

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2012-01-11 to 2012-01-18
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004402/13/801062/8, HW: 0202, SW: ma20.11, DUT: 16137
Batteries used in testing	BL-5C, DUT: 16139, 16140, 16141
Headsets used in testing	WH-102, DUT: 16138
Other accessories used in testing	
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f(MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	32.5dBm	Right, Cheek	0.763 W/kg	0.85 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM1900	810 / 1909.8	30.5dBm	Left, Cheek	0.979 W/kg	1.10 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f(MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	32.5dBm	1.5cm	0.785 W/kg	0.88 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	512 / 1850.2	27.5dBm	1.5cm	0.550 W/kg	0.62 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

* SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

1.2.3 Summary SAR data

		FCC-defined SAR values for the Grants of Equipment Authorization
Maximum Cellular/AWS/PCS Head SAR value		1.10 W/kg
Maximum WLAN Head SAR value		-
{Max + Max} Simultaneous Head SAR value	-	
Maximum Cellular/AWS/PCS Body SAR value		0.88 W/kg
Maximum WLAN Body SAR value		-
{Max + Max} Simultaneous Body SAR value	-	
Maximum Product Specific (Wireless Router) SAR value		-
Maximum Simultaneous SAR value		-

1.2.4 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.37dB

1.2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 4/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480

This is a BT Class 1 device; as its power tuning target is 5dBm (3.16mW), SAR testing was deemed unnecessary.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna for cellular/PCS use. The cellular/PCS antenna is located at the bottom underneath the back cover.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.3 – 22.8
Ambient humidity (RH %):	27 - 36

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

This device was tested in all the available multi-slot GMSK GPRS modes.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration – is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode

with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated DASY near-field scanning system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration date	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	555	2011-02	2012-02
DAE 4	728	2011-05	2012-05
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3165	2011-02	2012-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3194	2011-09	2012-09
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	462	2011-09	2013-09
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d013	2010-03	2012-03
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-
DASY5 software	Version 52.6.1.408	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration date	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	2011-08	2012-08
Signal Generator	E4436B	US39260114	2011-08	2012-08
Amplifier	5S1G4M3	302338	-	-
Amplifier	5S1G4	25583	-	-
Power Meter	NRVS	838624/032	2011-08	2012-08
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	2011-08	2012-08
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	100067	2011-08	2012-08
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	100069	2011-07	2012-08
Call Tester	CMU 200	104983	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	103293	-	-
Call Tester	MT8820C	6200883095	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	2011-08	2012-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix D
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm
Application	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was at least 15.0 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body tissue simulants:

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.33	41.1	0.89	
	± 10% window	2.10 – 2.56			
	IEEE1528 / IEC62209 Standard targets		41.5	0.90	
	2012-01-11	2.50	40.0	0.89	21.0
	2012-01-12	2.53	40.7	0.90	21.0
	2012-01-13	2.49	40.4	0.90	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.2	41.2	1.45	
	± 10% window	9.2 – 11.2			
	IEEE1528 / IEC62209 Standard targets		40.0	1.40	
	2012-01-17	10.0	39.9	1.39	21.0
	2012-01-18	9.69	39.3	1.39	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.45	53.5	1.00	
	± 10% window	2.20 – 2.70			
	IEEE1528 / IEC62209 Standard targets		55.2	0.97	
	2012-01-16	2.53	52.9	0.98	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.4	55.0	1.58	
	± 10% window	9.4 – 11.4			
	IEEE1528 / IEC62209 Standard targets		53.3	1.52	
	2012-01-12	10.6	52.4	1.55	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2012-01-11	40.0	0.89	21.0
	2012-01-12	40.7	0.90	21.0
	2012-01-13	40.4	0.90	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2012-01-17	39.9	1.37	21.0
	2012-01-18	39.4	1.37	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2012-01-13	53.0	0.98	21.0
	2012-01-16	52.9	0.98	21.0
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2012-01-12	52.4	1.53	21.0

Dielectric parameter data for the band edges is given in Appendix C.

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with both sides facing the phantom to find the highest results.

Nokia body-worn accessories are commonly available for the separation distance used in this testing.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.590	0.694	0.739
		Tilt	-	0.365	-
	Right	Cheek	0.603	0.681	0.763
		Tilt	-	0.428	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		30.5 dBm	30.5 dBm	30.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.960	0.812	0.979
		Tilt	-	0.197	-
	Right	Cheek	0.897	0.907	0.961
		Tilt	-	0.237	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Conducted Power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.498	-
		Headset WH-102	-	0.321	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.784	0.722	0.785
		Headset WH-102	-	0.618	-
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		29.5 dBm	
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.495	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		27.7 dBm	
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.493	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
4-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		26.5 dBm	
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.489	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM		Conducted Power		30.5 dBm	
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.483	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	27.5 dBm	27.5 dBm	27.5 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.491	-
		Headset WH-102	-	0.462	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.550	0.504	0.457
		Headset WH-102	-	0.485	-
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		25.7 dBm	
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.440	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
4-slot GPRS		Conducted Power		24.5 dBm	
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.442	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2012-01-11 10:55:27, Date/Time: 2012-01-11 11:01:28

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.3 V/m

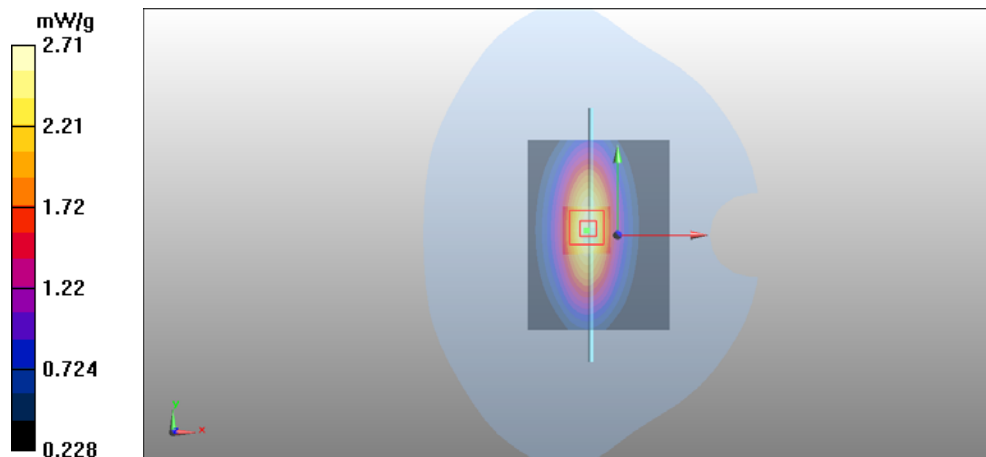
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.186 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 08:03:41, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 08:09:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.903 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.6 V/m

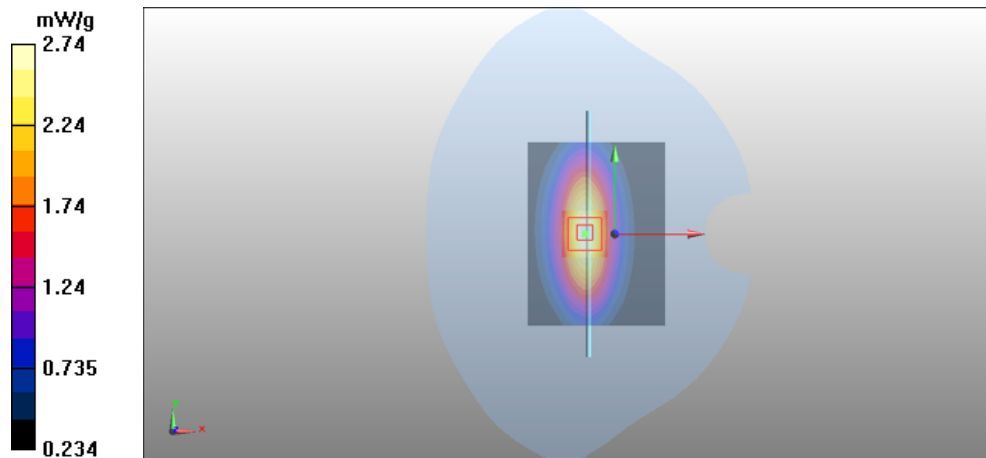
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-13 10:24:05, Date/Time: 2012-01-13 10:29:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.902 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m

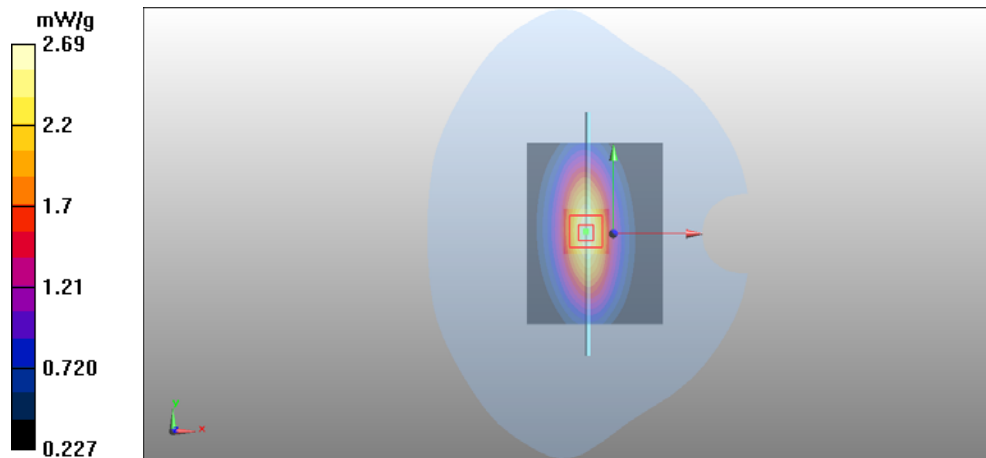
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.00283 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-17 07:39:03, Date/Time: 2012-01-17 07:44:56

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.8 V/m

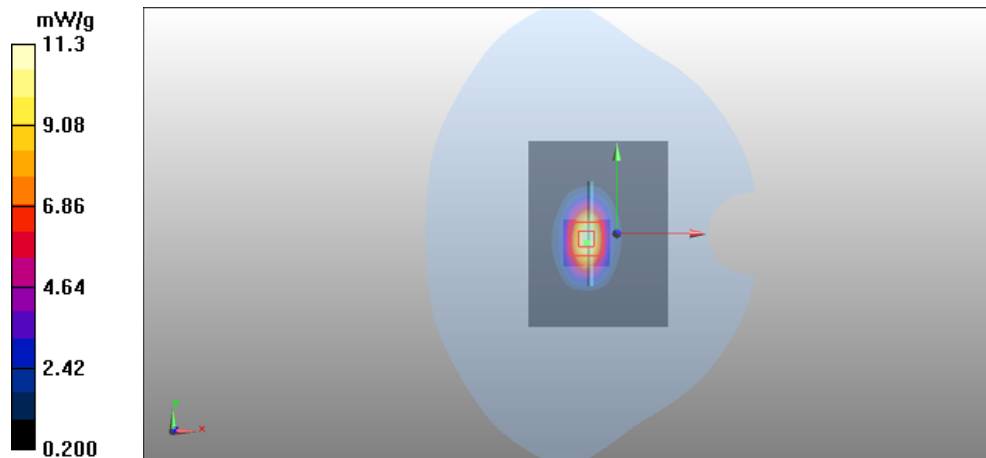
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.24 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-18 14:16:32, Date/Time: 2012-01-18 14:22:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.8 V/m

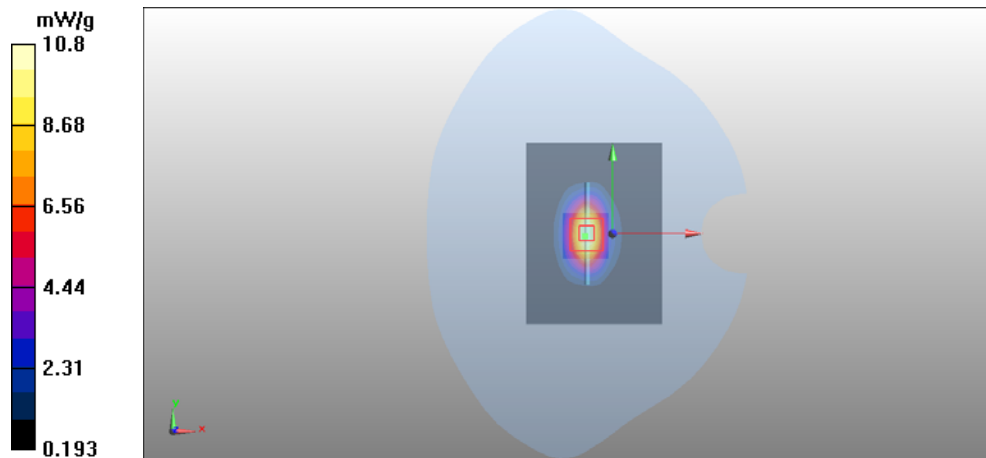
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.69 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.07 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-16 08:10:04, Date/Time: 2012-01-16 08:16:15

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.982 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.75 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.8 V/m

