

TEST REPORT

Your Ref:

Date: 24 Nov 2003

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Page: 1 of 36

DID: +65-6885 1448

Fax: +65-6777 6409



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FORMAL REPORT ON TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH
FCC Part 15C : 2003
OF A
CLASS 1 BLUETOOTH CARRIER MODULE
[MODEL : iMBTC1P-RevA]
[FCC ID : Q9WIMBTC1PV10]

TEST FACILITY Telecoms & EMC, Testing Group, PSB Corporation Pte Ltd
1 Science Park Drive, Singapore 118221

FCC REG. NO. 90937 (3m & 10m OATS)
99142 (10m Anechoic Chamber)

871638 (5m Anechoic Chamber)

IND. CANADA REG. NO. IC 4257 (10m Anechoic Chamber)

PREPARED FOR Mr. Woody Chiang
Integrated Magnetics Inc
5270A Imperial St.
Burnaby, BC
V5J 1E4
Canada

Tel : 604 430 6460 Fax : 604 430 6475

JOB NUMBER 56S030987

TEST PERIOD 19 Nov 2003 – 3 Dec 2003

PREPARED BY
A handwritten signature in black ink.

Lim Cher Hwee
Engineer

APPROVED BY

A handwritten signature in black ink.

Deng JunHong
Assistance Vice President



LA-2001-0212-A The results reported herein have been
LA-2001-0213-F performed in accordance with the
LA-2001-0214-E laboratory's terms of accreditation under
LA-2001-0215-B the Singapore Accreditation Council -
LA-2001-0216-G Singapore Laboratory Accreditation
LA-2001-0217-G Scheme

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TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the customer's specifications.

Test Results Summary

Test Standard	Description	Pass / Fail
FCC Part 15C: 2003		
15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass
15.205	Radiated Emissions (Restricted Band Requirements)	Pass
15.209	Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions)	Pass
15.247 (a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Pass
	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.247 (a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Pass
	Average Frequency Dwell Time	Pass
15.247 (b)(1)	Maximum Peak Power	Pass
15.247 (c)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge Compliance at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal	Pass
15.247 (d)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
1.1310	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Pass

Notes

- Three channels as listed below, which respectively represent the lower, middle and upper channels of the equipment under test (EUT) were chosen and tested. For each channel, the EUT was configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode

<u>Transmit Channel</u>	<u>Frequency (GHz)</u>
Channel 0	2.402
Channel 39	2.441
Channel 78	2.480

- All the measurements in section 15.247 were done based on conducted measurements.
- The EUT is a Class B device when in non-transmitting state and meets the FCC Part15B Class B requirements.

Modifications

No modifications were done.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Description	: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a Class 1 Bluetooth Carrier Module .
Model Number	: IMBTC1P-RevA
FCC ID	: Q9WIMBTC1PV10
Serial Number	: Nil
Microprocessor	: CSR BC212015BD
Operating / Transmitting Frequency	: 2.402GHz to 2.480GHz 79 channels. Starting at 2.402MHz with subsequent channel at 1MHz interval from the preceding channel.
Clock / Oscillator Frequency	: 16MHz
Modulation	: Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK) with BT = 0.5
Pulse Train Cycle	: 1.25ms / 3.75ms / 6.25ms / Continuos signal (in testing)
Port / Connectors	: 1 x DC port 1 x RS232 port
Rated Input Power	: 5.0 VDC

SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Model, Serial & FCC ID Number	Cable Description (List Length, Type & Purpose)
HP OmniBook Notebook	M/N: XE3 S/N: TW04903634 FCC ID: DoC	1.8m unshielded AC/DC power adapter cable 1.5m standard serial cable
Newstar AC/DC Power Adapter (Power adapter for EUT)	M/N: CE-502RS S/N: Nil FCC ID: Nil	1.5m unshielded AC/DC power adapter cable

EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

The Class 1 Bluetooth Carrier Module was powered from 110V, 60Hz mains supply via an AC/DC power adapter.

Tests	Description Of Operation
1. Conducted Emissions 2. Radiated Emissions 3. Carrier Frequency Separation 4. Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) 5. Number Of Hopping Frequencies 6. Average Frequency Dwell Time 7. Maximum Peak Power 8. RF Conducted Spurious Emissions at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal 9. Band Edge Compliance at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal 10. Peak Power Spectral Density 11. Maximum Permissible Exposure	<p>The EUT was exercised by operating in the Bluetooth test mode with maximum transmitting power and following configuration during the tests:</p> <p><u>Carrier Frequency Separation, Number of Hopping Frequency, Average Frequency Dwell Time, Band Edge at the Transmitting Antenna and Maximum Permissible Exposure:</u></p> <p>Frequency hopping and modulation are on.</p> <p><u>Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions, Spectrum Bandwidth (6dB Bandwidth Measurement), Maximum Peak Power, RF Conducted Spurious Emissions at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal and Peak Power Spectral Density</u></p> <p>Frequency hopping is off and the modulation is on.</p> <p>Note: For all the tests mentioned above, the DH1 packet was used with the PRBS 9 as the payload.</p>

FCC Part 15B (15.207) Class B Conducted Emission Results

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dB μ V)	AV Margin (dB)	Line	Channel
0.2565	31.0	-32.0	7.5	-45.5	Live	0
0.3420	36.6	-23.9	7.7	-42.8	Live	39
0.6772	23.5	-32.5	7.2	-38.5	Live	39
5.3928	20.6	-39.4	6.9	-43.1	Neutral	39
20.1625	16.2	-43.8	10.3	-39.7	Live	0
25.5163	33.2	-26.8	8.6	-41.4	Live	78

Tested by: DP

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
9kHz - 30MHz
RBW: 10kHz VBW: 30kHz
4. **Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty**
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is ± 2.4 dB.



Conducted Emissions Setup (Front View)



Conducted Emissions Setup (Rear View)

TEST RESULTS**FCC Part 15 (15.209) Class B Radiated Emission (Spurious Emissions) Results**

Test Distance : 3m

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Channel	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)
391.1309	24.6	-21.4	39	175	101	V
519.9601	25.9	-20.1	39	17	110	V
530.5324	24.3	-21.7	78	196	100	V
588.0078	26.6	-19.4	78	187	128	V
660.3264	23.8	-22.2	39	37	100	V
919.9797	26.0	-20.0	39	116	100	V

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Frequency (GHz)	Peak Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Channel	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol (H/V)
1240.0694	37.6	33.8	-20.2	78	0	101	H
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Tested by: SK

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. The transmitting antenna was found to be in the worst case condition when it was orientated in a vertical position.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
4. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz
6. The peak emissions above 1GHz show compliance to the requirement stated in Section 15.35 (b).

TEST RESULTS

7. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations were according to requirements stated in Section 15.33 (a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33 (b) for unintentional radiators.
8. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
9. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz (QP only @ 3m & 10m) is $\pm 4.3\text{dB}$ (for EUTs $< 0.5\text{m} \times 0.5\text{m} \times 0.5\text{m}$).

TEST RESULTS**FCC Part 15C (15.205) Radiated Emissions (Restricted Band Requirements) Results**

Test Distance : 3m

Spurious Emissions (Restricted Band) ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Channel	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)
259.8812	31.3	-14.7	0	085	100	V
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--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--
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Spurious Emissions (Restricted Band) above 1GHz

Frequency (GHz)	Peak Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Channel	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol(H/V)
4.8041	44.5	39.3	-14.7	0	270	127	V
7.2054	48.5	43.1	-10.9	0	124	107	V
7.3223	49.5	42.8	-11.2	39	123	127	V
4.7445	45.1	39.4	-14.6	78	003	103	V
4.9591	45.5	40.0	-14.0	78	018	100	V
7.4391	50.2	44.0	-10.0	78	038	106	V

Tested by: SK

Notes

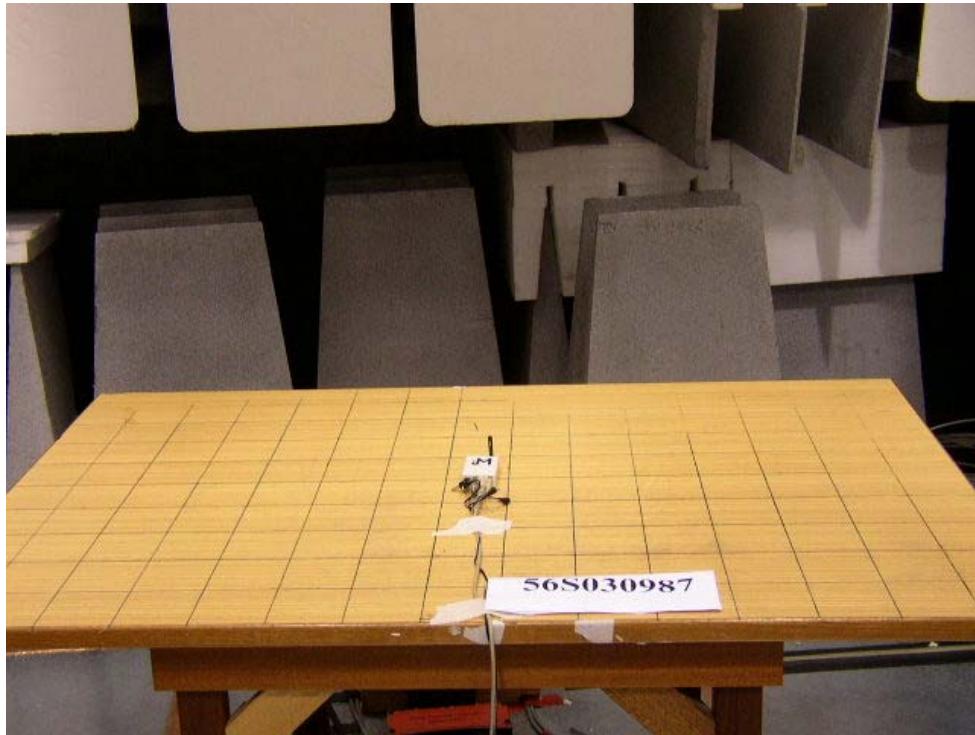
1. The Nil in the frequency column indicates no emissions were found in the band of interest and showed compliance to the limits as specified in section 15.209. The emissions were merely the noise floor.
2. The transmitting antenna was found to be in the worst case condition when it was orientated in a vertical position.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.

TEST RESULTS

4. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz
5. The peak emissions above 1GHz show compliance to the requirement stated in Section 15.35 (b).
7. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations were according to requirements stated in Section 15.33 (a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33 (b) for unintentional radiators.
8. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
9. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz (QP only @ 3m & 10m) is $\pm 4.3\text{dB}$ (for EUTs $< 0.5\text{m} \times 0.5\text{m} \times 0.5\text{m}$).



Radiated Emissions Setup (Front View)



Radiated Emissions Setup (Rear View)

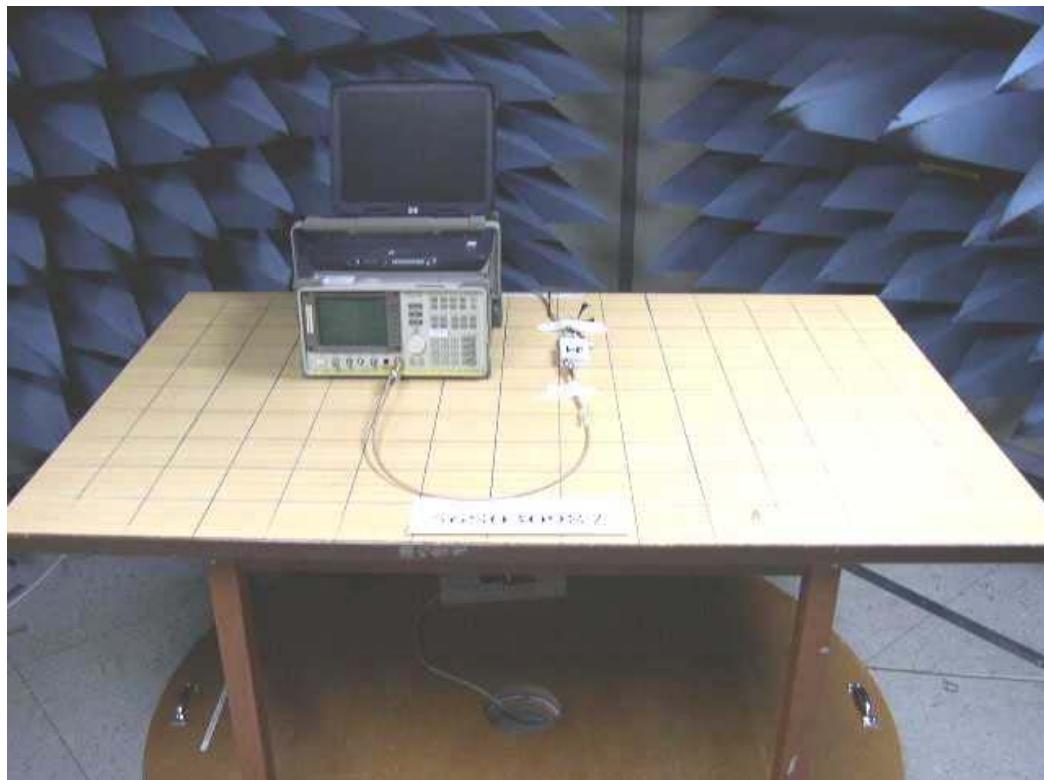
TEST RESULTS**FCC Part 15C (15.247(a)(1)) Carrier Frequency Separation Results**

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the adjacent carrier frequencies must be separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Adjacent Channels	Channel Separation (MHz)
0 and 1 (2.402GHz and 2.403GHz)	1.010
38 and 39 (2.440GHz and 2.441GHz)	1.015
39 and 40 (2.441GHz and 2.442GHz)	1.025
77 and 78 (2.479GHz and 2.480GHz)	1.005

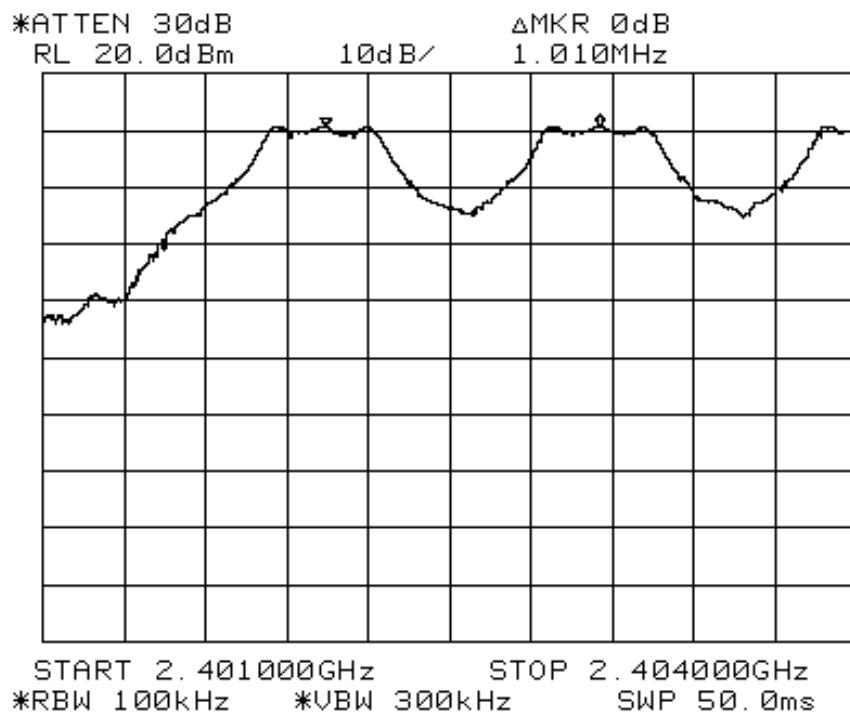
Please refer to the attached Plots 1 - 4 for details.

Tested by: SK

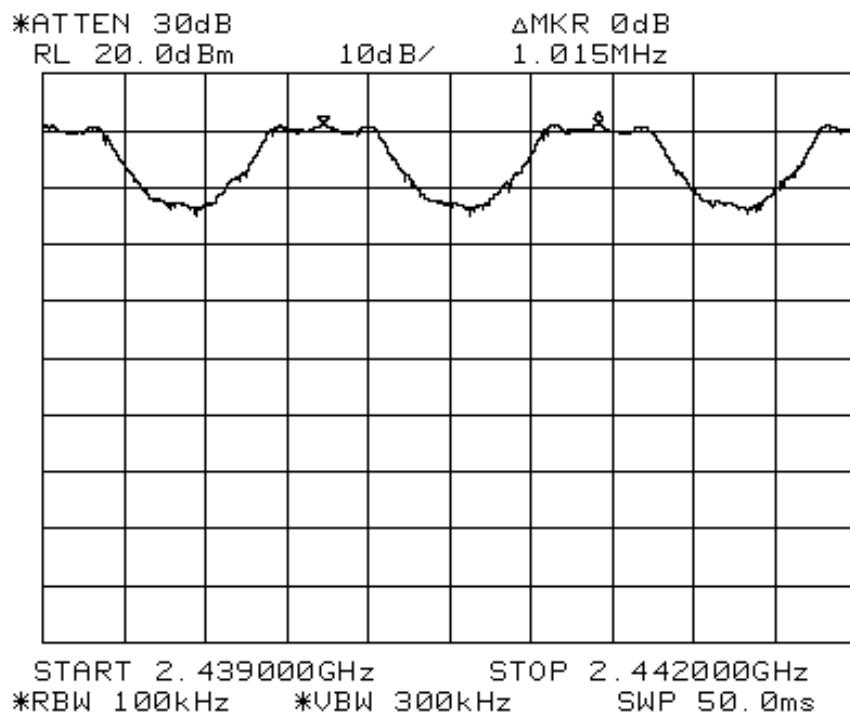


Carrier Frequency Separation Measurement Test Setup

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION PLOTS

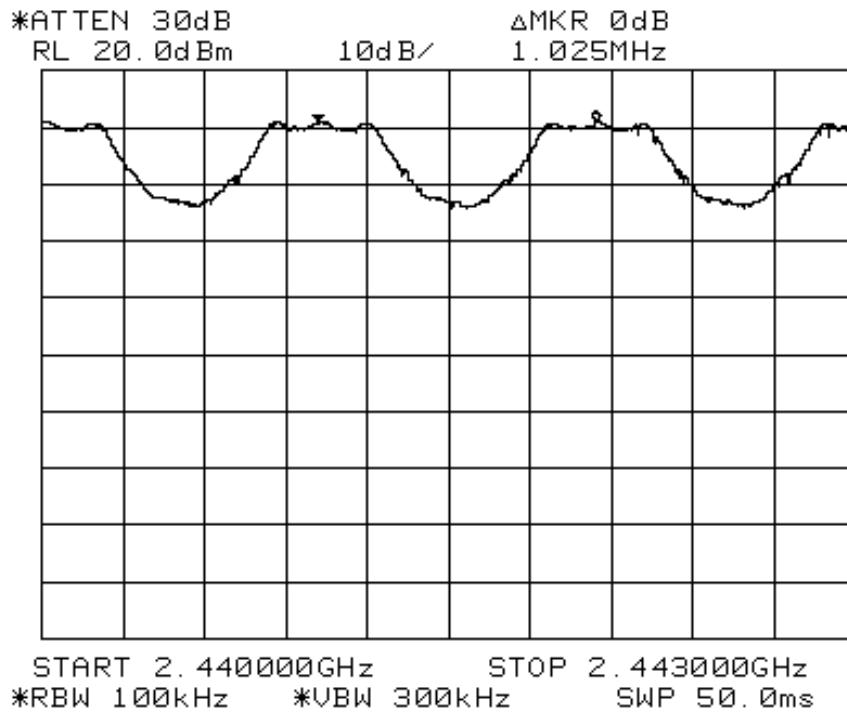
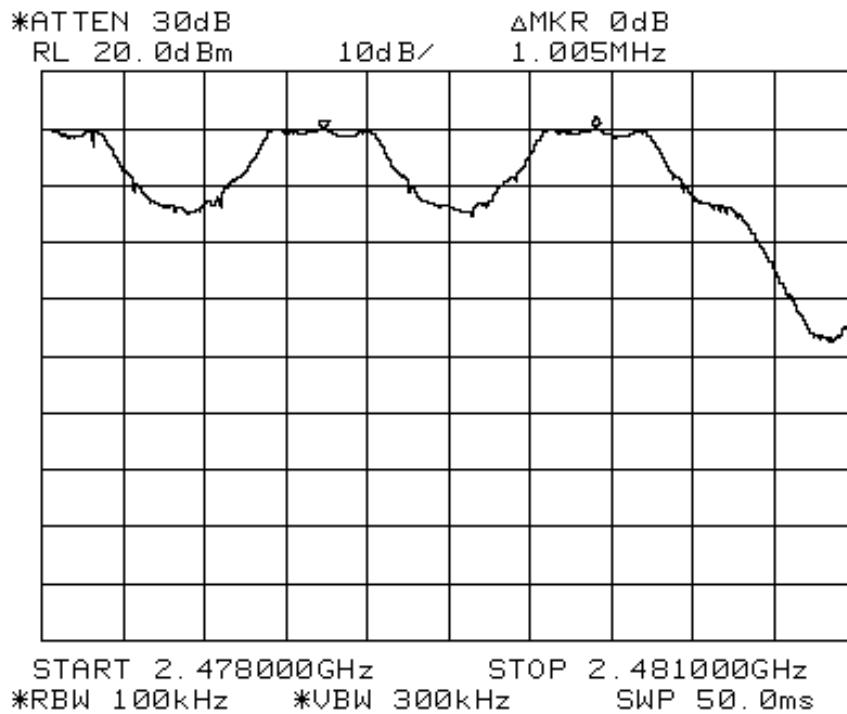


Plot 1- Channels 0 and 1 Separation



Plot 2 – Channels 38 and 39 Separation

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION PLOTS

Plot 3 - Channel 39 & 40 SeparationPlot 4 - Channel 77 and 78 Separation

TEST RESULTS**FCC Part 15C (15.247(a)(1)) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results**

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be the channel frequency separation by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2.402	0.910
39	2.441	0.910
78	2.480	0.905

Note: The EUT is a Bluetooth device, which supports no overlapping for each channel.

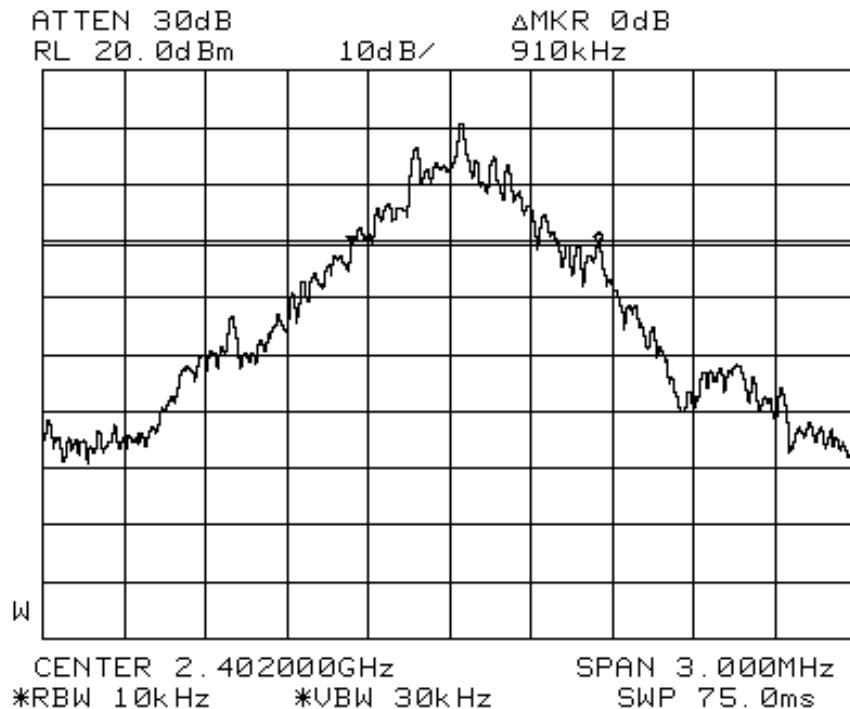
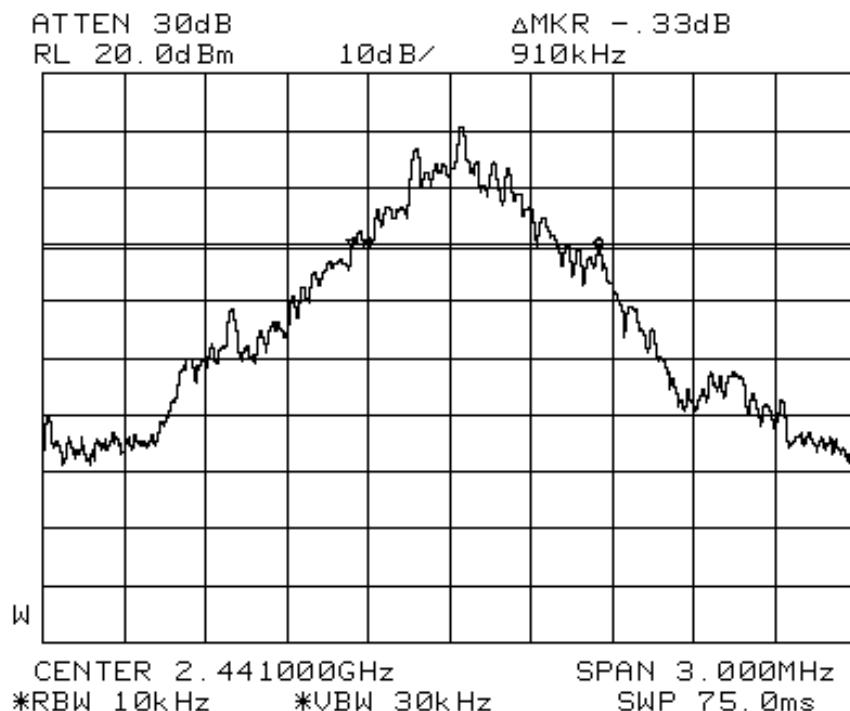
Please refer to attached Plots 5 - 7 for details.

