



**FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01**

**IEEE STD 1528: 2003**

**IC RSS-102 ISSUE 4**

**Class II Permissive Change**

**SAR EVALUATION REPORT**

*For*

**Broadcom 802.11g/Draft 802.11n Wireless LAN + Bluetooth PCI-E Card**  
**(Tested inside of Samsung Notebook PC NP900X3A)**

**MODEL: BCM943225HMB (WiFi Module)**

**FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1408**

**IC: 4324A-BRCM1408**

**REPORT NUMBER: 11I13610-1A1**

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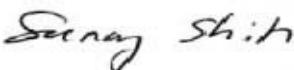
Revision History

<u>Rev.</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Revisions</u>	<u>Revised By</u>
--	February 4, 2011	Initial Issue	--
A	February 8, 2011	Updated report, includes 1. EUT description 2. Change antenna-to-user's distance from "0.4 cm" to "0.8 cm".	Sunny Shih
A1	February 10, 2011	Updated report, incl. 1. Page 8 (Sec. 5): Changed to "WiFi (TX1) cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth, therefore, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation is not required." 2. Page 18 (Sec. 11.2): Removed KDB 648474 from report.	Sunny Shih

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## 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

Applicant name:	BROADCOM CORPORATION 190 MATHILDA PLACE SUNNYVALE, CA 94086, USA		
EUT description:	Broadcom 802.11g/Draft 802.11n Wireless LAN + Bluetooth PCI-E Card (Tested inside of Samsung Notebook PC NP900X3A)		
Model number:	BCM943225HMB Samsung PC., Serial number: ZZRB93GZC00080D		
Device category:	Portable		
Exposure category:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure		
Date tested:	February 4, 2011		
FCC / IC rule parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	Highest 1-g SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
15.247 / RSS-102	2412 – 2462	0.18	1.6
Applicable Standards	Test Results		
FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C Edition 01-01 IEEE STD 1528, IC RSS 102 Issue 4	Pass		
Compliance Certification Services (UL CCS) tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.			
<p><b>Note:</b> The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.</p>			
Approved & Released For UL CCS By:	Tested By:		
			
Sunny Shih Engineering Team Leader Compliance Certification Services (UL CCS)	Norihisa Hashimoto SAR Engineer Compliance Certification Services (UL CCS)		

## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C Edition 01-01, IEEE STD 1528:2003, IC RSS 102 Issue 4 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures.

- KDB 248227 SAR measurement procedures for 802.11a/b/g transmitters
- KDB 616217 D03 SAR Supp Note and Netbook Laptop V01

## 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

UL CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

## 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due date		
				MM	DD	Year
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A			N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535			N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041			N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261			N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	QD000P40CA	1185			N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	QD000P40CA	1050			N/A
Oval Flat Phantom (ELI 4.0)	SPEAG	QD OVA001 B	1003			N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070C	N/A			N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42100131	8	2	2011
Signal Generator	Agilent	E5071B	MY42100131	8	2	2011
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV3	3531	2	23	2011
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3 V4	1239	11	17	2011
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	706	4	19	2013
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	7	19	2011
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	5	13	2012
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	5	13	2012
Power Meter	Boonton	4541	12414	2	26	2011
Power Sensor	Boonton	57006	6871	2	23	2011
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	90606			N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5			N/A
Simulating Liquid	SPEAG	M2450	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test		

**Note:** Per KDB 450824 D02 requirements for dipole calibration, UL CCS has adopted two years calibration intervals. On annual basis, each measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value.
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement ( test data on file in UL CCS)
4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement (test data on file in UL CCS)

