





FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone, HUAWEI Ascend G620S

Model: HUAWEI G620S-L02, G620S-L02

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)013102014-2

FCC ID: QISG620S-L02

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DATE	2014-11-21	2014-11-21

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Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)013102014-2 FCC ID:QISG620S-L02

Modified History × × *** ***

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	2014-11-21	Qin Guohui

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1 General Information

1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HUAWEI G620S-L02, G620S-L02 are as below Table 1.

Donal	Max Reported SAR(W/kg)		
Band	1-g Head	1-g Body-worn (15mm) *	1-g Hotspot (10mm)
GSM850	0.461	0.639	0.903
GSM1900	0.285	0.596	1.090
UMTS Band V	0.485	0.621	0.713
LTE Band V	0.308	0.421	0.474
LTE Band VII	0.461	0.738	1.043
WiFi 2.4G	0.457	0.093	0.209
The highest simultaneous SAR value is 1.299W/kg per KDB690783 D01			

Table 1:Summary of test result

Note

1)* For body-worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003 & IEEE Std 1528a-2005.

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1.2 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

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1.3 EUT Description

Device Information:				
Product Name:	Smart Phone, HUAWEI	Ascend G620S		
Model:	HUAWEI G620S-L02, G620S-L02			
FCC ID:	QISG620S-L02			
INACL	865389020008992(1#)			
IMEI:	865389020008778(2#)			
Device Type :	Portable device			
Device Phase:	Identical Prototype			
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled environme	ent / general population		
Hardware Version :	HL1G620SM			
Software Version :	G620S-L02 V100R0010	C00B231		
Antenna Type :	Internal antenna			
Others Accessories	Headset			
Device Operating Configuration				
	GSM850/1900, UMTS I	Band V. I.TE Band V/V	II WiFi 2 4G (tested)	
Supporting Mode(s)	BT	Salid V, LIL Dalid V/V	, 2.10 (100104),	
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK),UM	ITS(QPSK),LTE(QPSK	//16QAM),WiFi(OFDM)	
Device Class	В			
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)	
	GSM850	824-849	869-894	
	GSM1900	1850-1910	1930-1990	
Operating Frequency	UMTS Band V	824-849	869-894	
Range(s)	LTE Band V	824-849	869-894	
	LTE Band VII	2500-2570	2620-2690	
	BT	2400-2	2483.5	
	WiFi 2.4G	2400-2	2483.5	
	Max Number of Timeslo		4	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslo	ots in Downlink:	4	
	Max Total Timeslot:		5	
	Max Number of Timeslo		4	
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslo	ots in Downlink:	4	
	Max Total Timeslot:		5	
HSDPA UE Category	14			
HSUPA UE Category	6			
DC-HSDPA UE Category	24	1.5(0.0140.50)		
	4,tested with power leve	,		
5 0	1,tested with power level 0(GSM1900)			
Power Class:	3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band V)			
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band V)			
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band VII)			
	128-190-251(GSM850)			
	512-661-810(GSM1900)			
Test Channels (law said high)	4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V)			
Test Channels (low-mid-high):				
	20415-20525-20635(LTE Band V BW=3MHz)			
	20425-20525-20625(LTE Band V BW=5MHz) 20450-20525-20600(LTE Band V BW=10MHz)			
	ZU43U-ZU3Z3-ZU6UU(L I	E Danu v DVV=1UIVIMZ)	

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	20775-21100-21425(LTE Band VII BW=5MHz)
	20800-21100-21400(LTE Band VII BW=10MHz)
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	20825-21100-21375(LTE Band VII BW=15MHz)
	20850-21100-21350(LTE Band VII BW=20MHz)
	1-6-11 (WiFi 2.4G)

Table 3:Device information and operating configuration

1.3.1 General Description

HUAWEI G620S-L02, G620S-L02 is subscriber equipment in the LTE/WCDMA/GSM system. The HSPA+/UMTS frequency band is Band I and Band V and Band VIII. The LTE frequency band is B1 and B3 and B5 and B7. The GSM/GPRS/EDGE frequency band includes GSM850 and GSM900 and DCS1800 and PCS1900, but only GSM850 and GSM1900MHz and WCDMA 850 and LTE B5 and LTE B7 bands test data included in this report. The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, LTE/HSPA+/UMTS and GSM/GPRS/EDGE protocol processing, voice, video, MMS service, GPS, AGPS and WIFI etc. Externally it provides micro SD card interface, earphone port (to provide voice service) and USIM card interface. It also provides Bluetooth module to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices.

The differences between G620S-L03 and G620S-L02 are showed in the following table. Compared with G620S-L03, the GSM1900 band of G620S-L02 also adds the hotspot power reduction function. A fixed level power reduction is applied when hotspot mode becomes active. When the hotspot is disabled, the power value will be recovered. Other parts of the mobile phone are the same, including the appearance, the antenna, Chipset, Bluetooth mode, Wifi mode, Adapter, Battery, Mainboard and so on.

	G620S-L03	G620S-L02
GSM four bands	the same	the same
WCDMA bands	B1/B2/B4/B5	B1/B5/B8
LTE bands	B2/B4/ B7	B1/B3/ B5/B7
	GSM850/1900	GSM850/1900
FCC bands	W1900/W1700/W850	W850
	LTE B2/B4/ B7	LTE B5/B7
External camera	the same	the same
internal camera	the same	the same
FLASH	the same	the same
Mainboard	the same	the same
PCB layout	the same	the same
Appearance	the same	the same
Bluetooth mode	the same	the same
WLAN mode	the same	the same
BT/ WLAN antenna	the same	the same
GSM/ WCDMA /LTE antenna	the same	the same
Adapter	the same	the same
Battery	the same	the same
Chipset	the same	the same
Memory	the same	the same
RF Parameter	The same RF Parameter in the	The same RF Parameter in the
IXI Falametei	same band	same band
Dimension	the same	the same
Main Frequency NV	The same NV in the same band	The same NV in the same band

Note: According to the difference description above, new SAR test is fully performed on G620S-L02 for LTE Band V and GSM1900 hotspot exposure condition. For the other same frequency bands and RF exposure condition, G620S-L02 is tested at the worst position of G620S-L03 (FCC ID: QISG620S-L03, report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR) 020082014-2) for each frequency band and RF exposure condition.

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Battery information:

Name	Manufacture	Serials number	Description
Rechargeable Li-Polymer	Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	1#:SN-1640AIE603X38155	Battery Model: HB3742A0EBC Rated capacity: 2000mAh Nominal Voltage: +3.8V
	,		Charging Voltage: +4.35V

1.3.2 Hotspot power reduction specification

This device uses a single fixed level of power reduction through static table look-up for SAR compliance and it is triggered by a single event or operation. A fixed level power reduction is applied when hotspot mode becomes active. When the hotspot is disabled, the power value will be recovered. The item II.C.1.k in KDB 388624D02v15r02 can be satisfied and PBA is not required.

Item	Description
Supporting power reduction or not	Yes
Frequency Band(s) using power reduction	GSM1900,LTE Band VII
Power reduction feature	A fixed power reduction is applied when hotspot mode becomes active. When the hotspot is disabled, the power value will be recovered.
Triggering conditions	Only hotspot mode (wireless routing) and nothing else is used to trigger this power reduction.
Full power and reduced power specifications	See Section 7.1
All simultaneous voice and data transmissions combinations and considerations	See Section 7.3

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1.4 Test specification(s)

ANSI Std C95.1-1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
IEEE Std 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
IEEE Std 1528a-2005	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom)
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 4 of March 2010)
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB941225 D05	SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
KDB941225 D06	Hot Spot SAR v02
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB648474 D04	Handsets SAR v01r02
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v01r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB865664 D02	SAR Reporting v01r01
KDB690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

1.5 Testing laboratory

Test Site	The Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	
Test Location	Zone K3, Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian Industry Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China	
Telephone	+86 755 28780808	
Fax	+86 755 89652518	
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number: L0310 A2LA TESTING CERT #2174.01	

1.6 Applicant and Manufacturer

Company Name	HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD
Address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

1.7 Application details

Start Date of test	2014-11-17
End Date of test	2014-11-20

1.8 Ambient Condition

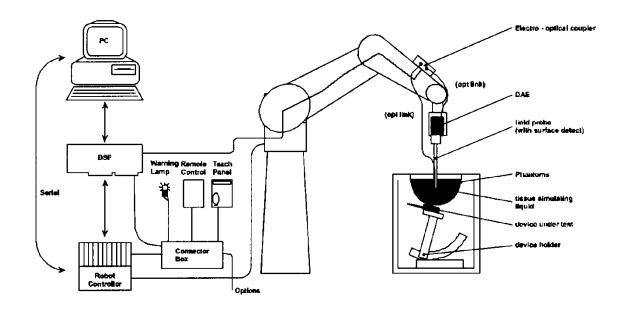
Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

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2 SAR Measurement System

2.1 SAR Measurement Set-up



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>E</u>lectro-<u>O</u>ptical <u>C</u>oupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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2.2 Test environment

The DASY5 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions: $5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

DAE4

Input Impedance	200MOhm	Parent & Parent Contract of Articles of Contract of Articles of Contract of Articles of Contract of Co
The Inputs	symmetrical and floating	TYPE: DAE 4 PART W:: SI 000 Dok BJ BERIAL N:: 851
Common mode rejection	above 80 dB	DATE: 03/08