Tested by: LCH

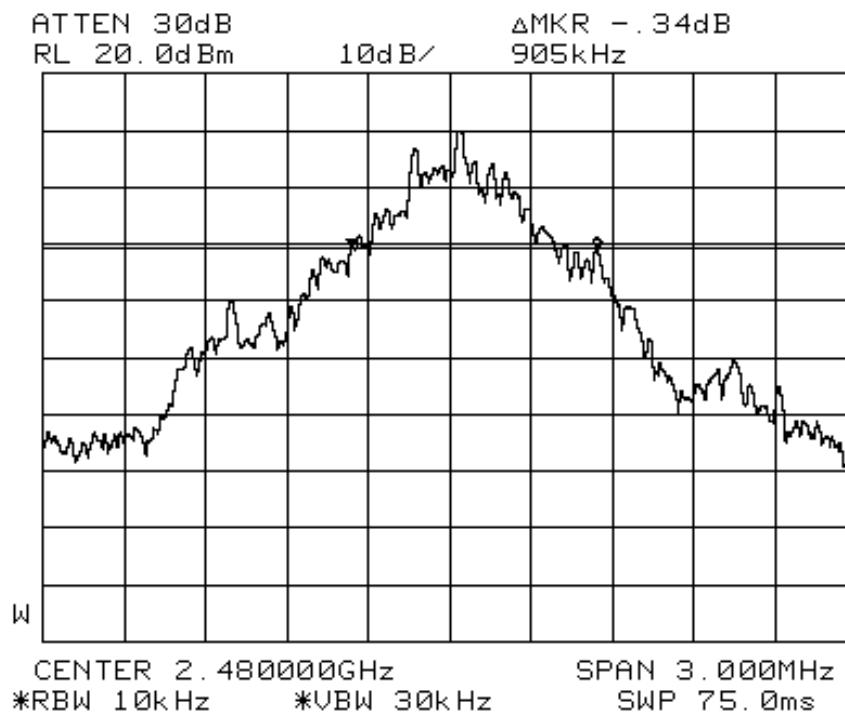


Spectrum Bandwidth Measurement Test Setup

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20DB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) PLOTS

Plot 5 – Channel 0Plot 6 – Channel 39

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20DB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) PLOTS



Plot 7 – Channel 78

FCC Part 15C (15.247(a)(1)(iii)) Number of Hopping Frequencies Results

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the number of hopping frequencies shall be at least 75.

The EUT was found to have 79 hopping frequencies.

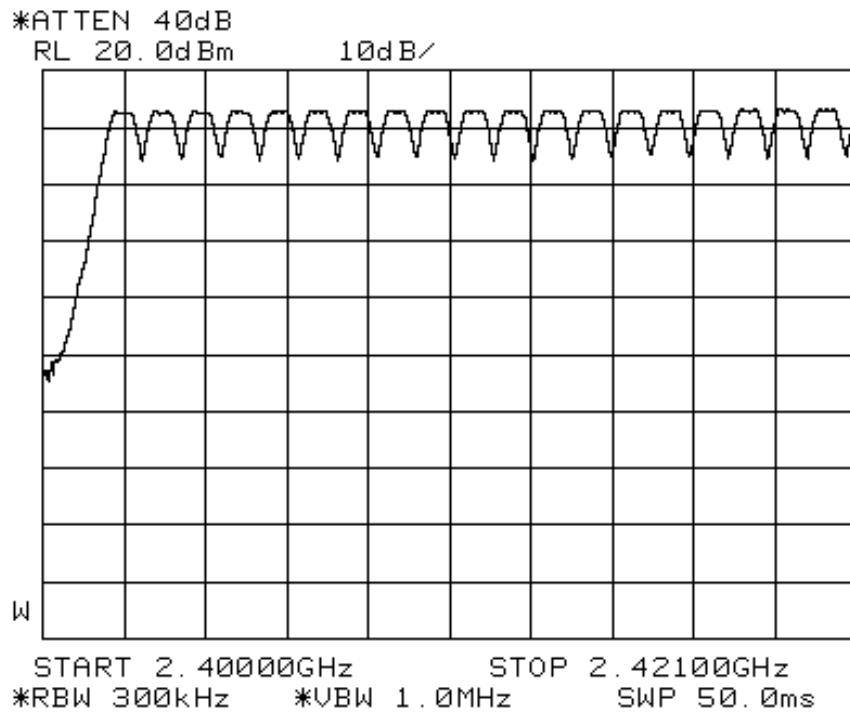
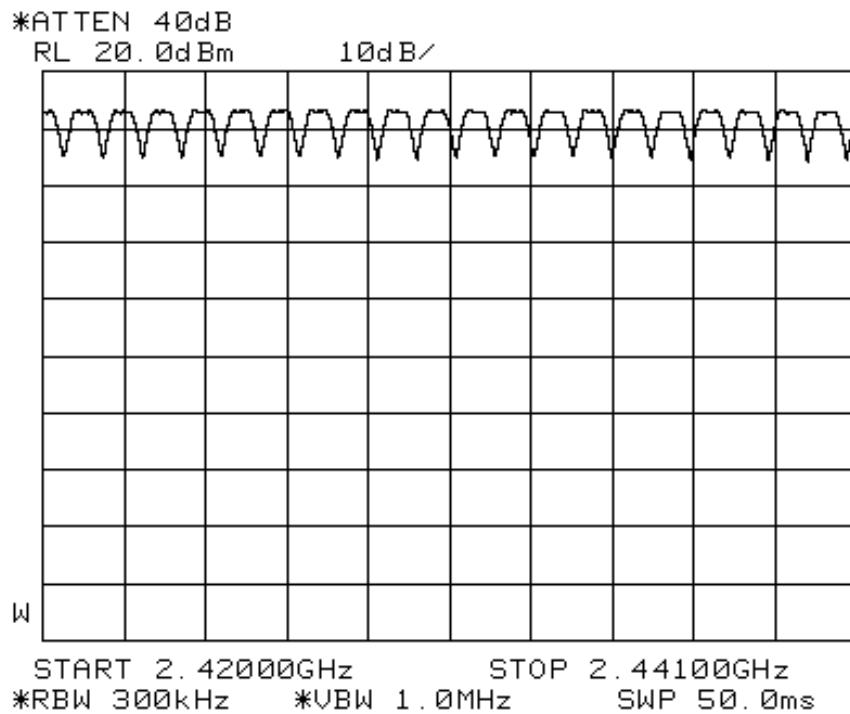
Please refer to the attached Plots 8 - 11 for details.

Tested by: SK

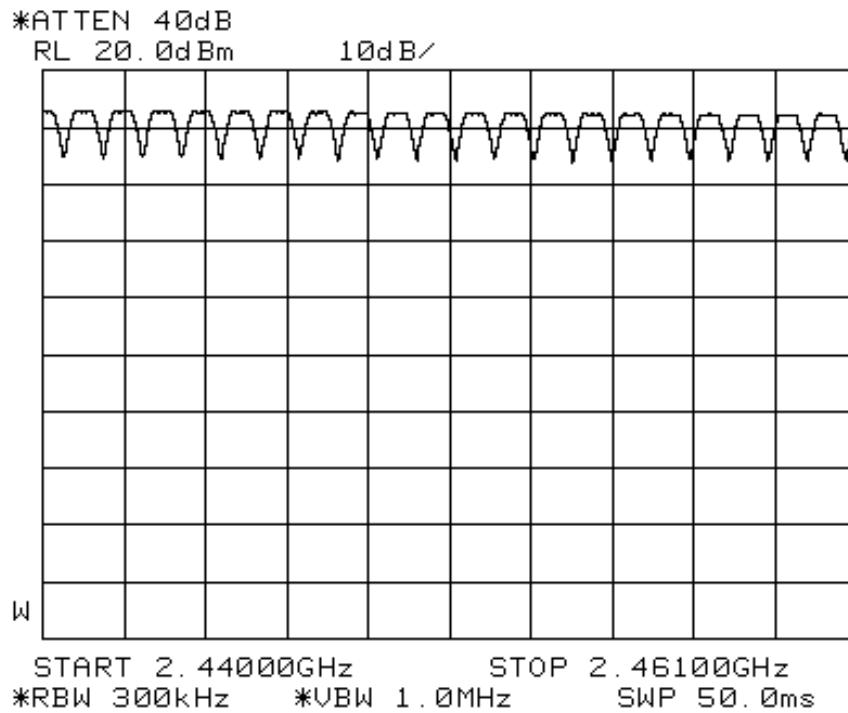
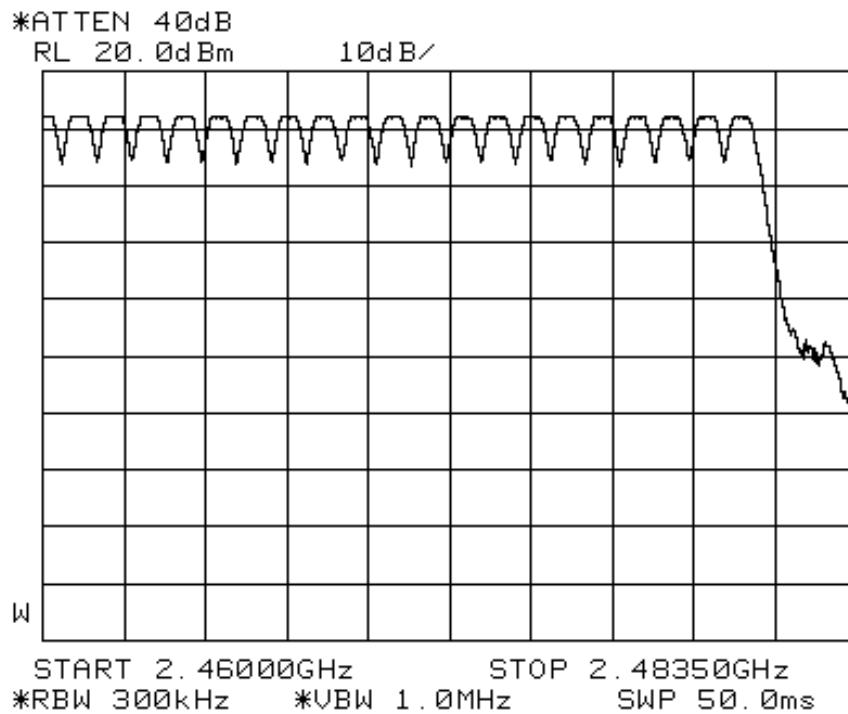


