

Broadband over Power Lines (BPL) FCC Emissions Compliance Guidelines

Access-Underground Emissions testing to FCC Report & Order 04-245 (FCC Method)

Access-Underground BPL component being tested: Repeater

Applicable Standards for this test:

STANDARD	TITLE
ANSI C63.4 - 2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

EUT CONFIGURATION

Product Type	BPL medium voltage (MV) Access Gateway
Serial Number	7353125931/6401625558/6938020727/6284826266
Model Number	CXP-MVA-GWY (T3B)
Marketing Designation	Corinex NR – MV Gateway
Chassis Revision Number	MV-Gateway V1
Firmware Revision Number	ac_CXP_GNR_GWY_A2_hv1_0_0_sv3_4_8_2_0_0
ECO Number (if applicable)	
ID #	QIU-CXP-MVA-GNR

EUT OPERATING PARAMETERS

Modulation type	OFDM
Number of carriers	1536
Carrier spacing	Medium Voltage, mode 1, Spacing 6.51 kHz Medium Voltage, mode 2, Spacing 4.56 kHz Medium Voltage, mode 3, Spacing 6.51 kHz Low Voltage, Spacing 18.23 kHz
Channel bandwidth	Mode 1:10MHz; Mode 2 :7MHz; Mode 3 :10MHz
Lowest external frequency used	3MHz
Highest external frequency used	32MHz
Notching depth capability (dB)	30dB by default; 40dB maximum
Carrier On-Off remotely? (yes/no)	Yes
Power Setting mechanism	Default is power setting mask and notches active.
Maximum power setting	50mW/mode, 150mW total.
Range of duty factors (rep rates)	95%
Highest internal frequency	Crystal: 80MHz
Description of operation	The Corinex MV Access Gateway has 3 Powerline modules, an Ethernet switch between the modules, a power supply, and an industrial case that acts as a heat sink to the environment. The Gateway is attached to a utility pole via a bracket, typically located 20' or higher on the pole. Two of the 3 outputs of the device used for Medium Voltage communications with one being used for Low Voltage Communications. The MV outputs are connected to an MV Capacitive and Inductive Coupler and then attached to the MV line, the connector on the MV Gateway is an TNC type coaxial connector. The 2 MV outputs allow for connection to additional MV Gateway devices either "before" or "after" the device. The power cord for the device is also used for signal transmission on the Low Voltage lines and is internally coupled. The Ethernet switch within the device allows for inter-module communications. Finally, a grounding lug is

	provided on the device that is attached to the grounding wire on the pole. The MV Access Gateway uses orthogonal frequency-division multiplexing for modulation, which is a complex modulation technique for transmission based upon the idea of frequency-division multiplexing (FDM) where each frequency channel is modulated with a simpler modulation. We use 1536 carriers in our transmission. In each transmission, its normal operation mode will result in 20-25 pulse per second. Signaling type used is RF signals transmitted on MV powerlines with a frequency of 3-32 MHz. Unlike some MV Access devices, Corinex only uses Frequency Division Duplexing to communicate. The device is IP based and as such any IP packet can be transmitted over the network. Typical applications of the device include broadband internet access and the transmission of utility asset information.
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Rationale for selection of test site:

This site was chosen as one of three representative installations for this component because it is free of obstructions and has a low ambient.

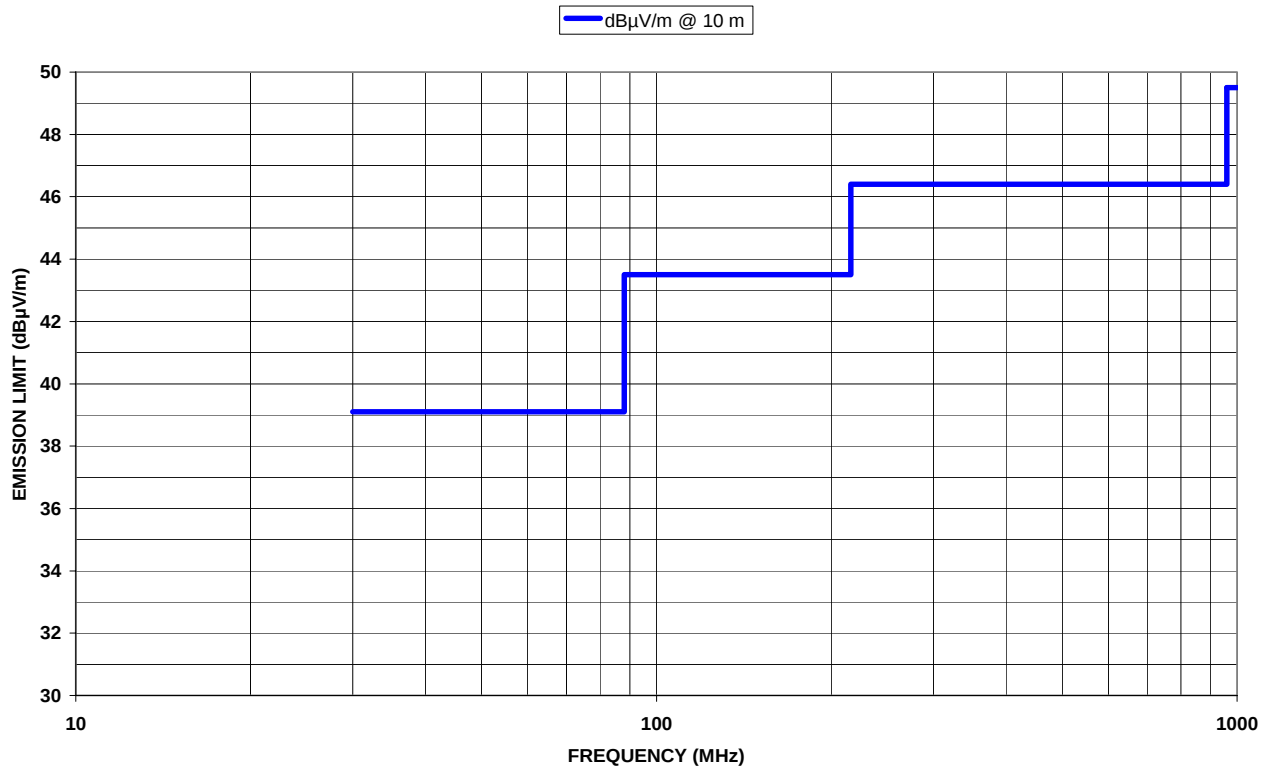
OBJECT

This test procedure outlines the specific electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) emissions testing requirements applicable to Access BPL Underground installations. This procedure will be used for the testing and comparison of results from various locations and system architectures.

EUT PASS CRITERIA			
Location	Test	Frequency Range	Limits
“In situ”	Radiated Emissions	9 kHz – 30 MHz	29.5 dB(μV/m) measured at 30 meters ¹
		30 MHz - 88 MHz	39.1 dB(μV/m) measured at 10 meters ¹
		88 MHz – 216 MHz	43.5 dB(μV/m) measured at 10 meters ¹
		216 MHz – 960 MHz	56.4 dB(μV/m) measured at 10 meters ¹
		Above 960 MHz	49.5 dB(μV/m) measured at 10 meters ¹
Note 1: Installations will be measured at <u>slant-range distances</u> other than those listed above. The formulas to find the dB value to subtract from the measured values when data are taken at distances other than those indicated are: 40log ₁₀ 30m/d _n for frequencies below 30MHz 20log ₁₀ 10m/d _n for frequencies above 30MHz			

RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS (above 30 MHz)

FCC Radiated Emissions Limits for CLASS A Equipment



Unintentional Radiator Upper Frequency Range of Measurement	
Highest frequency used in the device (MHz)	Upper Frequency of Measurement (MHz)
1.705-108MHz	1,000MHz
108-500MHz	2,000MHz
500-1,000MHz	5,000MHz
Above 1,000MHz	5 th Harmonic <40GHz

The upper frequency of measurement for this test is 1000 MHz.

Typical antennas for BPL Certification testing	
Frequency Range	Antenna
9kHz-30MHz	Active Loop (corrected to E-field by adding 51.2dB)
30-1000MHz	Bilog

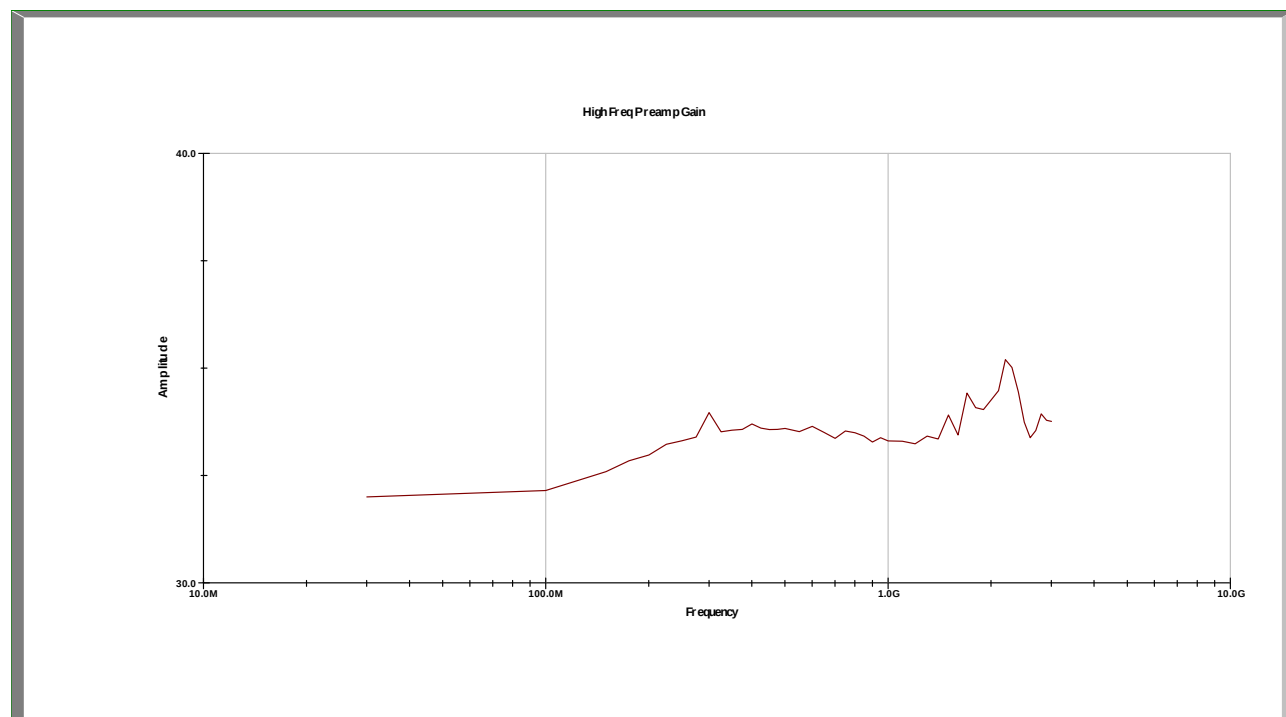
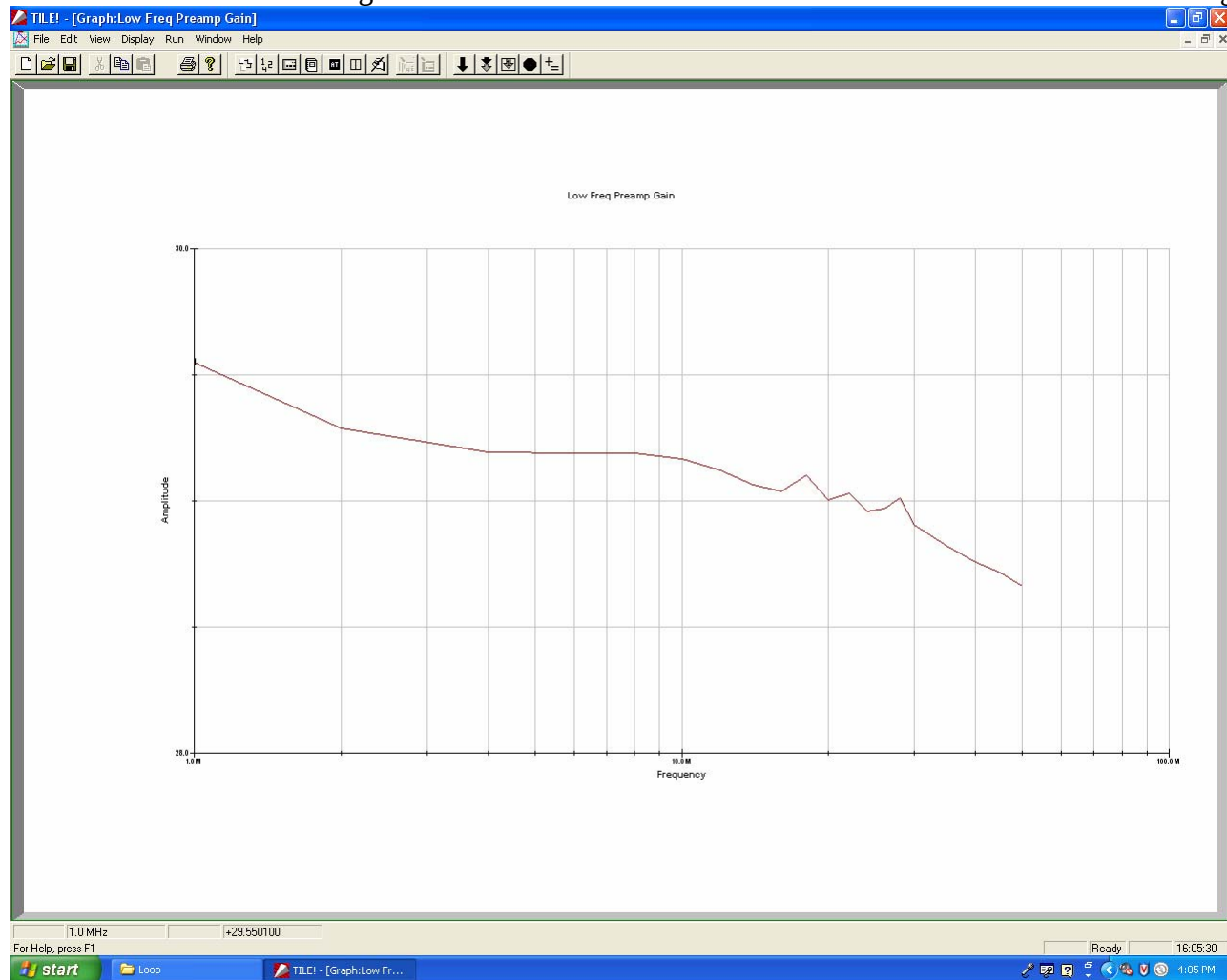
EQUIPMENT LIST

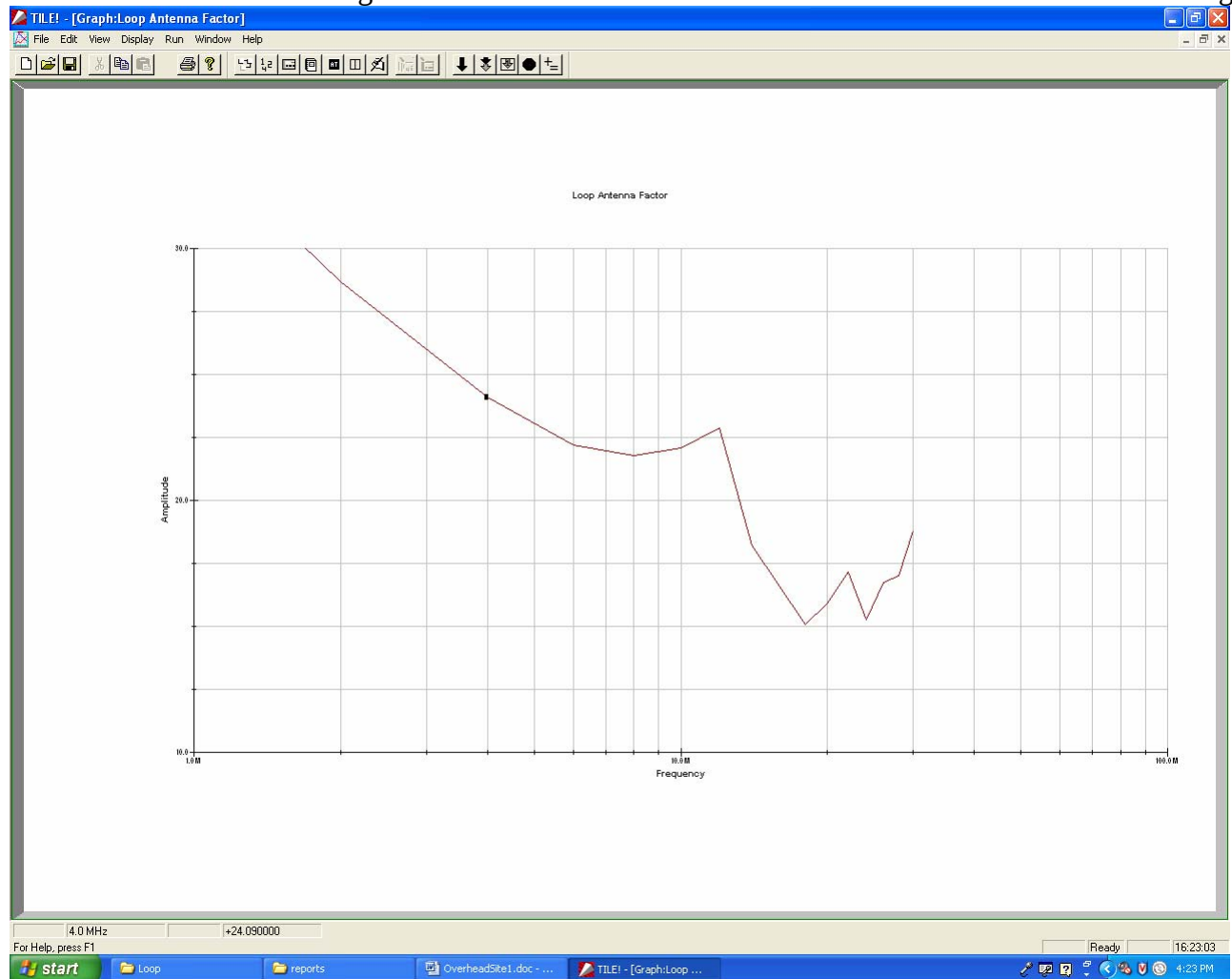
Buried Site 3 Medium Voltage

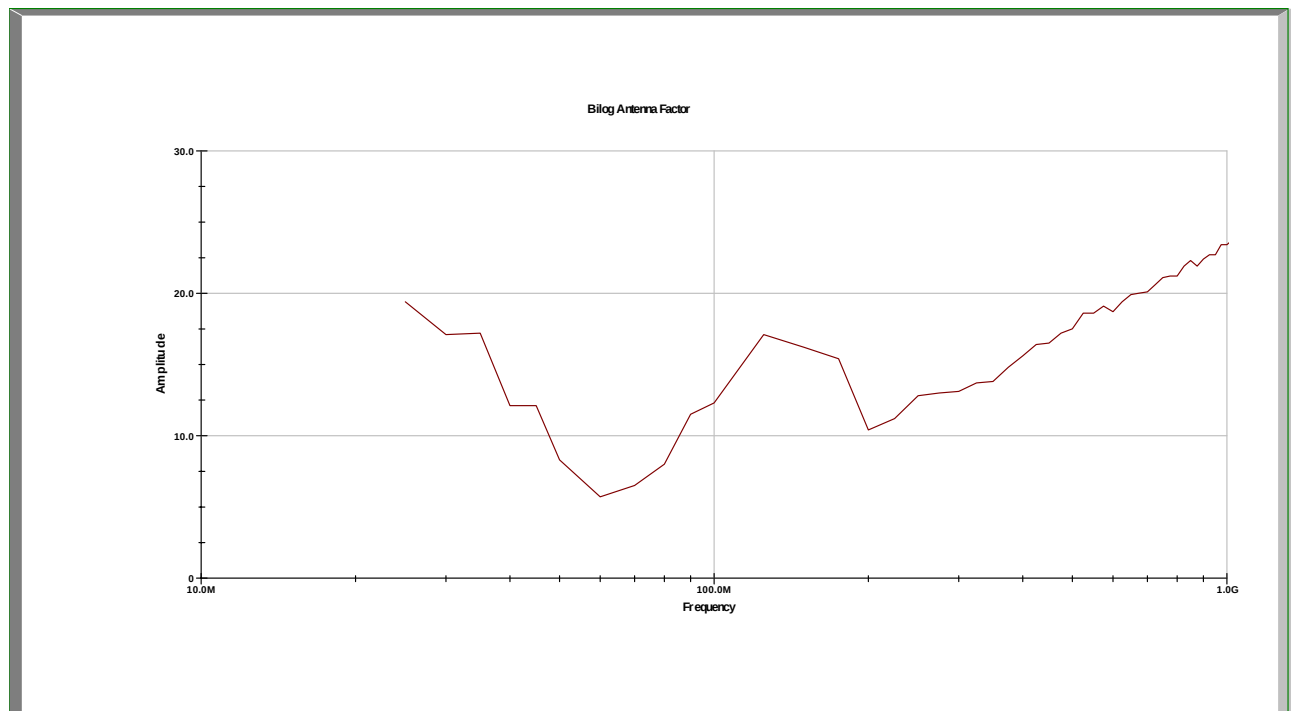
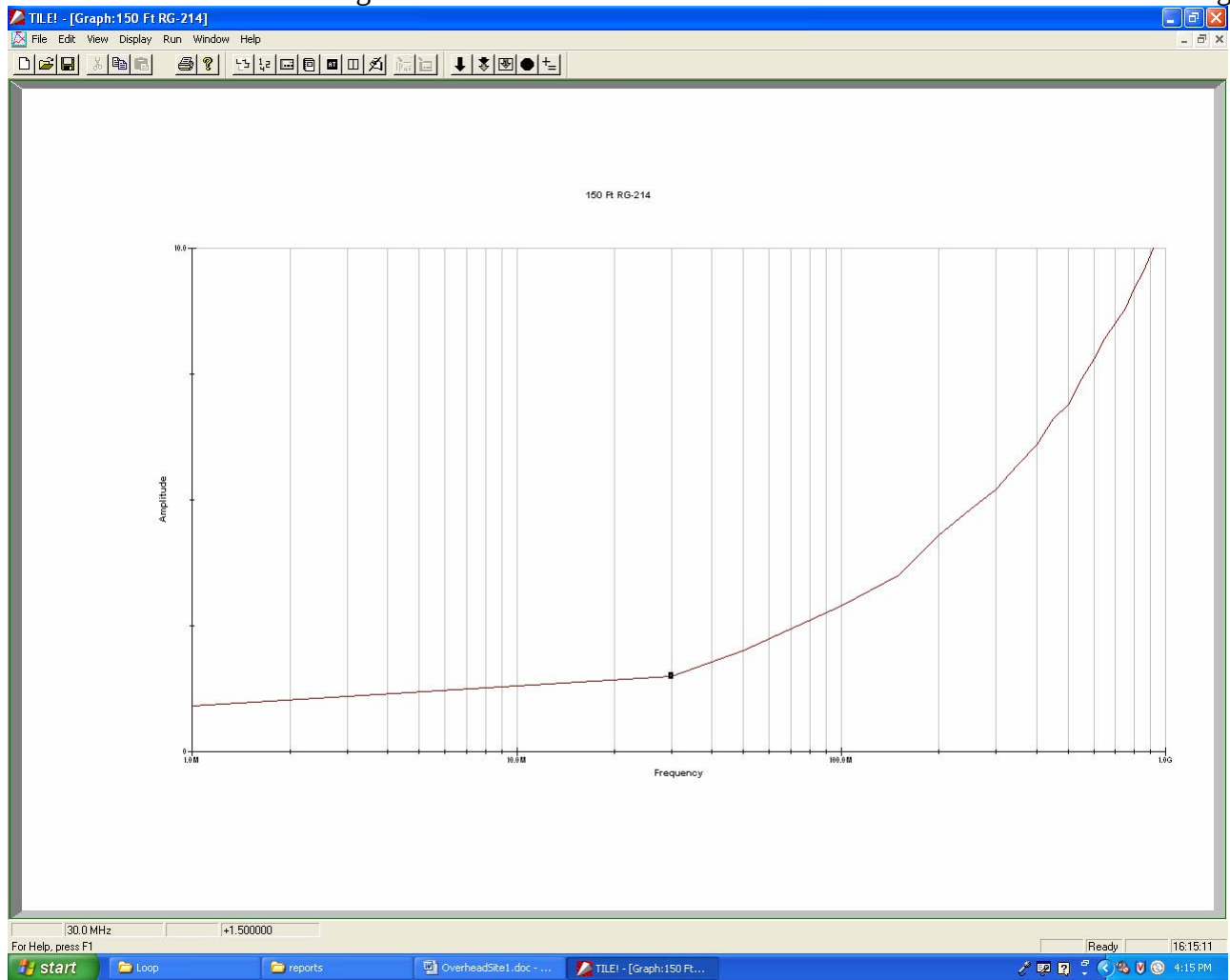
Professional Testing

