

**TEST REPORT**  
**DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION REQUIREMENTS**  
**OF**

**FCC Part 15 Subpart E (UNII) & RSS-210 Issue 7**

**Broadcom Corporation**  
**Model(s): BCM94322HM8L**

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FINAL TEST DATE: January 23, 2008

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Testing Cert #2016-01

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**SCOPE**

The Federal Communications Commission and the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI) publish standards regarding ElectroMagnetic Compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters for radio-communications devices. Tests have been performed on the Broadcom Corporation model BCM94322HM8L in accordance with these standards.

Test data has been taken pursuant to the relevant requirements of the following standard(s).

- FCC Part 15 Subpart E Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices
- RSS-210, Issue 7 (Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunication Devices)

Tests were performed in accordance with these standards together with the current published versions of the basic standards referenced therein as outlined in Elliott Laboratories test procedures.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of the Broadcom Corporation model BCM94322HM8L and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by David Boldy of Broadcom Corporation.

**OBJECTIVE**

The objective of the manufacturer is to comply with the standards identified in the previous section. In order to demonstrate compliance, the manufacturer or a contracted laboratory makes measurements and takes the necessary steps to ensure that the equipment complies with the appropriate technical standards. Compliance with some DFS features is covered through a manufacturer statement or through observation of the device.

**STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

The tested sample of Broadcom Corporation model BCM94322HM8L complied with the DFS requirements of:

FCC Part 15.407(h)(2)

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

**DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARD**

No deviations were made from the test methods and requirements covered by the scope of this report.

**EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS****GENERAL**

The Broadcom Corporation model BCM94322HM8L is an 802.11ag/Draft 802.11n WLAN PCI-E Minicard that is designed to enable wireless data transmission in PCs. Since the EUT would be placed on a tabletop during operation, the EUT was treated as tabletop equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 3.3Vdc from the host.

The sample was received on January 23, 2008 and tested on January 23, 2008. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number
Broadcom Corporation	BCM94322HM8L	802.11ag/Draft 802.11n WLAN PCI-E Minicard	124

The manufacturer declared values for the EUT operational characteristics that affect DFS are as follows:

**Operating Modes**

- ☐ Master Device
- ☒ Client Device (no In Service Monitoring, no Ad-Hoc mode)
- ☐ Client Device with In-Service Monitoring

**Antenna Gains / EIRP**

	5250 – 5350 MHz	5470 – 5725 MHz
Lowest Antenna Gain (dBi)	5.6	4.2
Highest Antenna Gain (dBi)	5.6	4.2
Output Power (dBm)	See operational description	

- ☐ Power can exceed 200mW eirp

**Channel Protocol**

- ☒ IP Based
- ☐ Frame Based
- ☐ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

**ENCLOSURE**

The EUT has no enclosure and has been designed for installation within the enclosure of a host computer.

**MODIFICATIONS**

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with the

requirements of the standard(s) referenced in this test report.

#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

The following equipment was used as local support equipment for testing:

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
<i>Hewlett Packard</i>	<i>Pavilion zv6000</i>	<i>Laptop Computer (client host)</i>	<i>CND52901BY</i>	<i>DoC</i>
Dell	Inspiron 4150	Laptop Computer (controlled master via browser)	CN-04P449-48643-CH-2011	DoC
Hewlett Packard	Pavilion zv6000	Laptop Computer (hosting FCC test file)	CND5290451	DoC
LinkSys	WRT600N	Router (master)	001A70ACD7B2	Q87-WRT600NV1

The italicized device was the client device.

#### **EUT INTERFACE PORTS**

The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length (m)
Ethernet (Master)	HP Laptop	CAT5	Unshielded	3
Ethernet	Dell Laptop	CAT5	Unshielded	3
Serial	Master Device	9pin	Shielded	2

#### **EUT OPERATION**

The EUT was operating with the following software version 4.150.63.0. The software incorporates test commands, which will be disabled in the production driver, to prevent the user from disabling the DFS function.

Client Device: version 4.150.63.0

During the channel close and moving tests the system was configured with a streaming video file from the master device (sourced by the PC connected to the master device via a serial interface) to the client device.

The streamed file was the "FCC" test file and the client device was using Windows Media Player Classic as required by FCC Part 15 Subpart E

**TEST RESULTS****TEST RESULTS SUMMARY – FCC Part 15, CLIENT DEVICE**

<b>Table 1 FCC Part 15 Subpart E Client Device Test Result Summary</b>						
Description	Radar Type	Frequency MHz	Measured Value	Requirement	Test Data	Status
20MHz BW Channel closing transmission time	Type 1	5300	39.6ms	260ms	Appendix B	Complies
20MHz BW Channel move time	Type 1	5300	4.273s	10s	Appendix B	Complies
20MHz BW Channel closing transmission time	Type 5	5300	0ms	260ms	Appendix B	Complies
20MHz BW Channel move time	Type 5	5300	0s	10s	Appendix B	Complies
40MHz BW Channel closing transmission time	Type 1	5310	1.64ms	260ms	Appendix B	Complies
40MHz BW Channel move time	Type 1	5310	3.552s	10s	Appendix B	Complies
40MHz BW Channel closing transmission time	Type 5	5310	0ms	260ms	Appendix B	Complies
40MHz BW Channel move time	Type 5	5310	0s	10s	Appendix B	Complies

Notes:

- 1) Tests were performed using the radiated test method.
- 2) Channel availability check, detection threshold and non-occupancy period are not applicable to client devices.

**MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

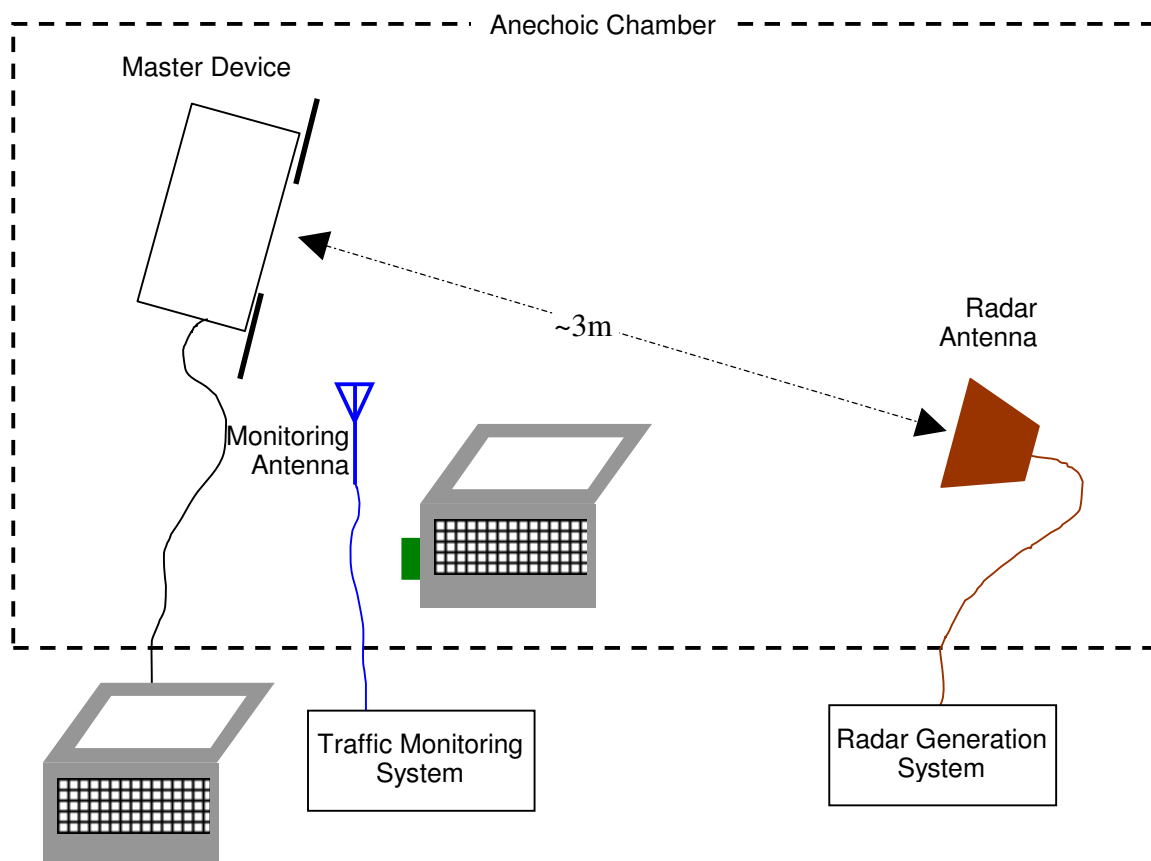
ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level, with a coverage factor (k=2) and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement	Measurement Unit	Expanded Uncertainty
Timing (Channel move time, aggregate transmission time)	ms	Timing resolution +/- 0.24%
Timing (non occupancy period)	seconds	5 seconds
DFS Threshold (radiated)	dBm	1.6
DFS Threshold (conducted)	dBm	1.2



**DFS TEST METHODS****RADIATED TEST METHOD**

The combination of master and slave devices is located in an anechoic chamber. The simulated radar waveform is transmitted from a directional horn antenna (typically an EMCO 3115) toward the unit performing the radar detection (radar detection device, RDD). Every effort is made to ensure that the main beam of the EUT's antenna is aligned with the radar-generating antenna.



**Figure 1 Test Configuration for radiated Measurement Method**

The signal level of the simulated waveform is set to a reference level equal to the threshold level (plus 1dB if testing against FCC requirements). Lower levels may also be applied on request of the manufacturer. The level reported is the level at the RDD antenna and so it is not corrected for the RDD's antenna gain. The RDD is configured with the lowest gain antenna assembly intended for use with the device.

The signal level is verified by measuring the CW signal level from the radar generation system using a reference antenna of gain  $G$  (dBi). The radar signal level is calculated from the measured level,  $R$  (dBm), and any cable loss,  $L$  (dB), between the reference antenna and the measuring instrument:

$$\text{Applied level (dBm)} = R - G_{REF} + L$$

If both master and client devices have radar detection capability then the device not under test is positioned with absorbing material between its antenna and the radar generating antenna, and the radar level at the non RDD is verified to be at least 20dB below the threshold level to ensure that any responses are due to the RDD detecting radar.

The antenna connected to the channel monitoring subsystem is positioned to allow both master and client transmissions to be observed, with the level of the EUT's transmissions between 6 and 10dB higher than those from the other device.

## **DFS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

### **RADAR GENERATION SYSTEM**

An Agilent PSG is used as the radar-generating source. The integral arbitrary waveform generators are programmed using Agilent's "Pulse Building" software and Elliott custom software to produce the required waveforms, with the capability to produce both unmodulated and modulated (FM Chirp) pulses. Where there are multiple values for a specific radar parameter then the software selects a value at random and, for FCC tests, the software verifies that the resulting waveform is truly unique.

With the exception of the hopping waveforms required by the FCC's rules (see below), the radar generator is set to a single frequency within the radar detection bandwidth of the EUT.

Frequency hopping radar waveforms are simulated using a time domain model. A randomly hopping sequence algorithm (which uses each channel in the hopping radar's range once in a hopping sequence) generates a hop sequence. A segment of the first 100 elements of the hop sequence are then examined to determine if it contains one or more frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth of the EUT. If it does not then the first element of the segment is discarded and the next frequency in the sequence is added. The process repeats until a valid segment is produced. The radar system is then programmed to produce bursts at time slots coincident with the frequencies within the segment that fall in the detection bandwidth. The frequency of the generator is stepped in 1 MHz increments across the EUT's detection range.

The radar signal level is verified during testing using a CW signal with the AGC function switched on. Correction factors to account for the fact that pulses are generated with the AGC functions switched off are measured annually and an offset is used to account for this in the software.

The generator output is connected to the coupling port of the conducted set-up or to the radar-generating antenna.

**CHANNEL MONITORING SYSTEM**

Channel monitoring is achieved using a spectrum analyzer and digital storage oscilloscope. The analyzer is configured in a zero-span mode, center frequency set to the radar waveform's frequency or the center frequency of the EUT's operating channel. The IF output of the analyzer is connected to one input of the oscilloscope.

A signal generator output is set to send either the modulating signal directly or a pulse gate with an output pulse co-incident with each radar pulse. This output is connected to a second input on the oscilloscope and the oscilloscope displays both the channel traffic (via the if input) and the radar pulses on its display.

For in service monitoring tests the analyzer sweep time is set to > 20 seconds and the oscilloscope is configured with a data record length of 10 seconds for the short duration and frequency hopping waveforms, 20 seconds for the long duration waveforms. Both instruments are set for a single acquisition sequence. The analyzer is triggered 500ms before the start of the waveform and the oscilloscope is triggered directly by the modulating pulse train. Timing measurements for aggregate channel transmission time and channel move time are made from the oscilloscope data, with the end of the waveform clearly identified by the pulse train on one trace. The analyzer trace data is used to confirm that the last transmission occurred within the 10-second record of the oscilloscope. If necessary the record length of the oscilloscope is expanded to capture the last transmission on the channel prior to the channel move.

Channel availability check time timing plots are made using the analyzer. The analyzer is triggered at start of the EUT's channel availability check and used to verify that the EUT does not transmit when radar is applied during the check time.

The analyzer detector and oscilloscope sampling mode is set to peak detect for all plots.

**DFS MEASUREMENT METHODS****DFS RADAR DETECTION BANDWIDTH**

The radar detection bandwidth is determined by using on of the radar waveforms (in the FCC case, the selection is limited to the short duration burst waveforms) and applying radar pulses at offset from the center channel frequency by multiples of 1MHz. These bursts are applied with no traffic on the channel. The first frequencies above and below the center channel frequency that have a detection rate below 90% define the radar bandwidth, the actual range being 1MHz below the upper frequency and 1MHz above the lower frequency.

**DFS – CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME AND CHANNEL MOVE TIME**

Channel clearing and closing times are measured by applying a burst of radar with the device configured to change channel and by observing the channel for transmissions. The time between the end of the applied radar waveform and the final transmission on the channel is the channel move time.

