

Appendix A

Calibration Certificate

Note:

ETS Dr. Genz GmbH has extended the calibration interval for SPEAG System Validation Dipoles up to two years above the two years recommended by manufacturer. The determination of individual calibrations interval is covered and defined by ETS internal quality management procedures according EN 17025. This QM procedures are acknowledged by accreditation bodies mentioned on page 3 of this test report.

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

900 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D900V2
Serial Number:	164
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	September 5, 2002
Calibration Interval:	24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

> N. Veller Calibrated by:

> Approved by:

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D900V2

Serial: 164

Manufactured: April 30, 2002

Calibrated:

September 5, 2002

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 40.6 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 0.95 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.5 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 20mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 10.2 mW/g

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 6.56 mW/g

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.408 ns

(one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.990

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 50.7 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -5.2 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz

-25.7 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

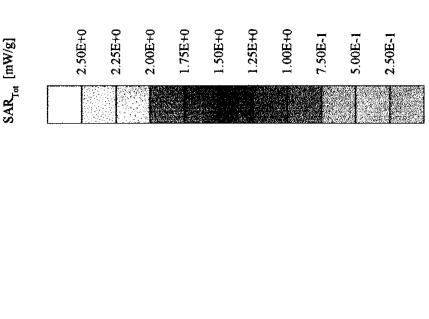
Validation Dipole D900V2 SN:164, d=15 mm

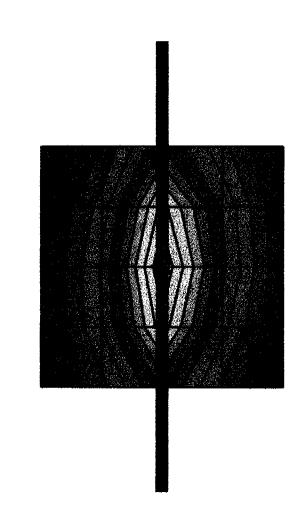
Frequency: 900 MHz, Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW] SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507, ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50) at 900 MHz, IEEE 1528 900 MHz. $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m $\epsilon_{\rm r} = 40.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 3.80 mW/g \pm 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 2.54 mW/g \pm 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.64 mW/g \pm 0.02 dB, (Advanced extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.5 (12.3, 13.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



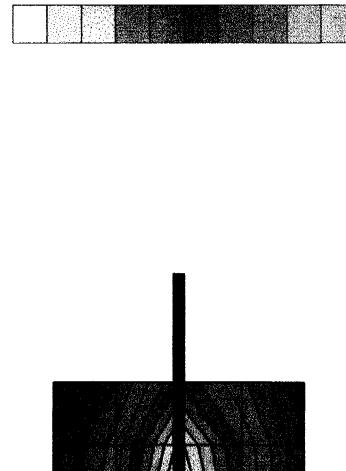


Validation Dipole D900V2 SN:164, d=15 mm

Frequency: 900 MHz, Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.50,6.50, 6.50) at 900 MHz; IEEE 1528 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.29 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 2.71 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.72 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.7, 12.8) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



1.25E+0

1.50E+0

1.00E+0

7.50E-1

5.00E-1

2.50E-1

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland

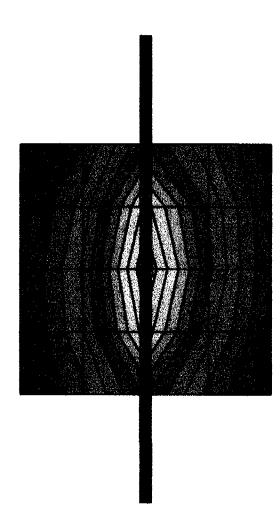
2.50E+0

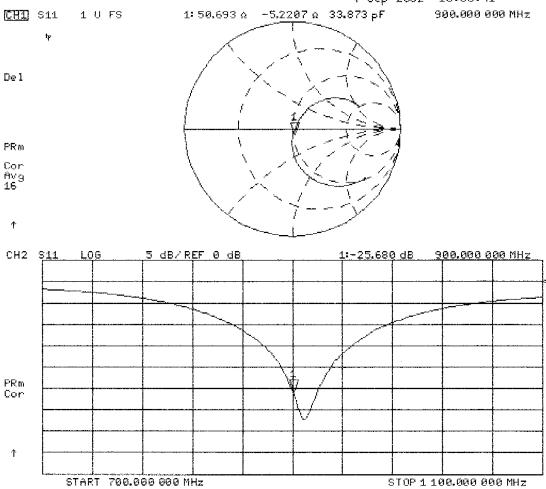
SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]

2.25E+0

2.00E+0

1.75E+0







ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS - STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN

Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

D2: 900MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

900 MHz System Validation Dipole (Muscle)

Туре:	D900V2
Serial Number:	164
Place of Calibration:	Reichenwalde
Date of Calibration:	September 05, 2003
Calibration Interval:	24 month

ETS Dr. Genz GmbH hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of ETS Dr. Genz GmbH.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to International standards.

