



# Test Report

Test Report No.:	KTI02EF07003		
Registration No.:	99058		
Applicant:	IMI TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd.		
Applicant Address:	4 <sup>th</sup> , Sun Bldg, 677-12 Yeoksam-dong, Kangnam-ku, Seoul 135-080 KOREA		
Product:	IEEE 1394 PCI Card		
FCC ID:	QLTOHCI3P-V400	Model No.	OHCI3P-V400
Receipt No.:	02-0629	Date of receipt:	June 25,2002
Date of Issue:	July 4, 2002		
Testing location	Korea Technology Institute Co., Ltd. 51-19, Sanglim3-Ri, Docheok-Myeun, Gwangju-Shi, Gyeongki-Do, Korea		
Test Standards:	ANSI. C63.4 : 1992		
Rule Parts:	FCC Part 15, Subpart B		
Equipment Class:	Computing Device		
Test Result:	The above mentioned product has been tested and passed.		
Tested by: M.H.Jang/ Engineer  _____ Signature      Date		Approved by: G. C. Min/ President  _____ Signature      Date	
Other Aspects :			
Abbreviations :	• OK, Pass=passed    • Fail=failed    • N/A=not applicable		
<input type="checkbox"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ This test report is not permitted to copy partly without our permission.</li> <li>▪ This test result is dependent on only equipment to be used.</li> <li>▪ This test result is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above mentioned.</li> <li>▪ This test report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S Government.</li> <li>▪ We certify this test report has been based on the measurement standards that is traceable to the national or international standards.</li> </ul>			



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## **1. General**

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures as indicated in this report.

We attest to the accuracy of data. Korea Technology Institute Co., Ltd. performed all measurements reported herein. And were made under Chief Engineer's supervisor.

We assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

## **2. Test Site**

Korea Technology Institute Co., Ltd.

### **2.1 Location**

51-19, Sanglim3-Ri, Docheok-Myeun, Gwangju-Shi, Gyeonggi-Do, Korea

The Test Site is in compliance with ANSI C63.4/1992 for measurement of radio Interference.



## 2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Table 1: List of Test and Measurement Equipment

### - Conducted Emissions

Kind of Equipment	Type	S/N	Calibrated until
Spectrum Analyzer	R3261C	61720417	11.2002
Field Strength Meter	ESPC	832827/011	9.2002
LISN	KNW407	8-1157-2	10.2002
LISN	ESH2-Z5	8254601019	6.2002
Conducted Cable	N/A	N/A	11.2002

### - Radiated Emissions

Kind of Equipment	Type	S/N	Calibrated until
Field Strength Meter	ESPC	832827/011	9.2002
Spectrum Analyzer	R3261C	61720417	11.2002
Pre Amplifier	8447D	2944A06874	11.2002
BiconiLog Antenna	3142B	1705	12.2002
Horn Antenna	3115	6443	7.2002
Open Site Cable	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antenna Mast	DETT-03	N/A	N/A
Antenna & Turntable controller	DETT-04	91X519	N/A

## 2.3 Test Date

Date of Application: June 25, 2002

Date of Test: June 27, 2002

## 2.4 Test Environment

See each test item's description.



### **3. Description of the tested samples**

The EUT is IEEE 1394 PCI Card.

#### **3.1. Rating and Physical Characteristics**

- Supports IEEE 1394 Std and 1394a-2000
- Supplement High Serial Bus
- Provides Data at 100/200/400 Mbps
- Three(3) IEEE 1394 Cable Ports
- Optional 1394 internal port
- Optional External power Connector
- Compliant to latest PCI 2.2 or higher
- Supports Win98SE/ME/2000/NT 4, Linux and MAC 8.6 or higher

#### **3.2. Submitted Documents**

- User's Guide
- Block Diagram



## 4. Measurement Conditions

Testing Input Voltage: AC 230V

### 4.1 Modes of Operation

The EUT was in the following operation mode during all testing;

