

***Electromagnetic Emissions Test Report  
and  
Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization  
pursuant to  
FCC Part 15, Subpart C (15.247) DTS Specifications and  
Industry Canada RSS 210 Issue 5 for an  
Intentional Radiator on the  
Polymap Wireless  
Model: PWR-07-01***

FCC ID: QYPPWR0701

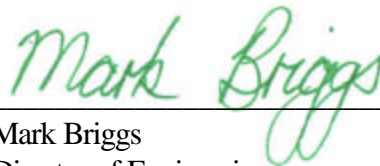
GRANTEE: Polymap Wireless  
1260 Big Talk Ct.  
San Jose, CA. 95120

TEST SITE: Elliott Laboratories, Inc.  
684 W. Maude Avenue  
Sunnyvale, CA 94086

REPORT DATE: July 30, 2003

FINAL TEST DATE: June 9, June 11, June 13 and July 25, 2003

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mark Briggs  
Director of Engineering



Elliott Laboratories, Inc. is accredited by the A2LA, certificate number 2016-01, to perform the test(s) listed in this report. This report shall not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without the written approval of Elliott Laboratories, Inc.

---

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>COVER PAGE.....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>APPLICATION AND AGREEMENT FOR CERTIFICATION SERVICES .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>SCOPE.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>OBJECTIVE.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>SUMMARY OF RESULTS.....</b>	<b>5</b>
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES .....	6
<b>EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS .....</b>	<b>7</b>
GENERAL.....	7
OTHER EUT DETAILS .....	7
ENCLOSURE .....	7
MODIFICATIONS.....	7
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.....	8
EUT INTERFACE PORTS .....	8
EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING.....	8
ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS.....	8
<b>TEST SITE.....</b>	<b>9</b>
GENERAL INFORMATION.....	9
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS.....	9
RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS .....	9
<b>MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION.....</b>	<b>10</b>
RECEIVER SYSTEM.....	10
INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER.....	10
LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN).....	10
POWER METER .....	11
FILTERS/ATTENUATORS.....	11
ANTENNAS.....	11
ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE.....	11
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION.....	11
<b>TEST PROCEDURES .....</b>	<b>12</b>
EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT .....	12
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....	12
RADIATED EMISSIONS .....	12
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM ANTENNA PORT .....	13
<b>SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS .....</b>	<b>14</b>
FCC 15.407 (A)AND RSS 210 (O) OUTPUT POWER LIMITS .....	15
RSS 210 (O) AND FCC 15.247 SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS .....	15
FCC AC POWER PORT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS LIMITS.....	16
RSS-210 SECTION 6.6 AC POWER PORT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS LIMITS .....	16
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....	17
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS .....	18

---

**TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)**

<i>EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data .....</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 2: Test Data Log Sheets.....</i>	<i>2</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photographs.....</i>	<i>3</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 4: Proposed FCC ID Label &amp; Label Location.....</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 5: Detailed Photographs.....</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 6: Operator's Manual .....</i>	<i>6</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 7: Block Diagram of Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01.....</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 8: Schematic Diagrams for Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01 .....</i>	<i>8</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 9: Theory of Operation for Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01 .....</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 10: Modular Approval Requirements.....</i>	<i>10</i>
<i>EXHIBIT 11: RF Exposure Information.....</i>	<i>12</i>

---

**SCOPE**

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Polymap Wireless model PWR-07-01 pursuant to Subpart C of Part 15 of FCC Rules for intentional radiators and RSS-210 Issue 5 for licence-exempt low power devices. Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in ANSI C63.4-1992 as outlined in Elliott Laboratories test procedures.

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant FCC performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of the Polymap Wireless model PWR-07-01 and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Pierre Landau of Polymap Wireless

**OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with Subpart C of Part 15 of FCC Rules and RSS-210 Issue 5 for license-exempt low power devices for the radiated and conducted emissions of intentional radiators. Certification of these devices is required as a prerequisite to marketing as defined in Part 2 the FCC Rules.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer or a contracted laboratory makes measurements and submits the test data and technical information to the FCC. The FCC issues a grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of their review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units which are subsequently manufactured.

**SUMMARY OF RESULTS**

Note – remove references in the table below that do not apply to the radio tested

FCC Part 15 Section	RSS 210 Section	Description	Measured Value	Comments	Result
15.247	6.2.2(o)(a)	20dB Bandwidth	992 kHz	The channel spacing shall be greater than the 20dB bandwidth	Complies
15.247	6.2.2(o)(a)	Channel Separation	1040 kHz		
15.247	6.2.2(o)(a)	Number of Channels	79	2400- 2483.5 MHz: 75 hopping frequencies: average time of occupancy <0.4 second within a 30 second period.	Complies
15.247	6.2.2(o)(a)	Channel Dwell Time	0.388 Seconds per 30 seconds		Complies
15.247	6.2.2(o)(a)	Channel Utilization	All channels are used equally	Refer to Theory of Operations Bluetooth compliant hopping algorithm	Complies
15.247 (b) (3)	6.2.2(o)(a)	Output Power, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz	3.3 dBm (0.0021 Watts)	2400 – 2483.5 MHz Maximum permitted is 1Watt, with EIRP limited to 4 Watts	Complies
15.247(c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Spurious Emissions – 30MHz – 25GHz	All spurious emissions < -20dBc	All spurious emissions < -20dBc.	Complies
15.247(c) / 15.209		Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 25GHz	49.6 dBuV/m @ 7440 MHz (-4.4dB @ 7440.MHz)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated emissions limits detailed in 15.207. All others must be < -20dBc	Complies
15.207		AC Conducted Emissions	28.3 dBuV @ 0.231 MHz (-24.0dB)	Ac conducted emissions must meet the 15.209 limits	Complies
	6.6	AC Conducted Emissions	All emissions below QP limit when measured with Peak detector		Complies
15.247 (b) (5)		RF Exposure Requirements	Output power is below the threshold for SAR evaluation and below the threshold requiring no co-location warnings.	Threshold for SAR for portable devices is 60/f mW. For 2.4Ghz device this threshold is 25mW. The output power is less than 5mW.	Complies
15.203		RF Connector	Antenna is integral to the device	Integral antenna or specialized connector required	Complies