Number of Hopping Frequencies Measurement Test Setup

NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES PLOTS

Plot 8 - Channels 0 to 18Plot 9 - Channels 19 to 38

NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES PLOTS

Plot 10 - Channels 39 to 58Plot 11 - Channels 59 to 78

FCC Part 15C (15.247(a)(1)(iii)) Average Frequency Dwell Time Results

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

EUT hopping rate = 1600 hops/s

Number of EUT hopping frequencies = 79 hops

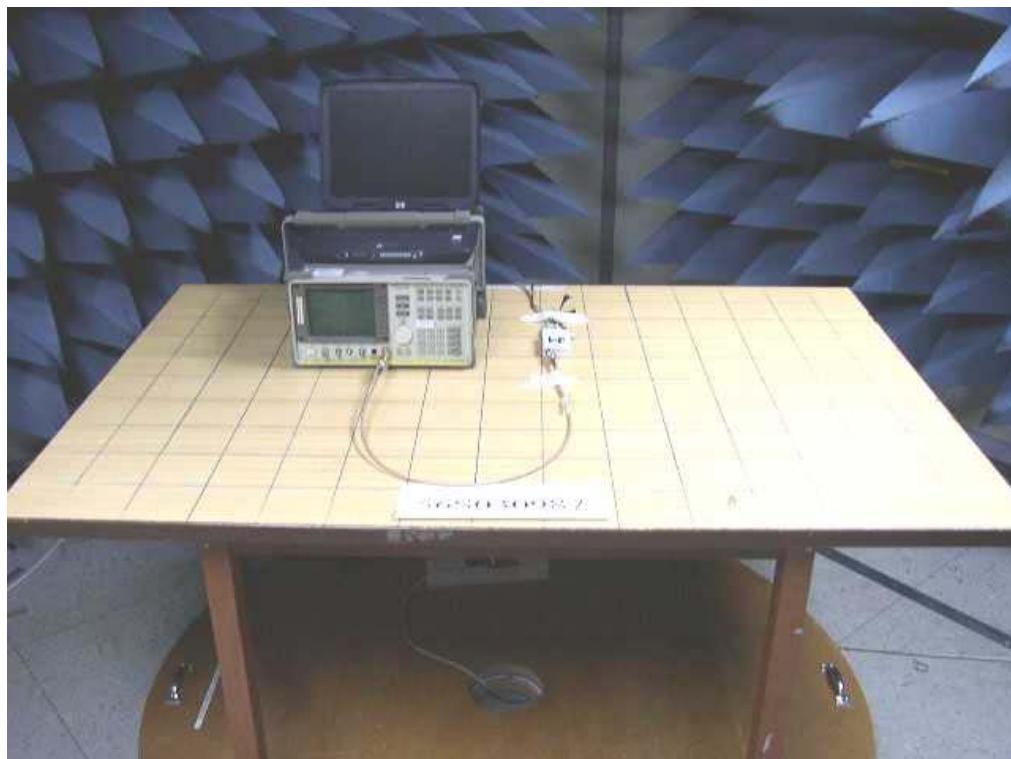
DH1packet was used as a transmission packet

Average Frequency Dwell Time = measured time slot length (l) x hopping rate (h) / number of hopping frequencies x 30 seconds period

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length for DH1 Packet(μs)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0	2.402	625	0.38	0.4
39	2.441	625	0.38	0.4
78	2.480	625	0.38	0.4

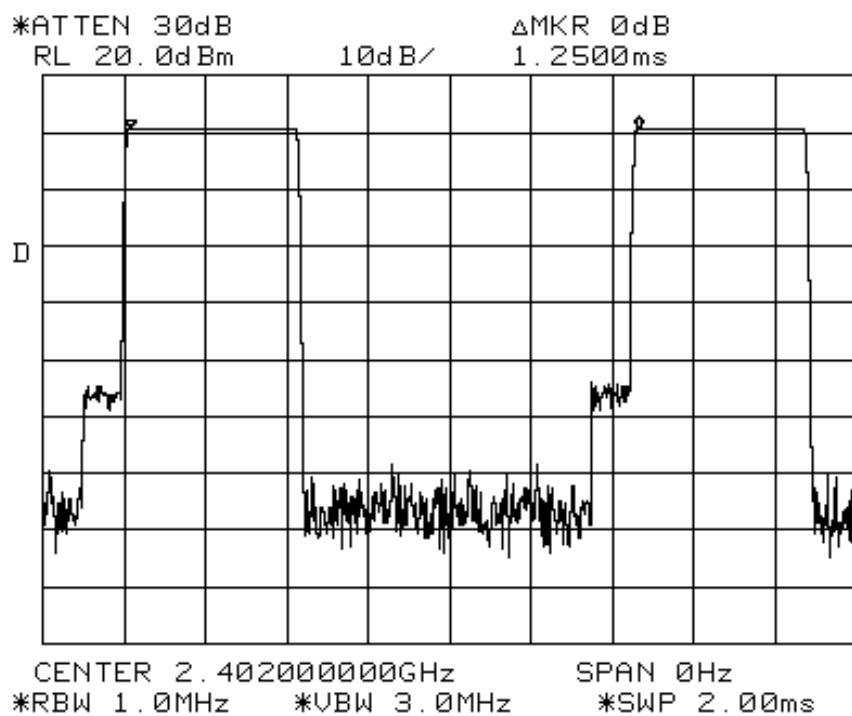
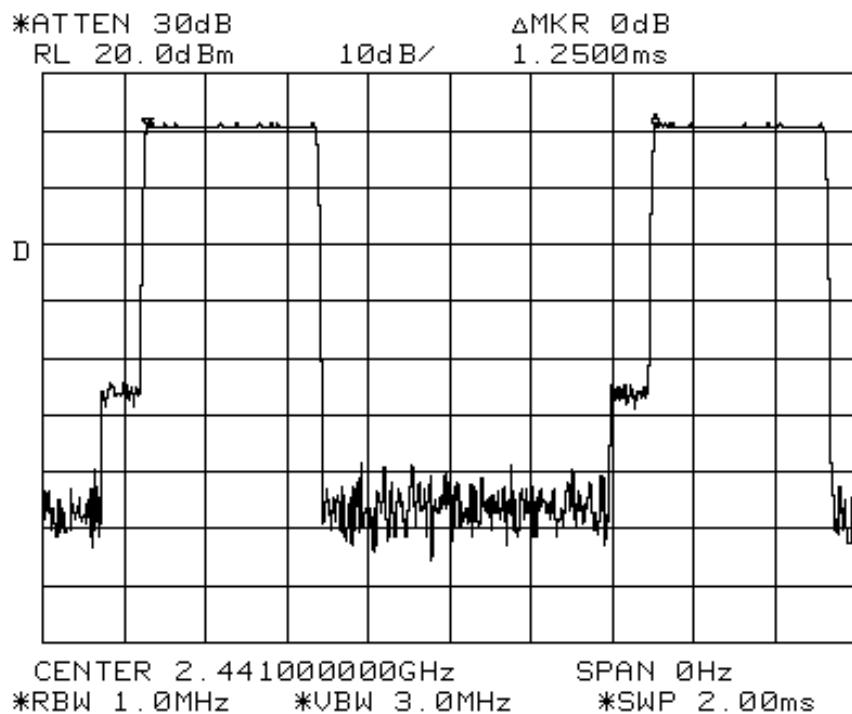
Please refer to the attached Plots 12 – 14 for details.

Tested by: SK

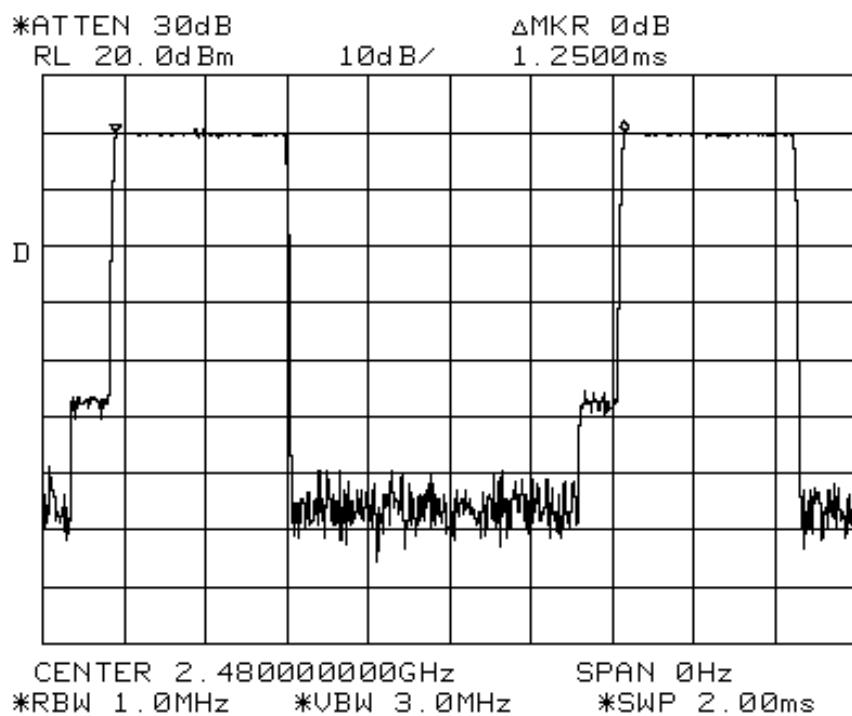


Average Frequency Dwell Time Measurement Test Setup

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME PLOTS

Plot 12 – Channel 0Plot 13 – Channel 39

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME PLOTS



Plot 14 – Channel 78

FCC Part 15C (15.247(b)(1)) Maximum Peak Power Results

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power of an intentional radiator (EUT) shall not exceed 30dBm (1 Watt).

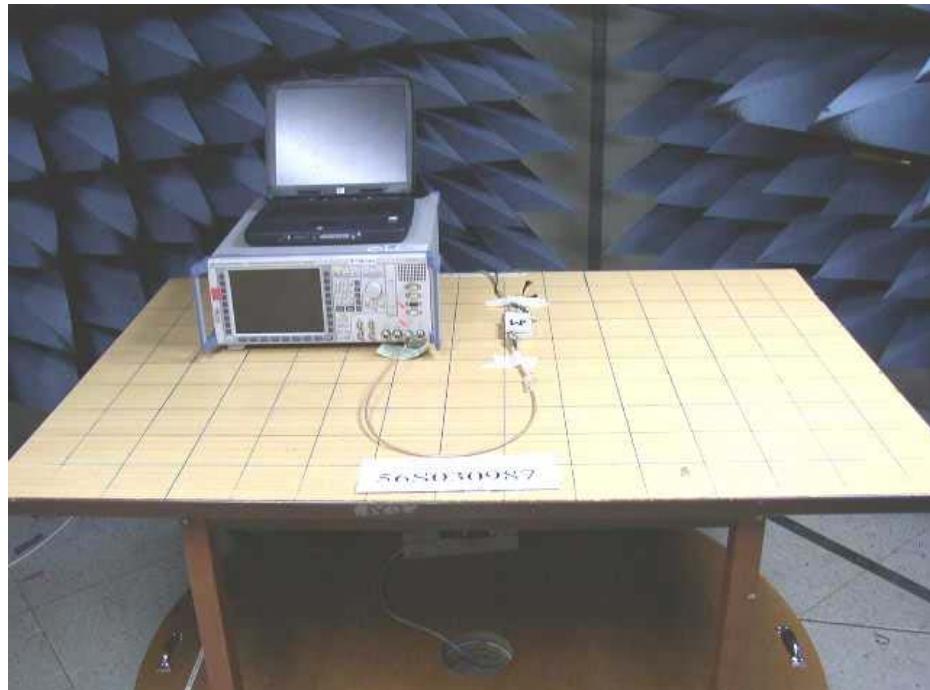
The maximum peak power for Channels 0, 39 and 78 at 2.402GHz, 2.441GHz and 2.480GHz respectively were investigated and found below 30dBm (1Watt).

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Limit (W)
0	2.402	0.0174	1
39	2.441	0.0182	1
78	2.480	0.0170	1

Tested by: SK

Notes

1. Power analyser of Universal Radio Communication Tester was used for power measurement with peak detection as mode of measurement. The power analyser mode supports a wideband power measurement ranging from 100kHz to 2700MHz.