1. IEEE 1394 PCI Card connected to Camera.

### 4.2 Additional Equipment

DEVICE TYPE	Manufacturer	M/N	S/N	FCC ID
PC	Naray Hackers	Naray Hackers/DV	508478	-
Monitor	Samsung Electronics	750S	P223HVAR502035	-
Keyboard	COMPAQ COMPUTER CORPORATION	KB-9963	B26960GBUUKKOVW	-
Mouse	logitech	M-S48a	None	JNZ201213
Mouse	SEJIN ELECTRON INC.	SMB-400	0CIM004047	GJJS965M3
Printer	HEWLETT PACKARD	C4569A	SG6A7160PJ	-
Camera	Sony Corporation	DFW-V300	100420	-

### 4.3 Uncertainty

#### 1) Radiated disturbance

$U_c$  (Combined standard Uncertainty) =  $\pm 1.8\text{dB}$

Expanded uncertainty  $U=K U_c$

$K = 2$

$\square U = \pm 3.6\text{dB}$

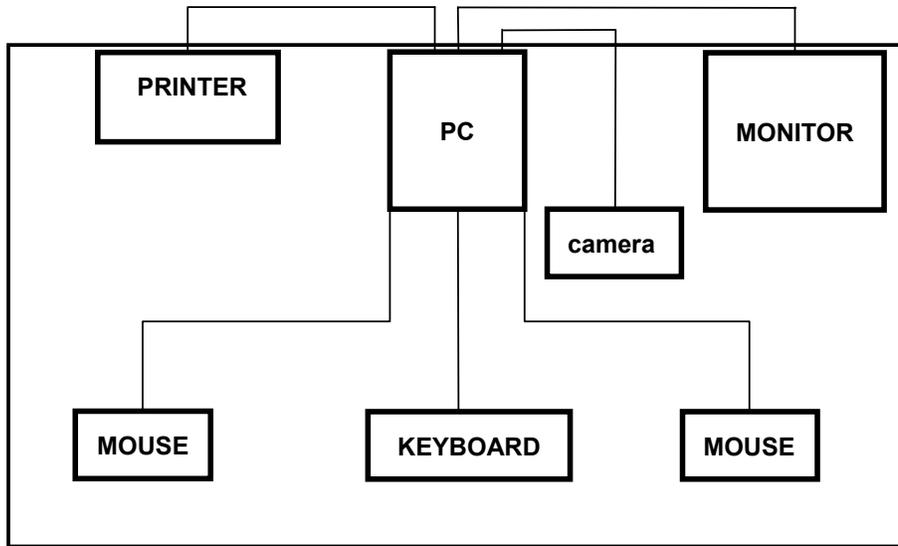
#### 2) Conducted disturbance

$U_c = \pm 0.88\text{dB}$

$U = K U_c = 2 \times U_c = \pm 1.8\text{dB}$



### 4.4 Test Setup





## **5. EMISSION Test**

### **5.1. Conducted Emissions**

#### **Result:**

**Pass**

The line-conducted facility is located inside a 2.3M x 3.5M x 5.5M shielded enclosure.

The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285 or NSA 605-05. A 1m x 1.5m wooden table 80cm high is placed 80cm away from the conducting ground plane and 40cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Rohde & Schwarz Model ESH2-Z5 (9kHz-30MHz) 50ohm/50 uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISN) are bonded to the shielded room.

The EUT is powered from the Rohde & Schwarz LISN and the support equipment is powered from the Rohde & Schwarz LISN. Power to the LISN are filtered by a high-current high-insertion loss shield enclosures power line filters (100dB 14kHz-1GHz).

The purpose of the filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

All electrical cables are shielded by braided tinned copper zipper tubing with inner diameter of 1/2".

If the EUT is a DC-Powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply lines will be connected to the Rohde & Schwarz LISN.

All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) to a 1-meter length.

Sufficient time for the EUT, Support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME from the EUT.

