

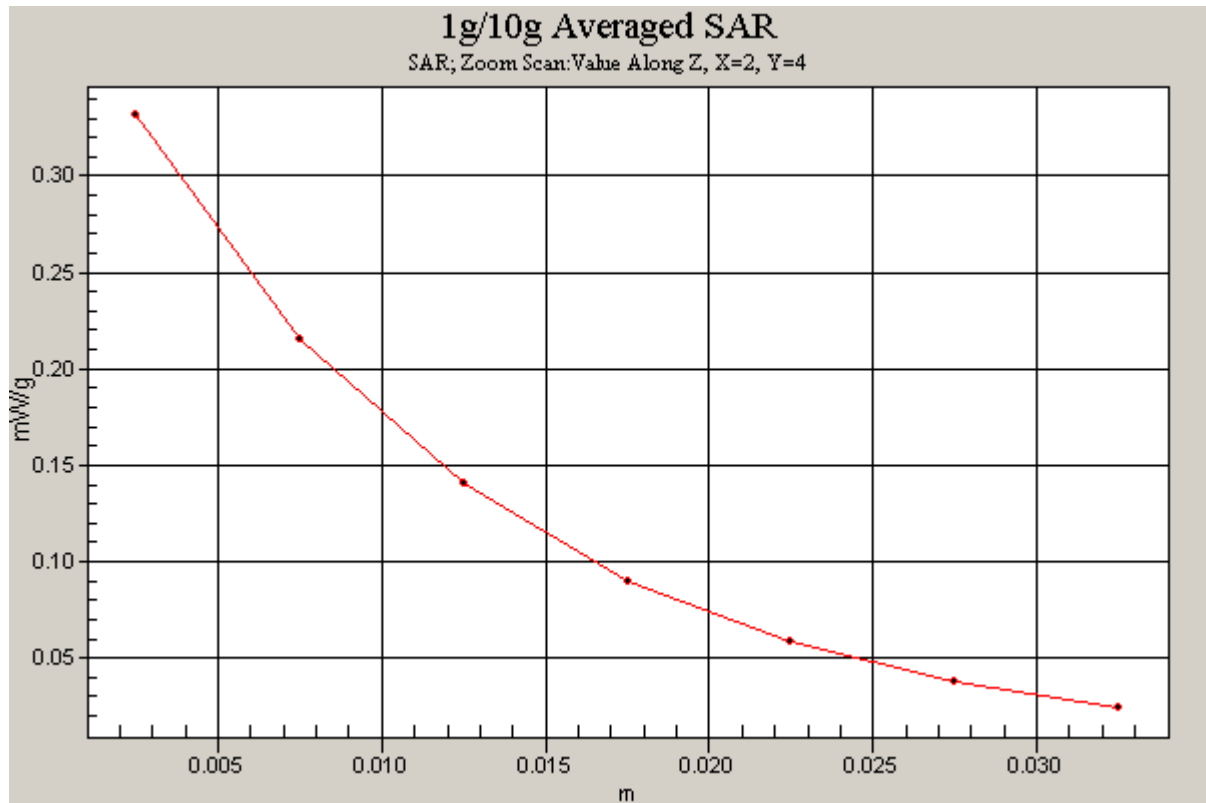


Figure 74 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Touch Cheek Close GSM 1900 Channel 810)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 8:08:47 PM

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.402 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.486 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g

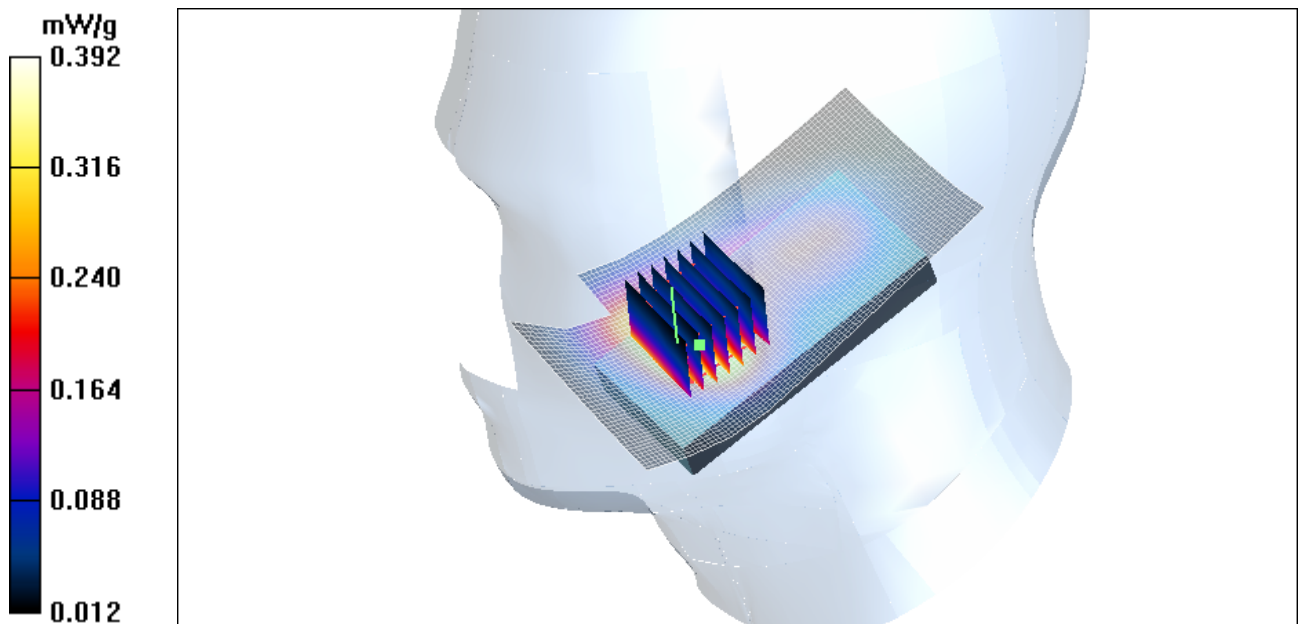


Figure 75 Right Hand Touch Cheek Close GSM 1900 Channel 661

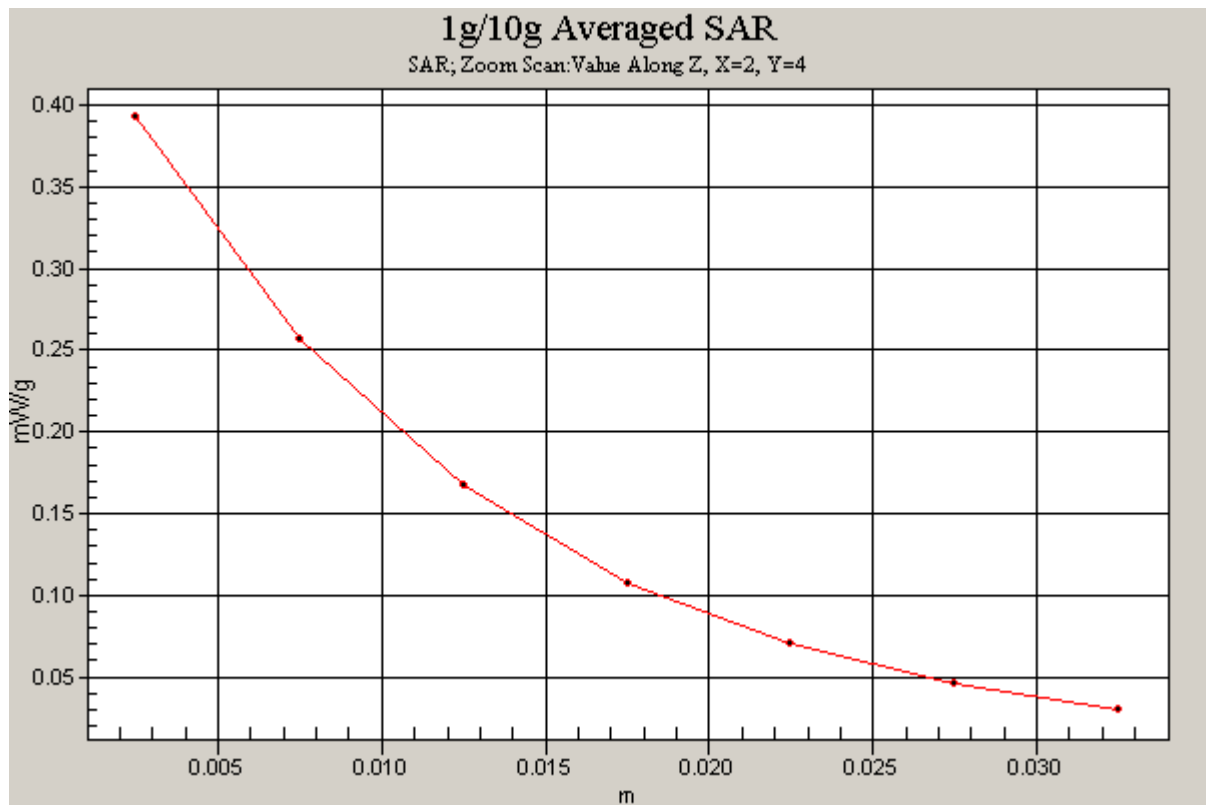


Figure 76 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Touch Cheek Close GSM 1900 Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 8:17:52 PM

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Low Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.376 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.446 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.304 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 mW/g

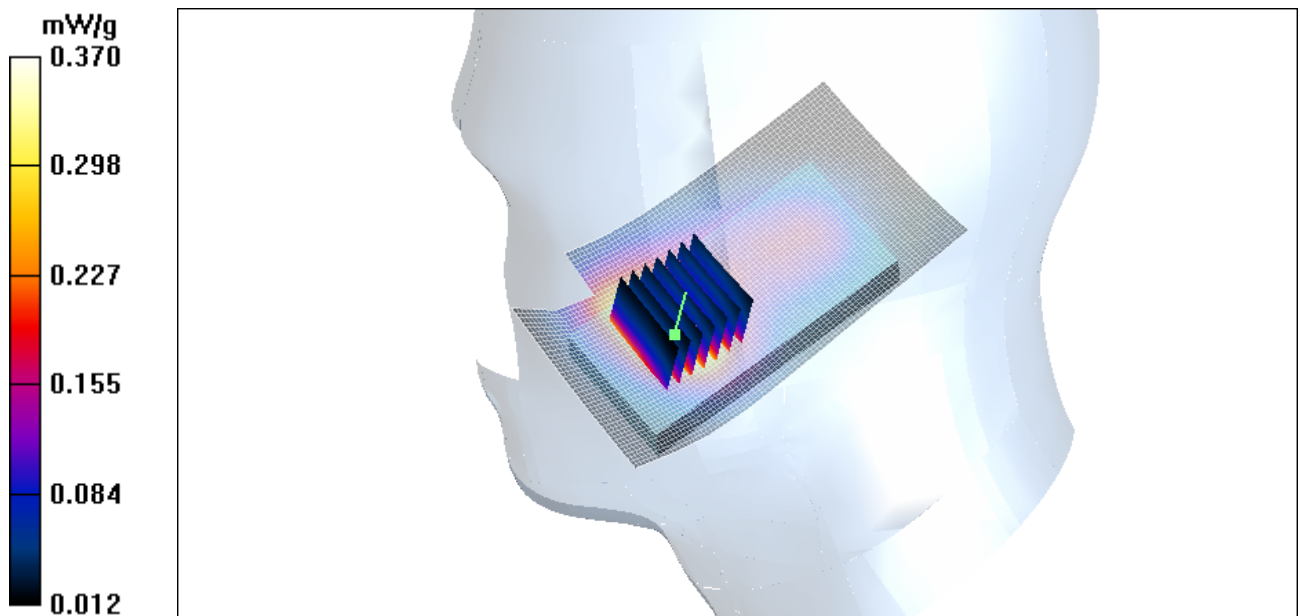


Figure 77 Right Hand Touch Cheek Close GSM 1900 Channel 512

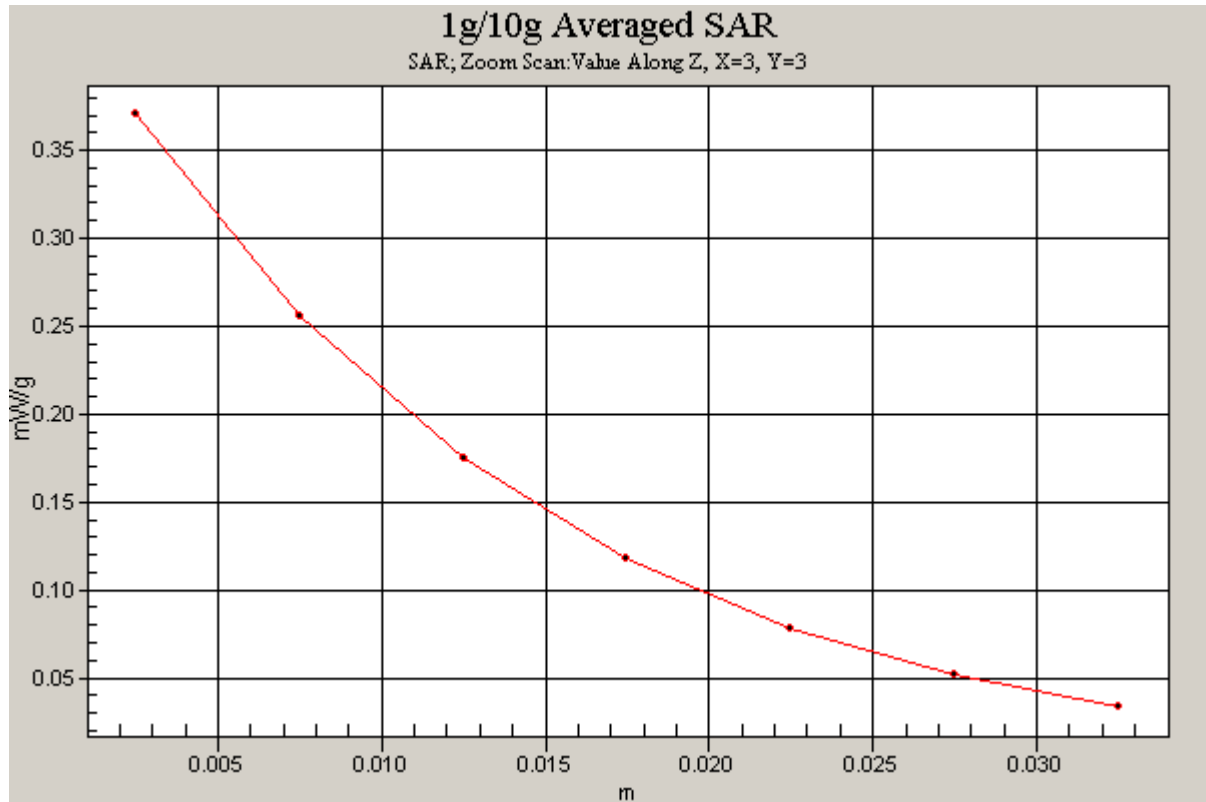


Figure 78 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Touch Cheek Close GSM 1900 Channel 512)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 8:36:35 AM

GSM 1900 Right Tilt High Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.227 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.175 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 mW/g

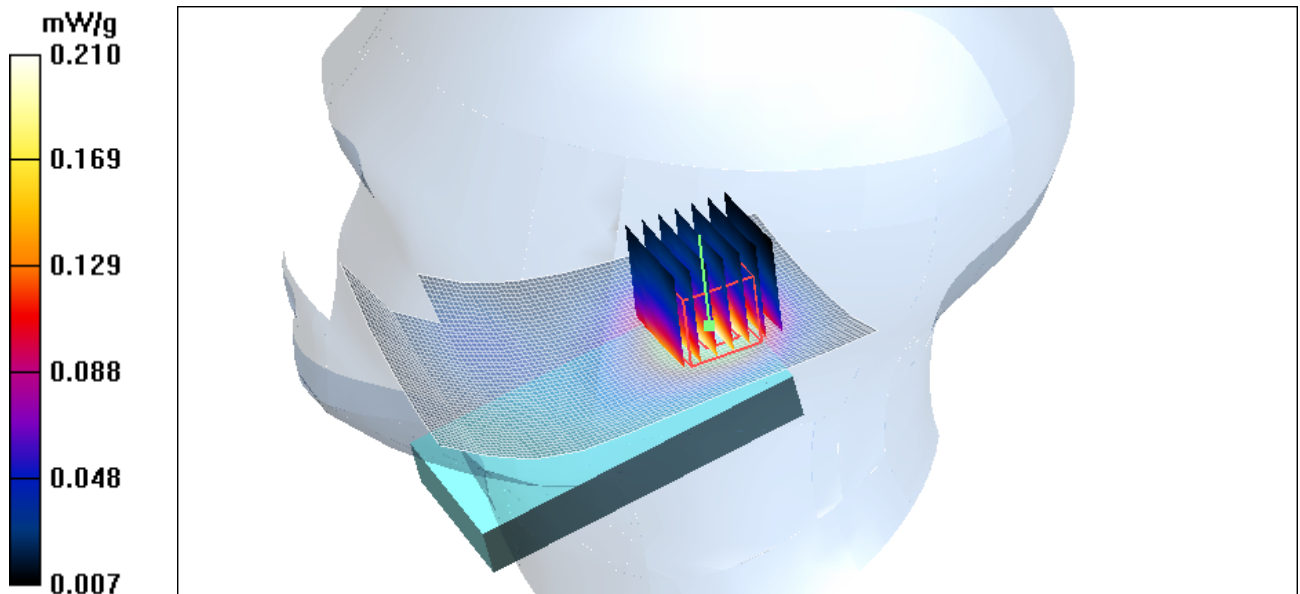


Figure 79 Right Hand Tilt 15°Close GSM 1900 Channel 810

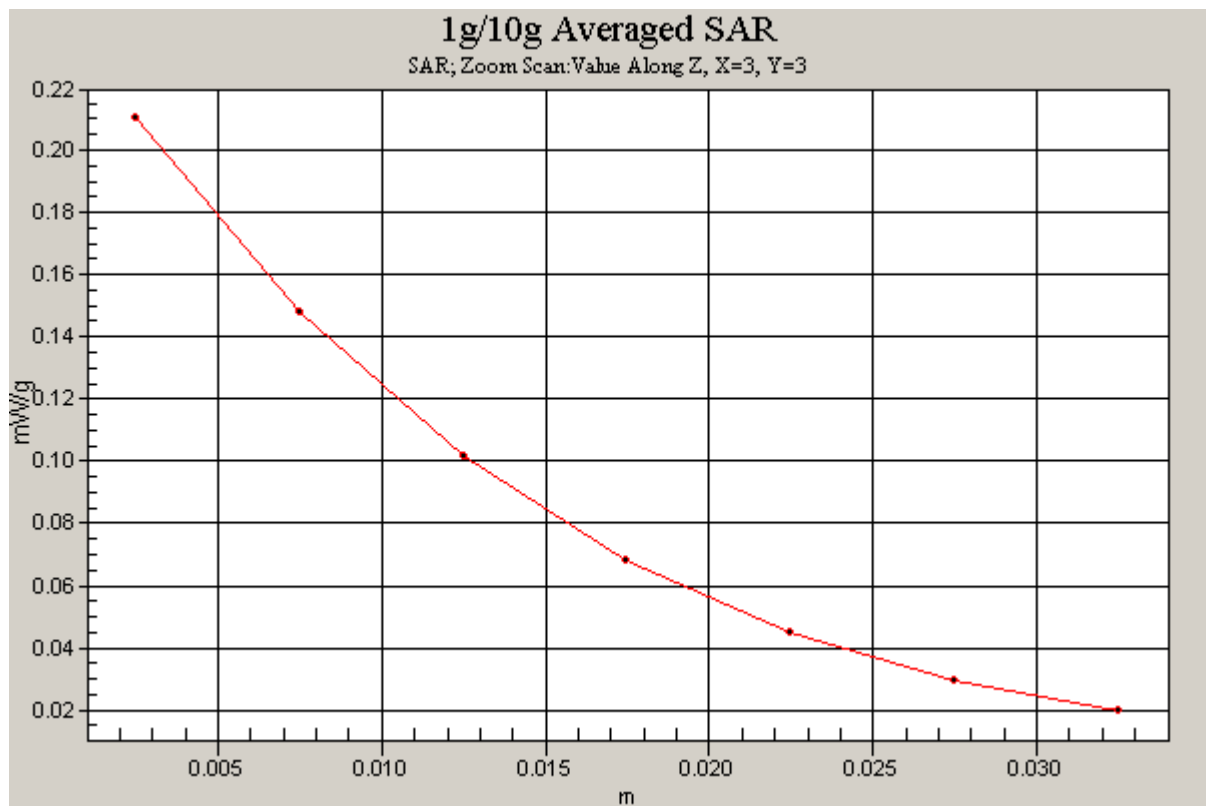


Figure 80 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Tilt 15° Close GSM 1900 Channel 810)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 8:55:30 PM

