

SAR TEST REPORT

Report No. 2012SAR147

FCC ID: Q78-ZTEV880E
Applicant: ZTE Corporation
Product: WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital
Mobile Phone
Model: ZTE V880E
HW Version: p8pA
SW Version: GB_AM_P772A11V1.0.0B01

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2012.5.16

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2012.5.16

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Date:

2012.5.16

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Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the test laboratory.

General Information

Product Name	WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone	Model Name	ZTE V880E
Applicant	ZTE CORPORATION		
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION		
Applicable Standard	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields. 3 kHz to 300 GHz		
	ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice For Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields with Respect to Human Exposure to such Fields. 100 kHz-300 GHz		
	IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
	OET Bulletin 65-(Edition 97-01) Supplement C (edition01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields---Additional Supplement C (Edition 01-01)Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions		
Test Results	Pass		

Change History

Version	Change Contents	Author	Date
V1.0	First edition	Yin xiaoming	2012-04-17
V2.0	Retest Data Mode of GSM	Yin xiaoming	2012-05-16

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1. Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location:

Company: Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd Testing Center.
Address: Room 6205-6208, Building 6, No.399 Cailun Rd. Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park,
Shanghai, China
Post Code : 210203
Tel: +86-21-61650880
Fax: +86-21-61650881
Website: www.tejet.cn

1.2 Laboratory Environment

Temperature 20° C ~ 25 ° C
Relative humidity 20% ~ 70%

1.3 Testing date

Test start data: 2012-03-29
Test end data: 2012-05-16

2. Client Information

2.1 Applicant information

Company Name: ZTE Corporation
Address: ZTE Plaza ,Keji Road South ,Hi-Tech Industrial Park ,Nanshan
District, Shenzhen, Guangdong,518057,P.R.China
Post Code : 518057
Country: China
Tel: 021-68897541
Fax: 021-50801070

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name: ZTE Corporation
Address: ZTE Plaza ,Keji Road South ,Hi-Tech Industrial Park ,Nanshan
District, Shenzhen, Guangdong,518057,P.R.China
Post Code : 518057
Country: China
Tel: 021-68897541
Fax: 021-50801070

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Accessory Equipment (AE)

3.1 Information of EUT

Device type		Portable device	
Product name		WCDMA/GSM（GPRS）Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone	
Exposure category		Uncontrolled environment / general population	
Device operation configuration:			
Operating mode(s):	GSM1900		
	WCDMA BAND II/V		
Test modulation	(GSM)GMSK，(WCDMA)QPSK		
GPRS operation Class	B		
GPRS Multislot Class	12		
EDGE Class	12		
DTM	N/A		
AP Support	yes		
Rated output power	GSM1900: 30dBm		
	WCDMA BAND II/V: 24dBm		
Antenna type:	Internal antenna		
Operating frequency range(s):	Band	Tx(MHz)	
	GSM1900	1850.2～1909.8	
	WCDMA BAND II	1852.4～1907.6	
	WCDMA BAND V	826.4～846.6	
Power class	GSM1900: 1,test with power level 0		
	WCDMA BAND II/V: 3, test with maximum output power		

Note: Equipment under test (EUT) is WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone with internal antenna. It consists of mobile phone ,battery and adaptor and the detail about these is in this report. SAR is tested for GSM1900,WCDMA BAND II/V 802.11b/g/n.

3.2 Identification of EUT

EUT ID	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version	Received Date
TN03	864037010002340	p8pA	GB_AM_P772A11V1.0.0B01	2012-03-27

*EUT ID: identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3 Information Of AE

AE ID*	Description
AE1,	Battery
AE2	Travel Adaptor
AE3	Earphone

AE1

Model	Li3716T42P3h565751-H
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION
Capacitance	1650mAh
Nominal Voltage	3.7V

AE2

Model	STC-A22O501700USBA-Z
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION
Length of DC line	0cm with USB connector

AE3

Model	HMZ4-C4-OMTP
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION
Length of DC line	120cm

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

4. Characteristics of the Test

4.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields. 3 kHz to 300 GHz

4.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice For Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields with Respect to Human Exposure to such Fields. 100 kHz-300 GHz

IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

OET Bulletin 65-(Edition 97-01) Supplement C(edition01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields---Additional Supplement C (Edition 01-01)Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions

5. Operational Conditions During Test

5.1 General description of test procedures

A communication link is set up with a system simulator by air link, and a call is established. The absolute radio frequency channel number (ARFCN) is allocated to low, middle and high respectively in the case of each band. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with CMU200, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by CMU200. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB .

5.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR test for GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a system simulator by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "0" in SAR of GSM1900, The tests in the band of GSM1900 are performed in the mode of data transfer function.

5.3 WCDMA Test Configuration

SAR test for WCDMA BAND II/ V, a communication link is set up with a system simulator by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "3" in SAR of WCDMA BAND II/ V,. The tests in the band of WCDMA BAND II/ V, are performed in the mode of RMC 12.2kbps transfer function.

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn , when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise , SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn for a DUT using FTM(Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384kbps and 968 kbps RMC.

HSDPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set f. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DODCH gain factors (β_c, β_d), and HS_DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS_PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 1: Subtest for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	Bd (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs}	CM (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , $\Delta_{CQI}=8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs}=30/15c$ Note 2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$ Note 3: For subset 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factor for the reference TFC (TFC1, TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.						

Table 2: Settings of required H-set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	Kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload	Bitw	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bots	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate	/	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation	/	QPSK

Table 3: HSDPA UE category

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS_DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum Transport Bits/HS-DSCH	Total Channel
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
1 2	15	1	27952	172800
1 1	5	2	3630	14400
1 2	5	1	3630	28800
1 3	15	1	34800	259200
1 4	15	1	42196	259200
1 5	15	1	23370	345600
1 6	15	1	27952	345600

HSUPA Test Configuration

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed} = 47/15$ $\beta_{ed} = 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

applicable only if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements.³⁷

5.4 Bluetooth Test Configuration

The Bluetooth transmitter of the device under test can be excluded from stand-alone and simultaneous SAR evaluation, per the requirements from FCC KDB 648474, as follows:

1. The separation between the Bluetooth antenna and the main antenna is $8.5\text{ cm} \geq 5\text{ cm}$
2. The maximum conducted output power of Bluetooth is $8.83\text{ mW} < 2 \cdot P(\text{Ref}) = 24\text{ mW}$.
3. The maximum conducted output power of Bluetooth is $8.83\text{ mW} < 60/f = 24.49\text{ mW}$

According to FCC KDB648474, stand alone SAR and Simultaneous Transmission SAR are not required.

5.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

The Wi-Fi is set to different data rate and channels by the software.

According to KDB648474:

1. The separation between the Wi-Fi antenna and the main antenna is $8.5\text{ cm} \geq 5\text{ cm}$
2. The maximum conducted output power of Wi-Fi is $25.7\text{ mW} > 2 \cdot P(\text{Ref}) = 24\text{ mW}$.

So stand alone SAR is needed.

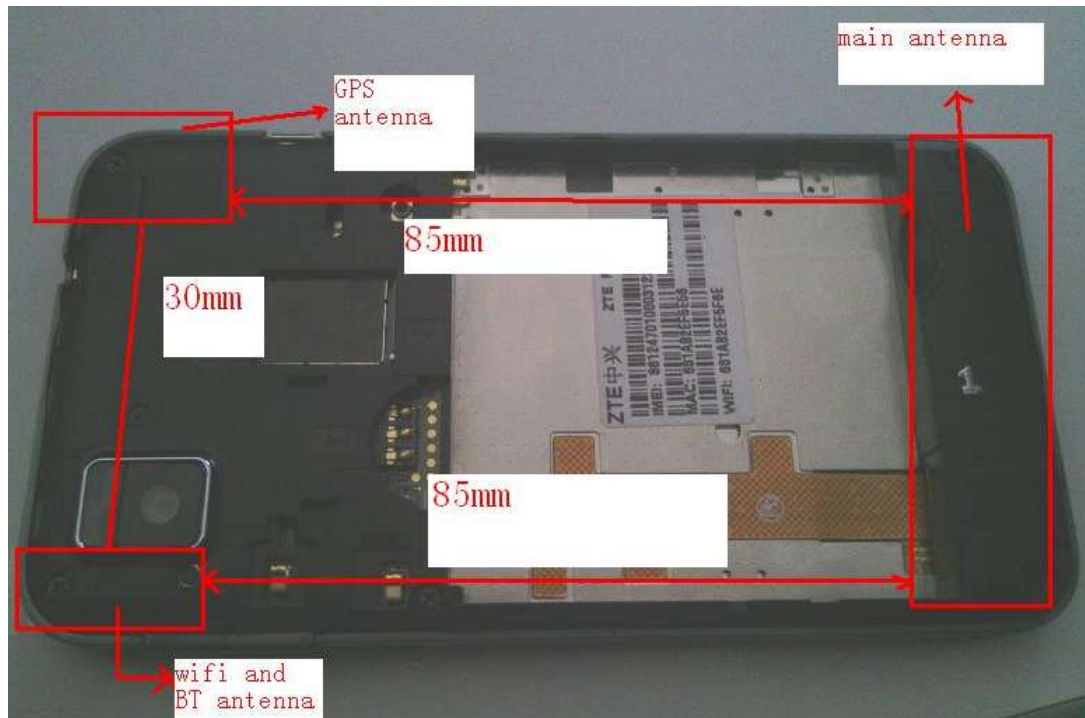
According to KDB248227

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

The AP is supported,

According to KDB941225 D06,

1. The device size is $12.1\text{ cm} \times 6.3\text{ cm} > 9\text{ cm} \times 5\text{ cm}$, so test separation distance was 10mm.
2. SAR must be tested for all surfaces and edges with a transmit antenna within 2.5cm, at a test separation distance of 10mm. And also the worst position of head are tested with Wi-Fi keep transmitting.



Picture of antennas

6. SAR Measurements system configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic _field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

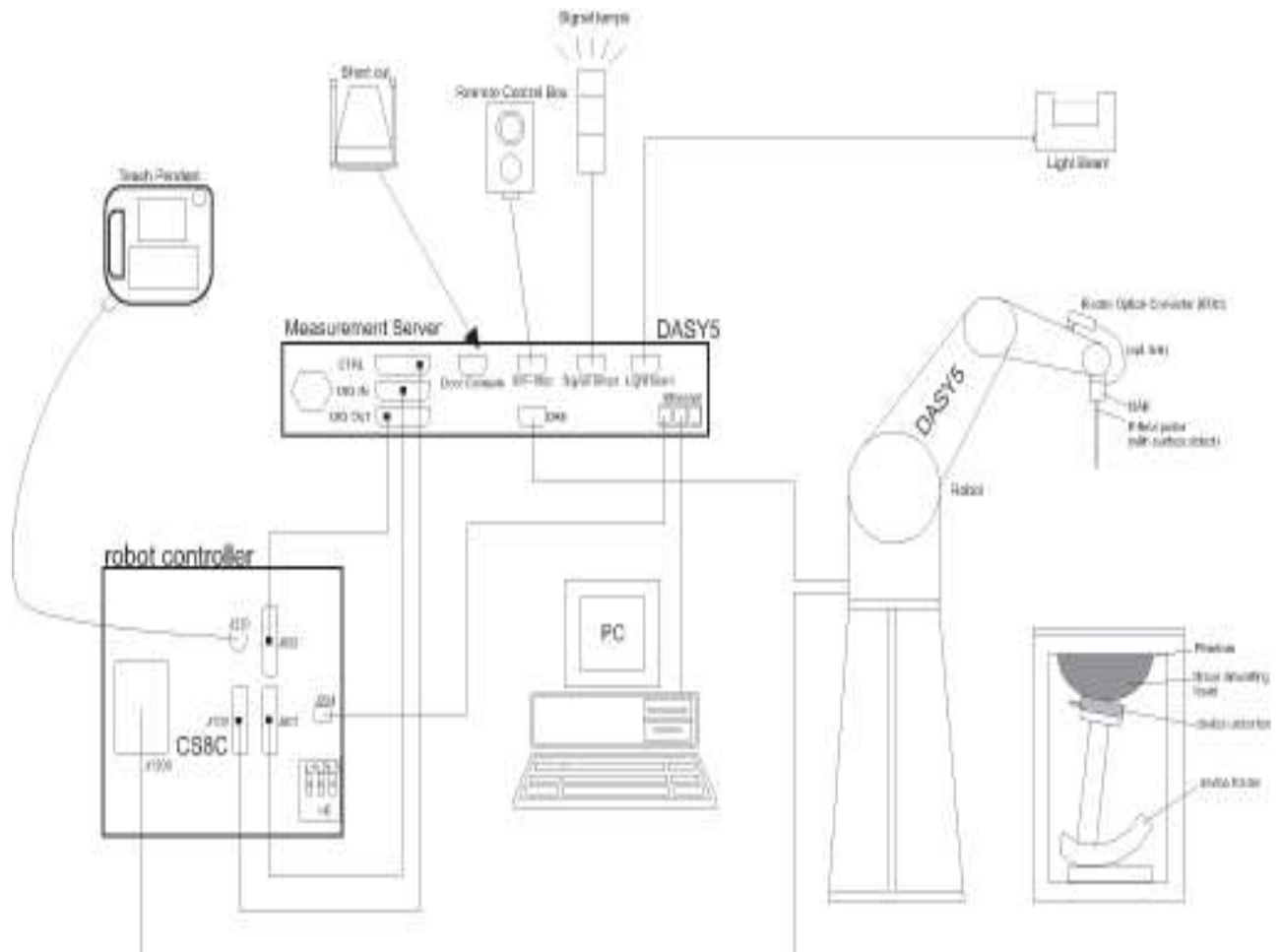


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

6.2.1. Ex3DV3 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 850 and HSL 1750 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material

	(rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



Figure 2.ES3DV3 E-field Probe



Figure 3. ES3DV3 E-field probe

6.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3. Other Test Equipment

6.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4. Device Holder

6.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on

the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available	Special



Figure 5. Generic Twin Phantom

6.4. Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$.
- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)

- Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

6.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

6.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

6.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

6.6. System check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the 8.1 and 8.2.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY 5 system.

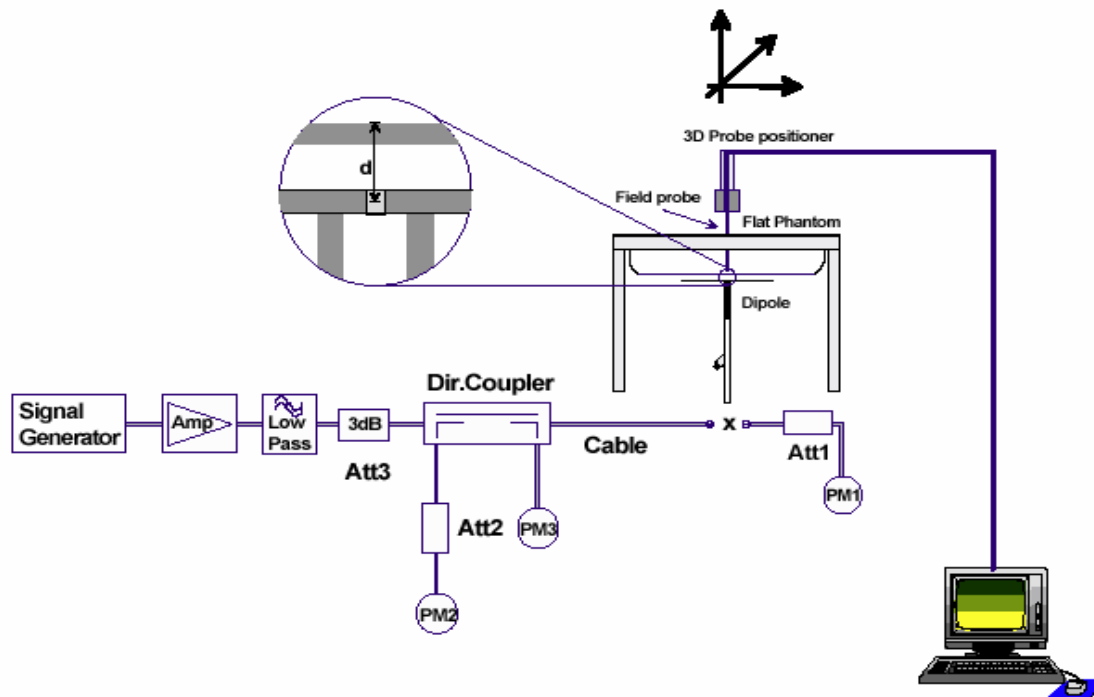


Figure 6. System Check Set-up

6.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 1 and Table 2 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(head) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz $\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.9$
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(head)1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1950MHz $\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(head)2450MHz
Water	56
Glycol monobutyl	44
Salt	0.00
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=2450MHz ϵ =39.2 σ =1.8

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(body) 835MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ϵ =55.2 σ =0.97

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(body)1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1950MHz ϵ =53.3 σ =1.52

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(body)2450MHz
Water	70
Glycol monobutyl	30
Salt	0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=2450MHz ϵ =52.7 σ =1.95

7. Conducted Output Power Measurement

7.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an CMU200 communications tester as controller unit to set test channels

and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power. Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

7.2. Conducted Power Results

PCS1900	Conducted power		
	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
Results (dBm)	28.81	28.75	28.63

PCS1900+GPRS	CONDUCTED POWER						
	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810	(dB)	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810
1 TX-slot result	28.52	28.41	28.33	-9.03	19.49	19.38	19.30
2 TX-slot result	27.47	27.36	27.28	-6.02	21.45	21.34	21.26
3 TX-slot result	26.24	26.13	26.05	-4.26	21.98	21.87	21.79
4 TX-slot result	25.43	25.32	25.24	-3.01	22.42	22.31	22.23
PCS1900+EDGE	CONDUCTED POWER						
	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810	(dB)	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810
1 TX-slot result	28.41	28.34	28.26	-9.03	19.38	19.31	19.23
2 TX-slot result	27.36	27.29	27.21	-6.02	21.34	21.27	21.19
3 TX-slot result	26.13	26.06	25.98	-4.26	21.87	21.80	21.72
4 TX-slot result	25.32	25.25	25.17	-3.01	22.31	22.24	22.16

Note:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1 TX-slot =1 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/1) =>-9.03dB

2 TX-slot =2 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/2) =>-6.02dB

3 TX-slot =3 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/3) =>-4.26dB

4 TX-slot =4 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/4) =>-3.01dB

WCDMA BAND II	Conducted Power		
	Channel9262	Channel9400	Channel9538
12.2kbps RMC (dBm)	22.42	22.45	22.46
WCDMA BAND II +HSDPA (dBm)	Conducted Power		
	Channel9262	Channel9400	Channel9538
SUB-TEST 1	20.32	20.31	20.14
SUB-TEST 2	19.78	19.67	19.89
SUB-TEST 3	19.69	19.77	19.87
SUB-TEST 4	20.23	20.34	20.1
WCDMA BAND II +HSUPA (dBm)	Conducted power		
	Channel9262	Channel9400	Channel9538
SUB-TEST 1	21.14	21.39	21.19
SUB-TEST 2	18.98	18.99	18.82
SUB-TEST 3	19.78	19.80	19.94
SUB-TEST 4	18.74	18.85	19.08
SUB-TEST 5	20.75	20.84	20.93
WCDMA BAND V	Conducted Power		
	Channel4132	Channel4183	Channel4233
12.2kbps RMC (dBm)	22.89	22.84	22.87
WCDMA BAND V +HSDPA (dBm)	Conducted Power		
	Channel4132	Channel4183	Channel4233

SUB-TEST 1	21.72	21.71	21.04
SUB-TEST 2	21.18	21.07	20.79
SUB-TEST 3	21.09	21.17	20.77
SUB-TEST 4	21.63	21.74	21.00
WCDMA BAND V +HSUPA (dBm)	Conducted Power		
	Channel4132	Channel4183	Channel4233
SUB-TEST 1	21.84	21.79	22.09
SUB-TEST 2	20.38	20.39	20.12
SUB-TEST 3	21.18	21.20	20.84
SUB-TEST 4	20.64	20.55	20.28
SUB-TEST 5	21.75	21.74	21.83

Wi-Fi Peak Output Power

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	20.00	20.43	20.90	21.68
6	/	/	/	21.46
11	/	/	/	21.33

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	18.85	17.89	18.29	17.84	19.56	19.68	20.37	20.27
6	/	/	/	/	/	/	20.46	/
11	/	/	/	/	/	/	20.18	/

802.11n 20M (dBm)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	20.05	19.73	20.22	20.80	20.89	21.03	20.57	20.62
6	/	/	/	/	/	20.62	/	/
11	/	/	/	/	/	20.97	/	/

Wi-Fi Average Output Power

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	13.72	13.68	13.65	13.62
6	14.02	/	/	/
11	14.10	/	/	/

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	12.31	12.29	12.27	12.26	12.22	12.17	12.16	12.12
6	12.39	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
11	12.28	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

802.11n 20M (dBm)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	11.48	11.47	11.45	11.44	11.41	11.38	11.35	11.28
6	11.56	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
11	11.41	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

8 Test Results

8.1. Dielectric Performance

Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$	temp °C
835MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	41.5 39.42-43.57	0.9 0.85— 0.945	/
	Measurement value 2012-03-30	41.7	0.88	21.6
835MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	55.2 52.44-57.96	0.97 0.92-1.02	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-08	54.1	0.96	21.7
	Measurement value 2012-04-09	54.3	0.97	21.8
1900MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	40.0 38-42	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-01	39.1	1.36	21.6
1900MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	53.3 50.63-55.96	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2012-03-29	52.3	1.5	21.9
	Measurement value 2012-04-06	52.4	1.49	21.7
	Measurement value 2012-04-07	52.4	1.48	21.8
	Measurement value 2012-05-16	52.3	1.48	21.6
2450MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	39.2 37.24-41.16	1.8 1.71-1.89	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-13	37.86	1.785	21.7
2450MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	52.7 50.06-55.33	1.95 1.85 — 2.05	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-12	51.9	1.93	21.6

8.2. System Check Results

System Check for Head tissue simulation liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Temp °C
		10g	1g			
835MHz (head)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	1.53 1.38-1.68	2.37 2.13-2.61	41.5	0.9	/
	Measurement value 2012-03-30	1.53	2.29	41.7	0.88	21.6
835MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	1.59 1.43-1.75	2.45 2.21-2.70	55.2	0.97	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-08	1.57	2.4	54.1	0.96	21.7
	Measurement value 2012-04-09	1.59	2.45	54.3	0.97	21.8
1900MHz (head)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	5.21 4.69-5.73	9.99 9.00-10.98	40.0	1.40	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-01	5.34	10.4	39.1	1.36	21.6
1900MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	5.36 4.83-5.89	10.2 9.18-11.22	53.3	1.52	/
	Measurement value 2012-03-29	5.02	9.79	52.3	1.5	21.9
	Measurement value 2012-04-06	5.23	10.2	52.4	1.49	21.7
	Measurement value 2012-04-07	5.09	9.79	52.4	1.48	21.8
	Measurement value 2012-05-16	5.31	10.4	52.3	1.48	21.6
2450MHz (head)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	6.05 5.45-6.66	13.3 11.97-14.63	39.2	1.8	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-13	6.21	13.8	37.86	1.785	21.7
2450MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	6.14 5.53-6.75	13.1 11.79-14.41	52.7	1.95	/
	Measurement value 2012-04-12	6.18	13.7	51.9	1.93	21.6

Note: 1. the graph results see ANNEX D.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

8.3. Test Results

8.3.1. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM1900)

SAR Values (GSM1900)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	1 g		
		Average		
Test position of Head				
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.360	0.03	
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.142	0.09	
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.372	-0.01	Max
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.180	-0.01	
Right head, Touch cheek	low	0.292	-0.01	
	high	0.348	0.17	
Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)				
Towards phantom	middle	0.502	0.02	
Towards Ground	middle	0.637	0.05	Max
Towards Ground	low	0.607	-0.04	
	high	0.621	0.05	
Towards Ground	middle	0.592	0.01	Earphone
Worst case position of Body with GPRS(4UP) (Distance 10mm)				
Towards phantom	middle	0.493	0.0094	
Towards Ground	middle	0.542	-0.08	
Front	middle	0.412	0.10	
left side	middle	0.210	-0.03	
right side	middle	0.133	-0.17	
Towards Ground	low	0.476	-0.0048	

	high	0.506	0.04	
Towards Ground	middle	0.512	-0.11	EDGE(4UP)

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.

3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8\text{W/kg}$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

8.3.2. Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA BAND II)

SAR Values (WCDMA BAND II)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	1 g		
		Average		
Test position of Head				
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.862	-0.03	Max
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.318	0.04	
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.674	-0.14	
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.353	-0.12	
Left head, Touch cheek	low	0.835	0.13	
	high	0.772	0.02	
Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)				
Towards phantom	middle	1.09	0.11	
Towards Ground	middle	1.12	0.07	
Front	middle	1.07	-0.03	
left side	middle	0.525	-0.02	
right side	middle	0.314	-0.07	

Towards Ground	low	1.08	-0.14	
	high	1.15	-0.02	Max
Towards phantom	low	1.06	-0.05	
	high	1.04	0.09	
Front	low	1.03	0.16	
	high	0.941	0.05	
Worst case position of Body with (Distance 10mm)				
Towards Ground	high	1.09	0.07	Earphone
Towards Ground	high	0.991	0.0053	HSDPA
Towards Ground	high	0.993	0.05	HSUPA

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.

3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

8.3.3. Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA BAND V)

SAR Values (WCDMA BAND V)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	1 g		
		Average		
Test position of Head				
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.380	-0.07	
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.263	0.04	
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.396	-0.10	
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.233	0.12	

Right head, Touch cheek	low	0.426	-0.02	
	high	0.558	0.14	Max
Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)				
Towards phantom	middle	0.515	-0.10	
Towards Ground	middle	0.718	0.06	
Front	middle	0.097	0.12	
left side	middle	0.483	-0.11	
right side	middle	0.492	0.06	
Towards Ground	low	0.790	0.10	
	high	0.837	0.06	Max
Worst case position of Body with (Distance 10mm)				
Towards Ground	high	0.696	-0.07	Earphone
Towards Ground	high	0.690	0.01	HSDPA
Towards Ground	high	0.684	-0.04	HSUPA

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.

3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

8.3.4. Summary of Measurement Results (Wi-Fi)

SAR Values (802.11b/g/n)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	1 g		
		Average		
Test position of Head				
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.053	0.17	Max
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.041	0.52	

Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.040	0.11	
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.037	0.48	
Left head, Touch cheek	low	0.040	0.45	
	high	0.044	0.57	
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.024	0.14	802.11g
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.023	0.58	802.11n(20MHz)
Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)				
Towards phantom	middle	0.017	-0.03	
Towards Ground	middle	0.030	0.37	
back	middle	0.00395	0.59	
Left side	middle	0.00638	-0.32	
right side	middle	0.015	0.38	
Towards Ground	low	0.017	-0.03	Max
	high	0.016	0.32	
Worst case position of Body with (Distance 10mm)				
Towards Ground	low	0.011	-0.36	802.11g
Towards Ground	low	0.011	-0.39	802.11n(20MHz)

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

- Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
- The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

8.4. Conclusion

Maximum SAR

TEST BAND	Worst Position		CHANNEL	Maximum SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Limit of SAR(1g)
GSM1900	Head	Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.372	1.6
	Body	Towards Ground	middle	0.637	1.6
WCDMA BAND II	Head	Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.862	1.6
	Body	Towards ground	high	1.15	1.6
WCDMA BAND V	Head	Right head, Touch cheek	high	0.558	1.6
	Body	Towards ground	high	0.837	1.6
Wi-Fi	Head	Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.053	1.6
	Body	Towards Ground	Low	0.017	1.6

Evaluation for Simultaneous SAR

TEST MODE	Wi-Fi		Main Mode SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Wi-Fi SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Summation SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to-peak-location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
GSM1900	802.11b	Head	0.372	0.053	<1.6	/	No
		Body	0.637	0.017	<1.6	/	No
WCDMA BAND II	802.11b	Head	0.862	0.053	<1.6	/	No
		Body	1.15	0.017	<1.6	/	No
WCDMA BAND V	802.11b	Head	0.558	0.053	<1.6	/	No
		Body	0.837	0.017	<1.6	/	No

General Judgment: PASS

ANNEX A: EUT Photograph



EUT



Battery



Travel Adaptor



Travel Adaptor



Earphone



POSITION OF LEFT HEAD TOUCH



POSITION OF LEFT HEAD TILT



POSITION OF RIGHT HEAD TOUCH



POSITION OF RIGHT HEAD TILT



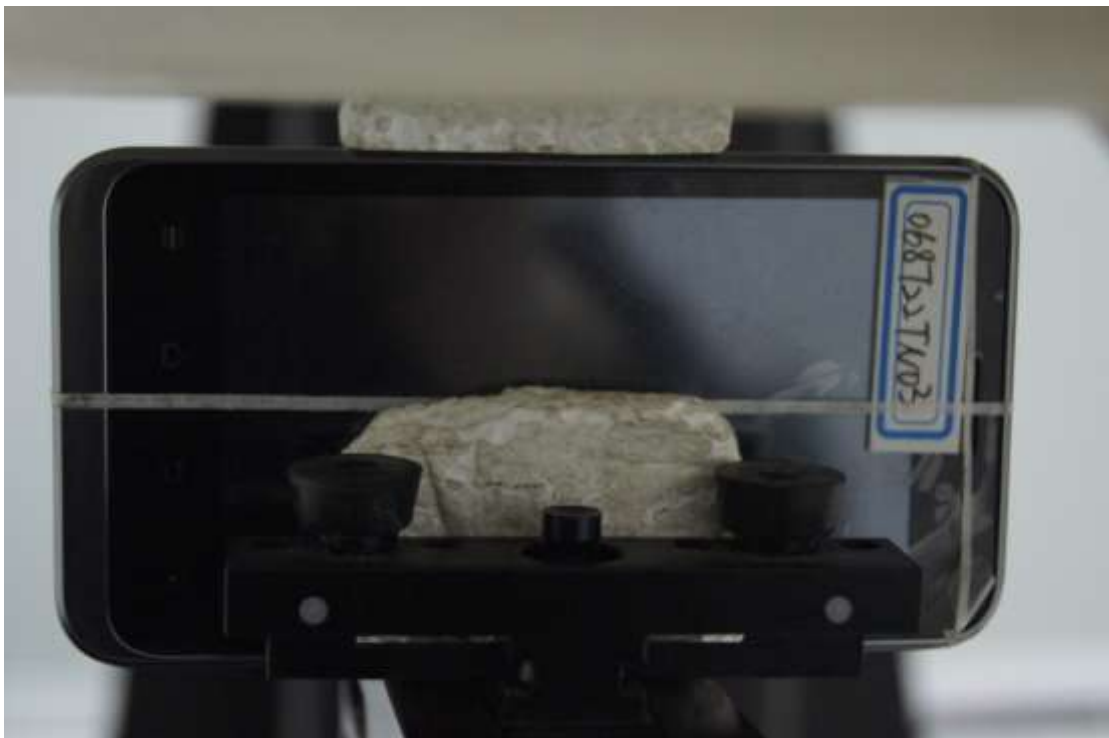
POSITION OF BODY TOWARDS PHANTOM WITH 10mm DISTANCE



POSITION OF BODY TOWARDS GROUND WITH 10mm DISTANCE



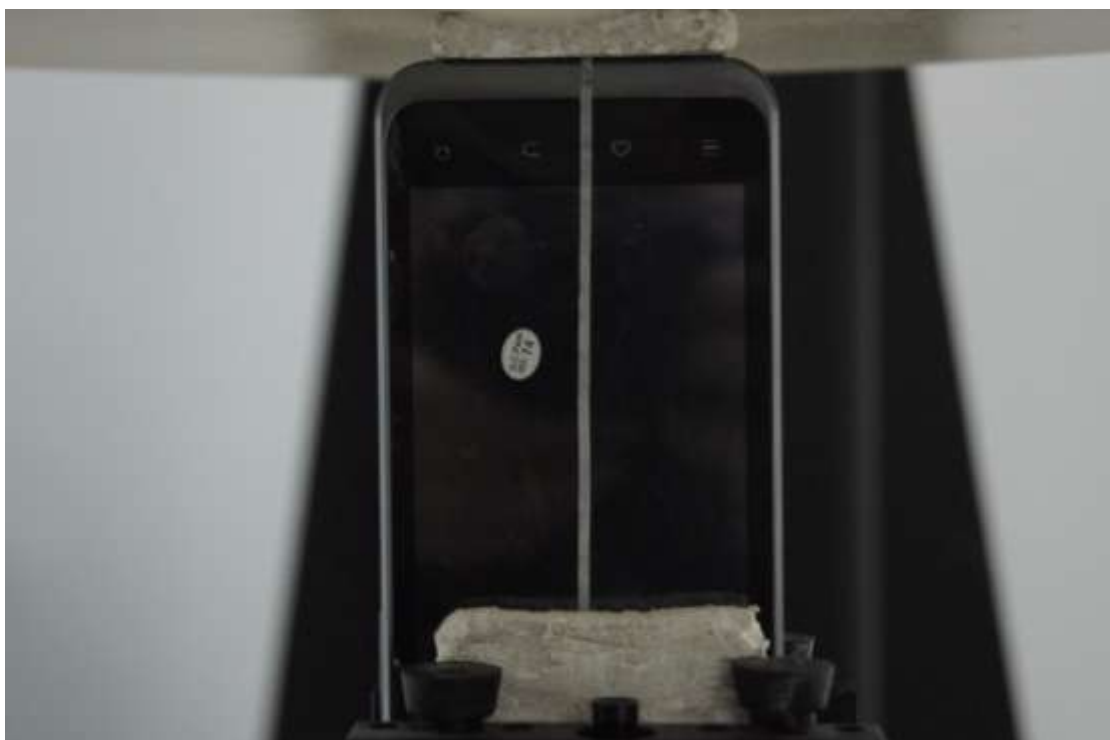
POSITION OF BODY TOWARDS GROUND WITH 10mm DISTANCE (WITH EARPHONE)



POSITION OF BODY LEFT SIDE WITH 10mm DISTANCE



POSITION OF BODY RIGHT SIDE WITH 10mm DISTANCE



POSITION OF BODY BACK WITH 10mm DISTANCE

ANNEX B: Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	c_i	Standard uncertainty u_i (%)	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i
1	-System repetivity	A	0.3	N	1	1	0.5	9
Measurement system								
2	—probe calibration	B	7	N	2	1	3.5	∞
3	—axial isotropy of the probe	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	4.3	∞
4	— Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	B	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
5	—probe linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
6	— System detection limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
7	—boundary effect	B	11.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.4	∞
8	—response time	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
9	—noise	B	0	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
10	—integration time	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
11	—readout Electronics	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
12	—-phantom	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
13	—Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
14	—Device Holder Uncertainty	A	4.9	R	1	1	4.9	5
物理参数								
15	-liquid density	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
16	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.9	∞
17	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	A	0.23	N	1	1	0.23	9

18	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.9	∞
19	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	A	0.46	N	1	1	0.46	9
20	— Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
21	— Environment	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
22	— Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	B	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					12.2	88.7
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	K=2	24.4		

