



FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Broadcom Corporation
EQUIPMENT : Broadcom 802.11a/b/g/n/ac WLAN +
Bluetooth 4.0 NGFF2230 Mini Card
BRAND NAME : Broadcom
MODEL NAME : BCM943162ZP
FCC ID : QDS-BRCM1075
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

The product was installed into Notebook (Brand Name: lenovo, Model Name: TP00067A) during test.

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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Revision History



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Broadcom Corporation, Broadcom 802.11a/b/g/n/ac WLAN + Bluetooth 4.0 NGFF2230 Mini Card, BCM943162ZP**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	
		Body 1g SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.42	0.85
	WLAN 5.8GHz Band	0.88	
NII	WLAN 5.2GHz Band	0.62	0.98
	WLAN 5.3GHz Band	0.74	
	WLAN 5.5GHz Band	0.87	
Date of Testing:		06/09/2014 ~ 07/15/2014	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

Applicant	
Company Name	Broadcom Corporation
Address	190 Mathilda Place Sunnyvale CA 94086 U.S.A.

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Broadcom Corporation
Address	190 Mathilda Place Sunnyvale CA 94086 U.S.A.



3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 644545 D01 Guidance for IEEE 802.11ac v01r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Broadcom 802.11a/b/g/n/ac WLAN + Bluetooth 4.0 NGFF2230 Mini Card
Brand Name	Broadcom
Model Name	BCM943162ZP
FCC ID	QDS-BRCM1075
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	• 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR • Bluetooth v4.0-LE
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark:	
1. This host has two kinds antenna manufacturer. RF exposure assessment was selected antenna2 as the main test; and antenna1 will be verified at the highest RF exposure position found in antenna2 SAR testing. 2. This device supports the antenna with Tx/Rx diversity function for WLAN.	

Host Information			
Host	Notebook		
Brand Name	lenovo		
Model Name	TP00067A		
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna 1	Manufacturer	Speed	
	Antenna Type	Main: PIFA Antenna	Aux: PIFA Antenna
	Antenna P/N	DC330018300	DC330018310
	Peak gain	Main Antenna : 2.4GHz: 0.29 dBi 5GHz: 0.97 dBi	Aux Antenna : 2.4GHz: -0.11dBi 5GHz: 0.34 dBi
Antenna 2	Manufacturer	Yageo	
	Antenna Type	Main: PIFA Antenna	Aux: PIFA Antenna
	Antenna P/N	DC330018100	DC330018110
	Peak gain	Main Antenna : 2.4GHz: 1.92 dBi 5GHz: 1.26 dBi	Aux Antenna : 2.4GHz: -2.84dBi 5GHz: -0.73 dBi



4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode / Band	Average Power (dBm)	
	v3.0+EDR	v4.0-LE
Bluetooth	9.5	3.0

Band / Frequency (MHz)	IEEE 802.11 Average Power (dBm)			
	11b	11g	HT20	HT40
2.4GHz Band	2412	15.4	15.4	15.4
	2422			10.5
	2437	15.4	15.4	15.4
	2452			15.4
	2462	15.4	15.4	15.4

Band / Frequency (MHz)	IEEE 802.11 Average Power (dBm)					
	11a	HT20	HT40	VHT20	VHT40	VHT80
5.2GHz Band	5180	15.4	15.4	15.4	14.5	15.4
	5190				14.5	
	5200					
	5210					
	5220					
	5230				15.4	
	5240					
5.3GHz Band	5260	15.5	15.5	15.5		12.0
	5270				15.5	
	5280					
	5290					
	5300					
	5310				12.5	
	5320					
5.5GHz Band	5500	13.6	13.6	13.6		13.6
	5510				10.5	
	5520					
	5530					
	5540					
	5550				13.6	
	5560					
	5580					
	5600					
	5610					
	5620					
	5630				13.6	
	5640					
	5660					
	5670				13.6	
5.8GHz Band	5680					
	5690					
	5700					
	5710				13.6	
	5720					
5.8GHz Band		15.0				



