



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant MobiWire SAS

FCC ID QPN-H6821

Product 4G Smart Phone

Brand MobiWire; MobiWire; Altice

MobiWire H6821; MBW Vodafone

Model

Smart V22; Altice S64

Report No. R2206A0570-S1

Issue Date August 17, 2022

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013**, **ANSI C95.1**: **1992**, **IEEE C95.1**: **1991**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Wei fungying

Prepared by: Wei Fangying

Fan Guangchang

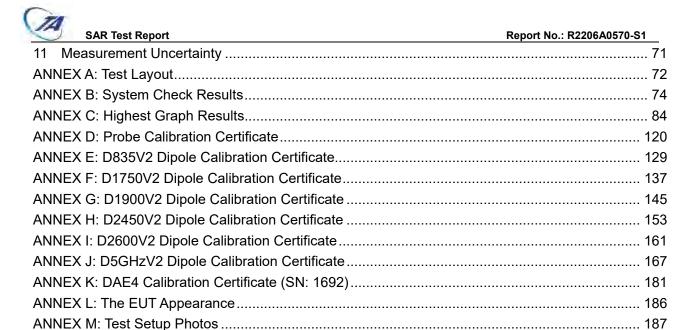
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Table of Contents

1 Te	est Laboratory	4
1.1	Notes of the Test Report	4
1.2	Test facility	4
1.3	Testing Location	4
1.4	Laboratory Environment	5
2 St	tatement of Compliance	6
3 De	escription of Equipment under Test	8
4 Te	est Specification, Methods and Procedures	10
5 O _I	perational Conditions during Test	11
5.1	Test Positions	11
	5.1.1 Against Phantom Head	11
	5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration	11
	5.1.3 Phablet SAR test considerations	
5.2	Measurement Variability	13
5.3	Test Configuration	14
	5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration	14
	5.3.2 UMTS Test Configuration	14
	5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration	18
	5.3.4 Additional requirements for TDD LTE specification	19
	5.3.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration	
	5.3.6 BT Test Configuration	
	5.3.7 SAR detection mechanism specification	24
6 SA	AR Measurements System Configuration	
6.1	SAR Measurement Set-up	25
6.2	DASY5 E-field Probe System	
6.3	SAR Measurement Procedure	27
	ain Test Equipment	
8 Ti	ssue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification	30
8.1	Tissue Verification	
8.2	System Performance Check	
8.3	SAR System Validation	
9 No	ormal and Maximum Output Power	
9.1	GSM Mode	
9.2	WCDMA Mode	
9.3	LTE Mode	39
9.4	WLAN Mode	
9.5	Bluetooth Mode	
	easured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	
10.1		
10.2		
10.3	Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	68





1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

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1.2 Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform measurement.

1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C				
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%				
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω				
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.					
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.					



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows: Table 1: Highest Reported SAR

		Highest Re	est Reported SAR (W/kg)				
Mode	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm)			
GSM 850	0.214	0.251	0.349	NA			
GSM 1900	0.108	0.428	0.845	NA			
WCDMA Band II	0.223	0.596	1.038	2.985			
WCDMA Band V	0.242	0.139	0.407	NA			
LTE FDD 2	0.270	0.485	0.818	1.735			
LTE FDD 4	0.106	0.790	1.058	2.479			
LTE FDD 5	0.283	0.361	0.457	NA			
LTE FDD 7	0.129	0.661	0.873	NA			
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.859	0.270	0.505	NA			
Wi-Fi (5G)	0.820	0.318	0.455	NA			
ВТ	0.120	0.045	0.075	NA			

Date of Testing: July 17, 2022 ~ July 25, 2022 Date of Sample Received: March 24, 2022

Note:

- 1. The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
- All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai)
 Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement
 Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.

Table 2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm)	
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.114	1.108	1.563	2.985	

Note: The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.3.



Item	Configure 1	Configure 2
Components on PCB changes	1	add second memory
Others	The same	The same

Note: Customer declaration, two models are the same, except for the memory, There are more than one Configure, each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, and however, only the worst case (Configure 1) will be recorded in this report.

Three models: MobiWire H6821; MBW Vodafone Smart V22; Altice S64

The difference:

MBW Vodafone Smart V22, Altice S64:

- 1. Battery silkscreen logo is different.
- 2. Different chargers are used. MBW Vodafone Smart V22 use AU charger, Altice S64 use US charger.

MobiWire H6821 is same as MBW Vodafone Smart V22.

And only the data for MobiWire H6821 is recorded in this report.



3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	MobiWire SAS
Applicant address	107 Boulevard de la Mission Marchand, 92400 Courbevoie, France.
Manufacturer	MobiWire SAS
Manufacturer address	107 Boulevard de la Mission Marchand, 92400 Courbevoie, France.

General Technologies

Application Purpose	Application Purpose Original Grant						
EUT Stage	I	Identical Prototype					
Model	ľ	MobiWire H6821; MBW Vodafone Smart V22; Altice S64;					
	•	1#	0	353539550000434			
IMEI		2#	Configure 1	353539550000301			
		3#	Configure 2	353539550000723			
Hardware Version	'	V00					
Software Version	1	Mobiwire_	_H6821_V01				
Antenna Type	I	Internal A	ntenna				
Device Class	E	В					
Wi-Fi Hotspot	/	Wi-Fi 2.40	G				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-1& U-NII-2A& U-NII-2C& U-NII-3					
		GSM 4000: 4					
Power Class		GSM 1900: 1 UMTS Band II/V: 3					
		LTE FDD 2/4/5/7: 3					
		GSM 850: level 5					
		GSM 1900: level 0					
Power Level		UMTS Band II/V: all up bits					
		LTE FDD 2/4/5/7: max power					
			EUT Accessor	ry			
Adaptor	Manu	ufacturer:	Dongguan Aohai	Technology Co., Ltd.			
Adapter	Mode	odel: A18A-050100U-US2					
Battery	Manu	anufacturer: NINGBO VEKEN BATTERY CO., LTD					
Dattery	Mode	odel: 178249203					
Earphone		anufacturer: JIU JIANG JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD					
Мо		odel: JWEP0957-M01R					
USB Cable		anufacturer: SHENZHEN FKY-QY HARDWARE ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD					
Model: AM/MICRO5P							
	Note: The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the						
applicant.							



Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wirel	ess Technology	Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)					
	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK)	□Multi-slot Class:8-1UP □Multi-slot Class:10-2UP	824 ~ 849					
GSM	1900	EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	⊠Multi-slot Class:12-4UP □Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	1850 ~ 1910					
	Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? □Yes ⊠No								
	Band II		HSDPA UE Category:14	1850 ~ 1910					
UMTS	Band V	QPSK, 16QAM	HSUPA UE Category:7 DC-HSDPA UE Category:24 HSPA+ Category:24	824 ~ 849					
	FDD 2			1850 ~ 1910					
	FDD 4	ODOK 400AM	D-L44	1710 ~ 1755					
	FDD 5	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.11	824 ~ 849					
LTE	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570					
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) □Yes ⊠No								
	Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? □Yes ⊠No								
ВТ	2.4G	Version 5	.0 BR/EDR + LE	2402 ~2480					
	0.40	DSSS, OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462					
	2.4G	OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452					
Wi-Fi	5G	OFDM	802.11a/n HT20/ HT40/ ac VHT20/ VHT40/ VHT80	5150 ~ 5350 5470 ~ 5850					
	Does this device support MIMO □Yes⊠No								



AR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992, IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

Reference Standards

KDB 248227 D01 802.11Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

KDB 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

KDB 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01



5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



5.1.3 Phablet SAR test considerations

For smart phones, with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.

- a) The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- b) The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for product specific 10-g SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The 1-g SAR at 5 mm for UMPC mini-tablets is not required. When hotspot mode applies, product specific 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold. The normal tablet procedures in KDB Publication 616217 are required when the overall diagonal dimension of the device is > 20.0 cm. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Product specific 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of larger form factor full size tablets. The more conservative normal tablet SAR results can be used to support phablet mode product specific 10-g SAR.
- c) The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless modes and exposure conditions.



5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.



5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

Table 3: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum
assignment	output power (dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

5.3.2 UMTS Test Configuration

5.3.2.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Maximum output power is verified by applying the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121.

5.3.2.2 Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.



5.3.2.3 Body-worn accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the EUT with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the EUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC

5.3.2.4 Release 5 HSDPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. EUT with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 4: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	$eta_{ m c}$	β _d	β _d	β_c/β_d	eta_{hs}	CM(dB)	MPR(dB)
			(SF)	, , ,	(note 1, note 2)	(note 3)	,
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
2	(note 4)	(note 4)	04	(note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{\triangle} A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{\triangle} \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$

Note 2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1, TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.



5.3.2.5 Release 6 HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA EUT' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 5: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-	β _c	$\beta_{\sf d}$	β_{d}	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	ß	ß.	β_{ed}	eta_{ed}	CM (2)	MPR	AG ⁽⁴⁾	E-TFCI
set	Pc	Pd	(SF)	Pc/Pd	Phs	$eta_{ ext{ec}}$	$eta_{\sf ed}$	(SF)	(codes)	(dB)	(dB)	Index	L-11 Ci
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\begin{array}{c} \beta_{ed1} 47/15 \\ \beta_{ed2} 47/15 \end{array}$	ı /ı	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_{c}$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 6: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCHTTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
	2	8	2	4	2798	4.4500
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592

(74	
C	SAR Test Report

SAR	est Report				Report No.: R2206A	05/0-51
	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	11484	5.76
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	2.00
7	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10		20000	?

Papart No - P2206 A0570-S1

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

5.3.2.6 HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR test exclusion may apply to 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA and Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. When SAR measurement is required for HSPA or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements. Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PAG is required for equipment approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

- 1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.
- 3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
- 4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA:
- a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121. Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
- b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
- c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
- 5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

 TA-MB-05-003S

 Page 17 of 187

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measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 7: HS-DSCH UE category

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter;TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS- DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI WOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulatio us with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation
Category 1	- 5	3	7298	19200			
Category 2	.5	3	7298	28800			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800	1		
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400	1		
Calegory 5	5	1	7298	57600	Appell 1865		
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200	QPSK, 16QAM	6.	
Category 7	10		14411	115200		Not	
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400	1	applicable	
Category 9	15	1	20251	172900		(MIMQ not	
Category 10	15	-	27952	172800		supported)	Not applicable
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	Like	7 7 1	
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800	QRSK		
Category 13	15		35260	259200	QPSK.		
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	16QAM 64QAM		(dual cell operation
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600	QPSK, 16	CHAN	not
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	MESIN, II	WAW	supported)
Category 17	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM 64QAM	31	Ediportesy
NUIEZ			23370	345600	-	QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 18	15	-1	42192	259200	QP5K, 16QAM 64QAM		
NOTE 3			27952	345600	-	OPSK, 16QAM	
Calegory 19	15	1	35280	518400	OPSK, 16QAI	Victory.	·
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400	GPSN, TEGA	W DOCAN	
Category 21	15	1	23370	345500			OPSK,
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600			16QAM
Category 23	. 15	1	35280	516400	-		QPSK.
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			16QAM, 64QAM

5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.



B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to $3GPP\ TS36.101\ Section\ 6.2.3-6.2.5$ under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5.3.4 Additional requirements for TDD LTE specification

For Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

TDD LTE Band supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table: Uplink-downlink configurations for uplink-downlink configurations and Table: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS) for Special subframe configurations.

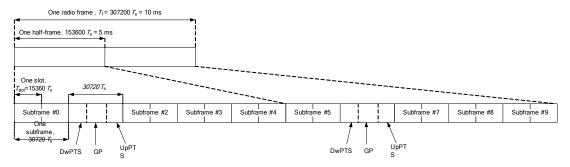


Figure 1: Frame structure type 2

Table 8: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

	Normal	cyclic prefix in	downlink	Extend	ed cyclic prefix	in downlink
Special		UpF	PTS		Up	PTS
subframe configuration	DwPTS	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	DwPTS	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
1	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		$2560 \cdot T_{ m s}$	$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		2300 · 1 _s
3	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$25600 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	5120 · <i>T</i> _s
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	4364 · 1 _s	3120 · 1 _s
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$12800 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-

Table 9: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	J	U	J	D	S	J	J	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	כ	U	כ	О	D	О	О	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	J	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to Figure 1, one radio frame is configured by 10 subframes, which consist of Uplink-subframe, Downlink-subframe and Special subframe. For TDD-LTE, the Duty Cycle should be calculated on Uplink-subframes and Special subframes, due to Special subframe containing both



Uplink transmissions. So for one radio frame, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below. The count of Uplink subframes are according to Table: Uplink-downlink configurations:

Duty cycle = (30720Ts*Ups + Uplink Component*Specials)/(307200Ts)

About the uplink component of Special subframes, we can figure out by Table: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS):

Uplink Component = UpPTS

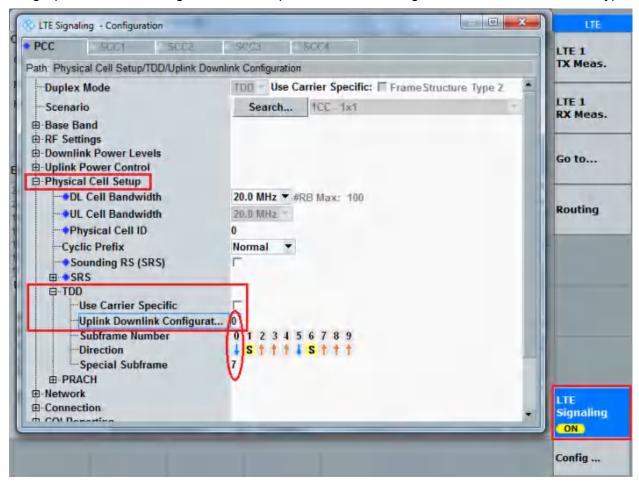
In conclusion, for the TDD LTE Band, Duty Cycle can be calculated with formula as below. All these sets are ok when we test, or we can set as below.

Duty cycle = [(30720Ts*Ups) + UpPTS *Specials]/(307200Ts)

And we can get different Duty cycles under different configurations:

				Configuration of special subframe									
Uplink- downlink	Subframe number			N	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink				Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
configuration				Normal cyclic prefix in uplink		* '		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink		Extended cyclic prefix in uplink			
	D	s	U	configuration 0~4	configuration 5~9	configuration 0~4	configuration 5~9	configuration 0~3	configuration 4~7	configuration 0~3	configuration 4~7		
0	2	2	6	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%	61.43%	62.85%	61.67%	63.33%		
1	4	2	4	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%	41.43%	42.85%	41.67%	43.33%		
2	6	2	2	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%	21.43%	22.85%	21.67%	23.33%		
3	6	1	3	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%	30.71%	31.43%	30.83%	31.67%		
4	7	1	2	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%	20.71%	21.43%	20.83%	21.67%		
5	8	1	1	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%	10.71%	11.43%	10.83%	11.67%		
6	3	2	5	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%	51.43%	52.85%	51.67%	53.33%		

SAR test Plan: For TDD LTE, SAR should be tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33%) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 7 for Frame structure type





5.3.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; These are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial* test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial* test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the *initial* test position is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that
 exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or
 aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to
 the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ♦ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - → The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

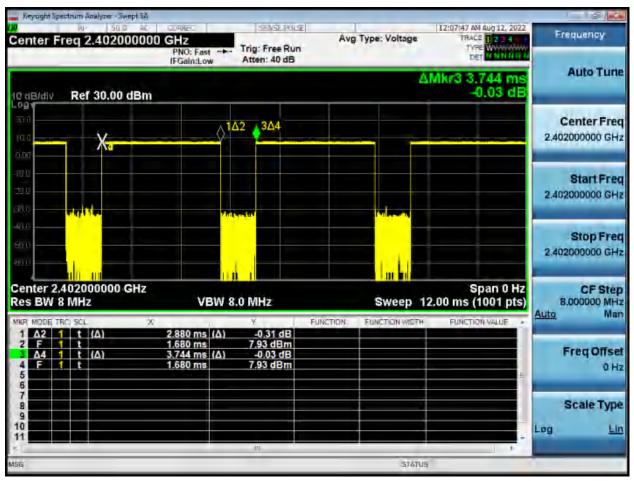
A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.



5.3.6 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT control the EUT operating with hoping off and data rate set for DH5.

The SAR measurement takes full account of the BT duty cycle and is reflected in the report, and the duty factor of the device is as follow:



Note: Duty factor= Ton (ms)/ T(on+off) (ms)=2.880/3.760*100%=77%



5.3.7 SAR detection mechanism specification

This device support the receiver detection mechanism, the main purpose is to minimize triggering associated with power reduction scenarios and provide enhanced user experience.

More details information followings:

Main Antenna	Power Reduction Level Amount (dB)								
Power Reduction Scenario	Receiver	GSM850	GSM1900	UMTS B2	UMTS B5	LTE B2	LTE.B4	LTE 85	LTE B7
Full power		34.50	32 00	25.00	25 00	25 00	25.00	25.50	24.50
Standalone	on	0:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00:	0.00	0.00	0.00
	off	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00	2.50	2.50	3.00	0.00

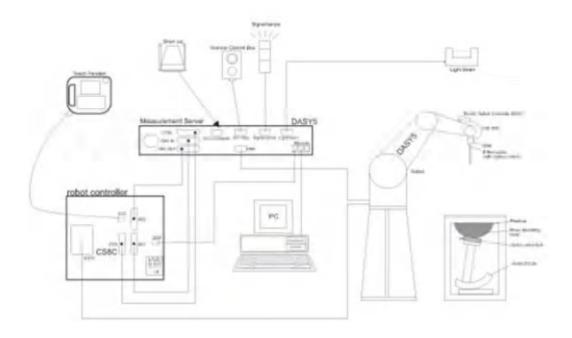
Wi-Fi Antenna				Po	wer Reduct	on Level Am	ount (dB)			
Power Reduction Scenario	Receiver	WIFI 2 4G 116	WF(24G	WIFT 2 4G 11n HT20	WIFI 5G	WIE SE I I I HT20		WiFr 5G 802 11ac- VHT20	WiFi 5G 802 11ac -VHT-40	802 11ac
Full power		19.00	17.00	17.00	18.00	18.00	18,00	18.00	18.00	18.00
Standalone	007	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dianualune	off	0.00	0.00	D.DG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- ➤ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- > Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- > The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: Range \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.



SAR=C∆T/∆t

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI²σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest		
measurement point (geometric center of	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
probe sensors) to phantom surface		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to		
phantom surface normal at the	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
measurement location		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
	2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimens	sion of the test device, in
Maximum area scan spatial resolution:	the measurement plar	ne orientation, is smaller
ΔxArea, ΔyArea	than the above, the m	neasurement resolution
	must be ≤ the correspo	nding x or y dimension of
	the test device with at	least one measurement
	point on the	e test device.



Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum zaam	acen ene	tial recolution: A v	≤2GHz: ≤8mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*			
waximum zoom	scan spa	tial resolution: $\triangle x_{zoom} \triangle y_{zoom}$	2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*			
Massinassina	Maximum			3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm			
Maximum	Uı	niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$	≤5mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm			
zoom scan				5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm			
spatial	0 1 1	$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two			3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm		
resolution, normal to		0	0	المعام المعام	Cradad	points closest to phantom	≤4mm
	Graded	surface		5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm			
phantom surface	grid	△z _{zoom} (n>1): between	≤1.5•△z _{zoom} (n-1)				
Suriace		subsequent points	≥1.5•△∠	² zoom(11 - 1 <i>)</i>			
Minimum				3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm			
zoom scan		X, y, z	≥30mm	4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm			
volume				5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm			

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.