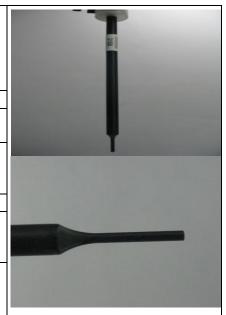
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2.4 Probe description

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (±2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

Isotropic E-Field Probe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements

130110PIC L-1 IEIU F	TODE ESSEVS TO DOSITIEUR MEASUREMENTS		
	Symmetrical design with triangular core		
	Interleaved sensors		
Construction	Built-in shielding against static charges		
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic		
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.		
Fraguency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4		
Frequency	GHz)		
	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to		
	probe axis)		
Dynamic range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)		
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)		
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm		
	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz		
Application	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields		
	Compliance tests of mobile phones		



Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB(noise:typically<1μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip:20 mm) Tip diameter:2.5 mm (Body:12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario(e.g.,very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%



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2.5 Phantom description

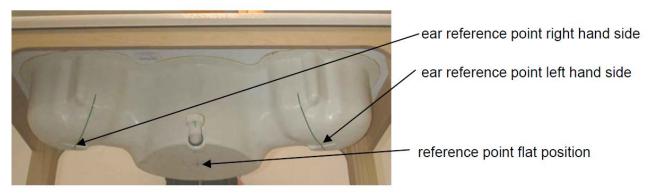
SAM Twin Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm;The ear region:6.0±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left hand Right hand Flat phantom	



The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

The following figure shows the definition of reference point:



ELI4 Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major axis:600mm; Minor axis:400mm;	
Measurement Areas	Flat phantom	\$ 9 9 9

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

The phantom shell material is resistant to all ingredients used in the tissue-equivalent liquid recipes. The shell of the phantom including ear spacers is constructed from low permittivity and low loss material, with a relative permittivity $2 \le \epsilon \le 3$ GHz, $3 \le \epsilon \le 4$ at > 3 GHz and and a loss tangent ≤ 0.05 .

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2.6 Device holder description

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent σ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

The device holder permits the device to be positioned with a tolerance of $\pm 1^{\circ}$ in the tilt angle.

Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

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2.7 Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked X

	Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial number	Date of last calibration	Valid period
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3168	2014-09-24	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	835 MHz Dipole	D835V2	4d059	2013-05-02	Three years
	SPEAG	1750 MHz Dipole	D1750V2	1123	2014-07-08	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1900 MHz Dipole	D1900V2	5d143	2011-09-26	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2450 MHz Dipole	D2450V2	860	2014-01-23	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2600 MHz Dipole	D2600V2	1021	2014-07-16	Three years
	SPEAG	5GHz Dipole	D5GHzV2	1155	2014-04-24	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	852	2014-04-30	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Software	DASY 5	N/A	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM1	TP-1475	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM2	TP-1474	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM3	TP-1597	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM4	TP-1620	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Flat Phantom	ELI 4.0	TP-1038	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Flat Phantom	ELI 4.0	TP-1111	NCR	NCR
	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	111379	2014-07-11	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	126855	2014-07-11	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Network Analyser	E5071C	MY46213349	2014-02-25	One year
	Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	2484	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY47420989	2014-01-18	One year
\boxtimes	MINI-CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1402001	NCR	NCR
	MINI-CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	129601322	NCR	NCR
	AR	Directional Coupler	DC7144M1	0423264	2014-04-02	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Power Meter	NRP	100740	2014-07-11	One year
	R&S	Power Meter Sensor	NRP-Z11	106288	2014-07-11	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	MY45101339	2014-01-18	One year
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E9321A	MY44420359	2014-01-18	One year

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3 SAR Measurement Procedure

3.1 Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks.

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All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y- dimension(2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in Appendix B.
- A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: Δ x_{zoom}, Δ y_{zoom} \leq 2GHz \leq 8mm, 2-4GHz \leq 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 4mm; Δ z_{zoom} \leq 3GHz \leq 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- \leq 4mm and 4-6GHz- \leq 2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.)are shown in table form form in chapter 7.2.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in Appendix B.

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The following table summarizes	the area scan and zoon	n scan resolutions n	er FCC KDB 865664D01:
THE IUIUWING LADIE SUITINANZES	s ille alea Stall allu 2001	ii scan resolutions b	U FUU NDD 000004D01.

	Maximun Maximun Zoom Maximun Zoom Scan spa			atial resolution	Minimum	
Frequency	Area Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid	Gra	aded Grad	zoom scan
rrequericy	resolution	resolution	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(n>1)^*$	volume
	$(\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area})$	$(\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom})$	ΔZ _{Zoom} (II)	ΔZZoom(I)	ΔZ _{Zoom} (II>I)	(x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥22mm

3.2 **Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation**

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 5 x 5 x 7 points(with 8mm horizontal resolution) or 7 x 7 x 7 points(with 5mm horizontal resolution) or 8 x 8 x 7 points(with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR - values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.

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3.3 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	 Diode compression point 	Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

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E-field probes: $E_{i} = (V_{i} / Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ H-field probes: $H_{i} = (V_{i})^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^{2})/f$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^{2} \circ \sigma) / (\rho \circ 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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4 System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within \pm 5% of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Ingredients (% of weight)		J	Head Tis	sue		
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	1750	1900	2450	2600
Water	39.2	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7	55.242
Salt (NaCl)	2.7	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5	0.306
Sugar	57.0	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	36.8	44.452
Ingredients (% of weight)			Body Tis	sue		
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	1750	1900	2450	2600
Water	50.3	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2	64.493
Salt (NaCl)	1.60	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04	0.024
Sugar	47.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7	32.252

Table 4: Tissue Dielectric Properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

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Tissue	Measured	Target	Tissue	Measur	ed Tissue	Liquid	
Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (+/-5%)	σ (S/m) (+/-5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.60 (39.52~43.68)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.44	0.905		
835H	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.32	0.914	21.4°C	2014/11/18
	850	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.92 (0.87~0.96)	41.15	0.929		
	825	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	52.95	0.962		
835B	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	52.84	0.977	21.4°C	2014/11/19
	850	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.99 (0.94~1.04)	52.73	1.006		
	1850	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.28	1.343		
1900H	1880	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.22	1.398	21.4°C	2014/11/20
	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.49	1.437	21.40	2014/11/20
	1910	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.61	1.450		
	1850	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.60	1.485		
1900B	1880	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.56	1.514	21.4°C	2014/11/18
1000B	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.49	1.532	21.40	20111111
	1910	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.44	1.541		
	2410	39.30 (37.34~41.26)	1.76 (1.67~1.85)	38.14	1.745		
2450H	2435	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.79 (1.70~1.88)	38.08	1.760	21.4°C	2014/11/20
2-10011	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	38.03	1.769	21.40	2014/11/20
	2460	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.81 (1.72~1.90)	37.98	1.779		
	2410	52.80 (50.16~55.44)	1.91 (1.81~2.00)	51.28	1.917		
2450B	2435	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.94 (1.84~2.04)	51.38	1.928	21.4°C	2014/11/20
2 1000	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	51.42	1.931	21.70	2017/11/20
	2460	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	51.42	1.938		
	2510	39.12 (37.16~41.01)	1.86 (1.77~1.96)	40.09	1.890		
2600H	2535	39.1 (37.13~41.04)	1.89 (1.80~1.98)	40.07	1.909	21.4°C	2014/11/17
∠0∪∪∏	2560	39 (37.05~40.95)	1.917 (1.82~2.01)	39.97	1.927	21.4 0	
	2600	39 (37.05~40.95)	1.96 (1.86~2.05)	39.76	1.990		

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	2510	52.62 (49.99~55.25)	2.03 (1.93~2.13)	52.00	2.118		
2600B	2535	52.59 (49.96~55.22)	2.07 (1.97~2.17)	51.97	2.140	21.4°C	2014/11/17
20000	2600B 2560	52.57 (49.94~55.20)	2.09 (1.99~2.19)	51.93	2.154	21.4 0	2014/11/17
	2600						
		ε= Relati	ve permittivity σ=	Conductiv	itv		

Table 5:Measured Tissue Parameter

Note: 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

- $2)\,$ KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3) The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.

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4.2 System Check

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands

and tissue liquids used during the tests(Graphic Plot(s) see Appendix A).

