



EMC Measurement/Technical Report

on

Mobile Phone

Mozart



TTI-P-G 178/99

Report Reference: 4_CHI_0202_GSM_FCCa

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Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

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Table of Contents

0. Summary	3
0.1 Technical Report Summary	3
0.2 Measurement Summary	4
1. Administrative Data	5
1.1 Testing Laboratory	5
1.2 Project Data	5
1.3 Applicant Data	5
1.4 Manufacturer Data	5
2. Testobject Data	6
2.1 General EUT Description	6
2.2 EUT Main Components	7
2.3 Ancillary Equipment	7
2.4 EUT Setups	7
2.5 Operating Modes	7
3. Measurement Results	8
3.1 RF Power Output	8
3.2 Frequency Stability	12
3.3 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	15
3.4 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	18
3.5 Occupied Bandwidth	21
4. Testequipment	24
5. Foto Report	27
6. Setup Drawings	28
Annex	
Measurement plots	



0 Summary

0.1 Technical Report Summary

Type of Authorization

Certification for a broadband PCS device

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 0 to 19 and Parts 20 to 69 (10-1-98 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2

Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

§ 2.1046 Measurement required: RF power output

§ 2.1047 Measurement required: Modulation characteristics

§ 2.1049 Measurement required: Occupied bandwidth

§ 2.1051 Measurement required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

§ 2.1053 Measurement required: Field strength of spurious emission

§ 2.1055 Measurement required: Frequency stability

§ 2.1057 Frequency spectrum to be investigated

Part 24

Subpart E - Broadband PCS

§ 24.232 Power and antenna height limits

§ 24.235 Frequency stability

§ 24.238 Emission limits

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all applied FCC rules.



0.2 Measurement Summary

RF Power Output

The measurement was performed according to		FCC §2.1046	10-01-1998
OP-Mode	Setup	Port	Final Result
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed
op-mode 2	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed

Frequency stability

The measurement was performed according to		FCC §2.1055	10-01-1998
OP-Mode	Setup	Port	Final Result
op-mode 4	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed

Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

The measurement was performed according to		FCC §2.1051	10-01-1998
OP-Mode	Setup	Port	Final Result
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed

Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to		FCC §2.1053	10-01-1998
OP-Mode	Setup	Port	Final Result
op-mode 1	setup 1	Enclosure	passed
op-mode 3	setup 1	Enclosure	passed

Occupied Bandwidth

The measurement was performed according to		FCC §2.1049	10-01-1998
OP-Mode	Setup	Port	Final Result
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed
op-mode 2	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temp. antenna con.	passed

Responsible for
Accreditation Scope: _____

Responsible
for Test Report: _____



1. Administrative Data

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Company Name: 7 Layers AG
Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC and accepted in a letter dated February 07, 2000 under the registration number 96716 .

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

- Deutscher Akkreditierungs Rat DAR-Registration no. TTI-P-G 178/99

Responsible for Accreditation Scope: Dipl.-Ing Bernhard Retka
Dipl.-Ing Arndt Stöcker

1.2 Project Data

Responsible for testing and report Dipl.-Ing. Robert Machulec
Receipt of EUT: 29.08.2002
Date of Test(s): 23.07;30.07;31.07;01.08;05.08 2002
Date of Report: 07.08.2002

1.3 Applicant Data

Company Name: Chi Mei Communication Systems
Address: 11F, No. 39, Chung Hua Road Se

Taipei 100
Taiwan

Contact Person: -

1.4 Manufacturer Data

Company Name: please see Applicant data
Address:

Contact Person:



2. Testobject Data

2.1 General EUT Description

Equipment under Test:	Mobile Phone
Type Designation:	Mozart
Kind of Device: (optional)	GSM 900/1800 / PCS 1900
Voltage Type:	DC
Voltage level:	3,6 V

General product description:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a GSM 900/1800 / PCS 1900 mobile phone. In the PCS1900 mode the mobile phone operates in blocks A through F from 1850,2 MHz (lowest channel = 512) to 1909,8 MHz (highest channel = 810).

The EUT provides the following ports:

Ports

headset connector
bottom connector
Temporary antenna connector
Enclosure

The main components of EUT are listed and described in Chapter 2.2



2.2 EUT Main components:

Type, S/N, Short Descriptions etc. used in this Test Report

Short Description	Equipment under Test	Type Designation	Serial No.	HW Status	SW Status	Date of Receipt
EUT A	Mobile Phone	Mozart	-	V 0.8	V 0.30	29.07.2002
EUT B	Mobile Phone	Mozart	-	V 0.8	V 0.30	29.07.2002

Sample with temporary antenna connector

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report

2.3 Ancillary Equipment

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But never the less Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Short Description	Equipment under Test	Type Designation	HW Status	SW Status	Serial No.	FCC Id
-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2.4 EUT Setups

This chapter describes the combination of EUT's and ancillary equipment used for testing.