ANNEX C: Main Test Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent E5071E	Oct 14 th , 2011	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	No Calibration Requested	
03	Power meter	Agilent E4418B	Oct 14 th , 2011	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent E9200B	Oct 14 th , 2011	One year
05	Signal Generator	Agilent N5182A	Oct 14 th , 2011	One year
06	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	No Calibration Requested	
07	BTS	CMU200	Oct 14 th , 2011	One year
08	E-field Probe	ES3DV3	Sep 27 th , 2011	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	June 13 th , 2011	One year
10	Validation Kit 835MHz	D835V2	June 14 th , 2011	One year
11	Validation Kit 1900MHz	D1900V2	June 22 th , 2011	One year
12	Validation Kit 2450MHz	D2450V2	June 14 th , 2011	One year

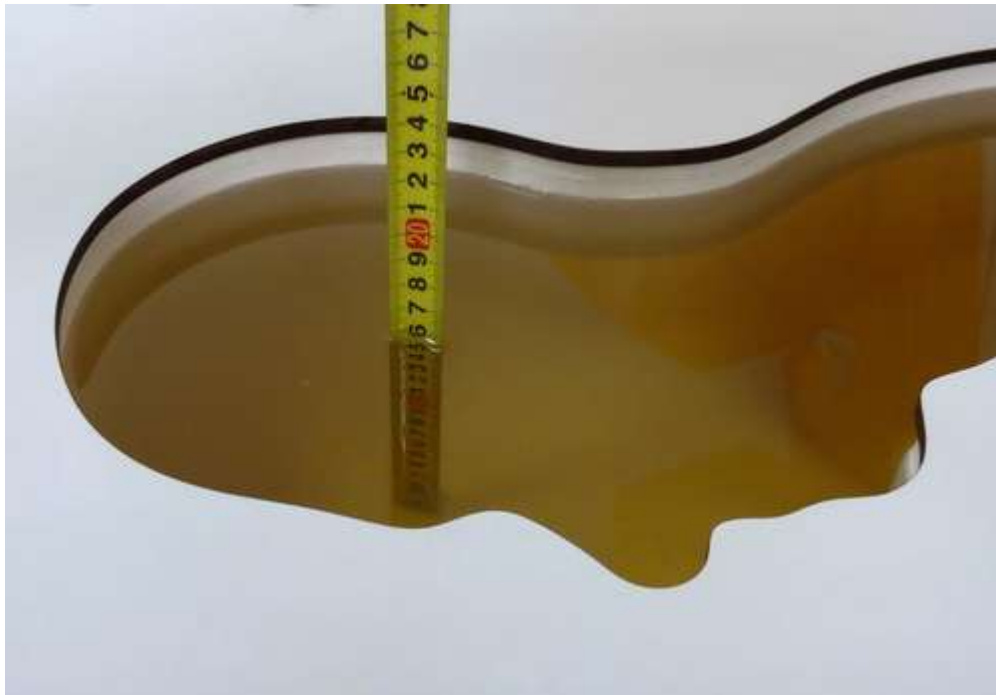
ANNEX D: Test Layout



Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz) (17.5cm deep)



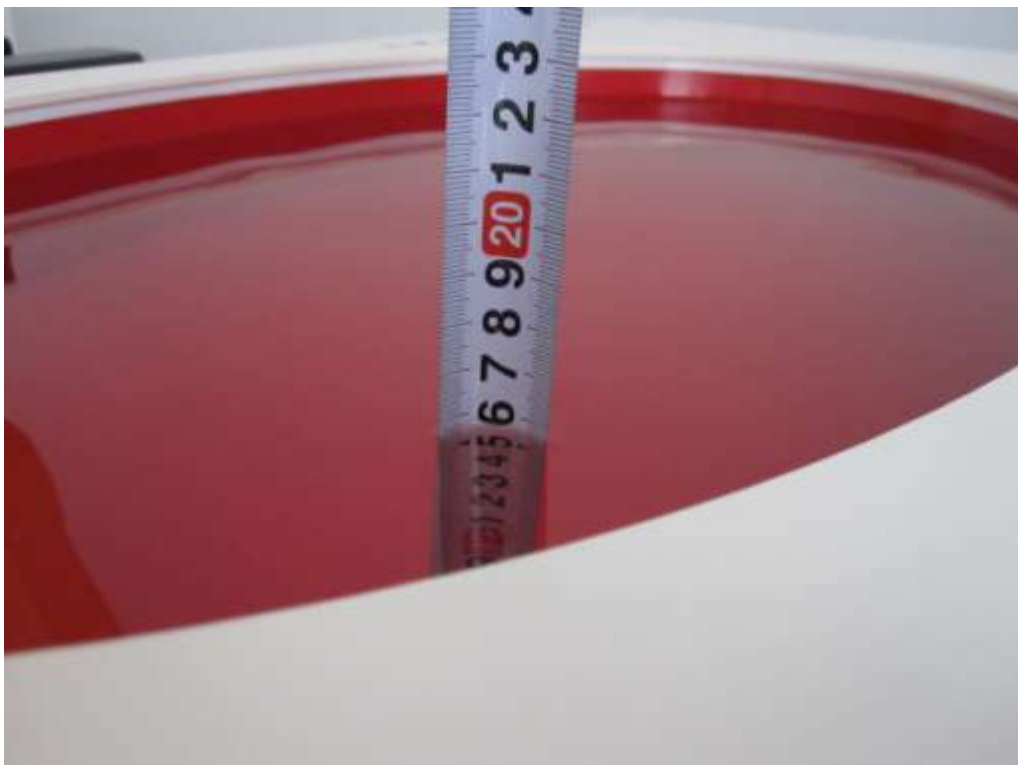
Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz) (16cm deep)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz) (19cm deep)



Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz) (15cm deep)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the EL14 Phantom (2450 MHz) (15.4cm deep)

ANNEX E: System Check Results

System check 835head

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 8:32:31

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.666$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

835head/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Area

Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.640 mW/g

835head/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Zoom

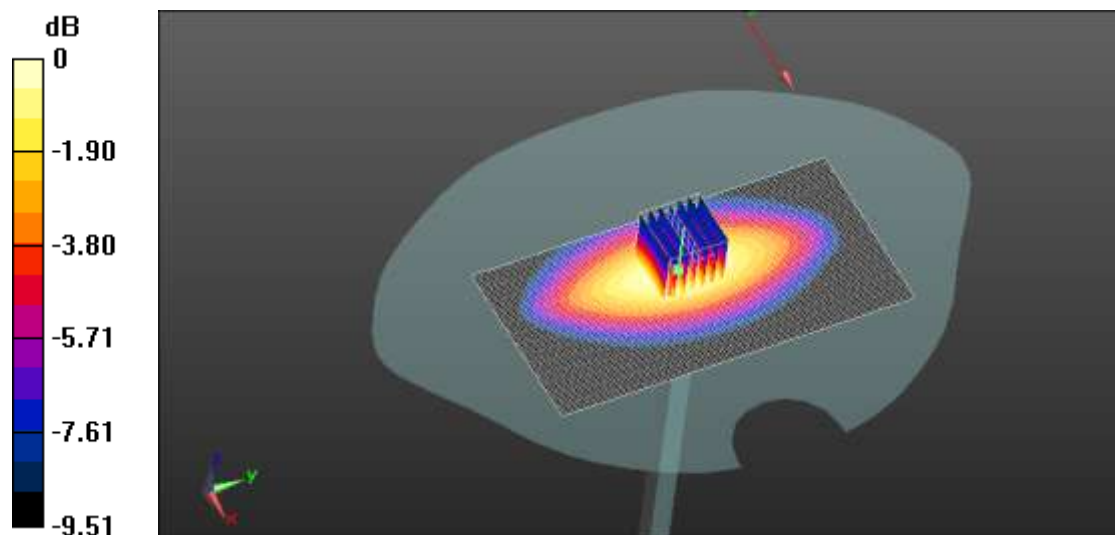
Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.987 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0067 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.4730

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.659 mW/g



0 dB = 2.660mW/g = 8.50 dB mW/g

System check 835body

Date/Time: 2012-4-8 16:09:23

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.948$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.255$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

835body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Area

Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.847 mW/g

835body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Zoom

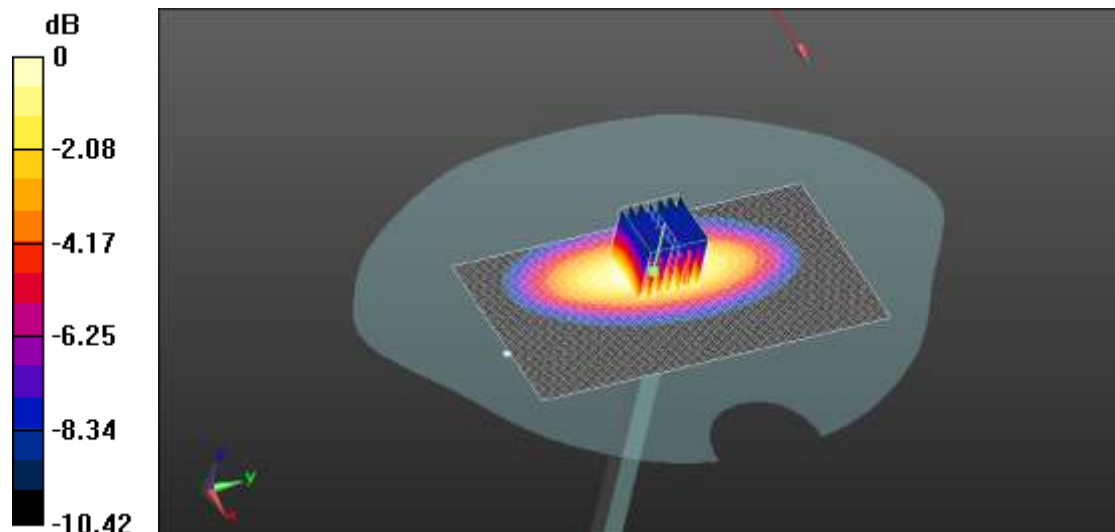
Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.294 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.7170

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.830 mW/g



0 dB = 2.830mW/g = 9.04 dB mW/g

System check 835body

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 8:32:49

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.948$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.255$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

835body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Area

Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.835 mW/g

835body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Zoom

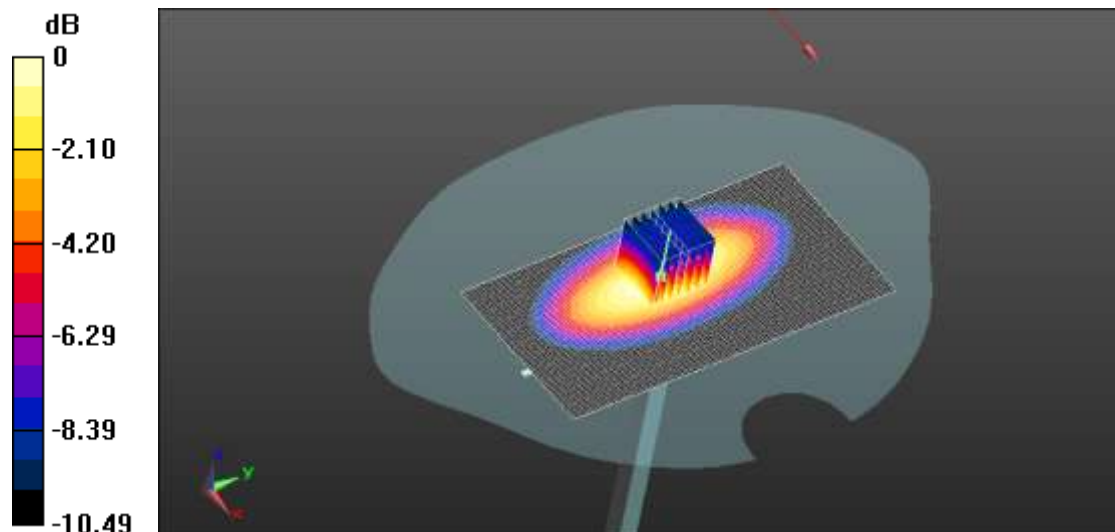
Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.310 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.7990

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.869 mW/g



0 dB = 2.870mW/g = 9.16 dB mW/g

System check 1900head

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 11:38:14

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.383$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.048$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

1900head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.706 mW/g

1900head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan

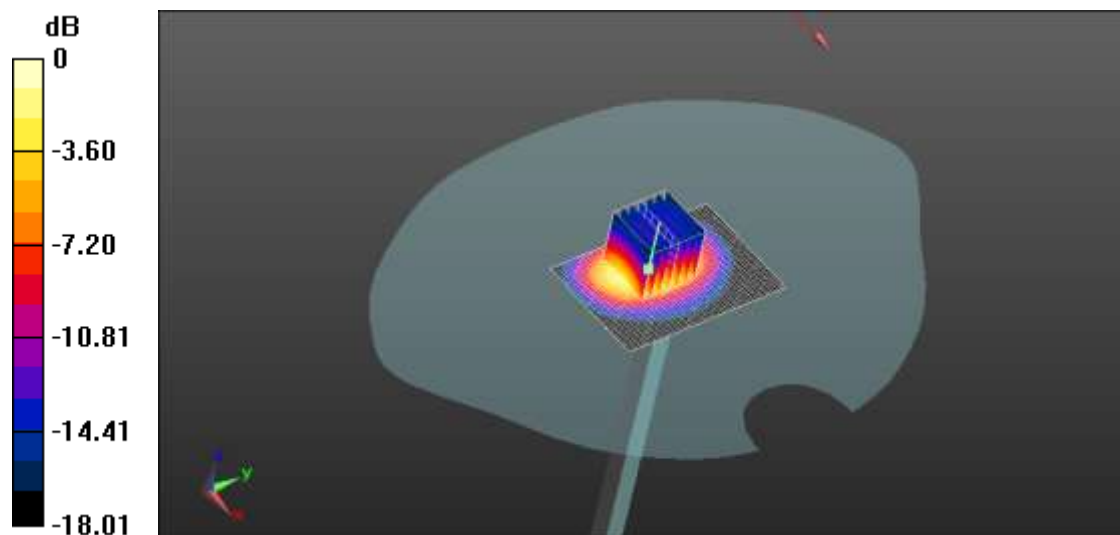
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 76.205 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3250

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.365 mW/g



0 dB = 13.360mW/g = 22.52 dB mW/g

System check 1900body

Date/Time: 2012-3-29 8:13:45

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.357$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.366 mW/g

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan

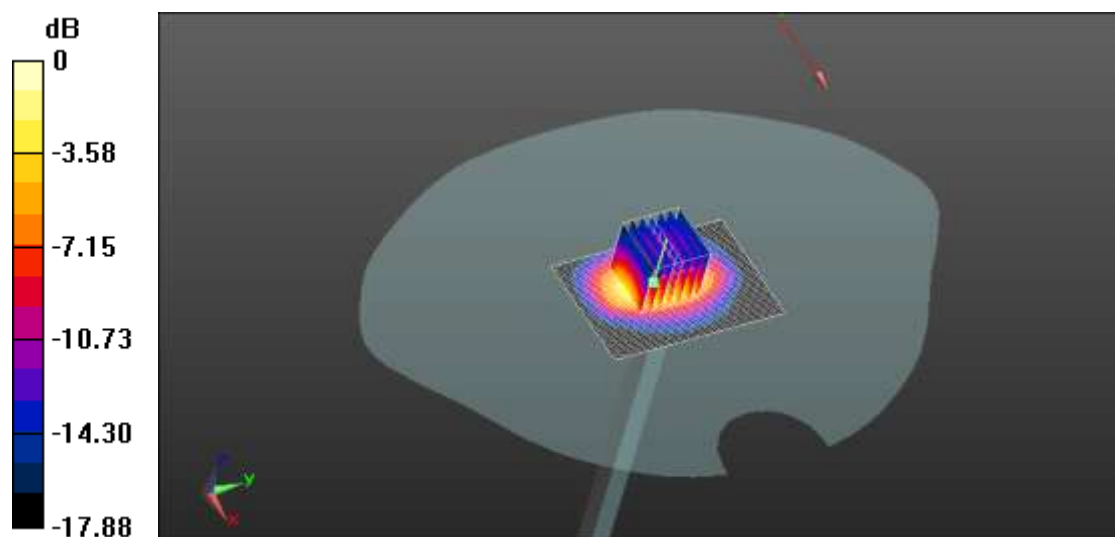
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.713 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7520

SAR(1 g) = 9.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.02 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.505 mW/g



0 dB = 12.510mW/g = 21.95 dB mW/g

System check 1900body

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 17:10:37

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.357$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.941 mW/g

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan

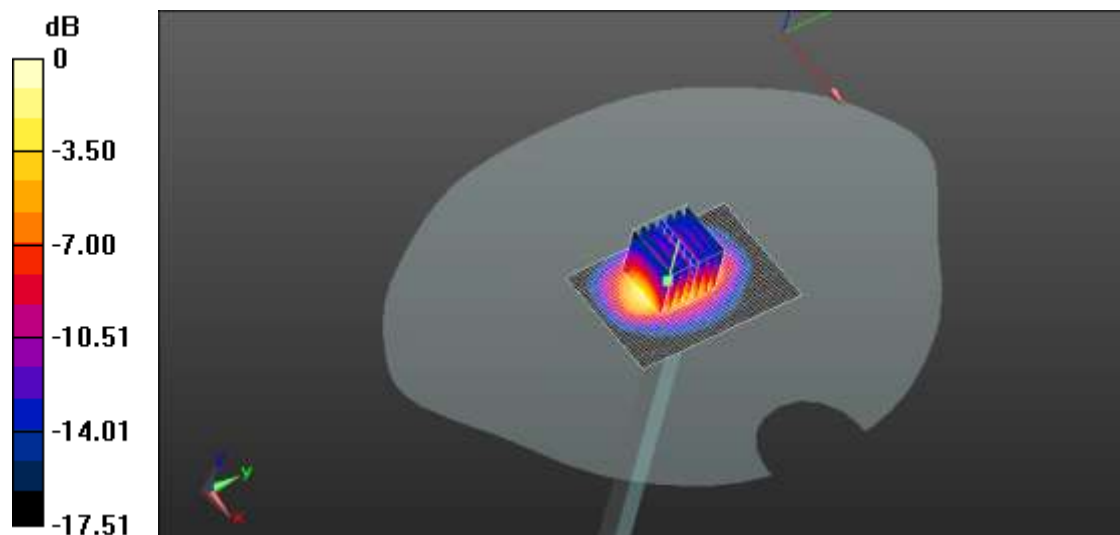
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.732 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2370

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.952 mW/g



0 dB = 12.950mW/g = 22.25 dB mW/g

System check 1900body

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 7:52:31

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.357$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.671 mW/g

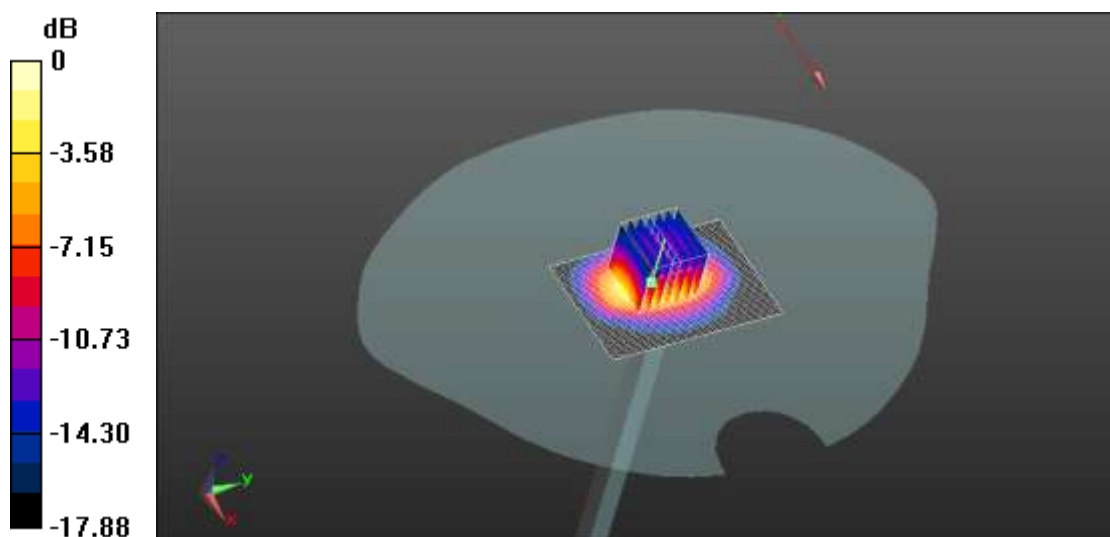
1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.713 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7520

SAR(1 g) = 9.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.522 mW/g



0 dB = 12.510mW/g = 21.97dB mW/g

System check 1900body

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 9:52:26

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.357$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.073 mW/g

1900body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan

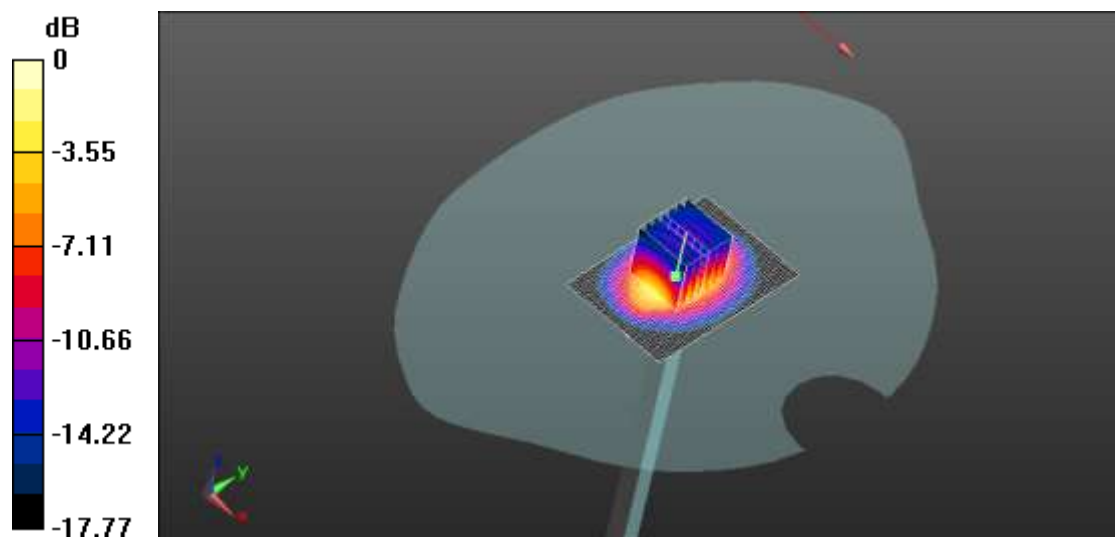
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.540 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8070

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.173 mW/g



0 dB = 13.170mW/g = 22.39 dB mW/g

System check 2450head

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 8:48:45

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.785$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.861$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

2450head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.497 mW/g

2450head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

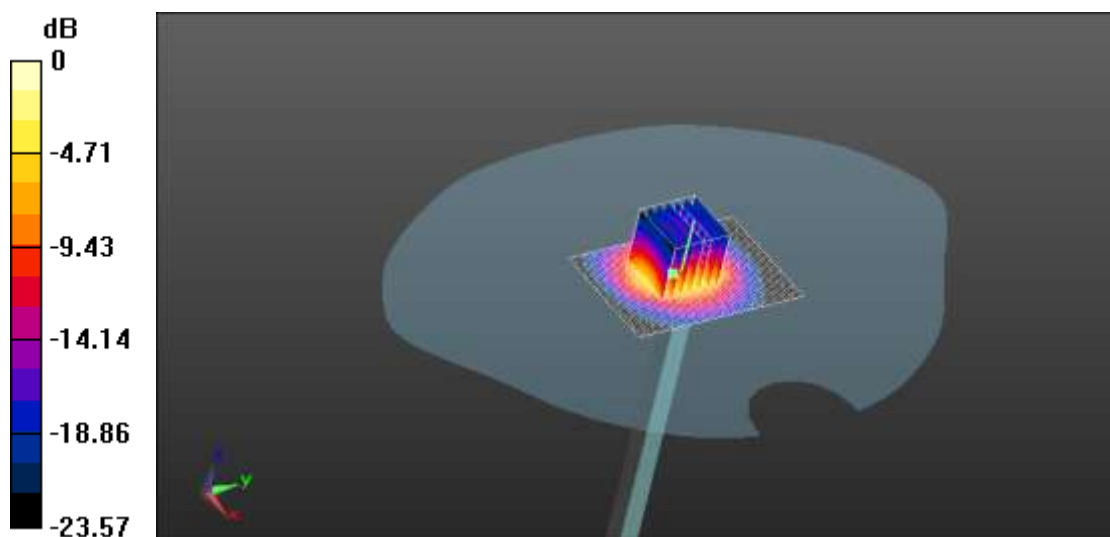
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.798 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7180

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.156 mW/g



0 dB = 18.160mW/g = 25.18 dB mW/g

System check 2450body

Date/Time: 2012-4-12 20:16:43

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.921$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.932$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.2 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

2450body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.294 mW/g

2450body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan

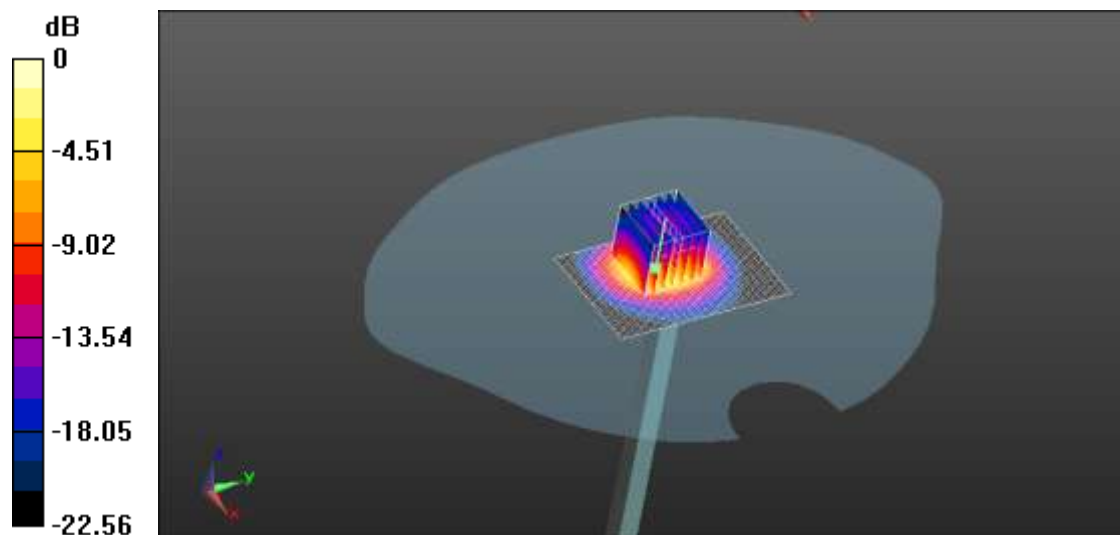
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.069 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8200

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.041 mW/g



0 dB = 18.040mW/g = 25.12 dB mW/g

ANNEX F: Graph Result

GSM1900 left Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 16:52:04

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.393 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

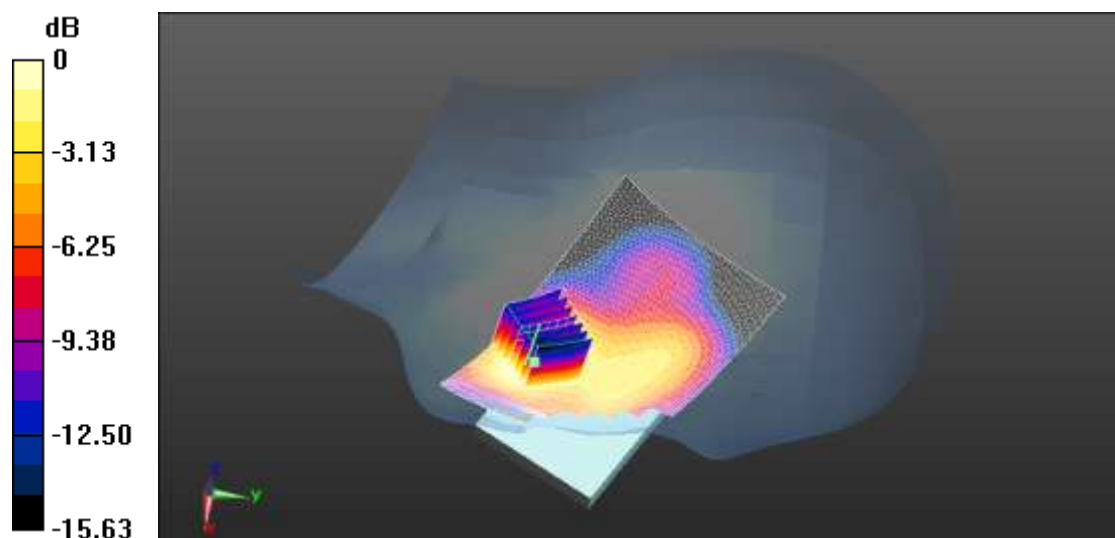
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.335 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5620

SAR(1 g) = 0.360 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 mW/g



0 dB = 0.390mW/g = -8.18 dB mW/g

GSM1900 left Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 17:21:40

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.156 mW/g

left/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.250 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2290

SAR(1 g) = 0.142 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g

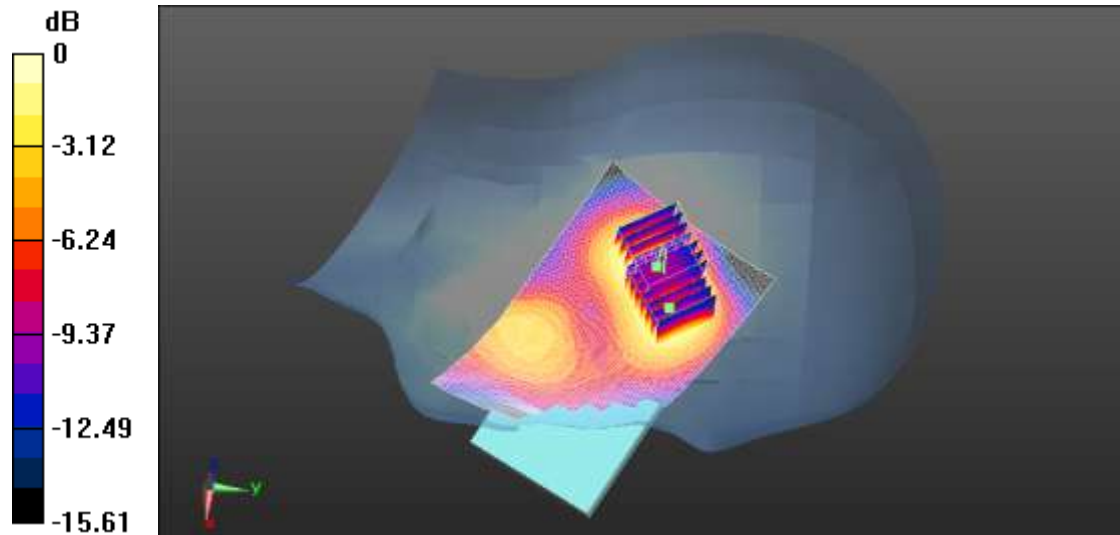
left/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.250 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2040

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 mW/g



0 dB = 0.150mW/g = -16.48 dB mW/g

GSM1900 right Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 18:08:21

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.413 mW/g

right/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

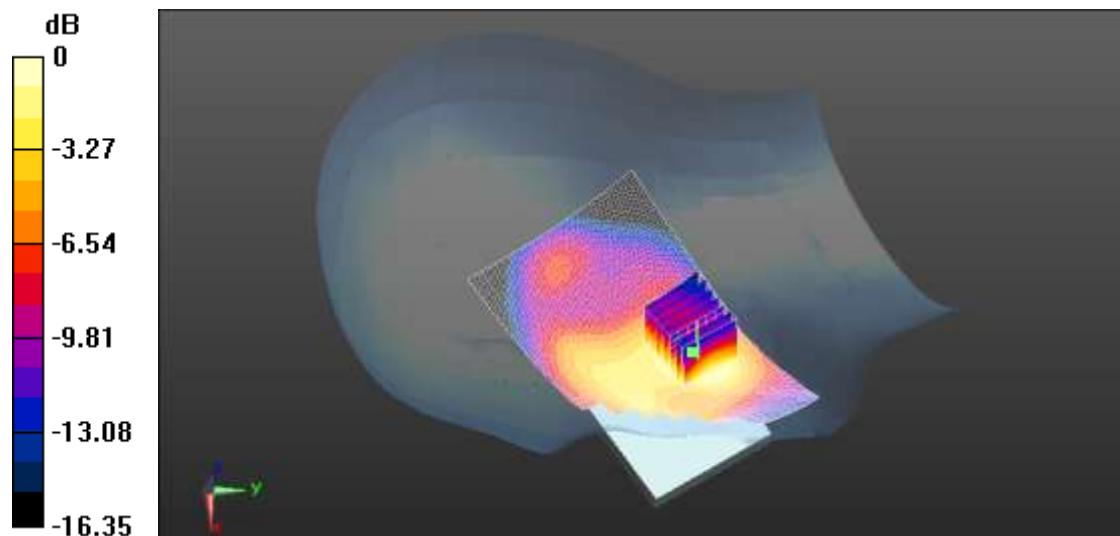
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.303 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

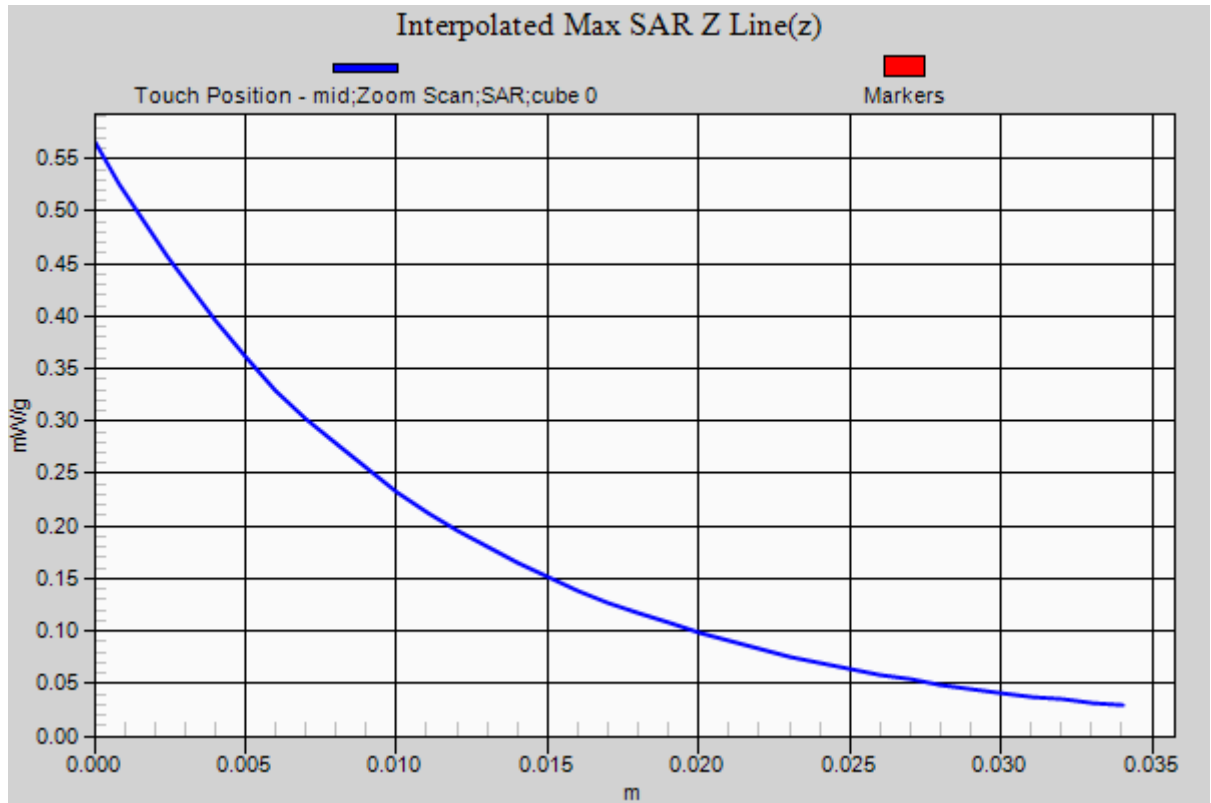
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5650