The aggregate transmission closing time is measured in two ways:

FCC – the total time of all individual transmissions from the EUT that are observed starting 200ms at the end of the last radar pulse in the waveform. This value is required to be less than 60ms.

**DFS – CHANNEL NON-OCCUPANCY AND VERIFICATION OF PASSIVE SCANNING**

The channel that was in use prior to radar detection by the master is additionally monitored for 30 minutes to ensure no transmissions on the vacated channel over the required non-occupancy period. This is achieved by allowing the analyzer to perform multiple sweeps over a 30-minute period in a max hold mode to capture any transmissions on the channel.

For devices with a client-mode that are being evaluated against FCC rules the complete spectrum of operation requiring DFS is monitored for a period of 30 minutes with the master device switched off to verify that the client device does not employ any active scanning techniques (i.e. does not transmit in the DFS bands without authorization from a Master device). This is achieved by allowing the analyzer to perform multiple sweeps over a 30-minute period in a max hold mode to capture any transmissions in the DFS bands.

**DFS CHANNEL AVAILABILITY CHECK TIME**

It is preferred that the EUT report when it starts the radar channel availability check. In this case a single radar burst of one type radar is applied within 6 seconds of observing the start of the channel availability check and it is verified that the device does not use the channel. The test is repeated by applying a burst of radar no sooner than 54 seconds and no later than 60 seconds after the start of the check.

If the EUT does not report the start of the check time, then the time to start transmitting on a channel after switching the device on is measured to approximate the time from power-on to the end of the channel availability check. The start of the channel availability check is assumed to be 60 seconds prior to the first transmission on the channel.

**UNIFORM LOADING**

Compliance with the FCC's channel loading requirement, where appropriate (i.e. when channel selection is not determined under control of the network), is demonstrated through the manufacturer's statement(s).

**TRANSMIT POWER CONTROL (TPC)**

Compliance with the transmit power control requirements for devices is demonstrated through measurements showing multiple power levels and manufacturer statements explaining how the power control is implemented.

## **SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**

### **DETECTION PROBABILITY / SUCCESS RATE**

The detection probability, or success rate, for any one radar waveform equals the number of successful trials divided by the total number of trials for that waveform.

In the case of the FCC requirements, for radar waveform types 1 through 4 an additional calculation is made to determine the average detection probability over all four radar waveform types. This calculation is the arithmetic mean of the four individual probabilities.

### **THRESHOLD LEVEL**

The threshold level is the level of the simulated radar waveform at the EUT's antenna. If the test is performed in a conducted fashion then the level at the rf input equals the level at the antenna plus the gain of the antenna assembly, in dBi. The gain of the antenna assembly equals the gain of the antenna minus the loss of the cabling between the rf input and the antenna. The lowest gain value for all antenna assemblies intended for use with the device is used when making this calculation.

If the test is performed using the radiated method then the threshold level is the level at the antenna.

**Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data**

<b><u>Manufacturer</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>	<b><u>Model #</u></b>	<b><u>Asset #</u></b>	<b><u>Cal Due</u></b>
Hewlett Packard	Spectrum Analyzer	8595EM	787	21-Feb-08
Tektronix	Digital Oscilloscope	TDS 5104	1435	26-Apr-08
Agilent Technologies	PSG Vector Signal Generator	E8267C	1877	23-Jan-08
EMCO	1-18GHz Horn Antenna	3115	868	24-Apr-08
ETS Lindgren	1-18GHz Horn Antenna	3117	1662	21-Mar-08



**Appendix B Test Data Tables and Plots for Channel Closing****FCC PART 15 SUBPART E DATA**

<b>Table 2 FCC Part 15 Subpart E Channel Closing Test Results, Legacy (a) 20MHz BW</b>					
Waveform Type	Channel Closing Transmission Time <sup>1</sup>		Channel Move Time		Result
	Measured	Limit	Measured	Limit	
Radar Type 1	39.6 ms	60 ms	4.273 s	10 s	Complies
Radar Type 5	0.0 ms	60 ms	0.0 ms	10 s	Complies

<b>Table 3 FCC Part 15 Subpart E Channel Closing Test Results, (n) 40MHz BW</b>					
Waveform Type	Channel Closing Transmission Time <sup>2</sup>		Channel Move Time		Result
	Measured	Limit	Measured	Limit	
Radar Type 1	1.64 ms	60 ms	3.552 s	10 s	Complies
Radar Type 5	0.0 ms	60 ms	0.0 ms	10 s	Complies

After the final channel closing test the channel was monitored for a further 30 minutes. No transmissions occurred on the channel.

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<sup>1</sup> Channel closing time for FCC measurements is the aggregate transmission time starting from 200ms after the end of the radar signal to the completion of the channel move.

<sup>2</sup> Channel closing time is the aggregate transmission time starting from the end of the radar signal to the completion of the channel move.