Calibrated by: W. Treffke

Approved by: K. Damm



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Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

DASY

DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT

Type: D900V2

Serial: 164

Manufactured: April 30, 2002

Calibrated : September 05, 2003



Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative permittivity 54.41 +/- 5 % Conductivity 1.038 mho/m +/- 10 %

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN: 1711, conversion factor 6.2 at 900 MHz body) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feed-point was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 5 mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW +/- 3 %. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1 W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1711 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of tissue: 11.2 mW/g

Averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue: 7.16 mW/g

Dipole impedance and return loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 (Measurement conditions) (with body tissue inside the phantom) and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feed-point impedance at 900 MHz: Re $\{Z\}$ = 54.3 Ω

Im $\{Z\} = -3.2 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz: - 23.6 dB

Date/Time: 09/05/03 13:33:02

Test Laboratory: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH

File Name: Dipol Calibr.900 (m) 250mW.da4

Dipol Calibr.900 (m) 250mW

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN: 164

Program: Dipol Calibration 900 Muscle

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 900 MHz ($\sigma = 1.03749 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 54.4094, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1711; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 11/29/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/11/2002
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: TP-1217; Serial: QD000P40CA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

(250 mW)/Area Scan (101x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 55.5 V/m

Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 3.03 mW/g

(250 mW)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

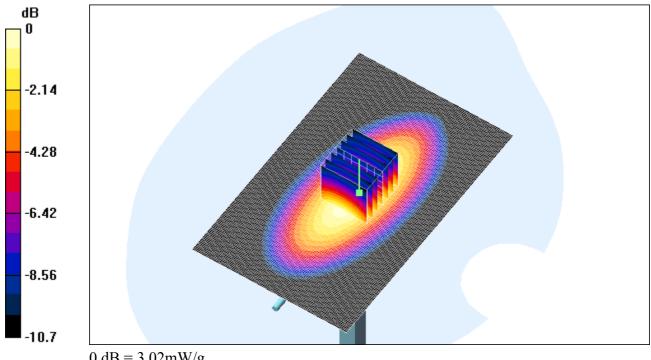
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.79 mW/g

Reference Value = 55.5 V/m

Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 3.02 mW/g



0 dB = 3.02 mW/g

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

1800 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D1800V2
Serial Number:	2d046
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	August 5, 2002
Calibration Interval:	24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1800V2

Serial: 2d046

Manufactured: May 16, 2002

Calibrated:

August 5, 2002

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating glycol solution of the following electrical parameters at 1800 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 40.3 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.36 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.3 at 1800 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 20mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 36.6 mW/g

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 19.8 mW/g

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.209 ns

(one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.990

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1800 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 49.2 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = -3.9 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1800 MHz

-27.9 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Validation Dipole D1800V2 SN:2d046, d = 10 mm

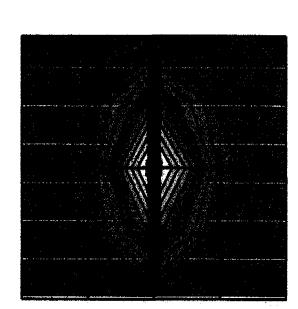
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507, ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30) at 1800 MHz; IEEE1528 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m s, = 40.3 $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 15.8 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 9.14 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 4.95 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Advanced extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 9.3 (9.1, 9.6) [mm] Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



1.60E+0

8.00E-1

SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]

8.00E+0

7.20E+0

6.40E+0

5.60E+0

4.80E+0

4.00E+0

3.20E+0

2.40E+0

Validation Dipole D1800V2 SN:2d046, d = 10 mm

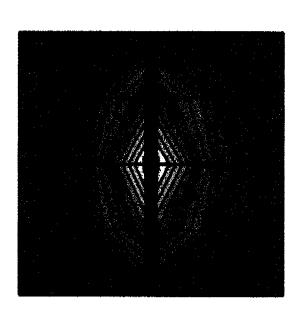
Frequency: 1800 MHz, Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW] SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507, ConvF(5.30,5.30,5.30) at 1800 MHz, IEEE1528 1800 MHz. $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 18.1 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 9.94 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 5.26 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.6 (8.2, 9.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]