5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

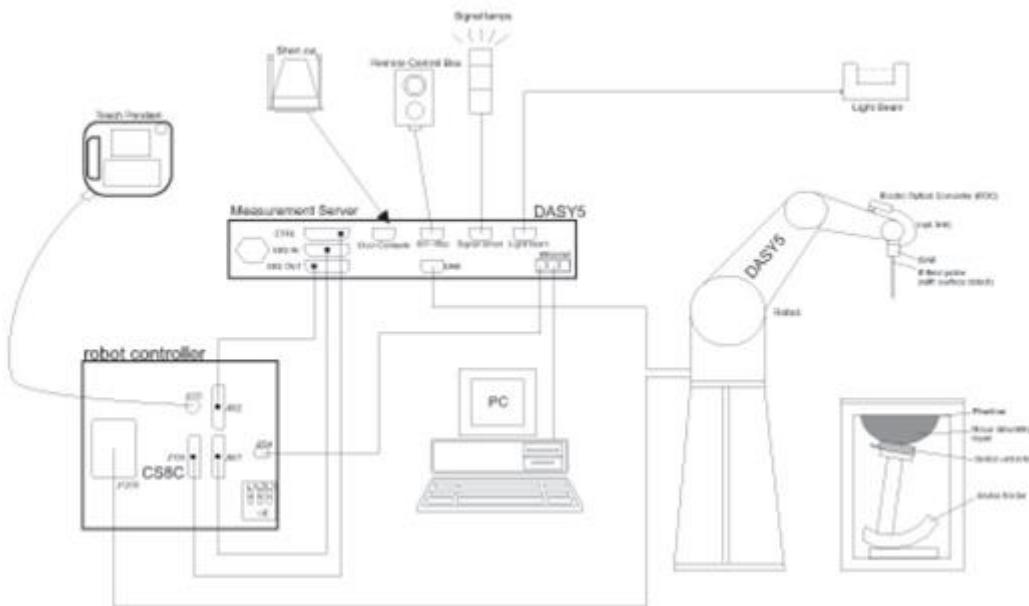
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	



8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ graded grid	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Nov. 13, 2013	Nov. 12, 2014
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1128	Jul. 24, 2013	Jul. 23, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	914	Dec. 18, 2013	Dec. 17, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 07, 2013	Nov. 06, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3770	Apr. 24, 2014	Apr. 23, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 12, 2013	Nov. 11, 2014
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM685	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM281	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070755	Oct. 08, 2013	Oct. 07, 2014
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 23, 2013	Jul. 22, 2014
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 07, 2014	Feb. 06, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 04, 2013	Dec. 03, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2013	Dec. 02, 2014
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 20, 2013	Jul. 19, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 2	
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 2	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note 2	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note 2	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note 2	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.



10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

< Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results >

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	Body	22.4	1.922	53.185	1.95	52.70	-1.44	0.92	± 5	2014/6/10
5200	Body	22.5	5.397	47.968	5.30	49.00	1.83	-2.11	± 5	2014/6/9
5300	Body	22.5	5.531	47.842	5.42	48.88	2.05	-2.12	± 5	2014/6/9
5600	Body	22.5	5.681	48.192	5.77	48.47	-1.54	-0.57	± 5	2014/6/10
5800	Body	22.5	5.905	47.828	6.00	48.20	-1.58	-0.77	± 5	2014/6/10
5200	Body	22.3	5.284	47.499	5.30	49.00	-0.30	-3.06	± 5	2014/6/21
5300	Body	22.3	5.422	47.242	5.42	48.88	0.04	-3.35	± 5	2014/6/21
5600	Body	22.3	5.821	46.733	5.77	48.47	0.88	-3.58	± 5	2014/6/21
5800	Body	22.3	6.179	46.434	6.00	48.20	2.98	-3.66	± 5	2014/6/21
5300	Body	22.2	5.380	47.244	5.42	48.88	-0.74	-3.35	± 5	2014/7/15

