SAR Test Report

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Model No. : A50LT

FCC ID : QRP-AZUMIA50LT

Applicant: AZUMI S.A

Address: Avenida Aquilino de la Guardia con Calle 47, PH

Ocean Plaza, Piso 16 of. 16-01, Marbella, Ciudad de

Panamá City, Rep. Panamá

Date of Receipt: Aug. 10, 2015

Date of Test : Aug. 10, 2015

Issued Date : Sept. 09, 2015

Report No. : 1580337R-HP-US-P03V01

Report Version: V1.0



Note: The report is only for LTE and 5G WIFI SAR according to the requirement of the manufacturer.

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: Sept. 09, 2015

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Applicant : AZUMI S.A

Address : Avenida Aquilino de la Guardia con Calle 47, PH Ocean Plaza, Piso

16 of. 16-01, Marbella, Ciudad de Panamá City, Rep. Panamá

Manufacturer : AZUMI (HK) LTD

Address : FLAT/RM 18 BLK 1 14/F GOLDEN INDUSTRIAL BUILDING 16-26

KWAI TAK STREET KWAI CHUNG

Model No. : A50LT

FCC ID : QRP-AZUMIA50LT

EUT Voltage : 3.8V DC
Brand Name : Azumi

Applicable Standard: IEEE Std. 1528-2013, 47CFR § 2.1093

FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04

FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01,D05 and D06

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

Head: 0.200 W/kg; Body worn: 0.574 W/kg

Performed Location: Suzhou EMC Laboratory

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, 215006,

Jiangsu, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

FCC Registration Number: 800392

Documented By

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Dream Cao



Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C. : BSMI, NCC, TAF

USA : FCC
Japan : VCCI
China : CNAS

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site : http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site : http://www.quietek.com/

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Descr	iption	Page
1. Ge	neral Information	7
1.1.	EUT Description	7
1.2.	Test Environment	9
1.3.	EUT Antenna Locations	9
1.4.	SAR Test Exclusions Applied	11
1.5.	Power Reduction for SAR	11
1.6.	Max Power Reduction for SAR	11
1.7.	Guidance Documents	11
2. SA	R Measurement System	12
2.1.	DASY5 System Description	12
2.1	.1. Applications	13
2.1	.2. Area Scans	13
2.1	.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)	13
2.1	.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging	13
2.2.	DASY5 E-Field Probe	14
2.2	.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification	14
2.3.	Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device	15
2.4.	DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server	15
2.5.	Robot	16
2.6.	Light Beam Unit	16
2.7.	Device Holder	17
2.8.	SAM Twin Phantom	17
3. Tis	sue Simulating Liquid	18
3.1.	The composition of the tissue simulating liquid	18
3.2.	Tissue Calibration Result	19
3.3.	Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms	20
4. SA	R Measurement Procedure	21
4.1.	SAR System Validation	21
4.1	.1. Validation Dipoles	21
4.1	.2. Validation Result	22
4.2.	SAR Measurement Procedure	23
4.3.	Body-Worn Accessory Configurations	24



4	4.4. Wireless Router Configurations	25
4	4.5. SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS	26
	4.5.1. Output Power Verification	26
	4.5.2. Head SAR Measurements for Handsets	26
	4.5.3. Body SAR Measurements	26
	4.5.4. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA	26
	4.5.5. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA	27
4	4.6. SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE	28
	4.6.1. Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements	28
	4.6.1.1. QPSK with 1 RB allocation	28
	4.6.1.2. QPSK with 50% RB allocation	28
	4.6.1.3. QPSK with 100% RB allocation	28
	4.6.1.4. Higher order modulations	28
	4.6.2. Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements	28
	4.6.3. Simultaneous transmission SAR test considerations for LTE	29
5.	. SAR Exposure Limits	30
3	Test Equipment List	
6.	• •	31
6. 7.		31
	. Measurement Uncertainty	31 32
7.	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement	31 32 38
7. 3. 9.	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement Test Results	31 32 38
7. 3. 9.	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement Test Results 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary	31 32 38 44
7. 3. 9.	. Measurement Uncertainty	3132384444
7. 3. 9. (Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement Test Results 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary 9.2. SAR Test Notes ppendix A. SAR System Validation Data	31384451
7. 3. 9. (. Measurement Uncertainty	31384451
7. 3. 9. 4p	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement Test Results 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary 9.2. SAR Test Notes ppendix A. SAR System Validation Data	3138445152
7. 3. 9. 4p 4p	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement Test Results 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary 9.2. SAR Test Notes ppendix A. SAR System Validation Data ppendix B. SAR measurement Data	
7. 3. 9. 4p 4p	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement 1 Test Results 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary 9.2. SAR Test Notes ppendix A. SAR System Validation Data ppendix B. SAR measurement Data ppendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs	
7. 3. 9. 4p 4p 4p	Measurement Uncertainty Conducted Power Measurement Test Results 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary 9.2. SAR Test Notes ppendix A. SAR System Validation Data ppendix B. SAR measurement Data ppendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs ppendix D. Probe Calibration Data	



History of This Test Report

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
1580337R-HP-US-P03V01	V1.0	Initial Issued Report	Sept. 09, 2015



1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	Mobile Phone		
Model No.	A50LT		
Device Category	Portable		
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled		
Antenna Type	Internal		
2G			
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900		
GPRS Class	Class 12		
Uplink	GSM 850: 824~849MHz		
	PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz		
Downlink	GSM 850: 869~894MHz		
	PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz		
Release Version	R99		
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS		
Antenna Gain	GSM 850: 1.6dBi		
	PCS1900: 3.8dBi		
3G			
Support Band	WCDMA Band II/ WCDMA Band V		
Uplink	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4~1907.6MHz		
	WCDMA Band V: 826.4~846.6MHz		
Downlink	WCDMA Band II: 1932.4~1987.6MHz		
	WCDMA Band V: 871.4~891.6MHz		
Release Version	Rel-6		
Type of modulation	QPSK for Uplink		
Antenna Gain	WCDMA Band V: 1.7dBi		
	WCDMA Band II: 3.8dBi		
4G			
Support Band	Band VII		
Uplink	Band VII: 2502.5~2567.5MHz		
Type of modulation	QPSK/16QAM		
Antenna Gain	Band VII: 3.8dBi		
WIFI			
Frequency	2412MHz~2462MHz (802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20))		
	2422MHz~2452MHz (802.11n(H40))		
	5150MHz~5250MHz(802.11a/802.11n(H20)/802.11n(H4		

Page: 7 of 130



	0))		
Type of modulation	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11a/g/n: OFDM		
	802.11b: 11 Mbps		
Data Rate	802.11a/g: 54 Mbps		
	802.11n: up to 150 Mbps		
Antenna Gain 2.9dBi			
Bluetooth			
Bluetooth Frequency	2402MHz~2480MHz		
Bluetooth Version	3.0+V4.0		
Type of modulation	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK		
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps (8DPSK)		
Antenna Gain	3 dBi		

Note1: Bluetooth power is less than P_{ref} , please refer to MPE report.

2: MPR is not supported.

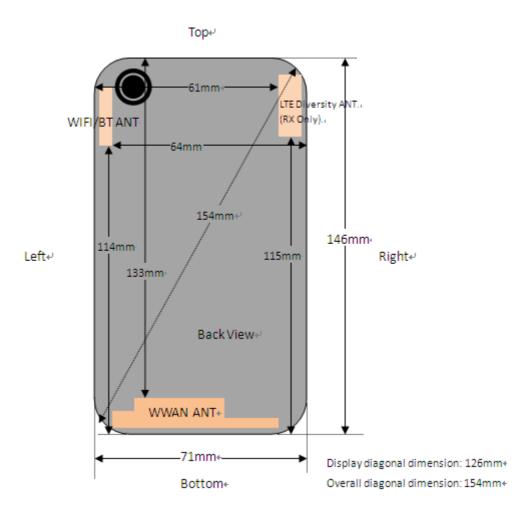


1.2. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

1.3. EUT Antenna Locations





Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left
LTE Band VII	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 guidance, page 2. The antenna photo shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.



1.4. SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/ Bluetooth

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05R02, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances<50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum output power of Bluetooth and the antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required;

[$(4.57\text{mW/5})^* \sqrt{2.480}$]=1.44<3.0 for Head; [$(4.57\text{mW/10})^* \sqrt{2.480}$]=0.72<3.0 for Body.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.

1.5. Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.6. Max Power Reduction for SAR

MPR is not supported.

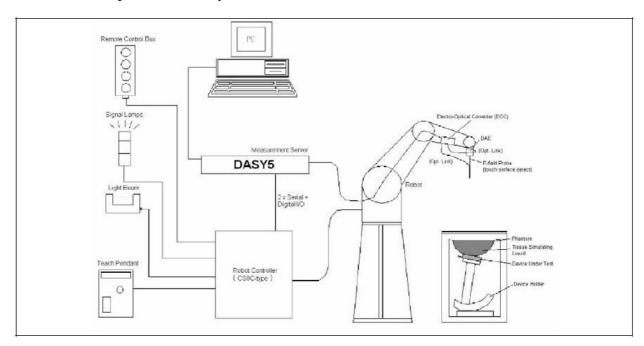
1.7. Guidance Documents

- 1) FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01, D05 and D06 (2G, 3G, LTE and Hotspot)
- 2) FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02(General SAR Guidance)
- 3) FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04(SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- 4)FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02(SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets)



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ➤ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ➤ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

Page: 13 of 130



$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in s charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to or DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic Range 10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g			
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm		
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any e (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz w 30%.	which enables	



2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY5 probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

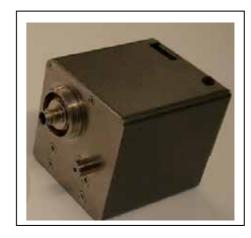


2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- > Right head
- > Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2600MHz	2600MHz	5200MHz	5200MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	55.242	64.493	65.53	75.68
Salt	0.306	0.024	0.00	0.43
Sugar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	44.452	32.252	17.24	4.42
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	17.24	19.47