8,00E+0

7.20E+0

6.40E+0

5.60E+0

4.80E+0

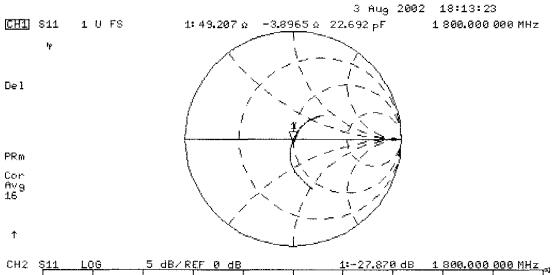
4,00E+0

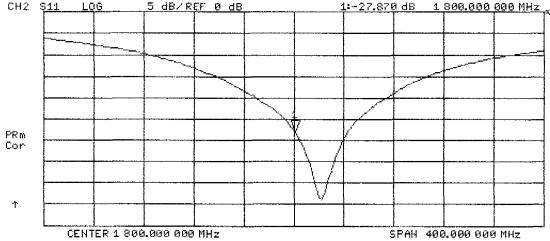
3.20E+0

2.40E+0

1.60E+0

8.00E-1







ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS - STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN

Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

D2: 1800MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

1800 MHz System Validation Dipole (Muscle)

Туре:	D1800V2
Serial Number:	2d046
Place of Calibration:	Reichenwalde
Date of Calibration:	September 05, 2003
Calibration Interval:	24 month

ETS Dr. Genz GmbH hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of ETS Dr. Genz GmbH.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to International standards.

Calibrated by: W. Treffke

Approved by: K. Damm



ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS - STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN

Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

DASY

DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT

Type: D1800V2

Serial: 2d046

Manufactured: May 16, 2002

Calibrated : September 05, 2003



Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1800 MHz:

Relative permittivity 52.25 +/- 5 % Conductivity 1.469 mho/m +/- 10 %

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN: 1711, conversion factor 5,0 at 1800 MHz body) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feed-point was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW +/- 3 %. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1 W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1711 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of tissue: 40.8 mW/g

Averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue: 21.4 mW/g

Dipole impedance and return loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 (Measurement conditions) (with body tissue inside the phantom) and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feed-point impedance at 1800 MHz: Re $\{Z\}$ = 54.7 Ω

Im $\{Z\} = -3.6 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1800 MHz: - 24.0 dB

Date/Time: 09/05/03 10:30:05

Test Laboratory: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH

File Name: Dipol Calibr. 1800 (m) 250mW.da4

Dipol Calibr.1800 (m) 250mW

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz (D1800V2); Type: SA AAD 180 BA; Serial: 2d046 Program: Dipol Calibration 1800 Muscle

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1800 MHz ($\sigma = 1.46898 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 52.2493, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 11/29/2002

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/11/2002

• Phantom: SAM 12; Type: TP-1217; Serial: QD000P40CA

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

(250 mW)/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 92.7 V/m

Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.5 mW/g

(250 mW)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

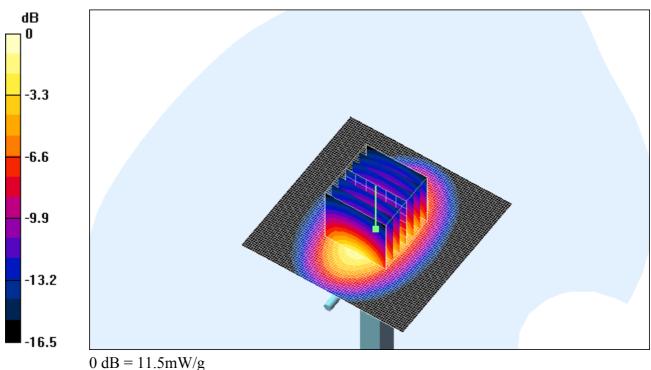
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 mW/g

Reference Value = 92.7 V/m

Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.5 mW/g



0 42 11.0111 1178

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

1900 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D1900V2
Serial Number:	50025
Place of Calibration:	Zurich:
Date of Calibration:	October 14, 2002
Calibration Interval:	24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

Approved by:

Approved by:

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d025

Manufactured:

July 29, 2002

Calibrated: October 14, 2002

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating glycol solution of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 38.7 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.45 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.2 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 40.4 mW/g

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 20.6 mW/g

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.196 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.997 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 51.6 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 4.7 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -26.3 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 10/14/02 17:57:28

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

File Name: SN5d025 SN1507 HSL1900 141002.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz Type & Serial Number: D1900V2 - SN5d025 Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 1900 MHz ($\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m, $\epsilon = 38.7$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: FlatSection

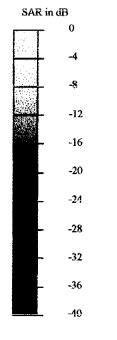
DASY4 Configuration:

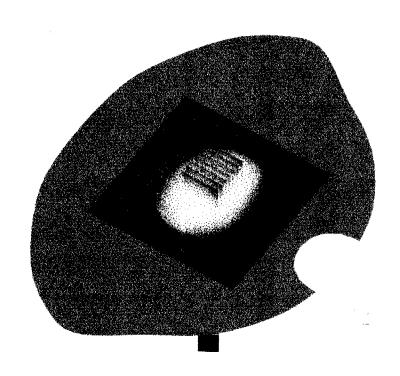
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 35

