SAR TEST REPORT

The following samples were submitted and identified on behalf of the client as:

Equipment Under Test	Smart Phone
Brand Name	HUAWEI
Model No.	HUAWEI LYO-L01
Company Name	Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd
Company Address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District Shenzhen China
Standards	IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992, IEEE 1528-2013, KDB248227D01v02r02,KDB865664D01v01r04, KDB865664D02v01r02,KDB941225D01v03r01, KDB941225D05v02r05,KDB941225D06v02r01, KDB447498D01v06, KDB648474D04v01r03
FCC ID	QISLYO-L01
Date of Receipt	Jun. 17, 2016
Date of Test(s)	Jun. 23, 2016 ~ Jun. 26, 2016
Date of Issue	Jul. 05, 2016

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory or testing done by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Taiwan Electronic & Communication Laboratory in writing.

Signed on behalf of SGS

Asst. Supervisor	**Supervisor**
Kevin Li	John Yeh
Kevin Li	**John Yeh**
Date: Jul. 05, 2016	**Date: Jul. 05, 2016**

SGS Taiwan Ltd. 台灣檢驗科技股份有限公司
No.134,Wu Kung Road, New Taipei Industrial Park, Wuku District, New Taipei City, Taiwan 24803/新北市五股區新北產業園區五工路134號
t (886-2) 2299-3279 f (886-2) 2298-0488 www.tw.sgs.com
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Revision History

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
E5/2016/60017	Rev.00	Initial creation of document	Jul. 05, 2016
E5/2016/60017	Rev.01	1st modification	Jul. 05, 2016

Contents

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

SGS Taiwan Ltd. Electronics & Communication Laboratory	
No.134, Wu Kung Road, New Taipei Industrial Park, Wuku District, New Taipei City, Taiwan	
Tel	+886-2-2299-3279
Fax	+886-2-2298-0488
Internet	http://www.tw.sgs.com/

1.2 Details of Applicant

Company Name	Huawei Technologies Co.,Ltd
Company Address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District Shenzhen China

1.3 Description of EUT

EUT Name	Smart Phone	
Brand Name	HUAWEI	
Model No.	HUAWEI LYO-L01	
FCC ID	QISLYO-L01	
Mode of Operation	☒GSM ☒GPRS ☒EDGE ☒WCDMA ☒HSDPA ☒HSUPA ☒HSPA+ ☒DC-HSDPA ☒LTE FDD ☒WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M/40M) ☒Bluetooth	
Duty Cycle	GSM (DTM multi class B)	1/8.3
	GPRS (support multi class 12 max)	1/2 (1Dn4UP) 1/2.76 (1Dn3UP) 1/4.1 (1Dn2UP) 1/8.3 (1Dn1UP)
	EDGE (support multi class 12 max)	1/2 (1Dn4UP) 1/2.76 (1Dn3UP) 1/4.1 (1Dn2UP) 1/8.3 (1Dn1UP)
	LTE FDD (LTE Release Version: R9)	1
	WCDMA (HSDPA Category 24) (HSUPA Category 7)	1
	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M/40M)	1
	Bluetooth	1
TX Frequency Range (MHz)	GSM850	824.2 – 848.8
	GSM1900	1850.2 – 1909.8
	WCDMA Band II	1852.4 – 1907.6
	LTE FDD Band VII	2502.5 – 2567.5
	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	2412 – 2462
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)	2422 – 2452
	Bluetooth	2402 – 2480

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RX Frequency Range (MHz)	GSM850	869.2 – 893.8
	GSM1900	1930.2 – 1989.8
	WCDMA Band II	1932.4 – 1987.6
	LTE FDD Band VII	2622.5 – 2687.5
	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	2412 – 2462
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)	2422 – 2452
	Bluetooth	2402 – 2480
Channel Number (ARFCN)	GSM850	128 – 251
	GSM1900	512 – 810
	WCDMA Band II	9262 – 9538
	LTE FDD Band VII	20775 – 21425
	WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M)	1 – 11
	WLAN802.11 n(40M)	3 – 9
	Bluetooth	0 – 78

Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg)					
Mode	Band	Distance	Measured	Reported	Position / Channel
Head	GSM 850	-	0.55	0.63	☒Left ☐Right ☒Cheek ☐Tilt 251 Channel
	GSM 1900	-	0.25	0.28	☐Left ☒Right ☒Cheek ☐Tilt 661 Channel
	WCDMA Band II	-	0.43	0.51	☐Left ☒Right ☒Cheek ☐Tilt 9262 Channel
	LTE FDD Band VII	-	0.22	0.25	☐Left ☒Right ☒Cheek ☐Tilt 21350 Channel
	WLAN802.11 b	-	0.49	0.50	☐Left ☒Right ☒Cheek ☐Tilt 11 Channel

Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg)					
Mode	Band	Distance	Measured	Reported	Position / Channel
Body-worn	GSM 850	10mm	0.76	0.88	☐Front ☒Back 251 Channel
	GSM 1900	10mm	0.44	0.49	☐Front ☒Back 661 Channel
	WCDMA Band II	10mm	0.68	0.79	☐Front ☒Back 9262 Channel
	LTE FDD Band VII	10mm	0.86	0.94	☐Front ☒Back 21350 Channel
	WLAN802.11 b	10mm	0.15	0.15	☐Front ☒Back 11 Channel

Max. SAR (1 g) (Unit: W/Kg)					
Mode	Band	Distance	Measured	Reported	Position / Channel
Hotspot mode	GPRS 850 (1Dn4UP)	10mm	1.20	1.41	☐Front ☒Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left 251 Channel
	GPRS 1900 (1Dn4UP)	10mm	0.67	0.67	☐Front ☒Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left 661 Channel
	WCDMA Band II	10mm	0.68	0.79	☐Front ☒Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left 9262 Channel
	LTE FDD Band VII	10mm	1.23	1.35	☐Front ☐Back ☒Bottom ☐Right ☐Left 21350 Channel
	WLAN802.11 b	10mm	0.15	0.15	☐Front ☒Back ☐Bottom ☐Right ☐Left 11 Channel

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GSM/GPRS/EDGE conducted power table:

EUT mode	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Burst average power	Source -based time average power
				Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)
GSM850 (GMSK)	824.2	128	33.5	32.70	23.67
	836.6	190	33.5	32.80	23.77
	848.8	251	33.5	32.90	23.87
The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot					
Division factor				1 TX time slot	
				-9.03	

Burst average power						
Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)			33.5	32.5	30.5	29.5
			1Dn1UP	1Dn2UP	1Dn3UP	1Dn4UP
EUT mode	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)
GPRS 850	824.2	128	32.70	31.80	29.90	28.70
	836.6	190	32.80	31.90	30.00	28.80
	848.8	251	32.90	32.00	30.00	28.80
Source-based time average power						
GPRS 850	824.2	128	23.67	25.78	25.64	25.69
	836.6	190	23.77	25.88	25.74	25.79
	848.8	251	23.87	25.98	25.74	25.79
The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot						
Division factor			1 TX time slot	2 TX time slot	3 TX time slot	4 TX time slot
			-9.03	-6.02	-4.26	-3.01

Burst average power						
Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)			27.2	6.2	24.2	23.2
			1Dn1UP	1Dn2UP	1Dn3UP	1Dn4UP
EUT mode	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)
EDGE 850 (MCS5)	824.2	128	26.30	25.20	23.20	22.10
	836.6	190	26.30	25.20	23.20	22.10
	848.8	251	26.50	25.40	23.30	22.20
Source-based time average power						
EDGE 850 (MCS5)	824.2	128	17.27	19.18	18.94	19.09
	836.6	190	17.27	19.18	18.94	19.09
	848.8	251	17.47	19.38	19.04	19.19
The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot						
Division factor			1 TX time slot	2 TX time slot	3 TX time slot	4 TX time slot
			-9.03	-6.02	-4.26	-3.01

EUT mode	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Burst average power	Source -based time average power
				Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)
GSM1900 (GMSK)	1850.2	512	30.5	29.90	20.87
	1800	661	30.5	30.00	20.97
	1909.8	810	30.5	29.90	20.87
The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot					
Division factor				1 TX time slot	
				-9.03	

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Burst average power						
Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)			30.5	29.5	27.5	26.5
			1Dn1UP	1Dn2UP	1Dn3UP	1Dn4UP
EUT mode	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)
GPRS 1900	1850.2	512	29.90	29.10	27.30	26.20
	1880	661	30.00	29.30	27.50	26.50
	1909.8	810	29.90	29.20	27.50	26.40
Source-based time average power						
GPRS 1900	1850.2	512	20.87	23.08	23.04	23.19
	1880	661	20.97	23.28	23.24	23.49
	1909.8	810	20.87	23.18	23.24	23.39
The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot						
Division factor			1 TX time slot	2 TX time slot	3 TX time slot	4 TX time slot
			-9.03	-6.02	-4.26	-3.01

Burst average power						
Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)			26.1	25.1	23.1	22.1
			1Dn1UP	1Dn2UP	1Dn3UP	1Dn4UP
EUT mode	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)	Avg. (dBm)
EDGE 1900 (MCS5)	1850.2	512	25.80	25.00	22.80	21.80
	1880	661	26.00	24.90	23.10	22.00
	1909.8	810	26.00	25.00	23.00	22.10
Source-based time average power						
EDGE 1900 (MCS5)	1850.2	512	16.77	18.98	18.54	18.79
	1880	661	16.97	18.88	18.84	18.99
	1909.8	810	16.97	18.98	18.74	19.09
The division factor compared to the number of TX time slot						
Division factor			1 TX time slot	2 TX time slot	3 TX time slot	4 TX time slot
			-9.03	-6.02	-4.26	-3.01

WCDMA Band II - HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA conducted power table:

Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Rel99 AV(dBm)	HSDPA mode AV(dBm)				HSUPA mode AV(dBm)					HSPA+ (Category=7)	DC-HSDPA (Category=24)			
		SUB-1	SUB-2	SUB-3	SUB-4	SUB-1	SUB-2	SUB-3	SUB-4	SUB-5	SUB-1	SUB-1	SUB-2	SUB-3	SUB-4
24	23.34	22.31	22.22	22.03	22.1	22.26	21.31	22.32	21.44	23.26	21.29	22.00	22.05	21.50	21.53
24	23.17	22.03	22.03	21.61	21.62	22.11	21.22	22.17	21.27	23.15	21.12	21.80	21.83	21.23	21.29
24	23.21	22.11	22.06	21.54	21.66	22.12	21.19	22.23	21.23	23.15	21.32	21.93	21.91	21.41	21.46

HSDPA

SUB-TEST	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1, Note 2)*	CM (dB) *(Note 3)*	MPR (dB) *(Note 3)*
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

HSUPA

SUB-TEST	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1)*	β_{ec}	β_{ed} *(Note 5) (Note 6)*	β_{ed} *(SF)*	β_{ed} *(Codes)*	CM *(dB) (Note 2)*	MPR *(dB) (Note 2)*	*AG Index (Note 6)*	*E-TFCI*
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

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LTE FDD Band VII power table:

FDD Band 7								
BW(Mhz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Conducted power (dBm)	Target Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP(dB)
20	QPSK	1 RB	0	2510	20850	22.60	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.63	23.2	0
				2560	21350	22.53	23.2	0
			50	2510	20850	22.76	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.78	23.2	0
				2560	21350	22.73	23.2	0
			99	2510	20850	22.75	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.66	23.2	0
				2560	21350	22.80	23.2	0
		50 RB	0	2510	20850	21.83	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.77	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.70	22.2	0-1
			25	2510	20850	21.81	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.81	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.66	22.2	0-1
			50	2510	20850	21.83	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.87	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.81	22.2	0-1
		100RB		2510	20850	21.86	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.80	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.68	22.2	0-1
	16-QAM	1 RB	0	2510	20850	21.73	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.77	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.76	22.2	0-1
			50	2510	20850	22.18	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.12	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.80	22.2	0-1
			99	2510	20850	21.80	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.79	22.2	0-1
				2560	21350	21.77	22.2	0-1
		50 RB	0	2510	20850	20.73	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.78	21.2	0-2
				2560	21350	20.67	21.2	0-2
			25	2510	20850	20.76	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.76	21.2	0-2
				2560	21350	20.70	21.2	0-2
			50	2510	20850	20.80	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.78	21.2	0-2
				2560	21350	20.78	21.2	0-2
		100RB		2510	20850	20.74	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.75	21.2	0-2
				2560	21350	20.68	21.2	0-2

FDD Band 7								
BW(Mhz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Conducted power (dBm)	Target Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP(dB)
15	QPSK	1 RB	0	2507.5	20825	22.80	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.07	23.2	0
				2562.5	21375	22.49	23.2	0
			36	2507.5	20825	22.79	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.69	23.2	0
				2562.5	21375	22.59	23.2	0
			74	2507.5	20825	22.80	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.72	23.2	0
				2562.5	21375	22.70	23.2	0
		36 RB	0	2507.5	20825	21.76	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.75	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	21.58	22.2	0-1
			18	2507.5	20825	21.79	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.78	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	21.65	22.2	0-1
			37	2507.5	20825	21.83	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.75	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	20.92	22.2	0-1
		75RB		2507.5	20825	21.73	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.77	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	21.67	22.2	0-1
	16-QAM	1 RB	0	2507.5	20825	21.61	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.79	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	21.70	22.2	0-1
			36	2507.5	20825	21.75	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.76	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	21.35	22.2	0-1
			74	2507.5	20825	21.79	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.74	22.2	0-1
				2562.5	21375	21.74	22.2	0-1
		36 RB	0	2507.5	20825	20.73	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.74	21.2	0-2
				2562.5	21375	20.62	21.2	0-2
			18	2507.5	20825	20.78	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.77	21.2	0-2
				2562.5	21375	20.71	21.2	0-2
			37	2507.5	20825	20.75	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.77	21.2	0-2
				2562.5	21375	20.77	21.2	0-2
		75RB		2507.5	20825	20.80	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.75	21.2	0-2
				2562.5	21375	20.73	21.2	0-2

