





FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

Product Name: Smart Phone

Model: Che2-L12

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)021122014-2

FCC ID: QISCHE2-L12

	APPROVED (Lab Manager)	PREPARED (Test Engineer)
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DATE	2015-01-22	2015-01-22

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Table of Contents

1		ntormation	
	1.1 State	ement of Compliance	4
	1.2 RF 6	exposure limits	5
	1.3 EUT	Description	6
	1.3.1	General Description	
		specification(s)	
		ing laboratory	
		icant and Manufacturer	
		ication details	
		ient Condition	
2			
2		Surement System	
		Measurement Set-up	
		environment	
		Acquisition Electronics description	
		pe description	
		ntom description	
		ce holder description	
		Equipment List	
3		surement Procedure	
		nning procedure	
	3.2 Spat	ial Peak SAR Evaluation	16
	3.3 Data	Storage and Evaluation	17
4		erification Procedure	
		ue Verification	
		em Check	
		em check Procedure	
5		surement variability and uncertainty	
		measurement variability	
		measurement uncertainty	
		moadurement uncertainty	
6	SAR Tac	Configuration	2
6		t Configuration	
	6.1 GSN	1 Test Configuration	25
	6.1 GSN 6.2 UMT	If Test Configuration	25 26
	6.1 GSN 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE	1 Test Configuration	25 26 32
	6.1 GSN6.2 UMT6.3 LTE6.4 WiF	1 Test Configuration	25 26 32 34
7	6.1 GSN 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea	1 Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results	25 26 32 34 35
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con	## Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements	25 26 32 34 35 35 35
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UM7 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1	## Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850	25 26 32 34 35 35 36
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFI SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2	Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900	25 32 34 35 35 35 35
7	6.1 GSN 6.2 UM7 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFI SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3	M Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surrement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V	25 26 32 35 35 35 35 35 35
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4	Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V	25 26 32 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5	M Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII	25 26 32 35 35 35 35 36 36 36 36 40
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6	Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G	25 26 32 35 35 35 36 36 40 42
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7	Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT	25 32 35 35 35 35 35 40 42 43
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7	M Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results	25 26 32 35 35 35 40 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7	Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT	25 26 32 35 35 35 40 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFI SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR	M Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results	25 26 32 35 35 35 40 42 45 46 46
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1	Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results SAR measurement Result of GSM850	25 26 32 35 35 35 40 42 45 46 48
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2	Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900	25 32 35 35 35 35 35 40 42 42 44 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4	Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration Surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band V	25 26 32 34 35 35 36 40 42 45 46 45 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5	Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration Surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII	25 26 32 34 35 35 36 46 46 46 46 46 56 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6	Test Configuration	25 26 32 35 35 35 35 40 42 45 56 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult	M Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII SAR measurement Result of UMTS LAG iple Transmitter Evaluation	25 26 32 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFI SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1	M Test Configuration	25 32 32 35 35 35 36 42 42 44 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFI SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1 7.3.2	Test Configuration S Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration Surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII SAR measurement Result of SAR VIII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of SAR VIII SAR measurement Result of SAR VIIII	25 32 32 35 35 35 35 35 35 46 46 46 46 46 56 56 66 66
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3	M Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G iple Transmitter Evaluation Stand-alone SAR test exclusion Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities SAR Summation Scenario	25 26 26 27 26 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 7.3.4	Test Configuration S Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VI SAR measurement Result of SAR SAR SAR Measurement Result of LTE Band VI SAR measurement Result of SAR	25 32 35 35 35 35 35 35 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 7.3.4 Appendix	Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VI SAR measurement Result	25 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 7.3.4 Appendix Appendix	Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Results SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VIII SAR measurement Result of SWIFI 2.4G IPLE Transmitter Evaluation Stand-alone SAR test exclusion Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities SAR Summation Scenario Simultaneous Transmission Conlcusion A. System Check Plots B. SAR Measurement Plots	25 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
7	6.1 GSM 6.2 UMT 6.3 LTE 6.4 WiFi SAR Mea 7.1 Con 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 7.1.5 7.1.6 7.1.7 7.2 SAR 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6 7.3 Mult 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 7.3.4 Appendix Appendix	Test Configuration S Test Configuration Test Configuration 2.4G Test Configuration surement Results ducted power measurements Conducted power measurements of GSM850 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VI Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G Conducted power measurements of BT measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM850 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VI SAR measurement Result	25 26 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36



% % Modified History % %

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	2015-01-22	Qin Guohui

2015-01-22 Page 3 of 65

1 General Information

1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Che2-L12 are as below Table 1.

Donal	Max Reported SAR(W/kg)			
Band	1-g Head	1-g Body-worn (15mm) *	1-g Hotspot (10mm)	10-g Extremity (0mm)
GSM850	0.358	0.497	0.726	/
GSM1900	0.063	0.417	1.049	/
UMTS Band V	0.343	0.472	0.580	/
LTE Band V	0.231	0.360	0.421	/
LTE Band VII	0.224	0.356	0.721	/
WiFi 2.4G	0.548	0.097	0.248	/
The hi	ghest simultaneo	us SAR value is 1.049	W/kg per KDB6907	83 D01

Table 1:Summary of test result

Note:* For body-worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003 & IEEE Std 1528a-2005.

2015-01-22 Page 4 of 65

1.2 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

2015-01-22 Page 5 of 65

1.3 EUT Description

1.3 EUT Description			
Device Information:			
Product Name:	Smart Phone		
Model:	Che2-L12		
FCC ID:	QISCHE2-L12		
IMEI:	(Battery 1#):866435020004868; (Battery 2#):866435020005956		
Device Type :	Portable device		
Device Phase:	Identical Prototype		
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled environme	nt / general population	
Hardware Version :	HL4CHRPLS2M		
Software Version :	Che2-L12 V100R001C9	000B254SP601	
Antenna Type :	Internal antenna		
Others Accessories	Headset		
Device Operating Configura			
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM850/1900,UMTS B	and V, LTE Band V/VII, V	ViFi 2.4G,BT
Test Modulation			6QAM),WiFi(DSSS/OFDM)
Device Class	В	- (- (-) , (-) -)	, , , , , ,
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM850	824-849	869-894
	GSM1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
Operating Frequency	UMTS Band V	824-849	869-894
Range(s)	LTE Band V	824-849	869-894
3 ()	LTE Band VII	2500-2570	2620-2690
	BT		2-2480
	WiFi 2.4G 2412-2462		
	Max Number of Timeslo	ts in Uplink:	4
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink:		4
	Max Total Timeslot:		5
	Max Number of Timeslo		4
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslo	ts in Downlink:	4
	Max Total Timeslot:		5
HSDPA UE Category	14		
HSUPA UE Category	6		
DC-HSDPA UE Category	24	-L E/OCMOEO\	
	4, tested with power level 1, tested with power level 1.	,	
Power Class:		ntrol "all 1"(UMTS Band \	Λ
		ower control all Max.(LTE Band V)	
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band VII)		
	128-190-251(GSM850)	in or all maxi, ETE Bana v	,
	512-661-810(GSM1900)		
	4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V)		
	20407-20525-20643(LTE Band V BW=1.4MHz)		
	20415-20525-20635(LTE Band V BW=3MHz)		
Test Channels	20425-20525-20625(LTE Band V BW=5MHz)		
(low-mid-high):	20450-20525-20600(LTE Band V BW=10MHz)		
	20775-21100-21425(LT	E Band VII BW=5MHz)	
	20800-21100-21400(LTE Band VII BW=10MHz)		
	20825-21100-21375(LTE Band VII BW=15MHz)		
	20850-21100-21350(LTE Band VII BW=20MHz)		
	802.11 b/g/n:1-6-11(WiF	Fi 2.4G)	
Table 2. Davisa information			

Table 3:Device information and operating configuration

2015-01-22 Page 6 of 65



1.3.1 General Description

Che2-L12 is subscriber equipment in the GSM/UMTS/LTE system. The GSM frequency band includes GSM850 and GSM900 and DCS1800 and PCS1900. but only GSM850 and GSM1900 test data included in this report. The UMTS frequency band is band I and band VIII and band V. but only band V test data included in this report. The LTE frequency band is band I/III/V/VII/VIII/XXVIII. but only band V/VII test data included in this report. The Mobile Phone implements such functions as RF signal receiving/transmitting, LTE/UMTS and GSM/GPRS/EDGE protocol processing, voice, video MMS service, GPS and WIFI etc. Externally it provides micro SD card interface, earphone port (to provide voice service) and USIM card interface. It also provides Bluetooth module to synchronize data between a PC and the phone, or to use the built-in modem of the phone to access the Internet with a PC, or to exchange data with other Bluetooth devices.