Setup No.	Combination of EUTs	Description
setup 1	EUT A	used for radiated measurements
setup 2	EUT B	used for conducted measurements

2.5 Operating Modes

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUT's used for testing.

Op. Mode	Description of Operating Modes	Remarks
op-mode 1	Call established on Traffic Channel (TCH) 512, Carrier Frequency 1850,2 MHz	512 is the lowest channel
op-mode 2	Call established on Traffic Channel (TCH) 649, Carrier Frequency 1877,6 MHz	649 is a mid channel of the full PCS band (blocks A to F)
op-mode 3	Call established on Traffic Channel (TCH) 810, Carrier Frequency 1909,8 MHz	810 is the highest channel
op-mode 4	Call established on Traffic Channel (TCH) 611, Carrier Frequency 1870 MHz	1870 MHz = lowest frequency of block B (see FCC §24.229)



3. Measurement Results

3.1 RF Power Output

Standard FCC Part 24, 10-01-98
Subpart E

The test was performed according to: FCC §2.1046 10-01-1998

3.1.1 Test Description

1) The mobile station was coupled to the R&S ESI Spectrum Analyser and the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester through a Power Divider and an Attenuator (20 dB) at the Spectrum Analyser input. Refer to chapter "Setup Drawings".

2) The total insertion losses for RF Path 1 and RF Path 2 were measured. The values were used to correct the readings from the R&S ESI Spectrum Analyser and the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester.

3) A speech call was established on a Traffic Channel (TCH) between the mobile station and the base station simulator (R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester).

Important Settings:

- Discontinuous Transmission: OFF
- Modulation Signal: PSR16-1 (Pseudo Random Sequenz)
- Output Power: Varied during measurements
- Channel (Frequency): Varied during measurements

4) The transmitted power of the mobile station was recorded for all possible power control level by using an internal measurement function of the CMD55.

5) During this test the Spectrum Analyser was only used to check if the results are comprehensible.

3.1.2 Test Requirements / Limits

§2.1046 Measurements Required: RF Power Output

(a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

§24.232 Power and antenna height limits

(b) Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p peak power and the equipment must employ means to limit the power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(c) Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent

voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, etc., so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

3.1.3 Test Protocol

Temperature: 29 °C

Air Pressure: 1025 hPa

Humidity: 45 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector

3.1.1 Power Control Level	Output power Nominal (dBm)	Output power Measured (dBm)	Difference dB
0	30	30,2	0,20
1	28	28,9	0,90
2	26	26,3	0,30
3	24	24,3	0,30
4	22	22,4	0,40
5	20	20,8	0,80
6	18	18,9	0,90
7	16	17,2	1,20
8	14	15,4	1,40
9	12	15,2	3,20
10	10	13,6	3,60
11	8	12,3	4,30
12	6	10,9	4,90
13	4	9,5	5,50
14	2	8,6	6,60
15	0	7,5	7,50

Remark: none



Temperature: 29 °C
Air Pressure: 1025 hPa
Humidity: 45 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port	
op-mode 2	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	
3.1.1 Power Control Level			
0	30	30,4	0,40
1	28	29,1	1,10
2	26	26,7	0,70
3	24	24,7	0,70
4	22	22,8	0,80
5	20	21,2	1,20
6	18	19,3	1,30
7	16	17,5	1,50
8	14	15,8	1,80
9	12	14	2,00
10	10	13,5	3,50
11	8	12,2	4,20
12	6	10,9	4,90
13	4	9,4	5,40
14	2	8,5	6,50
15	0	7,3	7,30

Remark: none



Temperature: 21 °C
Air Pressure: 1007 hPa
Humidity: 31 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port	
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	
3.2.1 Power Control Level			
0	30	30,5	0,50
1	28	29,3	1,30
2	26	27	1,00
3	24	25,1	1,10
4	22	23,2	1,20
5	20	21,6	1,60
6	18	19,8	1,80
7	16	18	2,00
8	14	16,2	2,20
9	12	14,8	2,80
10	10	13,9	3,90
11	8	12,8	4,80
12	6	11,5	5,50
13	4	10	6,00
14	2	9,1	7,10
15	0	8	8,00

Remark: none

3.1.4 Test result: RF Power Output

FCC Part 24, Subpart E	Op. Mode	Setup	Port	Result
	op-mode 1	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	passed
	op-mode 2	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	passed
	op-mode 3	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	passed



3. 2 Frequency stability

Standard FCC Part 24, 10-01-98
Subpart E

The test was performed according to: FCC §2.1055 10-01-1998

3.2.1 Test Description

- 1) The PCS1900 mobile station was placed inside the climatic chamber.
- 2) The mobile station was coupled to the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester.
Refer to chapter "Setup Drawings".
- 3) The climatic chamber was cycled down/up to a certain temperature, starting with -30°C .
- 4) After the temperature was stabilized (at least one hour) the mobile station was switched on and a speech call was established on a Traffic Channel (TCH) between the mobile station and the base station simulator (R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester).