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/6/10	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-924	3770	914	12.30	50.20	49.20	-1.99
2014/6/9	5200	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	7.35	73.40	73.50	0.14
2014/6/9	5300	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	7.85	74.30	78.50	5.65
2014/6/10	5600	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	8.08	77.80	80.80	3.86
2014/6/10	5800	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	6.96	72.20	69.60	-3.60
2014/6/21	5200	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	7.64	73.40	76.40	4.09
2014/6/21	5300	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	7.62	74.30	76.20	2.56
2014/6/21	5600	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	8.28	77.80	82.80	6.43
2014/6/21	5800	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3770	914	6.90	72.20	69.00	-4.43
2014/7/15	5300	Body	100	D5GHzV2-1128	3955	1399	7.83	73.40	78.30	6.68

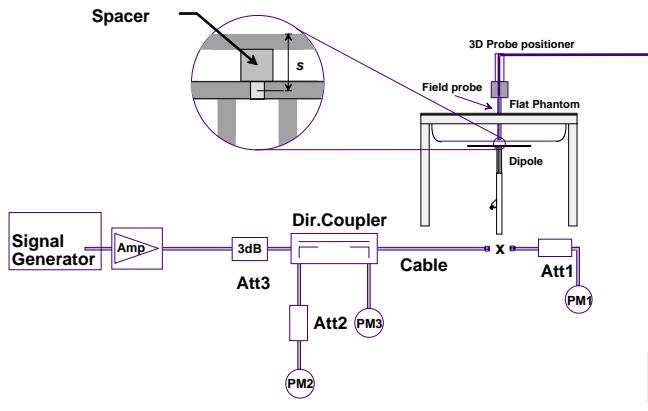


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo



11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. For IEEE802.11b/g SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.
2. For IEEE802.11n, SAR testing can be conducted on channel with the highest output power when taking into consideration tune-up tolerance for same test configuration that was identified during SAR evaluations for IEEE802.11b/g (as applicable) provided bandwidth and test position are the same.
3. For IEEE802.11n with multiple channel BW configurations, highest channel BW configuration with highest output power limit shall be tested.
4. Testing of lower BW configurations is not required when the maximum average output of the default test channels in each lower BW configuration is less than 1/4dB higher than the default test channel in the highest BW configuration.

<2.4GHz WLAN Antenna A>

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)						
Power vs. Channel						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	2Mbps		5.5Mbps	
			1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
CH 1	2412	15.36		15.32	15.34	15.25
CH 6	2437	15.32				
CH 11	2462	15.33				

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)								
Power vs. Channel								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps
			6Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	54Mbps
CH 1	2412	13.84						
CH 6	2437	15.36	15.24	15.29	15.29	13.38	13.36	13.47
CH 11	2462	15.35						13.31

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)							
Power vs. Channel							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4
CH 1	2412	13.60					
CH 6	2437	15.27	15.30	15.23	12.56	12.61	12.65
CH 11	2462	15.31					12.67
							12.59

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)							
Power vs. Channel							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4
CH 3	2422	10.49					
CH 6	2437	14.25	15.20	15.22	13.18	13.27	13.18
CH 9	2452	15.26					13.22
							13.16

<2.4GHz WLAN Antenna B>

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)						
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps	
		1Mbps				
CH 1	2412	15.14				
CH 6	2437	15.15	15.13	15.09		15.14
CH 11	2462	15.16				

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)						
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps
		6Mbps				
CH 1	2412	13.83	15.23	15.21	15.24	12.97
CH 6	2437	15.26			12.91	13.02
CH 11	2462	15.11				12.89

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)							
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5
		MCS0					
CH 1	2412	13.45	15.23	15.18	13.10	13.12	13.08
CH 6	2437	15.26			12.91	13.02	12.89
CH 11	2462	15.24					13.05

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)							
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5
		MCS0					
CH 3	2422	10.47	14.91	14.87	12.16	12.15	12.22
CH 6	2437	14.20			12.91	13.02	12.89
CH 9	2452	14.95					13.05

