

SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	Bej_SAR_0732_01	Date of report:	2007-08-15
Template version:	6.0	Number of pages:	43
Testing laboratory:	TCC Nokia Beijing Laboratory Nokia Tower Pacific Century Place 2A Gong Ti Bei Lu Chaoyang District 100027 BEIJING, PRC Tel. +86 10 65392828 Fax. +86 10 65393838	Client:	Nokia Corporation Nokia Tower Pacific Century Place 2A Gong Ti Bei Lu Chaoyang District 100027 BEIJING, PRC Tel. +86 10 65392828 Fax. +86 10 65393838
Responsible test engineer:	Liang Dong	Product contact person:	Helen Hu
Measurements made by:	Liang Dong		
Tested device:	RM-293		
FCC ID:	QTLRM-293	IC:	661AB-RM293
Supplement reports:	-		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		

Date and signatures:

For the contents:

CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT.....	3
1.1 TEST DETAILS.....	3
1.2 MAXIMUM RESULTS.....	3
1.2.1 Head Configuration.....	3
1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	3
1.2.3 Maximum Drift	4
1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty	4
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST.....	5
2.1 PICTURE OF THE DEVICE.....	5
2.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE ANTENNA	5
3. TEST CONDITIONS	6
3.1 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY	6
3.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES AND OUTPUT POWER	6
4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT	7
4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS	7
4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6	8
4.2 PHANTOMS	8
4.3 TISSUE SIMULANTS	8
4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes	9
4.3.2 System Checking	9
4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements.....	10
5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE	12
5.1 DEVICE HOLDER.....	12
5.2 TEST POSITIONS.....	12
5.2.1 Against Phantom Head.....	12
5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	13
5.3 SCAN PROCEDURES	14
5.4 SAR AVERAGING METHODS.....	14
6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	15
7. RESULTS	16
APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS	18
APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS.....	19
APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)	42
APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)	43

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2007-08-09 to 2007-08-14
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 001004/00/235924/9, HW: 9501, SW: ti4.03, DUT: 50663
Batteries used in testing	BL-4B, DUT: 50452, 50456
Headsets used in testing	HS-47, DUT: 50502
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	29.3 dBm ERP	Right, Cheek	0.882 W/kg	0.99 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM1900	810 / 1909.8	31.4 dBm EIRP	Left, Cheek	0.898 W/kg	1.01 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	190 / 836.6	32.3 dBm ERP	2.2 cm	0.781 W/kg	0.87 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	32.2 dBm EIRP	2.2 cm	0.308 W/kg	0.34 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.27 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	$\pm 25.8\%$
--------------------------------	--------------

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 2/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480

2.1 Picture of the Device



2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.6 to 21.8
Ambient humidity (RH %):	60 to 66

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 3	480	12 months	2007-09
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1652	12 months	2007-09
Dipole Validation Kit, D850V2	4d005	24 months	2008-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	547	24 months	2007-09
DASY4 software	Version 4.6	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	8648C	3847M00258	12 months	2008-05
Call Tester	CMU200	835352/008	-	-
Call Tester	CMU200	100359	-	-
Amplifier	AR 5SIG4M3	302339	12 months	2008-05
RF Network Analyzer	8753ES	My40002096	12 months	2008-05
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	01033717	-	-
Power Meter	Aligent E4419B	My41291520	12 months	2008-05
Power Sensor	Agilent 8482A	US37295411	12 months	2008-05

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants

whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.36	42.1	0.94	
	± 10% window	2.12 – 2.60			
	2007-08-09	2.35	42.6	0.90	20.9
1900	Reference result	10.1	38.7	1.47	
	± 10% window	9.1 – 11.1			
	2007-08-13	9.46	38.6	1.41	20.9

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.41	56.7	0.99	
	± 10% window	2.17 – 2.65			
	2007-08-10	2.44	54.0	0.99	21.5
1900	Reference result	9.81	53.3	1.59	
	± 10% window	8.83 – 10.79			
	2007-08-14	9.47	52.0	1.54	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	± 5% window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2007-08-09	42.6	0.90	20.9
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	± 5% window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2007-08-13	38.7	1.40	20.9

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	± 5% window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2007-08-10	53.9	0.99	21.5
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	± 5% window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2007-08-14	52.1	1.52	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".



Photo of the device in "cheek" position



Photo of the device in "tilt" position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.



Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement.
The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Power		29.3 dBm	31.2 dBm	29.3 dBm
Flip open	Left	Cheek	-	0.764	-
		Tilt	-	0.343	-
	Right	Cheek	0.710	0.828	0.864
		Tilt	-	0.333	-
GSM Flip open	Right Cheek, BT active		-	-	0.882

1900MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Power		32.4 dBm	30.3 dBm	31.4 dBm
Flip open	Left	Cheek	0.712	0.831	0.885
		Tilt	-	0.154	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.620	-
		Tilt	-	0.110	-
GSM Flip open	Left Cheek, BT active		-	-	0.898

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Power	31.5 dBm	32.4 dBm	32.8 dBm
Flip closed	Without headset	-	0.431	-
	Headset HS-47	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Power	31.4 dBm	32.3 dBm	32.6 dBm
Flip closed	Without headset	0.664	0.781	0.705
	Headset HS-47	0.510	0.601	0.626
2-slot GPRS Flip closed	Without headset, BT active	-	0.746	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Power	31.7 dBm	31.6 dBm	32.3 dBm
Flip closed	Without headset	-	0.126	-
	Headset HS-47	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Power	31.7 dBm	31.5 dBm	32.2 dBm
Flip closed	Without headset	0.204	0.238	0.257
	Headset HS-47	0.252	0.265	0.308
2-slot GPRS Flip closed	Headset HS-47, BT active	-	-	0.303

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2007-08-09 11:05:13 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d005

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.895$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.55 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.5 V/m

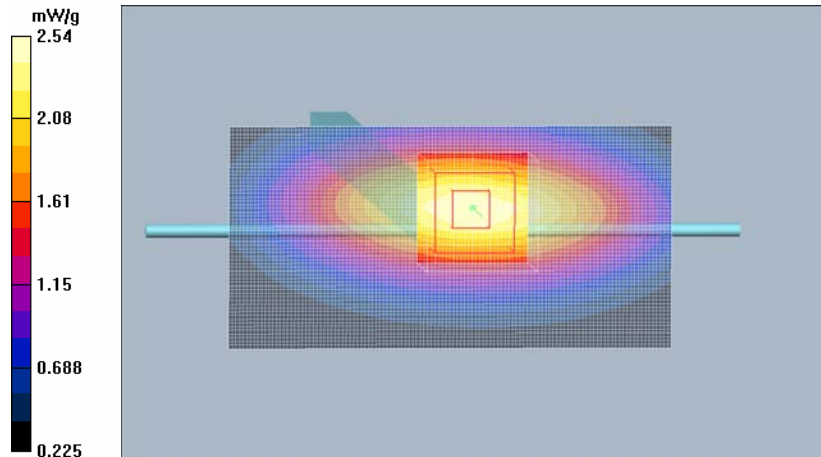
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-13 9:46:39 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:547