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g

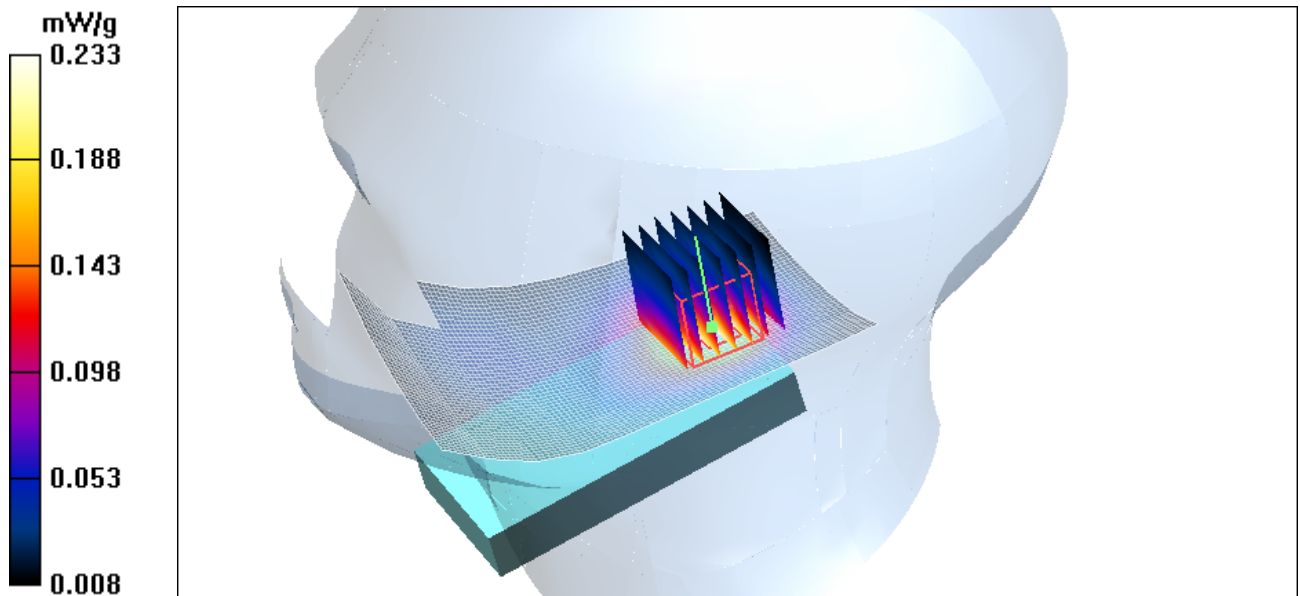


Figure 81 Right Hand Tilt 15°Close GSM 1900 Channel 661

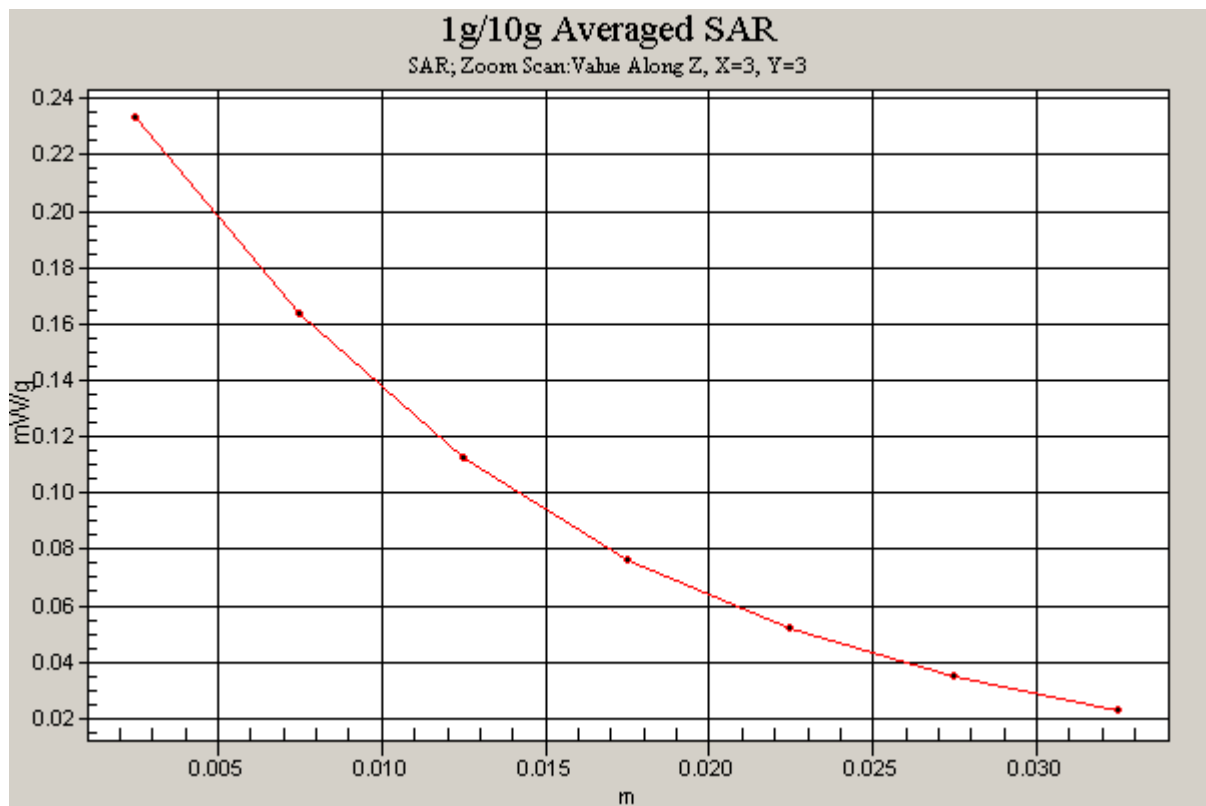


Figure 82 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Tilt 15° Close GSM 1900 Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 9:16:24 PM

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Low Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.224 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.251 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 mW/g

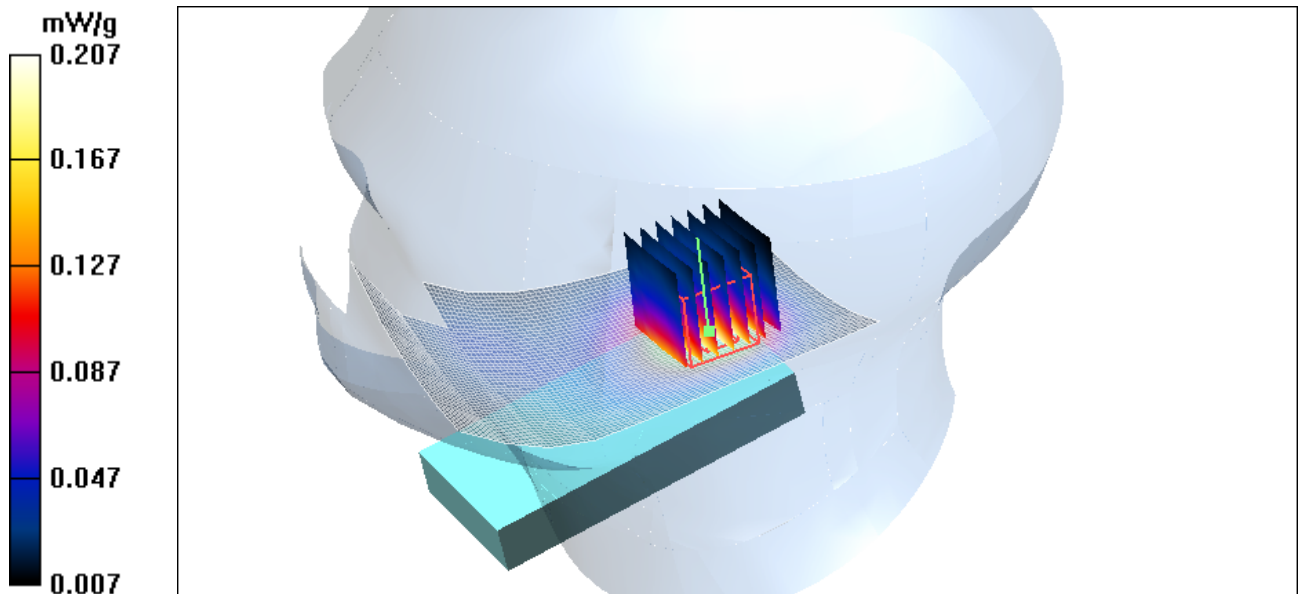


Figure 83 Right Hand Tilt 15°Close GSM 1900 Channel 512

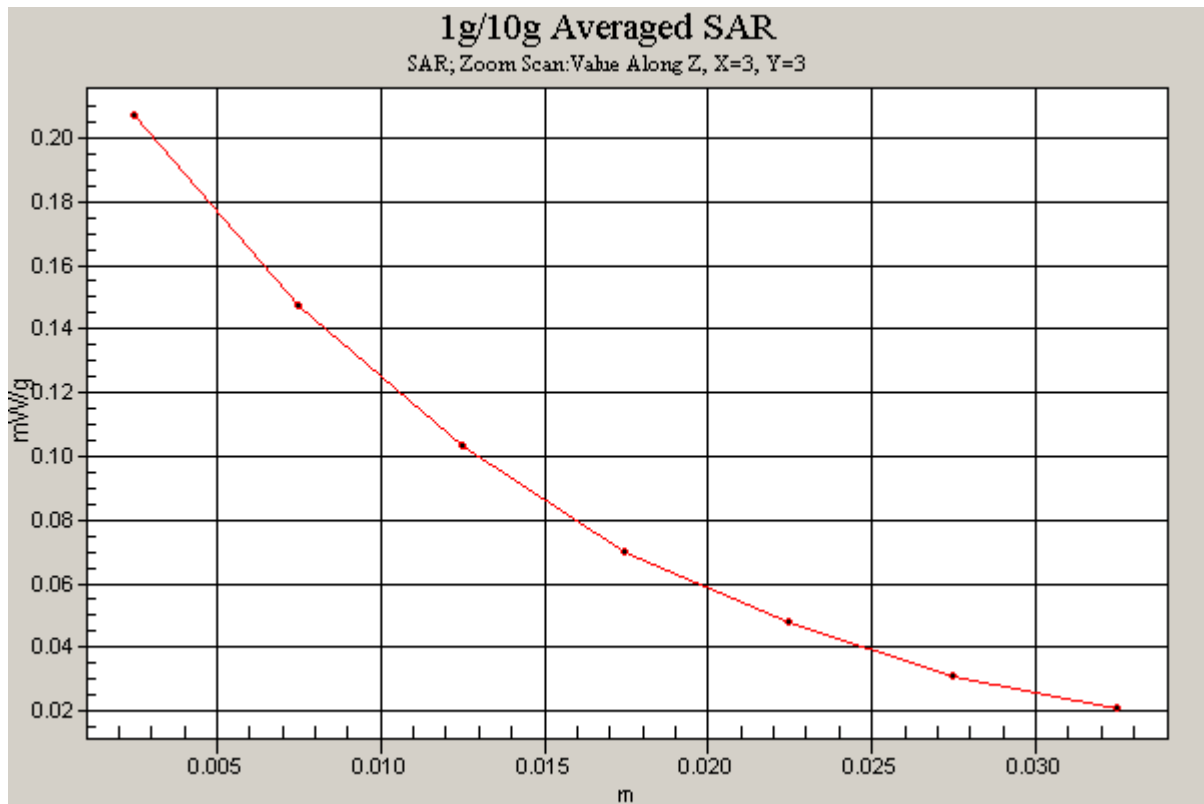


Figure 84 Z-Scan at power reference point (Right Hand Tilt 15° Close GSM 1900 Channel 512)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 9:37:15 PM

GSM 1900 Towards Ground High Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.242 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.187 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.186 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.125 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 mW/g

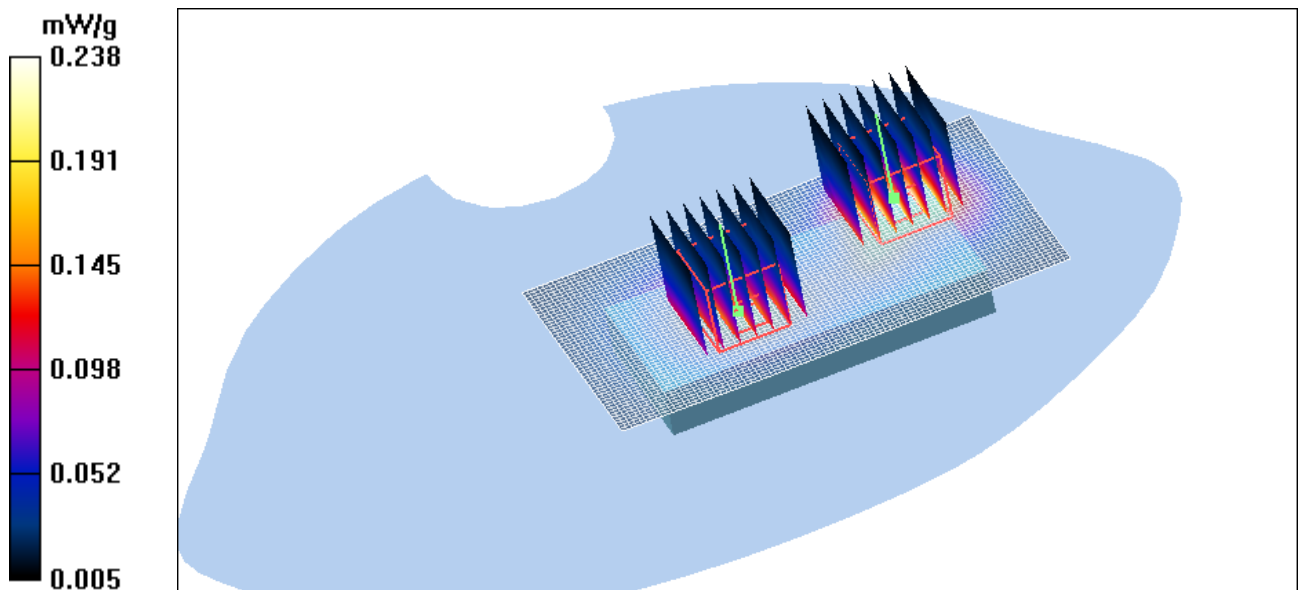


Figure 85 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 Channel 810

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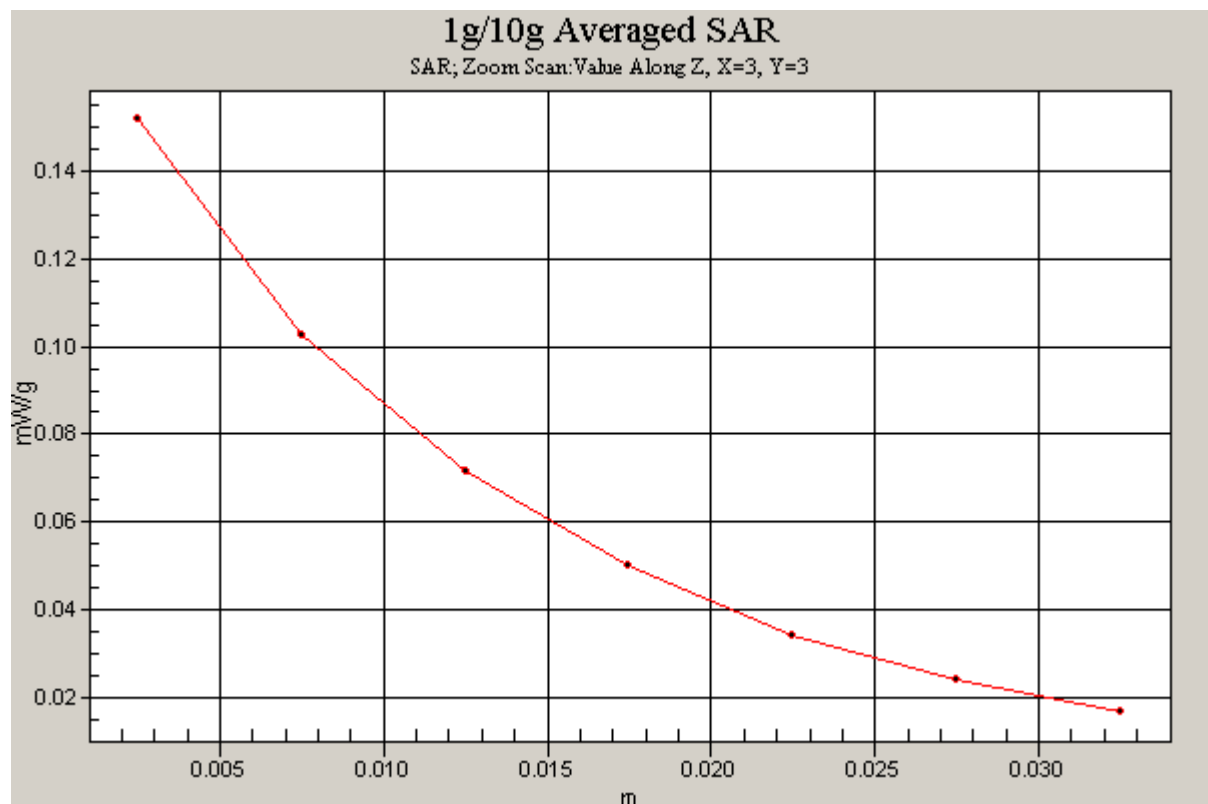
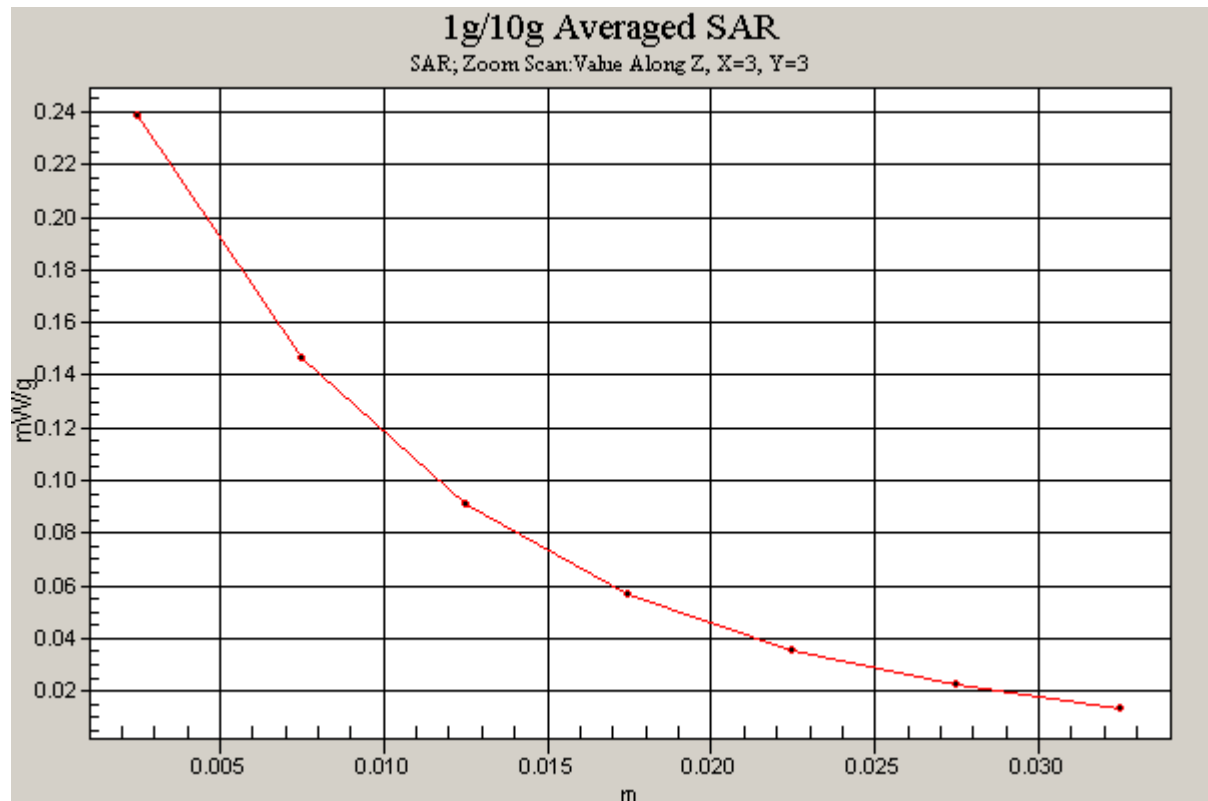


