

1.1.1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

FCC, Part 15 Subpart C §15.407(f)
Industry Canada RSS-Gen §5.5

Calculations for Maximum Permissible Exposure Levels

$$\text{Power Density} = P_d \text{ (mW/cm}^2\text{)} = \text{EIRP}/(4\pi d^2)$$

$$\text{EIRP} = P * G$$

P = Peak output power (mW)

G = Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance (cm)

$$\text{Numeric Gain} = 10 ^ {(G \text{ (dBi)})/10}$$

The Juniper WLA322 has three transmitters operating in each band. The peak power in the table below is calculated by assuming a worst case scenario where all transmitters are operating simultaneously.

Because the EUT belongs to the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure the limit of power density is 1.0 mW/cm²

Freq. Band (MHz)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Numeric Gain (numeric)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)	Power Density Distance @ 20cm	Minimum Separation Distance (cm)
5150 - 5250	0.0	1.00	+16.99	50.00	0.010	20.00

Note: for mobile or fixed location transmitters the minimum separation distance is 20cm, even if calculations indicate the MPE distance to be less.

Specification

Maximum Permissible Exposure Limits

FCC §1.1310 Limit = 1mW / cm² from 1.310 Table 1

RSS-Gen §5.5 Before equipment certification is granted, the application requirements of RSS-102 shall be met.

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Power Measurements

Measurement uncertainty	±1.33 dB
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