



# FCC RF Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone, HUAWEI Ascend G620S

Model Number: HUAWEI G620S-L02, G620S-L02

Report No: SYBH(Z-RF)024102014-2001

FCC ID: QISG620S-L02

# Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

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#### Notice

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- 2. The laboratory has Passed the accreditation by The American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). The accreditation number is 2174.01.
- 3. The laboratory has been listed by the US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The site recognition number is 97456.
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Applicant: Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Address: Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.,

Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

**Date of Receipt Sample:** 2014-11-13 **Start Date of Test:** 2014-11-13 **End Date of Test:** 2014-11-17

**Test Result:** Pass

Liu Chuntin **Approved by Senior** Liu Chunlin 2014-11-17

Engineer: Date Name Signature

M aowenli Prepared by: 2014-11-17 Mao Wenli Date

Name Signature



**Modification Record** 

No.	Last Report No.	Modification Description		
1		First report.		



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# 1 General Information

# 1.1 Applied Standard

Applied Rules: 47 CFR FCC Part 02:2013

47 CFR FCC Part 22: 2013

Test Method: FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r01

#### 1.2 Test Location

Test Location 1: Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Address: Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.,

Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

#### 1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature: 19.5 to 25 °C

Ambient Relative Humidity: 40 to 55 %

Atmospheric Pressure: Not applicable



2 Test Summary

# 2.1 Cellular Band (824-849 MHz paired with 869-894 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements Test Result Ver			
Effective (Isotropic)	§2.1046,	FCC: ERP ≤ 7 W.	Appendix A	Pass	
Radiated Power Output Data	§22.913		7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
Peak-Average Ratio			Appendix B	Pass	
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	Appendix C	Pass	
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix D	Pass	
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §22.917	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix E	Pass	
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §22.917	≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz, from 9 kHz to 10 <sup>th</sup> harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix F	Pass	
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§2.1053, §22.917	≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz.	Appendix G	Pass	
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §22.355	≤ ±2.5ppm. Appendix H Pa			
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".					



#### 3 Description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

#### 3.1 General Description

HUAWEI G620S-L02, G620S-L02 is subscriber equipment in the LTE/WCDMA/GSM system. The HSPA+/UMTS frequency band is Band I and Band V and Band VIII. The LTE frequency band is B1 and B3 and B5 and B7. The GSM/GPRS/EDGE frequency band includes GSM850 and GSM900 and DCS1800 and PCS1900, but only GSM850 and GSM1900MHz and WCDMA 850 and LTE B5 and LTE B7 bands test data included in this report. The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, LTE/HSPA+/UMTS and GSM/GPRS/EDGE protocol processing, voice, video, MMS service, GPS, AGPS and WIFI etc. Externally it provides micro SD card interface, earphone port (to provide voice service) and USIM card interface. It also provides Bluetooth module to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices

The mobile phone G620S-L03 and G620S-L02 are LTE/UMTS mobile phone with Bluetooth The differences between G620S-L03 and G620S-L02 are showed in the following table. Other parts of the mobile phone are the same, including the appearance, the antenna, Chipset, Bluetooth mode, Wifi mode, Adapter, Battery, Mainboard and so on.

mamboara arra co om		
	G620S-L03	G620S-L02
GSM four bands	the same	the same
WCDMA bands	B1/B2/B4/B5	B1/B5/B8
LTE bands	B2/B4/ B7	B1/B3/ B5/B7
	GSM850/1900	GSM850/1900
FCC bands	W1900/W1700/W850	W850
	LTE B2/B4/ B7	LTE B5/B7
External camera	the same	the same
internal camera	the same	the same
FLASH	the same	the same
Mainboard	the same	the same
PCB layout	the same	the same
Appearance	the same	the same
Bluetooth mode	the same	the same
WLAN mode	the same	the same
BT/ WLAN antenna	the same	the same
GSM/ WCDMA /LTE antenna	the same	the same



Adapter	the same	the same
Battery	the same	the same
Chipset	the same	the same
Memory	the same	the same
RF Parameter	The same RF Parameter in the	The same RF Parameter in
Kr Falametel	same band	the same band
Dimension	the same	the same
Main Fraguency NIV	The same NV in the same	The same NV in the same
Main Frequency NV	band	band

#### NOTE:

We only test the LTE band 5 and all test cases except LTE Band 5 refer to NO.SYBH(Z-RF)013082014 of G620S-L03 RF report.