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Asset Number	Cal Due
PTI	1.9 MHz High Pass Filter			1182	15 Aug. 2008
Hewlett Packard	EMC Spectrum Analyzer	8591EM	3322A09711	0410	7 Dec. 2007
Hewlett Packard	Preamplifier	8447A	2439A09711	1260	9 April 2008
Miteq	Preamplifier	4888		1453	1 May 2008
Tektronix	Preselector	2706	B010106	0746	29 Nov. 07
ETS	Passive loop antenna	6512	Prototype	0351	22 Dec. 2007
AH Systems	Bilog Antenna	SAS-521-2 2662	436		15 Aug. 2008
ETS	Non-metallic tripod	4-TR	N/A	0944	N/A
Pasternak	RG-214, 150 ft.				28 Oct. 2008
Lufkin	Tape measure	30'	N/A		N/A

SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DOCUMENTATION CHECKLIST			✓
Preamplifier gain VS frequency curve		Attached to test report	✓
Type N Cable insertion loss VS frequency curve		Attached to test report	✓
Antenna factor VS frequency curves for all antennas used in this test		Attached to test report	✓





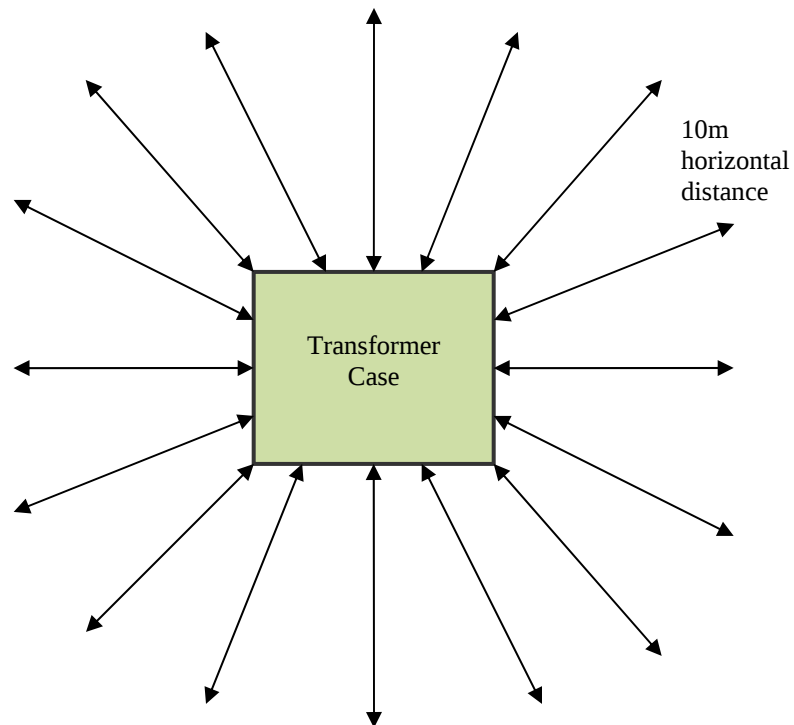


MEASUREMENT POSITIONS

Underground line installations are those in which the BPL device is mounted on a pad-mounted transformer housing or junction box and couples only onto underground cables. Access BPL Underground installations require measuring radiated fields along 16 radials at 10 meters distance from the edge of the above ground transformer where the Access BPL equipment is located to find the maximum emissions. For consistency, set the radials to compass settings so that North is facing towards the top of the page. (12:00 Noon) Number measurement points clockwise from 1 to 16.

If necessary, due to ambient emissions, measurements can be performed at a distance of 3 meters. Slant-range distance corrections are made in accordance with Section 15.31(f) of the Rules. Measurements are made at positions around the perimeter of the in-ground power transformer where the maximum emissions occur. If directional radiation patterns are detected, additional azimuth angles should be investigated.

Example of Access BPL Underground Measurements







TESTING BELOW 30 MHz

1.705 MHz (or lowest frequency generated) to 30 MHz

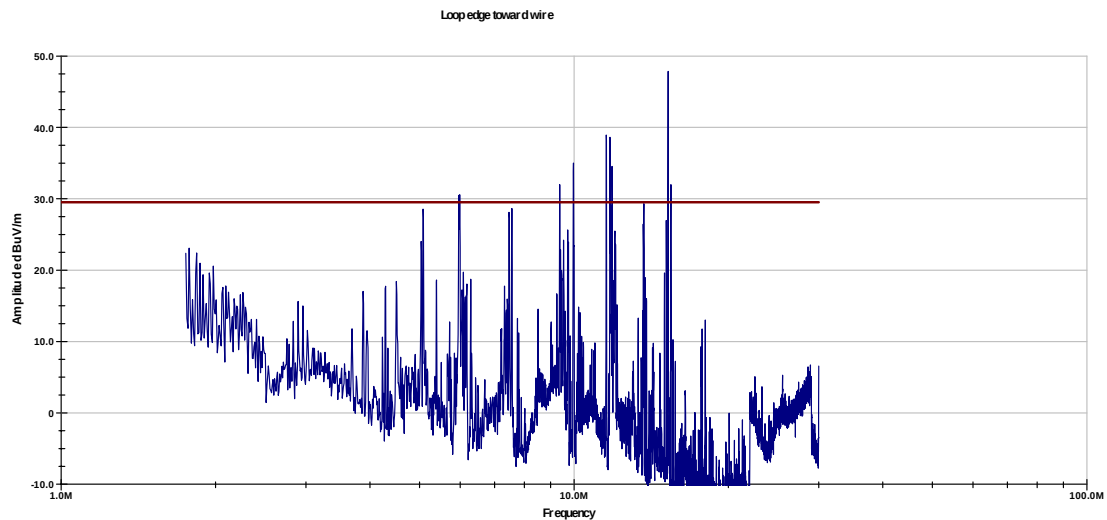
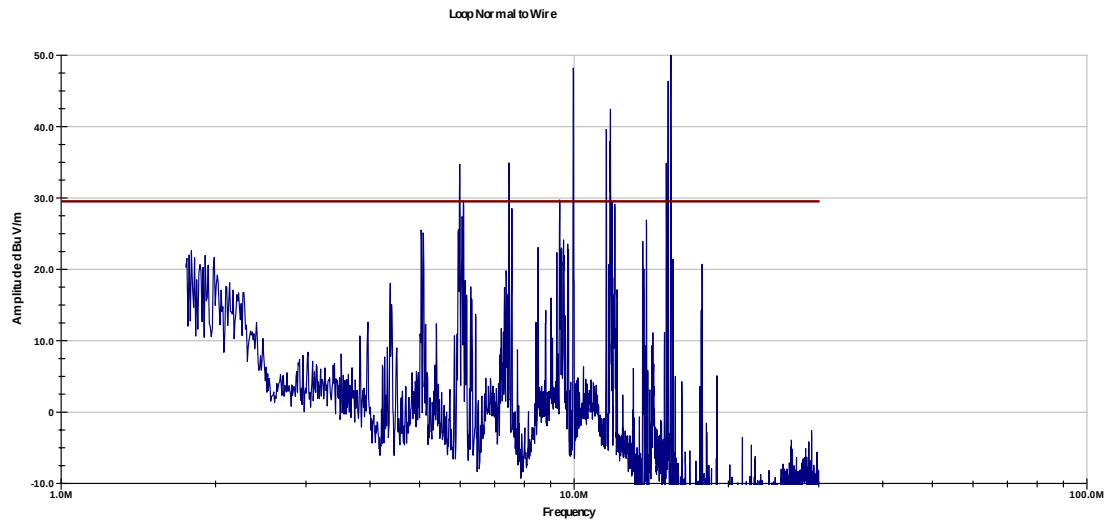
1. Contact the BPL system operator and set the EUT for MAXIMUM power and MAXIMUM burst rate before **Certification** testing. If **Validation** testing is performed there is no need for MAXIMUM power testing and only COMPLIANCE (operating) power is used.
2. Set the EMI Receiver or Spectrum Analyzer to 9 kHz IF bandwidth and PEAK detection. Set the frequency step size for 4.5 kHz (half the IF bandwidth) and scan the spectra from the lowest frequency generated (but never below 1.705 MHz) to 30 MHz for BPL emissions. When using spectrum analyzers, scan smaller sub-ranges to allow at least three pixels on the analyzer's screen to fit within the 9 kHz bandwidth. EXAMPLE: (400 pixels/3) x 9 kHz restricts scan widths to 1.2 MHz (100 kHz/div maximum) Covering 2-30 MHz would require 28 sub-ranges each 1MHz wide. (100 kHz/div x 10 div on-screen)
3. Orient the loop antenna broadside to the transformer. Identify the six highest BPL emissions. (validate these choices by AM demodulating them and listening for voice or music)
4. Rotate the magnetic loop at least 180 degrees about its vertical axis to maximize each of these readings prior to measurement.
5. Validate that the OVERLOAD indicator on the active loop antenna is not illuminated and that the Spectrum Analyzer does not use a pre-amplifier and is not being overloaded. Increase the analyzer's input attenuation to verify that the instrument is not in amplitude compression by making sure all signals move in 10dB increments with the attenuator setting.
6. Ensure that the data repetition rate is at least 20 Hz by demodulating the audio on each of the six signals. If so, use Quasi-Peak detection on just those six loudest BPL signals and enter the receiver voltages

(dB μ V) into the worksheet below. If the burst rate is less than 20 Hz enter the Peak voltages into the worksheet below and indicate which detector was used. (P or QP)

7. If voice, non-BPL data or music is demodulated that candidate emission is eliminated and the Receiver is tuned to the next loudest emission for demodulation and identification to find the six highest BPL emissions.
8. Validate that the calculations employed are the same as shown in the worksheet if software is used for this measurement.
9. Capture a complete spectrum of this frequency range for inclusion into the Test Report. (from more than one scan)
10. For **Certification** testing, contact the BPL system operator and set the EUT down to its COMPLIANCE power setting. Tell the operator how many dB the system needs to be attenuated for compliance with the FCC limits on field strengths (or below them).

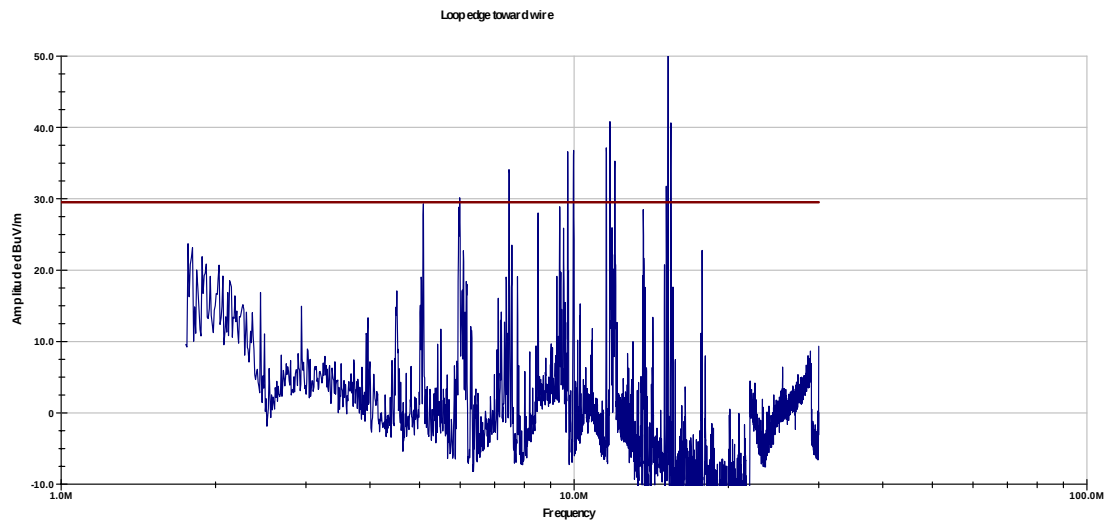
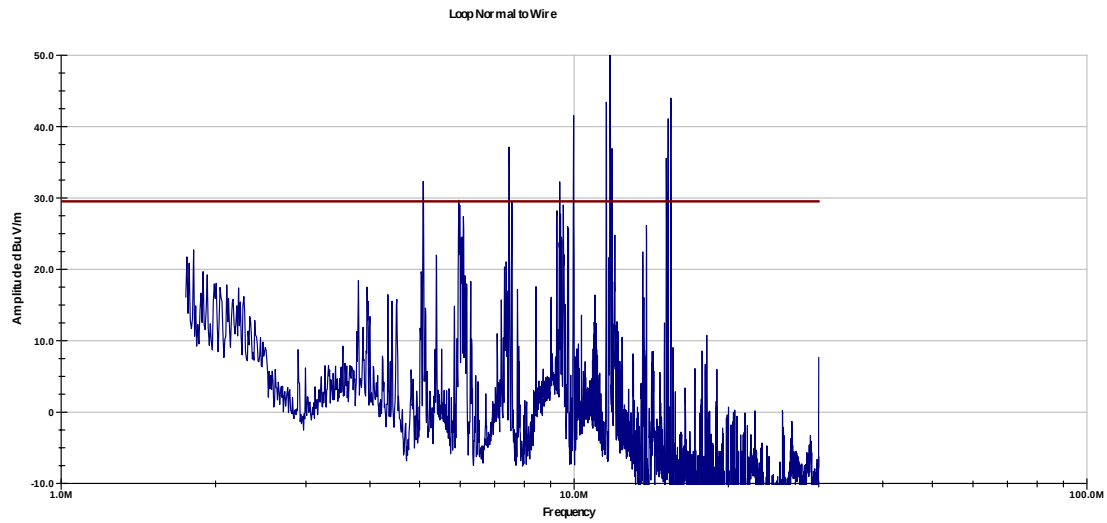
Field Strengths (location 1) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.776	41.7	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	24.1	29.5	-5.4	P
1.988	41.2	29.2	30.0	0.3	19.1	23.2	29.5	-6.3	P
2.898	37.2	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	16.4	29.5	-13.1	P
4.504	43	29.2	23.8	0.3	19.1	18.8	29.5	-10.7	P
9.722	51.7	29.2	20.8	0.3	19.1	24.5	29.5	-5.0	P
28.905	36.9	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	7.4	29.5	-22.1	P



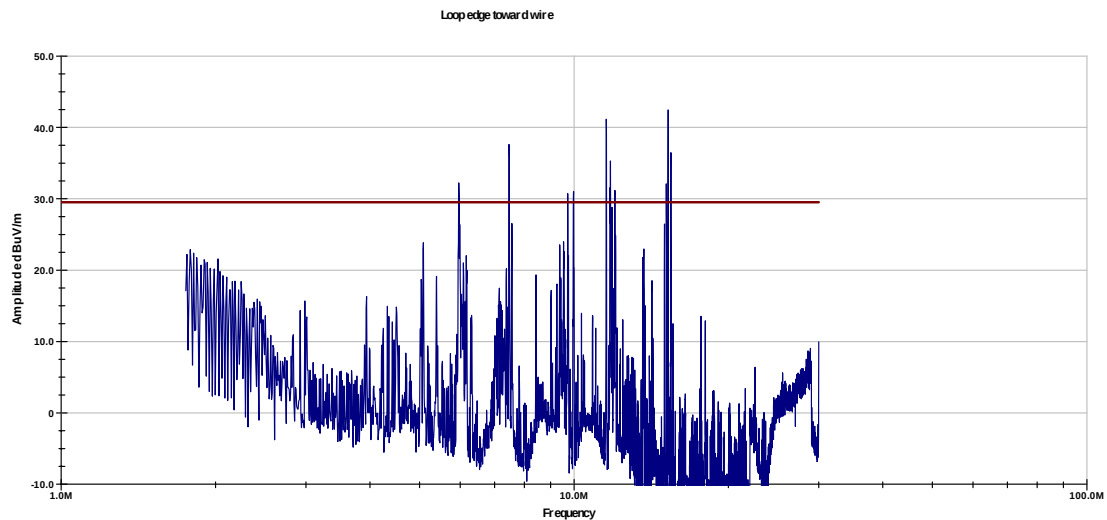
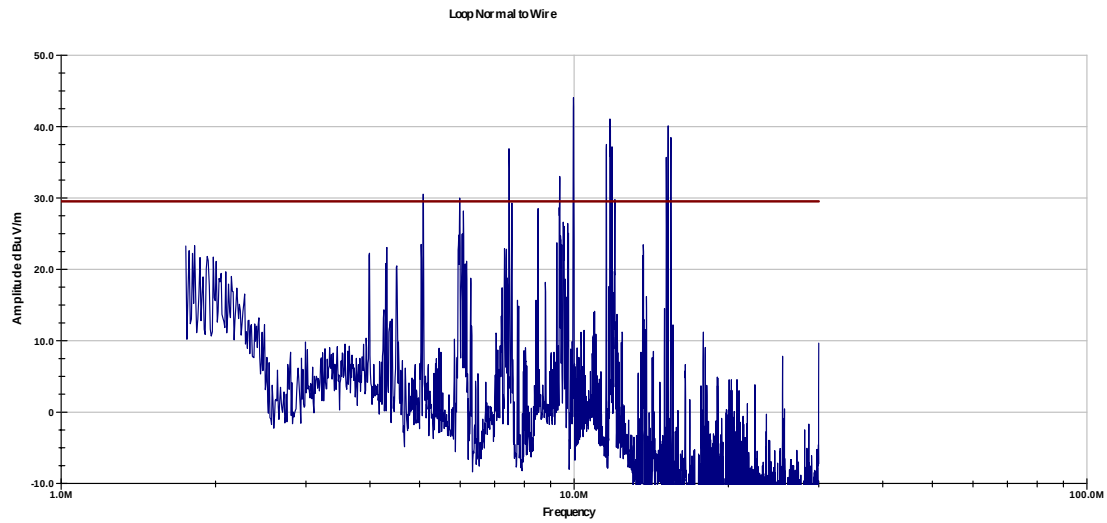
Field Strengths (location 2) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.767	42.3	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	24.8	29.5	-4.7	P
2.033	40.4	29.2	28.6	0.3	19.1	21.0	29.5	-8.5	P
3.542	32.3	29.2	26.9	0.3	19.1	11.2	29.5	-18.3	P
9.024	42.3	29.2	21.2	0.3	19.1	15.5	29.5	-14.0	P
22.531	35.5	29.2	17.1	0.5	19.1	4.8	29.5	-24.7	P
28.905	38.8	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	9.3	29.5	-20.2	P



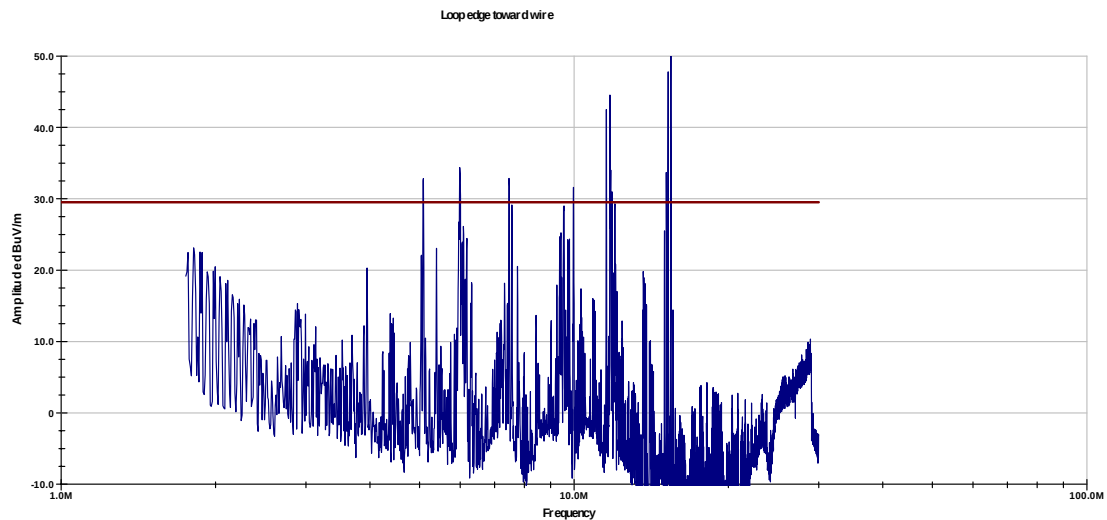
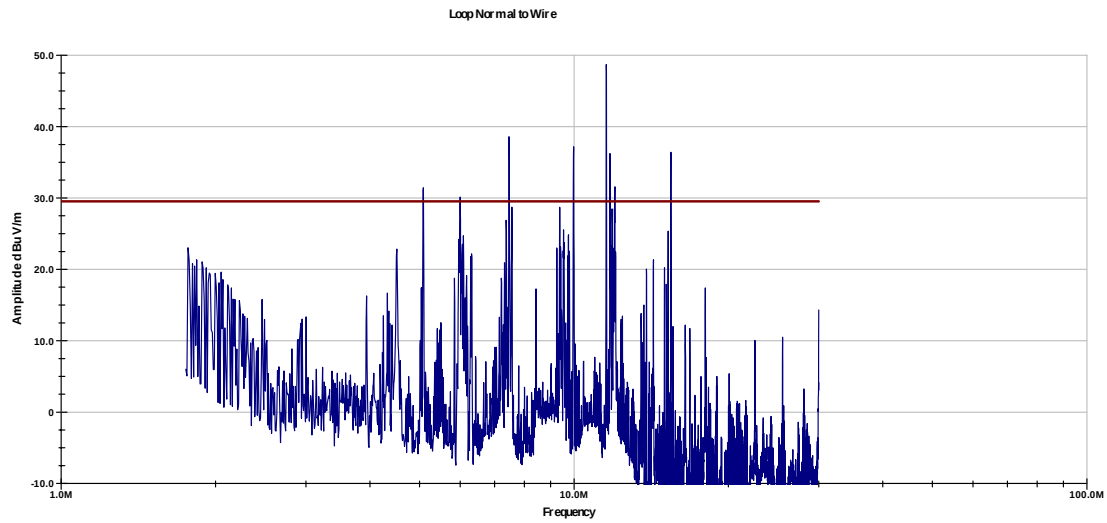
Field Strengths (location 3) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.75	41.77	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	24.3	29.5	-5.2	P
1.821	42.1	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	24.5	29.5	-5.0	P
3.577	32.7	29.2	26.9	0.3	19.1	11.6	29.5	-17.9	P
10.967	39.8	29.2	21.2	0.4	19.1	13.1	29.5	-16.4	P
13.059	35.3	29.2	21.5	0.4	19.1	8.9	29.5	-20.6	P
28.905	39.2	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	9.7	29.5	-19.8	P