		6AR (1W) 10%)		red SAR zed to 1W)	Liquid	
System Check	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Temp.	Test Date
835MHz Head	9.49 (8.54~10.44)	6.18 (5.56~6.80)	8.96	5.80	21.4°C	2014/11/18
1900MHz Head	40.60 (36.54~44.66)	21.20 (19.08~23.32)	42.80	22.20	21.4°C	2014/11/20
2450MHz Head	52.60 (47.34~57.86)	24.50 (22.05~26.95)	49.20	22.76	21.4°C	2014/11/20
2600MHz Head	58.6 (52.74~64.46)	26.2 (23.58~28.82)	60.00	26.64	21.4°C	2014/11/17
835MHz Body	9.42 (8.48~10.36)	6.19 (5.57~6.80)	10.04	6.60	21.4°C	2014/11/19
1900MHz Body	41.40 (37.26~45.54)	21.80 (19.62~23.98)	41.60	21.84	21.4°C	2014/11/18
2450MHz Body	50.6 (45.54~55.66)	23.7 (21.33~26.07)	50.80	23.56	21.4°C	2014/11/20
2600MHz Body	57.6 (51.84~63.36)	25.5 (22.95~28.05)	62.40	27.08	21.4°C	2014/11/17

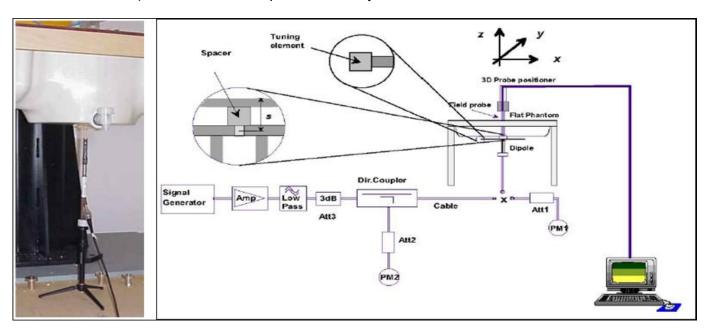
Table 6:System Check Results

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4.3 System check Procedure

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW(below 5GHz) or 100mW(above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



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5 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 7.2.

5.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2003 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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6 SAR Test Configuration

6.1 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM850 and GSM1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot.

The allowed	power	reduction	in th	e multi-s	slot conf	figuration	is as	followina:
THE dilewed	POWOI	roddollori		o man c		ngaration	io ao	ionownig.

Number of time assignr	•	Reduction	on of maximum output po	ower (dB)
Band	Time Slots	GPRS (GMSK)	EGPRS (GMSK)	EGPRS (8PSK)
	1 TX slot	0	0	0
GSM850	2 TX slots	2.5	2.5	0
GSIVIOSU	3 TX slots	4.5	4.5	3
	4 TX slots	5.5	5.5	4
CCM1000	1 TX slot	0	0	0
GSM1900 (Hotspot	2 TX slots	2.5	2.5	0
disabled)	3 TX slots	4.5	4.5	3
uisabieu)	4 TX slots	5.5	5.5	4
GSM1900	1 TX slot	1	1	0
(Hotspot	2 TX slots	4.5	4.5	0.5
activated)	3 TX slots	6	6	3
activated)	4 TX slots	7	7	4

Table 7: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration of GSM

6.2 UMTS Test Configuration

1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

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2) WCDMA

a. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for Head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 kbps AMR with 3.4kbps SRB(signalling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2kbps RMC for that RF channel.

b. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the EUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than ¼ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.

3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported SAR body exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β_c and β_d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, β_{hs} for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI = 8. The variation of the β_c / β_d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

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Sub-test₽	βح₽	β _d ₽	β _d (SF)₽	β _c /β _d ₽	β _{hs} (1) ₄ 3	CM(dB)(2)	MPR (dB)₽
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽
2₽	12/15(3)₽	15/15(3)₽	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c \neq 0$

Note 2 : CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}$ 12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Table 8: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 9:settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 10:settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

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HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 11:HSDPA UE category

4) HSUPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported body exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSDPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSDPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Device' sections of 3G device.

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Sub -test₽	βc₄³	βd€	β _d (SF) _e	β₀∕β⋴ℴ	β _{hs} (1	β _{ec}	β _{ed} ₊³	βe c↔ (SF)↔	βed↔ (code)↔	CM(2)+1 (dB)+2	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG(4)+/ Inde X+/	E- TFC I _e
1₽	11/15(3)+3	15/15(3)+3	64₽	11/15(3)63	22/15₽	209/22 5₽	1039/225₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0	20₽	75₽
2₽	6/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15₽	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	12₽	67₽
3₽	15/15₽	9/15₽	64₽	15/94	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/1 5 _e β _{ed2} :47/1 5 _e	4₽	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	15₽	92.
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	2/15	56/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15(4)+2	15/15(4)+2	64₽	15/15(4)+2	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0	214	81₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{cd}$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 12:Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)	
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296	
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1 4500	
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185	
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00	
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?	

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.(TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 13:HSUPA UE category

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5) DC-HSDPA

In DC-HSDPA implementation of this device, the uplink parameters are the same as HSDPA. No additional channels and modulations (16 QAM, and 64 QAM) are supported in uplink. The difference is only in the downlink parameters, where two carriers are supported. HSDPA settings were used on uplink.

For Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter During Connection setup	Unit	Value
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 14:settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

Note:

- 1.The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2.Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

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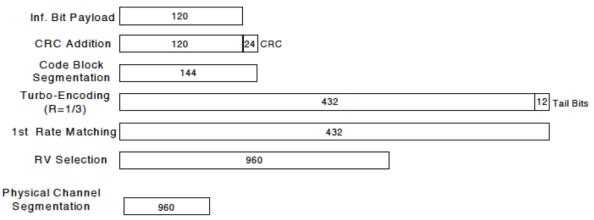


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-test₽	βe₽	$eta_{d^{arphi}}$	β _d ·(SF)₽	$\beta_c \cdot / \beta_{d^{e^2}}$	β _{hs} (1)₽	CM(dB)(2)	MPR (dB)
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽
2₽	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI=8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$

Note 2:CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d}=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3:F or subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Note:

- 1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
- 2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.
- 3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band .
- 5.The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
- 6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.

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6.3 LTE Test Configuration

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03. The CMW500 WideBand Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.SAR test were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(Maximum TTI)

1) Spectrum Plots for RB configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

2) MPR

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed by 3GPP for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR active. Configurations with RB allocations less than the RB thresholds required by 3GPP must be tested without MPR.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101:

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	

The LTE Band V MPR of the device is as below:

Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						
Modulation	1.4	3	5	10	MPR	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	≤5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	0	
QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	1	
16 QAM	≤5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	1	
16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	2	

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The LTE Band VII(Hotspot disabled) MPR of the device is as below:

Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]					
Modulation	5	10	15	20	MPR
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	≤8	≤ 12	≤16	≤ 18	0
QPSK	>8	> 12	>16	> 18	1
16 QAM	≤8	≤ 12	≤16	≤ 18	1
16 QAM	>8	> 12	>16	> 18	2

The LTE Band VII(Hotspot activated) MPR of the device is as below:

	Channel band				
Modulation	5	10	15	20	MPR
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	≤8	≤ 12	≤16	≤ 18	0
QPSK	>8	> 12	>16	> 18	0
16 QAM	≤8	≤ 12	≤16	≤ 18	0
16 QAM	>8	> 12	>16	> 18	0

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3) A-MPR

A-MPR(Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by using Network Signalling Value of "NS_01" on the base station simulator.

4) LTE procedures for SAR testing

A) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

i) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

ii) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in i) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

iii) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in i) and ii) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

iv) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

B) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

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6.4 WiFi 2.4G Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz.During the test,at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frquency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however,if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode Band	Pand	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"		
	GHZ Channel	802.11b	802.11g			
802.11b/g 2.		2.412	1#	√	Δ	
	2.4 GHz	2.437	6	√	Δ	
		2.462	11#	√	Δ	

Notes:

 \triangle = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ½ dB the "default test channels"

802.11 Test Channels per FCC KDB 248227

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^{√ = &}quot;default test channels"

^{# =} when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

7 SAR Measurement Results

7.1 Conducted power measurements

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200&CMW500 was used. SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below 7.2 chapter. Note: CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.For SAR the timebased average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal:

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.1	1:2.77	1:2.08
timebased avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.19dB	-6.13dB	-4.42dB	-3.18dB

The signalling modes differ as follows:

mode	coding scheme	modulation
GPRS	CS1 to CS4	GMSK
EDGE	MCS1 to MCS4	GMSK
EDGE	MCS5 to MCS9	8PSK

Apart from modulation change (GMSK/8PSK) coding schemes differ in code rate without influence on the RF signal. Therefore one coding scheme per mode was selected for conducted power measurements.