FDD Band 7								
BW(Mhz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Conducted power (dBm)	Target Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP(dB)
10	QPSK	1 RB	0	2505	20800	22.75	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.77	23.2	0
				2565	21400	22.49	23.2	0
			25	2505	20800	22.76	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.78	23.2	0
				2565	21400	22.64	23.2	0
			49	2505	20800	22.18	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.62	23.2	0
				2565	21400	22.63	23.2	0
		25 RB	0	2505	20800	21.87	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.71	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.52	22.2	0-1
			12	2505	20800	21.78	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.73	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.58	22.2	0-1
			25	2505	20800	21.14	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.79	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.61	22.2	0-1
		50RB		2505	20800	21.76	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.74	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.60	22.2	0-1
	16-QAM	1 RB	0	2505	20800	21.78	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.73	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.79	22.2	0-1
			25	2505	20800	21.18	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.64	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.69	22.2	0-1
			49	2505	20800	21.64	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.68	22.2	0-1
				2565	21400	21.68	22.2	0-1
		25 RB	0	2505	20800	20.73	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.74	21.2	0-2
				2565	21400	20.45	21.2	0-2
			12	2505	20800	20.76	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.78	21.2	0-2
				2565	21400	20.49	21.2	0-2
			25	2505	20800	20.79	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.71	21.2	0-2
				2565	21400	20.64	21.2	0-2
		50RB		2505	20800	20.78	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.74	21.2	0-2
				2565	21400	20.70	21.2	0-2

FDD Band 7								
BW(Mhz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Conducted power (dBm)	Target Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP(dB)
5	QPSK	1 RB	0	2502.5	20775	22.75	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.70	23.2	0
				2567.5	21425	22.52	23.2	0
			12	2502.5	20775	22.78	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.76	23.2	0
				2567.5	21425	22.58	23.2	0
			24	2502.5	20775	22.56	23.2	0
				2535	21100	22.58	23.2	0
				2567.5	21425	22.50	23.2	0
		12 RB	0	2502.5	20775	21.69	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.74	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.63	22.2	0-1
			6	2502.5	20775	21.69	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.78	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.62	22.2	0-1
			13	2502.5	20775	21.76	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.75	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.58	22.2	0-1
		25RB		2502.5	20775	21.29	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.74	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.59	22.2	0-1
	16-QAM	1 RB	0	2502.5	20775	21.29	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.60	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.67	22.2	0-1
			12	2502.5	20775	21.74	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.53	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.24	22.2	0-1
			24	2502.5	20775	21.43	22.2	0-1
				2535	21100	21.56	22.2	0-1
				2567.5	21425	21.80	22.2	0-1
		12 RB	0	2502.5	20775	20.73	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.72	21.2	0-2
				2567.5	21425	19.84	21.2	0-2
			6	2502.5	20775	20.80	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.74	21.2	0-2
				2567.5	21425	20.30	21.2	0-2
			13	2502.5	20775	20.76	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.74	21.2	0-2
				2567.5	21425	20.74	21.2	0-2
		25RB		2502.5	20775	20.71	21.2	0-2
				2535	21100	20.69	21.2	0-2
				2567.5	21425	20.77	21.2	0-2

WLAN802.11 b/g/n(20M/40M) conducted power table:

802.11 b		Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average conducted output power (dBm)
			Data Rate (Mbps)
CH	Frequency (MHz)		1
1	2412	18	17.78
6	2437	18	17.82
11	2462	18	17.89

802.11 g		Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average conducted output power (dBm)
			Data Rate (Mbps)
CH	Frequency (MHz)		6
1	2412	16	15.66
6	2437	16	15.63
11	2462	16	15.72

802.11 n(20M)		Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average conducted output power (dBm)
			Data Rate (Mbps)
CH	Frequency (MHz)		6.5
1	2412	15	14.66
6	2437	15	14.64
11	2462	15	14.97

802.11 n(40M)		Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Average conducted output power (dBm)
CH	Frequency (MHz)		Data Rate (Mbps)
			13.5
3	2422	14	13.98
6	2437	14	13.77
9	2452	14	13.97

Bluetooth conducted power table:

Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max. tune-up power	Average	
			dBm	mW
2402	1	7.5	7.00	5.012
2441	1	7.5	6.90	4.898
2480	1	7.5	6.60	4.571
2402	2	7.5	4.10	2.570
2441	2	7.5	4.10	2.570
2480	2	7.5	3.80	2.399
2402	3	7.5	4.10	2.570
2441	3	7.5	4.10	2.570
2480	3	7.5	3.80	2.399

Frequency (MHz)	BT4.0 Average	
	dBm	mW
2402	-1.74	0.670
2442	-1.49	0.710
2480	-1.91	0.644

1.4 Test Environment

Ambient Temperature: 22±2° C
Tissue Simulating Liquid: 22±2° C

1.5 Operation Description

1. The EUT is controlled by using a Radio Communication Tester (Anritsu MT8820C), and the communication between the EUT and the tester is established by air link.

2. Measurements are performed respectively on the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band(s). The EUT is set to maximum power level during all tests, and at the beginning of each test the battery is fully charged.

3. During the SAR testing, the DASY 5 system checks power drift by comparing the e-field strength of one specific location measured at the beginning with that measured at the end of the SAR testing.

4. Testing head SAR at lowest, middle and highest channel for all bands with all position conditions.

5. SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (8-PSK EDGE) is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode (GMSK GPRS/EDGE), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (8-PSK EDGE).

6. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSDPA) is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSDPA).

7. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSPA) is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSPA).

8. LTE modes test according to **KDB 941225D05v02r05.**

a. Per Section 5.2.1, the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation.

- Using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.
- When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

b. Per Section 5.2.2, the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation

- The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 5.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

c. Per Section 5.2.3, the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 100% RB allocation

- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

d. Per Section 5.2.4, Higher order modulations

- For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 5.2.1, 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

e. Per Section 5.3, other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

- For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 5.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth.

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements:

9. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS mode using the highest measured maximum output power channel, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

10. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements:

11. SAR is not required for 802.11g/n since the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Initial Test Configuration:

12. An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

13. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

14. BT and WLAN use the same antenna path and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously with WLAN.

15. According to **KDB447498D01v06**, testing of other required channels is not required when the reported 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.

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16. According to **KDB865664D01v01r04**, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg, repeated that measurement once. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit)

17. According to **KDB447498D01v06** – The 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances≤ 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, SAR evaluation is not required.

Mode	Maximum power (dBm)	Maximum power(mW)	**front/back sides**		
			test separation distance (mm)	Exclusion threshold	Require SAR testing?
BT	7.5	5.62	10	0.886	NO

18. According to **KDB865664 D01v01r04** SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR.

19. **SAR test exclusion for HSPA+**
The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (HSPA+) is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (HSPA+).

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub-test	β_c (Note3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 30/15 β_{ed}2: 30/15	β_{ed}3: 24/15 β_{ed}4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.
Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

20. **SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA**

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable. Since the maximum output power in a secondary mode (DC-HSDPA) is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode (WCDMA), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode (DC-HSDPA).

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

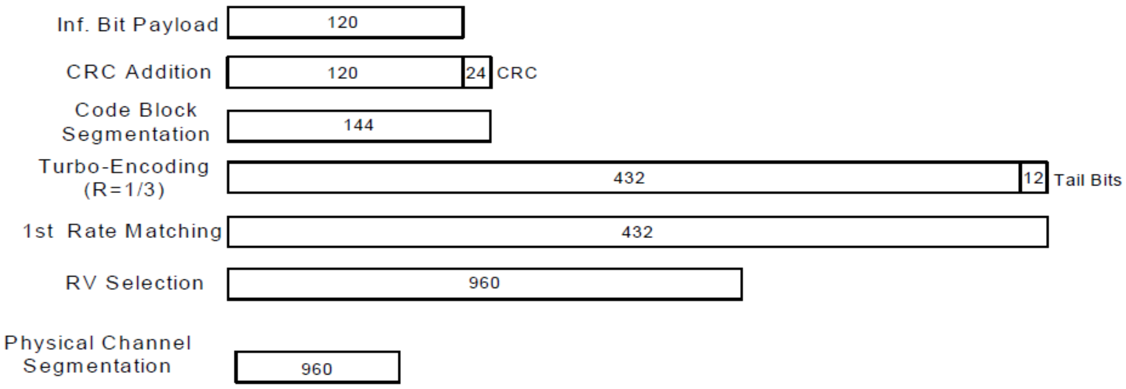

Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 8 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: $\triangle_{ACK}$, $\triangle_{NACK}$ and $\triangle_{CQI}$= 8$\Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$=30/15$\Leftrightarrow\beta_{hs}$=30/15*$\beta_c$

Note2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c=11/15 and β_d=15/15.

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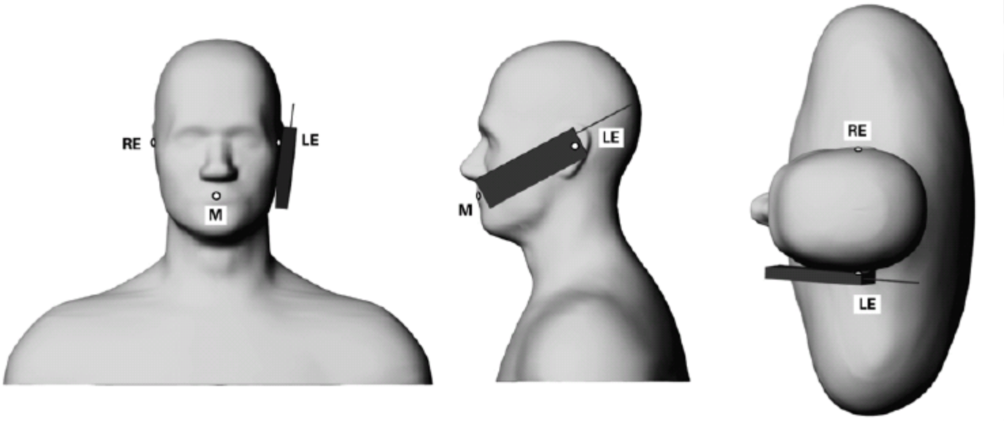
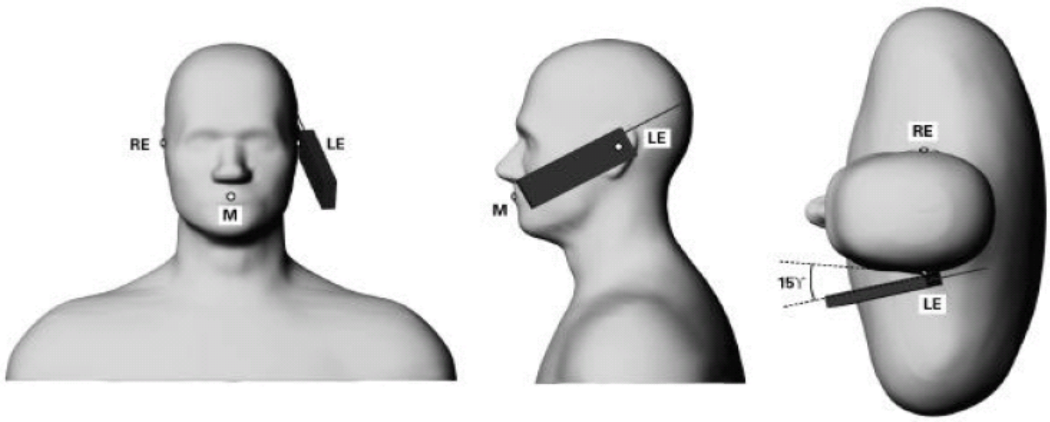
1.6 Positioning Procedure

Head SAR measurement statement



Phone position 1, “cheek” or “touch” position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning.



Phone position 2, “tilted position.” The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning.

Cheek/Touch Position:
The handset was brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the ear reference point until any point of the mouthpiece or keypad touched the phantom.
Ear/Tilt Position:
With the phone aligned in the Cheek/Touch position, the handset was tilted away from the mouth with respect to the test device reference point by 15 degrees.

Body SAR measurement statement

1. Testing body-worn SAR for GSM850/1900 by separating the EUT and the phantom 10mm. Body-worn SAR for WCDMA/LTE/WLAN is covered by hotspot SAR since the position of body-worn overlap the hotspot position and the test separation distance of hotspot is the same with that of body-worn.

2. Testing hotspot mode SAR by separating the EUT and the phantom **10mm** distance.
   #. The SAR testing for portable devices with wireless router capability is referred as test guidance of **KDB 941225D06v02r01** (SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities).
   #. The following procedures are applicable when the overall device length and width are ≥9 cm x 5 cm respectively. A test separation of 10 mm is required. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode.

   Test configurations of WWAN :
   (1) Front side
   (2) Back side
   (3) Bottom side.
   (4) Right side.
   (5) Left side.
   Test configurations of WLAN :
   (1) Front side
   (2) Back side
   (3) Top side.
   (4) Left side

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1.7 Evaluation Procedures

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans.

The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points

between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found.
If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

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1.8 Probe Calibration Procedures

For the calibration of E-field probes in lossy liquids, an electric field with an accurately known field strength must be produced within the measured liquid. For standardization purposes it would be desirable if all measurements which are necessary to assess the correct field strength would be traceable to standardized measurement procedures. In the following two different calibration techniques are summarized:

1.8.1 Transfer Calibration with Temperature Probes

In lossy liquids the specific absorption rate (SAR) is related both to the electric field (E) and the temperature gradient ($\delta T / \delta t$) in the liquid.

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma}{\rho} \left| E \right|^2 = c \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

Whereby σ is the conductivity, ρ the density and c the heat capacity of the liquid.

Hence, the electric field in lossy liquid can be measured indirectly by measuring the temperature gradient in the liquid. Non-disturbing temperature probes (optical probes or thermistor probes with resistive lines) with high spatial resolution (<1-2 mm) and fast reaction time (<1 s) are available and can be easily calibrated with high precision [1]. The setup and the exciting source have no influence on the calibration; only the relative positioning uncertainties of the standard temperature probe and the E-field probe to be calibrated must be considered. However, several problems limit the available accuracy of probe calibrations with temperature probes:

1. The temperature gradient is not directly measurable but must be evaluated from temperature measurements at different time steps. Special precaution is necessary to avoid measurement errors caused by temperature gradients due to energy equalizing effects or convection currents in the liquid. Such effects cannot be completely avoided, as the measured field itself destroys the

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thermal equilibrium in the liquid. With a careful setup these errors can be kept small.