## 4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

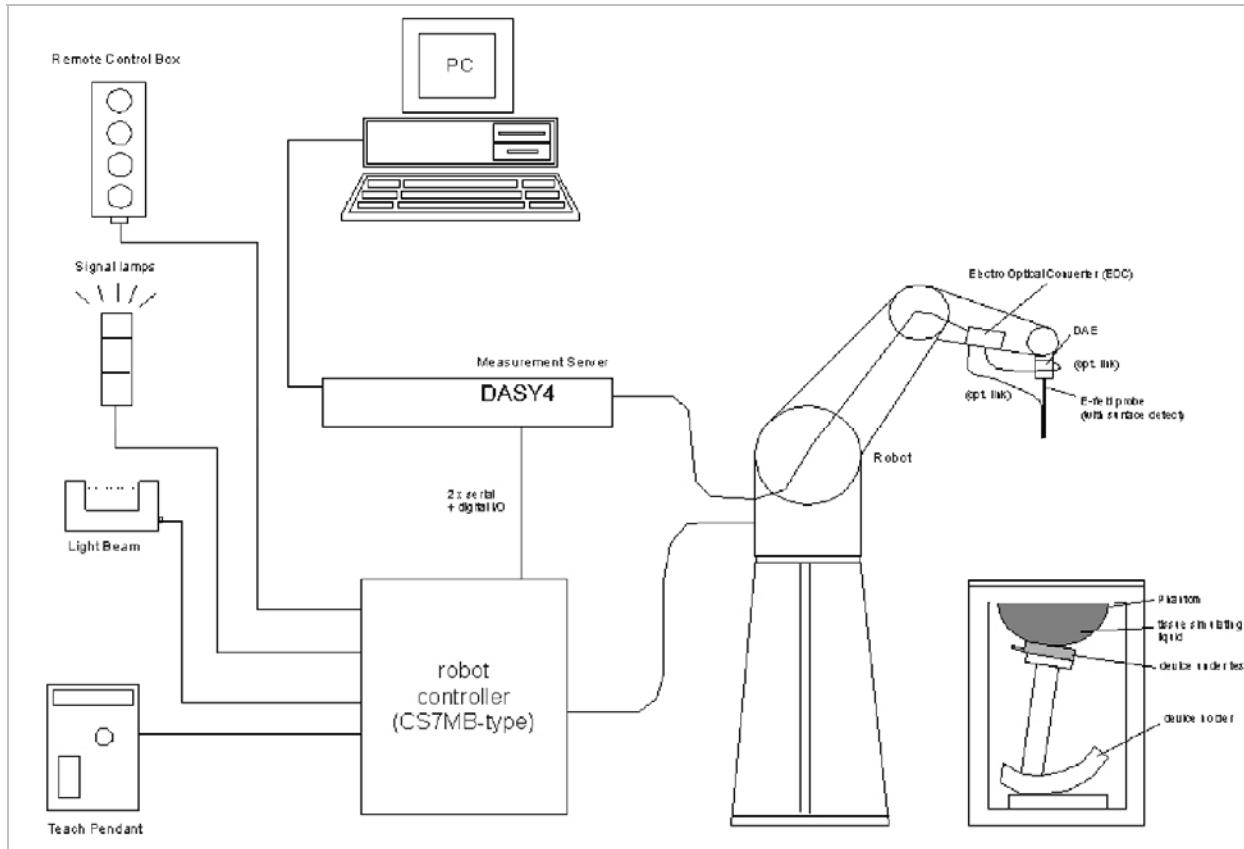
Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 10 gram

Component	error, %	Probe Distribution	Divisor	Sensitivity	U (Xi), %
<b>Measurement System</b>					
Probe Calibration (k=1) @ 2450 MHz	5.50	Normal	1	1	5.50
Axial Isotropy	1.15	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.47
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.30	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.94
Boundary Effect	0.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.52
Probe Linearity	3.45	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.99
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.23
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom	2.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.67
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
<b>Test Sample Related</b>					
Test Sample Positioning	2.90	Normal	1	1	2.90
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	Normal	1	1	3.60
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.89
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>					
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness)	4.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	0.43	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - measurement	-0.31	Normal	1	0.43	-0.13
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	0.49	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	-0.86	Normal	1	0.49	-0.42
Combined Standard Uncertainty Uc(y), % =					9.30
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =					18.59 %
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =					1.48 dB