# 3.2 EUT Identity

NOTE: Unless otherwise noted in the report, the functional boards installed in the units shall be selected from the below list, but not means all the functional boards listed below shall be installed in one unit.

#### 3.2.1 Board

Board			
Software Version Hardware Version Description			
G620S-L02 V100R001C00B231	HL1G620SM	Main board	



# 3.3 Technical Specification

Characteristics	Description		
Radio System Type	□ LTE		
Supported Frequency Range	LTE BAND5	Transmission (TX): 824 to 849 MHz	
		Receiving (RX): 869 to 894 MHz	
TX and RX Antenna Ports	TX & RX port:	1	
	TX-only port:	0	
	RX-only port:	1	
Target TX Output Power	LTE system: 23.5dE	3m	
Supported Channel Bandwidth	LTE band 5		
		MHz	
Designation of Emissions	LTE BAND5:	1M09G7D (1.4 MHz QPSK modulation),	
(Note: the necessary bandwidth of		1M09W7D (1.4 MHz 16QAM modulation)	
which is the worst value from the		2M70G7D (3 MHz QPSK modulation),	
measured occupied bandwidths for		2M70W7D (3 MHz 16QAM modulation)	
each type of channel bandwidth		4M50G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation),	
configuration.)		4M50W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation)	
		8M98G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation),	
		8M98W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation)	



# 4 General Test Conditions / Configurations

# 4.1 Test Modes

NOTE: The test mode(s) are selected according to relevant radio technology specifications.

Test Mode	Test Modes Description	
LTE/TM1	LTE system, QPSK modulation	
LTE/TM2	LTE system, 16QAM modulation	

#### 4.2 Test Environment

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests	
Relative Humidity	Ambient	
Temperature	TN Ambient	
	VL	3.7V
Voltage	VN	3.8V
	VH	4.35V

NOTE: VL= lower extreme test voltage

VN= nominal voltage

VH= upper extreme test voltage

TN= normal temperature



# 4.3 Test Frequency

T	TX/RX	RF Channel			
Test Mode		Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)	
	TV (4, 41.6)	Channel 20407	Channel 20525	Channel 20643	
	TX (1.4M)	824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz	
	TX (3M)	Channel 20415	Channel 20525	Channel 20635	
	1 × (3W)	825.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	847.5 MHz	
	TV (FM)	Channel 20425	Channel 20525	Channel 20625	
	TX (5M)	826.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	846.5 MHz	
	TX (10M)	Channel 20450	Channel 20525	Channel 20600	
LTE Band 5		829 MHz	836.5 MHz	844 MHz	
LIE Ballu 3	RX (1.4M)	Channel 2407	Channel 2525	Channel 2643	
		869.7 MHz	881.5 MHz	893.3 MHz	
	RX (3M)	Channel 2415	Channel 2525	Channel 2635	
		870.5 MHz	881.5 MHz	892.5 MHz	
	DV (5M)	Channel 2425	Channel 2525	Channel 2625	
	RX (5M)	871.5 MHz	881.5 MHz	891.5 MHz	
	RX (10M)	Channel 2450	Channel 2525	Channel 2600	
		874 MHz	881.5 MHz	889 MHz	



#### 4.4 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

#### 4.4.1 Radiated Power and Radiated Spurious Emissions

Radiated spurious emissions are investigated indoors in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the frequencies producing the worst case emissions. Final measurements for radiated power and radiated spurious emissions are performed on the 3 meter OATS per the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The equipment under test was transmitting while connected to its integral antenna and is placed on a wooden turntable 80cm above the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. The receive antenna height is adjusted between 1 and 4 meter height, the turntable is rotated through 360 degrees, and the EUT is manipulated through all orthogonal planes representative of its typical use to achieve the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. Emissions are also investigated with the receive antenna horizontally and vertically polarized.

A portable or small unlicensed wireless device shall be placed on a non-metallic test fixture or other non-metallic support during testing. The supporting fixture shall permit orientation of the EUT in each of three orthogonal (x, y, z) axis positions such that emissions from the EUT are maximized. Measure the EUT maximum RF power and record the result.