Battery information:

Name	Serials number	Description
Rechargeable Li-Polymer	NA	Battery Model: HB4242B4EBW Rated capacity: 3000mAh Nominal Voltage: === +3.8V

Differences between Che2-L12 and HUAWEI G735-L03:

billerences between Chez-L12 and HOAWLI G733-L03.				
Model	HUAWEI G735-L03	Che2-L12		
Brand	HUAWEI	HONOR		
Dianu	HUAWEI trademark	honor trademark		
FCC ID	QISG735-L03	QISCHE2-L12		
Frequency	2G: GSM850/1900 3G: W850/1700/1900 4G: B2/4/7	2G: GSM850/1900 3G: W850 4G: B5/7 Frequency disabled by software.		
PCB	/	(1)Delete B2 Div RX; (2)ADD B5/8 DivRX; (3)Change Duplexer from B4 To B3;		
SIM Card	Single	Single		
Hardware Version	HL4CHRPLS2M	HL4CHRPLS2M		
Software Version	G735-L03 V100R001C900B253	Che2-L12 V100R001C900B254SP601		
Dimensions	The same	The same		
Appearance	The same	The same		
main antenna	The same	The same		
DIV antenna 1(Only RX)	The same	The same		
BT/Wi-Fi antenna	The same	The same		
Others	The same	The same		

Note:

According to the difference description above, for LTE Band V, new SAR test is fully performed on Che2-L12; for the other same frequency bands, Che2-L12 SAR is tested at the worst position of HUAWEI G735-L03 (report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)040092014-2) for each RF exposure condition.

2015-01-22 Page 7 of 65

1.4 Test specification(s)

ANSI Std C95.1-1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
IEEE Std 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
IEEE Std 1528a-2005	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom)
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 4 of March 2010)
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB941225 D05	SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
KDB941225 D06	Hot Spot SAR v02
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB648474 D04	Handsets SAR v01r02
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v01r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB865664 D02	SAR Reporting v01r01
KDB690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

1.5 Testing laboratory

Test Site	The Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.	
Test Location	Zone K3, Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian Industry Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China	
Telephone	+86 755 28780808	
Fax	+86 755 89652518	
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number: L0310 A2LA TESTING CERT #2174.01	

1.6 Applicant and Manufacturer

Company Name	HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD
Address	Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C

1.7 Application details

Start Date of test	2015-01-01
End Date of test	2015-01-09

1.8 Ambient Condition

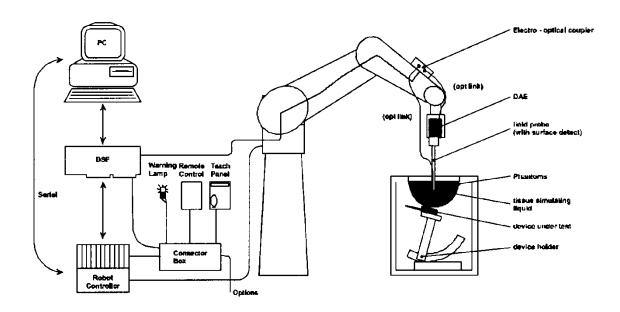
Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

2015-01-22 Page 8 of 65



2 SAR Measurement System

2.1 SAR Measurement Set-up



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>E</u>lectro-<u>O</u>ptical <u>C</u>oupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

2015-01-22 Page 9 of 65

2.2 Test environment

The DASY5 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions: $5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

DAE4

Input Impedance	200MOhm	Parent & Parent Contract of Articles of Contract of Articles of Contract of Articles of Contract of Co
The Inputs	symmetrical and floating	TYPE: DAE 4 PART W:: SI 000 Dok BJ BERIAL N:: 851
Common mode rejection	above 80 dB	DATE: 03/08

2015-01-22 Page 10 of 65

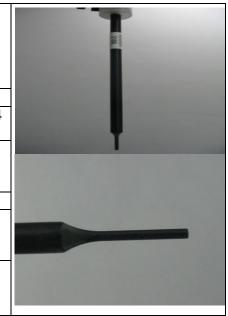


2.4 Probe description

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (±2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

Isotropic E-Field Probe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements

isotropic E-Field Pi	obe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements			
	Symmetrical design with triangular core			
	Interleaved sensors			
Construction	Built-in shielding against static charges			
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic			
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.			
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4			
riequency	GHz)			
	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)			
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to			
	probe axis)			
Dynamic range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)			
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)			
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm			
	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz			
Application	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields			
• •	Compliance tests of mobile phones			



Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.			
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)			
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB(noise:typically<1μW/g)			
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip:20 mm) Tip diameter:2.5 mm (Body:12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm			
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario(e.g.,very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%			



2015-01-22 Page 11 of 65

2.5 Phantom description

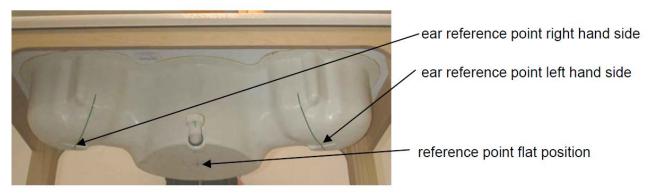
SAM Twin Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm;The ear region:6.0±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left hand Right hand Flat phantom	



The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

The following figure shows the definition of reference point:



ELI4 Phantom

Shell Thickness	2mm±0.2mm	
Filling Volume	Approximately 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major axis:600mm; Minor axis:400mm;	
Measurement Areas	Flat phantom	\$ 58 55

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

The phantom shell material is resistant to all ingredients used in the tissue-equivalent liquid recipes. The shell of the phantom including ear spacers is constructed from low permittivity and low loss material, with a relative permittivity $2 \le \epsilon \le 3$ GHz, $3 \le \epsilon \le 4$ at > 3 GHz and and a loss tangent ≤ 0.05 .

2015-01-22 Page 12 of 65

2.6 Device holder description

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent σ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

The device holder permits the device to be positioned with a tolerance of $\pm 1^{\circ}$ in the tilt angle.

Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

2015-01-22 Page 13 of 65

2.7 Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked X

	Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial number	Date of last calibration	Valid period
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3744	2014-07-24	One year
	SPEAG	835 MHz Dipole	D835V2	4d059	2013-05-02	Three years
	SPEAG			1123	2014-07-08	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	1900 MHz Dipole	D1900V2	5d143	2014-09-23	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2450 MHz Dipole	D2450V2	860	2014-11-19	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	2600 MHz Dipole	D2600V2	1021	2014-07-16	Three years
	SPEAG	5GHz Dipole	D5GHzV2	1155	2014-04-24	Three years
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE4	851	2014-07-24	One year
\boxtimes	SPEAG	Software	DASY 5	N/A	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Twin Phantom	SAM1	TP-1475	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	SPEAG Twin Phantom		SAM2	TP-1474	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG Twin Phantom		SAM3	TP-1597	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG Twin Phantom		SAM4	TP-1620	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Flat Phantom	ELI 4.0	TP-1038	NCR	NCR
	SPEAG	Flat Phantom	ELI 5.0	TP-1111	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	111379	2014-07-11	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	126855	2014-07-11	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Network Analyser	E5071C	MY46213349	2014-02-25	One year
\boxtimes	Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	2484	NCR	NCR
	Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY47420989	2014-01-18	One year
\boxtimes	MINI-CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1402001	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	MINI-CIRCUITS	Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	129601322	NCR	NCR
	AR	Directional Coupler	DC7144M1	0423264	2014-04-02	One year
\boxtimes	R&S	Power Meter	NRP	100740	2014-07-11	One year
	R&S	Power Meter Sensor	NRP-Z11	106288	2014-07-11	One year
	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	MY45101339	2014-01-18	One year
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E9321A	MY44420359	2014-01-18	One year

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

2015-01-22 Page 14 of 65



3 SAR Measurement Procedure

3.1 Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y- dimension(2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in Appendix B.
- A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: Δ x_{zoom}, Δ y_{zoom} \leq 2GHz \leq 8mm, 2-4GHz \leq 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 4mm; Δ z_{zoom} \leq 3GHz \leq 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- \leq 4mm and 4-6GHz- \leq 2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form form in chapter 7.2.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in Appendix B.

2015-01-22 Page 15 of 65

The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB 865664D01:

	Maximun	Maximun Zoom	Maximun Z	Minimum		
Frequency	Area Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid	Gra	aded Grad	zoom scan
riequericy	resolution	resolution	Λ 7 (n)	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)^*$	Λπ (n> 1)*	volume
	$(\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area})$	$(\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom})$	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	ΔZ _{Zoom} (I)	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)^*$	(x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥22mm

3.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points(with 8mm horizontal resolution) or $7 \times 7 \times 7$ points(with 5mm horizontal resolution) or $8 \times 8 \times 7$ points(with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated.
 This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe
 and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe
 calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting
 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum
 the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline
 interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the
 boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane
 of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.