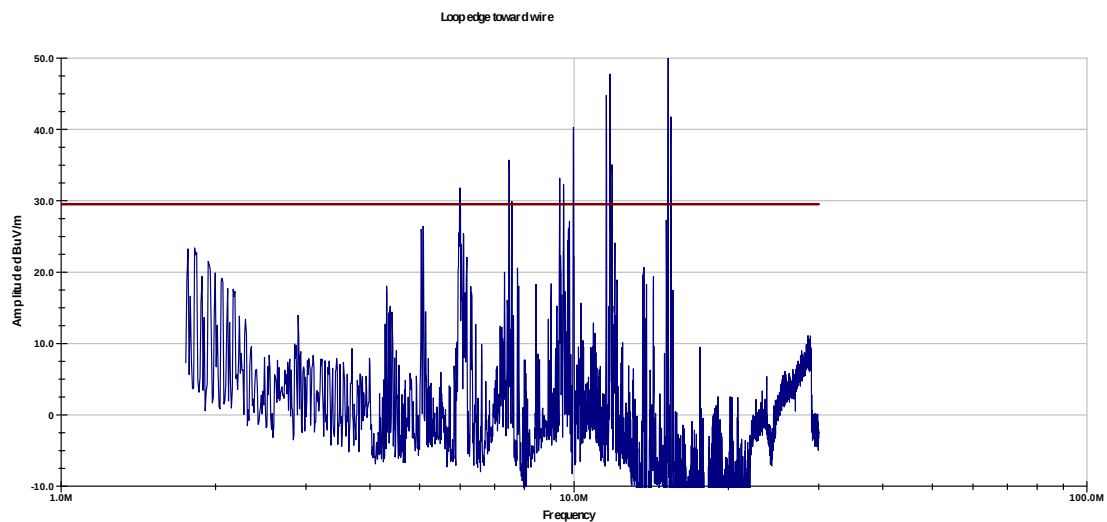
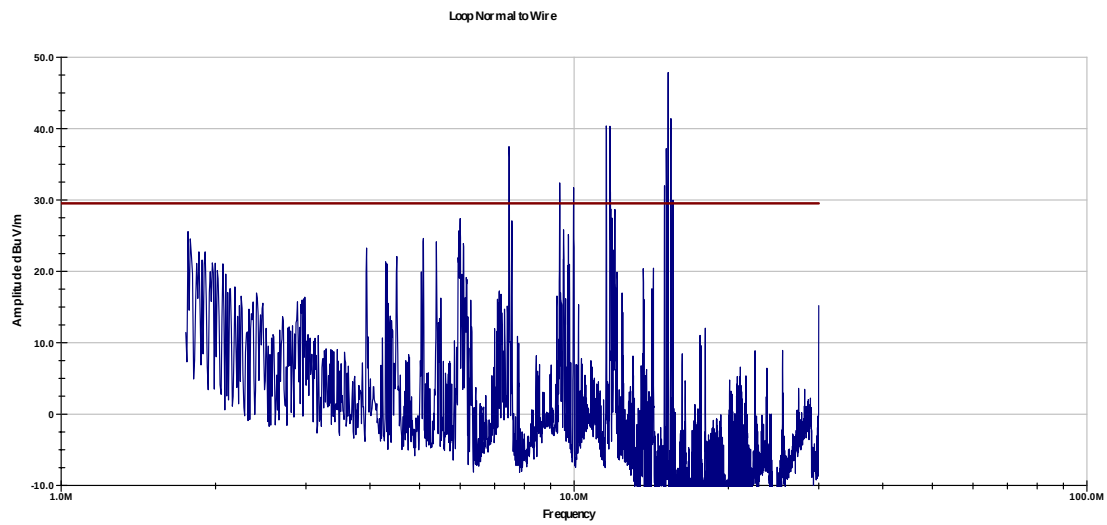
Field Strengths (location 4) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.812	41.9	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	24.3	29.5	-5.2	P
2.889	36.9	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	16.1	29.5	-13.4	P
4.328	41.1	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	17.0	29.5	-12.5	P
14.18	36.8	29.2	18.1	0.4	19.1	7.0	29.5	-22.5	P
20.068	37.4	29.2	15.9	0.4	19.1	5.4	29.5	-24.1	P
28.905	40.5	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	11.0	29.5	-18.5	P



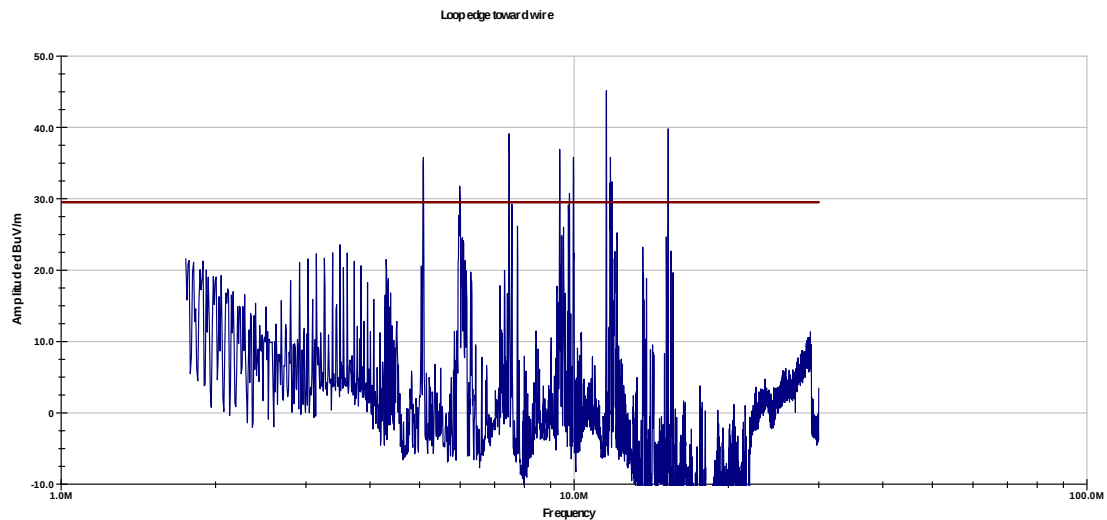
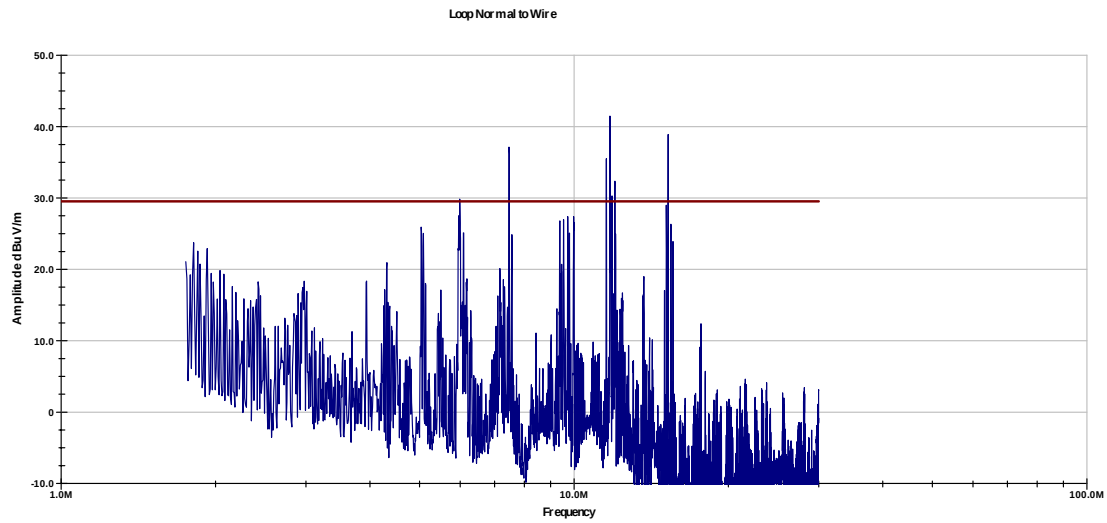
Field Strengths (location 5) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.768	44.2	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	26.7	29.5	-2.8	P
2.068	40.8	29.2	28.6	0.3	19.1	21.4	29.5	-8.1	P
2.986	38.2	29.2	27.1	0.3	19.1	17.3	29.5	-12.2	P
4.381	39.7	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	15.6	29.5	-13.9	P
7.153	43.5	29.2	22.3	0.3	19.1	17.8	29.5	-11.7	P
28.605	41.5	28.7	17.5	0.5	19.1	11.8	29.5	-17.7	P



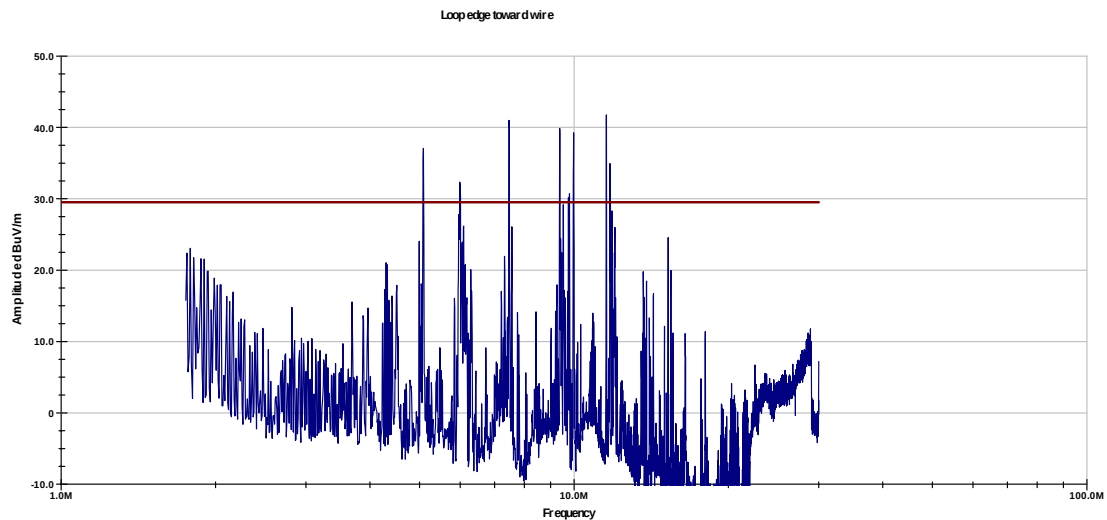
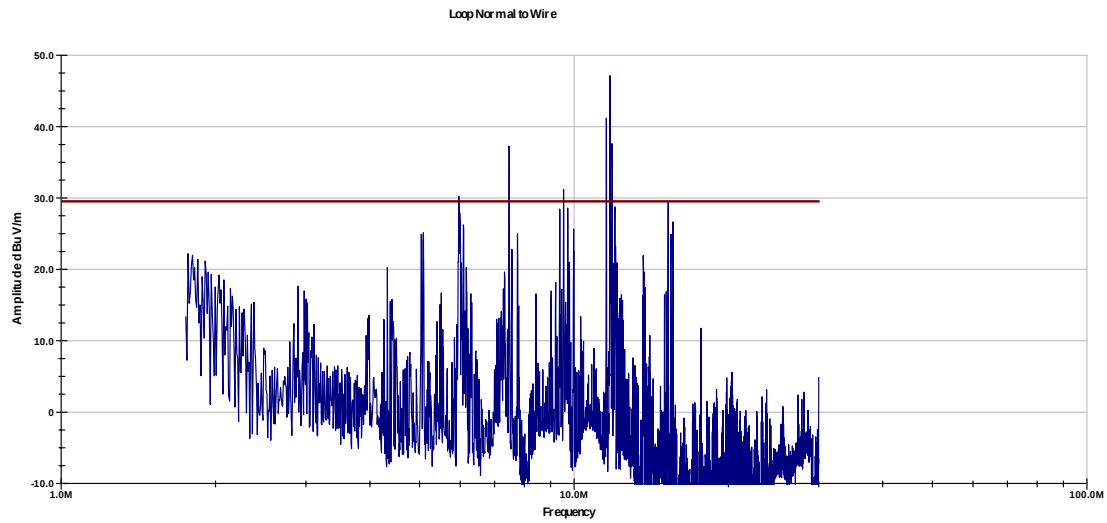
Field Strengths (location 6) 1.705 MHz – 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.812	42.5	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	24.9	29.5	-4.6	P
3.498	46.5	29.2	27.0	0.3	19.1	25.5	29.5	-4.0	P
4.301	45.8	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	21.7	29.5	-7.8	P
7.321	46.2	29.2	22.3	0.3	19.1	20.6	29.5	-8.9	P
19.266	35.6	29.2	15.1	0.4	19.1	2.9	29.5	-26.6	P
28.905	41.5	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	12.0	29.5	-17.5	P



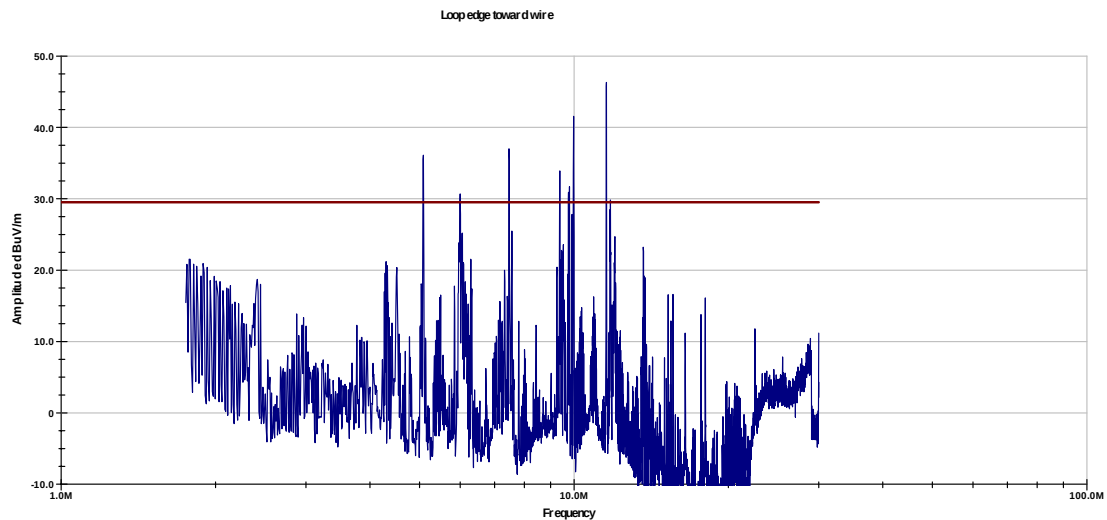
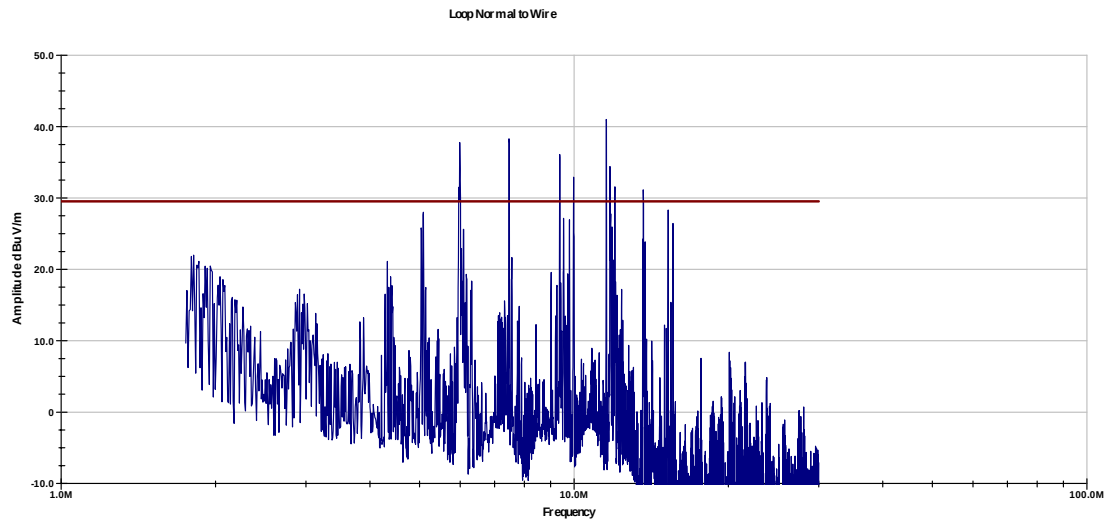
Field Strengths (location 7) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.785	41.7	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	24.1	29.5	-5.4	P
2.897	39.2	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	18.4	29.5	-11.1	P
4.301	45.4	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	21.3	29.5	-8.2	P
7.188	39.5	29.2	22.3	0.3	19.1	13.8	29.5	-15.7	P
12.379	42.5	29.2	22.0	0.4	19.1	16.6	29.5	-12.9	P
28.905	41.9	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	12.4	29.5	-17.1	P



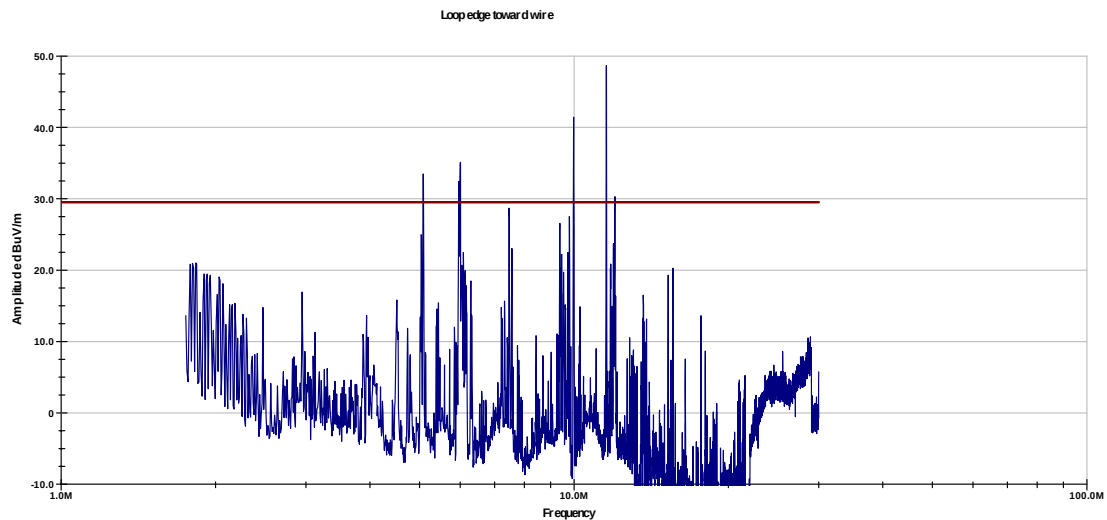
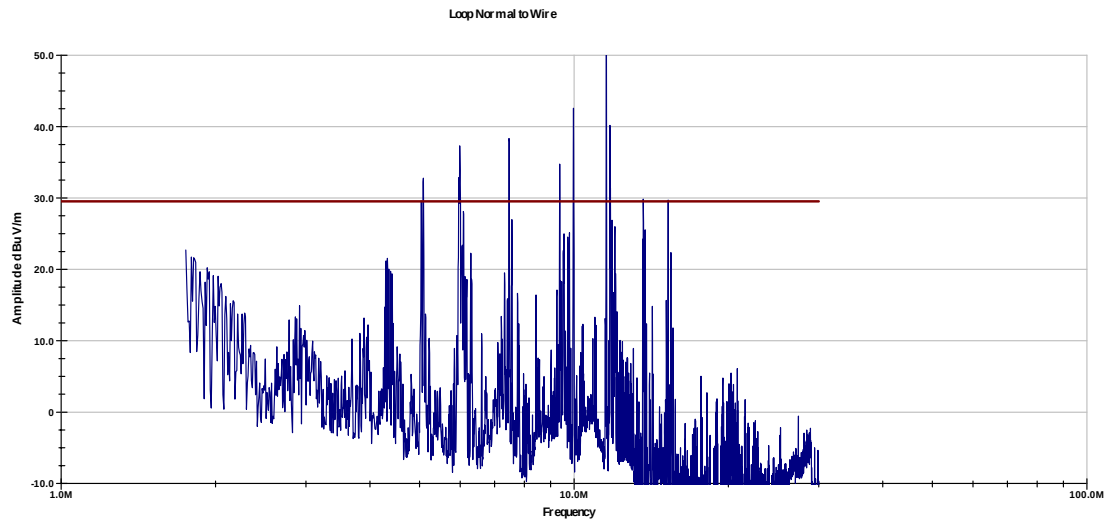
Field Strengths (location 8) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.812	40.75	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	23.1	29.5	-6.4	P
2.412	35.9	29.2	28.0	0.3	19.1	15.9	29.5	-13.6	P
3.886	37.06	29.2	26.5	0.3	19.1	15.6	29.5	-13.9	P
4.301	45.6	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	21.5	29.5	-8.0	P
7.17	41.8	29.2	22.3	0.3	19.1	16.1	29.5	-13.4	P
28.905	40.6	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	11.1	29.5	-18.4	P



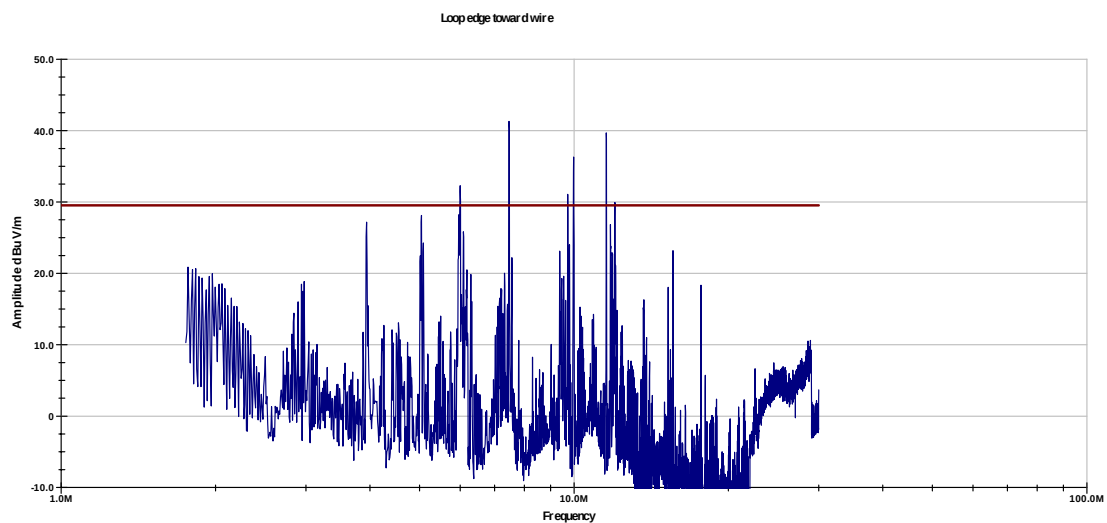
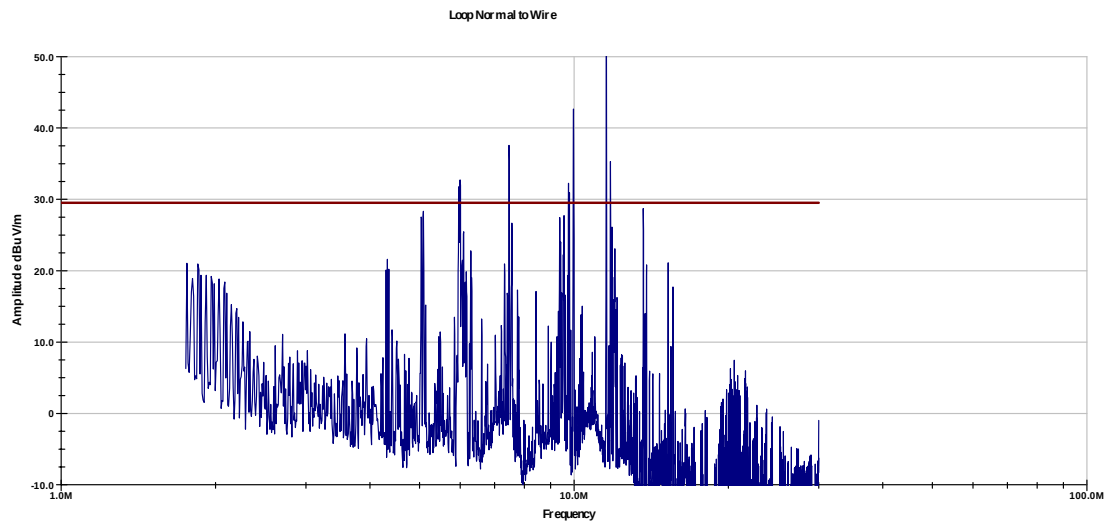
Field Strengths (location 9) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.75	41.22	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	23.7	29.5	-5.8	P
1.811	40.4	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	22.8	29.5	-6.7	P
2.951	38.7	29.2	27.1	0.3	19.1	17.8	29.5	-11.7	P
4.328	46	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	21.9	29.5	-7.6	P
24.535	39	29.0	15.5	0.5	19.1	6.9	29.5	-22.6	P
28.905	40.8	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	11.3	29.5	-18.2	P