## 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

Broadcom 802.11g/Draft 802.11n Wireless LAN + Bluetooth PCI-E Card (Tested inside of Samsung Notebook PC NP900X3A)	
Normal operation:	Lap-held (with display open at 90° to the keyboard)
Antennas tested:	Installed inside of Samsung Notebook PC NP900X3A <u>Manufacturer</u> <u>Antenna name</u> Wistron                    81.EHD15.G31 81.EHD15.G32
Antenna-to-antenna/user separation distances:	See Section 14 for details of antenna locations and separation distances
Simultaneous transmission:	WiFi (TX1) cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Bluetooth - FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1048; IC: 4324A-BRCM1048
Assessment for SAR evaluation for Simultaneous transmission:	<b>WiFi vs Bluetooth</b> WiFi (TX1) cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth, therefore, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation is not required.

## 6. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS



**The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:**

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

## 7. COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		900		1800 - 1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

### Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

## 8. LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. For frequencies in 300 MHz to just under 2 GHz, the measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values. For frequencies in the range of 2–3 GHz and above the measured conductivity should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values. The measured relative permittivity tolerance can be relaxed to no more than  $\pm 10\%$ .

### Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head & Body Phantom

The body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.8
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.9	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55	1.06
1450	40.5	1.2	54	1.3
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.4
1800 – 2000	40	1.4	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.8	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.4	52	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

### Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Body Phantom (for 3000 MHz – 5800 MHz)

In the current guidelines and draft standards for compliance testing of mobile phones (i.e., IEEE P1528, OET 65 Supplement C), the dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given only at 3.0 GHz and 5.8 GHz. As an intermediate solution, dielectric parameters for the frequencies between 5 to 5.8 GHz were obtained using linear interpolation (see table below).

SPEAG has developed suitable head and body tissue simulating liquids consisting of the following ingredients: de-ionized water, salt and a special composition including mineral oil and an emulgators. Dielectric parameters of these liquids were measured suing a HP 8570C Dielectric Probe Kit in conjunction with HP 8753ES Network Analyzer (30 kHz – 6G Hz). The differences with respect to the interpolated values were well within the desired  $\pm 5\%$  for the whole 5 to 5.8 GHz range.

f (MHz)	Body Tissue		Reference
	rel. permitivity	conductivity	
3000	52.0	2.73	Standard
5100	49.1	5.18	Interpolated
5200	49.0	5.30	Interpolated
5300	48.9	5.42	Interpolated
5400	48.7	5.53	Interpolated
5500	48.6	5.65	Interpolated
5600	48.5	5.77	Interpolated
5700	48.3	5.88	Interpolated
5800	48.2	6.00	Standard

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

## 8.1. LIQUID CHECK RESULTS FOR 2450 MHZ

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameter Check Result @ Body 2450 MHz

Measured by: David Lee

f (MHz)	Liquid Parameters			Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit (%)
	e'	51.09	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):				
2450	e"	14.18	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	51.087	52.7	-3.06	? 5
				1.933	1.95	-0.86	? 5

### Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 24 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 23 deg. C; Relative humidity = 41%

February 03, 2011 05:03 PM

Frequency	e'	e"
2400000000.	51.2490	13.9887
2405000000.	51.2335	14.0099
2410000000.	51.2162	14.0296
2415000000.	51.2029	14.0500
2420000000.	51.1860	14.0683
2425000000.	51.1701	14.0874
2430000000.	51.1538	14.1060
2435000000.	51.1383	14.1259
2440000000.	51.1219	14.1462
2445000000.	51.1037	14.1657
<b>2450000000.</b>	<b>51.0870</b>	<b>14.1843</b>
2455000000.	51.0711	14.2029
2460000000.	51.0513	14.2210
2465000000.	51.0365	14.2424
2470000000.	51.0190	14.2607
2475000000.	51.0005	14.2819
2480000000.	50.9810	14.3018
2485000000.	50.9668	14.3223
2490000000.	50.9488	14.3421
2495000000.	50.9347	14.3596
2500000000.	50.9159	14.3802

The conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where  $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

## 9. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to verify SAR system measurement accuracy. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ .

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Head or Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.  
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.  
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for HEAD & BODY-tissue from calibration certificate of SPEAG.