7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020115	1	1
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Power sensor	Agilent	NRP18S	101955	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140143	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Dual directional coupler	UCL	UCL-DDC0 56G-S	20010600118	1	1
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	TPA-005060 G01	13030502	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Wireless communication tester	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201342015	2021-12-12	2022-12-11
Wireless communication tester	Key sight	E5515C	MY48360988	2021-12-12	2022-12-11
Wireless communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	146734	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2021-08-12	2022-08-11
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1692	2021-10-04	2022-10-03
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2020-08-28	2023-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2020-02-25	2023-02-24
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2020-08-27	2023-08-26
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2020-08-27	2023-08-26
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2021-04-23	2024-04-22
Validation Kit 5GHz	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1151	2020-02-27	2023-02-26
Software for Tissue	Agilent	85070	/	1	1
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	381	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	SAM1	1667	1	1
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	SAM2	1666	1	1
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	HTC - 1	TY2020A003	2022-05-14	2023-05-13
TX90 XL	SPEAG	Staubli TX90 XL	/	1	1
Software for Test	SPEAG	DASY52	52.10.4.1527	/	/



8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within \pm 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 24 hours of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequency (MHz)	ε _r	σ(s/m)
835	41.5	0.90
1750	40.1	1.37
1900	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.96
5250	35.9	4.71
5600	35.5	5.07
5750	35.4	5.22



Measurements results

Frequency		Temp		Dielectric neters		ielectric neters		mit n ±5%)
(MHz)	Test Date	C	ε _r	σ(s/m)	ε _r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε _r (%)	Dev σ(%)
925	2022/7/19	21.5	41.4	0.92	41.5	0.90	-0.24	2.22
835	2022/7/20	21.5	41.3	0.89	41.5	0.90	-0.48	-1.11
1750	2022/7/20	21.5	40.1	1.34	40.1	1.37	0.00	-2.19
1900	2022/7/21	21.5	40.1	1.41	40.0	1.40	0.25	0.71
1900	2022/7/22	21.5	40.2	1.42	40.0	1.40	0.50	1.43
2450	2022/7/18	21.5	38.7	1.82	39.2	1.80	-1.28	1.11
2600	2022/7/17	21.5	38.4	1.94	39.0	1.96	-1.54	-1.02
5250	2022/7/23	21.5	35.5	4.80	35.9	4.71	-1.11	1.91
5600	2022/7/24	21.5	35.5	5.19	35.5	5.07	0.00	2.37
5750	2022/7/25	21.5	34.9	5.21	35.4	5.22	-1.41	-0.19

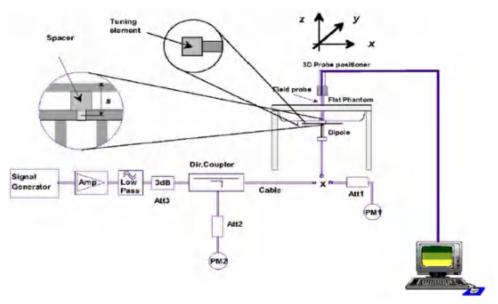
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.



8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo



Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ
Dipole D835V2	Head	8/28/2020	-26.2	1	54.8	1
SN: 4d020	Liquid	8/27/2021	-26.5	1.1	55.2	0.4
Din ala D4750\/0	l la a d	2/25/2020	-38.3	1	48.8	/
Dipole D1750V2 SN: 1033	Head Liquid	2/24/2021	-40.0	4.4	49.9	1.1
014. 1000	Liquid	2/23/2022	-40.6	1.5	51.1	1.2
Dipole D1900V2	Head	8/27/2020	-23.3	1	52.5	1
SN: 5d060	Liquid	8/26/2021	-23.0	-1.3	51.9	-0.6
Dipole D2450V2	Head	8/27/2020	-26.9	/	54.5	1
SN: 786	Liquid	8/26/2021	-27.1	0.7	53.8	-0.7
Dipole D5GHzV2	Hood	2/27/2020	-23.4	1	52.4	1
SN: 1151	Head Liquid	2/26/2021	-23.8	1.7	50.0	-2.4
(5250MHz)		2/25/2022	-23.9	0.4	49.3	-0.7
Dipole D5GHzV2	11	2/27/2020	-22.6	1	52.4	/
SN: 1151	Head	2/26/2021	-21.5	-4.9	50.0	-2.4
(5600MHz)	Liquid	2/25/2022	-20.9	-2.8	49.3	-0.7
Dipole D5GHzV2	llaad	2/27/2020	-25.0	/	55.9	1
SN: 1151	Head	2/26/2021	-26.8	-1.8	52.5	-3.4
(5750MHz)	Liquid	2/25/2022	-27.1	1.1	52.1	-0.4



Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

System Check results

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
835	2022/7/19	21.5	2.43	9.72	9.65	0.73	1
033	2022/7/20	21.5	2.51	10.04	9.65	4.04	2
1750	2022/7/20	21.5	9.11	36.44	35.90	1.50	3
1000	2022/7/21	21.5	9.87	39.48	39.50	-0.05	4
1900	2022/7/22	21.5	9.88	39.52	39.50	0.05	5
2450	2022/7/18	21.5	13.52	54.08	52.30	3.40	6
2600	2022/7/17	21.5	13.88	55.52	56.10	-1.03	7
Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp ℃	100mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
5250	2022/7/23	21.5	7.87	78.70	78.00	0.90	8
5600	2022/7/24	21.5	7.94	79.40	80.50	-1.37	9
5750	2022/7/25	21.5	7.66	76.60	77.40	-1.03	10
Note: Target	Values used de	erive fron	n the calibration	n certificate Dat	a Storage and	Evaluation.	



8.3 SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point must be validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status, measurement frequencies, SAR probes, calibrated signal type(s) and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Erogueneu		Drobo	Drobo			PERM COND CI		CW	V Validation		
Frequency [MHz]	Date	Probe SN	Probe Type	Probe Cal Point				Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	
835	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	835	Head	41.5	0.90	PASS	PASS	PASS	
1750	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	1750	Head	40.1	1.37	PASS	PASS	PASS	
1900	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	1900	Head	40.0	1.40	PASS	PASS	PASS	
2450	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	2450	Head	39.2	1.80	PASS	PASS	PASS	
2600	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	2600	Head	39.0	1.96	PASS	PASS	PASS	
5250	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	5250	Head	35.9	4.71	PASS	PASS	PASS	
5600	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	5600	Head	35.5	5.07	PASS	PASS	PASS	
5750	2021/8/12	3677	EX3DV4	5750	Head	35.4	5.22	PASS	PASS	PASS	

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.



9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

GSM850												
Receiver on&		Burst-	Burst-Averaged output power(dBm) Division Frame-Averaged output power(dBm)							er(dBm)		
		Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)				Tune-up	Chann	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)			
Receiver off		MAX	128/824.2	190/836.6	251/848.8	Factors	s MAX 128/824.2 190/836.6		251/848.8			
GSM	CS	34.50	33.77	33.87	33.85	9.03	25.47	24.74	24.84	24.82		
	1 Tx Slot	34.50	33.67	33.88	33.76	9.03	25.47	24.64	24.85	24.73		
GPRS/EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	33.50	32.71	32.87	32.77	6.02	27.48	26.69	26.85	26.75		
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	31.50	30.65	30.71	30.74	4.26	27.24	26.39	26.45	26.48		
	4 Tx Slots	30.50	29.53	29.59	29.61	3.01	27.49	26.52	26.58	26.60		
	1 Tx Slot	27.50	26.59	26.01	27.15	9.03	18.47	17.56	16.98	18.12		
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	26.50	26.25	25.25	24.85	6.02	20.48	20.23	19.23	18.83		
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.50	23.59	23.76	22.66	4.26	20.24	19.33	19.50	18.40		
	4 Tx Slots	22.00	21.33	21.21	21.71	3.01	18.99	18.32	18.20	18.70		

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.

PCS 1900											
Desciver on 0		Burst	Burst-Averaged output power(dBm) Division Frame-Averaged output power								
Receiver	Receiver on&		Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)				Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)			
Receive	i oli	MAX	512/1850.2	661/1880	810/1909.8	Factors	MAX	512/1850.2	661/1880	810/1909.8	
GSM	CS	32.00	30.81	31.00	31.06	9.03	22.97	21.78	21.97	22.03	
	1 Tx Slot	32.00	30.75	30.94	31.12	9.03	22.97	21.72	21.91	22.09	
GPRS/EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.00	29.78	29.98	30.17	6.02	24.98	23.76	23.96	24.15	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.00	27.74	27.95	28.18	4.26	24.74	23.48	23.69	23.92	
	4 Tx Slots	28.00	26.63	26.84	27.10	3.01	24.99	23.62	23.83	24.09	
	1 Tx Slot	27.50	25.85	26.41	26.46	9.03	18.47	16.82	17.38	17.43	
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	26.50	24.65	25.05	25.32	6.02	20.48	18.63	19.03	19.30	
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.00	22.52	23.63	22.97	4.26	19.74	18.26	19.37	18.71	
	4 Tx Slots	22.00	21.45	21.57	21.60	3.01	18.99	18.44	18.56	18.59	

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

Standalone: GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.



SAR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

	WCDMA Band II							
		Maximum Output Power (dBm)						
Receiver on		Cha	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)					
		9262/1852.4	9400/1880	9538/1907.6	Tune-up			
RMC	12.2k	23.98	24.07	24.08	25.00			
AMR	12.2k	23.94	23.97	24.00	25.00			
	Subtest 1	23.38	23.73	23.48	24.50			
HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.60	23.69	23.50	24.50			
	Subtest 3	22.88	22.95	23.02	24.00			
	Subtest 4	23.12	23.03	23.10	24.00			
	Subtest 1	23.32	23.63	23.46	24.50			
	Subtest 2	22.62	22.71	22.64	23.50			
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.90	23.13	23.16	24.00			
	Subtest 4	22.46	22.43	22.48	23.50			
	Subtest 5	23.52	23.51	23.46	24.50			
	Subtest 1	23.44	23.49	23.72	24.50			
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.56	23.47	23.70	24.50			
	Subtest 3	22.84	23.09	22.94	24.00			
	Subtest 4	23.10	23.23	23.02	24.00			
HSPA+	16QAM	22.84	23.17	23.14	24.00			

Note: Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for each exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

	WCDMA Band II							
		Maximum Output Power (dBm)						
Receiver off		Cha	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)					
		9262/1852.4	9400/1880	9538/1907.6	Tune-up			
RMC	12.2k	22.24	22.26	22.39	23.50			
AMR	12.2k	22.40	22.22	22.51	23.50			
	Subtest 1	21.76	21.70	21.73	23.00			
HCDDA	Subtest 2	21.70	21.68	22.01	23.00			
HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.28	21.18	21.37	22.50			
	Subtest 4	21.34	21.40	21.25	22.50			
	Subtest 1	21.74	21.76	21.81	23.00			
	Subtest 2	20.78	20.70	20.75	22.00			
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.18	21.42	21.53	22.50			
	Subtest 4	20.84	20.72	20.87	22.00			
	Subtest 5	21.74	21.70	21.83	23.00			



SAR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

				nopon non	112200710070
	Subtest 1	21.88	21.72	21.95	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.76	21.70	21.81	23.00
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.30	21.26	21.37	22.50
	Subtest 4	21.22	21.38	21.53	22.50
HSPA+	16QAM	21.28	21.28	21.23	22.50

Note: Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for each exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

	WCDMA Band V							
		Maximum Output Power (dBm)						
Receiver on	& Receiver off	Cha	Tuna un					
			4183/836.6	4233/846.6	Tune-up			
RMC	12.2k	24.32	24.36	24.38	25.00			
AMR	12.2k	24.28	24.26	24.46	25.00			
	Subtest 1	23.90	23.90	23.80	24.50			
HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.74	23.80	23.78	24.50			
	Subtest 3	23.48	23.20	23.22	24.00			
	Subtest 4	23.48	23.20	23.22	24.00			
	Subtest 1	23.76	23.84	23.86	24.50			
	Subtest 2	22.78	22.96	22.76	23.50			
HSUPA	Subtest 3	23.36	23.28	23.34	24.00			
	Subtest 4	22.88	23.00	22.94	23.50			
	Subtest 5	23.98	23.96	23.76	24.50			
	Subtest 1	23.96	23.78	23.76	24.50			
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.90	23.76	23.78	24.50			
	Subtest 3	23.36	23.38	23.36	24.00			
	Subtest 4	23.22	23.20	23.46	24.00			
HSPA+	16QAM	23.46	23.24	23.28	24.00			

Note: Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for each exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

AR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

			L	TE Band2			
	Receiver o	n		Maximu	ım Output Powe	r (dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Tune-up
Bandwidth	iviodulation	allocation	onset	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	
		1	0	23.87	23.89	23.81	25.00
		1	2	24.22	24.20	24.14	25.00
		1	5	23.81	23.80	23.88	25.00
	QPSK	3	0	24.13	24.16	24.17	25.00
		3	2	24.07	24.14	24.15	25.00
		3	3	24.26	24.22	23.92	25.00
1.4MHz		6	0	23.23	23.25	23.16	24.00
1.4111172	1.411172	1	0	23.49	23.10	23.14	24.00
		1	2	23.47	23.44	23.43	24.00
		1	5	23.01	23.04	23.14	24.00
16QAM	16QAM	3	0	23.15	23.16	23.14	24.00
	3	2	23.14	23.16	23.14	24.00	
		3	3	23.26	23.30	22.91	24.00
		6	0	22.28	22.31	22.19	23.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)		Tune-up
Ballawiatii	Woddiation	allocation	Oliset	18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5	rune-up
		1	0	23.89	23.93	23.84	25.00
		1	7	24.20	24.23	24.18	25.00
		1	14	23.84	23.85	23.92	25.00
QPSK	8	0	23.23	23.28	23.30	24.00	
	MHz 16QAM	8	4	23.19	23.24	23.27	24.00
3MHz		8	7	23.36	23.33	23.02	24.00
		15	0	23.23	23.29	23.19	24.00
		1	0	23.52	23.12	23.17	24.00
		1	7	23.50	23.44	23.47	24.00
	IOQAWI	1	14	23.03	23.08	23.17	24.00
		8	0	22.26	22.29	22.26	23.00
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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

TA-MB-05-003S

Page 39 of 187



SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

		8	4	22.25	22.29	22.26	23.00
		8	7	22.36	22.42	22.04	23.00
		15	0	22.31	22.35	22.22	23.00
		RB		Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	_
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	Tune-up
		1	0	23.86	23.91	23.80	25.00
		1	13	24.18	24.19	24.15	25.00
		1	24	23.81	23.80	23.88	25.00
	QPSK	12	0	23.20	23.23	23.26	24.00
		12	6	23.17	23.20	23.22	24.00
		12	13	23.34	23.31	22.98	24.00
53411		25	0	23.23	23.28	23.17	24.00
5MHz		1	0	23.49	23.08	23.14	24.00
		1	13	23.47	23.42	23.44	24.00
		1	24	23.00	23.06	23.13	24.00
	16QAM	12	0	22.24	22.25	22.23	23.00
		12	6	22.22	22.24	22.22	23.00
		12	13	22.33	22.37	22.00	23.00
		25	0	22.29	22.31	22.17	23.00
		RB		Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	Tune-up
		1	0	23.88	23.92	23.83	25.00
		1	25	24.21	24.24	24.19	25.00
	QPSK	1	49	23.83	23.84	23.91	25.00
		25	0	23.23	23.28	23.30	24.00
		25	13	23.20	23.25	23.26	24.00
		25	25	23.36	23.35	23.03	24.00
		50	0	23.27	23.30	23.21	24.00
10MHz		1	0	23.51	23.11	23.16	24.00
		1	25	23.50	23.46	23.47	24.00
		1	49	23.03	23.08	23.16	24.00
	16QAM	25	0	22.27	22.30	22.27	23.00
		25	13	22.24	22.28	22.25	23.00
		25	25	22.36	22.42	22.04	23.00
		50	0	22.32	22.36	22.21	23.00
Downley Little	Ma ded a C	RB			nnel/Frequency(
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5	Tune-up
		1	0	23.87	23.88	23.81	25.00
	OPSK	1	38	24.19	24.23	24.16	25.00
4 == = : -		1	74	23.80	23.79	23.87	25.00
15MHz		36	0	23.21	23.24	23.27	24.00
		36	18	23.17	23.20	23.22	24.00
		36	39	23.33	23.32	22.99	24.00

11				
	SAR Test Report			Re
		-		

SA	R Test Report				R	eport No.: R2206A05	570-S1
		75	0	23.25	23.26	23.16	24.00
		1	0	23.46	23.09	23.14	24.00
		1	38	23.48	23.43	23.45	24.00
		1	74	23.00	23.04	23.13	24.00
	16QAM	36	0	22.24	22.28	22.24	23.00
		36	18	22.21	22.23	22.21	23.00
		36	39	22.34	22.38	22.01	23.00
		75	0	22.29	22.31	22.17	23.00
Dan duvidéla	RB Modulation		offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tung un
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900	Tune-up
		1	0	23.84	23.84	23.78	25.00
		1	50	24.18	24.19	24.14	25.00
		1	99	23.78	23.78	23.84	25.00
	QPSK	50	0	23.18	23.19	23.23	24.00
		50	25	23.15	23.16	23.19	24.00
		50	50	23.30	23.27	22.95	24.00
20MHz		100	0	23.22	23.21	23.12	24.00
ZUWIFIZ	WITZ	1	0	23.14	23.05	23.09	24.00
		1	50	23.44	23.41	23.41	24.00
		1	99	22.98	23.01	23.11	24.00
16QAI	16QAM	50	0	22.21	22.24	22.21	23.00
		50	25	22.18	22.21	22.18	23.00
		50	50	22.31	22.33	21.97	23.00
		100	0	22.27	22.27	22.14	23.00

	LTE Band2							
	Receiver o	ff		Maximu				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
Balluwiutii iviodulatioii	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3		
		1	0	21.62	21.72	21.64	22.50	
		1	2	21.88	22.00	21.99	22.50	
		1	5	21.54	21.62	21.67	22.50	
	QPSK	3	0	21.85	22.00	21.99	22.50	
		3	2	21.87	21.92	21.97	22.50	
		3	3	21.78	22.03	21.73	22.50	
1.4MHz	//Hz 16QAM	6	0	21.80	22.02	21.94	22.50	
1.4111172		1	0	21.97	21.99	21.94	22.50	
		1	2	22.24	22.29	22.23	22.50	
		1	5	21.90	21.95	21.93	22.50	
		3	0	21.85	21.97	22.02	22.50	
	3	2	21.90	21.93	21.95	22.50		
		3	3	21.79	22.08	21.73	22.50	
		6	0	21.85	22.05	21.92	22.50	



	R Test Report	RB		Char	570-51		
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5	Tune-up
		1	0	21.64	21.76	21.67	22.50
		1	7	21.88	22.02	22.03	22.50
		1	14	21.57	21.67	21.71	22.50
	QPSK	8	0	21.89	22.07	22.06	22.50
		8	4	21.90	22.00	22.03	22.50
		8	7	21.82	22.08	21.77	22.50
		15	0	21.82	22.06	21.97	22.50
3MHz		1	0	22.00	22.01	21.97	22.50
		1	7	22.27	22.31	22.27	22.50
		1	14	21.92	21.99	21.96	22.50
	16QAM	8	0	21.90	22.01	22.05	22.50
		8	4	21.95	22.00	22.01	22.50
		8	7	21.83	22.14	21.80	22.50
		15	0	21.88	22.09	21.95	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(l	MHz)	Tung up
Danuwiutii	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	Tune-up
		1	0	21.61	21.74	21.63	22.50
		1	13	21.86	21.98	22.00	22.50
		1	24	21.54	21.62	21.67	22.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.86	22.02	22.02	22.50
		12	6	21.88	21.96	21.98	22.50
		12	13	21.80	22.06	21.73	22.50
5MHz		25	0	21.80	22.05	21.95	22.50
311112		1	0	21.97	21.97	21.94	22.50
		1	13	22.24	22.29	22.24	22.50
		1	24	21.89	21.97	21.92	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	21.88	21.97	22.02	22.50
		12	6	21.92	21.95	21.97	22.50
		12	13	21.80	22.09	21.76	22.50
		25	0	21.86	22.05	21.90	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		Tune-up	
Banawiani	Wiodalation	allocation	Onoct	18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	Turio up
	QPSK	1	0	21.62	21.73	21.65	22.50
		1	25	21.87	22.02	22.02	22.50
		1	49	21.55	21.64	21.69	22.50
		25	0	21.87	22.06	22.04	22.50
10MHz		25	13	21.90	21.99	22.01	22.50
		25	25	21.80	22.06	21.77	22.50
		50	0	21.80	22.06	21.96	22.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.96	21.95	21.94	22.50
		1	25	22.26	22.32	22.22	22.50

TA		
	SAR Test Report	Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

	ik lest kepolt					eport No., KZZ00A03	
		1	49	21.90	21.95	21.94	22.50
		25	0	21.86	22.01	22.03	22.50
		25	13	21.91	21.94	21.98	22.50
		25	25	21.82	22.13	21.75	22.50
		50	0	21.85	22.07	21.90	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(l	MHz)	Tung up
Danawiatii	Wodulation	allocation	Ullset	18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5	Tune-up
		1	0	21.62	21.71	21.64	22.50
		1	38	21.87	22.02	22.01	22.50
		1	74	21.53	21.61	21.66	22.50
	QPSK	36	0	21.87	22.03	22.03	22.50
		36	18	21.88	21.96	21.98	22.50
		36	39	21.79	22.07	21.74	22.50
15MHz		75	0	21.83	22.03	21.94	22.50
TOWINZ		1	0	21.94	21.98	21.94	22.50
		1	38	22.25	22.30	22.25	22.50
	16QAM	1	74	21.89	21.95	21.92	22.50
		36	0	21.88	22.00	22.03	22.50
		36	18	21.91	21.94	21.96	22.50
		36	39	21.81	22.10	21.77	22.50
		75	0	21.86	22.05	21.90	22.50
Dan alvedalde	N4ll - 4:	RB	- CC 4	Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900	Tune-up
		1	0	21.59	21.67	21.61	22.50
		1	50	21.86	21.98	21.99	22.50
		1	99	21.51	21.60	21.63	22.50
	QPSK	50	0	21.84	21.98	21.99	22.50
		50	25	21.86	21.92	21.95	22.50
		50	50	21.76	22.02	21.70	22.50
201411-		100	0	21.80	21.98	21.90	22.50
20MHz		1	0	21.92	21.94	21.89	22.50
		1	50	22.21	22.28	22.21	22.50
		1	99	21.87	21.92	21.90	22.50
	16QAM	50	0	21.85	21.96	22.00	22.50
		50	25	21.88	21.92	21.93	22.50
		50	50	21.78	22.05	21.73	22.50
		100	0	21.84	22.01	21.87	22.50