Figure 86 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 Channel 810)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 10:11:04 PM

GSM 1900 Towards Ground Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.275 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.222 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.151 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.180 mW/g

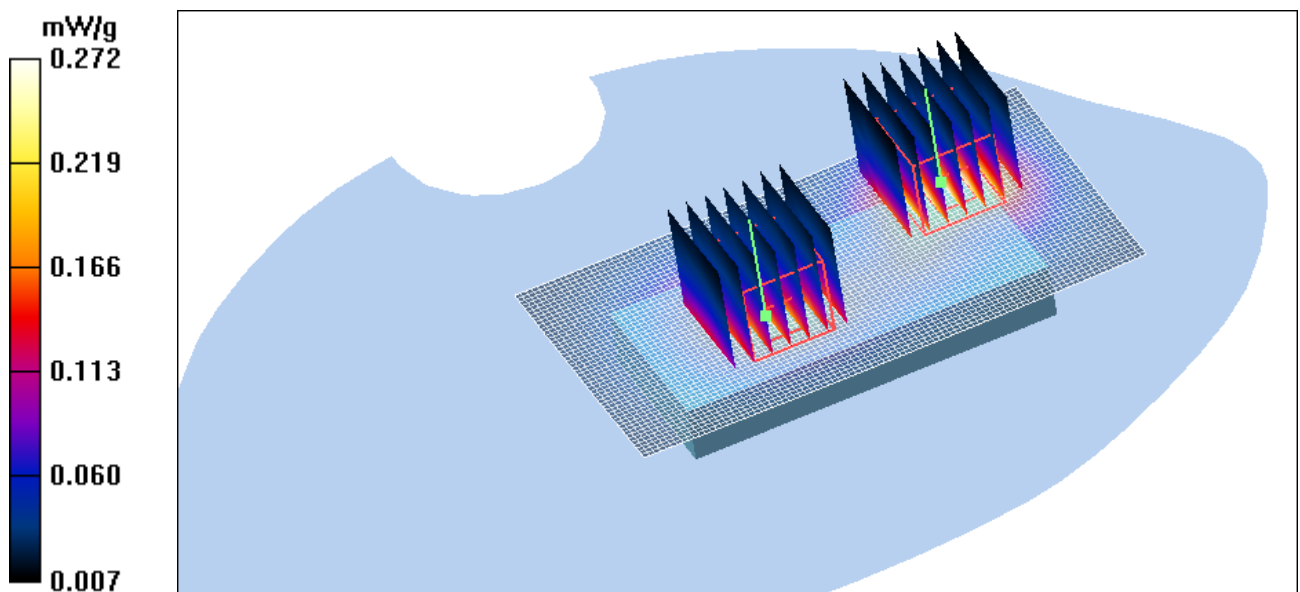


Figure 87 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 Channel 661

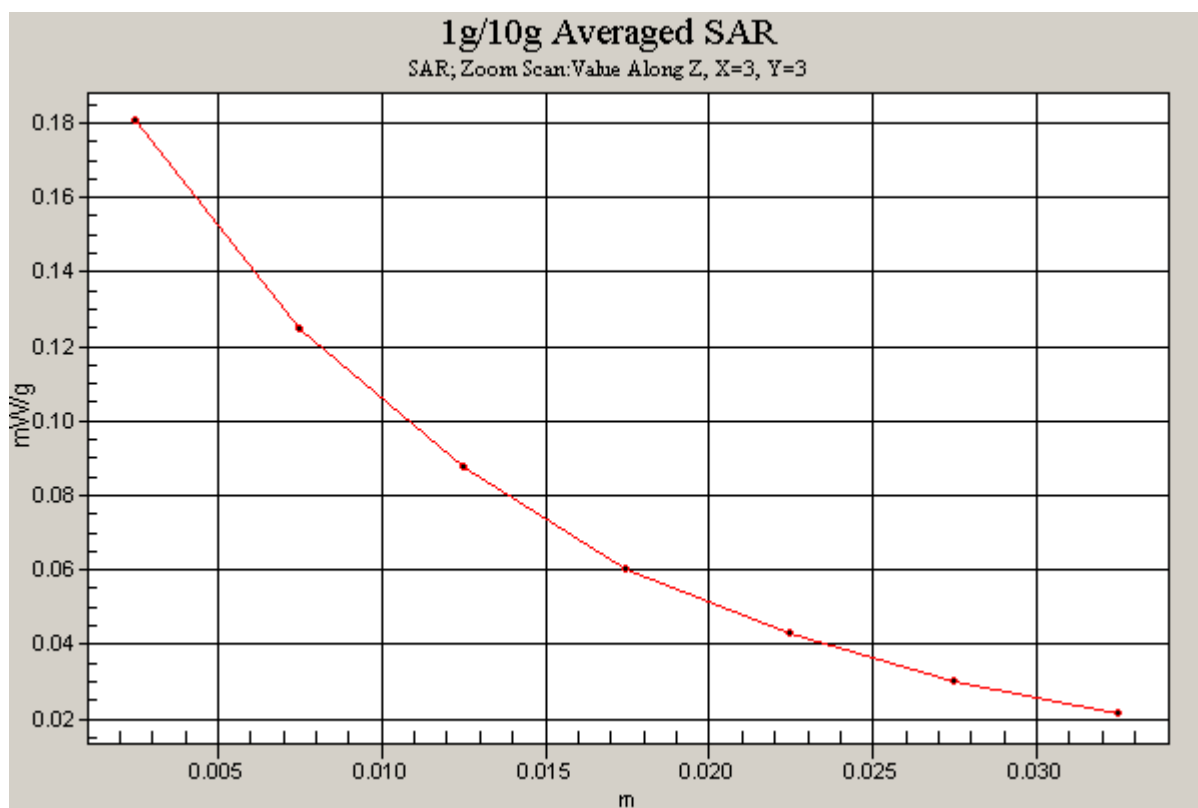
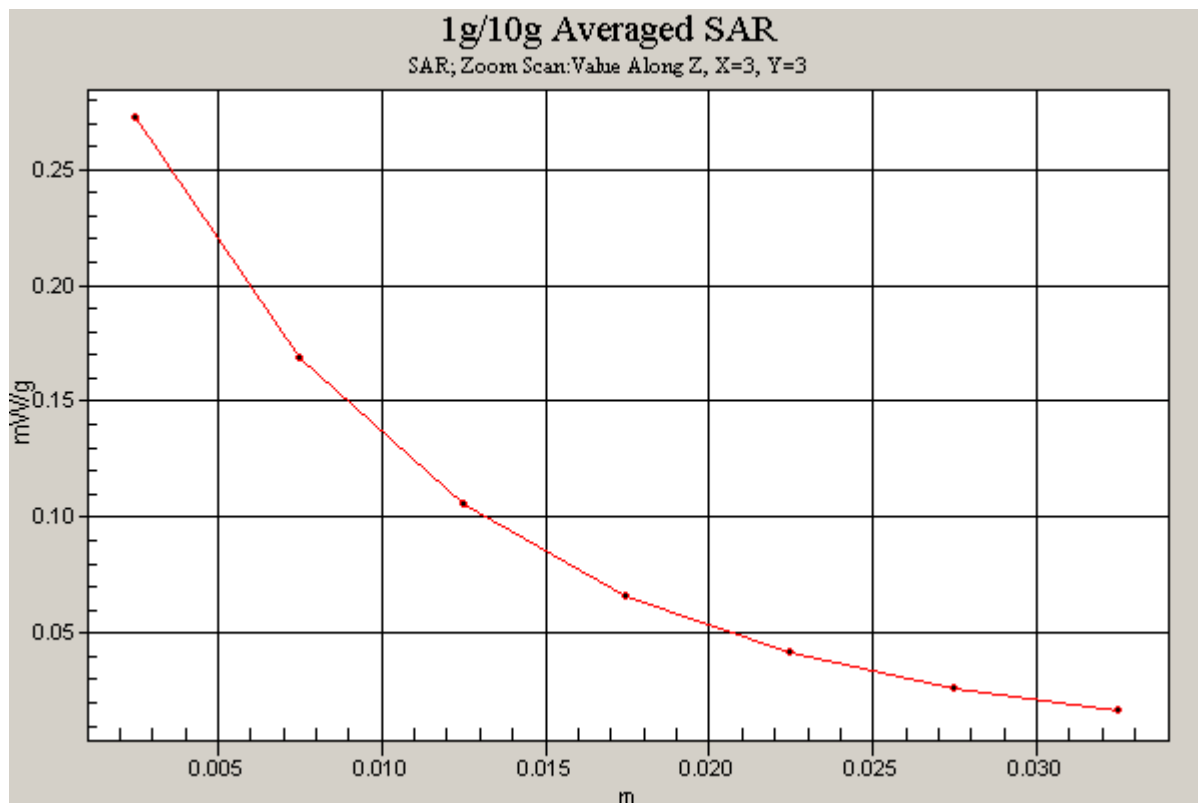


Figure 88 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 10:45:58 PM

GSM 1900 Towards Ground Low Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.255 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.201 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 mW/g

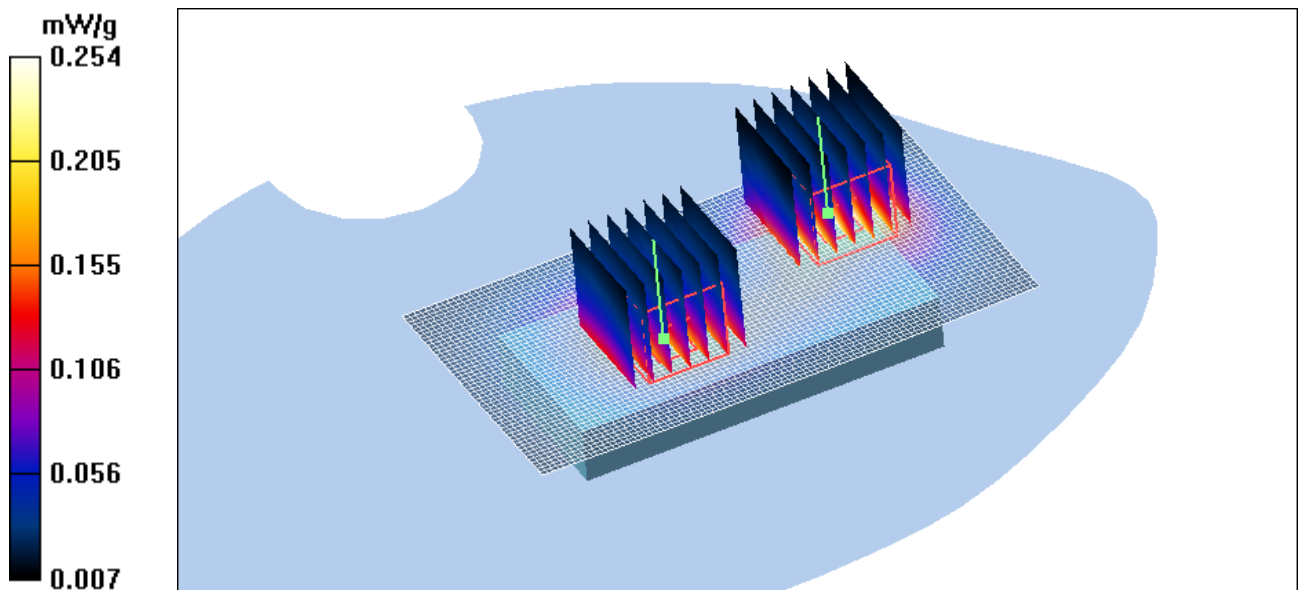


Figure 89 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 Channel 512

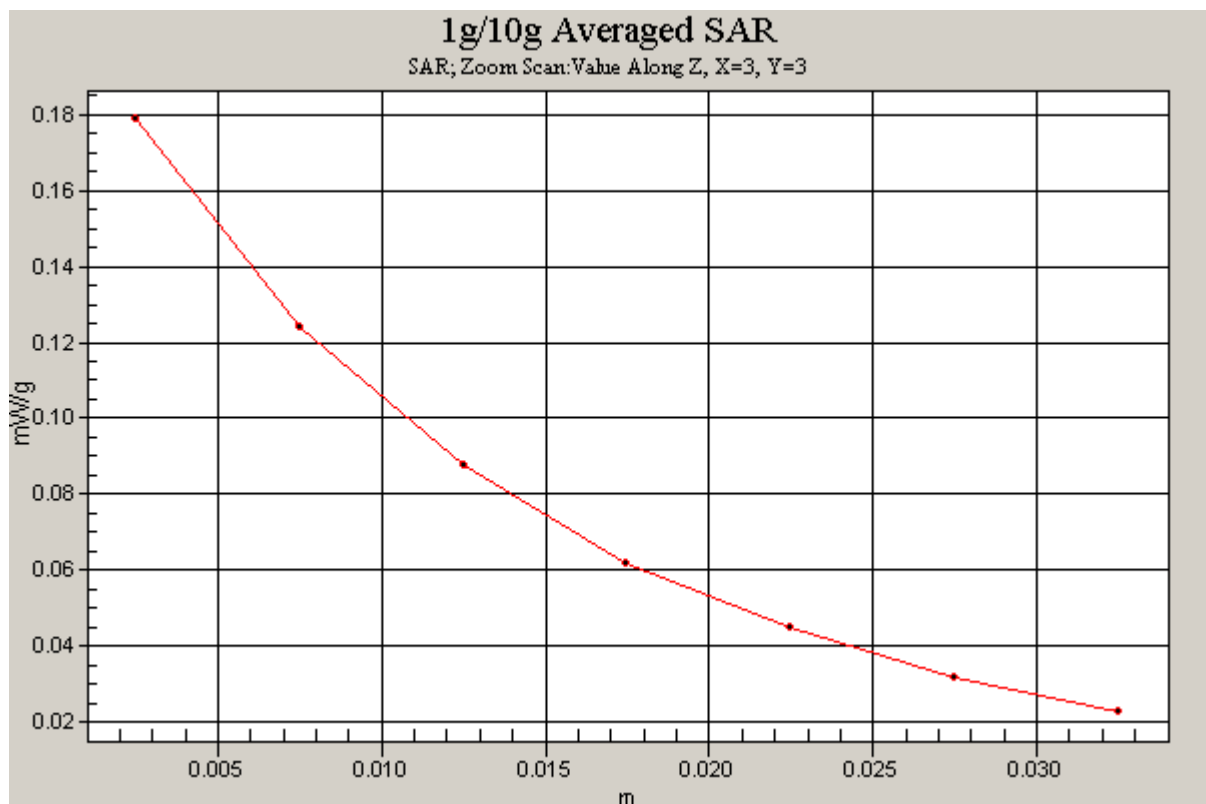
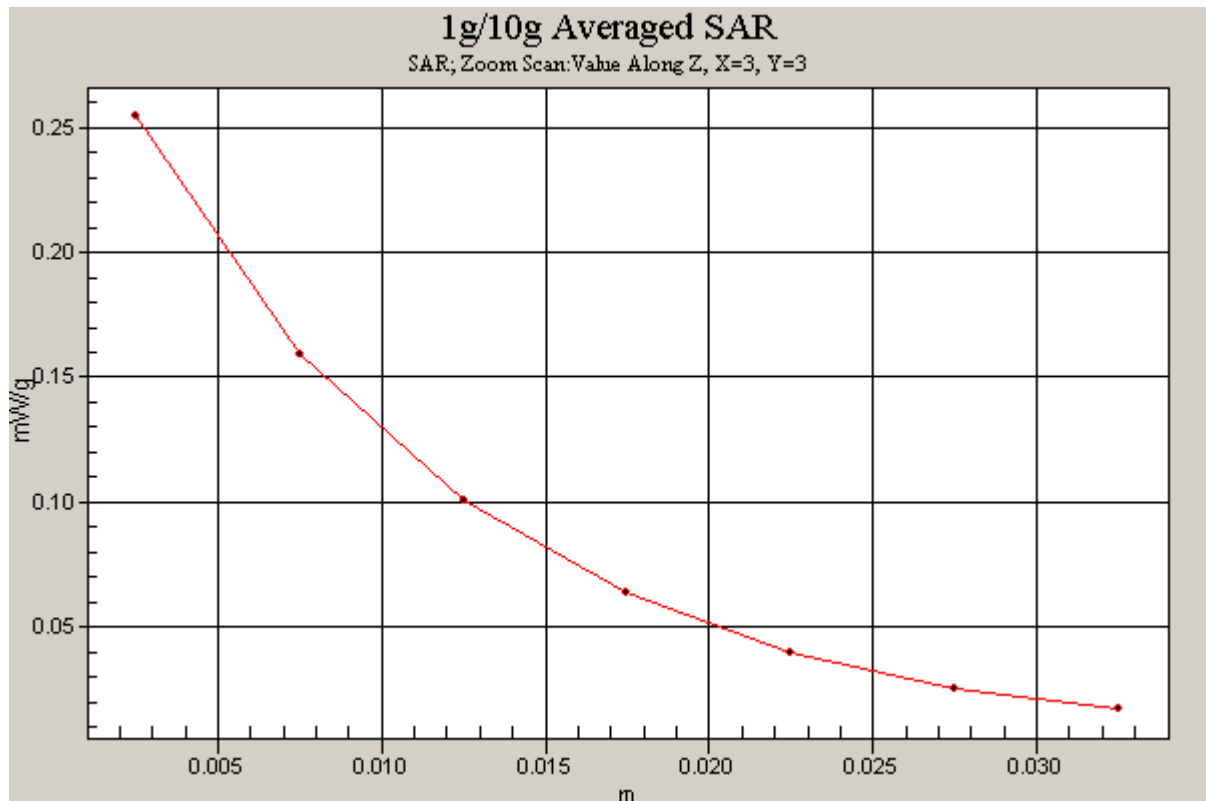


Figure 90 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 Channel 512)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 11:17:00 PM

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom High Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.083 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.099 mW/g