Maximum Peak Power Measurement Test Setup

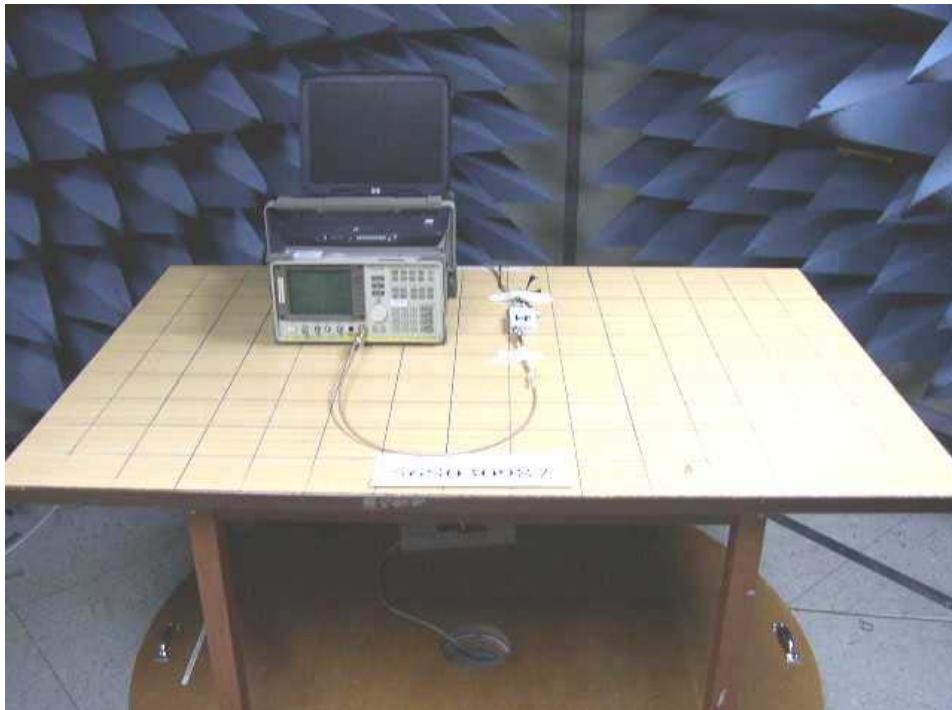
FCC Part 15C (15.247(c)) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge Compliance at the Transmitter Antenna Results

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the RF power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

The RF conducted spurious emissions were scanned from 10MHz to 25GHz for Channels 0, 39, and 78 with channel frequency at 2.402GHz, 2.441GHz and 2.480GHz respectively. No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached Plots 15 – 20 for details.

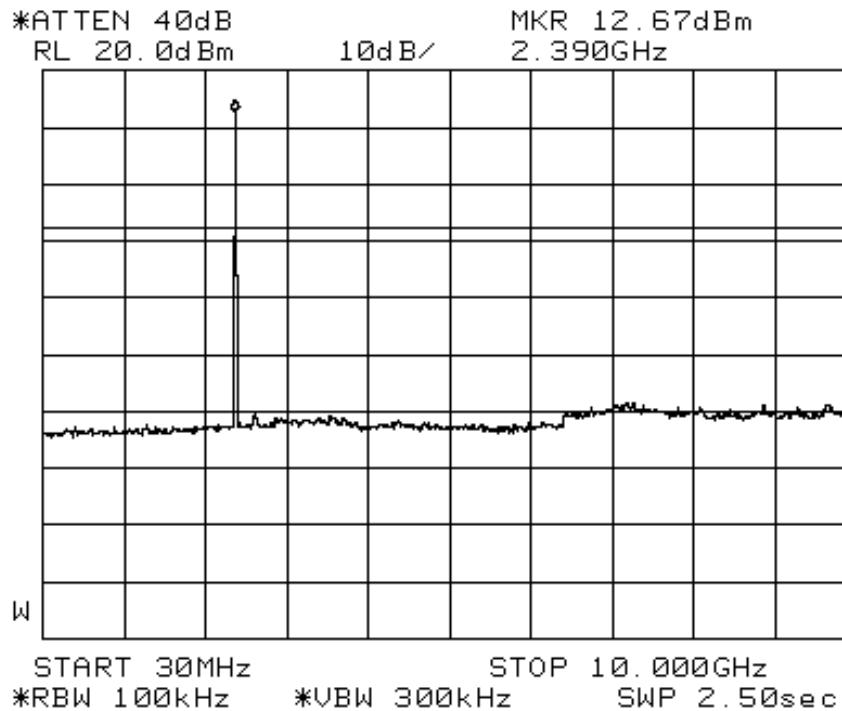
The conducted spurious at lower and upper band-edges (2.4000GHz and 2.4835GHz) were scanned. The spurious emissions at band-edges were found below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached Plots 21 – 22 for details.