The spectrum was scanned from 450kHz to 30MHz with 100msec. Sweep time.

The frequency producing the maximum level was reexamined using EMI field Intensity meter (ESPC) and Quasi-Peak adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode.

The bandwidth of the receiver was set to 10kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting Each emission was maximized by: switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; if applicable; whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of conducted test.

Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



Figure 1: Spectral Diagram, LINE-PE

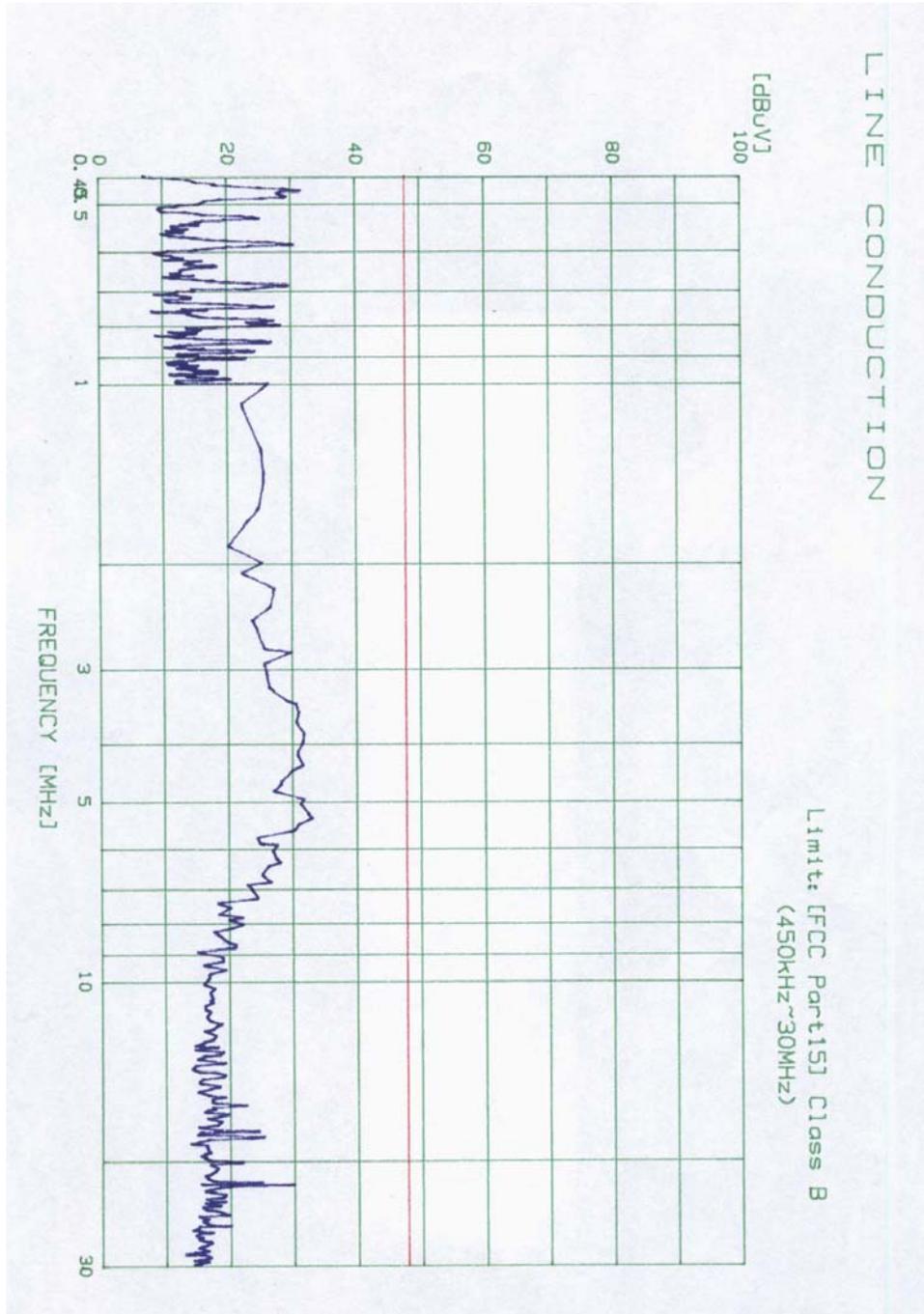




Figure 2: Spectral Diagram, NEUTRAL-PE

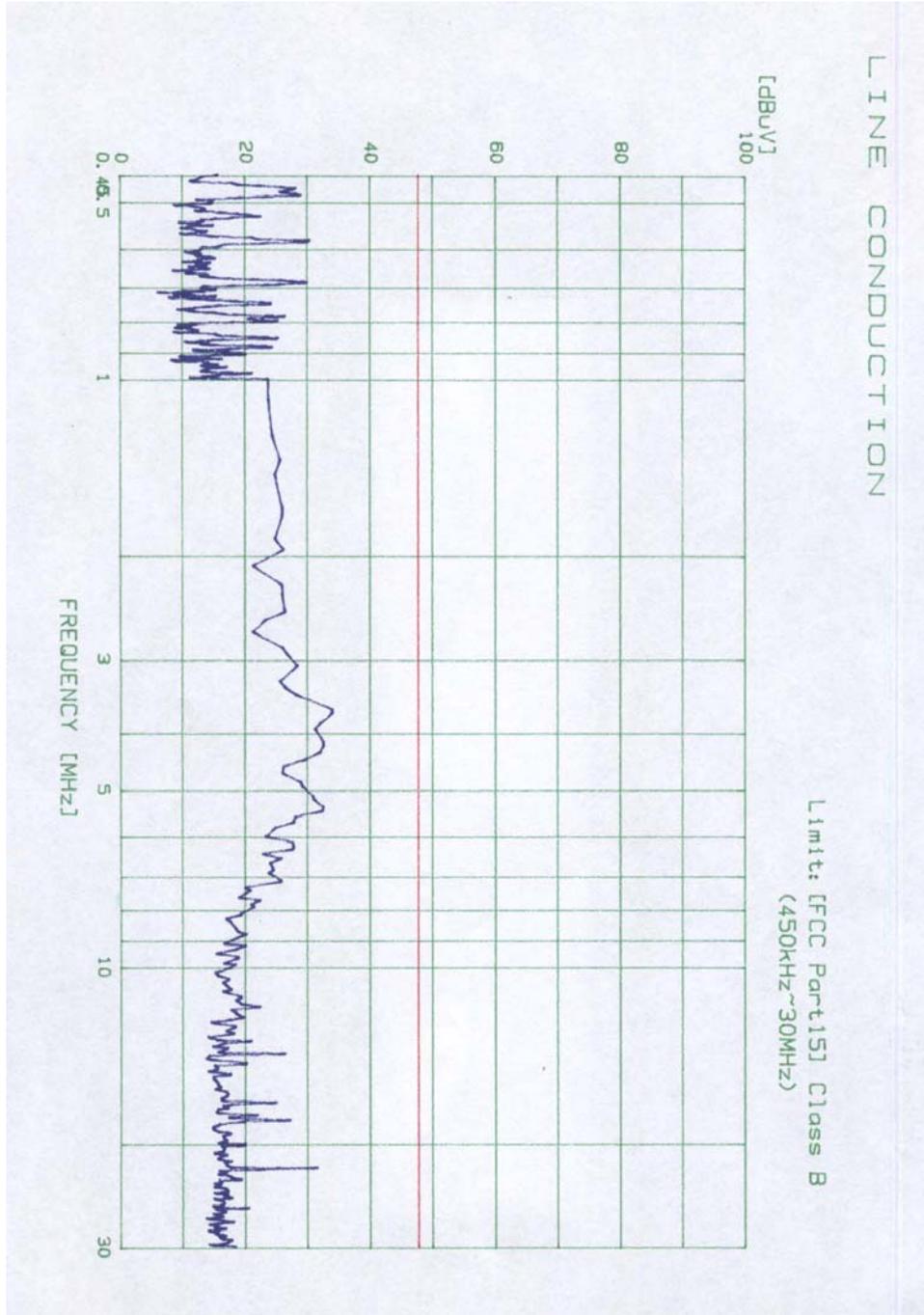




Table 2: Test Data, Conducted Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	(1) Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Line	(2) Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	(3) Margin (dB)
0.47	31.9	L1	48	16.1
0.58	30.3	L1		17.7
0.69	30.0	L2		18.0
5.34	33.7	L1		14.3
14.79	27.3	L2		20.7
17.93	27.2	L2		20.8
22.88	31.4	L2		16.6

## NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated  
And the worst-case emissions are reported.
2. All other emissions are non-significant.
3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
4. Measurements using CISPR peak mode.
5. L1 = LINE-PE, L2 = NEUTRAL-PE
6. C/F = Correction Factor
7. C/L = Cable Loss
8. The limit for Class B digital device is 250 uV (48dBuV)  
from 450KHz to 30MHz