<5GHz WLAN Antenna A>

WLAN 5GHz 802.11a Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
		6Mbps							
CH 36	5180	15.36							
CH 40	5200	15.33	15.20	15.14	15.23	15.26	15.24	15.28	15.31
CH 44	5220	15.38							
CH 48	5240	15.33							
CH 52	5260	15.29							
CH 56	5280	15.08	15.18	15.25	15.21	15.18	15.28	15.23	15.26
CH 60	5300	15.10							
CH 64	5320	15.06							
CH 100	5500	13.47							
CH 104	5520	13.44							
CH 108	5540	13.40	13.35	13.38	13.42	13.31	13.34	13.44	13.39
CH 112	5560	13.29							
CH 116	5580	13.42							
CH 132	5660	13.25							
CH 136	5680	13.37							
CH 140	5700	13.21							
CH 149	5745	14.88							
CH 153	5765	14.69	14.82	14.76	14.83	14.78	14.79	14.80	14.84
CH 157	5785	14.82							
CH 161	5805	14.72							
CH 165	5825	14.65							

WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
		MCS0							
CH 36	5180	15.16							
CH 40	5200	15.34	15.11	15.09	15.10	15.07	15.07	15.14	15.13
CH 44	5220	15.13							
CH 48	5240	15.09							
CH 52	5260	15.19							
CH 56	5280	15.22	15.28	15.21	15.16	15.29	15.25	15.26	15.22
CH 60	5300	15.27							
CH 64	5320	15.30							
CH 100	5500	13.34							
CH 104	5520	13.29							
CH 108	5540	13.20	13.31	13.28	13.21	13.20	13.25	13.26	13.24
CH 112	5560	13.14							
CH 116	5580	13.21							
CH 132	5660	13.09							
CH 136	5680	13.29							
CH 140	5700	13.14							
CH 149	5745	14.84							
CH 153	5765	14.72	14.78	14.83	14.78	14.76	14.80	14.78	14.70
CH 157	5785	14.77							
CH 161	5805	14.70							
CH 165	5825	14.64							



WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
		MCS0							
CH 38	5190	14.48	15.24	15.24	15.27	15.34	15.31	15.29	15.32
CH 46	5230	15.36							
CH 54	5270	15.29							
CH 62	5310	12.48							
CH 102	5510	10.49							
CH 110	5550	13.42							
CH 134	5670	13.42							
CH 151	5755	14.80							
CH 159	5795	14.75	14.68	14.75	14.74	14.77	14.78	14.75	14.76

WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT20 Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
		MCS0								
CH 36	5180	15.11								
CH 40	5200	15.22								
CH 44	5220	15.13								
CH 48	5240	15.25								
CH 52	5260	15.12								
CH 56	5280	15.27								
CH 60	5300	15.32								
CH 64	5320	15.25								
CH 100	5500	13.39								
CH 104	5520	13.21								
CH 108	5540	13.19								
CH 112	5560	13.15								
CH 116	5580	13.17								
CH 132	5660	13.10								
CH 136	5680	13.22								
CH 140	5700	13.30								
CH 149	5745	14.96								
CH 153	5765	14.86								
CH 157	5785	14.92								
CH 161	5805	14.85								
CH 165	5825	14.69								

WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT40 Average Power (dBm)											
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
		MCS0									
CH 38	5190	14.29	15.36	15.30	15.37	15.38	15.34	15.19	15.12	15.24	15.30
CH 46	5230	15.39									
CH 54	5270	15.33									
CH 62	5310	12.31									
CH 102	5510	10.38									
CH 110	5550	13.21									
CH 134	5670	13.27									
CH 151	5755	14.82									
CH 159	5795	14.71	14.78	14.79	13.31	13.40	13.47	13.43	13.42	13.44	13.38



WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT80 Average Power (dBm)											
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
		MCS0									
CH 42	5210	15.30	15.25	15.23	15.26	15.23	15.14	15.27	15.13	15.12	15.24
CH 58	5290	11.82	11.75	11.79	11.73	11.60	11.72	11.58	11.69	11.54	11.61
CH 106	5530	13.41	13.38	13.35	13.22	13.25	13.24	13.26	13.17	13.14	13.12
CH 155	5775	14.88	14.80	14.79	13.82	13.79	13.71	13.77	13.71	13.78	13.72