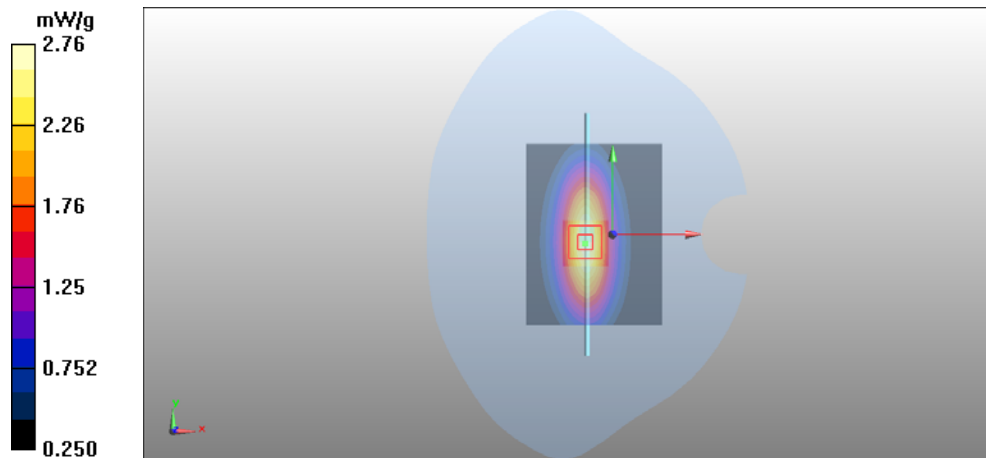
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 12:15:33, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 12:21:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.1 V/m

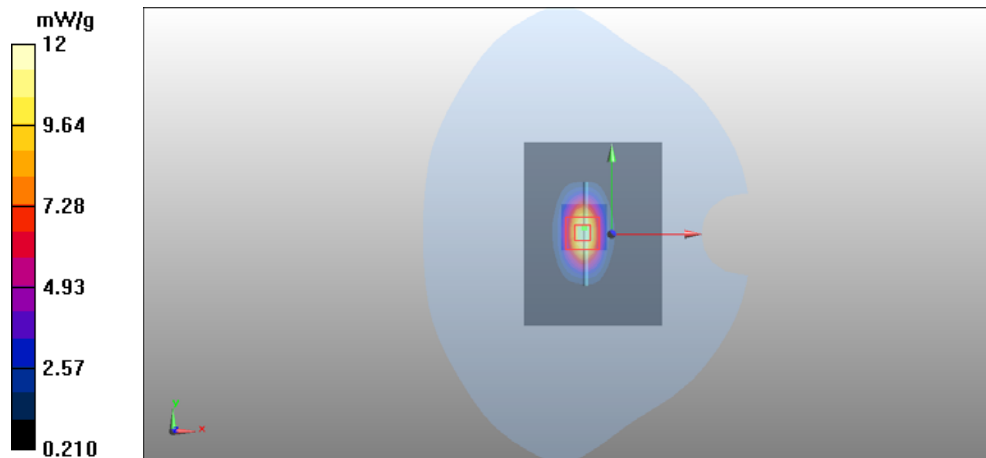
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.55 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2012-01-12 12:04:55, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 12:08:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: $t = 20.9\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 849\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.913\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Left/Cheek - High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.793 mW/g

GSM - Left/Cheek - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m

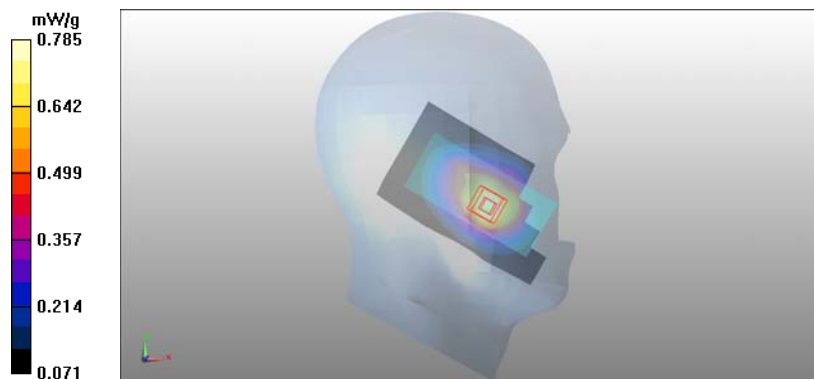
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.739 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.514 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.785 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 09:29:48, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 09:35:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.903$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Left/Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 mW/g

GSM - Left/Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16 V/m

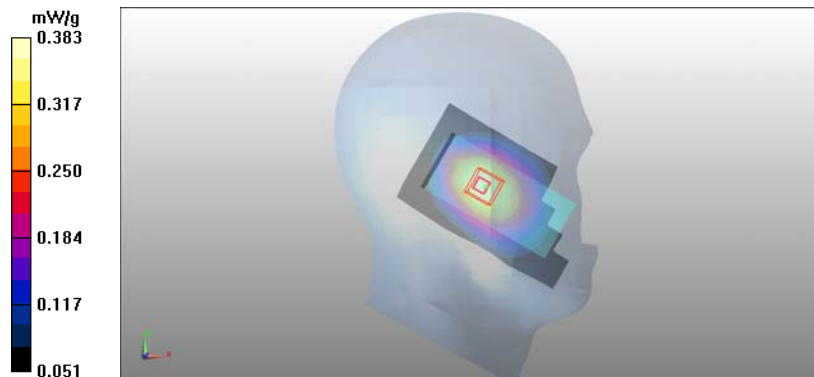
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.267 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 10:39:25, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 10:43:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Right/Cheek - High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.819 mW/g

GSM - Right/Cheek - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m

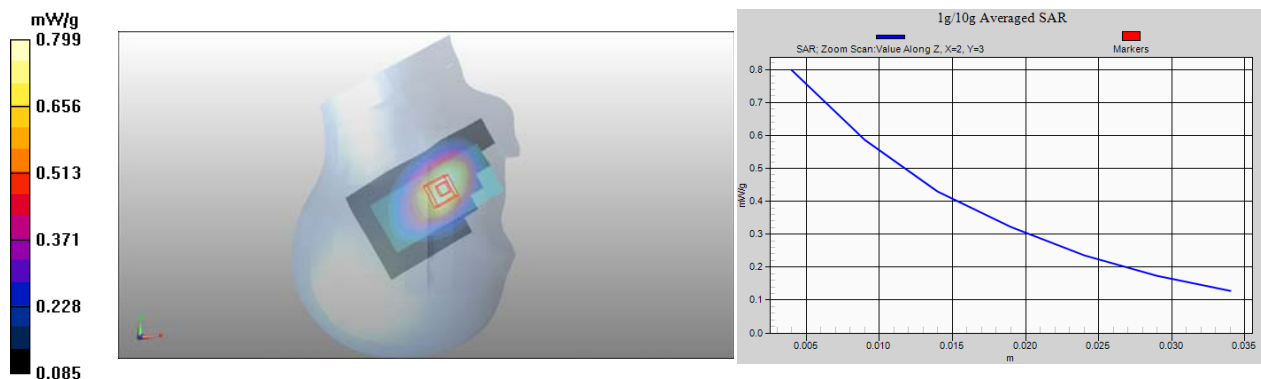
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.763 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.536 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.100 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.799 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 10:53:04, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 10:56:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.903 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1570
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Right/Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.452 mW/g