SAR(1 g) = 0.372 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.408 mW/g



0 dB = 0.410mW/g = -7.74 dB mW/g



GSM1900 right Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 18:43:11

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.200 mW/g

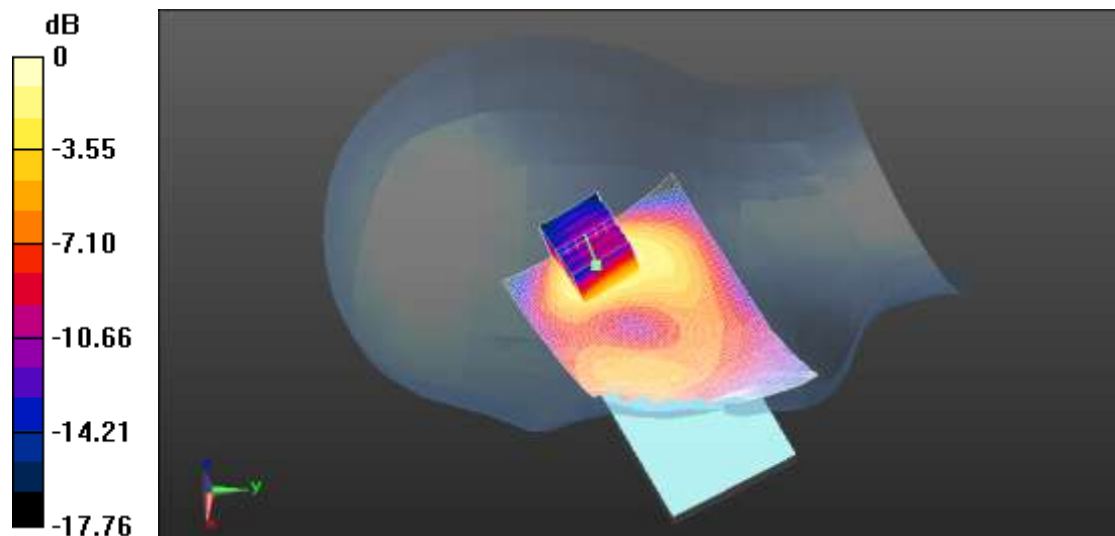
right/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.729 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3050

SAR(1 g) = 0.180 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 mW/g



0 dB = 0.200mW/g = -13.98 dB mW/g

GSM1900 right Touch low

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 19:13:34

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.339$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.255$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.315 mW/g

right/Touch Position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

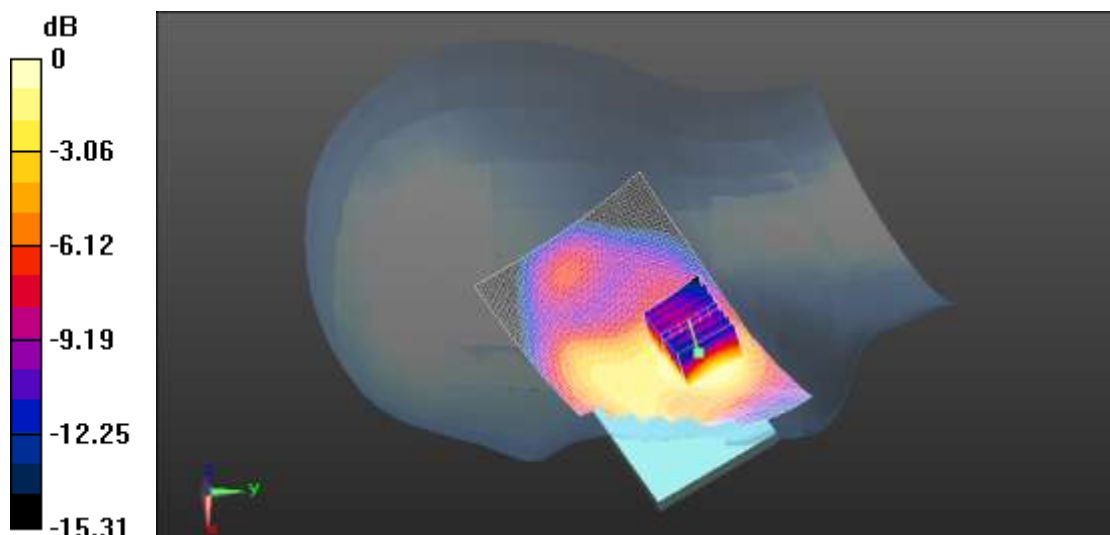
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.842 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4250

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.317 mW/g



0 dB = 0.320mW/g = -9.90 dB mW/g

GSM1900 right Touch high

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 19:42:37

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.393$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.011$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.392 mW/g

right/Touch Position - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

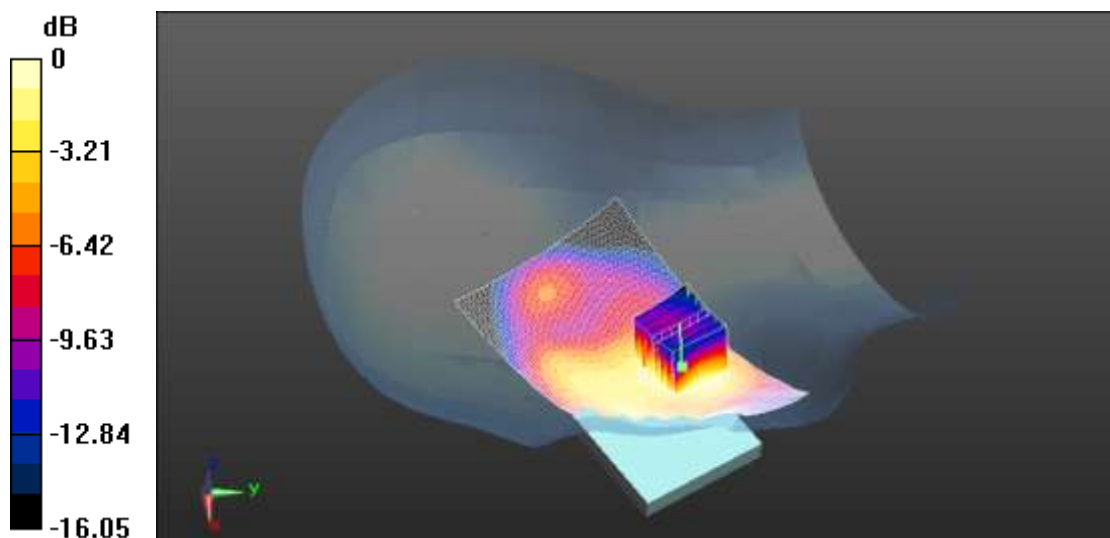
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.589 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5160

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 mW/g



0 dB = 0.380mW/g = -8.40 dB mW/g

GSM1900 Towards phantom mid

Date/Time: 2012-3-29 13:47:27

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

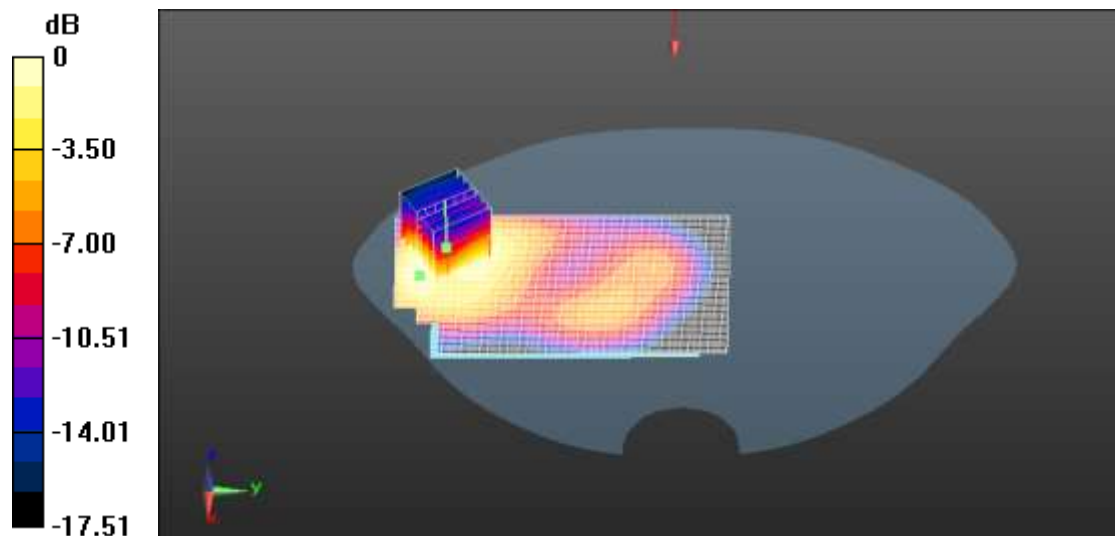
body/Towards phantom - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.893 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8770

SAR(1 g) = 0.502 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 mW/g



0 dB = 0.550mW/g = -5.19 dB mW/g

GSM1900 Towards ground mid

Date/Time: 2012-3-29 14:31:23

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.699 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

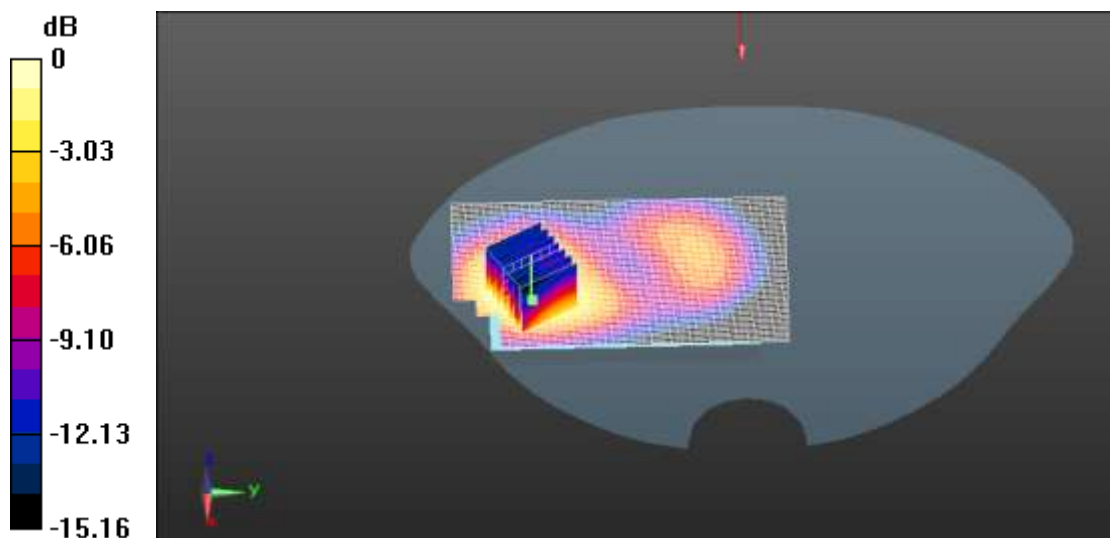
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.283 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

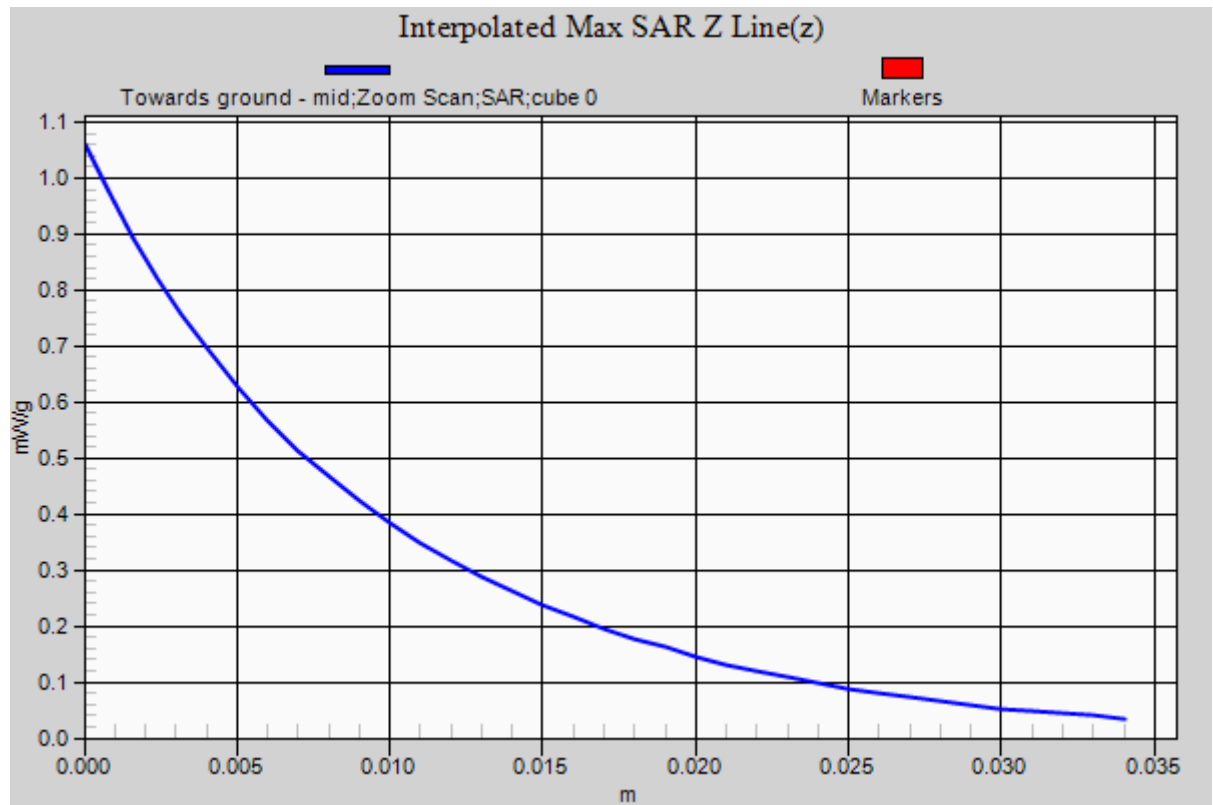
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0590

SAR(1 g) = 0.637 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 mW/g



0 dB = 0.700mW/g = -3.10 dB mW/g



GSM1900 Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-3-29 18:44:42

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.448$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.486$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.675 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

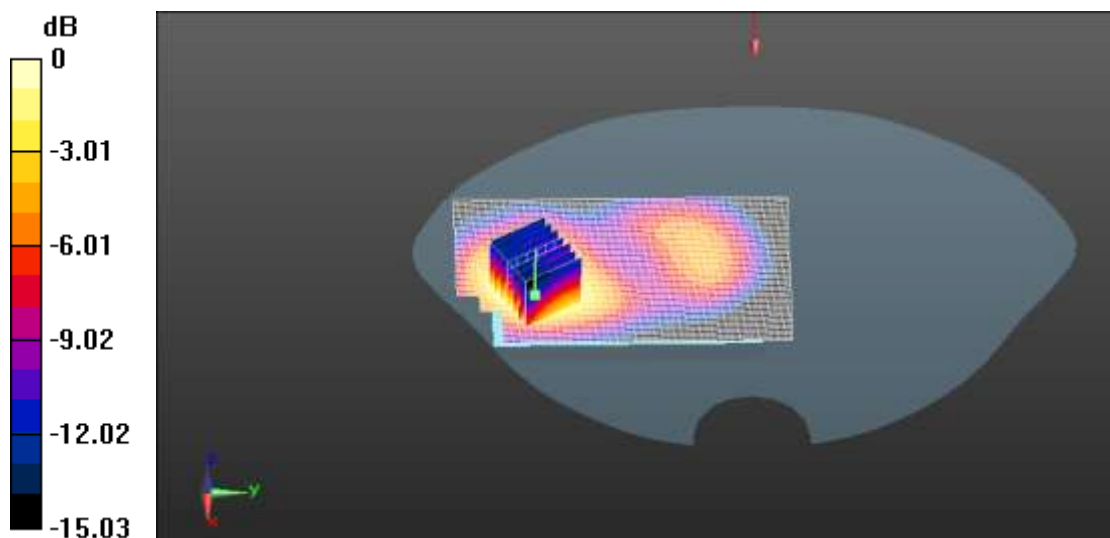
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.471 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.9930

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 mW/g



0 dB = 0.660mW/g = -3.61 dB mW/g

GSM1900 Towards ground high

Date/Time: 2012-3-29 18:07:37

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.503$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.325$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground -high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.693 mW/g

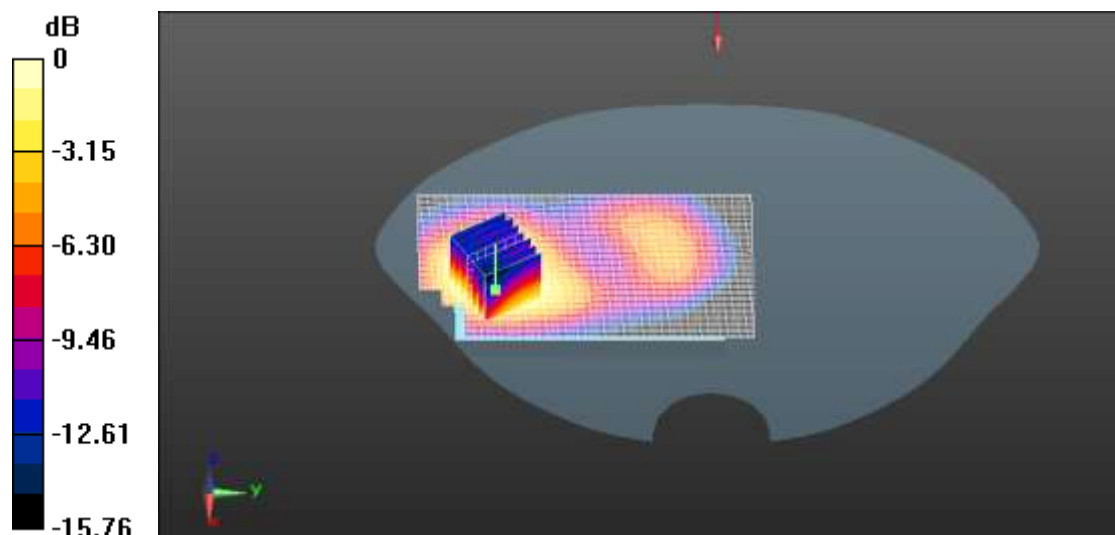
body/Towards ground -high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.260 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0390

SAR(1 g) = 0.621 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.681 mW/g



0 dB = 0.680mW/g = -3.35 dB mW/g

GSM1900 Towards ground mid with earphone

Date/Time: 2012-3-29 19:46:01

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid with earphone AE04/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid with earphone AE04/Zoom Scan

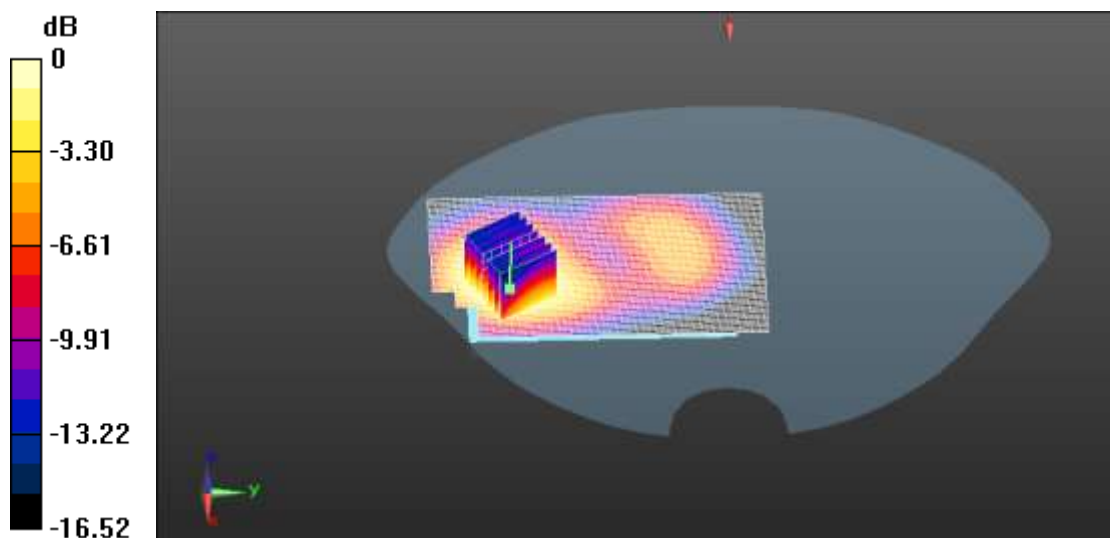
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.575 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.9860

SAR(1 g) = 0.592 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 mW/g



0 dB = 0.650mW/g = -3.74 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS Towards phantom mid

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 11:52:24

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - mid with GPRS/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

body/Towards phantom - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

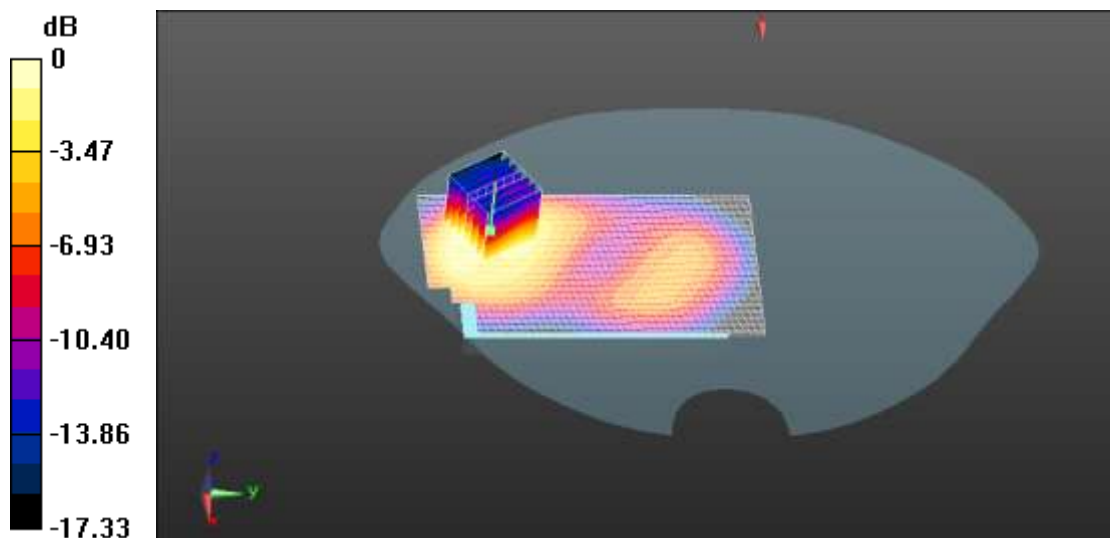
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.015 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0094 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8820

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.538 mW/g



0 dB = 0.540mW/g = -5.35 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS Towards ground mid

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 12:24:26

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid with GPRS/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.589 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

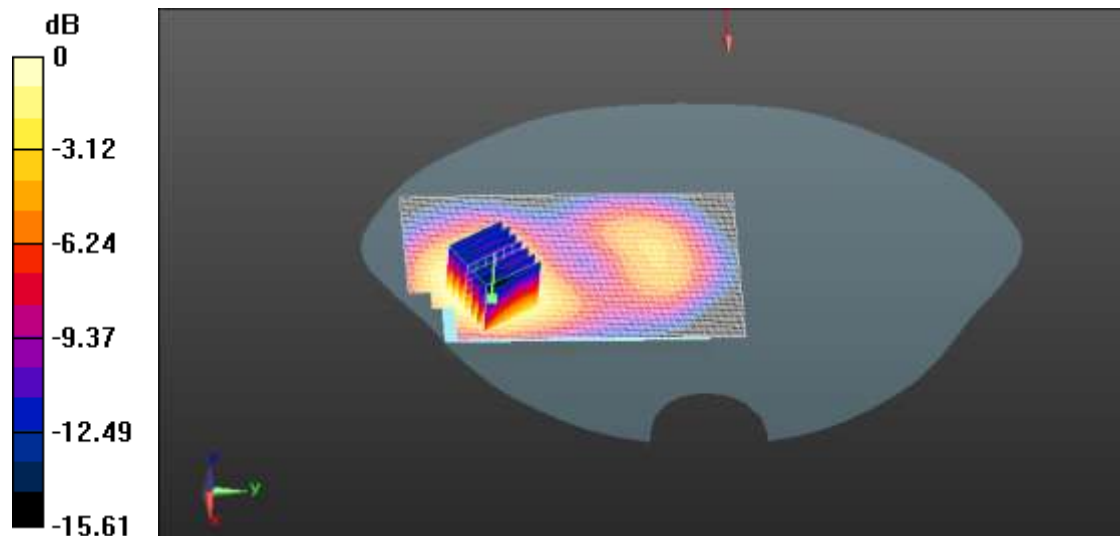
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.809 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.9120

SAR(1 g) = 0.542 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 mW/g



0 dB = 0.590mW/g = -4.58 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS front mid

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 14:27:54

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/ front - mid with GPRS/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.461 mW/g

body/ front - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

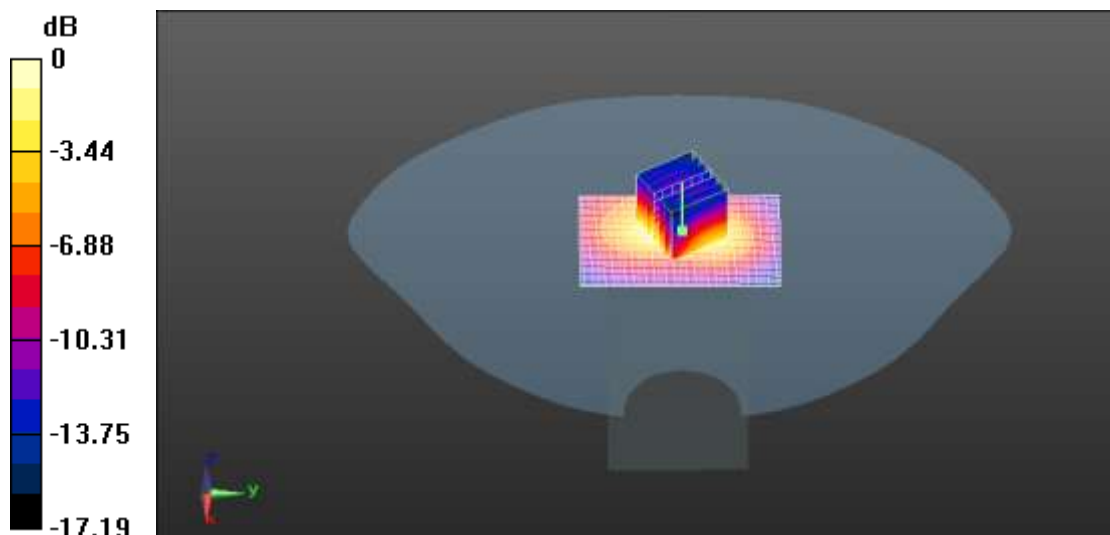
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.058 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.7420

SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 mW/g



0 dB = 0.460mW/g = -6.74 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS left side mid

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 12:59:50

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/left side - mid with GPRS/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.234 mW/g

body2/left side - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.132 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3470

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.226 mW/g

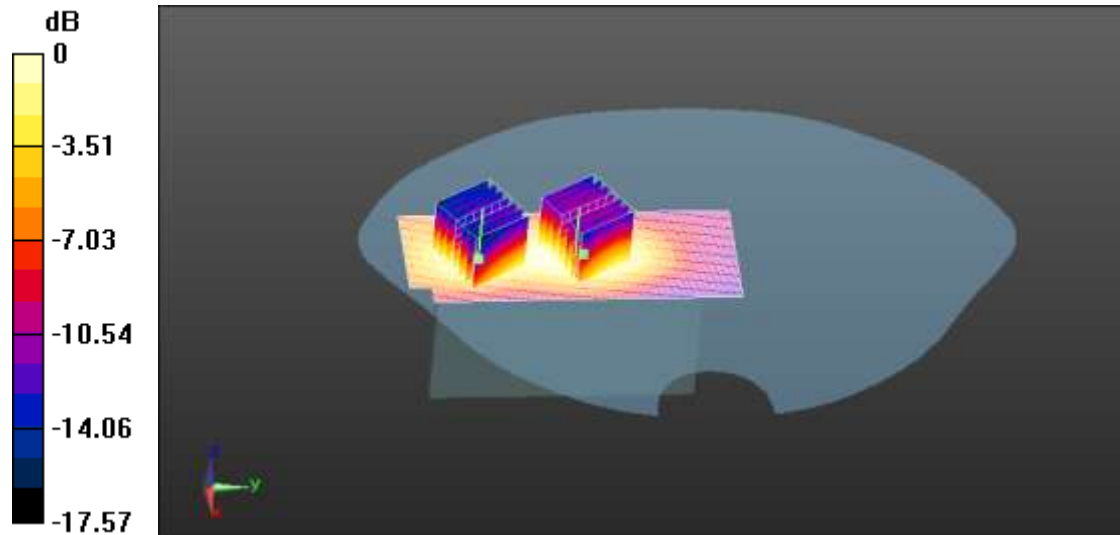
body2/left side - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.132 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3230

SAR(1 g) = 0.181 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g



0 dB = 0.200mW/g = -13.98 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS right side mid

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 13:40:24

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/right side - mid with GPRS/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 mW/g

body2/right side - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.495 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2230

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 mW/g

body2/right side - mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

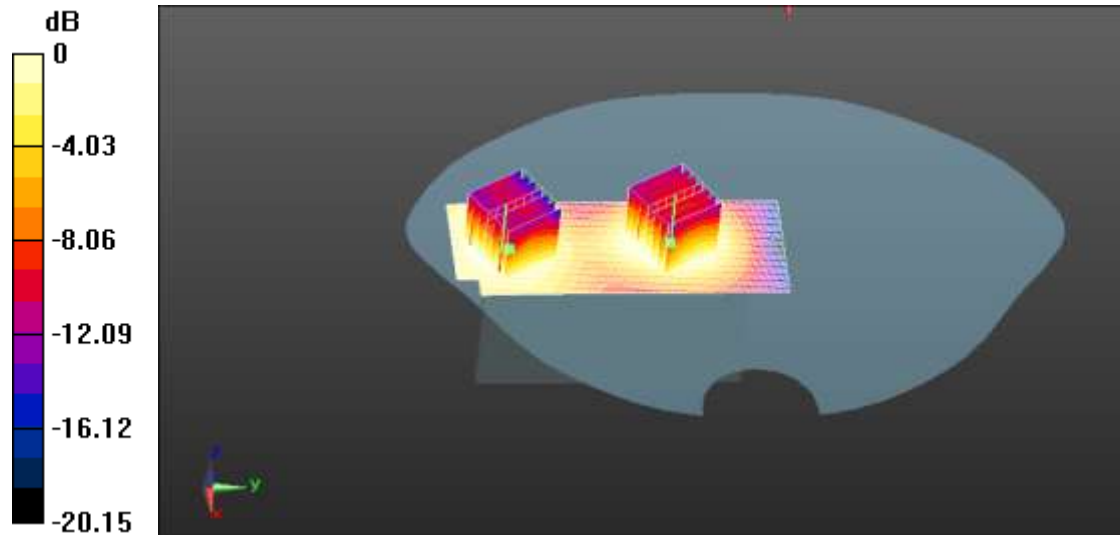
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.495 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1520

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g



0 dB = 0.100mW/g = -20.00 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 15:00:20

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.448$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.486$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low with GPRS/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

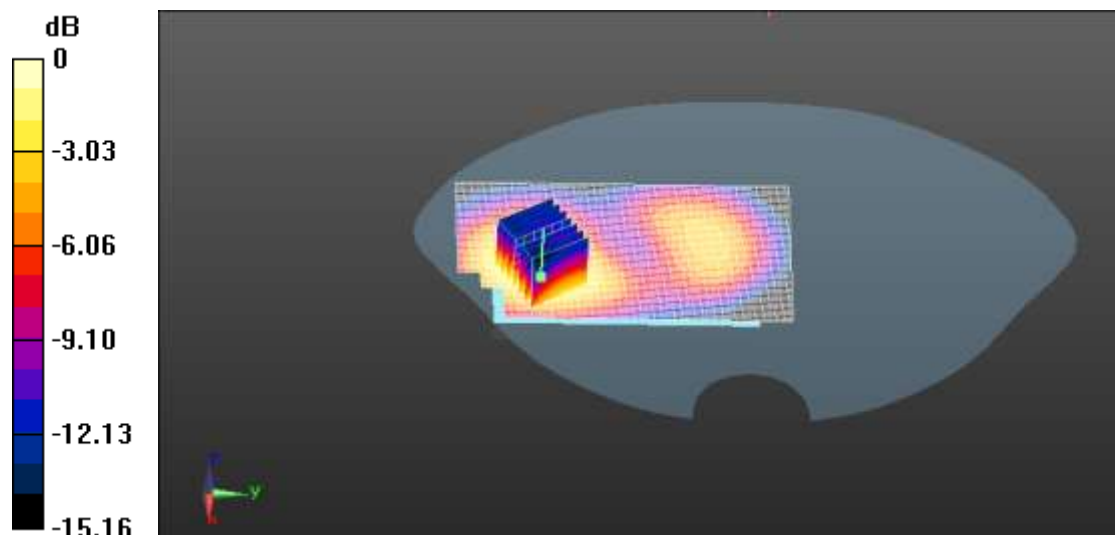
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.113 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.7870

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 mW/g



0 dB = 0.520mW/g = -5.68 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with GPRS Towards ground high

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 15:33:06

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.503$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.325$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE-1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with GPRS/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.549 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