Important Settings:

- Discontinuous Transmission: OFF
- Modulation Signal: PSR16-1 (Pseudo Random Sequenz)
- Output Power: Maximum
- Channel : 661 [1870 MHz = lowest frequency of block B (see FCC §24.229)]

- 5) The frequency error of the mobile station were recorded by using an internal measurement function of the CMD55 immediately after the call was established, five minutes after the call was established and ten minutes after the call was established.
- 6) This measurement procedure was performed for all combinations of voltage (low, nominal, high) and temperature (from -30°C to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ in increments of 10°C).

3.2.2 Test Requirements / Limits

§2.1055 Measurements required: Frequency stability

- (a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:
 - (1) From -30° to $+50^{\circ}$ centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.
 - (b) Frequency measurements shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter



containing the frequency determining and stabilizing circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.

- (d) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
 - (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
 - (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
 - (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.

§24.235 Frequency stability

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

3.2.3 **Test Protocol**

Temperature: 27 °C
 Air Pressure: 1037 hPa
 Humidity: 52 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port
op-mode 4	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector

3.3.1		Minimum Voltage / V		Normal Voltage / V		Maximum Voltage / V	
		3,3 V		3,6 V		4,1 V	
Temperature °C	Duration min	Freq. error Average (Hz)	Freq. error Max. (Hz)	Freq. error Average (Hz)	Freq. error Max. (Hz)	Freq. error Average (Hz)	Freq. error Max. (Hz)
-30	0	0	18	0	-20	-4	-20
-30	5	4	18	0	-19	-8	-26
-30	10	0	14	-1	16	-6	-20
-20	0	8	28	9	23	4	20
-20	5	6	22	8	28	7	21
-20	10	9	24	8	25	8	29
-10	0	3	18	0	-21	-4	-17
-10	5	1	-16	0	16	0	-18
-10	10	0	20	0	-14	-3	-17
0	0	5	24	2	17	1	21
0	5	3	18	2	20	0	-18
0	10	5	21	0	-25	-2	19
10	0	2	16	0	16	0	-14
10	5	3	22	-1	-19	0	-19
10	10	1	17	0	-11	0	20
20	0	3	15	1	16	-2	-17
20	5	7	28	1	-15	0	20
20	10	8	21	4	19	0	15
30	0	8	22	6	21	3	17
30	5	9	26	5	19	5	23
30	10	7	23	5	17	5	20
40	0	9	24	6	16	4	24
40	5	10	26	5	19	4	19
40	10	10	28	5	28	6	26
50	0	12	25	5	24	4	23
50	5	11	25	9	24	6	26
50	10	9	20	7	23	7	23

Remark: none

3.2.4 Test result: Frequency stability

FCC Part 24, Subpart E	Op. Mode	Setup	Port	Result
	op-mode 4	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	passed

3. 3 Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Standard FCC Part 24, 10-01-98
Subpart E

The test was performed according to: FCC §2.1051 10-01-1998

3.3.1 Test Description

1) The mobile station was coupled to the R&S ESI Spectrum Analyser and the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester through a Power Divider and an Attenuator (20 dB) at the Spectrum Analyser input. Refer to chapter "Setup Drawings".

2) The total insertion losses for RF Path 1 and RF Path 2 were measured. The values were used to correct the readings from the R&S ESI Spectrum Analyser and the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester.

3) A speech call was established on a Traffic Channel (TCH) between the mobile station and the base station simulator (R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester).

Important Settings:

- Discontinuous Transmission: OFF
- Modulation Signal: PSR16-1 (Pseudo Random Sequenz)
- Output Power: Maximum
- Channel : Varied during measurements
(lowest channel: 512 and highest channel: 810)

4) Important Analyser Settings

- [Resolution Bandwidth / Video Bandwidth]:
 - a) [3 kHz / 10 kHz] in the Span of 1 MHz directly below and above the PCS-Band,
 - b) [10 kHz / 30 kHz] in case the curve of the analyser IF-Filter leads to an exceeding of the limit, in this case a worst case correction factor of 20 dB (1 MHz -> 10 kHz) was used
 - c) [1 MHz / 3 MHz] otherwise
- Sweep Time: Calculated by using a formula given in the Product Standard "PCS 11.10-1 edition 4" for spurious emissions measurements (depending on the transmitting signal, the span and the resolution bandwidth)

5) The spurious emissions (peak) were measured in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 20 GHz (up to the 10th harmonic) during the call is established on the lowest channel (512) and on the highest channel (810).