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Reference Value = 93 V/m Peak SAR = 18.3 mW/g

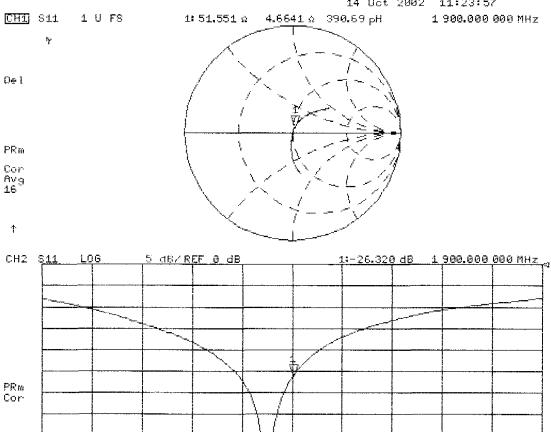
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.0005 dB





STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz



†

START 1 700.000 000 MHz



ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS - STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN

Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

D2: 1900MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

1900 MHz System Validation Dipole (Muscle)

Туре:	D1900V2
Serial Number:	5d025
Place of Calibration:	Reichenwalde
Date of Calibration:	July 24, 2003
Calibration Interval:	24 month

ETS Dr. Genz GmbH hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of ETS Dr. Genz GmbH.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to International standards.

Calibrated by: W. Treffke

Approved by: K. Damm



ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH - ETS - STORKOWER STRASSE 38c, D-15526 REICHENWALDE B. BERLIN

Tel: 033631 888 00 FAX: 033631 888 660

DASY

DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d025

Manufactured : Juli 29, 2002 Calibrated : Juli 24, 2003



Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative permittivity 51.41 +/- 5 % Conductivity 1.565 mho/m +/- 10 %

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN: 1711, conversion factor 5,0 at 1900 MHz body) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feed-point was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW +/- 3 %. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1 W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1711 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of tissue: 45.6 mW/g

Averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue: 23.7 mW/g

Dipole impedance and return loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 (Measurement conditions) (with body tissue inside the phantom) and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feed-point impedance at 1900 MHz: Re $\{Z\}$ = 54.9 Ω

Im $\{Z\} = -3.8 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz: - 24.2 dB

Date/Time: 07/24/03 09:06:17

Test Laboratory: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS DR. GENZ GMBH

File Name: Dipol Calibr.1900 (m) 250mW.da4

Dipol Calibr.1900 (m) 250mW

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d025

Program: Dipol Calibration 1900 Muscle

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1800 MHz ($\sigma = 1.56554 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.4058, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1711; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 11/29/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/11/2002
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: TP-1217; Serial: QD000P40CA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

(24dBm)/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 92.1 V/m

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 12.9 mW/g

(24dBm)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

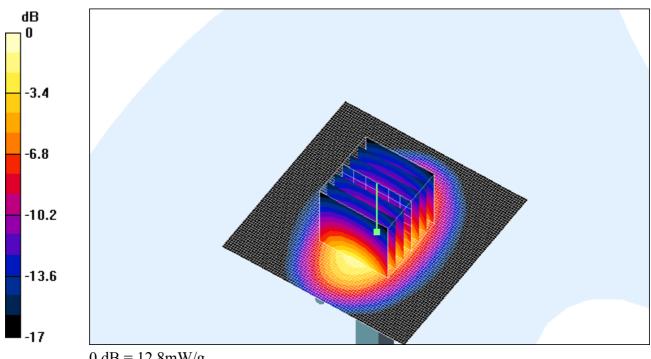
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 mW/g

Reference Value = 92.1 V/m

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 12.8 mW/g



0 dB = 12.8 mW/g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1711

Manufactured:

August 7, 2002

Last calibration:

November 26, 2002

Recalibrated:

December 16, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

mV

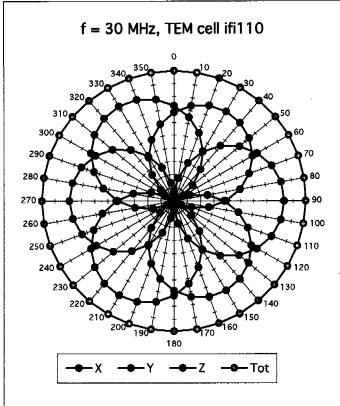
mV

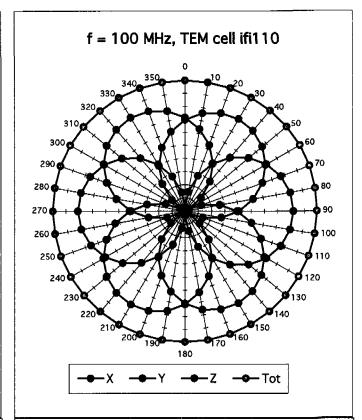
mV

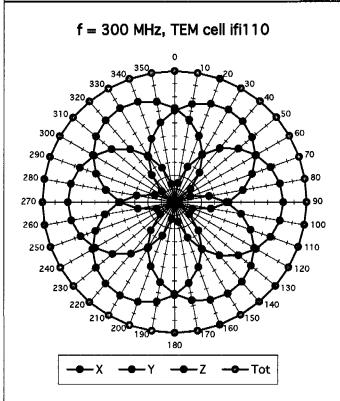
DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1711

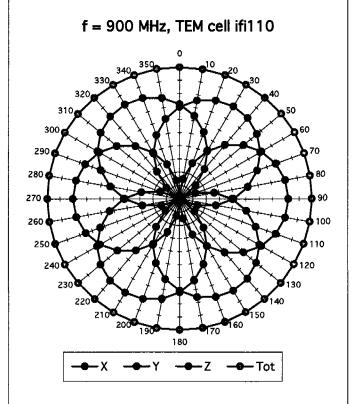
Sensitiv	ity in Free	Space	Diode Co	ompressio	n	
	NormX	1.	.41 μV/(V/m) ²		DCP X	97
	NormY		. 62 μV/(V/m) ²		DCP Y	97
	NormZ	1.	.56 μV/(V/m)²		DCP Z	97
Sensitivi	ty in Tissue	Simula	ting Liquid			
Head	900	MHz	$\varepsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 596$	6 o=	0.97 ± 5%	mho/m
Valid for f=8	00-1000 MHz w	ith Head Tis	ssue Simulating Liquid accordi	ng to EN 5036	1, P1528-200X	(
	ConvF X	6	6.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary eff	fect:
	ConvF Y	•	6.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.31
	ConvF Z	•	6.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.87
Head	1800) MHz	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 40.0 ± 5%	6 o:	1.40 ± 5%	mho/m
Valid for f=1	710-1910 M Hz	with Head T	lissue Simulating Liquid accord	ding to EN 5030	61, P1 528-200	X
	ConvF X	Ĺ	5.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary eff	fect:
	ConvF Y	į	5.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.50
	ConvF Z	ţ	5.2 \pm 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.62
Bounda	y Effect					
Head	900) MHz	Typical SAR gradient:	5 % per mm		
	Probe Tip to E	Boundary			1 mm	2 mm
	SAR _{be} [%]	Without C	Correction Algorithm		9.9	5.8
	SAR _{be} [%]	With Corr	rection Algorithm		0.4	0.6
Head	1800) MHz	Typical SAR gradient:	10 % per mm		
	Probe Tip to E	•	Correction Algorithm		1 mm 13.6	2 mm 9.2
	SAR _{be} [%]		-			
	O/1 /be [/0]	With Corr	rection Algorithm		0.2	0.1
Sensor (Offset					
	Probe Tip to S	Sensor Cen	ter	2.7		mm
	Optical Surfac	e Detection	n	1.1 ± 0.2		mm