2. The measured volume around the temperature probe is not well defined. It is difficult to calculate the energy transfer from a surrounding gradient temperature field into the probe. These effects must be considered, since temperature probes are calibrated in liquid with homogeneous temperatures. There is no traceable standard for temperature rise measurements.
3. The calibration depends on the assessment of the specific density, the heat capacity and the conductivity of the medium. While the specific density and heat capacity can be measured accurately with standardized procedures (~ 2% for c; much better for ρ), there is no standard for the measurement of the conductivity. Depending on the method and liquid, the error can well exceed ±5%.
4. Temperature rise measurements are not very sensitive and therefore are often performed at a higher power level than the E-field measurements. The nonlinearities in the system (e.g., power measurements, different components, etc.) must be considered.

Considering these problems, the possible accuracy of the calibration of E-field probes with temperature gradient measurements in a carefully designed setup is about ±10% (RSS) [2]. Recently, a setup which is a combination of the waveguide techniques and the thermal measurements was presented in [3]. The estimated uncertainty of the setup is ±5% (RSS) when the same liquid is used for the calibration and for actual measurements and ±7-9% (RSS) when not, which is in good agreement with the estimates given in [2].

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1.8.2 Calibration with Analytical Fields

In this method a technical setup is used in which the field can be calculated analytically from measurements of other physical magnitudes (e.g., input power). This corresponds to the standard field method for probe calibration in air; however, there is no standard defined for fields in lossy liquids.

When using calculated fields in lossy liquids for probe calibration, several points must be considered in the assessment of the uncertainty:

1. The setup must enable accurate determination of the incident power.
2. The accuracy of the calculated field strength will depend on the assessment of the dielectric parameters of the liquid.
3. Due to the small wavelength in liquids with high permittivity, even small setups might be above the resonant cutoff frequencies. The field distribution in the setup must be carefully checked for conformity with the theoretical field distribution.

References

(1) N. Kuster, Q. Balzano, and J.C. Lin, Eds., *Mobile Communications Safety*, Chapman & Hall, London, 1997.

(2) K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, \Broadband calibration of E-field probes in lossy media", *IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques*, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1954{1962, Oct. 1996.

(3) K. Jokela, P. Hyysalo, and L. Puranen, \Calibration of specific absorption rate (SAR) probes in waveguide at 900 MHz", *IEEE Transactions on Instrumentation and Measurements*, vol. 47, no. 2, pp. 432{438, Apr. 1998.

1.9 The SAR Measurement System

A block diagram of the SAR measurement system is given in Fig. a. This SAR measurement system uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY 5 professional system). Model EX3DV4 field probes are used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant.

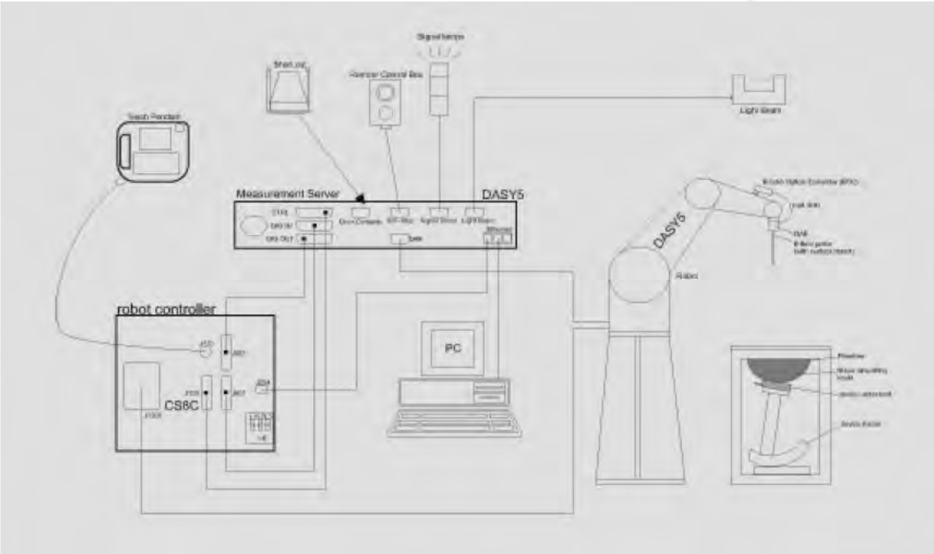

Fig. a A block diagram of the SAR measurement system

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The DASY 5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
5. The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
6. A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
7. A computer operating Windows7
8. DASY 5 software.
9. Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
10. The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
11. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
12. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
13. Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

1.10 System Components

EX3DV4 E-Field Probe

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL835/1900/2450/2600 MHz Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request	
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz, Linearity: ± 0.6 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

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SAM PHANTOM V4.0C

<table>
<tr><td>Construction:</td><td colspan="2">The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.
It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Shell Thickness:</td><td>2 ± 0.2 mm</td><td rowspan="3"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Filling Volume:</td><td>Approx. 25 liters</td></tr>
<tr><td>Dimensions:</td><td>Height: 850 mm;
Length: 1000 mm;
Width: 500 mm</td></tr>
</table>

DEVICE HOLDER

<table>
<tr><td>Construction</td><td>In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).</td><td>
Device Holder</td></tr>
</table>

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1.11 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% (according to KDB865664D01v01r04) from the target SAR values.

These tests were done at 835/1900/2450/2600 MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1. During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was 21.7°C, the relative humidity was 62% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm (≤3G) or 10 cm (>3G) in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

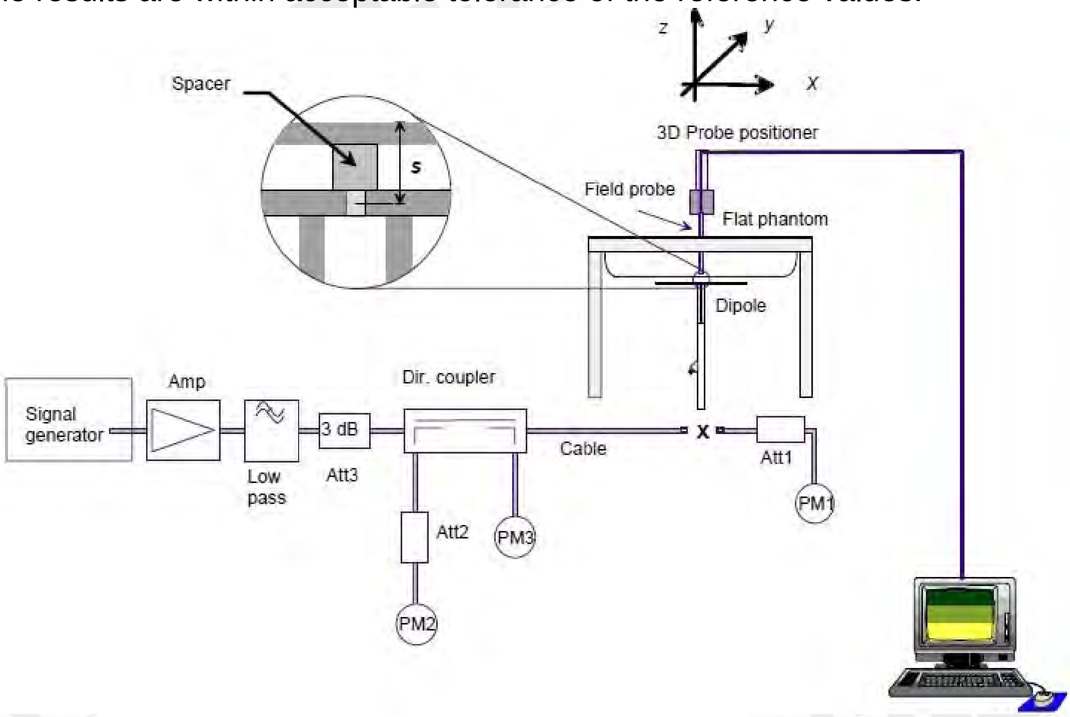

Fig. b The block diagram of system verification

Validation Kit	S/N	Frequency (MHz)		1W Target SAR-1g (mW/g)	Measured SAR-1g (mW/g)	Measured SAR-1g normalized to 1W (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	Measured Date
D835V2	4d063	835	Head	9.11	2.31	9.24	1.43%	Jun. 26, 2016
			Body	9.26	2.36	9.44	1.94%	
D1900V2	5d027	1900	Head	38.7	9.86	39.44	1.91%	Jun. 24, 2016
			Body	39.7	10.00	40	0.76%	
D2450V2	727	2450	Head	51	13.2	52.8	3.53%	Jun. 25, 2016
			Body	49.6	12.8	51.2	3.23%	
D2600V2	1005	2600	Head	55.2	14.2	56.8	2.90%	Jun. 23, 2016
			Body	53.9	14.1	56.4	4.64%	

Table 1. Results of system validation

1.12 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this Head-simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe (rates frequency band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Network Analyzer.
All dielectric parameters of tissue simulates were measured within 24 hours of SAR measurements. The depth of the tissue simulant in the flat section of the phantom was at least 15 cm (≤3G) or 10 cm (>3G) during all tests. (Appendix Fig. 2)

Tissue Type	Measurement Date	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Dielectric Constant, εr (±5%)	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m) (±5%)	Measured Dielectric Constant, εr	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	% dev εr	% dev σ
Head	Jun. 23, 2016	2510	39.124	1.865	38.235	1.911	2.27%	-2.47%
		2535	39.092	1.893	38.201	1.938	2.28%	-2.38%
		2560	39.060	1.920	38.170	1.960	2.28%	-2.08%
		2600	39.009	1.964	38.096	2.007	2.34%	-2.19%
	Jun. 24, 2016	1852.4	40.000	1.400	38.896	1.389	2.76%	0.79%
		1880	40.000	1.400	38.730	1.407	3.18%	-0.50%
		1900	40.000	1.400	38.711	1.426	3.22%	-1.86%
	Jun. 25, 2016	2450	39.200	1.800	38.167	1.832	2.64%	-1.78%
		2462	39.185	1.813	38.143	1.842	2.66%	-1.60%
	Jun. 26, 2016	835	41.500	0.900	41.702	0.919	-0.49%	-2.11%
		848.8	41.500	0.915	41.673	0.933	-0.42%	-1.97%
Body	Jun. 23, 2016	2510	52.624	2.035	52.305	2.094	0.61%	-2.90%
		2535	52.592	2.071	52.281	2.124	0.59%	-2.56%
		2560	52.560	2.106	52.253	2.155	0.58%	-2.33%
		2600	52.509	2.163	52.211	2.198	0.57%	-1.62%
	Jun. 24, 2016	1852.4	53.300	1.520	52.081	1.526	2.29%	-0.39%
		1880	53.300	1.520	52.031	1.558	2.38%	-2.50%
		1900	53.300	1.520	51.992	1.574	2.45%	-3.55%
	Jun. 25, 2016	2450	52.700	1.950	52.592	2.011	0.20%	-3.13%
		2462	52.685	1.967	52.533	2.025	0.29%	-2.95%
	Jun. 26, 2016	824.2	55.242	0.969	55.924	0.958	-1.23%	1.15%
		835	55.200	0.970	55.905	0.967	-1.28%	0.31%
		836.6	55.195	0.972	55.901	0.969	-1.28%	0.31%
		848.8	55.158	0.987	55.876	0.982	-1.30%	0.51%

Table 2. Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulant Fluid

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The composition of the tissue simulating liquid:

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Ingredient						Total amount
		DGMBE	Water	Salt	Preventol D-7	Cellulose	Sugar	
850	Head	—	532.98 g	18.3 g	2.4 g	3.2 g	766 g	1.3L(Kg)
	Body	—	631.68 g	11.72 g	1.2 g	—	600 g	1.0L(Kg)
1900	Head	444.52 g	552.42 g	3.06 g	—	—	—	1.0L(Kg)
	Body	300.67 g	716.56 g	4.0 g	—	—	—	1.0L(Kg)
2450	Head	550ml	450ml	—	—	—	—	1.0L(Kg)
	Body	301.7ml	698.3ml	—	—	—	—	1.0L(Kg)
2600	Head	550ml	450ml	—	—	—	—	1.0L(Kg)
	Body	301.7ml	698.3ml	—	—	—	—	1.0L(Kg)

Table 3. Recipes for tissue simulating liquid

1.13 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (‘‘SAR’’) in Section 4.2 of ‘‘IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz,’’ ANSI/IEEE C95.1, By the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.

These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in ‘‘Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields,’’ NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter.

Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

1. Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over a 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

2. Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).