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.6 V/m

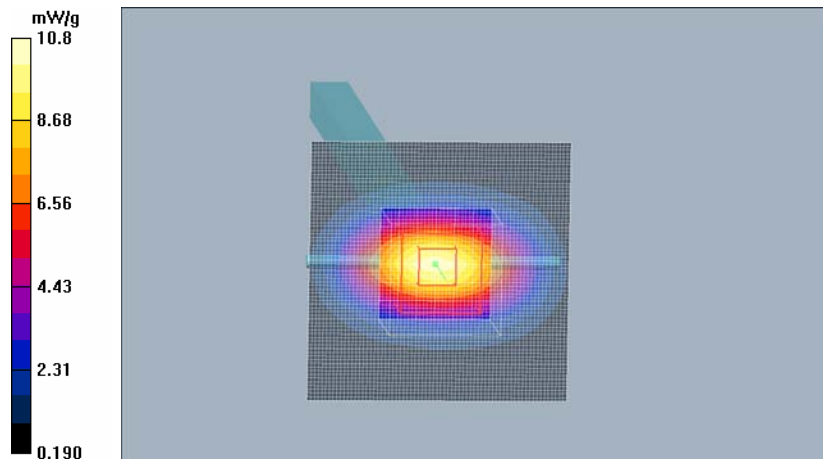
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.46 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 4.97 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-10 9:22:11 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d005

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 21.5\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 835\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.28, 6.28, 6.28); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.9 V/m

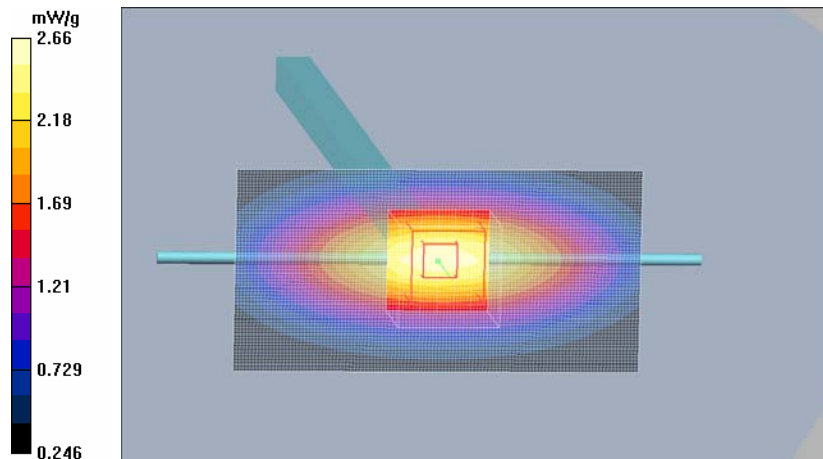
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-14 10:49:38 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:547

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.0$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.1 V/m

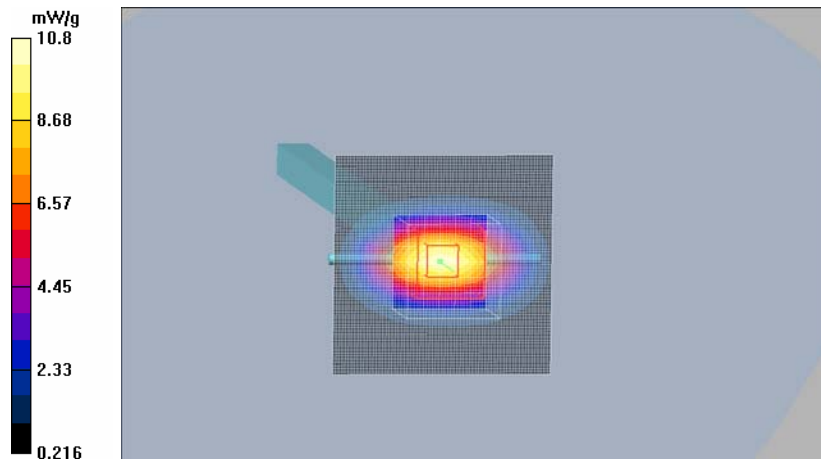
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.47 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.05 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2007-08-09 12:29:22 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.897$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.839 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m

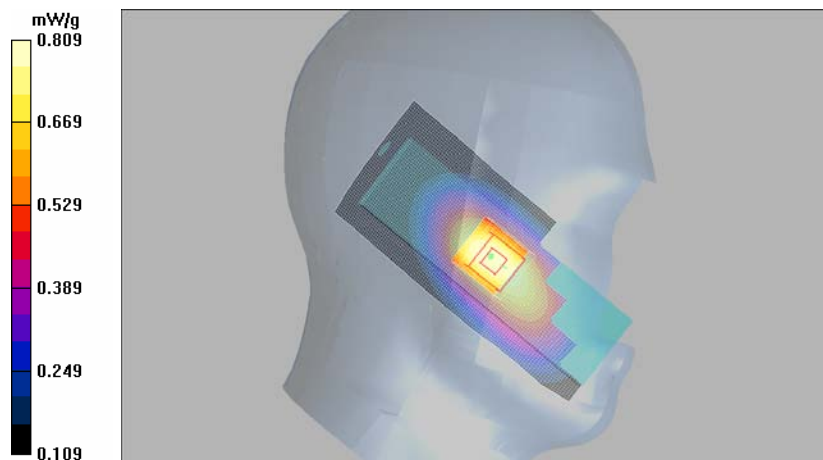
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.993 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.764 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.554 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.267 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.809 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-09 12:43:10 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 837\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.897\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m