System validation dipole	Cal. certificate #	Cal. date	Cal. Freq. (GHz)	SAR Avg (mW/g)		
				Tissue:	Head	Body
D2450V2	D2450V2-706_Apr10	4/19/10	2.4	SAR <sub>1g</sub> :	51.6	52.4
				SAR <sub>10g</sub> :	24.4	24.5

### 9.1. SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS FOR D2450V2

System validation dipole	Date Tested	Measured (Normalized to 1 W)		Target	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
		Tissue:	Body			
D2450V2	02/03/11	SAR <sub>1g</sub> :	52.2	52.4	-0.38	$\pm 10$
		SAR <sub>10g</sub> :	24.1	24.5	-1.63	

## System Check Plot

Date/Time: 2/3/2011 6:33:10 PM, Date/Time: 2/3/2011 6:37:01 PM

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

## System Performance Check D2450V2 SN 706

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 706

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.933$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.087$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section

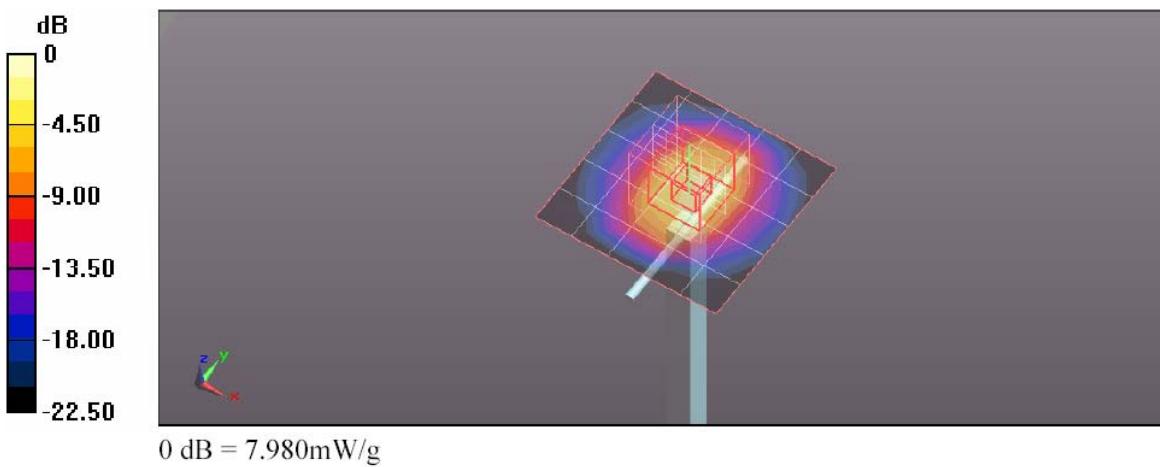
Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0 deg. C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0 deg. C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3531; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2/23/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1239; Calibrated: 11/17/2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: SN:1099
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.2 (2595)

**D2450V2 SN 706/Pin=100 mW (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (6x6x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.331 mW/g

**D2450V2 SN 706/Pin=100 mW (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 64.366 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.775 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 5.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.983 mW/g



Date/Time: 2/3/2011 7:12:53 PM

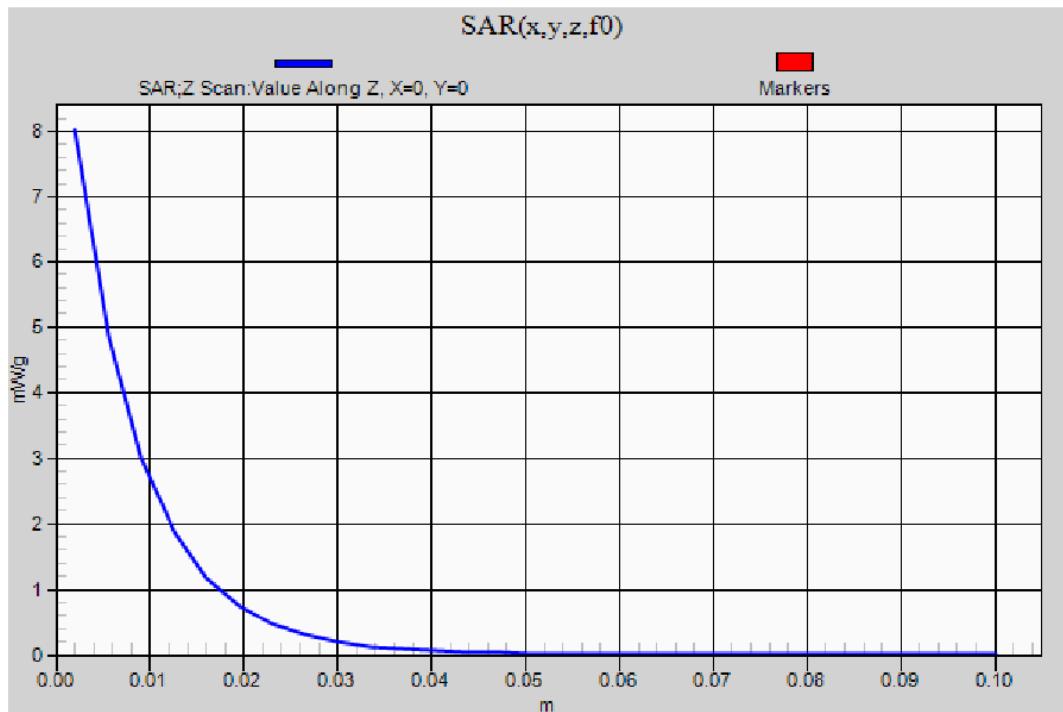
Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

## System Performance Check D2450V2 SN 706

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 706

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

**D2450V2 SN 706/Pin=100 mW (EX-Probe)/Z Scan (1x1x29):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=3.5mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.019 mW/g



## 10. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures  $\geq 7 \times 7 \times 9$  points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

### Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

## 11. RF OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

The client provided a special driver and program, wl\_tools, which enable a user to control the frequency and output power of the module.

### 11.1. WIFI RF OUTPUT POWER

802.11b			
Channel #	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Avg Power	
		(dBm)	(mW)
1	2412	19.30	85.1
6	2437	19.40	87.1
11	2462	19.30	85.1

802.11g			
1	2412	16.78	47.6
6	2437	19.10	81.3
11	2462	15.68	37.0

802.11n HT20

Channel #	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Avg Power			
		Chain 1 (dBm)	Chain 2 (dBm)	Total (dBm)	Total (mW)
Low	2412	14.08	13.68	16.89	48.9
Mid	2437	18.88	18.47	21.69	147.6
High	2462	14.13	13.37	16.78	47.6

802.11n HT40

Channel #	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Avg Power			
		Chain 1 (dBm)	Chain 2 (dBm)	Total (dBm)	Total (mW)
Low	2422	13.63	13.17	16.42	43.8
Mid	2437	13.73	14.68	17.24	53.0
High	2452	11.84	11.57	14.72	29.6

#### Note:

According to the KDB 248227, SAR is not required for 802.11n HT20/40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

## 11.2. BLUETOOTH RF OUTPUT POWER

Bluetooth

Channel #	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Avg Power	
		(dBm)	(mW)
<b>GFSK</b>			
0	2402	2.81	1.9
39	2441	3.52	2.2
78	2480	3.61	2.3
<b>8PSK</b>			
0	2402	2.80	1.9
39	2441	3.52	2.2
78	2480	3.63	2.3

## 12. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST RESULTS

### Lap-held

Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	Antenna	Results (mW/g)	
				1g-SAR	10g-SAR
802.11b	1	2412	Main		
	6	2437	Main	0.180	0.018
	11	2462	Main		
802.11g	1	2412	Aux		
	6	2437	Aux	0.037	0.021
	11	2462	Aux		

### Notes:

1. 802.11b doesn't operate for Aux antenna. Thus, 802.11g is performed for Aux antenna instead.
2. KDB 248227 - SAR is not required for 802.11n 40MHz channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11n 20/40 MHz channels.