2015-01-22 Page 16 of 65

3.3 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_{i}$
	 Diode compression point 	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
·	- Crest factor	cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ - Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

(27.6.) parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

2015-01-22 Page 17 of 65



E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^{2} \circ \sigma) / (\rho \circ 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

2015-01-22 Page 18 of 65



4 System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within \pm 5% of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue					
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	1750	1900	2450	2600
Water	39.2	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7	55.242
Salt (NaCl)	2.7	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5	0.306
Sugar	57.0	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	36.8	44.452
Ingredients (% of weight)			Body Tis	sue		
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	1750	1900	2450	2600
Water	50.3	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2	64.493
Salt (NaCl)	1.60	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04	0.024
Sugar	47.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7	32.252

Table 4: Tissue Dielectric Properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

2015-01-22 Page 19 of 65



Tioquo	Measured	Target	: Tissue	Measur	ed Tissue	Liquid	
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (+/-5%)	σ (S/m) (+/-5%)	٤r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.60 (39.52~43.68)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.49	0.862		
835H	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.32	0.871	21.4°C	2015/1/6
	850	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.92 (0.87~0.96)	41.09	0.884		
	825	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.34	0.946		
835B	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.24	0.955	21.4°C	2015/1/2
	850	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.99 (0.94~1.04)	55.17	0.968		
	1850	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.43	1.350		
1900H	1880	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.35	1.391	21.4°C	2015/1/2
190011	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.26	1.407		2013/1/2
	1910	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.22	1.420		
	1850	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.47	1.522		
1900B	1880	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.44	1.548	21.4°C	2015/1/3
19000	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.32	1.565	21.4 0	2013/1/3
	1910	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	51.30	1.579		
	2410	39.30 (37.34~41.26)	1.76 (1.67~1.85)	40.04	1.783		
2450H	2435	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.79 (1.70~1.88)	39.93	1.805	21.4°C	2015/1/4
240011	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.84	1.818	21.40	2015/1/4
	2460	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.81 (1.72~1.90)	39.80	1.829		
	2410	52.80 (50.16~55.44)	1.91 (1.81~2.00)	50.90	1.885		
2450B	2435	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.94 (1.84~2.04)	50.86	1.914	- 21.4°C	2015/1/8
27000	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	50.81	1.931	21.40	2013/1/0
	2460	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	50.78	1.942		
	2510	39.12 (37.16~41.01)	1.86 (1.77~1.96)	39.10	1.945		
2600H	2535	39.1 (37.13~41.04)	1.89 (1.80~1.98)	39.06	1.979	21.4°C	2015/1/1
∠0UUH	2560	39 (37.05~40.95)	1.917 (1.82~2.01)	38.86	2.006	21.40	2013/1/1
	2600	39 (37.05~40.95)	1.96 (1.86~2.05)	38.78	2.041		

2015-01-22 Page 20 of 65



	2510	52.62 (49.99~55.25)	2.03 (1.93~2.13)	50.65	2.041			
2600B	2535	52.59 (49.96~55.22)	2.07 (1.97~2.17)	50.17	2.035	21.4°C	2015/1/9	
2600B	2560	52.57 (49.94~55.20)	2.09 (1.99~2.19)	50.27	2.135	21.4 0		2015/1/9
	2600	52.5 (49.88~55.13)	2.16 (2.05~2.27)	50.23	2.125			

Table 5:Measured Tissue Parameter

- Note: 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected durinxg the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.
- 2) KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3) The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.

2015-01-22 Page 21 of 65

4.2 System Check

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands

and tissue liquids used during the tests(Graphic Plot(s) see Appendix A).

		6AR (1W) 10%)		red SAR zed to 1W)	Liquid	
System Check	1-g 10-g 1-g (mW/g) (mW/g)		10-g (mW/g)	Temp.	Test Date	
835MHz Head	9.49 (8.54~10.44)	6.18 (5.56~6.80)	9.04	5.84	21.4°C	2015/1/6
1900MHz Head	40.80 (36.72~44.88)	21.40 (19.26~23.54)	41.60	21.32	21.4°C	2015/1/2
2450MHz Head	52.30 (47.07~57.53)	24.50 (22.05~26.95)	54.80	24.92	21.4°C	2015/1/4
2600MHz Head	58.6 (52.74~64.46)	26.2 (23.58~28.82)	60.40	26.24	21.4°C	2015/1/1
835MHz Body	9.42 (8.48~10.36)	6.19 (5.57~6.80)	9.64	6.32	21.4°C	2015/1/2
1900MHz Body	40.20 (36.18~44.22)	21.30 (19.17~23.43)	44.00	22.60	21.4°C	2015/1/3
2450MHz Body	51.4 (46.26~56.54)	23.9 (21.51~26.29)	54.80	24.44	21.4°C	2015/1/8
2600MHz Body	57.6 (51.84~63.36)	25.5 (22.95~28.05)	56.80	24.32	21.4°C	2015/1/9

Table 6:System Check Results

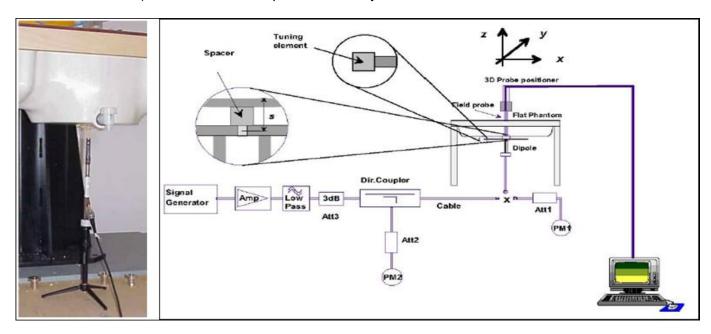
2015-01-22 Page 22 of 65



4.3 System check Procedure

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW(below 5GHz) or 100mW(above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



2015-01-22 Page 23 of 65

5 SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1 SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 7.2.

5.2 SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2003 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

2015-01-22 Page 24 of 65

6 SAR Test Configuration

6.1 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM850 and GSM1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot.

The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

and the grant reduction in the matter set in grant to do renorming.								
Number of time assign	eslots in uplink ment	Reduction of maximum output power (dB)						
Band	Time Slots	GPRS (GMSK)	EGPRS (GMSK)	EGPRS (8PSK)				
	1 TX slot	0	0	0				
GSM850	2 TX slots	2	2	2				
GOIVIOOU	3 TX slots	4	4	4				
	4 TX slots	6	6	6				
	1 TX slot	0	0	0				
GSM1900	2 TX slots	1.5	1.5	2				
G3W1900	3 TX slots	3.5	3.5	4				
	4 TX slots	5.5	5.5	6				

Table 7: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration of GSM

2015-01-22 Page 25 of 65



6.2 UMTS Test Configuration

1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) WCDMA

a. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

b. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode

3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported SAR body exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β_c and β_d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, β_{hs} for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI = 8. The variation of the β_c / β_d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

2015-01-22 Page 26 of 65

Sub-test₽	βe₽	β _d ⇔	β _d (SF)₽	β _c /β _d ↔	β _{hs} (1) ₄ 3	CM(dB)(2)	MPR (dB)₽
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0€
2€	12/15(3)₽	15/15(3)₽	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0€
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$

Note 2 : CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}$ 12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Table 8: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

•	` ,
Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 9:settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 10:HSDPA UE category

2015-01-22 Page 27 of 65

4) HSUPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported body exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSDPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSDPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Device' sections of 3G device.

Sub -test₽	βου	βd€	β _d (SF)	β₀∕β⋴ℴ	βhs ⁽¹	βec↔	$eta_{ ext{ed}} arphi$	βe c+ (SF)+	β _{ed} ↔ (code)↔	CM ⁽ 2)+ (dB)+	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG(4)+ Inde X+	E- TFC I
1₽	11/15(3)63	15/15(3)+3	64₽	11/15(3)63	22/15₽	209/22 5₽	1039/225₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0₽	20₽	75₽
2₽	6/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	12₽	67₽
3₽	15/15₽	9/15₽	64₽	15/94	30/154	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/1 5 ₄ β _{ed2:47/1} 5 ₄	4₽	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	154	92₽
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	2/15₽	56/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15(4)+2	64₽	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4₽	1₽	1.0₽	0.0₽	21₽	81₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{cd}$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 11: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

2015-01-22 Page 28 of 65

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4392
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.(TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 12:HSUPA UE category

5) DC-HSDPA

In DC-HSDPA implementation of this device, the uplink parameters are the same as HSDPA. No additional channels and modulations (16 QAM, and 64 QAM) are supported in uplink. The difference is only in the downlink parameters, where two carriers are supported. HSDPA settings were used on uplink.

For Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA apply the four subtests from HSDPA Release 5 except use fixed reference channel H-Set 12 for DC-HSDPA. And we can apply the same SAR test exclusion criteria used for Rel. 6 HSPA for Rel. 7 HSPA+ and Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. That is, if the HSPA, HSPA+, or the DC-HSDPA maximum output is not more than 0.25 dB higher than WCDMA, SAR measurement for those modes is not required. The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS 34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

Parameter	Unit	Value
During Connection setup		
P-CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH _Ec/lor	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

2015-01-22 Page 29 of 65



The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	60 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	1 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	6 Processes
Information Bit Payload	120 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	960 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	3200 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	1

Table 13:settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

Note:

- 1.The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2.Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

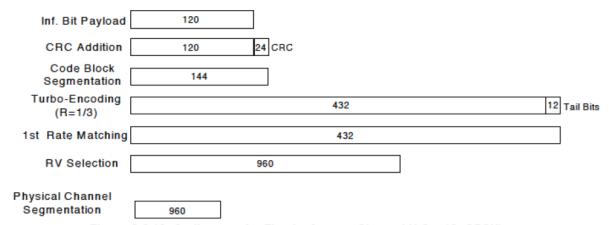


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

Sub-test₽	βe₽	$\beta_{d^{arphi}}$	β _d ·(SF) _e	$\beta_c \cdot / \beta_{d^{e^2}}$	β _{hs} (1)₽	CM(dB)(2)	MPR (dB)	4
1₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0₽	-
2₽	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15₽	1.0₽	0₽	÷
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽	*
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽	·
37 4 1 4 4 6	TT ANTAGTE	1 4 001	0 4 0	10 20/15	0 20/15*	0		\neg

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI=8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$

Note 2:CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3:F or subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Note:

- 1. The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels
- 2. The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.

2015-01-22 Page 30 of 65



- 3. The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4. The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band .
- 5.The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.