LTE Band4									
Receiver on				Maximu	Maximum Output Power (dBm)				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offoot	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Tune-up		
		allocation	offset	19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3			
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.75	23.78	23.74	25.00		

SA	R Test Report				R	eport No.: R2206A05	570-S1
		1	2	24.13	24.06	23.96	25.00
		1	5	23.59	23.55	23.57	25.00
		3	0	24.04	24.01	23.86	25.00
		3	2	23.94	23.96	23.92	25.00
		3	3	23.87	24.07	23.72	25.00
		6	0	23.02	23.16	22.90	24.00
		1	0	23.36	23.18	23.05	24.00
		1	2	23.34	23.39	23.32	24.00
		1	5	22.91	22.94	22.92	24.00
	16QAM	3	0	23.06	22.98	22.88	24.00
		3	2	23.00	22.93	22.91	24.00
		3	3	22.87	23.10	22.69	24.00
		6	0	22.03	22.13	21.90	23.00
Den skut tit	Modulatian	RB	offt	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tu
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5	Tune-up
		1	0	23.77	23.82	23.77	25.00
		1	7	24.11	24.09	24.00	25.00
		1	14	23.62	23.60	23.61	25.00
	QPSK	8	0	23.14	23.13	22.99	24.00
		8	4	23.06	23.06	23.04	24.00
		8	7	22.97	23.18	22.82	24.00
3MHz		15	0	23.02	23.20	22.93	24.00
SIVIFIZ		1	0	23.39	23.20	23.08	24.00
		1	7	23.37	23.39	23.36	24.00
	16QAM	1	14	22.93	22.98	22.95	24.00
		8	0	22.17	22.11	22.00	23.00
		8	4	22.11	22.06	22.03	23.00
		8	7	21.97	22.22	21.82	23.00
		15	0	22.06	22.17	21.93	23.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tune-up
Banawiath	Woddiation	allocation	Oliset	19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	Tune-up
		1	0	23.74	23.80	23.73	25.00
		1	13	24.09	24.05	23.97	25.00
		1	24	23.59	23.55	23.57	25.00
	QPSK	12	0	23.11	23.08	22.95	24.00
		12	6	23.04	23.02	22.99	24.00
5MHz		12	13	22.95	23.16	22.78	24.00
0.01112		25	0	23.02	23.19	22.91	24.00
		1	0	23.36	23.16	23.05	24.00
		1	13	23.34	23.37	23.33	24.00
	16QAM	1	24	22.90	22.96	22.91	24.00

22.15

22.08

22.07

22.01

23.00

23.00

21.97

21.99

0

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12

12



SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

		12	13	21.94	22.17	21.78	23.00
		25	0	22.04	22.13	21.88	23.00
		RB	cc ,	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	_
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	Tune-up
		1	0	23.76	23.81	23.76	25.00
		1	25	24.12	24.10	24.01	25.00
		1	49	23.61	23.59	23.60	25.00
	QPSK	25	0	23.14	23.13	22.99	24.00
		25	13	23.07	23.07	23.03	24.00
		25	25	22.97	23.20	22.83	24.00
10MHz		50	0	23.06	23.21	22.95	24.00
IUWINZ		1	0	23.38	23.19	23.07	24.00
		1	25	23.37	23.41	23.36	24.00
		1	49	22.93	22.98	22.94	24.00
	16QAM	25	0	22.18	22.12	22.01	23.00
		25	13	22.10	22.05	22.02	23.00
		25	25	21.97	22.22	21.82	23.00
		50	0	22.07	22.18	21.92	23.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Wodulation	allocation	onset	20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	Turie-up
		1	0	23.75	23.77	23.74	25.00
		1	38	24.10	24.09	23.98	25.00
		1	74	23.58	23.54	23.56	25.00
	QPSK	36	0	23.12	23.09	22.96	24.00
		36	18	23.04	23.02	22.99	24.00
		36	39	22.94	23.17	22.79	24.00
15MHz		75	0	23.04	23.17	22.90	24.00
TOWNIZ		1	0	23.33	23.17	23.05	24.00
		1	38	23.35	23.38	23.34	24.00
		1	74	22.90	22.94	22.91	24.00
	16QAM	36	0	22.15	22.10	21.98	23.00
		36	18	22.07	22.00	21.98	23.00
		36	39	21.95	22.18	21.79	23.00
		75	0	22.04	22.13	21.88	23.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset		nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tune-up
Danawiani	Wiodalation	allocation	Ciloct	20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	Tuno up
		1	0	23.72	23.73	23.71	25.00
		1	50	24.09	24.05	23.96	25.00
20MHz		1	99	23.56	23.53	23.53	25.00
	QPSK	50	0	23.09	23.04	22.92	24.00
		50	25	23.02	22.98	22.96	24.00
		50	50	22.91	23.12	22.75	24.00
		100	0	23.01	23.12	22.86	24.00

SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1 0 23.03 23.13 23.00 24.00 1 50 23.31 23.36 23.30 24.00 22.88 1 99 22.91 22.89 24.00 16QAM 50 0 22.12 22.06 21.95 23.00 50 25 22.04 21.98 21.95 23.00 50 50 21.92 22.13 21.75 23.00 100 0 22.02 22.09 21.85 23.00

			L	TE Band4			
	Receiver o	ff		Maximu	ım Output Powe	r (dBm)	
5 1 1 111		RB	- C	Char	nnel/Frequency(Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	
		1	0	21.50	21.55	21.47	22.50
		1	2	21.81	21.77	21.74	22.50
		1	5	21.31	21.25	21.38	22.50
	QPSK	3	0	21.83	21.80	21.66	22.50
		3	2	21.75	21.72	21.71	22.50
		3	3	21.63	21.81	21.53	22.50
4 48411-		6	0	21.75	21.85	21.63	22.50
1.4MHz		1	0	21.81	21.86	21.78	22.50
		1	2	22.14	22.11	22.08	22.50
		1	5	21.63	21.66	21.60	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.87	21.80	21.68	22.50
		3	2	21.80	21.73	21.73	22.50
		3	3	21.70	21.85	21.51	22.50
		6	0	21.75	21.86	21.66	22.50
Danduridth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5	
		1	0	21.52	21.59	21.50	22.50
		1	7	21.81	21.79	21.78	22.50
		1	14	21.34	21.30	21.42	22.50
	QPSK	8	0	21.87	21.87	21.73	22.50
		8	4	21.78	21.80	21.77	22.50
		8	7	21.67	21.86	21.57	22.50
2001		15	0	21.77	21.89	21.66	22.50
3MHz		1	0	21.84	21.88	21.81	22.50
		1	7	22.17	22.13	22.12	22.50
		1	14	21.65	21.70	21.63	22.50
	16QAM	8	0	21.92	21.84	21.71	22.50
		8	4	21.85	21.80	21.79	22.50
		8	7	21.74	21.91	21.58	22.50
		15	0	21.78	21.90	21.69	22.50



	R lest Report	RB		Char	nnel/Frequency(I	ероп No.: R2206A05 ИНz)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	Tune-up
		1	0	21.50	21.56	21.48	22.50
		1	13	21.80	21.79	21.77	22.50
		1	24	21.32	21.27	21.40	22.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.85	21.86	21.71	22.50
		12	6	21.78	21.79	21.75	22.50
		12	13	21.65	21.84	21.57	22.50
5841I-		25	0	21.75	21.89	21.65	22.50
5MHz		1	0	21.80	21.82	21.78	22.50
		1	13	22.16	22.14	22.07	22.50
		1	24	21.63	21.66	21.61	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	21.88	21.84	21.69	22.50
		12	6	21.81	21.74	21.76	22.50
		12	13	21.73	21.90	21.53	22.50
		25	0	21.75	21.88	21.64	22.50
Bandwidth	Madulation	RB	offoot	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tuna un
bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	Tune-up
		1	0	21.49	21.57	21.46	22.50
	QPSK	1	25	21.79	21.75	21.75	22.50
		1	49	21.31	21.25	21.38	22.50
		25	0	21.84	21.82	21.69	22.50
		25	13	21.76	21.76	21.72	22.50
		25	25	21.65	21.84	21.53	22.50
10MHz		50	0	21.75	21.88	21.64	22.50
TOWITZ		1	0	21.81	21.84	21.78	22.50
		1	25	22.14	22.11	22.09	22.50
		1	49	21.62	21.68	21.59	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	21.90	21.80	21.68	22.50
		25	13	21.82	21.75	21.75	22.50
		25	25	21.71	21.86	21.54	22.50
		50	0	21.76	21.86	21.64	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tune-up
Banawian	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	Turio-up
		1	0	21.50	21.54	21.47	22.50
		1	38	21.80	21.79	21.76	22.50
		1	74	21.30	21.24	21.37	22.50
	QPSK	36	0	21.85	21.83	21.70	22.50
15MHz		36	18	21.76	21.76	21.72	22.50
		36	39	21.64	21.85	21.54	22.50
		75	0	21.78	21.86	21.63	22.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.78	21.85	21.78	22.50
	100/11/1	1	38	22.15	22.12	22.10	22.50

IA		
	SAR Test Report	Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

SA	R Test Report			Report No.: R2206A0570-S1				
		1	74	21.62	21.66	21.59	22.50	
		36	0	21.90	21.83	21.69	22.50	
		36	18	21.81	21.74	21.74	22.50	
		36	39	21.72	21.87	21.55	22.50	
		75	0	21.76	21.86	21.64	22.50	
D 1 . 144	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tung un	
Bandwidth	Wodulation	allocation	Oliset	20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	Tune-up	
		1	0	21.47	21.50	21.44	22.50	
	QPSK	1	50	21.79	21.75	21.74	22.50	
		1	99	21.28	21.23	21.34	22.50	
		50	0	21.82	21.78	21.66	22.50	
		50	25	21.74	21.72	21.69	22.50	
		50	50	21.61	21.80	21.50	22.50	
20MHz		100	0	21.75	21.81	21.59	22.50	
ZUWIFIZ		1	0	21.76	21.81	21.73	22.50	
		1	50	22.11	22.10	22.06	22.50	
		1	99	21.60	21.63	21.57	22.50	
	16QAM	50	0	21.87	21.79	21.66	22.50	
		50	25	21.78	21.72	21.71	22.50	
		50	50	21.69	21.82	21.51	22.50	
		100	0	21.74	21.82	21.61	22.50	

LTE Band5											
Red	eiver on&Rec	eiver off		Maximu							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	Tune-up				
Balluwiutii	Modulation	allocation	Oliset	20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3					
		1	0	24.34	24.44	24.42	25.50				
		1	2	24.52	24.50	24.47	25.50				
		1	5	24.41	24.43	24.43	25.50				
	QPSK	3	0	24.46	24.54	24.45	25.50				
		3	2	24.40	24.53	24.47	25.50				
		3	3	24.47	24.51	24.44	25.50				
1.4MHz		6	0	23.52	23.58	23.53	24.00				
1.411172	16QAM	1	0	23.85	23.75	23.72	24.00				
		1	2	23.83	23.85	23.83	24.00				
		1	5	23.69	23.75	23.66	24.00				
		3	0	23.48	23.50	23.49	24.00				
		3	2	23.46	23.52	23.48	24.00				
		3	3	23.44	23.55	23.43	24.00				
		6	0	22.51	22.63	22.57	23.00				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offcot	Char	nnel/Frequency(l	MHz)	Tuno un				
Danuwiuth	Modulation	allocation	offset -	20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5	Tune-up				
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.36	24.48	24.45	25.50				

SA	⋅R Test Report				R	eport No.: R2206A0	570-S1
	-	1	7	24.50	24.53	24.51	25.50
		1	14	24.44	24.48	24.47	25.50
		8	0	23.56	23.66	23.58	24.50
		8	4	23.52	23.63	23.59	24.50
		8	7	23.57	23.62	23.54	24.50
		15	0	23.52	23.62	23.56	24.50
		1	0	23.88	23.77	23.75	24.50
		1	7	23.86	23.85	23.87	24.50
		1	14	23.71	23.79	23.69	24.50
	16QAM	8	0	22.59	22.63	22.61	23.50
		8	4	22.57	22.65	22.60	23.50
		8	7	22.54	22.67	22.56	23.50
		15	0	22.54	22.67	22.60	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tung up
Danawiatii	Wodulation	allocation	onset	20425/826.5	20525/836.5	20625/846.5	Tune-up
		1	0	24.33	24.46	24.41	25.50
		1	13	24.48	24.49	24.48	25.50
		1	24	24.41	24.43	24.43	25.50
	QPSK	12	0	23.53	23.61	23.54	24.50
		12	6	23.50	23.59	23.54	24.50
		12	13	23.55	23.60	23.50	24.50
5MHz		25	0	23.52	23.61	23.54	24.50
JIVII IZ		1	0	23.85	23.73	23.72	24.50
		1	13	23.83	23.83	23.84	24.50
		1	24	23.68	23.77	23.65	24.50
	16QAM	12	0	22.57	22.59	22.58	23.50
		12	6	22.54	22.60	22.56	23.50
		12	13	22.51	22.62	22.52	23.50
		25	0	22.52	22.63	22.55	23.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tune-up
Danawiani	modulation	allocation		20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844	
		1	0	24.31	24.39	24.39	25.50
		1	25	24.48	24.49	24.47	25.50
		1	49	24.38	24.41	24.39	25.50
	QPSK	25	0	23.51	23.57	23.51	24.50
		25	13	23.48	23.55	23.51	24.50
10MHz		25	25	23.51	23.56	23.47	24.50
		50	0	23.51	23.54	23.49	24.50

16QAM

23.51

23.59

23.80

23.66

22.54

22.50

23.54

23.70

23.82

23.72

22.58

22.57

24.50

24.50

24.50

24.50

23.50

23.50

23.49

23.67

23.81

23.63

22.56

22.52

0

0

25

49

0

13

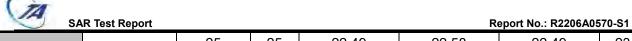
50

1

1

25

25



•					•	
	25	25	22.49	22.58	22.49	23.50
	50	0	22.50	22.59	22.52	23.50

			L	TE Band7			
Red	eiver on&Rec	eiver off		Maximu	ım Output Powe	r (dBm)	
		RB	- ·	Char	nnel/Frequency(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	allocation	offset	20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	
		1	0	23.52	23.45	23.51	24.50
		1	13	23.93	23.85	23.87	24.50
		1	24	23.60	23.59	23.68	24.50
	QPSK	12	0	22.87	22.90	22.75	23.50
		12	6	22.88	22.93	22.97	23.50
		12	13	23.04	22.85	22.85	23.50
53411		25	0	22.92	22.91	22.82	23.50
5MHz		1	0	23.35	22.74	22.87	23.50
		1	13	23.33	23.34	23.24	23.50
		1	24	22.92	22.95	23.03	23.50
	16QAM	12	0	21.94	21.90	21.80	22.50
		12	6	21.99	21.98	22.00	22.50
		12	13	22.07	21.84	21.85	22.50
	25	0	21.94	21.93	21.82	22.50	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
Balluwiutii	Modulation	allocation	Ullset	20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	Tune-up
		1	0	23.54	23.46	23.54	24.50
		1	25	23.96	23.90	23.91	24.50
	QPSK	1	49	23.62	23.63	23.71	24.50
		25	0	22.90	22.95	22.79	23.50
		25	13	22.91	22.98	23.01	23.50
		25	25	23.06	22.89	22.90	23.50
10MHz		50	0	22.96	22.93	22.86	23.50
TOWINZ		1	0	23.37	22.77	22.89	23.50
		1	25	23.36	23.38	23.27	23.50
		1	49	22.95	22.97	23.06	23.50
	16QAM	25	0	21.97	21.95	21.84	22.50
		25	13	22.01	22.02	22.03	22.50
		25	25	22.10	21.89	21.89	22.50
		50	0	21.97	21.98	21.86	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	offset		nnel/Frequency(MHz)	Tune-up
- Sandwidth	modulation	allocation		20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	
		1	0	23.53	23.42	23.52	24.50
15MHz	QPSK	1	38	23.94	23.89	23.88	24.50
	٠, ٥,٠	1	74	23.59	23.58	23.67	24.50
		36	0	22.88	22.91	22.76	23.50



SA	R Test Report				R	eport No.: R2206A0	070-51	
		36	18	22.88	22.93	22.97	23.50	
		36	39	23.03	22.86	22.86	23.50	
		75	0	22.94	22.89	22.81	23.50	
		1	0	23.32	22.75	22.87	23.50	
		1	38	23.34	23.35	23.25	23.50	
		1	74	22.92	22.93	23.03	23.50	
	16QAM	36	0	21.94	21.93	21.81	22.50	
		36	18	21.98	21.97	21.99	22.50	
		36	39	22.08	21.85	21.86	22.50	
		75	0	21.94	21.93	21.82	22.50	
Dan duvidála	Modulation	RB	offset	Char	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	_	
Bandwidth	iviodulation	allocation	Oliset	20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	Tune-up	
		1	0	23.50	23.38	23.49	24.50	
		1	50	23.93	23.85	23.86	24.50	
		1	99	23.57	23.57	23.64	24.50	
	QPSK	50	0	22.85	22.86	22.72	23.50	
		50	25	22.86	22.89	22.94	23.50	
		50	50	23.00	22.81	22.82	23.50	
20MHz		100	0	22.91	22.84	22.77	23.50	
ZUIVITIZ		1	0	22.82	22.71	22.82	23.50	
		1	50	23.30	23.33	23.21	23.50	
		1	99	22.90	22.90	23.01	23.50	
	16QAM	50	0	21.91	21.89	21.78	22.50	
		50	25	21.95	21.95	21.96	22.50	
		50	50	22.05	21.80	21.82	22.50	
		100	0	21.92	21.89	21.79	22.50	



9.4 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G	Channel	Maximum Output Power (dBm)						
WI-I 1 2.40	- /Frequency(MHz)	Tune-up	Meas.					
Mode	// requeries (im iz)	runc-up	ivicas.					
000 445	1/2412	19.00	17.56					
802.11b (1M)	6/2437	19.00	18.49					
(TIVI)	11/2462	19.00	17.95					
000.44	1/2412	17.00	15.62					
802.11g (6M)	6/2437	17.00	16.60					
(OIVI)	11/2462	17.00	16.00					
000 44 11700	1/2412	17.00	15.61					
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	6/2437	17.00	16.44					
(IVIC30)	11/2462	17.00	15.84					
Note: Initial test config	guration is 802.11b mod	le.						

5GHz Wi-Fi U-NII-1	Channel	Maximum Output Power (dBm)				
Receiver on& Receiver off	/Freq.(MHz)	Tune-up	Meas.			
	36/5180	14.50	13.59			
902 44 a/GMA)	40/5200	14.50	13.58			
802.11a(6M)	44/5220	14.50	13.57			
	48/5240	14.50	13.52			
	36/5180	14.50	13.46			
000 44-11720/MCCO	40/5200	14.50	13.32			
802.11nHT20(MCS0)	44/5220	14.50	13.40			
	48/5240	14.50	13.36			
000 44 - LITAO(MCCO)	38/5190	14.50	13.41			
802.11nHT40(MCS0)	46/5230	14.50	13.33			
	36/5180	14.50	13.48			
000 44 \/UT20/MCC0\	40/5200	14.50	13.45			
802.11ac-VHT20(MCS0)	44/5220	14.50	13.47			
	48/5240	14.50	13.44			
000 44 \/UT40/MCCC\	38/5190	14.50	13.40			
802.11ac-VHT40(MCS0)	46/5230	14.50	13.35			
802.11ac-VHT80(MCS0)	42/5210	14.50	13.03			
Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11a	mode, since the highe	st maximum output po	wer.			