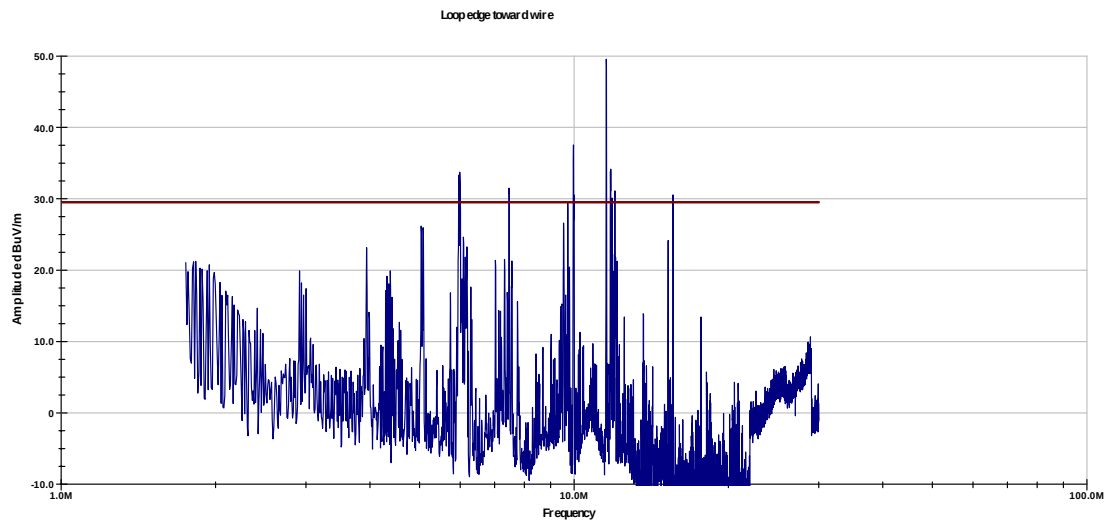
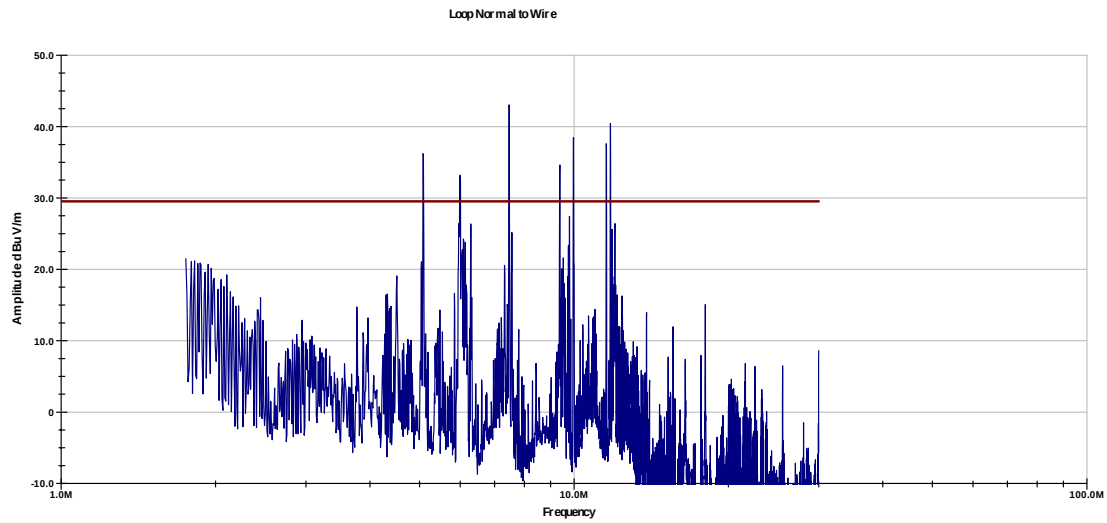
Field Strengths (location 10) 1.705 MHz – 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.847	39.9	29.2	30.3	0.3	19.1	22.2	29.5	-7.3	P
2.977	40.7	29.2	27.1	0.3	19.1	19.8	29.5	-9.7	P
4.328	46	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	21.9	29.5	-7.6	P
5.087	53.5	29.2	23.7	0.3	19.1	29.2	29.5	-0.3	P
24.535	39.8	29.0	15.5	0.5	19.1	7.7	29.5	-21.8	P



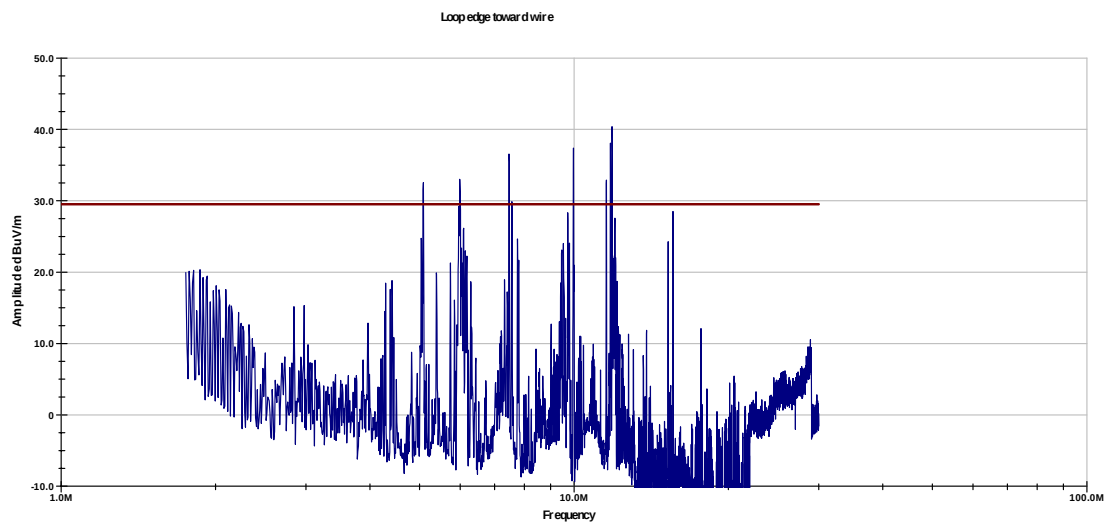
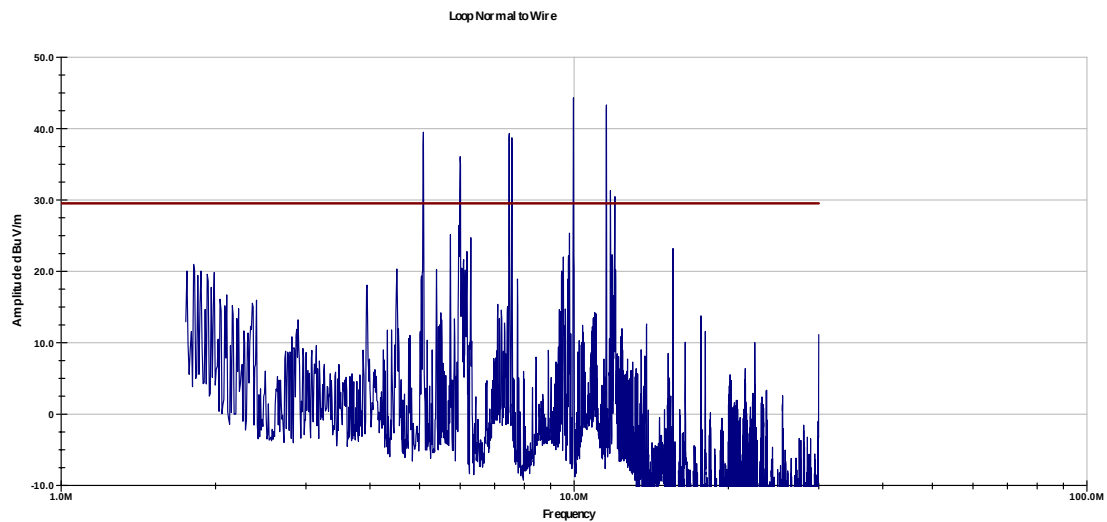
Field Strengths (location 11) 1.705 MHz – 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.75	40	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	22.5	29.5	-7.0	P
1.944	40.1	29.2	30.1	0.3	19.1	22.2	29.5	-7.3	P
2.915	41.5	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	20.7	29.5	-8.8	P
4.381	44.3	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	20.2	29.5	-9.3	P
12.406	42.4	29.2	21.9	0.4	19.1	16.4	29.5	-13.1	P
28.905	40.8	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	11.3	29.5	-18.2	P



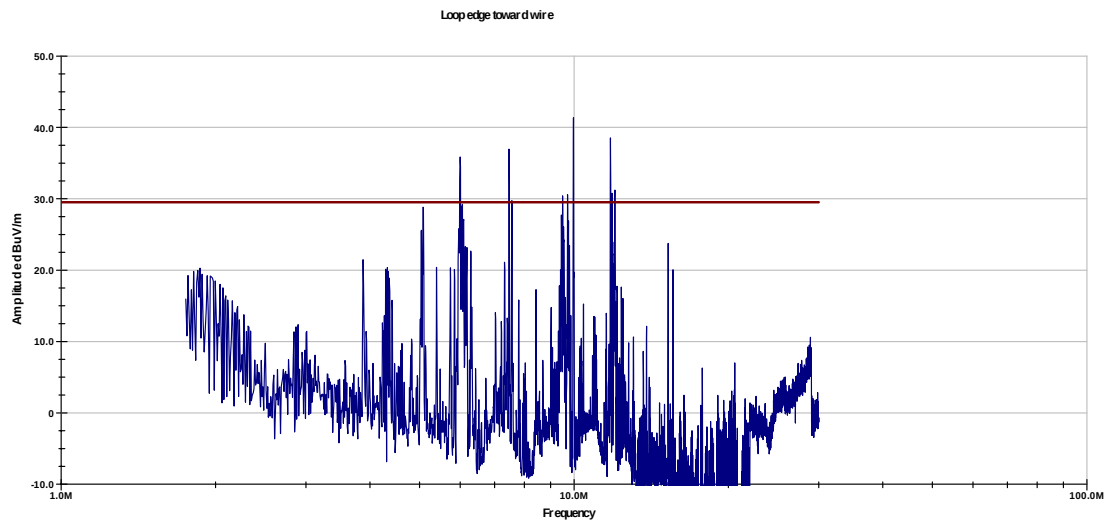
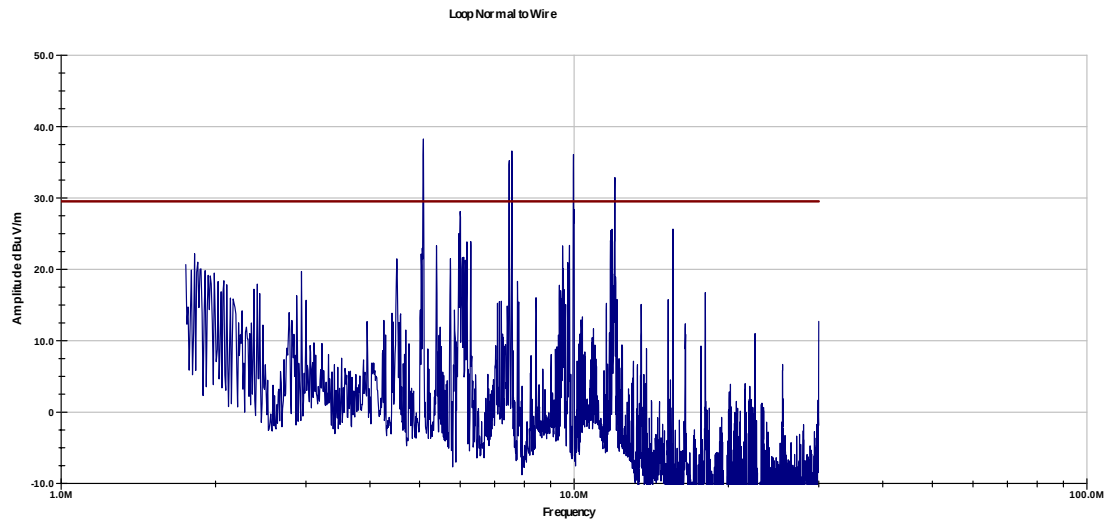
Field Strengths (location 12) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.812	39.8	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	22.2	29.5	-7.3	P
1.988	39.4	29.2	30.0	0.3	19.1	21.4	29.5	-8.1	P
2.977	37.1	29.2	27.1	0.3	19.1	16.2	29.5	-13.3	P
9.536	50.2	29.2	20.9	0.3	19.1	23.1	29.5	-6.4	P
10.975	39.9	29.2	21.1	0.4	19.1	13.1	29.5	-16.4	P
28.905	40.7	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	11.2	29.5	-18.3	P



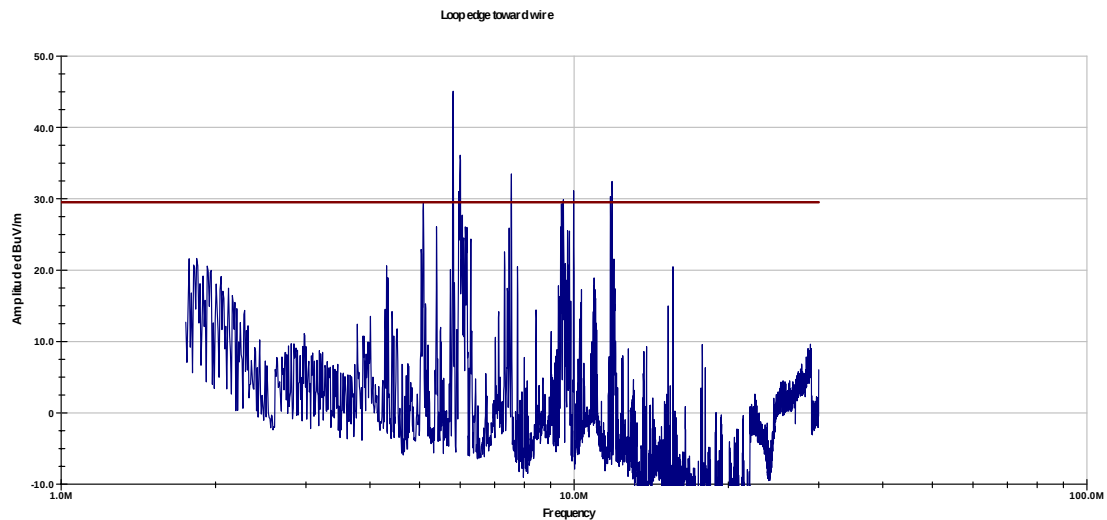
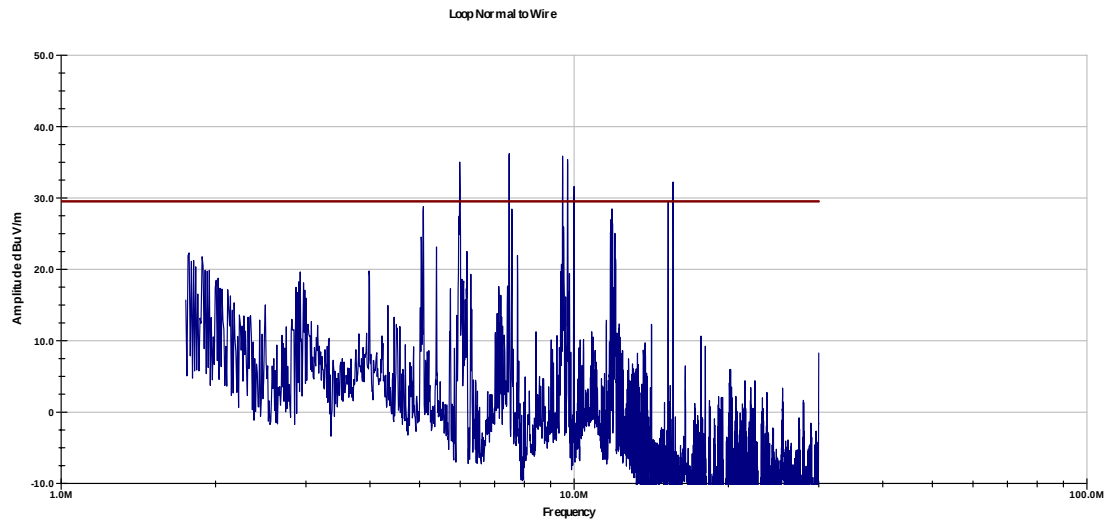
Field Strengths (location 13) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.821	41	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	23.4	29.5	-6.1	P
2.412	38.4	29.2	28.0	0.3	19.1	18.4	29.5	-11.1	P
2.941	41.4	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	20.6	29.5	-8.9	P
7.153	41.7	29.2	22.3	0.3	19.1	16.0	29.5	-13.5	P
25.515	38.3	28.9	16.1	0.5	19.1	6.9	29.5	-22.6	P
28.905	40.8	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	11.3	29.5	-18.2	P



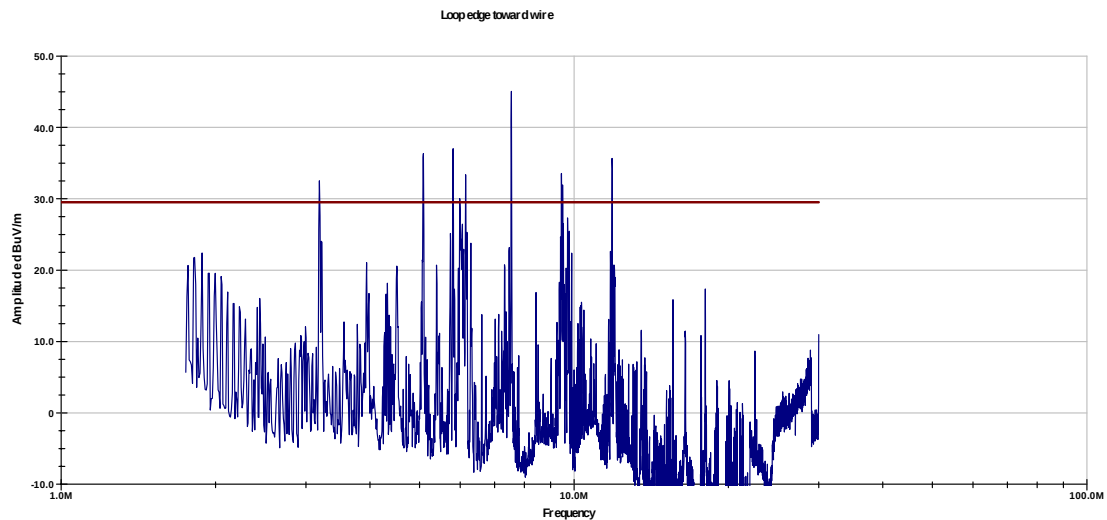
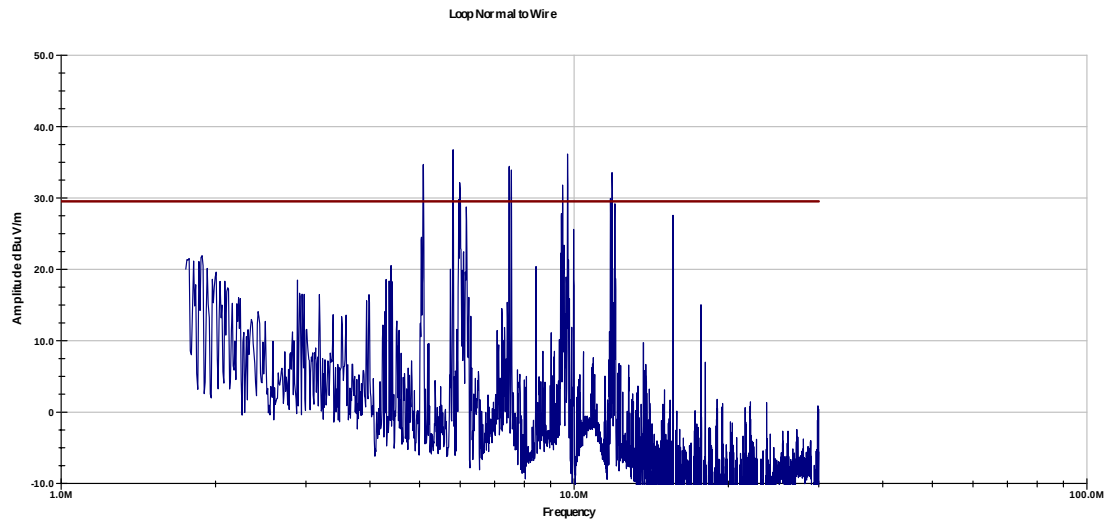
Field Strengths (location 14) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.776	40.9	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	23.3	29.5	-6.2	P
1.882	40.1	29.2	30.2	0.3	19.1	22.3	29.5	-7.2	P
2.924	41.3	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	20.5	29.5	-9.0	P
4.31	45	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	20.9	29.5	-8.6	P
20.209	38	29.2	15.9	0.4	19.1	6.0	29.5	-23.5	P
28.905	39.8	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	10.3	29.5	-19.2	P