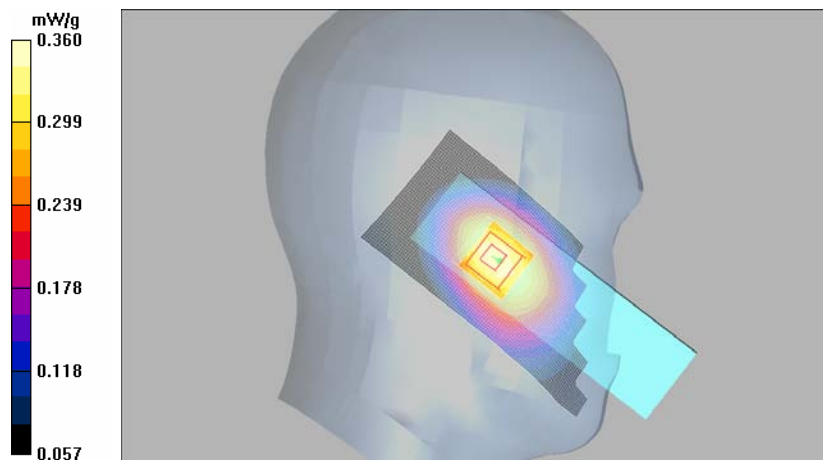
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.343 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.260 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-09 1:21:55 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - High - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.917 mW/g

Cheek position - High - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.78 V/m

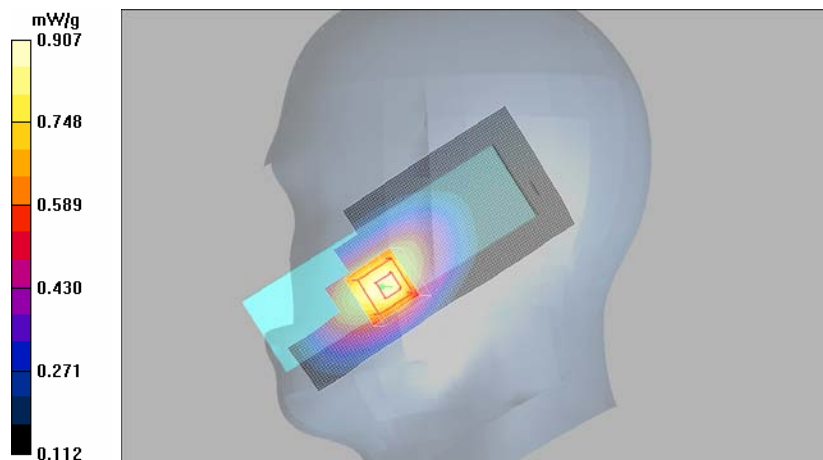
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.864 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.613 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.907 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-09 1:34:27 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.897$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.343 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m

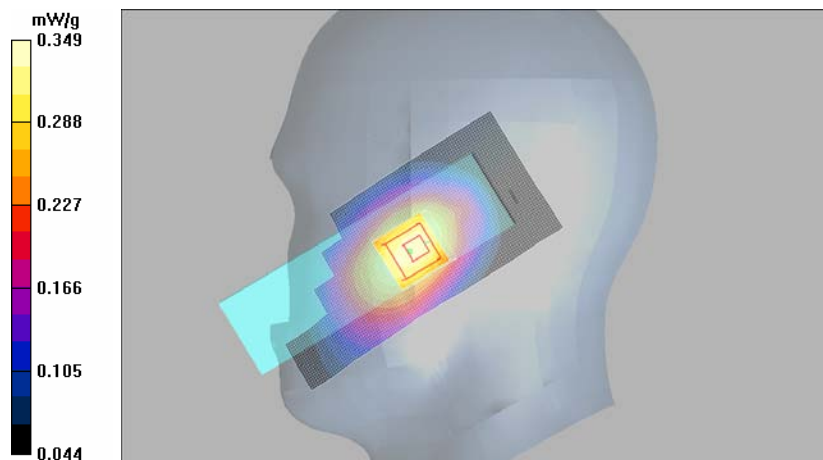
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.333 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-09 1:57:25 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.907$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1099
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - High - BT active - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.953 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BT active - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.53 V/m

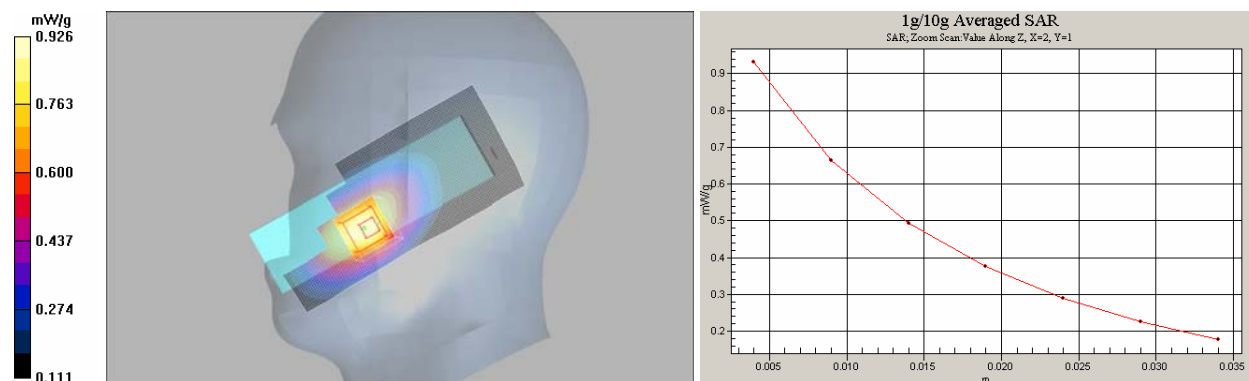
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.882 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.624 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.926 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-13 10:42:41 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.42\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - High - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.943 mW/g

Cheek position - High - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.16 V/m

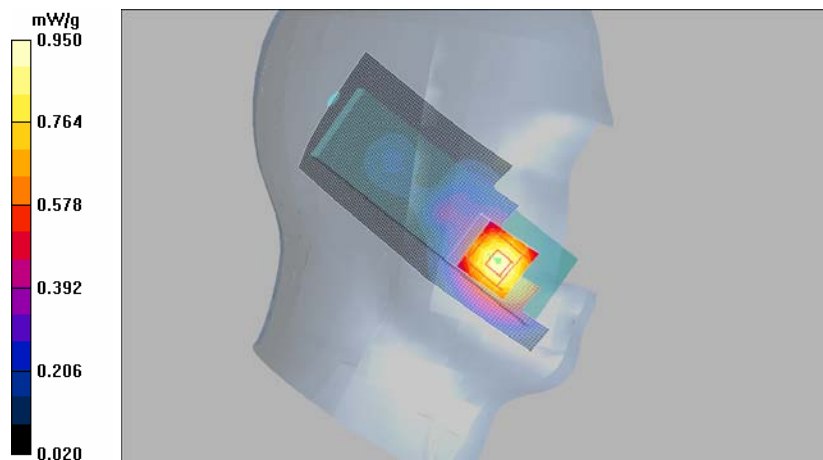
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.885 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.569 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.950 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-13 10:55:26 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.170 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.22 V/m