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing

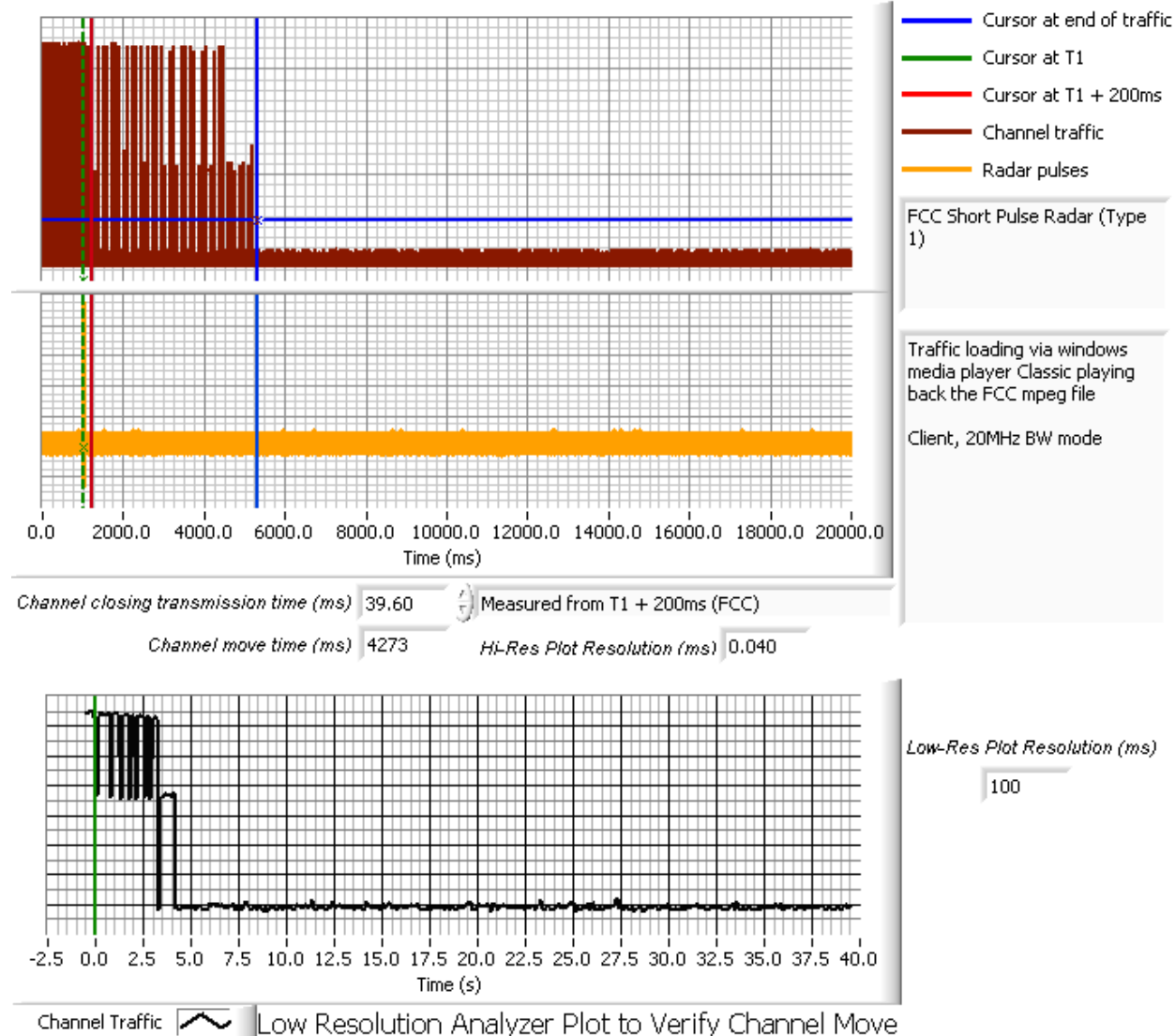
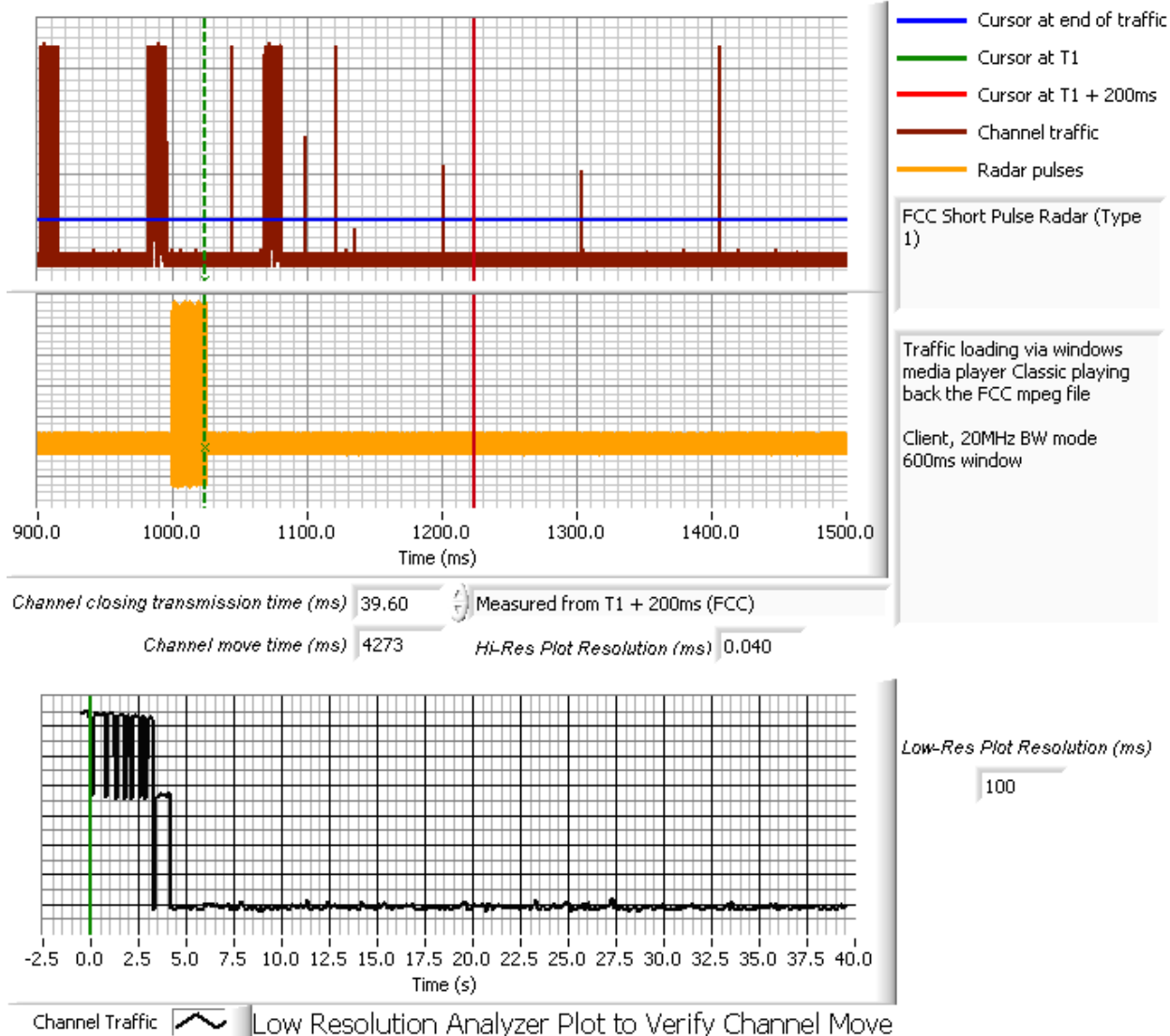


Figure 2 Channel Closing Time and Channel Move Time – 40 second plot, 20MHz BW (a)

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing



**Figure 3 Channel Closing Time (Close-Up Showing Radar Burst and Subsequent Transmissions) , 20MHz BW (a)**

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing

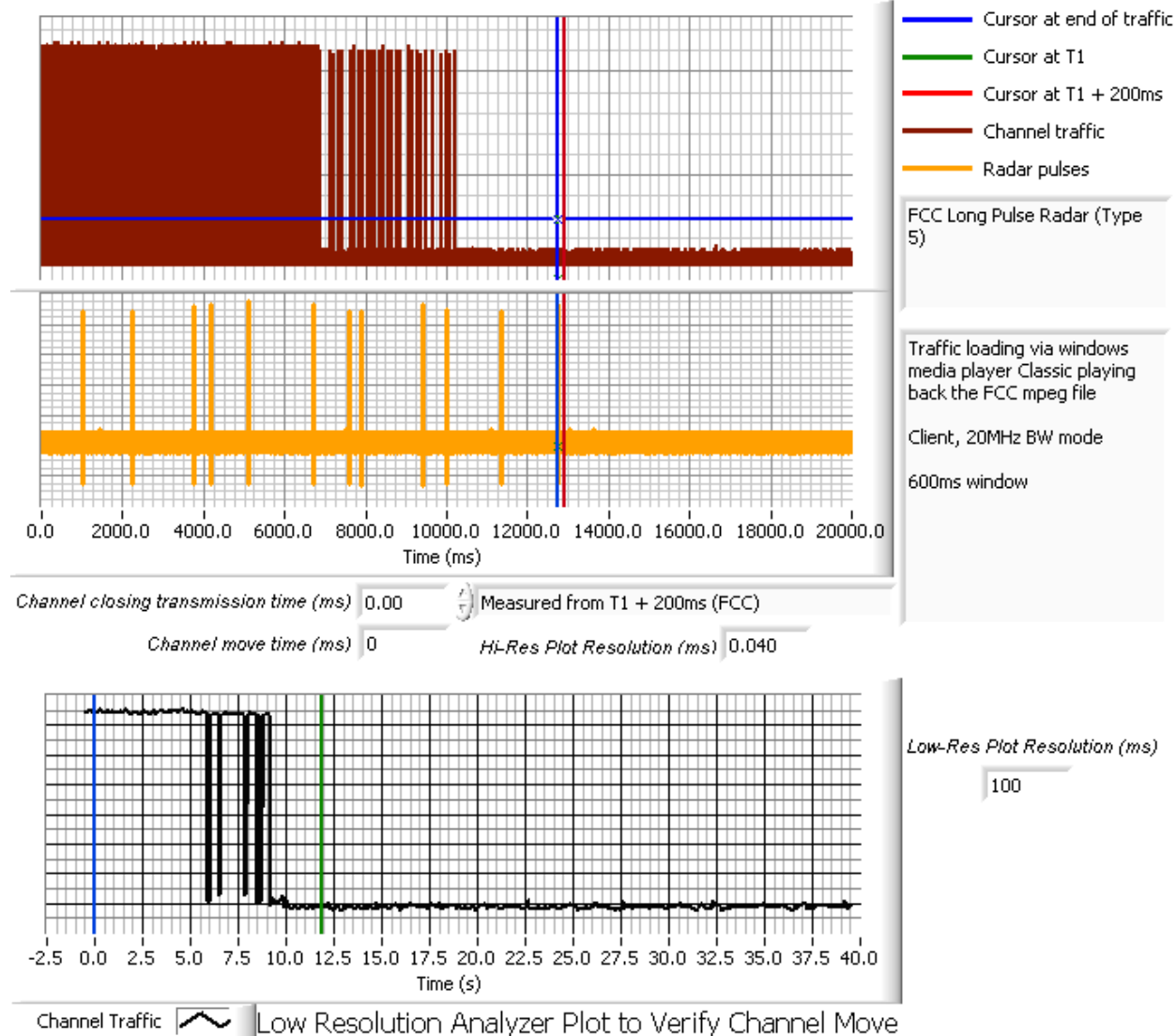
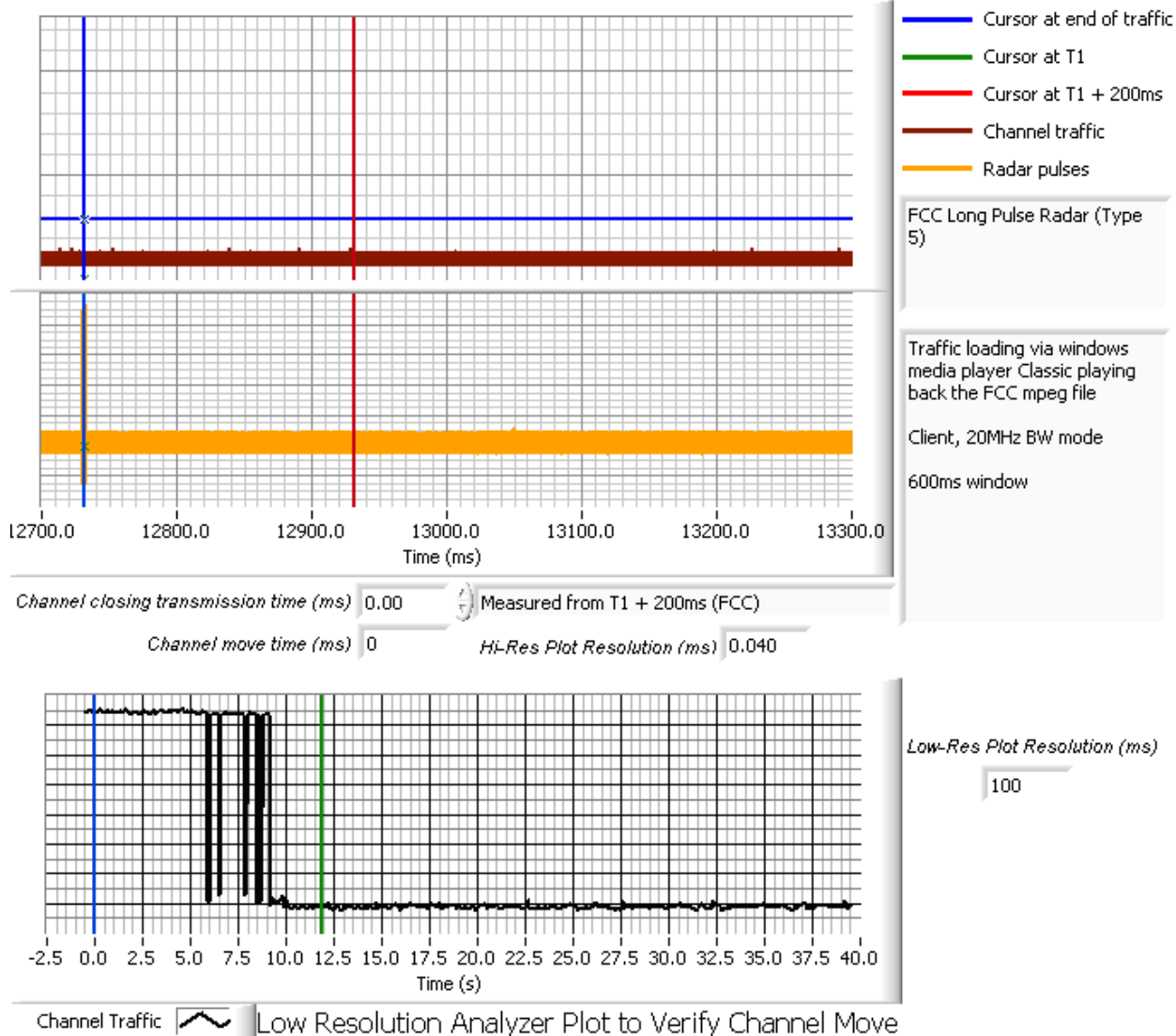


Figure 4 Channel Closing Time and Channel Move Time, Long Pulse – 40 second plot, 20MHz BW (a)