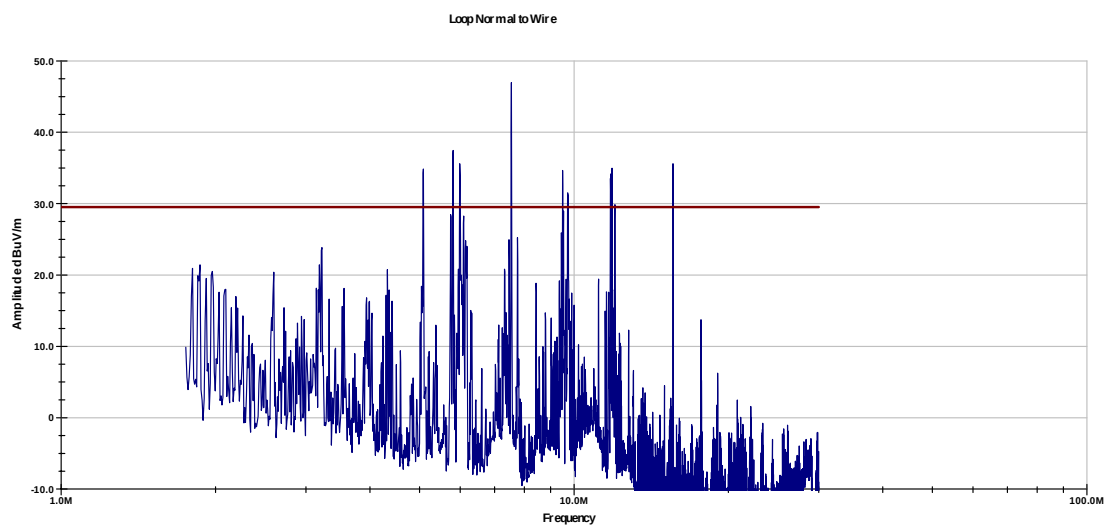


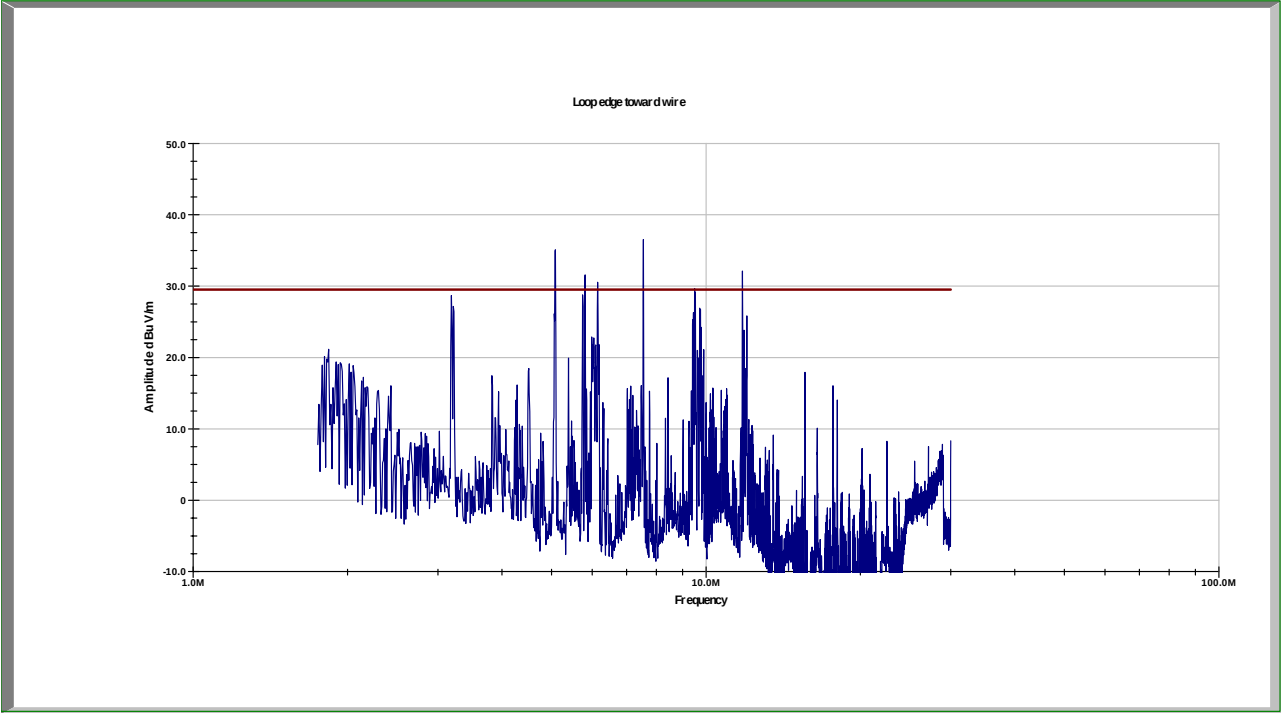
Field Strengths (location 15) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.882	41.5	29.2	30.2	0.3	19.1	23.7	29.5	-5.8	P
2.888	40.1	29.2	27.2	0.3	19.1	19.3	29.5	-10.2	P
3.939	45	29.2	26.5	0.3	19.1	23.5	29.5	-6.0	P
7.409	41.6	29.2	22.4	0.3	19.1	16.0	29.5	-13.5	P
13.527	40.3	29.2	20.9	0.4	19.1	13.3	29.5	-16.2	P
28.905	38.9	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	9.4	29.5	-20.1	P



Field Strengths (location 16) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.865	40.4	29.2	30.3	0.3	19.1	22.7	29.5	-6.8	P
1.971	40	29.2	30.1	0.3	19.1	22.1	29.5	-7.4	P
2.598	41.3	29.2	27.7	0.3	19.1	21.0	29.5	-8.5	P
4.327	45.2	29.2	23.9	0.3	19.1	21.1	29.5	-8.4	P
10.313	41.7	29.2	21.8	0.4	19.1	15.6	29.5	-13.9	P
28.905	38	28.7	17.8	0.5	19.1	8.5	29.5	-21.0	P





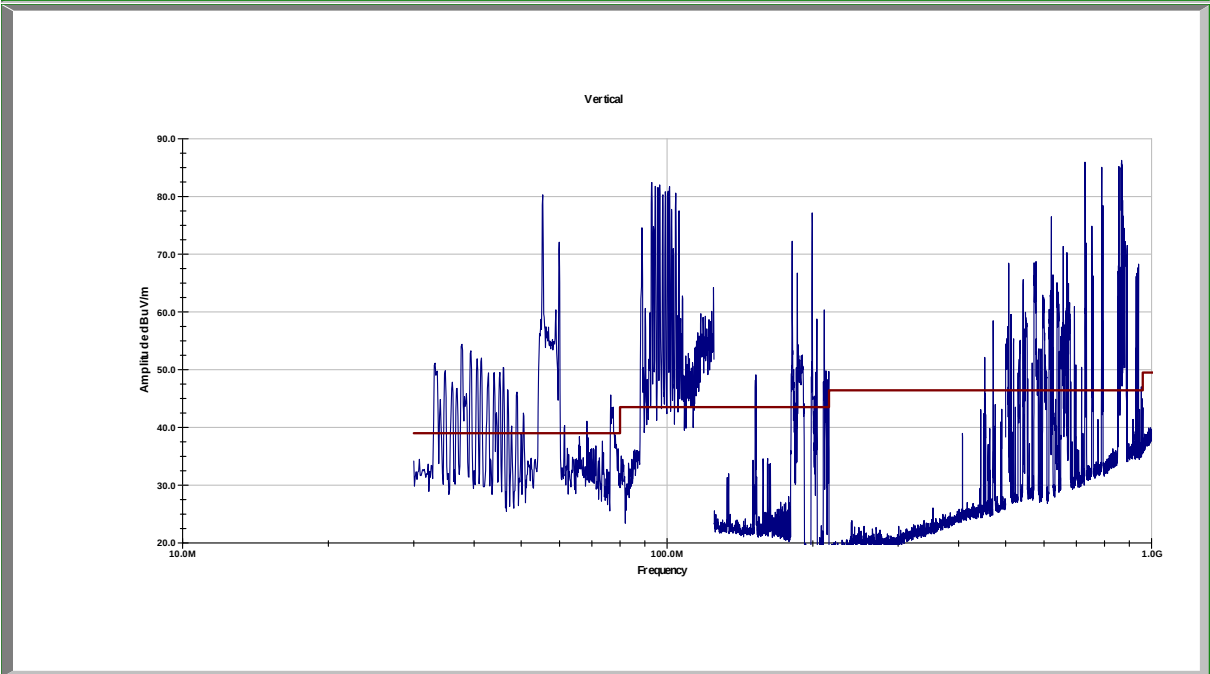
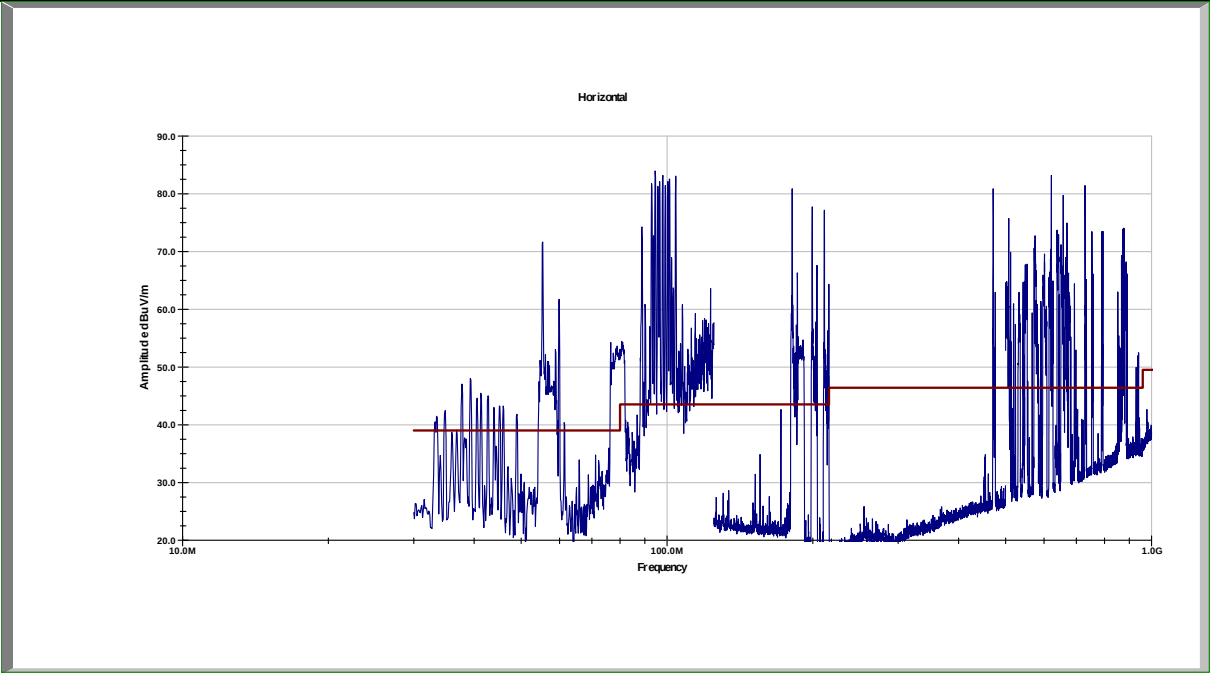
Field Strengths (all locations) 1.705 MHz– 30 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
1.767	42.3	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	24.8	29.5	-4.7	P
1.768	44.2	29.2	30.5	0.3	19.1	26.7	29.5	-2.8	P
1.812	42.5	29.2	30.4	0.3	19.1	24.9	29.5	-4.6	P
3.498	46.5	29.2	27	0.3	19.1	25.5	29.5	-4	P
5.087	53.5	29.2	23.7	0.3	19.1	29.2	29.5	-0.3	P
9.722	51.7	29.2	20.8	0.3	19.1	24.5	29.5	-5	P
Test Results: PASS									

TESTING ABOVE 30 MHz

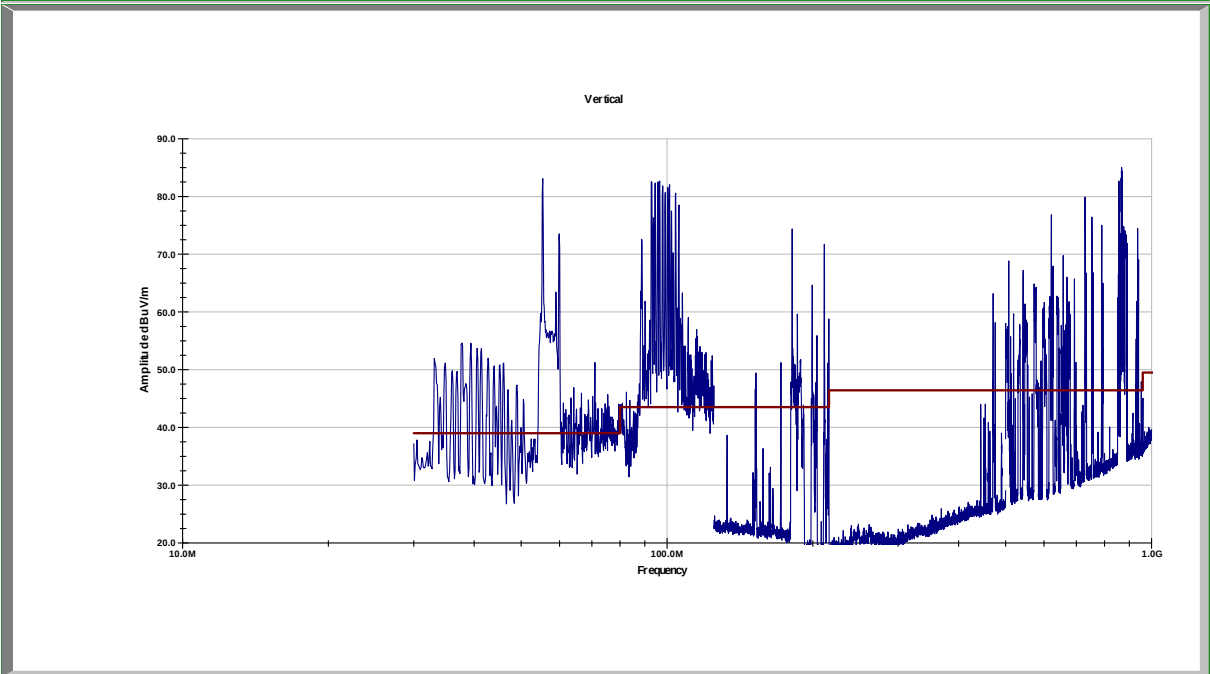
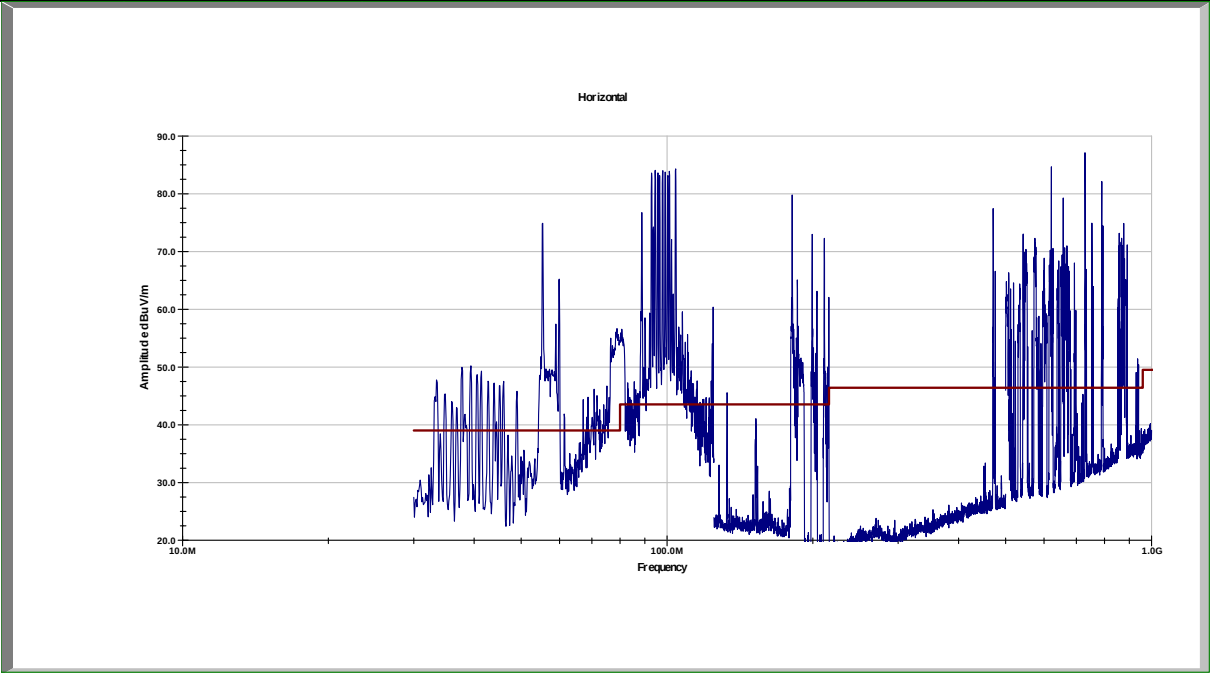
30 MHz – 1,000 MHz

1. Contact the BPL system operator and set the EUT for MAXIMUM power and MAXIMUM burst rate before **Certification** testing. If **Validation** testing is performed there is no need for MAXIMUM power testing and only COMPLIANCE (operating) power is used.
2. Set the EMI Receiver or Spectrum Analyzer to 120 kHz IF bandwidth and PEAK detection. Set the frequency step size for 60 kHz (half the IF bandwidth) and scan the spectra from 30 MHz – 1,000 MHz for BPL emissions. For spectrum analyzers, scan smaller sub-ranges to allow at least three pixels on the analyzer's screen to fit within the 120 kHz bandwidth. EXAMPLE: (400 pixels/3) x 120 kHz restricts scan widths to 16 MHz (1 MHz/div maximum) Covering 30-1,000 MHz would require 97 sub-ranges each 10 MHz wide. (1 MHz/div x 10 div on-screen)
3. Orient the E-field antenna vertically and then horizontally to record data at both polarizations.
4. Identify the six highest BPL emissions in each polarization. (validate these choices by demodulating them and listening for voice or music)
5. Validate that the Spectrum Analyzer is using a pre-amplifier and it is not being overloaded. Increase the analyzer's input attenuation to verify that the instrument is not in amplitude compression by making sure all signals move in 10dB increments with the attenuator setting. Use the same technique with a fixed 10dB attenuator before the preamplifier to ensure that it is not being compressed
6. Validate that the repetition rate is at least 20 Hz by demodulating the audio on each of the six signals. If so, use Quasi-Peak detection on just those six loudest BPL signals and enter the receiver voltage into the worksheet below. If the burst rate is less than 20 Hz enter the Peak voltage into the worksheet below and indicate which detector was used.
7. If voice, non-BPL data or music is demodulated that candidate emission is eliminated and the Receiver is tuned to the next loudest emission for demodulation and identification to find the six highest BPL emissions.
8. Validate that the calculations employed are the same as shown in the worksheet if software is used for this measurement.
9. Capture a complete spectrum showing both polarizations for inclusion into the Test Report.
10. For **Certification** testing, contact the BPL system operator and set the EUT down to its COMPLIANCE power setting. Tell the operator how many dB the system needs to be attenuated for compliance with the FCC limits on field strengths (or below them).

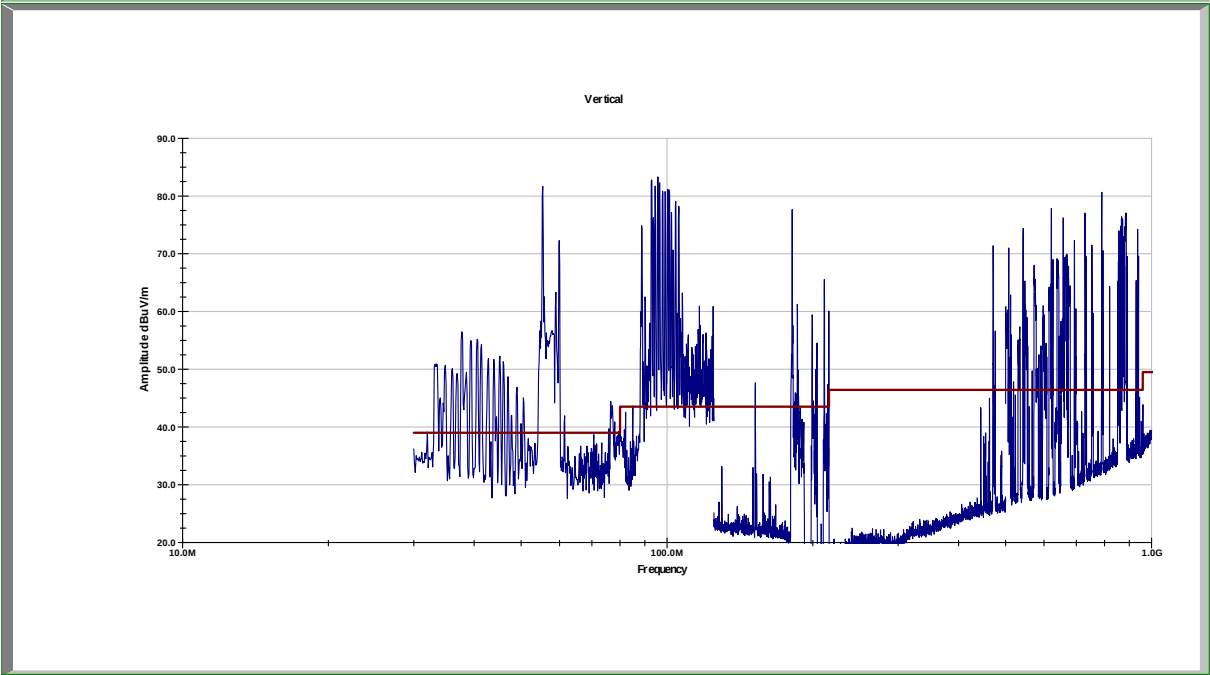
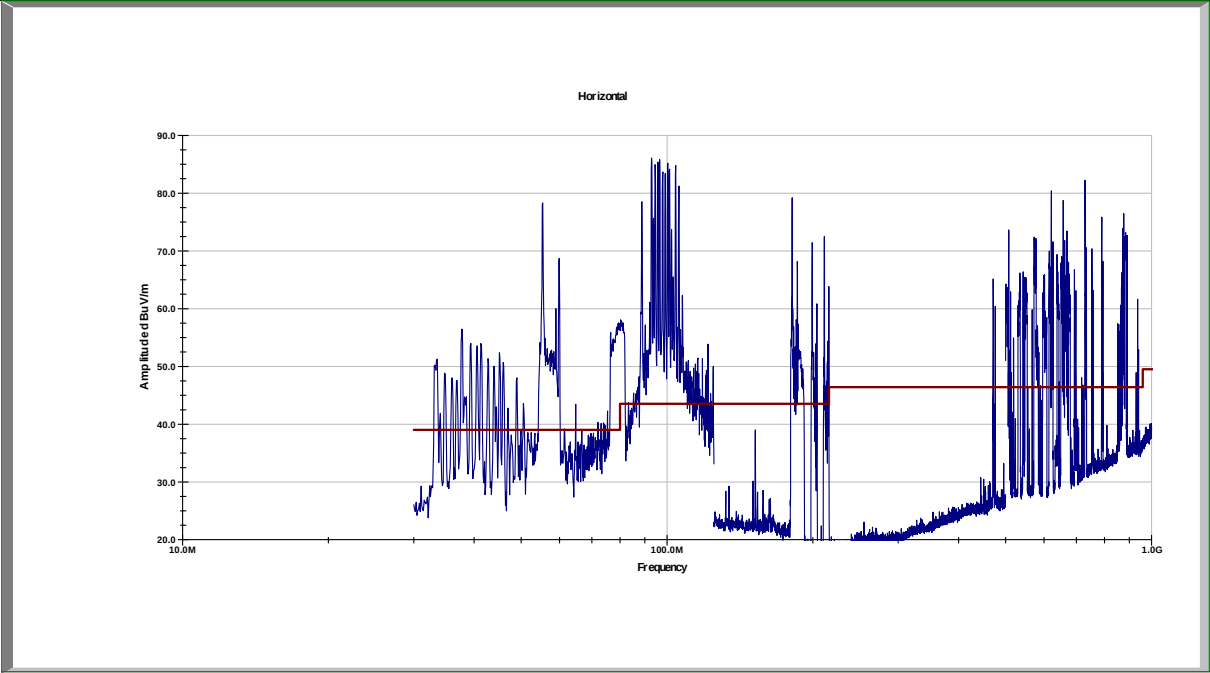
Field Strengths (location 1) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30.831	46.7	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	34.3	39	-4.7	P



