



SAR TEST REPORT

No. 2011SAR120

FCC ID: Q78- ZTE V875
Applicant: ZTE CORPORATION
Product: WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode
Digital Mobile Phone
Model: ZTE V875
Issued Date: 2011-11-25

Test Laboratory:

Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd Testing Center.
Room 6205-6208, Building 6, No.399 Cailun Rd. Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Shanghai,
China 210203
Tel: +86-21-61650880
Fax: +86-21-61650881
www.tejet.cn

Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the test laboratory.

General Information

Product Name	WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone	Model Name	ZTE V875
Applicant	ZTE CORPORATION		
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION		
Reference Standard	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 SAFETY LEVELS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN EXPOSURE TO RADIO FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS. 3 KHZ TO 300 GHZ		
	IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
	OET Bulletin 65-(Edition 97-01) Supplement C (edition01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields—Additional Supplement C (Edition 01-01)Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions		
	ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002 RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR MEASUREMENTS AND COMPUTATIONS OF RADIO FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN EXPOSURE TOSUCH FIELDS. 100 KHZ-300 GHZ		
Test Results	Pass		

Prepared by Yin Xiaoming
Yin Xiaoming

Date 2011.11.25

Reviewed by Xue Jianguo
Xue Jianguo

Date 2011.11.25

Approved by Wang Jianrong
GM of Tejet
Wang Jianrong

Date 2011.11.25

(Stamp)



CONTENTS:

1. TEST LABORATORY.....5

 1.1 TESTING LOCATION:..... 5

 1.2 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT..... 5

 1.3 TESTING DATE..... 5

2. CLIENT INFORMATION..... 6

 2.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION 6

 2.2 MANUFACTURER INFORMATION..... 6

3.EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT (AE)7

 3.1 INFORMATION OF EUT..... 7

 3.2 INFORMATION OF AE 8

4. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS 9

 4.1 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR TESTING 9

5. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST..... 11

 5.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF TEST PROCEDURES..... 11

 5.2 GSM TEST CONFIGURATION..... 11

 5.3 WCDMA TEST CONFIGURATION..... 11

 5.3 BLUETOOTH TEST CONFIGURATION..... 13

 5.4 WIFI (802.11B/G/N) TEST CONFIGURATION..... 13

6. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION 15

 6.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP 15

 6.2. DASY5 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM..... 16

 6.2.1. *Ex3DV3 Probe Specification*..... 16

 6.2.2. *E-field Probe Calibration* 17

 6.3. OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT..... 18

 6.3.1. *Device Holder for Transmitters*..... 18

 6.3.2. *Phantom*..... 18

 6.4. SCANNING PROCEDURE..... 19

 6.5. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION 21

 6.5.1. *Data Storage* 21

 6.5.2. *Data Evaluation by SEMCAD* 21

 6.6. SYSTEM CHECK..... 23

 6.7. EQUIVALENT TISSUES..... 24

7. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST..... 26

 7.1. APPLICABLE LIMIT REGULATIONS..... 26

 7.2. APPLICABLE MEASUREMENT STANDARDS 26

8. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT..... 27

8.1. SUMMARY	27
8.2. CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS	27
9 TEST RESULTS	30
9.1. DIELECTRIC PERFORMANCE.....	30
9.2. SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS	31
9.3. TEST RESULTS.....	32
9.3.1. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM850).....	32
9.3.2. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM1900).....	33
9.3.3. Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA BAND V).....	34
9.3.4. Summary of Measurement Results (WIFI).....	36
9.4. CONCLUSION	37
ANNEX A: EUT PHOTOGRAPH	38
ANNEX B: MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	45
ANNEX C: MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS.....	47
ANNEX D: TEST LAYOUT.....	48
ANNEX E: SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS	51
ANNEX F: GRAPH RESULT.....	61
ANNEX G: PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE.....	128
ANNEX H:DAE4 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	139
ANNEX I: D1950V3 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	144
ANNEX J: D2450V2 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	152
ANNEX K: D835V2 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE.....	161
ANNEX L:CHANGE HISTORY	170

1. Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location:

Company: Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd Testing Center.
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Shanghai, China
Post Code : 210203
Tel: +86-21-61650880
Fax: +86-21-61650881
Website: www.tejet.cn

1.2 Laboratory Environment

Temperature 20° C ~ 25 ° C
Relative humidity 20% ~ 70%

1.3 Testing date

The test is performed on Oct 8th ~ 11th 2011. Nov 24th 2011.

2. Client Information

2.1 Applicant information

Company Name: ZTE Corporation
Address: #68 Zijin Hua Road Nanjing, Jiangsu Province, China
contact : Fang yanbo
email: Fang yanbo@zte.com.cn
Tel: +8613770690695

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name: ZTE Corporation
Address: #68 Zijin Hua Road Nanjing, Jiangsu Province, China
contact : Fang yanbo
email: Fang yanbo@zte.com.cn
Tel: +8613770690695

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Accessory Equipment (AE)

3.1 Information of EUT

Device type	Portable device		
Product name	WCDMA/GSM(GPRS)Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone		
Exposure category	Uncontrolled environment / general population		
Device operation configuration:			
Operation mode	GSM850/1900, WCDMA BAND V		
Test modulation	(GSM)GMSK, (WCDMA)QPSK		
GPRS	Class B		
GPRS multislots Class	12		
EDGE multislots Class	12		
HSDPA UE Category	8		
Wlan AP	Support		
Rated output power	GSM850: 33dBm		
	GSM1900: 30dBm		
	WCDMA BAND V:24 dBm		
Antenna type:	Internal antenna		
Operating frequency range(s):	Band	Tx(MHz)	Rx(MHz)
	GSM850	824.2~848.8	869.2~893.8
	GSM1900	1850.2~1909.8	1930.2~1989.8
	WCDMA BAND V	826.4~846.6	871.4~891.6
Power class	GSM850: 4, test with power level 5		
	GSM1900: 1, test with power level 0		
	WCDMA Band V: 3, test with maximum output power		
HW Version	2.0		
SW Version	GENERIC_P727D40V1.0.0B02		

Note: Equipment under test (EUT) is WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone with internal antenna. It consists of mobile phone, battery and adaptor and the detail about these is in this report. SAR is tested for GSM850/1900, WCDMA BAND V, WIFI,

3.2 Information Of AE

AE ID*	Description
AE1	Battery
AE2	Travel Adaptor
AE3	Earphone

AE1

Model	Li3712T42P3h475248
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION
Capacitance	1200mAh
Nominal Voltage	3.7V

AE2

Model	STC-A22O501700USBA-A
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION
Length of DC line	120cm

AE3

Model	HMZ8-C4-OMTP
Manufacturer	ZTE CORPORATION
Length of DC line	120cm

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

4. Reference Documents

4.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title
IEEE Std 1528™-2003	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
EN 62209-1-2006	Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)
YD/T 1643-2007	Technical Specification and Testing Methods for compatibility between wireless communication devices and hearing aids
YD/T 1644.1-2007	Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part1:procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (sar)for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz~3GHz)
EN 50360-2001	Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz – 3 GHz)
IEC 62209-2-2010	Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices -Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures -Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)
OET Bulletin 65-(Edition 97-01) Supplement C (edition01-01)	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields---Additional Supplement C (Edition 01-01)Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions

47 CFR Ch. I- Hearing aid-compatible mobile handsets.

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 SAFETY LEVELS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN EXPOSURE TO RADIO FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS. 3 KHZ TO 300 GHZ

ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002 RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR MEASUREMENTS AND COMPUTATIONS OF RADIO FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN EXPOSURE TO SUCH FIELDS. 100 KHZ-300 GHZ

ANSI C63.19-2007 Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids -Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility-2006 Revision 1.0-Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility

RSS-102-2005 Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

5. Operational Conditions During Test

5.1 General description of test procedures

A communication link is set up with a system simulator by air link, and a call is established. The absolute radio frequency channel number(ARFCN) is allocated to 128,189,251 in the case of GSM850, to 512,661 and 810 respectively in the case of GSM 1900, to 4132,4183,4233 in the case of WCDMA BAND V. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with CMU200, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by CMU200. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB .

5.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR test for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a system simulator by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "0" in SAR of GSM850/1900. The tests in the band of GSM850/1900 are performed in the mode of speech transfer function and GPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink. DTM is not supported, so the testing of GPRS with head is not required.

5.3 WCDMA Test Configuration

SAR test for WCDMA BAND V, a communication link is set up with a system simulator by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "3" in SAR of WCDMA BAND I. The tests in the band of WCDMA BAND V are performed in the mode of RMC 12.2kbps transfer function.

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn , when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise , SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn for a DUT using FTM(Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar

to those used in 384kbps and 968 kbps RMC.

HSDPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set f. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DODCH gain factors (β_c, β_d), and HS_DPCCH power offset parameters ($\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}, \Delta_{CQI}$) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS_PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 1: Subtest for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	B_d (SF)	B_c/β_d	β_{hs}	CM (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}, \Delta_{CQI}=8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs}=30/15c$
 Note 2: $CM=1$ for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$
 Note 3: For subset 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factor for the reference TFC (TFC1, TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Table 2: Settings of required H-set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	Kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload	Bitw	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bots	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate	/	0.67

Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation	/	QPSK

Table 3: HSDPA UE category

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS_DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum Transport Bits/HS-DSCH	Total Channel
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
1 2	15	1	27952	172800
1 1	5	2	3630	14400
1 2	5	1	3630	28800
1 3	15	1	34800	259200
1 4	15	1	42196	259200
1 5	15	1	23370	345600
1 6	15	1	27952	345600

5.3 Bluetooth Test Configuration

The Bluetooth transmitter of the device under test can be excluded from stand-alone and simultaneous SAR evaluation, per the requirements from FCC KDB 648474, as follows:

- 1.The separation between the Bluetooth antenna and the main antenna is $6.6\text{cm} \geq 5\text{cm}$.
- 2.The maximum conducted output power of Bluetooth is $2.2\text{mW} < 2 \cdot P(\text{Ref})=24\text{mW}$.

According to FCC KDB648474, stand along SAR and Simultaneous Transmission SAR are not required.

5.4 Wifi (802.11b/g/n) Test Configuration

The wifi is set to different data rate and channels by the software.

According to KDB248227:

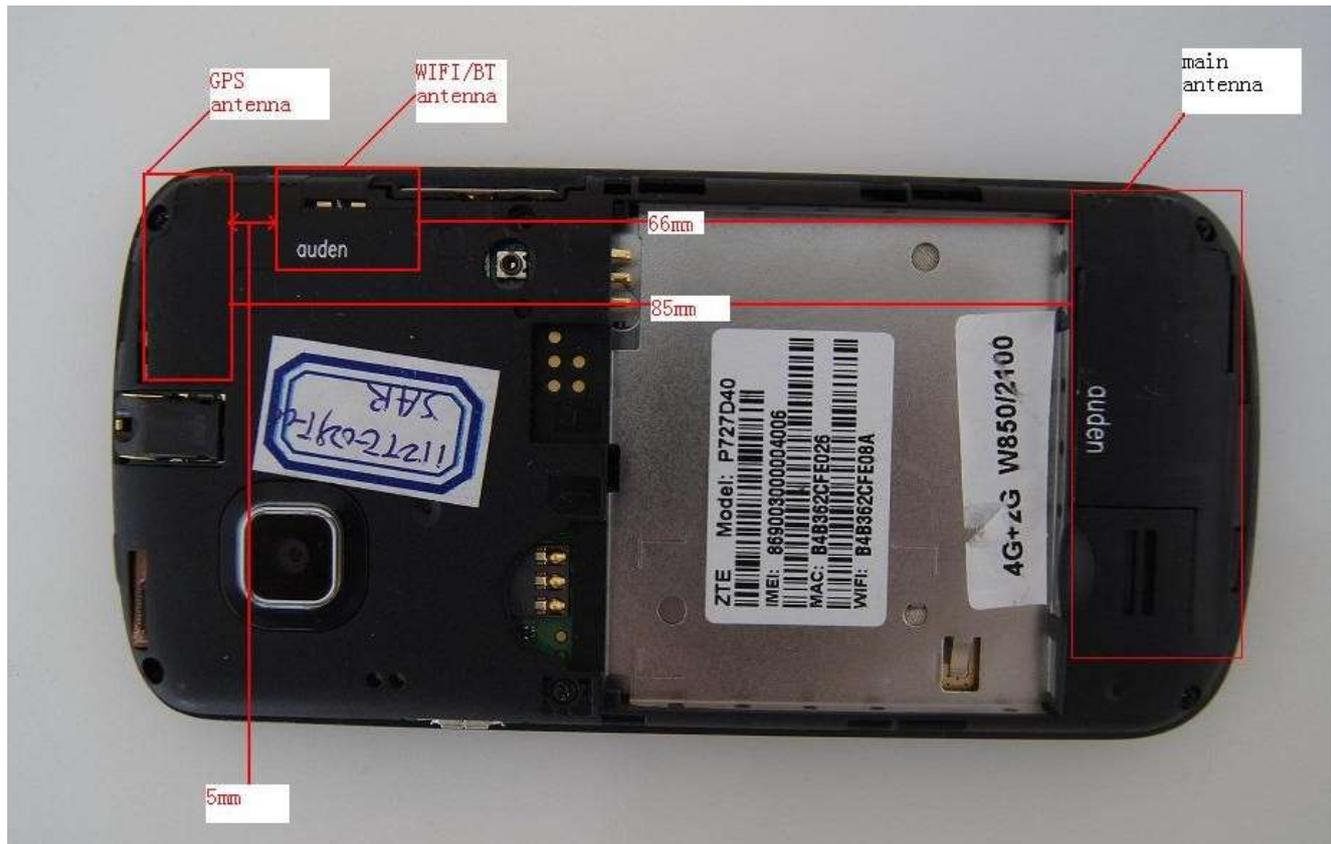
- 1.The separation between the Bluetooth antenna and the main antenna is $6.6\text{cm} \geq 5\text{cm}$,
- 2.The maximum conducted output power of wifi is $36.7\text{mW} > 2 \cdot P(\text{Ref})=24\text{mW}$.

so simultaneous transmission is not required and stand along SAR is needed.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

The AP is supported, According to KDB941225 D06,

1. The device size is 12.4cm x6 cm > 9 cm x 5 cm, so test separation distance was 10mm.
2. SAR must be tested for all surfaces and edges with a transmit antenna within 2.5cm, at a test separation distance of 10mm. And also the worst position of head are tested with wifi keep transmitting.