## SAR TEST LPOTS

Date/Time: 2/3/2011 9:43:30 PM, Date/Time: 2/3/2011 9:53:57 PM, Date/Time: 2/3/2011 10:08:41 PM

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

### **Lap-held**

DUT: SUMSUNG; Type: NP900X3A; Serial: ZZRB93GZC00080D

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0 deg. C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0 deg. C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3531; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2/23/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1239; Calibrated: 11/17/2010
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

**Lap-Held/11b\_Main\_ch 6/Area Scan (12x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 mW/g

**Lap-Held/11b\_Main\_ch 6/Zoom Scan 1 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.303 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.180 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 mW/g

**Lap-Held/11b\_Main\_ch 6/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

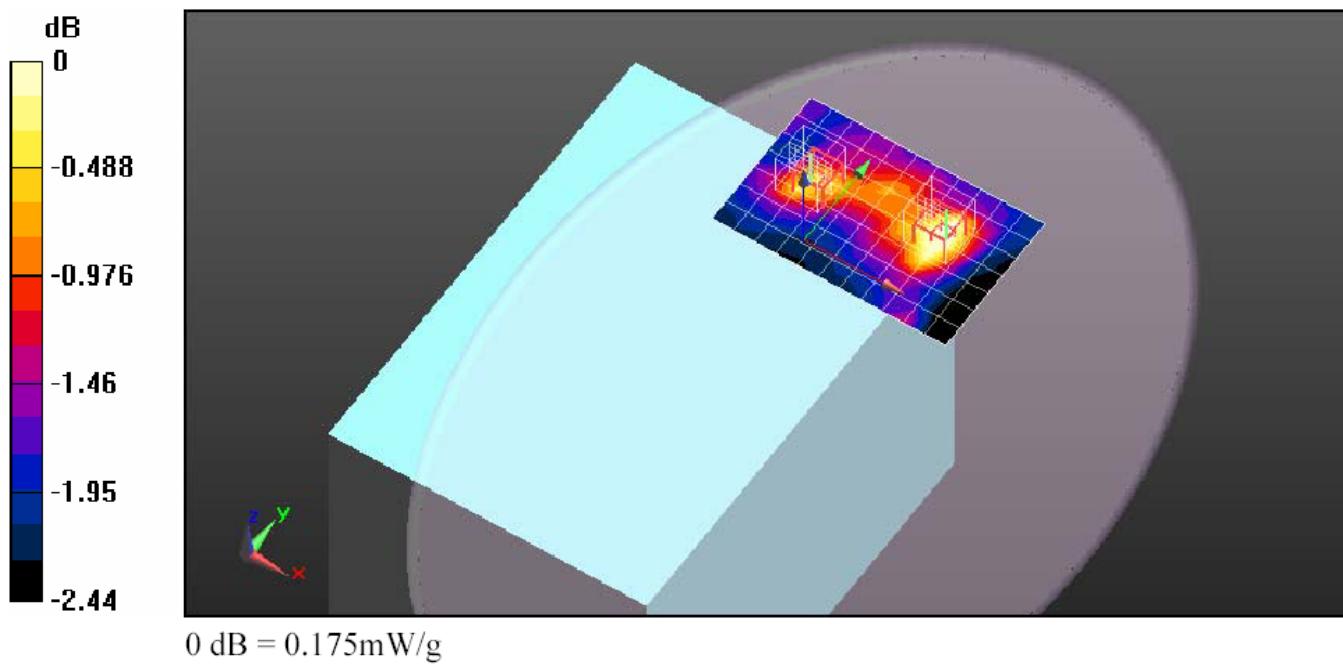
Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.174 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 mW/g