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing



**Figure 5 Channel Closing Time, Long Pulse (Close-Up Showing Radar Burst and Subsequent Transmissions), 20MHz BW (a)**

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing

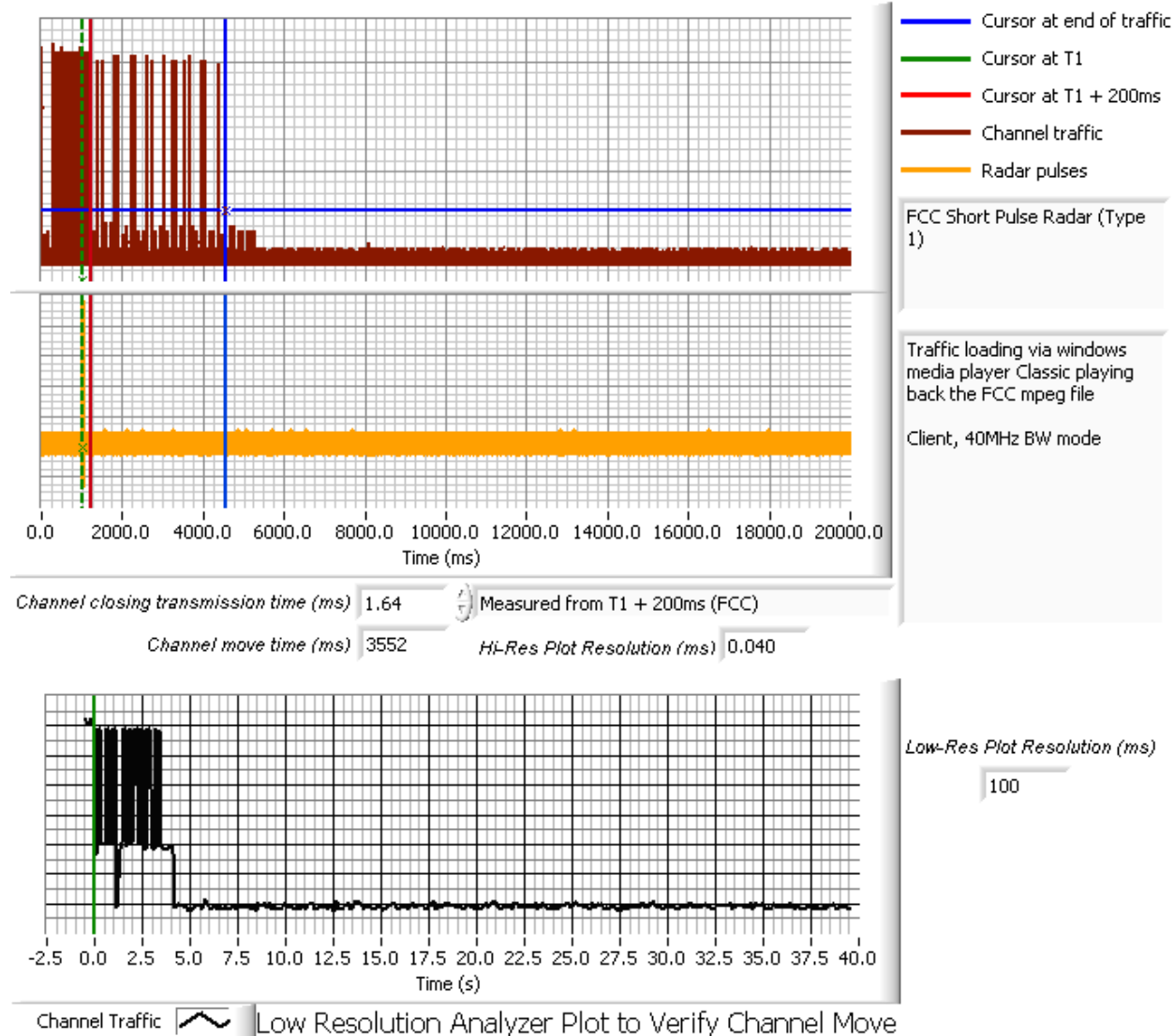
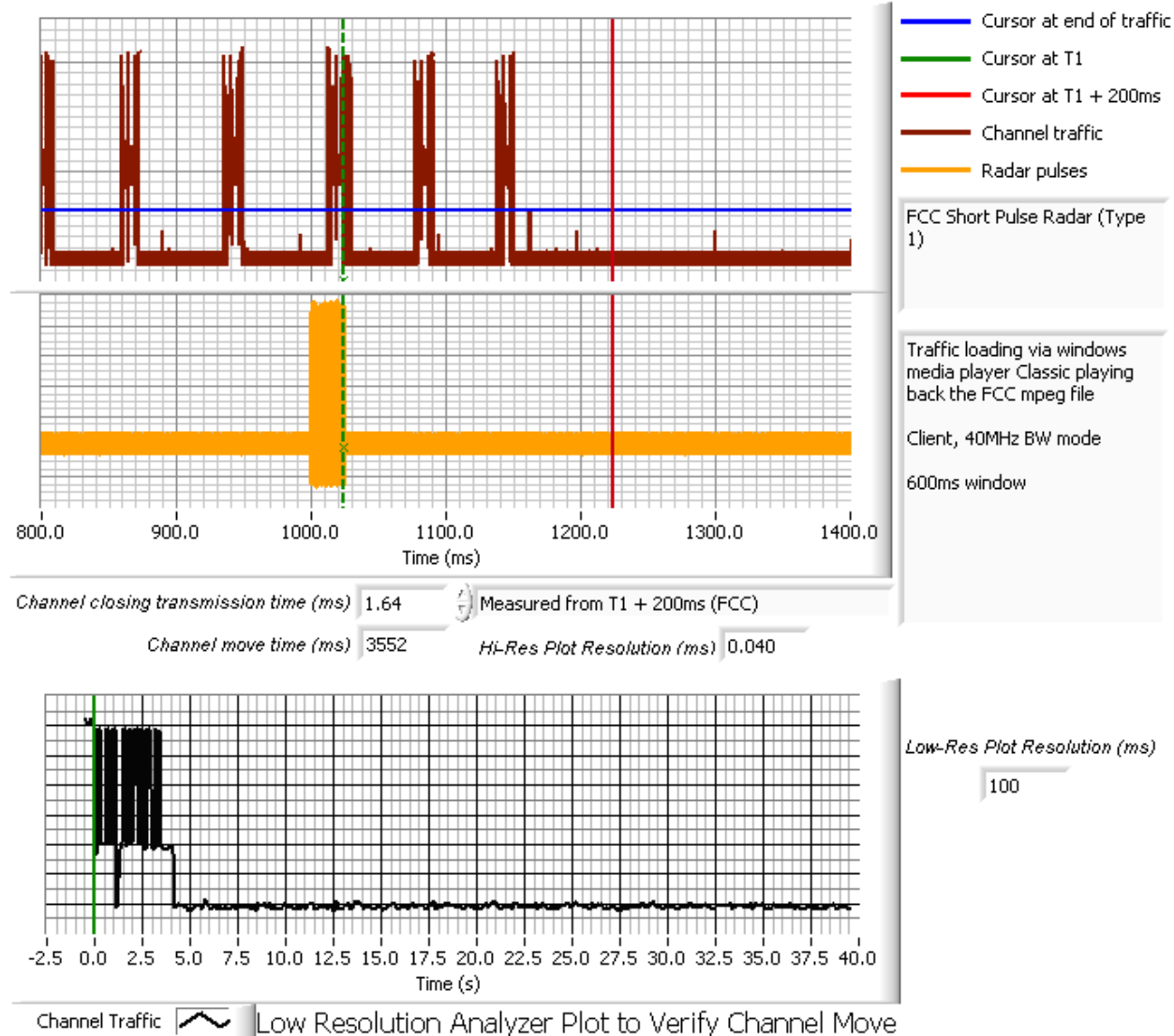