---

**MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

ISO Guide 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with NAMAS document NIS 81.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions	0.15 to 30	$\pm 2.4$
Radiated Emissions	30 to 1000	$\pm 3.6$

---

**EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS****GENERAL**

The Polymap Wireless model PWR-07-01 is the remote part of a Bluetooth transmission system which is designed to allow data to be transferred from a medical device (such as a blood pressure cuff) to a modem via a wireless link. The system is comprised of a Bluetooth module (Remote) that connects to the serial port of the medical device and a modem (Base Station) with integrated Bluetooth transceiver that sends the data through a telephone line to a server.

The Base Station is designed to be used as a table-top device and is powered from an AC-DC adapter. The remote unit is intended to be powered from an AC-DC adapter, battery or from the host system into which it is installed.

The sample was received on June 9, 2003 and tested on June 9, June 11, June 13 and July 25, 2003. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Manufacturer/Model/Description	Serial Number	Proposed FCC ID #
Polymap PWR-07-01 Remote	-	QYPPWR0701

**OTHER EUT DETAILS**

The Remote is to be certified as a module for use in the US and Canada. The antenna for the remote is integral to the device (surface mount antenna, connected directly to the circuit board).

**ENCLOSURE**

The Remote does not have an enclosure as it is designed to be installed within the enclosure of a host system. The remote does have integral shielding to meet the requirements for modular approval as specified by the FCC and Industry Canada.

**MODIFICATIONS**

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with the emission specifications.

**SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

The following equipment was used as local support equipment for emissions testing:

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Winbook	Winbook XL	Laptop	H1106587	DoC

No equipment was used as remote support equipment for emissions testing

**EUT INTERFACE PORTS**

The I/O cabling configuration during emissions testing was as follows:

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
Serial adapter	Laptop Serial	Cable	Shielded	1.5

**EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING**

The EUT was transmitting continuously on a single channel (low, center or high) during testing. For occupancy tests the EUT was transmitting in accordance with its hopping sequence.

**ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS**

The antenna is integrated into the circuit board and meets the requirements of 15.203.



---

**TEST SITE****GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken on June 9, June 11, June 13 and July 25, 2003 at the Elliott Laboratories Open Area Test Sites #1 and the 3M lab located at 684 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, California. The test site contains separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the Rules, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Federal Communications Commission. In accordance with Industry Canada rules detailed in RSS 210 Issue 5 and RSS-212, construction, calibration, and equipment data for the test sites have been filed with the Federal Communications Commission.

The FCC recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement with the exception of predictable local TV, radio, and mobile communications traffic. The test site contains separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent FCC requirements.

**CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.4-1992. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through a nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

**RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 guidelines.

---

**MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION****RECEIVER SYSTEM**

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz.

**INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER**

The receivers utilize either a Rohde and Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

**LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)**

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

---

**POWER METER**

A power meter and peak power sensor are used for all direct output power measurements from transmitters as they provide a broadband indication of the power output.

**FILTERS/ATTENUATORS**

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

**ANTENNAS**

A biconical antenna is used to cover the range from 30 MHz to 300 MHz and a log periodic antenna is utilized from 300 MHz to 1000 MHz. Narrowband tuned dipole antennas are used over the entire 30 to 1000 MHz range for precision measurements of field strength. Above 1000 MHz, a horn antenna is used. The antenna calibration factors are included in site factors programmed into the test receivers.

**ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE**

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height.

ANSI C63.4 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

**INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION**

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

---

**TEST PROCEDURES****EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT**

The FCC requires that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.4, and the worst case orientation is used for final measurements.

**CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord.

**RADIATED EMISSIONS**

Radiated emissions measurements are performed in two phases as well. A preliminary scan of emissions is conducted in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed from 30 MHz up to the frequency required by the regulation specified on page 1. One or more of these is with the antenna polarized vertically while the one or more of these is with the antenna polarized horizontally. During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit.

A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters. The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain. Emissions which have values close to the specification limit may also be measured with a tuned dipole antenna to determine compliance.

---

**CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM ANTENNA PORT**

Direct measurements are performed with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. These are used to ensure that the front end of the measurement instrument is not overloaded by the fundamental transmission.

Measurement bandwidths (video and resolution) are set in accordance with FCC procedures for the type of radio being tested.

---

**SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**

The limits for conducted emissions from the AC power port are given in units of microvolts, the limits for radiated electric field emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance and the output power limits are given in terms of Watts, milliwatts or dBm. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp) the following formula is used to determine the field strength limit in terms of microvolts per meter at a distance of 3m from the equipment under test:

$$E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30 P}}{3} \quad \text{microvolts per meter}$$

where P is the eirp (Watts)

For reference, converting the voltage and electric field strength specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. Conversion of power specification limits from linear units (in milliwatts) to decibel form (in dBm) is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 10.

*FCC 15.407 (a) and RSS 210 (o) OUTPUT POWER LIMITS*

The table below shows the limits for output power and output power density. Where the signal bandwidth is less than 20 MHz the maximum output power is reduced to the power spectral density limit plus 10 times the log of the bandwidth (in MHz).