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Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube).
General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure.
Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .6)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR (Brain)	1.60 m W/g	8.00 m W/g
Spatial Average SAR (Whole Body)	0.08 m W/g	0.40 m W/g
Spatial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 m W/g	20.00 m W/g

Table 4. RF exposure limits

Notes:
1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

2. Summary of Results

GSM 850 MHz

Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
								Measured	Reported	
GSM850 (Head)	Re Cheek	-	251	848.8	33.50	32.90	114.82%	0.508	0.583	-
	Re Tilt	-	251	848.8	33.50	32.90	114.82%	0.297	0.341	-
	Le Cheek	-	251	848.8	33.50	32.90	114.82%	0.546	0.627	52
	Le Tilt	-	251	848.8	33.50	32.90	114.82%	0.296	0.340	-
GSM850 (Body-Worn)	Front side	10	251	848.8	33.50	32.90	114.82%	0.518	0.595	-
	Back side	10	128	824.2	33.50	32.70	120.23%	0.602	0.724	-
	Back side	10	190	836.6	33.50	32.80	117.49%	0.703	0.826	-
	Back side	10	251	848.8	33.50	32.90	114.82%	0.763	0.876	53
GPRS850 (Hotspot) (1Dn4UP)	Front side	10	128	824.2	29.50	28.70	120.23%	0.684	0.822	-
	Front side	10	190	836.6	29.50	28.80	117.49%	0.732	0.860	-
	Front side	10	251	848.8	29.50	28.80	117.49%	0.757	0.889	-
	Back side	10	128	824.2	29.50	28.70	120.23%	0.954	1.147	-
	Back side	10	190	836.6	29.50	28.80	117.49%	1.100	1.292	-
	Back side	10	251	848.8	29.50	28.80	117.49%	1.200	1.410	54
	Back side*	10	251	848.8	29.50	28.80	117.49%	1.190	1.398	-
	Bottom side	10	190	836.6	29.50	28.80	117.49%	0.106	0.125	-
	Right side	10	190	836.6	29.50	28.80	117.49%	0.524	0.616	-
	Left side	10	128	824.2	29.50	28.70	120.23%	0.673	0.809	-
	Left side	10	190	836.6	29.50	28.80	117.49%	0.722	0.848	-
	Left side	10	251	848.8	29.50	28.80	117.49%	0.751	0.882	-

* - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the KDB865664D01v01r04

GSM 1900 MHz

Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
								Measured	Reported	
GSM1900 (Head)	Re Cheek	-	661	1880	30.50	30.00	112.20%	0.246	0.276	55
	Re Tilt	-	661	1880	30.50	30.00	112.20%	0.128	0.144	-
	Le Cheek	-	661	1880	30.50	30.00	112.20%	0.236	0.265	-
	Le Tilt	-	661	1880	30.50	30.00	112.20%	0.133	0.149	-
GSM1900 (Body-Worn)	Front side	10	661	1880	30.50	30.00	112.20%	0.316	0.355	-
	Back side	10	661	1880	30.50	30.00	112.20%	0.435	0.488	56
GPRS1900 (Hotspot) (1Dn4UP)	Front side	10	661	1880	26.50	26.50	100.00%	0.463	0.463	-
	Back side	10	661	1880	26.50	26.50	100.00%	0.666	0.666	57
	Bottom side	10	661	1880	26.50	26.50	100.00%	0.284	0.284	-
	Right side	10	661	1880	26.50	26.50	100.00%	0.277	0.277	-
	Left side	10	661	1880	26.50	26.50	100.00%	0.168	0.168	-

WCDMA Band II

Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
								Measured	Reported	
R99 (Head)	RE Cheek	-	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.434	0.505	58
	RE Tilt	-	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.193	0.225	-
	LE Cheek	-	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.374	0.435	-
	LE Tilt	-	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.206	0.240	-
R99 Body-worn	Front side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.569	0.662	-
	Back side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.677	0.788	59
R99 Hotspot	Front side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.569	0.662	-
	Back side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.677	0.788	60
	Bottom side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.291	0.339	-
	Right side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.300	0.349	-
	Left side	10	9262	1852.4	24	23.34	116.41%	0.171	0.199	-

LTE FDD Band VII

Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB start	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
												Measured	Reported	
LTE Band 7 (Head)	20MHz	QPSK	1 RB	99	RE Cheek	-	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.224	0.246	61
					RE Tilt	-	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.023	0.025	-
					LE Cheek	-	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.110	0.121	-
					LE Tilt	-	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.051	0.056	-
			50 RB	50	RE Cheek	-	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.142	0.153	-
					RE Tilt	-	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.028	0.030	-
					LE Cheek	-	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.077	0.083	-
					LE Tilt	-	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.029	0.031	-
			100 RB		RE Cheek	-	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.132	0.143	-
					RE Tilt	-	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.024	0.026	-
					LE Cheek	-	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.057	0.062	-
					LE Tilt	-	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.032	0.035	-
LTE Band 7 (Body-worn)	20MHz	QPSK	1 RB	50	Back side	10	20850	2510	23.2	22.76	110.66%	0.763	0.844	-
					Back side	10	21100	2535	23.2	22.78	110.15%	0.841	0.926	-
				99	Front side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.646	0.708	-
					Back side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.856	0.939	62
			50 RB	50	Front side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.459	0.495	-
					Back side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.648	0.699	-
			100 RB		Front side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.444	0.480	-
					Back side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.620	0.670	-
LTE Band 7 (Hotspot)	20MHz	QPSK	1 RB	50	Back side	10	20850	2510	23.2	22.76	110.66%	0.763	0.844	-
					Back side	10	21100	2535	23.2	22.78	110.15%	0.841	0.926	-
					Bottom side	10	20850	2510	23.2	22.76	110.66%	1.080	1.195	-
					Bottom side	10	21100	2535	23.2	22.78	110.15%	1.180	1.300	-
				99	Front side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.646	0.708	-
					Back side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.856	0.939	-
					Bottom side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	1.230	1.349	63
					Bottom side*	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	1.210	1.327	-
					Right side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.094	0.103	-
					Left side	10	21350	2560	23.2	22.80	109.65%	0.197	0.216	-
			50 RB	50	Front side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.459	0.495	-
					Back side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.648	0.699	-
					Bottom side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.83	108.89%	0.769	0.837	-
					Bottom side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.822	0.887	-
					Bottom side	10	21350	2560	22.2	21.81	109.40%	0.841	0.920	-
					Right side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.076	0.082	-
					Left side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.87	107.89%	0.165	0.178	-
			100 RB		Front side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.444	0.480	-
					Back side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.620	0.670	-
					Bottom side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.812	0.878	-
					Bottom side	10	21100	2535	22.2	21.80	109.65%	0.842	0.923	-
					Bottom side	10	21350	2560	22.2	21.68	112.72%	0.874	0.985	-
					Right side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.071	0.077	-
					Left side	10	20850	2510	22.2	21.86	108.14%	0.162	0.175	-

* - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the KDB865664D01v01r04

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WLAN802.11 b

Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	CH	Freq. (MHz)	Max. Rated Avg. Power + Max. Tolerance (dBm)	Measured Avg. Power (dBm)	Scaling	Averaged SAR over 1g (W/kg)		Plot page
								Measured	Reported	
Head	RE Cheek	-	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.485	0.497	64
	RE Tilt	-	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.318	0.326	-
	LE Cheek	-	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.235	0.241	-
	LE Tilt	-	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.220	0.226	-
Body-worn	Front side	10	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.108	0.111	-
	Back side	10	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.147	0.151	65
Hotspot	Front side	10	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.108	0.111	-
	Back side	10	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.147	0.151	66
	Top side	10	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.080	0.082	-
	Left side	10	11	2462	18	17.89	102.57%	0.094	0.096	-

3. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios:

Simultaneous Transmit Configurations	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
GSM850/1900 + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	No
GPRS850/1900 + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	No	No	Yes
UMTS B2 + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE B7 + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	Yes
GSM850/1900 + Bluetooth	No	Yes	No
GPRS850/1900 + Bluetooth	No	No	No
UMTS B2 + Bluetooth	No	Yes	No
LTE B7 + Bluetooth	No	Yes	No

Notes:

1. BT and WLAN use the same antenna path and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously with WLAN.
2. WiFi VoIP function: Yes
3. VoLTE function: No

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3.1 Estimated SAR calculation

According to KDB447498 D01v05 – When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max.tune up power(mW)}}{\text{Min. test separation distance(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is >50mm, the 0.4W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (Body) (mm)	Estimated SAR 1g (Body) (W/kg)
Bluetooth	2480	7.5	10	0.118

3.2 SPLSR evaluation and analysis

Per KDB447498D01, when the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR sum to peak location separation ratio(SPLSR).

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion.

The ratio is determined by **(SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri**, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be **≤ 0.04** for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

SAR1 and SAR2 are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and Ri is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna.

Simultaneous Transmission Combination

reported SAR WWAN and WLAN 2.4GHz, ΣSAR evaluation					
Frequency band	Position		reported SAR / W/kg		ΣSAR
			WWAN	WLAN	<1.6W/kg
GSM 850	Head	Right cheek	0.583	0.497	1.080
		Right tilt	0.341	0.326	0.667
		Left cheek	0.627	0.241	0.868
		Left tilt	0.340	0.226	0.566
	Body-worn	Front	0.595	0.111	0.706
		Back	0.876	0.151	1.027
GPRS 850 (1Dn4UP)	Hotspot	Front	0.889	0.111	1.000
		Back	1.410	0.151	1.561
		Top	-	0.082	-
		Bottom	0.125	-	-
		Right	0.616	-	-
		Left	0.882	0.096	0.978
GSM 1900	Head	Right cheek	0.276	0.497	0.773
		Right tilt	0.144	0.326	0.470
		Left cheek	0.265	0.241	0.506
		Left tilt	0.149	0.226	0.375
	Body-worn	Front	0.355	0.111	0.466
		Back	0.488	0.151	0.639
GPRS 1900 (1Dn4UP)	Hotspot	Front	0.463	0.111	0.574
		Back	0.666	0.151	0.817
		Top	-	0.082	-
		Bottom	0.284	-	-
		Right	0.277	-	-
		Left	0.168	0.096	0.264

reported SAR WWAN and WLAN 2.4GHz, ΣSAR evaluation					
Frequency band	Position		reported SAR / W/kg		ΣSAR
			WWAN	WLAN	<1.6W/kg
WCDMA Band II	Head	Right cheek	0.505	0.497	1.002
		Right tilt	0.225	0.326	0.551
		Left cheek	0.435	0.241	0.676
		Left tilt	0.240	0.226	0.466
	Body-worn	Front	0.662	0.111	0.773
		Back	0.788	0.151	0.939
	Hotspot	Front	0.662	0.111	0.773
		Back	0.788	0.151	0.939
		Top	-	0.082	-
		Bottom	0.339	-	-
		Right	0.349	-	-
		Left	0.199	0.096	0.295
LTE FDD Band VII	Head	Right cheek	0.246	0.497	0.743
		Right tilt	0.030	0.326	0.356
		Left cheek	0.121	0.241	0.362
		Left tilt	0.056	0.226	0.282
	Body-worn	Front	0.078	0.111	0.189
		Back	0.939	0.151	1.090
	Hotspot	Front	0.078	0.111	0.189
		Back	0.939	0.151	1.090
		Top	-	0.082	-
		Bottom	1.349	-	-
		Right	0.103	-	-
		Left	0.216	0.096	0.312

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reported SAR WWAN and Bluetooth, ΣSAR evaluation					
Frequency band	Position		reported SAR / W/kg		ΣSAR
			WWAN	Bluetooth	<1.6W/kg
GSM 850	Body-Worn	Front	0.595	0.118	0.713
		Back	0.876	0.118	0.994
GSM 1900	Body-Worn	Front	0.355	0.118	0.473
		Back	0.488	0.118	0.606
WCDMA Band II	Body-Worn	Front	0.662	0.118	0.780
		Back	0.788	0.118	0.906
LTE FDD Band VII	Body-Worn	Front	0.078	0.118	0.196
		Back	0.939	0.118	1.057

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4. Instruments List

Manufacturer	Device	Type	Serial number	Date of last calibration	Date of next calibration
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3831	Jan.27,2016	Jan.26,2017
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	System Validation Dipole	D835V2	4d063	Aug.24,2015	Aug.23,2016
		D1900V2	5d027	Apr.25,2016	Apr.24,2017
		D2450V2	727	Apr.19,2016	Apr.18,2017
		D2600V2	1005	Jan.21,2016	Jan.20,2017
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1336	Aug.26,2015	Aug.25,2016
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 52 V52.8.8	N/A	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM	N/A	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46107530	Jan.07,2016	Jan.06,2017
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300677	Calibration not required	Calibration not required
Agilent	Dual-directional coupler	772D	MY46151242	Jul.15,2015	Jul.14,2016
		778D	MY48220468	Jul.16,2015	Jul.15,2016

Manufacturer	Device	Type	Serial number	Date of last calibration	Date of next calibration
Agilent	RF Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145142	Feb.19,2016	Feb.18,2017
Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	MY52240003	Jul.15,2015	Jul.14,2016
Agilent	Power Sensor	E9301H	MY52200004	Jul.15,2015	Jul.14,2016
		E9301H	MY51470001	Jan.07,2016	Jan.06,2017
TECPEL	Digital thermometer	DTM-303A	TP130073	Feb.26,2016	Feb.25,2017
Anritsu	Radio Communication Test	MT8820C	6201061014	Oct.07,2015	Oct.06,2016

5. Measurements

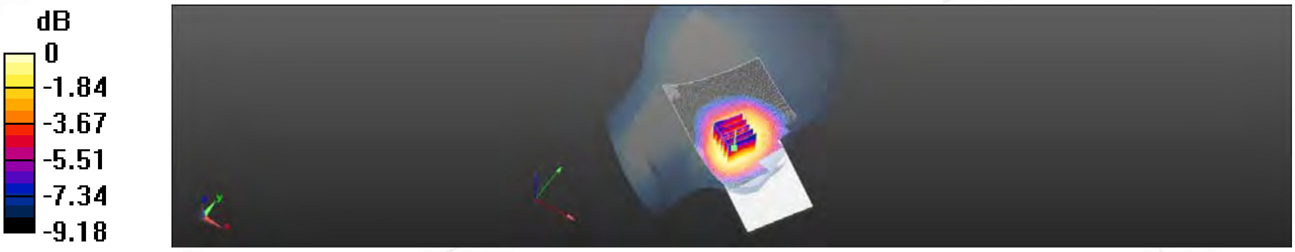
Date: 2016/6/26

GSM 850_Head_Le Cheek_CH 251
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.933 S/m; ε_r = 41.673; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.612 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.622 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.670 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.546 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.418 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 W/kg



0 dB = 0.622 W/kg = -2.06 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/26

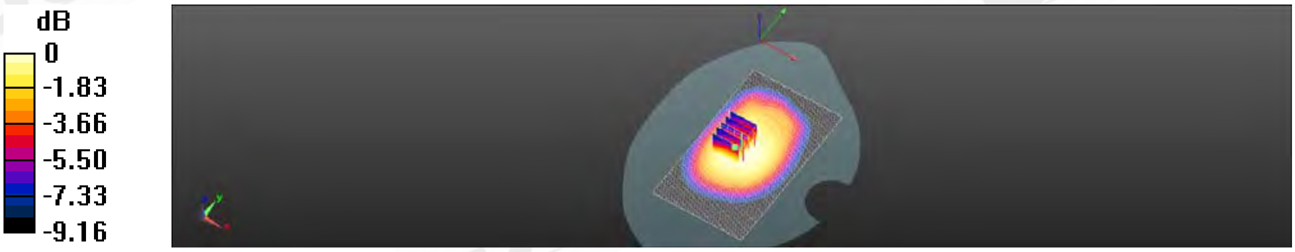
GSM 850_Body-worn_Back side_CH 251_10mm
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 55.876; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(9.08, 9.08, 9.08); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.876 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.950 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.763 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.580 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.871 W/kg