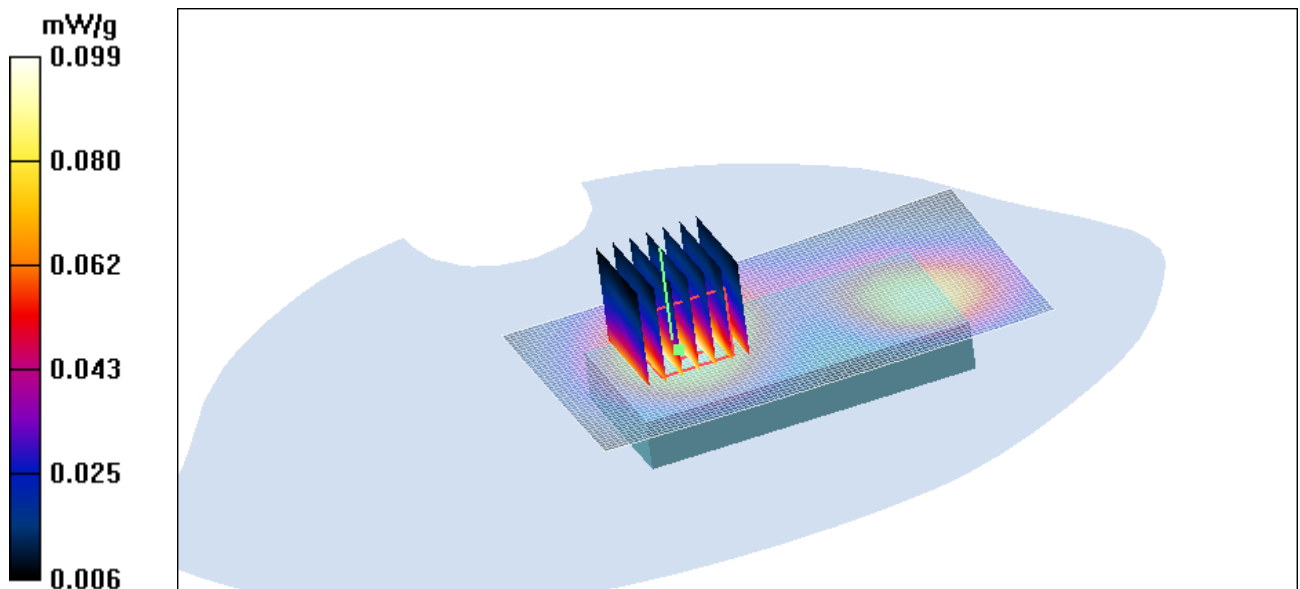


Figure 91 Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 Channel 810

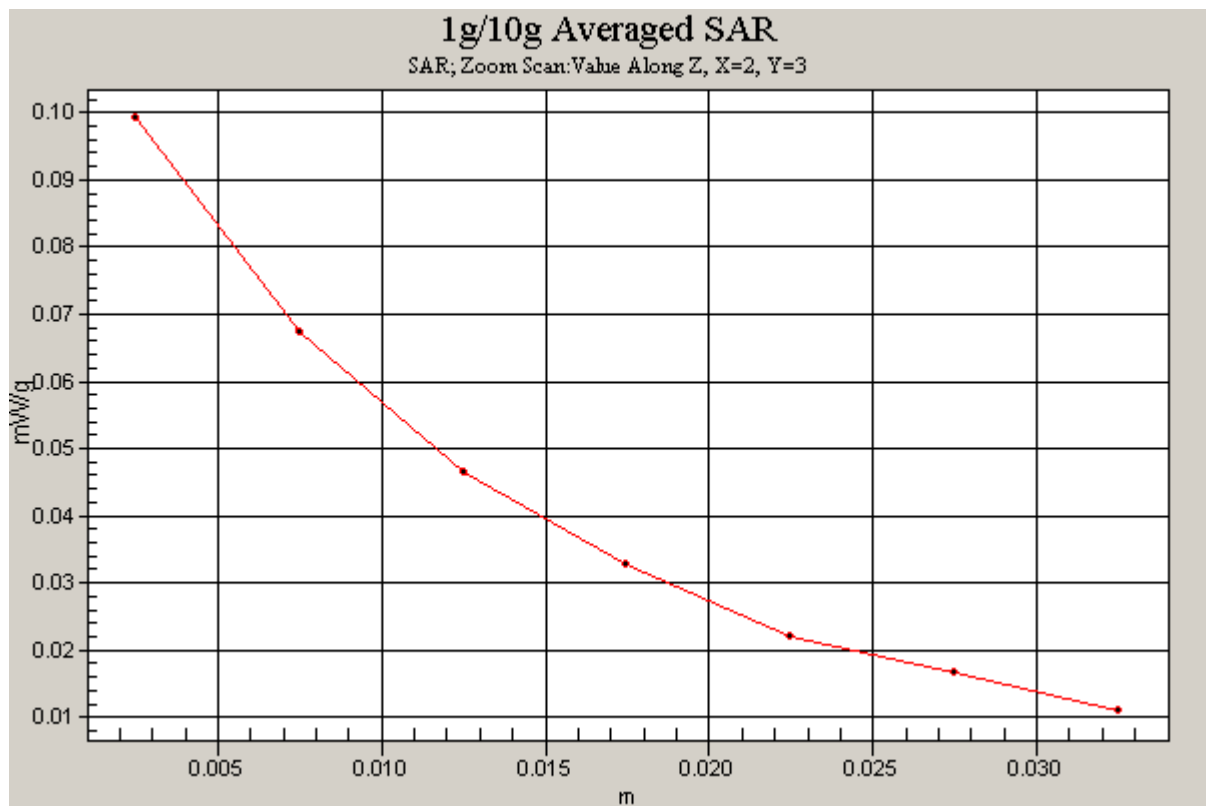


Figure 92 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 Channel 810)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 11:36:29 PM

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 mW/g

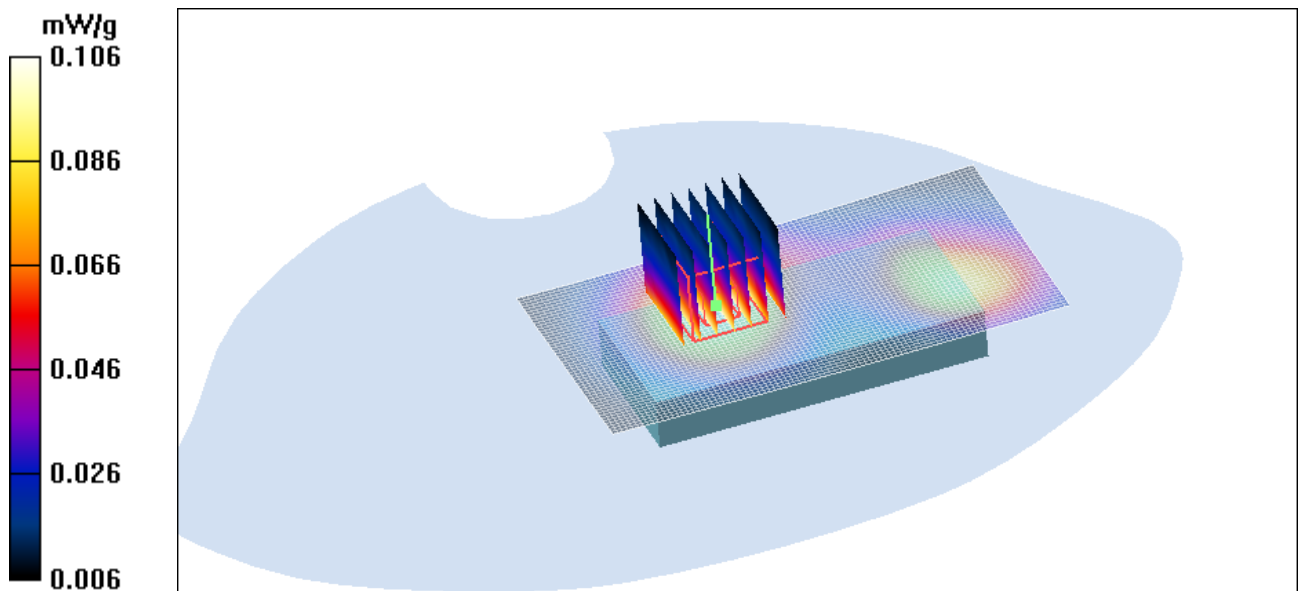


Figure 93 Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 Channel 661

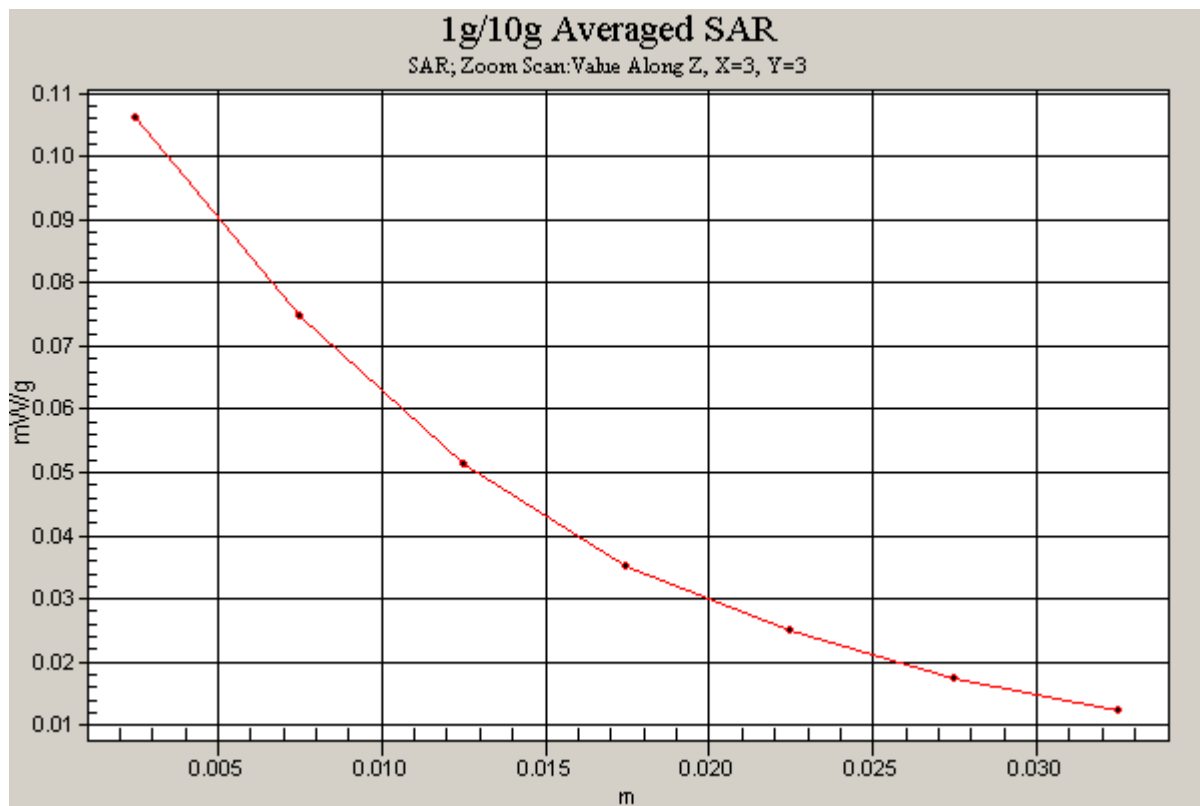


Figure 94 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/4/2009 11:57:03 PM

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom Low Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.096 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.115 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g

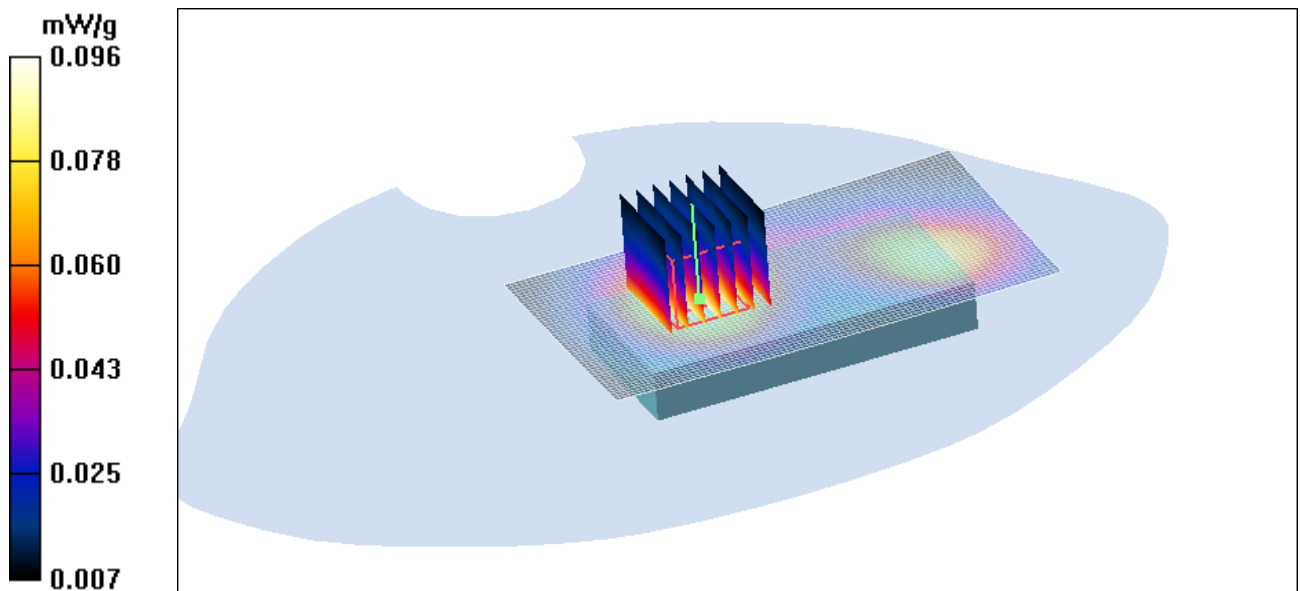


Figure 95 Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 Channel 512

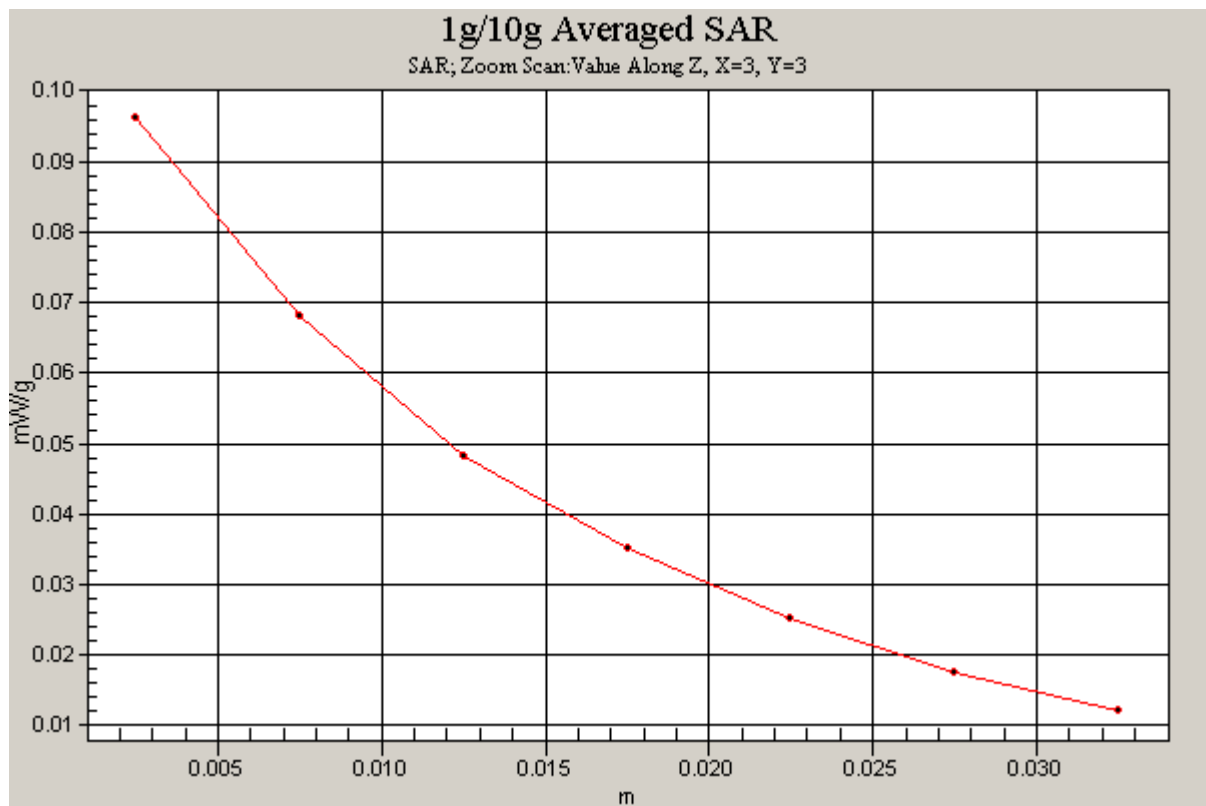


Figure 96 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 Channel 512)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 0:22:59 AM

GSM 1900 Earphone Towards Ground Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.245 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.342 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.204 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 mW/g

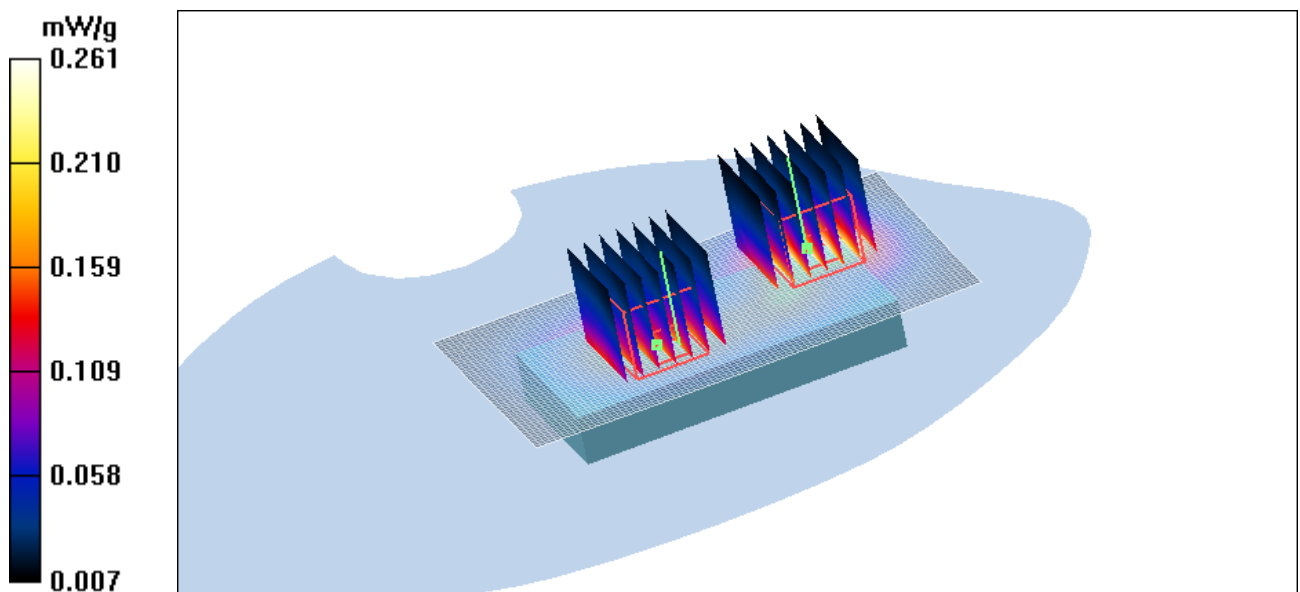


Figure 97 Body with earphone, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900, Channel 661