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7.1.1 Conducted power measurements of GSM850

GSM850		Bur		ed output l IBm)	Power	Division	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
931	IVIOOU	Tune -up 128CH 190CH		251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH		
GSM (CS)		33.5	33.27	32.95	32.75	-9.19	24.08	23.76	23.56	
	1 Tx Slot	33.5	33.27	32.95	32.75	-9.19	24.08	23.76	23.56	
GPRS/ EDGE	2 Tx Slots	31.0	30.64	30.41	30.29	-6.13	24.51	24.28	24.16	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.0	28.48	28.35	27.96	-4.42	24.06	23.93	23.54	
	4 Tx Slots	28.0	27.53	27.15	26.81	-3.18	24.35	23.97	23.63	
	1 Tx Slot	28.0	26.17	26.11	26.06	-9.19	16.98	16.92	16.87	
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	28.0	26.15	26.11	26.05	-6.13	20.02	19.98	19.92	
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	25.0	23.10	23.02	23.04	-4.42	18.68	18.60	18.62	
	4 Tx Slots	24.0	22.10	22.02	22.12	-3.18	18.92	18.84	18.94	

Table 15:Conducted power measurement results of GSM850

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01v03, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

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7.1.2 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900

GSM1900		Bur	_	ed output l IBm)	Power	Division	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
GSIN	711900	Tune -up	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	Factors 512CH 6		810CH	
GSN	GSM (CS)		29.90	29.91	30.40	-9.19	20.71	20.72	21.21	
	1 Tx Slot	30.5	29.90	29.91	30.40	-9.19	20.71	20.72	21.21	
GPRS/ EDGE	2 Tx Slots	28.0	27.10	27.27	27.75	-6.13	20.97	21.14	21.62	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.0	24.77	24.80	25.33	-4.42	20.35	20.38	20.91	
	4 Tx Slots	25.0	23.55	23.67	24.04	-3.18	20.37	20.49	20.86	
	1 Tx Slot	27.0	25.62	25.53	25.57	-9.19	16.43	16.34	16.38	
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	27.0	25.50	25.48	25.44	-6.13	19.37	19.35	19.31	
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.0	23.26	23.23	23.15	-4.42	18.84	18.81	18.73	
	4 Tx Slots	23.0	21.91	21.81	21.83	-3.18	18.73	18.63	18.65	

Table 16: Conducted power measurement results of GSM1900(Hotspot disabled)

CSV	И1900	Bur		ed output f IBm)	Power	Division	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
GON	711900	Tune -up	512CH	661CH 810CH Factors 51		512CH	661CH	810CH		
GSM	GSM (CS)		29.45	29.49	29.19	-9.19	20.26	20.30	20.00	
	1 Tx Slot	29.5	29.44	29.48	29.17	-9.19	20.25	20.29	19.98	
GPRS/ EDGE	2 Tx Slots	26.0	25.36	25.74	25.28	-6.13	19.23	19.61	19.15	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.5	23.07	23.37	22.91	-4.42	18.65	18.95	18.49	
	4 Tx Slots	23.5	21.75	22.18	21.67	-3.18	18.57	19.00	18.49	
	1 Tx Slot	27.0	25.91	26.09	25.56	-9.19	16.72	16.90	16.37	
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	26.5	25.23	25.47	25.02	-6.13	19.10	19.34	18.89	
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.0	22.28	22.51	22.03	-4.42	17.86	18.09	17.61	
	4 Tx Slots	23.0	21.13	21.32	21.08	-3.18	17.95	18.14	17.90	

Table 17: Conducted power measurement results of GSM1900 (Hotspot activated)

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.

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3) Per KDB941225 D01v03, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested

7.1.3 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V

LINAT	S Band V	Tune-up	Co	Conducted Power (dBm)				
OWN	S ballu v	rune-up	4132CH	4182CH	4233CH			
	12.2kbps RMC	25.0	23.61	23.37	23.29			
WCDMA	64kbps RMC	25.0	23.52	23.35	23.32			
VVCDIVIA	144kbps RMC	25.0	23.54	23.39	23.37			
	384kbps RMC	25.0	23.48	23.41	23.33			
	Subtest 1	24.0	22.65	22.54	22.36			
HSDPA	Subtest 2	24.0	22.46	22.22	22.10			
HODEA	Subtest 3	23.5	21.83	21.66	21.58			
	Subtest 4	23.5	21.84	21.67	21.65			
	Subtest 1	24.0	22.00	22.28	22.03			
	Subtest 2	22.5	21.28	21.12	21.02			
HSUPA	Subtest 3	23.0	21.21	21.38	21.12			
	Subtest 4	22.5	21.81	21.59	21.04			
	Subtest 5	24.0	22.19	22.80	22.45			
	Subtest 1	24.0	22.47	22.38	22.20			
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	24.0	22.28	22.08	22.03			
DC-HODPA	Subtest 3	23.5	21.74	21.56	21.36			
	Subtest 4	23.5	21.70	21.56	21.54			

Table 18: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band V

Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band V is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01v03, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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7.1.4 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V

Bandwidth	Modulation	DD oizo	DD offeet	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danuwium	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	up	20407	20525	20643
		1	0	24.5	23.29	23.29	23.10
		1	3	24.5	23.20	23.24	23.01
		1	5	24.5	23.36	23.28	23.04
	QPSK	3	0	24.5	23.28	23.23	23.04
		3	2	24.5	23.21	23.26	23.04
		3	3	24.5	23.31	23.28	23.05
1.4MHz		6	0	23.5	22.24	22.36	22.14
1.4111112		1	0	23.5	22.19	22.25	22.00
		1	3	23.5	22.27	22.20	21.97
		1	5	23.5	22.38	22.31	21.97
	16QAM	3	0	23.5	22.30	22.31	22.20
		3	2	23.5	22.31	22.27	22.14
		3	3	23.5	22.39	22.28	22.16
		6	0	22.5	21.39	21.46	21.15
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Banawiath	Modulation	IND SIZE	ND 0113Ct	up	20415	20525	20635
		1	0	24.5	23.18	23.21	22.93
		1	7	24.5	23.15	23.16	23.01
		1	14	24.5	23.24	23.20	22.96
	QPSK	8	0	23.5	22.33	22.28	22.11
		8	4	23.5	22.25	22.25	22.18
		8	7	23.5	22.24	22.23	22.14
3MHz		15	0	23.5	22.28	22.35	22.12
3141112		1	0	23.5	22.38	22.45	21.92
		1	7	23.5	22.45	22.39	21.99
		1	14	23.5	22.42	22.37	22.00
	16QAM	8	0	22.5	21.41	21.44	21.18
		8	4	22.5	21.39	21.35	21.22
		8	7	22.5	21.39	21.36	21.25
		15	0	22.5	21.37	21.45	21.15

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Donalusi alth	Modulation	DD size	DD offeet	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	up	20425	20525	20625
		1	0	24.5	23.13	23.21	23.11
		1	13	24.5	23.15	23.16	23.02
		1	24	24.5	23.31	23.20	23.09
	QPSK	12	0	23.5	22.29	22.30	22.14
		12	6	23.5	22.20	22.30	22.07
		12	13	23.5	22.34	22.25	22.16
5MHz		25	0	23.5	22.25	22.29	22.03
SIVIFIZ		1	0	23.5	22.02	22.16	22.05
		1	13	23.5	22.00	22.05	21.89
		1	24	23.5	22.15	22.16	21.95
	16QAM	12	0	22.5	21.40	21.43	21.11
		12	6	22.5	21.34	21.46	21.10
		12	13	22.5	21.45	21.38	21.09
		25	0	22.5	21.27	21.33	21.07
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD UIISEL	up	20450	20525	20600
		1	0	24.5	23.16	23.21	23.10
		1	25	24.5	23.20	23.14	23.09
		1	49	24.5	23.27	23.06	23.00
	QPSK	25	0	23.5	22.18	22.27	22.14
		25	13	23.5	22.26	22.29	22.02
		25	25	23.5	22.21	22.30	22.06
10MHz		50	0	23.5	22.23	22.15	22.08
1 OIVII 12		1	0	23.5	22.27	22.45	22.02
		1	25	23.5	22.31	22.34	21.97
		1	49	23.5	22.47	22.28	21.98
	16QAM	25	0	22.5	21.22	21.27	21.15
		25	13	22.5	21.24	21.35	21.05
		25	25	22.5	21.28	21.19	21.00
		50	0	22.5	21.26	21.26	21.13

Table 19: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band V

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7.1.5 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII

Bandwidth	Modulation	DP size	DD offeet	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danuwium	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	up	20775	21100	21425
		1	0	23.5	22.51	22.38	22.49
		1	13	23.5	22.57	22.31	22.46
		1	24	23.5	22.59	22.38	22.47
	QPSK	12	0	22.5	21.53	21.46	21.46
		12	6	22.5	21.51	21.44	21.50
		12	13	22.5	21.59	21.37	21.48
5MHz		25	0	22.5	21.41	21.37	21.35
JIII IZ		1	0	22.5	20.95	20.84	21.81
		1	13	22.5	21.10	20.83	21.76
		1	24	22.5	21.08	20.83	21.74
	16QAM	12	0	21.5	20.51	20.33	20.48
		12	6	21.5	20.45	20.34	20.39
		12	13	21.5	20.59	20.30	20.44
		25	0	21.5	20.53	20.31	20.26
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Banawiatii	Modulation	IND SIZE	TO Oliset	up	20800	21100	21400
		1	0	23.5	22.51	22.36	22.36
		1	25	23.5	22.55	22.28	22.43
		1	49	23.5	22.58	22.24	22.34
	QPSK	25	0	22.5	21.44	21.34	21.38
		25	13	22.5	21.45	21.33	21.41
		25	25	22.5	21.44	21.31	21.42
10MHz		50	0	22.5	21.43	21.21	21.36
1011112		1	0	22.5	21.11	20.96	20.88
		1	25	22.5	21.07	20.82	20.94
		1	49	22.5	21.12	20.91	20.87
	160AM			21.5	20.46	20.35	20.47
	16QAM	25	0	21.5	20.10	20.00	
	16QAM	25 25	13	21.5	20.53	20.31	20.44
	16QAM						

