#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Huawei-SZ (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Certificate No: ES3-3168\_Sep14

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3168

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 24, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Dalas en Ctondordo	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power meter E4419B	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A  Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4 SN: 660		13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Canadan Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:

Leif Klysner

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: September 24, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL

NORMx, y, z

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o

Polarization 9

o rotation around probe axis

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

Connector Angle

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i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \le 800 \text{ MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3168

Manufactured:

October 8, 2008

Calibrated:

September 24, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3168

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

Sasic Calibration Para	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.14	1.08	1.02	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.5	93.9	92.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	171.5	±3.0 %
0 000	OV	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		161.7	
		7	0.0	0.0	1.0		163.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3168

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.34	1.71	± 12.0 %
850	41.5	0.92	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.54	1.33	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.60	1.25	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.57	1.28	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.50	1.45	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.66	1.22	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.55	1.44	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.75	1.26	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3168

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.33	1.82	± 12.0 %
850	55.2	0.99	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.49	1.51	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.61	1.31	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.42	1.68	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.57	1.44	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.57	1.50	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.14	4.14	4.14	0.80	0.99	± 12.0 %

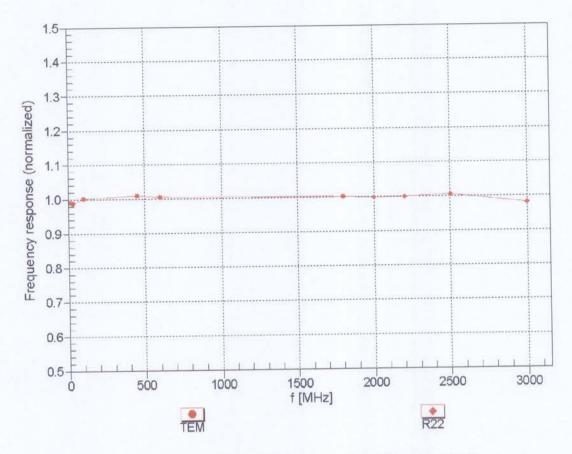
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

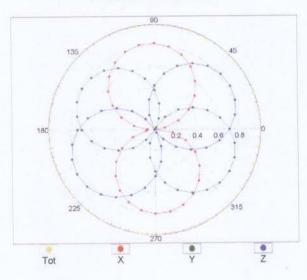


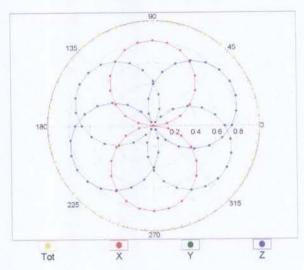
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

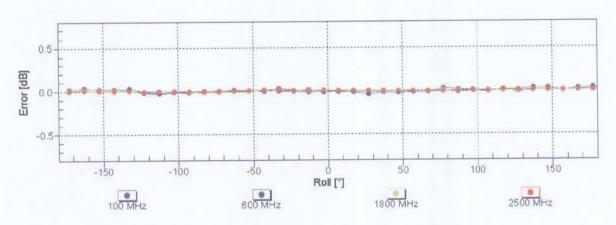
### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

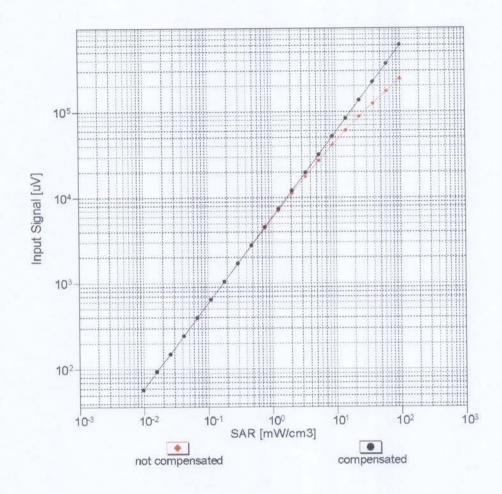


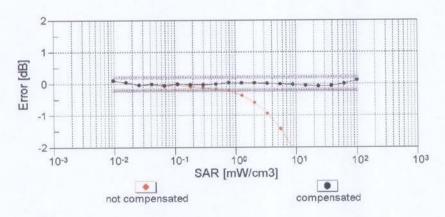




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

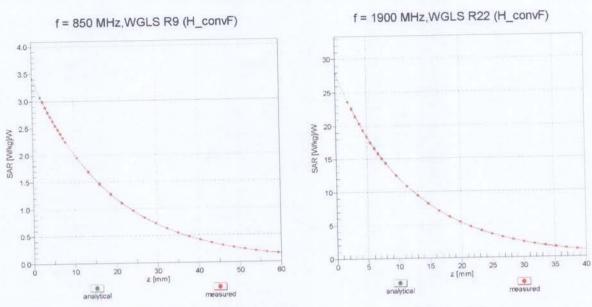
### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





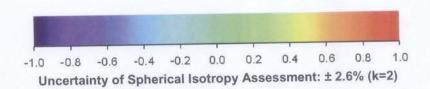
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

## **Conversion Factor Assessment**



### Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz

1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0 -0.2 -0.4 -0.6 -0.8 -1.0 0 45 90 135 180 225 60 50 40 270



315

30 40 7 [deg]

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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3168

### Other Probe Parameters

Other Probe Parameters	Triangular
Sensor Arrangement	-42.7
Connector Angle (°)	enabled
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
	337 mm
Probe Overall Length	10 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	4 mm
Tip Diameter	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm