SKTFCE-030619-079 FCC ID: QXTYB-S2-C20VDR



SK TECH CO., LTD.

Page 1 of 16

Certificate of Compliance

SKTFCE-030619-079 **Test Report No.: NVLAP CODE:** 200220-0 Applicant: Safer Computer Co., Ltd. 11FL., Daeryung Techno Town III, 448, Gasan-Dong, Keumchun-Gu, Seoul, **Applicant Address:** Korea **Product: Personal Computer** FCC ID: QXTYB-S2-C20VDR Model No.: YB-S2-C20VDR Receipt No.: SKTEU03-0370 Date of receipt: June 18, 2003 Date of Issue: June 19, 2003 SK TECH CO., LTD. **Testing location:** 820-2, Wolmoon-Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea **Test Standards:** ANSI C63.4 / 2001 **Rule Parts:** FCC part 15 Subpart B **Equipment Class: Class B Computing Device** * This device has shown compliance with the conducted emissions limits in 15.107, 15.207 or 18.307 adopted under

FCC 02-157(ET Docket 98-80). The device may be marketed after July 11, 2005, and is not affected by the 15.37(j) or 18.123 transition provisions.

Test Result:

The above mentioned product has been tested and passed.

Prepared by: Y.H.Kang

Tested by: S.B.Kim/Engineer

Approved by: C.H.Jung/Manager

& Chief Engineer

Signature

Date

Signature

Date

Signature

Other Aspects:

Abbreviations:

· OK, Pass = passed · Fail = failed · N/A = not applicable

- •This test report is not permitted to copy partly without our permission.
 - •This test result is dependent on only equipment to be used.
 - •This test result is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above mentioned.
 - •This test report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of
 - · We certify that this test report has been based on the measurement standards that is traceable to the national or International standards.

NVLAP Lab. Code: 200220-0



Figure 1

Figure 2

Spectral Diagram, LINE-PE

Spectral Diagram, Neutral-PE

SK TECH CO., LTD.

Page 2 of 16

12

13

	Contents	2
	List of Tables	2
	List of Figures	2
1.	General	3
2.	Test Site	3
	2.1 Location	3
	2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments	4
	2.3 Test Date	4
	2.4 Test Environment	4
3.	Description of the tested samples	5
	3.1 Rating and Physical Characteristics	5
	3.2 Submitted Documents	5
4.	Measurement Conditions	6
	4.1 Modes of Operation	6
	4.2 List of Peripherals	6
	4.3 Type of Used cables	7
	4.4 Test Setup	7
	4.5 Uncertainty	8
5.	EMISSION Test	11
	5.1 Conducted Emissions	11
	5.2 Radiated Emissions	15
»	List of Tables	
	ble 1 List of test and measurement Equipment	4
	ble 2 Test Data, Conducted Emissions ble 3 Test Data, Radiated Emissions	14 16



Page 3 of 16

1. General

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures as indicated in this report.

We attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by SK Tech Co., Ltd. and were made under Chief Engineer's supervision.

We assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

2. Test Site

SK TECH Co., Ltd.

2.1 Location

820-2, Wolmoon Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea

The test site is in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 for general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

This laboratory is accredited by NVLAP for NVLAP Lab. Code : 200220-0 and DATech for DAR-Registration No.:DAT-P-076/97-01

SKTFCE-030619-079 FCC ID : QXTYB-S2-C20VDR



SK TECH CO., LTD.

Page 4 of 16

2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Table 1: List of Test and Measurement Equipment

Conducted Disturbance

Kind of Equipment	Туре	S/N	Calibrated until
EMI Receiver	ESHS10	862970/019	10.2003
Artificial Mains Network	ESH2-Z5	834549/011	10.2003
EMI Receiver	ESHS10	835871/002	10.2003
Artificial Mains Network	ESH3-Z5	836679/018	10.2003
Conducted Cable	N/A	N/A	N/A

Radiated Disturbance

Kind of Equipment	Туре	S/N	Calibrated until
EMI Receiver	ESVS 10	825120/013	10.2003
EMI Receiver	ESVS 10	834468/008	10.2003
Spectrum Analyzer	R3361A	11730187	10.2003
Amplifier	8447F	3113A05153	10.2003
Log Periodic Antenna	UHALP9107	1819	10.2003
Biconical Antenna	BBA9106	91031626	10.2003
Antenna Mast	5907	N/A	N/A
Antenna & Turntable controller	5906	N/A	N/A
Amp & Receiver connection cables	N/A	N/A	N/A
50Ω Switcher	MP59B	6100214538	N/A

2.3 Test Date

Date of Application : June 18, 2003

Date of Test : June 18, 2003 ~ June 19, 2003

2.4 Test Environment

See each test item's description.