GSM - Right/Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.4 V/m

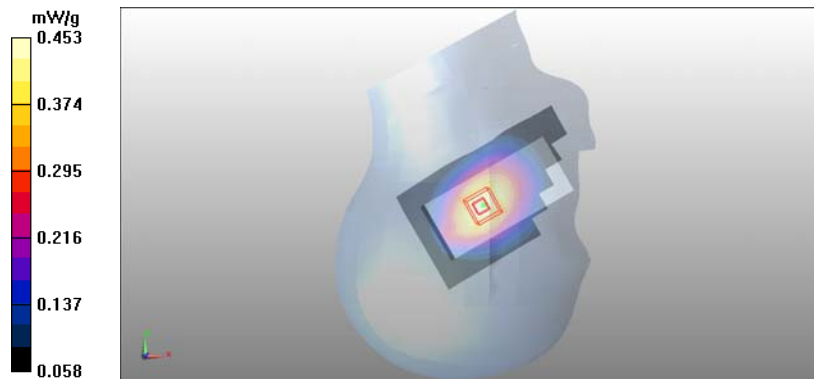
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.310 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.453 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-18 15:40:59, Date/Time: 2012-01-18 15:45:42

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Left/Cheek - High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.1 mW/g

GSM - Left/Cheek - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.8 V/m

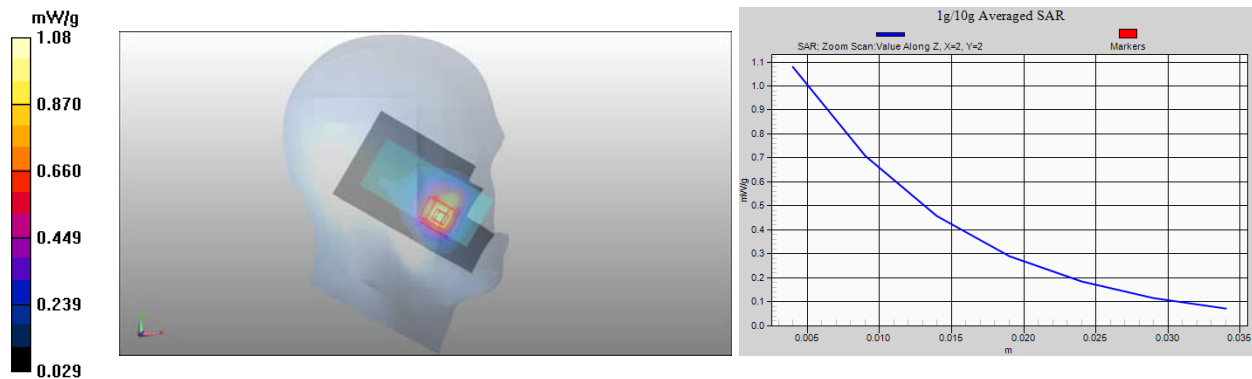
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.979 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.578 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-17 08:47:59, Date/Time: 2012-01-17 08:52:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Left/Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.232 mW/g

GSM - Left/Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m

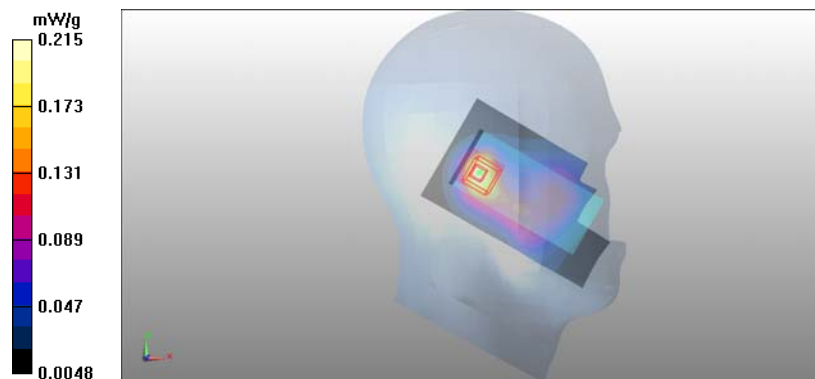
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.197 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-17 10:23:52, Date/Time: 2012-01-17 11:12:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Right/Cheek - High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.984 mW/g

GSM - Right/Cheek - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.94 V/m

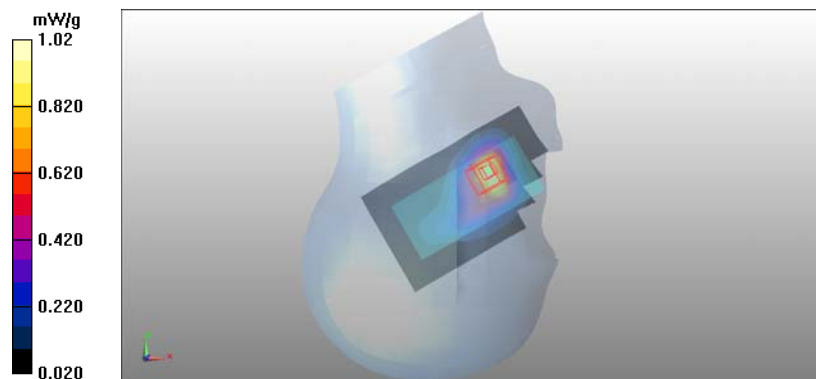
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.961 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.561 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-17 09:52:42, Date/Time: 2012-01-17 09:57:29

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM - Right/Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.294 mW/g

GSM - Right/Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m

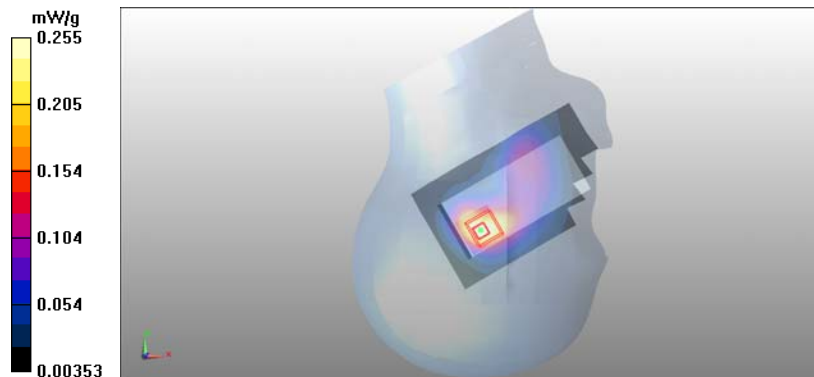
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.237 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.00965 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-13 14:16:01, Date/Time: 2012-01-13 14:21:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 21.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.526 mW/g