Picture: position of antenna

So that, wifi only test for 4 surface. Main bands test for 5 surfaces.

6. SAR Measurements system configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic _field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

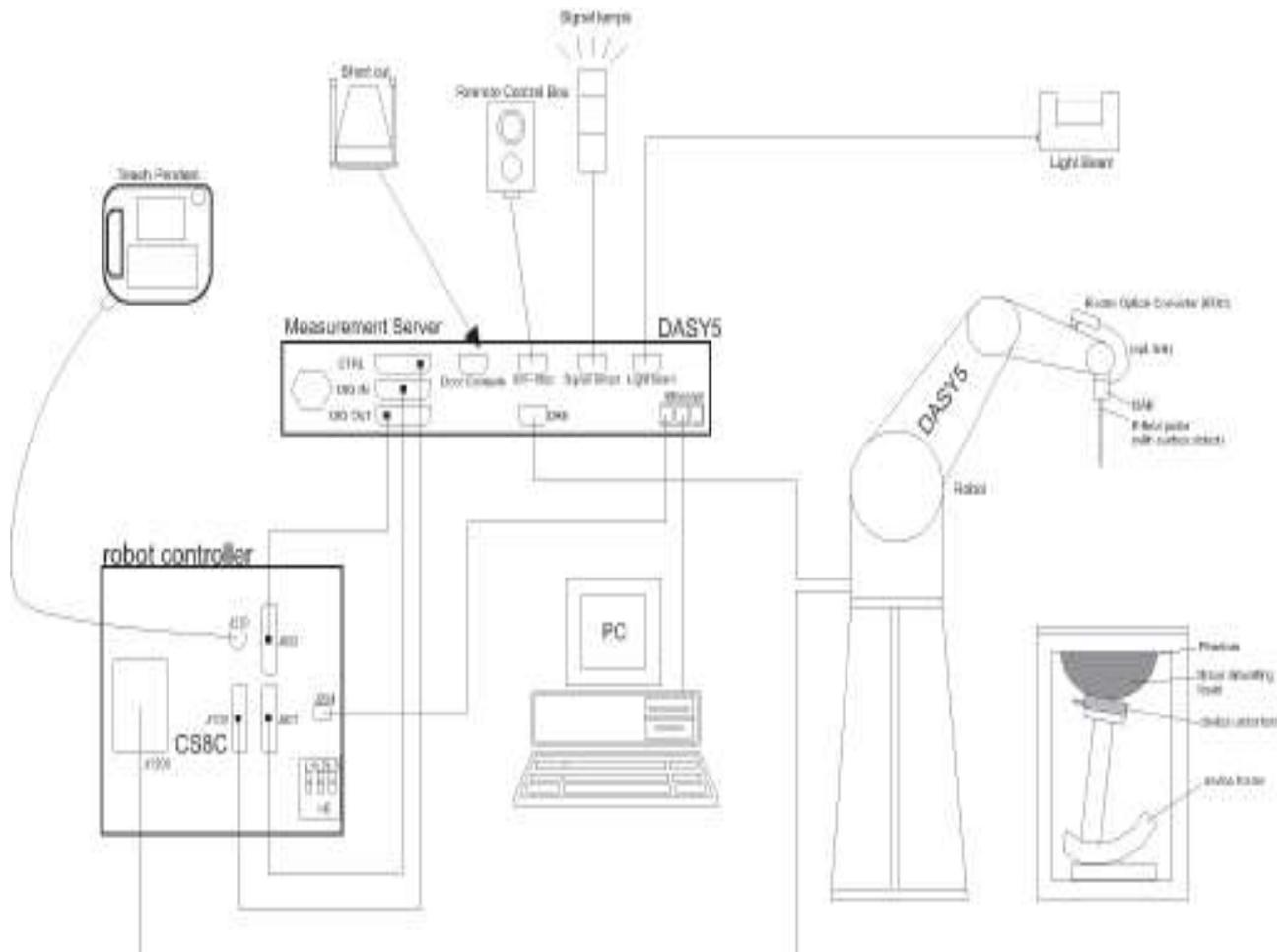


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

6.2. DASYS E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

6.2.1. Ex3DV3 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 850 and HSL 1750 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material

	(rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



Figure 2.ES3DV3 E-field Probe



Figure 3. ES3DV3 E-field probe

6.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3. Other Test Equipment

6.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4. Device Holder

6.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on

the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available	Special



Figure 5. Generic Twin Phantom

6.4. Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$.
- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)

- Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

6.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

6.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

6.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

6.6. System check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the 9.1 and 9.2.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY 5 system.

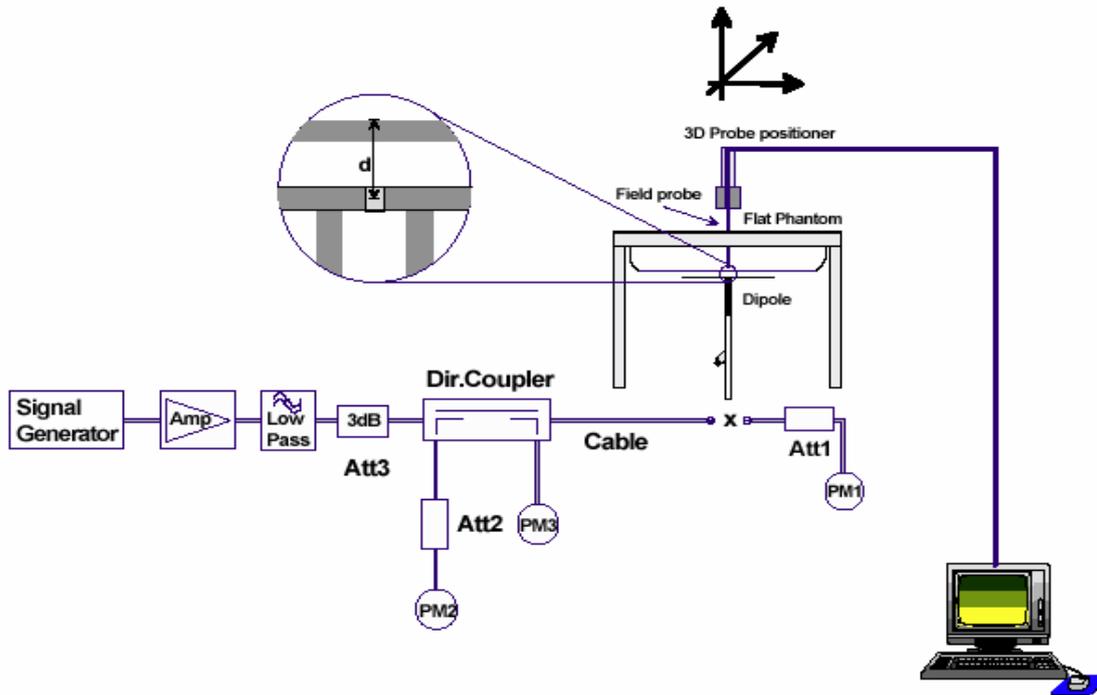


Figure 6. System Check Set-up

6.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 1 and Table 2 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(head) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz $\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.9$
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(body) 835MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz $\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(head)195MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1950MHz $\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(body)195MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1950MHz $\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(body)2450MHz
Water	70
Glycol monobutyl	30
Salt	0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=2450MHz $\epsilon=52.7$ $\sigma=1.95$
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(head)2450MHz
Water	56
Glycol monobutyl	44
Salt	0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=2450MHz $\epsilon=39.2$ $\sigma=1.8$