Figure 6 Channel Closing Time, 40MHz BW (n)

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing



**Figure 7 Channel Closing Time (Close-Up Showing Radar Burst and Subsequent Transmissions), 40MHz BW (n)**

## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing

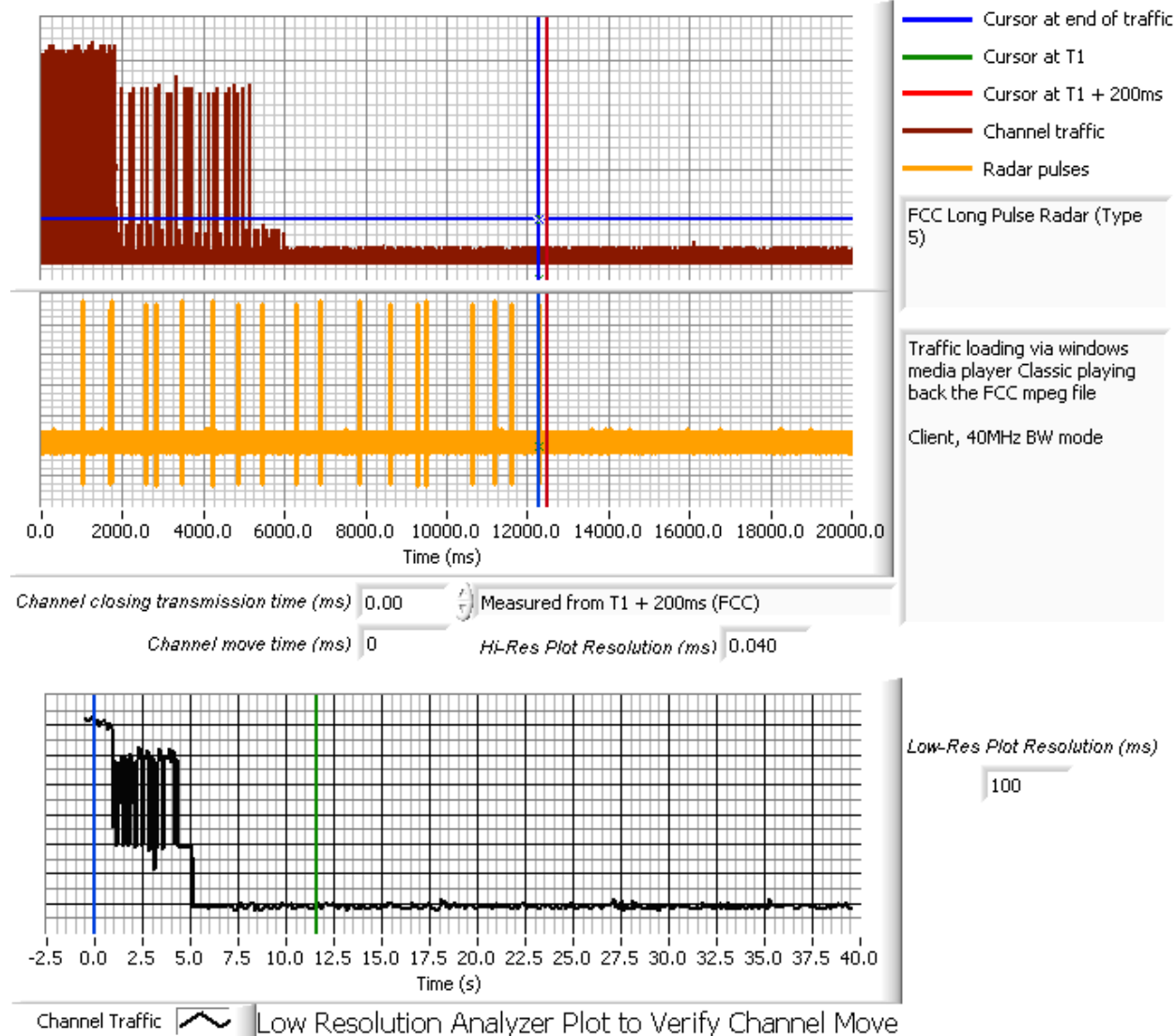
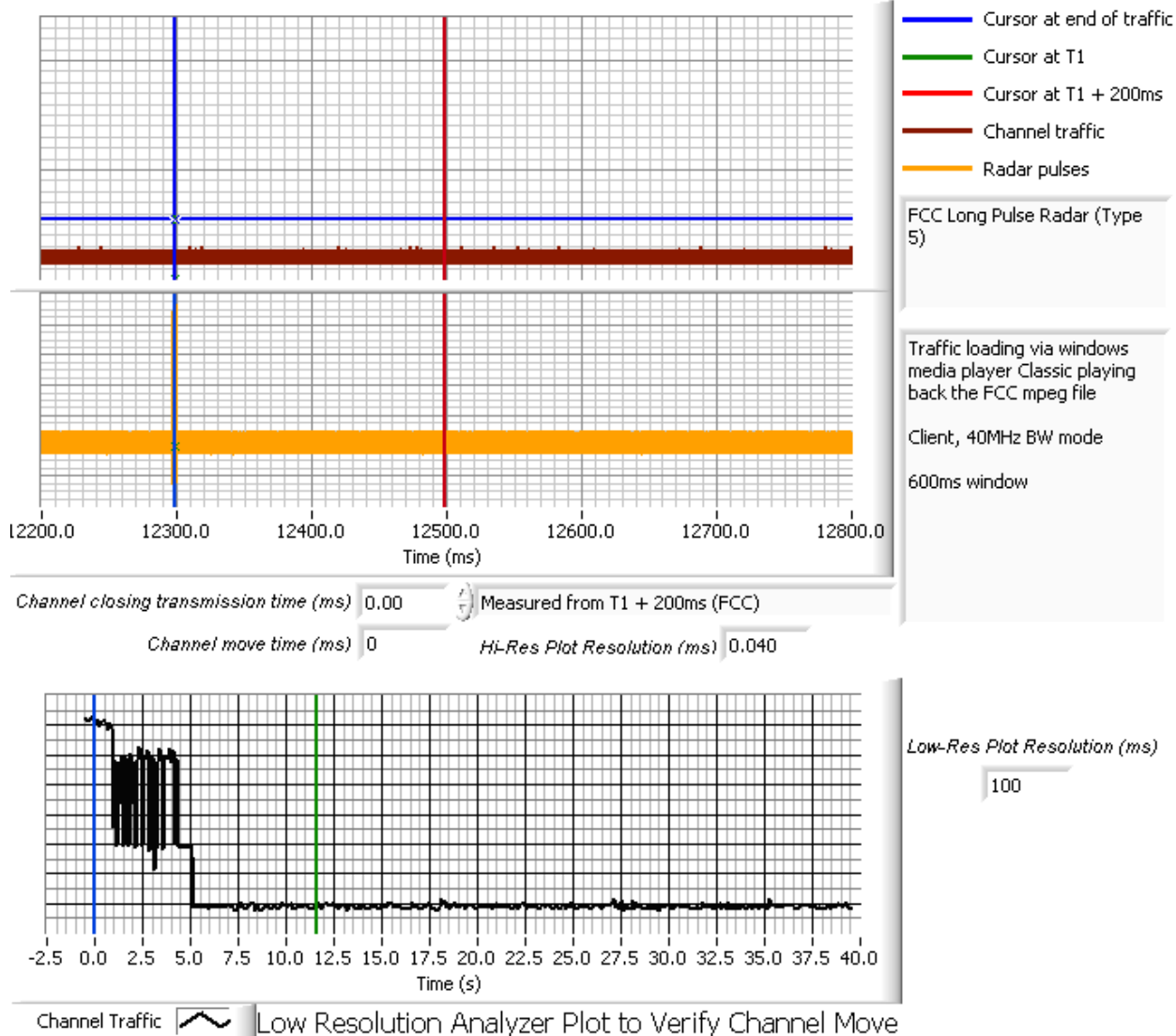