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m

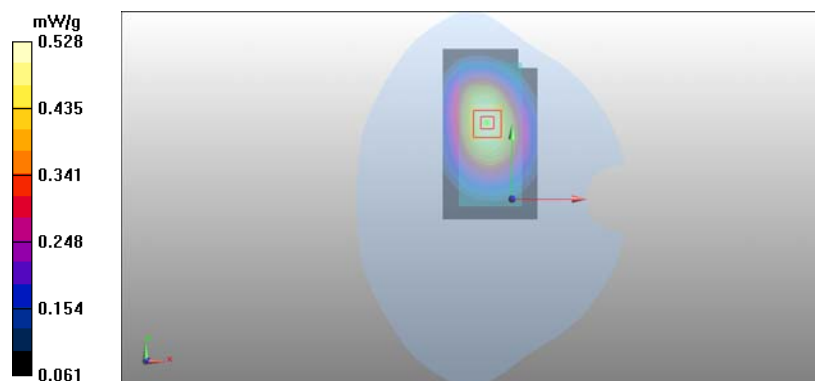
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.498 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-16 08:58:58, Date/Time: 2012-01-16 09:04:43

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.983 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.340 mW/g

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.96 V/m

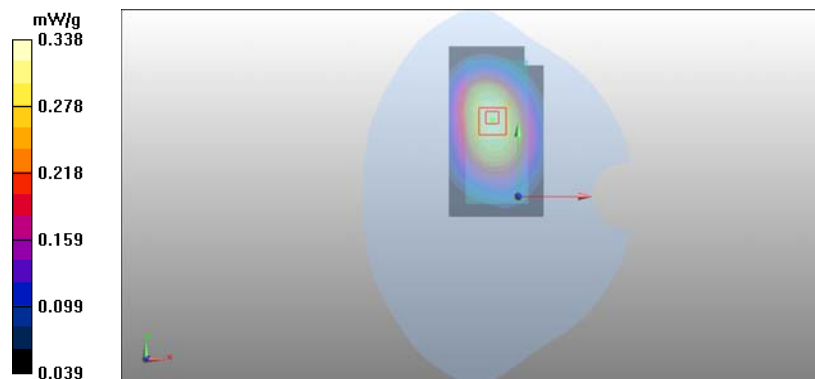
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.232 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-16 09:53:01, Date/Time: 2012-01-16 09:56:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM/Body - High - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.839 mW/g

GSM/Body - High - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m

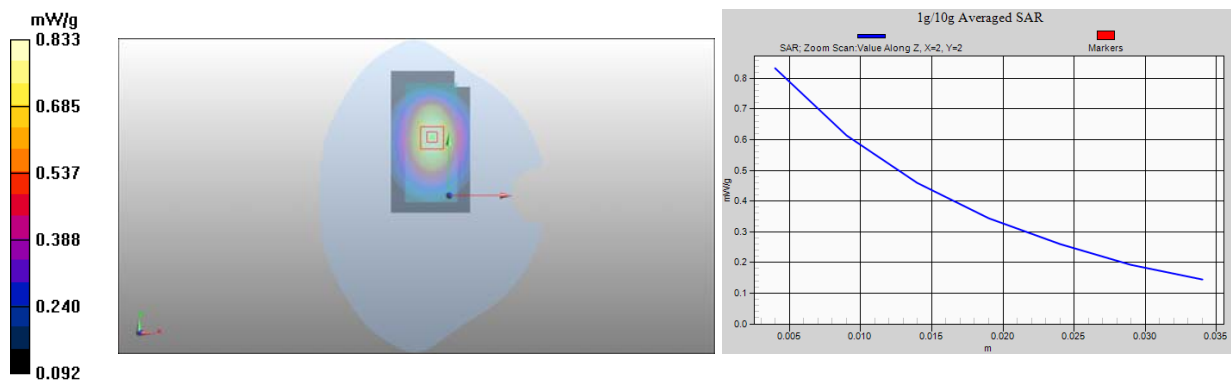
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.562 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.833 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-16 09:30:00, Date/Time: 2012-01-16 09:32:56

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.983 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.658 mW/g

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m

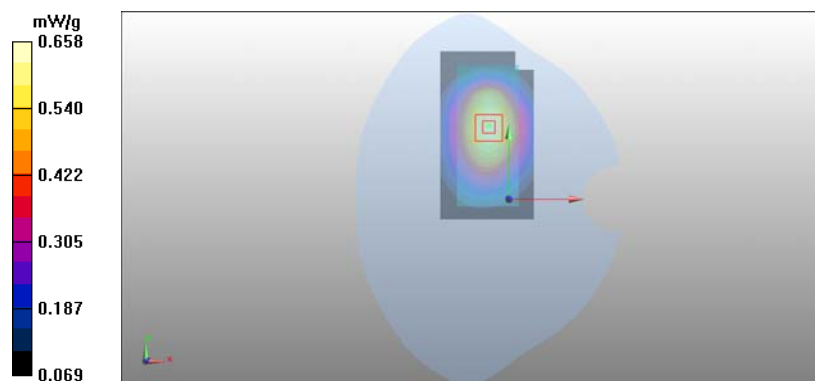
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.839 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.618 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.442 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.111 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.658 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-13 14:32:02, Date/Time: 2012-01-13 14:37:40

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 21.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.527 mW/g

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m

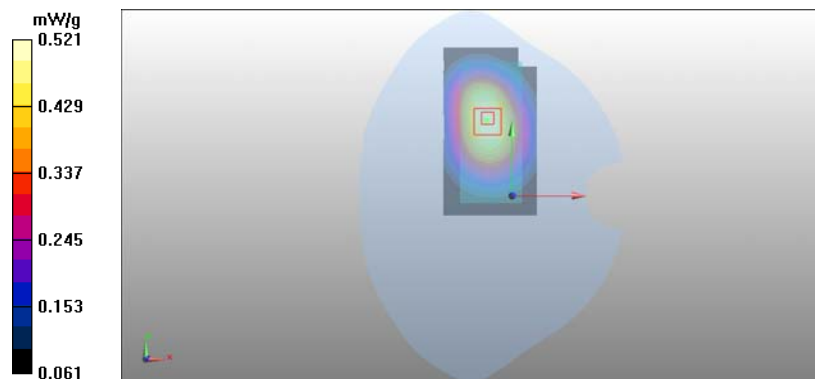
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.671 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.495 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-13 14:45:22, Date/Time: 2012-01-13 14:51:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 21.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