7. Characteristics of the Test

7.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 SAFETY LEVELS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN EXPOSURE TO RADIO FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS. 3 KHZ TO 300 GHZ

7.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

OET Bulletin 65-(Edition 97-01) Supplement C(edition01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields---Additional Supplement C (Edition 01-01)Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions

ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002 RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR MEASUREMENTS AND COMPUTATIONS OF RADIO FREQUENCY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS WITH RESPECT TO HUMAN EXPOSURE TO SUCH FIELDS. 100 KHZ-300 GHZ

KDB648474 D01 :SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant,v01r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiper Transmitters and Antennas

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.11abg transmitters.

KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01: SAR Evaluation procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities.

8. Conducted Output Power Measurement

8.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an CMU200 communications tester as controller unit to set test channels

and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power.

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

8.2. Conducted Power Results

GSM850	Conducted power		
	Channel 128	Channel 189	Channel 251
Results (dBm)	32.6	32.6	32.8
GSM1900	Conducted power		
	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
Results (dBm)	29.0	28.9	29.3

GSM850+GPRS	CONDUCTED POWER						
	Ch 128	Ch 189	Ch 251	(dB)	Ch 128	Ch 189	Ch 251
1 TX-slot result	32.56	32.62	32.78	-9.03	23.53	23.59	23.75
2 TX-slot result	31.61	31.66	31.81	-6.02	25.59	25.64	25.79
3 TX-slot result	30.58	30.62	30.75	-4.26	26.32	26.36	26.49
4 TX-slot result	29.37	29.44	29.58	-3.01	26.36	26.43	26.57

GSM850+EDGE	CONDUCTED POWER						
	Ch 128	Ch 189	Ch251	(dB)	Ch 128	Ch189	Ch 251
1 TX-slot result	26.32	26.26	26.54	-9.03	17.29	17.23	17.51
2 TX-slot result	25.37	25.30	25.57	-6.02	19.35	19.28	19.55
3 TX-slot result	24.34	24.26	24.51	-4.26	20.08	20.00	20.25
4 TX-slot result	23.13	23.08	23.34	-3.01	20.12	20.07	20.33

GSM1900+GPRS	CONDUCTED POWER						
	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810	(dB)	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810
1 TX-slot result	29.03	28.92	29.28	-9.03	20.00	19.89	20.25
2 TX-slot result	28.08	27.96	28.31	-6.02	22.06	21.94	22.29
3 TX-slot result	27.05	26.92	27.25	-4.26	22.79	22.66	22.99
4 TX-slot result	25.84	25.74	26.08	-3.01	22.83	22.73	23.07

GSM1900+EDGE	CONDUCTED POWER						
	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810	(dB)	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810
1 TX-slot result	24.42	24.61	24.37	-9.03	15.39	15.58	15.34
2 TX-slot result	24.42	24.61	24.37	-6.02	18.4	18.59	18.35
3 TX-slot result	24.42	24.61	24.37	-4.26	20.16	20.35	20.11
4 TX-slot result	24.42	24.61	24.37	-3.01	21.41	21.6	21.36

Note:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1 TX-slot =1 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/1) =>-9.03dB

2 TX-slot =2 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/2) =>-6.02dB

3 TX-slot =3 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/3) =>-4.26dB

4 TX-slot =4 transmit time slot of 8 time slots

=>conducted power divided by (8/4) =>-3.01dB

WCDMA BAND V	Conducted power		
	Channel4132	Channel4183	Channel4233
12.2kbps RMC (dBm)	22.84	22.71	22.83
WCDMA BAND V +HSDPA (dBm)	Conducted power		
	Channel4132	Channel4183	Channel4233
SUB-TEST 1	22.26	22.18	22.23
SUB-TEST 2	21.62	21.59	21.58
SUB-TEST 3	21.35	21.31	21.36
SUB-TEST 4	22.19	22.14	22.14

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	15.65	15.50	15.40	15.02
6	15.27	15.05	14.57	14.61
11	15.22	14.63	14.35	14.19

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	14.10	13.92	14.01	13.78	13.53	13.42	13.09	13.01
6	13.83	13.55	13.67	13.43	13.10	12.93	12.37	12.33
11	14.02	13.66	13.52	13.62	13.50	13.13	12.79	12.52

9 Test Results

9.1. Dielectric Performance

Dielectric Performance of Head and body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	temp °C
835MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	41.5 39.42-43.57	0.9 0.85— 0.945	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-08	41.7	0.88	21.8
	Measurement value 2011-10-09	41.68	0.88	21.7
835MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	55.2 52.44-57.96	0.97 0.92-1.02	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-09	54.1	0.967	21.7
	Measurement value 2011-10-10	54.02	0.97	21.9
1950MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	40.0 38-42	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-11	39.1	1.36	21.6
1950MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	53.3 50.63-55.96	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-10	52.4	1.49	21.6
2450MHz (head)	Target value 5% window	39.2 37.24-41.16	1.8 1.71-1.89	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-09	37.86	1.785	21.7
2450MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	52.7 50.06-55.33	1.95 1.85 — 2.05	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-11	51.9	1.93	21.6
835MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	55.2 52.44-57.96	0.97 0.92-1.02	/
	Measurement value 2011-11-24	54.53	0.96	21.9
1950MHz (body)	Target value 5% window	53.3 50.63-55.96	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2011-11-24	52.62	1.48	21.9

9.2. System Check Results

System Check for Head and body tissue simulation liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Dielectric Parameters ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Temp °C
		10g	1g			
835MHz (head)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	1.53 1.38-1.69	2.37 2.13-2.61	41.5	0.9	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-08	1.42	2.16	41.7	0.88	21.8
	Measurement value 2011-10-09	1.51	2.31	41.68	0.88	21.7
835MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	1.59 1.43-1.75	2.45 2.20-2.70	55.2	0.97	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-09	1.5	2.31	54.1	0.967	21.7
	Measurement value 2011-10-10	1.55	2.36	54.02	0.97	21.9
1950MHz (head)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	5.27 4.73-5.79	10 8.93-10.91	40.0	1.40	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-11	4.92	9.81	39.12	1.44	21.4
1950MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	5.14 4.63-5.65	9.75 8.77-10.72	53.3	1.52	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-10	5.1	10.1	52.4	1.49	21.4
2450MHz (head)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	6.05 5.45-6.65	13.3 11.97-14.63	39.2	1.8	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-09	6.23	13.8	37.86	1.785	21.6
2450MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	6.14 5.53-6.75	13.1 11.79-14.41	52.7	1.95	/
	Measurement value 2011-10-11	5.89	12.9	51.9	1.93	21.4
835MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	1.59 1.43-1.75	2.45 2.20-2.70	55.2	0.97	/
	Measurement value 2011-11-24	1.49	2.29	54.53	0.96	21.9
1950MHz (body)	Recommended result $\pm 10\%$ window	5.14 4.63-5.65	9.75 8.77-10.72	53.3	1.52	/
	Measurement value 2011-11-24	5.18	10.3	52.62	1.48	21.9