A half-wave dipole is then substituted in place of the EUT. For emissions above 1GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT. The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer level previously recorded from the spurious emission from the EUT. The power of the emission is calculated using the following formula:

Pd [dBm] = Pg [dBm] - cable loss [dB] + antenna gain [dBd/dBi]

Where,  $P_d$  is the dipole equivalent power,  $P_g$  is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to Pg [dBm] – cable loss [dB].

The calculated Pd levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of 43 + 10log<sub>10</sub>(Power [Watts]).

Note: Reference test setup 3



#### 4.4.2 Occupied Bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

Note: Reference test setup 1.

#### 4.4.3 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Note: Reference test setup 1.

#### 4.4.4 Peak-Average Ratio

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For WCDMA signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level. For GSM signals, an average and a peak trace are used on a spectrum analyzer to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a bandwidth greater than the emission bandwidth. The traces are generated with the spectrum analyzer set to zero span mode.

Note: Reference test setup 1.



#### 4.4.5 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ±0.00025% (±2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

#### **Time Period and Procedure:**

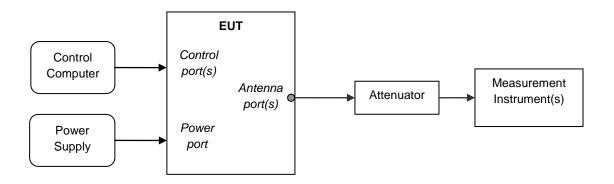
- 1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference).
- 2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
- 3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -30°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

Note: Reference test setup 2.

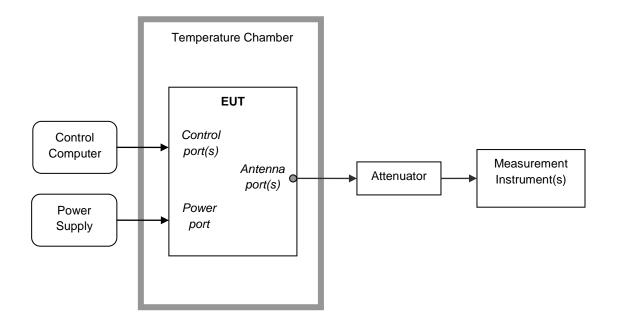


# 4.5 Test Setups

# 4.5.1 Test Setup 1



# 4.5.2 Test Setup 2

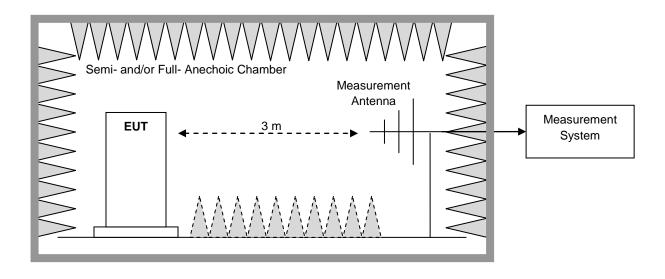




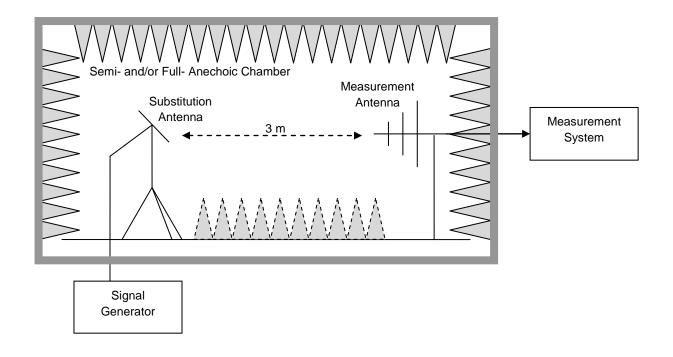
# 4.5.3 Test Setup 3

NOTE: Effective radiated power (ERP) refers to the radiation power output of the EUT, assuming all emissions are radiated from half-wave dipole antennas.