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Number Of Channels	Output Power
902 – 928	$\geq 50$	1 W (30 dBm)
902 – 928	$< 50$	0.25 W (24 dBm)
2400 – 2483.5	$\geq 75$	1 W (30 dBm)
2400 – 2483.5	$\geq 75$	0.125 W (21 dBm)
5725 – 5850	$\geq 75$	1 W (30 dBm)

The maximum permitted output power is reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 – 5850 MHz band are not subject to this restriction.

*RSS 210 (o) AND FCC 15.247 SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS*

T limits for unwanted (spurious) emissions from the transmitter falling in the restricted bands detailed in Part 15.205 and for all spurious emissions from the receiver are:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m @ 3m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
30 to 88	100	40
88 to 216	150	43.5
216 to 960	200	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

All other unwanted (spurious) emissions shall be at least 20dB below the level of the highest in-band signal level.

---

**FCC AC POWER PORT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS LIMITS**

The table below shows the limits for emissions on the AC power line as detailed in FCC Part 15.207.

Frequency (MHz)	Average Limit (dBuV)	Quasi Peak Limit (dBuV)
0.150 to 0.500	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 56.0 and 46.0	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 66.0 and 56.0
0.500 to 5.000	46.0	56.0
5.000 to 30.000	50.0	60.0

**RSS-210 SECTION 6.6 AC POWER PORT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS LIMITS**

The table below shows the limits for emissions on the AC power line as detailed in Industry Canada RSS-210 section 6.6.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV)	Limit (dBuV)
0.450 to 30.000	250	48



---

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_r - B = C$$

and

$$C - S = M$$

where:

$R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV

B = Broadband Correction Factor\*

C = Corrected Reading in dBuV

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

\* Broadband Level - Per ANSI C63.4, 13 dB may be subtracted from the quasi-peak level if it is determined that the emission is broadband in nature. If the signal level in the average mode is six dB or more below the signal level in the peak mode, the emission is classified as broadband.

---

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS**

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements. A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20 * \text{LOG}_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

$$F_d = \text{Distance Factor in dB}$$

$$D_m = \text{Measurement Distance in meters}$$

$$D_s = \text{Specification Distance in meters}$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_c - L_s$$

where:

$$R_r = \text{Receiver Reading in dBuV/m}$$

$$F_d = \text{Distance Factor in dB}$$

$$R_c = \text{Corrected Reading in dBuV/m}$$

$$L_s = \text{Specification Limit in dBuV/m}$$

$$M = \text{Margin in dB Relative to Spec}$$

## ***EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data***

1 Page

**Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1000 MHz, 09-Jun-03****Engineer: Rafael**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	Biconical Antenna, 30-300 MHz	3110B	801	12	5/13/2003	5/13/2004
EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna, 0.3-1 GHz	3146A	364	12	9/12/2002	9/12/2003
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 9kHz-2750MHz	ESCS 30	1337	12	12/27/2002	12/27/2003

**Conducted Emissions, 09-Jun-03****Engineer: volivas**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Rohde & Schwarz	Pulse Limiter	ESH3 Z2	1398	12	1/10/2003	1/10/2004
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 9kHz-2750MHz	ESCS 30	1337	12	12/27/2002	12/27/2003
Solar Electronics Co	LISN	8028-50-TS-24-BNC	904	12	6/19/2002	6/19/2003

**Radiated Emissions, 1 - 6.5 GHz, 10-Jun-03****Engineer: jcadigal**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	Horn Antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz	3115	1242	12	10/9/2002	10/9/2003
Hewlett Packard	EMC Spectrum Analyzer 9kHz - 6.5GHz	8595EM	780	12	2/20/2003	2/20/2004
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	263	12	8/14/2002	8/14/2003
Narda West	High Pass Filter 4.0 GHz,	60583 HXF370	247	12	4/17/2003	4/17/2004

**Radiated Emissions, 1 - 25GHz, 13-Jun-03****Engineer: Chris**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Hewlett Packard	High Pass filter, 3.5GHz	84300-80038	1157	18	3/1/2002	9/1/2003
EMCO	Horn antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz (SA40 system antenna)	3115	1142	12	3/27/2003	3/27/2004
Hewlett Packard	Microwave EMI test system (SA40, 9kHz - 40GHz)	84125C	1149	12	3/12/2003	3/12/2004
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	263	12	8/14/2002	8/14/2003
Hewlett Packard	Spectrum Analyzer, 9KHz - 22GHz	8593EM	1319	12	11/19/2002	11/19/2003

**Conducted Emissions, 25-Jul-03****Engineer: mfaustino**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Elliott Laboratories	FCC / CISPR LISN	LISN-3, OATS	304	12	6/5/2002	7/30/2003
Rohde & Schwarz	Pulse Limiter	ESH3 Z2	1398	12	1/10/2003	1/10/2004
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 0.009-30 MHz	ESH3	1316	12	12/6/2002	12/6/2003

## ***EXHIBIT 2: Test Data Log Sheets***

***ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS***

***TEST LOG SHEETS***

***AND***

***MEASUREMENT DATA***

T50394 17 Pages



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
		Proj Eng:	Mark Briggs
Contact:	Pierre Landau		
Emissions Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	EN 301 489-17/EN 301 489-01	Environment:	-

## EMC Test Data

For The

**Polymap Wireless**

Model

**PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01**



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
		Proj Eng:	Mark Briggs
Contact:	Pierre Landau		
Emissions Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	EN 301 489-17/EN 301 489-01	Environment:	-

### EUT INFORMATION

#### General Description

The EUT is a BlueTooth transmission system which is designed to allow data to be transferred from a medical device (such as a blood pressure cuff) to a modem via a wireless link. The system is comprised of a BlueTooth module (Remote) that connects to the serial port of the medical device and a modem (Access Point) with integrated BlueTooth transceiver that sends the data through a telephone line to a server.