6. The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for it just can operate in Release 8.

2015-01-22 Page 31 of 65

6.3 LTE Test Configuration

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03. The CMW500 WideBand Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.SAR test were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(Maximum TTI)

1) Spectrum Plots for RB configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

2) MPR

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed by 3GPP for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR active. Configurations with RB allocations less than the RB thresholds required by 3GPP must be tested without MPR.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101:

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})							
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2		

The LTE Band V MPR of the device is as below:

	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [N _{RB}]							
Modulation	5MI	Hz	10 N	ИНz				
	RB size	MPR	RB size	MPR				
QPSK	≤8	0	≤ 12	0				
QPSK	>8	1	> 12	1				
16 QAM	≤8	1	≤ 12	1				
16 QAM	>8	1	> 12	1				

The LTE Band VII MPR of the device is as below:

The ETE Band VII WII TO GIVE GOVERN										
		Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [N _{RB}]								
1	Modulation	5 MHz		10 MHz		15 MHz		20 MHz		
		RB size	MPR	RB size	MPR	RB size	MPR	RB size	MPR	
	QPSK	≤8	0	≤ 12	0	≤16	0	≤ 18	0	
	QPSK	>8	0.5	> 12	0.5	>16	0.5	> 18	0.5	
	16 QAM	≤8	1	≤ 12	1	≤16	1	≤ 18	1	
Ī	16 QAM	>8	2	> 12	2	>16	2	> 18	2	

2015-01-22 Page 32 of 65



3) A-MPR

A-MPR(Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by using Network Signalling Value of "NS_01" on the base station simulator.

4) LTE procedures for SAR testing

A) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

i) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

ii) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in i) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

iii) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in i) and ii) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

iv) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

B) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

2015-01-22 Page 33 of 65

6.4 WiFi 2.4G Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz.During the test,at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frquency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however,if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"		
Mode	Danu	GHZ	Charmer	802.11b	802.11g	
	2.4 GHz	2.412	1#	√	Δ	
802.11b/g		2.437	6	√	Δ	
		2.462	11#	√	Δ	

Notes:

 \triangle = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ½ dB the "default test channels"

802.11 Test Channels per FCC KDB 248227

2015-01-22 Page 34 of 65

^{√ = &}quot;default test channels"

^{# =} when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.



7 SAR Measurement Results

7.1 Conducted power measurements

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200&CMW500 was used. SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below 7.2 chapter. Note: CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.For SAR the timebased average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal:

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.1	1:2.77	1:2.08
timebased avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.19dB	-6.13dB	-4.42dB	-3.18dB

The signalling modes differ as follows:

mode	coding scheme	modulation			
GPRS	CS1 to CS4	GMSK			
EDGE	MCS1 to MCS4	GMSK			
EDGE	MCS5 to MCS9	8PSK			

Apart from modulation change (GMSK/8PSK) coding schemes differ in code rate without influence on the RF signal. Therefore one coding scheme per mode was selected for conducted power measurements.

2015-01-22 Page 35 of 65

7.1.1 Conducted power measurements of GSM850

GSM850		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Division	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
		Tune- up	128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	Tune- up	128CH	190CH	251CH
GSM (CS)		34.00	33.10	33.12	33.02	-9.19	24.81	23.91	23.93	23.83
	1 Tx Slot	34.00	33.04	33.02	32.92	-9.19	24.81	23.85	23.83	23.73
GPRS/	2 Tx Slots	32.00	30.97	30.98	30.89	-6.13	25.87	24.84	24.85	24.76
EDGE (GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.00	28.96	28.93	28.90	-4.42	25.58	24.54	24.51	24.48
	4 Tx Slots	28.00	26.88	26.89	26.86	-3.18	24.82	23.70	23.71	23.68
	1 Tx Slot	27.50	26.77	26.74	26.75	-9.19	18.31	17.58	17.55	17.56
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	25.50	24.46	24.41	24.45	-6.13	19.37	18.33	18.28	18.32
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	23.50	22.19	22.18	22.18	-4.42	19.08	17.77	17.76	17.76
	4 Tx Slots	21.50	20.05	19.98	20.04	-3.18	18.32	16.87	16.80	16.86

Table 14:Conducted power measurement results of GSM850 Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01v03, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

2015-01-22 Page 36 of 65

7.1.2 Conducted power measurements of GSM1900

		Burst-Av	eraged ou	tput Powe	er (dBm)	Division	Frame-A	veraged o	utput Pow	er (dBm)
GSI	M1900	Tune- up	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	Tune- up	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSM (CS)		31.00	30.07	30.23	30.29	-9.19	21.81	20.88	21.04	21.10
	1 Tx Slot	31.00	30.01	30.13	30.19	-9.19	21.81	20.82	20.94	21.00
GPRS/ EDGE	2 Tx Slots	29.50	28.54	28.76	28.71	-6.13	23.37	22.41	22.63	22.58
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.50	26.57	26.70	26.77	-4.42	23.08	22.15	22.28	22.35
	4 Tx Slots	25.50	24.57	24.77	24.86	-3.18	22.32	21.39	21.59	21.68
	1 Tx Slot	26.50	25.97	25.76	25.86	-9.19	17.31	16.78	16.57	16.67
EDGE	2 Tx Slots	24.50	23.68	23.62	23.86	-6.13	18.37	17.55	17.49	17.73
(8PSK)	3 Tx Slots	22.50	21.39	21.36	21.34	-4.42	18.08	16.97	16.94	16.92
	4 Tx Slots	20.50	19.20	19.17	19.21	-3.18	17.32	16.02	15.99	16.03

Table 15: Conducted power measurement results of GSM1900 Note:

- 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01v03, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

2015-01-22 Page 37 of 65

7.1.3 Conducted power measurements of UMTS Band V

LIM	ΓS Band V	Tune-up		onducted Power (d	
Olvi		Turic-up	4132CH	4182CH	4233CH
	12.2kbps RMC	23.90	23.21	23.27	23.45
WCDMA	64kbps RMC	23.90	23.20	23.38	23.49
VVCDIVIA	144kbps RMC	23.90	23.19	23.32	23.47
	384kbps RMC	23.90	23.19	23.29	23.45
	Subtest 1	23.40	23.07	23.17	23.37
HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.40	22.86	22.96	23.16
ПЭПРА	Subtest 3	22.90	22.16	22.30	22.50
	Subtest 4	22.90	22.19	22.28	22.49
	Subtest 1	23.40	21.85	22.07	22.10
	Subtest 2	21.40	19.96	19.99	20.07
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.40	21.17	21.51	21.65
	Subtest 4	21.90	20.49	20.29	20.56
	Subtest 5	23.40	22.52	22.60	22.90
	Subtest 1	23.40	23.11	23.19	23.36
DC HCDD4	Subtest 2	23.40	22.88	22.98	23.19
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	22.90	22.17	22.36	22.54
	Subtest 4	22.90	22.23	22.29	22.51

Table 16: Conducted power measurement results of UMTS Band V Note:

- 1) The conducted power of UMTS Band V is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
- 3) Per KDB941225 D01v03, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

2015-01-22 Page 38 of 65



7.1.4 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band V

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Low	Mid	High
Danuwium	iviodulation	ND SIZE	VD 011261	Turie-up	20425	20525	20625
		1	0	23.00	21.89	22.15	22.19
		1	13	23.00	22.78	22.65	22.68
		1	24	23.00	22.33	22.10	21.91
	QPSK	12	0	22.00	21.36	21.44	21.65
		12	6	22.00	21.81	21.63	21.75
		12	11	22.00	21.68	21.41	21.53
5MHz		25	0	22.00	21.57	21.35	21.51
SIVITIZ		1	0	22.00	20.86	21.16	21.41
		1	13	22.00	21.72	21.67	21.88
		1	24	22.00	21.24	21.16	21.16
	16QAM	12	0	22.00	20.35	20.49	20.66
		12	6	22.00	20.84	20.64	20.82
		12	11	22.00	20.67	20.43	20.60
		25	0	22.00	20.57	20.33	20.51
	Modulation	RR size			Low	Mid	High
Randwidth	Modulation	PR cizo	RR offeat	Tung-un	LOW	iviiu	riigii
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20450	20525	20600
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	0	Tune-up 23.00			
Bandwidth	Modulation		0 25	23.00	20450 21.89 22.83	20525	20600 22.09 22.71
Bandwidth	Modulation	1	0	23.00	20450 21.89	20525 22.13	20600 22.09
Bandwidth	Modulation QPSK	1 1	0 25	23.00	20450 21.89 22.83	20525 22.13 22.57	20600 22.09 22.71
Bandwidth		1 1	0 25 49	23.00 23.00 23.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31
		1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58
Bandwidth 10MHz		1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71 21.44	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27 21.16	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58 21.38
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71 21.44 21.45	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27 21.16 21.17	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58 21.38 21.37
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25 0	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71 21.44 21.45 20.93	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27 21.16 21.17 21.28	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58 21.38 21.37 21.13
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71 21.44 21.45 20.93 21.84	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27 21.16 21.17 21.28 21.59	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58 21.38 21.37 21.13 21.68
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71 21.44 21.45 20.93 21.84 20.82	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27 21.16 21.17 21.28 21.59 20.78	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58 21.38 21.37 21.13 21.68 20.60
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	23.00 23.00 23.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00 22.00	20450 21.89 22.83 21.81 21.36 21.71 21.44 21.45 20.93 21.84 20.82 20.40	20525 22.13 22.57 21.61 21.17 21.27 21.16 21.17 21.28 21.59 20.78 20.29	20600 22.09 22.71 21.54 21.31 21.58 21.38 21.37 21.13 21.68 20.60 20.29