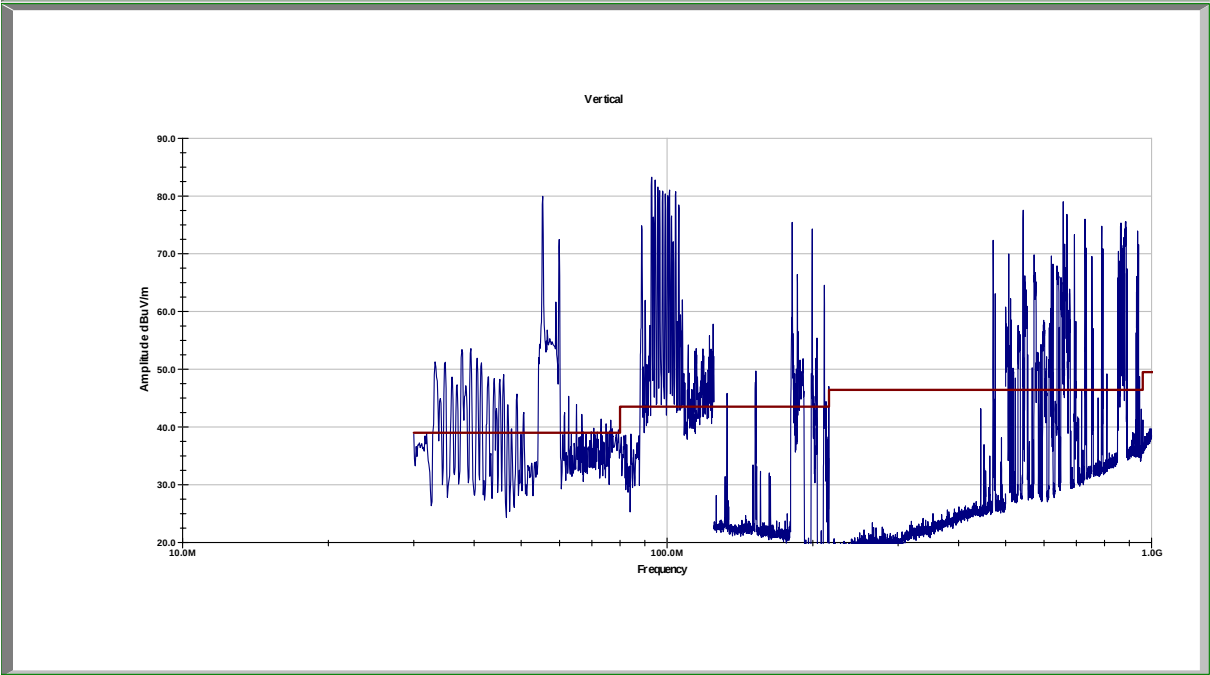
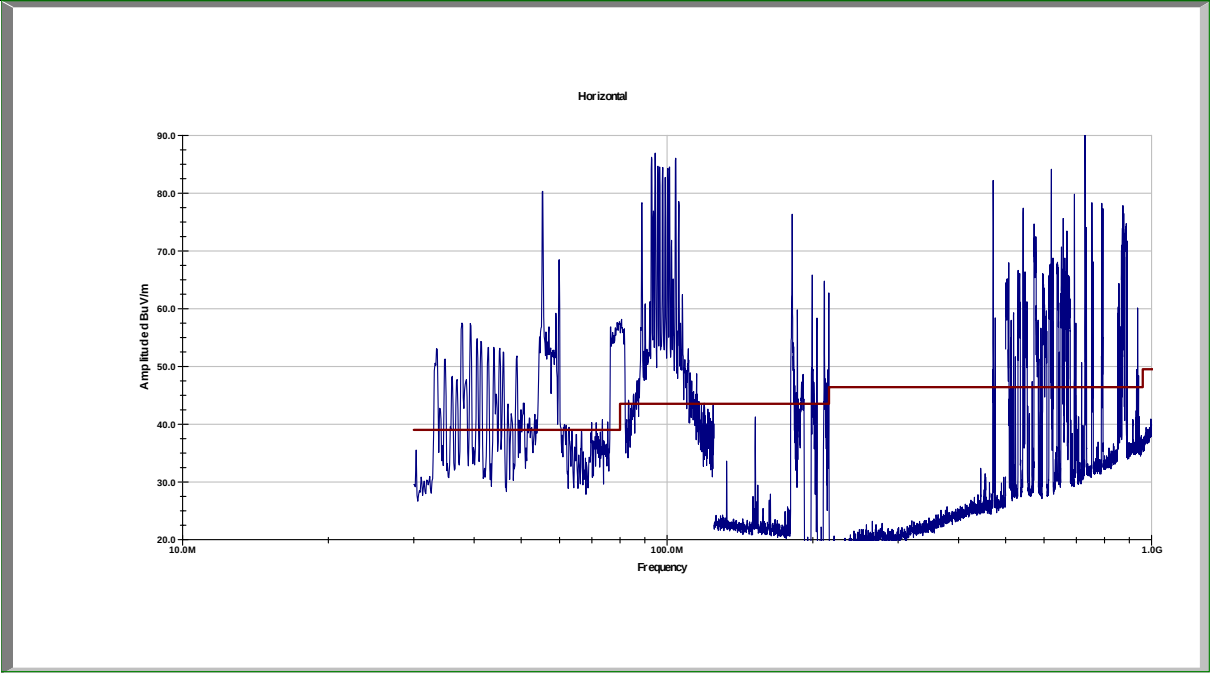
Field Strengths (location 2) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30.475	50	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	37.6	39	-1.4	P



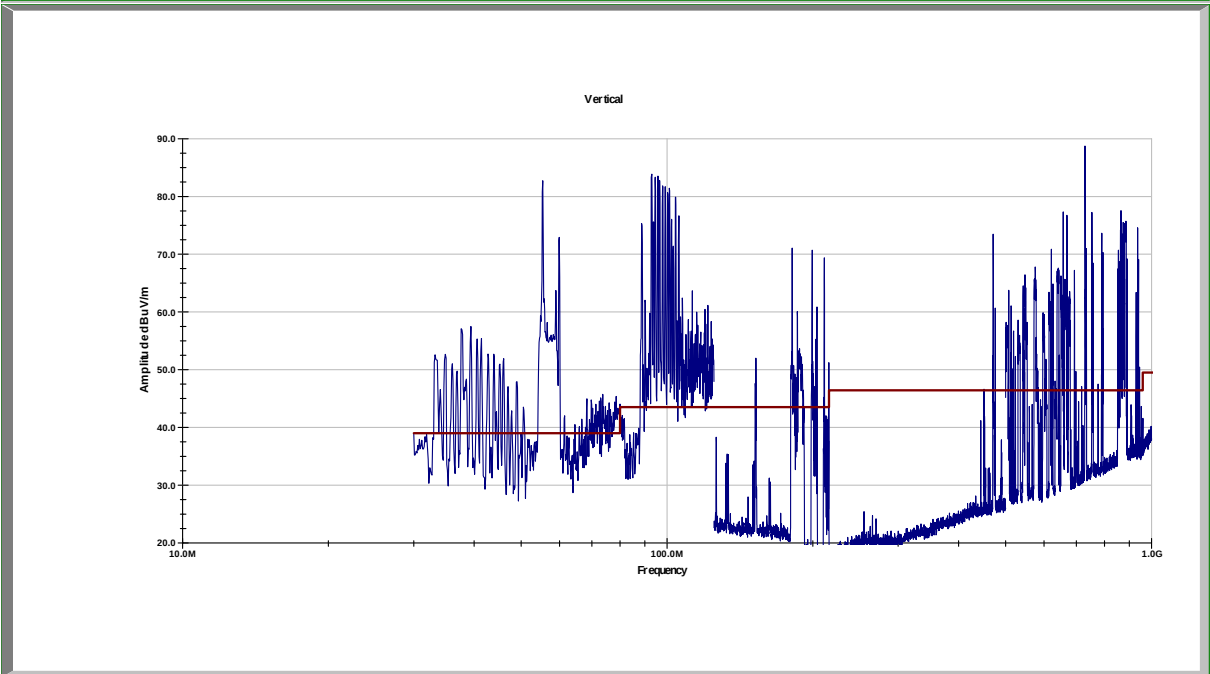
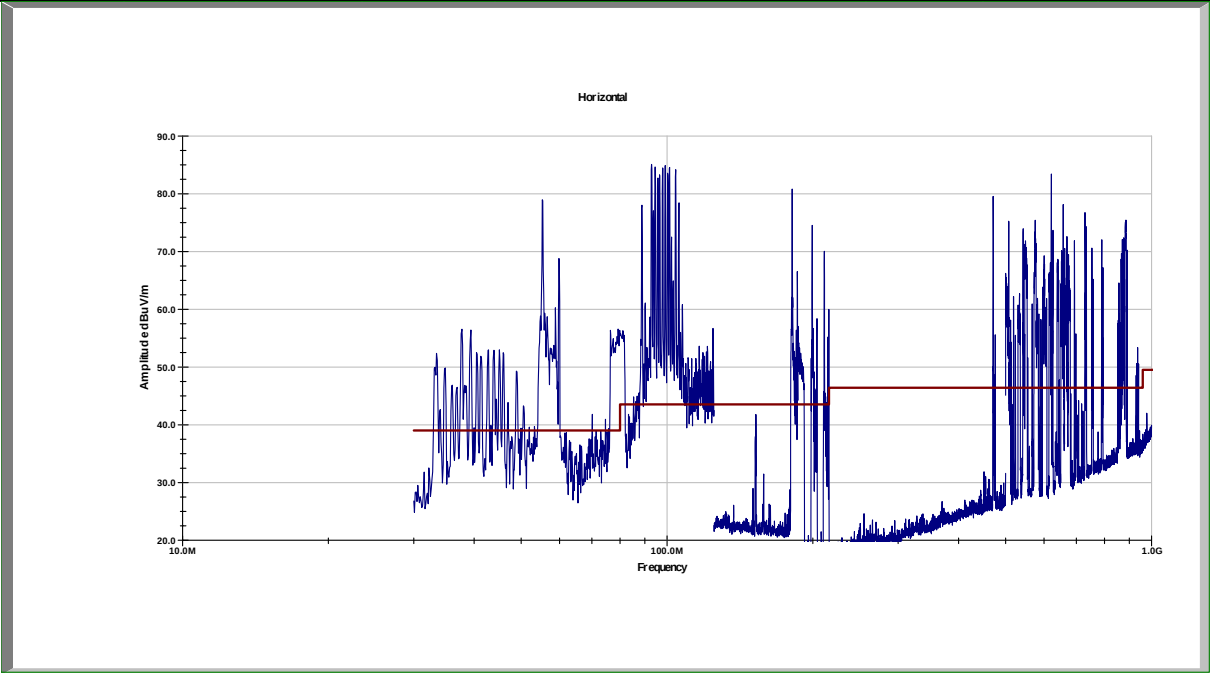
Field Strengths (location 3) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
32.01	51.3	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	38.9	39	-0.1	P



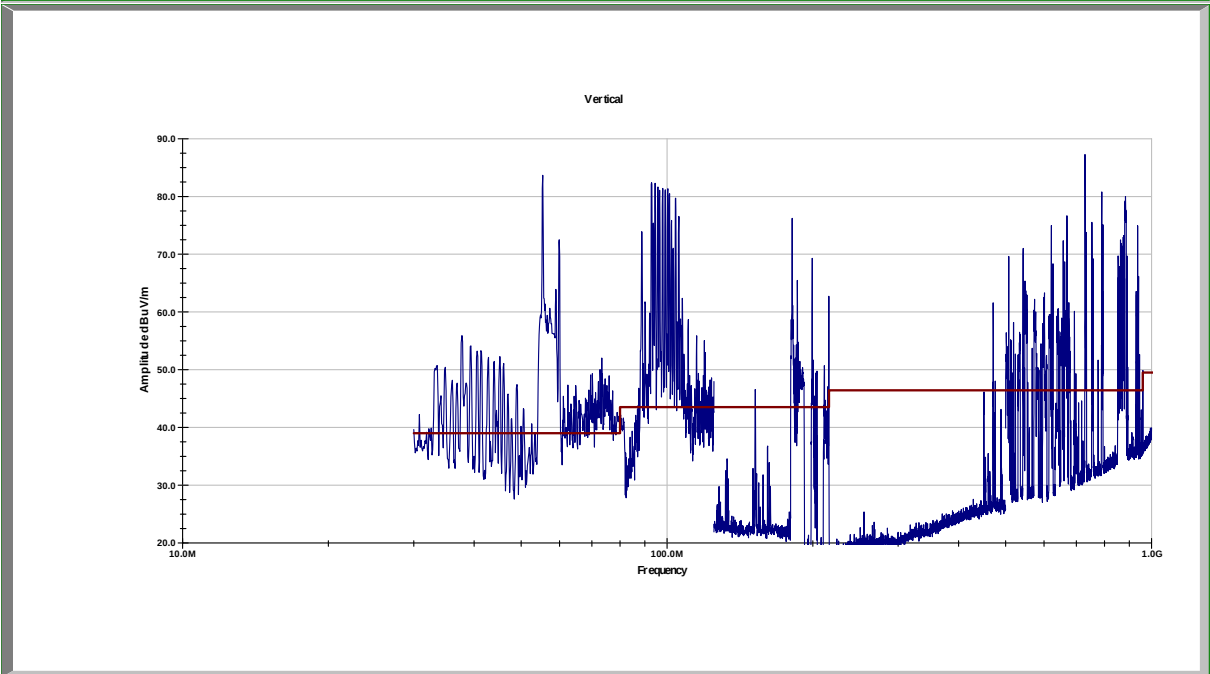
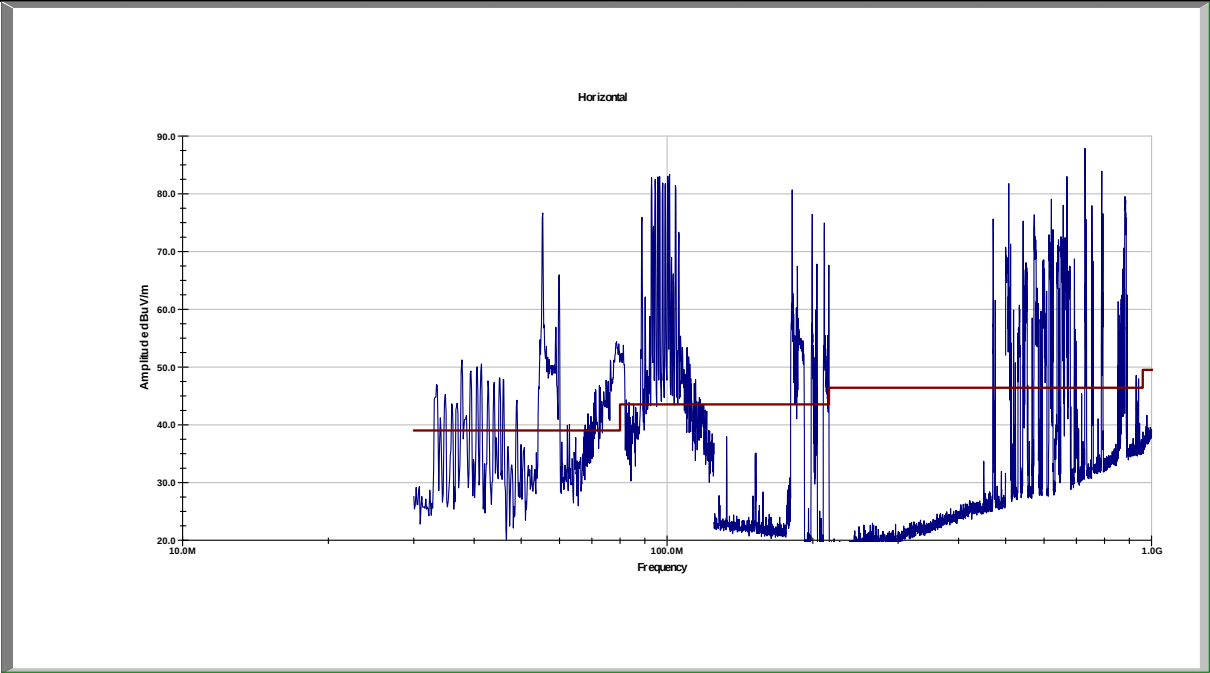
Field Strengths (location 4) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30.86	44	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	31.6	39	-7.4	QP



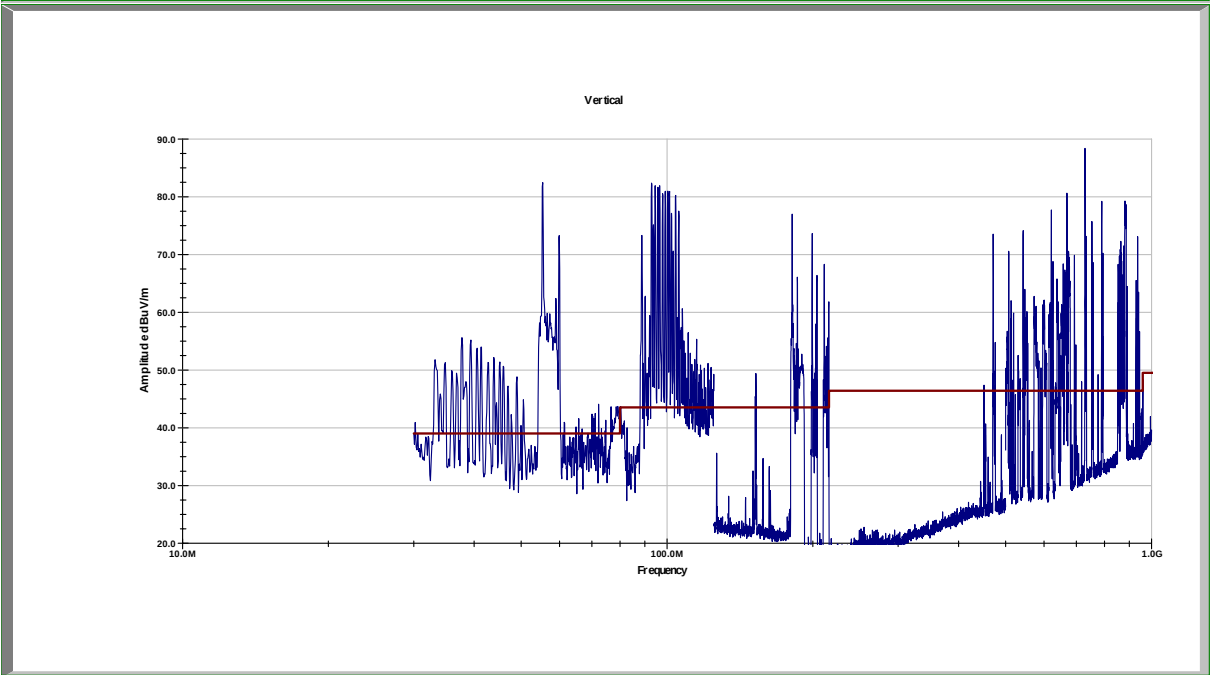
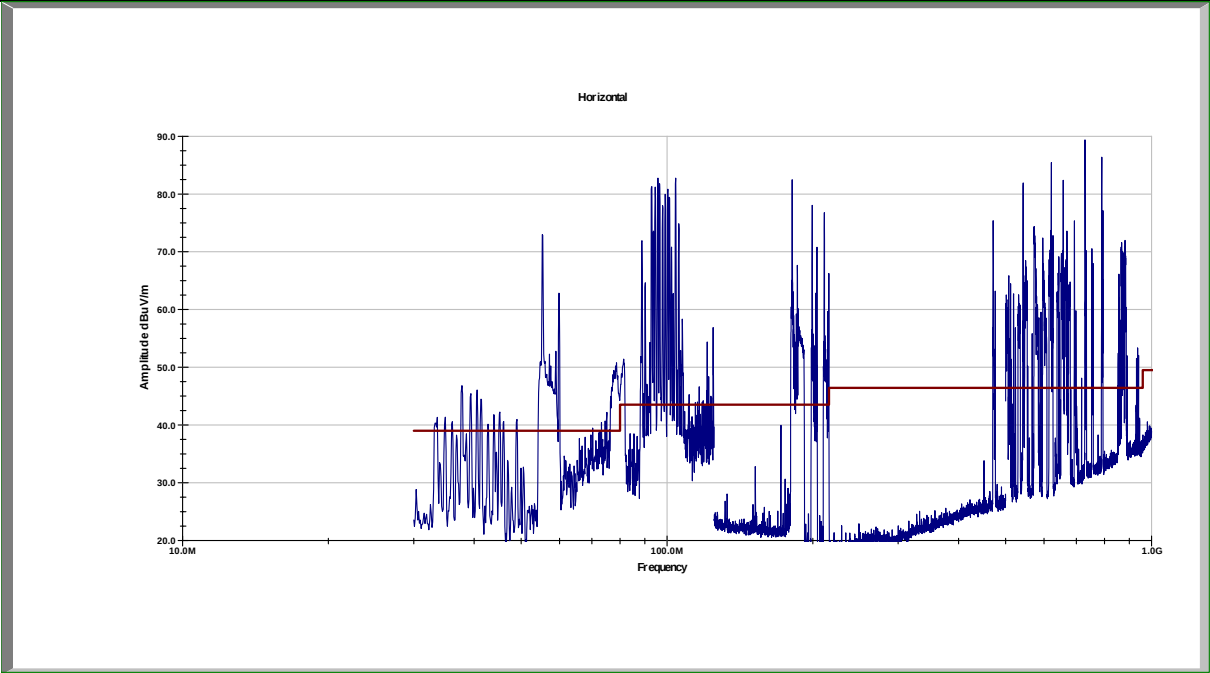
Field Strengths (location 5) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
31.538	45.5	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	33.1	39	-5.9	QP