3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement						
Frequency	Description	Dielectric P	Tissue Temp.			
[MHz]	Description	8 _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]		
	Reference result	39.0	1.96	N/A		
2600 MHz	± 5% window	37.05 to 40.95	1.86 to 2.06	IN/A		
	08-10-2015	38.06	1.88	21.0		
	Reference result	36.0	4.66	N/A		
5200MHz	± 5% window	34.20 to 37.80	4.43 to 4.89	IN/A		
	08-10-2015	36.94	4.60	21.0		

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement						
Frequency	Description	Dielectric P	Tissue Temp.			
[MHz]	Description	8 _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]		
2600MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	52.5 49.88 to 55.12	2.16 2.05 to 2.27	N/A		
	08-10-2015	51.43	2.09	21.0		
5200MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	49.0 46.55 to 51.45	5.30 5.04 to 5.57	N/A		
	08-10-2015	49.54	5.25	21.0		



3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	Head		Во	dy
(MHz)	٤ _r	σ (S/m)	€ _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5200	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

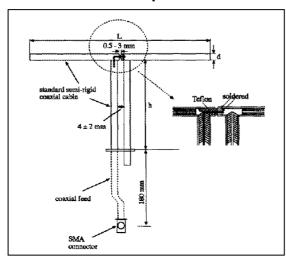
(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2600MHz	49.2	290.0	3.6
5200MHz	20.6	14.2	3.6



4.1.2. Validation Result

Validation Dipole: D2600V2, SN: 1029

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]	
2600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	57.8 52.02 to 63.58	26.0 23.4 to 28.6	N/A	
	08-10-2015	55.20	23.89	21.0	

Validation Dipole: D5200V2, SN: 1078

	1 , -			
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	78.4 70.56 to 86.24	22.4 20.16 to 24.64	N/A
	08-10-2015	82.6	23.7	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

System Performance Check at 2600MHz and 5200MHz for Body

Validation Dipole: D2600V2, SN: 1029

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]	
2600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	56.5 50.85 to 62.15	25.0 22.5 to 27.5	N/A	
	08-10-2015	53.20	22.60	21.0	

Validation Dipole: D5200V2, SN: 1078

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	80.7 72.63 to 88.77	22.8 20.52 to 25.08	N/A
	08-10-2015	81.7	23.2	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

p: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).



4.3. Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



4.4. Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the Wi-Fi transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



4.5. SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

4.5.1. Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

4.5.2. Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

4.5.3. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

4.5.4. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.



The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of β c=9 and β d=15, and power offset parameters of Δ ACK= Δ NACK =5 and Δ CQI=2 is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

4.5.5. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is \leq 75 % of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under "Release 6 HSPA data devices"

Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

Sub- test	βε	βα	β ₄ (SF)	β _c /β _d	β _{ls} ⁽¹⁾	βec	β _{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} : 47/15 β _{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	_64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{le}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.



4.6. SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

4.6.1. Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

4.6.1.1. QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.

When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

4.6.1.2. QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

4.6.1.3. QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4.6.1.4. Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

4.6.2. Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the



largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth

according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

4.6.3. Simultaneous transmission SAR test considerations for LTE

Standalone SAR results of the individual transmitters and antennas for the frequency bands, operating modes, device operating configurations and exposure conditions are applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test requirements, with respect to the applicable published RF exposure KDB procedures; for example, voice and data modes in LTE, 1xRTT, WCDMA, GSM, EvDo, HSPA, GPRS/EDGE, WiMax, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth etc. The SAR test reduction and exclusion provisions in KDB 447498 should be applied separately for head, body-worn accessory and other use test conditions according to the channel bandwidths, modulations, RB offsets and allocations in each frequency band.

The conditions and configurations that qualify for test exclusion or reduction must be clearly described in the SAR report. When simultaneous transmission SAR measurement is required, the enlarged zoom scan measurement and volume scan post-processing procedures in KDB 865664 must be applied, in conjunction with the published RF exposure KDB procedures required for the product platform and wireless technologies, to each device operating configuration and exposure condition.

Depending on the different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations, maximum output variations among RB configurations, when LTE devices transmit simultaneously with other wireless modes (for example, Wi-Fi, which has even more data rate, modulation and frequency band combinations), the simultaneous transmission configurations can become very complicated, to the extent that it would be very difficult to develop test procedures to cover all circumstances. When it is unclear, a KDB inquiry should be considered to clarify the test plan or any test concerns to avoid issues during equipment approval.



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled
	Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	N/A
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2600V2	1029	2016.02.23
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D5GHzV2	1078	2016.03.02
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data	Speag	DAE4	1220	2016.01.19
Acquisition Electronic				
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2016.03.26
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2016.03.10
Communication Tester				
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2016.03.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2016.03.10
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2015.10.29
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2015.10.29



7. Measurement Uncertainty

		DASY	′5 Unc	ertain	tv			
Measurement uncertainty	for 300 M				•	′ 10 gram.		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System		ı	l		l	·	•	·
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related		•				•		•
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup		•	•	•	•			
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	LE 00/	Б	ra .	0.64	0.42	14.00/	14.20/	∞
(target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	ω
Liquid Conductivity	12.50/	N	1	0.64	0.42	14 60/	14 40/	
(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity	±5.0%	R	তি	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
(target)	±3.0%	Γ	√3	0.0	0.48	±1./70	±1.470	~
Liquid Permittivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
(meas.)	±2.J/0	I N	'	0.0	0.43	±1.J/0	⊥1.∠/0	
Combined Std. Uncertain	inty					±11.0%	±10.8%	387
Expanded STD Uncertain	inty					±22.0%	±21.5%	

Page: 32 of 130



		DASY	′5 Und	ertair	ntv			
Measurement uncertainty	for 3 GHz					gram.		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System		•	•	1	'	-1	•	•
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±9.9%	R	√3	1	1	±5.7%	±5.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related		•	•	1	'	-1	•	•
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup					•	•	•	
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	8
Liquid Conductivity	±5.0%	R	lo lo	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	8
(target)	15.0%	K	√3	0.04	0.43	11.0%	II.Z70	~
Liquid Conductivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	8
(meas.)	12.576	IN	1	0.04	0.43	±1.070	±1.170	~
Liquid Permittivity	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
(target)	10.070		γJ	0.0	0.40	11.770	11.470	
Liquid Permittivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
(meas.)	±2.070	1	'	0.0	0.40	1.070	±1.2/0	
Combined Std. Uncerta	inty					±12.8%	±12.6%	330
Expanded STD Uncerta	inty					±25.6%	±25.2%	

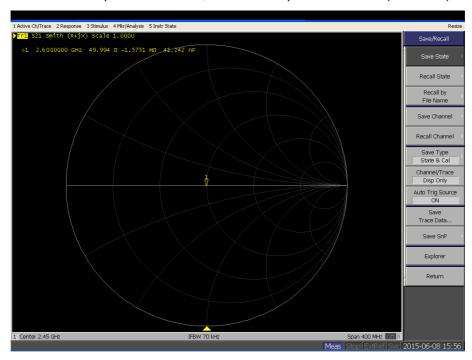
Note: Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 requirements for dipole calibration, QuieTek Lab has adopted two years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:



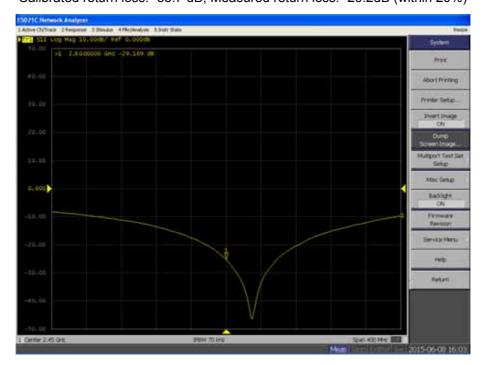
- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement (Show below);
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement (Show below).

2600 Head

Calibrated impedance: 51.4 Ω ; Measured impedance: 50.0 Ω (within 5 Ω)



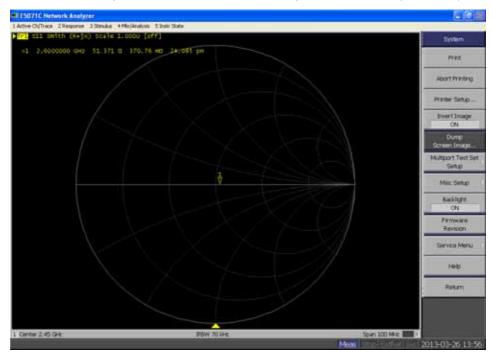
Calibrated return loss: -33.7 dB; Measured return loss: -29.2dB (within 20%)



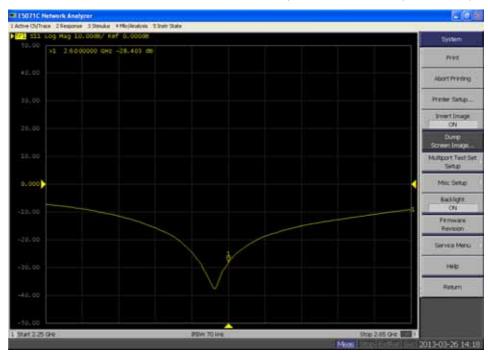


2600 Body

Calibrated impedance: 46.9 Ω ; Measured impedance: 51.4 Ω (within 5 Ω)



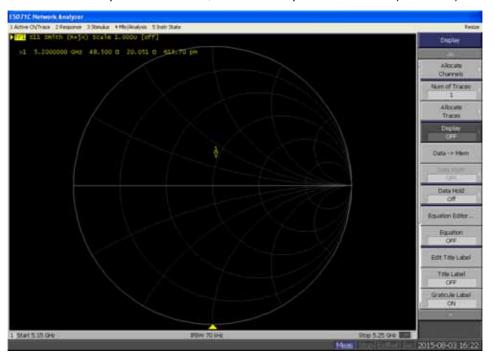
Calibrated return loss: -29.7 dB; Measured impedance: -28.4 dB (within 20%)