The Access Point is designed to be used as a table-top device and is powered from an AC-DC adapter. The remote unit is intended to be powered from an AC-DC adapter or from a host device.

#### Equipment Under Test

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Polymap	PWR-07-01	Remote	Prototype	QYPPWR0701
Polymap	PWA-07-01	Base Station	Prototype	QYPPWA0701
Coby	CA-44	Access Point AC adapter	-	-
Coby	CA-11	Remote AC adapter	-	-

#### Other EUT Details

The Remote is to be certified as a module for use in the US and Canada. The antenna for both devices is integral to the device (surface mount antenna, connected directly to the circuit board).

#### EUT Enclosure

The Access Point enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 10 cm wide by 20 cm deep by 5 cm high.

The Remote may be provided with a plastic enclosure or without an enclosure when it is to be installed within the enclosure of a host system. The remote has integral shielding to meet the requirements for modular approval as specified by the FCC and Industry Canada.

#### Modification History

Mod. #	Test	Date	Modification
1			
2			
3			

Modifications applied are assumed to be used on subsequent tests unless otherwise stated as a further modification.



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
		Proj Eng:	Mark Briggs
Contact:	Pierre Landau		
Emissions Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	EN 301 489-17/EN 301 489-01	Environment:	-

### Test Configuration #2-For Digital Device Testing

#### Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Hewlett Packard	Deskjet 3820	Printer	CN2451B1YS	DoC
Winbook	Winbook XL	Laptop	H1106587	DoC

#### Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
none	-	-	-	-

#### Interface Cabling and Ports

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
AP - Base Station phone in	Unterminated	RJ11 cable	unshielded	3
AP - Base Station phone out	Unterminated	RJ11 cable	unshielded	3
Remote - DB-9	Laptop	Cable	Shielded	1.5

#### EUT Operation During Emissions

For Digital Device testing, the EUT's were powered on.





## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
		Proj Eng:	Mark Briggs
Contact:	Pierre Landau		
Emissions Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	EN 301 489-17/EN 301 489-01	Environment:	-

### Test Configuration #4-For Radio Testing

#### Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Winbook	Winbook XL	Laptop	H1106587	DoC

#### Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
none	-	-	-	-

#### Remote Interface Cabling and Ports

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
Serial adapter	Laptop Serial	Cable	Shielded	1.5

#### EUT Operation During Emissions

The remote was configured to either continuously transmit on a single channel or hop across all channels.



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Radiated Emissions

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/11/2003

Test Engineer: Joseph Cadigal

Test Location: SVOATS #1

Config. Used: 4

Config Change: none

EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

#### General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing.

For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT.

Unless stated otherwise the EUT was operating such that it constantly transmitted on either the low, center or high channels.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 20 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 63 %

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	RE, 1000 - 25000 MHz - Spurious Emissions	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247 (c)	Pass	-4.4dB @ 7440.MHz
1	Output Power	FCC 15.247	Pass	3.3dBm output power

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Run #1a: Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1000 - 25000 MHz. Low Channel @ 2402 MHz

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBuV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2402.000	99.6	v	-	-	Pk	334	1.0	
2402.000	96.1	v	-	-	Avg	334	1.0	
2402.000	90.9	h	-	-	Pk	329	1.0	
2402.000	86.7	h	-	-	Avg	329	1.0	
4804.000	47.4	h	54.0	-6.6	Avg	274	1.0	
4804.000	46.7	v	54.0	-7.3	Avg	163	1.0	
7206.000	64.1	v	74.0	-9.9	Pk	120	1.0	
7206.000	57.7	h	74.0	-16.3	Pk	334	1.0	
4804.000	54.2	h	74.0	-19.8	Pk	274	1.0	
4804.000	53.6	v	74.0	-20.4	Pk	163	1.0	

### Bandedge Measurements

2390.000	50.6	v	74.0	-23.5	Pk	0	1.0	
2390.000	41.3	v	54.0	-12.7	Avg	0	1.0	
2390.000	51.0	h	74.0	-23.0	Pk	0	1.0	
2390.000	42.2	h	54.0	-11.8	Avg	0	1.0	

Note 1: For emissions in restricted bands, the limit of 15.209 was used. For all other emissions, the limit was set 20dB below the level of the fundamental.

Note 2: No spurious emissions visible above the noise floor beyond 8 GHz

Note 3: Peak Measurements made with RBW=VBW=1MHz, Average with RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz

### Output Power Measurement - substitution method:

Measured using the substitution method:

Horn antenna input power: -8.4 dBm (to obtain the same field strength as the EUT)  
Horn antenna gain: 8.8 dBi  
EIRP: 0.4 dBm

### Output Power Measurement - calculation method:

The output power was calculated using Friis' equation:

Field Strength at 3m: 99.6 dBuV/m  
EIRP: 4.3 dBm  
Antenna Gain: 1.0 dBi  
Output Power: 3.3 dBm      0.0021 Watts

EUT output power was, therefore, 3.3dBm



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Run #1b: Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1000 - 25000 MHz. Center Channel @ 2441 MHz