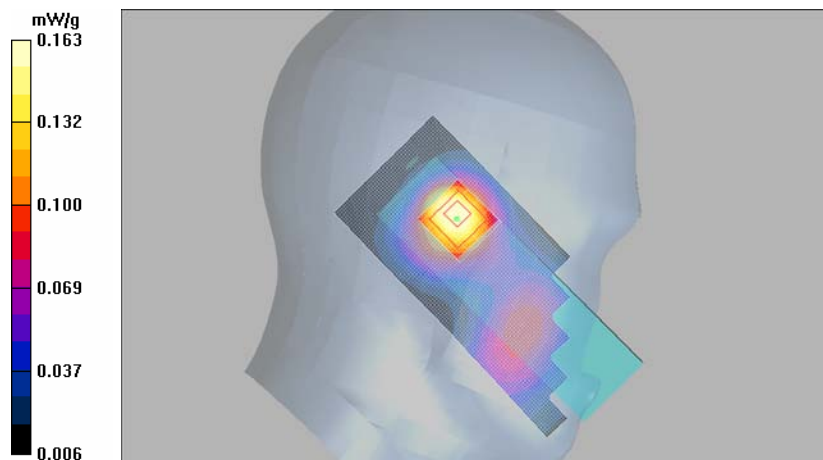
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.097 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-13 11:11:08 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - Middle - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.668 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.46 V/m

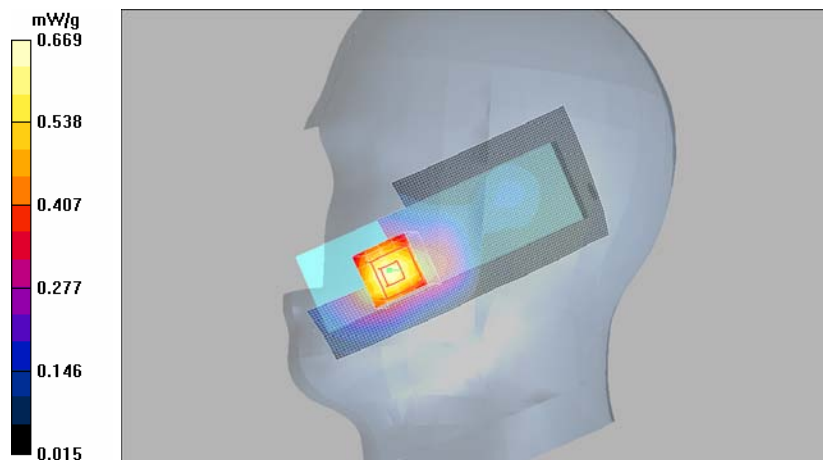
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.838 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.620 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.404 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.082 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-13 11:25:36 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=20.9\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.126 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - Flip open/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.12 V/m

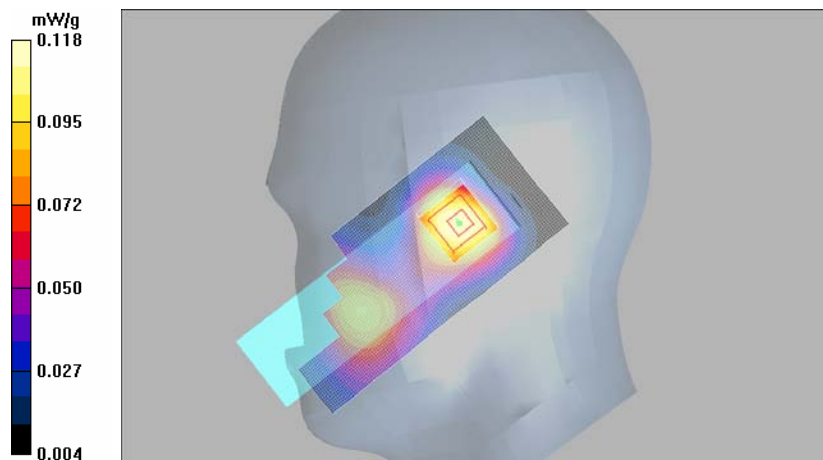
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.150 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.072 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-13 12:22:55 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Cheek position - High - Flip open - BT active/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.996 mW/g

Cheek position - High - Flip open - BT active/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.11 V/m

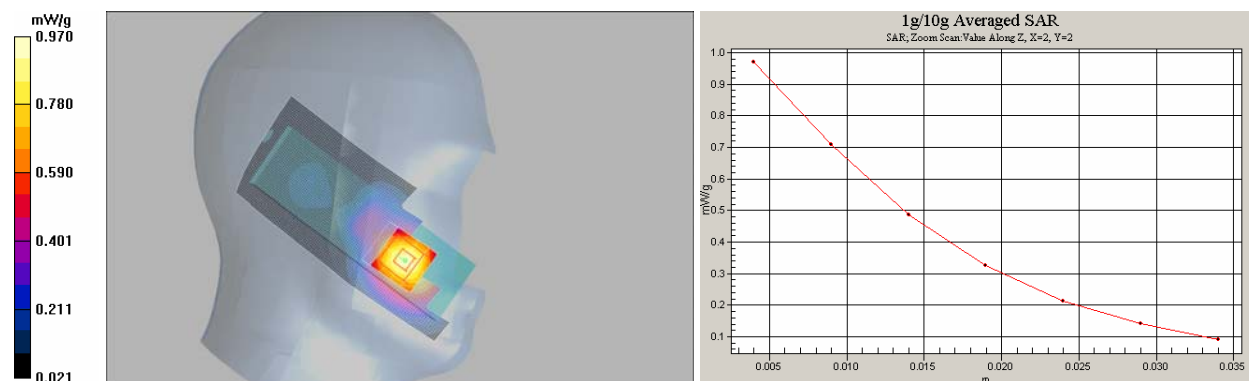
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.898 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.583 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.970 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-10 9:51:06 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 21.5$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.28, 6.28, 6.28); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.476 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.9 V/m