3-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.523 mW/g

3-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m

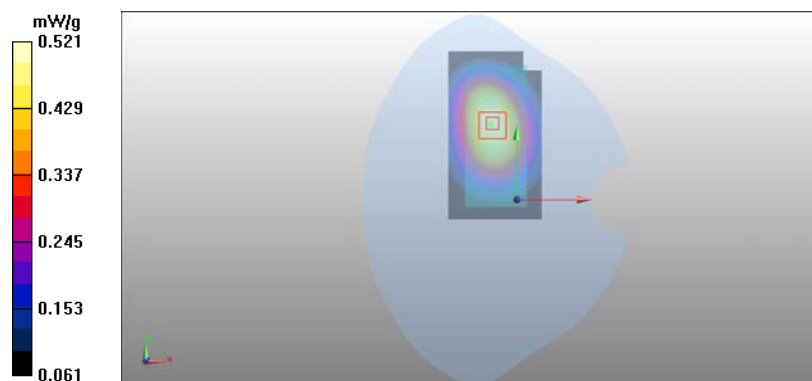
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.663 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.356 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.085 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-16 08:42:52, Date/Time: 2012-01-16 08:48:37

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 4-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t= 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.983 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 2011-02-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2011-05-09
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

4-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.522 mW/g

4-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

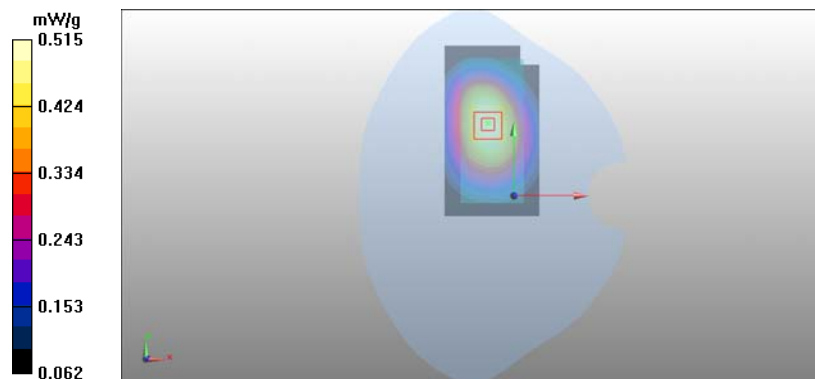
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.656 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.489 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.356 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.515 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 13:06:58, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 13:12:31

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.526 mW/g

GSM/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.76 V/m

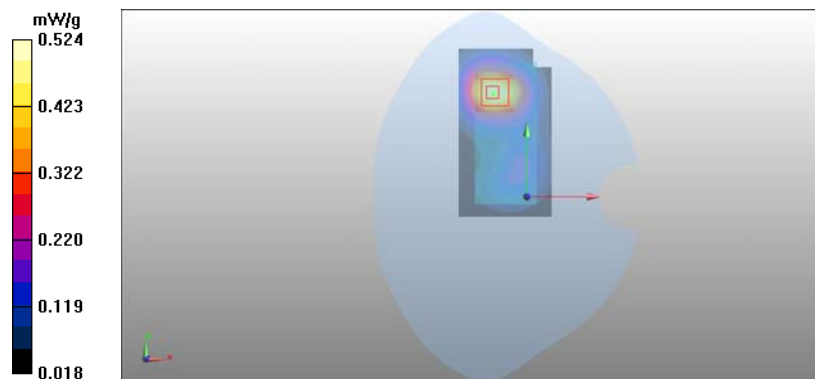
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.293 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 13:32:41, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 13:47:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 mW/g

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.73 V/m

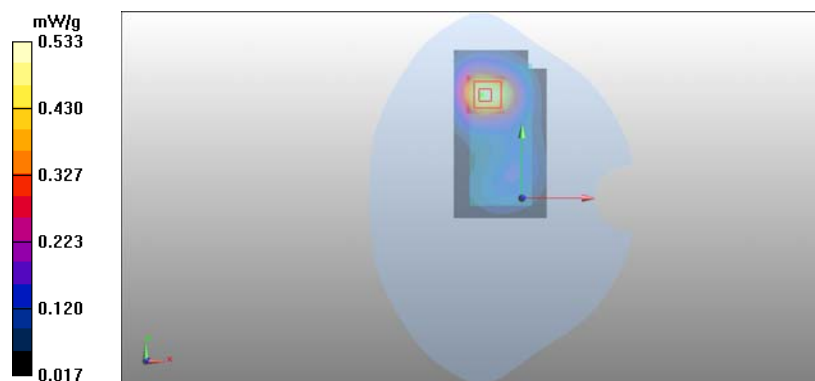
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.784 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 14:43:52, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 14:46:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.510 mW/g

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6 V/m

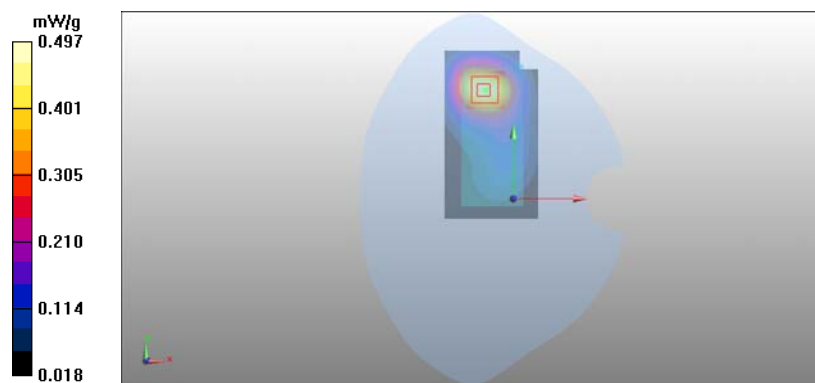
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.729 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.462 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.284 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.497 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-13 08:59:02, Date/Time: 2012-01-13 09:02:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

2-slot GPRS/Body - Low - Spacer 15mm - No Accesory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.604 mW/g

2-slot GPRS/Body - Low - Spacer 15mm - No Accesory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.49 V/m