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°



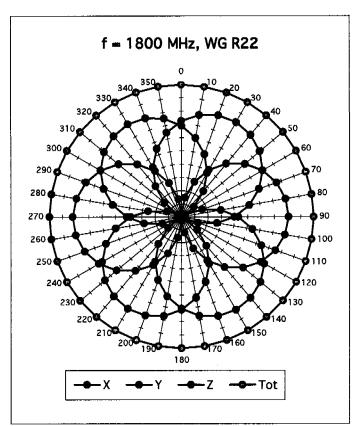


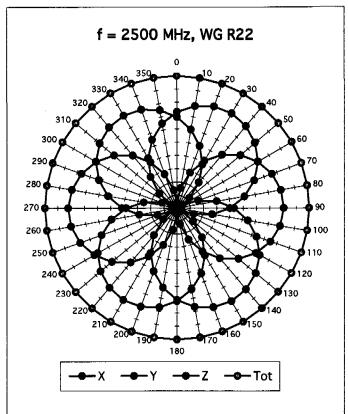




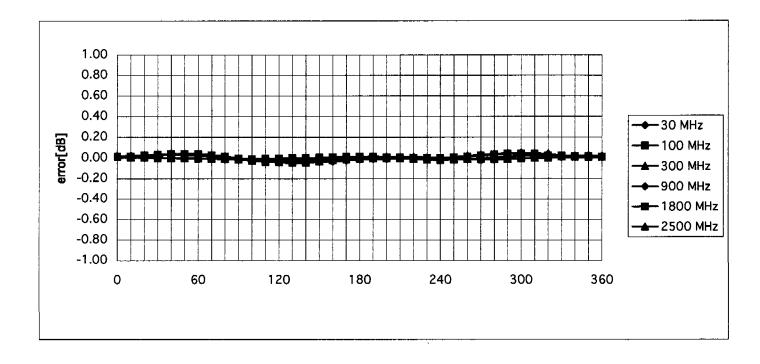
December 16, 2003

ET3DV6 SN:1711



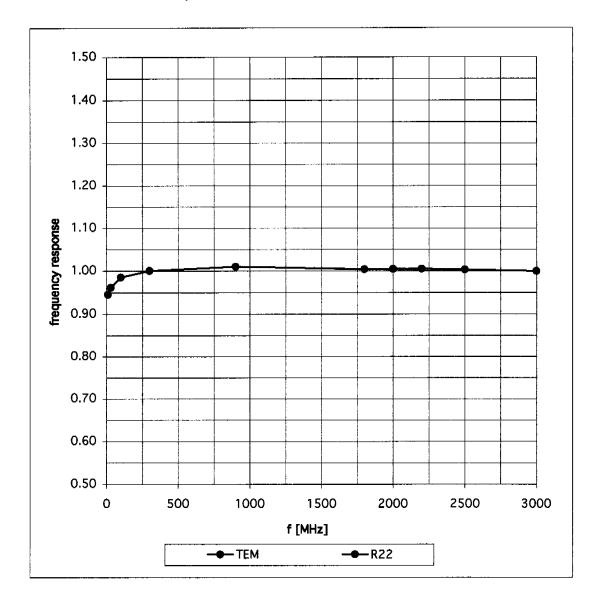


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



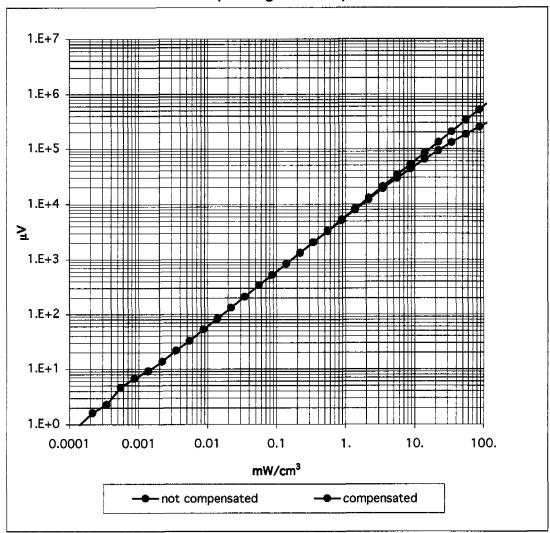
Frequency Response of E-Field

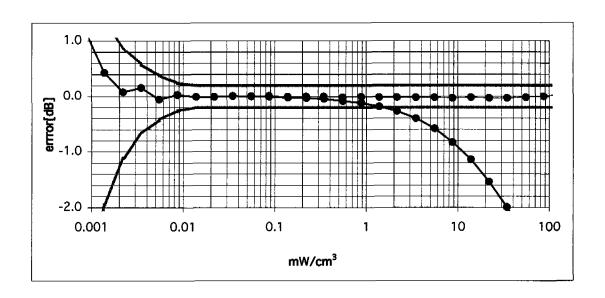
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



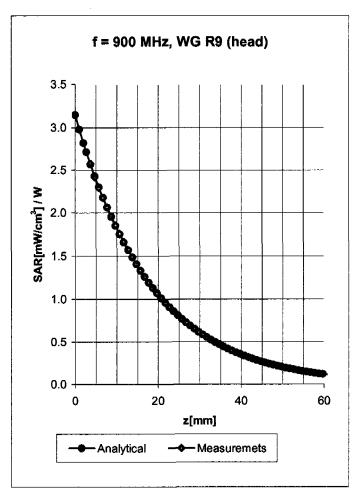
Dynamic Range f(SARhead)

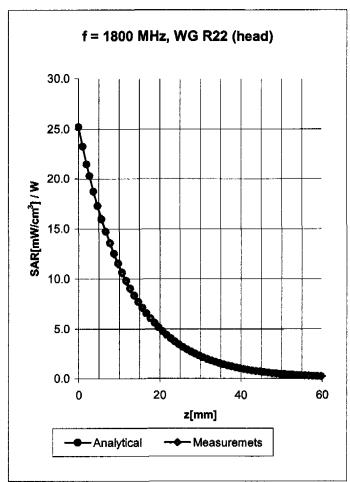
(Waveguide R22)





Conversion Factor Assessment





Head

900 MHz

ध = 41.5 ± 5%

 $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X

 $6.2 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

6.2 \pm 9.5% (k=2)

Alpha

ConvF Z

6.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)