5GHz Wi-Fi (U-NII-2A)	Channel	Maximum Output	Power (dBm)
Receiver on& Receiver off	/Freq.(MHz)	Tune-up	Meas.
	52/5260	14.50	13.72
902 11a(6M)	56/5280	14.50	13.52
802.11a(6M)	60/5300	14.50	13.45
	64/5320	14.50	13.56
	52/5260	14.50	13.41
902 44 pt (T20/MCS0)	56/5280	14.50	13.33
802.11nHT20(MCS0)	60/5300	14.50	13.31
	64/5320	14.50	13.23
902 11pUT40(MCS0)	54/5270	14.50	13.27
802.11nHT40(MCS0)	62/5310	14.50	13.28
	52/5260	14.50	13.38
902 44 co \/UT20/MCS0\	56/5280	14.50	13.70
802.11ac-VHT20(MCS0)	60/5300	14.50	13.26
	64/5320	14.50	13.43
902 11 co \/UT40/MCC0\	54/5270	14.50	13.27
802.11ac-VHT40(MCS0)	62/5310	14.50	13.32
802.11ac-VHT80(MCS0)	58/5290	14.50	13.03
Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11a	mode, since the highe	st maximum output po	wer.

5GHz Wi-Fi U-NII-2C	Channel	Maximum Output	Power (dBm)
Receiver on& Receiver off	/Freq.(MHz)	Tune-up	Meas.
	100/5500	18.00	16.85
802.11a	116/5580	18.00	16.66
(6M)	132/5660	18.00	16.71
	140/5700	18.00	16.02
	100/5500	18.00	16.67
802.11nHT20	116/5580	18.00	16.38
(MCS0)	132/5660	18.00	16.33
	140/5700	18.00	15.93
	102/5510	18.00	16.83
802.11nHT40	110/5550	18.00	16.80
(MCS0)	118/5590	18.00	16.51
	134/5670	18.00	16.24
	100/5500	18.00	16.72
802.11ac-VHT20	116/5580	18.00	16.42
(MCS0)	132/5660	18.00	16.39
	140/5700	18.00	15.95



	102/5510	18.00	16.80
802.11ac-VHT40	110/5550	18.00	16.77
(MCS0)	118/5590	18.00	16.41
	134/5670	18.00	16.19
802.11ac-VHT80	106/5530	18.00	16.97
(MCS0)	122/5610	18.00	16.68

Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11ac-VHT80 mode, since the highest maximum output power.

5GHz Wi-Fi U-NII-3	Channel	Maximum Output I	Power (dBm)
Receiver on& Receiver off	/Freq.(MHz)	Tune-up	Meas.
	149/5745	17.00	15.92
802.11a(6M)	157/5785	17.00	15.88
	165/5825	17.00	15.61
	149/5745	17.00	15.83
802.11nHT20(MCS0)	157/5785	17.00	15.74
	165/5825	17.00	15.45
802.11nHT40(MCS0)	151/5755	17.00	15.84
802.11111140(NC30)	159/5795	17.00	15.54
	149/5745	17.00	15.71
802.11ac-VHT20(MCS0)	157/5785	17.00	15.67
	165/5825	17.00	15.47
902 11aa \/HT40(MCS0)	151/5755	17.00	15.82
802.11ac-VHT40(MCS0)	159/5795	17.00	15.50
802.11ac-VHT80(MCS0)	155/5775	17.00	15.58
Note: Initial test configuration is 802.1	1a mode, since the	highest maximum output	power.



9.5 Bluetooth Mode

	C	Conducted Power(dBm	1)	Tune-up Limit							
BT	CI	Channel/Frequency(MHz)									
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 39/2441 MHz	Ch 78/2480 MHz	(dBm)							
GFSK	8.78	9.35	9.85	10.50							
π/4DQPSK	8.25	9.07	9.09	10.00							
8DPSK	8.19	9.09	9.14	10.00							
BLE	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 19/2440 MHz	Ch 39/2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)							
GFSK(1M)	-1.14	0.79	-0.56	1.00							
GFSK(2M)	-5.92	-3.79	-5.15	0.00							



10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations

The Detailed Antenna Locations refer to Antenna Locations.

	Overall (Length x Width): 178mm x 79.1mm													
Overall Diagonal: 194.88 Display Diagonal: 173.95mm														
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge														
Antenna Back Side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge														
Main-Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm								
Second-Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm								
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm								
	Hotspot m	ode, Position	s for SAR tes	sts										
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge								
Main-Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes								
Second-Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A								
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A								

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

- 2.For smart phones with an overall diagonal dimension is 194.88 mm. Per KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, product specific 10-g SAR must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR < 1.2 W/kg, product specific 10-g SAR is no required.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01, for each exposure position, testing of other requised channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
- a) ≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100MHz
- b) ≤0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
- c) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 Wkg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz.
- 4.When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 5. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



10.2 Measured SAR Results

Note:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. For GSM, when multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 3. For WCDMA, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
- For LTE, QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are≥ 50% limit (1g).

Head SAR

Band	Antenna	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Mode	Power Reduction	RB	offset	Ch./Freq. (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g (W/kg)	EUT No.	Plot No.
		Left cheek	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	190/836.6	34.50	33.87	0.185	0.060	1.16	0.214	1#	11
GSM Main 850	Main	Left Tilt	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	190/836.6	34.50	33.87	0.120	-0.140	1.16	0.139	1#	/
	Right cheek	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	190/836.6	34.50	33.87	0.175	0.036	1.16	0.202	1#	/	
		Right Tilt	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	190/836.6	34.50	33.87	0.122	-0.130	1.16	0.141	1#	1
		Left cheek	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	661/1880	32.00	31.00	0.078	0.110	1.26	0.098	1#	/
GSM Main	Left Tilt	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	661/1880	32.00	31.00	0.056	-0.120	1.26	0.070	1#	/	
1900	IVIAIII	Right cheek	0	GSM	Full Power	1	1	661/1880	32.00	31.00	0.085	0.055	1.26	0.107	1#	/
		Right Tilt	0	GSM	Full Power	-	-	661/1880	32.00	31.00	0.086	0.014	1.26	0.108	1#	12
		Left cheek	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	9400/1880	25.00	24.07	0.180	0.063	1.24	0.223	1#	13
WCDMA	Main	Left Tilt	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	9400/1880	25.00	24.07	0.120	-0.025	1.24	0.149	1#	/
II	Main	Right cheek	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	9400/1880	25.00	24.07	0.152	0.014	1.24	0.188	1#	/
		Right Tilt	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	9400/1880	25.00	24.07	0.155	0.052	1.24	0.192	1#	/
		Left cheek	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.209	0.021	1.16	0.242	1#	14
WCDMA	Main	Left Tilt	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.151	-0.022	1.16	0.175	1#	/
V	Main	Right cheek	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.178	0.150	1.16	0.206	1#	/
		Right Tilt	0	RMC 12.2K	Receiver on	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.094	0.130	1.16	0.109	1#	/
		1 -# -11-	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	18900/1880	25.00	24.19	0.224	0.055	1.21	0.270	1#	15
		Left cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	18700/1860	24.00	23.30	0.129	-0.024	1.17	0.152	1#	/
		L-A Till	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	18900/1880	25.00	24.19	0.125	0.050	1.21	0.151	1#	/
LTE	Main	Left Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	18700/1860	24.00	23.30	0.131	0.050	1.17	0.154	1#	/
2	Main	Dialet aleaste	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	18900/1880	25.00	24.19	0.183	-0.090	1.21	0.221	1#	/
		Right cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	18700/1860	24.00	23.30	0.129	-0.020	1.17	0.152	1#	/
		D: 1. Til	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	18900/1880	25.00	24.19	0.192	0.020	1.21	0.231	1#	/
		Right Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	18700/1860	24.00	23.30	0.131	0.050	1.17	0.154	1#	/
			0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	24.09	0.086	0.034	1.23	0.106	1#	16
LTE	Main	Left cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20175/1732.5	24.00	23.12	0.079	0.121	1.22	0.097	1#	/
4		Left Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	24.09	0.045	0.028	1.23	0.055	2#	/

SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

				Report No.: N2200A0070-01													
			0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20175/1732.5	24.00	23.12	0.047	-0.090	1.22	0.058	2#	/	
		Dight shook	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	24.09	0.044	-0.053	1.23	0.054	2#	1	
		Right cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20175/1732.5	24.00	23.12	0.050	0.121	1.22	0.061	2#	/	
		Right Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	24.09	0.045	0.046	1.23	0.055	2#	1	
		Right filt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20175/1732.5	24.00	23.12	0.053	0.051	1.22	0.065	2#	/	
		L off obook	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.251	0.030	1.26	0.317	1#	17	
	Left che	Left cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.203	0.039	1.24	0.251	1#	/	
		Left Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.110	0.190	1.26	0.139	1#	/	
		Leit Tiit	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.090	0.021	1.24	0.112	1#	/	
	LTE Main 5 Right cheel		Dight shock	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.202	-0.069	1.26	0.255	1#	/
3		Right Cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.160	0.038	1.24	0.198	1#	/	
		Right Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.106	-0.020	1.26	0.134	1#	1	
			0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.084	0.120	1.24	0.104	1#	/	
		Left cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.229	0.060	1.26	0.289	3#	1	
		l aft abaak	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20850/2510	24.50	23.93	0.112	0.022	1.14	0.128	2#	1	
		Left cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20850/2510	23.50	23.00	0.085	-0.020	1.12	0.095	2#	1	
		Laft Till	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20850/2510	24.50	23.93	0.080	0.010	1.14	0.091	2#	1	
LTE	Mais	Left Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20850/2510	23.50	23.00	0.049	0.012	1.12	0.055	2#	/	
7	Main Right chee	Dight obs sk	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20850/2510	24.50	23.93	0.079	-0.020	1.14	0.090	2#	/	
		Right cheek	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20850/2510	23.50	23.00	0.065	-0.025	1.12	0.073	2#	/	
		D	0	QPSK	Receiver on	1	50	20850/2510	24.50	23.93	0.113	-0.021	1.14	0.129	2#	18	
		Right Tilt	0	QPSK	Receiver on	50%	50	20850/2510	23.50	23.00	0.086	0.010	1.12	0.096	2#	/	

Band	Antenna	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Mode	Duty Cycle	Power Reduction	Ch./Freq.	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g (W/kg)		Plot No.
		Left cheek	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.322	0.050	1.15	0.369	1#	/
		Left Tilt	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.333	0.120	1.15	0.382	1#	/
		Right cheek	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.749	-0.170	1.15	0.859	1#	19
2.4G	Wi-Fi	Right cheek	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	1/2412	19.00	17.56	0.599	-0.080	1.42	0.851	1#	/
		Right cheek	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	11/2462	19.00	17.95	0.652	0.050	1.30	0.847	1#	/
		Right Tilt	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.579	-0.180	1.15	0.664	1#	/
		Right cheek	0	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver on	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.715	0.020	1.15	0.820	3#	/
		Left cheek	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.236	0.024	1.23	0.291	2#	/
	\A/: - :	Left Tilt	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.255	0.074	1.23	0.314	2#	/
U-NII-1	Wi-Fi	Right cheek	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.284	0.020	1.23	0.350	2#	/
		Right Tilt	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.340	0.094	1.23	0.419	2#	20
		Left cheek	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.222	0.089	1.20	0.266	2#	/
	\A# E'	Left Tilt	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.246	0.024	1.20	0.294	2#	/
U-NII-2A	Wi-Fi	Right cheek	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.027	0.046	1.20	0.032	2#	/
		Right Tilt	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.302	0.026	1.20	0.361	2#	/
	\A!' F'	Left cheek	0	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver on	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.058	0.115	1.27	0.074	1#	/
U-NII-2C	Wi-Fi	Left Tilt	0	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver on	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.071	0.099	1.27	0.090	1#	/



SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

		Right cheek	0	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver on	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.185	0.099	1.27	0.234	1#	/
		Right Tilt	0	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver on	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.143	0.099	1.27	0.181	1#	/
		Left cheek	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.040	0.024	1.28	0.051	2#	/
U-NII-3	Wi-Fi	Left Tilt	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.027	0.090	1.28	0.034	2#	/
U-INII-3	VVI-F1	Right cheek	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.037	0.023	1.28	0.048	2#	/
		Right Tilt	0	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver on	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.030	-0.024	1.28	0.039	2#	/
		Left cheek	0	DH5	77.0%	Receiver on	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.027	-0.020	1.51	0.041	1#	/
Bluetooth	ВТ	Left Tilt	0	DH5	77.0%	Receiver on	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.031	0.032	1.51	0.047	1#	/
Bluetootii	ы	Right cheek	0	DH5	77.0%	Receiver on	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.080	0.032	1.51	0.120	1#	21
		Right Tilt	0	DH5	77.0%	Receiver on	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.066	0.140	1.51	0.099	1#	/



Body-worn SAR

		y-woiii								Measured	Measured	Power		Report		
Band	Antenna	Test	Dist.	Mode	Power	RB	offset	•	Tune-up	power	SAR1g	Drift	Scaling	SAR1g	EUT	Plot
		Position	(mm)		Reduction			(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(dB)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.	No.
GSM		Back Side	15	GSM	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	34.50	33.87	0.217	0.110	1.16	0.251	1#	22
850	Main	Front Side	15	GSM	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	34.50	33.87	0.139	0.120	1.16	0.161	1#	/
GSM		Back Side	15	GSM	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	32.00	31.00	0.340	0.015	1.26	0.428	1#	23
1900	Main	Front Side	15	GSM	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	32.00	31.00	0.217	-0.097	1.26	0.273	1#	/
WCDMA	Main	Back Side	15	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.448	0.030	1.33	0.596	1#	24
II	Main	Front Side	15	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.190	0.020	1.33	0.253	2#	/
WCDMA	Main	Back Side	15	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.120	0.063	1.16	0.139	1#	25
V	Main	Front Side	15	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.081	0.033	1.16	0.094	1#	/
		Pools Sido	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.377	0.033	1.12	0.424	2#	/
LTE	Main	Back Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	18900/1880	22.50	22.02	0.434	0.070	1.12	0.485	1#	26
2	Iviain	Front Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.241	0.029	1.12	0.271	2#	/
		FIORE Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	18900/1880	22.50	22.02	0.220	0.050	1.12	0.246	2#	/
		Back Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.671	0.030	1.18	0.790	1#	27
LTE		Back Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.572	-0.020	1.17	0.669	2#	/
4	Main	Front Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.164	0.083	1.18	0.193	2#	/
7		FIGHT Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.175	0.062	1.17	0.205	2#	/
		Back Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.638	0.021	1.18	0.751	3#	/
		Back Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.286	0.010	1.26	0.361	1#	28
LTE	Main	Dack Olde	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.240	-0.020	1.24	0.297	1#	/
5	IVIAIII	Front Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.222	0.050	1.26	0.280	1#	/
		1 Torit Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.178	0.011	1.24	0.221	1#	/
		Back Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20850/2510	24.50	23.93	0.580	-0.034	1.14	0.661	1#	29
LTE	Main	Dack Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	20850/2510	23.50	23.00	0.549	-0.100	1.12	0.616	1#	/
7	IVIAIII	Front Side	15	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20850/2510	24.50	23.93	0.364	-0.169	1.14	0.415	1#	/
		i ioni oide	15	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	20850/2510	23.50	23.00	0.287	-0.114	1.12	0.322	1#	/



Band	Antenna	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Mode	Duty Cycle	Power Reduction	Ch./Freq.	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g (W/kg)	EUT No.	Plot No.
2.4G	Wi-Fi	Back Side	15	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.235	-0.080	1.15	0.270	1#	30
2.4G	VVI-FI	Front Side	15	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.105	0.016	1.15	0.120	1#	/
		Back Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.258	0.100	1.23	0.318	1#	31
U-NII-1	Wi-Fi	Front Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.047	0.099	1.23	0.058	2#	/
		Back Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.215	0.081	1.23	0.265	3#	/
11 NIII 24	Wi-Fi	Back Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.223	0.100	1.20	0.267	1#	/
U-NII-2A	VVI-FI	Front Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.065	0.081	1.20	0.078	2#	/
)A/: - :	Back Side	15	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.076	0.100	1.27	0.096	1#	/
U-NII-2C	Wi-Fi	Front Side	15	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.059	-0.029	1.27	0.075	1#	/
11 111 0)A/: - :	Back Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.131	0.034	1.28	0.168	1#	/
U-NII-3	Wi-Fi	Front Side	15	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.052	-0.050	1.28	0.067	1#	/
Divisto ette	DT	Back Side	15	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.030	-0.028	1.51	0.045	1#	32
Bluetooth	BT	Front Side	15	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.007	-0.040	1.51	0.011	1#	/



Hotspot SAR

	11000	Spot SAR										_				
		Test	Dist.		Power			Ch./Freq.	Tune-up	Measured	Measured	Power	Scaling	Report	EUT	Plot
Band	Antenna		(mm)	Mode	Reduction	RB	offset	(MHz)	(dBm)	power	SAR1g	Drift	Factor	SAR1g	No.	No.
										(dBm)	(W/kg)	(dB)		(W/kg)		
		Back Side	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	30.50	29.59	0.283	0.000	1.23	0.349	2#	33
		Front Side	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	30.50	29.59	0.186	0.010	1.23	0.229	2#	1
GSM850	Main	Left Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	30.50	29.59	0.150	0.090	1.23	0.185	2#	1
		Right Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	30.50	29.59	0.125	0.040	1.23	0.154	2#	1
		Top Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	2#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	190/836.6	30.50	29.59	0.061	0.160	1.23	0.075	2#	1
			10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	28.00	26.84	0.647	0.130	1.31	0.845	2#	34
		Back Side	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	512/1850.2	28.00	26.63	0.293	-0.100	1.37	0.402	2#	1
			10	4TX Slots	Receiver off		-	810/1909.8	28.00	27.10	0.217	0.020	1.23	0.267	2#	1
CSM1000	Main	Front Side	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	28.00	26.84	0.201	-0.120	1.31	0.263	2#	1
GSM1900	Main	Left Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	28.00	26.84	0.035	-0.130	1.31	0.046	2#	1
		Right Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	28.00	26.84	0.128	0.090	1.31	0.167	2#	1
		Top Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	2#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	4TX Slots	Receiver off	-	-	661/1880	28.00	26.84	0.583	0.100	1.31	0.761	2#	1
			10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.780	-0.080	1.33	1.038	2#	35
		Back Side	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9262/1852.4	23.50	22.24	0.693	-0.110	1.34	0.926	2#	1
			10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9538/1907.6	23.50	22.39	0.636	0.081	1.29	0.821	2#	1
		Front Side	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.303	0.060	1.33	0.403	2#	1
WCDMA		Left Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.000	0.000	1.33	0.000	2#	1
II	Main	Right Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.137	-0.072	1.33	0.182	2#	1
		Top Edge	10	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	2#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	23.50	22.26	0.719	0.030	1.33	0.957	2#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	_	9262/1852.4	23.50	22.24	0.708	0.022	1.34	0.946	2#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	_	9538/1907.6	23.50	22.39	0.720	-0.010	1.29	0.930	2#	1
		Back Side	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	_	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.351	-0.010	1.16	0.407	1#	36
		Front Side	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.233	0.041	1.16	0.270	1#	1
WCDMA		Left Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	-	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.198	0.100	1.16	0.229	1#	1
V	Main	Right Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off	-	_	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.140	-0.017	1.16	0.162	1#	1
		Top Edge	10	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	1#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	RMC	Receiver off		_	4183/836.6	25.00	24.36	0.051	-0.093	1.16	0.059	1#	1
		,	10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.710	0.081	1.12	0.798	2#	1
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	18900/1880	22.50	22.02	0.732	-0.050	1.12	0.818	2#	37
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off		25	18700/1860	22.50	21.86	0.685	0.060	1.16	0.794	2#	1
			10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.678	-0.070	1.12	0.762	2#	,
LTE 2	Main		10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.363	0.090	1.12	0.408	2#	,
	- Mail	Front Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	18900/1880	22.50	22.02	0.303	0.085	1.12	0.400	2#	,
			10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.000	0.000	1.12	0.000	2#	,
		Left Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	18900/1880	22.50	21.99	0.000	0.000	1.12		2#	,
		Diabt Edea												0.000		,
		Right Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.134	-0.020	1.12	0.151	2#	/



SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

			10		.	500/		1000011000	00.50	00.00		0.040	4.40	0.405	0.11	,
			10	QPSK N/A	Receiver off		50 N/A	18900/1880 N/A	22.50 N/A	22.02 N/A	0.121 N/A	-0.013 NA	1.12 N/A	0.135 N/A	2#	/
		Top Edge	10	N/A	Receiver off		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA NA	N/A	N/A	2#	1
			10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	19100/1900	22.50	21.99	0.696	0.100	1.12	0.783	2#	,
		Bottom Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	18900/1880	22.50	22.02	0.692	-0.020	1.12	0.773	2#	1
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	18900/1880	22.50	21.98	0.719	0.072	1.13	0.810	2#	1
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	18900/1880	22.50	21.98	0.707	0.072	1.13	0.797	2#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.839	0.028	1.18	0.988	2#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.75	0.816	0.020	1.19	0.970	2#	/
		Dook Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20300/1745	22.50	21.74	0.807	0.071	1.19	0.961	2#	/
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.905	0.053	1.17	1.058	2#	38
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.80	0.873	-0.110	1.17	1.026	2#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	25	20300/1745	22.50	21.69	0.825	0.026	1.21	0.994	2#	1
		Front Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.312	0.031	1.18	0.367	2#	1
		1 Torit Oldo	10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.299	0.087	1.17	0.350	2#	1
		Front Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.75	0.308	0.092	1.19	0.366	2#	1
		Front Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20300/1745	22.50	21.74	0.310	-0.010	1.19	0.369	2#	1
		Left Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.000	0.000	1.18	0.000	2#	1
LTE 4	Main	Lon Lugo	10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.000	0.000	1.17	0.000	2#	1
		Right Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.045	-0.020	1.18	0.053	2#	1
		1.119.11 = 199	10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.009	-0.010	1.17	0.011	2#	1
		Top Edge	10	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	2#	/
		, ,	10	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	2#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	22.50	21.79	0.730	-0.080	1.18	0.860	2#	1
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.75	0.701	-0.010	1.19	0.833	2#	1
		Bottom Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off		50	20300/1745	22.50	21.74	0.700	0.100	1.19	0.834	2#	1
			10		Receiver off		0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.717	0.070		0.839	2#	1
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.80	0.699	0.020	1.17	0.821	2#	1
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	25	20300/1745	22.50	21.69	0.652	0.110	1.21	0.786	2#	1
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	100%	0	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.81	0.600	-0.052	1.17	0.703	2#	1
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	22.50	21.82	0.859	0.060	1.17	1.005	3#	/
		Back Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off		25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.362	0.011	1.26	0.457	2#	39
			10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.285	-0.130	1.24	0.353	2#	1
		Front Side	10	QPSK	Receiver off		25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.196	0.011	1.26	0.247	2#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.152	0.032	1.24	0.188	2#	/
		Left Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off		25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.137	0.029	1.26	0.173	1#	/
LTE 5	Main		10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.120	-0.060	1.24	0.149	1#	/
		Right Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off		25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.103	-0.035	1.26	0.130	1#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off		0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.078	0.022	1.24	0.097	1#	/
		Top Edge	10	N/A	Receiver off		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	1#	/
			10	N/A	Receiver off		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	QPSK	Receiver off		25	20525/836.5	25.50	24.49	0.087	0.026	1.26	0.110	1#	/
			10	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20525/836.5	24.50	23.57	0.000	-0.010	1.24	0.000	1#	/

SAR Test Report

Right Edge

Top Edge

Bottom Edge

10

10

10

10

10

QPSK

N/A

N/A

QPSK

QPSK

Receiver off

Receiver off

Receiver off

Receiver off

Receiver off

50%

N/A

N/A

1

50%

50

N/A

N/A

50

50

QPSK 20850/2510 24.50 23.93 0.493 0.029 Receiver off 50 1.14 0.562 Back Side 10 20850/2510 QPSK 50% 23.50 0.337 0.011 0.378 1# Receiver off 50 23.00 1.12 10 QPSK Receiver off 1 50 20850/2510 24.50 23.93 0.766 -0.022 1.14 0.873 1# 40 10 **QPSK** Receiver off 50 21100/2535 24.50 23.85 0.725 -0.060 1.16 0.842 1# 1 Front Side 10 0.020 1# QPSK Receiver off 50 21350/2560 24.50 23.86 0.750 1.16 0.869 QPSK 10 Receiver off 50% 50 20850/2510 23.50 23.00 0.406 0.160 1.12 0.456 2# 10 QPSK Receiver off 50 20850/2510 24.50 23.93 0.059 -0.060 1.14 0.067 1# 1 LTE 7 Left Edge Main 10 QPSK Receiver off 50% 20850/2510 23.50 23.00 0.050 -0.021 1.12 0.056 1# 10 -0.033 0.047 1# QPSK Receiver off 50 20850/2510 24.50 23.93 0.041 1.14

20850/2510

N/A

N/A

20850/2510

20850/2510

23.50

N/A

N/A

24.50

23.50

23.00

N/A

N/A

23.93

23.00

Band	Antenna	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Mode	Duty Cycle	Power Reduction	Ch./Freq. (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g (W/kg)	EUT No.	Plot No.
		Back Side	10	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.440	0.090	1.15	0.505	1#	41
		Front Side	10	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.186	0.060	1.15	0.213	1#	/
		Left Edge	10	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.135	-0.020	1.15	0.155	1#	/
2.4G	Wi-Fi	Right Edge	10	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.000	0.001	1.15	0.000	1#	/
		Top Edge	10	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.215	-0.082	1.15	0.247	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	N/A	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1#	/
		Back Side	10	802.11b	98.0%	Receiver off	6/2437	19.00	18.49	0.379	0.100	1.15	0.435	3#	/
		Back Side	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.369	0.024	1.23	0.455	2#	42
		Front Side	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.051	0.065	1.23	0.063	2#	/
U-NII-1	Wi-Fi	Left Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.099	0.030	1.23	0.122	2#	/
O-MII-1	VVI-F1	Right Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.090	0.021	1.23	0.111	2#	/
		Top Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	36/5180	14.50	13.59	0.209	0.100	1.23	0.258	2#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	N/A	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.010	N/A	N/A	2#	/
		Back Side	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.256	0.027	1.20	0.306	2#	/
		Front Side	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.055	0.033	1.20	0.066	2#	/
U-NII-2A	Wi-Fi	Left Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.074	0.067	1.20	0.089	2#	/
U-MII-ZA	VVI-F1	Right Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.059	0.082	1.20	0.071	2#	/
		Top Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	52/5260	14.50	13.72	0.180	0.070	1.20	0.215	2#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	N/A	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2#	/
		Back Side	10	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.159	0.052	1.27	0.202	1#	/
		Front Side	10	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.056	-0.033	1.27	0.071	1#	/
U-NII-2C	Wi-Fi	Left Edge	10	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.050	-0.060	1.27	0.063	1#	/
U-INII-2C	VVI-F1	Right Edge	10	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.044	-0.110	1.27	0.056	1#	/
		Top Edge	10	802.11ac-VHT80	100.0%	Receiver off	106/5530	18.00	16.97	0.089	0.092	1.27	0.113	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	N/A	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1#	/

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

-0.051

NA

NA

0.170

0.042

1.12

N/A

N/A

1.14

1.12

0.042

N/A

N/A

0.208

0.196

0.047

N/A

N/A

0.237

0.220

1#

1#

1#

1#

1#

SAR Test Report Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

		Back Side	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.055	0.030	1.28	0.202	1#	/
		Front Side	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.046	-0.020	1.28	0.071	1#	/
U-NII-3	Wi-Fi	Left Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.075	0.011	1.28	0.063	1#	/
U-MII-3	VVI-F1	Right Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.055	0.029	1.28	0.056	1#	/
		Top Edge	10	802.11a	100.0%	Receiver off	149/5745	17.00	15.92	0.087	-0.040	1.28	0.113	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	N/A	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1#	/
		Back Side	10	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.050	-0.087	1.51	0.075	1#	43
		Front Side	10	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.022	0.028	1.51	0.032	1#	/
Bluetooth	ВТ	Left Edge	10	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.026	-0.024	1.51	0.040	1#	/
Bidetootiii	ы	Right Edge	10	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.005	0.040	1.51	0.007	1#	/
		Top Edge	10	DH5	77.0%	Receiver off	78/2480	10.50	9.85	0.031	0.053	1.51	0.046	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	10	N/A	N/A	Receiver off	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1#	1



Product-specific 10g SAR Evaluation

Band	Antenna	Test	Mode	Power	Channel	Tune-up	Measured	Measured	Scaling	Report	0mm
		Position		Reduction	Frequency(MHz)	(dBm)	power (dBm)	SAR1g	Factor	SAR1g	SAR
	Main	Back Side	RMC	Receiver off	9400/1880	25.00	23.50	1.038	1.41	1.466	YES
WCDMA II	(Bottom)	Front Side	RMC	Receiver off	9400/1880	25.00	23.50	0.000	1.41	0.000	NO
	(BOROTT)	Bottom Edge	RMC	Receiver off	9400/1880	25.00	23.50	0.957	1.41	1.351	YES

Band	Antenna	Test	Mode	Power	RB	offset	Channel	Tune-up	Measured	Measured	Scaling	Report	0mm
Dallu	Antenna	Position	Mode	Reduction	KD	Oliset	Frequency(MHz)	(dBm)	power (dBm)	SAR1g	Factor	SAR1g	SAR
		Back Side	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	19100/1900	25.00	22.50	0.798	1.78	1.420	YES
		Dack Side	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	18900/1880	24.00	22.50	0.818	1.41	1.155	NO
LTE 2	Main	Front Side	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	19100/1900	25.00	22.50	0.408	1.78	0.726	NO
LIEZ	(Bottom)	Front Side	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	18900/1880	24.00	22.50	0.284	1.41	0.401	NO
		Detters Edge	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	19100/1900	25.00	22.50	0.783	1.78	1.392	YES
		Bottom Edge	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	50	18900/1880	24.00	22.50	0.773	1.41	1.092	NO
		Darda Cida	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	22.50	0.988	1.78	1.757	YES
		Back Side	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	24.00	22.50	1.058	1.41	1.495	YES
L TE 4	Main	Frank Olda	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	22.50	0.367	1.78	0.653	NO
LTE 4	(Bottom)	Front Side	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	24.00	22.50	0.350	1.41	0.494	NO
		Dattam Ed.:-	QPSK	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	22.50	0.860	1.78	1.529	YES
		Bottom Edge	QPSK	Receiver off	50%	0	20050/1720	24.00	22.50	0.839	1.41	1.184	NO



Product-specific 10g SAR

		iuci-spec		09 0	/ \												
Band	Antenna	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Mode	Duty Cycle	Power Reduction	RB	offset	Ch./Freq. (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Measured SAR10g (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR10g (W/kg)		Plot No.
		Back Side	0	RMC	-	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	25.00	24.07	2.370	-0.030	1.24	2.936	1#	44
		Back Side	0	RMC	-	Receiver off	-	-	9262/1852.4	25.00	23.98	2.360	0.020	1.26	2.985	1#	/
WODAA 0	Maia	Back Side	0	RMC	-	Receiver off	-	-	9538/1907.6	25.00	24.08	2.170	-0.022	1.24	2.682	1#	/
WCDMA 2	Main	Bottom Edge	0	RMC	-	Receiver off	-	-	9262/1852.4	25.00	23.98	2.350	0.039	1.26	2.972	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	0	RMC	-	Receiver off	-	-	9538/1907.6	25.00	24.08	2.020	0.071	1.24	2.497	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	0	RMC	-	Receiver off	-	-	9400/1880	25.00	24.07	2.150	-0.110	1.24	2.663	1#	/
LTE DO	Main	Back Side	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	1	50	18900/1880	25.00	24.19	1.400	-0.090	1.21	1.687	1#	/
LTE B2	Main	Bottom Edge	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	1	50	18900/1880	25.00	24.19	1.440	0.027	1.21	1.735	1#	45
		Back Side	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	24.09	2.010	0.100	1.23	2.479	1#	46
		Back Side	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	1	50	20175/1732.5	22.50	21.79	1.990	0.057	1.18	2.343	1#	/
LTE B4	Main	Back Side	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	1	50	20300/1745	22.50	21.74	1.980	-0.020	1.19	2.359	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	1	50	20050/1720	25.00	24.09	1.220	0.110	1.23	1.504	1#	/
		Bottom Edge	0	QPSK	-	Receiver off	50%	50	20175/1732.5	24.00	23.12	1.320	0.080	1.22	1.616	1#	/



SAR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product Specific 10-g SAR
Main Antenna + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Main Antenna + Wi-Fi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Main Antenna + Wi-Fi 5G	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz + Wi-Fi 5G	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz + Bluetooth	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wi-Fi 5GHz + Bluetooth	NA	NA	NA	NA

General Note:

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
- i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{\Lambda^{1.5}}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



The maximum SAR_{1g} Value for Main-Antenna

	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	GSM	GSM	WCDMA	WCDMA	LTE	LTE	LTE	LTE	MAX.
Test Position	on	850	1900	Band II	Band V	FDD 2	FDD 4	FDD 5	FDD 7	SAR _{1g}
	Left Cheek	0.214	0.098	0.223	0.242	0.270	0.106	0.317	0.128	0.317
Head	Left Tilt	0.139	0.070	0.149	0.175	0.154	0.058	0.139	0.091	0.175
пеац	Right Cheek	0.202	0.107	0.188	0.206	0.221	0.061	0.255	0.090	0.255
	Right Tilt	0.141	0.108	0.192	0.109	0.231	0.065	0.134	0.129	0.231
Body	Back Side	0.251	0.428	0.596	0.139	0.485	0.790	0.361	0.661	0.790
worn	Front Side	0.161	0.273	0.253	0.094	0.271	0.205	0.280	0.415	0.415
	Back Side	0.349	0.845	1.038	0.407	0.818	1.058	0.457	0.562	1.058
	Front Side	0.229	0.263	0.403	0.270	0.408	0.367	0.247	0.873	0.873
Hotopot	Left Edge	0.185	0.046	0.000	0.229	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.067	0.229
Hotspot	Right Edge	0.154	0.167	0.182	0.162	0.151	0.053	0.130	0.047	0.182
	Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	0.075	0.761	0.957	0.059	0.783	0.860	0.110	0.237	0.957
	Back Side	N/A	N/A	2.985	N/A	1.687	2.479	N/A	N/A	2.985
	Front Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Product	Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Specific 10-g SAR	Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
13-g OAK	Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	2.972	N/A	1.735	1.616	N/A	N/A	2.972

About Wi-Fi/BT Antenna and Main-Antenna

SAR _{1g/10g} (W/kg)		Main	Wi-Fi	Wi-Fi	Wi-Fi	Wi-Fi	Wi-Fi	ВТ	MAX.
Test Position		antenna	2.4G	(U-NII-1)	(U-NII-2A)	(U-NII-2C)	(U-NII-3)		ΣSAR _{1g}
Head	Left, Cheek	0.317	0.369	0.291	0.266	0.074	0.051	0.041	0.686
	Left, Tilt	0.175	0.382	0.314	0.294	0.090	0.034	0.047	0.557
	Right, Cheek	0.255	0.859	0.350	0.032	0.234	0.048	0.120	1.114
	Right, Tilt	0.231	0.664	0.419	0.361	0.181	0.039	0.099	0.895
Body worn	Back Side	0.790	0.270	0.318	0.267	0.096	0.168	0.045	1.108
	Front Side	0.415	0.120	0.058	0.078	0.075	0.067	0.011	0.535
Hotspot	Back Side	1.058	0.505	0.455	0.306	0.202	0.202	0.075	1.563
	Front Side	0.873	0.213	0.063	0.066	0.071	0.071	0.032	1.086
	Left Edge	0.229	0.155	0.122	0.089	0.063	0.063	0.040	0.384
	Right Edge	0.182	0.000	0.111	0.071	0.056	0.056	0.007	0.293
	Top Edge	N/A	0.247	0.258	0.215	0.113	0.113	0.046	0.258
	Bottom Edge	0.957	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.957
Product	Back Side	2.985	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.985

SAR Test Report				Report No.: R2206A0570-S1					
Specific	Front Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10-g SAR	Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	2.972	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.972

Note:

MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{1g} = 1.563W/kg < 1.6W/kg$ and MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{10g} = 2.985W/kg < 4$ W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi/BT Antenna and Main-Antenna.

^{1.} The value with blue color is the maximum $\Sigma SAR_{1g/10g}\ Value.$

^{2.} MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{1g/10g}$ =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}



11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. This also applies to the 10-g SAR required for phablets in KDB Publication 648474.

*****END OF REPORT *****



ANNEX A: Test Layout





Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the flat phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For Head and Body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Picture 3 and Picture 4.



Picture 3: liquid depth in the head Phantom



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom



ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d020

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

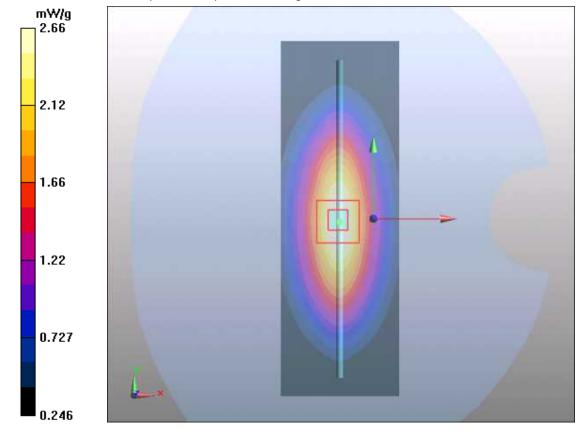
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g





Plot 2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.71 mW/g

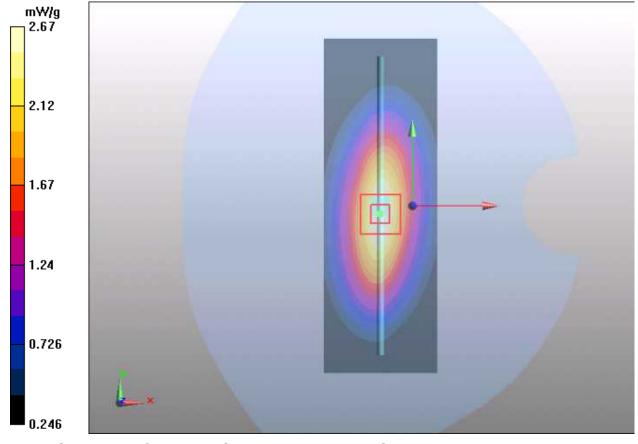
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g



Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz TSL



Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.34 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.77 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.77 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.87 mW/g

7.67
5.70
3.84
2.13



Plot 4 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d060

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 S/m; ε_r = 40.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

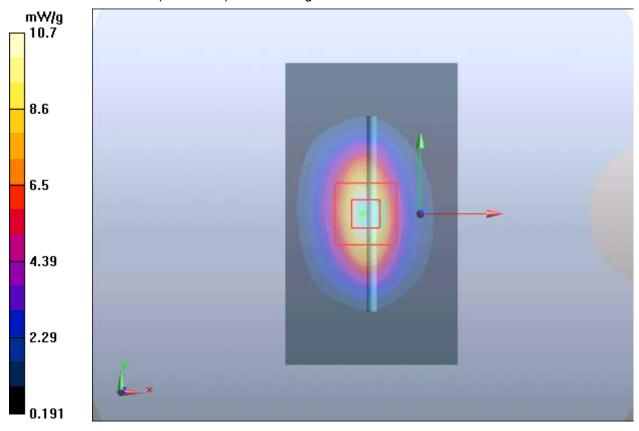
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g





Plot 5 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d060

Date: 2022/7/22

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

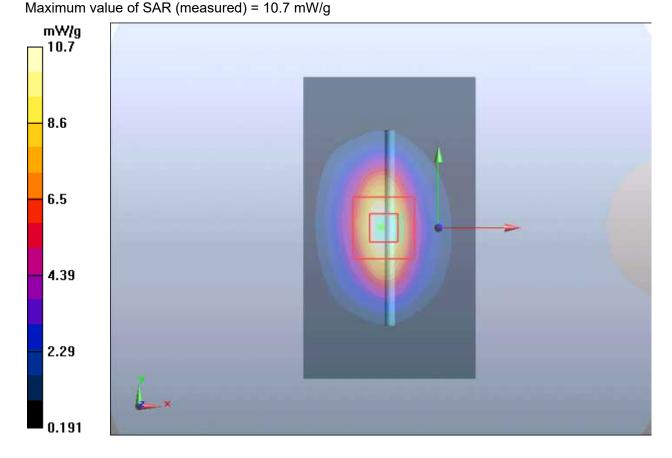
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g





Plot 6 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.82 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.11 mW/g

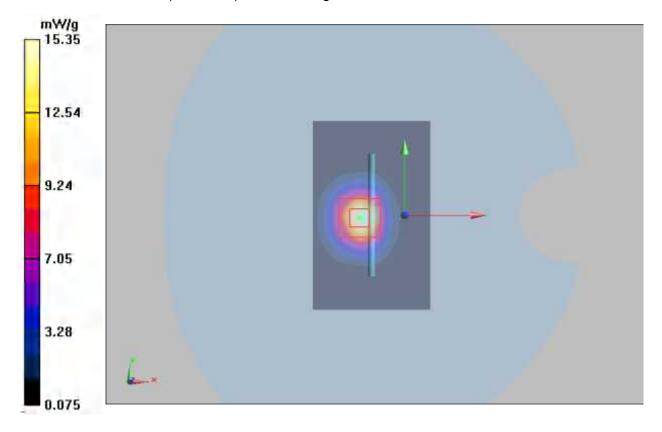
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 67.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.35 mW/g