Table 17: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band V

2015-01-22 Page 39 of 65

7.1.5 Conducted power measurements of LTE Band VII

Donahui déb	Madulatian	DD ai=a	DD offs of	T	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20775CH	21100CH	21425CH
		1	0	22.50	20.73	21.44	21.25
		1	13	22.50	21.75	22.07	21.95
		1	24	22.50	21.13	21.40	21.19
	QPSK	12	0	21.50	20.28	20.82	20.73
		12	6	21.50	20.58	21.09	20.91
		12	13	21.50	20.43	20.76	20.67
5MHz		25	0	21.50	20.35	20.73	20.67
SIVIFIZ		1	0	22.00	20.06	20.63	20.48
		1	13	22.00	20.93	21.25	21.18
		1	24	22.00	20.30	20.59	20.48
	16QAM	12	0	20.50	19.26	19.80	19.79
		12	6	20.50	19.56	20.05	19.96
		12	13	20.50	19.43	19.72	19.72
		25	0	20.50	19.34	19.72	19.69
	Modulation	RB size					
Bandwidth	Modulation	RR size	RR offset	Tune-un	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel 20800CH	Channel 21100CH	Channel 21400CH
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up 22.50			
Bandwidth	Modulation			·	20800CH	21100CH	21400CH
Bandwidth	Modulation	1	0	22.50	20800CH 20.90	21100CH 21.52	21400CH 21.43
Bandwidth	Modulation QPSK	1	0 25	22.50 22.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78	21100CH 21.52 22.12	21400CH 21.43 22.10
Bandwidth		1 1 1	0 25 49	22.50 22.50 22.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47
		1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72
Bandwidth 10MHz		1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50 21.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40 20.20	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76 20.59	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72 20.53
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40 20.20 20.39	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76 20.59 20.57	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72 20.53 20.52
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25 0	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 22.00	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40 20.20 20.39 20.09	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76 20.59 20.57 20.84	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72 20.53 20.52 20.47
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 22.00 22.00 22.00 20.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40 20.20 20.39 20.09 20.96 20.04 19.26	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76 20.59 20.57 20.84 21.38	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72 20.53 20.52 20.47 21.07
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 22.00 22.00	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40 20.20 20.39 20.09 20.96 20.04	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76 20.59 20.57 20.84 21.38 20.18	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72 20.53 20.52 20.47 21.07 20.09
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	22.50 22.50 22.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.50 22.00 22.00 22.00 20.50	20800CH 20.90 21.78 20.54 20.12 20.40 20.20 20.39 20.09 20.96 20.04 19.26	21100CH 21.52 22.12 20.91 20.66 20.76 20.59 20.57 20.84 21.38 20.18 19.80	21400CH 21.43 22.10 20.86 20.47 20.72 20.53 20.52 20.47 21.07 20.09 19.60

2015-01-22 Page 40 of 65

Donalusi altia	Madulatian	DD =:==	DD -#	T	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	20825CH	21100CH	21375CH
		1	0	22.50	21.58	21.91	21.74
		1	38	22.50	21.76	22.03	21.95
		1	74	22.50	20.99	21.36	21.41
	QPSK	36	0	21.50	20.59	20.90	20.74
		36	18	21.50	20.51	21.01	20.82
		36	39	21.50	20.24	20.69	20.70
15MHz		75	0	21.50	20.48	20.81	20.83
ISWIFIZ		1	0	22.00	20.80	21.19	20.91
		1	38	22.00	21.01	21.30	21.10
		1	74	22.00	20.29	20.72	20.62
	16QAM	36	0	20.50	19.69	20.00	19.83
		36	18	20.50	19.61	20.10	19.90
		36	39	20.50	19.36	19.80	19.81
		75	0	20.50	19.58	19.89	19.89
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Tune-up	Channel	Channel	Channel
Balluwiutii	Modulation	ND SIZE	KD Ollset	Tune-up	20850CH	21100CH	21350CH
		1	0	22.50	21.83	22.06	21.97
		1	50	22.50	21.51	22.03	22.00
		1	99	22.50	21.33	21.63	21.81
	QPSK	50	0	21.50	20.53	20.93	20.93
		50	25	21.50	20.28	20.89	20.95
		50	50	21.50	20.38	20.98	20.91
20MHz		100	0	21.50	20.64	21.01	21.03
20141112		1	0	22.00	21.19	21.58	21.29
		1	50	22.00	20.86	21.55	21.35
		1	99	22.00	20.73	21.16	21.17
	16QAM	50	0	20.50	19.58	19.97	19.99
		50	25	20.50	19.32	19.93	20.01
		50	50	20.50	19.44	20.01	19.99
		100	0	20.50	19.70	20.07	20.09

Table 18: Conducted power measurement results of LTE Band VII

2015-01-22 Page 41 of 65



7.1.6 Conducted power measurements of WiFi 2.4G

The output power of WiFi antenna is as following:

The eatput pe	WOI OI WIII	or will raincrima is as following.									
Wi-Fi	Channel	Tune		Ave	erage Pov	Rates (M	bps)				
2450MHz	Charine	-up	1	2	5.5	11	/	/	/	/	
	1	18.50	17.50	17.41	17.47	17.14	/	/	/	/	
802.11b	6	18.50	18.30	18.17	17.86	17.68	/	/	/	/	
	11	18.50	17.44	17.37	17.48	17.12	/	/	/	/	
	Channel	Tune -up	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54	
802.11g	1	16.50	14.88	14.64	14.49	14.35	14.29	14.02	13.65	13.62	
	6	16.50	15.36	15.21	15.07	14.93	14.78	14.59	14.32	14.26	
	11	16.50	15.30	15.14	14.96	14.71	14.54	14.37	14.20	14.03	
	Channel	Tune -up	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
802.11n	1	16.50	14.88	14.57	14.29	14.15	13.96	13.71	13.62	13.48	
(HT20,800ns)	6	16.50	15.41	15.13	14.79	14.66	14.47	14.29	14.16	14.21	
	11	16.50	15.25	14.94	14.64	14.57	14.25	13.95	13.86	13.81	

Table 19: Conducted power measurement results of WiFi 2.4G.

Note:

- 1) The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
- 2) The bolded mode was selected for SAR testing.
- 3) Per KDB248227, for WiFi 2.4GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode was selected for SAR evalutation. SAR test at higher data rates and higher order modulations (including 802.11g/n) were not required since the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is not more than 1/4dB higher than the tested channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

2015-01-22 Page 42 of 65



7.1.7 Conducted power measurements of BT

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

BT 2450		Average Conducted Power (dBm)							
D1 2400	Tune-up	0CH	39CH	78CH					
DH5	9.50	8.65	9.42	7.77					
2DH5	9.50	6.70	7.44	5.82					
3DH5	9.50	6.71	7.34	5.81					

BT 2450	Average Conducted Power (dBm)								
D1 2450	Tune-up	0CH	19CH	39CH					
BT(4.0)	9.50	7.92	9.35	8.01					

Table 20: Conducted power measurement results of BT.

Note: The conducted power of BT is measured with RMS detector.

2015-01-22 Page 43 of 65



7.2 SAR measurement Results

General Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demostrate compliant.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB865664 D01v01r03,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Per KDB941225 D06v02, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 5) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported Body-Worn SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 6) Per KDB648474D04v01r02, the device is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200mm.10-g Extremity SAR tests are required when hotspot mode does not apply or if hotspot 1-g reported SAR >1.2 W/kg when scaled to the maximum allowed output power tolerance. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg. When power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.Simultaneous transmission SAR consideration for 10-g extremity SAR requires consideration only when standalone 10-g SAR is required.
- 7) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).

GSM Notes:

- 1) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, the device does not support DTM function.Body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 2) Per KDB941225 D01v03, SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

2015-01-22 Page 44 of 65



UMTS Notes:

1) Per KDB941225 D01v03, When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE notes:

- 1) The LTE test configurations are determined according to KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03. The general test procedures used for SAR testing can be found in Section 6.3.
- 2) A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test by setting NS_01 on the base station simulator.SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(maximum TTI)

WLAN Notes:

Per KDB248227D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB workshop meeting notes:

1) For WiFi 2.4GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode was selected for SAR evalutation. SAR test at higher data rates and higher order modulations (including 802.11g/n) were not required since the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is not more than 1/4dB higher than the tested channel for the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

2015-01-22 Page 45 of 65

7.2.1 SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
of Head	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of I	HUAWEI (3735-L03	from Re	port NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)04009201	4-2	
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.238	0.182	-0.030	33.12	34.00	0.291	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.157	0.120	0.020	33.12	34.00	0.192	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.243	0.185	-0.020	33.12	34.00	0.298	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.156	0.121	0.050	33.12	34.00	0.191	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	128/824.2	GSM	0.218	0.167	0.030	33.10	34.00	0.268	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.286	0.217	-0.010	33.02	34.00	0.358	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the \	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Right Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.269	0.204	0.140	33.02	34.00	0.337	21.4°C
	Che2-L	12 Tested	at the W	orst case	e position	of HUAWEI G	3735-L03		
				with batte	ery 1#				
Right Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.267	0.202	0.010	33.02	34.00	0.335	21.4°C
				with batte	ery 2#				
Right Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.269	0.203	0.000	33.02	34.00	0.337	21.4°C