3.3.2 Test Requirements / Limits

§ 2.1051 Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in Sec. 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.



§ 2.1057 Frequency spectrum to be investigated.

(a) In all of the measurements set forth in Secs. 2.1051 and 2.1053, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown below:

(1) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

(b) Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and subharmonics of the carrier frequency as well as to those frequencies removed from the carrier by multiples of the oscillator frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should also be checked.

(c) The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

(d) Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 40 GHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

§ 24.238 Emission Limits

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.
Remark of the test laboratory: This is calculated to be -13 dBm.

(b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

(d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

(e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

3.3.3 Test Protocol



Temperature: 31 °C
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa
Humidity: 37 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port	
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	
<hr/>			
Frequency MHz	Bandwidth kHz	Measured Level dBm	Limit dBm
3670,00	1000,00	-32,92	-13,00
5543,00	1000,00	-34,51	-13,00
7380,00	1000,00	-35,38	-13,00

Remark: none

Temperature: 31 °C
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa
Humidity: 37 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port	
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	
<hr/>			
Frequency MHz	Bandwidth kHz	Measured Level dBm	Limit dBm
3809,00	1000,00	-31,14	-13,00
5716,00	1000,00	-31,98	-13,00
7623,00	1000,00	-29,06	-13,00

Remark: none

3.3.4 Test result: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

FCC Part 24, Subpart E	Op. Mode	Setup	Port	Result
	op-mode 1	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	passed
	op-mode 3	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector	passed

3. 4 Field strength of spurious radiation

Standard FCC Part 24, 10-01-98
Subpart E

The test was performed according to: FCC §2.1053 10-01-1998

3.4.1 Test Description

1) The mobile station was placed inside a anechoic chamber. Refer to chapter "Setup Drawings". The mobile station was coupled to the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester which was located outside the chamber via coaxial cable.

2) A speech call was established on a Traffic Channel (TCH) between the mobile station and the base station simulator (R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester).

Important Settings:

- Discontinuous Transmission: OFF
- Modulation Signal: PSR16-1 (Pseudo Random Sequenz)
- Output Power: Maximum
- Channel : Varied during measurements
(lowest channel: 512 and highest channel: 810)

3) A pre-calibration procedure is used so that the readings from the spectrum analyser are corrected and represent directly the equivalent radiated power (related to a lamda/2 dipole).

4) All spurious radiation meausements were made with spectrum analyser and the appropriate calibrated antennas for the frequency range of 30 MHz to 20 GHz (up to the 10th harmonic of the transmit frequency).

5) Important Analyser Settings

- [Resolution Bandwidth / Video Bandwidth]:
 - a) [3 kHz / 10 kHz] in the Span of 1 MHz directly below and above the PCS-Band,
 - b) [10 kHz / 30 kHz] in case the curve of the analyser IF-Filter leads to an exceeding of the limit, in this case a worst case correction factor of 20 dB (1 MHz -> 10 kHz) was used
 - c) [1 MHz / 3 MHz] otherwise
- Sweep Time: Calculated by using a formula given in the Product Standard "PCS 11.10-1 edition 4" for spurious emissions measurements (depending on the transmitting signal, the span and the resolution bandwidth)

6) The spurious emissions (peak) were measured in both vertical and horizontal antenna polarisation during the call is established on the lowest channel (512) and on the highest channel (810).

3.4.2 Test Requirements / Limits

§ 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

(a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the

magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of Sec. 2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required, with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from halfwave dipole antennas.

(b) The measurements specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be made for the following equipment:

(2) All equipment operating on frequencies higher than 25 MHz.

§ 2.1057 Frequency spectrum to be investigated.

(a) In all of the measurements set forth in Secs. 2.1051 and 2.1053, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown below:

(1) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

(b) Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and subharmonics of the carrier frequency as well as to those frequencies removed from the carrier by multiples of the oscillator frequency.

Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should also be checked.

(c) The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

(d) Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 40 GHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

§ 24.238 Emission limits

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

This is calculated to be -13 dBm (effective radiated power) which corresponds to 84.6 dB μ V/m (field strength) in a distance of 3 m.