# 4.5.3.1 Step 1: Pre-test



# 4.5.3.2 Step 2: Substitution method to verify the maximum ERP





# 4.6 Test Conditions

Test Case		Test Condition	is
Transmit	nit Average Power, Test Env.		Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
Output Total Tes		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
Power Data		RF Channels	L, M, H
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
	Average Power,	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
	Spectral Density	Test Setup	Test Seup 1
	(if required)	RF Channels	L, M, H
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Peak-to-Avera	age Ratio	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
(if required)		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels	L, M, H
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Modulation Ch	naracteristics	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels	M
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Bandwidth	Occupied	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
	Bandwidth	Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels	L, M, H
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
	Emission	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
	Bandwidth	Test Setup	Test Seup 1
	(if required)	RF Channels	L, M, H
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Band Edges (	Compliance	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
Т		Test Setup	Test Seup 1
		RF Channels	L, H
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)
Test Mode		Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2
Spurious Emis	Spurious Emission at Antenna Test Env.		Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage
Terminals	Terminals Test Setup		Test Seup 1
		RF Channels	L, M, H
			(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)



Test Case	Test Conditions		
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
Field Strength of Spurious	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
Radiation	Test Setup	Test Seup 3	
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1/TM2/TM3,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
		NOTE: If applicable, the EUT conf. that has maximum power	
		density (based on the equivalent power level) is	
		selected.	
	RF Channels	L, M, H	
	(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
Frequency Stability  Test Env. (1) -30 °C to +50 °C with step 10 °C at R		(1) -30 °C to +50 °C with step 10 °C at Rated Voltage;	
		(2) VL, VN and VH of Rated Voltage at Ambient Climate.	
	Test Setup	Test Seup 2	
	RF Channels	L, M, H	
	(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
	Test Mode	GSM/TM1,GSM/TM2,UMTS/TM1,LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	



# 5 <u>Main Test Instruments</u>

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal- Due
Power supply	KEITHLEY	2303	1288003	2012-11-19	2014-11-18
Wireless Communication Test set	Agilent	N4010A	MY49081592	2014-11-04	2015-11-03
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	117341	2014-02-25	2015-02-24
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090652	2014-07-11	2015-07-10
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	126855	2013-08-08	2015-08-09
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY48250119	2014-07-11	2015-07-10
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSQ31	200021	2014-11-04	2015-11-03
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY49431698	2014-11-04	2015-11-03
Temperature Chamber	WEISS	WKL64	56246002940010	2014-02-25	2015-02-24
Temperature Chamber	ESPEC	MW3030	06114003	2014-05-09	2015-05-08
Signal generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51500314	2014-05-09	2015-05-08
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200 A	104162	2014-11-04	2015-11-03
Test receiver	R&S	ESU26	100150	2014-05-09	2015-05-08
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU3	200474	2013-12-24	2014-12-23
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU43	100144	2013-12-24	2014-12-23
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (1G~18GHz)	R&S	HF907	100304	2013-02-02	2015-02-01
Trilog Broadband Antenna (30M~3GHz)	SCHWARZBE CK	VULB 9163	9163-490	2013-02-02	2015-02-01
LOOP Antennas(9kHz-30MHz)	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100262	2013-03-23	2015-03-22
Pyramidal Horn Antenna(18GHz-26-5GHz)	ETS-LINDGR EN	3160-09	5140299	2013-03-05	2015-03-04
Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV4200	100134	2013-12-24	2014-12-23
Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	100382	2013-12-24	2014-12-23



# 6 <u>Measurement Uncertainty</u>

For a 95% confidence level (k = 2), the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 as following:

Test Item	Extended Uncertainty		
Transmit Output Power Data	Power [dBm]	U = 0.39  dB	
Bandwidth	Magnitude [%]	U = 0.2%	
Band Edge Compliance	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 2.0 dB	
Spurious Emissions, Conducted	Disturbance Power [dBm]	U = 2.0 dB	
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	ERP [dBm]	For 3 m Chamber:	
		U = 4.6 dB (30 MHz to 1GHz)	
		U = 3.0 dB (above 1 GHz)	
		For 10 m Chamber:	
		U = 4.6 dB (30 MHz to 1GHz)	
		U = 3.0 dB (above 1 GHz)	
Frequency Stability Frequency Accuracy [ppm]		U = 0.21 ppm	

**END**