Note: 1. the graph results see ANNEX D.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

9.3. Test Results

9.3.1. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM850)

SAR Values (GSM850)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	10 g	1 g		
		Average	Average		
Test position of Head					
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.273	0.367	0.121	
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.205	0.267	-0.103	
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.243	0.324	-0.144	
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.208	0.273	-0.00826	
Right head, Touch cheek	low	0.288	0.383	0.155	
	high	0.301	0.404	0.066	max
Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)					
Towards phantom	middle	0.330	0.433	-0.070	
Towards Ground	middle	0.568	0.758	0.0069	
Bottom	middle	0.045	0.078	-0.00495	
Left side	middle	0.329	0.486	-0.042	
Right side	middle	0.349	0.511	-0.035	
Towards Ground	low	0.510	0.682	-0.074	
	high	0.675	0.905	-0.071	

Test position of Body with Earphone (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	high	0.272	0.440	0.083	
Test position of Body with GPRS (4up) (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	high	0.880	1.2	0.127	max
Test position of Body with EDGE (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	high	0.889	1.2	-0.137	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. According to KDB 447498 section1)(e)

The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

9.3.2. Summary of Measurement Results (GSM1900)

SAR Values (GSM1900)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	Note
		10 g	1 g		
Different Test Position	Channel	Average	Average		
		Test position of Head			
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.217	0.339	0.039	
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.124	0.213	-0.113	
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.294	0.490	0.102	max
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.113	0.183	0.061	
left head, Touch cheek	low	0.296	0.479	0.022	
	high	0.285	0.469	0.082	

Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)					
Towards phantom	middle	0.365	0.602	0.159	
Towards Ground	middle	0.388	0.664	0.013	max
Bottom	middle	0.136	0.228	0.156	
Left side	middle	0.156	0.262	0.129	
Right side	middle	0.082	0.140	0.150	
Towards Ground	low	0.362	0.612	0.032	
	high	0.359	0.602	-0.020	
Test position of Body with Earphone (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	middle	0.371	0.632	-0.112	
Test position of Body with GPRS (4up) (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	middle	0.389	0.654	0.00241	
Test position of Body with EDGE (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	middle	0.390	0.657	0.063	

- Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.
2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8W/kg$), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

9.3.3. Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA BAND V)

SAR Values (WCDMA BAND V)

Test Case		Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	10 g	1 g		
				Average	Average

Test position of Head					
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	0.372	0.495	-0.100	max
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.270	0.353	0.032	
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	0.335	0.450	-0.141	
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	0.251	0.327	-0.021	
Right head, Touch cheek	low	0.293	0.392	0.024	
	high	0.302	0.405	0.058	
Test position of Body (Distance 10mm)					
Towards phantom	middle	0.336	0.441	0.134	
Towards Ground	middle	0.517	0.697	-0.015	
Bottom	middle	0.046	0.079	0.018	
Left side	middle	0.372	0.549	-0.018	
Right side	middle	0.383	0.562	-0.061	
Towards Ground	low	0.513	0.688	-0.028	
	high	0.539	0.727	-0.024	max
Test position of Body with Earphone (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	high	0.284	0.491	-0.136	
Test position of Body with HSDPA (Distance 10mm)					
Towards Ground	high	0.481	0.644	0.188	

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

9.3.4. Summary of Measurement Results (WIFI)

SAR Values (wifi 802.11b/g)

Test Case			Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift(dB)	Note
Different Test Position	Channel	Data Rate(Mbps)	10 g	1 g		
			Average	Average		
Test position of Head						
Right head, Touch cheek	middle	1	0.048	0.097	0.086	
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	1	0.031	0.058	0.248	
Left head, Touch cheek	middle	1	0.037	0.066	0.082	
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree	middle	1	0.032	0.061	0.044	
Right head, Touch cheek	low	1	0.034	0.071	-0.182	
	high	1	0.071	0.149	-0.796	max
Test position of body (Distance 10mm)						
Towards phantom	middle	1	0.021	0.035	0.715	
Towards Ground	middle	1	0.014	0.032	0.187	
top	middle	1	0.013	0.023	-0.296	
left side	middle	1	0.021	0.043	-0.053	
left side	Low	1	0.015	0.031	0.170	
	High	1	0.026	0.054	-0.409	max
left side	middle	6	0.019	0.043	-0.129	802.11g

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of test case of head and body in each test band.

- Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
- The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

9.4. Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this report. Maximum localized SAR_{1g} of **GSM 850** is **0.404** W/kg (head) and **1.2** W/kg (body), and maximum localized SAR_{1g} of **GSM1900** is **0.490** W/kg (head) and **0.664** W/kg (body) and maximum localized SAR_{1g} of **WCDMA BAND V** is **0.495** W/kg (head) and **0.727** W/kg (body) and maximum localized SAR_{1g} of **WIFI** is **0.149**W/kg (head) and **0.054**W/kg (body) , they are below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report.

General Judgment: PASS

ANNEX A: EUT Photograph



EUT



Battery



Travel Adaptor



Earphone



POSITION OF LEFT HEAD TOUCH



POSITION OF LEFT HEAD TILT



POSITION OF RIGHT HEAD TOUCH



POSITION OF RIGHT HEAD TILT



POSITION OF BODY TOWARDS PHANTOM WITH 10mm DISTANCE



POSITION OF BODY TOWARDS GROUND WITH 10mm DISTANCE



POSITION OF BODY TOWARDS GROUND WITH 10mm DISTANCE (WITH EARPHONE)



POSITION OF wifi test right-side WITH 10mm DISTANCE



POSITION OF wifi test right-side WITH 10mm DISTANCE

ANNEX B: Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	c_i	Standard uncertainty $i u$ (%)	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i
1	-System repetivity	A	0.3	N	1	1	0.3	9
Measurement system								
2	—probe calibration	B	7	N	2	1	3.5	∞
3	—axial isotropy of the probe	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	4.3	∞
4	— Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	B	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$			
5	—probe linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
6	—System detection limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
7	—boundary effect	B	11.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.4	∞
8	—response time	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
9	—noise	B	0	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
10	—integration time	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
11	—readout Electronics	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
12	—-phantom	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
13	—Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
14	—Device Holder Uncertainty	A	4.9	R	1	1	4.9	5
物理参数								
15	-liquid density	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
16	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.9	∞
17	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	A	0.23	N	1	1	0.23	9

18	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.9	∞
19	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	A	0.46	N	1	1	0.46	9
20	– Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
21	– Environment	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
22	– Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	B	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					11.2	83.4
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	K=2		22.4	