3.4.3 Test Protocol



Temperature: 29 °C
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa
Humidity: 31 %

Op. Mode Setup Port

op-mode 1 setup 1 Enclosure

3.5.1 Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarisation vertical/vertical	Bandwidth kHz	Measured Level dBm	Limit dBm
1849,99	vertical	3,00	-19,10	-13,00
3681,16	horizontal	1000,00	-29,77	-13,00
5551,50	horizontal	1000,00	-33,82	-13,00
7391,18	vertical	1000,00	-38,82	-13,00
9261,52	vertical	1000,00	-32,99	-13,00
11101,20	vertical	1000,00	-36,41	-13,00
12971,54	horizontal	1000,00	-42,25	-13,00
14811,22	vertical	1000,00	-40,70	-13,00

Remark: none

Temperature: 29 °C
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa
Humidity: 31 %

Op. Mode Setup Port

op-mode 3 setup 1 Enclosure

3.5.1 Frequency MHz	Antenna Polarisation vertical/vertical	Bandwidth kHz	Measured Level dBm	Limit dBm
1910,00	horizontal	3,00	-17,07	-13,00
3803,81	horizontal	1000,00	-27,71	-13,00
5735,47	horizontal	1000,00	-39,40	-13,00
7636,47	vertical	1000,00	-27,99	-13,00
9537,47	vertical	1000,00	-32,81	-13,00
11469,14	vertical	1000,00	-39,07	-13,00
13370,14	vertical	1000,00	-41,23	-13,00
15301,80	horizontal	1000,00	-36,39	-13,00

Remark: none

3.4.4 Test result: Field strength of spurious radiation

FCC Part 24, Subpart E	Op. Mode	Setup	Port	Result
	op-mode 1	setup 1	Enclosure	passed
	op-mode 3	setup 1	Enclosure	passed

3. 5 Occupied Bandwidth

Standard FCC Part 24, 10-01-98
Subpart E

The test was performed according to: FCC §2.1049 10-01-1998

3.5.1 Test Description

1) The mobile station was coupled to the R&S ESI Spectrum Analyser and the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester through a Power Divider and an Attenuator (20 dB) at the Spectrum Analyser input. Refer to chapter "Setup Drawings".

2) The total insertion losses for RF Path 1 and RF Path 2 were measured. The values were used to correct the readings from the R&S ESI Spectrum Analyser and the R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester.

3) A speech call was established on a Traffic Channel (TCH) between the mobile station and the base station simulator (R&S CMD55 Digital Communication Tester).

Important Settings:

- Discontinuous Transmission: OFF
- Modulation Signal: PSR16-1 (Pseudo Random Sequenz)
- Output Power: Maximum
- Channel : Varied during measurements
(lowest channel: 512, mid channel: 649 and highest channel: 810)

4) Important Analyser Settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth: 3 kHz (1% of the manufacturers stated occupied bandwidth)
- Video Bandwidth: 10 kHz (three times the Resolution Bandwidth)
- Sweep Span: 1 MHz (at least 250% of the emission bandwidth)

5) The maximum spectral level of the modulated signal was recorded as the reference.

6) The two furthest frequencies above and below the frequency of the maximum reference level where the spectrum is –26 dB down have to be found.

3.5.2 Test Requirements / Limits

§ 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions (as applicable):

(h) Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques - when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the occupied bandwidth shall be shown for operation with any devices used



for modifying the spectrum when such devices are optional at the discretion of the user.

(i) Transmitters designed for other types of modulation -

3.5.3 Test Protocol

Temperature: 22 °C

Air Pressure: 1007 hPa

Humidity: 32 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector
3.5.1 Bandwidth kHz		Remarks
313		Please see annex I for the measurement plot.

Remark: none

Temperature: 22 °C

Air Pressure: 1007 hPa

Humidity: 32 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port
op-mode 2	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector
3.5.1 Bandwidth kHz		Remarks
311		Please see annex I for the measurement plot.

Remark: none

Temperature: 22 °C

Air Pressure: 1007 hPa

Humidity: 32 %

Op. Mode	Setup	Port
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector
3.5.1 Bandwidth kHz		Remarks
311		Please see annex I for the measurement plot.