Tested by: SK

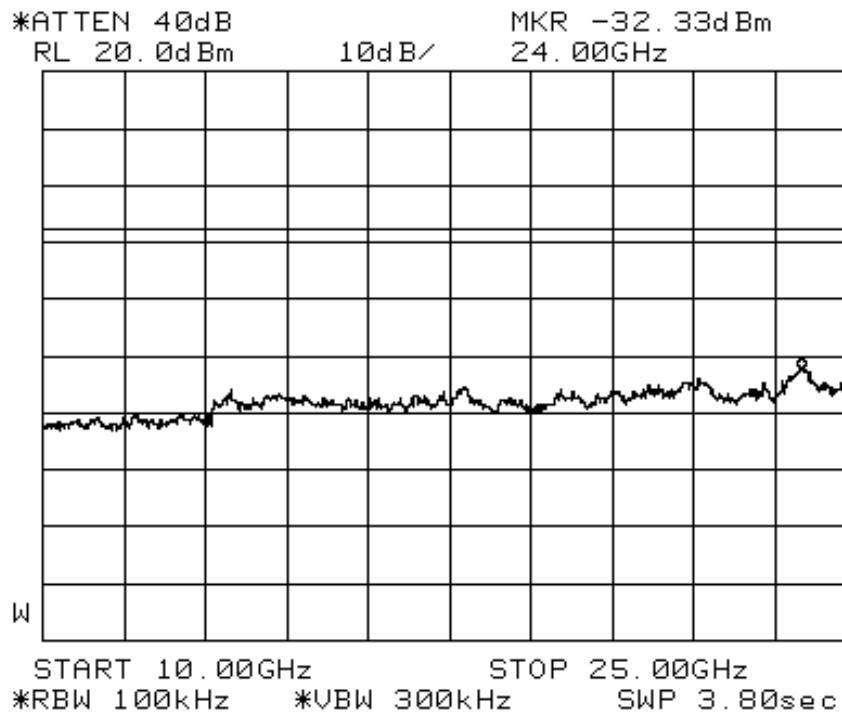


RF Conducted Spurious & Band Edge Measurement Test Setup

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS PLOTS

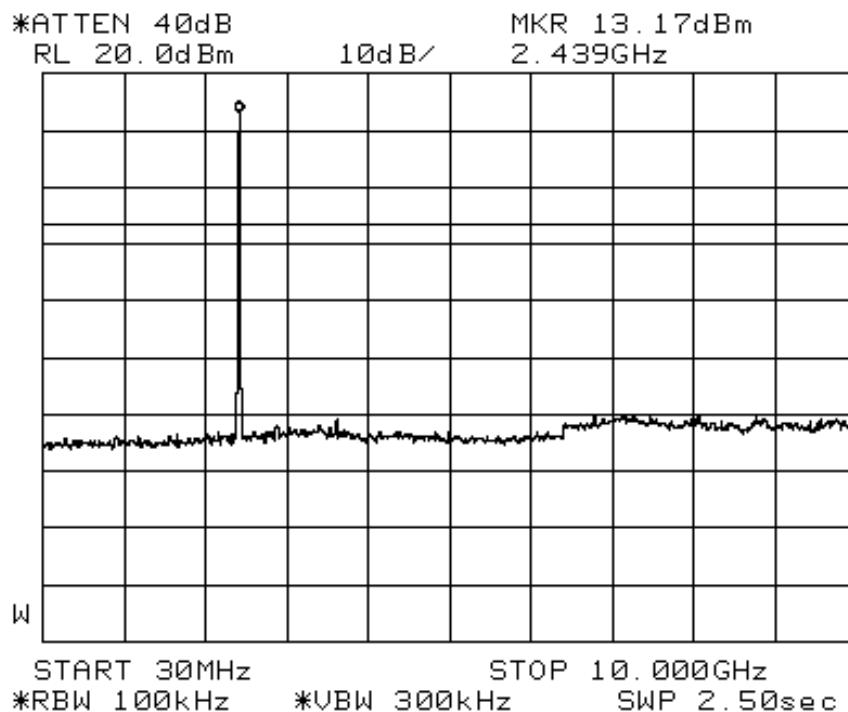


Plot 15 – Channel 0

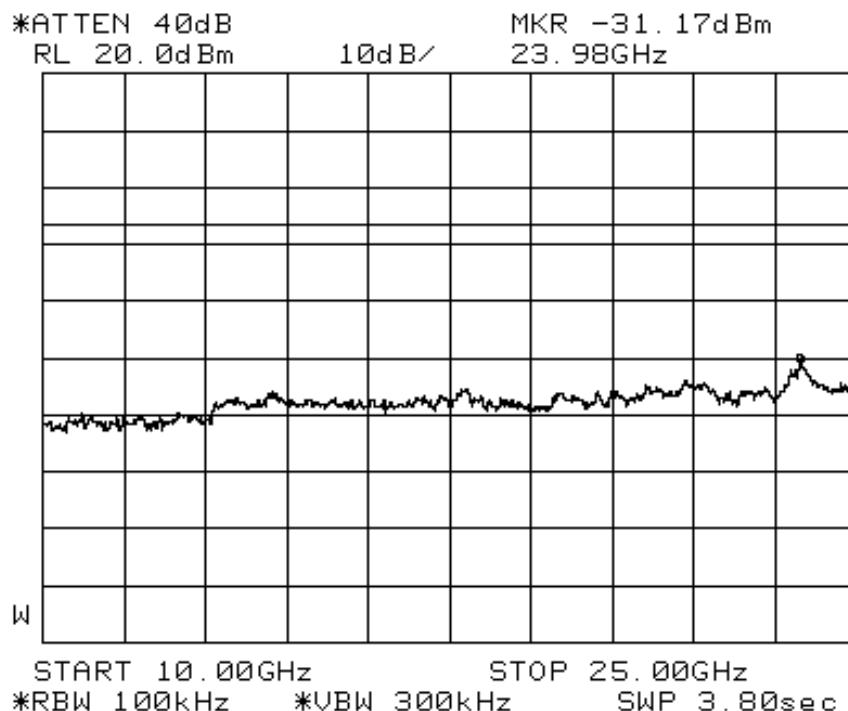


Plot 16 – Channel 0

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS PLOTS

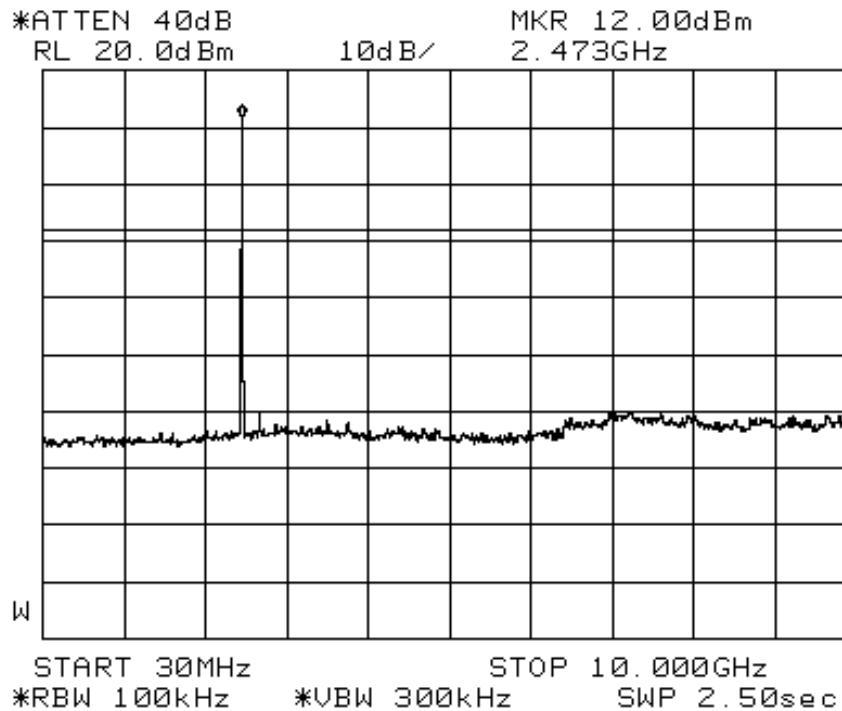
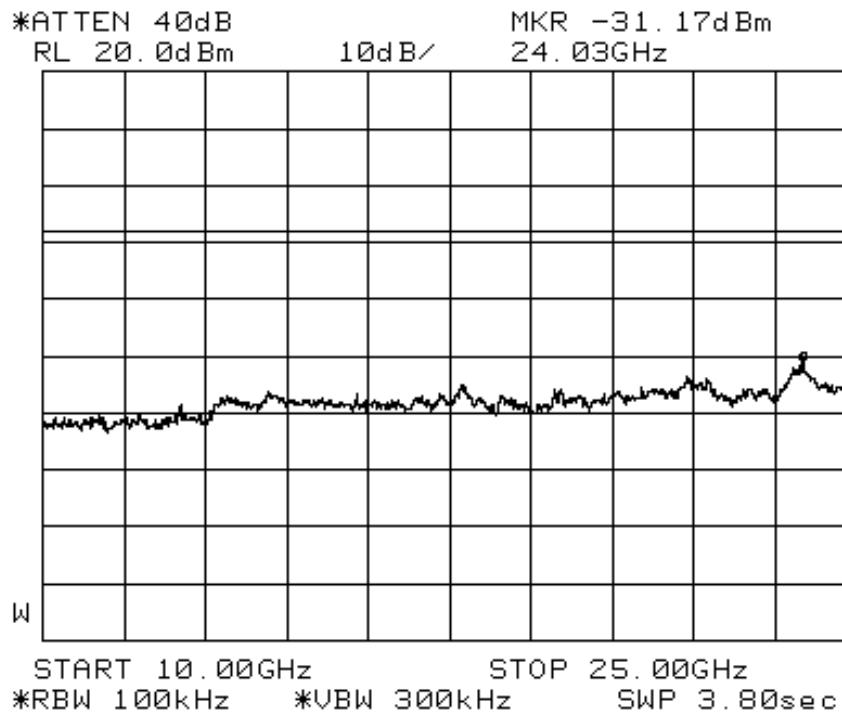


Plot 17 – Channel 39

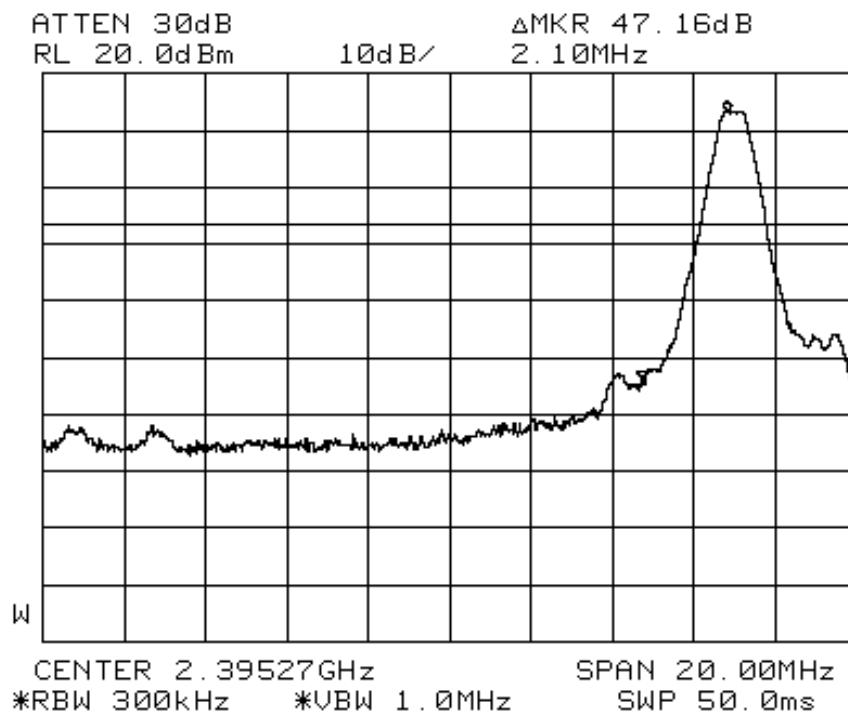


Plot 18 – Channel 39

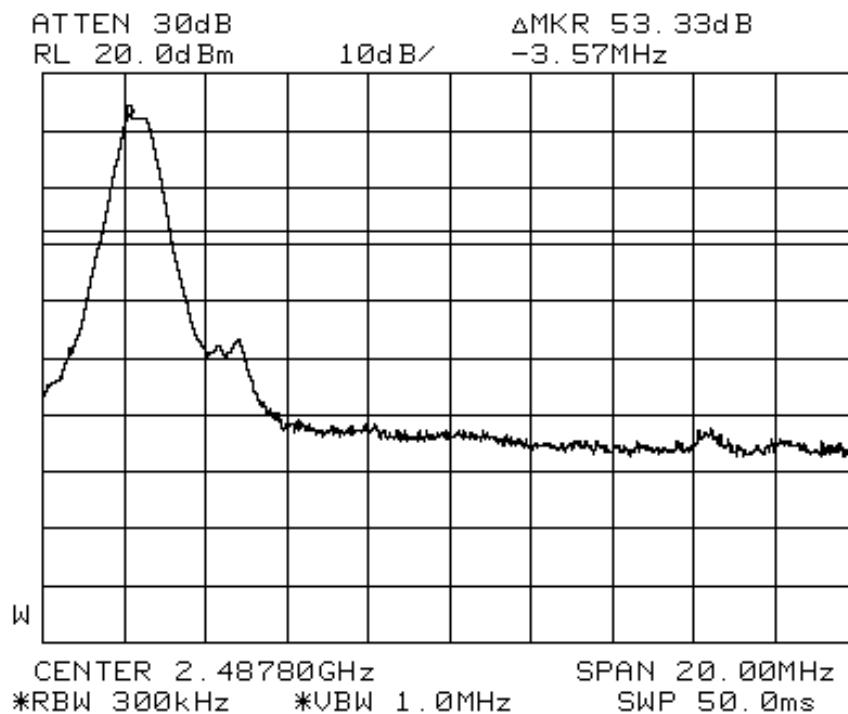
RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS PLOTS

Plot 19 – Channel 78Plot 20 – Channel 78

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE PLOTS



Plot 21 – Lower Band Edge at 2.40GHz



Plot 22 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

FCC Part 15C (15.247(d)) Peak Power Spectral Density Results

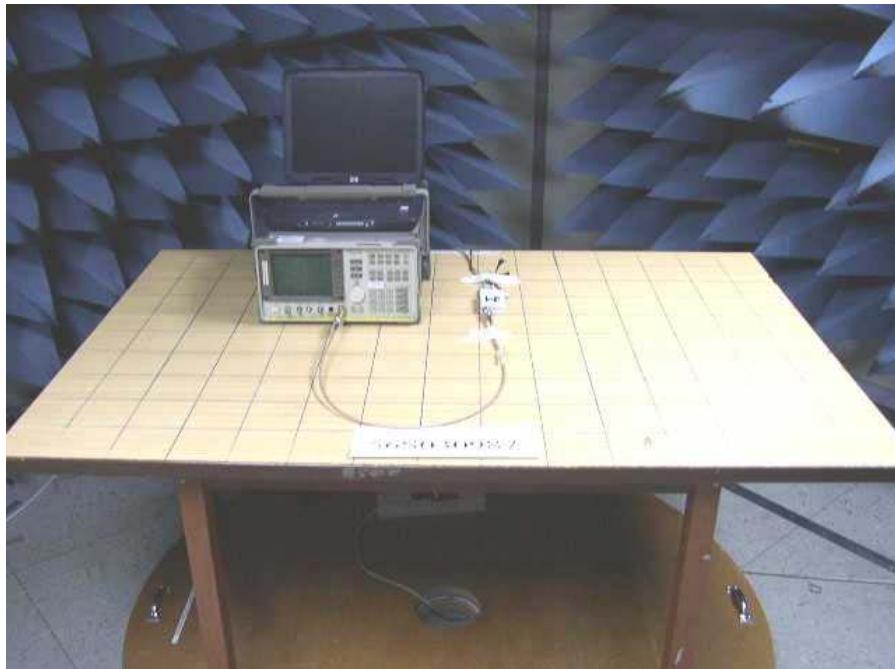
The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power spectral density of an intentional radiator (EUT) to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm (6.3mW) in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Operating Mode: 802.11b

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0	2.402	2.07	6.3
39	2.441	2.00	6.3
78	2.480	1.85	6.3

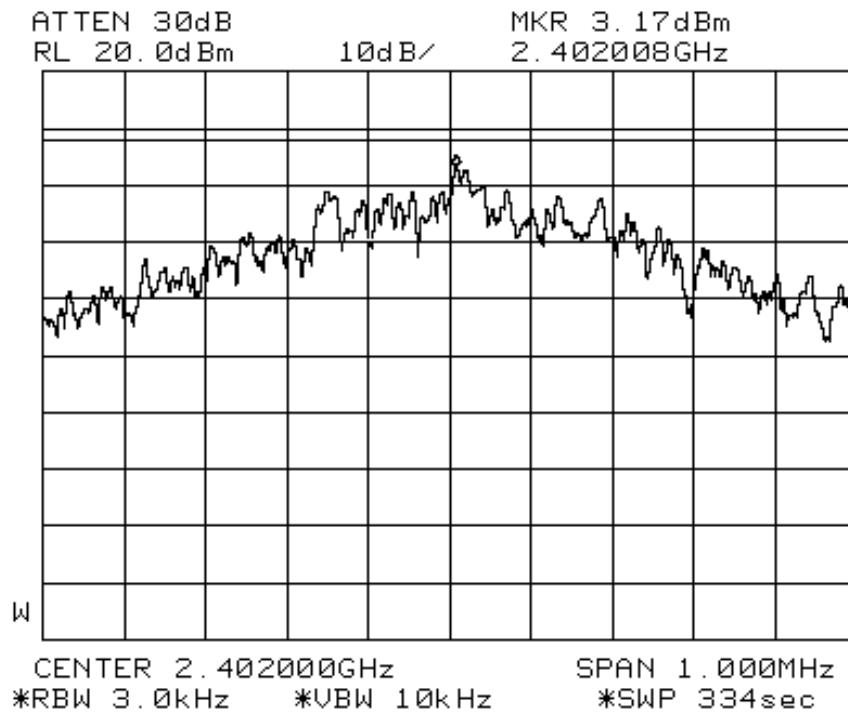
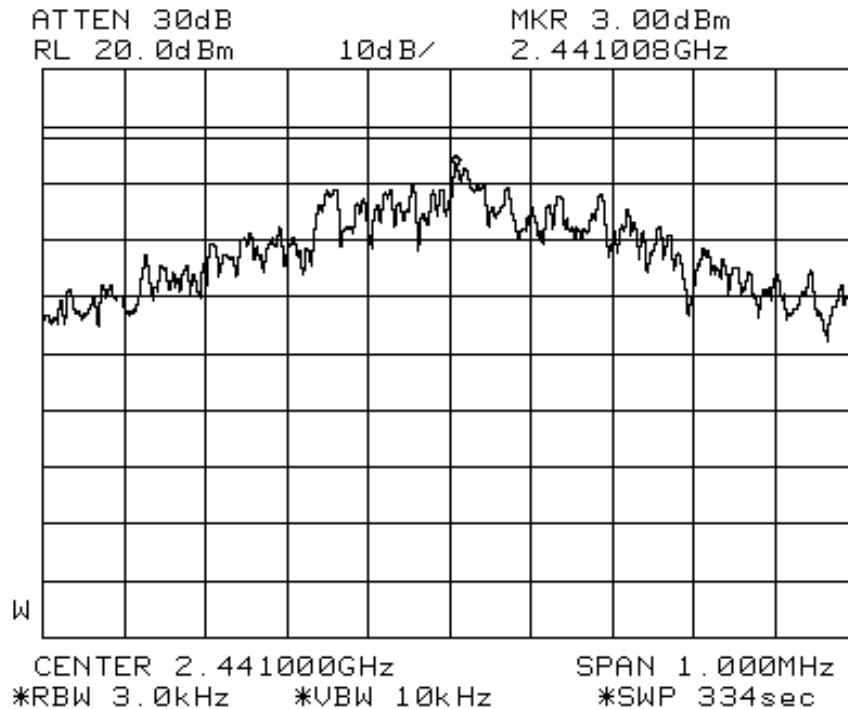
Please refer to the attached Plots 23 – 25 for details.