0 dB = 0.871 W/kg = -0.60 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/26

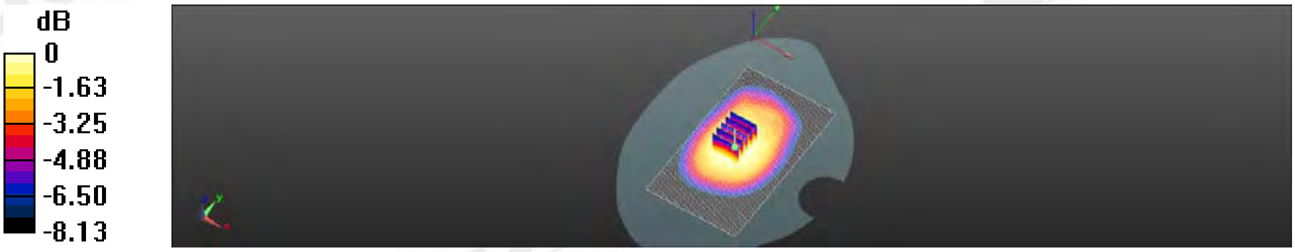
GPRS 850_Hotspot_Back side_CH 251_10mm
Communication System: GPRS(1Dn4Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 55.876; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(9.08, 9.08, 9.08); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.38 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 38.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.919 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg



0 dB = 1.39 W/kg = 1.42 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/24

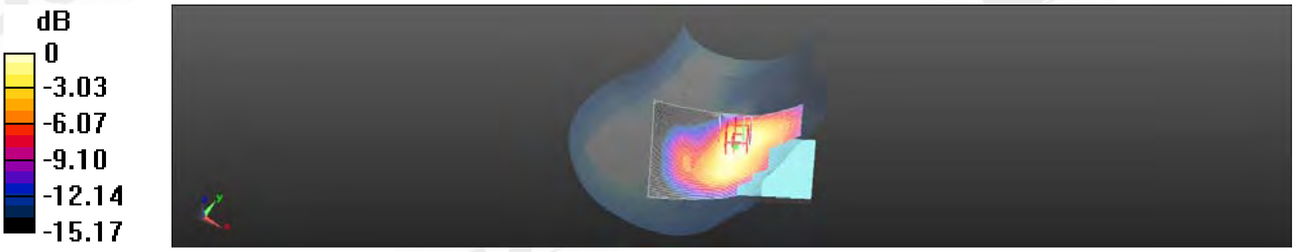
GSM 1900_Head_Re Cheek_CH 661
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.407 S/m; ε_r = 38.73; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.332 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.872 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.389 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.246 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 W/kg



0 dB = 0.323 W/kg = -4.91 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/24

GSM 1900_Body-worn_Back side_CH 661_10mm

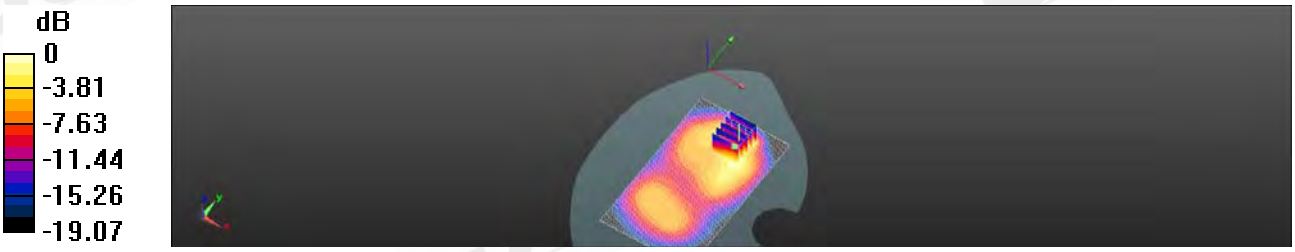
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.558 S/m; ε_r = 52.031; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.594 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.650 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.869 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.435 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.644 W/kg



0 dB = 0.644 W/kg = -1.91 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/24

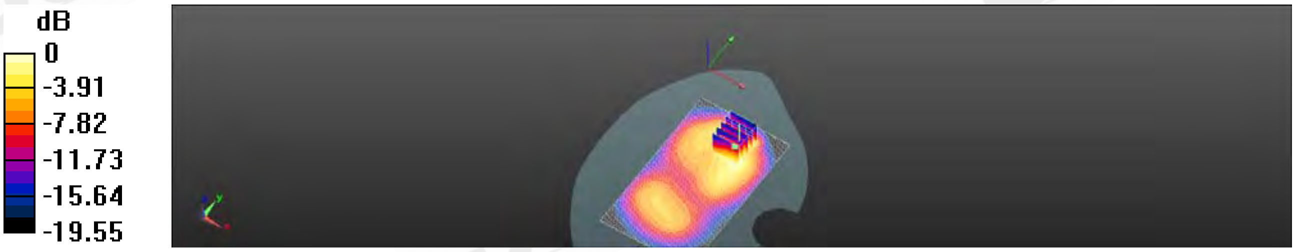
GPRS 1900_Hotspot_Back side_CH 661_10mm
Communication System: GPRS(1Dn4Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.558 S/m; ε_r = 52.031; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.918 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.385 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.666 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.338 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.984 W/kg



0 dB = 0.984 W/kg = -0.07 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/24

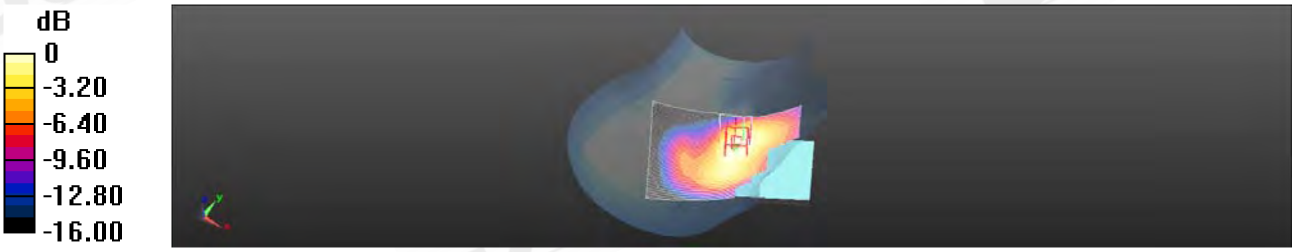
WCDMA Band 2_Head_Re Cheek_CH 9262
Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.389 S/m; ε_r = 38.896; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.542 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.780 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.641 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.434 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.527 W/kg



0 dB = 0.527 W/kg = -2.78 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/24

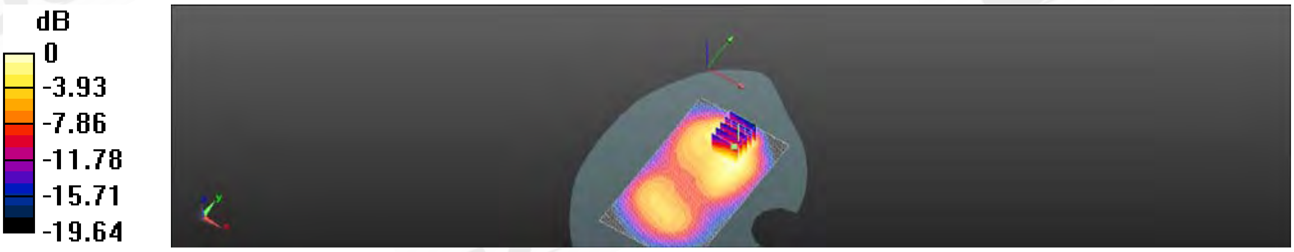
WCDMA Band 2_ Body-worn_Back side_CH 9262_10mm
Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.526 S/m; ε_r = 52.081; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.981 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.677 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.992 W/kg



0 dB = 0.992 W/kg = -0.03 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/24

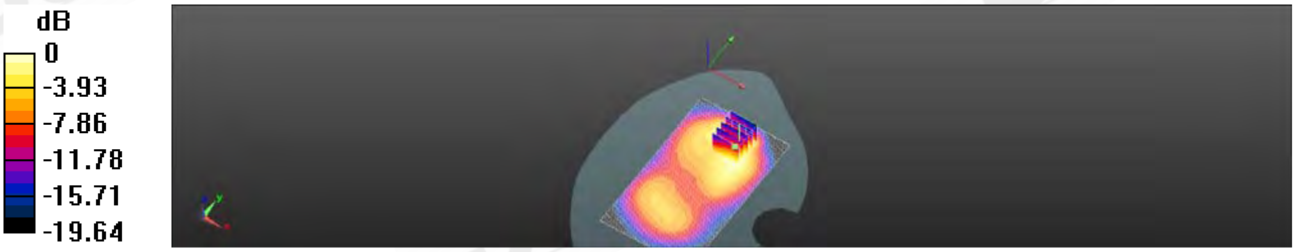
WCDMA Band 2_Hotspot_Back side_CH 9262_10mm
Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.526 S/m; ε_r = 52.081; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.981 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.677 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.992 W/kg



0 dB = 0.992 W/kg = -0.03 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/23

LTE Band 7 (20MHz)_Head_Re Cheek_CH 21350_QPSK_1-99

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2560 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; σ = 1.96 S/m; ε_r = 38`.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.325 W/kg

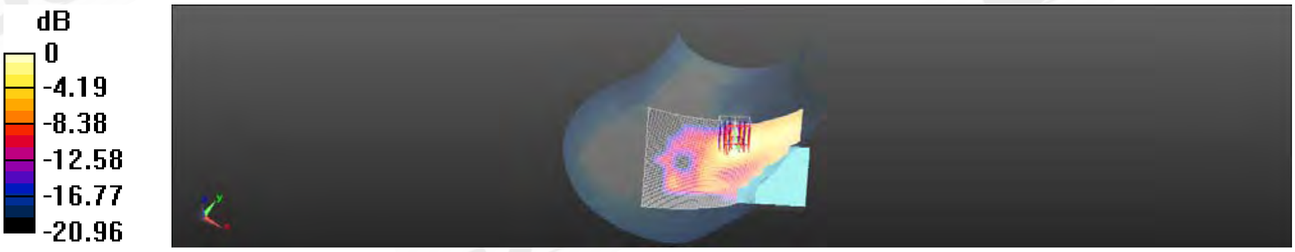
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.288 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 W/kg



0 dB = 0.321 W/kg = -4.93 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/23

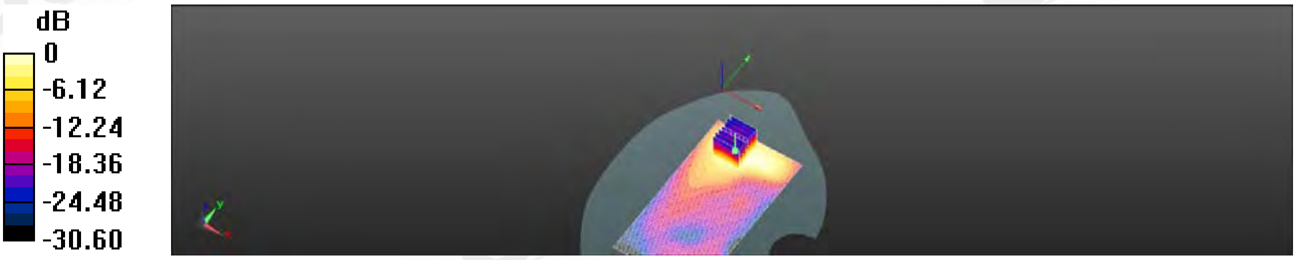
LTE Band 7 (20MHz)_Body-worn_Back side_CH 21350_QPSK_1-99_10mm
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2560 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; σ = 2.155 S/m; ε_r = 52.253; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.63 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.255 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.856 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg



0 dB = 1.63 W/kg = 2.12 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/23

LTE Band 7 (20MHz)_Hotspot_Bottom side_CH 21350_QPSK_1-99_10mm

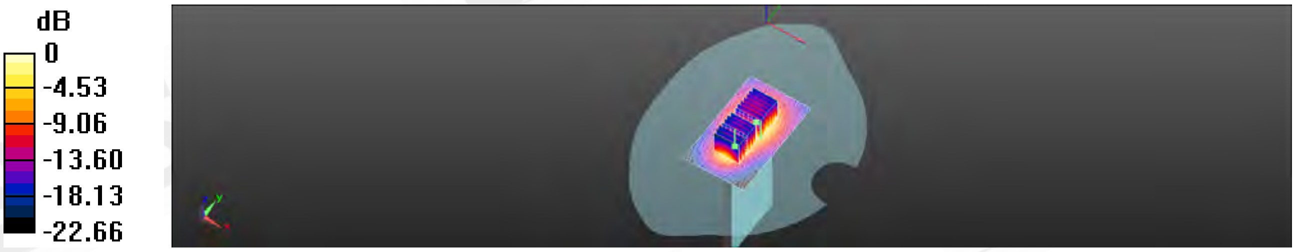
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2560 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; σ = 2.155 S/m; ε_r = 52.253; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.82 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.45 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.593 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.989 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



0 dB = 1.51 W/kg = 1.79 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/25

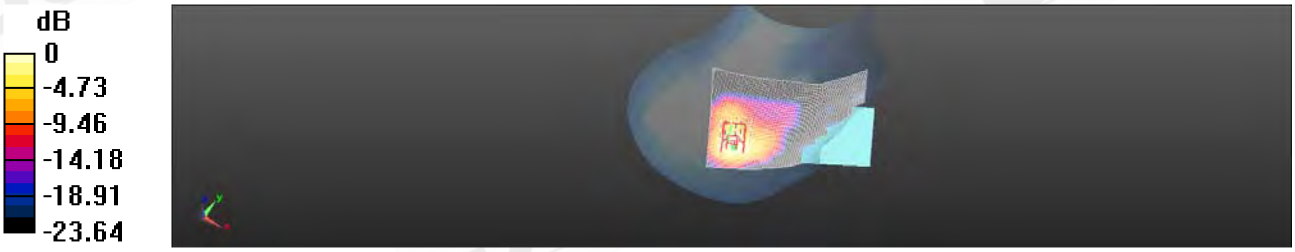
WLAN 802.11b_Head_Re Cheek_CH 11
Communication System: WLAN(2.45G); Frequency: 2462 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.842 S/m; ε_r = 38.143; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.999 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.719 W/kg



0 dB = 0.719 W/kg = -1.43 dBW/kg

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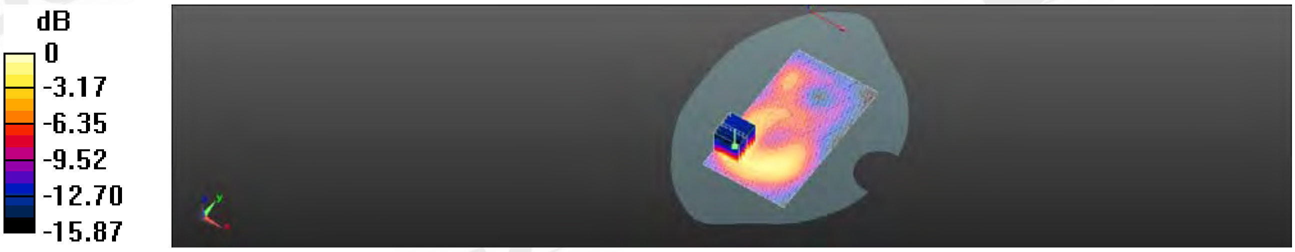
Date: 2016/6/25

WLAN 802.11b_ Body-worn_Back side_CH 11_10mm
Communication System: WLAN(2.45G); Frequency: 2462 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.025 S/m; ε_r = 52.533; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.220 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.468 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.147 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



0 dB = 0.221 W/kg = -6.57 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/25

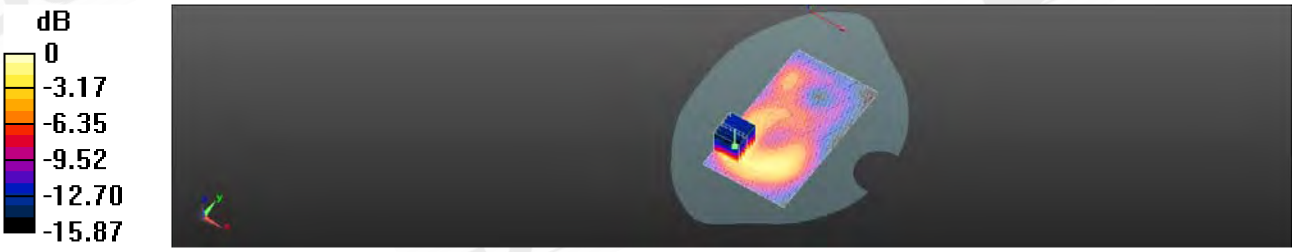
WLAN 802.11b_Hotspot_Back side_CH 11_10mm
Communication System: WLAN(2.45G); Frequency: 2462 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.025 S/m; ε_r = 52.533; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.220 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.468 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.147 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



0 dB = 0.221 W/kg = -6.57 dBW/kg

6. SAR System Performance Verification

Date: 2016/6/26

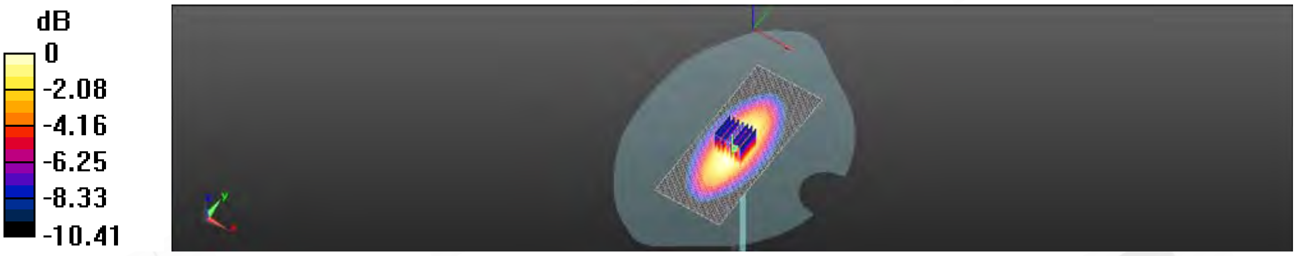
Dipole 835 MHz_SN:4d063
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.919 S/m; ε_r = 41.702; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(8.84, 8.84, 8.84); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.92 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg



0 dB = 2.94 W/kg = 4.68 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/26

Dipole 835 MHz_SN:4d063

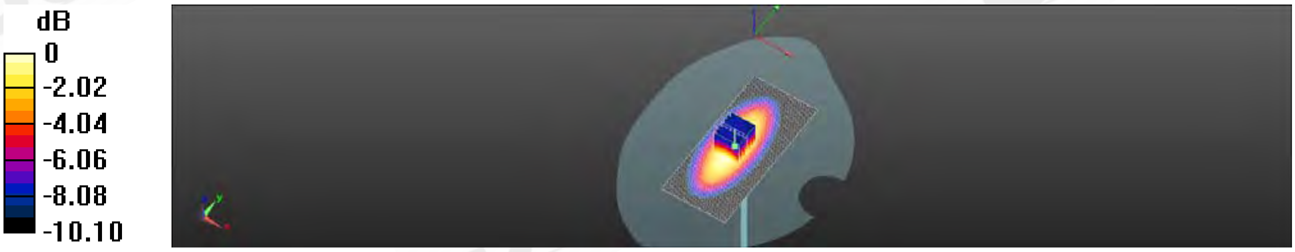
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.967 S/m; ε_r = 55.905; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(9.08, 9.08, 9.08); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.96 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg



0 dB = 2.96 W/kg = 4.71 dBW/kg

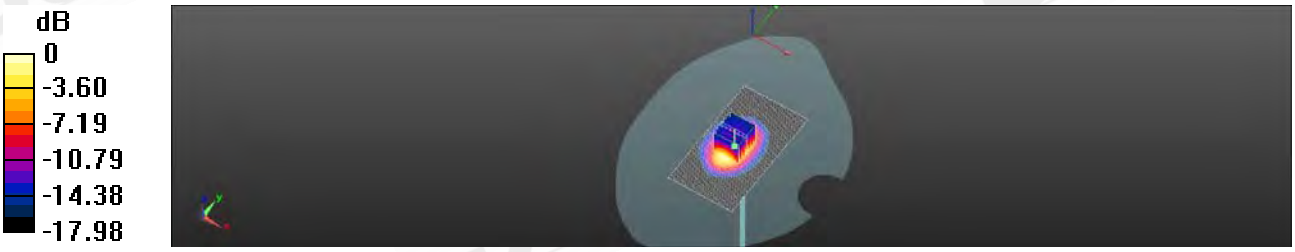
Date: 2016/6/24

Dipole 1900 MHz SN:5d027
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.426 S/m; ε_r = 38.711; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 94.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



0 dB = 14.0 W/kg = 11.46 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/24

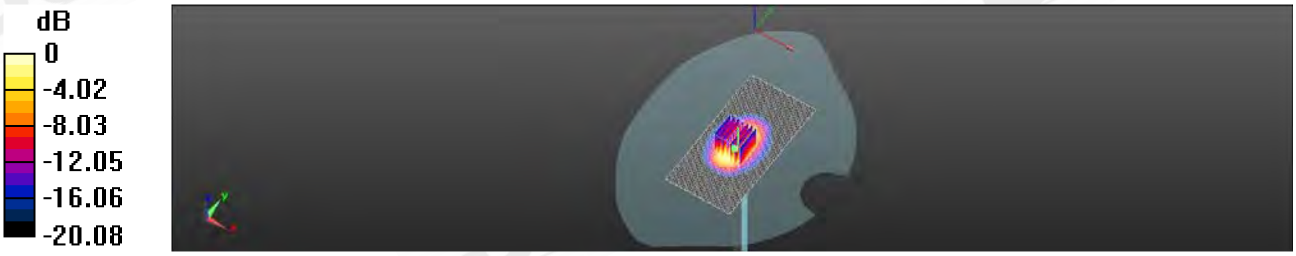
Dipole 1900 MHz SN:5d027
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.574 S/m; ε_r = 51.992; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.53 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/25

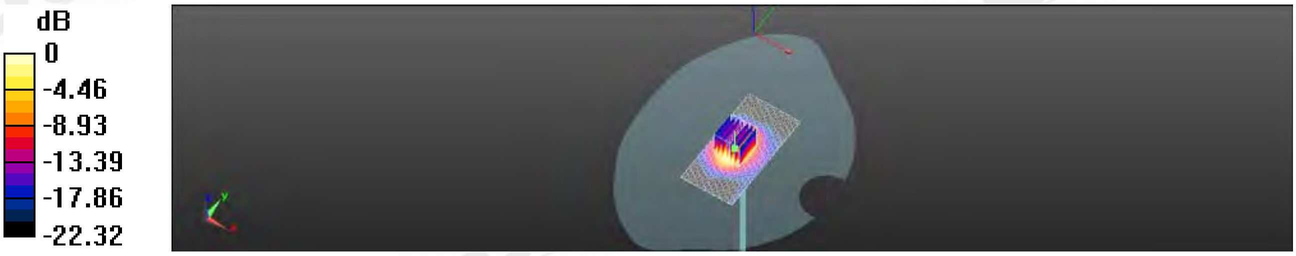
Dipole 2450 MHz_SN:727
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.832 S/m; ε_r = 38.167; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



0 dB = 20.7 W/kg = 13.15 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/25

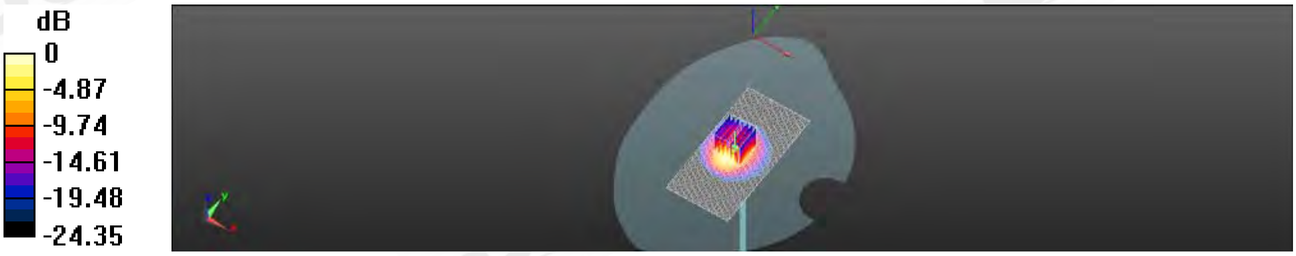
Dipole 2450 MHz_SN:727
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.011 S/m; ε_r = 52.592; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.96 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.82 dBW/kg

Date: 2016/6/23

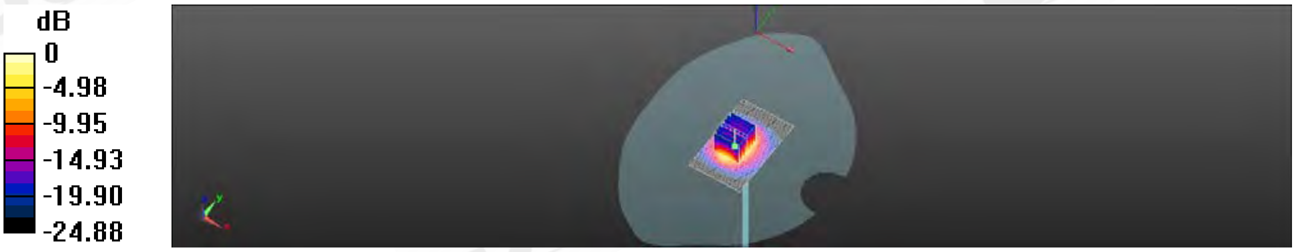
Dipole 2600 MHz SN:1005
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.007 S/m; ε_r = 38.096; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.41 dBW/kg

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Date: 2016/6/23

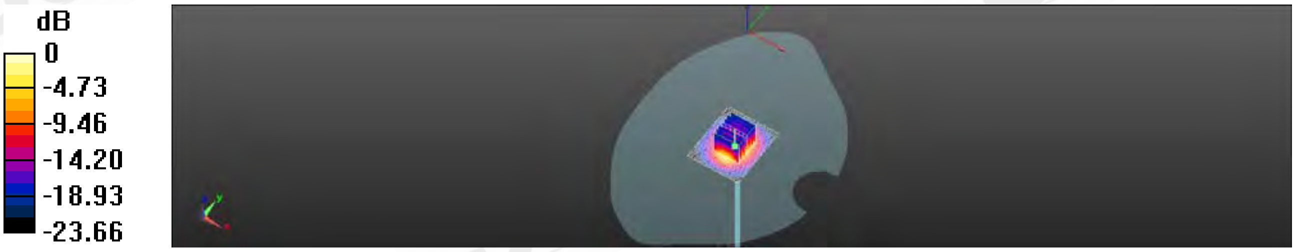
Dipole 2600 MHz SN:1005
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.198 S/m; ε_r = 52.211; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3831; ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71); Calibrated: 2016/1/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1336; Calibrated: 2015/8/26
- Phantom: Head
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

7. DAE & Probe Calibration Certificate

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **SGS - TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1336_Aug15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1336

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-06.v29
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: August 26, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-14 (No:15573)	Oct-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	06-Jan-15 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-16
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	06-Jan-15 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	i.V.