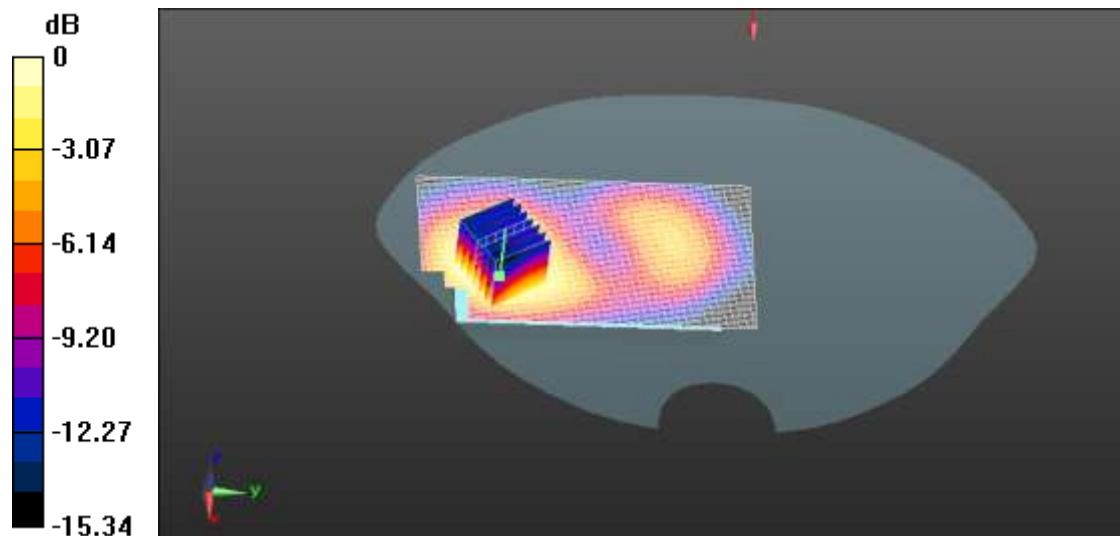
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.773 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8440

SAR(1 g) = 0.506 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 mW/g



0 dB = 0.550mW/g = -5.19 dB mW/g

GSM1900 with EDGE Towards ground mid

Date/Time: 2012-5-16 16:57:12

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1327; Calibrated: 2012-4-11
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1702
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid with EDGE/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.568 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid with EDGE/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

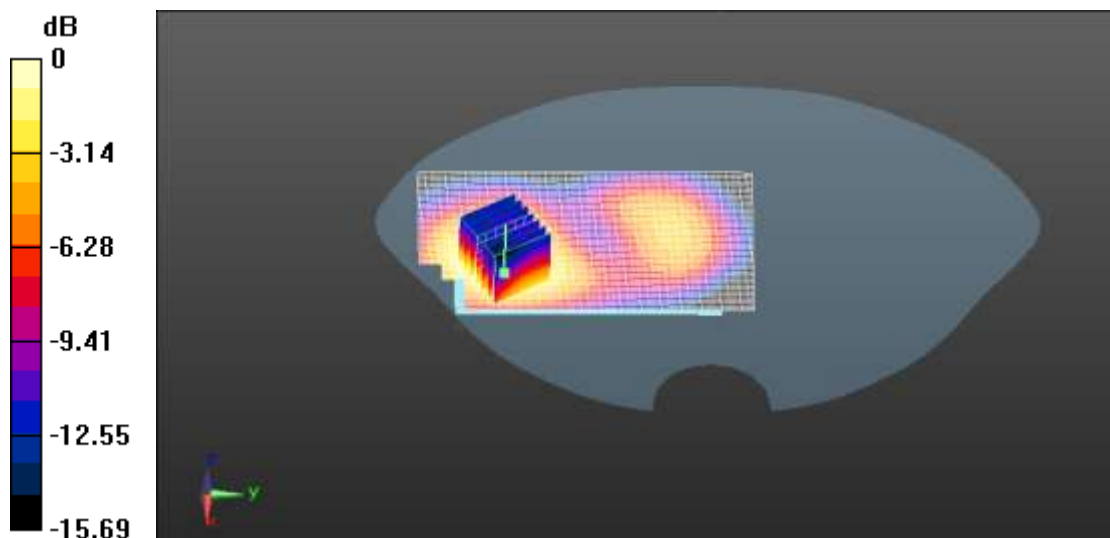
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.967 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8540

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 mW/g



0 dB = 0.560mW/g = -5.04 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II left Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 21:22:05

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.968 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

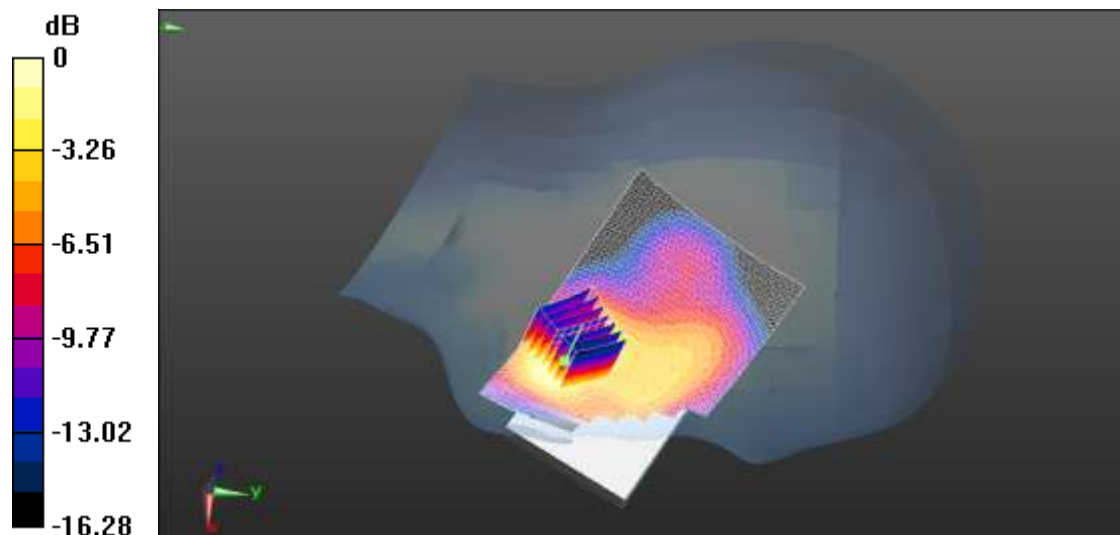
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.034 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

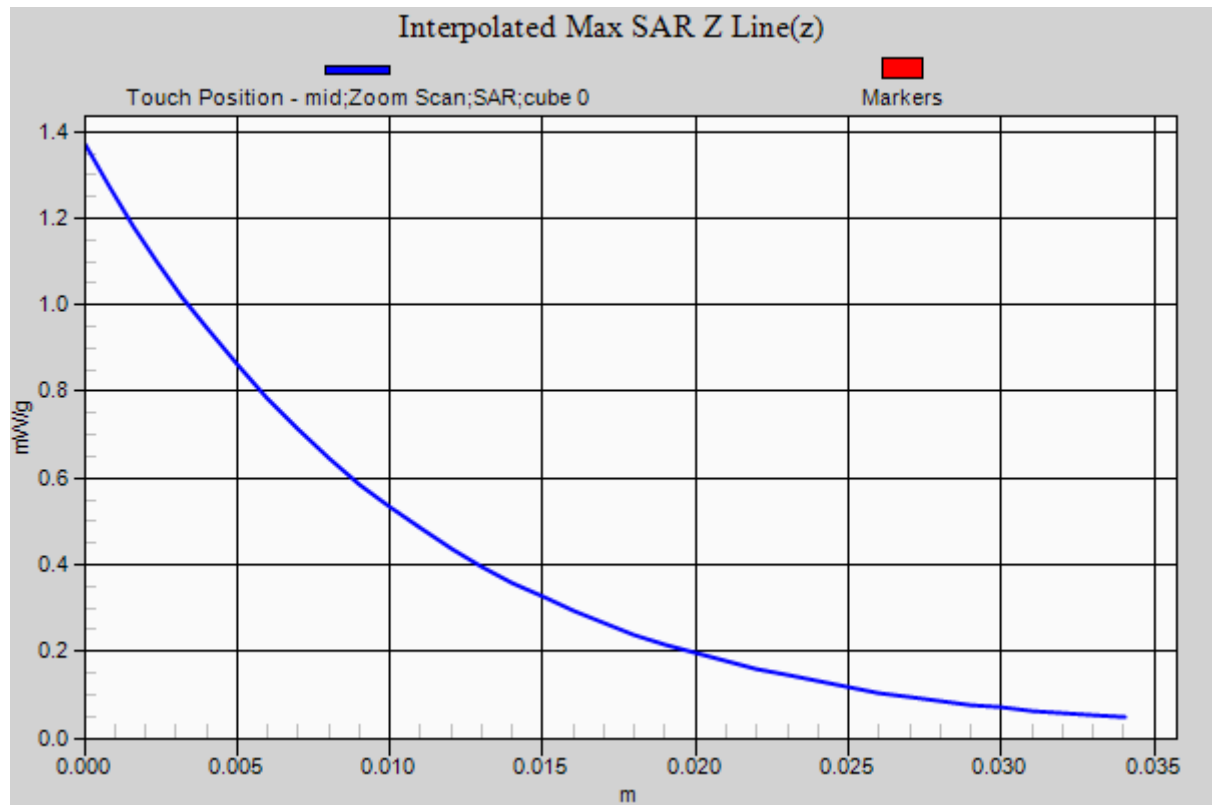
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.3690

SAR(1 g) = 0.862 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.948 mW/g



0 dB = 0.950mW/g = -0.45 dB mW/g



WCDMA BAND II left Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 21:53:32

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 mW/g

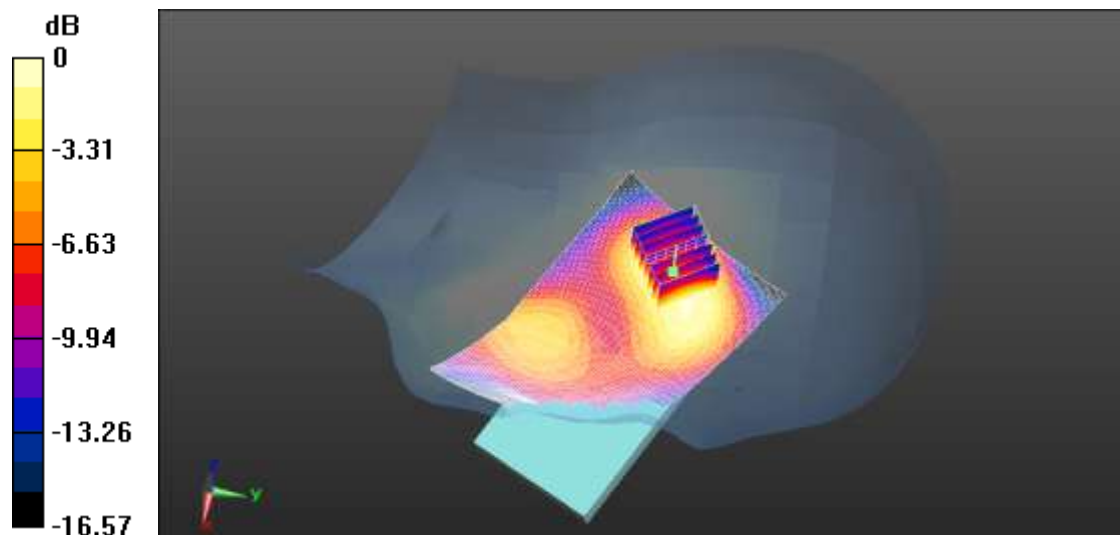
left/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.209 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5140

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 mW/g



0 dB = 0.350mW/g = -9.12 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II right Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 20:17:29

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.753 mW/g

right/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

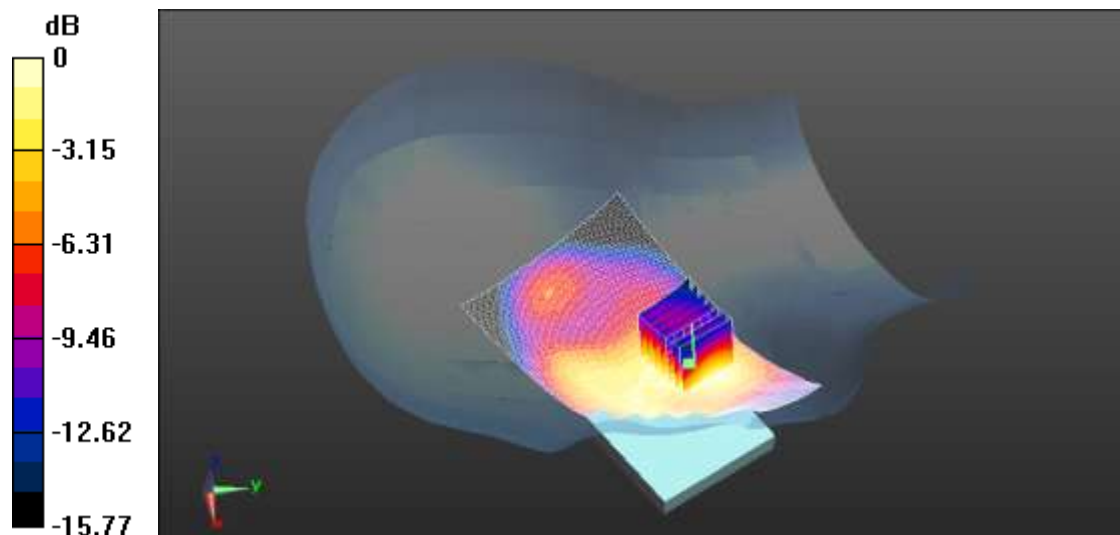
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.971 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0060

SAR(1 g) = 0.674 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.727 mW/g



0 dB = 0.730mW/g = -2.73 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II right Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 20:47:21

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.388 mW/g

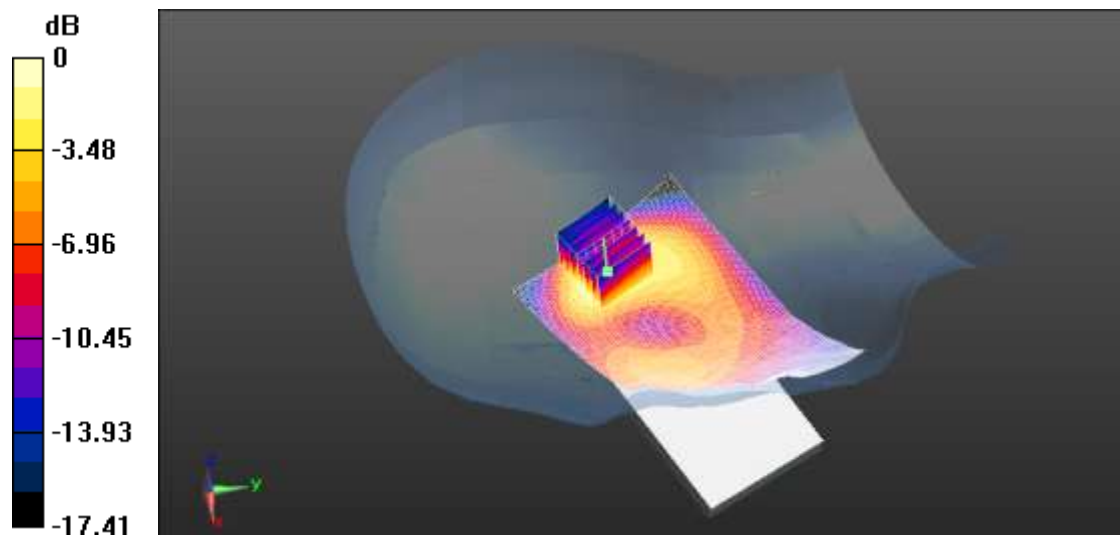
right/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.746 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.6000

SAR(1 g) = 0.353 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g



0 dB = 0.390mW/g = -8.18 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II left Touch low

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 22:25:29

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.341$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.247$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.924 mW/g

left/Touch Position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

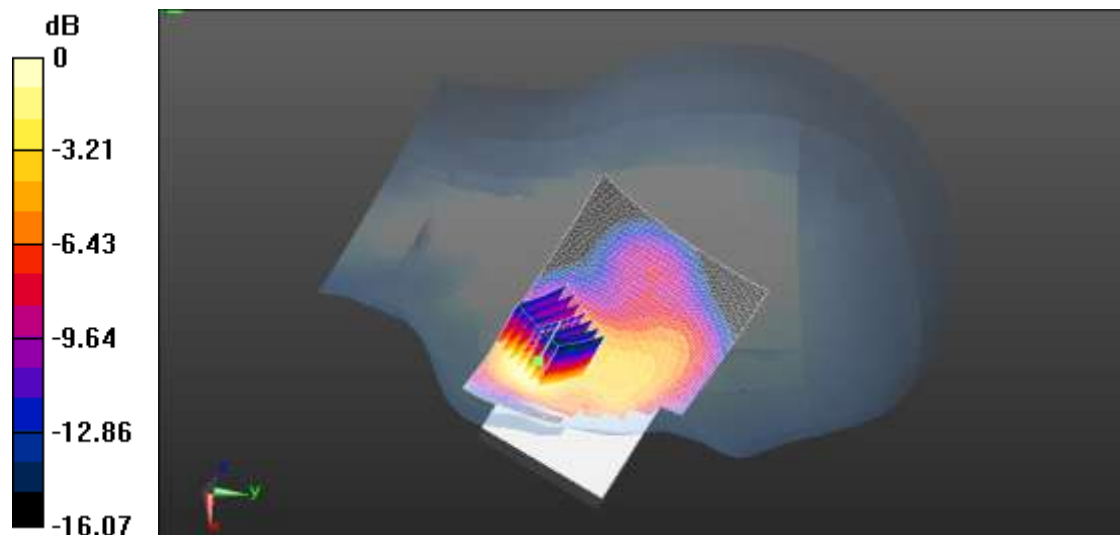
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.912 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.3140

SAR(1 g) = 0.835 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.918 mW/g



0 dB = 0.920mW/g = -0.72 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II left Touch high

Date/Time: 2012-4-1 22:54:28

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.019$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.855 mW/g

left/Touch Position - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

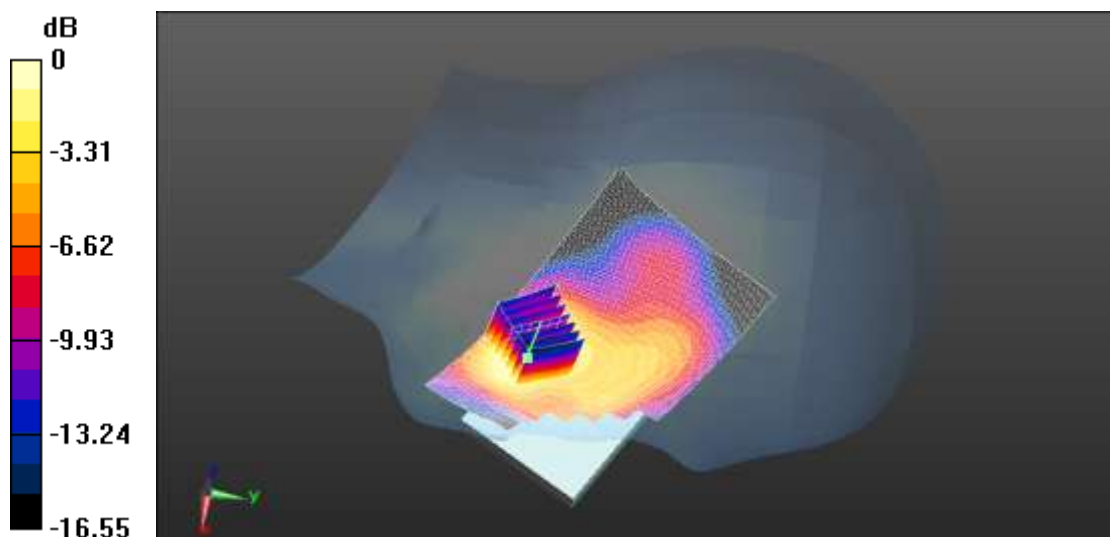
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.756 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.2480

SAR(1 g) = 0.772 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.449 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.841 mW/g



0 dB = 0.840mW/g = -1.51 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards phantom mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 18:00:26

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.227 mW/g

body/Towards phantom - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.603 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.9340

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.603 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.210 mW/g

body/Towards phantom - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

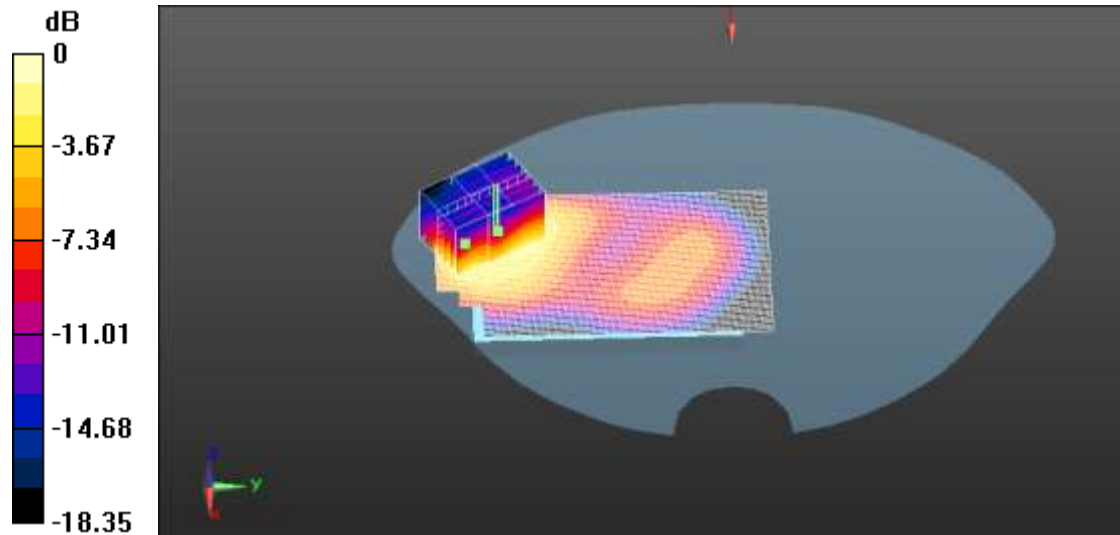
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.603 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.9350

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.532 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.207 mW/g



0 dB = 1.210mW/g = 1.66 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards ground mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 18:44:17

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.234 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

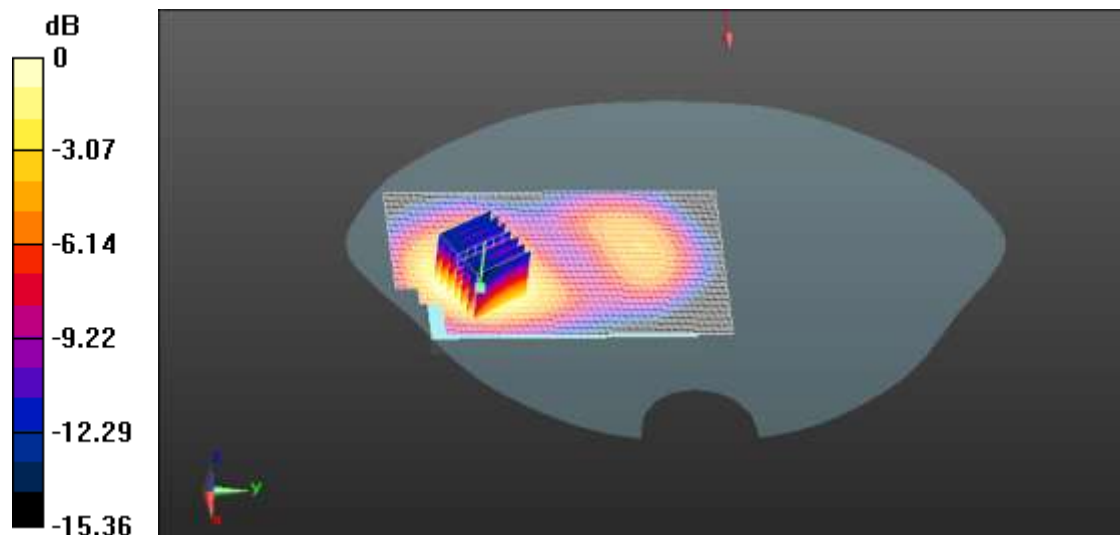
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.562 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8520

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.671 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.228 mW/g



0 dB = 1.230mW/g = 1.80 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards front mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 9:07:09

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards front - mid/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.295 mW/g

body/Towards front - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

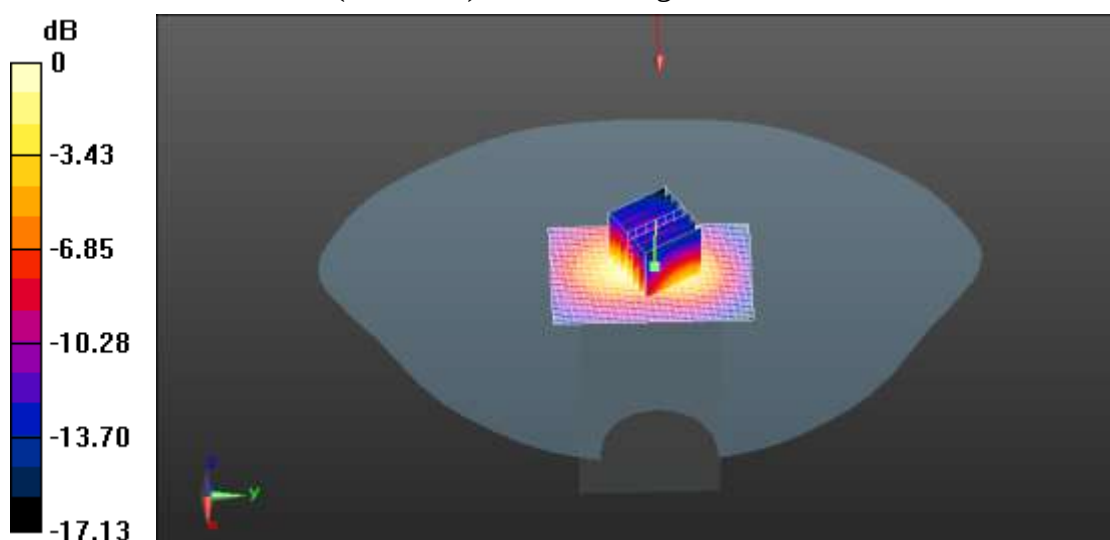
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.549 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.9020

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.576 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.224 mW/g



0 dB = 1.220mW/g = 1.73 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II left side - mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 22:14:30

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/left side - mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.581 mW/g

body2/left side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8800

SAR(1 g) = 0.525 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.581 mW/g

body2/left side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

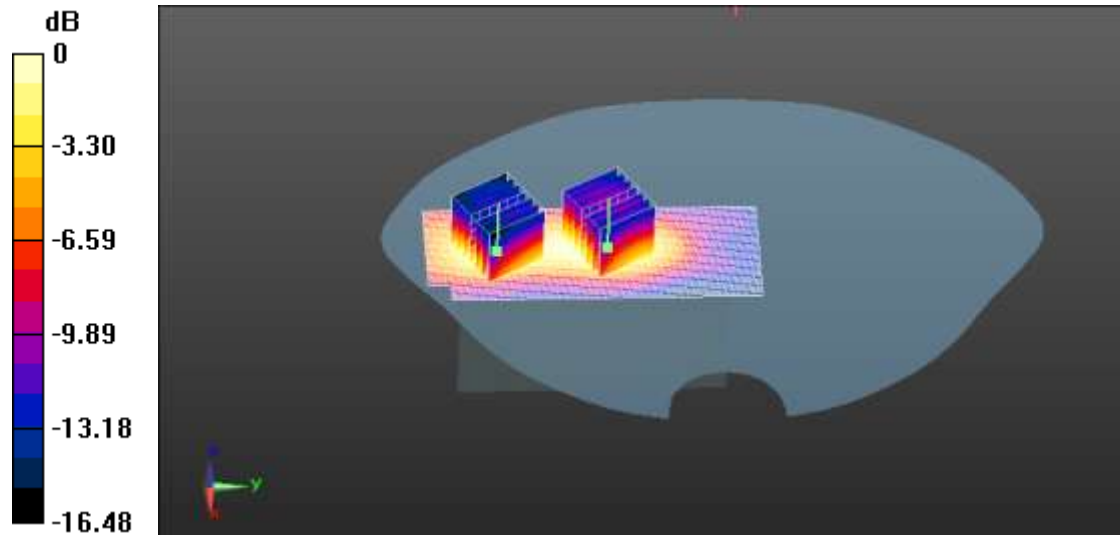
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8690

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.540 mW/g



0 dB = 0.540mW/g = -5.35 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II right side mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 23:00:07

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.425$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/right side - mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 mW/g

body2/right side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.201 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5290

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 mW/g

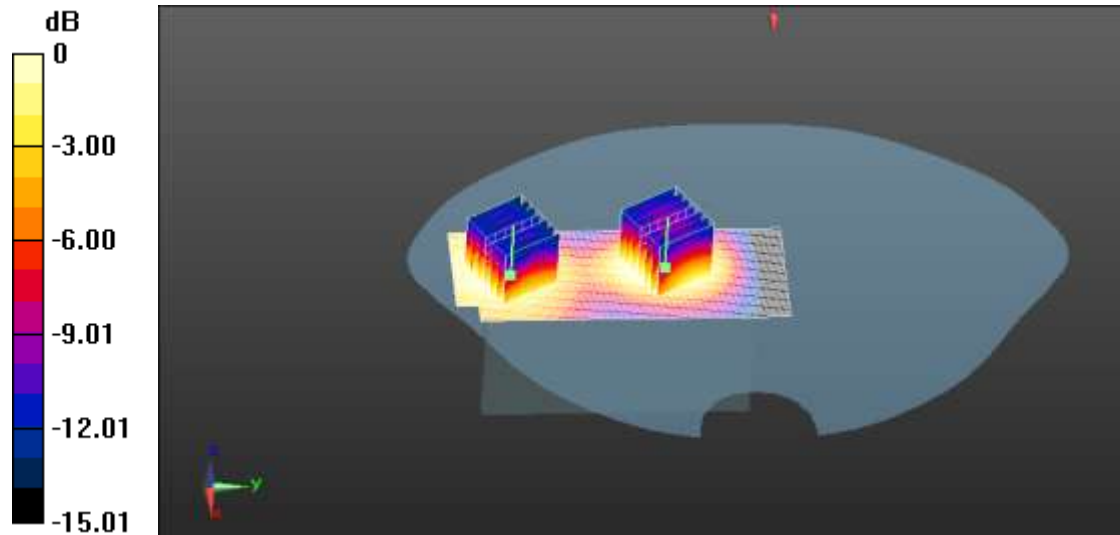
body2/right side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.201 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3610

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 mW/g



0 dB = 0.240mW/g = -12.40 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 19:19:59

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.451$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.481$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.296 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

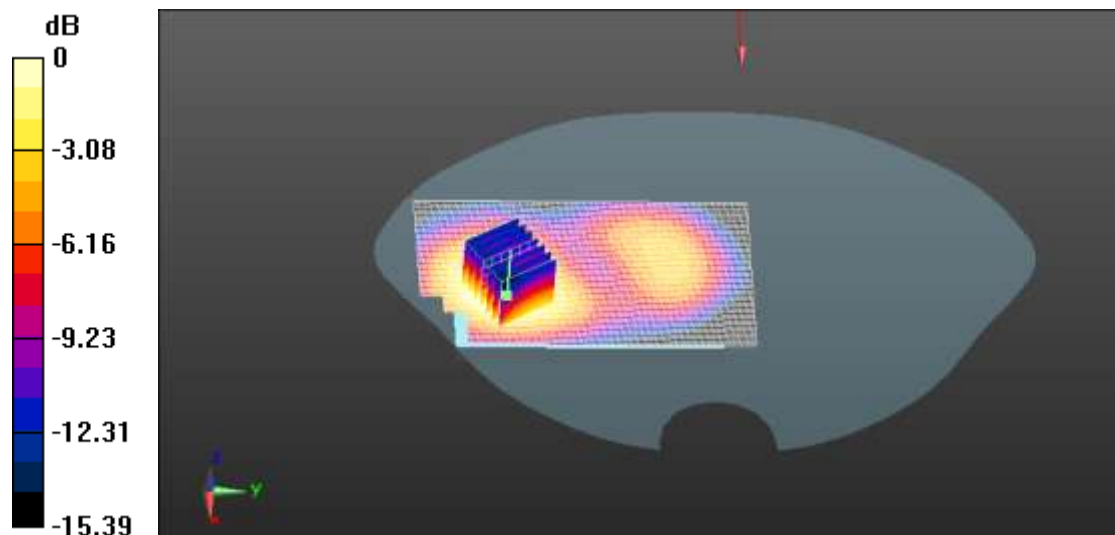
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 14.377 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.7580

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.651 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.179 mW/g



0 dB = 1.180mW/g = 1.44 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards ground high

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 20:11:57

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.006 mW/g

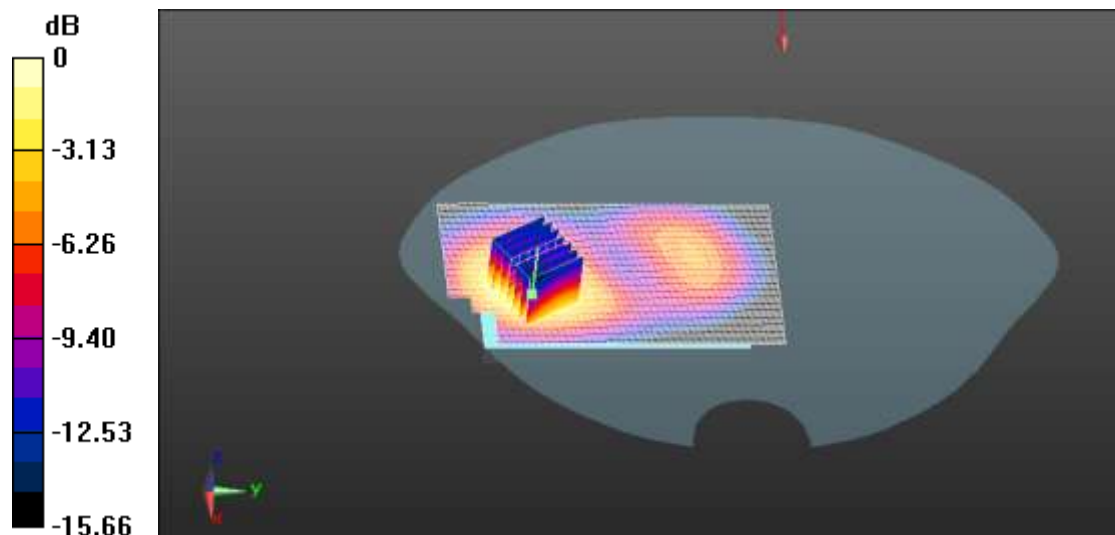
body/Towards ground - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.049 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