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Pandwidth	Modulation	DD size	DD offeet	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	up	20825	21100	21375
		1	0	23.5	22.48	22.28	22.48
		1	38	23.5	22.59	22.28	22.43
		1	74	23.5	22.39	22.31	22.45
	QPSK	36	0	22.5	21.41	21.30	21.34
		36	18	22.5	21.38	21.23	21.32
		36	39	22.5	21.45	21.17	21.34
15MHz		75	0	22.5	21.32	21.22	21.27
ISIVIFIZ		1	0	22.5	21.08	20.88	21.52
		1	38	22.5	21.14	20.87	21.40
		1	74	22.5	20.93	21.00	21.39
	16QAM	36	0	21.5	20.49	20.28	20.29
		36	18	21.5	20.46	20.25	20.30
		36	39	21.5	20.48	20.21	20.32
		75	0	21.5	20.36	20.20	20.25
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii	Modulation	110 3120	ND 0113Ct	up	20850	21100	21350
		1	0	23.5	22.09	22.38	22.34
		1	50	23.5	22.58	22.34	22.40
		1	99	23.5	22.38	21.97	22.23
	QPSK	50	0	22.5	21.33	21.34	21.35
		50	25	22.5	21.38	21.29	21.26
		50	50	22.5	21.31	21.23	21.31
20MHz		100	0	22.5	21.28	21.26	21.27
ZUIVITIZ		1	0	22.5	21.56	21.43	21.80
		1	50	22.5	21.54	21.29	21.48
		1	99	22.5	21.42	21.54	21.59
	16QAM	50	0	21.5	20.43	20.32	20.30
		50	25	21.5	20.44	20.19	20.25
		50	50	21.5	20.35	20.25	20.25

Table 20: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band VII(Hotspot disabled)

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Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD OIISEL	up	20775	21100	21425
		1	0	21.5	20.47	20.36	20.45
		1	13	21.5	20.57	20.30	20.49
		1	24	21.5	20.55	20.33	20.44
	QPSK	12	0	21.5	20.53	20.30	20.36
		12	6	21.5	20.51	20.38	20.40
		12	13	21.5	20.63	20.34	20.45
5MHz		25	0	21.5	20.42	20.31	20.39
ЭМП		1	0	21.5	19.95	19.90	20.85
		1	13	21.5	20.05	19.82	20.83
		1	24	21.5	20.06	19.88	20.73
	16QAM	12	0	21.5	20.46	20.33	20.38
		12	6	21.5	20.48	20.28	20.41
		12	13	21.5	20.54	20.28	20.45
		25	0	21.5	20.50	20.33	20.29
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danuwium	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD UIISEL	up	20800	21100	21400
		1	0	21.5	20.42	20.33	20.37
		1	25	21.5	20.48	20.30	20.38
		1	49	21.5	20.57	20.31	20.37
	QPSK	25	0	21.5	20.45	20.30	20.46
		25	13	21.5	20.53	20.25	20.40
		25	25	21.5	20.43	20.18	20.35
10MHz		50	0	21.5	20.42	20.25	20.34
TOWINZ		1	0	21.5	20.08	19.96	19.90
		1	25	21.5	20.11	19.88	19.88
		1	49	21.5	20.09	19.93	19.86
	16QAM	25	0	21.5	20.44	20.28	20.43
		25	13	21.5	20.48	20.31	20.42
		25	25	21.5	20.49	20.24	20.38
		50	0	21.5	20.48	20.21	20.40

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Donadoui alth	NA - de de Cere	DD -:	DD -#1	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	up	20825	21100	21375
		1	0	21.5	20.43	20.26	20.47
		1	38	21.5	20.55	20.23	20.46
		1	74	21.5	20.42	20.27	20.39
	QPSK	36	0	21.5	20.47	20.27	20.28
		36	18	21.5	20.40	20.18	20.35
		36	39	21.5	20.49	20.17	20.31
15MHz		75	0	21.5	20.44	20.23	20.21
ISIVITZ		1	0	21.5	20.09	19.82	20.38
		1	38	21.5	20.12	19.86	20.37
		1	74	21.5	20.04	19.88	20.44
	16QAM	36	0	21.5	20.44	20.26	20.26
		36	18	21.5	20.46	20.26	20.27
		36	39	21.5	20.46	20.22	20.24
		75	0	21.5	20.38	20.21	20.26
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiatii	Modulation	110 3120	ND 0113Ct	up	20850	21100	21350
		1	0	21.5	20.59	20.37	20.36
		1	50	21.5	20.66	20.42	20.40
		1	99	21.5	20.45	20.52	20.50
	QPSK	50	0	21.5	20.47	20.36	20.33
		50	25	21.5	20.50	20.16	20.31
		50	50	21.5	20.31	20.29	20.32
000011-							
		100	0	21.5	20.37	20.24	20.32
20MHz		100	0	21.5 21.5	20.37	20.24	20.32
ZUMHZ							
ZUMHZ		1	0	21.5	20.42	20.35	20.41
ZUMHZ	16QAM	1	0 50	21.5 21.5	20.42	20.35	20.41 20.52
ZUMHZ	16QAM	1 1 1	0 50 99	21.5 21.5 21.5	20.42 20.70 20.49	20.35 20.43 20.49	20.41 20.52 20.58
ZUMHZ	16QAM	1 1 1 50	0 50 99 0	21.5 21.5 21.5 21.5	20.42 20.70 20.49 20.40	20.35 20.43 20.49 20.25	20.41 20.52 20.58 20.32

Table 21: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band VII(Hotspot activated)

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7.1.6 Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G

The output power of WiFi antenna is as following:

The earpar	P									
Wi-Fi	Channel	Tune-		Aver	age Pow	er (dBm)	for Data	Rates (N	/lbps)	
2450MHz	Citatilie	up	1	2	5.5	11	/	/	/	/
	1	18	16.67	16.54	16.21	16.05	/	/	/	/
802.11b	6	18	17.24	17.17	17.02	16.98	/	/	/	/
	11	18	17.53	17.32	17.15	17.02	/	/	/	/
Wi-Fi 2450MHz	Channel	Tune- up	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
	1	14	12.26	12.14	12.04	11.98	11.85	11.75	11.34	11.02
802.11g	6	14	12.78	12.58	12.36	12.24	12.05	11.98	11.85	11.74
	11	14	12.68	12.58	12.53	12.45	12.35	12.20	12.12	12.04
Wi-Fi 2450MHz	Channel	Tune- up	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
000 445	1	12	11.47	11.34	11.28	11.25	11.21	10.98	10.91	10.80
802.11n 20M	6	12	11.92	11.87	11.81	11.75	11.01	10.94	10.91	10.87
20101	11	12	11.77	11.72	11.65	11.60	11.58	11.51	11.49	11.42

Table 22: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G.

Note:

- 1) The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded mode was selected for SAR testing.
- 3) Per KDB248227, for WiFi 2.4GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode was selected for SAR evalutation. SAR test at higher data rates and higher order modulations (including 802.11g/n) were not required since the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is not more than 1/4dB higher than the tested channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

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7.1.7 Conducted power measurements of BT

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

BT 2450	Average Conducted Power (dBm)							
D1 2450	0CH	39CH	78CH					
DH5	9.15	8.90	10.33					
2DH5	7.33	7.27	8.11					
3DH5	7.51	7.26	8.15					

BT 2450	Average Conducted Power (dBm)							
D1 2400	0CH	19CH	39CH					
BT(4.0)	1.12	0.78	1.58					

Table 23: Conducted power measurement results of BT.

Note: The conducted power of BT is measured with RMS detector.

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7.2 SAR measurement Results

General Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demostrate compliant.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB865664 D01v01r03,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Per KDB941225 D06v2, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 5) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported Body-Worn SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).

GSM Notes:

- 1) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 2) Per KDB941225 D01v03, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

UMTS Notes:

1) Per KDB941225 D01v03, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE notes:

- 1) The LTE test configurations are determined according to KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03. The general test procedures used for SAR testing can be found in Section 6.3.
- 2) A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test by setting NS_01 on the base station simulator.SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(maximum TTI)

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WLAN Notes:

Per KDB248227D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB workshop meeting notes:

1) For WiFi 2.4GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode was selected for SAR evalutation. SAR test at higher data rates and higher order modulations (including 802.11g/n) were not required since the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is not more than 1/4dB higher than the tested channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

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7.2.1 SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid		
of Head	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.		
	The data	a of G620	S-L03 fro	m report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2				
Test data with battery 1#											
Left Hand Touched 190/836.6 GSM 0.406 0.306 -0.140 32.95 33.50 0.461 21.4°C											
Left Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.258	0.197	-0.080	32.95	33.50	0.293	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.366	0.279	-0.100	32.95	33.50	0.415	21.4°C		
Right Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.259	0.198	-0.110	32.95	33.50	0.294	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	128/824.2	GSM	0.432	0.334	0.120	33.27	33.50	0.455	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.372	0.287	-0.100	32.75	33.50	0.442	21.4°C		
		Teste	d at the \	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#					
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.383	0.297	-0.050	32.95	33.50	0.435	21.4°C		
	G620S-l	_02 tested	at the we	orst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#				
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.230	0.172	-0.100	32.95	33.50	0.261	21.4°C		
	G620S-l	_02 tested	at the we	orst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 2#				
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.234	0.176	0.020	32.95	33.50	0.266	21.4°C		