Figure 8 Channel Closing Time, Long Pulse, 40MHz BW (n)



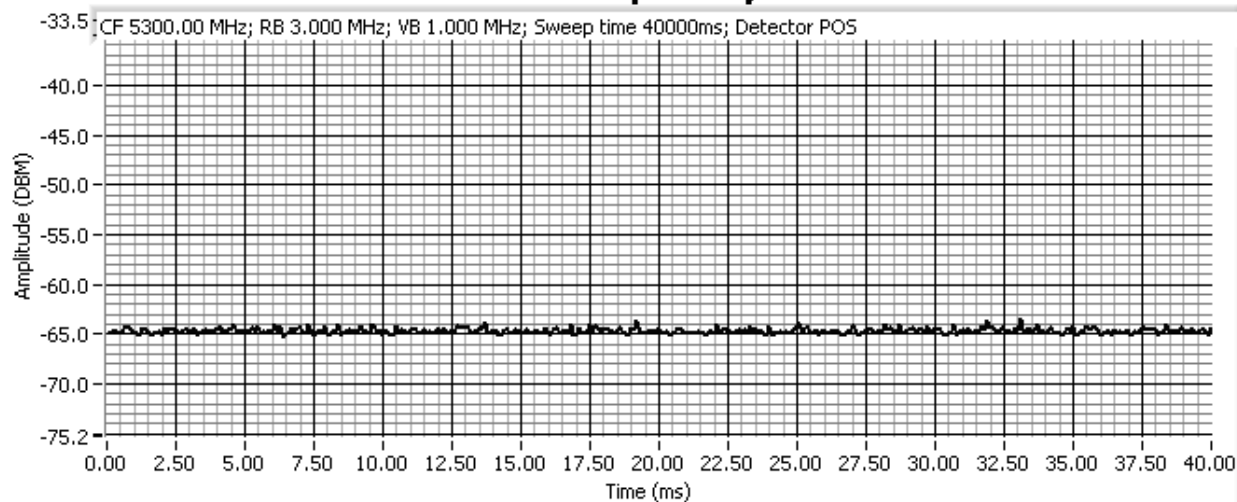
## Elliott Timing Plots - Channel Closing



**Figure 9 Channel Closing Time (Close-Up Showing Radar Burst and Subsequent Transmissions), Long Pulse, 40MHz BW (n)**



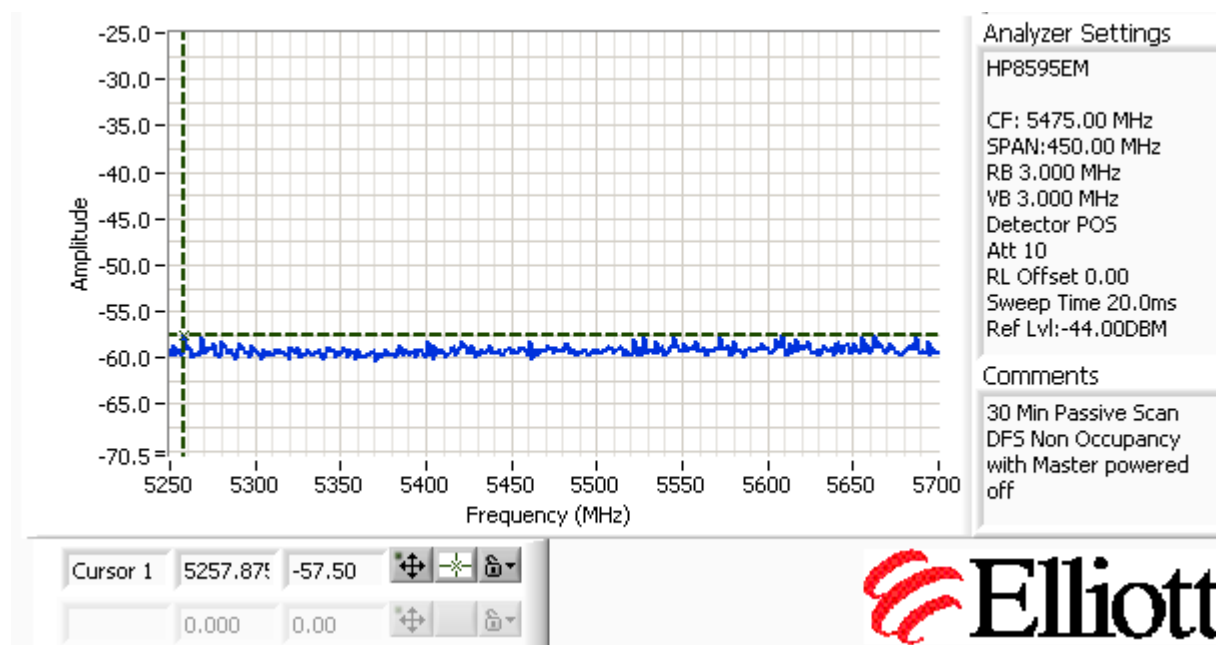
## Non-Occupancy Plot



Analyzer in max hold, continuous sweep for 30-minutes (or greater).  
Sweeps were started immediately after the acquisition of the channel move timing data to show that there was no traffic on the vacated channel for the non-occupancy period.

**Figure 10 Radar Channel Non-Occupancy Plot**

Plot made over a 30-minute time period following the channel move time with the analyzer in max hold, tuned to the vacated channel. No transmissions were observed.



**Figure 11 Confirmation of Passive Scanning For Client Devices (Non-associated Test)**

Plot made over a 30-minute time period with the analyzer in max hold, tuned across all DFS bands to confirm that there were no transmissions from the Client device with the Master device powered off. No transmissions were observed.

### **Appendix C Antenna Specification Sheet**

The EUT antenna is a stamped metal sheet antenna with peak gains of 3.9dBi in the 2.4GHz band and 5.8dBi in the 5GHz band. The antenna connects to the EUT via a non-standard I-PEX antenna connector, thereby meeting the requirements of FCC 15.203.

## Appendix D Test Configuration Photographs