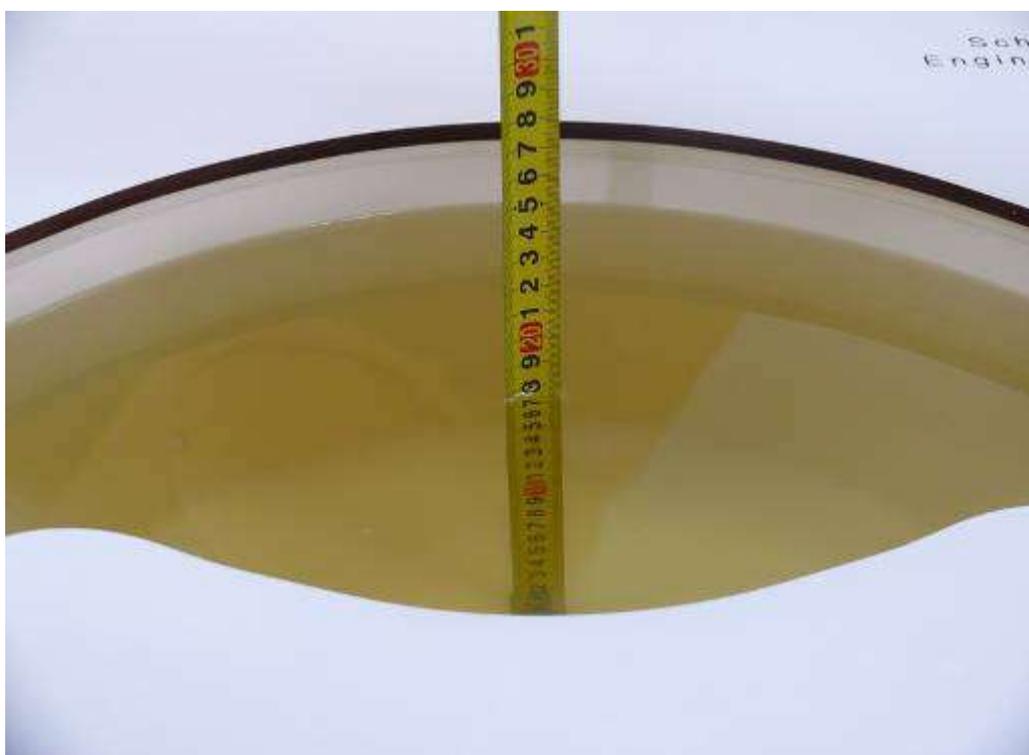
ANNEX C: Main Test Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent E5071E	Dec 23 th , 2010	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	No Calibration Requested	
03	Power meter	Agilent E4418B	Sep 19 th , 2011	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent E9200B	June 14 th , 2011	One year
05	Signal Generator	Agilent N5182A	Nov 30 th , 2010	One year
06	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	No Calibration Requested	
07	BTS	CMU200	Oct 1 st , 2011	One year
08	E-field Probe	ES3DV3	June 13 th , 2011	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	June 13 th , 2011	One year
10	Validation Kit 850MHz	D850V2	June 14 th 2011	One year
11	Validation Kit 1950MHz	D1950V3	June 17 th 2011	One year
12	Validation Kit 2450MHz	D2450V2	June 14 th , 2011	One year

ANNEX D: Test Layout



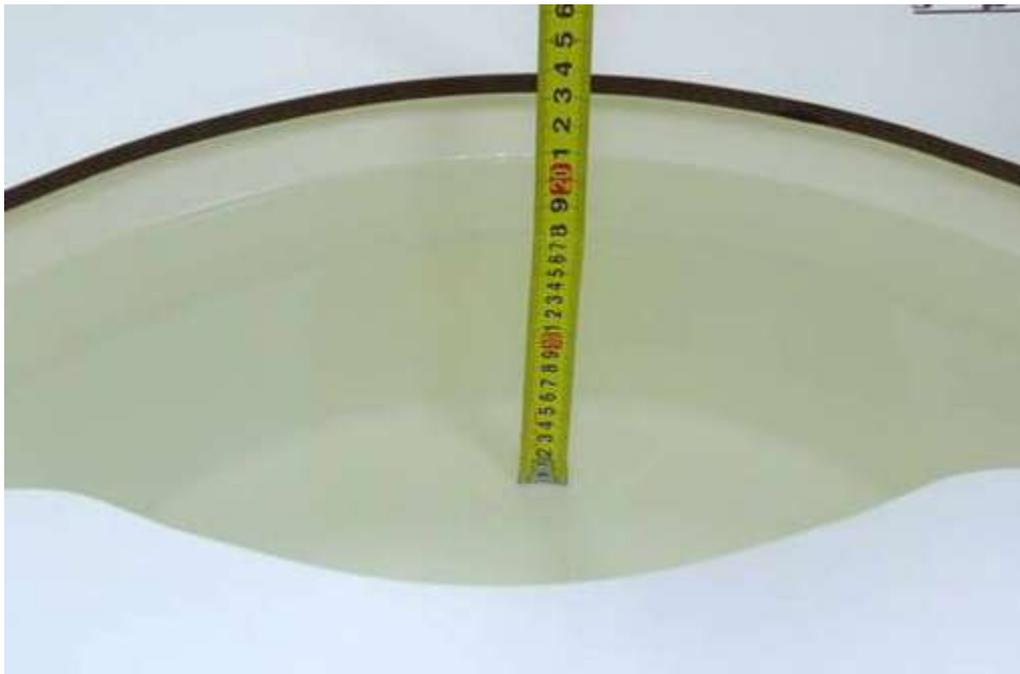
Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (850 MHz) (17.5cm deep)



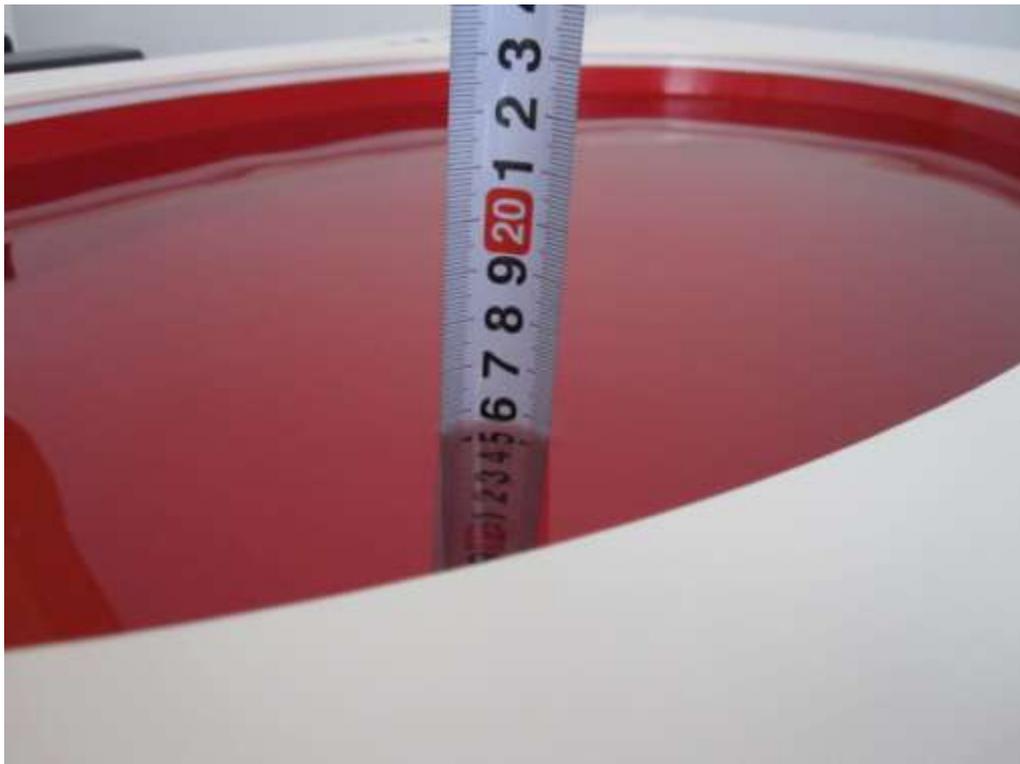
Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (850MHz) (16cm deep)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1950 MHz) (16cm deep)



Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1950 MHz) (15.2cm deep)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the EL14 Phantom (2450 MHz) (15.4cm deep)

ANNEX E: System Check Results

SYSTEM CHECK 835 head Date/Time: 10/8/2011 8:18:45 AM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.882$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration/d=15mm,Pin=250mW,dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Area

Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 2.48 mW/g

Configuration/d=15mm,Pin=250mW,dist=3.0mm ES-Probe)-head/Zoom

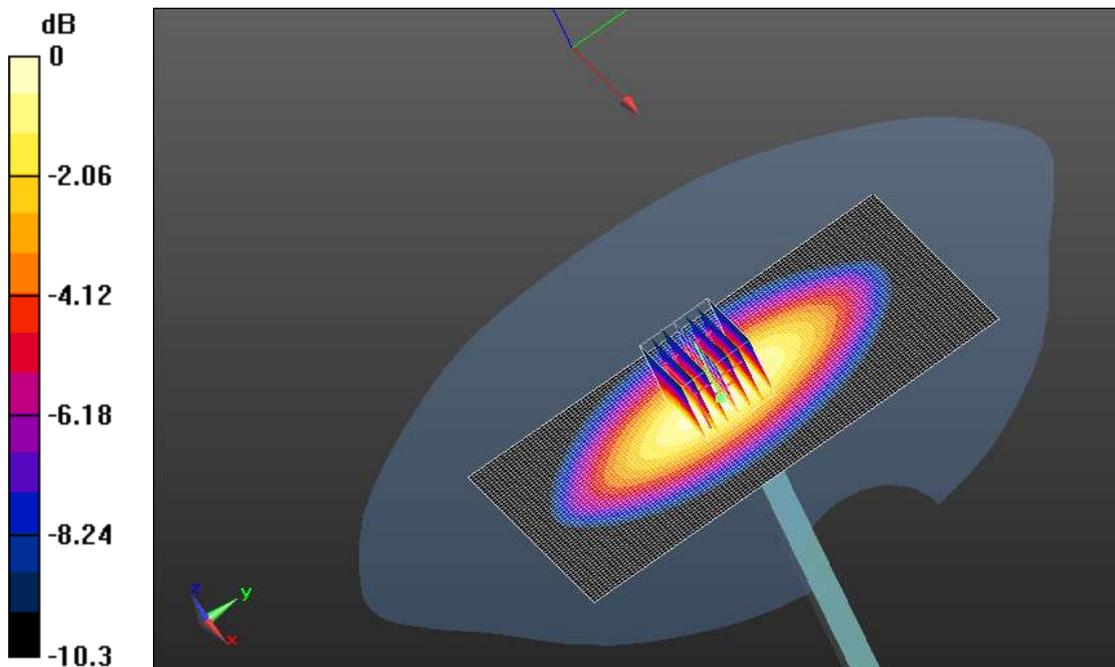
Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.53 mW/g



0 dB = 2.53mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 835 head Date/Time: 10/9/2011 7:41:15 AM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.882$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

835/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 2.67 mW/g

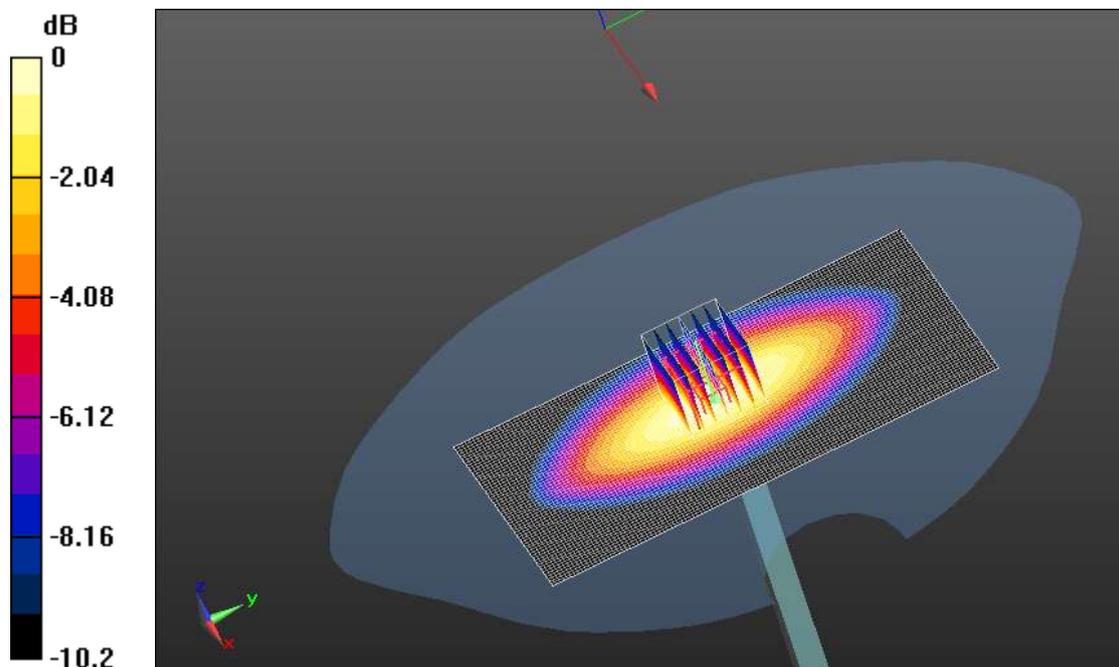
835/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.153 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g



0 dB = 2.71mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 835 body Date/Time: 10/9/2011 6:25:02 PM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);
 Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.948 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