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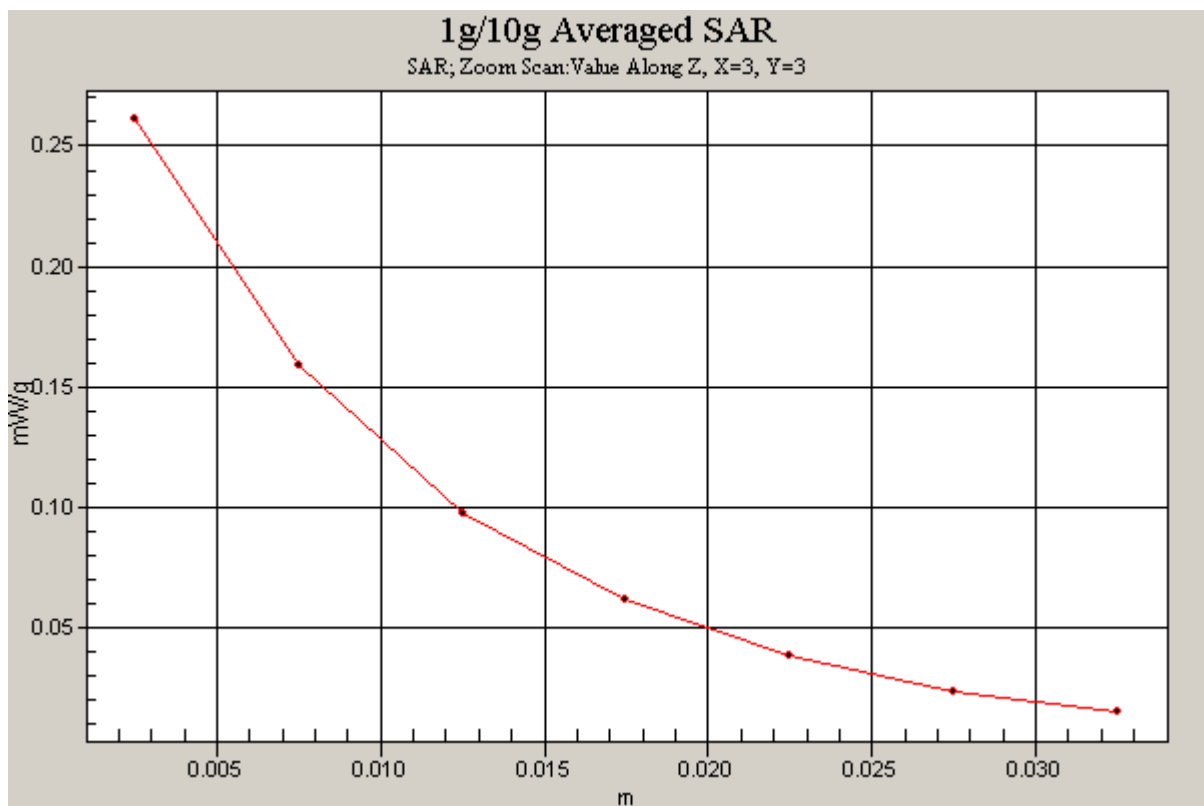
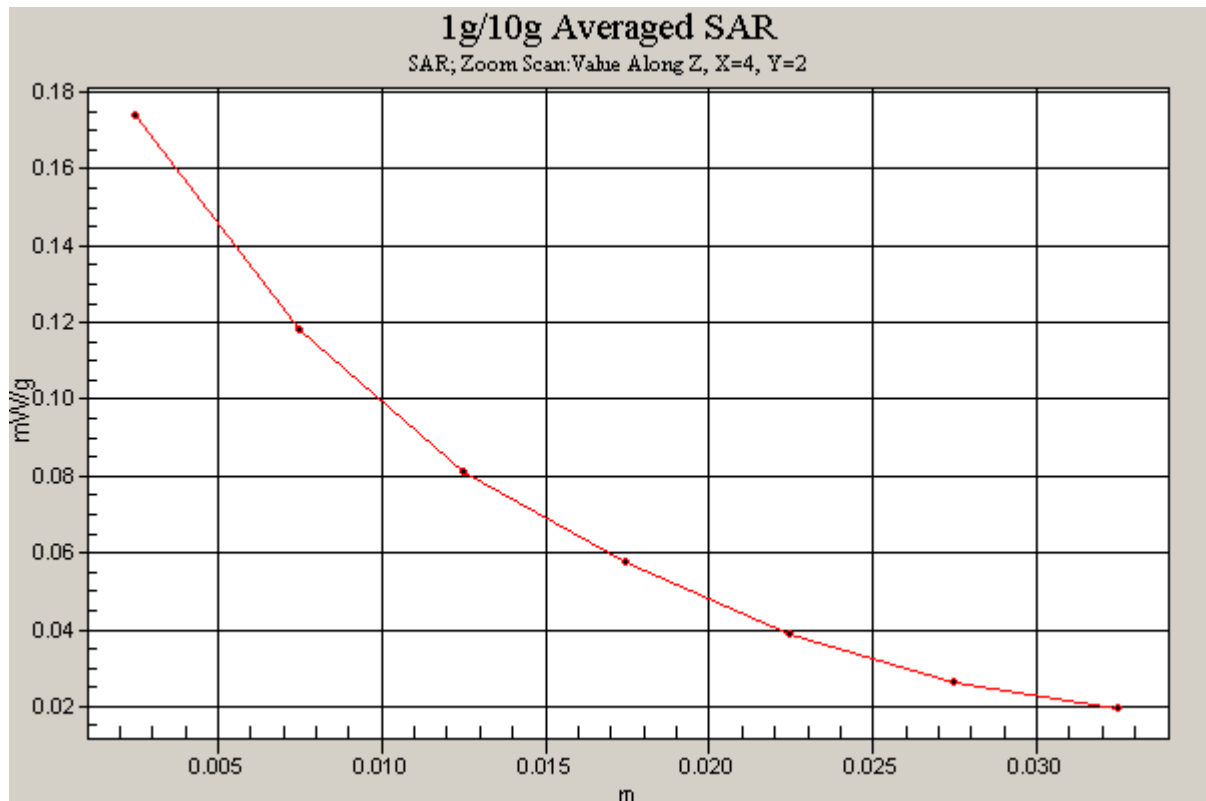


Figure 98 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body with earphone, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900, Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 1:17:59 AM

GSM 1900 GPRS Towards Ground High Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.562 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.737 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.417 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.539 mW/g

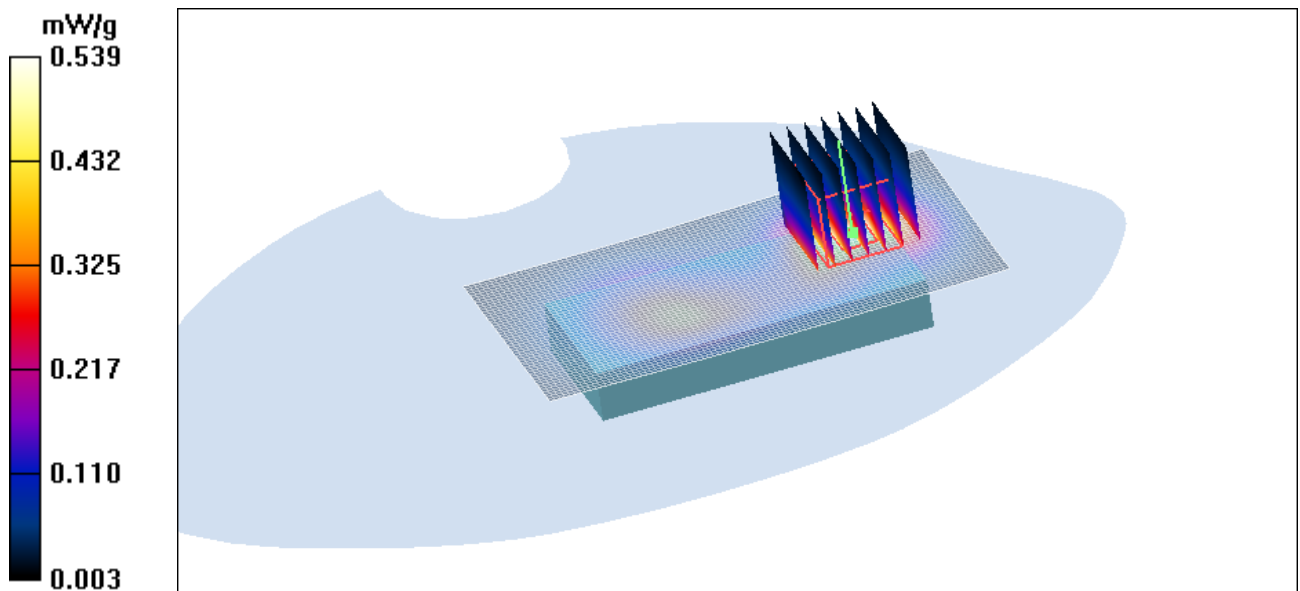


Figure 99 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 GPRS, Channel 810

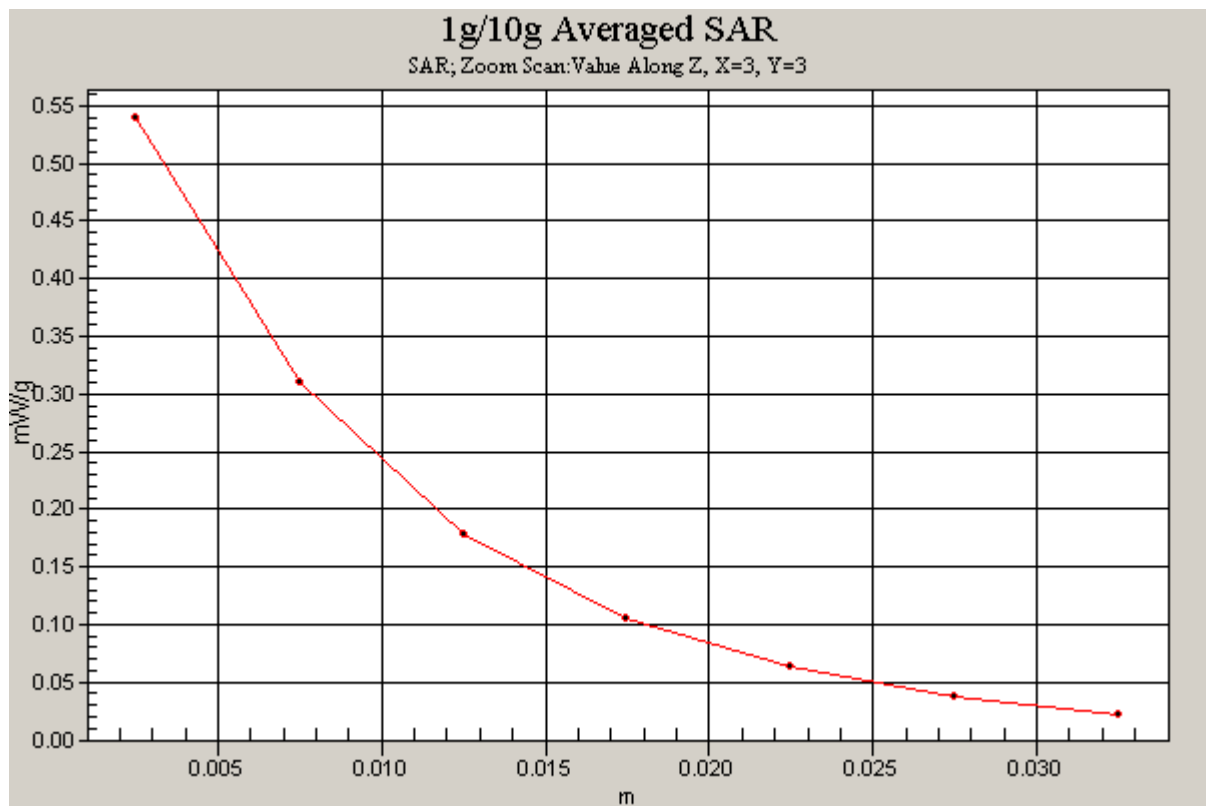


Figure 100 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 GPRS, Channel 810)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 1:36:42 AM

GSM 1900 GPRS Towards Ground Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.663 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.867 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.489 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g

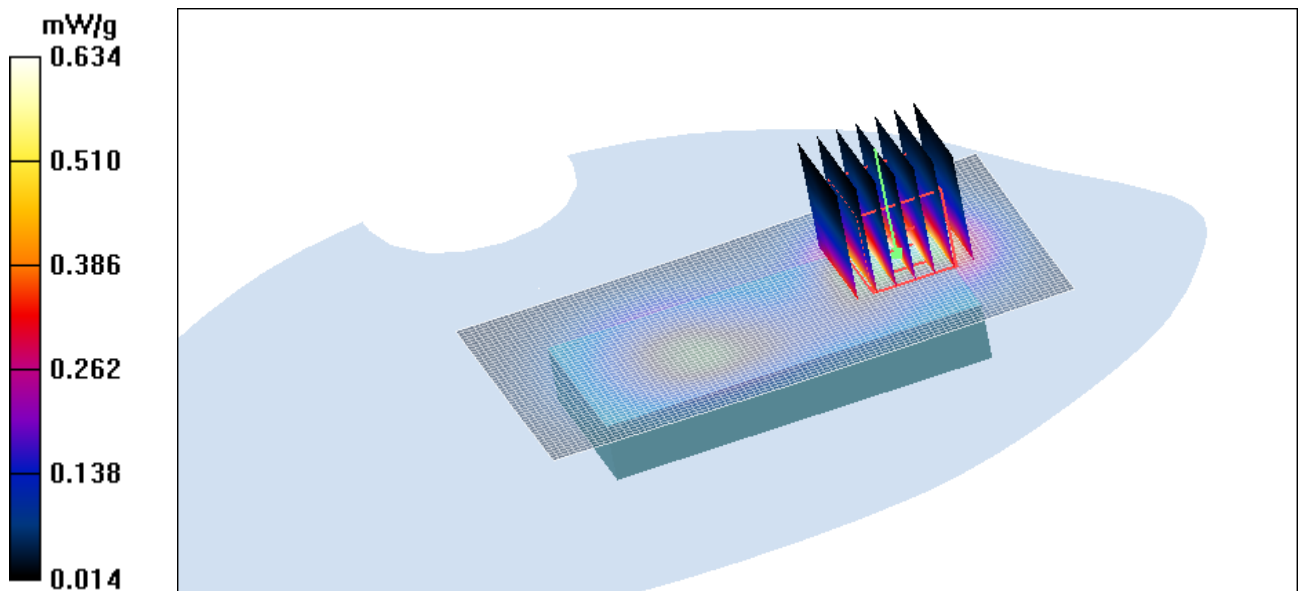


Figure 101 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 661

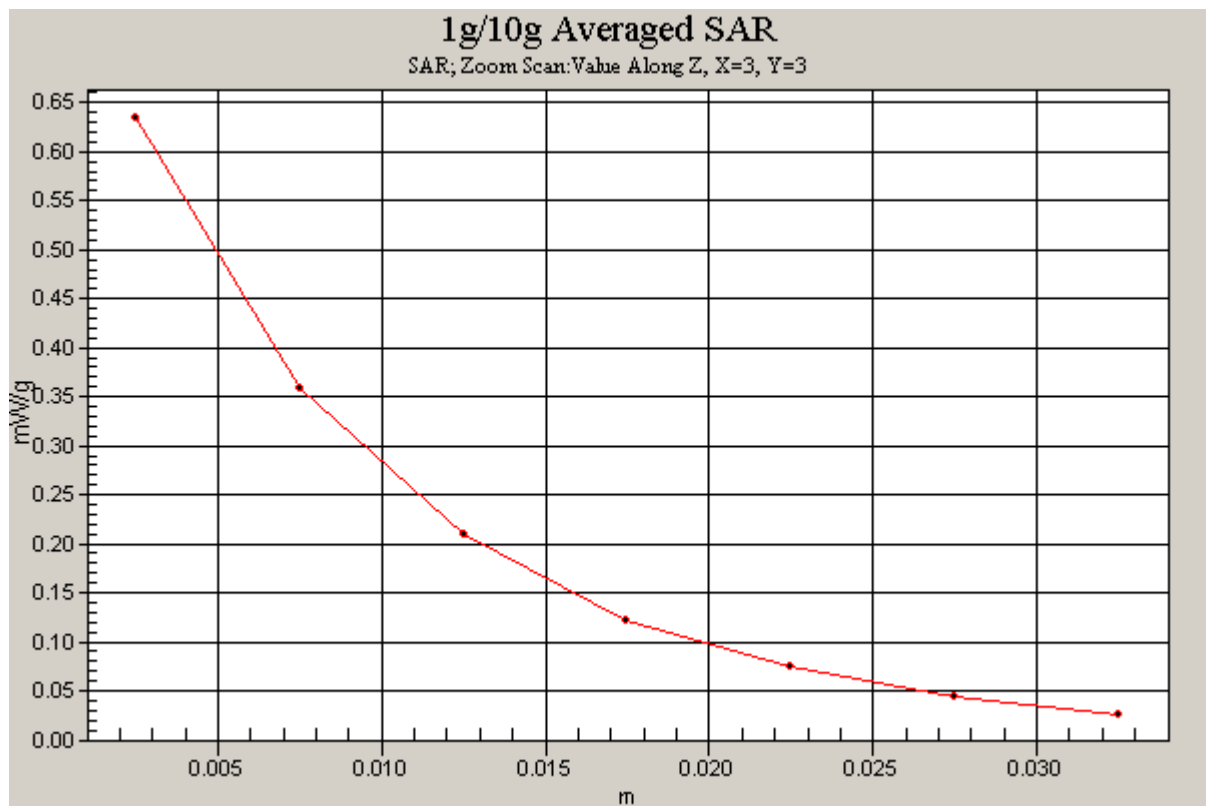


Figure 102 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 1:57:24 AM

GSM 1900 GPRS Towards Ground Low Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.603 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.459 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 mW/g

