

# TEST REPORT

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## APPLICANT :

Hyun Joung System Co., Ltd.

No. 302, 2<sup>nd</sup> ACE Techno Tower, 197-7, Guro-dong, Guro-gu,  
Seoul, Korea

## DATE OF SMAPLES RECEIVED :

Dec. 06, 2002

## TEST DURATION :

Dec. 16, 2002 ~ Feb. 7, 2003

## DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLE (S) :

A sample of product said to be :

Product : Remote Controller-Necklace Type

Manufacturer : Hyun Joung System Co., Ltd.

Model Number : HJ-RCN100F

Type of Modulation : FSK

Frequency Range : 433.425MHz – 434.415MHz

Tx Antenna Type : Integral

No. of Units : 1Tx

Rating : 3V DC (Mercury)

Origin : Korea

## INVESTIGATIONS REQUESTED :

Measurement to the relevant clauses of F.C.C. Rules and Regulations Part15 Subpart C – Intentional Radiator.

## TEST PROCEDURE

ANSI C63.4-2000

## RESULT / REMARK :

Please see attached sheet(s).

## CONCLUSION :

From the measurement data obtained, the tested sample was considered to have COMPLIED with the clause 15.231 for the Transmitter Section of Federal Communications Commission Rules, Clause 15.231 (a), (b) & (c).

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## TEST EQUIPMENT AUDIT :



2003. 02. 13



2003. 02. 13

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Testing by M.J. Byun

Approval by C.A.Kwon

## TEST SUMMARY

- |                                                                                  |                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| (1) Measurement of Emission of RF energy on the carrier frequency.....           | Satisfactory   |
| Measurement of the out-of band emissions including harmonics.....                | Satisfactory   |
| (2) Measurement of Emission Within Band Edges.....                               | Satisfactory   |
| (3) Measurement of Radiated Emissions.....                                       | Not Applicable |
| (4) Measurement of Line-Conducted Voltage onto AC Power Line.....                | Not Applicable |
| (5) FCC rule clause 15.231 (a), (b) and (c) subpart C- Intentional-radiator..... | Satisfactory   |

## TEST DATA

Please refer to the attached result sheets.

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## INTENTIONAL RADIATOR (REMOTE CONTROLLER-NECKLACE TYPE)

### (1) Measurement of Radiated Interference

TEST REFERENCE : FCC Rule Part 15 Section 15.231 (433.92MHz)

TEST CONDITION : Normal

TEST DATE : 2002. 12. 16 ~ 12. 18

| Emission of RF energy on the carrier frequency -433.92MHz |                      |              |                             |          |                |                        |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Emission Frequency                                        | Reading (Peak Value) | Polarization | Antenna Factor & Cable Loss | Amp Gain | Average Factor | Field Strength (at 3m) | FCC Limit |
| MHz                                                       | dB(μV)               | H-V          | dB                          | dB       | dB             | dB(μV/m)               | dB(μV/m)  |
| 433.92                                                    | 70.8                 | H            | 21.7                        | -27.3    | -4.4           | 60.8                   | 80.825    |

Calculation of the field strength limits by linear interpolation (F=433.92)

Field strength limit of the fundamental frequency:

Limit = (F-260)\*(12500-3750)/(470-260) + 3750 = 10996.6μV/m = 80.825 dBμV/m

Field strength limit of spurious emissions:

Limit = (F-260)\* (1250-375)/(470-260) + 375 = 1099.6μV/m = 60.825 dBμV/m

| Field strength of spurious emissions |                      |              |                             |          |                |                        |           |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Emission Frequency                   | Reading (Peak Value) | Polarization | Antenna Factor & Cable Loss | Amp Gain | Average Factor | Field Strength (at 3m) | FCC Limit |
| MHz                                  | dB(μV)               | H-V          | dB                          | dB       | dB             | dB(μV/m)               | dB(μV/m)  |
| 867.82                               | 16                   | V            | 30.6                        | -26.7    | -4.4           | 15.5                   | 60.825    |
| <b>*1301.76</b>                      | < 10                 |              | 31.7                        | -26.7    | -4.4           | < 10.6                 | 54        |
| 1735.68                              | < 10                 |              | 35.3                        | -26.6    | -4.4           | < 14.3                 | 60.825    |
| 2169.6                               | < 10                 |              | 36.6                        | -26.4    | -4.4           | < 15.8                 | 60.825    |
| 2603.52                              | < 10                 |              | 36.9                        | -26.4    | -4.4           | < 16.1                 | 60.825    |
| 3037.44                              | < 10                 |              | 37.6                        | -26.3    | -4.4           | < 16.0                 | 60.825    |
| 3471.36                              | < 10                 |              | 38.7                        | -26.3    | -4.4           | < 18.0                 | 60.825    |
| <b>*3905.28</b>                      | < 10                 |              | 39.3                        | -26.2    | -4.4           | < 18.7                 | 54        |
| <b>*4339.2</b>                       | < 10                 |              | 40.5                        | -26.2    | -4.4           | < 19.9                 | 54        |

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Remark: \*-Denotes restricted band of operation.

Measurement were made using a peak detector. Any emission less than 1000MHz and falling within the restricted bands of FCC Rules Part 15 Section 15.205 were not adjusted for averaging and the limit of FCC Rules Part15 Section 15.209 were applied.

## ===== SUMMARY=====

Data is within limits

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Broad-band Antennas were used and both polarizations of emissions were measured.

Polarizations at highest reading indicated as;

H—Horizontal    V--Vertical

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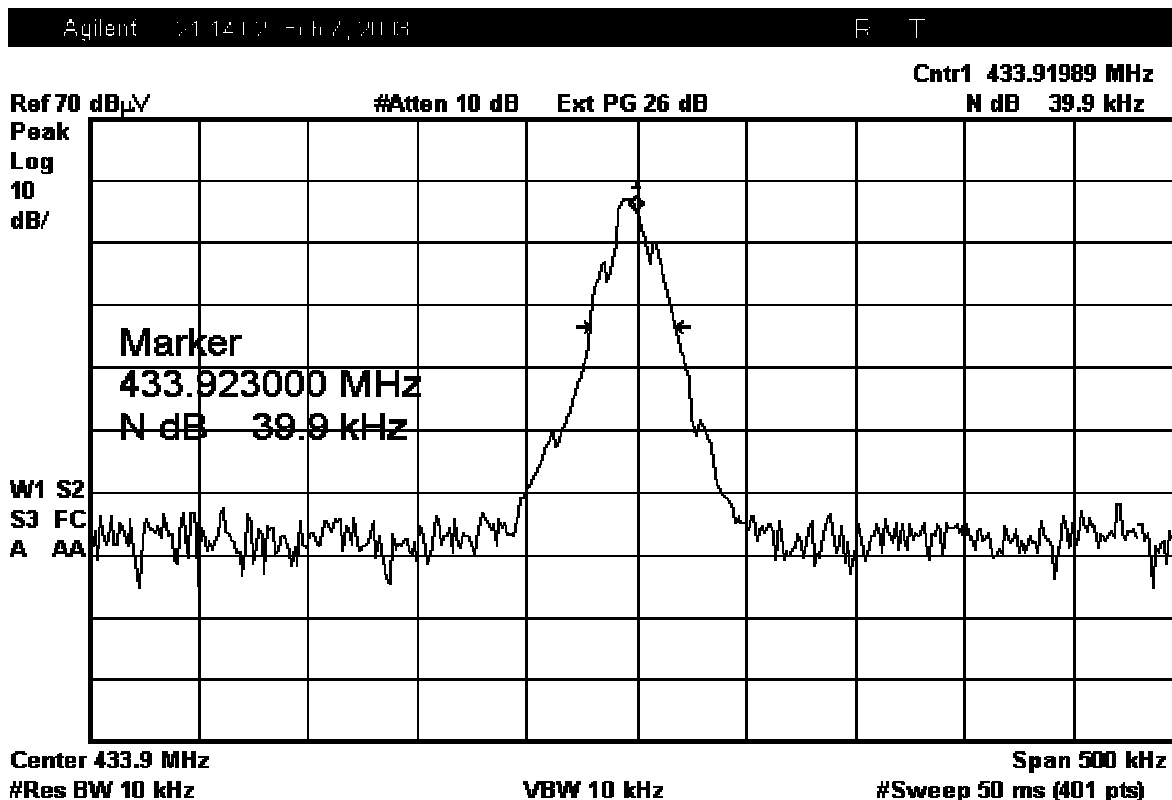
INTENTIONAL RADIATOR(REMOTE CONTROLLER NECKLACE TYPE)