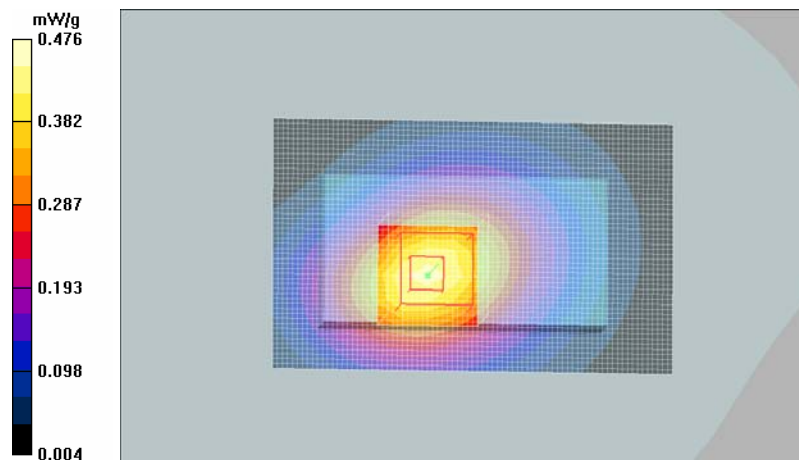
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.608 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.431 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.130 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.463 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-10 10:08:15 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 21.5$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.28, 6.28, 6.28); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.863 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m

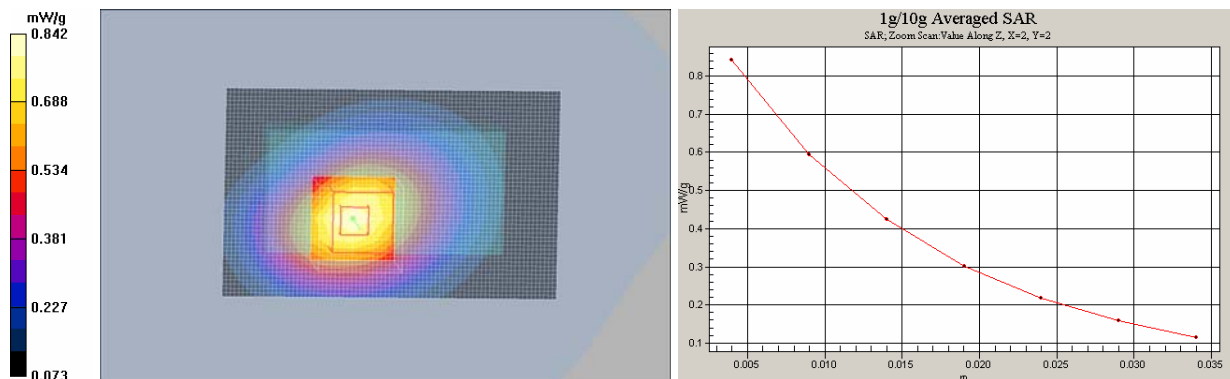
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.781 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.529 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.253 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.842 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-10 11:51:15 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 21.5$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.28, 6.28, 6.28); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - High - HS-47 - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.674 mW/g

Body - High - HS-47 - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 18.2 V/m

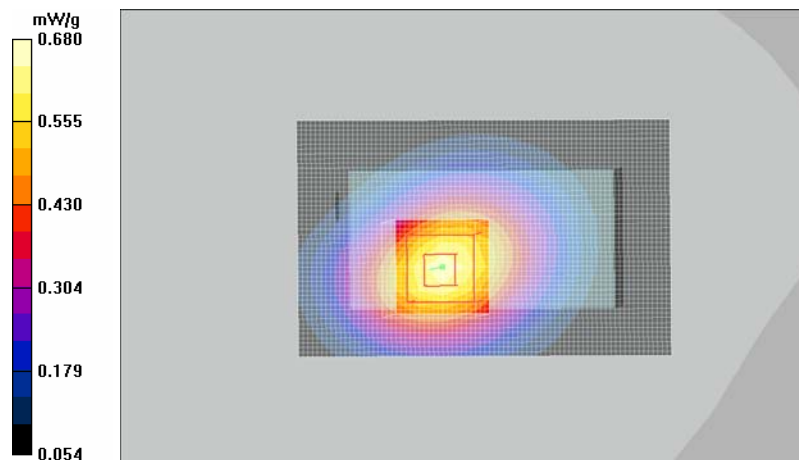
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.884 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-10 11:38:47 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t = 21.5$ C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.28, 6.28, 6.28); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1097
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BT active - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.823 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BT active - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5$ mm, $dy=7.5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 20.2 V/m

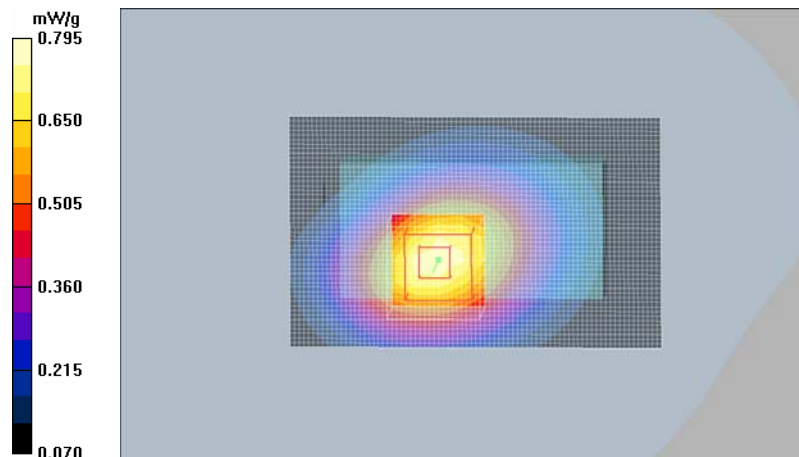
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.746 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.506 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.072 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.795 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-14 11:13:54 AM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.136 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.58 V/m

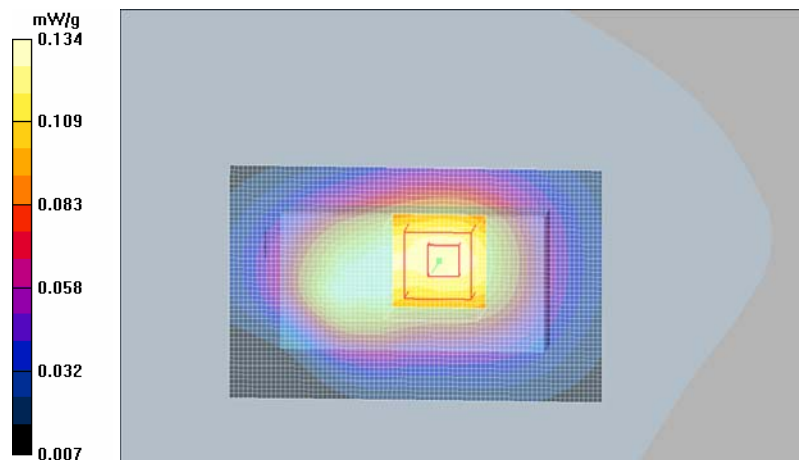
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.188 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-14 12:39:57 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - High - No Accessory - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.302 mW/g

Body - High - No Accessory - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.402 W/kg

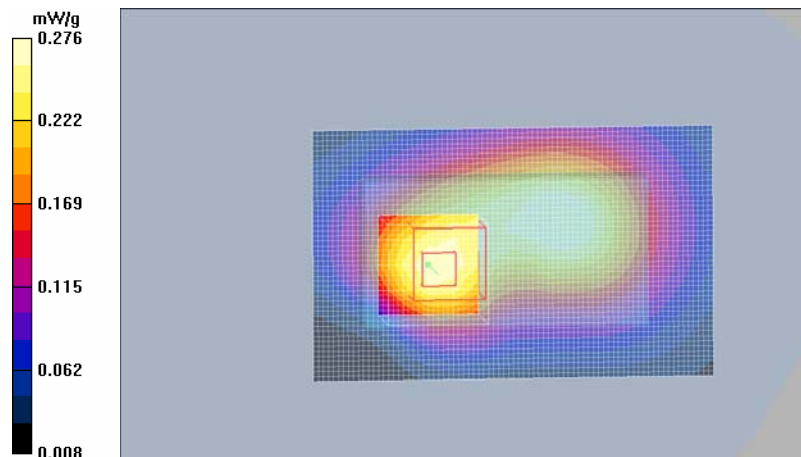
SAR(1 g) = 0.257 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-08-14 1:12:20 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - High - HS-47 - Flip closed/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.334 mW/g

Body - High - HS-47 - Flip closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m

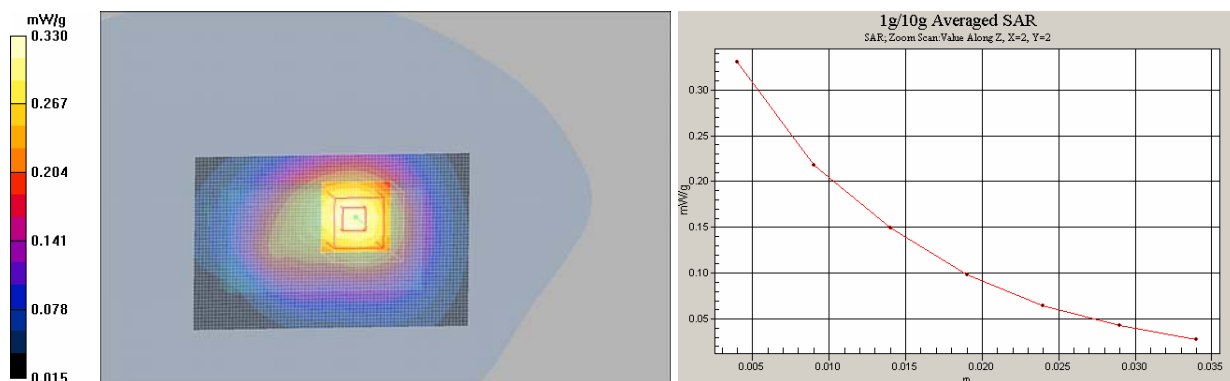
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.469 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.308 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.200 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.159 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 mW/g



SAR Report

Bej_SAR_0732_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-293

Copyright © 2007 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2007-08-14 1:22:36 PM

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-293; Serial: 001004/00/235924/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: $t=21.0\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 2006-09-21
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn480; Calibrated: 2006-09-19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1427
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Body - High - HS-47 - Flip closed - BT active/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.325 mW/g

Body - High - HS-47 - Flip closed - BT active/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m

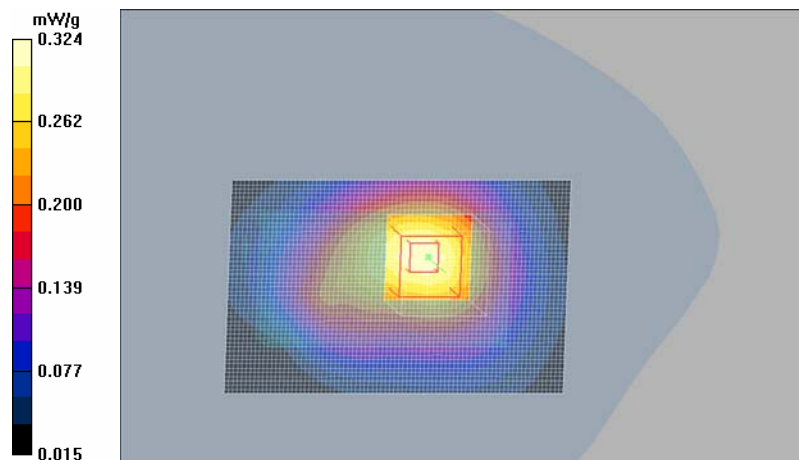
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.461 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

E-field probe ET3DV6, SN: 1652
See the next three pages



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Beijing TCC**

Certificate No: **ET3-1652_Sep06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1652**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **September 21, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: September 21, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1652

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	1.99 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	95 mV
NormY	2.03 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	94 mV
NormZ	1.89 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	95 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	4.8
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.3

TSL **1750 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.0	7.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.4