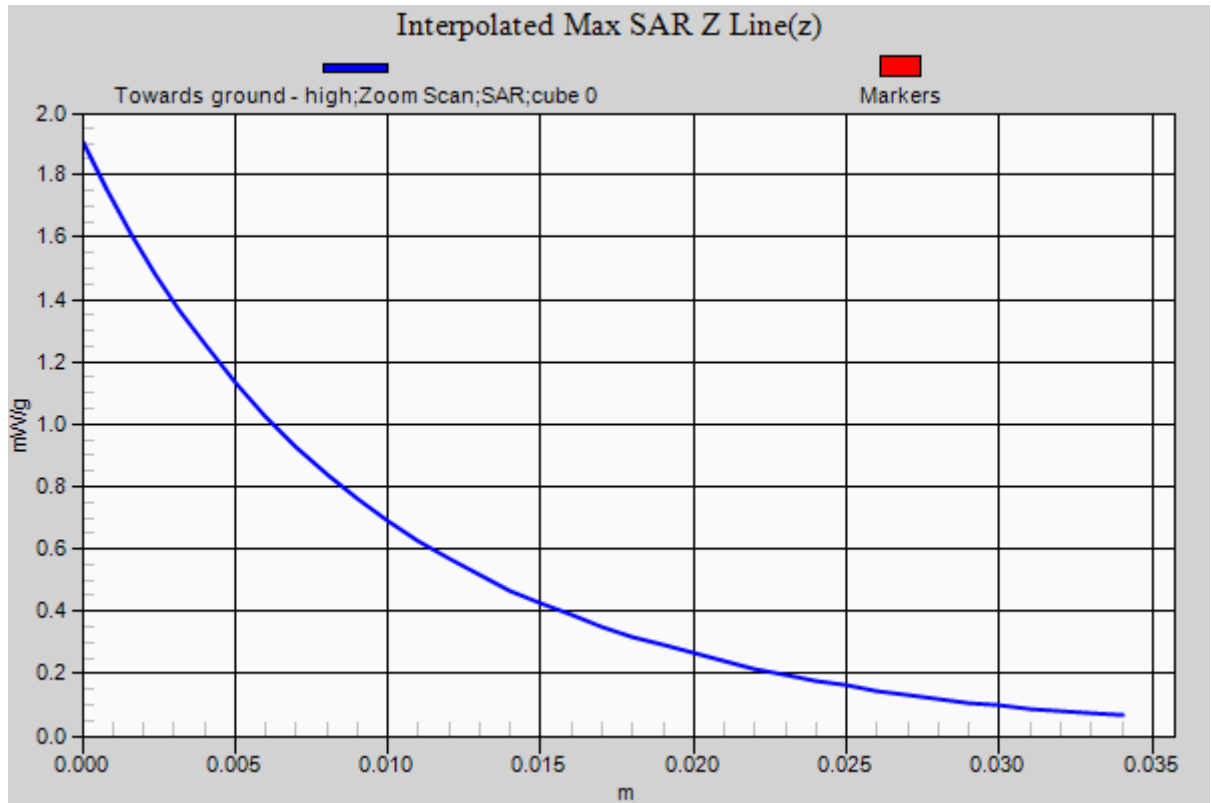
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.9020

SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.690 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.253 mW/g



0 dB = 1.250mW/g = 1.94 dB mW/g



WCDMA BAND II Towards phantom low

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 21:42:23

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.451$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.481$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:
dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.170 mW/g

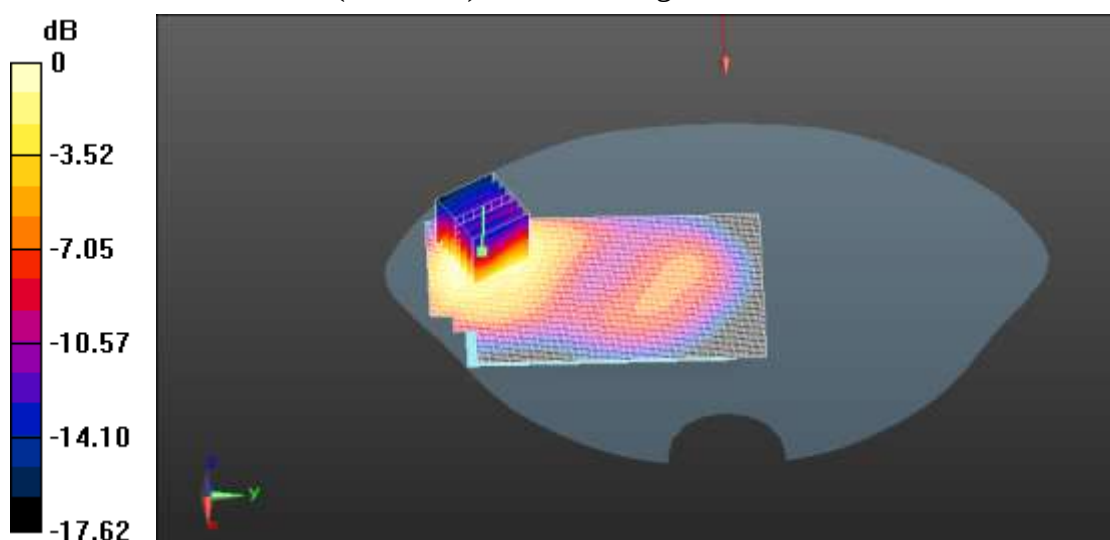
body/Towards phantom - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.973 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8540

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.591 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.194 mW/g



0 dB = 1.190mW/g = 1.51 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards phantom high

Date/Time: 2012-4-6 20:55:32

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.181 mW/g

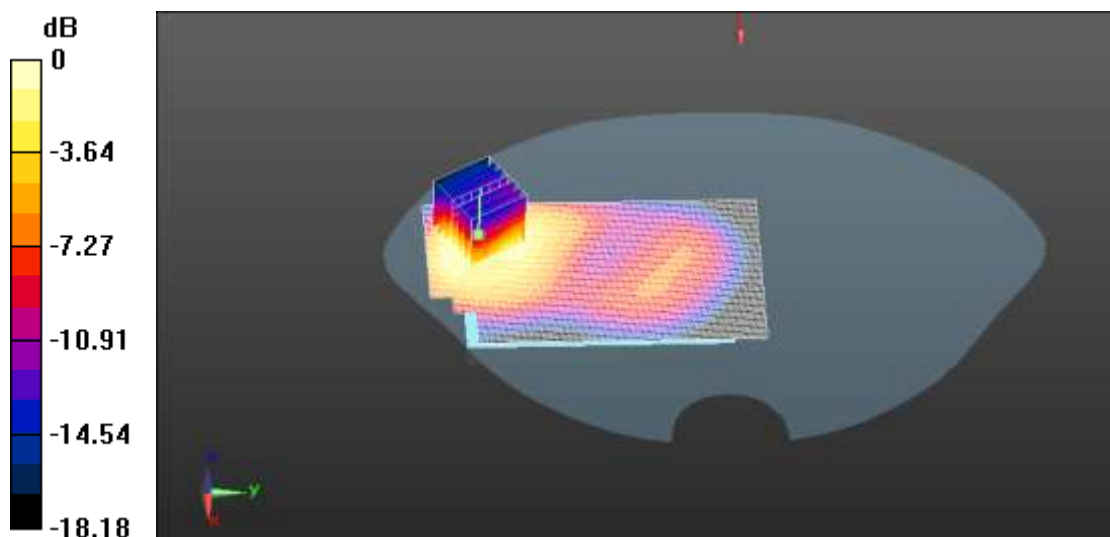
body/Towards phantom - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.808 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8640

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.570 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.153 mW/g



0 dB = 1.150mW/g = 1.21 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards front low

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 9:28:56

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.451$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.481$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards front - low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.198 mW/g

body/Towards front - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

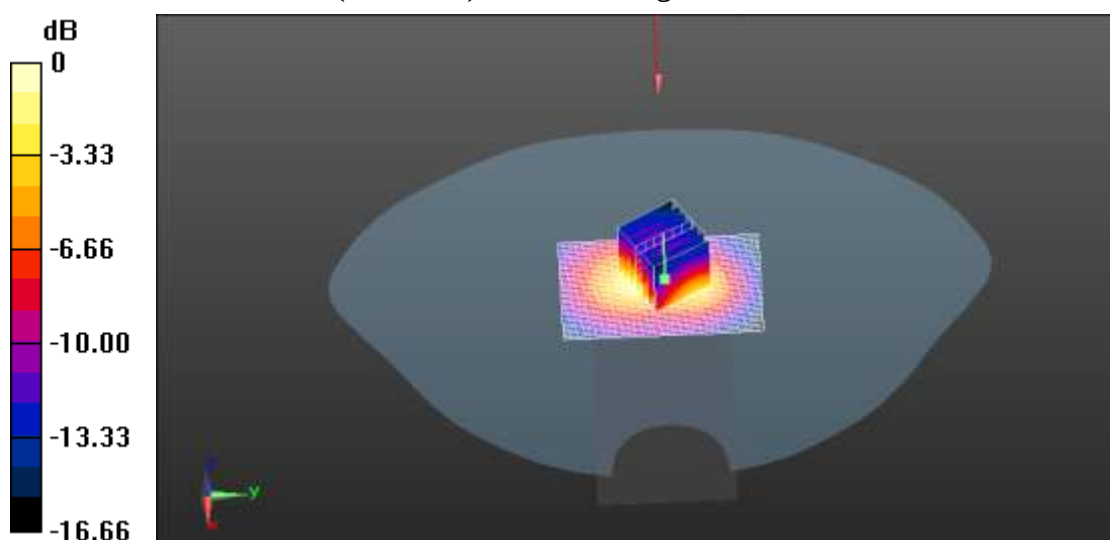
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.378 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.7920

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.559 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.154 mW/g



0 dB = 1.150mW/g = 1.21 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards front high

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 10:02:02

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards front -high/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.081 mW/g

body/Towards front -high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

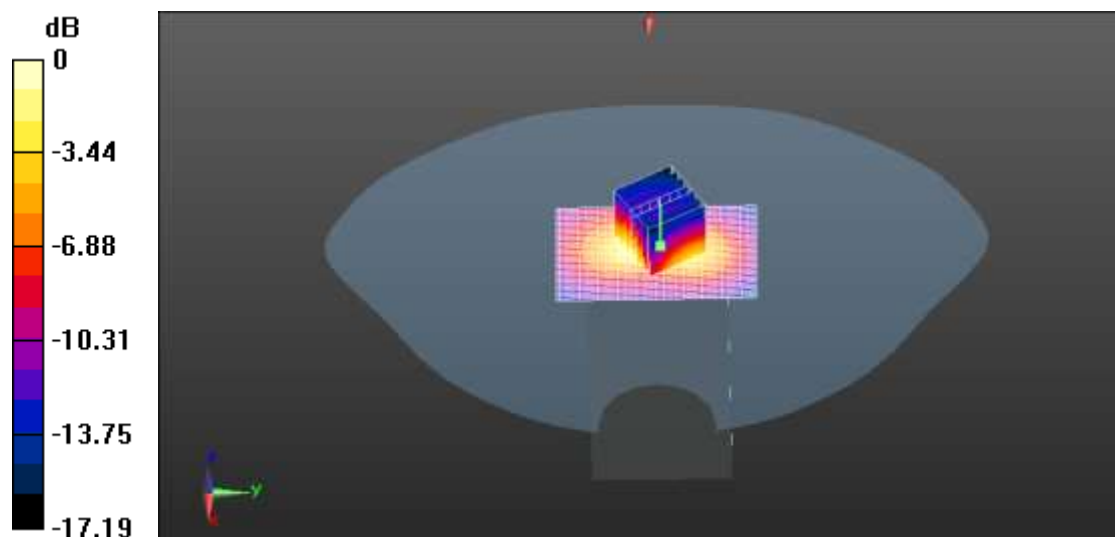
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 20.029 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6860

SAR(1 g) = 0.941 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.500 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.061 mW/g



0 dB = 1.060mW/g = 0.51 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards ground high with earphone

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 10:37:55

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with earphone/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.201 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with earphone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

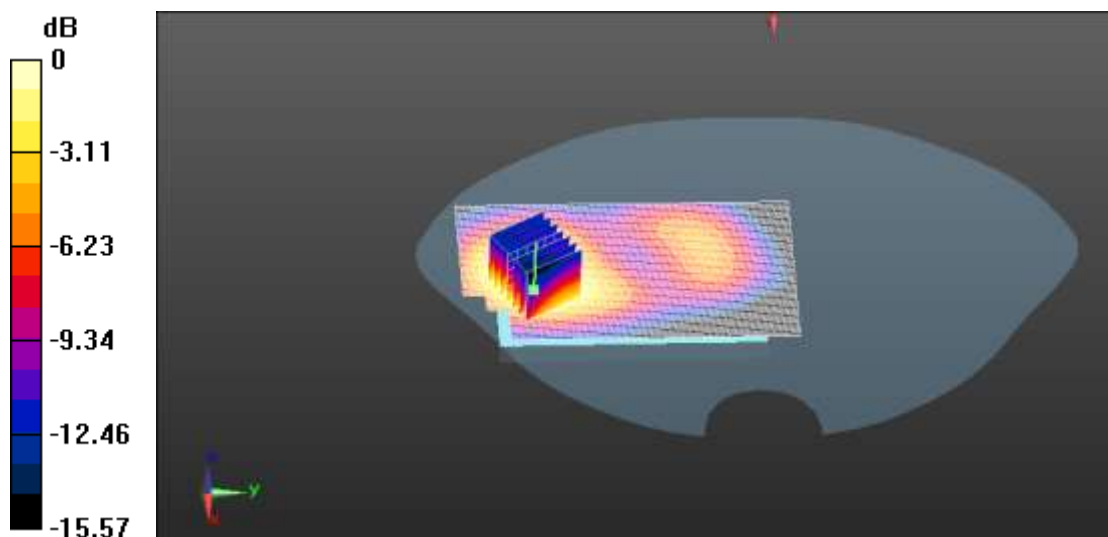
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.129 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8140

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.653 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.186 mW/g



0 dB = 1.190mW/g = 1.51 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards ground high with HSDPA

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 11:18:29

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with HSDPA/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.088 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with HSDPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

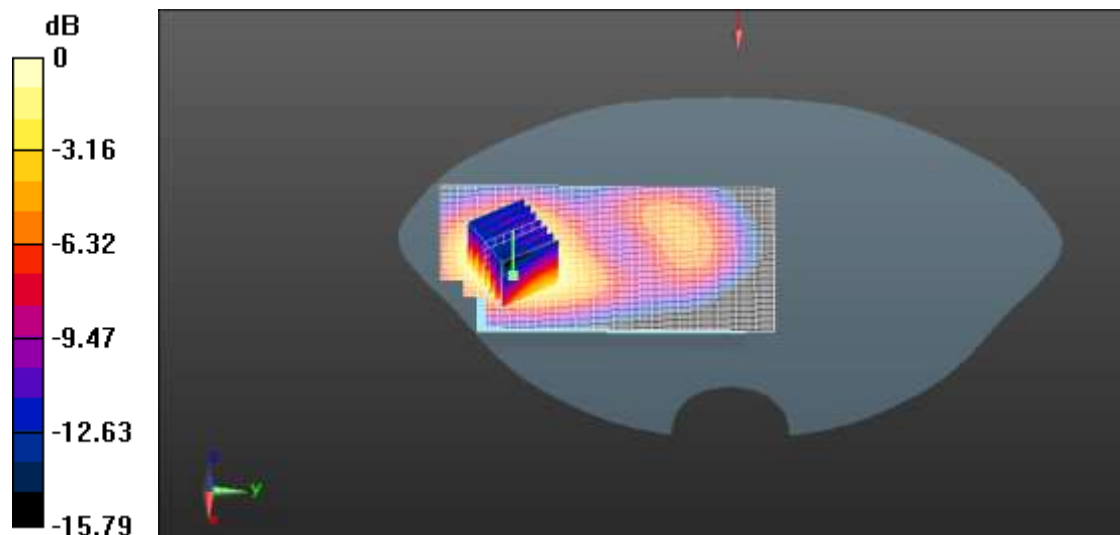
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.456 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6620

SAR(1 g) = 0.991 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.591 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.075 mW/g



0 dB = 1.070mW/g = 0.59 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND II Towards ground high with HSUPA

Date/Time: 2012-4-7 11:53:14

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 2;

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.332$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with HSUPA/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.089 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with HSUPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

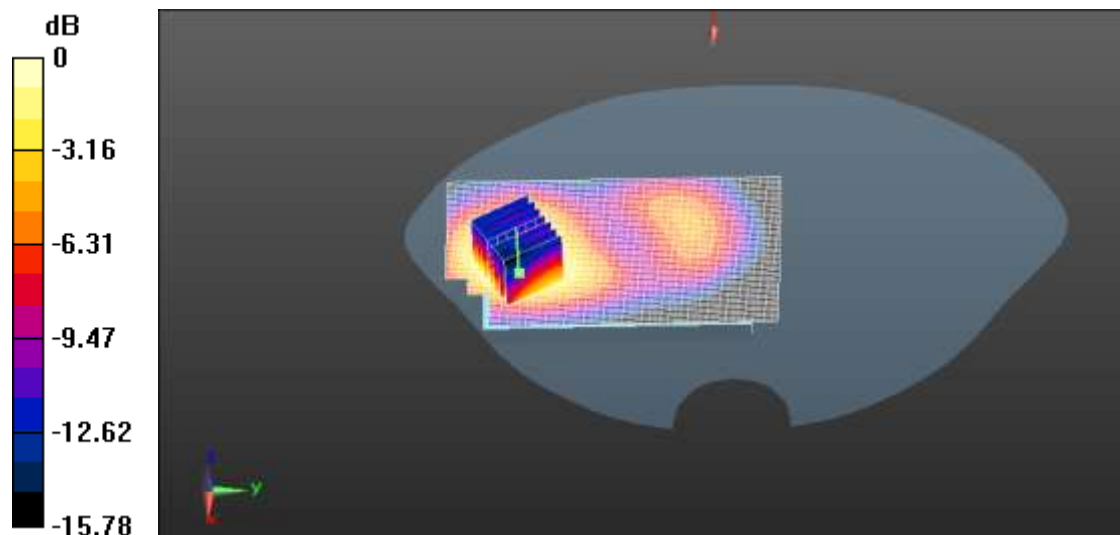
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.450 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6740

SAR(1 g) = 0.993 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.592 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.080 mW/g



0 dB = 1.080mW/g = 0.67 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V left Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 9:20:15

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.882$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.635$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.403 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

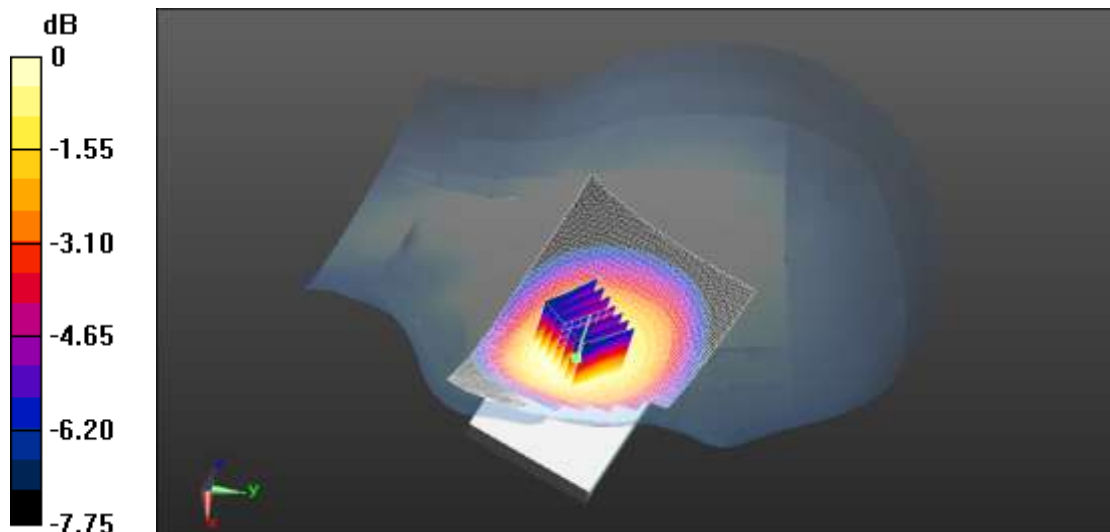
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.525 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4730

SAR(1 g) = 0.380 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g



0 dB = 0.400mW/g = -7.96 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V left Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 9:50:16

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.882$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.635$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.276 mW/g

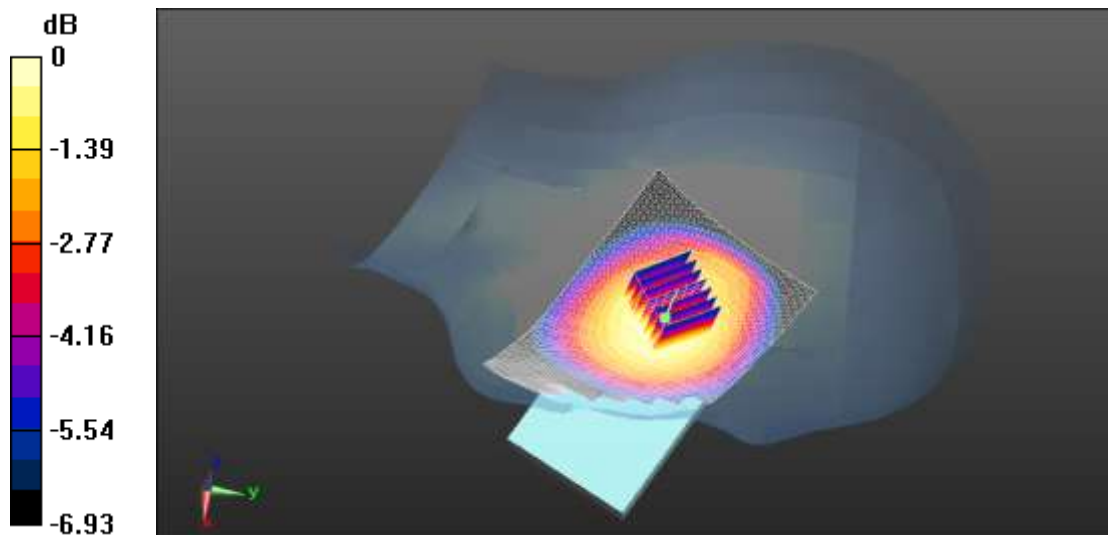
left/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.461 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3290

SAR(1 g) = 0.263 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g



0 dB = 0.280mW/g = -11.06 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 10:23:03

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.882$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.635$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 mW/g

right/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

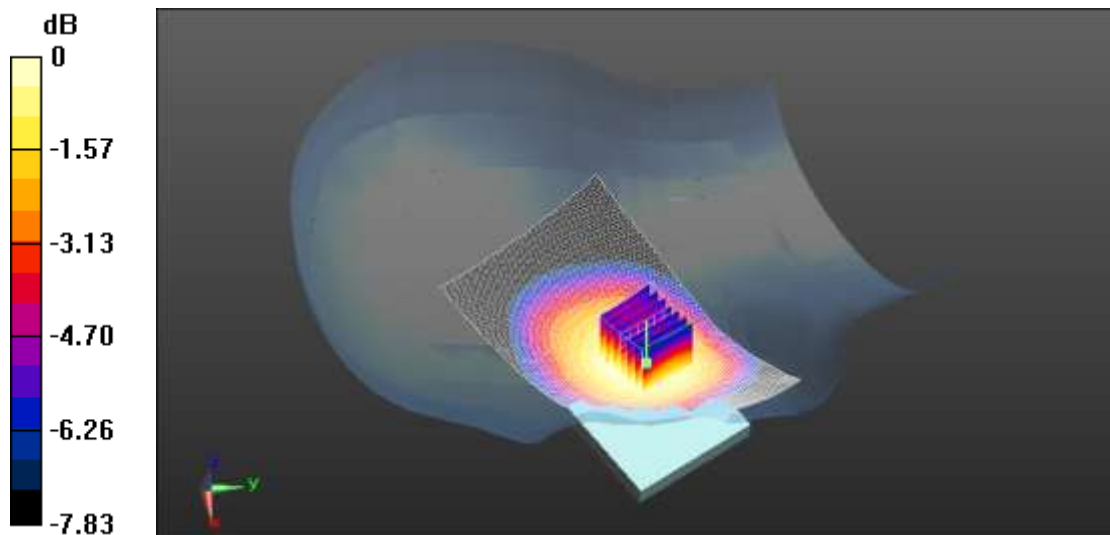
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.499 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4890

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g



0 dB = 0.410mW/g = -7.74 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 11:07:12

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.882$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.635$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.243 mW/g

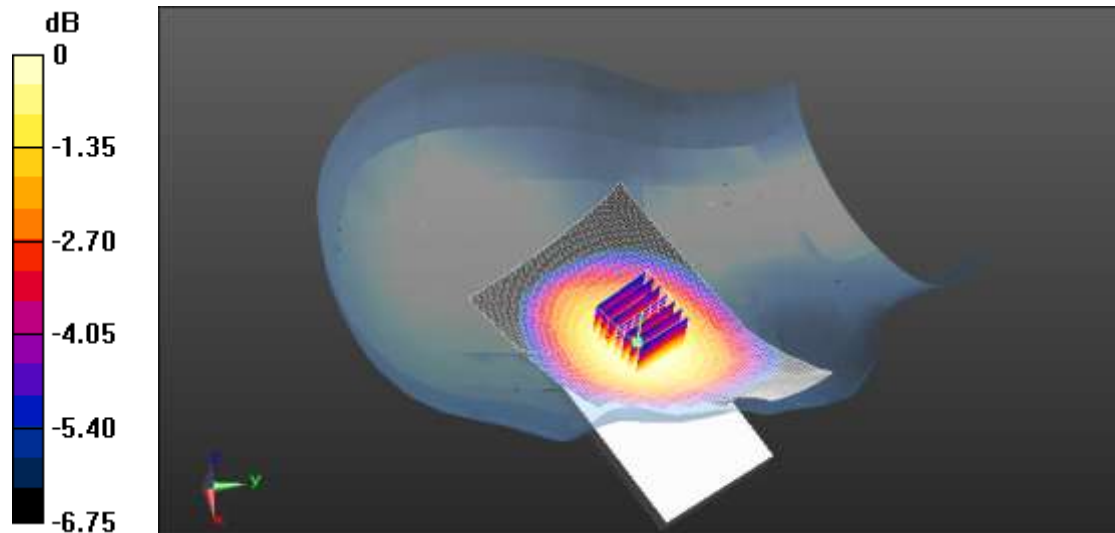
right/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.770 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2800

SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.243 mW/g



0 dB = 0.240mW/g = -12.40 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right Touch low

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 11:38:58

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.871$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.789$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.447 mW/g

right/Touch Position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

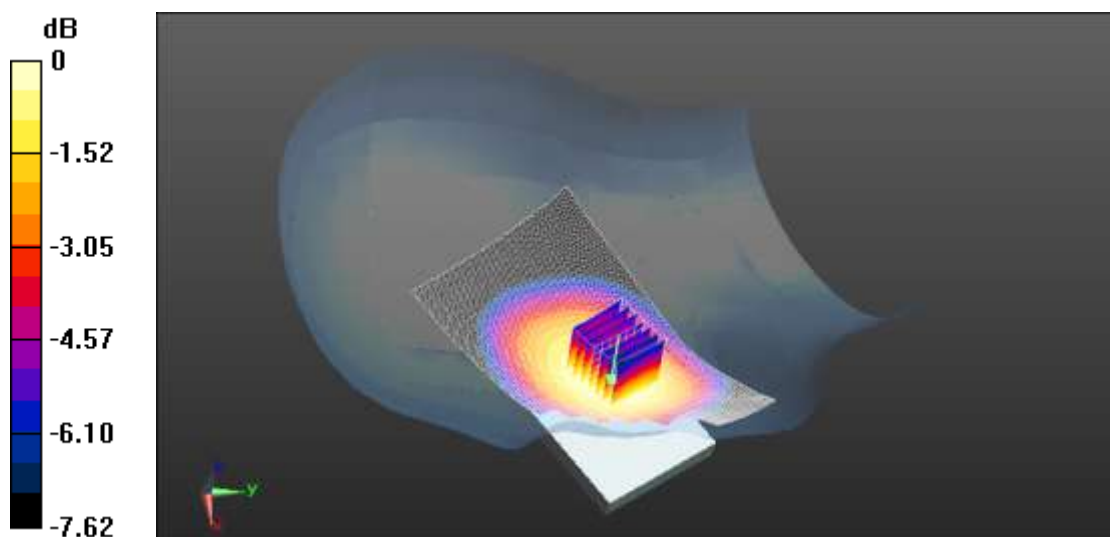
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.615 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5210

SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.333 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.446 mW/g



0 dB = 0.450mW/g = -6.94 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right Touch high

Date/Time: 2012-3-30 12:08:19

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.892$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.467$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.581 mW/g

right/Touch Position - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

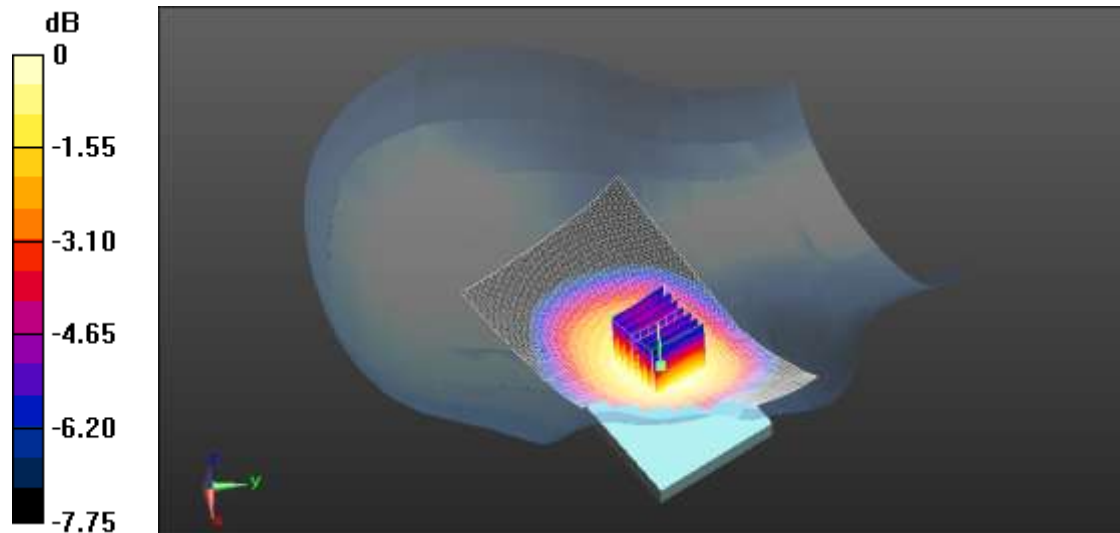
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.345 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

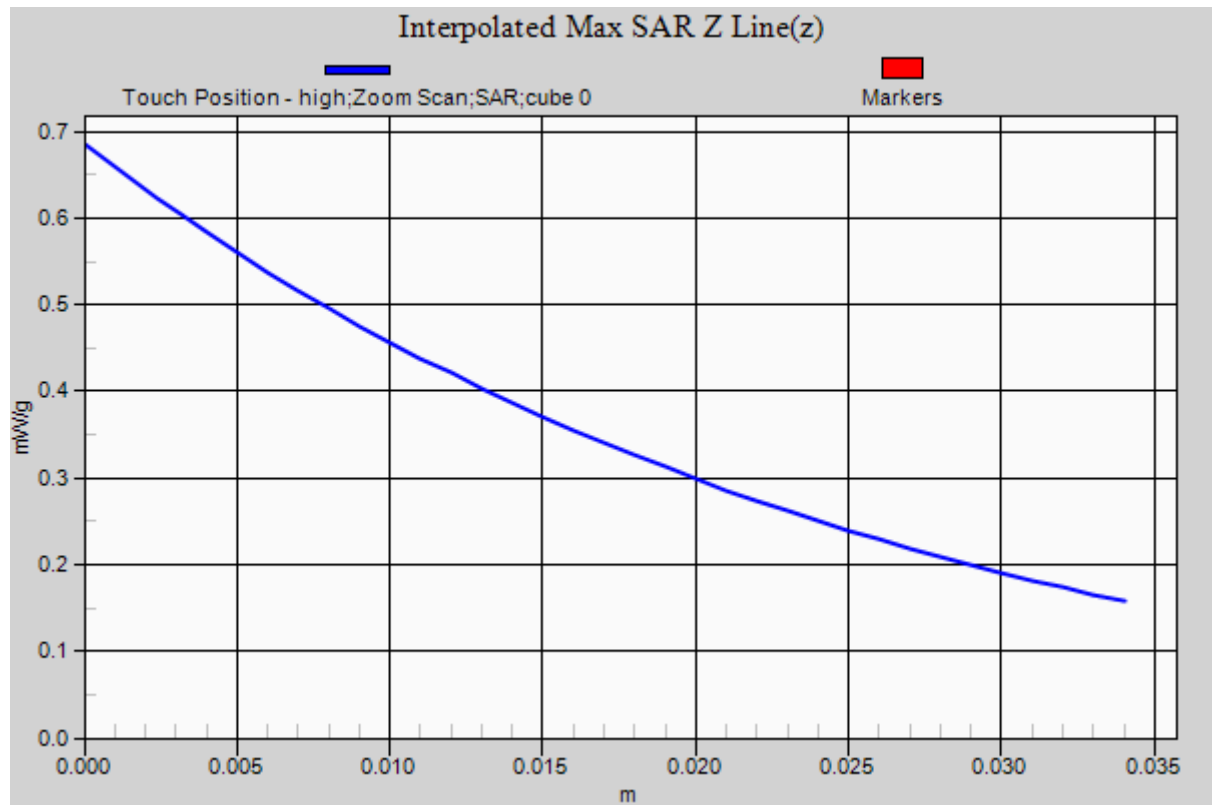
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.6850

SAR(1 g) = 0.558 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.585 mW/g



0 dB = 0.580mW/g = -4.73 dB mW/g



WCDMA BAND V Towards phantom mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-8 16:39:34

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.560 mW/g

body/Towards phantom - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

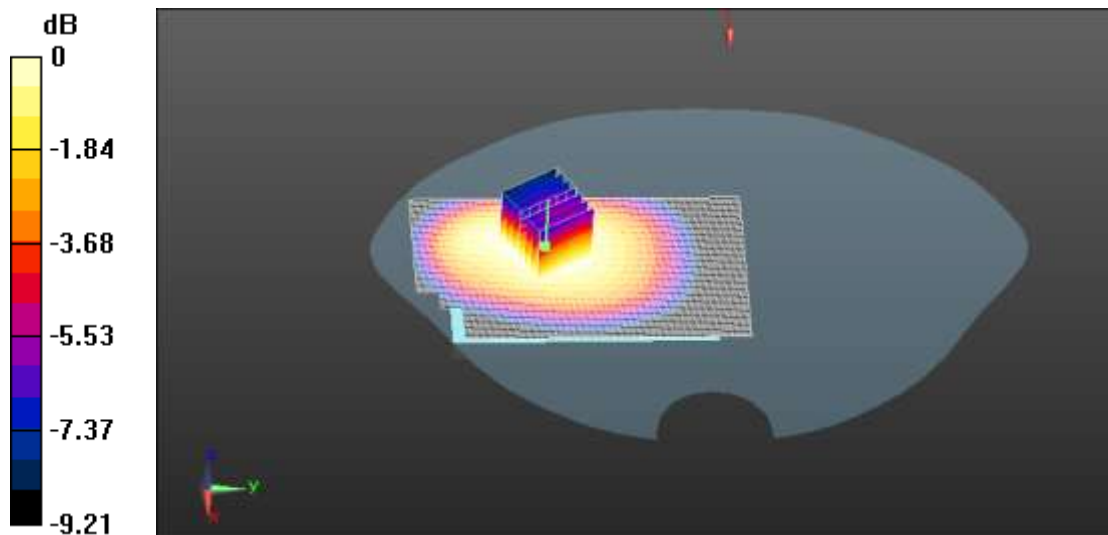
grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.670 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.6680

SAR(1 g) = 0.515 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.540 mW/g



0 dB = 0.540mW/g = -5.35 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V Towards ground mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-8 17:10:58

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.756 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.005 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.9240