Remark: none



3.5.4 Test result: Occupied Bandwidth

FCC Part 24, Subpart E		Op. Mode	Setup	Port	Result
op-mode 1	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector			passed
op-mode 2	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector			passed
op-mode 3	setup 2	Temporary antenna connector			passed

4. Test Equipment

Rohde & Schwarz TS8960

Bluetooth RF Conformance Test System

Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
10MHz Reference	MFS	5489/001	Efratom
Laserprinter	Laserjet 2100	FRFJ023447	HP
Monitor 19"	Flexscan T68	50565029 -ED	EIZO
Power Meter	NRVD	832025/059	Rohde & Schwarz
Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	832279/015	Rohde & Schwarz
Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	832279/013	Rohde & Schwarz
Power Supply	E3632A	MY40003776	Agilent
Power Supply	PS-2403D	-	Conrad
RF Step Attenuator	RSP	833695/001	Rohde & Schwarz
Rubidium Frequency Normal	MFS	002	Efratom
Signal Analyser	FSIQ26	832695/007	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Analyser	FSP30	100051	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	832870/017	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	834344/002	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	101175	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Generator	SMP 03	833680/003	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Switching and Conditioning Unit	SSCU	338826/005	Rohde & Schwarz
Signalling Unit	PTW60 for TS8960	838312/014	Rohde & Schwarz
System Controller	PSM12	829323/008	Rohde & Schwarz

EUT Digital Signalling System

Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
Digital Radio Communication Tester	CMD 55	831050/020	Rohde & Schwarz
Signalling Unit for Bluetooth Spurious Emissions	PTW60	100004	Rohde & Schwarz

EMI Test System

Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
Comparison Noise Emitter	CNE III	99/016	York
EMI Analyzer	ESI 26	830482/004	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Generator	SMR 20	846834/008	Rohde & Schwarz



EMI Radiated Auxiliary Equipment

Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
Antenna mast 4m	MA 240	240/492	HD GmbH H. Deisel
Biconical dipole	VUBA 9117	9117108	Schwarzbeck
Broadband Amplifier 45MHz-27GHz	JS4-00102600-42-5A	619368	Miteq
Cable "ESI to EMI Antenna"	RTK081+Aircell7	W18.01+W38.01a	Huber + Suhner
Cable "ESI to Horn Antenna"	RTK 081	W18.04+3599/001	Rosenberger
Double-ridged horn	HF 906	357357/001	Rohde & Schwarz
Double-ridged horn	HF 906	357357/002	Rohde & Schwarz
High Pass Filter	4HC1600/12750-1.5-KK	9942011	Trilithic
High Pass Filter	5HC3500/12750-1.2-KK	200035008	Trilithic
High Pass Filter	5HC2700/12750-1.5-KK	9942012	Trilithic
KUEP pre amplifier	Kuep 00304000	001	7layers
Log.-per. Antenna	HL 562 Ultralog	830547/003	Rohde & Schwarz
Loop Antenna	HFH2-Z2	829324/006	Rohde & Schwarz
Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26,5 GHz	Model 3160-09	9910-1184	EMCO

EMI Conducted Auxiliary Equipment

Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
Cable "LISN to ESI"	RG214	W18.03+W48.03	Huber + Suhner
Two-Line V-Network	ESH 3-Z5	829996/002	Rohde & Schwarz
Two-Line V-Network	ESH 3-Z5	828304/029	Rohde & Schwarz

Auxiliary Test Equipment

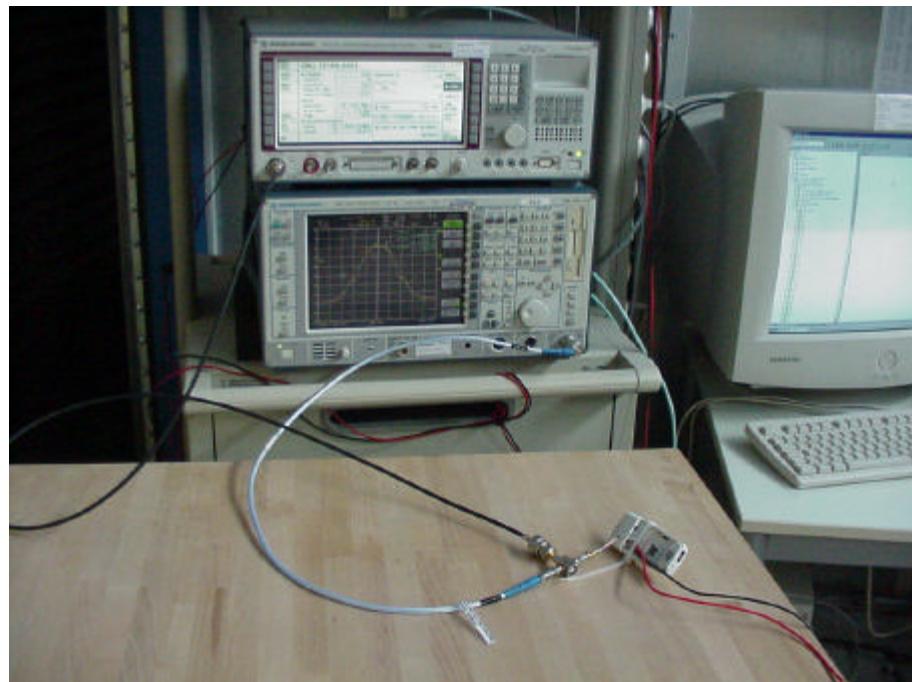
Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
Broadband Resist. Power Divider N	1506A / 93459	LM390	Weinschel
Broadband Resist. Power Divider SMA	1515 / 93459	LN673	Weinschel
Digital Multimeter 01	Voltcraft M-3860M	IJ096055	Conrad
Digital Multimeter 02	Voltcraft M-3860M	IJ095955	Conrad
Digital Oscilloscope	TDS 784C	B021311	Tektronix
Fibre optic link Satellite	FO RS232 Link	181-018	Pontis
Fibre optic link Transceiver	FO RS232 Link	182-018	Pontis
I/Q Modulation Generator	AMIQ-B1	832085/018	Rohde & Schwarz
Notch Filter ultra stable	WRCA800/960-6EEK	24	Wainwright
Signal Generator	SMIQ 03B	832492/061	Rohde & Schwarz
Temperature Chamber	KWP 120/70	59226012190010	Weiss
Temperature Chamber	VT 4002	58566002150010	Vötsch
ThermoHygro_01	430202		Fischer