Plot 7 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1025

Date: 2022/7/17

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1): Measurement grid:dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.59 mW/g

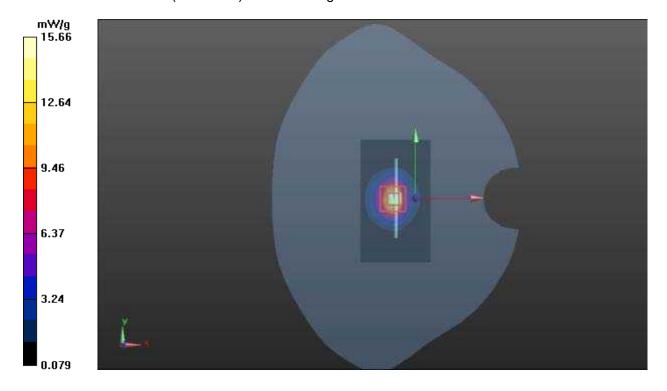
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.66 mW/g





Plot 8 System Performance Check at 5250 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 5250 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1151

Date: 2022/7/23

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.80 S/m; ε_r = 35.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.45, 5.45, 5.45); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.14 mW/g

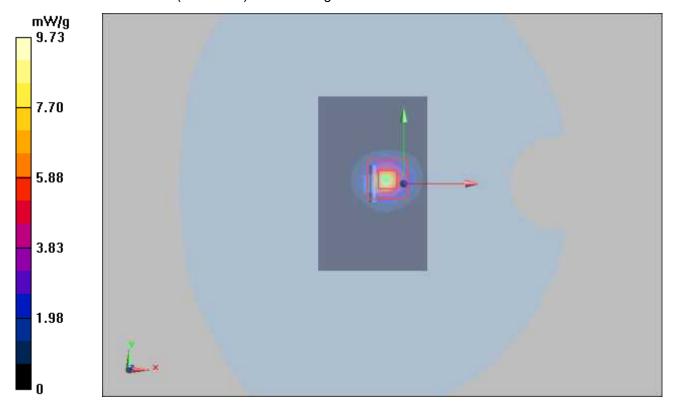
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 33.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 52.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.73 mW/g





Plot 9 System Performance Check at 5600 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1151

Date: 2022/7/24

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.19 S/m; ε_r = 35.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.00, 5.00, 5.00); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.31 mW/g

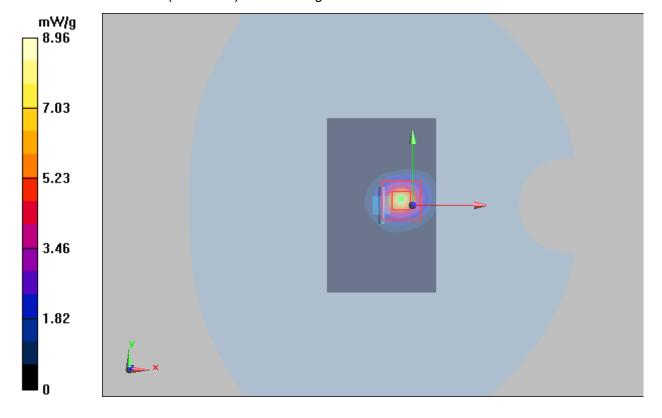
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 23.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.96 mW/g





Plot 10 System Performance Check at 5750 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 5750 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1151

Date: 2022/7/25

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.21 S/m; ε_r = 34.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.31 mW/g

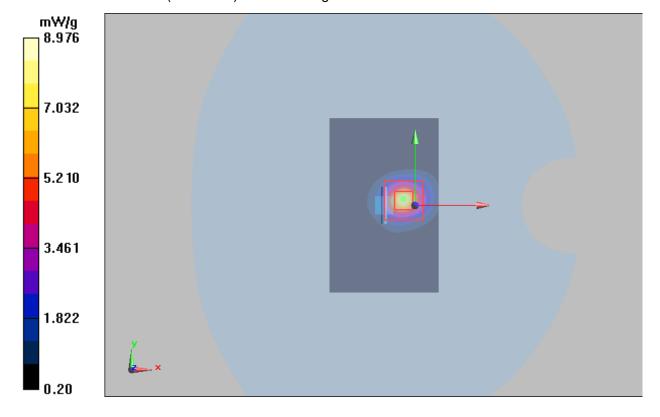
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 23.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.976 mW/g





ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 11 GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg

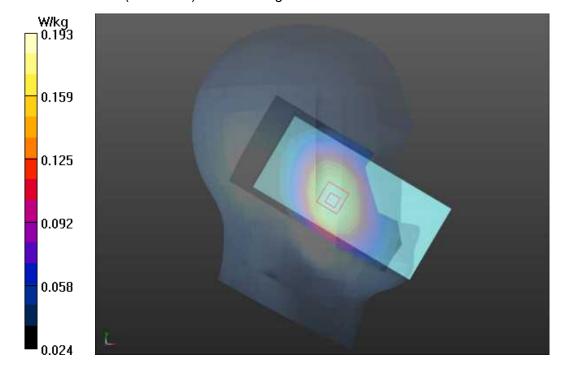
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.717 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.226 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 W/kg





Plot 12 GSM 1900 Right Tilt Middle

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3189; ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/4/18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 2022/3/24

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Right Tilt Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0886 W/kg

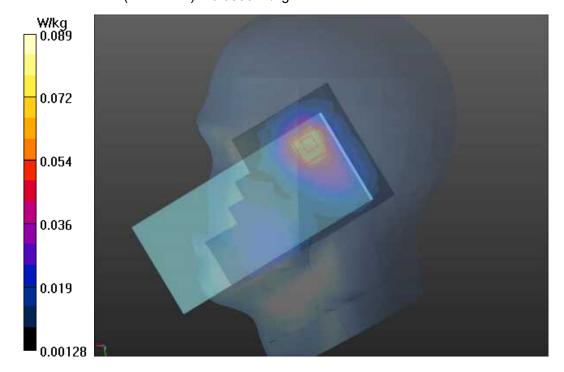
Right Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.473 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0890 W/kg





Plot 13 UMTS Band II Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 W/kg

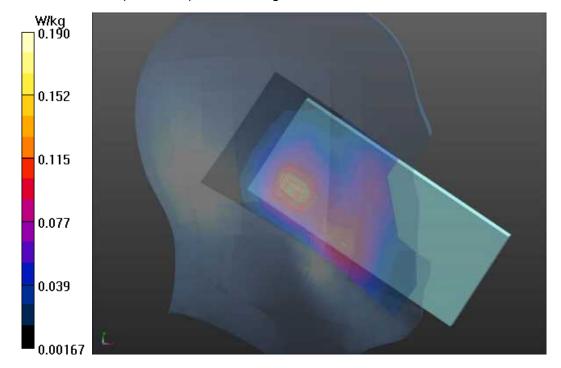
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.017 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.180 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg





Plot 14 UMTS Band V Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 W/kg

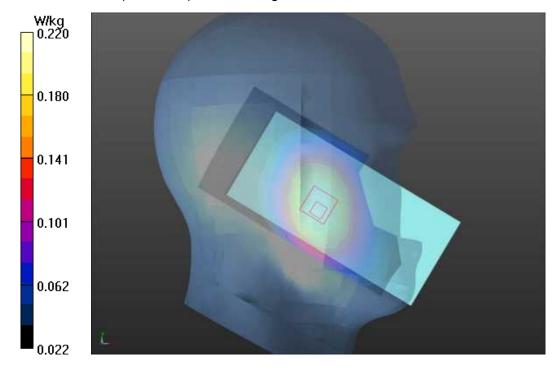
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.183 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg





Plot 15 LTE Band 2 1RB Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg

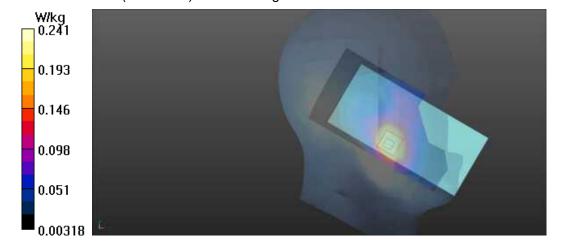
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.336 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg





Plot 16 LTE Band 4 1RB Left Cheek Low

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.303$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.467$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Left Cheek Low/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.088 W/kg

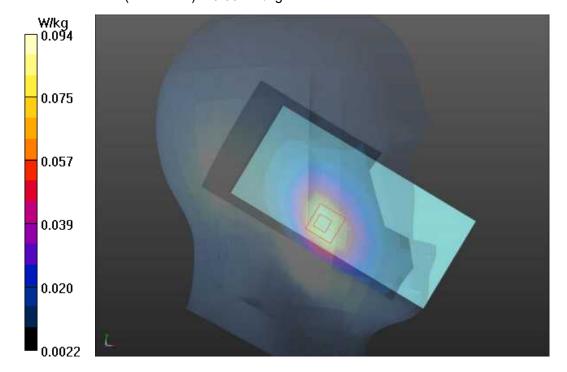
Left Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.096 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.094 W/kg





Plot 17 LTE Band 5 1RB Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.767$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg

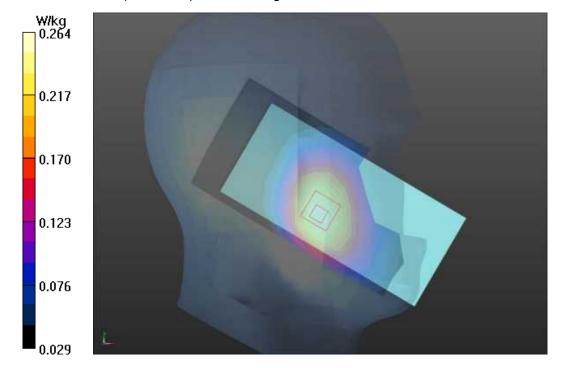
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.254 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.251 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 W/kg





Plot 18 LTE Band 7 1RB Right Tilt Low

Date: 2022/7/17

Communication System: UID 10169 - CAE, LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency:

2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.949 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.597$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Right Tilt Low/Area Scan (10x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 W/kg

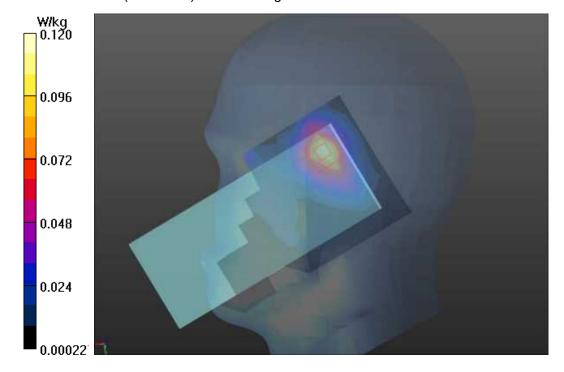
Right Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg





Plot 19 802.11b Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.02 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.831$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.961 W/kg

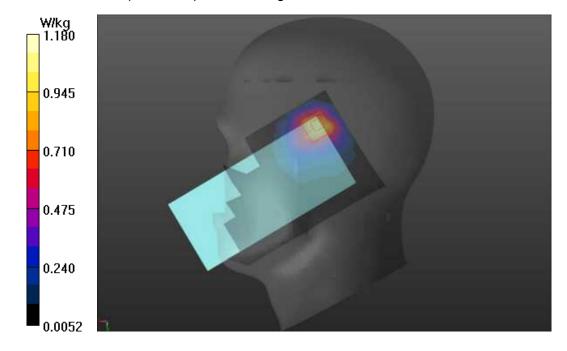
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.520 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.749 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.180 W/kg





Plot 20 802.11a U-NII-1 Right Tilt Low

Date: 2022/7/23

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; σ = 4.75 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.766; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.45, 5.45, 5.45); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Right Tilt Low/Area Scan (12x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 W/kg

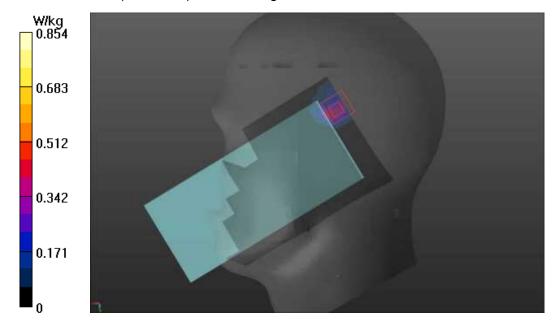
Right Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.346 V/m; Power Drift = 0.094 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.854 W/kg





Plot 21 Bluetooth Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.31 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.834$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.585$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (10x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 W/kg

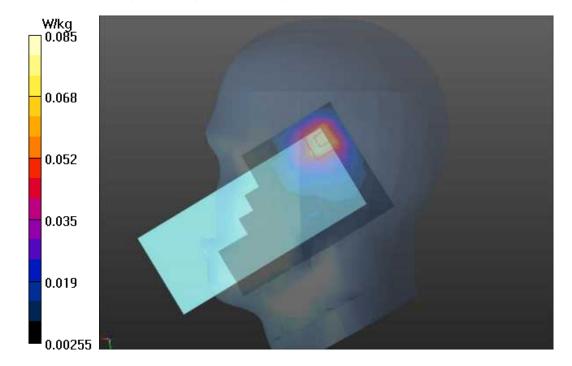
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.855 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.193 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.085 W/kg





Plot 22 GSM 850 Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg

GH6821 GSM 850 Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

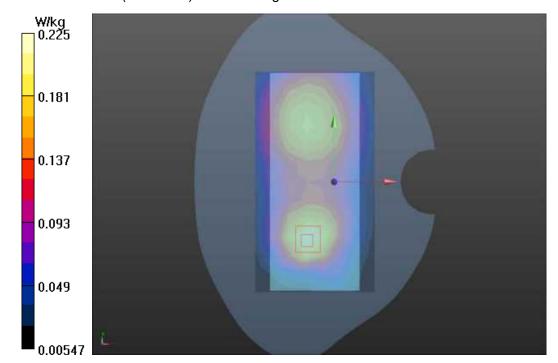
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.318 V/m; Power Drift = 0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.197 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg





Plot 23 GSM 1900 Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3189; ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/4/18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 2022/3/24

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.345 W/kg

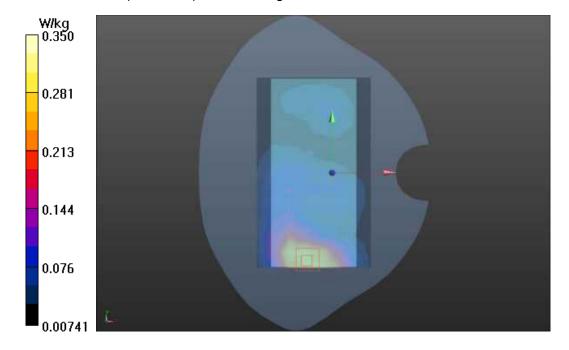
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.479 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.432 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg





Plot 24 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.442$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg

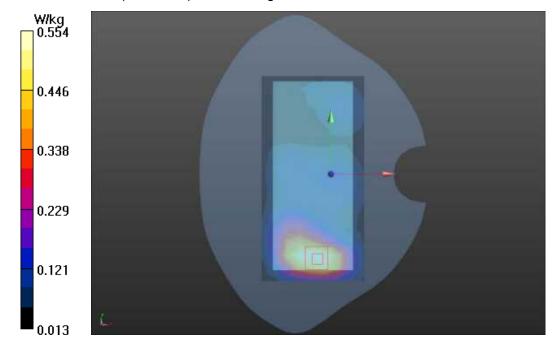
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.202 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.776 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.448 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554W/kg





Plot 25 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 W/kg

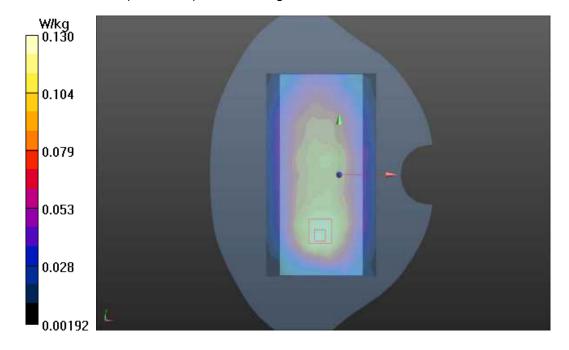
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.997 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0610 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg





Plot 26 LTE Band 2 50%RB Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.442$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 W/kg

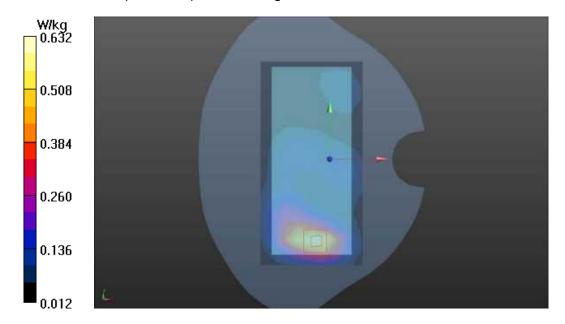
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.523 V/m; Power Drift = 0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.752 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.434 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.632 W/kg





Plot 27 LTE Band 4 1RB Back Side Low (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.103$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.706 W/kg

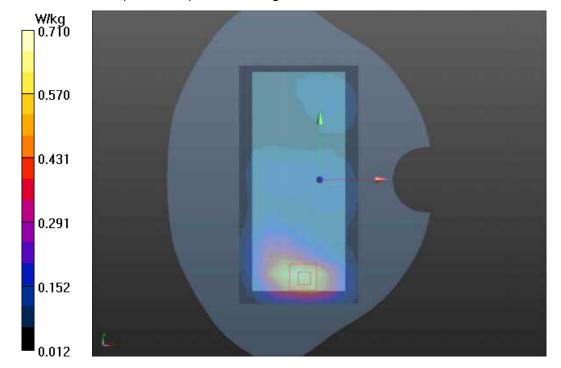
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.982 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.806 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.671 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.369 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.710 W/kg





Plot 28 LTE Band 5 1RB Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.767$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.298 W/kg

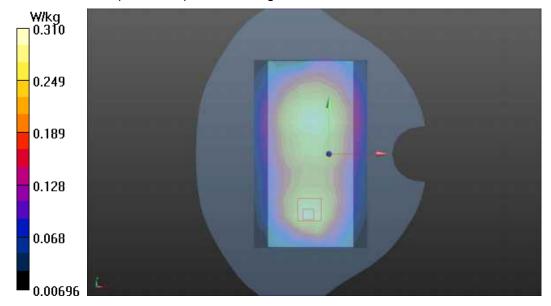
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 W/kg





Plot 29 LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side Low (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/17

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.398$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (9x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.570 W/kg

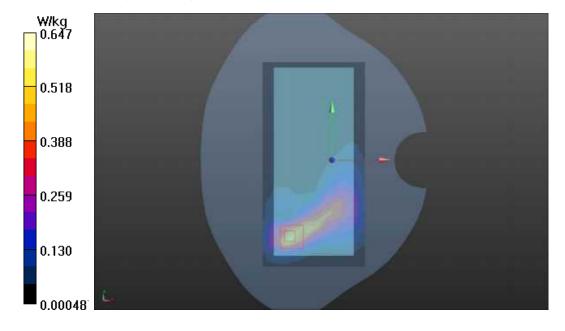
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.918 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.580 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 W/kg





Plot 30 802.11b Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.02 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.831$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 W/kg

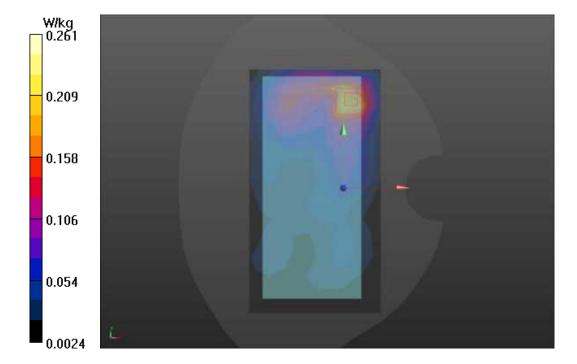
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.205 V/m; Power Drift = -0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 W/kg





Plot 31 802.11a U-NII-1 Back Side Low (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/23

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; $\sigma = 4.662$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.143$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.45, 5.45, 5.45); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (12x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg

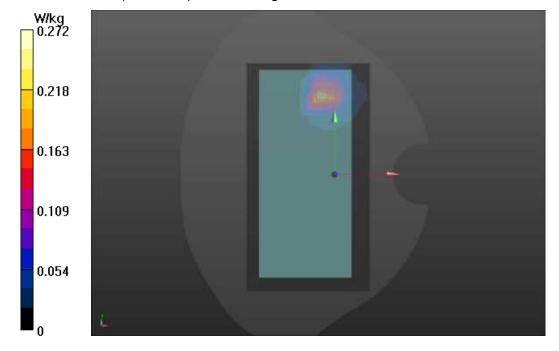
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.980 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 W/kg