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBμV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2441.000	98.4	v	-	-	Pk	21	1.0	
2441.000	94.8	v	-	-	Avg	21	1.0	
4882.000	54.5	v	74.0	-19.6	Pk	165	1.0	
4882.000	47.6	v	54.0	-6.4	Avg	165	1.0	
7323.000	45.1	v	74.0	-28.9	Pk	0	1.0	
7323.000	37.5	v	54.0	-16.5	Avg	0	1.0	
2441.000	90.9	h	-	-	Pk	149	1.0	
2441.000	87.0	h	-	-	Avg	149	1.0	
4882.000	54.5	h	74.0	-19.5	Pk	269	1.0	
4882.000	48.5	h	54.0	-5.5	Avg	269	1.0	
7323.000	44.9	h	74.0	-29.2	Pk	0	1.0	
7323.000	37.1	h	54.0	-16.9	Avg	0	1.0	

Note 1:	For emissions in restricted bands, the limit of 15.209 was used. For all other emissions, the limit was set 20dB below the level of the fundamental.
Note 2:	No spurious emissions visible above the noise floor beyond 8 GHz
Note 3:	Peak Measurements made with RBW=VBW=1MHz, Average with RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz

#### Output Power Measurement:

Measured using the substitution method:

Horn antenna input power:	-9.7 dBm (to obtain the same field strength as the EUT)
Horn antenna gain:	8.9 dBi
EIRP:	-0.8 dBm

#### Output Power Measurement - calculation method:

The output power was calculated using Friis' equation:

Field Strength at 3m:	98.4 dBμV/m	
EIRP:	3.1 dBm	
Antenna Gain:	1.0 dBi	
Output Power:	2.1 dBm	0.0016 Watts

EUT output power was, therefore, 2.1dBm



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Run #1c: Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1000 - 25000 MHz. High Channel @ 2480 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m	Pol v/h	15.209 / 15.247 Limit	Margin	Detector Pk/QP/Avg	Azimuth degrees	Height meters	Comments
2480.000	97.3	v	-	-	Pk	10	1.0	
2480.000	93.7	v	-	-	Avg	10	1.0	
4960.000	52.6	v	74.0	-21.4	Pk	158	1.0	
4960.000	45.6	v	54.0	-8.4	Avg	158	1.0	
7440.000	57.3	v	75.0	-17.7	Pk	161	1.0	
7440.000	49.6	v	54.0	-4.4	Avg	161	1.0	
2480.000	90.1	h	-	-	Pk	325	1.0	
2480.000	85.6	h	-	-	Avg	325	1.0	
4960.000	47.8	h	74.0	-26.2	Pk	0	1.0	
4960.000	34.7	h	54.0	-19.3	Avg	0	1.0	
7440.000	50.8	h	74.0	-23.2	Pk	281	1.0	
7440.000	41.8	h	54.0	-12.2	Avg	281	1.0	

### Bandedge Measurements

2483.500	52.3	v	-	-	Pk	0	1.0	
2483.500	41.2	v	-	-	Avg	0	1.0	
2483.500	55.4	h	-	-	Pk	0	1.0	
2483.500	46.0	h	-	-	Avg	0	1.0	

Note 1: For emissions in restricted bands, the limit of 15.209 was used. For all other emissions, the limit was set 20dB below the level of the fundamental.

Note 2: No spurious emissions visible above the noise floor beyond 8 GHz

Note 3: Peak Measurements made with RBW=VBW=1MHz, Average with RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz

### Output Power Measurement:

Measured using the substitution method:

Horn antenna input power: -9.5 dBm (to obtain the same field strength as the EUT)  
Horn antenna gain: 8.9 dBi  
EIRP: -0.6 dBm

### Output Power Measurement - calculation method:

The output power was calculated using Friis' equation:

Field Strength at 3m: 97.3 dBuV/m  
EIRP: 2.0 dBm  
Antenna Gain: 1.0 dBi  
Output Power: 1.0 dBm      0.0013 Watts

EUT output power was, therefore, 1.0dBm



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Radiated Emissions

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/13/2003  
Test Engineer: Chris Byleckie  
Test Location: 3m Lab

Config. Used: 4  
Config Change: None  
EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

#### General Test Configuration

All measurements were made as radiated measurements - the antenna for the remote device is integral to the circuit board and there is no method for connecting to the rf output.

Unless stated otherwise the EUT was operating such that it constantly transmitted on either the low, center or high channels.

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Comments
1	20dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Pass	.992MHz
2	Channel Occupancy	15.247(a)	Pass	338mS
2	Channel Separation	15.247(a)	Pass	1.04MHz
2	Number of Channels	15.247(a)	Pass	79

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

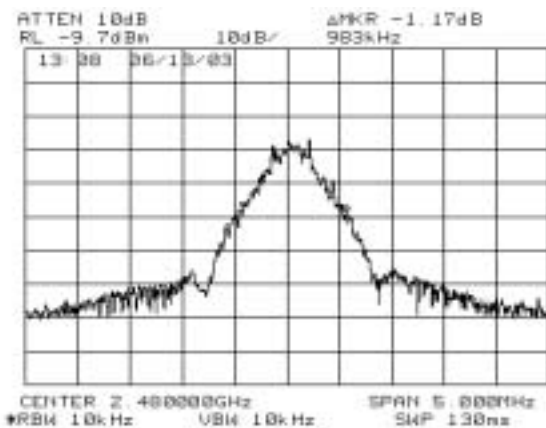
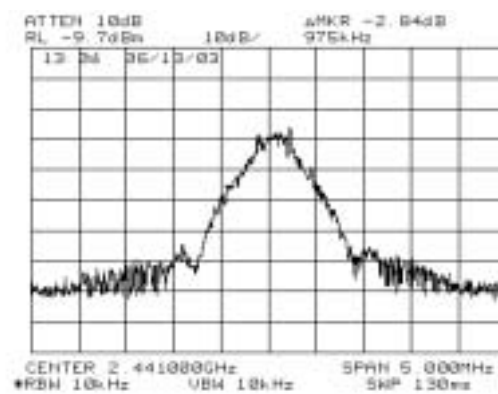
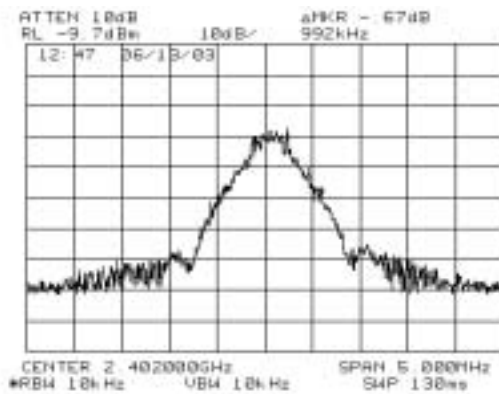


## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Run #1: Signal Bandwidth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Resolution Bandwidth (kHz)	20dB Signal Bandwidth
Low	2402	10	.992MHz
Mid	2441	10	.975MHz
High	2480	10	.983MHz





## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A

### Run #2: Channel Occupancy And Spacing

The channel occupancy was measured with the radio transmitting normally (i.e. In hopping mode)

The channel spacing was: 1.04 MHz

Channel spacing was wider than the 20dB bandwidth as per the requirements of FCC 15.247 / RSS 210

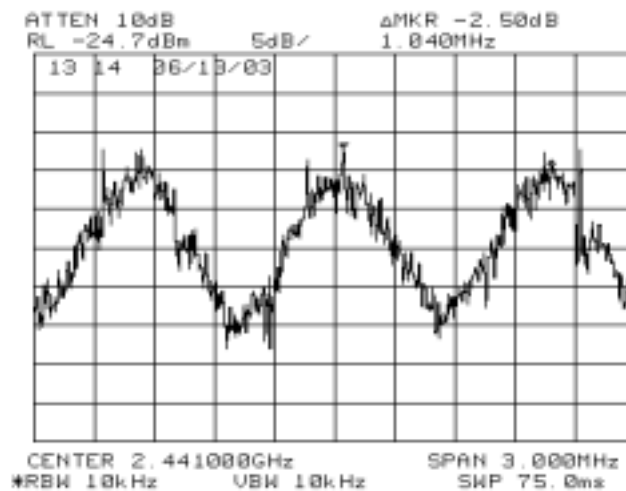
The transmit time on the channel was: 0.53 ms

The time between hops on the same channel was: 0.047 seconds

The number of channels was: 79

Number of times per 30 seconds a channel is used: 638.2979

The transmit time per channel per 30 seconds is, therefore: 338.3 ms



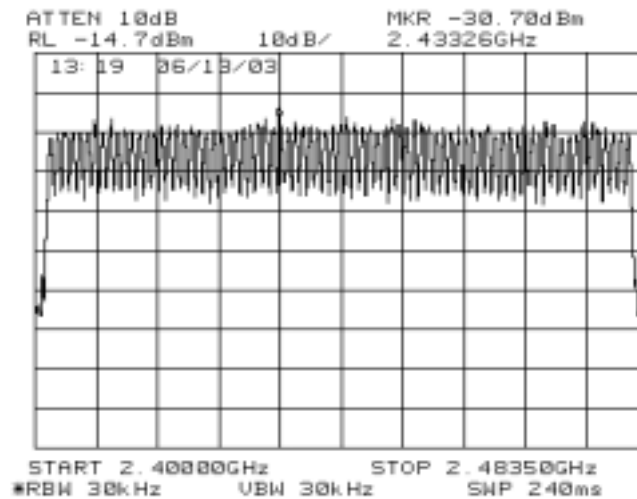
Plot showing 1.04MHz channel spacing



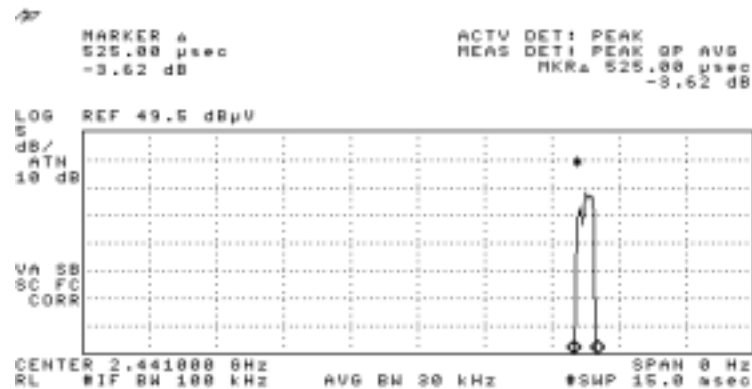


## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A



Plot showing all 79 channels

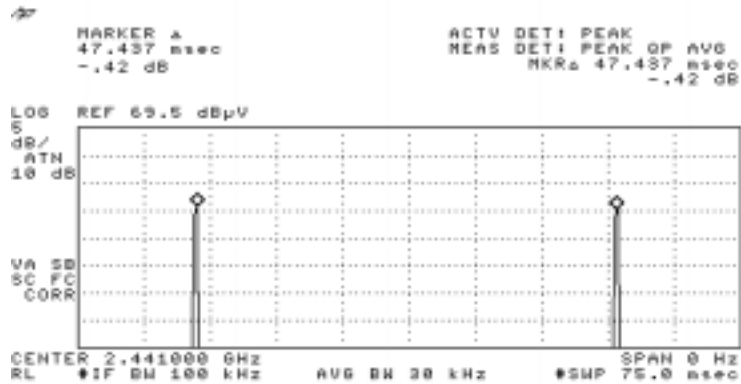


Plot showing transmit time on a channel (.053ms)



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	N/A



Plot showing time spacing between successive transmissions on the same channel (47ms)



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	-

### Conducted Emissions - Power Ports

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 7/25/2003  
Test Engineer: Marissa Faustino  
Test Location: SVOATS #2

Config. Used: 2  
Config Change: Base Station not present in test config  
EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

#### General Test Configuration

For tabletop equipment, the EUT was located on a wooden table, 40 cm from a vertical coupling plane and 80cm from the LISN. A second LISN was used for all local support equipment.