SKTFCE-030619-079 FCC ID: QXTYB-S2-C20VDR



SK TECH CO., LTD.

Page 5 of 16

3. Description of the tested samples

The EUT is the Personal Computer.

3.1 Rating and Physical Characteristics

System Requirements

- CPU: Intel Celeron 2.0GHz

- HOUSING: Aopen H340D Micro ATX Slim Case

- Power: Micro ATX 200W

- FSB: FSB 400MHz

- Cache memory: L1: 8KB L2: 128KB- M/B: SIS 650 Chipset Asus P4S 533VM

- Cooling fan: Pentium 4 Cooler

- RAM: 256MB PC2100 DDR SDRAM

- HDD: Seagate 40GB/5400rpm-ST340015ACE

- FDD: 3.5"/1.44MB

- ODD : LG-Hitachi DVD Multi

- VGA: SIS 315 Built-in

- Sound : AC 97 Codec built-in

- Lan: 10/100Mbps Ethernet Built-in

- Modem: 56Kbps Fax modem(HPI56SPII)
- IEEE1394: IEEE1394 Card – (X-1394Ai)
- Others: 2 USB 2.0 port / FSB400MHz
- Voltage: 200 WATT/110V(50-60Hz)

3.2 Submitted Documents

N/A



Page 6 of 16

4. Measurement Conditions

Operating voltage of the EUT is AC 120V, 60Hz.

4.1 Modes of Operation

The EUT was in the following operation mode during all testing;
Tested in mode of displaying "H" on the screen. (CD-ROM operating)

4.2 List of Peripherals

Description	Manufacturer	Model Name	Serial No.	FCC ID
Monitor	Comtec	CT-150B	B202100494	
Adapter (for Monitor)	ILAN	F1650K	N/A	-
Joystick	Logitech	J-ZA10	LZS01651409	DoC
Speaker	Comep tech	CS-7000	N/A	-
Keyboard	Jing Mold	LKB-0107	20103129	-
PS/2 Mouse	A4 Tech	SWW-23	N/A	N/A
Serial Mouse	Sejin	N/A	N/A	N/A
Printer	H.P	2225C	3132S00310	N/A
Adapter (for Printer)	E&Tel	SY-1010K	N/A	-
Personal Comp	uter (EUT) SYSTE	М		
MainBoard	ASUS	P4S533-VM	MS1G330836- 00057-M8L782-A02	
CPU	Intel	Celeron 2.0GHz	N/A	
Power Supply	Aopen	FSP200-60SAV	25006427	DoC
HDD	Seagate	ST340015ACE	5LA1HDE9	
CD-ROM	HITACHI	GMA-4020B	P2L012221	DoC
FDD	MITSUMI	D359M3D	4002003D212M0042	
RAM	SAMSUNG	M36823223ETN -CB0	0319	
1394 Card	N/A	HF-1394Ai	T-2C-X003472	DoC
LAN Card	N/A	HP156SP2	02491073148	DoC

SKTFCE-030619-079 FCC ID: QXTYB-S2-C20VDR



SK TECH CO., LTD.

Page 7 of 16

4.3 Type of Used Cables

Description	Length	Type of shield	Manufacturer	Remark
LAN cable	1.5m	Non-Shield	None	For EUT
Power cable	1.6m	Non-Shield	None	For EUT
PS/2 interface cable	1.2m	Non-Shield	None	For Mouse
USB interface cable	1.2m	Non-Shield	None	For Mouse
PS/2 interface cable	1.0m	Non-Shield	None	For Keyboard
AC/DC power cable	1.6m	Non-Shield	None	For Monitor
VGA cable	1.0m	Shield	None	
AC/DC power cable	1.6m	Non-Shield	None	For Printer
Parallel interface cable	1.0m	Shield	None	For Printer
Joystick Interface cable	1.5m	Shield	None	
Speaker cable	1.5m	Non-Shield	None	

4.4 Test Setup

The test setup photographs showed the external supply connections and interfaces.