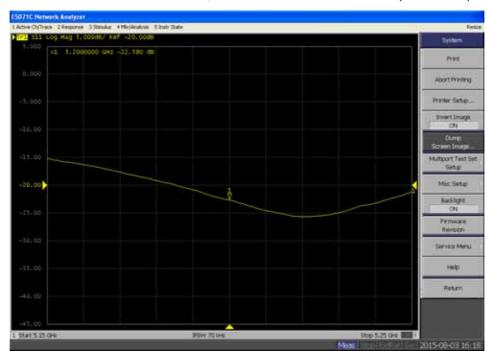


5200 Head

Calibrated impedance: 52.3 Ω ; Measured impedance: 48.5 Ω (within 5 Ω)



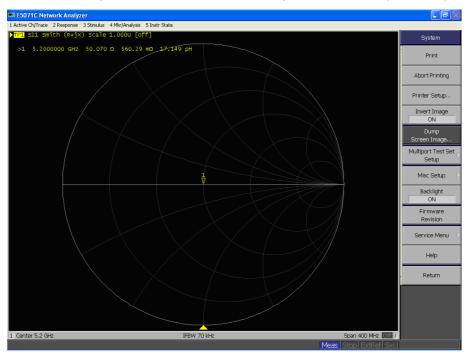
Calibrated return loss: -19.7 dB; Measured return loss: -22.6dB (within 20%)



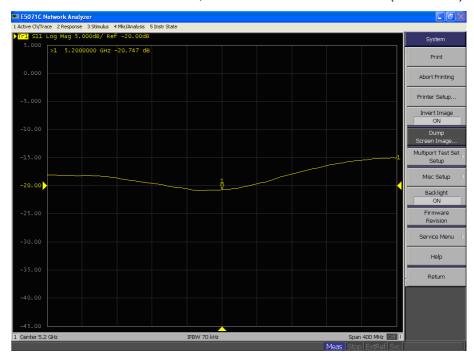


5200 Body

Calibrated impedance: 52.0 Ω ; Measured impedance: 50.1 Ω (within 5 Ω)



Calibrated return loss: -20.9 dB; Measured return loss: -20.7dB (within 20%)





8. Conducted Power Measurement

LTE Band VII

Frequency [MHz]	Uplink Channel Number	BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Maximum Average Power [dBm]	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
2510	20850	20	1	0		22.07	22.5	1.104
2510	20850	20	1	49		22.55	23.0	1.109
2510	20850	20	1	99		22.52	23.0	1.117
2510	20850	20	50	0	QPSK	21.69	22.0	1.074
2510	20850	20	50	24		21.89	22.0	1.026
2510	20850	20	50	49		21.57	22.0	1.104
2510	20850	20	100	0		21.43	21.5	1.016
2510	20850	20	1	0		21.81	22.0	1.045
2510	20850	20	1	49		22.46	22.5	1.009
2510	20850	20	1	99		22.39	22.5	1.026
2510	20850	20	50	0	16-QAM	20.41	20.5	1.021
2510	20850	20	50	24		20.73	21.0	1.064
2510	20850	20	50	49	•	20.91	21.0	1.021
2510	20850	20	100	0		20.91	21.0	1.021
2507.5	20825	15	1	0		21.73	22.0	1.064
2507.5	20825	15	1	37		22.50	22.5	1.000
2507.5	20825	15	1	74		22.86	23.0	1.033
2507.5	20825	15	36	0	QPSK	21.25	21.5	1.059
2507.5	20825	15	36	18		21.19	21.5	1.074
2507.5	20825	15	36	37		21.40	21.5	1.023
2507.5	20825	15	75	0		20.96	21.0	1.009
2507.5	20825	15	1	0		21.14	21.5	1.086
2507.5	20825	15	1	37		21.44	21.5	1.014
2507.5	20825	15	1	74		22.44	22.5	1.014
2507.5	20825	15	36	0	16-QAM	20.25	20.5	1.059
2507.5	20825	15	36	18		20.52	21.0	1.117
2507.5	20825	15	36	37	37 0 0 24 QPSK	20.38	20.5	1.028
2507.5	20825	15	75	0		20.82	21.0	1.042
2505	20800	10	1	0		22.06	22.5	1.107
2505	20800	10	1	24		21.50	21.5	1.000
2505	20800	10	1	49		22.27	22.5	1.054

Page: 38 of 130



2505	20800	10	25	0		20.98	21.0	1.005
2505	20800	10	25	12		21.33	21.5	1.040
2505	20800	10	25	24		20.87	21.0	1.030
2505	20800	10	50	0		21.04	21.5	1.112
2505	20800	10	1	0		20.68	21.0	1.076
2505	20800	10	1	24		21.31	21.5	1.045
2505	20800	10	1	49		20.91	21.0	1.021
2505	20800	10	25	0	16-QAM	19.95	20.0	1.012
2505	20800	10	25	12		20.28	20.5	1.052
2505	20800	10	25	24		20.88	21.0	1.028
2505	20800	10	50	0		20.10	20.5	1.096
2502.5	20775	5	1	0		22.21	22.5	1.069
2502.5	20775	5	1	12		21.62	22.0	1.091
2502.5	20775	5	1	24		22.17	22.5	1.079
2502.5	20775	5	12	0	QPSK	20.42	20.5	1.019
2502.5	20775	5	12	6		20.81	21.0	1.045
2502.5	20775	5	12	11		20.56	21.0	1.107
2502.5	20775	5	25	0		21.21	21.5	1.069
2502.5	20775	5	1	0		20.68	21.0	1.076
2502.5	20775	5	1	12		20.26	20.5	1.057
2502.5	20775	5	1	24		21.03	21.5	1.114
2502.5	20775	5	12	0	16-QAM	19.60	20.0	1.096
2502.5	20775	5	12	6		19.75	20.0	1.059
2502.5	20775	5	12	11		20.33	20.5	1.040
2502.5	20775	5	25	0		20.03	20.5	1.114
2535	21100	20	1	0		22.85	23.0	1.035
2535	21100	20	1	49		22.49	22.5	1.002
2535	21100	20	1	99		22.49	22.5	1.002
2535	21100	20	50	0	QPSK	21.49	21.5	1.002
2535	21100	20	50	24		21.72	22.0	1.067
2535	21100	20	50	49		21.28	21.5	1.052
2535	21100	20	100	0		21.65	22.0	1.084
2535	21100	20	1	0		22.43	22.5	1.016
2535	21100	20	1	49		21.18	21.5	1.076
2535	21100	20	1	99		22.10	22.5	1.096
2535	21100	20	50	0		21.46	21.5	1.009
2535	21100	20	50	24		21.36	21.5	1.033
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2535	21100	20	50	49		20.99	21.0	1.002
2535	21100	20	100	0		20.58	21.0	1.102
2535	21100	15	1	0		22.76	23.0	1.057
2535	21100	15	1	37		22.18	22.5	1.076
2535	21100	15	1	74		22.80	23.0	1.047
2535	21100	15	36	0	QPSK	21.53	22.0	1.114
2535	21100	15	36	18		21.79	22.0	1.050
2535	21100	15	36	37		21.42	21.5	1.019
2535	21100	15	75	0		21.66	22.0	1.081
2535	21100	15	1	0		22.23	22.5	1.064
2535	21100	15	1	37		21.11	21.5	1.094
2535	21100	15	1	74		22.18	22.5	1.076
2535	21100	15	36	0	16-QAM	21.32	21.5	1.042
2535	21100	15	36	18		20.76	21.0	1.057
2535	21100	15	36	37		20.90	21.0	1.023
2535	21100	15	75	0		20.98	21.0	1.005
2535	21100	10	1	0		22.06	22.5	1.107
2535	21100	10	1	24		22.45	22.5	1.012
2535	21100	10	1	49		22.42	22.5	1.019
2535	21100	10	25	0	QPSK	22.07	22.5	1.104
2535	21100	10	25	12		21.97	22.0	1.007
2535	21100	10	25	24		22.17	22.5	1.079
2535	21100	10	50	0		21.28	21.5	1.052
2535	21100	10	1	0		21.80	22.0	1.047
2535	21100	10	1	24		21.27	21.5	1.054
2535	21100	10	1	49		21.59	22.0	1.099
2535	21100	10	25	0	16-QAM	20.63	21.0	1.089
2535	21100	10	25	12		21.21	21.5	1.069
2535	21100	10	25	24		20.62	21.0	1.091
2535	21100	10	50	0		20.61	21.0	1.094
2535	21100	5	1	0		22.53	23.0	1.114
2535	21100	5	1	12		22.55	23.0	1.109
2535	21100	5	1	24		22.26	22.5	1.057
2535	21100	5	12	0	0 QPSK	22.22	22.5	1.067
2535	21100	5	12	6		21.84	22.0	1.038
2535	21100	5	12	11		21.50	21.5	1.000
2535	21100	5	25	0		22.14	22.5	1.086
[I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		



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2535	21100	5	1	0		22.32	22.5	1.042
2535	21100	5	1	12		21.94	22.0	1.014
2535	21100	5	1	24		21.73	22.0	1.064
2535	21100	5	12	0	16-QAM	21.24	21.5	1.062
2535	21100	5	12	6		21.12	21.5	1.091
2535	21100	5	12	11		20.99	21.0	1.002
2535	21100	5	25	0		20.66	21.0	1.081
2560	21350	20	1	0		21.95	22.0	1.012
2560	21350	20	1	49		22.11	22.5	1.094
2560	21350	20	1	99		22.05	22.5	1.109
2560	21350	20	50	0	QPSK	21.33	21.5	1.040
2560	21350	20	50	24		21.56	22.0	1.107
2560	21350	20	50	49		21.36	21.5	1.033
2560	21350	20	100	0		21.46	21.5	1.009
2560	21350	20	1	0		21.66	22.0	1.081
2560	21350	20	1	49		21.63	22.0	1.089
2560	21350	20	1	99	16-QAM	21.55	22.0	1.109
2560	21350	20	50	0		21.08	21.5	1.102
2560	21350	20	50	24		20.54	21.0	1.112
2560	21350	20	50	49		21.12	21.5	1.091
2560	21350	20	100	0		20.88	21.0	1.028
2562.5	21375	15	1	0		22.76	23.0	1.057
2562.5	21375	15	1	37		21.92	22.0	1.019
2562.5	21375	15	1	74		21.69	22.0	1.074
2562.5	21375	15	36	0	QPSK	21.54	22.0	1.112
2562.5	21375	15	36	18		21.57	22.0	1.104
2562.5	21375	15	36	37		21.27	21.5	1.054
2562.5	21375	15	75	0		21.83	22.0	1.040
2562.5	21375	15	1	0		21.72	22.0	1.067
2562.5	21375	15	1	37		21.67	22.0	1.079
2562.5	21375	15	1	74		21.55	22.0	1.109
2562.5	21375	15	36	0	16-QAM	21.04	21.5	1.112
2562.5	21375	15	36	18	7	20.19	20.5	1.074
2562.5	21375	15	36	37		20.76	21.0	1.057
2562.5	21375	15	75	0		20.59	21.0	1.099
2565	21400	10	1	0	0.00.1	21.83	22.0	1.040
2565	21400	10	1	24	QPSK	22.15	22.5	1.084



