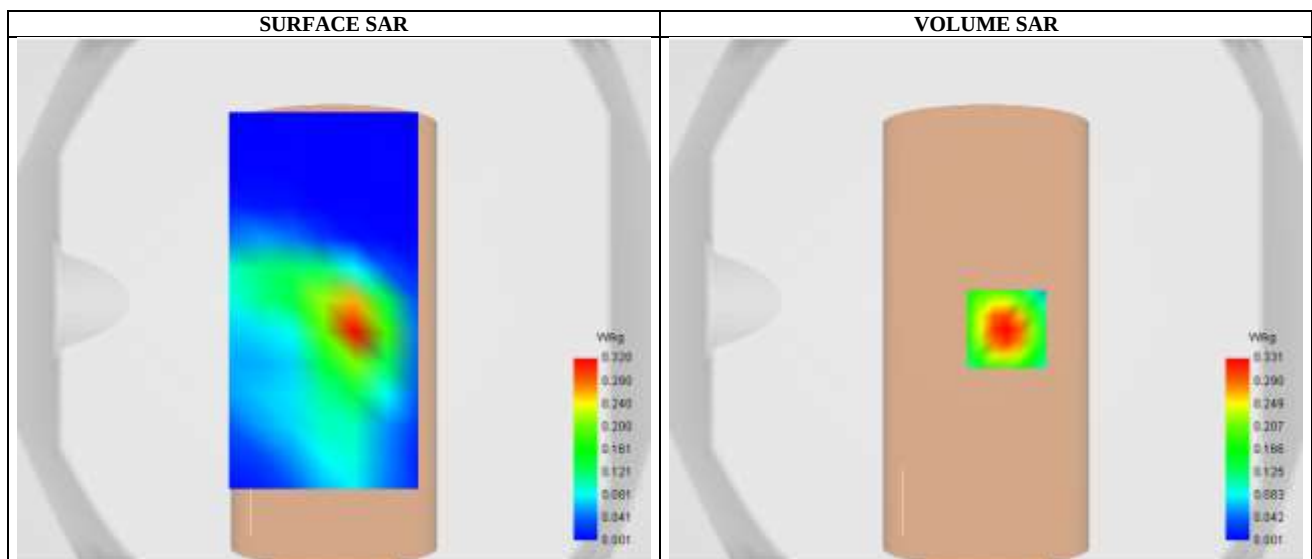
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 18/21 EPG0354
ConvF	2.23
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.226002
Conductivity (S/m)	1.798081

C. SAR Surface and Volume

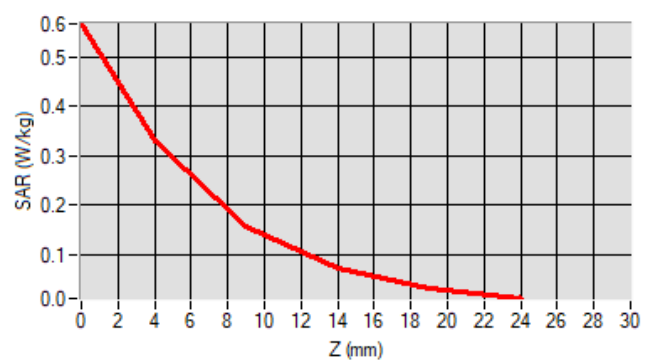


Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-11.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.57 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.145496
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.301941
Variation (%)	0.500000

E. Z Axis Scan



Appendix C: System Calibration Certificate