Table 24: Head SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel /Frequency	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The data	of G620S	-L03 fror	n report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2		
			Test o	data with	battery 1	#			
Front Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.440	0.341	-0.110	32.95	33.50	0.499	21.4°C
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.563	0.432	-0.060	32.95	33.50	0.639	21.4°C
		Testec	at the V	Vorst pos	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.529	0.409	0.010	32.95	33.50	0.600	21.4°C
	G620S-L	02 tested	at the wo	rst posit	ion of G62	0S-L03 with	battery 1#		
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.342	0.258	-0.170	32.95	33.50	0.388	21.4°C
	G620S-L02 tested at the worst position of G620S-L03 with battery 2#								
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.302	0.229	-0.130	32.95	33.50	0.343	21.4°C

Table 25: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR ' (W/	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
with 10mm	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data	of G6205	S-L03 fro	m report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2		
			Test	data witl	n battery 1	#			
Front Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.575	0.449	-0.010	30.41	31.00	0.659	21.4°C
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS 2TS	0.725	0.559	-0.090	30.29	31.00	0.854	21.4°C
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.788	0.610	-0.100	30.41	31.00	0.903	21.4°C
Back Side	128/824.2	GPRS 2TS	0.795	0.618	-0.040	30.64	31.00	0.864	21.4°C
Left Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.607	0.423	0.030	30.41	31.00	0.695	21.4°C
Right Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.457	0.318	-0.040	30.41	31.00	0.523	21.4°C
Bottom Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.259	0.158	-0.010	30.41	31.00	0.297	21.4°C
			d at the V	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.771	0.596	-0.030	30.41	31.00	0.883	21.4°C
	G620S-L	02 tested	at the wo	orst posi	tion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#		
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.340	0.259	-0.150	30.41	31.00	0.389	21.4°C
	G620S-L	.02 tested	at the wo	orst posi	tion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 2#		
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.343	0.261	-0.180	30.41	31.00	0.393	21.4°C

Table 26: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850

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7.2.2 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position	Test channel	Test	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid		
of Head	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.		
	The data	a of G620	S-L03 fro	m report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2				
Test data with battery 1#											
Left Hand Touched 661/1880 GSM 0.243 0.150 0.010 29.91 30.50 0.278 21.4°C											
Left Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.055	0.034	-0.090	29.91	30.50	0.063	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.213	0.135	0.000	29.91	30.50	0.244	21.4°C		
Right Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.102	0.063	-0.130	29.91	30.50	0.117	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	512/1850.2	GSM	0.248	0.156	-0.070	29.90	30.50	0.285	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	810/1909.8	GSM	0.260	0.164	0.140	30.40	30.50	0.266	21.4°C		
		Teste	d at the \	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#					
Left Hand Touched	512/1850.2	GSM	0.206	0.128	0.090	29.90	30.50	0.237	21.4°C		
	G620S-l	_02 tested	at the we	orst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#				
Left Hand Touched	512/1850.2	GSM	0.240	0.150	0.180	29.90	30.50	0.276	21.4°C		
	G620S-l	_02 tested	at the we	orst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 2#				
Left Hand Touched	512/1850.2	GSM	0.226	0.141	0.040	29.90	30.50	0.259	21.4°C		

Table 27: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel /Frequency	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The data	of G620S	-L03 fror	n report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2		
			Test o	data with	battery 1	#			
Front Side	661/1880	GSM	0.269	0.161	-0.030	29.91	30.50	0.308	21.4°C
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.520	0.296	-0.090	29.91	30.50	0.596	21.4°C
		Tested	at the V	Vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.474	0.271	-0.060	29.91	30.50	0.543	21.4°C
	G620S-L	02 tested	at the wo	rst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#		
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.477	0.278	0.170	29.91	30.50	0.546	21.4°C
	G620S-L02 tested at the worst position of G620S-L03 with battery 2#								
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.499	0.291	-0.190	29.91	30.50	0.572	21.4°C

Table 28: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR ' (W/	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
with 10mm	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test	data with	n battery 1	#			
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS 1TS	0.404	0.232	-0.180	29.48	29.50	0.406	21.4°C
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS 1TS	0.781	0.421	0.020	29.48	29.50	0.785	21.4°C
Left Side	661/1880	GPRS 1TS	0.124	0.074	0.020	29.48	29.50	0.125	21.4°C
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS 1TS	0.102	0.061	0.100	29.48	29.50	0.102	21.4°C
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS 1TS	0.628	0.343	-0.140	29.48	29.50	0.631	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the V	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS 1TS	0.831	0.448	0.010	29.48	29.50	0.835	21.4°C
Back Side	512/1850.2	GPRS 1TS	0.840	0.448	0.010	29.44	29.50	0.852	21.4°C
Back Side	810/1909.8	GPRS 1TS	1.010	0.531	0.130	29.17	29.50	1.090	21.4°C
Back Side- repeated*	810/1909.8	GPRS 1TS	1.010	0.529	0.040	29.17	29.50	1.090	21.4°C

Table 29: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

Note: * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664

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7.2.3 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid		
of Head	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.		
	The data	a of G620	S-L03 fro	m report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2				
Test data with battery 1#											
Left Hand Touched 4182/836.4 RMC 0.294 0.224 -0.170 23.37 25.00 0.428 21.4											
Left Hand Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.185	0.142	0.010	23.37	25.00	0.269	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.265	0.204	-0.070	23.37	25.00	0.386	21.4°C		
Right Hand Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.176	0.135	0.040	23.37	25.00	0.256	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	4132/826.4	RMC	0.305	0.230	0.020	23.61	25.00	0.420	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.327	0.243	0.010	23.29	25.00	0.485	21.4°C		
		Teste	d at the \	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#					
Left Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.323	0.242	0.070	23.29	25.00	0.479	21.4°C		
	G620S-I	_02 tested	at the w	orst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#				
Left Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.317	0.238	-0.140	23.29	25.00	0.470	21.4°C		
	G620S-I	_02 tested	at the we	orst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 2#				
Left Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.278	0.207	-0.030	23.29	25.00	0.412	21.4°C		

Table 30: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel /Frequency	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	The data	of G620S	-L03 fror	n report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2		
			Test o	data with	battery 1	#			
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.320	0.249	-0.010	23.37	25.00	0.466	21.4°C
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.427	0.328	-0.070	23.37	25.00	0.621	21.4°C
		Tested	at the V	Vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.391	0.302	-0.050	23.37	25.00	0.569	21.4°C
	G620S-L	02 tested	at the wo	rst posit	ion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#		
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.392	0.297	-0.190	23.37	25.00	0.571	21.4°C
	G620S-L02 tested at the worst position of G620S-L03 with battery 2#								
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.390	0.296	-0.040	23.37	25.00	0.568	21.4°C

Table 31: Body-Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band V

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR '	Value kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid	
with 10mm	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
	The data	of G6205	S-L03 fro	m report	No.: SYBI	H(Z-SAR)020	082014-2			
	Test data with battery 1#									
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.337	0.263	0.050	23.37	25.00	0.490	21.4°C	
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.490	0.379	-0.040	23.37	25.00	0.713	21.4°C	
Left Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.374	0.262	-0.050	23.37	25.00	0.544	21.4°C	
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.282	0.196	-0.020	23.37	25.00	0.410	21.4°C	
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.153	0.092	0.180	23.37	25.00	0.223	21.4°C	
		Teste	d at the V	Vorst po	sition with	battery 2#				
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.468	0.363	-0.140	23.37	25.00	0.681	21.4°C	
	G620S-L	02 tested	at the wo	orst posi	tion of G62	20S-L03 with	battery 1#			
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.449	0.342	0.040	23.37	25.00	0.654	21.4°C	
	G620S-L02 tested at the worst position of G620S-L03 with battery 2#									
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.439	0.335	-0.100	23.37	25.00	0.639	21.4°C	

Table 32: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band V

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7.2.4 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band V

	7.2.4 SAN measurement result of LTL Danu V										
Test Position	Test channel /Frequency	Test Mode	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Liquid Temp.		
of Head	/i requericy		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.		
			Test	data with	battery 1#	!					
				QPSK 1	IRB						
Left Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.232	0.176	0.170	23.27	24.50	0.308	21.4°C		
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.147	0.113	-0.060	23.27	24.50	0.195	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.199	0.153	-0.160	23.27	24.50	0.264	21.4°C		
Right Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.136	0.103	-0.020	23.27	24.50	0.181	21.4°C		
Left Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.232	0.176	0.170	23.27	24.50	0.308	21.4°C		
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.147	0.113	-0.060	23.27	24.50	0.195	21.4°C		
			(QPSK 50	%RB						
Left Hand Touched	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.210	0.159	0.120	22.30	23.50	0.277	21.4°C		
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.127	0.097	0.040	22.30	23.50	0.167	21.4°C		
Right Hand Touched	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.155	0.119	0.070	22.30	23.50	0.204	21.4°C		
Right Hand Tilted 15°	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.118	0.089	0.020	22.30	23.50	0.156	21.4°C		
		Tested	at the V	Vorst pos	ition with b	oattery 2#					
Left Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.202	0.153	-0.160	23.27	24.50	0.268	21.4°C		