2565	21400	10	1	49		22.06	22.5	1.107
2565	21400	10	25	0		21.62	22.0	1.091
2565	21400	10	25	12		21.77	22.0	1.054
2565	21400	10	25	24		21.83	22.0	1.040
2565	21400	10	50	0		21.86	22.0	1.033
2565	21400	10	1	0		21.52	22.0	1.117
2565	21400	10	1	24		21.74	22.0	1.062
2565	21400	10	1	49		21.19	21.5	1.074
2565	21400	10	25	0	16-QAM	21.16	21.5	1.081
2565	21400	10	25	12		20.97	21.0	1.007
2565	21400	10	25	24		20.65	21.0	1.084
2565	21400	10	50	0		21.05	21.5	1.109
2567.5	21425	5	1	0		22.93	23.0	1.016
2567.5	21425	5	1	12		22.27	22.5	1.054
2567.5	21425	5	1	24		22.53	23.0	1.114
2567.5	21425	5	12	0	QPSK	21.90	22.0	1.023
2567.5	21425	5	12	6		20.97	21.0	1.007
2567.5	21425	5	12	11		21.49	21.5	1.002
2567.5	21425	5	25	0		21.18	21.5	1.076
2567.5	21425	5	1	0		22.05	22.5	1.109
2567.5	21425	5	1	12		21.59	22.0	1.099
2567.5	21425	5	1	24		21.53	22.0	1.114
2567.5	21425	5	12	0	6	20.23	20.5	1.064
2567.5	21425	5	12	6		20.45	20.5	1.012
2567.5	21425	5	12	11		20.68	21.0	1.076
2567.5	21425	5	25	0		20.95	21.0	1.012

Note: All SAR testing was done in QPSK according to the power above.



WIFI Power

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Output Power	Max. Power	Scaling
		(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor
	5180	9.01	9.5	1.119
802.11a	5200	9.06	9.5	1.107
	5240	8.44	8.5	1.014
	5180	8.07	8.5	1.104
802.11n(20MHz)	5200	8.09	8.5	1.099
	5240	8.52	9.0	1.117
000 44 = (40 M L =)	5190	8.27	8.5	1.054
802.11n(40MHz)	5230	8.32	8.5	1.042



9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEAS	UREMEN	JT							
Ambient Tem			± 2		Rel	ative Hum	nidity (%):	52	
Liquid Tempe	erature (°C	c): 21.0 ±	2		Dep	oth of Liqu	ıid (cm):>	15	
Product: Mol	oile Phone	!							
Test Mode: LT	E Band VII	20MHz Ba	ndwidth Q	PSK 1RB	ORB Offset				
Toot Docition	Antonno	Frequ	ency	Frame	Power	0.4.0.4	0 11	Scaled	,
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Left-Cheek	Fixed	20850	2510	22.07			1.104		1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	0.10	0.053	1.035	0.055	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	21350	2560	21.95			1.012		1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	0.11	0.057	1.035	0.059	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	20850	2510	22.07			1.104		1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	0.20	0.193	1.035	0.200	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	21350	2560	21.95			1.012	-	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	-0.05	0.027	1.035	0.028	1.6
Test Mode: LT	E Band VII	20MHz Ba	ndwidth Q	PSK 50%F	RB 0RB Off	fset			
Left-Cheek	Fixed	20850	2510	21.69			1.074		1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.12	0.060	1.002	0.060	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	21350	2560	21.33			1.040		1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	-0.12	0.047	1.002	0.047	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	20850	2510	21.69			1.074		1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.07	0.168	1.002	0.168	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	21350	2560	21.33			1.040		1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.08	0.048	1.002	0.048	1.6
Note1: when t D01 v05r02.	he 1-g SAF	R is ≤ 0.8 W	/kg, testin	g for low a	nd high cha	annel is op	tional, refe	r to KDB 4	47498



SAR MEASU	REMENT	•								
Ambient Tempo	erature (°C	C): 21.5 ±	2		Re	lative Hur	midity (%)): 52		
Liquid Tempera	ature (°C)	: 21.0 ± 2		Depth of Liquid (cm):>15						
Product: Mobile	e Phone									
Body-worn Ad	cessory	SAR Conf	igurati	ons						
Test Mode: LTE	Band VII 20	0MHz Band	dwidth Q	PSK 1RB 0I	RB Offset					
Test Position	Antenna	Freque	ency	Frame	Power	SAR 1g	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Limit	
Body (10mm gap)	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	(W/kg)	Factor	1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Body-worn	Fixed	20850	2510	22.07			1.104		1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	-0.04	0.555	1.035	0.574	1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	21350	2560	21.95			1.012		1.6	
Test Mode: LTE Band VII 20MHz Bandwidth QPSK 50%RB 0RB Offset										
Body-worn	Fixed	20850	2510	21.69			1.074		1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.13	0.429	1.002	0.430	1.6	
Body-worn Fixed 21350 2560 21.33 1.040 1.6										
Hotspot SAR	Configura	ations								
Test Mode: LTE	Band VII 20	0MHz Band	dwidth Q	PSK 1RB 0I	RB Offset					
Back	Fixed	20850	2510	22.07		-	1.104		1.6	
Back	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	-0.04	0.555	1.035	0.574	1.6	
Back	Fixed	21350	2560	21.95			1.012		1.6	
Front	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	0.07	0.331	1.035	0.343	1.6	
Left side	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	-0.17	0.025	1.035	0.026	1.6	
Right side	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	-0.15	0.036	1.035	0.037	1.6	
Bottom	Fixed	21100	2535	22.85	0.09	0.542	1.035	0.561	1.6	
Test Mode: LTE	Band VII 20	0MHz Band	dwidth Q	PSK 50%RI	B ORB Off	set				
Back	Fixed	20850	2510	21.69			1.074		1.6	
Back	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.13	0.429	1.002	0.430	1.6	
Back	Fixed	21350	2560	21.33			1.040		1.6	
Front	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.17	0.332	1.002	0.333	1.6	
Left side	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	-0.14	0.038	1.002	0.038	1.6	



Right side	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	0.11	0.032	1.002	0.032	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	21100	2535	21.49	-0.06	0.454	1.002	0.455	1.6

Note: when the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498 D01 v05r02.



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Test Mode: 802.11a 5.2G

Test Position	Antenna	Frequ	ency	Frame	Power	0.4.0.4	0 11	Scaled			
	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
Left-Cheek	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.15	0.067	1.107	0.074	1.6		
Left-Tilted	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.18	0.053	1.107	0.059	1.6		
Right-Cheek	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	-0.06	0.130	1.107	0.144	1.6		
Right-Tilted	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	-0.17	0.074	1.107	0.082	1.6		

Note: All the test channels are selected according to KDB 248227 D01v02.



Left-Tilted

Right-Cheek

Right-Tilted

Fixed

Fixed

Fixed

SAR MEASUREMENT										
Ambient Tem	perature (°	°C) : 21.5 ±	± 2		Rela	ative Hum	nidity (%):	52		
Liquid Tempe	rature (°C): 21.0 ± 2			Dep	th of Liqu	id (cm):>	15		
Product: Mob	ile phone									
Test Mode: 802	2.11a 5.2G									
		Freque	ency	Conduct	Caalad	Duty		Duty		
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	ed Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty factor	Cycle Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.074	96.4	1.04	0.077	1.6	

9.06

9.06

9.06

0.059

0.144

0.082

96.4

96.4

96.4

1.04

1.04

1.04

0.061

0.150

0.085

1.6

1.6

1.6

Note: All the test channels are selected according to KDB 248227 D01v02.

5200

5200

5200

40

40

40

- Note 1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- Note 2: When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- Note 3: SAR need to be scaled to the maximum tune-up power according to KDB 447498D01v05r02.
- Note 4: the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to KDB 248227D01v02r01.



SAR MEASUREMENT										
Ambient Tem	perature (°C): 21.5 ±	2		Relative Humidity (%): 52					
Liquid Tempe	erature (°C): 21.0 ± 2	1		Depth of	Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: Mobile phone										
Body-worn	Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations									
Test Mode: 80	2.11a 5.2G									
Test Position	Antenna	Frequ	ency	Conducted	Power	SAR	Scaling	Scaled	Limit	
Body (10mm gap)	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	1g (W/kg)	Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Body-worn	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.13	0.046	1.107	0.051	1.6	
Hotspot SAI	R Configu	rations	•							
Test Mode: 80	2.11a 5.2G									
Back	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.13	0.046	1.107	0.051	1.6	
Front	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.08	0.023	1.107	0.025	1.6	
Left side Fixed 40 5200 9.06 0.04 0.072 1.107 0.080 1.6										
Тор	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.18	0.049	1.107	0.054	1.6	
Note: All the test channels are selected according to KDB 248227 D01v02.										



SAR MEAS	UREMEN	Τ							
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: Mob	ile phone			<u>.</u>					
Body-worn A	Accessory	/ SAR Coi	nfigurat	ions					
Test Mode: 80	2.11a 5.2G								
Test Position Body (10mm gap)	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted	Scaled	Duty	Durtu	Duty Cycle	Limit
		Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	cycle (%)	Duty factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.051	96.4	1.04	0.053	1.6
Hotspot SAF	R Configu	rations	1						
Test Mode: 80	2.11a 5.2G								
Back	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.051	96.4	1.04	0.053	1.6
Front	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.025	96.4	1.04	0.026	1.6
Left side	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.080	96.4	1.04	0.083	1.6
Тор	Fixed	40	5200	9.06	0.054	96.4	1.04	0.056	1.6

- Note 1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- Note 2: When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- Note 3: SAR need to be scaled to the maximum tune-up power according to KDB 447498D01v05r02.
- Note 4: the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to KDB 248227D01v02r01.