SAR(1 g) = 0.718 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

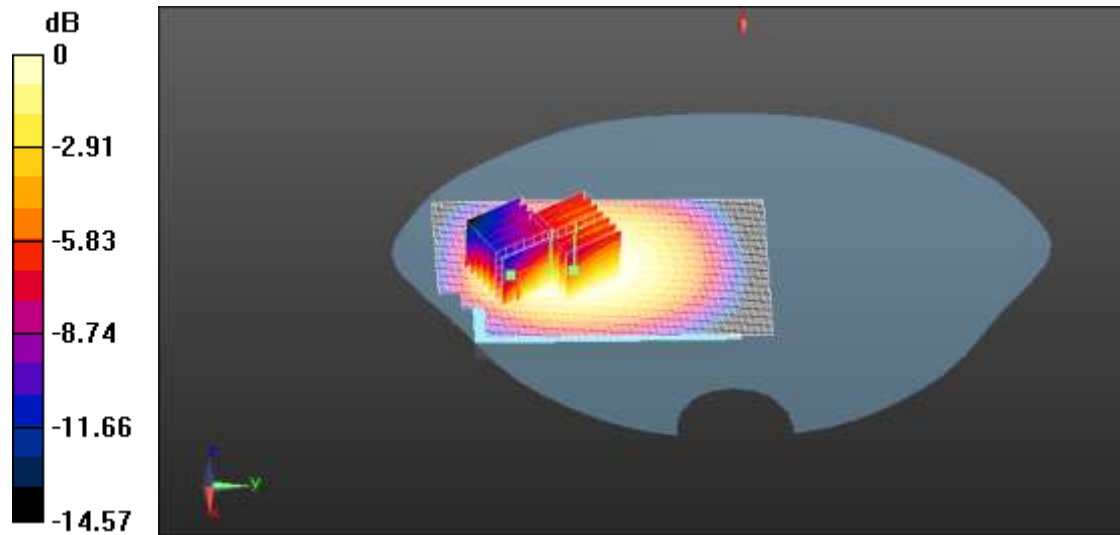
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.005 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8860

SAR(1 g) = 0.620 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 mW/g



0 dB = 0.700mW/g = -3.10 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V Towards front mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 9:58:11

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards front - mid/Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 mW/g

body/Towards front - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.443 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2430

SAR(1 g) = 0.097 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 mW/g

body/Towards front - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

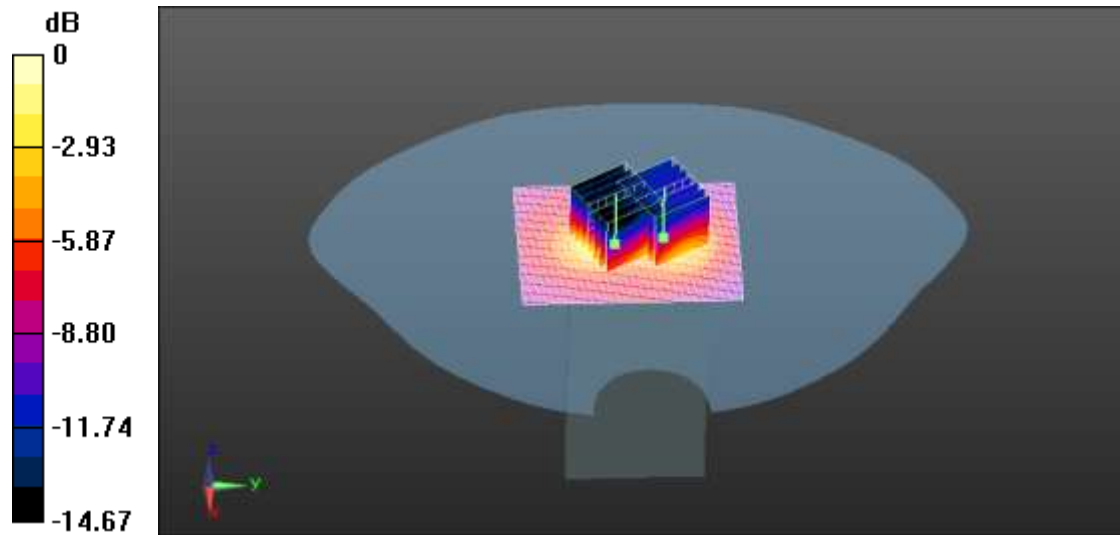
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.443 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2230

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 mW/g



WCDMA BAND V left side mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 9:02:29

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/left side - mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.527 mW/g

body2/left side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

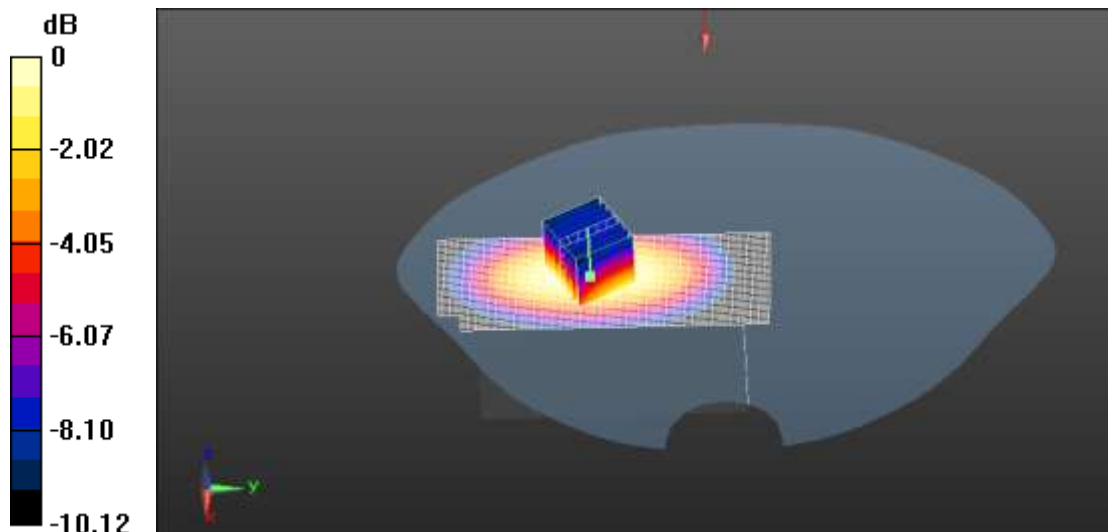
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.280 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.7150

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.515 mW/g



0 dB = 0.510mW/g = -5.85 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right side mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 9:29:11

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/right side - mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.527 mW/g

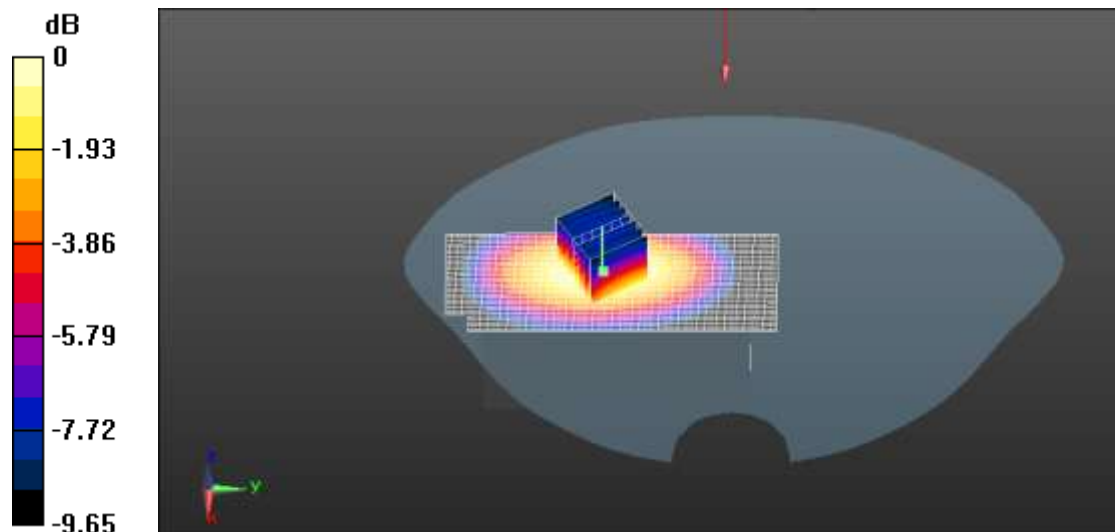
body2/right side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.804 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.7290

SAR(1 g) = 0.492 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 mW/g



0 dB = 0.530mW/g = -5.51 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 10:42:03

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.936$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.844 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.192 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0090

SAR(1 g) = 0.790 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.828 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

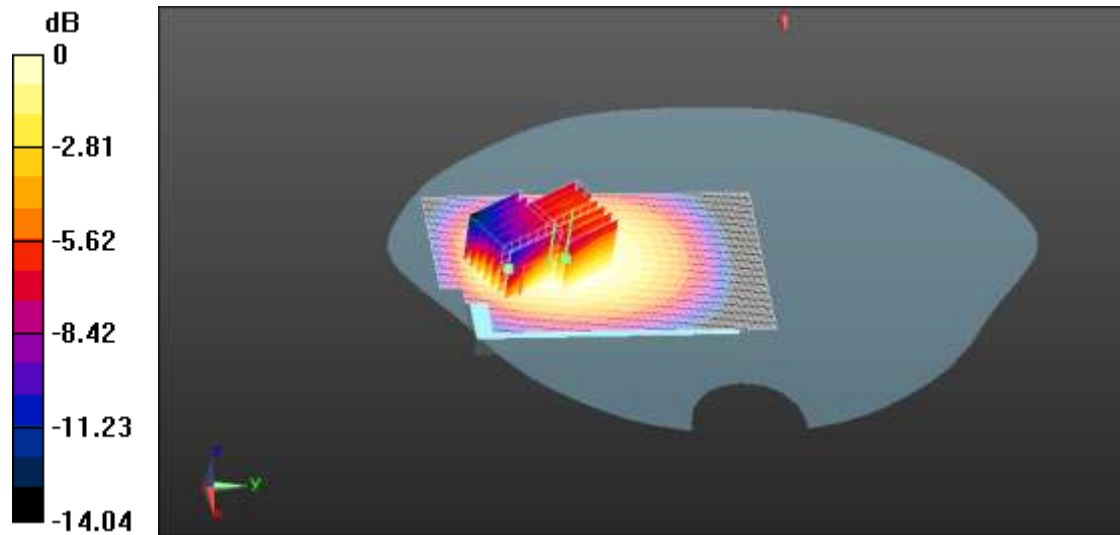
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.192 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0080

SAR(1 g) = 0.716 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.483 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.798 mW/g



0 dB = 0.800mW/g = -1.94 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V /Towards ground high

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 11:24:58

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.169$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.884 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.508 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0720

SAR(1 g) = 0.837 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.629 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.882 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

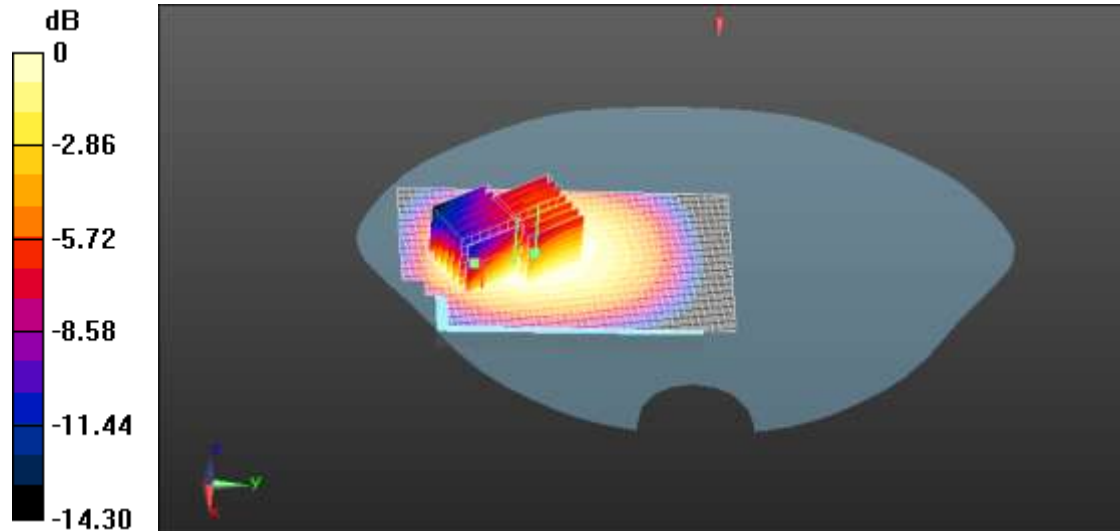
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.508 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

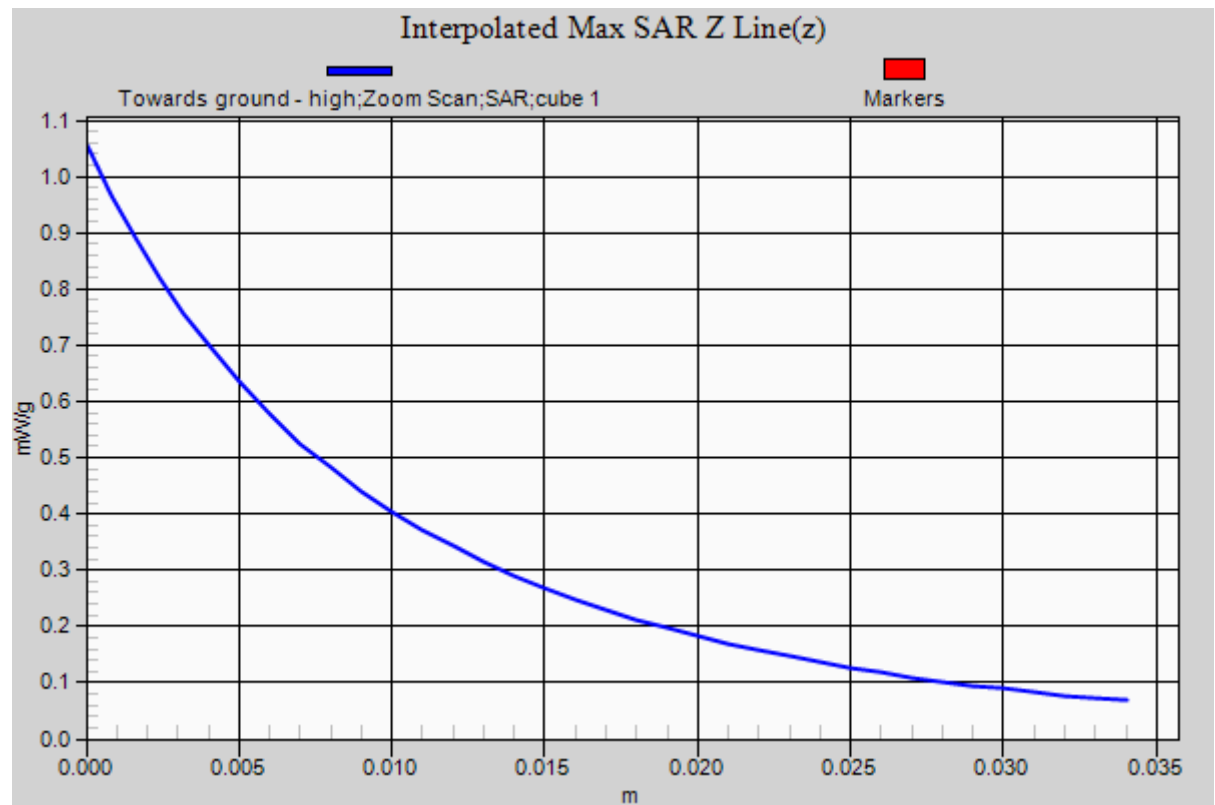
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.0540

SAR(1 g) = 0.736 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.823 mW/g



0 dB = 0.820mW/g = -1.72 dB mW/g



WCDMA BAND V Towards ground high with earphone

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 12:56:50

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.169$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with earphone AE04/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.730 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with earphone AE04/Zoom Scan**(7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.319 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8830

SAR(1 g) = 0.696 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.526 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 mW/g

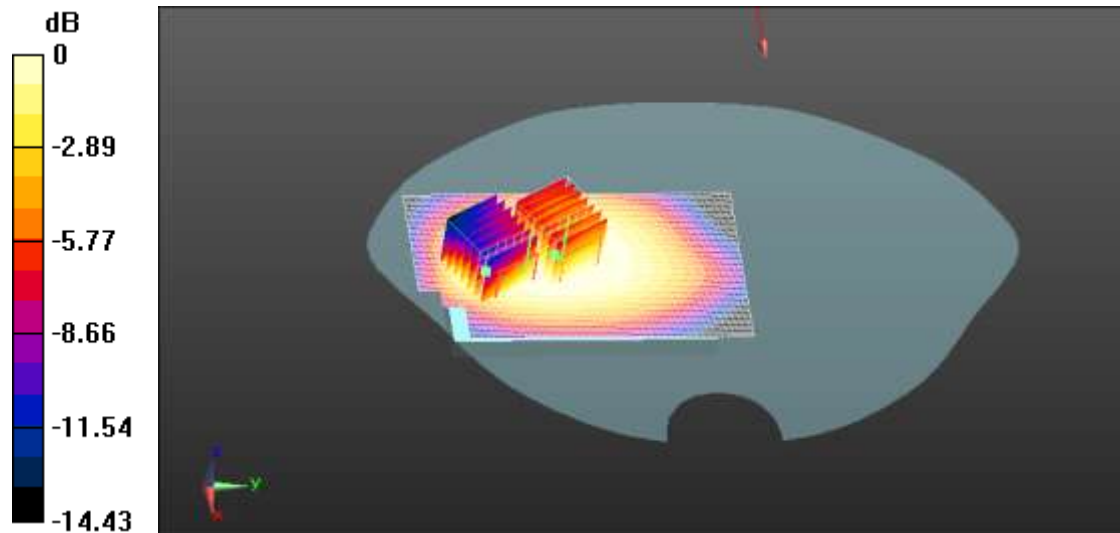
body/Towards ground - high with earphone AE04/Zoom Scan**(7x7x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.319 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.9290

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 mW/g



0 dB = 0.640mW/g = -3.88 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V Towards ground high with HSDPA

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 13:43:08

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.169$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with HSDPA/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with HSDPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.202 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8920

SAR(1 g) = 0.690 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.723 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with HSDPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

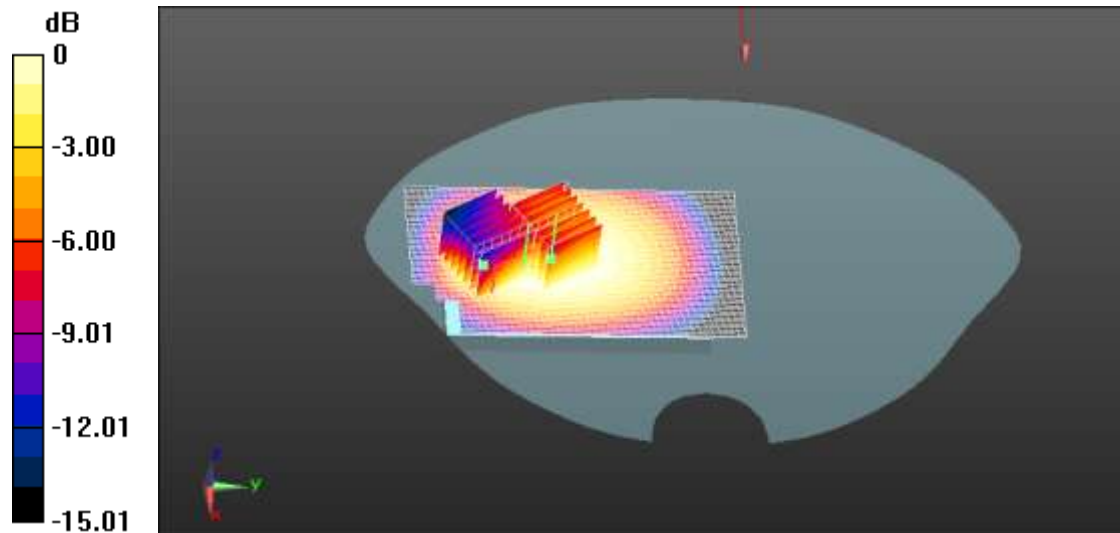
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.202 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8960

SAR(1 g) = 0.589 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 mW/g



0 dB = 0.660mW/g = -3.61 dB mW/g

WCDMA BAND V Towards ground high with HSUPA

Date/Time: 2012-4-9 14:27:44

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.169$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high with HSUPA/Area Scan (91x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.724 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with HSUPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.215 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8820

SAR(1 g) = 0.684 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.718 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high with HSUPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

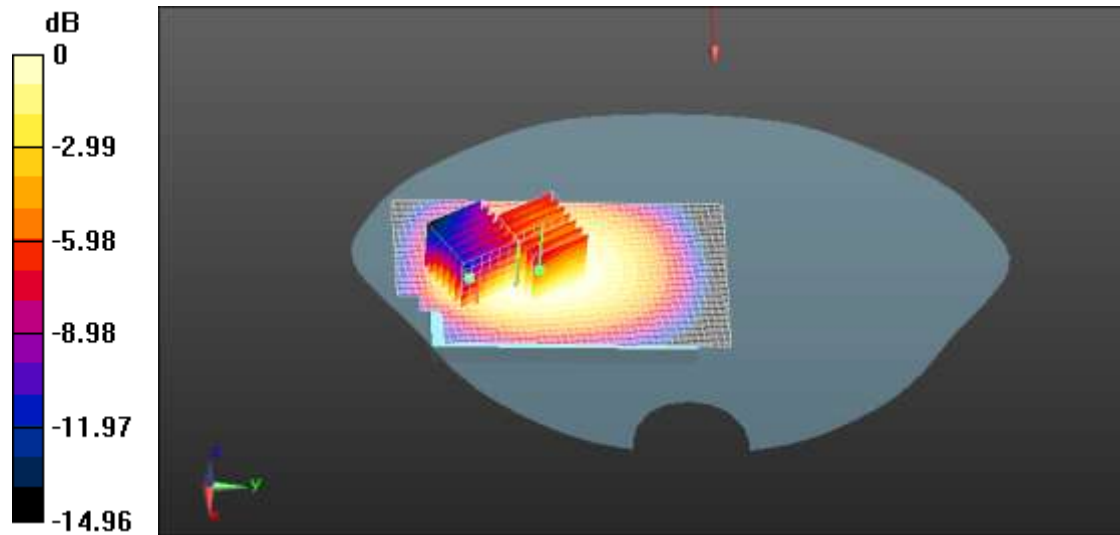
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.215 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.8880

SAR(1 g) = 0.582 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 mW/g



0 dB = 0.650mW/g = -3.74 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 9:57:38

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.776$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.062 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.873 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1290

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.058 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

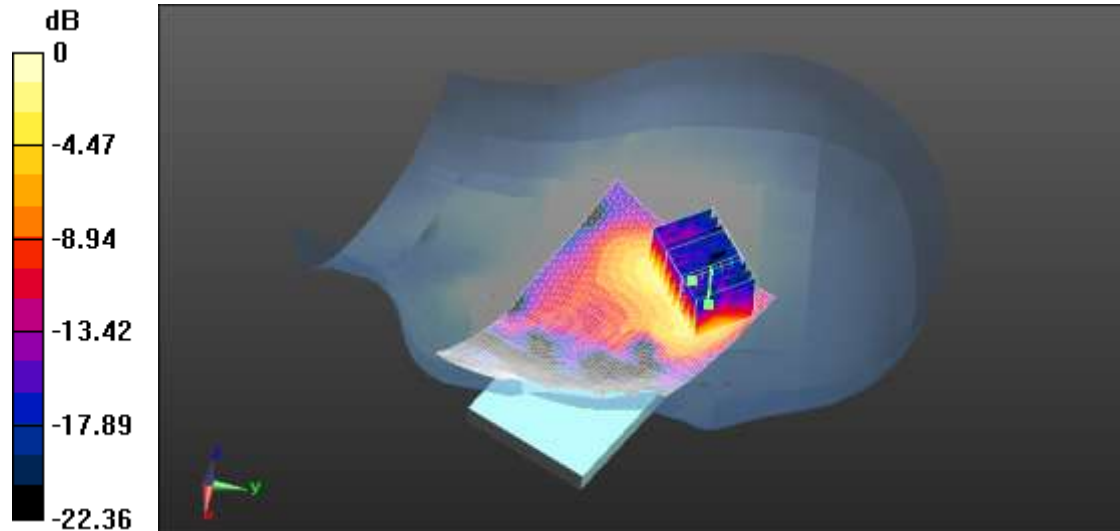
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.873 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

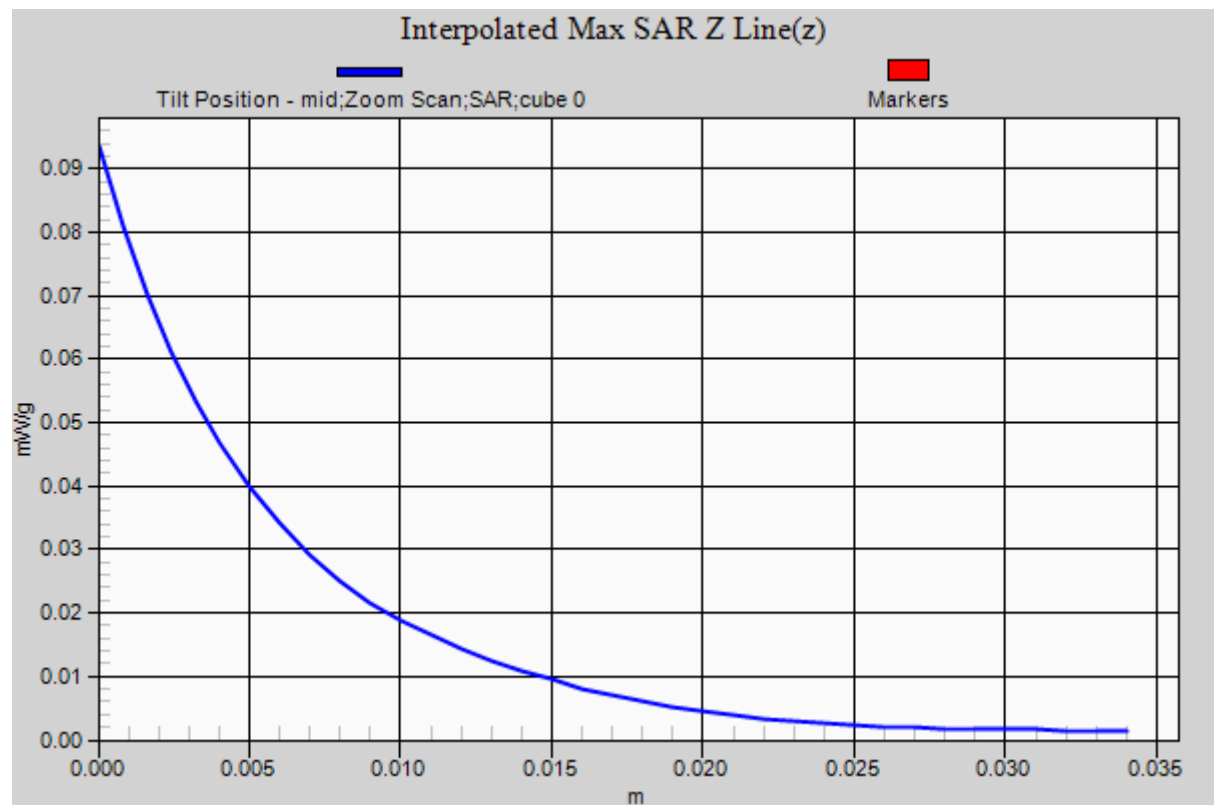
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1300

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.059 mW/g



0 dB = 0.060mW/g = -24.44 dB mW/g



WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 10:39:04

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.776$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.044 mW/g

left/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

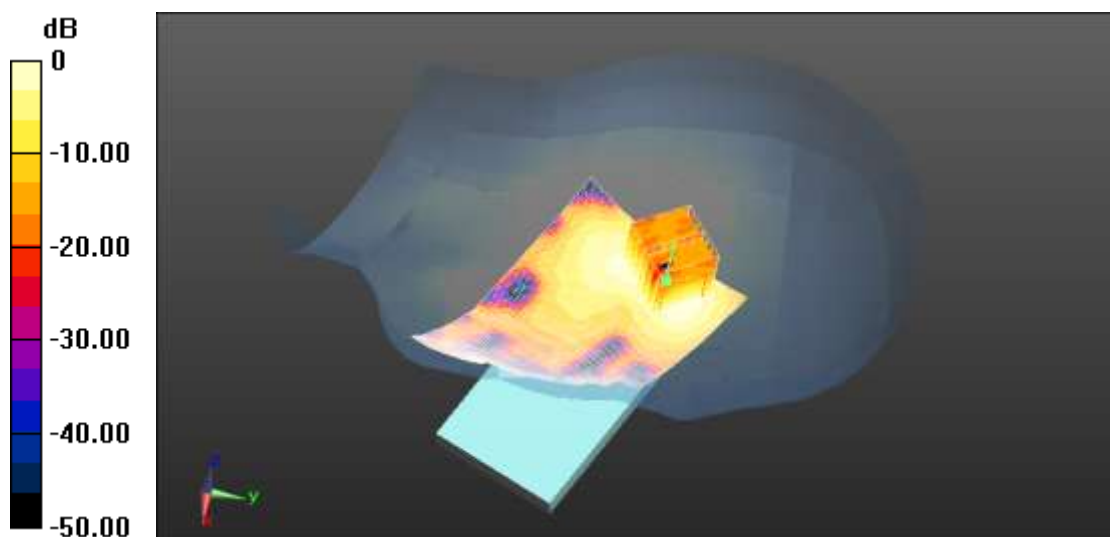
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.623 V/m; Power Drift = 0.52 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.047 mW/g



0 dB = 0.050mW/g = -26.02 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 11:12:55

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.776$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Touch Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.044 mW/g

right/Touch Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

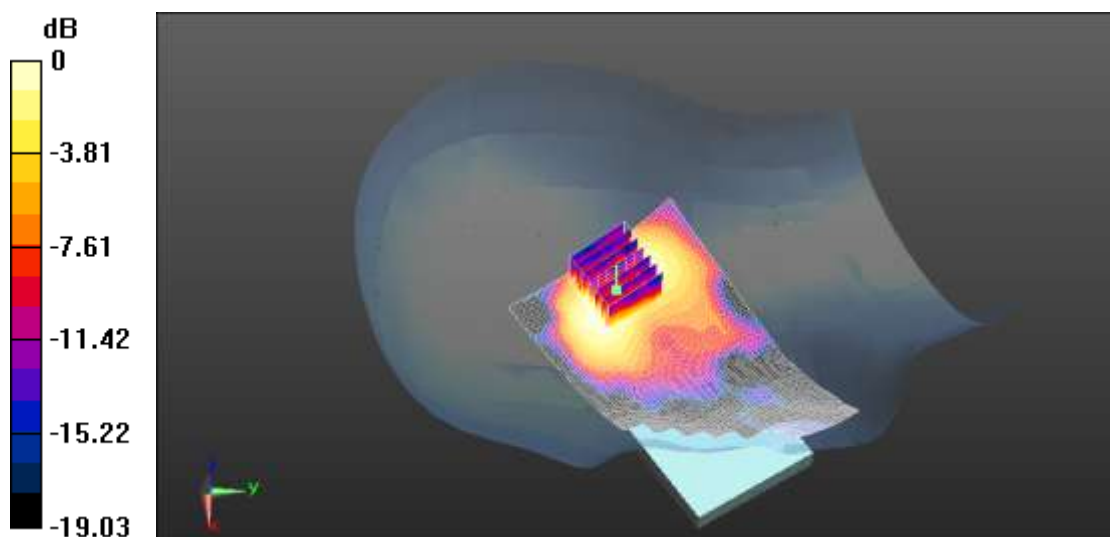
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.174 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0780

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g = -27.96 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right Tilt mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 11:43:49

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.776$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

right/Tilt Position - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.038 mW/g

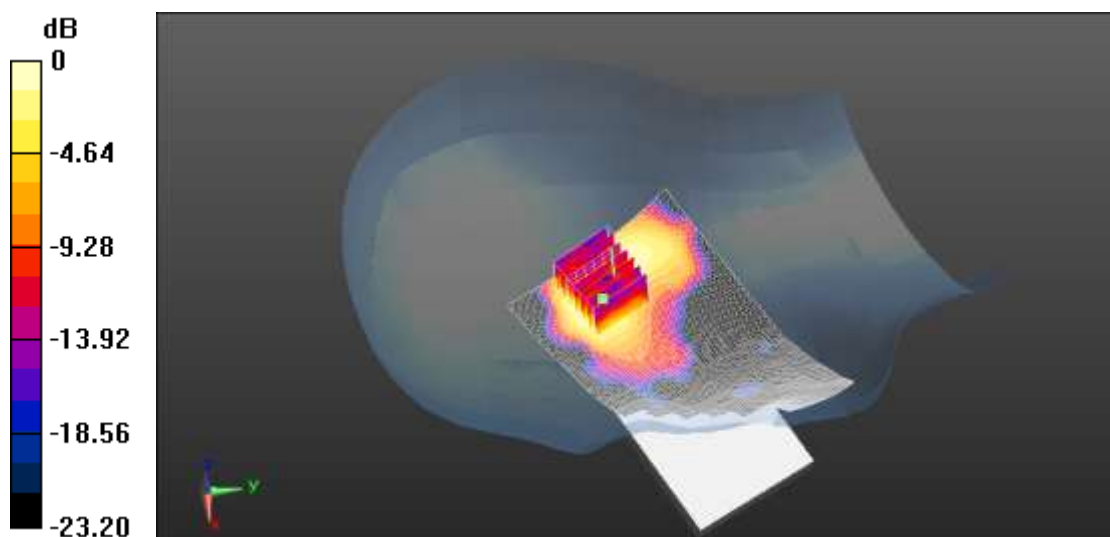
right/Tilt Position - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.720 V/m; Power Drift = 0.48 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0740

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g = -27.96 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left Touch low

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 12:17:09

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.776\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.046 mW/g

left/Touch Position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.206 V/m; Power Drift = 0.45 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1020

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g

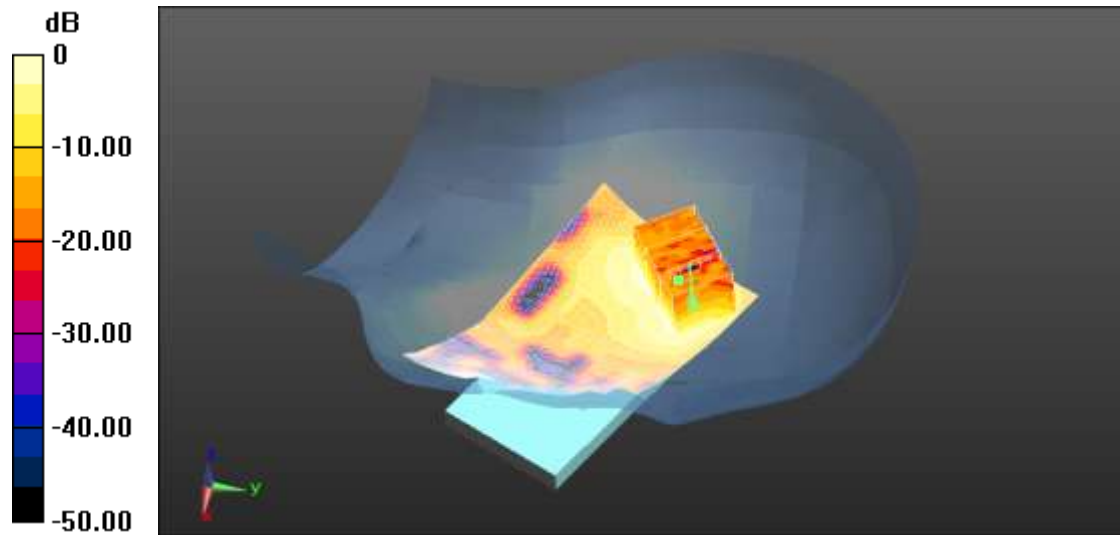
left/Touch Position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.206 V/m; Power Drift = 0.45 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1030