Date/Time: 2/3/2011 10:41:13 PM

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

## Lap-held

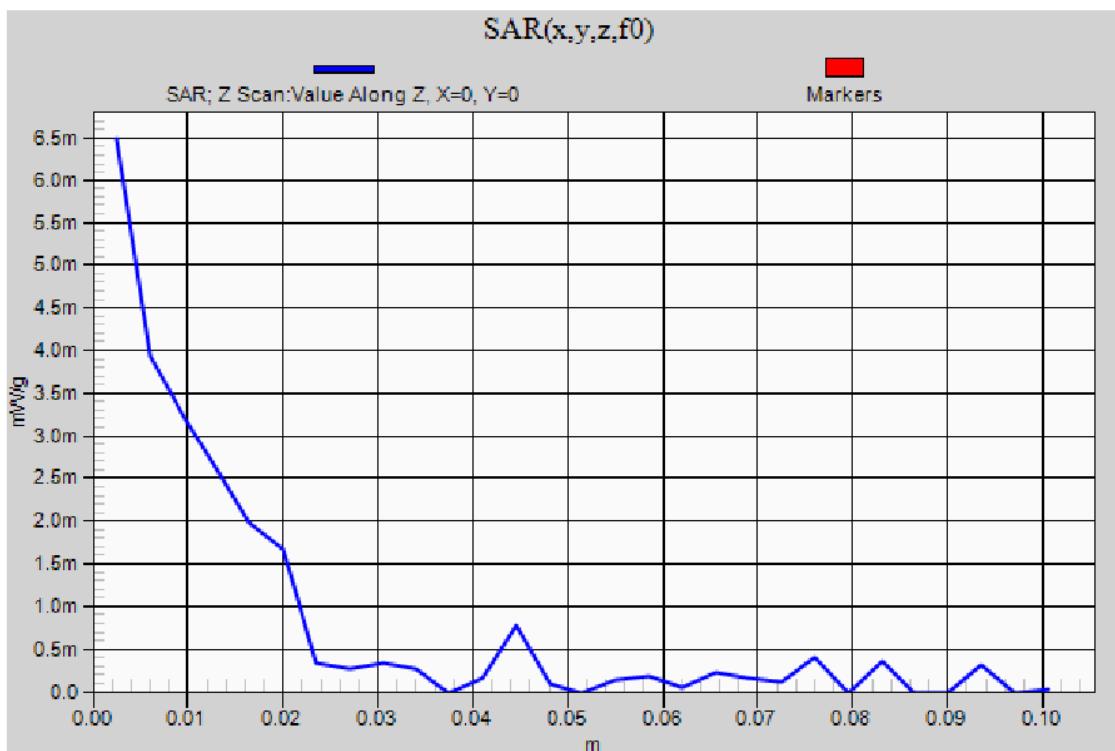
DUT: SUMSUNG; Type: NP900X3A; Serial: ZZRB93GZC00080D

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

**Lap-Held/11b\_Main\_ch 6/Z Scan (1x1x29):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=3.5mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00649 mW/g



Date/Time: 2/3/2011 9:01:11 PM, Date/Time: 2/3/2011 9:18:54 PM, Date/Time: 2/3/2011 9:34:01 PM

Test Laboratory: UL CCS

### Lap-held - g mode

DUT: SUMSUNG; Type: NP900X3A; Serial: ZZRB93GZC00080D

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.916$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.132$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section

Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0 deg. C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0 deg. C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3531; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2/23/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1239; Calibrated: 11/17/2010
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.2 (2595)

**Lap-Held/11g\_Aux\_ch 6/Area Scan (13x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g

**Lap-Held/11g\_Aux\_ch 6/Zoom Scan 1 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.753 V/m; Power Drift = 0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.075 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.037 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g