9.2. SAR Test Notes

9.2.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.

9.2.2. Body SAR with Headset

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

9.2.3. Hotspot Operation Mode

During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with Wi-Fi) was not activated.



Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 08-10-2015

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 2600MHz

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2600(2600.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 2600 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

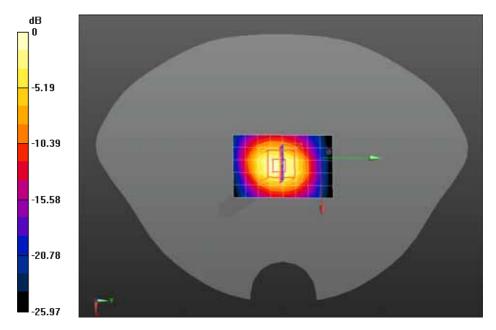
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/System Check Head 2600MHz/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Head 2600MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 86.260 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg



0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.99 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 2600MHz

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2600(2600.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.09$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 51.43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

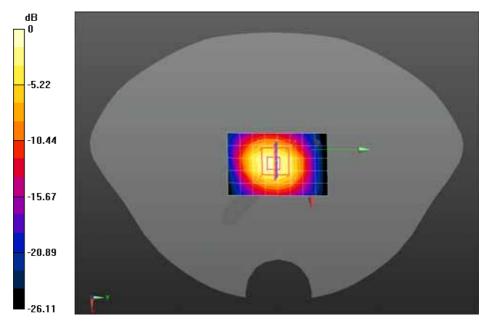
Configuration/System Check Body 2600MHz/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Body 2600MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 82.796 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



0 dB = 15.1 W/kg = 11.79 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 5200MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: 5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.60$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 36.94$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3; Phantom

section: Flat Section; Input Power=100mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

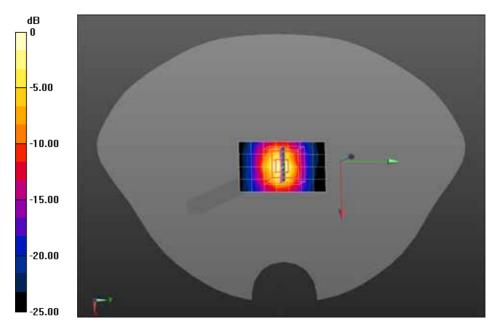
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Head 5200MHz/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg

Configuration/Head 5200MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm, Reference Value = 45.683 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg



0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 5200MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: 5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.25 S/m; ϵ r = 49.54; ρ = 1000 kg/m3; Phantom

section: Flat Section; Input Power=100mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

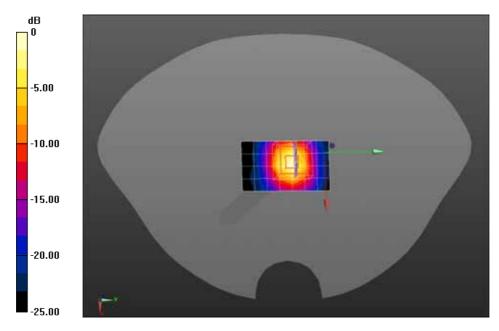
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Body 5200MHz/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg

Configuration/Body 5200MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm, Reference Value = 38.904 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg



0 dB = 16.1 W/kg = 12.07 dBW/kg



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 08-10-2015

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

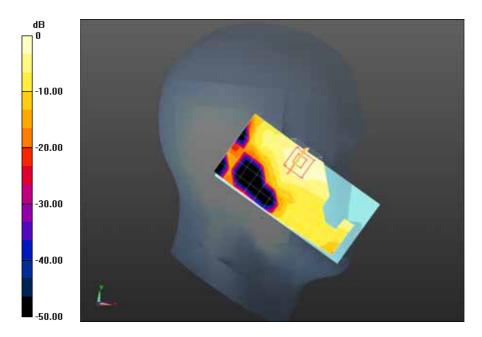
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0566 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.623 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0581 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0581 W/kg = -12.36 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

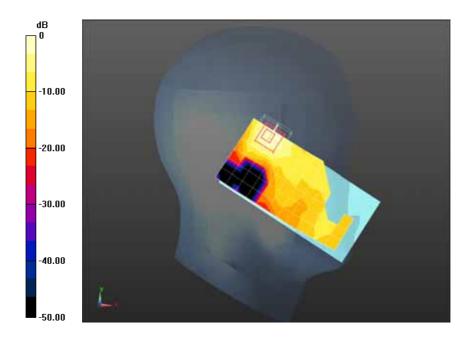
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0614 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.495 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.320 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0651 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0651 W/kg = -11.86 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

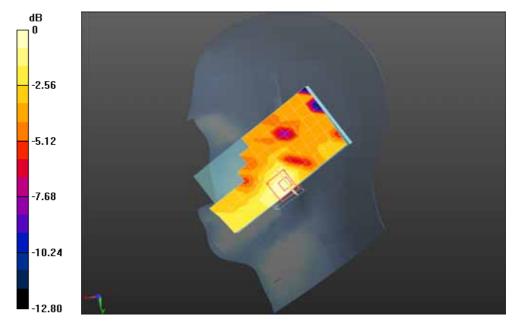
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 7.008 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.410 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 W/kg



0 dB = 0.203 W/kg = -6.93 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

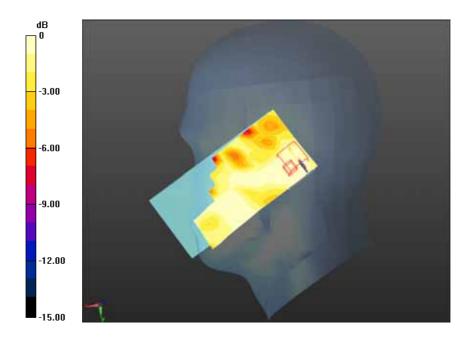
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0336 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.350 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0460 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0248 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0248 W/kg = -16.06 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; ϵr = 38.26; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

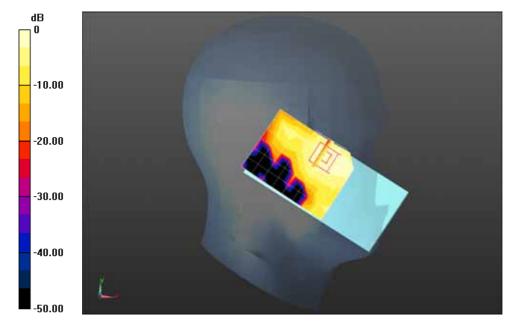
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0609 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 0.7490 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0662 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0662 W/kg = -11.79 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; ϵr = 38.26; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Left Section Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

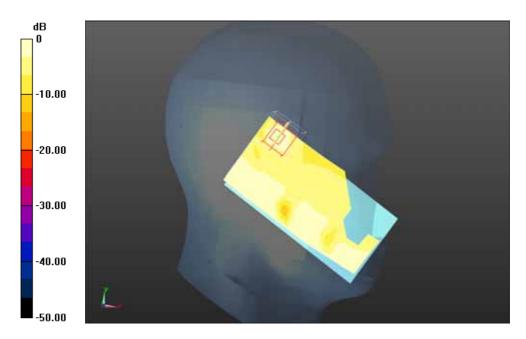
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0538 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 4.487 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.047 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0530 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0530 W/kg = -12.76 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

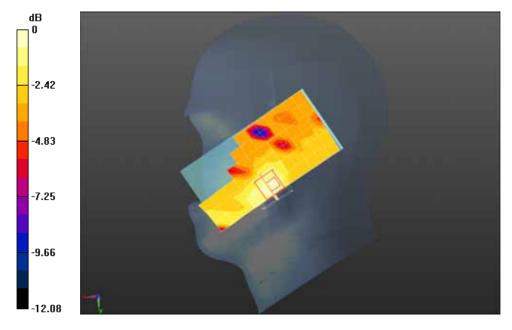
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.116 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.296 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.168 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 W/kg



0 dB = 0.179 W/kg = -7.47 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

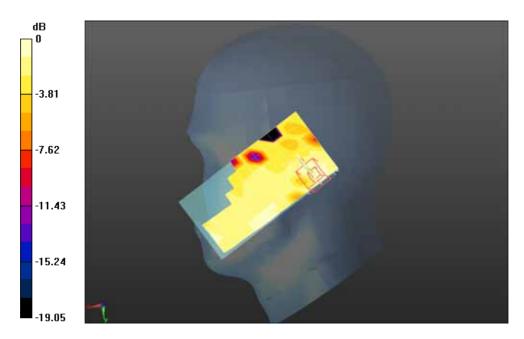
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0519 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.268 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.101 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0501 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0501 W/kg = -13.00 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

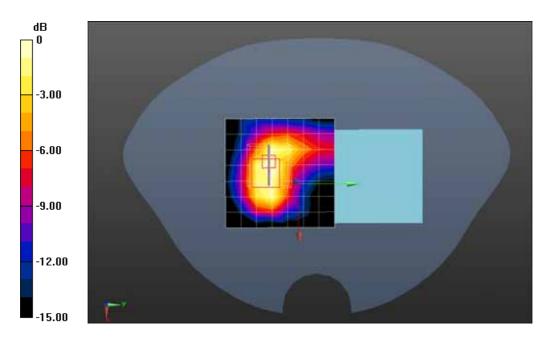
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.842 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 4.430 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

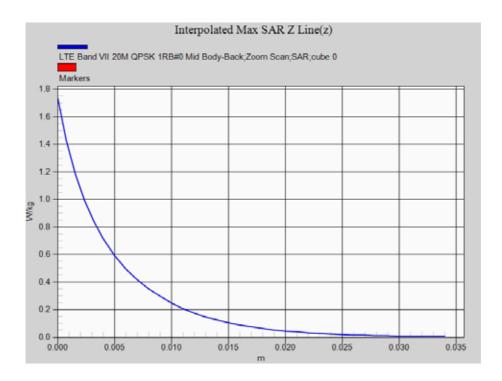
SAR(1 g) = 0.555 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.721 W/kg