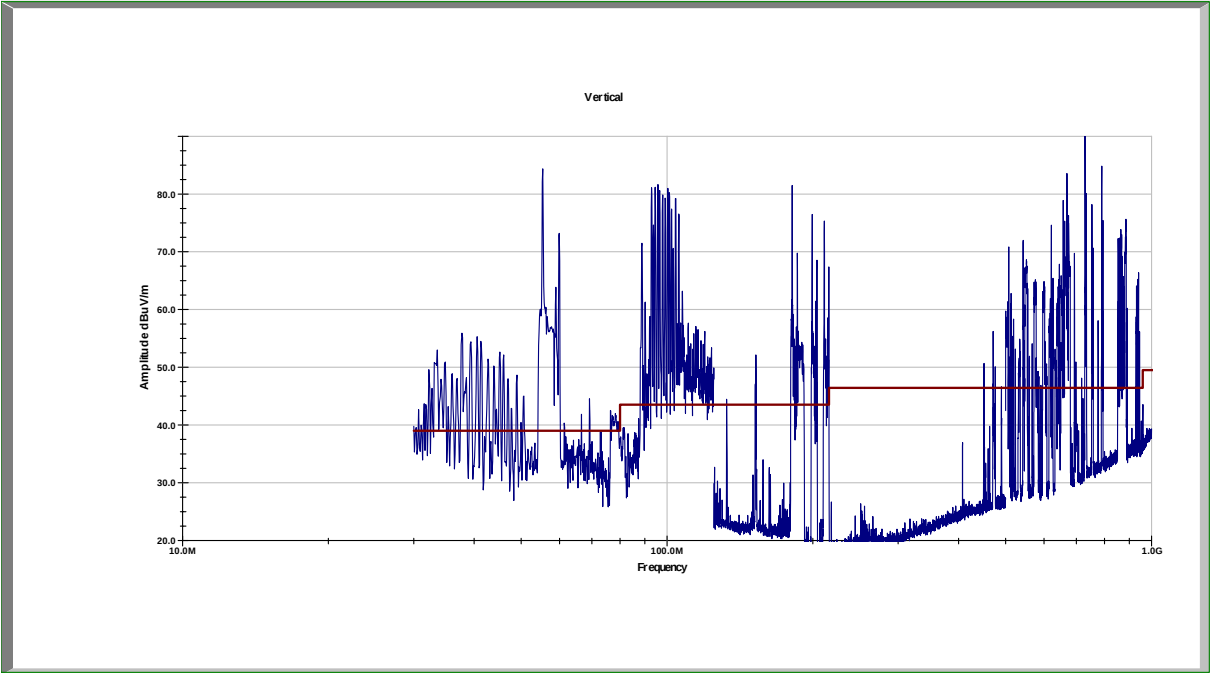
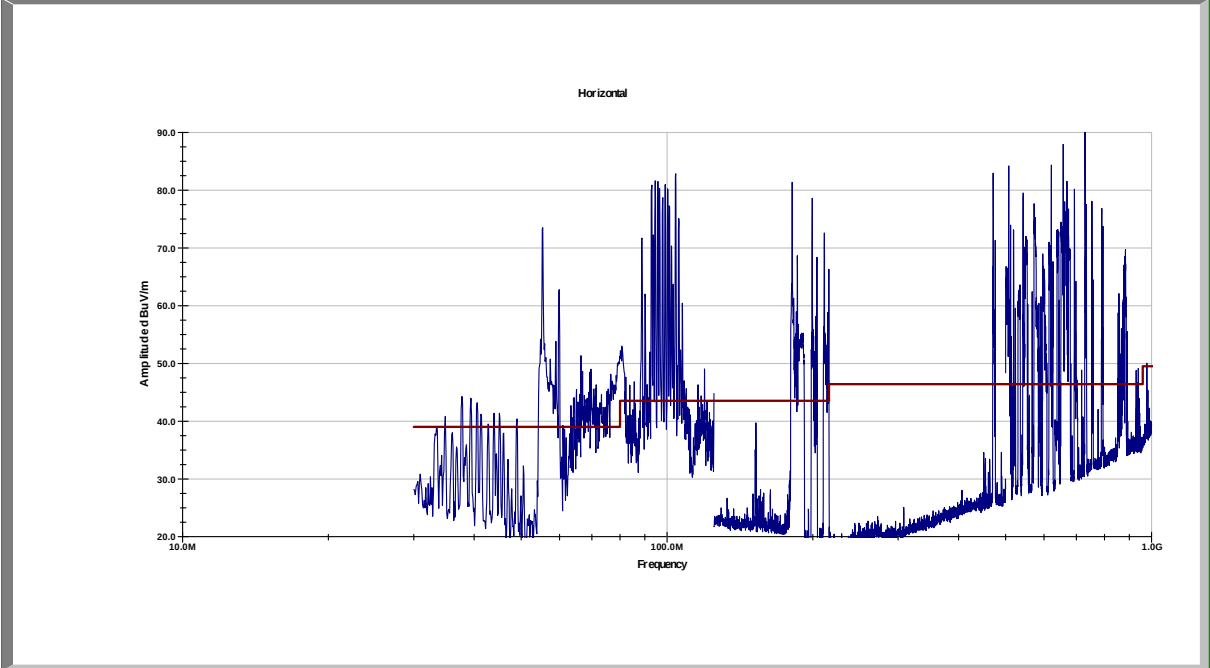
Field Strengths (location 6) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
31.853	46.8	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	34.4	39	-4.6	QP



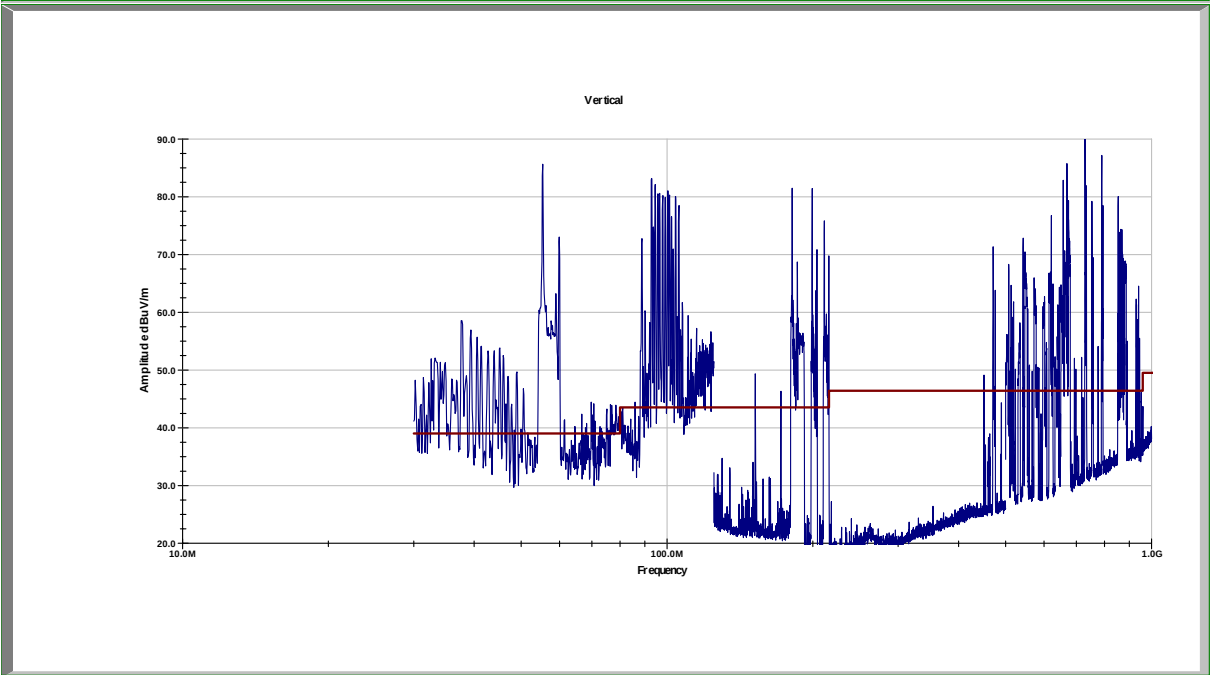
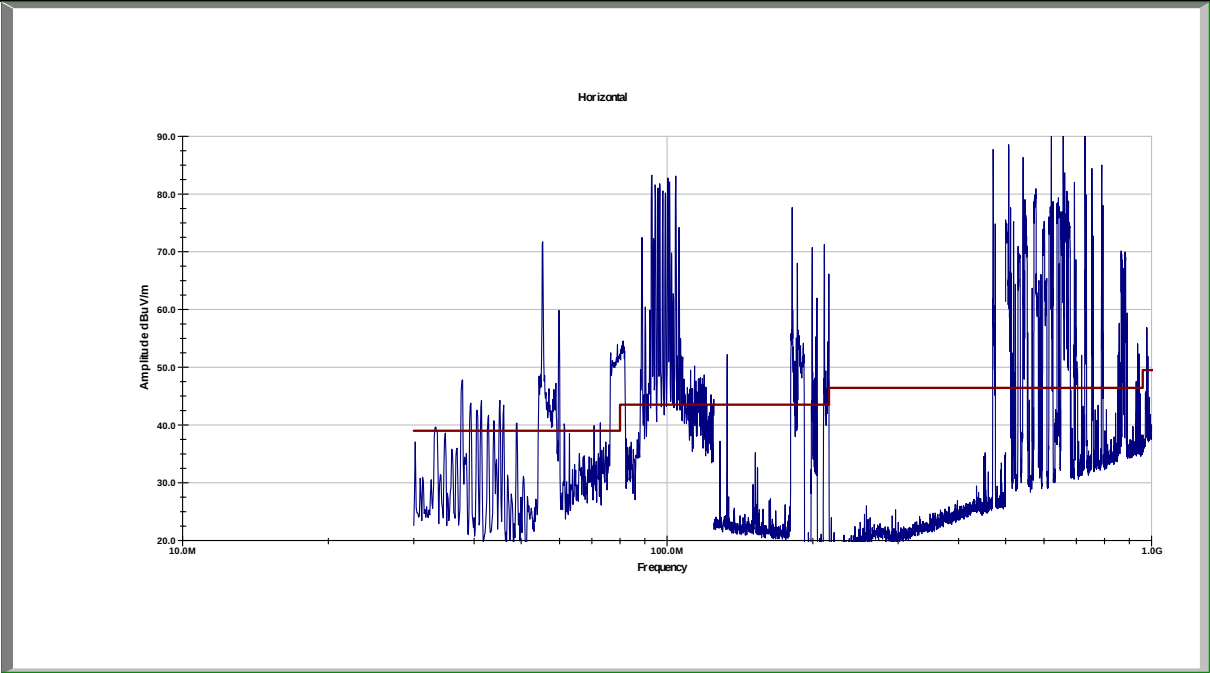
Field Strengths (location 7) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
31.84	46.1	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	33.7	39	-5.3	QP
30.01	49.5	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	37.1	39	-1.9	QP



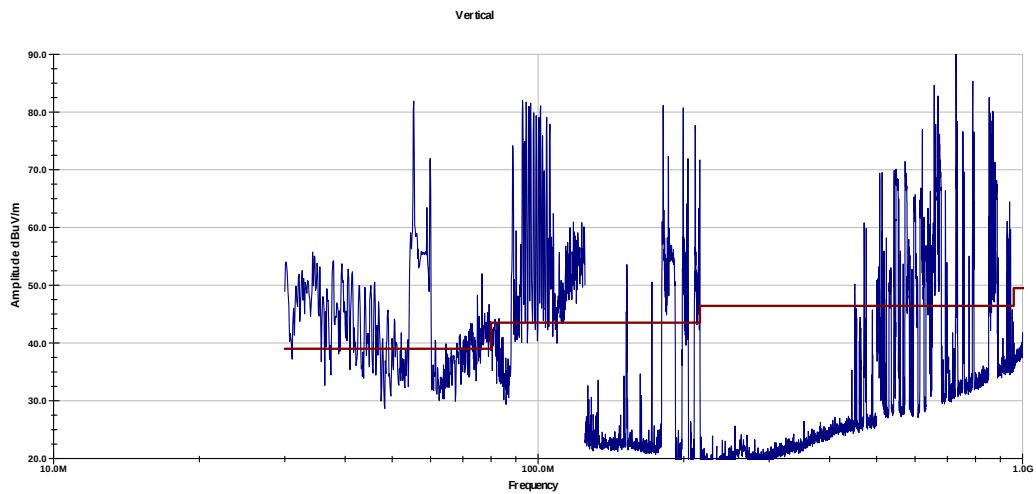
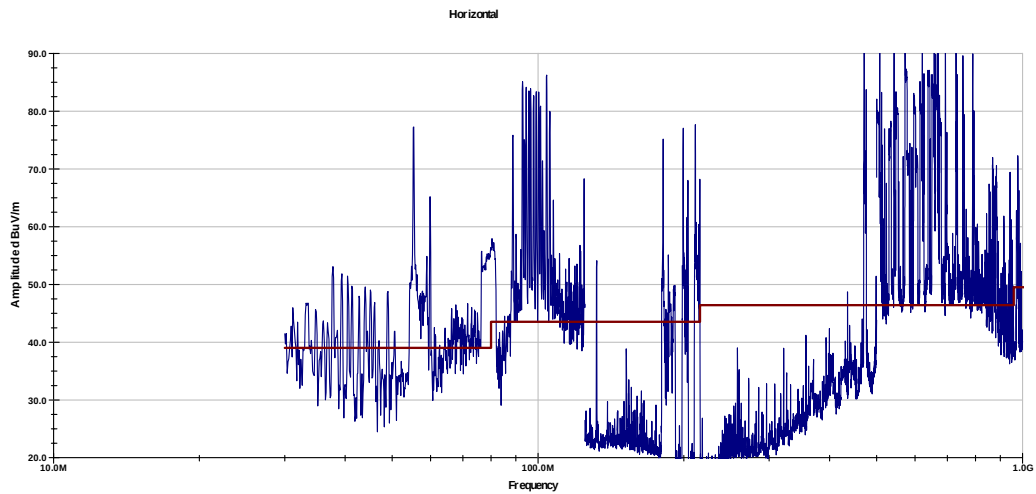
Field Strengths (location 8) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30.01	48.5	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	36.1	39	-2.9	QP
31.968	43.5	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	31.1	39	-7.9	QP



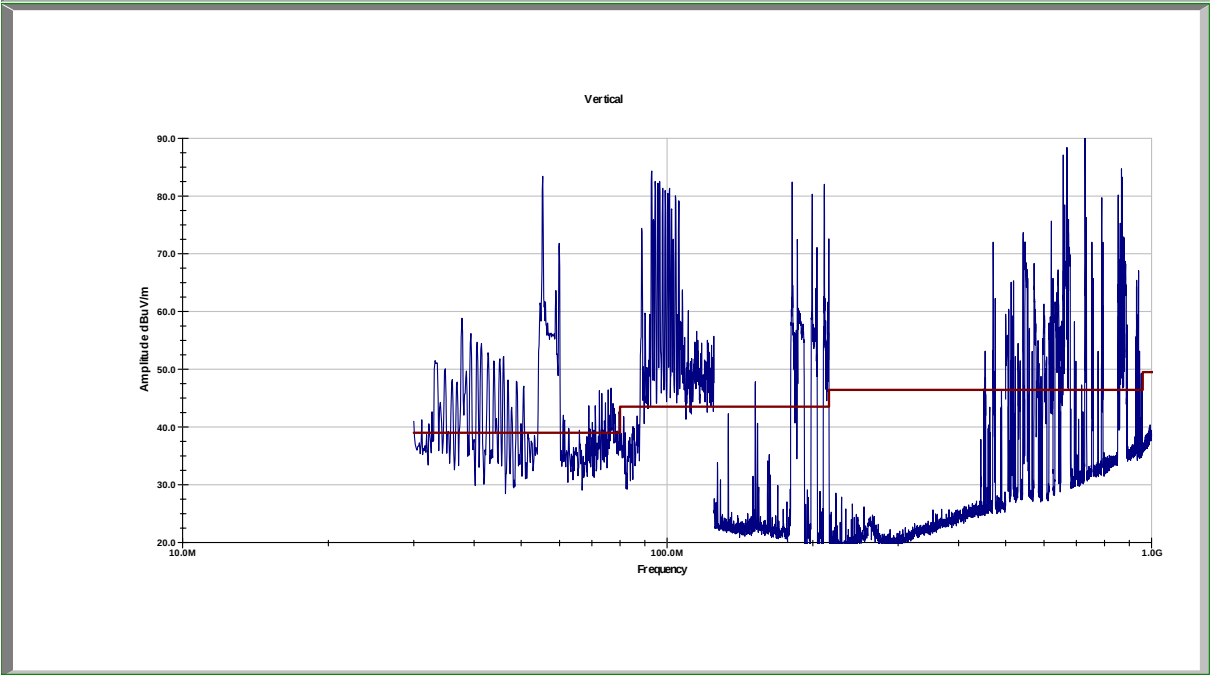
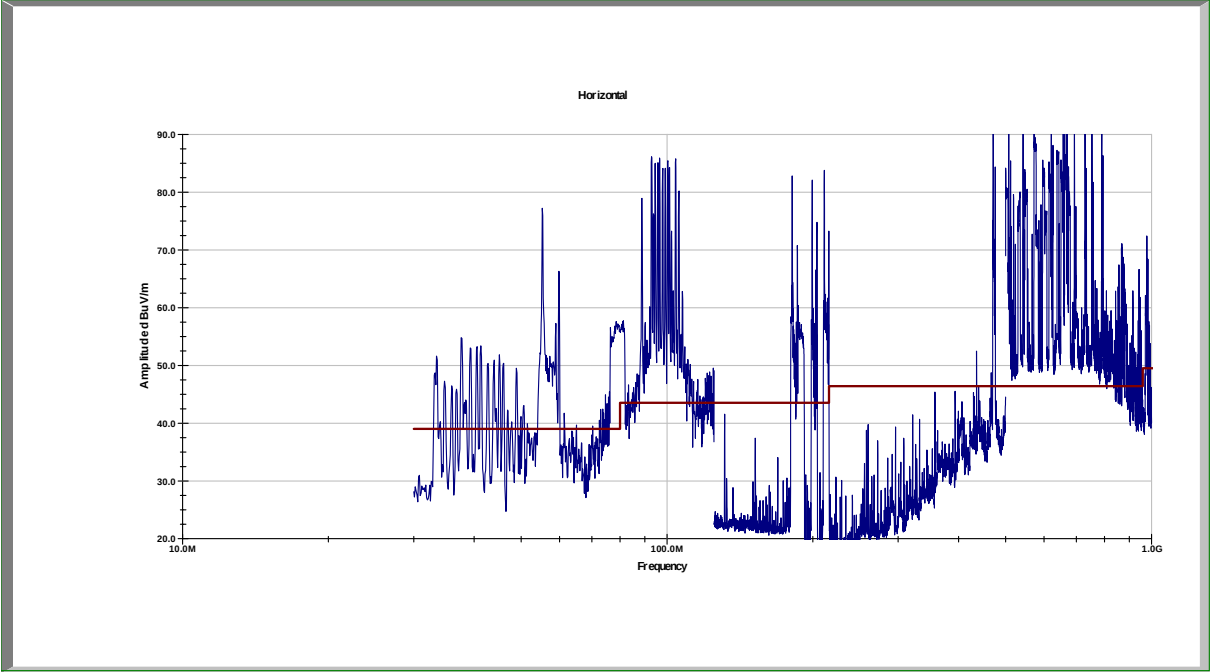
Field Strengths (location 9) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30.003	48.8	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	36.4	39	-2.6	QP
31.893	44.2	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	31.8	39	-7.2	QP



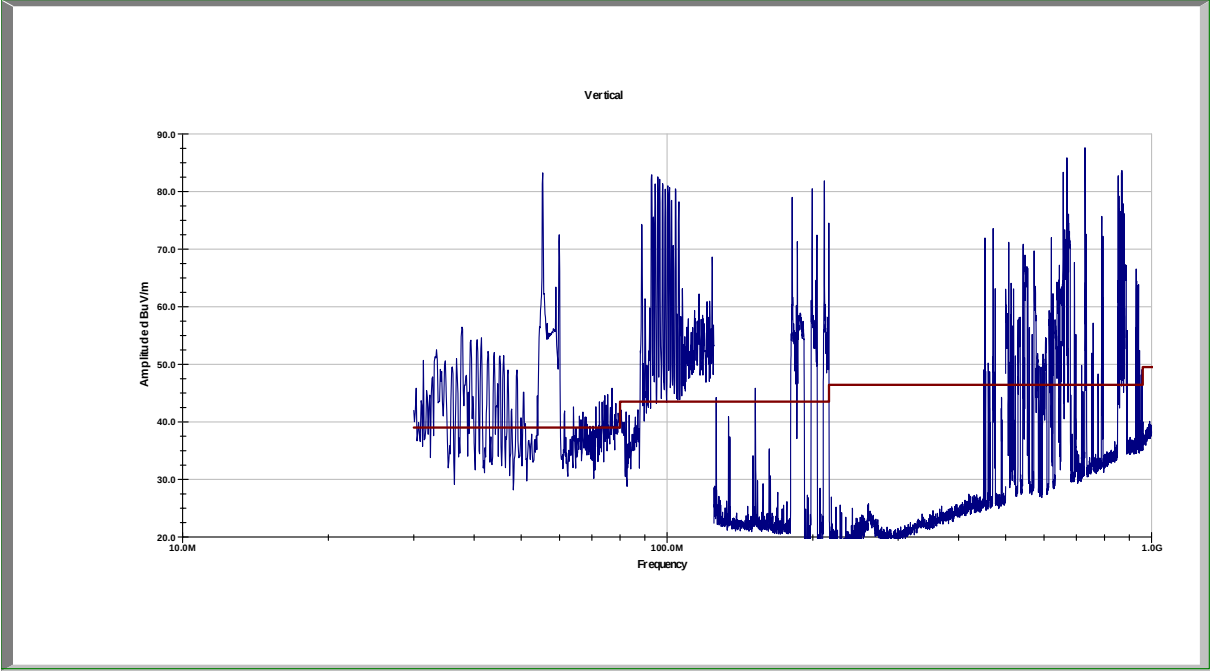
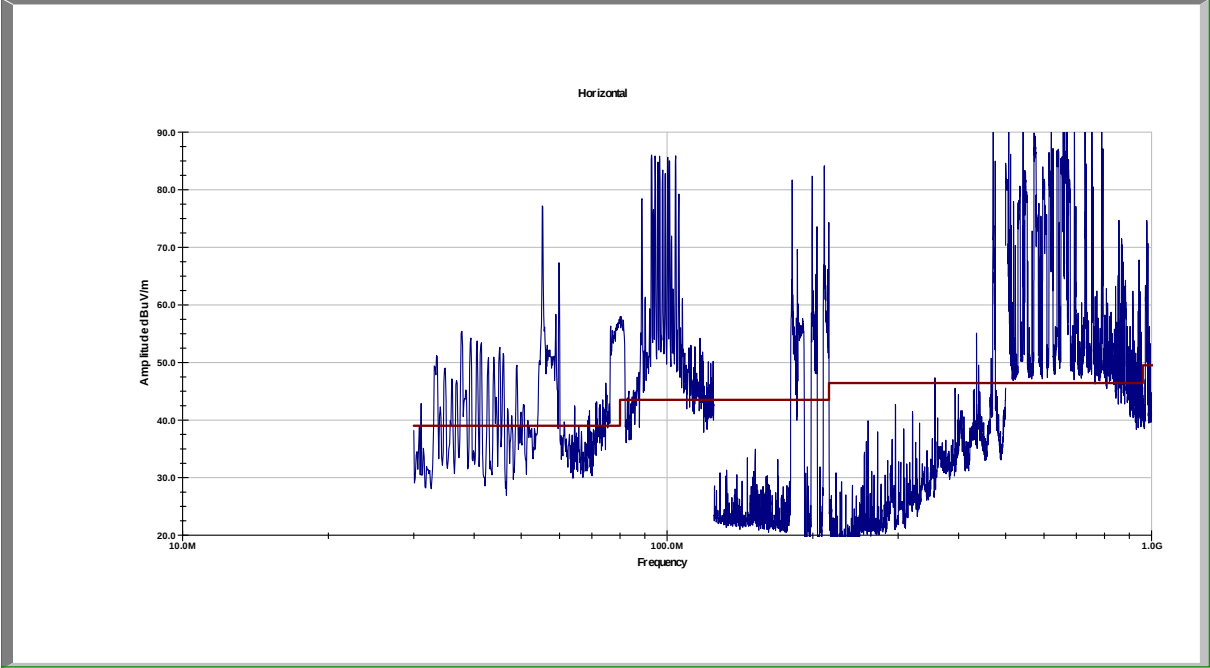
Field Strengths (location 10) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30.805	44.6	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	32.2	39	-6.8	QP
30.04	44.6	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	32.2	39	-6.8	QP