Table 21: Head SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	Test data of F	lUAWEI G	735-L03	from Re	port NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)04009201	4 - 2	
Front Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.282	0.220	-0.080	33.12	34.00	0.345	21.4°C
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.404	0.313	-0.010	33.12	34.00	0.495	21.4°C
		Tested	at the V	Vorst pos	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.406	0.314	-0.010	33.12	34.00	0.497	21.4°C
	Ch	e2-L12 Te	sted at th	ne Worst	case pos	ition of G735-	·L03		
			٧	vith batte	ery 1#				
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.352	0.272	0.000	33.12	34.00	0.431	21.4°C
			V	vith batte	ery 2#				
Back Side	190/836.6	GSM	0.370	0.285	0.000	33.12	34.00	0.453	21.4°C

Table 22: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

2015-01-22 Page 46 of 65

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR '	Value (kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of F	- IUAWEI G	735-L03	from Re	eport NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)04009201	4-2	
Front Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.332	0.261	0.070	30.98	32.00	0.420	21.4°C
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.574	0.447	0.030	30.98	32.00	0.726	21.4°C
Left Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.379	0.264	0.070	30.98	32.00	0.479	21.4°C
Right Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.377	0.263	0.060	30.98	32.00	0.477	21.4°C
Bottom Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.069	0.037	-0.100	30.98	32.00	0.087	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the V	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.523	0.406	0.010	30.98	32.00	0.661	21.4°C
	Che2-L	.12 Testec	at the V	Vorst cas	se position	of HUAWEI	G735-L03		
			,	with batt	tery 1#				
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.507	0.392	-0.030	30.98	32.00	0.641	21.4°C
	with battery 2#								
Back Side	190/836.6	GPRS 2TS	0.501	0.387	0.010	30.98	32.00	0.634	21.4°C

Table 23: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850

Note: Per KDB648474D04, 10-g Extremity SAR was not evaluated for this frequency band since the hotspot 1-g reported SAR < 1.2W/kg.

2015-01-22 Page 47 of 65

7.2.2 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
of Head	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of I	HUAWEI (3735-L03	from Re	port NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)04009201	4-2	
Left Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.031	0.019	0.030	30.23	31.00	0.037	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.013	0.006	0.090	30.23	31.00	0.016	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.047	0.029	0.060	30.23	31.00	0.056	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.032	0.018	0.040	30.23	31.00	0.038	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	512/1850.2	GSM	0.048	0.030	0.030	30.07	31.00	0.059	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	810/1909.8	GSM	0.053	0.033	-0.020	30.29	31.00	0.063	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the \	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Right Hand Touched	810/1909.8	GSM	0.050	0.031	0.100	30.29	31.00	0.059	21.4°C
	Che2-l	_12 Tested	d at the V	Vorst cas	e position	of HUAWEI	G735-L03		
				with batt	ery 1#				
Right Hand Touched	810/1909.8	GSM	0.045	0.028	-0.040	30.29	31.00	0.053	21.4°C
				with batte	ery 2#				
Right Hand Touched	810/1909.8	GSM	0.048	0.029	-0.060	30.29	31.00	0.056	21.4°C

Table 24: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Body-Worn	Test channel	Test	SAR (W/		Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
with 15mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of H	IUAWEI G	735-L03	from Re	port NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)040092014	4-2	
Front Side	661/1880	GSM	0.128	0.074	0.070	30.23	31.00	0.153	21.4°C
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.263	0.146	0.140	30.23	31.00	0.314	21.4°C
		Tested	at the V	Vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.260	0.144	0.120	30.23	31.00	0.310	21.4°C
	Che2-L	12 Tested	at the W	orst cas	e position	of HUAWEI	G735-L03		
			٧	with batte	ery 1#				
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.349	0.194	0.050	30.23	31.00	0.417	21.4°C
			V	with batte	ery 2#				
Back Side	661/1880	GSM	0.333	0.185	-0.130	30.23	31.00	0.398	21.4°C

Table 25: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

2015-01-22 Page 48 of 65

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR \((W/		Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of F	UAWEI G	735-L03	from Re	eport NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)04009201	4-2	
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.310	0.170	-0.020	28.76	29.50	0.368	21.4°C
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.624	0.324	0.170	28.76	29.50	0.740	21.4°C
Left Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.031	0.018	0.130	28.76	29.50	0.037	21.4°C
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.040	0.023	0.150	28.76	29.50	0.047	21.4°C
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.627	0.332	0.080	28.76	29.50	0.743	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the V	Vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.670	0.354	0.180	28.76	29.50	0.794	21.4°C
	Che2-L	.12 Tested	at the V	Vorst cas	se position	of HUAWEI	G735-L03		
			,	with batt	ery 1#				
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.866	0.455	0.130	28.76	29.50	1.027	21.4°C
Bottom Side- repeated*	661/1880	GPRS 2TS	0.858	0.451	0.110	28.76	29.50	1.017	21.4°C
Bottom Side	512/1850.2	GPRS 2TS	0.841	0.445	-0.080	28.54	29.50	1.049	21.4°C
Bottom Side	810/1909.8	GPRS 2TS	0.825	0.432	-0.030	28.71	29.50	0.990	21.4°C
			,	with batt	tery 2#				
Bottom Side	512/1850.2	GPRS 2TS	0.780	0.411	0.010	28.54	29.50	0.973	21.4°C

Table 26: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

Note:

- 1) Per KDB648474D04, 10-g Extremity SAR was not evaluated for this frequency band since the hotspot 1-g reported SAR < 1.2W/kg.
- 2) * repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664

2015-01-22 Page 49 of 65

7.2.3 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V

Test Position	Test channel	Test	SAR (W/	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-q	Liquid
of Head	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of I	HUAWEI (3735-L03	from Re	port NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)040092014	4-2	
Left Hand Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.260	0.198	0.010	23.27	23.90	0.301	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.164	0.127	0.090	23.27	23.90	0.190	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.268	0.204	-0.160	23.27	23.90	0.310	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.161	0.124	0.050	23.27	23.90	0.186	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	4132/826.4	RMC	0.261	0.199	0.100	23.21	23.90	0.306	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.309	0.234	0.150	23.45	23.90	0.343	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the \	Norst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Right Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.295	0.226	-0.120	23.45	23.90	0.327	21.4°C
	Che2-l	_12 Teste	d at the V	Vorst cas	e position	of HUAWEI	3735-L03		
			,	with batte	ery 1#				
Right Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.283	0.213	0.180	23.45	23.90	0.314	21.4°C
			,	with batte	ery 2#				
Right Hand Touched	4233/846.6	RMC	0.289	0.218	0.020	23.45	23.90	0.321	21.4°C

Table 27: Head SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Test Position of Body-Worn with 15mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift (dB)	Conducte d Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR1-g (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
	Test data of H	IUAWEI G	735-L03	from Re	port NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)040092014	4-2	
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.273	0.213	0.050	23.27	23.90	0.316	21.4°C
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.408	0.314	0.030	23.27	23.90	0.472	21.4°C
	•	Tested	at the V	Vorst pos	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.405	0.313	-0.010	23.27	23.90	0.468	21.4°C
	Che2-L	12 Tested	at the W	orst cas	e position	of HUAWEI	G735-L03		
			٧	vith batte	ery 1#				
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.364	0.279	0.000	23.27	23.90	0.421	21.4°C
			V	vith batte	ery 2#				
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.356	0.274	0.150	23.27	23.90	0.412	21.4°C

Table 28: Body-Worn SAR test results of UMTS Band V

2015-01-22 Page 50 of 65

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test	SAR \ (W/		Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR1-g	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of F	IUAWEI G	735-L03	from Re	eport NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAF	R)04009201	4-2	
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.285	0.222	-0.040	23.27	23.90	0.329	21.4°C
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.502	0.392	-0.030	23.27	23.90	0.580	21.4°C
Left Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.344	0.240	0.110	23.27	23.90	0.398	21.4°C
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.338	0.235	0.130	23.27	23.90	0.391	21.4°C
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.063	0.034	0.070	23.27	23.90	0.073	21.4°C
		Teste	d at the V	Vorst po	sition with	battery 2#			
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.465	0.362	0.000	23.27	23.90	0.538	21.4°C
	Che2-L	.12 Tested	at the V	Vorst cas	se position	of HUAWEI	G735-L03		
			,	with batt	tery 1#				
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.448	0.346	-0.150	23.27	23.90	0.518	21.4°C
			,	with batt	tery 2#				
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.440	0.341	-0.020	23.27	23.90	0.509	21.4°C

Table 29: Hotspot SAR test results of UMTS Band V

Note: Per KDB648474D04, 10-g Extremity SAR was not evaluated for this frequency band since the hotspot 1-g reported SAR < 1.2W/kg.