0 dB = 0.721 W/kg = -1.42 dBW/kg



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Front

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 51.69$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

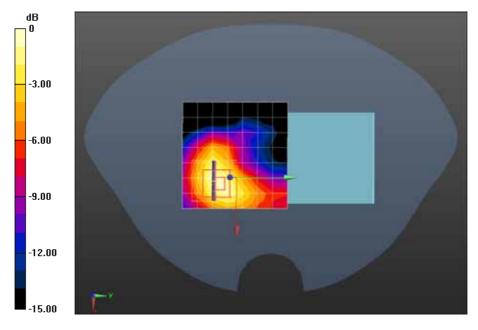
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.708 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.700 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.331 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg



0 dB = 0.367 W/kg = -4.35 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Left side

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

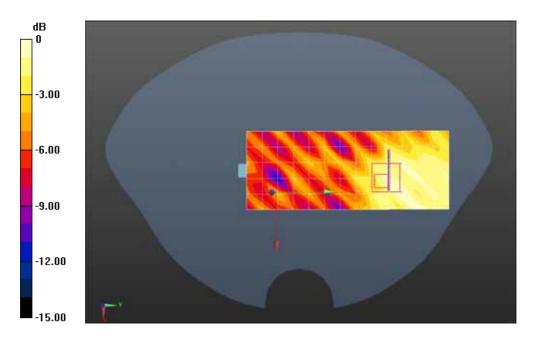
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0323 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.676 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0800 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0323 W/kg = -14.91 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Right side

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; $\epsilon r = 51.69$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (6x14x1):

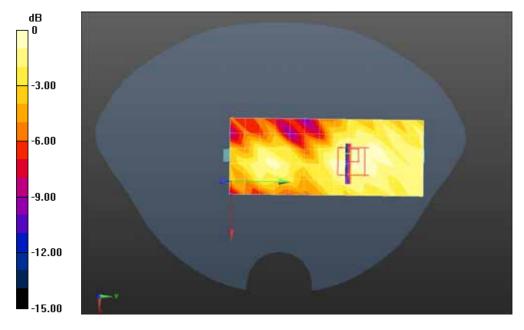
Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0428 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.734 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0940 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0415 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0415 W/kg = -13.82 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

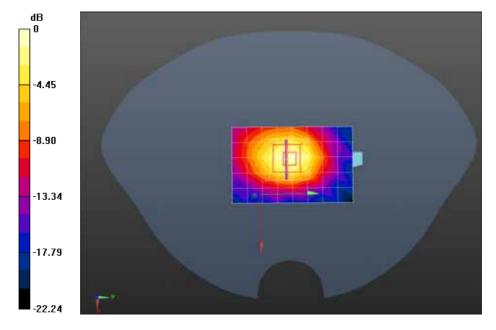
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.610 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 1RB#0 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 15.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.542 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 W/kg



0 dB = 0.606 W/kg = -2.18 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

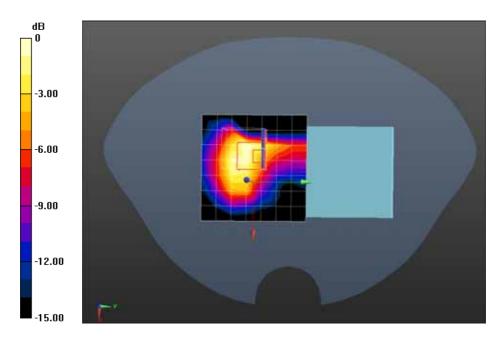
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 4.750 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.429 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.531 W/kg



0 dB = 0.531 W/kg = -2.75 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Front

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

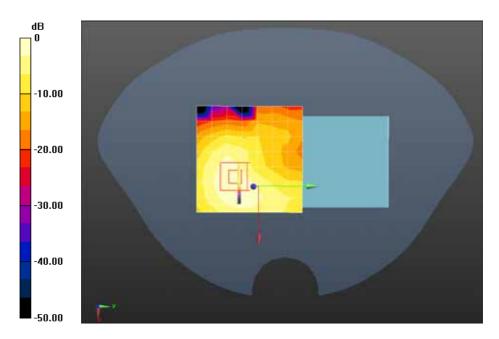
Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.339 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.332 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.301 W/kg



0 dB = 0.301 W/kg = -5.21 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Left side

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement

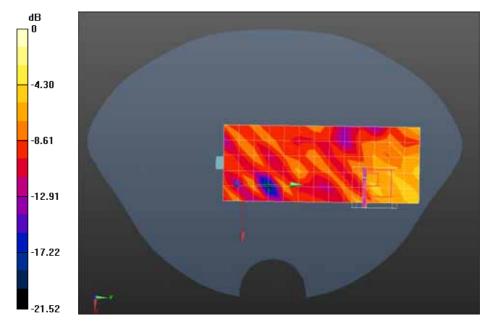
grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0306 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.117 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.191 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0938 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0938 W/kg = -10.28 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Right side

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System

Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (6x14x1):

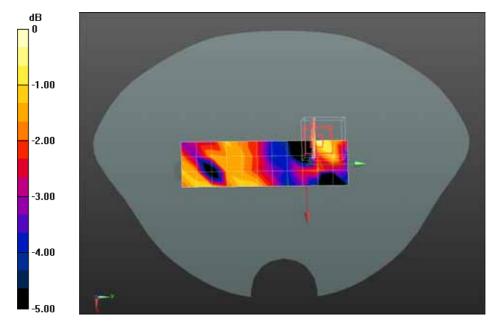
Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0426 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.427 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0560 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0386 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0386 W/kg = -14.13 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) (0); Communication System Band: Band VII; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$

S/m; ϵr = 51.69; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement

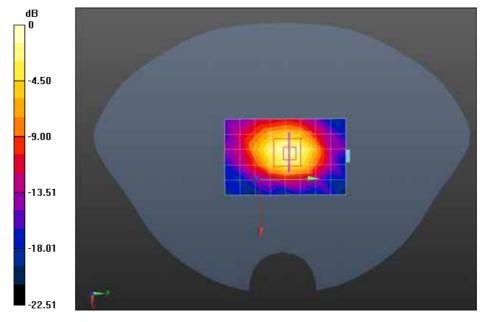
grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.488 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band VII 20M QPSK 50RB#0 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 14.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.923 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.454 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 W/kg



0 dB = 0.510 W/kg = -2.92 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Touch-Left

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.6 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon = 36.94$; $\rho = 36.94$; $\epsilon = 36.94$;

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

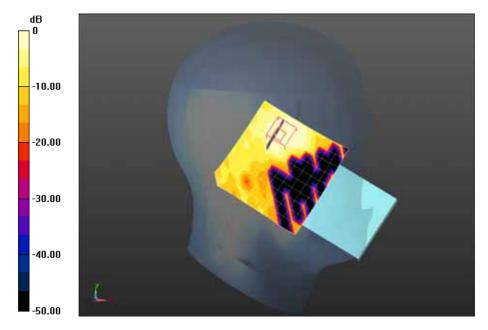
Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Touch-Left/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.706 V/m; Power Drift =0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0642 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0642 W/kg = -11.92 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Tilt-Left

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.6 S/m; ϵ r = 36.94; ρ =

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

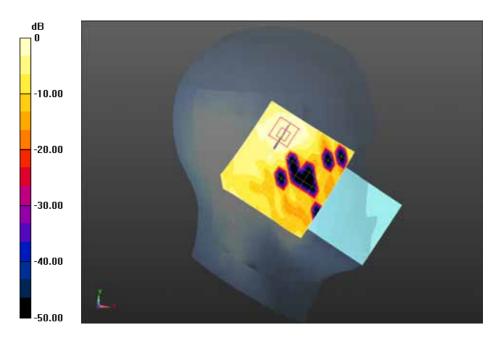
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Tilt-Left/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0941 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 0.5240 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.241 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0501 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0501 W/kg = -13.00 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Touch-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.6 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon = 36.94$; $\rho = 36.94$; $\epsilon = 36.94$;

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

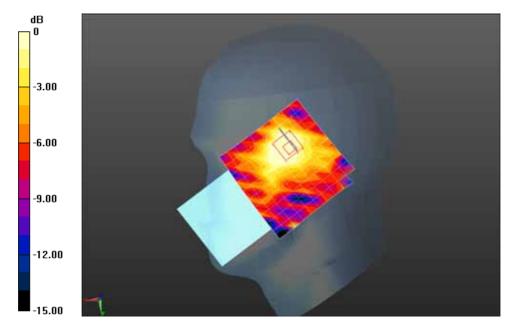
Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Touch-Right/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.243 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.527 W/kg

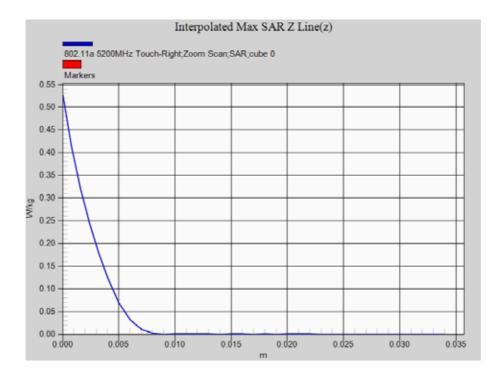
SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 W/kg



0 dB = 0.124 W/kg = -9.07 dBW/kg



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Tilt-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.6 S/m; ϵ r = 36.94; ρ =

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

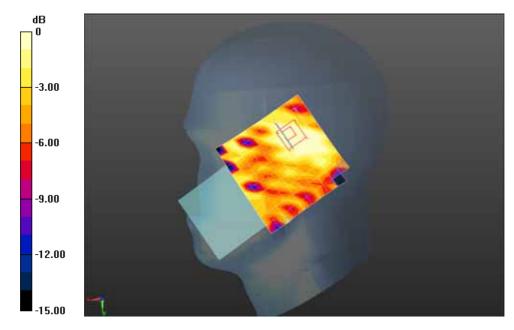
Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Tilt-Right/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0985 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.428 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.340 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.074 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0685 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0685 W/kg = -11.64 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 49.54$; $\rho = 6.00$ MHz; $\epsilon r = 49.54$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