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g = -27.96 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left Touch high

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 13:08:13

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.789$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.883$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.047 mW/g

left/Touch Position - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

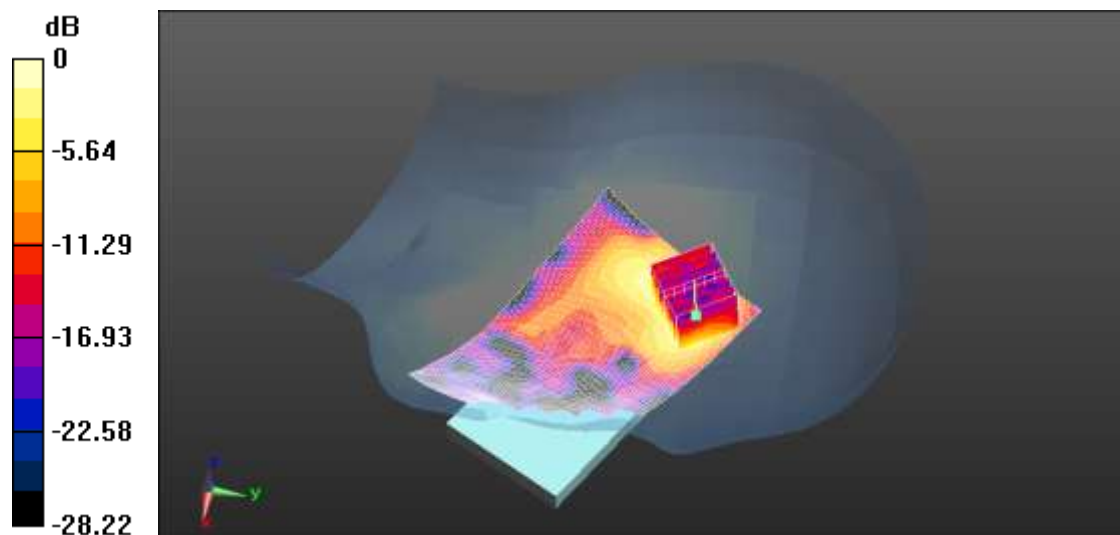
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.268 V/m; Power Drift = 0.57 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1110

SAR(1 g) = 0.044 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.050 mW/g



0 dB = 0.050mW/g = -26.02 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11g Data Rate: 6 Mbps left Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 19:07:55

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.776$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - mid g/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.031 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid g/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0460

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid g/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

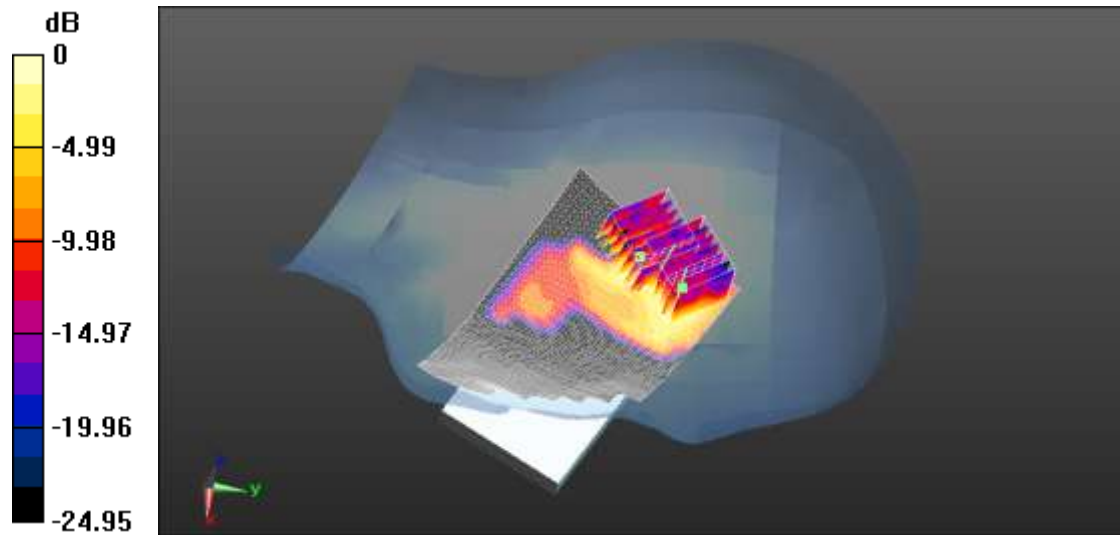
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0580

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.026 mW/g



0 dB = 0.030mW/g = -30.46 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11n Data Rate: 6.5 Mbps left Touch mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 19:49:36

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.776$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

left/Touch Position - mid n/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.026 mW/g

left/Touch Position - mid n/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.225 V/m; Power Drift = 0.38 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0520

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

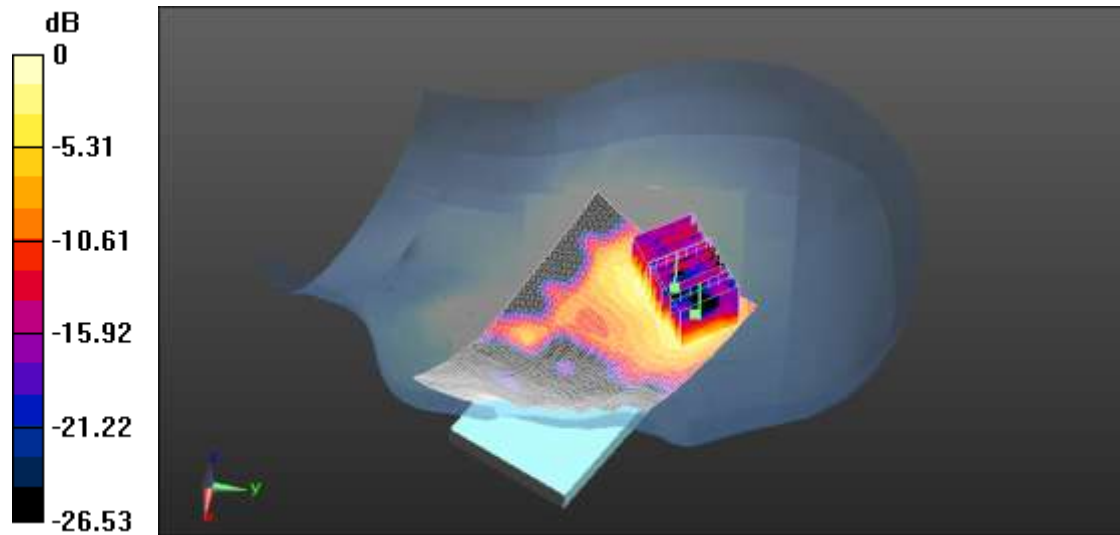
left/Touch Position - mid n/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.225 V/m; Power Drift = 0.38 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0470

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00952 mW/g



0 dB = 0.030mW/g = -30.46 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps Towards phantom mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-12 20:48:35

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.957$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards phantom - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.017 mW/g

body/Towards phantom - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.464 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0340

SAR(1 g) = 0.017 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00912 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.018 mW/g

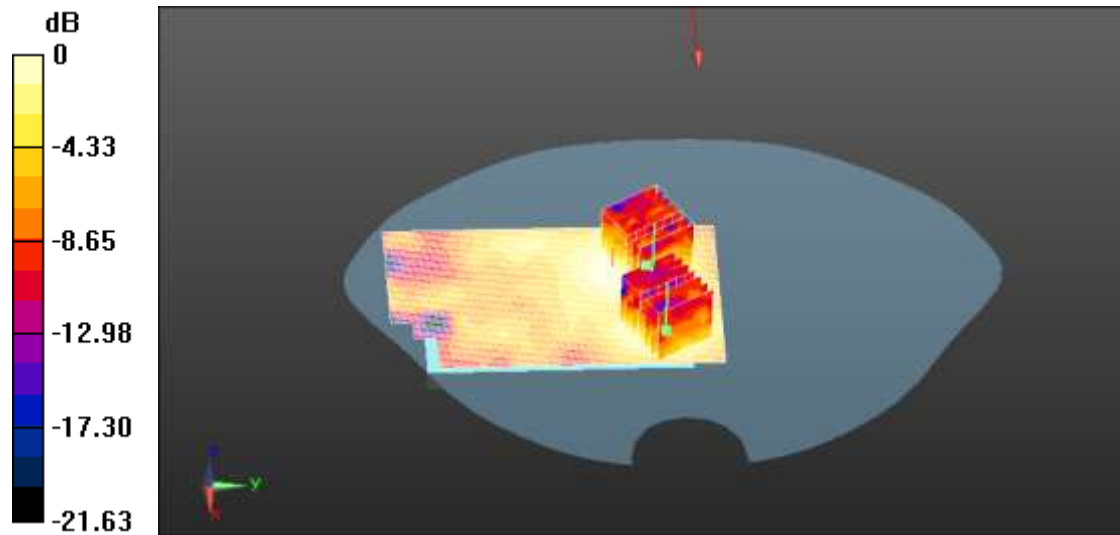
body/Towards phantom - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.464 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0240

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00552 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.011 mW/g



WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps Towards ground mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-12 21:31:13

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.957$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - mid/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.37 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0610

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g

body/Towards ground - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

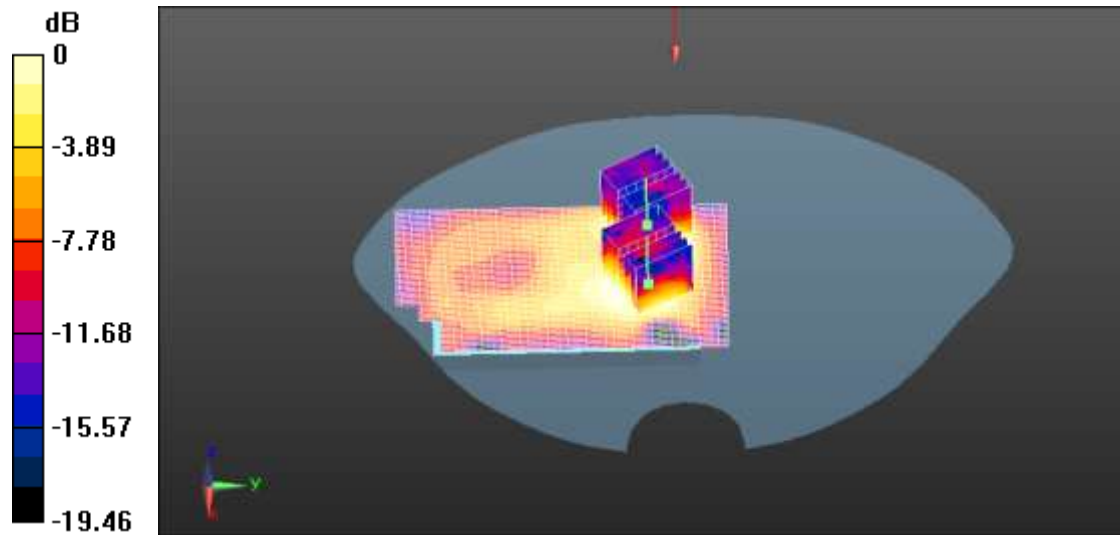
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.37 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00972 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g = -33.98 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps Towards back mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 14:42:35

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.957$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards back - mid/Area Scan (81x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00547 mW/g

body/Towards back - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.59 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160

SAR(1 g) = 0.00395 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00164 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00476 mW/g

body/Towards back - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

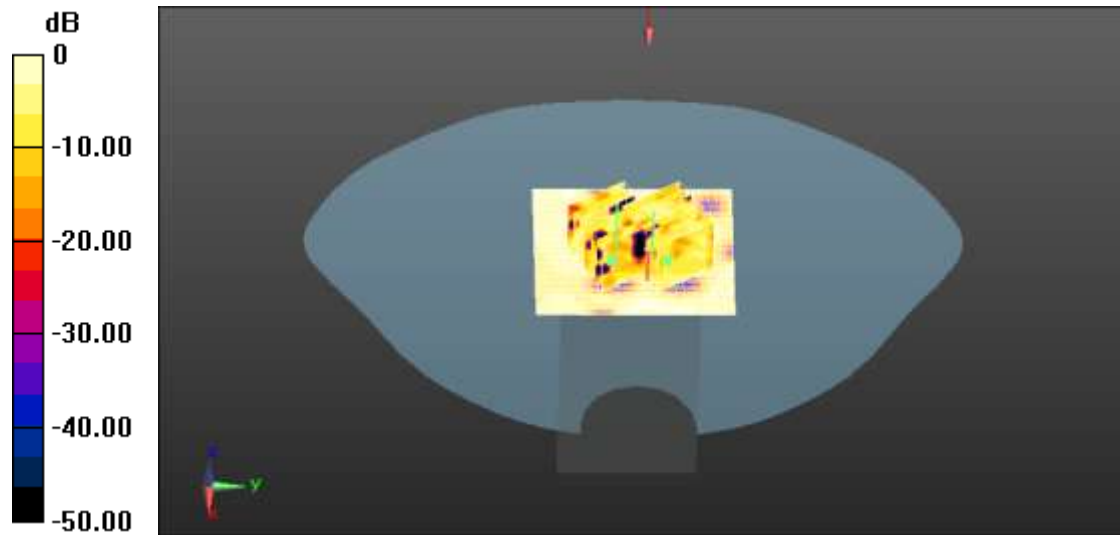
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.59 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.009820

SAR(1 g) = 0.00369 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00152 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00421 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0042mW/g = -47.54 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left side - mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-12 22:18:41

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.957$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/left side - mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00857 mW/g

body2/left side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.744 V/m; Power Drift = -0.32 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.009180

SAR(1 g) = 0.00638 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00331 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00799 mW/g

body2/left side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

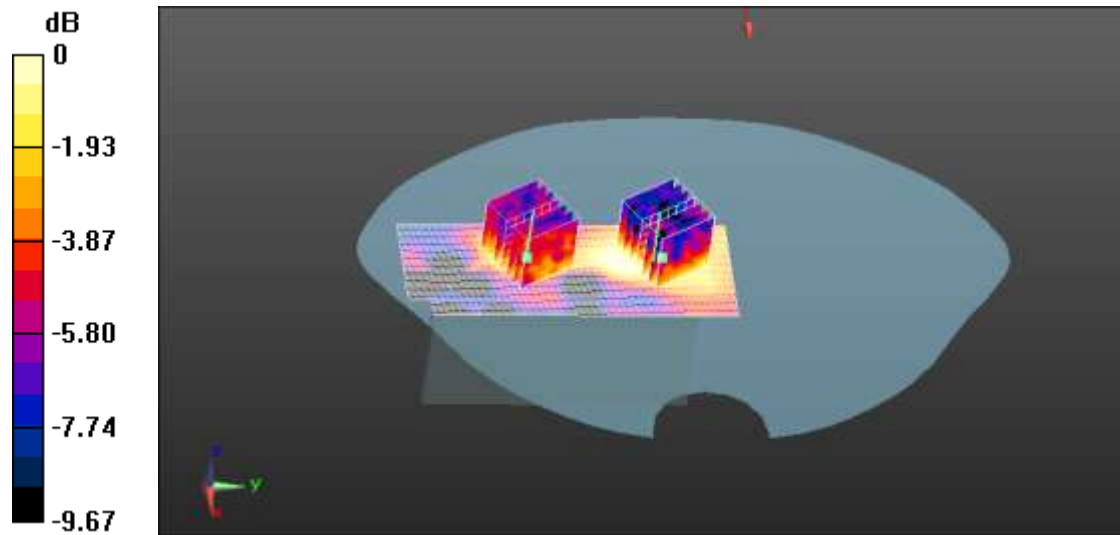
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.744 V/m; Power Drift = -0.32 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.009780

SAR(1 g) = 0.00573 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00357 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00636 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0064mW/g = -43.88 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right side mid

Date/Time: 2012-4-12 22:57:28

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.957$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body2/right side - mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.015 mW/g

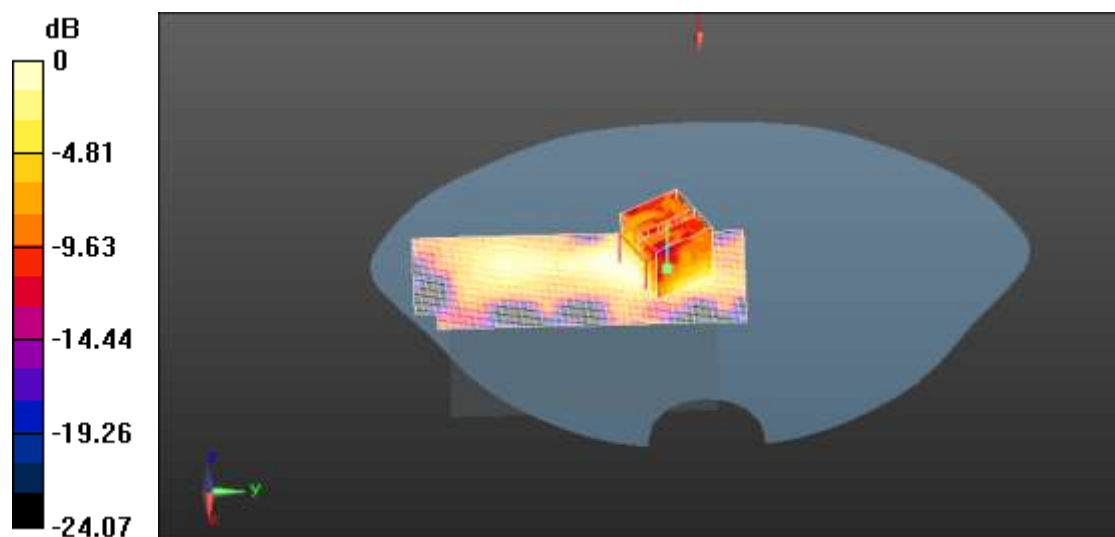
body2/right side - mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.802 V/m; Power Drift = 0.38 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0660

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00545 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010mW/g = -40.00 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 15:27:04

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.874$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.963$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.334 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0320

SAR(1 g) = 0.017 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00906 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

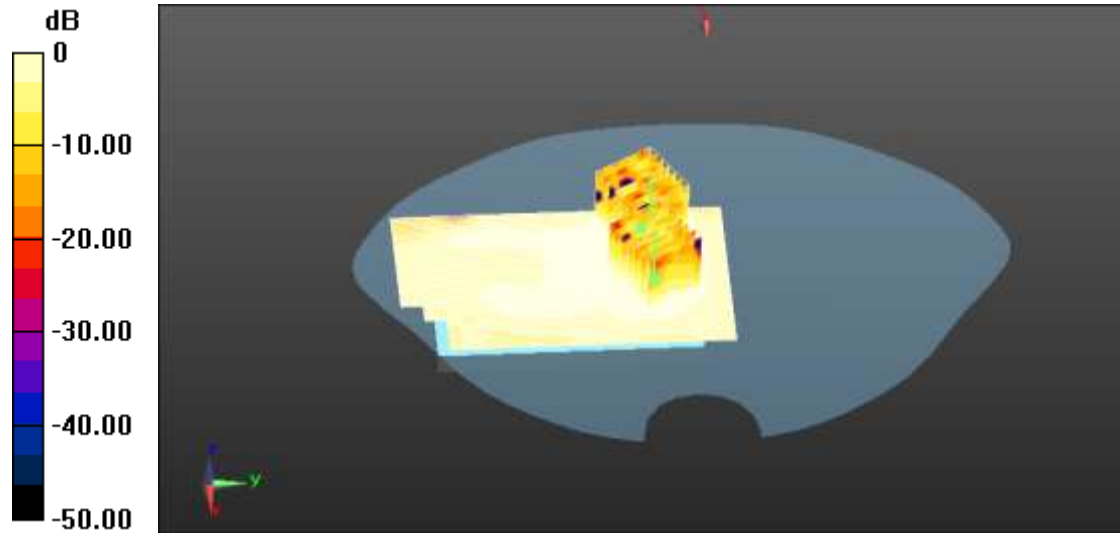
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.334 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

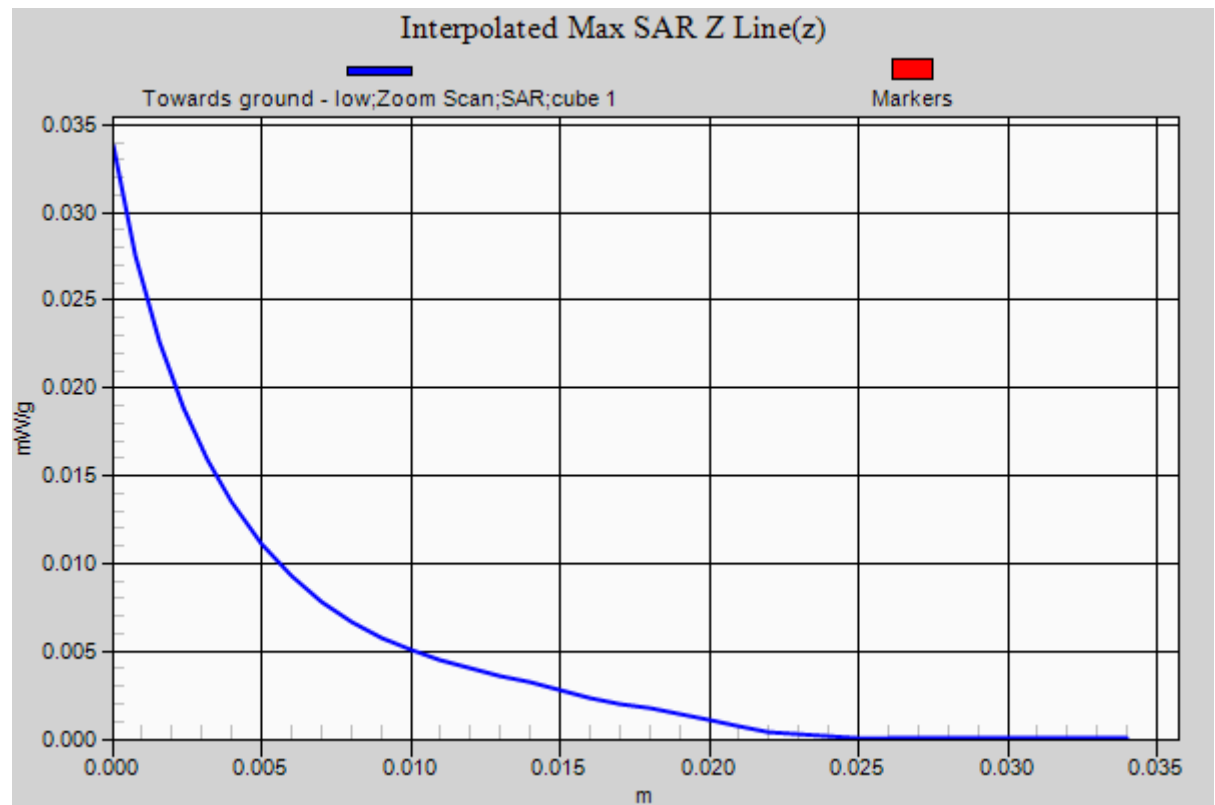
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0340

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00551 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.013 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010mW/g = -40.00 dB mW/g



WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps Towards ground high

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 16:12:25

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.934$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.886$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - high/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.381 V/m; Power Drift = 0.32 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0650

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0061 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g

body/Towards ground - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

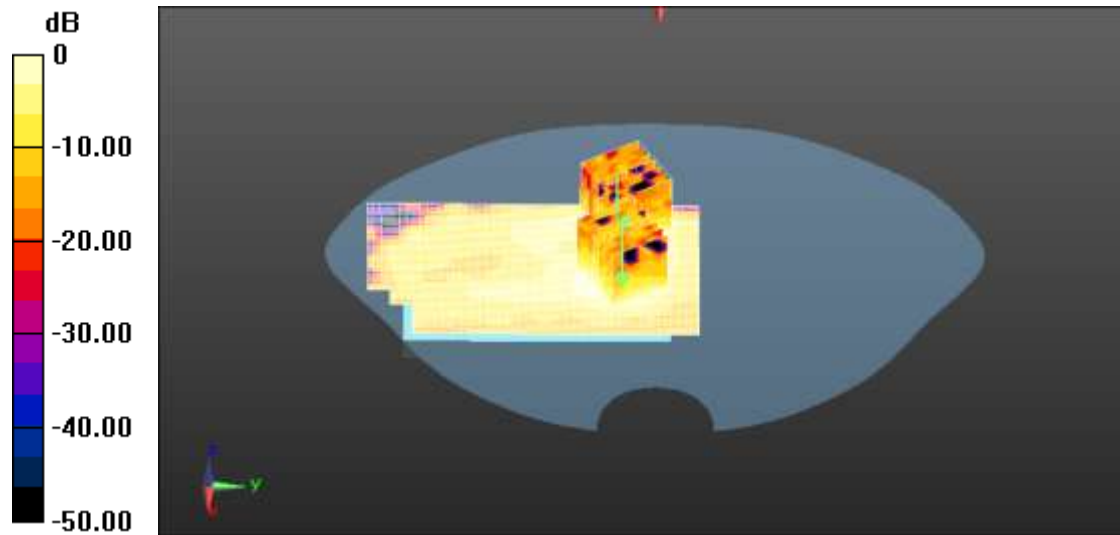
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.381 V/m; Power Drift = 0.32 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0300

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00592 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.016 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g = -33.98 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11g Data Rate: 6 Mbps Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 17:03:22

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.874$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.963$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low g/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.012 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low g/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.716 V/m; Power Drift = -0.36 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0250

SAR(1 g) = 0.00791 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00406 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00982 mW/g

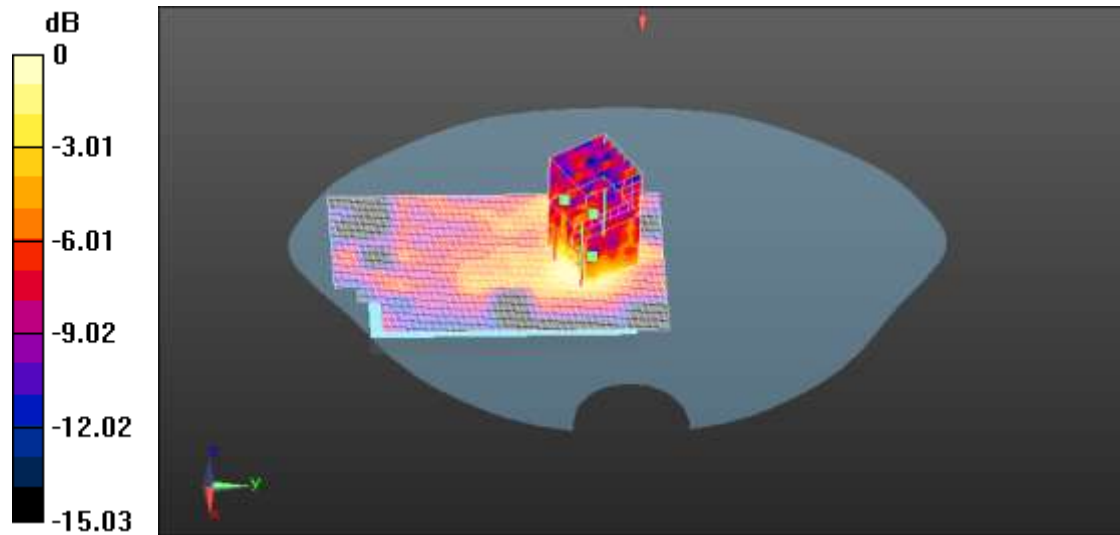
body/Towards ground - low g/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.716 V/m; Power Drift = -0.36 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0240

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00666 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.013 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010mW/g = -40.00 dB mW/g

WIFI 802.11n (20MHz) Data Rate: 6.5 Mbps Towards ground low

Date/Time: 2012-4-13 17:46:25

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.874$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.963$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE1528/OET65C)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2011-6-13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

body/Towards ground - low n/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.012 mW/g

body/Towards ground - low n/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.788 V/m; Power Drift = -0.39 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0200

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00581 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g

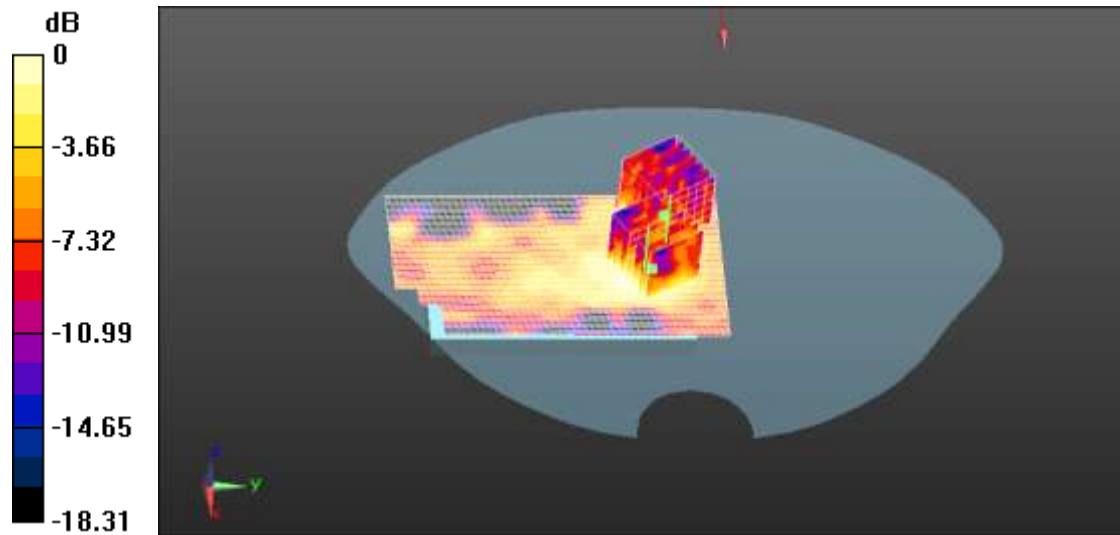
body/Towards ground - low n/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.788 V/m; Power Drift = -0.39 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0220

SAR(1 g) = 0.00745 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00278 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.009 mW/g



0 dB = 0.009mW/g = -40.92 dB mW/g

ANNEX G: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ZTE Shanghai (Auden)**

Certificate No: **ES3-3241_Sep11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3241**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **September 27, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642J01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Issued: September 28, 2011			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
 C Service suisse d'étalonnage
 S Servizio svizzero di taratura
 S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3241

Manufactured: May 5, 2009
Calibrated: September 27, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3241

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^a	1.18	0.87	1.05	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^b	101.3	104.7	100.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^c (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	146.9	$\pm 3.0 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	123.7	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	140.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^a The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^b Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^c Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3241

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.32	5.32	5.32	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.80	1.22	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.74	1.30	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3- SN:3241

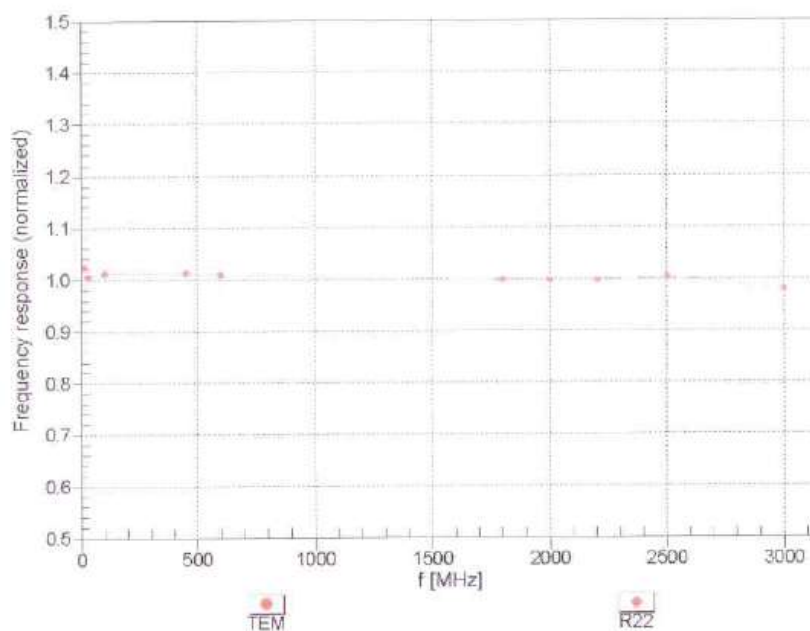
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.80	1.32	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.80	1.32	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.75	1.35	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

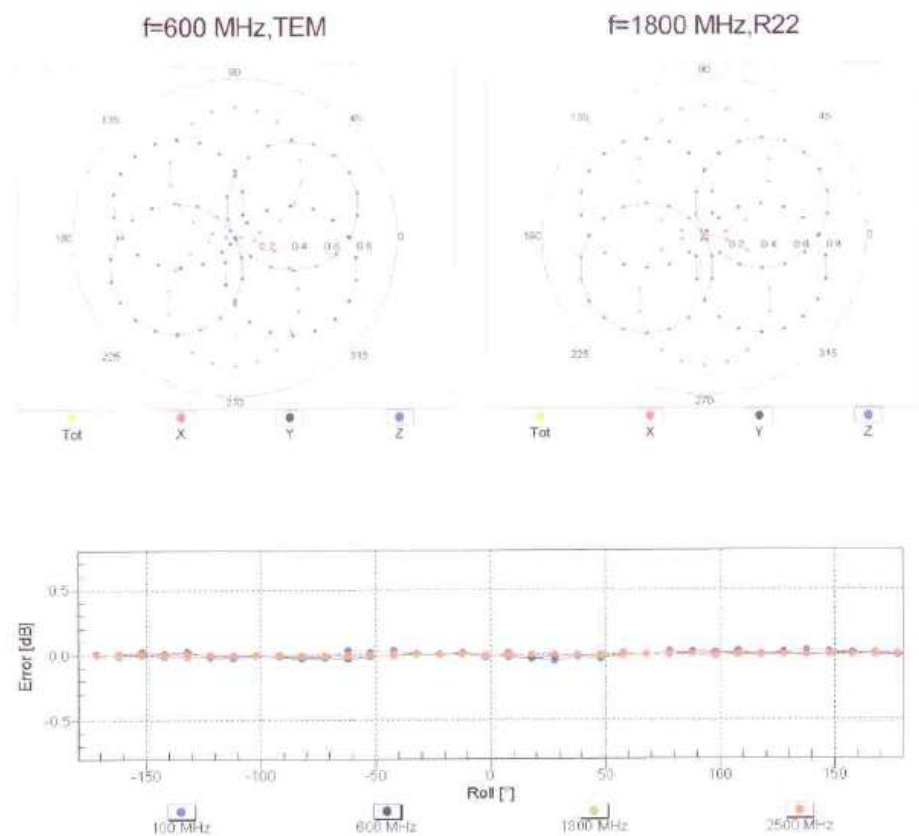
^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