Issued: August 26, 2015

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Certificate No: DAE4-1336_Aug15 Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.276 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.573 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.056 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95163 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98593 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99669 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	121.0 ° ± 1 °

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200039.73	3.06	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20005.75	1.87	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20006.63	0.10	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200040.44	3.89	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20002.50	-1.26	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20009.40	-2.57	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200042.26	5.60	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20002.80	-0.91	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20009.67	-2.80	0.01

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.27	0.19	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	199.51	-0.49	-0.24
Channel X	- Input	-200.10	-0.12	0.06
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.75	-0.24	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199.19	-0.66	-0.33
Channel Y	- Input	-200.95	-0.99	0.49
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.22	0.38	0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	198.50	-1.33	-0.66
Channel Z	- Input	-201.27	-1.23	0.61

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	5.53	4.41
	- 200	-3.35	-4.87
Channel Y	200	-3.56	-3.80
	- 200	3.14	2.36
Channel Z	200	20.99	21.07
	- 200	-24.35	-24.58

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	5.96	-1.54
Channel Y	200	8.46	-	7.20
Channel Z	200	8.25	6.18	-

Certificate No: DAE4-1336_Aug15 Page 4 of 5

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4. **AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15667	16258
Channel Y	15914	16000
Channel Z	15866	16245

5. **Input Offset Measurement**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.23	-0.56	1.25	0.37
Channel Y	0.11	-0.69	1.02	0.34
Channel Z	-1.22	-2.26	0.20	0.41

6. **Input Offset Current**

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. **Input Resistance** (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. **Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. **Power Consumption** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client: SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3831_Jan16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3831

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 27, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 28, 2016

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Certificate No: EX3-3831_Jan16 Page 1 of 11

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z:* A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):* in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset:* The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle:* The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3831_Jan16 Page 2 of 11

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3831

Manufactured: September 6, 2011
Calibrated: January 27, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3831

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.45	0.42	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	100.7	102.6	99.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	153.7	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		139.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		143.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3831

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.23	1.35	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.84	8.84	8.84	0.19	1.62	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.77	8.77	8.77	0.20	1.51	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.28	0.97	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.92	7.92	7.92	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.31	0.96	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.27	1.09	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.40	0.89	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.42	1.03	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3831

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.25	9.25	9.25	0.26	1.29	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.08	9.08	9.08	0.35	1.04	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.05	9.05	9.05	0.30	1.12	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.27	1.01	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.54	7.54	7.54	0.35	0.85	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.37	0.84	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.47	3.47	3.47	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.52	3.52	3.52	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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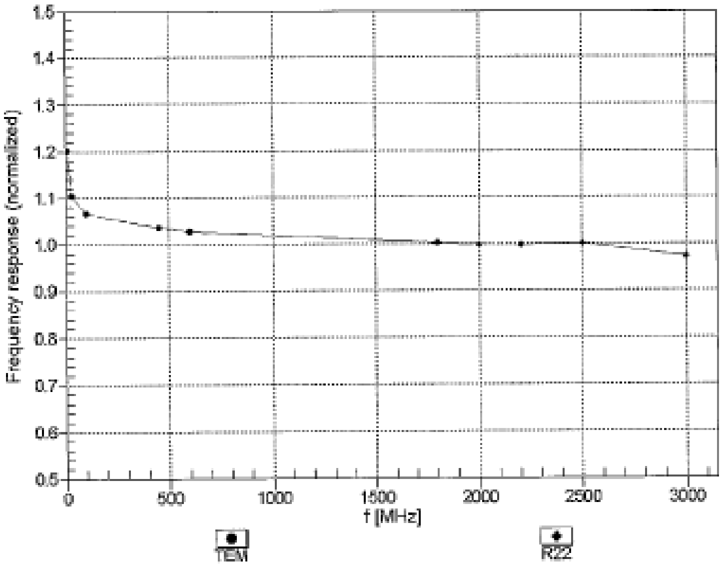
EX3DV4– SN:3831 January 27, 2016

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3831_Jan16 Page 7 of 11

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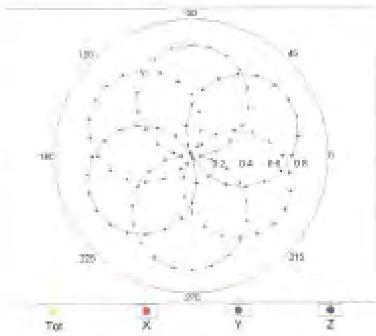
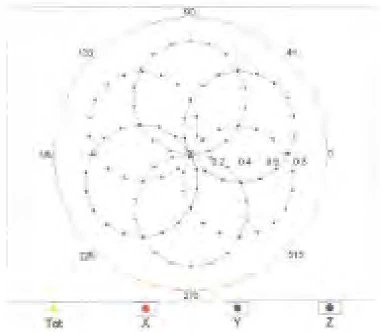
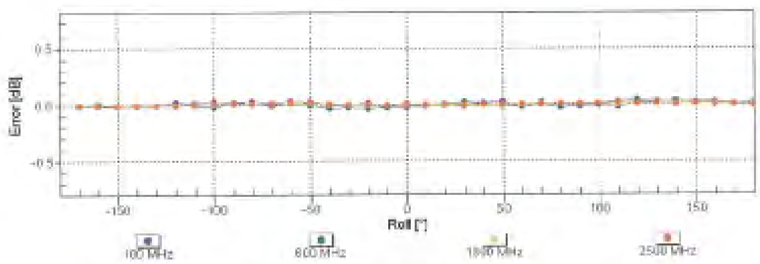
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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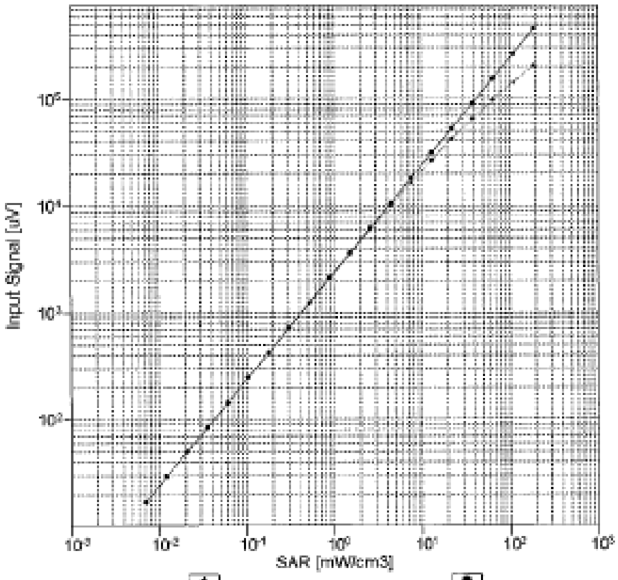
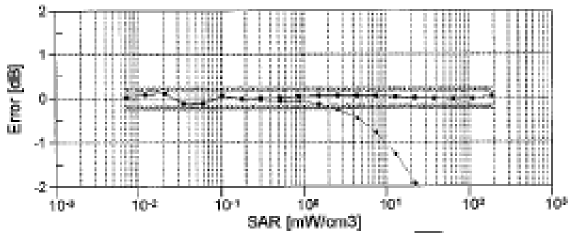
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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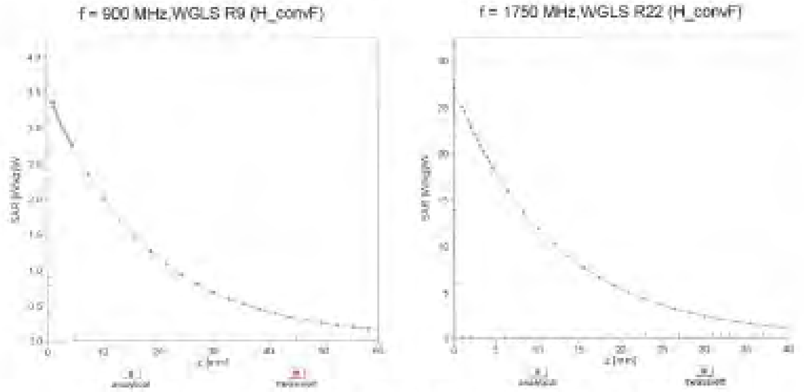
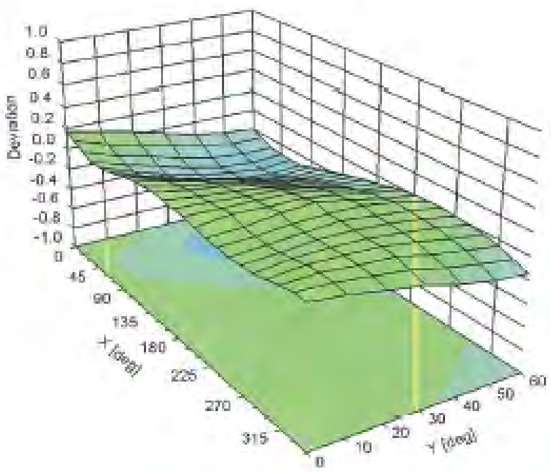
EX3DV4– SN:3831 January 27, 2016

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3831_Jan16 Page 10 of 11

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3831

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-20.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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8. Phantom Description

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
s p e a g
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Type No	QD 000 P40 C
Series No	TP-1150 and higher
Manufacturer	SPEAG Zeughausstrasse 43 CH-8004 Zürich Switzerland

Tests
The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles.
Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series items (called samples) or are tested at each item.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Dimensions	Compliant with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness of shell	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in flat and specific areas of head section	First article, Samples, TP-1314 ff.
Material thickness at ERP	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	6mm +/- 0.2mm at ERP	First article, All items
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	300 MHz – 6 GHz: Relative permittivity < 5, Loss tangent < 0.05	Material samples
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions. Observe technical Note for material compatibility.	DEGMBE based simulating liquids	Pre-series, First article, Material samples
Sagging	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards. Sagging of the flat section when filled with tissue simulating liquid.	< 1% typical < 0.8% if filled with 155mm of HSL900 and without DUT below	Prototypes, Sample testing

Standards
[1] CENELEC EN 50361
[2] IEEE Std 1528-2003
[3] IEC 62209 Part I
[4] FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01
(*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of the other documents.

Conformity
Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standards [1] to [4].

Date 07.07.2005

Signature / Stamp

s p e a g
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Doc No 881 – QD 000 P40 C – F Page 1 (1)

9. System Validation from Original Equipment Supplier

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **SGS-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d063_Aug15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d063
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M. Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 25, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_Aug15 Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.9 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.11 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.97 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.28 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.11 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.394 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 27, 2006

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

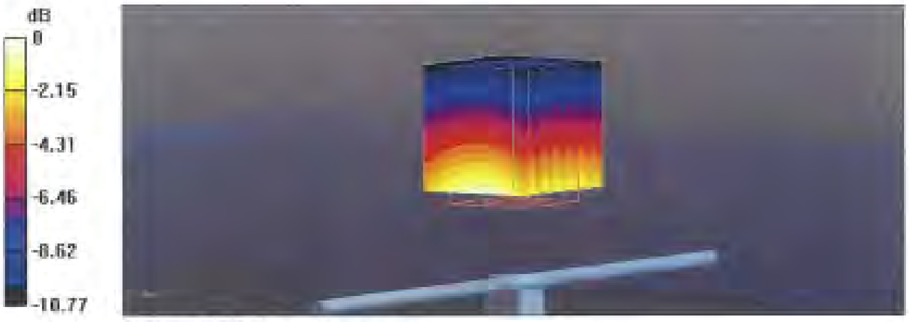
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d063

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.93 S/m; ε_r = 41.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 W/kg



0 dB = 2.73 W/kg = 4.36 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_Aug15 Page 5 of 8

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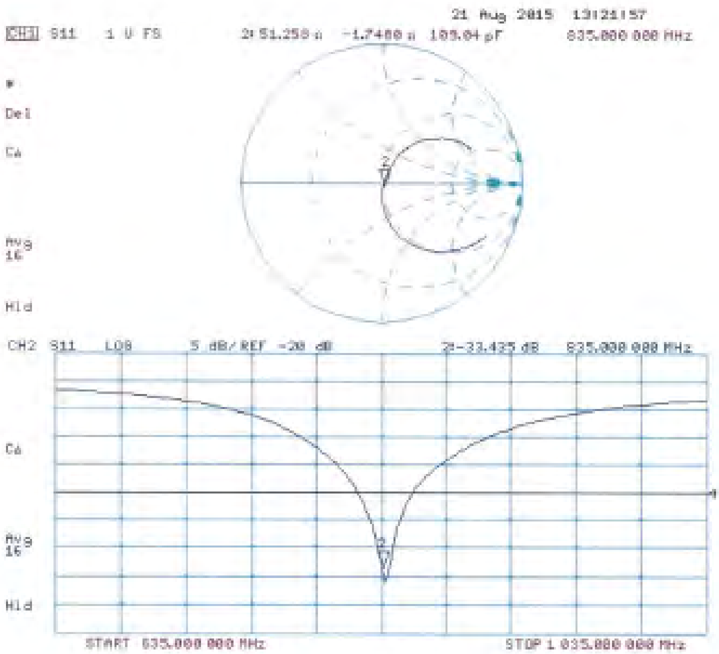
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

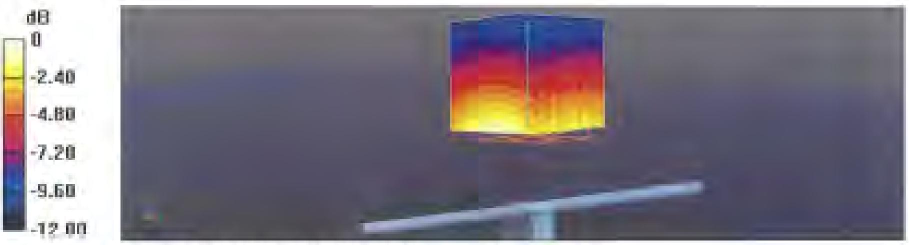
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d063

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg



0 dB = 2.81 W/kg = 4.49 dBW/kg

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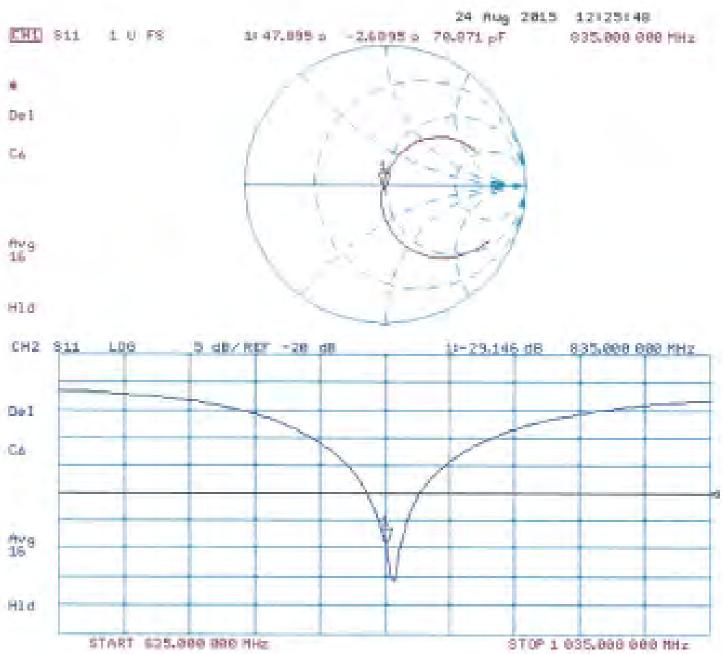
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d063_Aug15 Page 8 of 8

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **SGS-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d027_Apr16**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D1900V2 - SN: 5d027

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v9
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: April 25, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: April 26, 2016

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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr16 Page 1 of 8

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

a) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.0 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**38.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.83 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8 Ω + 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.5 Ω + 5.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.196 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 17, 2002

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.04.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

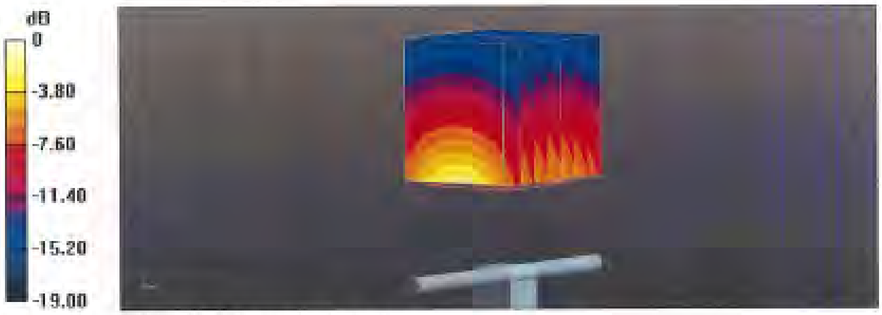
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d027

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.37 S/m; ε_r = 40; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg

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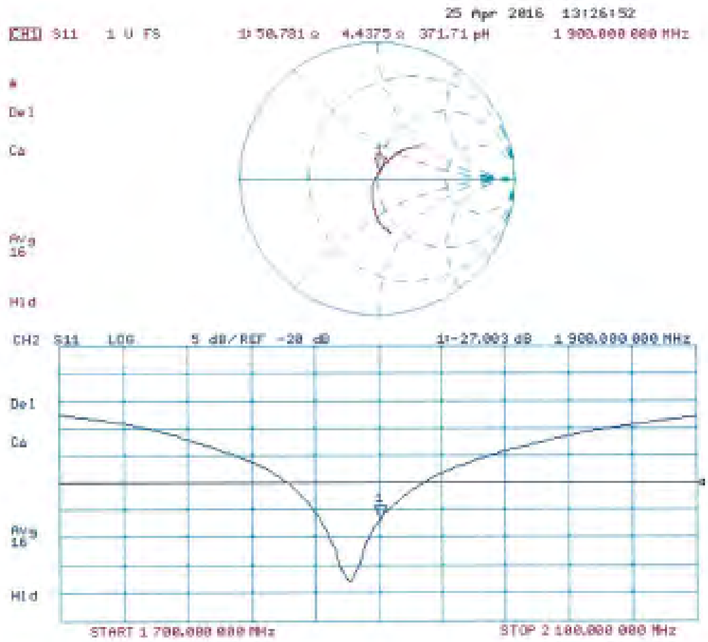
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 25.04.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

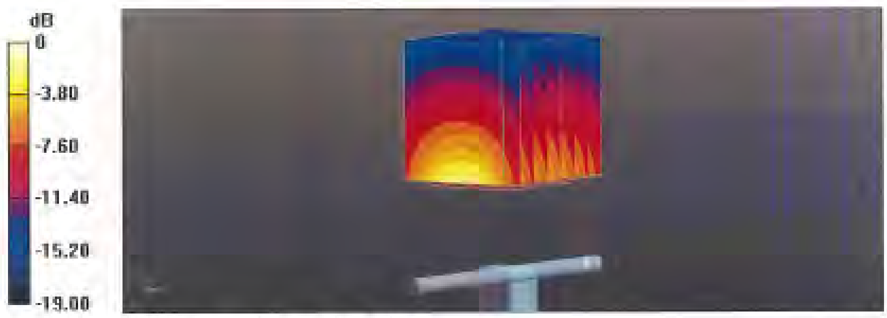
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d027

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.49 S/m; ε_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 104.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

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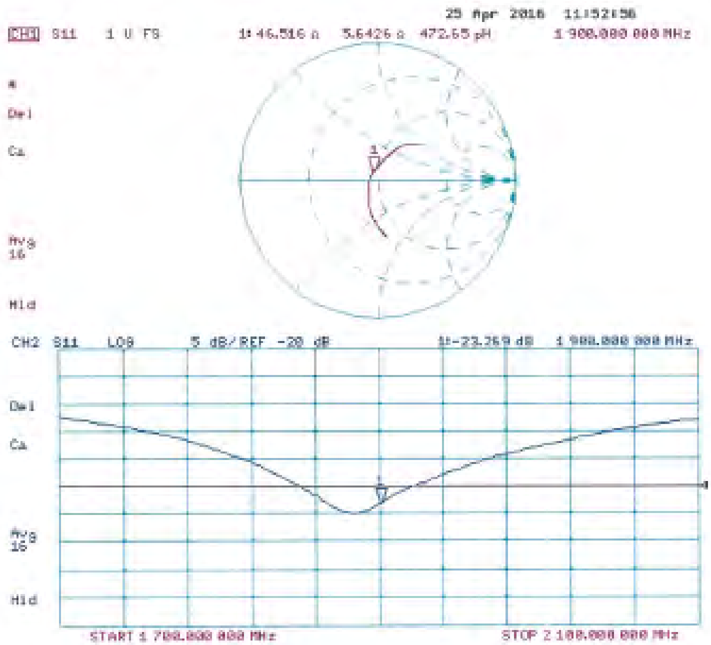
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d027_Apr16 Page 8 of 8

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN:727
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	April 19, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: April 20, 2016

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Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16 Page 1 of 8

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-727_Apr16 Page 2 of 8

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.0 ± 6 %	1.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.93 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.7 ± 6 %	1.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**49.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.86 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.3 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω + 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.148 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 09, 2003

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.04.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

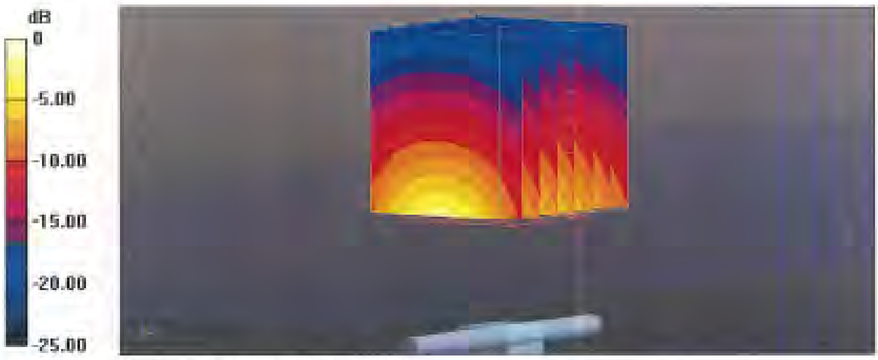
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 727

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.83 S/m; ε_r = 40; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 112.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg = 13.18 dBW/kg

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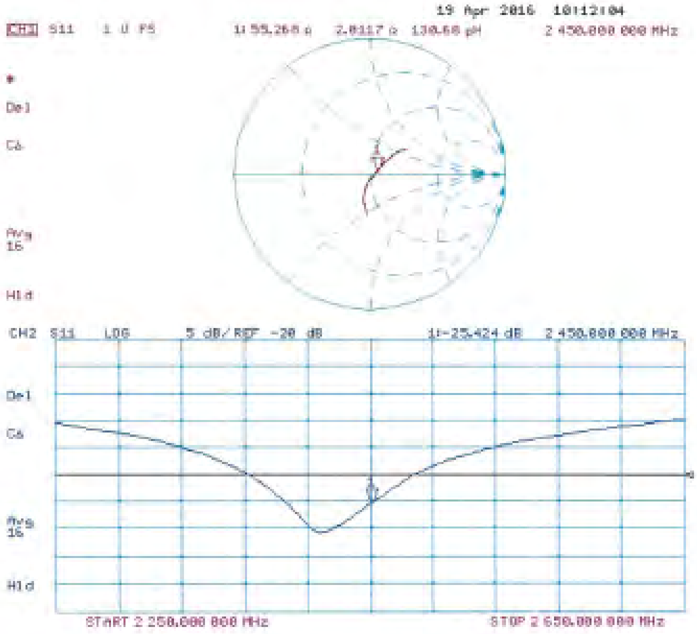
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **SGS-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2600V2-1005_Jan16**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2600V2 - SN: 1005
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	January 21, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 54206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Leif Klysner
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 26, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.3 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**55.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.6 ± 6 %	2.22 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**53.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω - 4.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.6 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 23, 2006

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1005

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

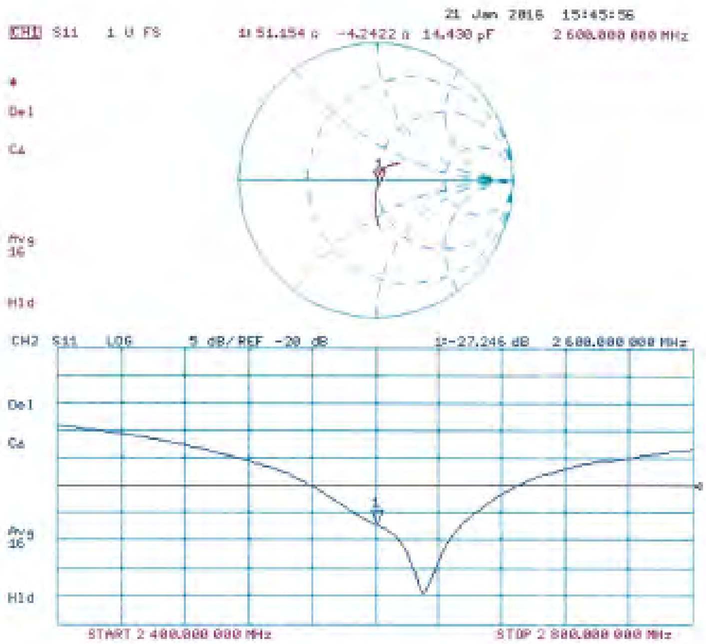
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 114.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.29 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.0 W/kg

0 dB = 24.0 W/kg = 13.80 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

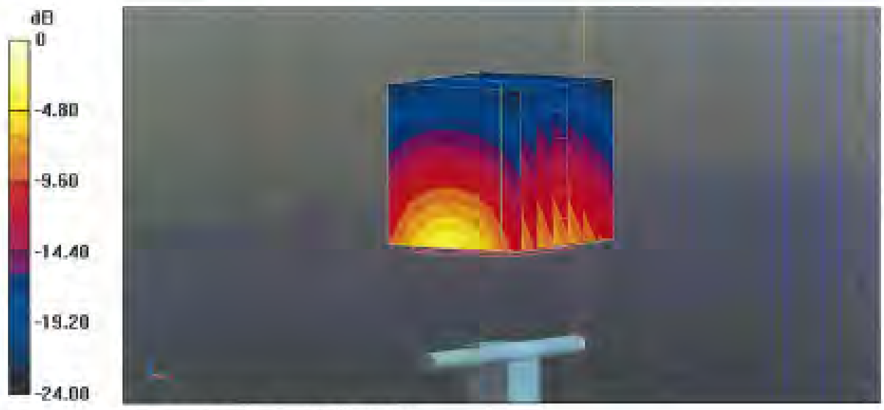
DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1005

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.22 S/m; ε_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 106.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg



0 dB = 22.8 W/kg = 13.58 dBW/kg

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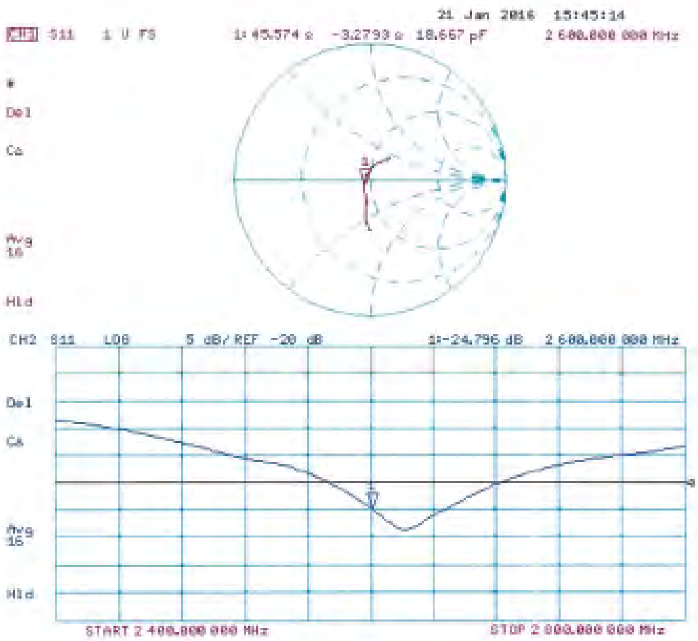
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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- End of 1st part of report -

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