2015-01-22 Page 51 of 65

7.2.4 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band V

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	/Freq.		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test of	data with	battery 1#	!			
				QPSK 1	IRB				
Left Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.186	0.142	-0.130	22.83	23.00	0.193	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.121	0.094	0.010	22.83	23.00	0.126	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.184	0.140	0.000	22.83	23.00	0.191	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.127	0.098	0.040	22.83	23.00	0.132	21.4°C
Left Hand Touched	20525/836. 5	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.193	0.147	-0.160	22.57	23.00	0.213	21.4°C
Left Hand Touched	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.214	0.163	0.000	22.71	23.00	0.229	21.4°C
			(QPSK 50	%RB				
Left Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.148	0.114	-0.040	21.71	22.00	0.158	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.099	0.077	0.040	21.71	22.00	0.106	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.149	0.112	0.090	21.71	22.00	0.159	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.104	0.080	0.160	21.71	22.00	0.111	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with I	oattery 2#			
Left Hand Touched	20600/844	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.216	0.164	0.140	22.71	23.00	0.231	21.4°C

Table	Table 30: Head SAR test results of LTE Band V									
Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	_	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid	
Body-Worn with 15mm	/Freq.	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
			Test of	data with	battery 1#					
				QPSK 1	RB					
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.222	0.172	-0.170	22.83	23.00	0.231	21.4°C	
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.346	0.267	-0.020	22.83	23.00	0.360	21.4°C	
			(QPSK 50	%RB					
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.185	0.142	0.080	21.71	22.00	0.198	21.4°C	
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.284	0.219	-0.010	21.71	22.00	0.304	21.4°C	
		Tested	d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with b	oattery 2#				
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.315	0.243	-0.190	22.83	23.00	0.328	21.4°C	

Table 31: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band V

2015-01-22 Page 52 of 65

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test Mode	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.	1 cot mous	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
			Test da	ata with b	attery 1#				•
			(QPSK 1F	RB				
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.236	0.185	-0.080	22.83	23.00	0.245	21.4°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.405	0.314	0.000	22.83	23.00	0.421	21.4°C
Left Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.260	0.180	-0.010	22.83	23.00	0.270	21.4°C
Right Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.251	0.175	0.140	22.83	23.00	0.261	21.4°C
Bottom Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.039	0.020	0.070	22.83	23.00	0.040	21.4°C
			Q	PSK 50%	6RB				
Front Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.194	0.152	-0.070	21.71	22.00	0.207	21.4°C
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.333	0.258	0.040	21.71	22.00	0.356	21.4°C
Left Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.210	0.145	0.050	21.71	22.00	0.225	21.4°C
Right Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 50%RB#13	0.211	0.146	0.050	21.71	22.00	0.226	21.4°C
Bottom Side 20450/829 10M QPSK 50%RB#13 0.033 0.018 0.050 21.71 22.00 0.035 21.4°C									
		Tested	at the Wo	orst posit	ion with ba	attery 2#			
Back Side	20450/829	10M QPSK 1RB#25	0.398	0.307	0.010	22.83	23.00	0.414	21.4°C

Table 32: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band V

Note: Per KDB648474D04, 10-g Extremity SAR was not evaluated for this frequency band since the hotspot 1-g reported SAR < 1.2W/kg.

2015-01-22 Page 53 of 65

7.2.5 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII

Test Position of Head	Test channel	Test Mode	(W)	Value /kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
пеац	/Freq.	of HIJAWELC	1-g	from Rei	` '	(UBIII) SYBH(Z-SAR)((dBm)	· •	
	Test data	OFFICAVVEFC	17 33-L03	QPSK 1		STDIT(Z-SAIV)C	740032014-7		
Left Hand Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.092	0.050	-0.060	22.06	22.50	0.102	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.056	0.028	0.090	22.06	22.50	0.062	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.183	0.099	0.020	22.06	22.50	0.203	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.186	0.100	-0.120	21.83	22.50	0.217	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	21350/2560	20M QPSK 1RB#50	0.182	0.099	0.040	22.00	22.50	0.204	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15° 21100/2535 20M QPSK 1RB#0 0.037 0.018 0.030 22.06 22.50 0.041 21.4									
			(QPSK 50	%RB				
Left Hand Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.115	0.064	-0.110	20.98	21.50	0.130	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.081	0.043	0.100	20.98	21.50	0.092	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.179	0.095	0.020	20.98	21.50	0.202	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.049	0.026	0.050	20.98	21.50	0.056	21.4°C
			d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with I	pattery 2#			
Right Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.192	0.104	0.030	21.83	22.50	0.224	21.4°C
	Che	e2-L12 Tested	at the W	orst case	position o	of HUAWEI G7	735-L03		
	with battery 1#								
Right Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.187	0.100	0.150	21.83	22.50	0.218	21.4°C
			\	with batte	ery 2#				
Right Hand Touched	20850/2510	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.179	0.096	0.080	21.83	22.50	0.209	21.4°C

Table 33: Head SAR test results of LTE Band VII

2015-01-22 Page 54 of 65

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled	Liquid
Body-Worn with 15mm	/Freq.	Test Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data	of HUAWEI G	735-L03	from Rep	oort NO.: S	SYBH(Z-SAR)	40092014-2	2	
				QPSK 1	RB				
Front Side 21100/2535 20M QPSK 1RB#0 0.247 0.131 -0.130 22.06 22.50 0.273 21.4°C									
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.239	0.128	-0.190	22.06	22.50	0.264	21.4°C
			(QPSK 50	%RB				
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.316	0.167	-0.040	20.98	21.50	0.356	21.4°C
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.306	0.164	0.170	20.98	21.50	0.345	21.4°C
		Tested	d at the V	Vorst pos	ition with b	oattery 2#			
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.201	0.106	-0.060	20.98	21.50	0.227	21.4°C
	Ch	e2-L12 Tested	at the W	orst case	e position (of HUAWEI G7	'35-L03		
			١	vith batte	ry 1#				
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.302	0.158	0.120	20.98	21.50	0.340	21.4°C
				vith batte	ery 2#				
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.254	0.133	-0.010	20.98	21.50	0.286	21.4°C

Table 34: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band VII

2015-01-22 Page 55 of 65

Test Position of Hotspot	Test channel	Test Mode	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducte d Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
with 10mm	/Freq.		1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data o	of HUAWEI G7	35-L03 fr	rom Repo	ort NO.: SY	/BH(Z-SAR)C	40092014-2	2	
			(QPSK 1F	RB				
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.534	0.274	0.120	22.06	22.50	0.591	21.4°C
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.543	0.282	0.050	22.06	22.50	0.601	21.4°C
Left Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.078	0.043	0.020	22.06	22.50	0.086	21.4°C
Right Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.220	0.116	0.060	22.06	22.50	0.243	21.4°C
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.533	0.254	0.010	22.06	22.50	0.590	21.4°C
			Q	PSK 50%	6RB				
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.568	0.291	-0.110	20.98	21.50	0.640	21.4°C
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.561	0.289	0.020	20.98	21.50	0.632	21.4°C
Left Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.107	0.058	0.080	20.98	21.50	0.121	21.4°C
Right Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.244	0.128	0.080	20.98	21.50	0.275	21.4°C
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.640	0.307	0.140	20.98	21.50	0.721	21.4°C
		Tested	at the Wo	orst posit	ion with ba	attery 2#			
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.506	0.238	0.160	20.98	21.50	0.570	21.4°C
	Che	2-L12 Tested a	at the Wo	rst case	position of	HUAWEI G7	35-L03		
	with battery 1#								
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.624	0.289	-0.120	20.98	21.50	0.703	21.4°C
			wi	th battery	/ 2#				
Bottom Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50%RB#50	0.613	0.284	0.090	20.98	21.50	0.691	21.4°C

Table 35: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band VII

Note: Per KDB648474D04, 10-g Extremity SAR was not evaluated for this frequency band since the hotspot 1-g reported SAR < 1.2W/kg.

2015-01-22 Page 56 of 65



7.2.6 SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value (kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data	of HUAWE	l G735-L	03 from I	Report NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)	040092014-2	2	
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.447	0.213	0.170	18.30	18.50	0.468	21.4°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11 b	0.409	0.189	-0.120	18.30	18.50	0.428	21.4°C
Right Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11 b	0.222	0.116	-0.010	18.30	18.50	0.232	21.4°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11 b	0.214	0.110	0.010	18.30	18.50	0.224	21.4°C
Left Hand Touched	1/2412	802.11 b	0.435	0.212	-0.070	17.50	18.50	0.548	21.4°C
Left Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11 b	0.359	0.170	0.190	17.44	18.50	0.458	21.4°C
		Tes	ted at the	e Worst p	osition with	battery 2#			
Left Hand Touched	1/2412	802.11 b	0.374	0.178	-0.030	17.50	18.50	0.471	21.4°C
	Ch	e2-L12 Test	ted at the	Worst c	ase positior	of HUAWEI G	735-L03		
				with ba	attery 1#				
Left Hand Touched	1/2412	802.11 b	0.412	0.197	0.130	17.50	18.50	0.519	21.4°C
	with battery 2#								
Left Hand Touched	1/2412	802.11 b	0.333	0.161	0.070	17.50	18.50	0.419	21.4°C

Table 36: Head SAR test results of WiFi 2.4G

Test Position of	ion of channel Test (W/kg) Power Conducte Mode Drift Power		Conducted	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-a}	Liquid				
Body-Worn with 15mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
	Test data	of HUAWE	I G735-L	.03 from I	Report NO.:	SYBH(Z-SAR)040092014-2	2		
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.036	0.019	-0.080	18.30	18.50	0.038	21.4°C	
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.093	0.047	0.040	18.30	18.50	0.097	21.4°C	
	Tested at the Worst position with battery 2#									
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.045	0.021	-0.180	18.30	18.50	0.048	21.4°C	
	Ch	e2-L12 Test	ted at the	e Worst c	ase positior	of HUAWEI G	735-L03			
				with ba	attery 1#					
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.082	0.037	0.090	18.30	18.50	0.086	21.4°C	
				with ba	attery 2#					
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.073	0.033	0.140	18.30	18.50	0.077	21.4°C	