Sensor Offset

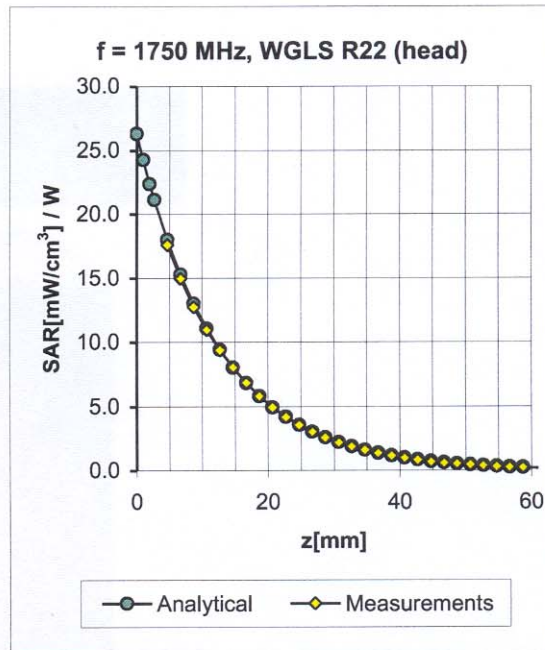
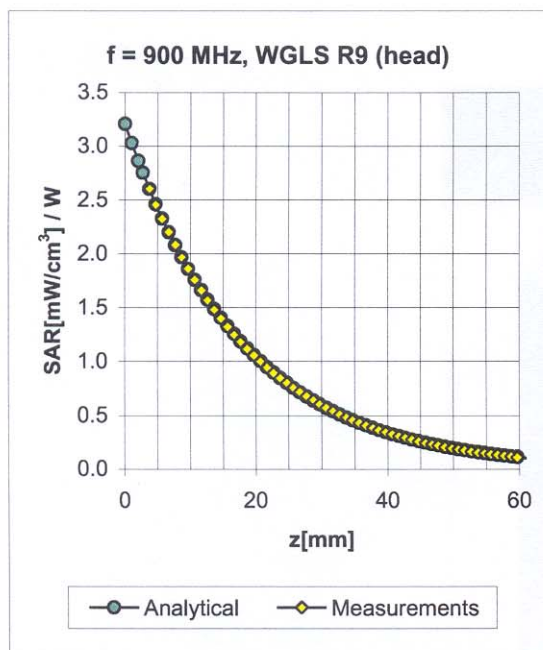
Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.35	2.44	6.85 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.70	1.72	6.40 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.63	1.83	6.21 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.49	2.72	5.18 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.58	2.59	5.02 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.58	2.57	4.88 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.76	1.87	4.58 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.30	2.70	7.61 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.57	1.96	6.28 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.56	2.01	6.10 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.61	2.63	4.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.69	2.60	4.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.72	2.40	4.43 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.60	1.68	4.11 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

835MHz dipole, SN: 4d005
1900MHz dipole, SN: 547
See the next six pages.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Beijing TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d005_Mar06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d005**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 15, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Müller	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 16, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 15.03.2006 14:15:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d005

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 14; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 165

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.53 mW/g

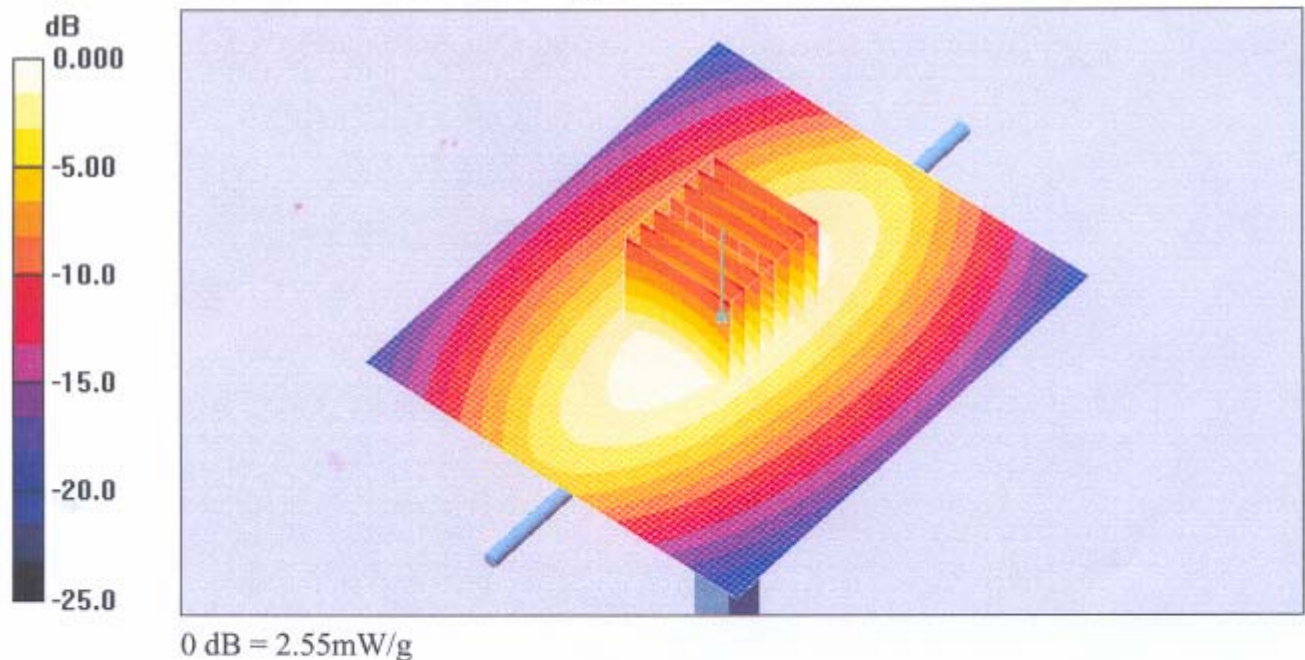
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 mW/g



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 01.03.2006 16:19:55

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d005

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.84, 5.84, 5.84); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 5; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 mW/g

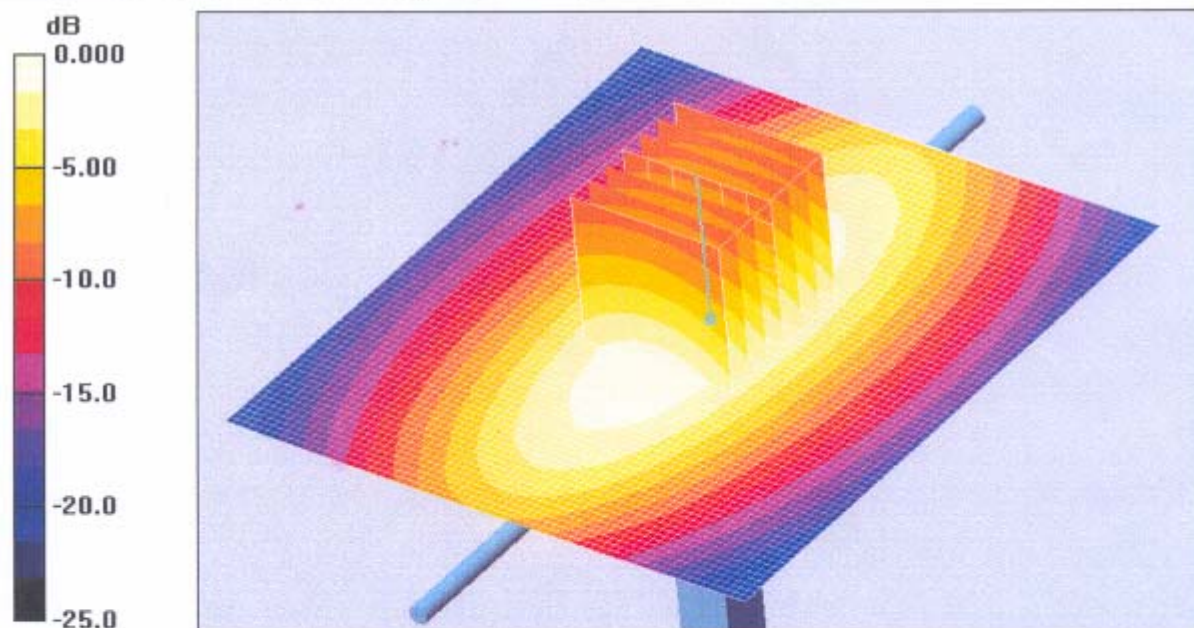
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 mW/g