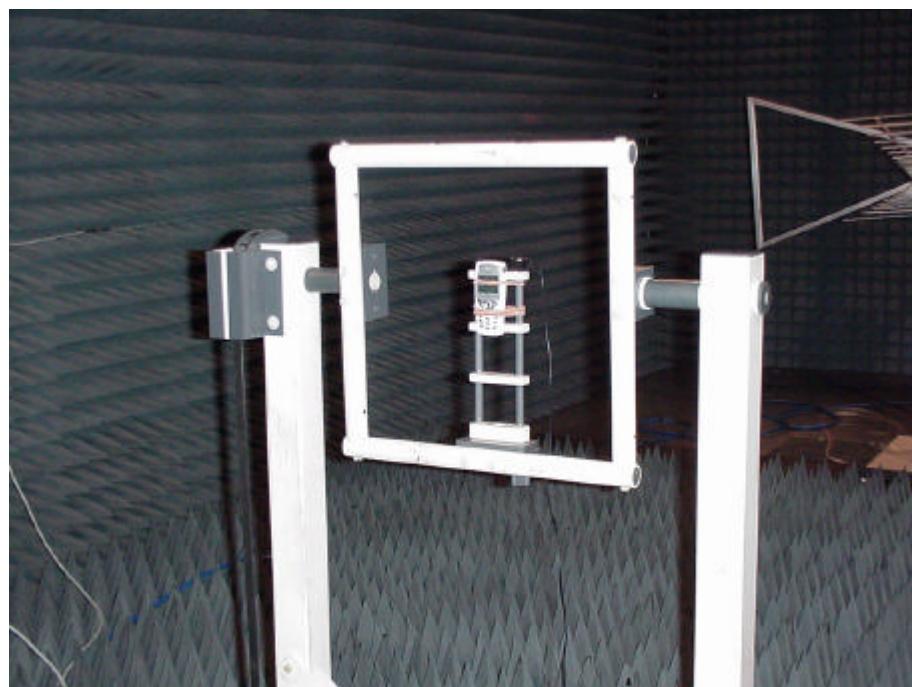
Anechoic Chamber

Equipment	Type	Serial No.	Manufacturer
Air Compressor (pneumatic)			Atlas Copco
Controller	HD 100	100/603	HD GmbH H. Deisel
EMC Camera	CE-CAM/1		CE-SYS
EMC Camera for observation of EUT	CCD-400E	0005033	Mitsubishi
Filter ISDN	B84312-C110-E1		Siemens&Matsushita
Filter telephone systems / modem	B84312-C40-B1		Siemens&Matsushita
Filter Universal 1A	B84312-C30-H3		Siemens&Matsushita
Fully/Semi AE Chamber	10.58x6.38x6		Frankonia
Turntable	DS 420S	420/573/99	HD GmbH, H. Deisel
Valve Control Unit (pneum.)	VE 615P	615/348/99	HD GmbH, H. Deisel