Table 33: Head SAR test results of LTE Band V

Test Position of	sition of channel Test Mod	Test Mode	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Body-Worn with 15mm	/Frequency	1001 111000	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test o	data with	battery 1#				
				QPSK 1	RB				
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.220	0.169	-0.120	23.27	24.50	0.292	21.4°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.287	0.219	-0.030	23.27	24.50	0.381	21.4°C
			(QPSK 50	%RB				
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.175	0.135	0.100	22.30	23.50	0.231	21.4°C
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.245	0.186	-0.020	22.30	23.50	0.323	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with b	oattery 2#			
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.317	0.242	-0.010	23.27	24.50	0.421	21.4°C

Table 34: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band V

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Test Position of	Test			Value /kg)	Power	Conducte	Tune-up	Scaled	Liquid
Hotspot with 10mm	channel /Frequency	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (dB)	d Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
			Test da	ata with b	attery 1#				
			(QPSK 1F	₹B				
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.230	0.179	-0.130	23.27	24.50	0.305	21.4°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.332	0.254	0.020	23.27	24.50	0.441	21.4°C
Left Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.269	0.187	-0.050	23.27	24.50	0.357	21.4°C
Right Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.193	0.133	0.070	23.27	24.50	0.256	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.103	0.061	0.180	23.27	24.50	0.137	21.4°C
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.230	0.179	-0.130	23.27	24.50	0.305	21.4°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.332	0.254	0.020	23.27	24.50	0.441	21.4°C
			Q	PSK 50%	6RB				
Front Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.178	0.138	-0.170	22.30	23.50	0.235	21.4°C
Back Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.292	0.161	0.040	22.30	23.50	0.385	21.4°C
Left Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.229	0.158	0.000	22.30	23.50	0.302	21.4°C
Right Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.161	0.111	0.110	22.30	23.50	0.212	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.099	0.059	-0.180	22.30	23.50	0.131	21.4°C
Front Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.178	0.138	-0.170	22.30	23.50	0.235	21.4°C
Back Side	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.292	0.161	0.040	22.30	23.50	0.385	21.4°C
		Tested	at the Wo	orst posit	ion with ba	attery 2#			
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#49	0.357	0.272	-0.170	23.27	24.50	0.474	21.4°C

Table 35: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band V

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7.2.5 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Liquid
Head	/Frequency		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The	data of G620S	L03 fror	n report l	No.: SYBH	I(Z-SAR)02008	32014-2		
			Test of	data with	battery 1#	!			
				QPSK 1	RB				
Left Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.164	0.085	0.150	22.58	23.50	0.203	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.089	0.044	0.110	22.58	23.50	0.109	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.327	0.176	-0.010	22.58	23.50	0.404	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.088	0.046	-0.080	22.58	23.50	0.109	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.329	0.175	0.090	22.38	23.50	0.426	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.355	0.184	0.160	22.40	23.50	0.457	21.4°C
			(QPSK 50	%RB				
Left Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.124	0.064	0.150	21.38	22.50	0.160	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.073	0.037	-0.190	21.38	22.50	0.094	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.252	0.134	-0.190	21.38	22.50	0.326	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.065	0.034	-0.060	21.38	22.50	0.083	21.4°C
			d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with I	pattery 2#			
Right Hand Touched	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.333	0.173	-0.140	22.40	23.50	0.429	21.4°C
	G620	S-L02 tested	at the wo	rst positi	on of G62	0S-L03 with ba	ttery 1#		
Right Hand Touched	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.358	0.188	0.140	22.40	23.50	0.461	21.4°C
	G620		at the wo	rst positi	on of G62	0S-L03 with ba	ttery 2#		
Right Hand Touched	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.356	0.188	0.150	22.40	23.50	0.459	21.4°C

Table 36: Head SAR test results of LTE Band VII

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Test Position of	Test channel	nel Test Mode	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid	
Body-Worn with 15mm	/Frequency	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
	The data of G620S-L03 from report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)02008									
	Test data with battery 1#									
QPSK 1RB										
Front Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.445	0.238	-0.190	22.58	23.50	0.550	21.4°C	
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.576	0.306	0.040	22.58	23.50	0.712	21.4°C	
QPSK 50%RB										
Front Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.281	0.150	-0.120	21.38	22.50	0.364	21.4°C	
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.441	0.234	-0.130	21.38	22.50	0.571	21.4°C	
		Tested	d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with b	oattery 2#				
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.542	0.289	-0.070	22.58	23.50	0.670	21.4°C	
	G620	0S-L02 tested	at the wo	rst positi	on of G620	0S-L03 with ba	ittery 1#			
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.597	0.316	-0.060	22.58	23.50	0.738	21.4°C	
	G620	OS-L02 tested	at the wo	rst positi	on of G620	0S-L03 with ba	ttery 2#			
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.590	0.310	-0.030	22.58	23.50	0.729	21.4°C	

Table 37: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band VII

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	<u> </u>	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled	Liquid	
Hotspot with 10mm	/Frequency	rest widde	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.	
	The d	ata of G620S-I	_03 from	report No	o.: SYBH(Z-SAR)02008	32014-2			
Test data with battery 1#										
QPSK 1RB										
Front Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.476	0.241	0.080	20.66	21.50	0.578	21.4°C	
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.735	0.362	0.180	20.66	21.50	0.892	21.5°C	
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.668	0.326	-0.130	20.52	21.50	0.837	21.5°C	
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.655	0.316	-0.160	20.50	21.50	0.825	21.4°C	
Left Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.059	0.035	-0.050	20.66	21.50	0.071	21.4°C	
Right Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.152	0.081	0.020	20.66	21.50	0.184	21.4°C	
Bottom Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.722	0.367	0.030	20.66	21.50	0.876	21.4°C	
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.699	0.351	0.040	20.52	21.50	0.876	21.4°C	
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.728	0.360	0.050	20.50	21.50	0.916	21.4°C	

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Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Hotspot with 10mm	/Frequency		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The data of	G620S-L03 fro	om repor	t No.: SY	BH(Z-SAF	R)020082014-	2(Continue	d)	
			Q	PSK 50%	6RB				
Front Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.468	0.237	-0.190	20.50	21.50	0.589	21.4°C
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.696	0.344	-0.150	20.50	21.50	0.876	21.4°C
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.689	0.339	-0.100	20.36	21.50	0.896	21.4°C
Back Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.658	0.317	-0.010	20.33	21.50	0.861	21.4°C
Left Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.054	0.032	0.000	20.50	21.50	0.068	21.4°C
Right Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.151	0.081	-0.150	20.50	21.50	0.190	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 50%RB#25	0.717	0.364	0.070	20.50	21.50	0.903	21.4°C
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.737	0.371	-0.120	20.36	21.50	0.958	21.4°C
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.735	0.376	-0.060	20.33	21.50	0.962	21.4°C
			QF	PSK 1009	%RB				
Back Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.653	0.316	0.030	20.37	21.50	0.847	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20850/2510	20M QPSK 100%RB#0	0.713	0.362	0.190	20.37	21.50	0.925	21.4°C
		Tested	at the Wo	orst posit	ion with ba	attery 2#			
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.719	0.357	0.190	20.33	21.50	0.941	21.4°C
	G620	S-L02 tested at	the wors	st positio	n of G620	S-L03 with ba	ttery 1#		
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.755	0.373	0.170	20.33	21.50	0.988	21.4°C
	G6208	S-L02 tested at	the wor	st positio	n of G6203	S-L03 with ba	ttery 2#	1	
Bottom Side	21350/2560	20M QPSK 50%RB#0	0.797	0.394	0.160	20.33	21.50	1.043	21.4°C

Table 38: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band VII

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7.2.6 SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G

Test Position of	Test channel	Test	SAR ' (W/	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The	data of G62	0S-L03 f	rom repo	ort No.: SYB	H(Z-SAR)0200	82014-2		
			Te	st data w	ith battery 1	#			
Left Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11 b	0.407	0.216	-0.040	17.53	18.00	0.454	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	11/2462	802.11 b	0.363	0.177	-0.070	17.53	18.00	0.404	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11 b	0.276	1.149	-0.130	17.53	18.00	0.308	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	11/2462	802.11 b	0.283	0.150	-0.030	17.53	18.00	0.315	21.4°C
Left Hand Touched	1/2412	802.11 b	0.286	0.152	-0.110	16.67	18.00	0.388	21.4°C
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.384	0.201	-0.140	17.24	18.00	0.457	21.4°C
		Tes	ted at the	e Worst p	osition with	battery 2#			
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.235	0.122	-0.080	17.24	18.00	0.280	21.4°C
	G620S-L02 tested at the worst position of G620S-L03 with battery 1#								
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.248	0.123	0.110	17.24	18.00	0.295	21.4°C
	G62	0S-L02 teste	ed at the	worst po	sition of G6	20S-L03 with b	attery 2#		
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.299	0.149	0.170	17.24	18.00	0.356	21.4°C

Table 39: Head SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-a}	Liquid
Body-Worn with 15mm	/Frequency	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	The	data of G62	20S-L03 f	rom repo	ort No.: SYB	H(Z-SAR)0200	82014-2		
	Test data with battery 1#								
Front Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.064	0.038	0.030	17.53	18.00	0.071	21.4°C
Back Side	11/2463	802.11 b	0.084	0.049	-0.160	17.53	18.00	0.093	21.4°C
		Tes	ted at the	e Worst p	osition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	11/2463	802.11 b	0.077	0.045	-0.120	17.53	18.00	0.086	21.4°C
	G62	0S-L02 teste	ed at the	worst po	sition of G6	20S-L03 with b	attery 1#		
Back Side	11/2463	802.11 b	0.073	0.040	0.070	17.53	18.00	0.081	21.4°C
	G62	0S-L02 teste	ed at the	worst po	sition of G6	20S-L03 with b	attery 2#		
Back Side	11/2463	802.11 b	0.078	0.043	0.160	17.53	18.00	0.087	21.4°C