**Ambient Conditions:**  
Temperature: 18 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 77 %

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	CE, AC Power, 120V/60Hz	EN55022 B	Pass	-24.0dB @ 0.231MHz

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Polymap Wireless	Job Number:	J50350
Model:	PWR-07-01 and PWA-07-01	T-Log Number:	T50394
Contact:	Pierre Landau	Account Manager:	Mark Briggs
Spec:	15.247/FCC B/EN 301 489-17	Class:	-

### Run #2: AC Power Port Conducted Emissions, 0.15 - 30MHz, 120V/60Hz

Frequency	Level	AC	EN 55022 B/15.209		Detector	Comments
MHz	dBμV	Line	Limit	Margin	QP/Ave	
0.231	28.3	Line 1	52.3	-24.0	AV	
0.229	22.1	Neutral	52.4	-30.3	AV	
0.231	27.8	Line 1	62.3	-34.5	QP	
0.356	21.8	Line 1	58.7	-36.9	QP	
0.360	21.0	Neutral	58.7	-37.7	QP	
0.229	23.3	Neutral	62.4	-39.1	QP	
0.167	24.6	Neutral	65.0	-40.4	QP	
0.360	7.4	Neutral	48.7	-41.3	AV	
0.159	24.2	Line 1	65.5	-41.3	QP	
0.356	7.4	Line 1	48.7	-41.3	AV	
0.167	9.0	Neutral	55.0	-46.0	AV	
0.159	7.9	Line 1	55.5	-47.6	AV	