Table 37: Body-Worn SAR test results of WiFi 2.4G

2015-01-22 Page 57 of 65

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Drift Conducted Power		Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR _{1-a}	Liquid
Hotspot with 10mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
	Test data of HUAWEI G735-L03 from Report NO.: SYBH(Z-SAR)040092014-2								
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.059	0.031	0.120	18.30	18.50	0.062	21.4°C
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.237	0.106	0.190	18.30	18.50	0.248	21.4°C
Right Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.075	0.035	0.160	18.30	18.50	0.078	21.4°C
Top Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.108	0.051	0.190	18.30	18.50	0.113	21.4°C
		Tes	sted at th	ne Worst p	osition wit	h battery 2#			
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.115	0.054	0.080	18.30	18.50	0.120	21.4°C
	Cł	ne2-L12 Tes	ted at th	e Worst c	ase positio	n of HUAWEI G	3735-L03		
				with ba	attery 1#				
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.236	0.100	0.170	18.30	18.50	0.247	21.4°C
				with ba	attery 2#				
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.212	0.090	-0.080	18.30	18.50	0.222	21.4°C

Table 38: Hotspot SAR test results of WiFi 2.4G

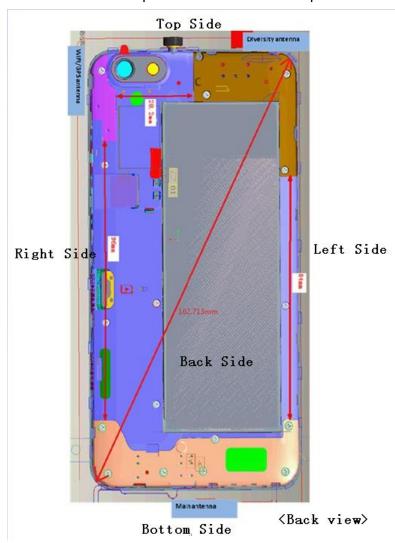
Note: Per KDB648474D04, 10-g Extremity SAR was not evaluated for this frequency band since the hotspot 1-g reported SAR < 1.2W/kg.

2015-01-22 Page 58 of 65



7.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown as below picture:



Note:

- 1) Diversity antenna is used to improve the acceptance of performance of the main antenna. it does not have a transmitter function.
- 2) The overall dimension of the device (Length* Width) is 152.9mm*77.2mm. Per KDB 648474 D04, because the diagonal distance of this device is > 160mm, it is considered a "Phablet" device.

Mode	Exposure Condition	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
Main antenna	Hotspot/Extremity	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WiFi 2.4G antenna	Hotspot/Extremity	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Table 39: Sides for SAR testing

Note:

1) Per KDB 941225 D06 and KDB 648474 D04, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot and/or Extremity SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.

2015-01-22 Page 59 of 65



7.3.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Per FCC KDB 447498D01v05, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)021122014-2

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ВТ	Body- Worn	9.50	8.91	15	2.450	0.93	3.0	Yes
ВТ	10-g extremity	9.50	8.91	5	2.450	2.79	7.5	Yes

Table 40: Standalone SAR test exclusion for BT

Note:

- 1)* maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth for this device.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm,where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)*	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	X	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)*
BT	Body-worn	9.50	8.91	15	2.450	7.5	0.124

Table 41: Estimated SAR calculation for BT

Note:

- 1) * maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission.

2015-01-22 Page 60 of 65



7.3.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Report No.: SYBH(Z-SAR)021122014-2

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	10-g extremity**
1	GSM (Voice) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
2	GPRS/EDGE (DATA) + WiFi 2.4G	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
3	GSM (Voice) +BT	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
4	GPRS/EDGE (DATA) + BT	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
5	UMTS (Voice) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
6	UMTS (DATA) + WiFi 2.4G	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	UMTS (Voice)+BT	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
8	UMTS (DATA) +BT	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
9	LTE (DATA) + WiFi 2.4G	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	Yes
10	LTE (DATA) + BT	N/A	Yes*	N/A	Yes

Table 42: Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Note:

- 1) Wi-Fi 2.4G and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2) The device does not support DTM function.
- 3) Held to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission.
- 4) * VOIP 3rd party applications may possibly be installed and used by the end user.
- 5)**Per KDB648474 D04, simultaneous transmission SAR consideration for 10-g extremity SAR requires consideration only when standalone 10-g SAR is required.

2015-01-22 Page 61 of 65



7.3.3 SAR Summation Scenario

Too	Test Position		SAR _{Max}	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
Tes	St Position	GSM850	WiFi 2.4G	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.291	0.548	0.839	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.192	0.428	0.621	N/A	N/A
Heau	Right Hand Touched	0.358	0.232	0.590	N/A	N/A
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.191	0.224	0.415	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.345	0.038	0.383	N/A	N/A
Body-World	Back Side	0.497	0.097	0.594	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.420	0.062	0.481	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.726	0.248	0.974	N/A	N/A
Hotopot	Left Side	0.479	/	0.479	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.477	0.078	0.555	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	/	0.113	0.113	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.087	/	0.087	N/A	N/A

Table 43: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WiFi 2.4G.

Too	t Position	Scaled	SAR _{Max}	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark	
168	at Position	GSM1900	WiFi 2.4G	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark	
	Left Hand Touched	0.037	0.548	0.585	N/A	N/A	
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.016	0.428	0.444	N/A	N/A	
пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.063	0.232	0.295	N/A	N/A	
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.038	0.224	0.262	N/A	N/A	
Dady Mara	Front Side	0.153	0.038	0.191	N/A	N/A	
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.417	0.097	0.514	N/A	N/A	
	Front Side	0.368	0.062	0.429	N/A	N/A	
	Back Side	0.740	0.248	0.988	N/A	N/A	
Hotopot	Left Side	0.037	/	0.037	N/A	N/A	
Hotspot	Right Side	0.047	0.078	0.126	N/A	N/A	
	Top Side	/	0.113	0.113	N/A	N/A	
	Bottom Side	1.049	/	1.049	N/A	N/A	

Table 44: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WiFi 2.4G.

	Test Position		SAR _{Max}	51 ~ SAB		
Tes			WiFi 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.301	0.548	0.849	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.190	0.428	0.618	N/A	N/A
Пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.343	0.232	0.575	N/A	N/A
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.186	0.224	0.410	N/A	N/A
Pady Mara	Front Side	0.316	0.038	0.354	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.472	0.097	0.569	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.329	0.062	0.391	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.580	0.248	0.829	N/A	N/A
Llatanat	Left Side	0.398	/	0.398	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.391	0.078	0.469	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	/	0.113	0.113	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.073	/	0.073	N/A	N/A

Table 45: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and WiFi 2.4G.

2015-01-22 Page 62 of 65



		Scaled S	AR _{Max}	71 ~ CAD		
Tes	Test Position		WiFi 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.231	0.548	0.779	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.126	0.428	0.554	N/A	N/A
Пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.191	0.232	0.423	N/A	N/A
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.132	0.224	0.356	N/A	N/A
Dody Mare	Front Side	0.231	0.038	0.269	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.360	0.097	0.457	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.245	0.062	0.307	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.421	0.248	0.669	N/A	N/A
Hotopot	Left Side	0.270	/	0.270	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.261	0.078	0.339	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	/	0.113	0.113	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.040	/	0.040	N/A	N/A

Table 46: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination LTE Band V and WiFi 2.4G.

		Scaled S	SAR _{Max}	51 ~ 64D		
Tes	t Position	LTE Band VII	WiFi 2.4G	Σ1-g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
	Left Hand Touched	0.130	0.548	0.678	N/A	N/A
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.092	0.428	0.520	N/A	N/A
Пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.224	0.232	0.456	N/A	N/A
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.056	0.224	0.280	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.356	0.038	0.394	N/A	N/A
Body-Wolff	Back Side	0.345	0.097	0.442	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.640	0.062	0.702	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.632	0.248	0.881	N/A	N/A
Hotonot	Left Side	0.121	/	0.121	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.275	0.078	0.353	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	/	0.113	0.113	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.721	/	0.721	N/A	N/A

Table 47: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination LTE Band VII and WiFi 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SA	AR _{Max}	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark	
1621	rest Position		BT	(W/kg)	SPLSK	Remark	
Dody Worn	Front Side	0.345	0.124	0.469	NA	NA	
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.497	0.124	0.621	NA	NA	

Table 48: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM1900	BT	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.153	0.124	0.277	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.417	0.124	0.541	NA	NA

Table 49: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		UMTS Band V	BT	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.316	0.124	0.440	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.472	0.124	0.596	NA	NA

Table 50: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and BT.

2015-01-22 Page 63 of 65

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		LTE Band V	BT	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.231	0.124	0.355	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.360	0.124	0.484	NA	NA

Table 51: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band V and BT.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{Max}		Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
		LTE Band VII	BT	(W/kg)	SPLOK	Remark
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.356	0.124	0.480	NA	NA
	Back Side	0.345	0.124	0.469	NA	NA

Table 52: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band VII and BT.

7.3.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conlcusion

The above numeral summed SAR results and SPLSR analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required per KDB 447498 D01v05r02

2015-01-22 Page 64 of 65



Appendix A. System Check Plots (Pls See Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots (Pls See Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate (Pls See Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photo documentation (PIs See Appendix D.)

End

2015-01-22 Page 65 of 65