Plot 32 Bluetooth Back Side High (Distance 15mm)

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.31 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.834$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.585$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side High/Area Scan (9x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 W/kg

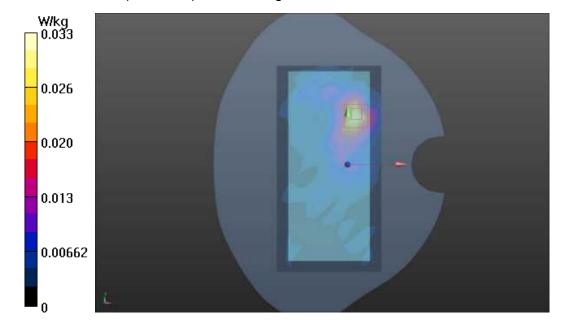
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.766 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 W/kg





Plot 33 GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.953 S/m; ε_r = 39.762; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 W/kg

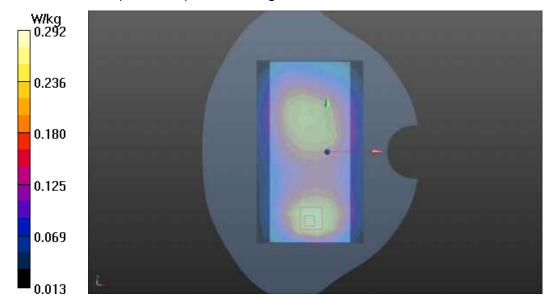
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.283 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 W/kg





Plot 34 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/21

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.07

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.948; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3189; ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2022/4/18

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 2022/3/24

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.656 W/kg

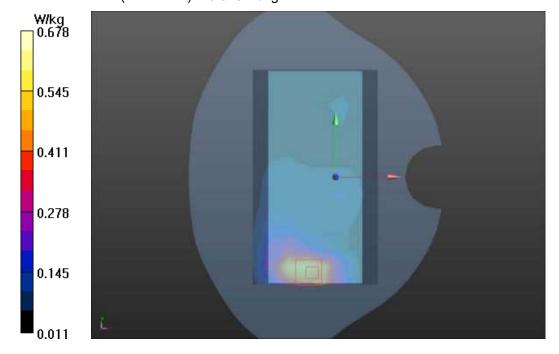
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.716 V/m; Power Drift = 0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.050 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.647 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.678 W/kg





Plot 35 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/22

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.860 W/kg

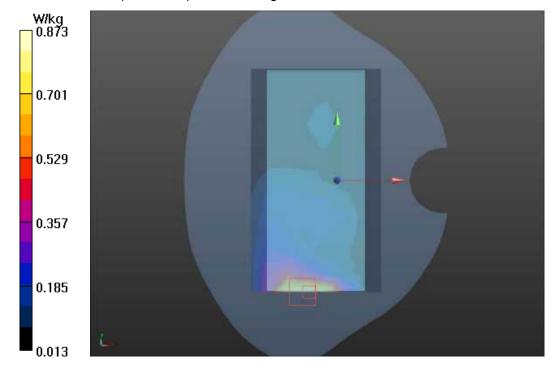
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.882 V/m; Power Drift = -0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.780 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.873 W/kg





Plot 36 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/19

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.762$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.366 W/kg

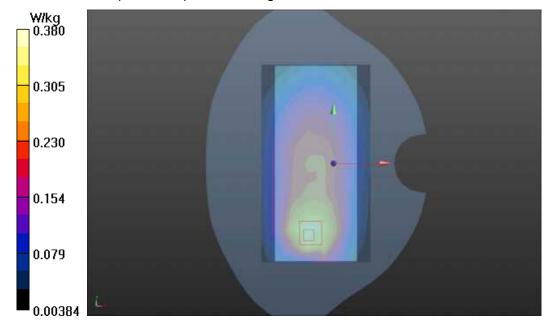
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.649 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.351 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.380 W/kg





Plot 37 LTE Band 2 50%RB Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/22

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.442$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg

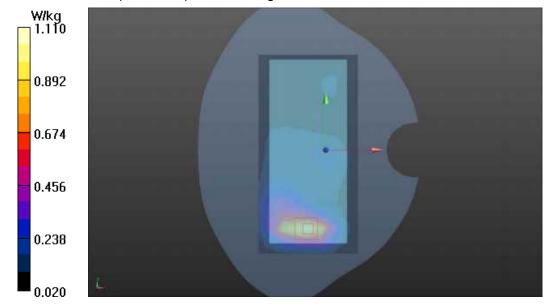
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.706 V/m; Power Drift = -0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.330 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.732 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.110 W/kg





Plot 38 LTE Band 4 50%RB Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.103$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg

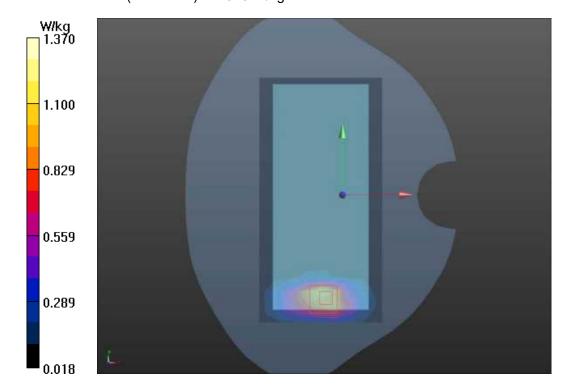
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.308 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.660 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.905 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.485 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.370 W/kg





Plot 39 LTE Band 5 1RB Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.953 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.767$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 W/kg

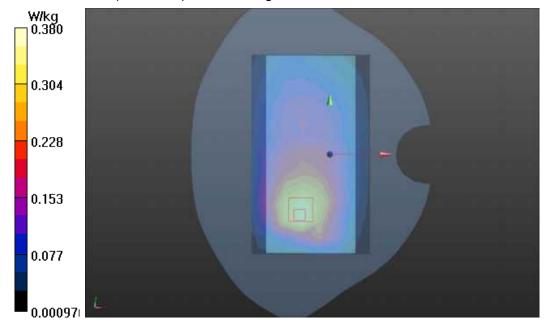
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.380 W/kg





Plot 40 LTE Band 7 1RB Front Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/17

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.949$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.597$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Front Side Low/Area Scan (9x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.807 W/kg

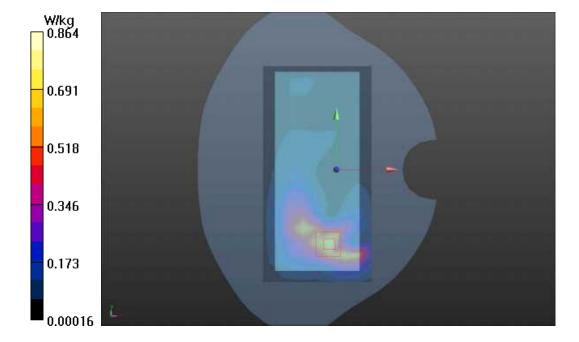
Front Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.225 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.766 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 W/kg





Plot 41 802.11b Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.02 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.831$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.364 W/kg

Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.567 V/m; Power Drift = 0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.984 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.440 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.491 W/kg





Plot 42 802.11a U-NII-1 Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/23

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; $\sigma = 4.662$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.143$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.45, 5.45, 5.45); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (1221x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 W/kg

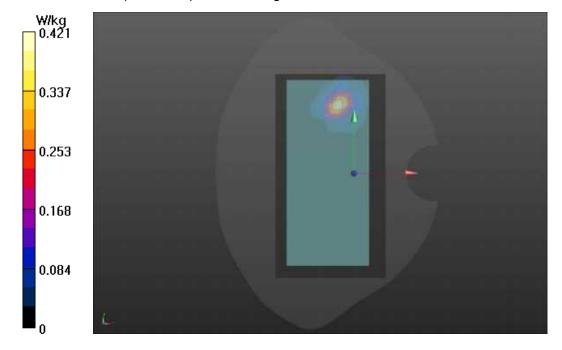
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.378 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.410 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.369 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 W/kg





Plot 43 Bluetooth Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 2022/7/18

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.31 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.834$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.585$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.50, 7.50, 7.50); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side High/Area Scan (9x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.051 W/kg

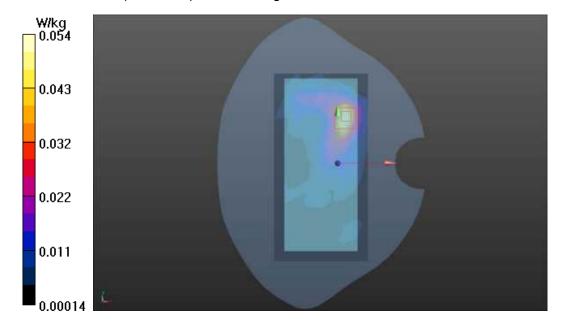
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.901 V/m; Power Drift = -0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.100 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.050 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.054 W/kg





Plot 44 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/7/22

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.442$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.850 W/kg

Back Side Middle /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.670 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.370 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.260 W/kg





Plot 45 LTE Band 2 1RB Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/7/22

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (4x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg

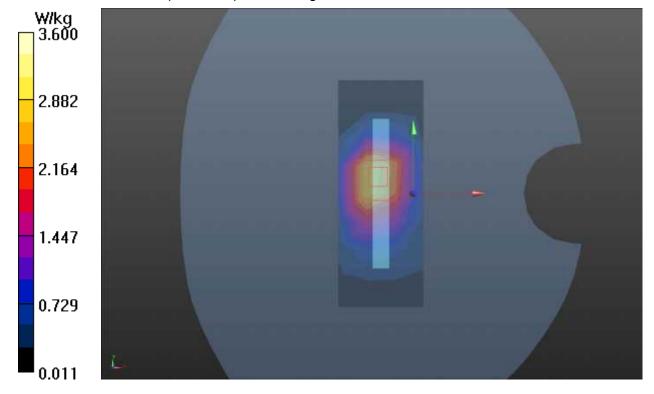
Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.60 W/kg





Plot 46 LTE Band 4 1RB Back Side Low (Distance 0mm)

Date: 2022/7/20

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.103$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2021/8/12

Electronics: DAE4 SN1692; Calibrated: 2021/10/4

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.574 W/kg

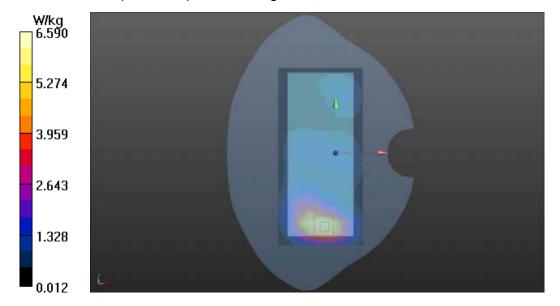
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.982 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.060 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.560 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.010 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.590 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z21-60285

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

E-mail: cttl Zchinuttl.com

Object

EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Http://www.chinatel.cn

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

August 12, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

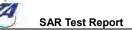
Primary Standards		ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power Meter NRP2	4	101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, Np.J21X04466)	Jun-22	
Power sensor NRP-Z	ower sensor NRP-Z91 101547		15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22	
Power sensor NRP-2	Power sensor NRP-Z91 101548		15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22	
Reference 10dBAtter	nuator	18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22	
Reference 20dBAtter	uator	18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22	
Reference Probe EX	3DV4	SN 3617	27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan21)	Jan-22	
DAE4			15-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Jan2		
Secondary Standards		ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
SignalGenerator MG3	3700A	6201052605	16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	Jun-22	
Network Analyzer E50	071C	MY46110673	21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Jan-22	
Arthur Ann	Nar	me	Function	Signature	
Calibrated by:	Yu	Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	2-05	
Reviewed by:	Lin	1 Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林光	
Approved by:	Qi	Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	Ea)	

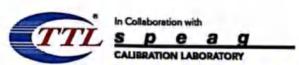
Issued: August 14, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60285

Page 1 of 9





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, y, z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 8 0 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices Measurement Techniques*, June 2013

b) IEC 52209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)".

 EC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication. devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 885684, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz."

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx, y, z. Assessed for E-field polarization 8=0 (fs900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* trequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart) This. linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the

frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.

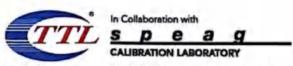
As y.z. Bx,y.z. Cx,y.z, VRx,y.z A.B.C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode

- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx y.z+ ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from: 50MHz to: 100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Page 2 of 9





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²)A	0.41	0.46	0.40	±10.0%
DCP(mV)B	99.3	101.9	101.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0 CW	X	0.0	0,0	1.0	0.00	158.2	±2.0%	
	12.	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		170.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0	1	156.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Page 3 of 9

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.64	9,64	9.64	0.40	0.80	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.16	1.29	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.24	1.00	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7,88	0.24	1.10	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1,40	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.21	1.17	±12,1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.57	7.67	7.67	0.66	0.68	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.66	0.70	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.25	7.25	7.25	0.62	0.73	±12.1%
3300	38,2	2.71	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.45	0.94	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.45	0.98	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.45	1.04	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6,62	6.62	6.62	0.40	1.25	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.66	6.66	6.66	0.30	1.38	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.35	1.35	±13,3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.50	1.13	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.45	5.45	5.45	0.50	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5,07	6.00	5.00	5.00	0.60	1.15	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.55	1.26	±13.3%

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

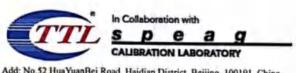
Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 4 of 9

That frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (a and d) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) in restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target lissue parameters.

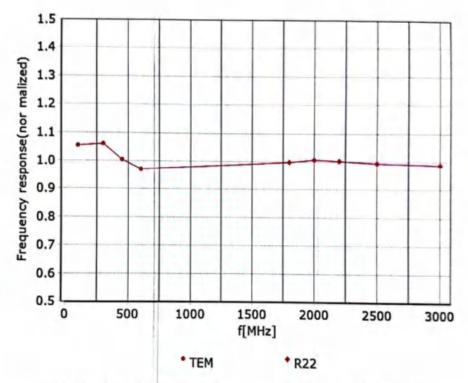
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

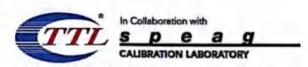


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 5 of 9



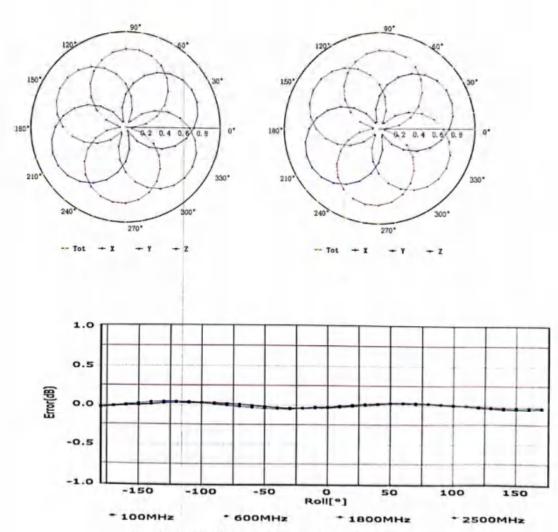


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Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

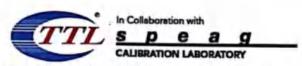
f=1800 MHz, R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

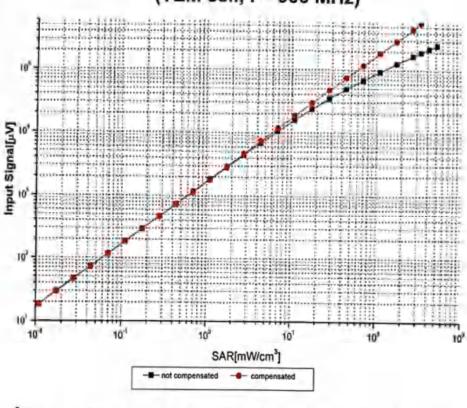
Certificate No:Z21-60285

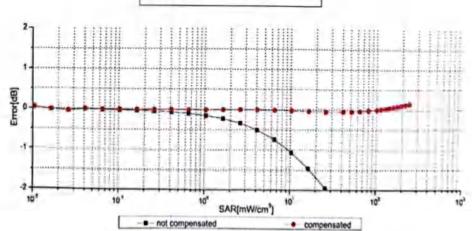
Page 6 of 9



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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



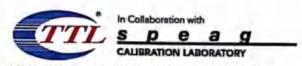


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 7 of 9



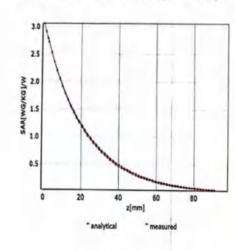


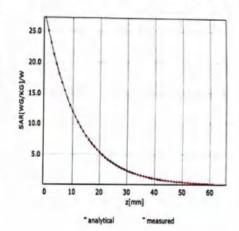
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Conversion Factor Assessment

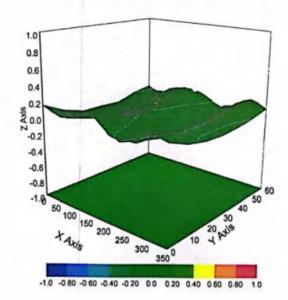
f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)





Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

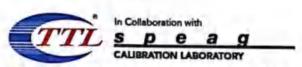


Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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Page 8 of 9





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Other Probe Parameters

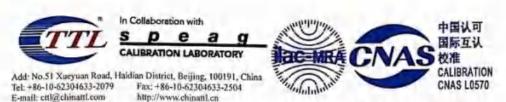
Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	117.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z21-60285

Page 9 of 9



ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60296

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: August 28, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG, No. EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

SAR Test Engineer SAR Test Engineer	越越越
SAR Test Engineer	JA JE 10
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MAP 1.
SAR Project Leader	XR.
1	SAR Project Leader Issued: September

Certificate No: Z20-60296

Page 1 of 8





In Collaboration with ALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, v.z. N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1. Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

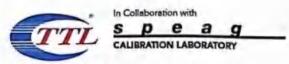
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL. The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters. The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60296

Page 2 of 8





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Measurement Conditions
DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	in.	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9,65 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6,37 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

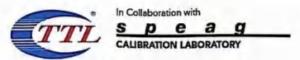
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1,0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2,42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.76 W /kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.40 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8





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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8Ω+ 1.73jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.2dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0Ω- 2.47jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.2dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.258 ns
Ciedifical Delay (one direction)	1.230 113

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

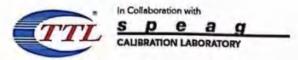
Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured by	SPEAG





Date: 08.28.2020



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.877$ S/m; $\epsilon_t = 41.23$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

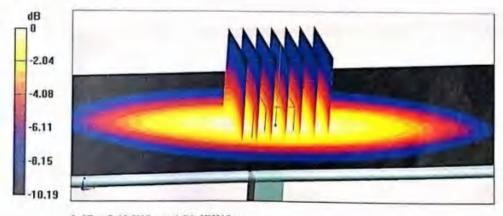
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16.6 mm

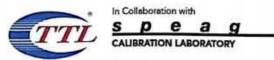
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



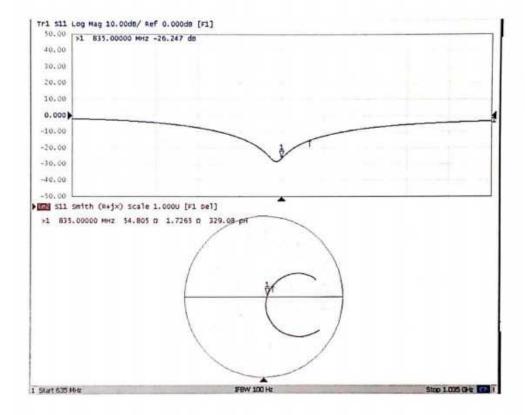
0 dB = 3.12 W/kg = 4.94 dBW/kg

Page 5 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.28.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.958$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.02$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.53, 9.53, 9.53) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14,6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

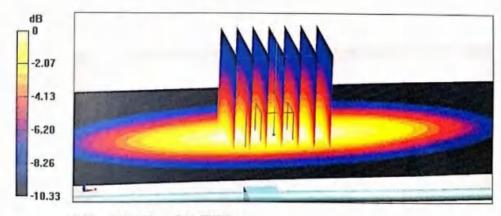
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 15.8 mm

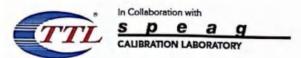
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 W/kg



