

Declaration of Electromagnetic Field Health Compliance

To whom it may concern,

As to the product **BTS3911B** made by Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., we declare that it complies with the Basic restrictions/Reference levels for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields as specified in following standards(s):

Nr.	Standard
1	47CFR FCC Part 1 & OET Bulletin 65

The compliance is demonstrated based on the following calculation model assessment:

- The power density according to far-field model is:

$$S = \frac{P \times G_{(\theta, \phi)}}{4 \times \pi \times R^2}$$

Where:

P = input power of the antenna.

G = antenna gain relative to an isotropic antenna.

θ, ϕ = elevation and azimuth angles.

R = distance from the antenna to the point of investigation.

- For single or multiple RF sources, the calculated power density should comply with following:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

Where:

S_i = the power density when the f is i .

$S_{Limit,i}$ = the reference level requirement for power density when f is i .

- The calculation of the power density or safe distance is:

NOTE 1: The RF exposure evaluation is base on the far-field and the radiation exposure is over-estimated.

NOTE 2: The maximum output power level is taken into account as a worst case for the purpose of the calculation of power density or safe distance.

NOTE 3: The minimum antenna feed cable loss (assumed no cable loss) is taken into account as a worst case for the purpose of the calculation of power density or safe distance.

NOTE 4: The maximum antenna radiation exposure orientation and maximum antenna gain is taken into account as a worst case for the purpose of the calculation of power density or safe distance.

Wifi 2.4G:

RF Source	Calculation for Individual Source		
RF Source #1	f	=	2400 to 2483.5 MHz

$S_{Limit,i}$	=	<u>10</u> W/m ²
P , $G_{(\theta,\phi)}$	=	☐ $EIRP(=P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)})$: $EIRP^{(*)}$ = _____ W (=_____ dBm, all ports) ☒ $P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)}$: $P^{(*)}$ = <u>0.214</u> W (=23.3 dBm) (three ports, total rated power: 20.8dBm, tolerance: +/-2.5dB) _____ W (calculated, two ports) $G_{(\theta,\phi)}$ = <u>3.162</u> (=5 dBi) (Integrated antenna) (*) The value is from: ☐ measured max (See relevant RF report), ☒ rated + declared tolerance, ☐ max allowed by RF standard. And, the transmission duty cycle is: ☐ ignored, ☒ used, that is: <u>100</u> %.
θ, ϕ	=	The worst condition is considered, i.e. the max G is used.
S_i	=	$\frac{P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)}}{4 \times \pi} / R^2 = \underline{0.054} / R^2$ W/m ²
$\frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}}$	=	<u>0.0054</u> / R^2

Wifi 5G:

RF Source	Calculation for Individual Source	
RF Source #1	f	= <u>5150</u> to <u>5850</u> MHz
	$S_{Limit,i}$	= <u>10</u> W/m ²
	P , $G_{(\theta,\phi)}$	☐ $EIRP(=P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)})$: $EIRP^{(*)}$ = _____ W (=_____ dBm, all ports) ☒ $P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)}$: $P^{(*)}$ = <u>0.214</u> W (=23.3 dBm) (three ports, total rated power: 20.8dBm, tolerance: +/-2.5dB) _____ W (calculated, two ports) $G_{(\theta,\phi)}$ = <u>7.943</u> (=9 dBi) (Integrated antenna) (*) The value is from:

		☐ measured max (See relevant RF report), ☒ rated + declared tolerance, ☐ max allowed by RF standard. And, the transmission duty cycle is: ☐ ignored, ☒ used, that is: <u>100</u> %.
θ, ϕ	=	The worst condition is considered, i.e. the max G is used.
S_i	=	$\frac{P \times G_{(\theta, \phi)}}{4 \times \pi} / R^2 = \underline{0.135} / R^2 \text{ W/m}^2$
$\frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}}$	=	$\underline{0.0135} / R^2$

AWS Band:

RF Source	Calculation for Individual Source	
RF Source #1	f	= <u>2110</u> to <u>2155</u> MHz
	$S_{Limit,i}$	= <u>10</u> W/m ²
	$P, G_{(\theta, \phi)}$	☐ $EIRP(= P \times G_{(\theta, \phi)})$: $EIRP^{(*)} = \text{_____ W (=_____ dBm, all ports)}$ ☒ $P \times G_{(\theta, \phi)}$: $P^{(*)} = \underline{0.447} \text{ W (=26.5 dBm)}$ (two ports, total rated power: 24dBm, tolerance: +/-2.5dB) $G_{(\theta, \phi)} = \underline{1.995} (=3 \text{ dBi})$ (Integrated antenna)
		(*) The value is from: ☐ measured max (See relevant RF report), ☒ rated + declared tolerance, ☐ max allowed by RF standard. And, the transmission duty cycle is: ☐ ignored, ☒ used, that is: <u>100</u> %.
	θ, ϕ	= The worst condition is considered, i.e. the max G is used.
	S_i	= $\frac{P \times G_{(\theta, \phi)}}{4 \times \pi} / R^2 = \underline{0.071} / R^2 \text{ W/m}^2$
	$\frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}}$	= $\underline{0.0071} / R^2$

PCS Band:

RF Source	Calculation for Individual Source	
RF Source #1	f	= <u>1930</u> to <u>1990</u> MHz

	$S_{Limit,i}$	=	<u>10</u> W/m ²
	P , $G_{(\theta,\phi)}$	=	☐ $EIRP(=P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)})$: $EIRP^{(*)}$ = _____ W (=_____ dBm, all ports) ☒ $P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)}$: $P^{(*)}$ = <u>0.447</u> W (=26.5 dBm) (two ports, total rated power: 24dBm, tolerance: +/-2.5dB) _____ W (calculated, two ports) $G_{(\theta,\phi)}$ = <u>1.995</u> (=3 dBi) (Integrated antenna) ^(*) : The value is from: ☐ measured max (See relevant RF report), ☒ rated + declared tolerance, ☐ max allowed by RF standard. And, the transmission duty cycle is: ☐ ignored, ☒ used, that is: <u>100</u> %.
	θ, ϕ	=	The worst condition is considered, i.e. the max G is used.
	S_i	=	$\frac{P \times G_{(\theta,\phi)}}{4 \times \pi R^2} = \underline{0.071} / R^2$ W/m ²
	$\frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}}$	=	<u>0.0071</u> / R^2
Whole Product	Calculation for Whole Product		
Whole Product	$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}}$	=	<u>0.0331</u> / $R^2 \leq 1$
	R	≥	<u>0.182</u> m (the minimum Safe Distance)
	NOTE: The result is the worst case of each individual source and simultaneous transmission sources (if applicable).		

Note: If the practical maximum antenna gain exceeds the value as described above, the safe distance must be recalculated and estimated.

Beyond the specified distance: 0.182 m

Person responsible for making this declaration:

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