Tested by: SK

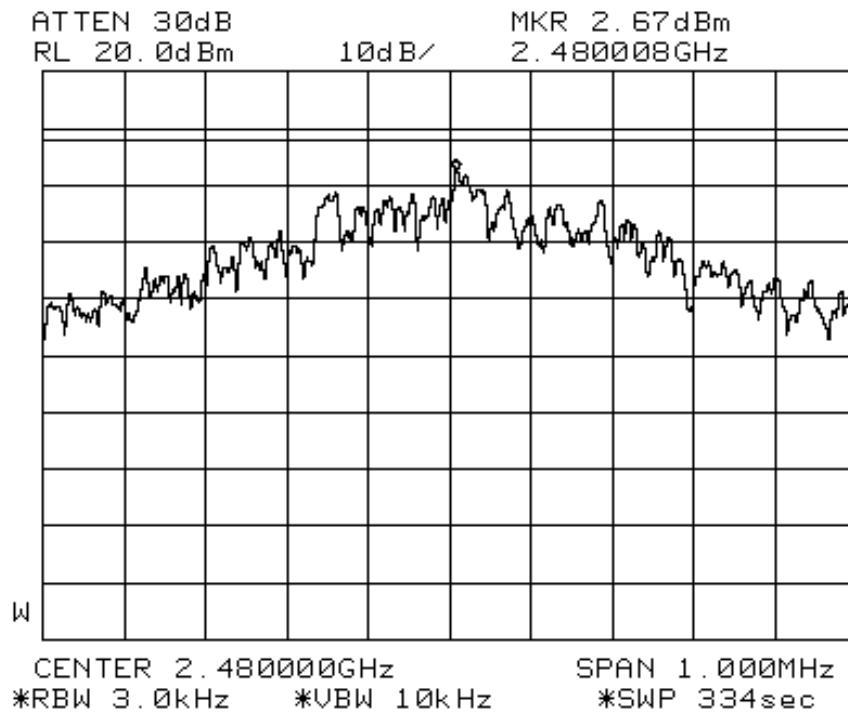


Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement Test Setup

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY PLOTS

Plot 23 - Channel 0Plot 24 - Channel 39

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY PLOTS

Plot 25 - Channel 78

FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Results

Frequency (GHz)	Power Density Value (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (min)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Margin (mW/cm ²)
2.402	0.0016	30	1.0	-0.9984
2.441	0.0017	30	1.0	-0.9983
2.480	0.0011	30	1.0	-0.9989

Tested by: WR



Maximum Permissible Exposure Measurement Test Setup

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case, highest radiation levels were measured. Measurements were taken at the required averaging time. All other radiation levels were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 0.1MHz – 3GHz is ±15%.

This Report is issued under the following conditions:

1. Results of the testing/calibration in the form of a report will be issued immediately after the service has been completed or terminated.
2. Unless otherwise requested, a report shall contain only technical results. Analysis and interpretation of the results and professional opinion and recommendations expressed thereupon, if required, shall be clearly indicated and additional fee paid for, by the Client.
3. This report applies to the sample of the specific product/equipment given at the time of its testing/calibration. The results are not used to indicate or imply that they are applicable to other similar items. In addition, such results must not be used to indicate or imply that PSB Corporation approves, recommends or endorses the manufacturer, supplier or user of such product/equipment, or that PSB Corporation in any way "guarantees" the later performance of the product/equipment.
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August 2003

ANNEX A

TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES

TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES**ANNEX A****3m OATS Test Instrumentation (Conducted Emission)**

<u>Instrument</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>S/No</u>	<u>Cal Due Date</u>	
R&S Test Receiver (9kHz-30MHz)	ESH3	862301/005	25 Jul 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
R&S Pulse Limiter	ESH3-Z2	357.8810.52	17 Apr 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
EMCO LISN (for EUT) – LISN6	3825/2	9309-2127	2 Jun 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

3m Anechoic Chamber Test Instrumentation (Radiated Emissions)

<u>Instrument</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>S/No</u>	<u>Cal Due Date</u>	
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz – 26.5GHz) – ESMI2	ESMI	829214/006	25 Dec 2003	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		829550/001		
HP Preamplifier (for ESMI3, 0.01-3GHz) – PA6	87405A	3950M00353	29 Apr 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MITEQ Preamplifier (0.1-26.5GHz) – PA11	NSP2650-N	728231	16 Apr 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Schaffner Bilog Antenna – BL5	CBL6143	5041	21 May 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
EMCO Horn Antenna – H14	3115	0003-6087	22 May 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Micro-tronics Band-Stop Filter	BRM50701	017	1 Apr 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Room 3 Test Instrumentation

(Carrier Frequency Separation, Number Of Hopping Frequencies, Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement), Average Frequency Dwell Time, Maximum Peak Power, RF Conducted Spurious Emissions at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal, Band Edge Compliance at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal, Peak Power Density)

<u>Instrument</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>S/No</u>	<u>Cal Due Date</u>	
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	3846A01433	20 Nov 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
R&S Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	837587/068	03 Apr 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Anechoic Chamber (Maximum Permissible Exposure)

<u>Instrument</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>S/N</u>	<u>Cal Due Date</u>	
PMM 8053 Portable Field Meter	8053	0220J10308	17 Apr 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PMM Electric and Magnetic Field Analyzer	EHP-50A	1311L10515	16 May 2004	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H}$ EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another LISN.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10kHz. Both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz

limit = $250 \mu\text{V} = 47.96 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.2 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = $40 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
(Calibrated for system losses)Therefore, Q-P margin = $40 - 47.96 = -7.96$ i.e. **7.96 dB below limit**

TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES**ANNEX A****RADIATED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION (5m ANC)****Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A prescan was carried out to find out the EUT highest emissions relative to the limit by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
3. The final measurement was then carried out at the selected frequency points based on the highest emissions arrangement found from step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
 - a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
 - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
 - c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
4. A Quasi-peak measurement was made for that frequency point if it was less than or equal to 1GHz. For frequency point that above 1GHz, both Peak and Average measurements were carried out.
5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
6. The frequency range covered was from 30MHz to 25GHz, using the Bi-log antenna for frequencies from 30MHz up to 3GHz, and the Horn antenna above 3GHz.

Sample Calculation Example

At 300 MHz

limit = 200 μ V/m = 46 dB μ V/m

Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 300 MHz = 18.511 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40 dB μ V/m
(Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 40 - 46 = -6

i.e. 6 dB below limit

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST DESCRIPTION**Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode with hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.401GHz and 2.404GHz with frequency sweeping set to 50ms.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the two adjacent transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further signals were detected.
4. The carrier frequency separation of the two adjacent transmitting / operating frequency was measured by finding the carrier frequency difference between the two adjacent channels.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.439GHz to 2.442GHz
 - b. 2.440GHz to 2.443GHz
 - c. 2.478GHz to 2.481GHz

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST DESCRIPTION**Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 30kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower (f_L) and upper (f_H) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies, $| f_H - f_L |$.
6. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.

NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
4. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode with hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.40GHz and 2.421GHz with frequency sweeping set to 50ms.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture all the transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until all the transmitting frequencies were captured and no further signals were detected.
4. The numbers of transmitting frequencies were counted and recorded.
5. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.420GHz to 2.441GHz
 - b. 2.440GHz to 2.461GHz
 - c. 2.460GHz to 2.4835GHz
6. The total number of hopping frequencies is the sum of the number of the hopping frequencies found for each span.

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode, hopping sequence on.
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to 2.402GHz with zero frequency span (spectrum analyser acts as an oscilloscope).
3. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was adjusted until a stable signal can be seen on the spectrum analyser.
4. The duration (dwell time) of a packet was measured using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser. The average dwell time of the transmitting frequency was computed as below:

$$\text{Average Frequency Dwell Time} = \frac{\text{measured time slot length (l)} \times \text{hopping rate (h)}}{\text{number of hopping frequencies} \times 30 \text{ seconds period}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{where EUT hopping rate} &= 1600 \text{ hops/s} \\ \text{Number of EUT hopping} &= 79 \text{ hops} \\ \text{frequencies} & \end{aligned}$$

5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the center frequency of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.441GHz and 2.480GHz respectively.

MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST DESCRIPTION**Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the Universal Radio Communication Tester, which was set into power analyser mode via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The maximum peak power of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
3. The step 2 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.

RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT THE TRANSMITTER ANTENNA TERMINAL TEST DESCRIPTION**Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 30MHz and 10GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with frequency span was set from 10GHz to 25GHz.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE AT THE TRANSMITTER ANTENNA TERMINAL TEST DESCRIPTION**Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode, hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the Bluetooth band, 2.40GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the Bluetooth band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in a shielded enclosure; accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 3kHz and 10kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the Bluetooth test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was set to the value of the ratio of the frequency span divided by the RBW.
3. The peak power density of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
4. The step 3 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.

MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) TEST DESCRIPTION**EUT Characterisation**

EUT characterisation, over the required frequency range as given in table 1 of FCC Part 1.1310 was carried out to determine the EUT mode of operation that produces the highest possible level of radio frequency radiation.

The EUT was placed in a anechoic chamber, at a height of about 1m on a table. Its radio frequency radiation profile was observed, using a field meter with the appropriate field probe antenna attached and 20cm away from the EUT. E-field (V/m) readings are recorded, since the field meter is most sensitive at this setting. Positions where maximum E-field readings are detected are noted for the final, actual measurement.

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up on top of a non-metallic table.
2. The relevant field probe was positioned at least 20cm away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. The test was carried out at the selected positions obtained from the EUT characterisation.
3. Power density measurement (mW/cm^2) was made using the field meter set to the required averaging time.
4. Steps 2 and 3 were repeated for the next position and its associate EUT operating mode, until all selected positions and modes were measured.

Sample Calculation Example

At 2400 MHz, limit = 1.0 mW/cm^2

Power density reading obtained directly from field meter = 0.3 mW/cm^2 averaged over the required 30 minutes.