**Lap-Held/11g\_Aux\_ch 6/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

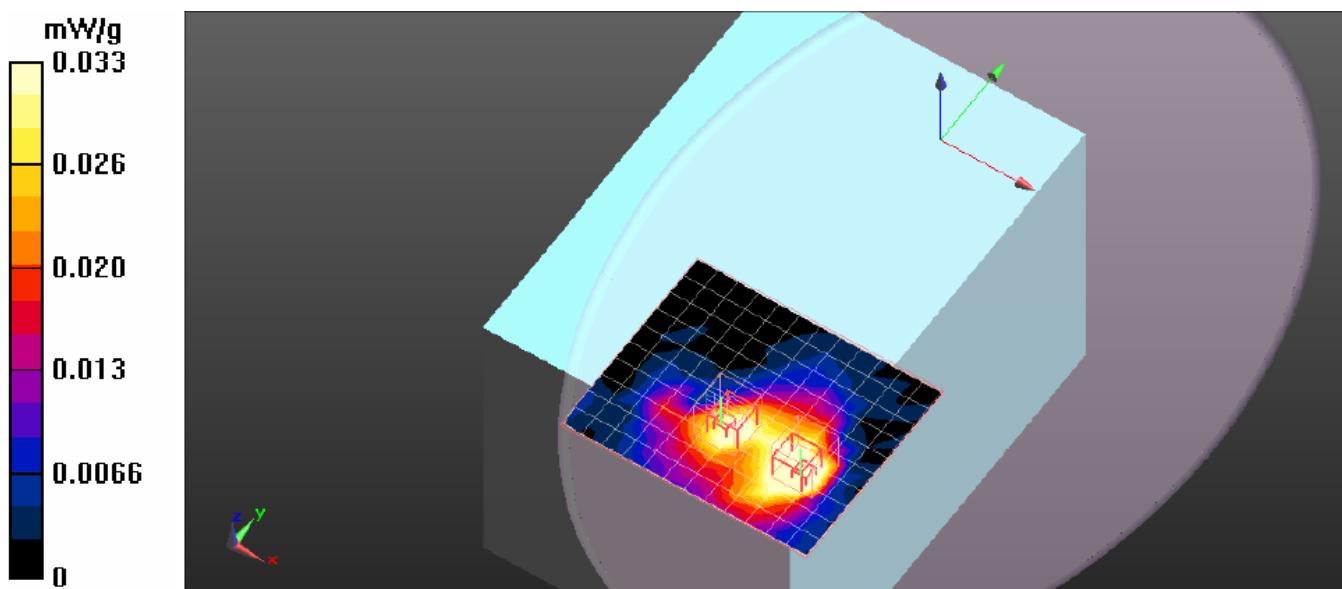
Reference Value = 4.753 V/m; Power Drift = 0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.058 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g**

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g



## 13. ATTACHMENTS

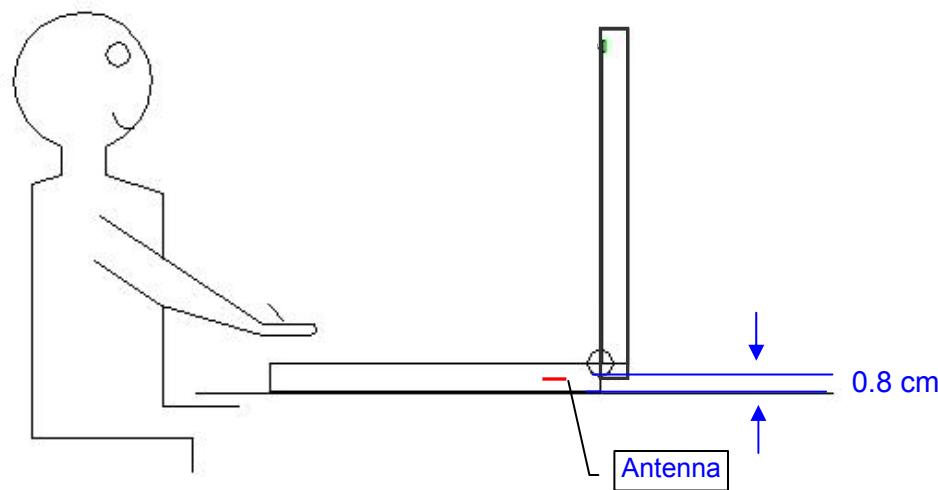
<u>No.</u>	<u>Contents</u>	<u>No. of page (s)</u>
1	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EX3DV3 SN 3531	11
2	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D2450 SN:706	9

## 14. ANTENNA LOCATIONS AND SEPARATION DISTANCES

### 14.1. ANTENNA-TO-USERS AND NEARBY PERSONS

#### Lap-held configuration

(Separation distance between antenna and user)



### 14.2. ANTENNA-TO-ANTENNA