Page 8 of 16

4.5 Uncertainty

1) Radiated disturbance

• Horizontally polarized radiated disturbances from 30MHz to 1000MHz at a distance of 10m

	Unce	ertainty of Xi	U(Xi)			CISPR 16-4
Input quantity	dB	Probability distribution function	dB	Ci	Ciu(xi)	
1) Receiver reading	±0.1	K =1	0.1	1	0.1	0.10
2) Attenuation: antenna-receiver	±0.18	K=2	0.09	1	0.09	0.05
3) Antenna factor	±1.5	K=2	0.75	1	0.75	1.00
RECEIVER CORRECTIONS:						
4) Sine wave voltage	±0.56	K=2	0.28	1	0.50	0.50
5) Pulse amplitude response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
6) Pulse repetition rate response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
7) Noise floor proximity	±0.5	K=2	0.25	1	0.25	0.25
8) AF frequency interpolation	±0.3	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	0.17	1	0.17	0.17
9) Balance	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.53
10) AF height deviations	±0.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.29	1	0.29	0.29
11) Phase center location	±0.3	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	0.17	1	0.17	0.17
12) Directive difference	+1.0	Rectangular (√3)	0.29	1	0.29	0.29
13) Cross polarization	±0.9	Rectangular (√3)	0.52	1	0.52	0.52
14) Site corrections	±2.6	Rectangular (√3)	1.5	1	1.5	1.63
15) Mismatch (ant-receiver)	±1.06	U-shaped (√2)	0.75	1	0.75	0.67

Combined Uncertainty

Uc(xi)=
$$\sqrt{(1)^2+(2)^2+(3)^2+(4)^2+(5)^2+(6)^2+(7)^2+(8)^2+(9)^2+(10)^2+(11)^2+(12)^2}$$

+ $(13)^2+(14)^2+(15)^2=2.37$

Expanded Uncertainty

U= k*Uc(xi) = 2 * 2.37= 4.74dB (The coverage factor k =2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence)



Page 9 of 16

• Vertically polarized radiated disturbances from 30MHz to 1000MHz at a distance of 10m

Lea to colli	Unce	ertainty of Xi Probability	U(Xi)	0:	0: (')	CISPR	
Input quantity	dB	distribution function	dB	Ci	Ciu(xi)	16-4	
1) Receiver reading	±0.1	K =1	0.1	1	0.1	0.10	
2) Attenuation: antenna-receiver	±0.18	K=2	0.09	1	0.09	0.05	
3) Antenna factor	±1.5	K=2	0.75	1	0.75	1.00	
RECEIVER CORRECTIONS:							
4) Sine wave voltage	±0.56	K=2	0.28	1	0.50	0.50	
5) Pulse amplitude response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87	
6) Pulse repetition rate response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87	
7) Noise floor proximity	±0.5	K=2	0.25	1	0.25	0.25	
8) AF frequency interpolation	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.17	
9) Balance	±0.9	Rectangular (√3)	0.52	1	0.52	0.52	
10)AF height deviations	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.17	
11) phase center location	±0.3	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	0.17	1	0.17	0.17	
12) directive difference	+1.0	Rectangular (√3)	0.29	1	0.29	0.29	
13)cross polarization	±0.9	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	0.52	1	0.52	0.52	
14) site corrections	±2.6	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	1.5	1	1.5	1.63	
15) Mismatch (ant-receiver)	±1.06	U-shaped (√2)	0.75	1	0.75	0.67	

Combined Uncertainty

$$Uc(xi)=\sqrt{(1)^2+(2)^2+(3)^2+(4)^2+(5)^2+(6)^2+(7)^2+(8)^2+(9)^2+(10)^2+(11)^2+(12)^2}\\ +(13)^2+(14)^2+(15)^2=\textbf{2.43}$$

Expanded Uncertainty

 $U = k^*Uc(xi) = 2 * 2.43 = 4.86dB$

(The coverage factor k = 2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence)



Page 10 of 16

2) Conducted disturbance

\odot Conducted disturbance from 150KHz to 30MHz using a 50 Ω /50uH AMN

	U	ncertainty of Xi				
input quantity	Probability dB distribution function		U(Xi) dB	Ci	Ciu(xi)	CISPR 16-4
1) Receiver Readeing	±0.1	K =1	0.1	1	0.1	0.10
2) Attenuation:AMN-receiver	±0.36	Triangular (√6)	0.15	1	0.15	0.05
RECEIVER CORRECTIONS:						
3) Sine wave voltage	±0.5	K=2	0.25	1	0.25	0.50
4) Pulse amplitude response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
5) Pulse repetition rate response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
6) AMN voltage division factor	±0.07	K=2	0.04	1	0.04	0.1
7) Mismatch : AMN-receiver	±0.55	U-shaped (√2)	0.39	1	0.39	0.53
8) AMN impedance	±1.52	Triangular (√6)	0.62	1	0.62	1.08