## ♣ Margin Calculation

$$(6) \text{ Margin} = (2) \text{ Limit} - (1) \text{ Reading}$$



## 5.2 Radiated Emissions

### Result:

**Pass**

Preliminary measurements were made indoors at 1 meter using broadband antennas, broadband Amplifier, and spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all EME from the EUT were maximized and Investigated. The system configurations, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, turntable azimuth with respect to the antenna were noted for each frequency found. The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 1000 MHz using biconiLog antenna. Above 1 GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used.

Final measurements were made outdoors at 3-meter test range using biconiLog and horn antenna. The test equipment was placed on a wooden table situated on a 4x4 meter area adjacent to the measurement area. Turntable was to protect from weather in the dome that made with Polyethylene film. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was re-examined and investigated using EMI/Field Intensity Meter (ESPC) R & S. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the receiver was set to 120kHz or 1 MHz depending on the frequency or type or signal.

The EUT, support equipment and interconnecting cables were re-configured to the set-up producing the maximum emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8meter high non-metallic 1 x 1.5 meter table.

The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were re-arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by: varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed, and/or support equipment, if applicable; and changing the polarity of the antenna, whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of radiated emission test. Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



Table 3: Test Data, Radiated Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Height [m]	Angle [° ]	(1) Reading (dBμV)	(2) AFCL (dB/m)	(3) Actual (dBμV/m)	(4) Limit (dBμV/m)	(5) Margin (dB)
36.10	H	1.42	83	7.3	16.2	23.5	40	16.5
71.65	V	3.04	270	8.4	12.1	20.5	40	19.5
85.20	H	3.28	108	7.0	15.9	22.9	43.5	20.6
191.60	V	2.72	266	6.4	15.9	22.3	43.5	21.2
298.15	V	2.36	110	9.2	19.5	28.7	46.0	17.3
372.20	H	2.17	334	6.8	22.3	29.1	46.0	16.9
473.15	H	1.54	80	6.3	24.5	30.8	46.0	15.2

\* Radiated Measurements at 3-meters

#### Notes:

- 1.All modes of operation were investigated.  
And the worst-case emission are reported.
- 2.All other emission is non-significant.
- 3.All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
- 4.Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
- 5.AFCL = Antenna factor and cable loss
- 6.H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization
7. The limit for Class B digital device is 100uV(40dBuV) from 30MHz to 88MHz,  
150 uV (43.5dBuV) from 88MHz to 216MHz, 200uV(46dBuV) from 216MHz to 960MHz  
and 500 uV (54dBuV) from above 960MHz.

#### ♣ Margin Calculation

(5) Margin = (4) Limit – (3) Actual

[(3) Actual = (1) Reading + (2) AFCL]