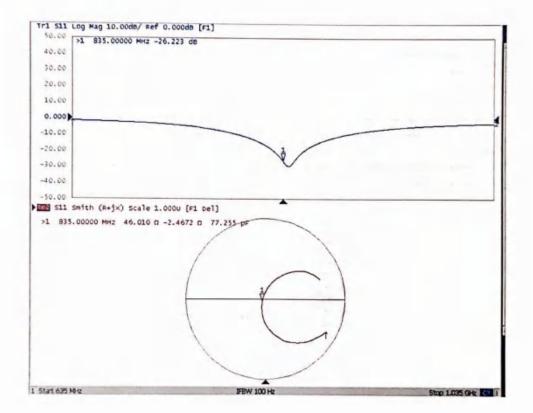
0 dB = 3.24 W/kg = 5.11 dBW/kg

Page 7 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60296

Page 8 of 8



ANNEX F: D1750V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z20-60079

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: Feburary 25, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)12 and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

106276	44 fee 40 (OTT) No 140Y00000	
	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
101369	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
SN 3846	25-Mar-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60064)	Mar-20
SN 1555	22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
MY49071430	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21
	SN 3846 SN 1555 ID# MY49071430	SN 3846 25-Mar-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60064) SN 1555 22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295) ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) MY49071430 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	(A. Sella
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	三 林光
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	DAY OF

Issued: Feburary 29, 2020

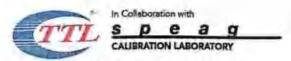
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 1 of 8







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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, y, z ConvF not applicable or not measured N/A

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

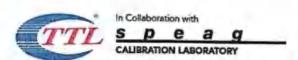
- Measurement Conditions. Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 2 of 8





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Measurement Conditions

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1,37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	B.93 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	35.9 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.71 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	18.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22,0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	****	lang and

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.9 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.8 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 3 of 8



SAK Test Report



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω- 0,06 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 38.3 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.5Ω- 0.85 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.085 ns
The state of the s	0.000

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 4 of 8





In Collaboration with

S P E A G

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: Nn.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 02,25,2020

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1,349 S/m; ε_t = 39.06; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-03-25
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

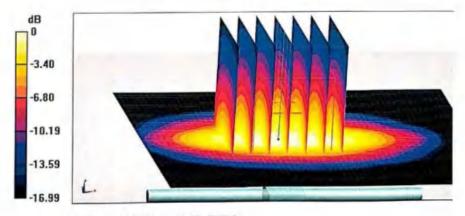
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.71 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg



0 dB = 13.9 W/kg = 11.43 dBW/kg

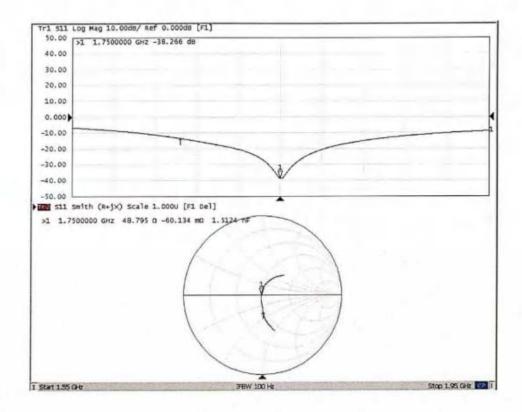
Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 5 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8

Date: 02.25.2020



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-03-25
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

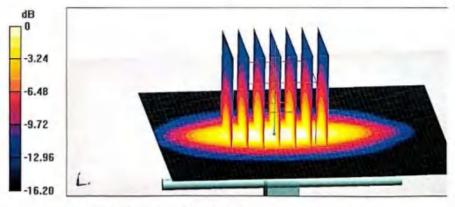
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 56%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



0 dB = 14.1 W/kg = 11.49 dBW/kg

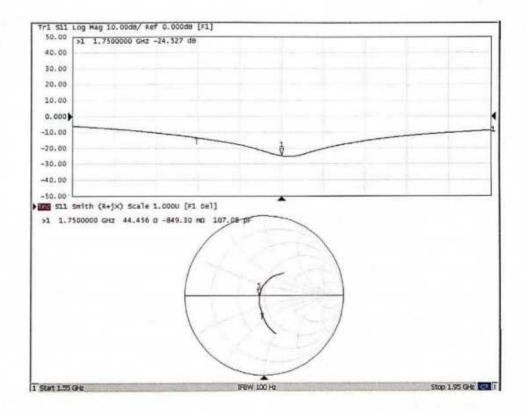
Page 7 of 8





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



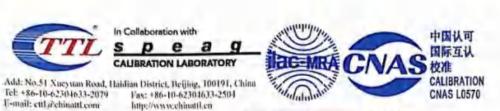
Certificate No: Z20-60079

Page 8 of 8



SAR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

ANNEX G: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghal)

Certificate No:

Z20-60297

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)*C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Canbrotca cj.

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 3, 2020

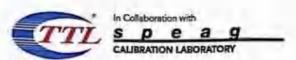
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-60297

Page 1 of 8







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lossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques*, June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

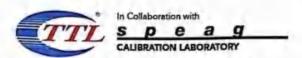
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60297

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1





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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40,0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.5 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

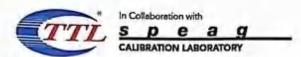
SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8



AR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5Ω+ 6.58jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.3dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0Ω+ 6.72jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.9dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.061 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG



Date: 08.27.2020



Add; No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.404$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.12$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

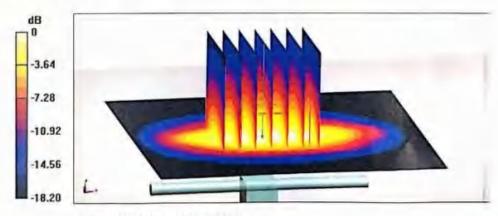
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



0 dB = 15.6 W/kg = 11.93 dBW/kg

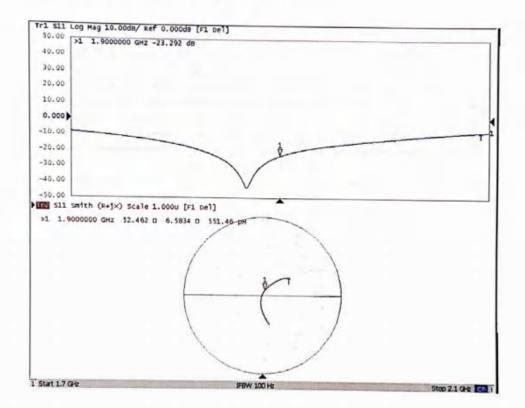
Page 5 of 8





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

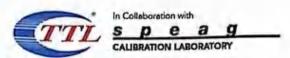


Certificate No: Z20-60297

Page 6 of 8

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

Date: 08.27.2020



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.508 S/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

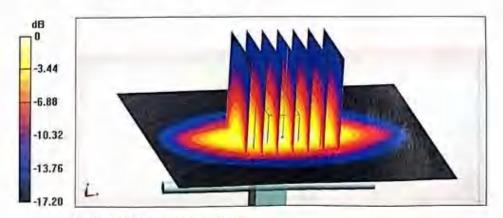
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

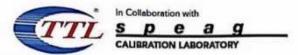
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 55.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



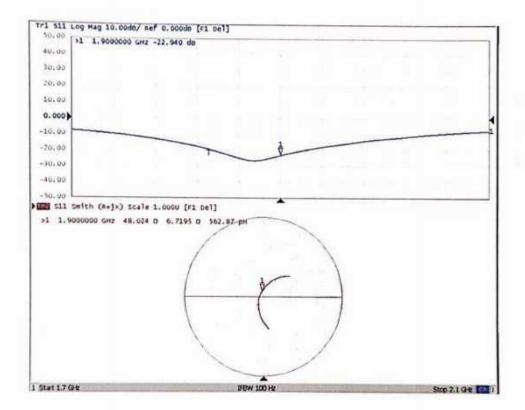
0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

Page 7 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Page 8 of 8



ANNEX H: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Certificate No: Z20-60298 TA(Shanghai) Client

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 786

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

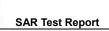
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46107873	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	加速机业
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	佛衫
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	1202

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z20-60298

Page 1 of 8





In Collaboration with

е CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx.y.z. N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", September 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis,
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60298

Page 2 of 8

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1





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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		100

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.3 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52,7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8





AR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω+ 1.44 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.9dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9Ω+ 5.09 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.8dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.018 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Date: 08.27.2020



In Collaboration with

S P e a g

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.787$ S/m; $\varepsilon_t = 39.53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

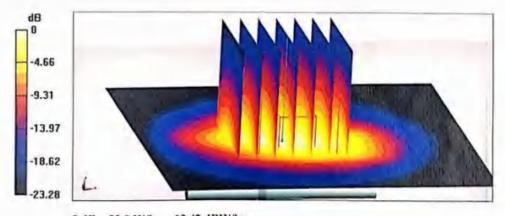
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



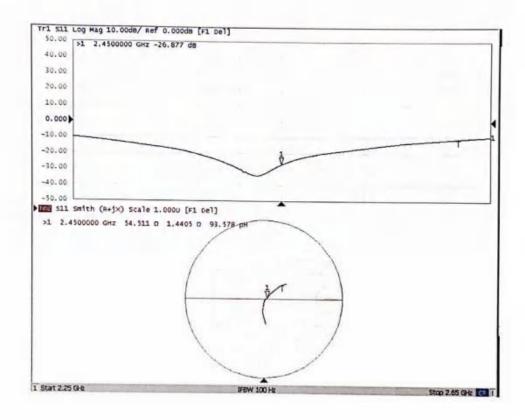
0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

Page 5 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Page 6 of 8





Date: 08.27.2020



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.938 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_t = 52.06$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

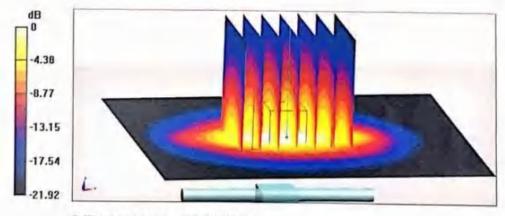
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



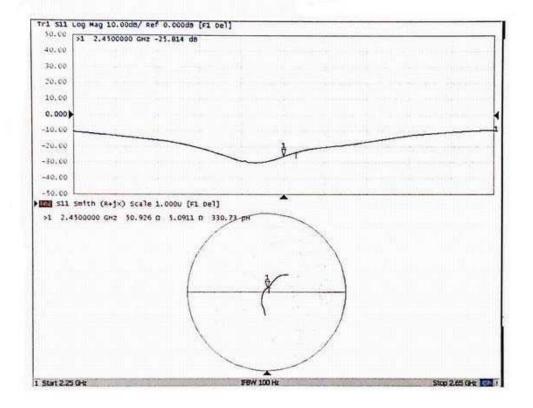
0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

Page 7 of 8



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60298

Page 8 of 8



AR Test Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

ANNEX I: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Tel +86-10-62304633-2079 F-mail: ethiochinattl.com TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z21-60156 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits Calibration date: April 23, 2021 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)℃ and humidity<70% Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power Meter NRP2 106276 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 Power sensor NRP6A 101359 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 SN 3517 Reference Probe EX3DV4 27-Jan-21(SPEAG No.EX3-3617_Jan21) Jan-22 DAE4 SN 777 08-Jan-21(CTTL-SPEAG No. Z21-60003) Jan-22 Secondary Standards ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Signal Generator E4438C MY49071430 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593) Jan-22 Network Analyzer E5071C MY46110673 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232) Jan-22 Name Function Calibrated by SAR Test Engineer Zhao Jing Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader Issued: April 29, 2021 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laborator

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 1 of 6





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Glossary:

TSL ConvF N/A tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated
- Antenna Parameters with TSL. The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss. These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured. SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 2 of 6





Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52 10 4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

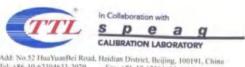
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.9 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		_

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.1 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 3 of 6



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Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1Ω-7.19;Ω	
Return Loss	- 22.9dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.055 ns
	110000100

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semingid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by SPEAG

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 4 of 6



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 04.23.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.944$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.94$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-01-27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 2021-01-08
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4): SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

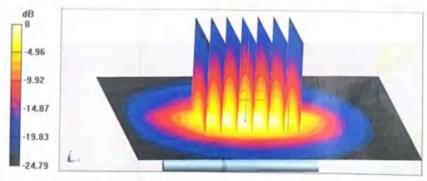
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 44%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.4 W/kg



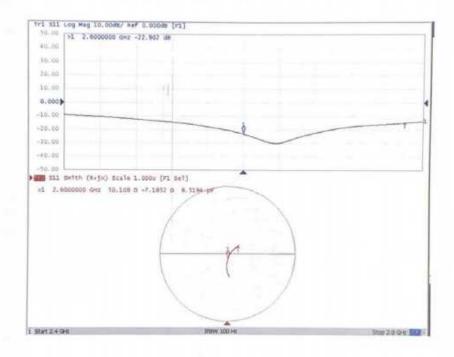
0 dB = 24.4 W/kg = 13.87 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 5 of 6



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

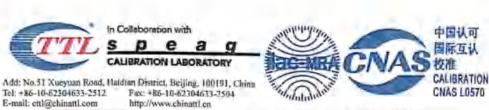


Certificate No: Z21-60156

Page 6 of 6



ANNEX J: D5GHzV2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z20-60080

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

Feburary 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)10 and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Data(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)	Apr-20
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 3846	25-Mar-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-50064)	Mar-20
DAE4	SN 1555	22-Aug-18(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)	Aug-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	(1) 不是
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	学林
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	Wall of

Issued: Feburary 29, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z20-60080

Page 1 of 14





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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining line Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 EC 82209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 5GHz)", July 2016

 c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010 d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the fraquency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL. The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis
- Fead Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainly required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

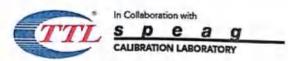
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60080

Page 2 of 14

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1





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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.9±6%	4.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	-

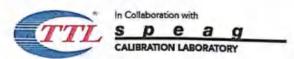
SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.0 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

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Page 3 of 14





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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) "C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		-

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8,02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.5 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

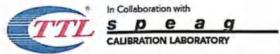
Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22,0 ± 0,2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	5.12 mha/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.72 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.9 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)





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Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.1 ± 6 %	5,27 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		- - -

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Condition	
100 mW input power	7.37 W/kg
normalized to 1W	73.4 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
Condition	
100 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
normalized to 1W	20,8 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)
	100 mW input power normalized to 1W Condition 100 mW input power

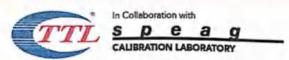
Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied

7 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48,5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	5.74 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1,0 °C	- C	

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.1 ± 6 %	5.96 mho/m ± 5 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	-	-

SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.5 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.6 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)





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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52,4Ω - 6.47jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.4dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.0Ω - 3.86jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.6dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.9Ω + 0.16jΩ
Return Loss	-25.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

mpedance, transformed to feed point 51.6Ω - 5.33jΩ		
Return Loss	- 25.3dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.6Ω - 2.15jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.7dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.4Ω + 1.94jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.2dB	

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Page 7 of 14





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General Antenna Parameters and Design

4	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.066 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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Page 8 of 14

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 02.24.2020

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz.

Medium parameters used; f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.592 S/m; ε_r = 36.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.963 S/m; $\epsilon_{\rm f}$ = 36.29, ρ = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.123$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.06$; p = 1000 kg/m3,

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-03-25
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 70.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 70.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kgSmallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61,4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1,4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

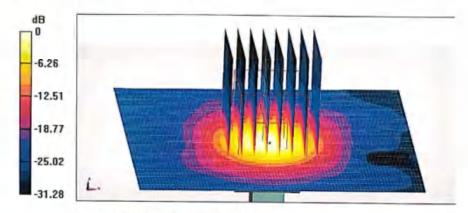
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 59.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



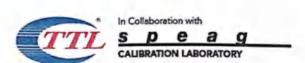
0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60080

Page 10 of 14

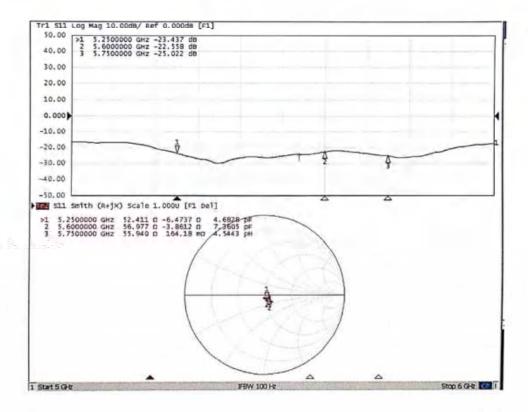






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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

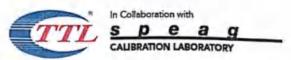


Certificate No: Z20-60080

Page 11 of 14

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Frequency: 5750 MHz.

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.267$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.736$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 47.44$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.963$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 47.11$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3,

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-03-25,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 2019-08-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.4%

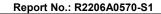
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

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Page 12 of 14

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

Date: 02.27.2020







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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

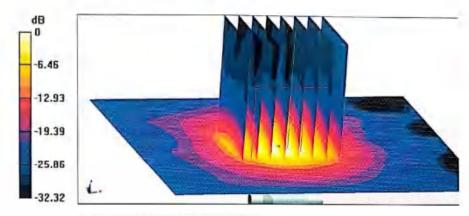
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kg

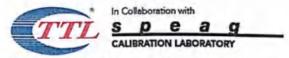
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

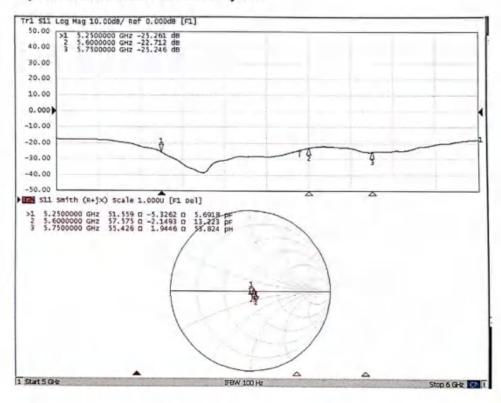


0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.50 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z20-60080

Page 14 of 14



ANNEX K: DAE4 Calibration Certificate (SN: 1692)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client TA-SH (Auden) Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-1692_Oct21

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BO - SN: 1692 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: October 04, 2021 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and frumidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 31-Aug-21 (Na:31368) Aug-22 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (In house) Scheduled Check Auto DAE Calibration Unit SE UWS 053 AA 1001 07-Jan-21 (in house check) In house check: Jan-22 Calibrator Box V2.1 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 07-Jan-21 (in house check) In house check: Jan-22 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Adrian Gehring Laboratory Technician Approved by: Sven Kühn Deputy Manager Issued: October 4, 2021 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1692_Oct21

Page 1 of 5



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service sulsse d'étalonnage Servizio avizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements,
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for Information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information, Supply currents in various operating modes:

Certificate No: DAE4-1692 Oct21

Page 2 of 5



DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1µV , full range = -100...+300 mV Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = +1.....+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	404,451 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.531 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404,388 ± 0.02% (k=2)
		4.00333 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

Connector Angle

Acres of the second of the policy of the	
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	334.5°±1°
	004.0 1

Certificate No: DAE4-1692_Oct21

Page 3 of 5



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199998.31	2,10	0.00
Channel X + Input	20004.35	2.07	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19997,45	4.22	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199996,63	0.87	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20001.14	-1.08	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20002.28	-0.47	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199998.12	1.98	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20002.54	0.26	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20001.19	0.53	-0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.64	0.32	0.02
Channel X + Input	202.20	0.58	0.29
Channel X - Input	-197.54	0,78	-0.39
Channel Y + Input	1999.35	-1.87	-0.09
Channel Y + Input	200.36	-1.25	-0.62
Channel Y - Input	-199.29	-0.98	0.49
Channel Z + Input	2000,89	-0.32	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	200.91	-0.59	-0.29
Channel Z - Input	-199.57	-1.16	0.58

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Me

	Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	15.85	13,56
	- 200	-12.16	-14.19
Channel Y	200	21.51	20.97
	- 200	-24.04	-24.35
Channel Z	200	-6.87	-7.13
	- 200	6.28	5.75

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measurin

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-0.88	-2.39
Channel Y	200	6.27		2.31
Channel Z	200	8.86	3.02	

Certificate No: DAE4-1692_Oct21

Page 4 of 5



4. AD-Converter Values with Inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15949	15587
Channel Y	15899	16465
Channel Z	15625	15999

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MQ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.24	-0.39	2.50	0.44
Channel Y	-0.70	-1.86	0.77	0.48
Channel Z	-0.23	-1.42	0.54	0.37

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1692_Oct21



ANNEX L: The EUT Appearance

The EUT Appearance are submitted separately.

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1



ANNEX M: Test Setup Photos

The Test Setup Photos are submitted separately.

Report No.: R2206A0570-S1