Therefore, margin = $0.3 - 1.0 = -0.7 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ i.e. **0.7 mW/cm^2 below limit**

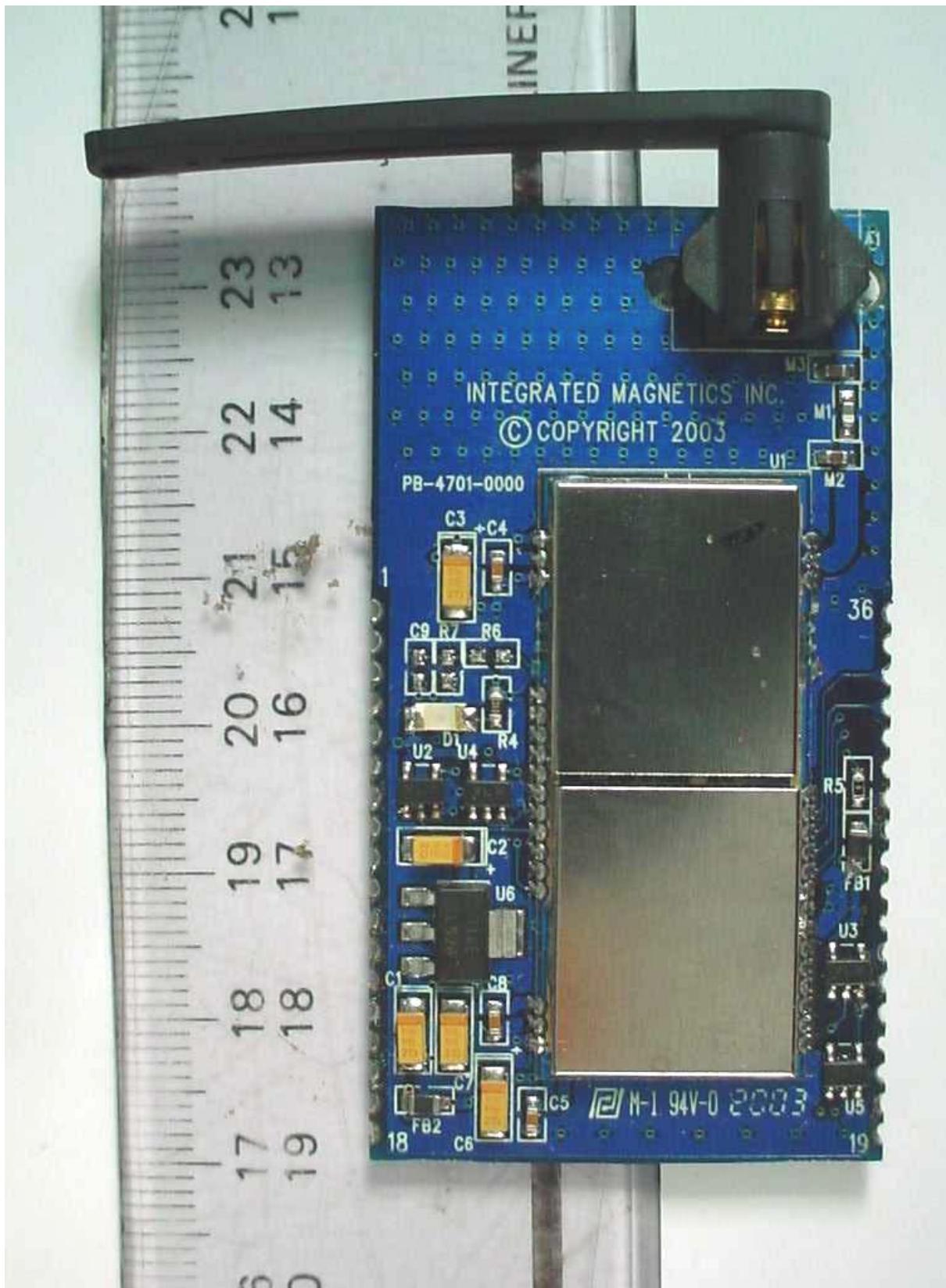
ANNEX B

TEST PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

TEST PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

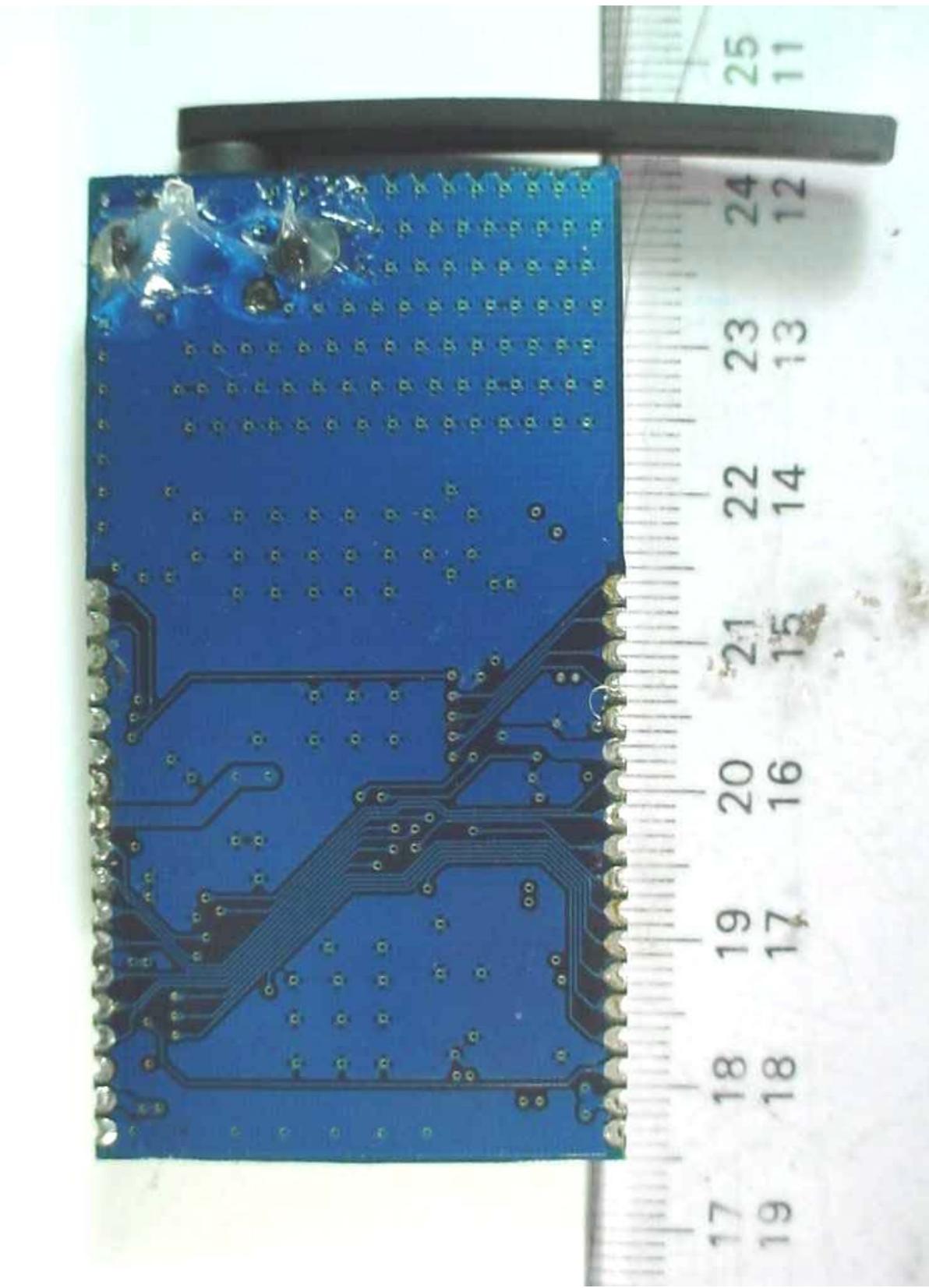
ANNEX B

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



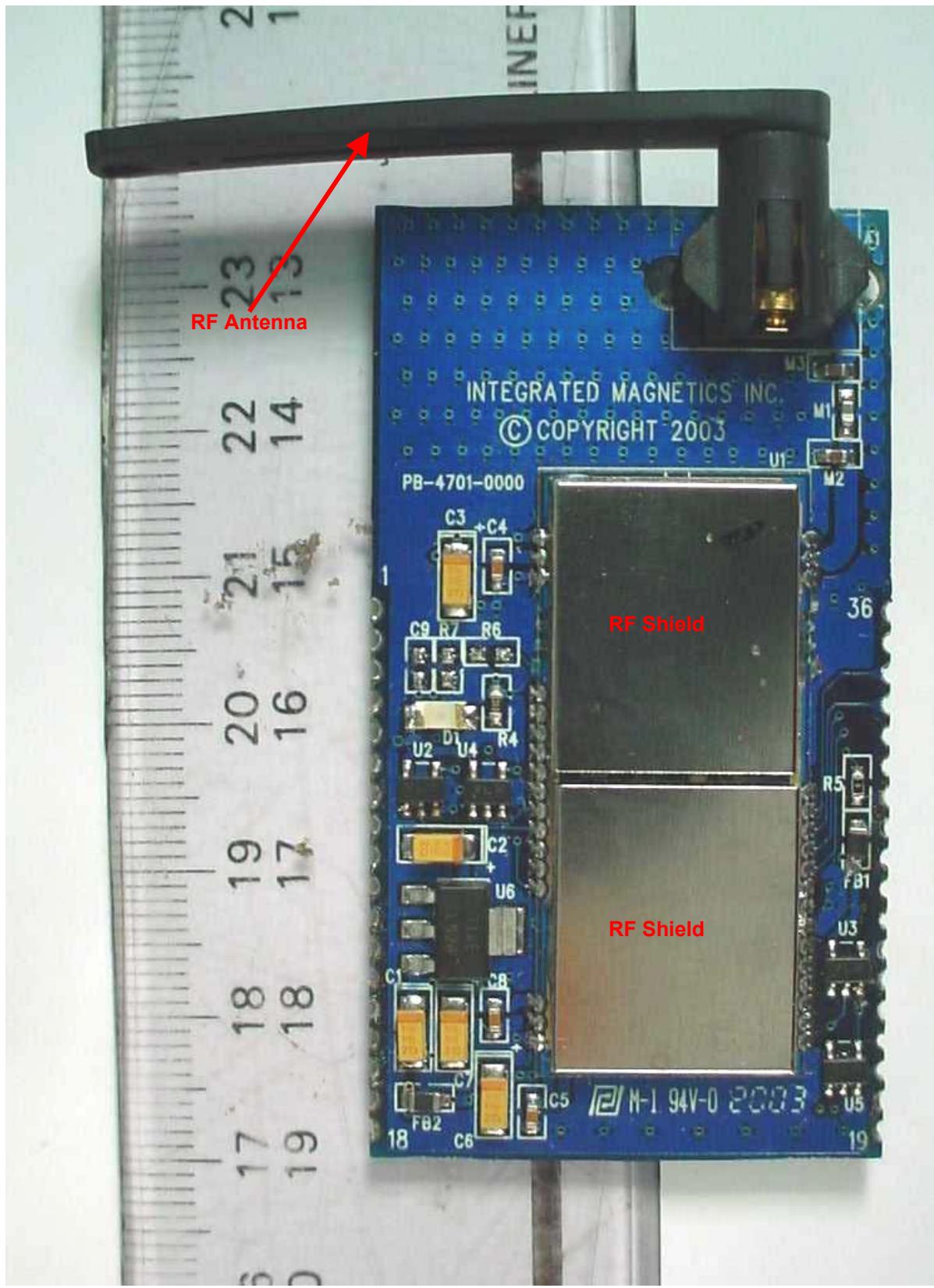
Front View

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Rear View

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



ANNEX C

**USER MANUAL
TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION
BLOCK & CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

(Please refer to attached copy)

ANNEX D

FCC LABEL & POSITION

Labelling requirements per Section 2.925 & 15.19

The label shown will be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device and be readily visible to the user at the time of purchase.

iM[®]
INTEGRATED MAGNETICS INC[®]
Model #: iMBTC1P-RevA

Class 1 Carrier Module
With Picea Antenna

S/N:

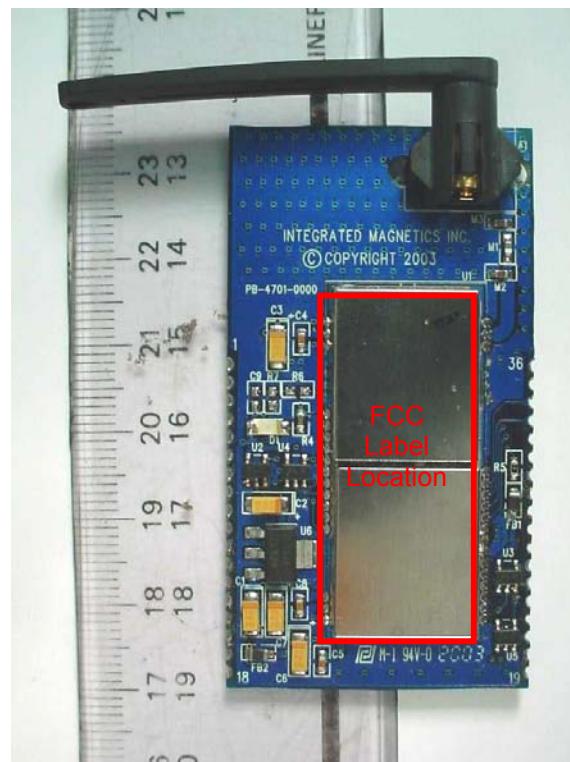
FCC ID:

Q9WIMBTC1PV10

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Sample Label

Physical Location of FCC Label on EUT