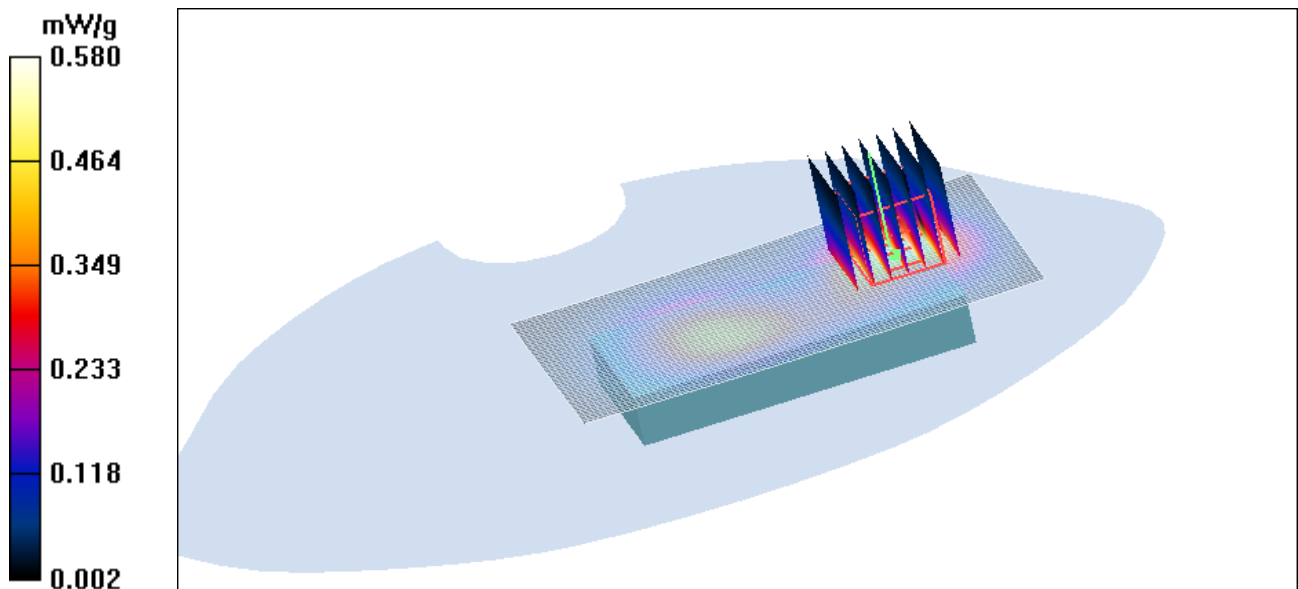


Figure 103 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 512

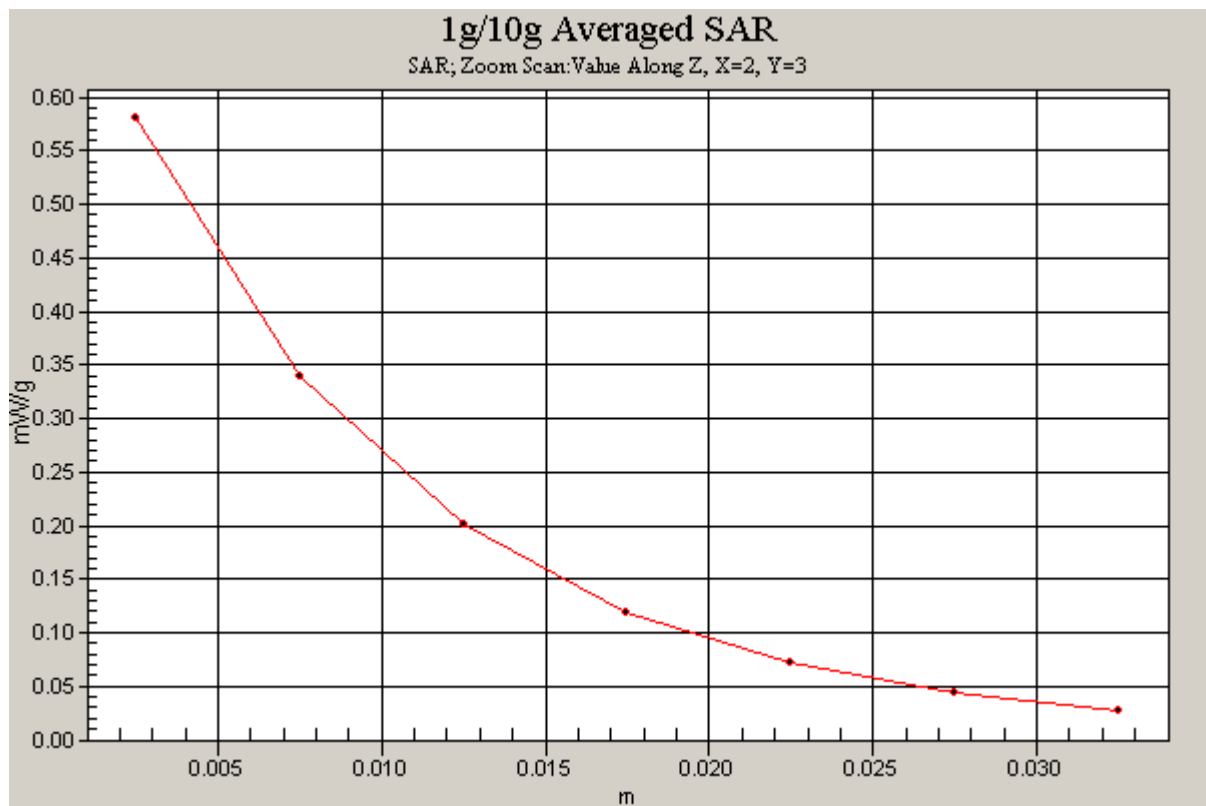


Figure 104 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 512)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 2:22:29 AM

GSM 1900 GPRS Towards Phantom High Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.225 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.155 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g

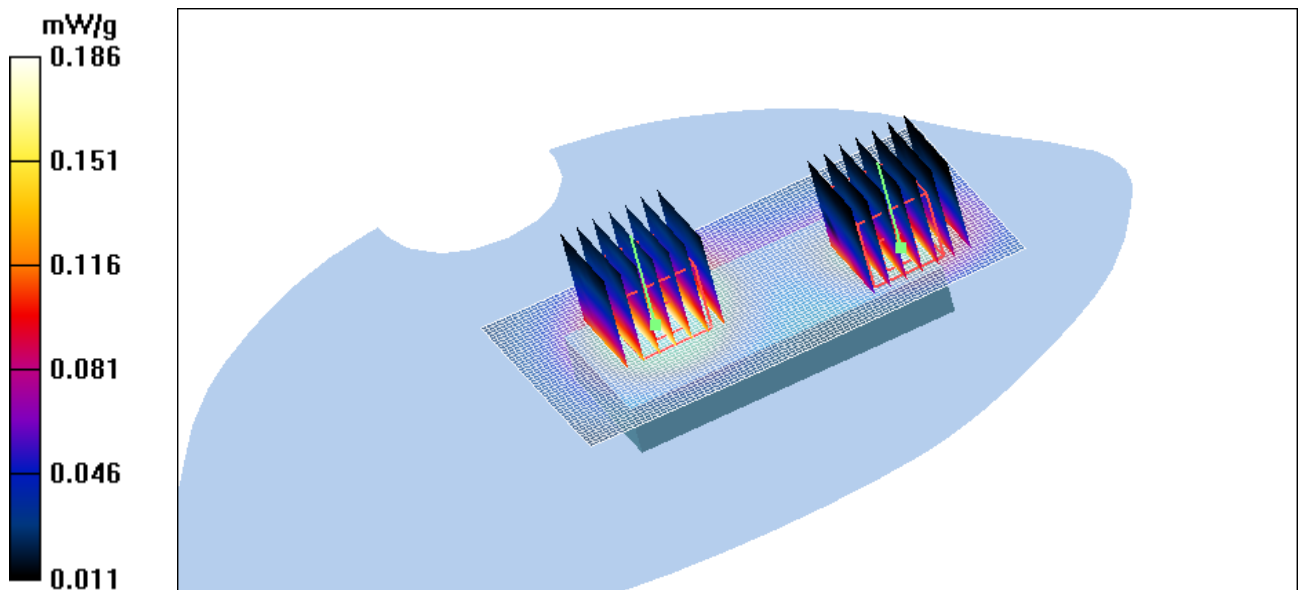


Figure 105 Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 GPRS, Channel 810

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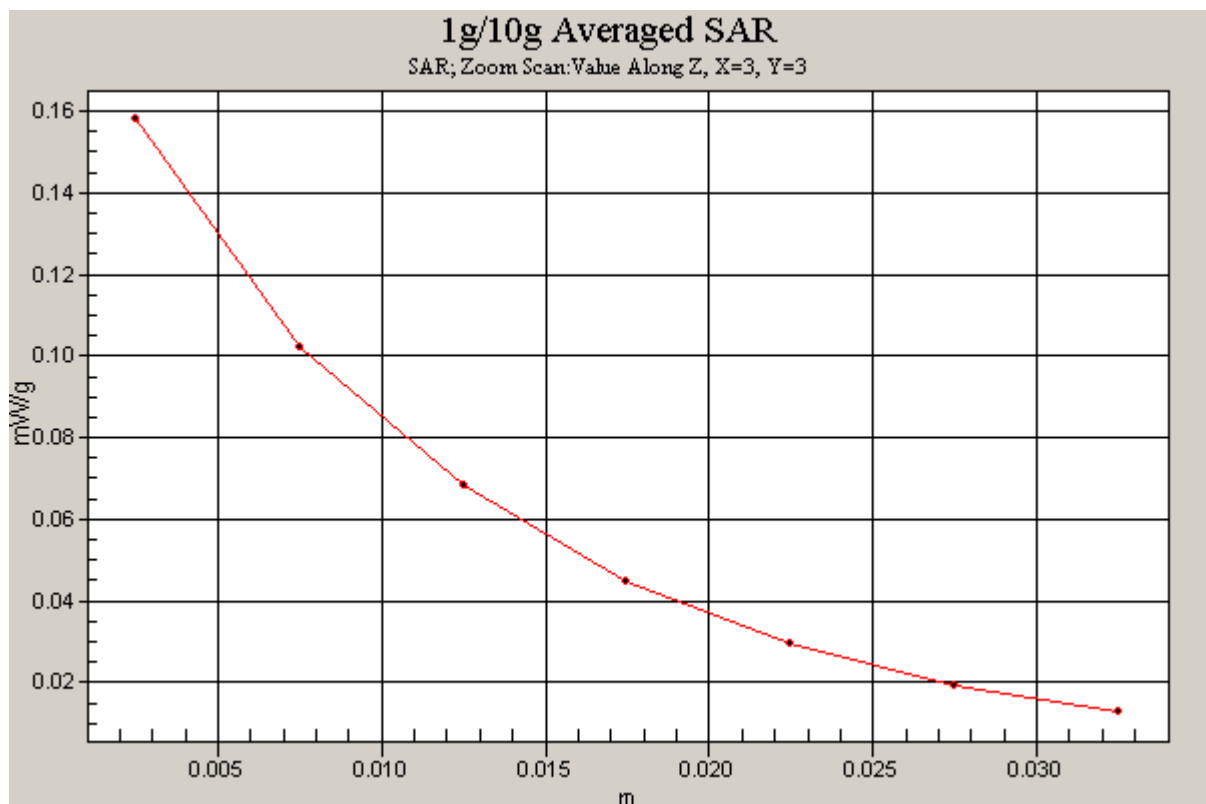
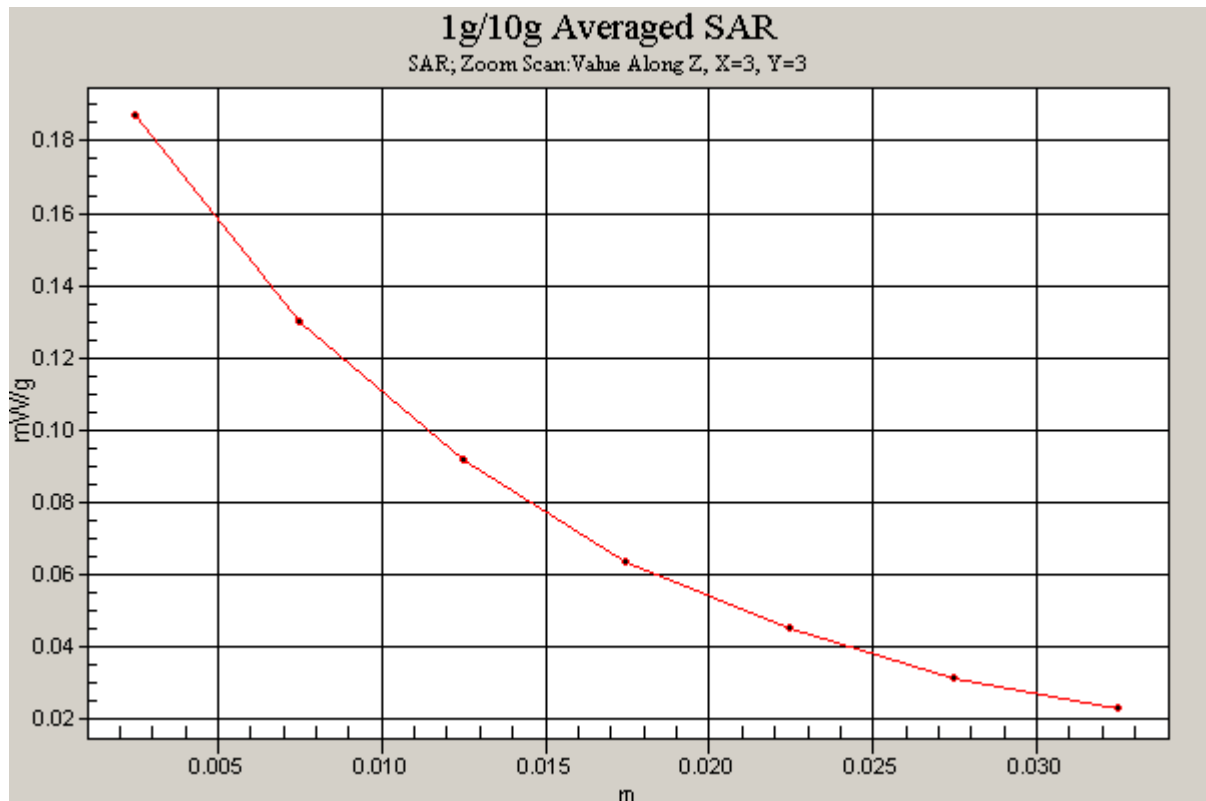


Figure 106 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 GPRS, Channel 810)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 2:43:01 AM

GSM 1900 GPRS Towards Phantom Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.248 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g

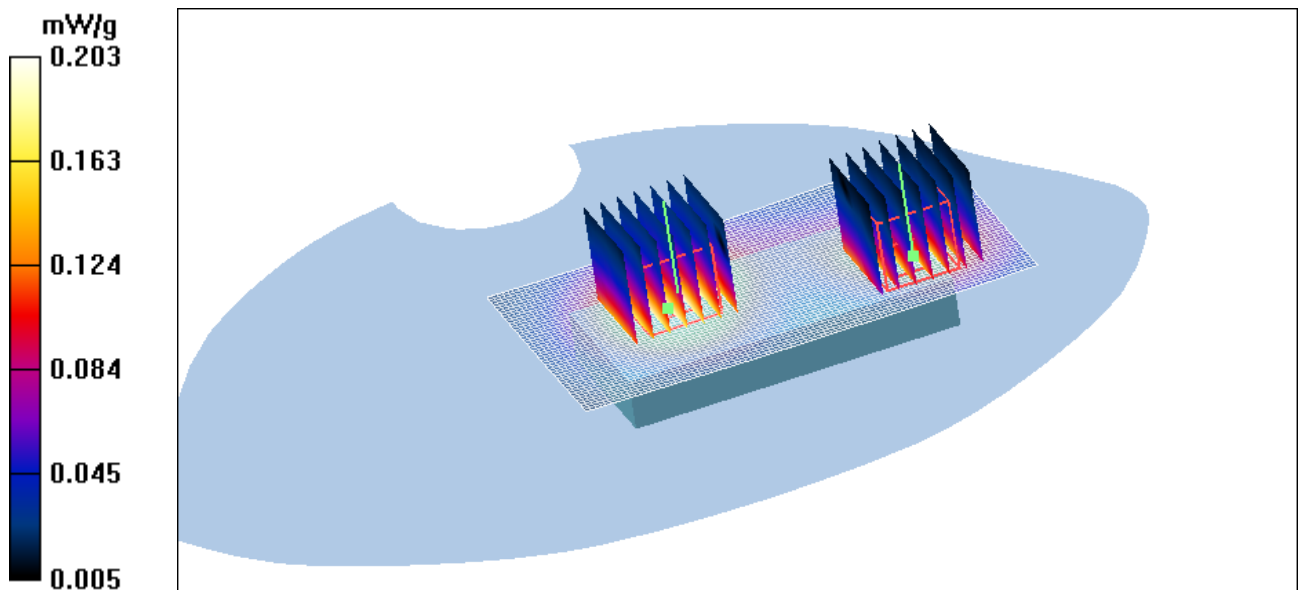


Figure 107 Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 661

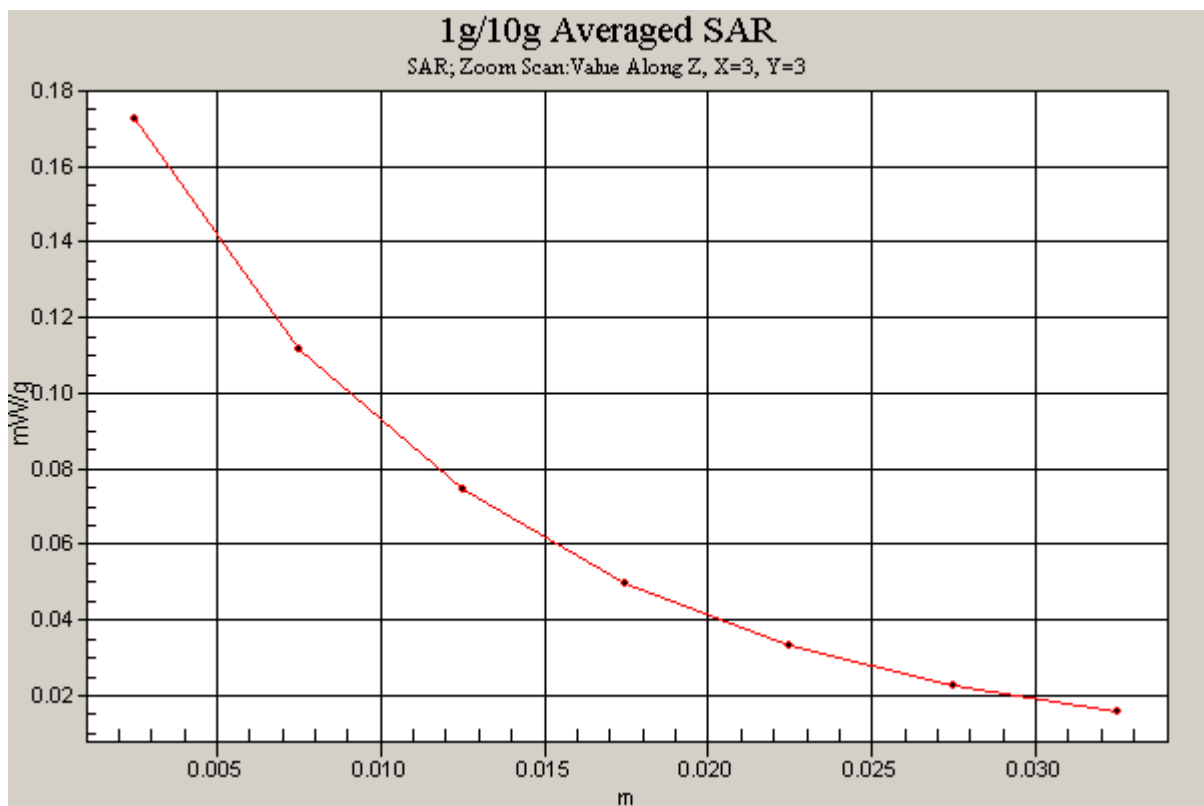
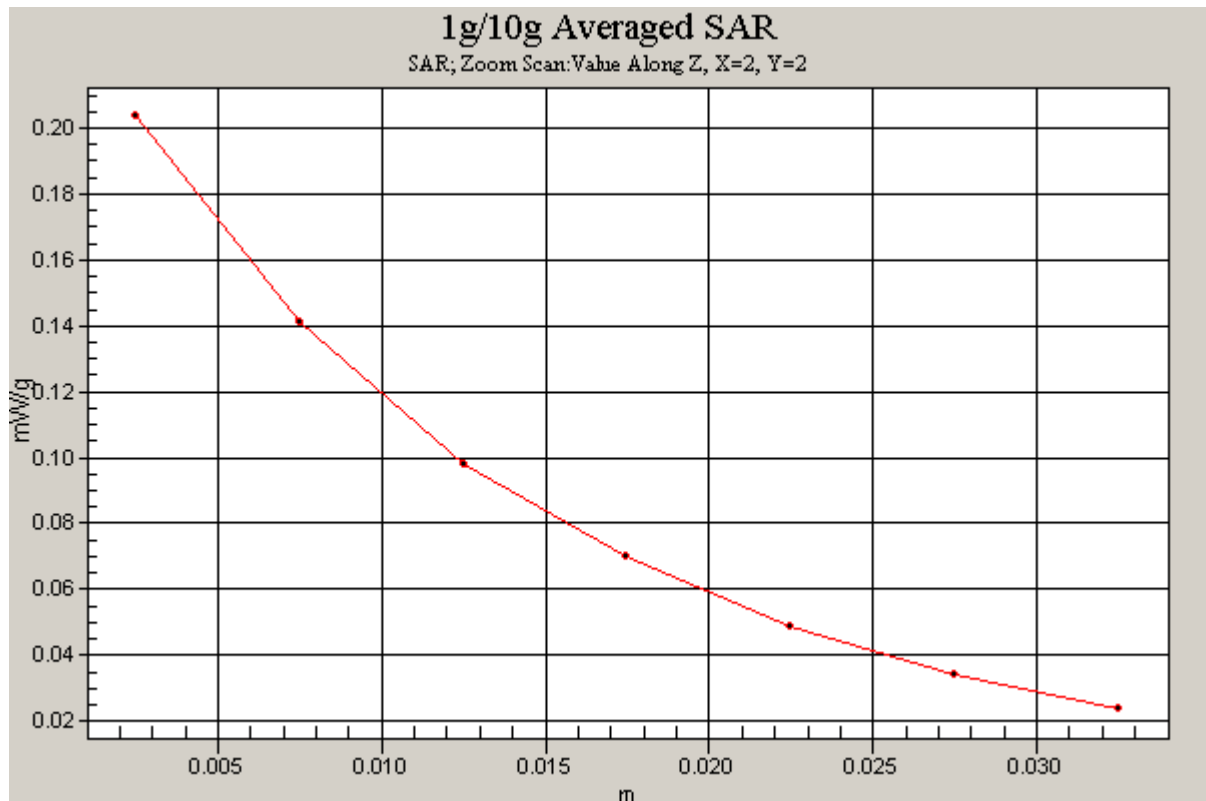