<5GHz WLAN Antenna B>

WLAN 5GHz 802.11a Average Power (dBm)											
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps	6Mbps	
		15.30									
CH 36	5180	15.30	15.02	15.17	15.04	15.28	15.32	15.31	15.26	15.20	
CH 40	5200	15.23									
CH 44	5220	15.24									
CH 48	5240	15.33									
CH 52	5260	15.20									
CH 56	5280	15.14									
CH 60	5300	15.18									
CH 64	5320	15.22									
CH 100	5500	13.35									
CH 104	5520	13.32									
CH 108	5540	13.33									
CH 112	5560	13.14									
CH 116	5580	13.34									
CH 132	5660	13.24									
CH 136	5680	13.31									
CH 140	5700	13.30									
CH 149	5745	14.56	14.67	14.68	14.72	14.70	14.67	14.69	14.74	14.55	
CH 153	5765	14.65									
CH 157	5785	14.71									
CH 161	5805	14.67									
CH 165	5825	14.75									



WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
		MCS0							
CH 36	5180	15.10							
CH 40	5200	15.11	15.08	15.06	15.02	15.12	15.06	15.05	15.05
CH 44	5220	15.13							
CH 48	5240	15.02							
CH 52	5260	15.24							
CH 56	5280	15.26	15.21	15.24	15.19	15.22	15.28	15.27	15.22
CH 60	5300	15.29							
CH 64	5320	15.28							
CH 100	5500	13.24							
CH 104	5520	13.17							
CH 108	5540	13.17							
CH 112	5560	13.10	13.22	13.16	13.11	13.14	13.19	13.19	13.12
CH 116	5580	13.19							
CH 132	5660	13.22							
CH 136	5680	13.10							
CH 140	5700	13.15							
CH 149	5745	14.54							
CH 153	5765	14.70							
CH 157	5785	14.74	14.73	14.68	14.66	14.74	14.72	14.64	14.65
CH 161	5805	14.72							
CH 165	5825	14.76							

WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
		MCS0							
CH 38	5190	14.14	15.02	15.03	15.03	15.07	15.03	15.05	15.06
CH 46	5230	15.10							
CH 54	5270	15.30	15.21	15.06	15.10	15.29	15.25	15.18	15.13
CH 62	5310	12.26							
CH 102	5510	10.21							
CH 110	5550	13.22	13.34	13.19	13.24	13.35	13.35	13.32	13.27
CH 134	5670	13.37							
CH 151	5755	14.79	14.75	14.71	14.64	14.72	14.78	14.70	14.62
CH 159	5795	14.77							



WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT20 Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
		MCS0								
CH 36	5180	15.01								
CH 40	5200	15.17	15.14	15.16	15.07	15.10	15.09	15.15	15.10	15.17
CH 44	5220	15.16								
CH 48	5240	15.19								
CH 52	5260	15.30								
CH 56	5280	15.07	15.28	15.21	15.21	15.23	15.21	15.23	15.16	15.25
CH 60	5300	15.08								
CH 64	5320	15.07								
CH 100	5500	13.27								
CH 104	5520	13.17								
CH 108	5540	13.23								
CH 112	5560	13.07								
CH 116	5580	13.21								
CH 132	5660	13.22								
CH 136	5680	13.00								
CH 140	5700	13.22								
CH 149	5745	14.61								
CH 153	5765	14.65								
CH 157	5785	14.81								
CH 161	5805	14.79								
CH 165	5825	14.84								

WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT40 Average Power (dBm)											
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
		MCS0									
CH 38	5190	14.24	15.11	15.14	15.09	15.10	15.12	15.15	15.09	15.13	15.05
CH 46	5230	15.19									
CH 54	5270	15.35	15.28	15.22	15.12	15.32	15.27	15.23	15.28	15.25	15.20
CH 62	5310	12.16									
CH 102	5510	10.19									
CH 110	5550	13.48	13.37	13.33	13.46	13.45	13.37	13.35	13.28	13.21	13.28
CH 134	5670	13.48									
CH 151	5755	14.80	14.79	14.73	13.60	13.59	13.61	13.55	13.63	13.55	13.54
CH 159	5795	14.70									

WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT80 Average Power (dBm)											
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
		MCS0									
CH 42	5210	15.18	15.12	15.15	15.11	15.05	15.13	15.06	15.15	15.09	15.05
CH 58	5290	11.68	11.58	11.59	11.59	11.49	11.60	11.46	11.56	11.43	11.45
CH 106	5530	13.38	13.28	13.37	13.27	13.15	13.27	13.18	13.22	13.16	13.12
CH 155	5775	14.82	14.75	14.79	13.29	13.24	13.28	13.25	13.21	13.29	13.41



12. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0+LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	9.5	3.0

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$$

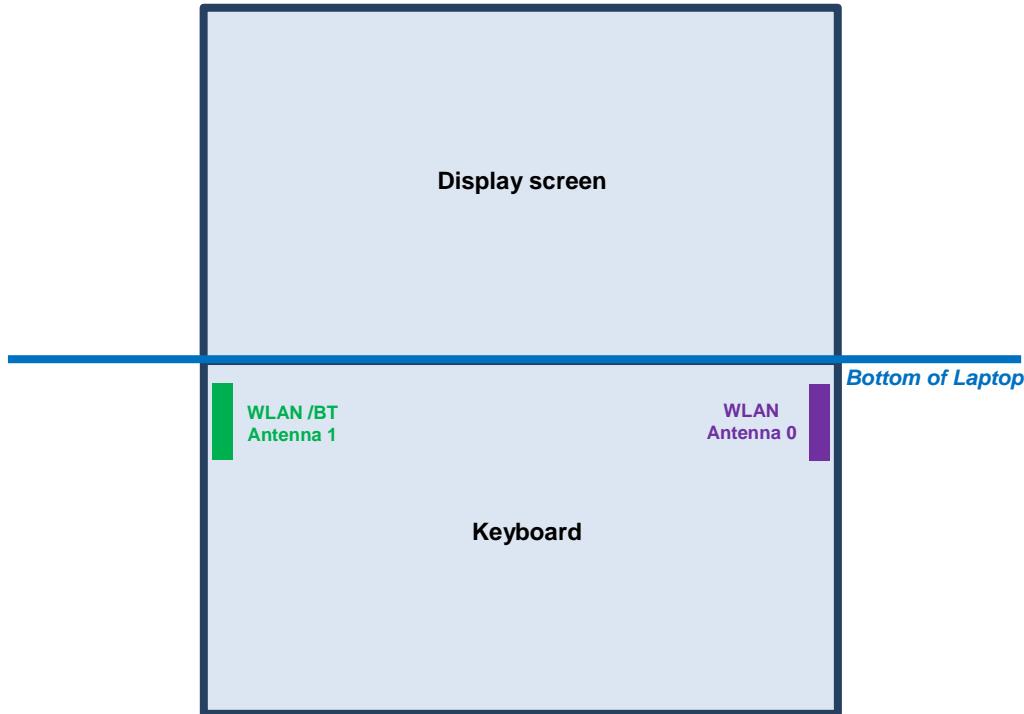
- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
9.5	5	2.48	2.83

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 2.83 which is \leq 3, SAR testing is not required.

13. Antenna Location





14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or 2.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
 - $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.5 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$

14.1 Body SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Antenna	Sample Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Duty Cycle %	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	1	2412	15.36	15.40	94.95	-0.04	0.249	0.265
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	9	2452	15.26	15.40	90.29	-0.01	0.172	0.197
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Speed	1	2412	15.36	15.40	94.95	-0.11	0.207	0.220
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	11	2462	15.16	15.40	95.41	-0.17	0.279	0.309
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	9	2452	14.95	15.40	90.29	-0.01	0.323	0.397
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	6	2437	14.20	15.40	90.29	0	0.286	0.418
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	3	2422	10.47	10.50	90.29	-0.07	0.078	0.087
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	6	2437	14.20	15.40	90.29	0.03	0.189	0.276
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	149	5745	14.88	15.00	95.03	-0.07	0.406	0.439
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	151	5755	14.80	15.00	90.29	-0.04	0.404	0.468
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	155	5775	14.88	15.00	93.55	-0.06	0.419	0.461
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Speed	151	5755	14.80	15.00	90.29	-0.16	0.291	0.337
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	165	5825	14.75	15.00	94.95	0.01	0.156	0.174
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	151	5755	14.79	15.00	90.29	-0.07	0.134	0.156
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	155	5775	14.82	15.00	93.55	-0.15	0.142	0.158
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	165	5825	14.75	15.00	94.95	0.04	0.792	0.884
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	153	5765	14.65	15.00	94.95	0.03	0.718	0.820
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	157	5785	14.71	15.00	94.95	-0.02	0.717	0.808