0 dB = 2.60mW/g



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia TCC Beijing**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-547_Sep05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 547**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **September 27, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1507	26-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct04)	Oct-05
DAE4	SN 601	07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05)	Jan-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

Calibrated by: **Mike Meili** **Mike Meili**
 Name: **Mike Meili** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature: **M. Meili**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Katja Pokovic**
 Name: **Katja Pokovic** Technical Manager: **Katja Pokovic** Signature: **Katja Pokovic**

Issued: September 27, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.09.2005 12:58:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:547

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 26.10.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.01.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

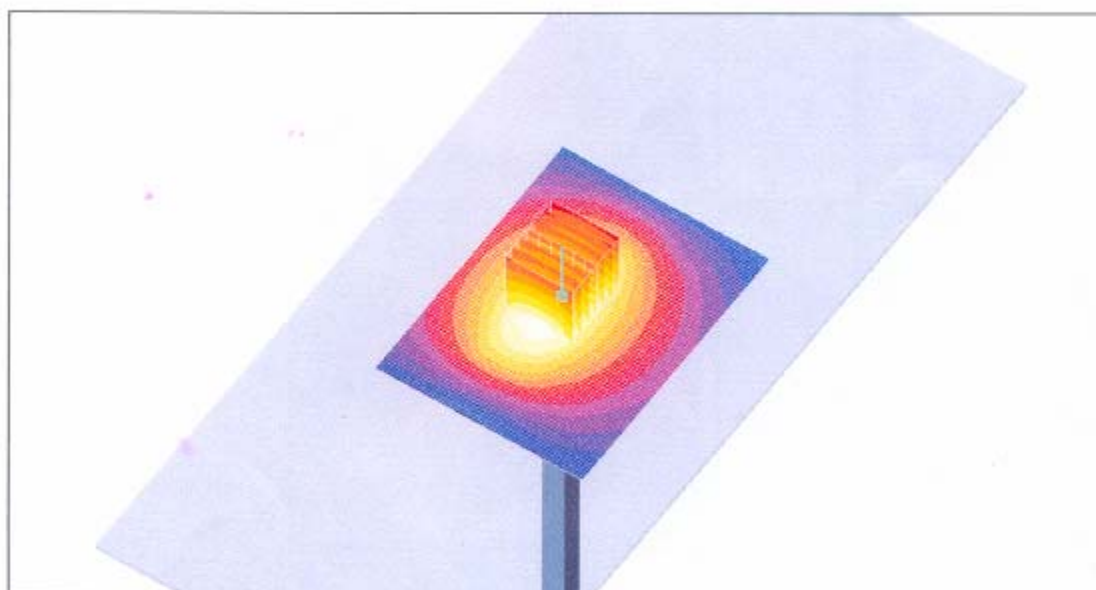
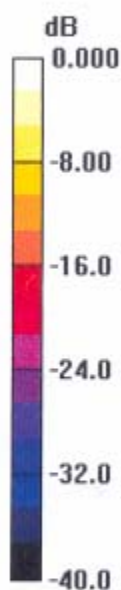
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



0 dB = 11.3mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 27.09.2005 12:11:20

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:547

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 26.10.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.01.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (61x81x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

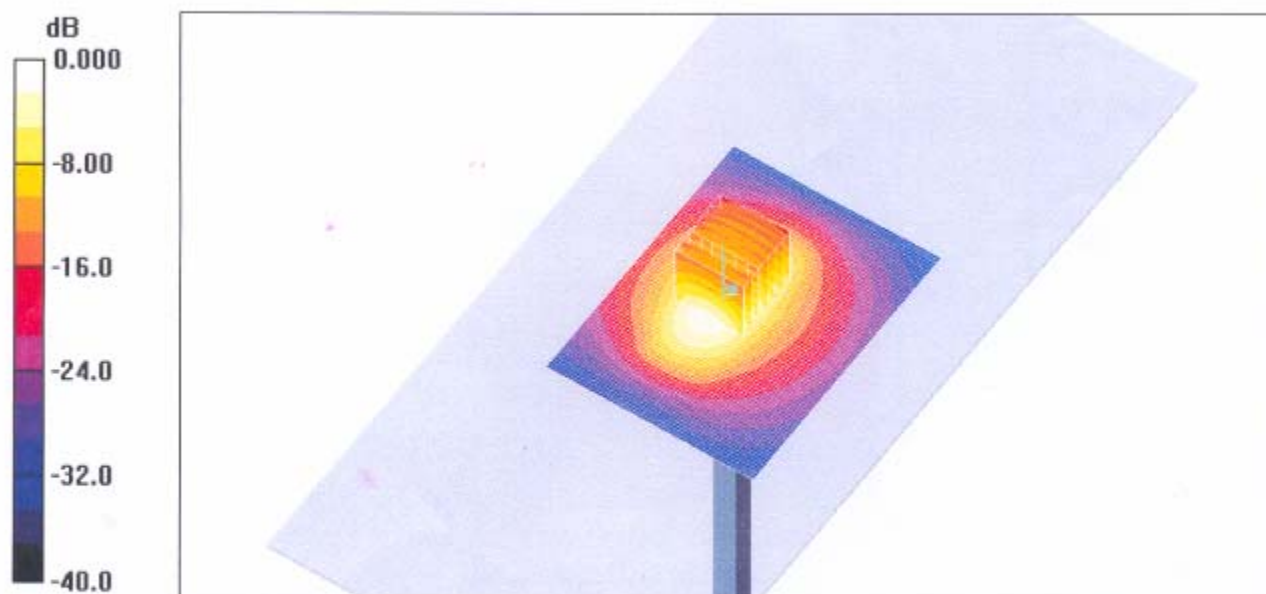
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g



0 dB = 11.1mW/g