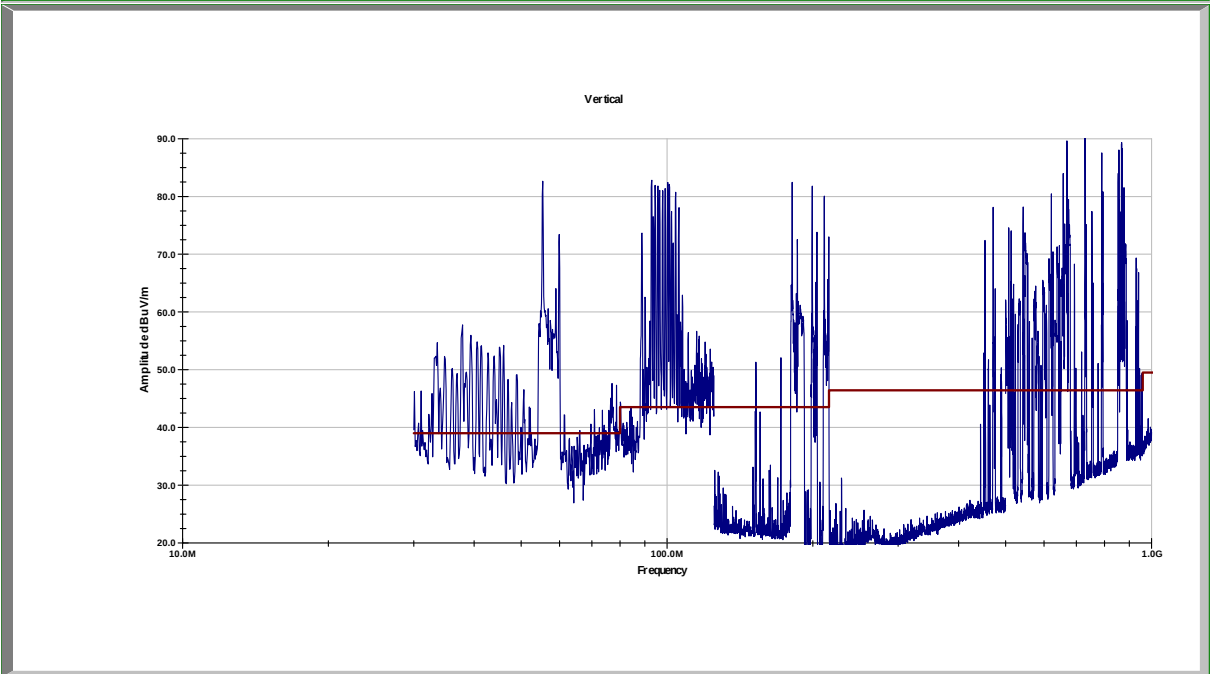
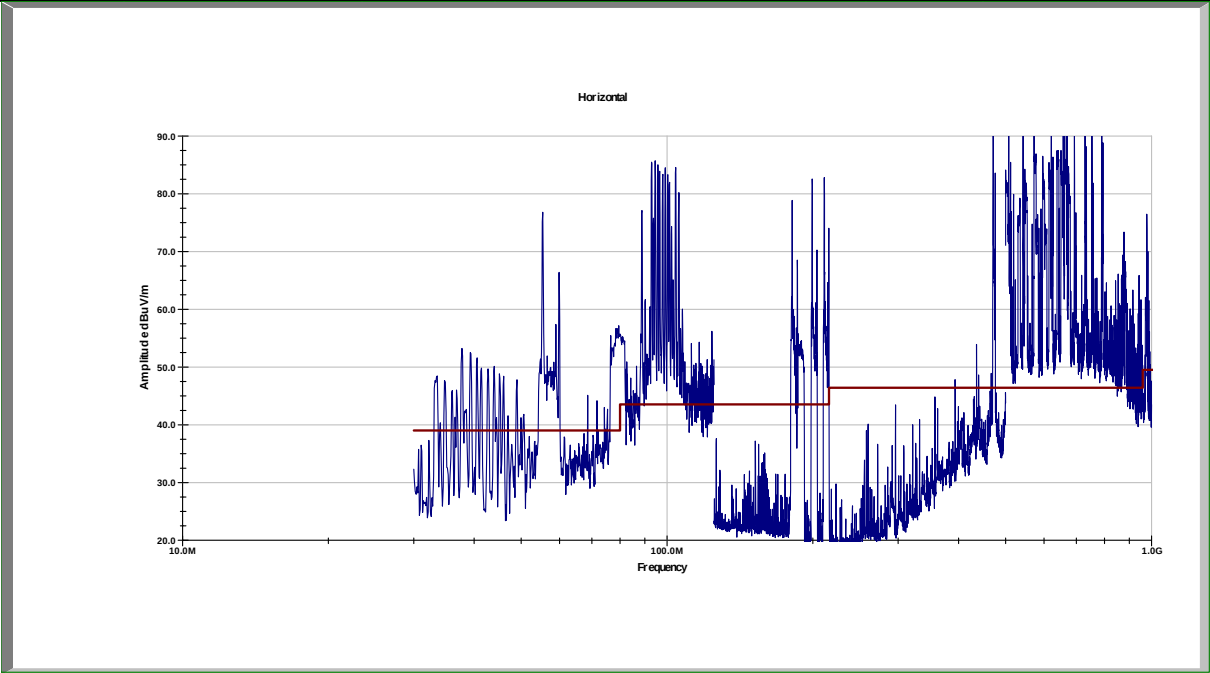
Field Strengths (location 11) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30	49.8	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	37.4	39	-1.6	QP
31.89	45	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	32.6	39	-6.4	QP



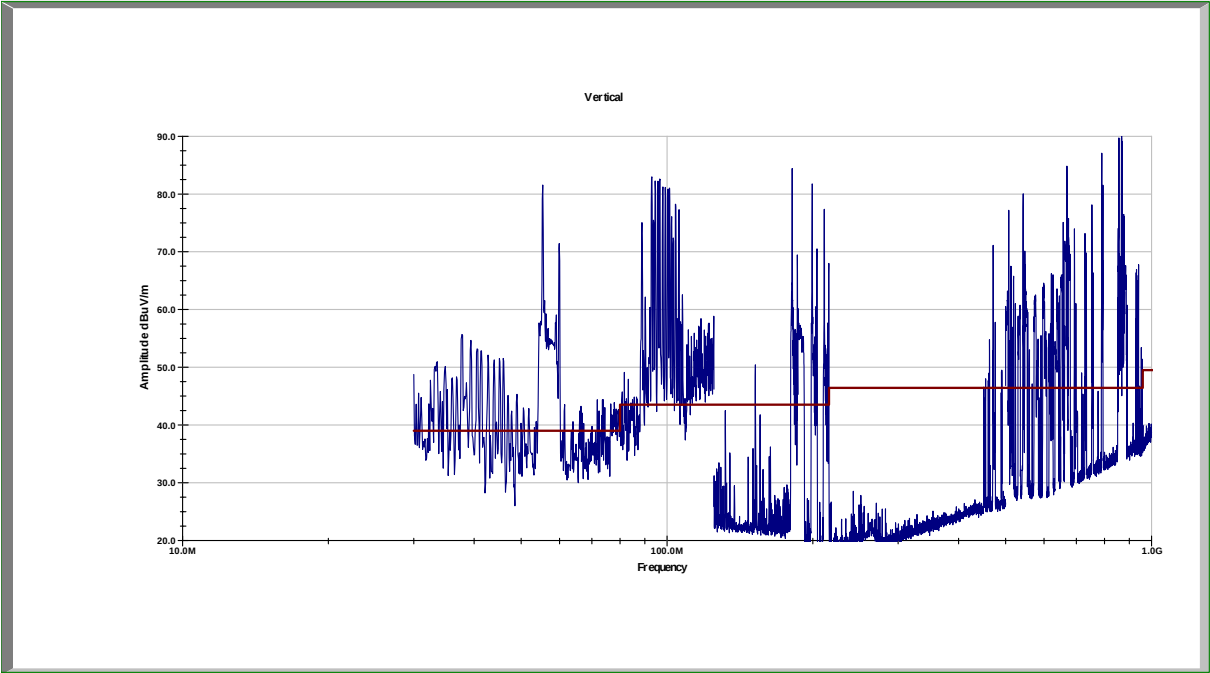
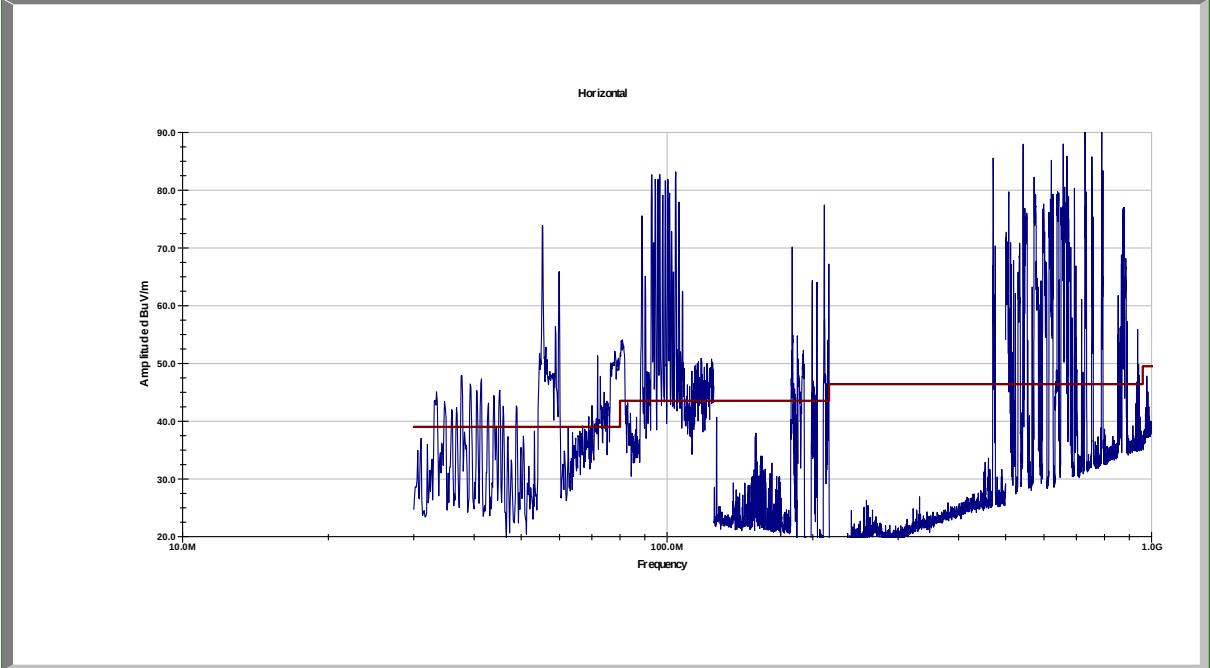
Field Strengths (location 12) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30	50	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	37.6	39	-1.4	QP
31.87	44	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	31.6	39	-7.4	QP



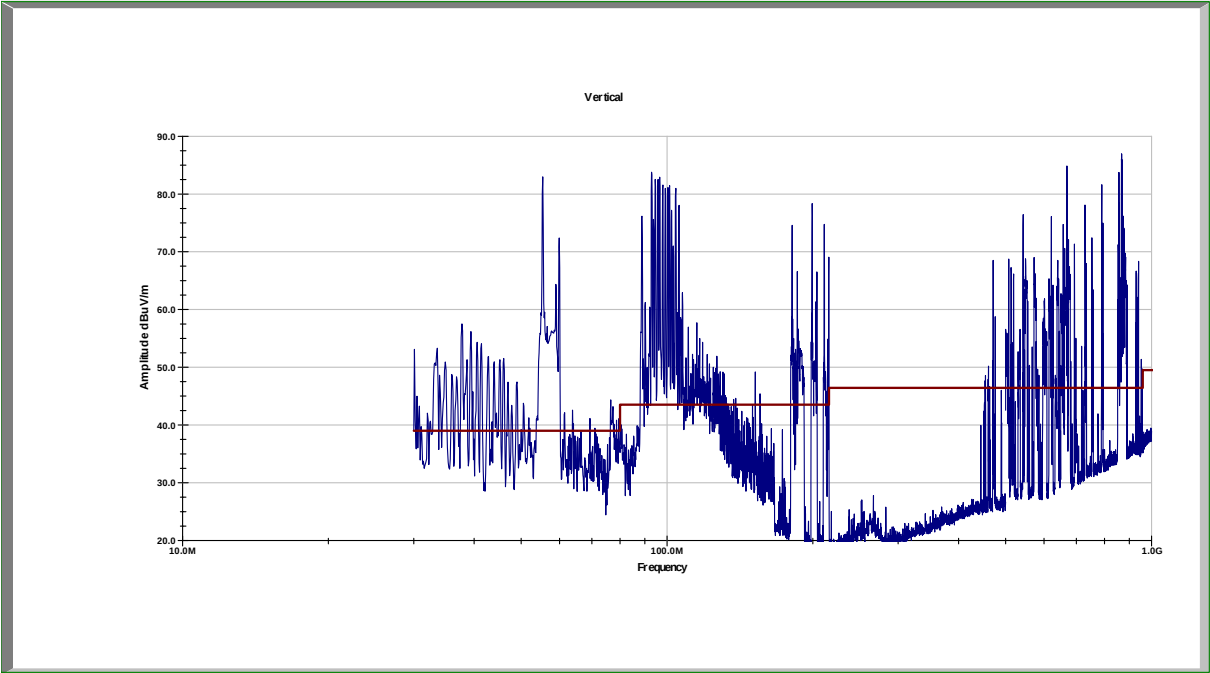
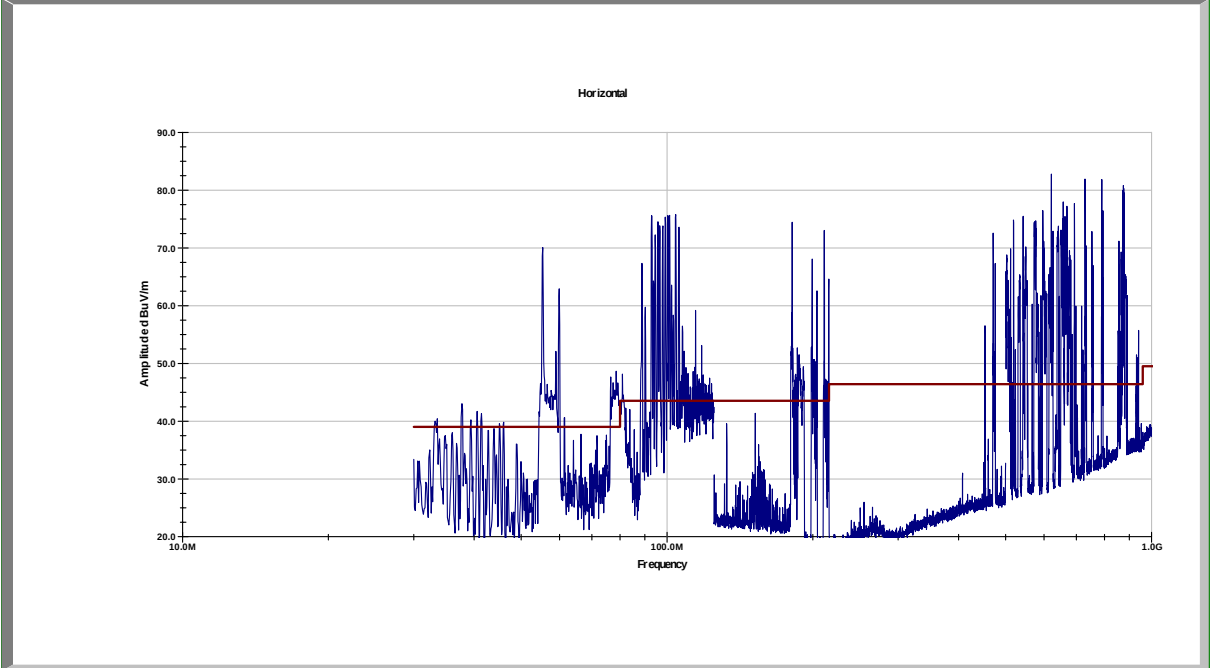
Field Strengths (location 13) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30	49.8	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	37.4	39	-1.6	QP



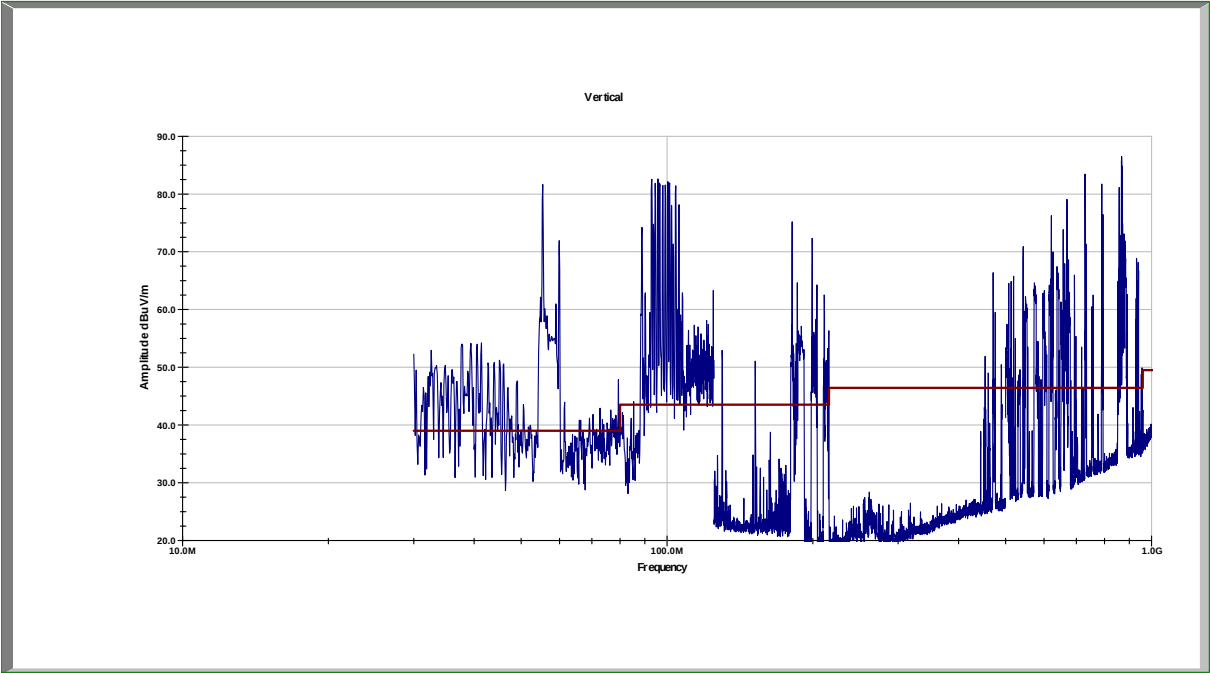
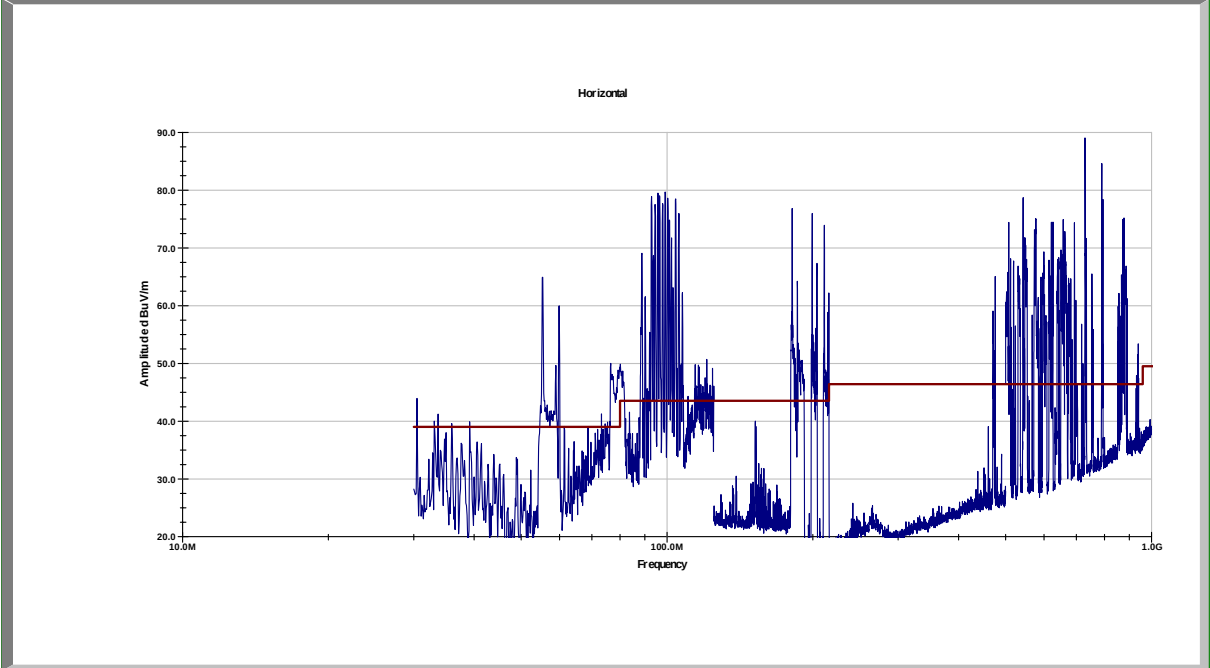
Field Strengths (location 14) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30	48.8	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	36.4	39	-2.6	QP
32	43	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	30.6	39	-8.4	QP



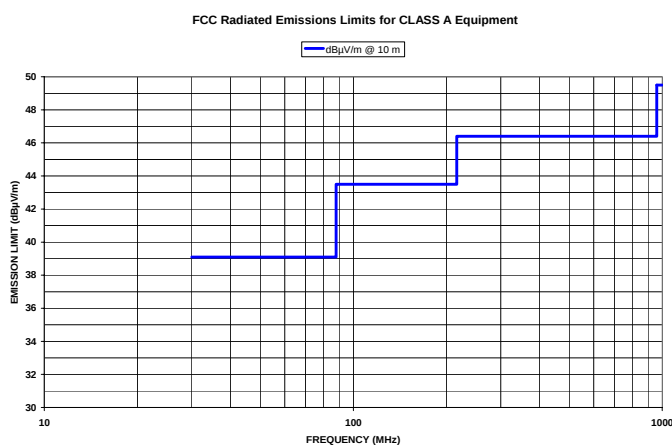
Field Strengths (location 15) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30	47.6	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	35.2	39	-3.8	QP
31.8	41.2	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	28.8	39	-10.2	QP



Field Strengths (location 16) 30 MHz– 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
30	46.6	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	34.2	39	-4.8	QP
31.9	40	33.5	17.1	1.0	3.0	27.6	39	-11.4	QP



Field Strengths (all locations) 30 MHz – 1,000 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Slant Factor (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Function
32.01	51.3	33.5	17.1	1	3	38.9	39	-0.1	P
30.475	50	33.5	17.1	1	3	37.6	39	-1.4	P
30	50	33.5	17.1	1	3	37.6	39	-1.4	QP
31.853	46.8	33.5	17.1	1	3	34.4	39	-4.6	QP
30.831	46.7	33.5	17.1	1	3	34.3	39	-4.7	P
31.538	45.5	33.5	17.1	1	3	33.1	39	-5.9	QP
Test Results: PASS									



Cumulative Test Results:	PASS
Name & Address of Testing Organization:	Professional Testing 1601 North A.W. Grimes Suite B Round Rock, Texas 78665
Test Engineer's Signature:	<i>Michael A. Royer</i>
Date:	
Name & Address of Entity requesting this test:	