Depth

0.31

2.87

Head

1800 MHz

 ε_r = 40.0 ± 5%

 $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X

 $5.2 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

 $5.2 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Alpha

0.50

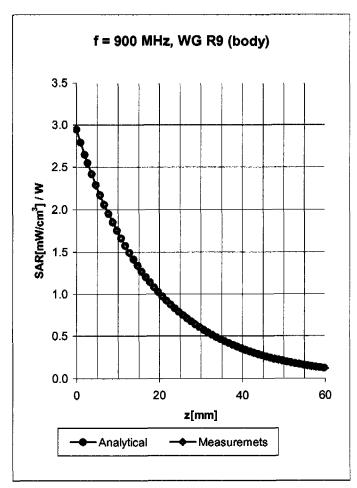
ConvF Z

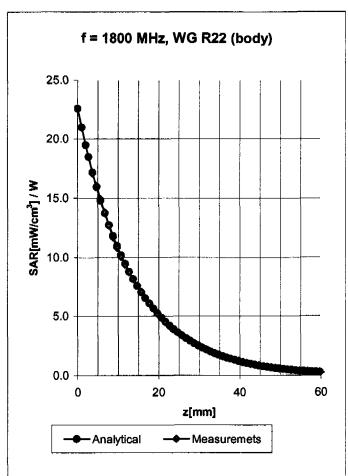
 $5.2 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Depth

2.62

Conversion Factor Assessment





Body

900 MHz

 $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.0 ± 5%

 $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X

 $6.0 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

 $6.0 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Alpha

0.38

ConvF Z

 $6.0 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$

Depth

2.52

Body

1800 MHz

 $\varepsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$

 $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X

4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Alpha

0.56

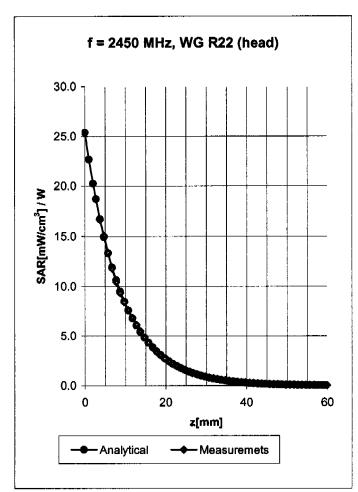
ConvF Z

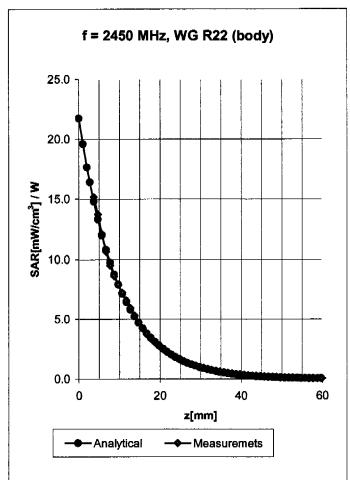
4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Depth

2.67

Conversion Factor Assessment





Head

2450 MHz

 $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 39.2 ± 5%

 σ = 1.80 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X

4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)

Alpha

1.07

ConvF Z

4.6 \pm 9.5% (k=2)

Depth

1.79

Body

2450 MHz

 $\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 52.7 \pm 5\%$

 $\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X

4.1 \pm 9.5% (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

4.1 \pm 9.5% (k=2)

Alpha

1.11

ConvF Z

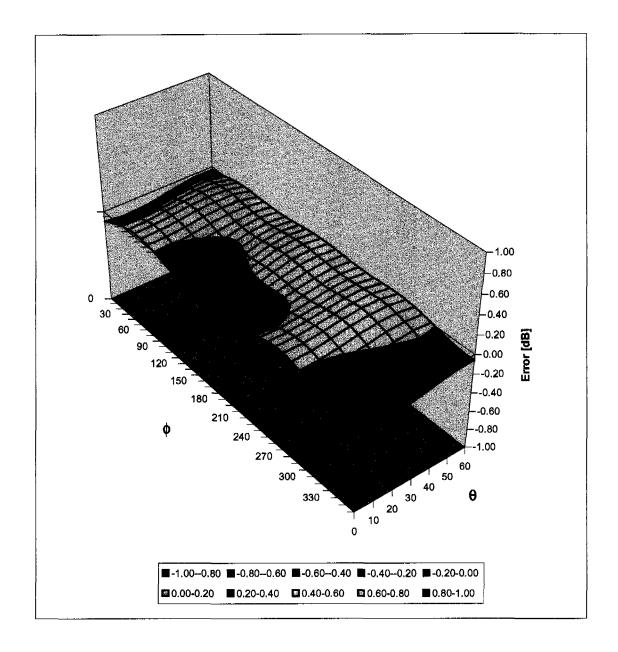
4.1 \pm 9.5% (k=2)

Depth

1.56

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,ϕ) , f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

ETS Dr. Genz

CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object(s)	DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA	- SN:522	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v5a Calibration procedure for	r the data acquisition unit	(DAE)
Calibration date:	16.12.2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according	to the specific calibration	document)
This calibration statement documen 17025 international standard.	nts traceability of M&TE used in the ca	libration procedures and conformity of	the procedures with the ISO/IEC
All calibrations have been conducte	d in the closed laboratory facility: envi	ronment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	s Celsius and humidity < 75%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03	Sep-04
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Philipp Storchenegger	Technician	'Ar
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	Smittelt
			Date issued: 16.12.2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE3 unit is connected to a fragile 3-pin battery connector. Customer is responsible to apply outmost caution not to bend or damage the connector when changing batteries.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration Customer shall remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. The packaging shall protect the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, Customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

s p e a g

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

1. Cal Lab. Incoming Inspection & Pre Test

Modification Status	Note Status here → → → →	BC	
Visual Inspection	Note anomalies	None	
Pre Test	Indication	Yes/No	
Probe Touch	Function	Yes	
Probe Collision	Function	Yes	
Probe Touch&Collision	Function	Yes	

2. DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:

1LSB =

 $6.1\mu V$,

full range =

400 mV

Low Range:

1LSB = 61nV, full range =

4 mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	403.721	403.496	403.817
Low Range	3.90669	3.92578	3.92595
Connector Angle to be used	in DASY System	44 °	

High Range	Input	Reading in μV	% Error
Channel X + Input	200mV	199999.4	0.00
	20mV	19996.3	-0.02
Channel X - Input	20mV	-19993.6	-0.03
Channel Y + Input	200mV	199999.5	0.00
	20mV	19995.9	-0.02
Channel Y - Input	20mV	-19994.4	-0.03
Channel Z + Input	200mV	200000.7	0.00
	20mV	19994.2	-0.03
Channel Z - Input	20mV	-19995.6	-0.02

Low Range	Input	Reading in μV	% Error
Channel X + Input	2mV	1999.97	0.00
	0.2mV	200.58	0.29
Channel X - Input	0.2mV	-200.30	0.15
Channel Y + Input	2mV	1999.98	0.00
	0.2mV	199.72	-0.14
Channel Y - Input	0.2mV	-200.64	0.32
Channel Z + Input	2mV	2000.02	0.00
	0.2mV	199.41	-0.30
Channel Z - Input	0.2mV	-201.21	0.61

DAE3 SN: 522 DATE: 16.12.2003

3. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters:

Auto Zero Time: 3 sec,

Measuring time:

3 sec

High/Low Range

in μV	Common mode Input Voltage	High Range Reading	Low Range Reading
Channel X	200mV	-0.71	-1.13
	- 200mV	2.36	-0.91
Channel Y	200mV	-0.87	-0.14
	- 200mV	-0.34	-1.27
Channel Z	200mV	-7.73	-6.96
	- 200mV	5.49	6.16

4. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters:

Auto Zero Time:

3 sec,

Measuring time:

3 sec

High Range

in μV	Input Voltage	Channel X	Channel Y	Channel Z
Channel X	200mV		1.45	0.18
Channel Y	200mV	-0.88		4.83
Channel Z	200mV	-1.60	0.24	-

5.1 AD-Converter Values with Input Voltage set to 2.0 mVDC

in Zero Low	Low Range Max - Min	Max.	Min
Channel X	10	16531	16521
Channel Y	5	16003	15998
Channel Z	13	16439	16426

5.2 AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

in LSB	Low Range	High Range
Channel X	16555	15364
Channel Y	16020	15473
Channel Z	16437	15486

DAE3 SN: 522 DATE: 16.12.2003

6. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters:

Auto Zero Time: 3 sec,

Measuring time:

3 sec

Number of measurements:

100, Low Range

Input 10MΩ

in μV	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	1.48	0.57	2.44	0.40
Channel Y	-1.16	-1.66	-0.62	0.23
Channel Z	0.05	-0.52	1.00	0.23

Input shorted

in μV	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	0.15	-0.68	0.94	0.31
Channel Y	-0.50	-1.87	-0.10	0.25
Channel Z	-0.86	-1.70	-0.19	0.23

7. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

8. Input Resistance

In MOhm	Calibrating	Measuring	
Channel X	0.2000	199.5	
Channel Y	0.2000	199.0	
Channel Z	0.1999	199.5	

9. Low Battery Alarm Voltage

in V	Alarm Level	
Supply (+ Vcc)	7.88	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.65	

10. Power Consumption

in mA	Switched off	Stand by	Transmitting
Supply (+ Vcc)	0.00	5.70	13.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8.03	-9.22