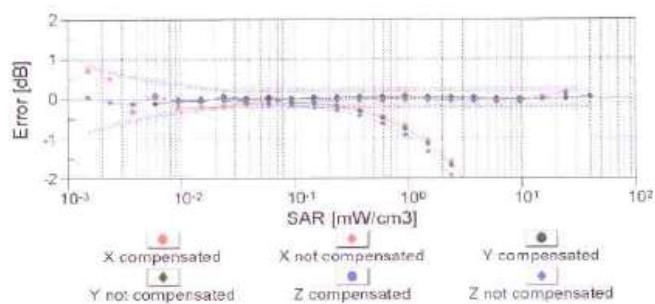
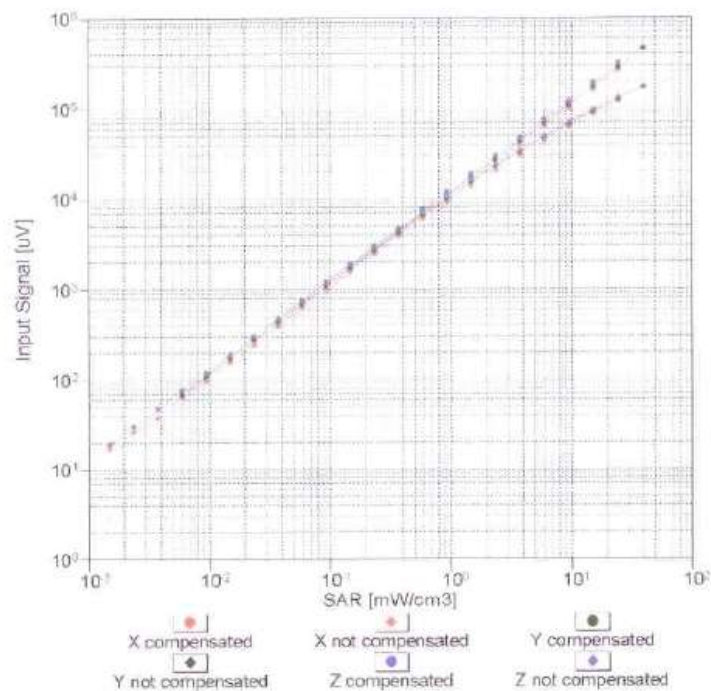
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



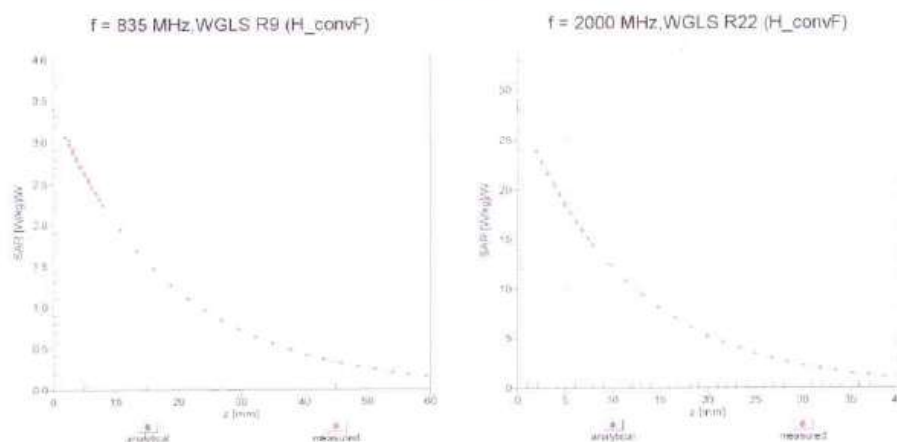
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



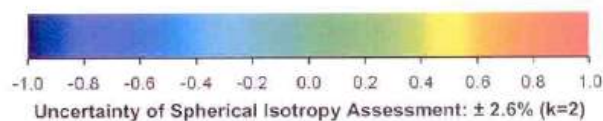
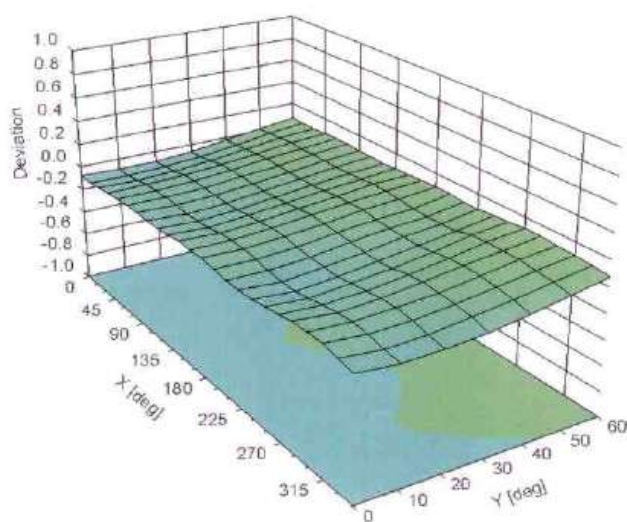
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz

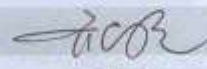


Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3241**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

ANNEX H:DAE4 Calibration Certificate

工业和信息化部通信计量中心 Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT		  
Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793 E-mail: info@emcrite.com Http://www.emcrite.com		
Client	Tejet	Certificate No: DAE4-1226_Jun11
CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SN: 1226	
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-XZ-01-029 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)	
Calibration date:	June 13, 2011	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance	
This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.		
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.		
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)
Multimeter 3458A	MY45041463	12-Nov-10 (TMC, No: DLsc2010-1115)
DC POWER SUPPLY 66321D	MY43001657	12-Nov-10 (TMC, No: JZ10-290)
Scheduled Calibration		
Nov-11		
Nov-11		
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)
Calibrator Box	/	18-Jun-10 (TMC, in house check)
Scheduled Check		
In house check Jun-11		
Calibrated by:	Name Lin Hao	Function SAR Test Engineer
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader
Approved by:	Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory
		Signature   
		Issued: June 13, 2011
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.		
Certificate No: DAE4-1226_Jun11		Page 1 of 5

Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793
E-mail: info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage.
- Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.

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 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793
 E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = $61 nV$, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$405.837 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$405.272 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$405.326 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.99601 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$4.01768 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$4.02083 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$112.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793
E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Input (μ V)	Reading (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20003.91	0.03
Channel X - Input	20000	-20002.26	0.01
Channel Y + Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20004.30	0.02
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20001.84	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200000	200000.6	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20002.05	0.01
Channel Z - Input	20000	-20003.32	0.02

Low Range	Input (μ V)	Reading (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	199.61	-0.19
Channel X - Input	200	-200.68	0.36
Channel Y + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.40	-0.29
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.46	0.23
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.33	-0.34
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.29	0.66

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μ V)	Low Range Average Reading (μ V)
Channel X	200	3.40	3.47
	- 200	-2.47	-3.10
Channel Y	200	0.15	-0.51
	- 200	-0.60	-1.12
Channel Z	200	-9.89	-10.17
	- 200	7.71	8.15

Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793
 E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μ V)	Channel Y (μ V)	Channel Z (μ V)
Channel X	200	-	2.59	-0.31
Channel Y	200	0.57	-	2.47
Channel Z	200	-1.89	0.23	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16128	16441
Channel Y	15957	16202
Channel Z	15979	16032

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation(μ V)
Channel X	0.57	-1.05	2.02	0.41
Channel Y	-1.02	-1.96	-0.02	0.39
Channel Z	1.15	-0.07	1.94	0.34

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input Circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	200.0
Channel Y	0.2000	200.0
Channel Z	0.2000	200.0

ANNEX I: D835V2 Calibration Certificate

工业和信息化部通信计量中心
Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT





校准
CNAS L0442

Client **Tejet**
Certificate No: D835V2-4d100_Jun11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

Calibration Procedure(s)

Calibration date:

Condition of the calibrated item

D835V2 - SN: 4d100

TMC-XZ-01-027
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

June 14, 2011

In Tolerance

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

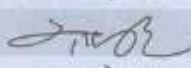
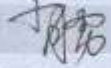
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	101253	03-Sep-10 (TMC, No.JZ10-248)	Sep-11
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100333	03-Sep-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-248)	Sep-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN 3149	25-Sep-10(SPEAG No.ES3-3149_Sep10)	Sep-11
DAE4	SN 771	21-Nov-10(SPEAG No.DAE4-771_Nov10)	Nov-11
RF generator E4438C	MY45092879	17-Jun-10(TMC, No.JZ10-302)	Jun-11
Network Analyzer 8753E	US38433212	28-Aug-10(TMC, No.JZ10-056)	Aug-11

Calibrated by:

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

Name	Function	Signature
Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: July 5, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d100_Jun11
Page 1 of 9

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	2mm Oval Phantom ELI4	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.4 $\pm$ 6 %	0.89mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.7 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.48 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	9.53 mW /g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.12 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	6.14 mW /g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6%	1.00mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.45 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.80 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	9.47 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.36 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	6.21 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.8\Omega + 0.22j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.8dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$45.9\Omega + 3.6j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.9dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	2.983 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 9, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 8:57:36

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN: 4d100

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 25.09.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

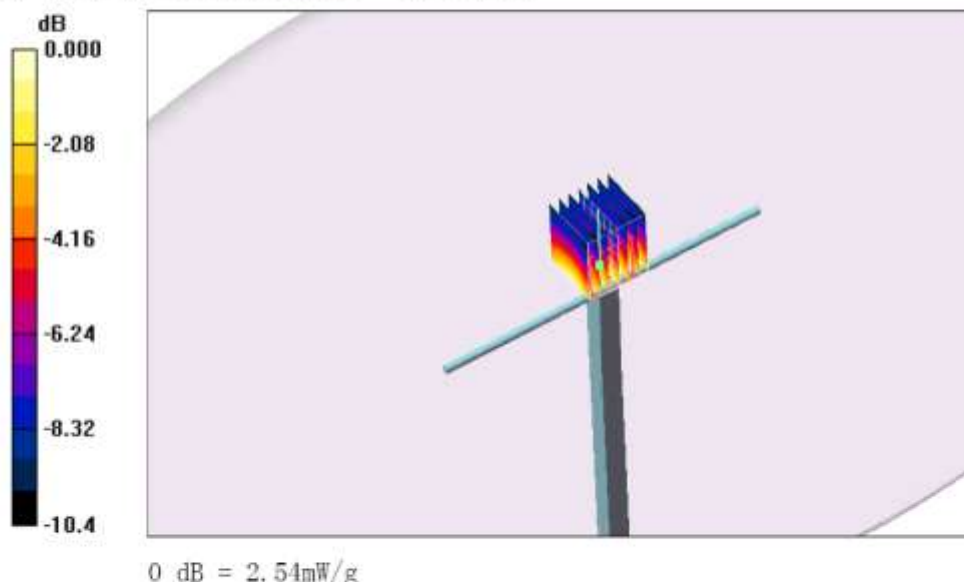
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.096 dB

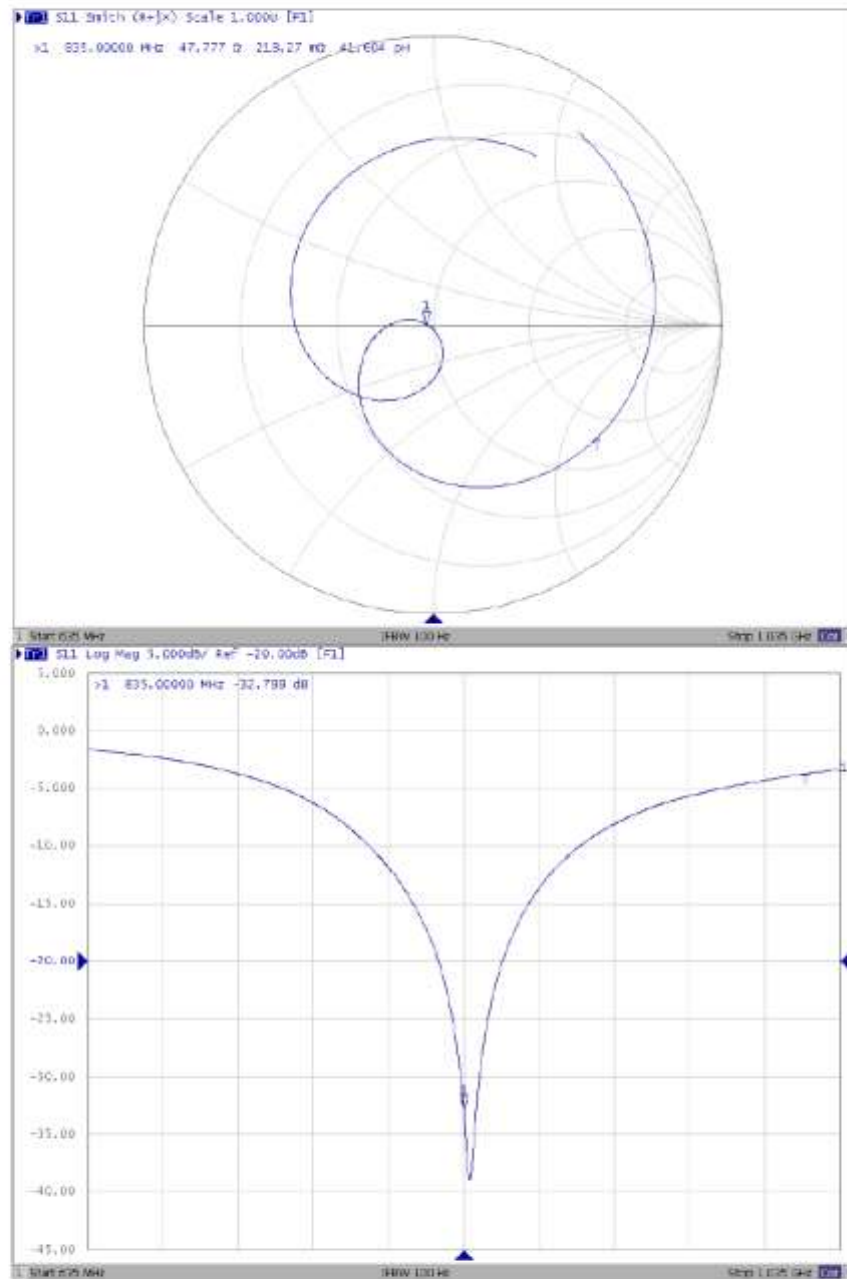
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 9:52:23

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN: 4d100

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.00 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_s = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 25.09.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

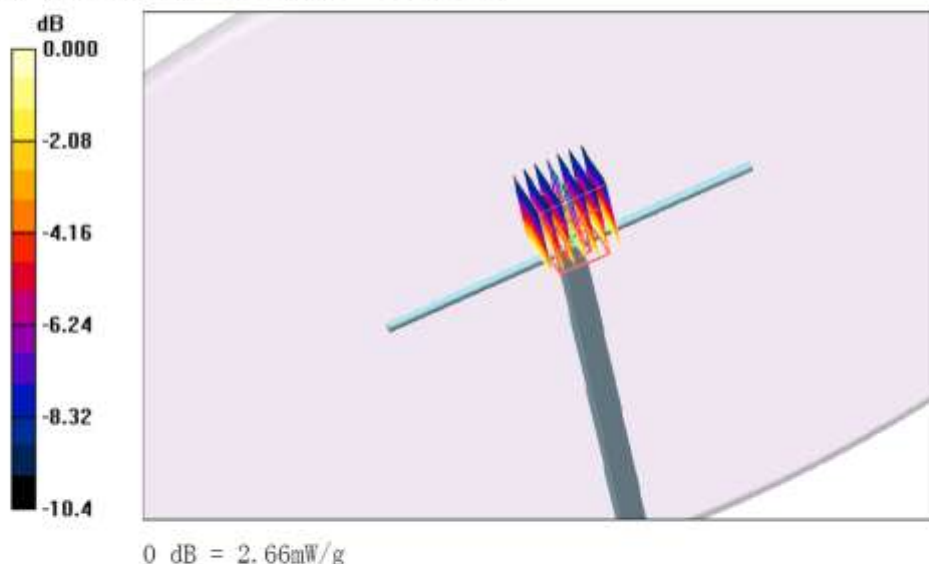
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

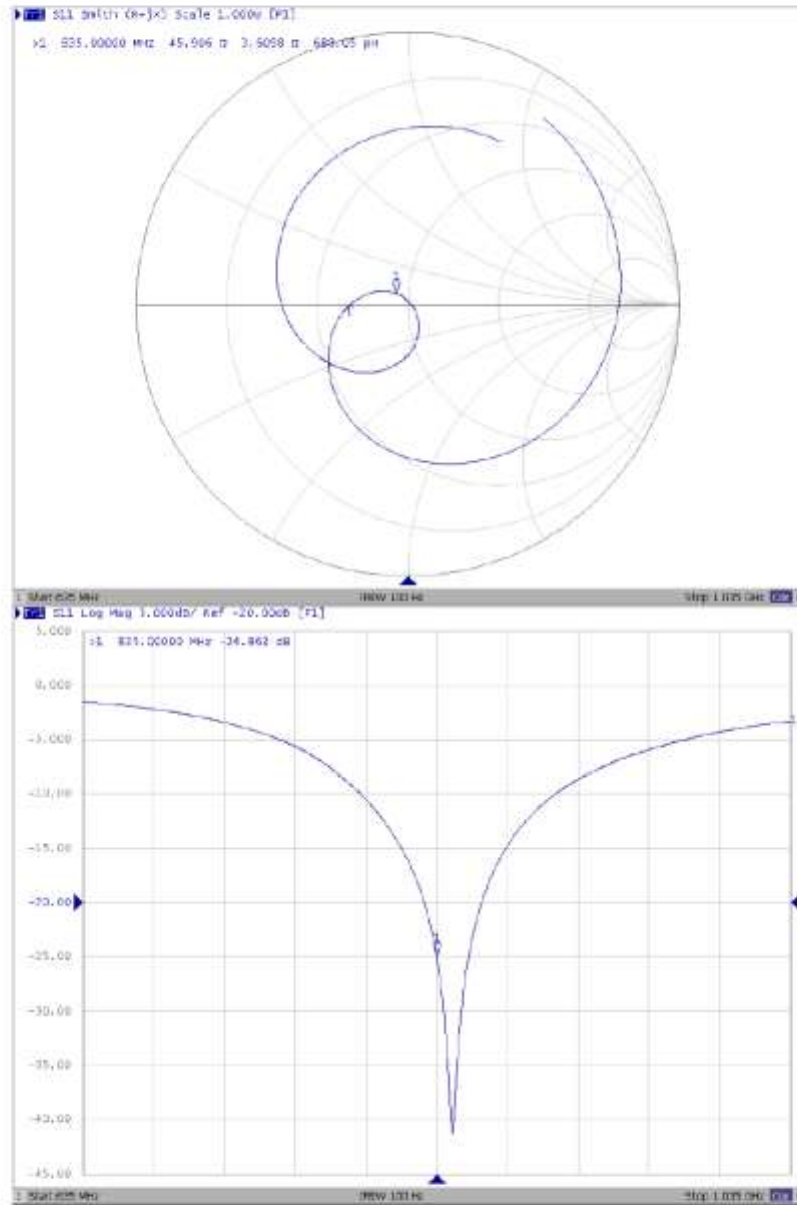
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX J: D1900V2 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
 C Service suisse d'étalonnage
 S Servizio svizzero di taratura
 S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d142_Jul11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d142**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **July 22, 2011**

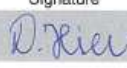
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US3739C585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 22, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.1 $\pm$ 6 %	1.42 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.99 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.21 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	52.3 $\pm$ 6 %	1.53 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.5 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.6 \Omega + 5.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.8 \Omega + 6.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 11, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d142

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

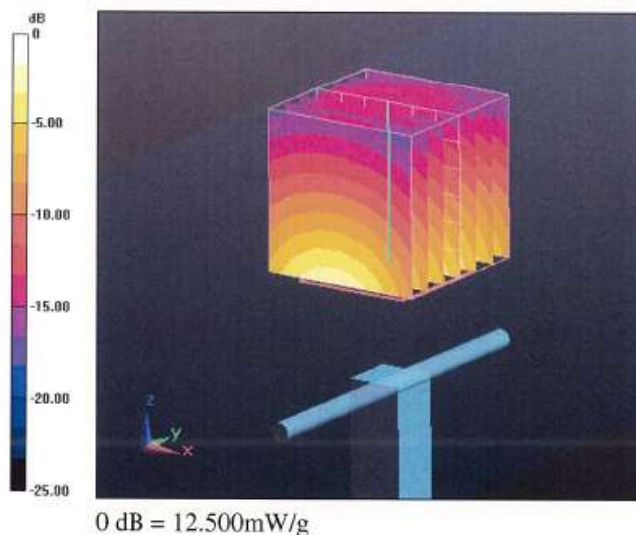
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.703 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

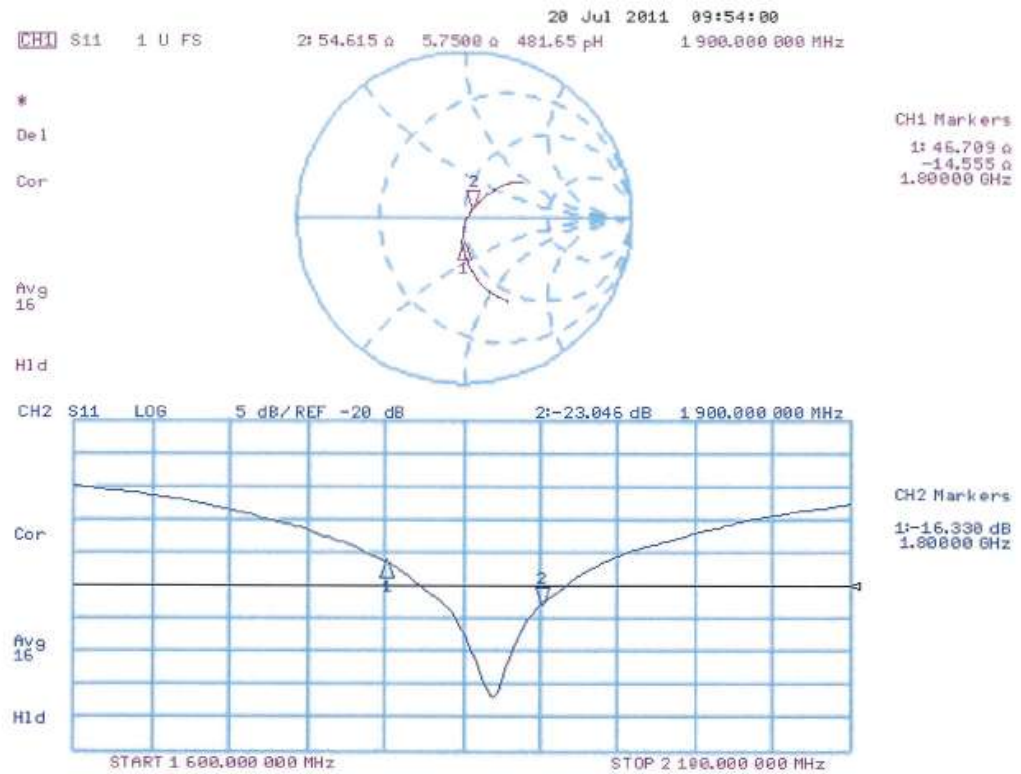
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.174 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.99 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.496 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.201

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d142

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

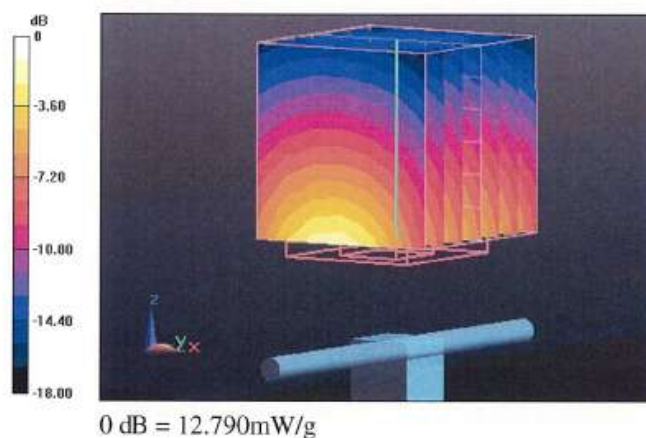
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.443 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0058 dB

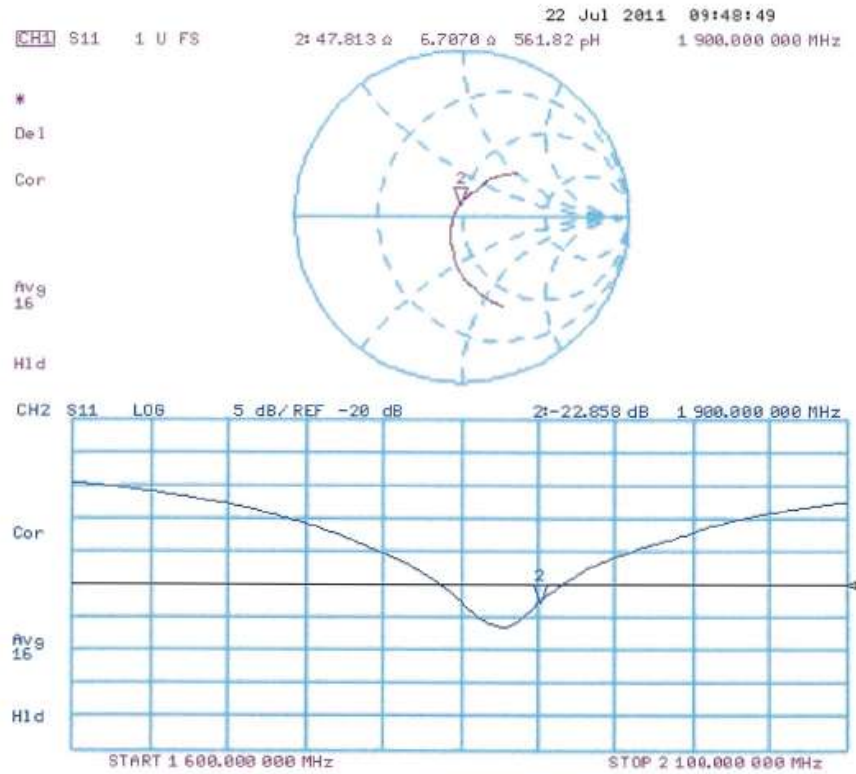
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.044 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.793 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX K: D2450V2 Calibration Certificate

工业和信息化部通信计量中心
Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

TMC

校准
CNAS L0442

Client: Tejet Certificate No: D2450V2-845_Jun11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 845

Calibration Procedure(s): TMC-XZ-01-027
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 14, 2011

Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	SN.	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	11-Sep-10 (TMC, No.JZ10-443)	Sep-11
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100542	11-Sep-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-443)	Sep-11
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	09-Jul-10 (SPEAG, No. EX3-3617_Jul10)	Jul-11
DAE4	SN 771	21-Nov-10 (SPEAG, No.DAE4-771_Nov10)	Nov-11
RF generator E4438C	MY49070393	13-Nov-10 (TMC, No.JZ10-394)	Nov-11
Network Analyzer 8753E	US38433212	28-Aug-10 (TMC, No.JZ10-056)	Aug-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林浩
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	齐 dian yuan
Approved by:	Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory	肖 莉

Issued: July 5, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2450V2-845_Jun11 Page 1 of 9

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	2mm Oval Phantom ELI4	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.9 $\pm$ 6 %	1.87mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.1 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	52.8 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6%	1.94mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	51.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.14 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	24.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 1.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 3.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.5dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	3.004 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 14:29:40

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 845

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 09.07.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

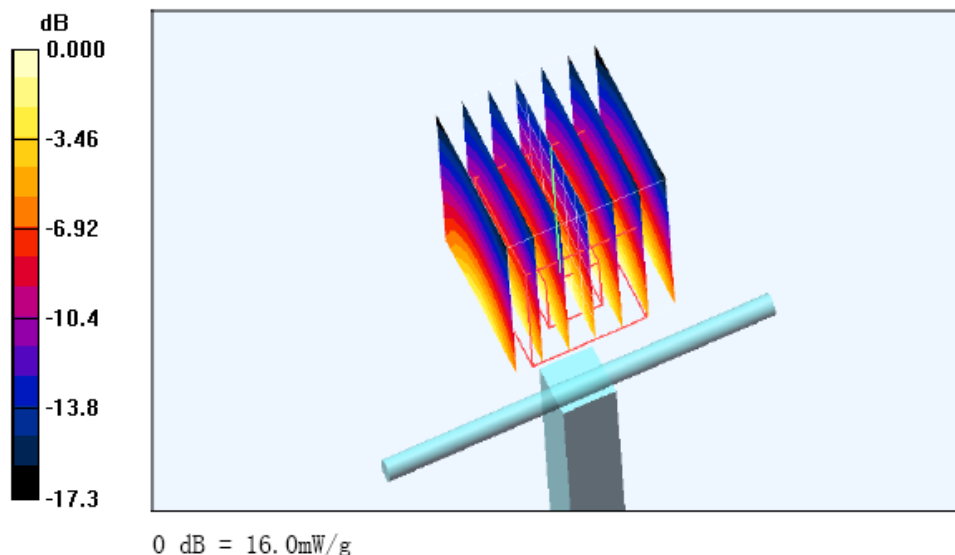
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

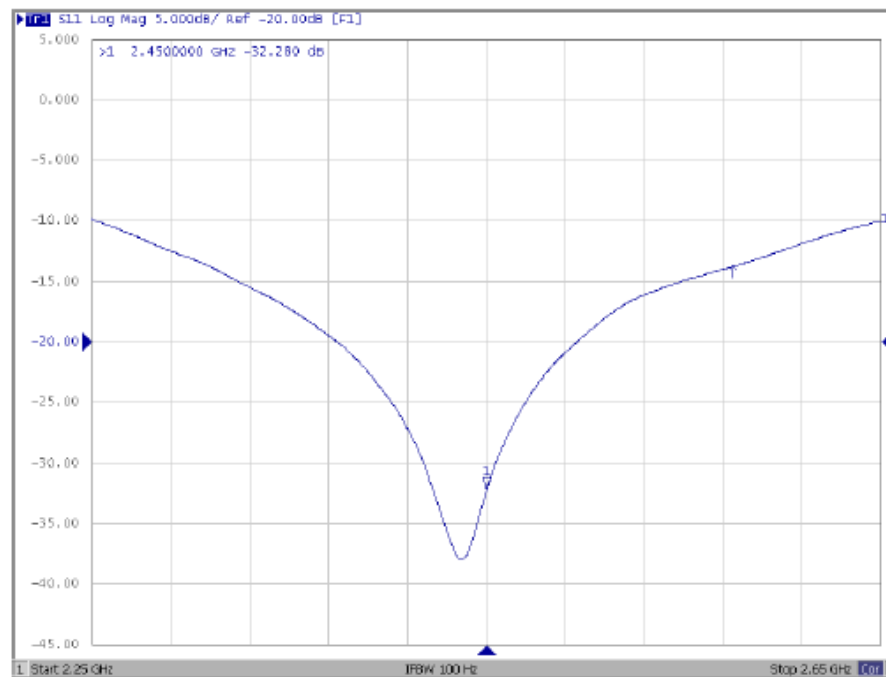
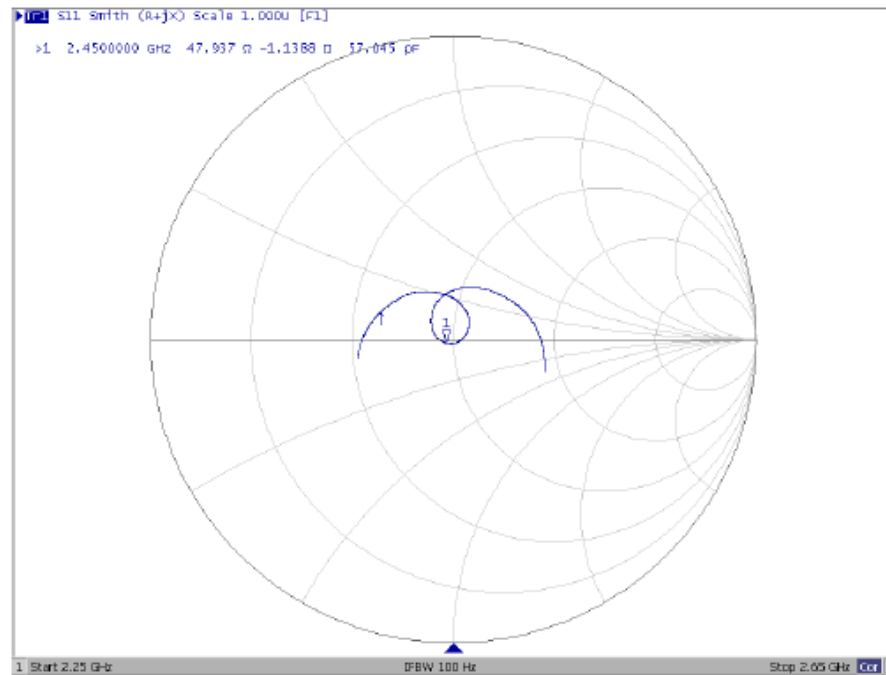
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 13:50:27

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 845

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.0$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(6.88, 6.88, 6.88); Calibrated: 09.07.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

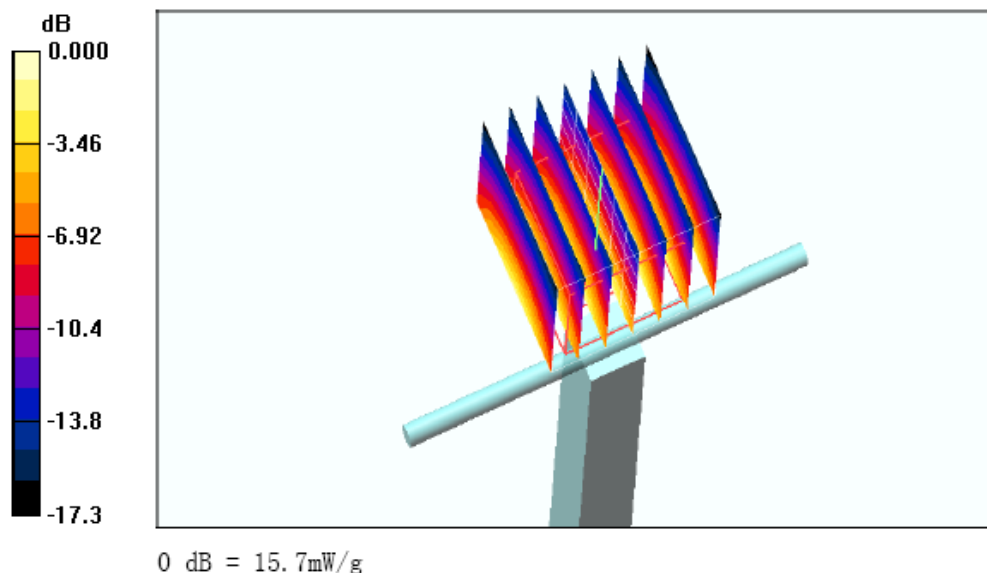
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