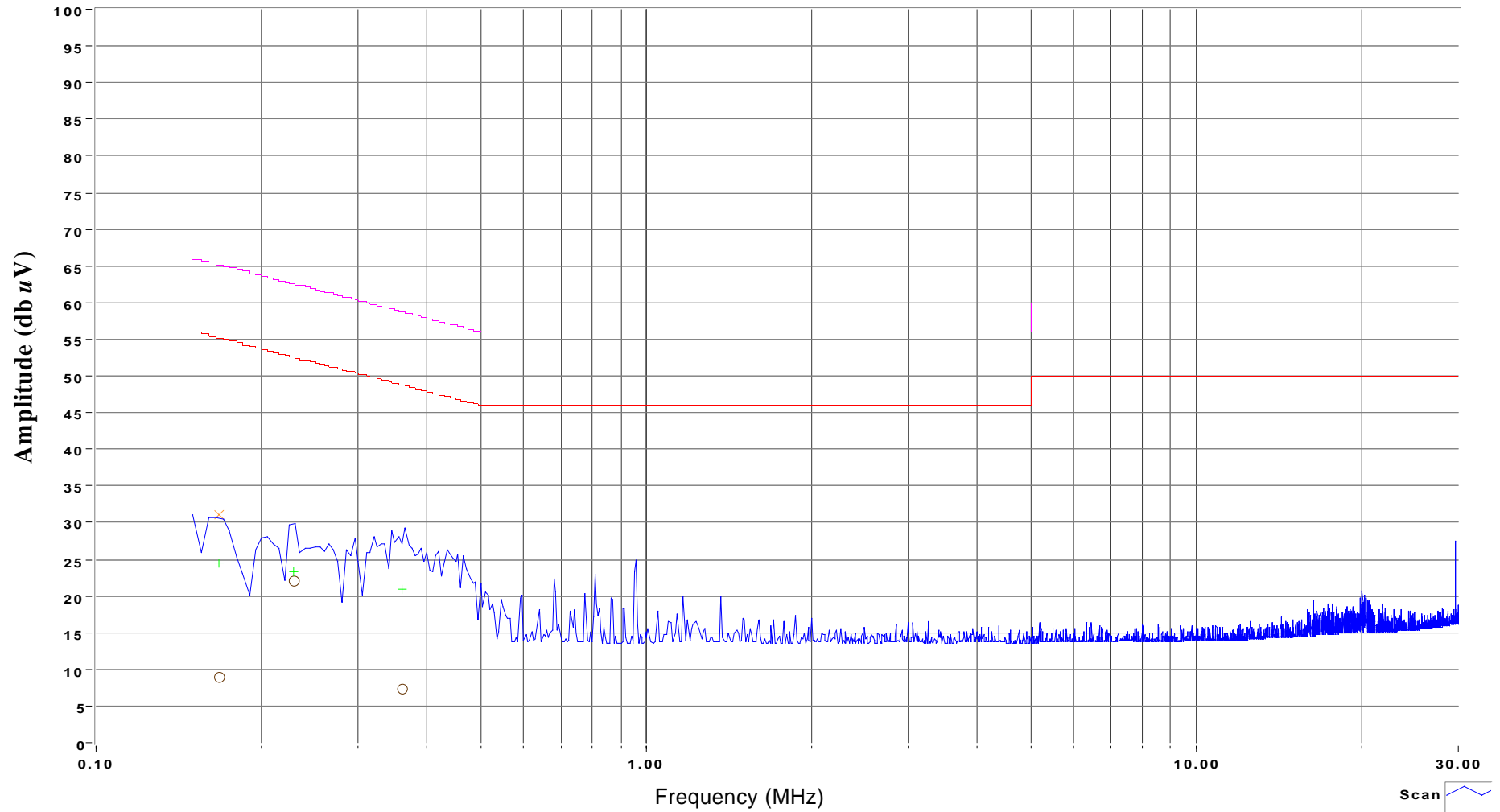


# SVOATS #2: Polymap Wireless Remote Module Run 1

Spec:  
EN 55022 B

Mains Lead  
Neutral

J50350/T50394



120V/60 Hz

Scan  
Peak  
Quasi-peak  
Average  
Average Limit  
QuasiPeak Limit

7/25/03

Marissa Faustino

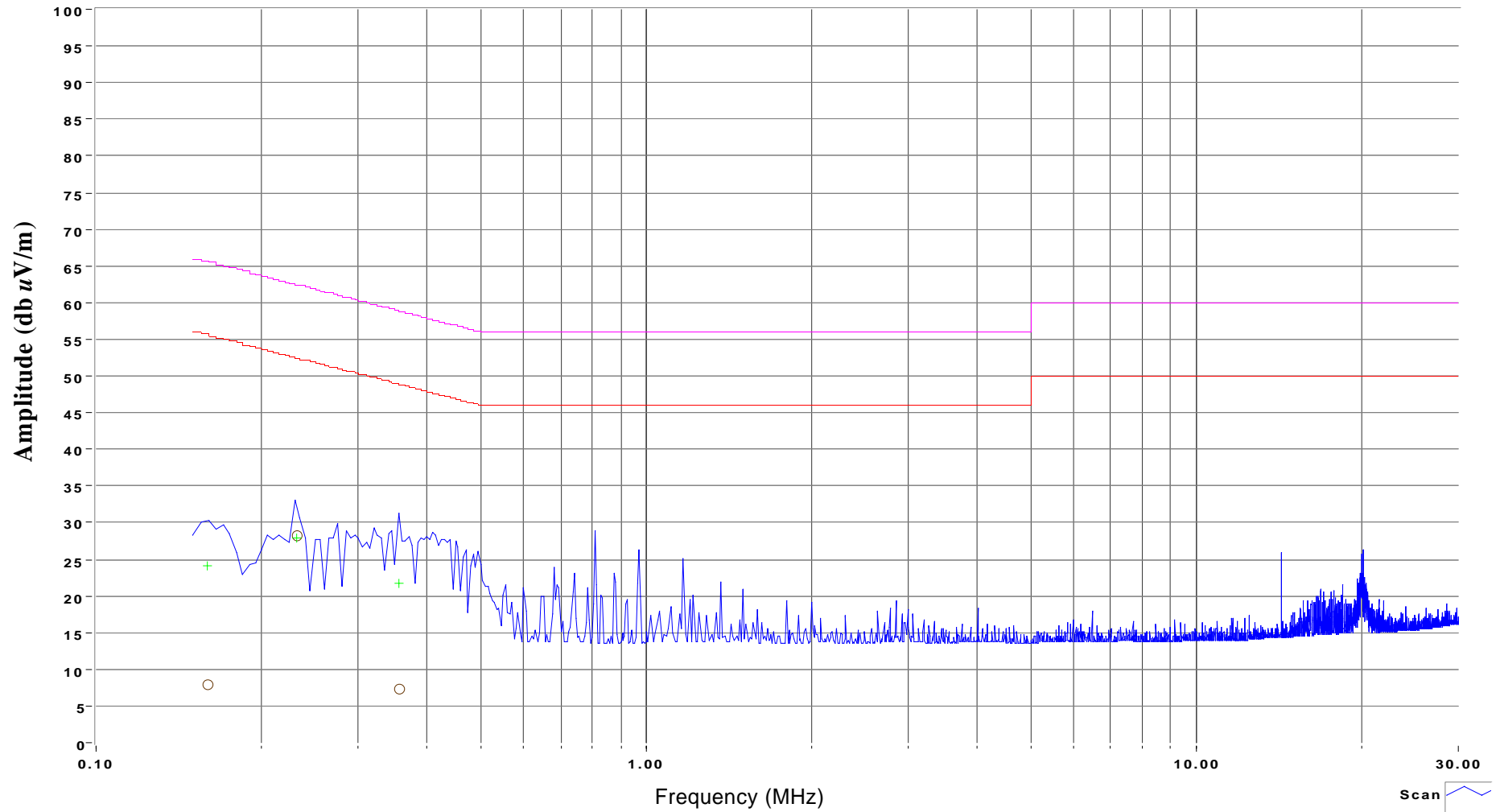


# SVOATS #2: Polymap Wireless Remote Module Run 1

Spec:  
EN55022B

J50350/T50394

Mains Lead  
Line 1



120V/60 Hz

Scan  
Peak  
Quasi-peak  
Average  
Average Limit  
QuasiPeak Limit

7/25/03

Marissa Faustino

## ***EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photographs***

4 Pages

***EXHIBIT 4: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location***



***EXHIBIT 5: Detailed Photographs  
of Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01 Construction***

10 Pages

***EXHIBIT 6: Operator's Manual  
for Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01***

5 Pages

***EXHIBIT 7: Block Diagram of Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01***

1 Page

***EXHIBIT 8: Schematic Diagrams for Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01***

2 Pages

***EXHIBIT 9: Theory of Operation for Polymap Wireless Model PWR-07-01***

9 Pages