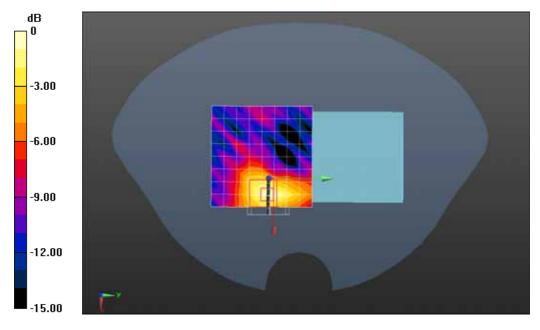
Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-Back/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 0.8850 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.046 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 W/kg



0 dB = 0.106 W/kg = -9.75 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Body-Front

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 49.54$; $\rho = 6.00$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

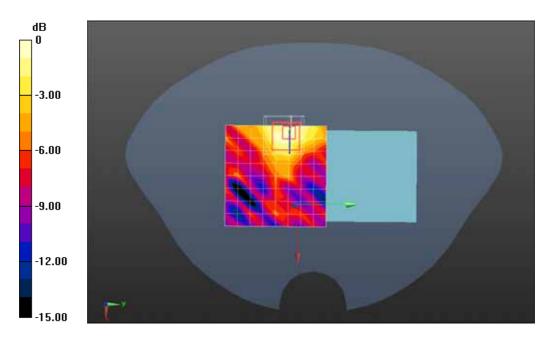
Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-Front/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0469 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 0.9140 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.162 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00935 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0498 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0498 W/kg = -13.03 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Body-Left side **DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 49.54$; $\rho = 6.00$ MHz; $\epsilon r = 49.54$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

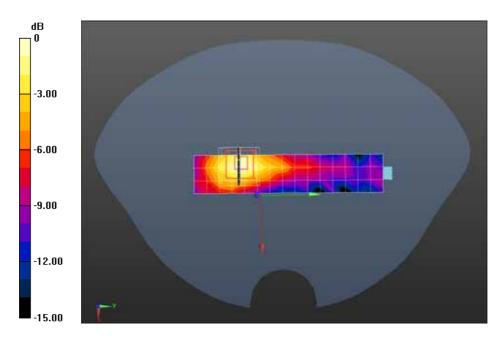
Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-Right/Area Scan (4x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-Right/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 2.115 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.222 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 W/kg



0 dB = 0.145 W/kg = -8.39 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab 802.11a 5200MHz Body-top

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: A50LT

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 49.54$; $\rho = 6.00$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

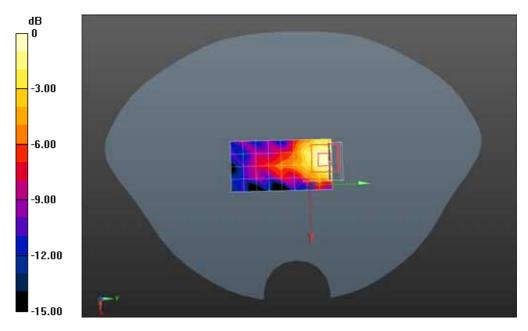
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 27/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 20/01/2015
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-top/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0840 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5200MHz Body-top/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 1.838 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0936 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0936 W/kg = -10.29 dBW/kg



Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Test Setup Photographs

Left Head (EUT Cheek)



Left Head (EUT Tilted)

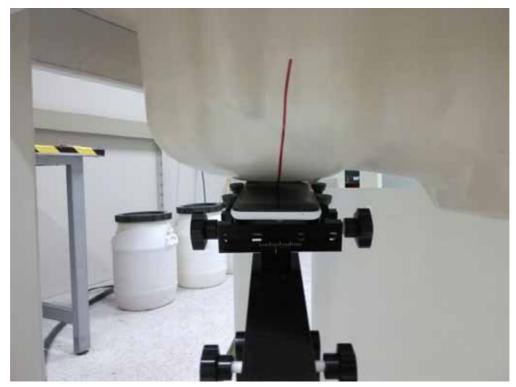




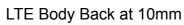
Right Head (EUT Cheek)

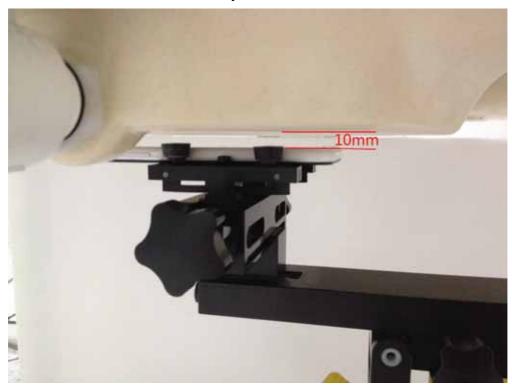


Right Head (EUT Tilted)

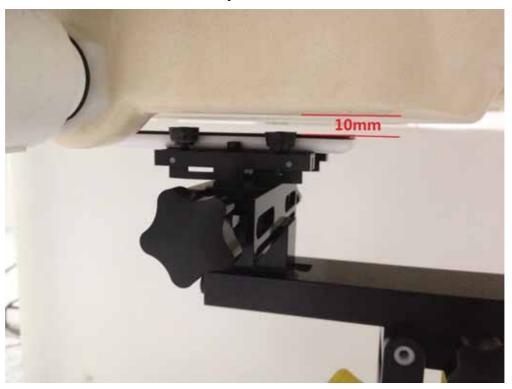




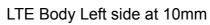




LTE Body Front at 10mm









LTE Body Right side at 10mm





LTE Body Bottom at 10mm





Body Left side at 10mm WLAN



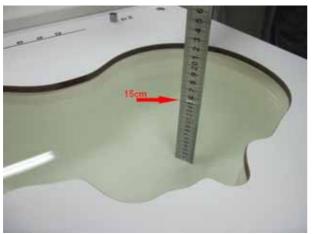
Body Top at 10mm WLAN

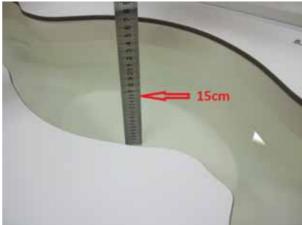




Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in

Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003







EUT Photographs

(1) EUT Photo



(2) EUT Photo



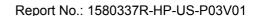


(3) EUT Photo



(4) EUT Photo







Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Quietek-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15

C

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: March 27, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E44198	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: March 27, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

The state of the s

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15 Page 1 of 11



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15 Page 2 of 11



Probe EX3DV4

SN:3710

Manufactured: Repaired: July 21, 2009 March 18, 2015

Calibrated:

March 27, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15

Page 3 of 11



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.40	0.39	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.0	101.0	102.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	134.6	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		138.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		137.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.28	10.28	10.28	0.18	1.60	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.22	1.31	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.16	9.16	9.16	0.27	1.12	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.88	8.88	8.88	0.26	1.16	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.40	0.84	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.37	0.92	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.23	1.40	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15 Page 5 of 11

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

GAlpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.08	10.08	10.08	0.13	1.60	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.17	1.55	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.16	9.16	9.16	0.32	1.06	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.01	9.01	9.01	0.38	0.93	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.85	6.85	6.85	0.32	0.85	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.55	6.55	6.55	0.32	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.30	1.40	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.83	3.83	3.83	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.98	3.98	3.98	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15 Page 6 of 11

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

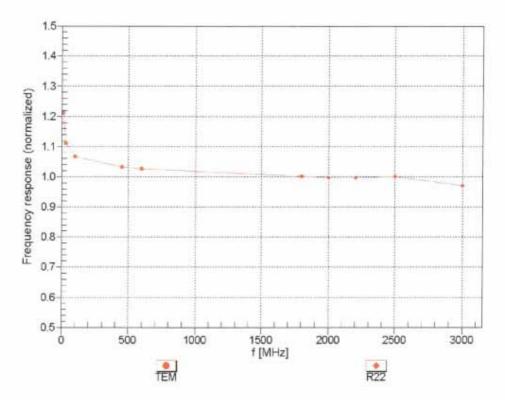
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

GAIPha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

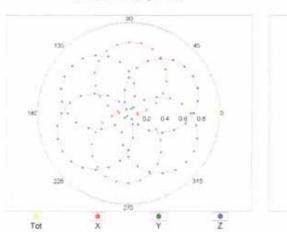
Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15

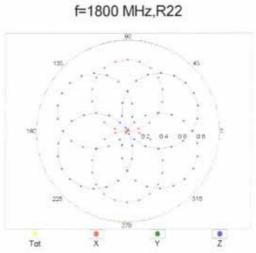
Page 7 of 11

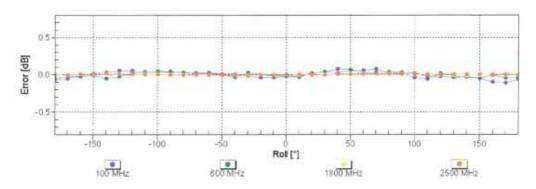


Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), 9 = 0°







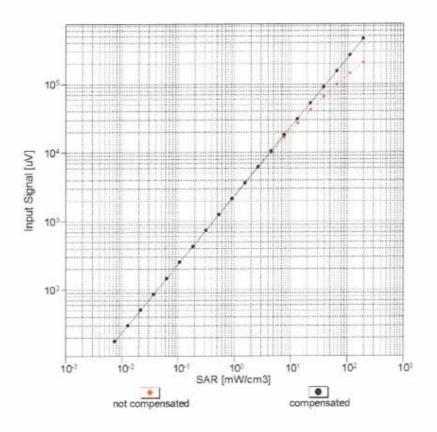


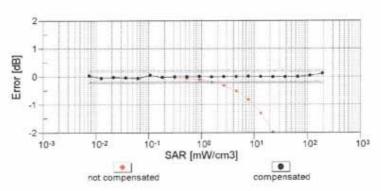
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)





Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



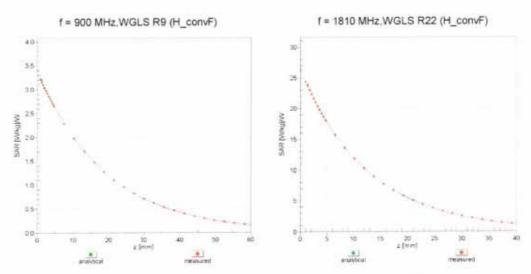


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

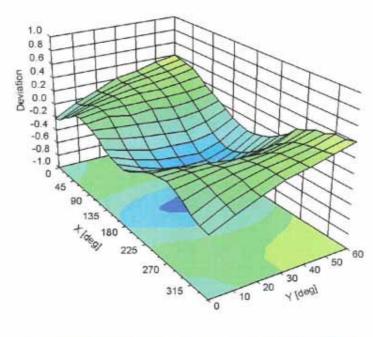
Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15

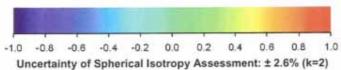


Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (o, 9), f = 900 MHz





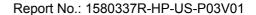


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Other Probe Parameters

80.2 enabled
enabled
disabled
337 mm
10 mm
9 mm
2.5 mm
1 mm
1 mm
1 mm
1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar15 Page 11 of 11





Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

Quitek-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

C

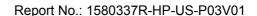
Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D2600V2 - SN: 1029 Object QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz February 24, 2014 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) Oct-14 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) Oct-14 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) Oct-14 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) Apr-14 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.3 / 06327 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) Apr-14 SN: 3205 Reference Probe ES3DV3 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) Dec-14 DAE4 SN: 601 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) Apr-14 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Oct-16 US37390585 S4206 Network Analyzer HP 8753E 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Oct-14 Function Calibrated by: Israe El-Naouq Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: February 24, 2014

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Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14

Page 1 of 8





Calibration Laboratory of

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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14 Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.6 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.60 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.2 ± 6 %	2.20 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14



Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 Ω - 1.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.9 Ω - 0.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

3 ns
ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 03, 2009

Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14

Page 4 of 8



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.02.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1029

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.03 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

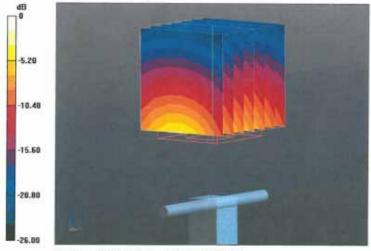
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

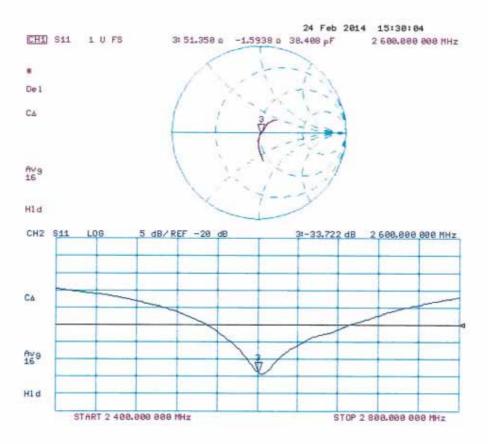


0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14

Page 6 of 8



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.02.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1029

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.2$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

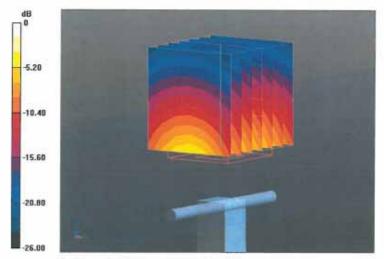
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.131 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

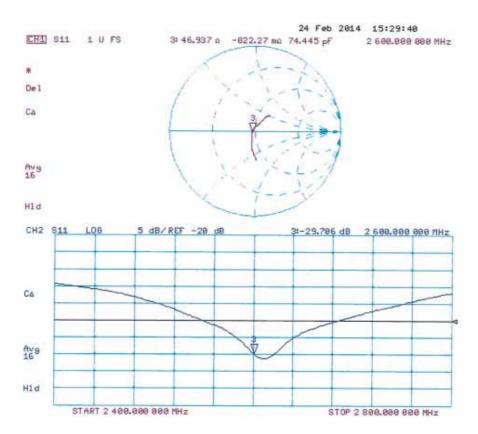


0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2600V2-1029_Feb14

Page 8 of 8



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Client Quitek-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1078

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: March 03, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-13 (No. EX3-3503_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	du

Page 1 of 13

Technical Manager

Issued: March 3, 2014

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Katja Pokovic

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

Approved by:

Page: 113 of 130





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- c) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- . Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Page 2 of 13 Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.1 ± 6 %	4.52 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.7 ± 6 %	4.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	86.3 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

Page 3 of 13



Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	5.16 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14 Page 4 of 13



Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.8 ± 6 %	5.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.64 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14



Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.8 ± 6 %	6.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14 Page 6 of 13



Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 10.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 19.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω - 6.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.1 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.0 Ω - 9.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω - 5.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9 Ω - 1.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.198 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2008

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

Report No.: 1580337R-HP-US-P03V01

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.02.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1078

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.52$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.84$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.16$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.986 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.169 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.474 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

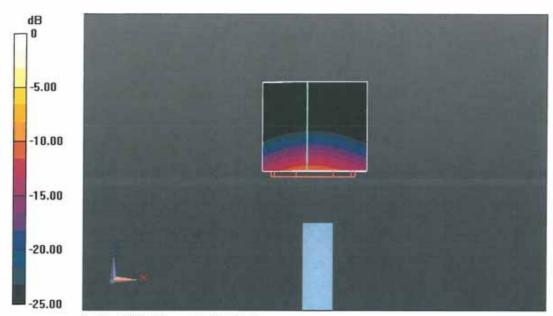
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14 Page 8 of 13





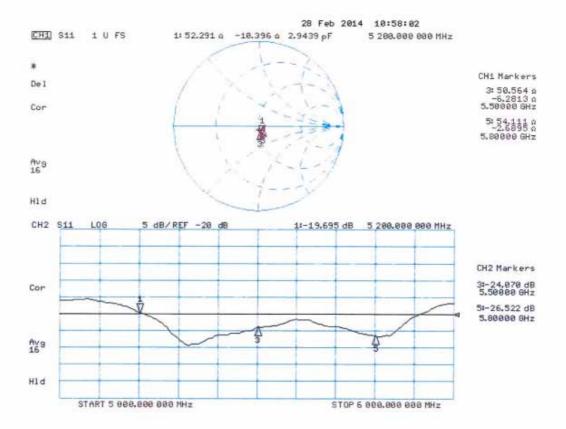
0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

Page 9 of 13



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

Page 10 of 13

Report No.: 1580337R-HP-US-P03V01

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.03.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1078

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.4$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.21$

S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.230 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.820 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 55.732 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

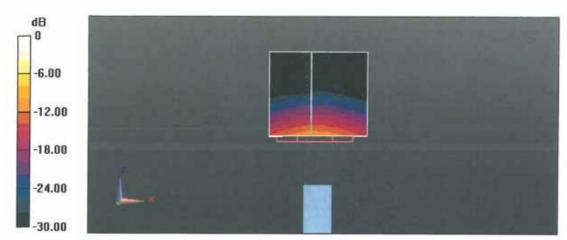
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14 Page 11 of 13





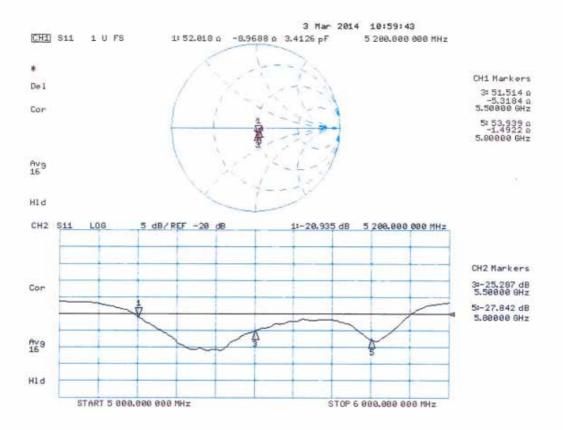
0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Mar14

Page 12 of 13



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Appendix F. DAE Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Quietek (Auden) Certificate No: DAE4-1220 Jan15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1220 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: January 20, 2015 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 03-Oct-14 (No:15573) Oct-15 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Auto DAE Calibration Unit SE UWS 053 AA 1001 06-Jan-15 (in house check) In house check: Jan-16 Calibrator Box V2.1 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 06-Jan-15 (in house check) In house check: Jan-16 Signature Calibrated by: Eric Hainfeld Technician Approved by: Fin Bombolt Deputy Technical Manager Issued: January 20, 2015 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Jan15 Page 1 of 5



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Jan15 Page 2 of 5



DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{High Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & \mbox{6.1}\mu\mbox{V} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & \mbox{-100...+300 mV} \\ \mbox{Low Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & \mbox{61nV} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & \mbox{-1.....+3mV} \end{array}$ DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Υ	Z
High Range	405.223 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.945 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.175 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97823 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99514 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98736 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	176.0 ° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Jan15 Page 3 of 5



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199992.82	-0.19	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20002.86	2.81	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19998.10	3.32	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199994.68	1.45	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19999.81	-0.26	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20001.22	0.12	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199994.31	1.35	0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.36	-1.71	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20002.63	-1.17	0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	1999.97	0.08	0.00
Channel X + Input	200.10	-0.38	-0.19
Channel X - Input	-199.36	0.04	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	2000.09	-0.01	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.15	-0.56	-0.28
Channel Y - Input	-199.46	-0.29	0.14
Channel Z + Input	2000.03	-0.05	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199.13	-1.44	-0.72
Channel Z - Input	-200.51	-1.24	0.62

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	9.93	8.00
	- 200	-7.88	-9.65
Channel Y	200	-9.33	-9.42
	- 200	8.41	8.39
Channel Z	200	12.43	11.97
	- 200	-14.76	-14.78

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.54	-4.32
Channel Y	200	8.10	-	1.97
Channel Z	200	9.58	6.10	-

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Jan15

Page 4 of 5



4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15888	15493
Channel Y	16012	15900
Channel Z	15706	16099

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.13	-0.62	2.79	0.50
Channel Y	-0.89	-2.63	0.76	0.48
Channel Z	-0.60	-2.36	0.94	0.50

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Jan14