• 1)~8) For numbered comments, refer to following articles

Combined Uncertainty

Uc(xi)=
$$\sqrt{(1)^2+(2)^2+(3)^2+(4)^2+(5)^2+(6)^2+(7)^2+(8)^2}$$
 = 1.47

Expanded uncertainty

$$U = k*Uc(xi) = 2 * 1.47 = 2.94dB$$

The coverage factor k = 2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence

Refer

- 1) receiver's resolution capacity
- 2) refer to the sub clause 11. of a calibration report
- 3) quoted from CISPR 16-4
- 4) refer to a calibration report
- 5) refer to CISPR 16-4 article 5. 7)
- 6) refer to a calibration report and a measured AMN impedance data



Page 11 of 16

5. EMISSION Test

5.1 Conducted Emissions

Result: Pass

The line-conducted facility is located inside a 2.0M x 3.6M x 7.2M shielded enclosure.

The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285 or NSA 604-05.

A 1m x 1.5m wooden table 80cm. high is placed 40cm. away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room. ROHDE & SCHWARZ Model ESH3-Z5 (10kHz-30MHz) 50ohm/50 uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks(LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room.

The EUT is powered from the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN and the support equipment is powered from the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN. Power to the LISNs are filtered by a high-current high-insertion loss Lindgren enclosures power line filters (100dB 14kHz-10GHz).

The purpose of the filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

All electrical cables are shielded by braided tinned copper zipper tubing with inner diameter of 1/2". If the EUT is a DC-powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply lines will be connected to the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) to a 1-meter length.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME from the EUT.

The spectrum was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz with 100msec. sweep time.

The frequency producing the maximum level was reexamined using EMI/field Intensity Meter (ESHS 10) and Quasi-Peak adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode. The bandwidth of the receiver was set to 10kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission.

Each emission was maximized by: switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; if applicable; whichever determined the worst-case emission.

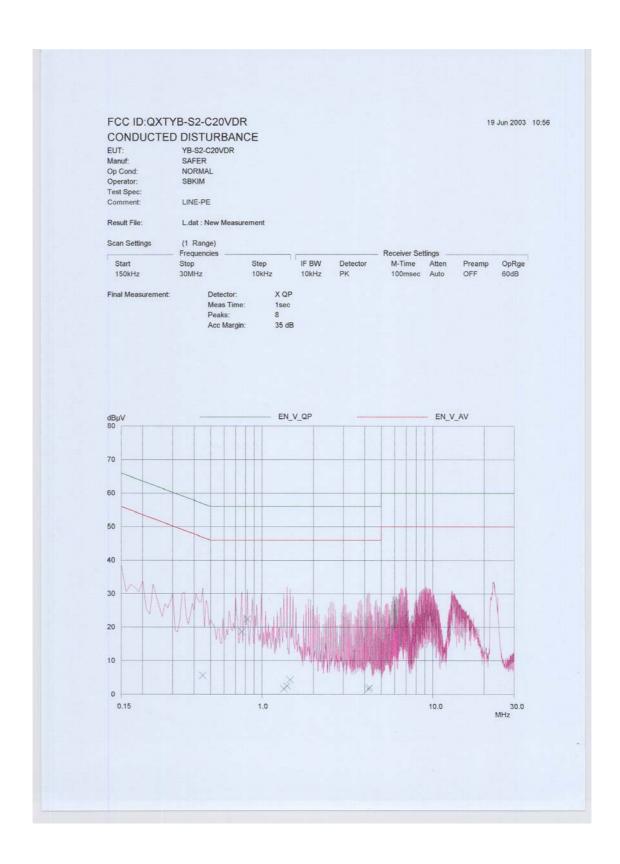
Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of conducted test.

Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



Page 12 of 16

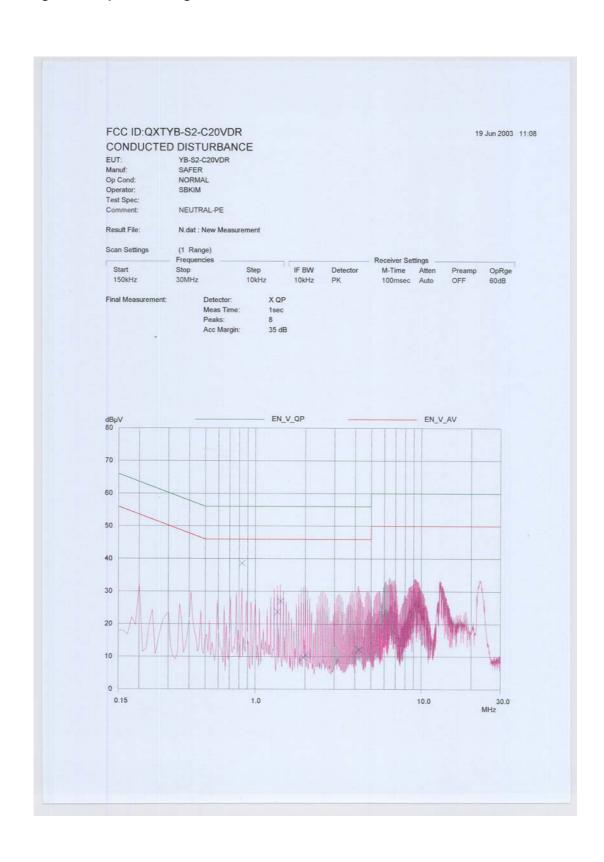
Figure 1 : Spectral Diagram, LINE - PE





Page 13 of 16

Figure 2 : Spectral Diagram, NEUTRAL - PE





Page 14 of 16

- Table 2: Test Data, Conducted Emissions

▶ LINE-PE

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	C/F (dB)	CL (dB)	Limit (dΒμV)	Margin (dB)
0.450	5.70	0.09	0.1	56.88	50.99
0.760	18.75	0.13	0.1	56.00	37.02
0.820	22.51	0.13	0.1	56.00	33.26
1.340	1.74	0.10	0.1	56.00	54.06
1.400	2.51	0.10	0.1	56.00	53.29
1.460	4.40	0.10	0.1	56.00	51.40
4.210	1.59	0.23	0.4	56.00	53.78
4.270	2.07	0.23	0.4	56.00	53.30

▶ NEUTRAL-PE

Frequency	Reading	C/F	CL	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV)	(dB)
0.830	38.64	0.15	0.1	56.00	17.11
1.360	23.81	0.15	0.1	56.00	31.94
1.420	27.04	0.15	0.1	56.00	28.71
1.950	9.73	0.17	0.3	56.00	45.80
2.010	10.59	0.17	0.3	56.00	44.94
4.140	9.40	0.24	0.4	56.00	45.96
4.200	12.26	0.24	0.4	56.00	43.10
4.260	12.20	0.24	0.4	56.00	43.16

NOTES:

- 1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emission are reported.
- 2. All other emissions are non-significant.
- 3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
- 4. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
- 5. C/F = Correction Factor
- 6. C/L = Cable Loss

♠ Margin Calculation



Page 15 of 16

5.2 Radiated Emissions

Result: Pass

Preliminary measurements were made indoors at 3 meter using broadband antennas, broadband amplifier, and spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all EME from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, turntable azimuth with respect to the antenna were noted for each frequency found.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 300 MHz using biconical antenna and from 300 to 1000 MHz using log-periodic antenna. Above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used.

Final measurements were made outdoors at 3-meter test range using SCHWARZBECK dipole antennas. The test equipment was placed on a wooden table situated on a 4x4 meter area adjacent to the measurement area. Turntable was to protect from weather in the dome that made with FRP. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was re-examined and investigated using EMI/Field Intensity Meter(ESVS 10) and Quasi-Peak Adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the receiver was set to 100kHz or 1MHz depending on the frequency or type of signal.

The half-wave dipole antenna was tuned to the frequency found during preliminary radiated measurements. The EUT, support equipment and interconnecting cables were re-configured to the set-up producing the maximum emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8-meter high non-metallic 1 x 1.5 meter table.

The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were re-arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by: varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed, and/or support equipment, if applicable; and changing the polarity of the antenna, whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of radiated emission test. Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.

SKTFCE-030619-079 FCC ID: QXTYB-S2-C20VDR



SK TECH CO., LTD.

Page 16 of 16

Table 3: Test Data, Radiated Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Height [m]	Angle [°]	(1) Reading (dBµV)	(2) AFCL (dB/m)	(3) Actual (dBµV/m)	(4) Limit (dBµV/m)	(5) Margin (dB)
287.99	Η	1.4	186	20.0	21.7	41.7	46.0	4.3
288.15	Н	1.0	107	12.8	21.7	34.5	46.0	11.5
901.13	Η	2.2	154	6.0	32.7	38.7	46.0	7.3

Table. Radiated Measurements at 3-meters

NOTES:

- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emission are reported.
- 2. All other emission are non-significant.
- 3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
- 4. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
- 5. AFCL = Antenna factor and cable loss
- 6. H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization

♠ Margin Calculation