Figure 108 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 661)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 3:02:18 AM

GSM 1900 GPRS Towards Phantom Low Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.181 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.187 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 mW/g

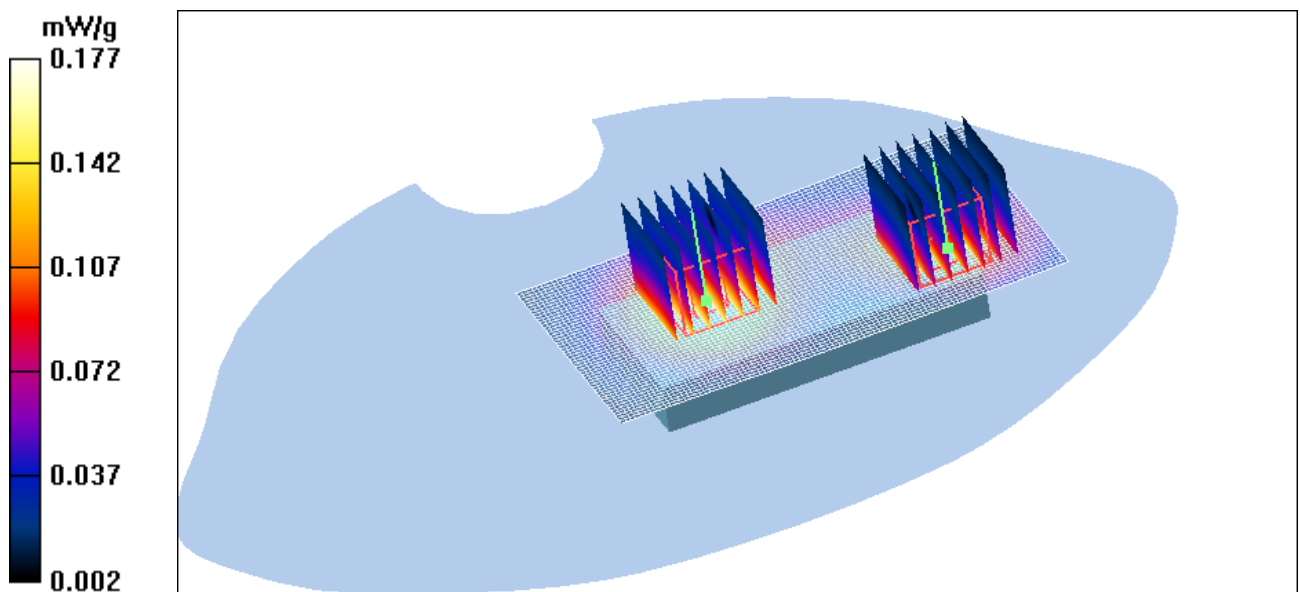


Figure 109 Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 512

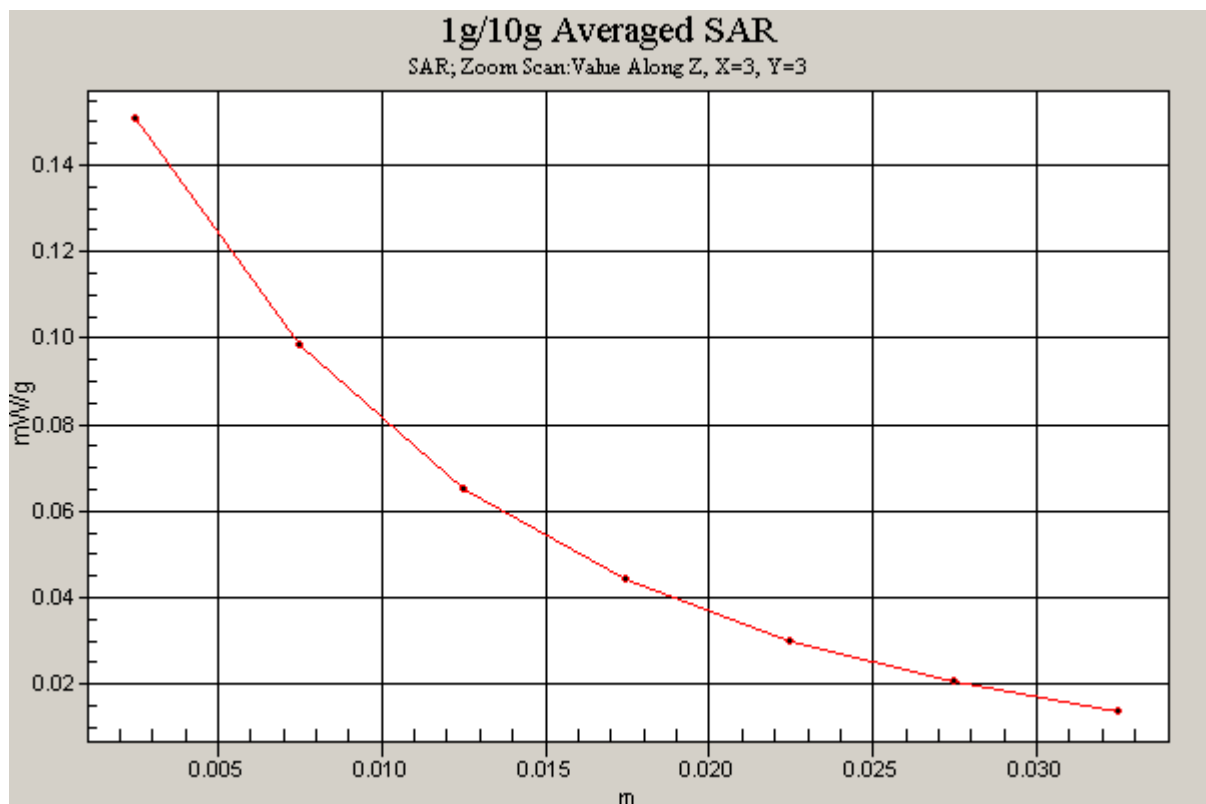
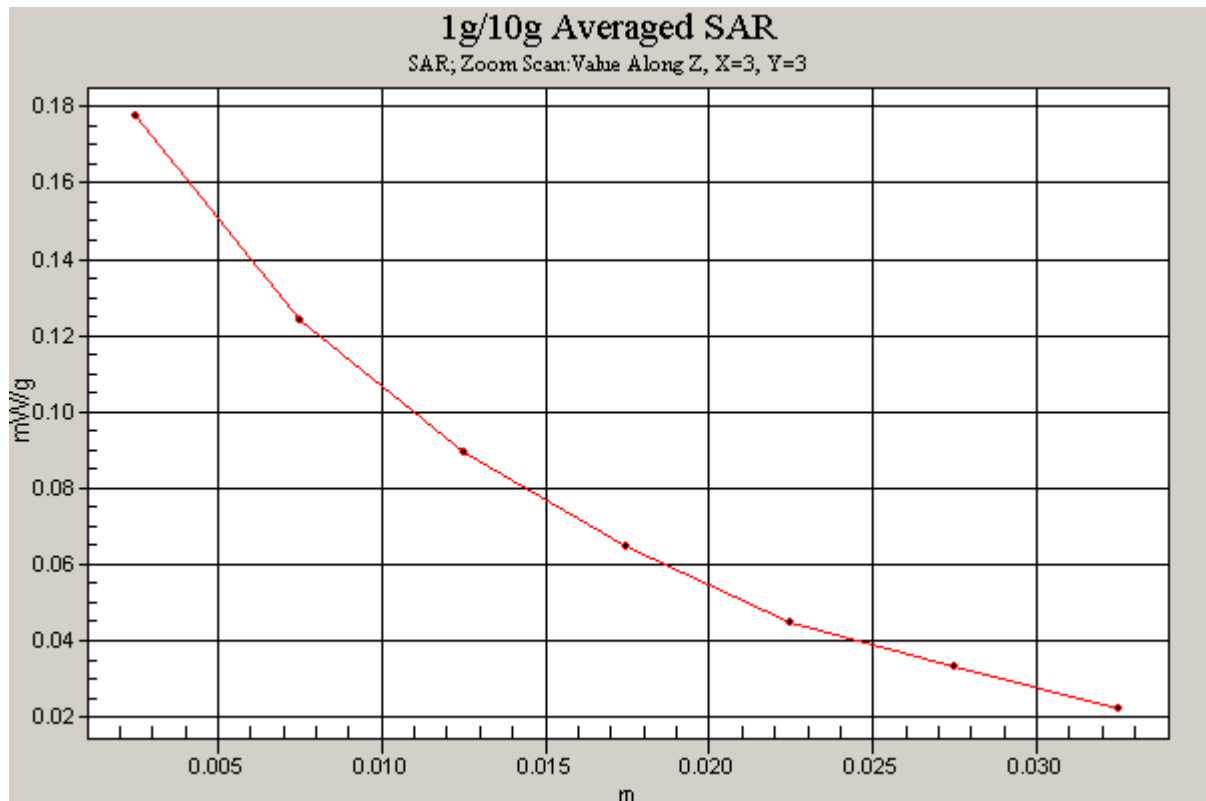


Figure 110 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Phantom, Close GSM 1900 GPRS Channel 512)

Date/Time: 3/5/2009 3:35:05 AM

GSM 1900 EGPRS Towards Ground Middle Close

Communication System: GSM 1900+EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3660; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 9/3/2008
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn452; Calibrated: 11/18/2008
- Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.131 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.204 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.131 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 mW/g

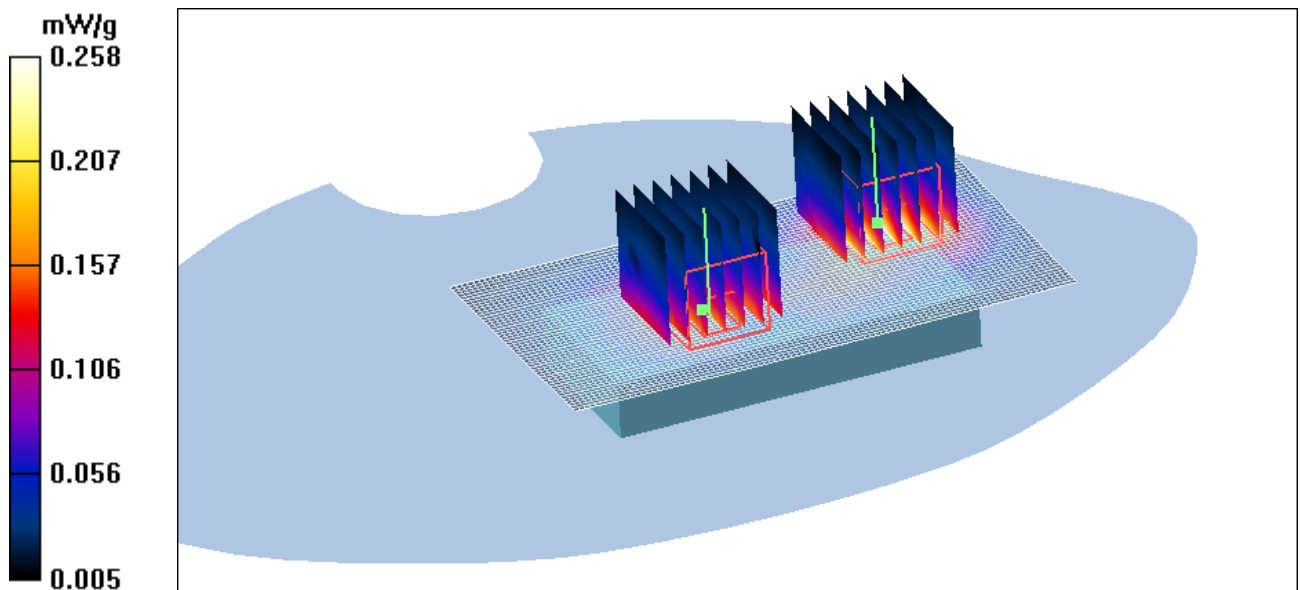


Figure 111 Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 EGPRS Channel 661

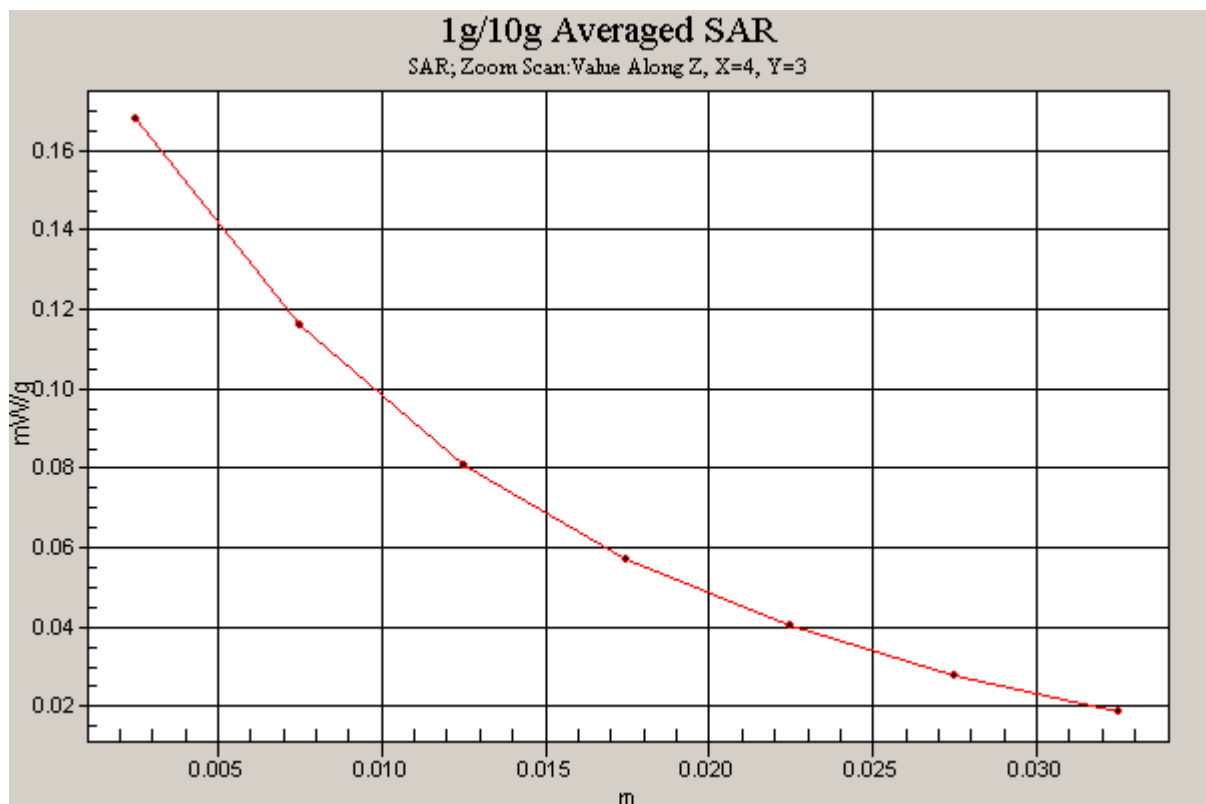
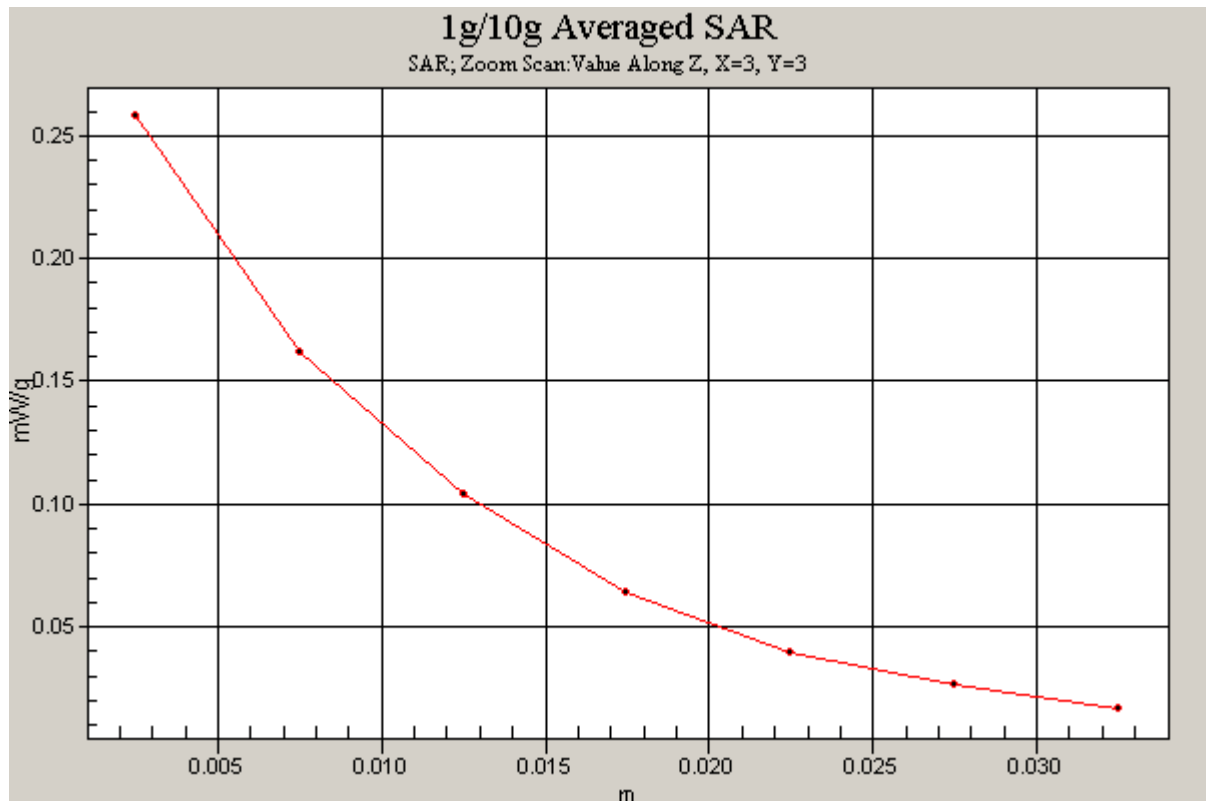


Figure 112 Z-Scan at power reference point (Body, Towards Ground, Close GSM 1900 EGPRS Channel 661)

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ANNEX D: PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client TA (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3660_Sep08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3660

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: September 3, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 860	3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)	Sep-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature
Approved by:	Name Fin Bornhoit	Function R&D Director	Signature

Issued: September 3, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3660_Sep08

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3660

Manufactured:	April 29, 2008
Calibrated:	September 3, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3660

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	0.44 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	88 mV
NormY	0.42 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	85 mV
NormZ	0.45 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	89 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR ₉₀ [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.5	5.2
SAR ₉₀ [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.4	0.1

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR ₉₀ [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.6	3.8
SAR ₉₀ [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 1.0 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