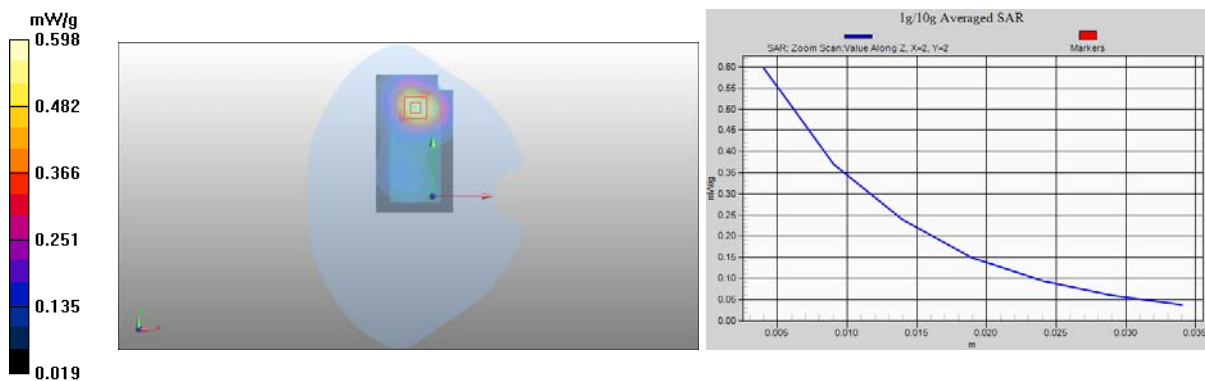
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.887 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.550 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.336 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.598 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-13 08:45:16, Date/Time: 2012-01-13 08:48:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.537 mW/g

2-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - WH-102 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.92 V/m

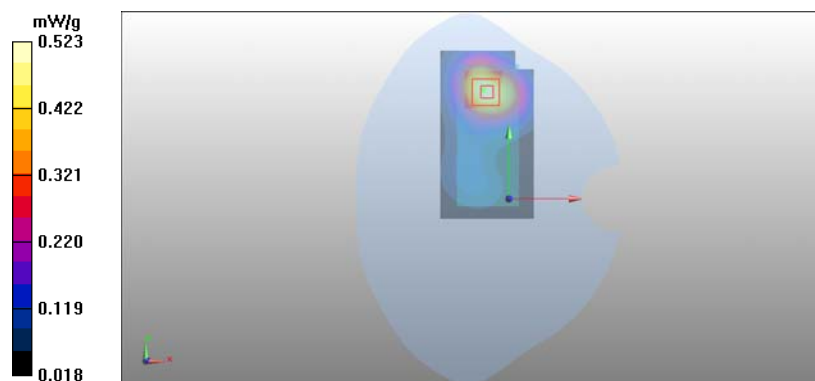
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.523 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 13:58:29, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 14:11:28

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

3-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 mW/g

3-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.65 V/m

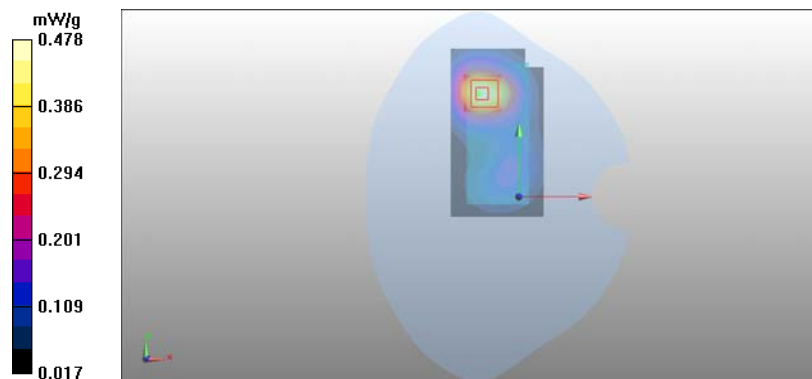
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.710 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.440 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 mW/g



Date/Time: 2012-01-12 14:21:00, Date/Time: 2012-01-12 14:26:32

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-833; Serial: 004402/13/801062/8

Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2011-09-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

4-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 mW/g

4-slot GPRS/Body - Middle - Spacer 15mm - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.64 V/m

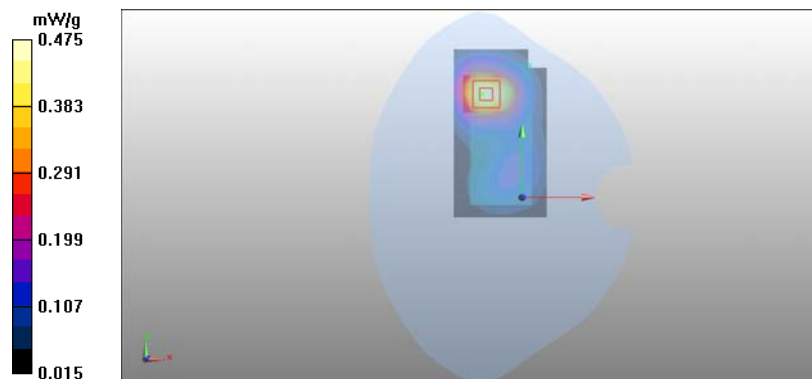
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.705 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.442 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.269 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.475 mW/g



APPENDIX C: DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS OF THE TISSUE SIMULANTS

Head tissue simulant dielectric parameters used in the measurements:

f (MHz)	Date	Dielectric Parameters					
		Ch 128 824.2 MHz		Ch 190 836.6 MHz		Ch 251 848.8 MHz	
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]
836	2012-01-11	40.1	0.88	40.0	0.89	39.9	0.90
	2012-01-12	40.8	0.90	40.7	0.90	40.6	0.91
	2012-01-13	40.5	0.90	40.4	0.90	40.3	0.91
f (MHz)	Date	Dielectric Parameters					
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz		Ch 661 1880.0 MHz		Ch 810 1909.8 MHz	
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]
1880	2012-01-17	40.1	1.35	39.9	1.37	39.8	1.40
	2012-01-18	39.5	1.34	39.4	1.37	39.3	1.40

Body tissue simulant dielectric parameters used in the measurements:

f (MHz)	Date	Dielectric Parameters					
		Ch 128 824.2 MHz		Ch 190 836.6 MHz		Ch 251 848.8 MHz	
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]
836	2012-01-13	53.0	0.97	53.0	0.98	52.9	0.99
	2012-01-16	52.9	0.97	52.9	0.98	52.8	0.99
f (MHz)	Date	Dielectric Parameters					
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz		Ch 661 1880.0 MHz		Ch 810 1909.8 MHz	
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	ϵ_r	σ [S/m]
1880	2012-01-12	52.5	1.50	52.4	1.53	52.4	1.56

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORTS



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Nokia Salo TCC** Certificate No: **ES3-3165_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3165**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 17, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	01-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Mar-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Mar-11
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	23-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-654_Apr10)	Apr-11
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 22, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3165

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unci. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.43	1.44	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.35	1.84	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.64	1.34	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.79	1.13	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3- SN:3165

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.50	1.43	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.91	4.91	4.91	0.36	2.50	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.34	2.38	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.79	0.83	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC** Certificate No: **ES3-3194_Sep11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3194**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 14, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: September 15, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3194