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA452709-01

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Antenna	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Duty Cycle %	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	44	5220	15.38	15.40	95.03	-0.07	0.392	0.414
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	46	5230	15.36	15.40	90.29	-0.04	0.377	0.421
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	42	5210	15.30	15.40	93.55	-0.01	0.339	0.371
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Speed	46	5230	15.36	15.40	90.29	-0.16	0.244	0.273
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	52	5260	15.29	15.50	95.03	0.02	0.405	0.447
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	54	5270	15.29	15.50	90.29	0.02	0.429	0.498
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	60	5300	15.32	15.50	98.48	-0.13	0.559	0.592
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	54	5270	15.33	15.50	96.36	-0.08	0.543	0.586
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	58	5290	11.82	12.00	93.55	-0.12	0.233	0.260
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Speed	60	5300	15.32	15.50	98.48	-0.08	0.572	0.606
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	100	5500	13.47	13.60	95.03	-0.04	0.301	0.326
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	134	5670	13.42	13.60	90.29	-0.11	0.133	0.154
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Yageo	106	5530	13.41	13.60	93.55	-0.08	0.311	0.347
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 0	Speed	106	5530	13.41	13.60	93.55	-0.12	0.213	0.238
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	48	5240	15.33	15.40	94.95	-0.04	0.394	0.422
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	46	5230	15.10	15.40	90.29	-0.1	0.359	0.426
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	42	5210	15.18	15.40	93.55	-0.02	0.330	0.371
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	46	5230	15.10	15.40	90.29	0.07	0.524	0.622
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	38	5190	14.14	14.50	90.29	-0.03	0.372	0.447
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	64	5320	15.22	15.50	94.95	-0.07	0.246	0.276
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	54	5270	15.30	15.50	90.29	-0.05	0.356	0.413
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	52	5260	15.30	15.50	98.47	-0.13	0.318	0.339
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	54	5270	15.35	15.50	96.97	-0.07	0.309	0.329
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	58	5290	11.68	12.00	93.55	-0.06	0.146	0.168
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	54	5270	15.30	15.50	90.29	-0.12	0.641	0.743
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	62	5310	12.26	12.50	90.29	-0.16	0.317	0.371
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	100	5500	13.35	13.60	94.95	-0.17	0.145	0.162
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	134	5670	13.37	13.60	90.29	-0.02	0.190	0.222
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Yageo	106	5530	13.38	13.60	93.55	-0.19	0.133	0.150
05	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	134	5670	13.37	13.60	90.29	0.04	0.746	0.871
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	102	5510	10.21	10.50	90.29	-0.11	0.305	0.361
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0cm	Ant 1	Speed	110	5550	13.22	13.60	90.29	-0.02	0.512	0.619

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Supported
1.	WLAN Antenna 0 + Bluetooth Antenna 1	Yes

General Note:

1. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
2. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x]$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5 mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.
 - iv) Bluetooth estimated SAR is conservatively determined by 5mm separation, for all applicable exposure positions.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Bottom Face
	Antenna to User	< 5 mm
9.5 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.378 W/kg

15.1 Body Exposure Conditions

< WLAN Antenna 0 + Bluetooth Antenna 1 >

Exposure Position	WLAN		2.4GHz Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	
Bottom of Laptop	2.4GHz	0.265	0.378	0.64
	5.2GHz	0.421	0.378	0.80
	5.3GHz	0.606	0.378	0.98
	5.5GHz	0.347	0.378	0.73
	5.8GHz	0.468	0.378	0.85

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16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacturer's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) k is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.



Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz



Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.55 %	± 6.55 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 5.7 %	± 5.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.8 %	± 12.6 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 25.6 %	± 25.2 %

Table 16.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz



17. References

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