Table 40: Body-Worn SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

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Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel /Frequency	Test Mode	_	Value /kg) 10-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
with 10mm				J		` ′	, ,	(W/Kg)	
	The	data of G62	20S-L03	from repo	ort No.: SYE	3H(Z-SAR)0200	082014-2		
Test data with battery 1#									
Front Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.102	0.060	-0.180	17.53	18.00	0.114	21.4°C
Back Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.188	0.084	-0.120	17.53	18.00	0.209	21.4°C
Right Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.099	0.048	-0.090	17.53	18.00	0.110	21.4°C
Top Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.110	0.061	-0.150	17.53	18.00	0.123	21.4°C
		Tes	sted at th	ne Worst p	osition witl	h battery 2#			
Back Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.172	0.076	0.010	17.53	18.00	0.192	21.4°C
	G62	0S-L02 test	ed at the	worst po	sition of G6	620S-L03 with b	attery 1#		
Back Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.156	0.063	0.050	17.53	18.00	0.174	21.4°C
	G62	0S-L02 test	ed at the	worst po	sition of G6	620S-L03 with b	attery 2#		
Back Side	11/2462	802.11 b	0.140	0.056	0.030	17.53	18.00	0.156	21.4°C

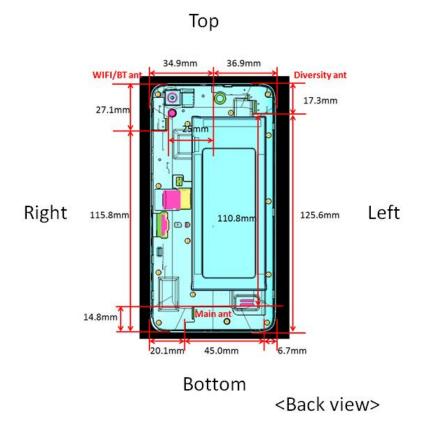
Table 41: Hotspot SAR test results of WiFi 2450MHz

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7.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown as below picture:



Note: Diversity antenna is used to improve the acceptance of performance of the main antenna. it does not have a transmitter function.

Mode	Exposure Condition	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
GSM850	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes
GSM1900	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes
UMTS Band V	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes
LTE Band V	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes
LTE Band VII	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes
WiFi	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	Yes	NO

Table 42: Sides for SAR testing

Note:

1) Per KDB 941225 D06, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.

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7.3.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Per FCC KDB 447498D01v05, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ВТ	Body- Worn	11.00	12.59	15	2.450	1.31	3.00	Yes

Table 43: Standalone SAR test exclusion for BT

Note:

- 1)* maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth for this device.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm,where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	х	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)*
ВТ	Body- worn	11.00	12.59	15	2.450	7.5	0.175

Table 44: Estimated SAR calculation for BT

Note:

- 1) * maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission.

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7.3.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1	GSM (Voice) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	N/A
2	GPRS/EDGE (DATA) + WiFi 2.4G	N/A	N/A	Yes
3	GSM (Voice) +BT	N/A	Yes	N/A
4	GPRS/EDGE (DATA) + BT	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	UMTS (Voice) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	N/A
6	UMTS (DATA) + WiFi 2.4G	N/A	Yes	Yes
7	UMTS (Voice)+BT	N/A	Yes	N/A
8	UMTS (DATA) +BT	N/A	Yes	N/A
9	LTE (DATA) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes*	Yes*	Yes
10	LTE (DATA) + BT	N/A	Yes*	N/A

Table 45: Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Note:

- 1) Wi-Fi 2.4G and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2) 2G&3G&4G can't transmit simultaneously.
- 3) The device does not support DTM function.
- 4) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission.
- 5) * VOIP 3rd party applications may possibly be installed and used by the end user.

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7.3.3 SAR Summation Scenario

Too	st Position	Scaled	Scaled SAR _{Max}		SPLSR	Remark
Tes	St Position	GSM850	WiFi 2.4G	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.461	0.457	0.918	NA	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.293	0.404	0.697	NA	NA
Пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.415	0.308	0.723	NA	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.294	0.315	0.609	NA	NA
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.499	0.071	0.570	NA	NA
Body-Wolfi	Back Side	0.639	0.093	0.732	NA	NA
	Front Side	0.659	0.114	0.772	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.903	0.209	1.112	NA	NA
Hotopot	Left Side	0.695	/	0.695	NA	NA
Hotspot	Right Side	0.523	0.110	0.633	NA	NA
	Top Side	/	0.123	0.123	NA	NA
	Bottom Side	0.297	/	0.297	NA	NA

Table 46: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WiFi 2.4G.

Tos	st Position	Scaled	Scaled SAR _{Max}		SPLSR	Remark
165	St Position	GSM1900	WiFi 2.4G	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.285	0.457	0.742	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.063	0.404	0.467	N/A	N/A
пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.244	0.308	0.552	N/A	N/A
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.117	0.315	0.432	N/A	N/A
Deal Mana	Front Side	0.308	0.071	0.379	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.596	0.093	0.689	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.406	0.114	0.52	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.090	0.209	1.299	N/A	N/A
Hotonot	Left Side	0.125	/	0.125	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.102	0.110	0.212	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	/	0.123	0.123	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.631	/	0.631	N/A	N/A

Table 47: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WiFi 2.4G.

		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	71 ~ CAD		
Tes	Test Position		WiFi 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.485	0.457	0.942	NA	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.269	0.404	0.674	NA	NA
пеаи	Right Hand Touched	0.386	0.308	0.694	NA	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.256	0.315	0.572	NA	NA
Dody Morn	Front Side	0.466	0.071	0.537	NA	NA
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.621	0.093	0.715	NA	NA
	Front Side	0.490	0.114	0.604	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.713	0.209	0.923	NA	NA
Llatanat	Left Side	0.544	/	0.544	NA	NA
Hotspot	Right Side	0.410	0.110	0.520	NA	NA
	Top Side	/	0.123	0.123	NA	NA
	Bottom Side	0.223	/	0.223	NA	NA

Table 48: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and WiFi 2.4G.

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		Scaled S	Scaled SAR _{Max}			
Tes	Test Position		WiFi 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.308	0.457	0.765	NA	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.195	0.404	0.599	NA	NA
пеаи	Right Hand Touched	0.264	0.308	0.572	NA	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.181	0.315	0.496	NA	NA
Pady Mara	Front Side	0.292	0.071	0.363	NA	NA
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.421	0.093	0.514	NA	NA
	Front Side	0.305	0.114	0.419	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.474	0.209	0.683	NA	NA
Hotonot	Left Side	0.357	/	0.357	NA	NA
Hotspot	Right Side	0.256	0.110	0.366	NA	NA
	Top Side	/	0.123	0.123	NA	NA
	Bottom Side	0.137	/	0.137	NA	NA

Table 49: Simultaneous Tx Combination LTE Band V and WiFi 2.4G.

		Scaled S	SAR _{Max}	51 ~ 64D		
Tes	t Position	LTE Band VII	WiFi 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.203	0.457	0.660	NA	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.109	0.404	0.513	NA	NA
Пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.461	0.308	0.769	NA	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.109	0.315	0.424	NA	NA
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.550	0.071	0.621	NA	NA
Body-Wolff	Back Side	0.738	0.093	0.831	NA	NA
	Front Side	0.589	0.114	0.703	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.896	0.209	1.105	NA	NA
Hotonot	Left Side	0.071	/	0.071	NA	NA
Hotspot	Right Side	0.190	0.110	0.300	NA	NA
	Top Side	/	0.123	0.123	NA	NA
	Bottom Side	1.043	/	1.043	NA	NA

Table 50: Simultaneous Tx Combination LTE Band VII and WiFi 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM850	BT	(W/kg)	SPLSK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.499	0.175	0.674	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.639	0.175	0.814	NA	NA

Table 51: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Domark
		GSM1900	BT	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.308	0.175	0.483	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.596	0.175	0.771	NA	NA

Table 52: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		UMTS Band V	BT	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.466	0.175	0.466	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.621	0.175	0.621	NA	NA

Table 53: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and BT.

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Toot Besitien		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
Test	Test Position		BT	(W/kg)	SFLSK	Remark
Dady Mara	Front Side	0.292	0.175	0.467	NA	NA
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.421	0.175	0.596	NA	NA

Table 54: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band V and BT.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		LTE Band VII	BT	(W/kg)	SPLSK	Remark
Dody Mare	Front Side	0.550	0.175	0.725	NA	NA
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.738	0.175	0.913	NA	NA

Table 55: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band VII and BT.

7.3.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conlcusion

The above numeral summed SAR results and/or SPLSR analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required per KDB 447498 D01v05r02.

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Appendix A. System Check Plots (Pls See Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots (Pls See Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate (Pls See Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photo documentation (PIs See Appendix D.)

End

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