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.80	1.27	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.80	1.27	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.77	1.36	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3- SN:3194

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.08	6.08	6.08	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.80	1.32	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.80	1.33	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

APPENDIX E: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORTS



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Nokia Salo TCC Certificate No: D835V2-462_Sep11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 462

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: September 13, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 13, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 462

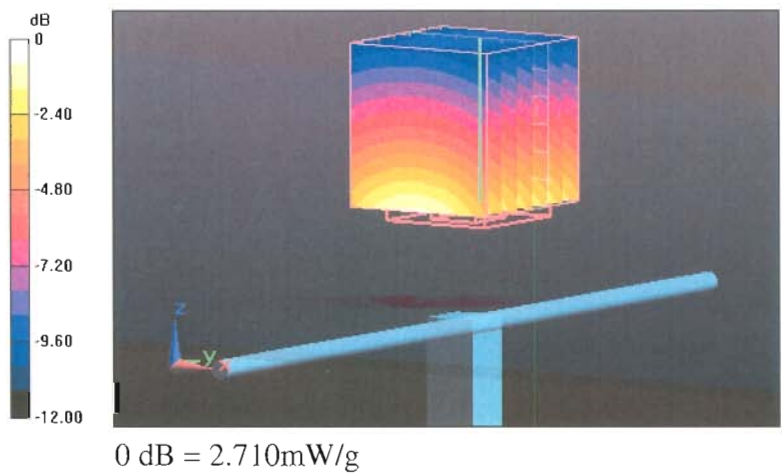
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 56.987 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.423 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.708 mW/g



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 462

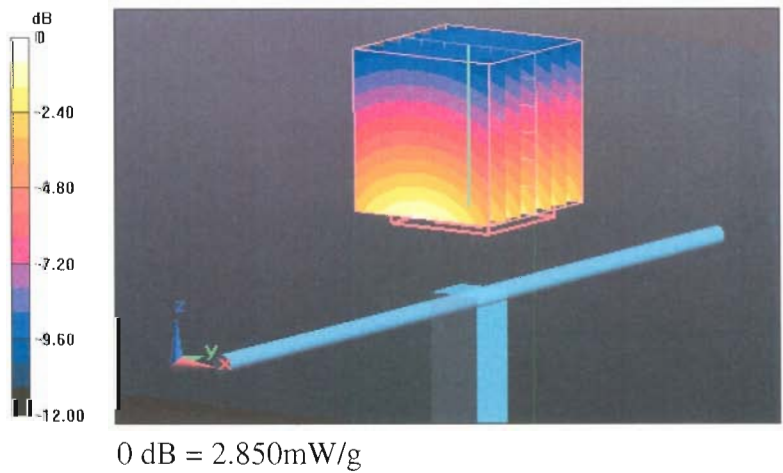
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 55.464 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0033 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.540 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.851 mW/g





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d013_Mar10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d013**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **March 23, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Mar-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

Calibrated by: **Dinco Iliev** Name: **Dinco Iliev** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature: *[Signature]*

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name: **Katja Pokovic** Function: **Technical Manager** Signature: *[Signature]*

Issued: March 23, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 10:16:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

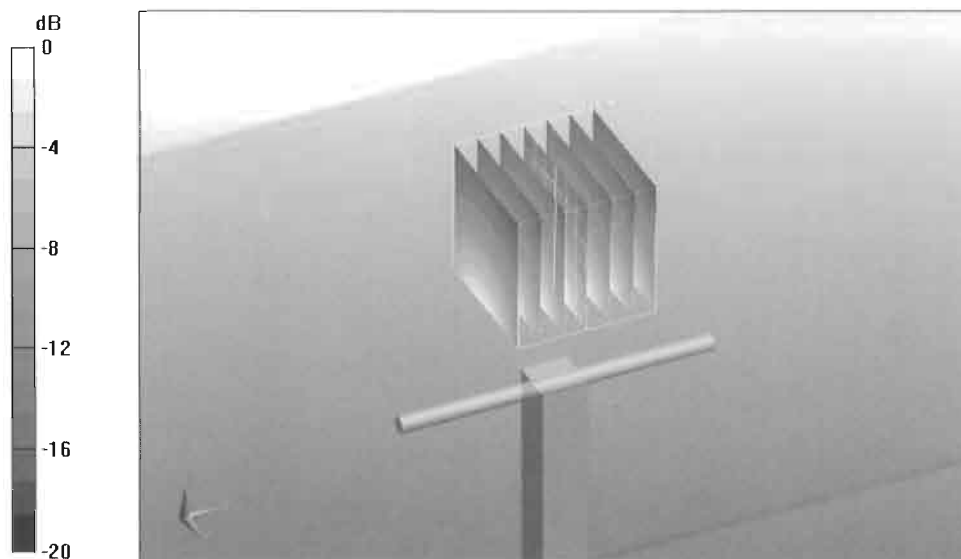
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g



0 dB = 12.6mW/g

DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 13:12:18

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

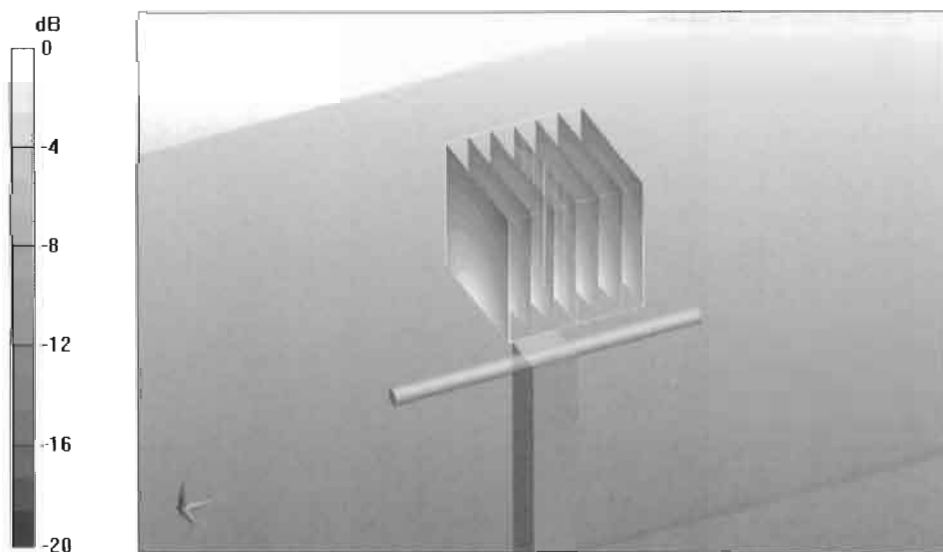
Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00956 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g



0 dB = 12.7mW/g