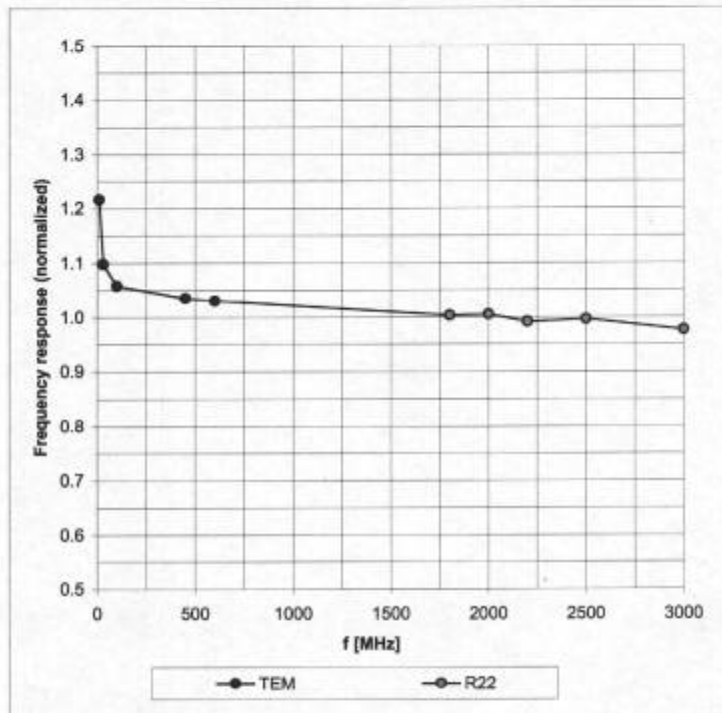
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

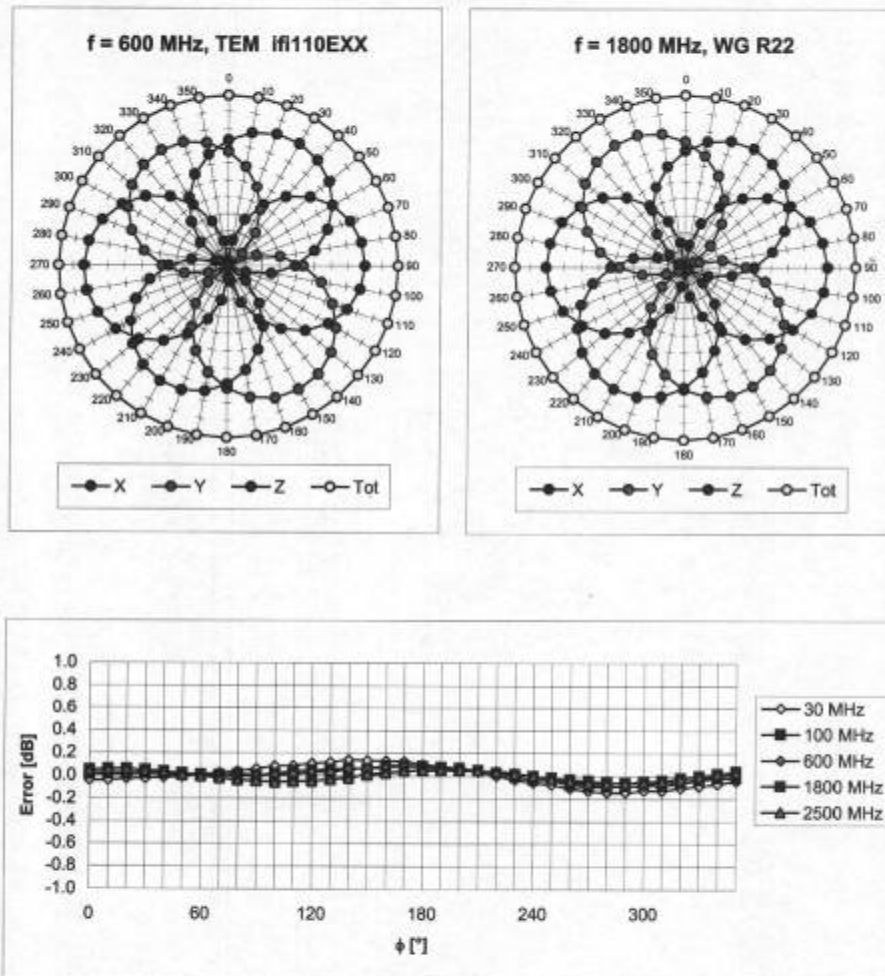


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

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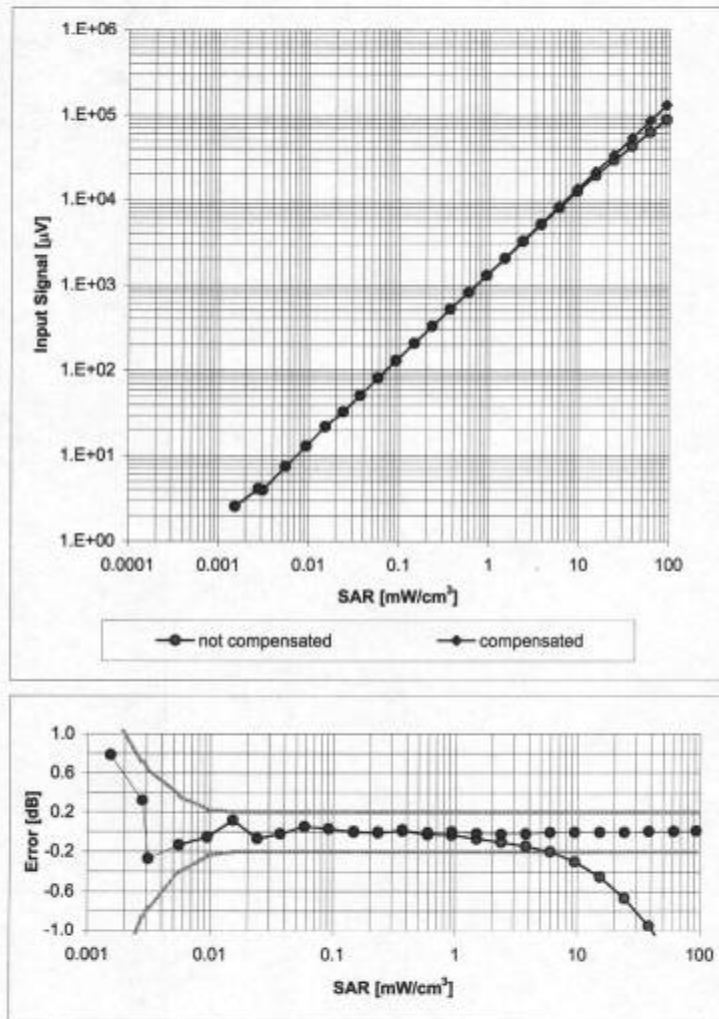
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EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$
(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)

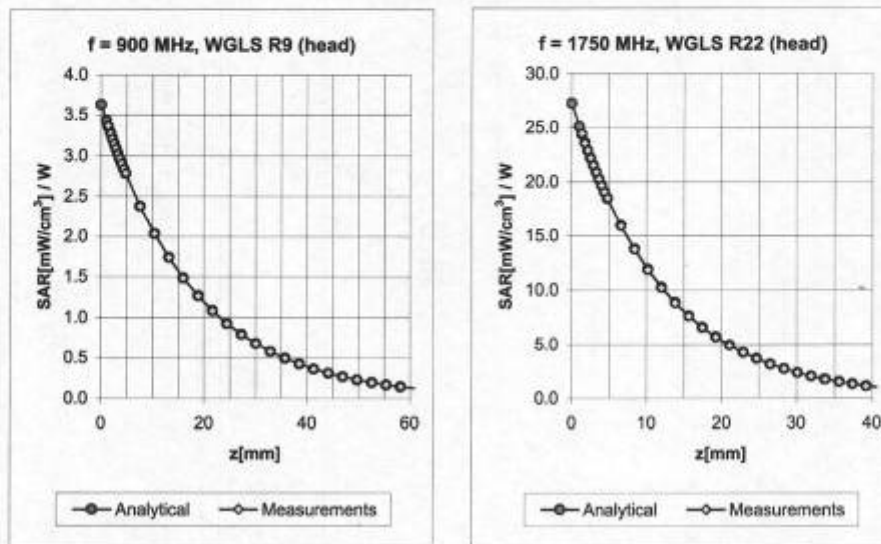


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.49	0.76	9.19 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.43	0.83	8.84 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.68	0.63	7.79 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.31	0.80	7.35 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.32	0.85	6.94 ± 11.0% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.63	0.71	9.10 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.30	1.08	8.76 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.34	0.86	7.55 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.60	0.67	7.45 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.30	1.15	6.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)

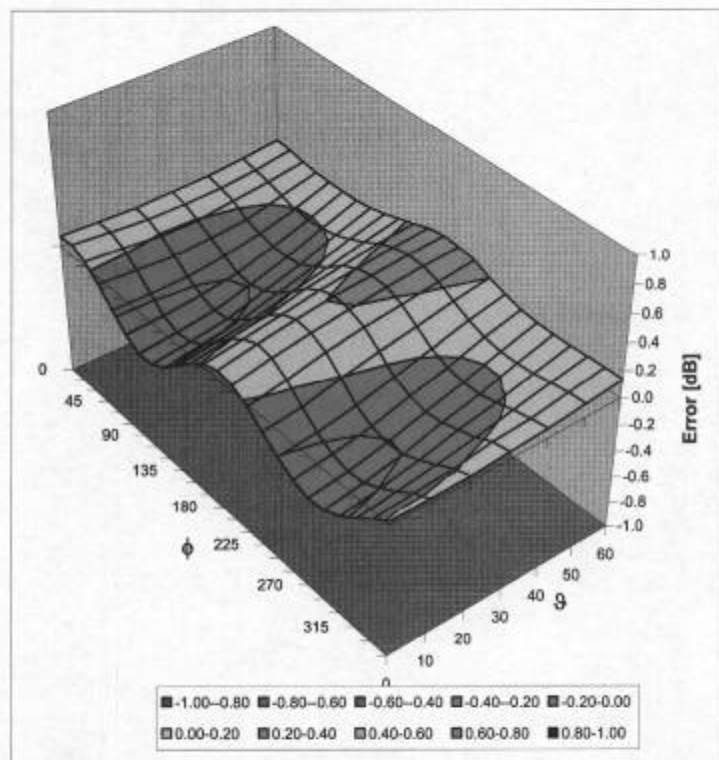
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV4 SN:3660

September 3, 2008

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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ANNEX E: D1900V2 DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d060-Jul08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d060**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **July 22, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37460704	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864)	Jul-09
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09
DAE4	SN: 601	14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: July 22, 2008

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**Calibration Laboratory of
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.8 $\pm$ 6 %	1.47 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.84 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	37.8 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.06 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	19.8 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

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Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	1.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.20 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.6 \Omega + 5.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.6 \Omega + 7.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	Dezember 10, 2004

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.07.2008 10:51:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d060

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.4mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.4mm, probe 0deg)

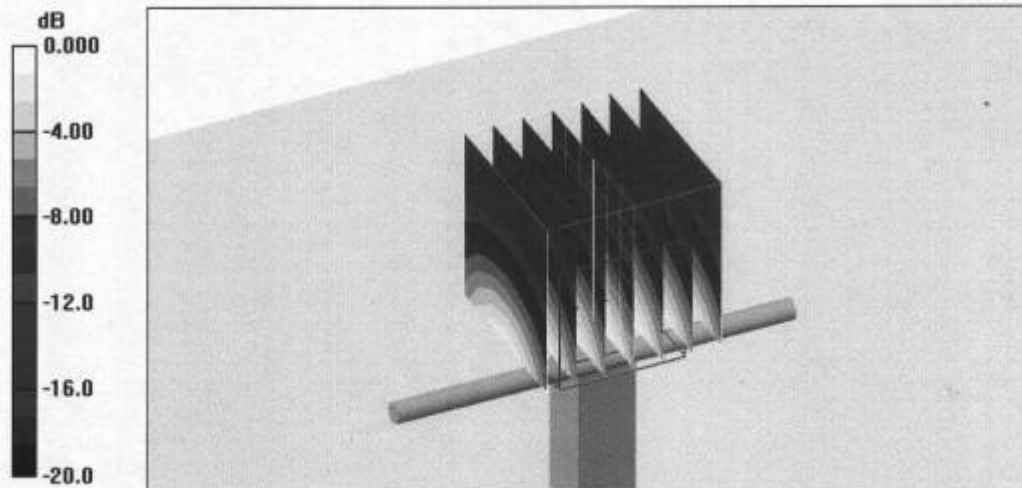
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



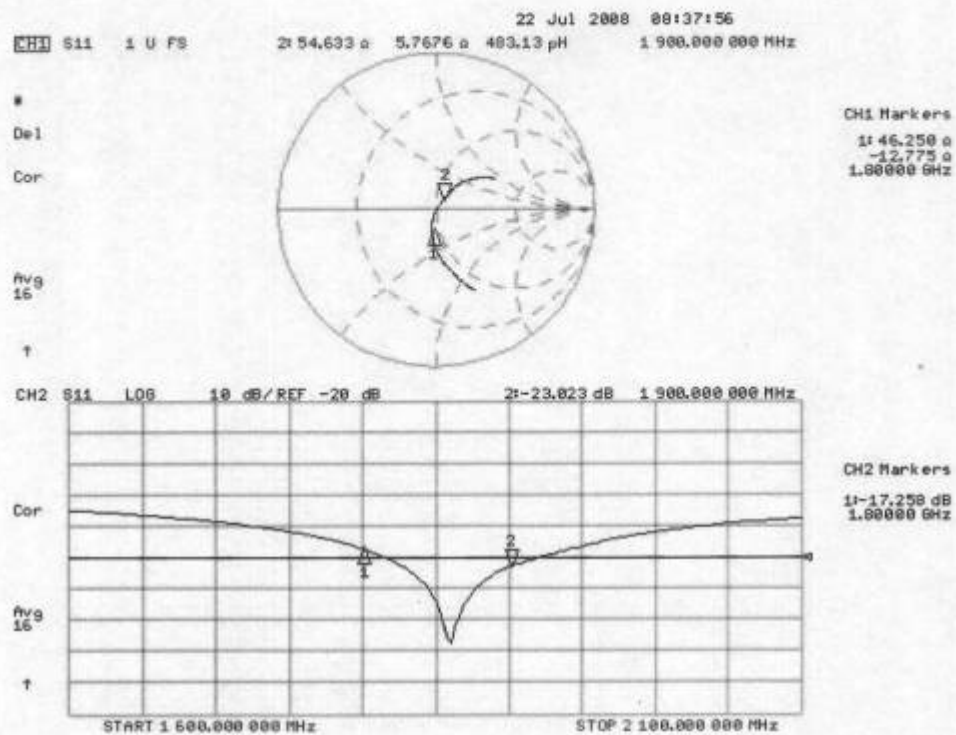
0 dB = 11.9mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 14.07.2008 13:49:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d060

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 28.04.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184
-

Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.4mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.4mm, probe 0deg)

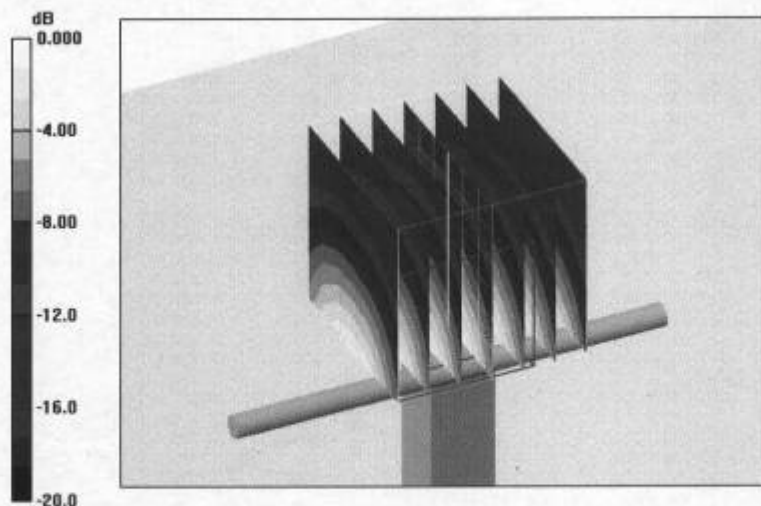
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 mW/g



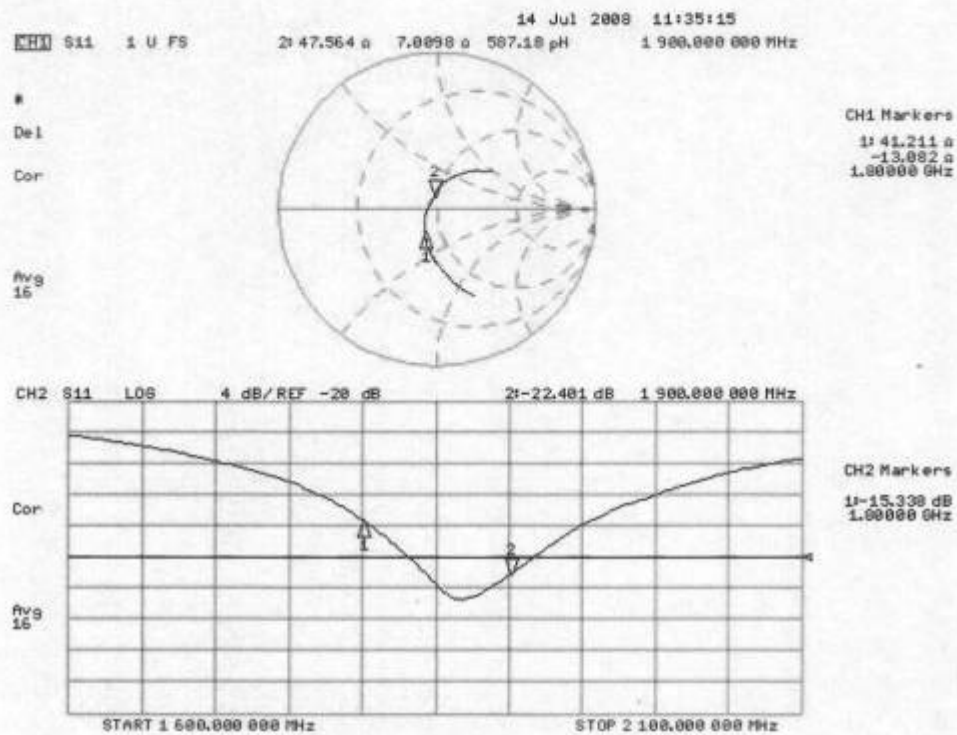
0 dB = 12.3mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEX F: DAE4 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: DAE4-452_Nov08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 452**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **November 18, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	30-Sep-08 (No: 7673)	Sep-09
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	30-Sep-08 (No: 7670)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	06-Jun-08 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-09

Calibrated by: Name **Dominique Steffen** Function **Technician** Signature

Approved by: **Fin Bomholt** R&D Director

Issued: November 18, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-452_Nov08

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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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Calibration Laboratory of
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61 nV , full range = -1.....+3 mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.585 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	404.416 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	404.565 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97854 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.95135 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.98063 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	148 ° $\pm$ 1 °
---	-----------------

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20006.89	0.03
Channel X - Input	20000	-20003.71	0.02
Channel Y + Input	200000	200000.5	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20008.05	0.04
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20006.61	0.03
Channel Z + Input	200000	199999.6	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20006.84	0.03
Channel Z - Input	20000	-20004.66	0.02

Low Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	200.19	0.09
Channel X - Input	200	-199.99	0.00
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.38	-0.31
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.73	0.36
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.25	-0.38
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.52	0.76

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	2.99	1.90
	- 200	-1.54	-1.85
Channel Y	200	-8.82	-8.73
	- 200	6.90	6.96
Channel Z	200	9.94	10.21
	- 200	-13.53	-13.21

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.31	-0.98
Channel Y	200	1.52	-	2.97
Channel Z	200	-1.16	0.18	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16123	16646
Channel Y	15886	16452
Channel Z	16175	16346

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	0.53	-0.80	1.64	0.33
Channel Y	-1.51	-2.67	-0.89	0.35
Channel Z	-1.99	-3.07	-1.43	0.29

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.1999	198.3
Channel Y	0.1999	200.1
Channel Z	0.1999	199.3

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9