5. Foto Report

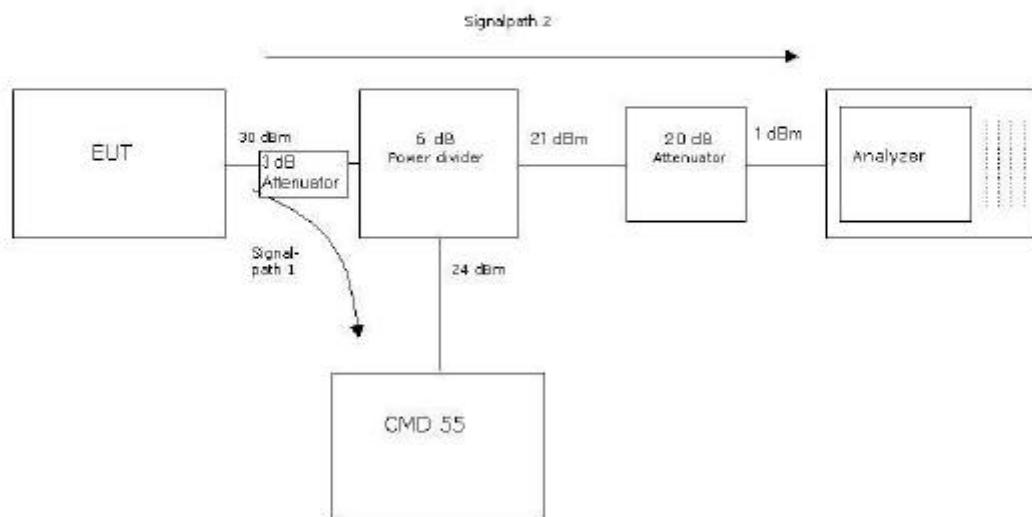


Picture 1 : Setup for conducted measurements

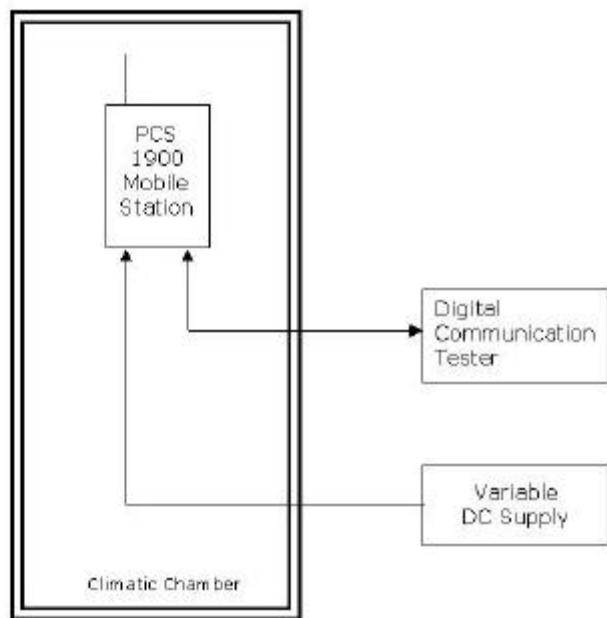


Picture 2 : Setup for radiated measurements

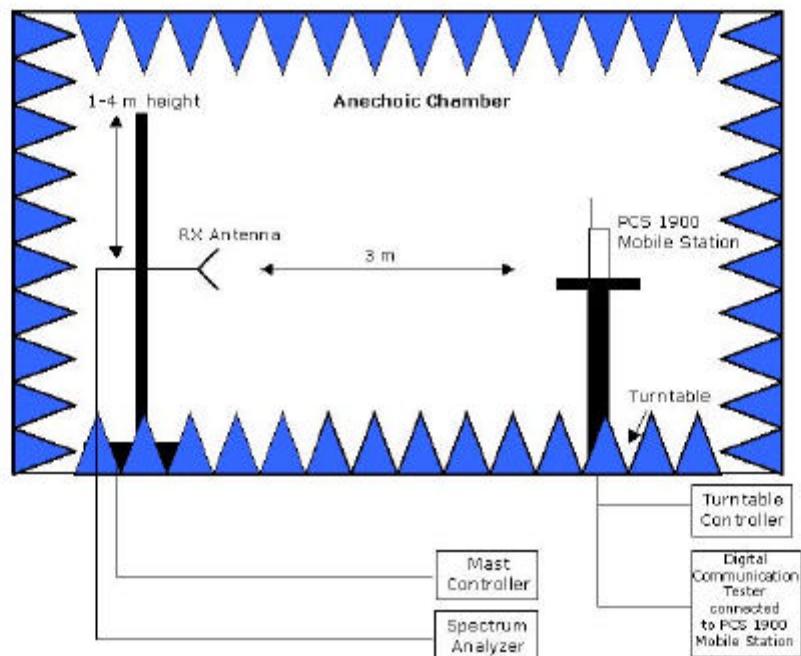
6. Setup Drawings



Drawing 1 : Setup for conducted measurements under nominal conditions



Drawing 2 : Setup for conducted measurements under extreme conditions



Remark: Depending on the frequency range suitable antenna types, attenuators or preamplifiers are used.

Drawing 3 : Setup for radiated measurements



Annex

Measurement plots