## (2) Measurement of Emissions Within Band Edges. (Continued)

TEST REFERENCE : FCC Rules Part 15 Section 15.231 (433.92MHz)

TEST CONDITION : Normal

TEST DATE : 2003. 2. 7 ~ 2. 7



### RESULTS AND NOTES

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70MHz and below 900MHz. The bandwidth is determined at the points 20dB down from the modulated carrier.

@433.92MHz

$433.92 \text{ MHz} \times 0.0025 = 1084.8 \text{ KHz}$

$1084.8 \text{ KHz} / 2 = 542.4 \text{ KHz}$

The bandwidth at 20dB down is 39.9kHz which is within the allowable limit of 542.4KHz at 433.92 MHz

### ===== SUMMARY=====

ALL data is within limits

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## UNINTENTIONAL RADIATOR

### (3) Measurement of Radiated Interference

Not Applicable

## CONDUCTED LIMITS

### (4) Measurement of Line-Conducted Voltage onto AC Power Line

Not Applicable

### (5) Transmission Requirement according to § 15.231(a)(1),(2),(3),(4) and Calculation of Duty cycle correction factor (Average factor)

Results: Satisfactory

The results of the transmission duration and duty cycle are shown in next page. The transmission duration was 59.92 ms and the duty cycle correction factor was computed to be -4.4 dB.

The intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, such as voice or video, and data transmissions are not permitted.

According to §15.231(a)(1), A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released. (2), A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation. (3), Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the periodic rate of transmission of not more than one second duration per hour for each transmitter. (4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety of life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.

The transmitter is activated in the following cases:

- . when the user presses SOS button of remote controller or remote controller necklace
- . when the fire sensor, the door sensor or the motion detector is detected

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. when the transmitter of the main controls the remote siren(optional accessory not included in this category)

A data is transmitted once when the event occurs .

After transmitting, the transmitter is de-activated within 5 seconds.

The data length of all transmitters are same.

There are no automatic transmissions at pre-determined intervals.

The test of the transmission duration was performed in the normal operation at the operating frequency. And the duty cycle correction factor was used to convert peak-detected readings to average readings. This factor was calculated from the time domain trace. With the transmitter setup to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace was displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace was obtained by tuning center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting zero-span. The sweep time was then adjusted in order to display one full pulse train. The duty cycle correction factor was determined using the worst-case duty cycle. The transmission duration was measured, as the markers were set at beginning and end of a word period. The EUT transmits a control code continuously without OFF time during the duration of the data transmission, because the EUT uses the method of the Binary FSK modulation. The duty cycle correction factor was then calculated as following:

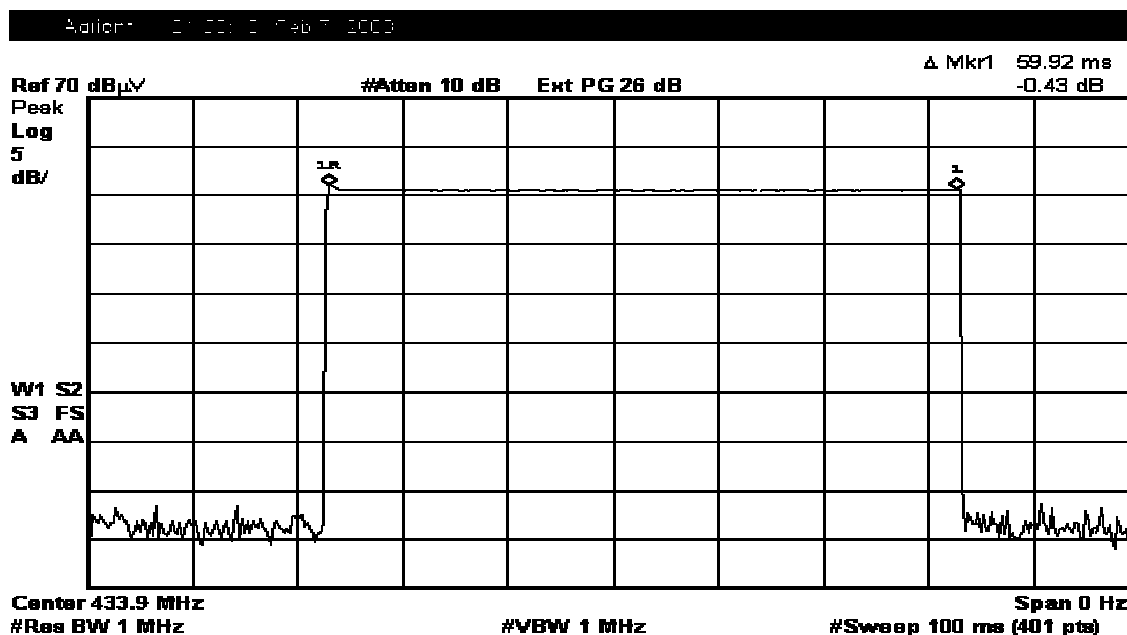
## Calculation of Duty cycle correction factor (Average factor)

Transmission duration = 59.92 ms

Transmitter Duty Cycle = 59.92 %

Correction Factor =  $20 \log(0.5992) = -4.4 \text{ dB}$

Figure of the measured Transmission Duration



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## NOTES FOR THE RADIATION MEASUREMENT

### (1) Test site location

SK TECH CO., LTD.

820-2, Wolmoon-Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea

### (2) Distance between the EUT and measuring antenna : 3meters

### (3) Measuring instrumentations :

| Test Equipment               | Manufacturer | Model No.   | Serial No. | Next Calibration |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------------|
| EMI Receiver                 | R&S          | ESI         | 835571/004 | 05. 2003         |
| Spectrum Analyzer            | Agilent      | 7405A       | US40240203 | 06. 2003         |
| Amplifier                    | H.P          | 8347A       | 2834A00543 | 05. 2003         |
| Log Periodic Antenna         | Schwarzbeck  | UHALP9107   | 1819       | 02. 2003         |
| Biconical Antenna            | Schwarzbeck  | BBA9106     | 91031626   | 02 2003          |
| Horn Antenna                 | Schwarzbeck  | SAS-200/571 | 304        | 04 2003          |
| Antenna Mast                 |              | 5907        | N/A        | N/A              |
| Antenna&Turntable controller |              | 5906        | N/A        | N/A              |

### (4) Arrangement of EUT:

During the test, the sample was operated at rated supply voltage and arranged for maximum emissions.

### (5) Measuring Procedures :

Preliminary radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in an anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 meters. The EUT was programmed to operate in continuous transmit by using modified firmware which was programmed into the sample's processor, and then was placed on the top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter non-metallic table. According to ANSI C63.4-2000 Paragraph 13.1.4.1, To find the maximum emission levels, the EUT was rotated through three orthogonal axes so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°. The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 300 MHz using the biconical antenna and from 300 to 1000 MHz using the log-periodic antenna. Above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antenna was used.

To obtain the final test data, the EUT was arranged on a turntable situated on a 4x4 meter at the Open Area Test Site. The EUT was tested at a 3-meter test distance. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set to peak detector function and specified bandwidth with "max hold" mode. The presence of ambient signals was verified by turning the EUT off. In case an ambient signal was detected, the measurement bandwidth was reduced temporarily and verification was made that an additional adjacent peak did not exist. This ensures that the ambient signal does not hide any emissions from the EUT.

In accordance with the relevant clauses of the FCC Rules Part15 section 15.231 and ANSI C63.4:2000



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## (6) Measuring Uncertainty :

### Radiated disturbance

Uc (Combined standard uncertainty) =  $\pm 1.9$  dB

Expanded uncertainty U = KUc

K = 2

$\therefore U = \pm 3.8$ dB