835body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 2.65 mW/g

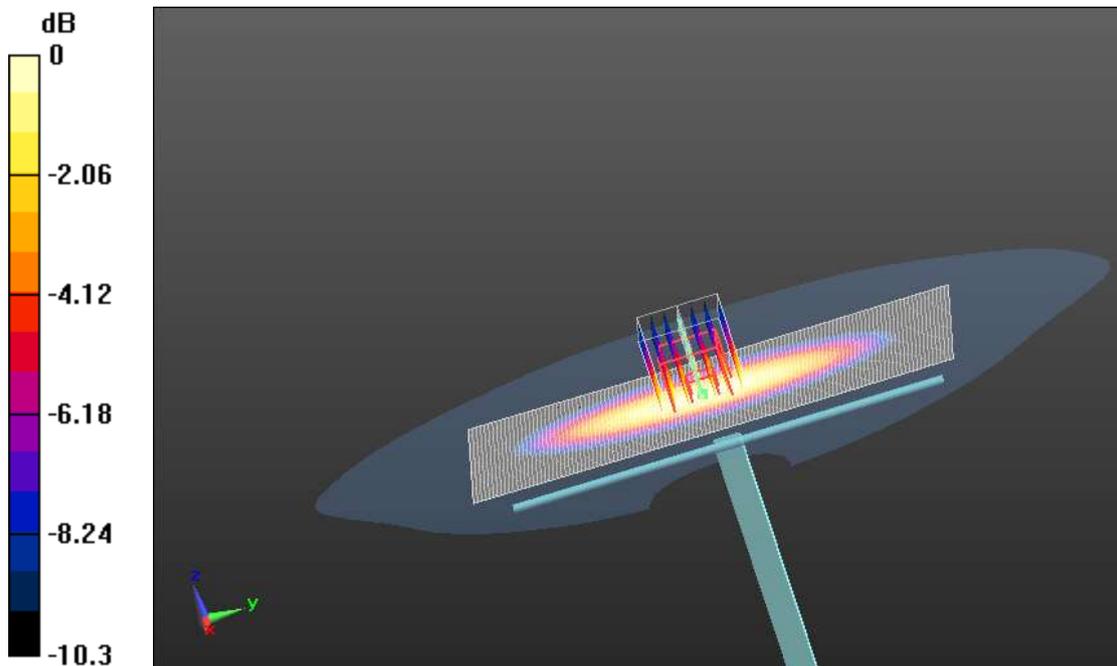
835body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 mW/g



0 dB = 2.72mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 835body Date/Time: 10/10/2011 8:57:41 AM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);
 Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.948 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

835 BODY/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 2.72 mW/g

835 BODY/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

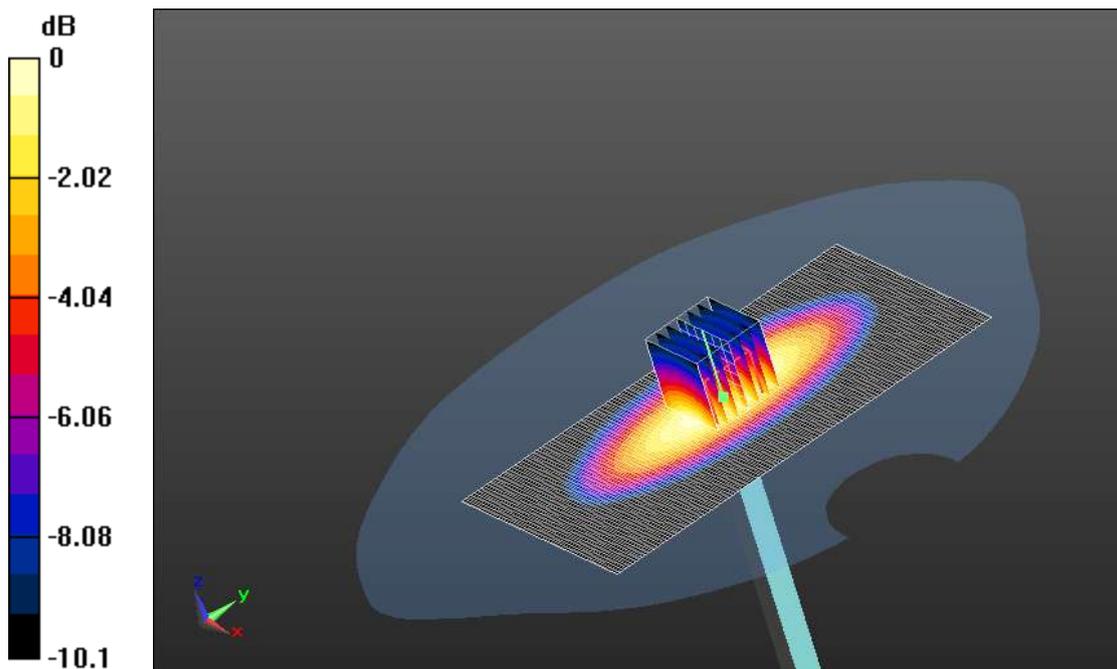
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000613 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 mW/g



0 dB = 2.75mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 1950 head Date/Time: 10/11/2011 4:26:37 PM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1950 (1950.0 MHz);
 Frequency: 1950 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

1950 head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 3/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 13 mW/g

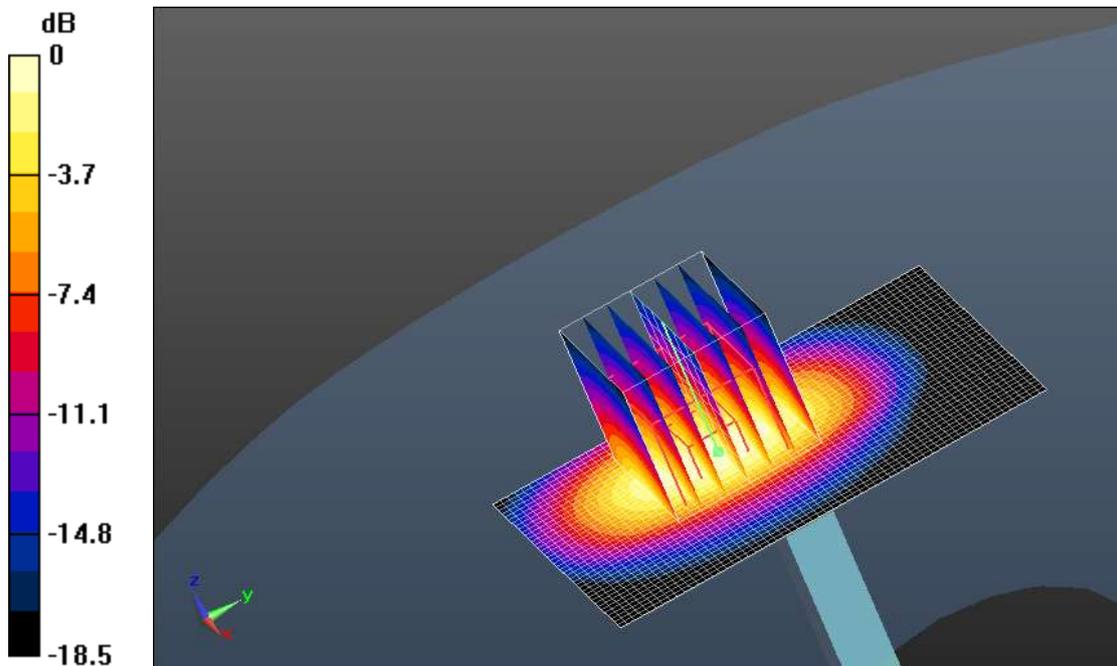
1950 head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g



0 dB = 12.7mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 1950 body Date/Time: 10/10/2011 6:35:28 PM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1950 (1950.0 MHz);
 Frequency: 1950 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

1950 BODY/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 3/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 13.6 mW/g

1950 BODY/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 3/Zoom

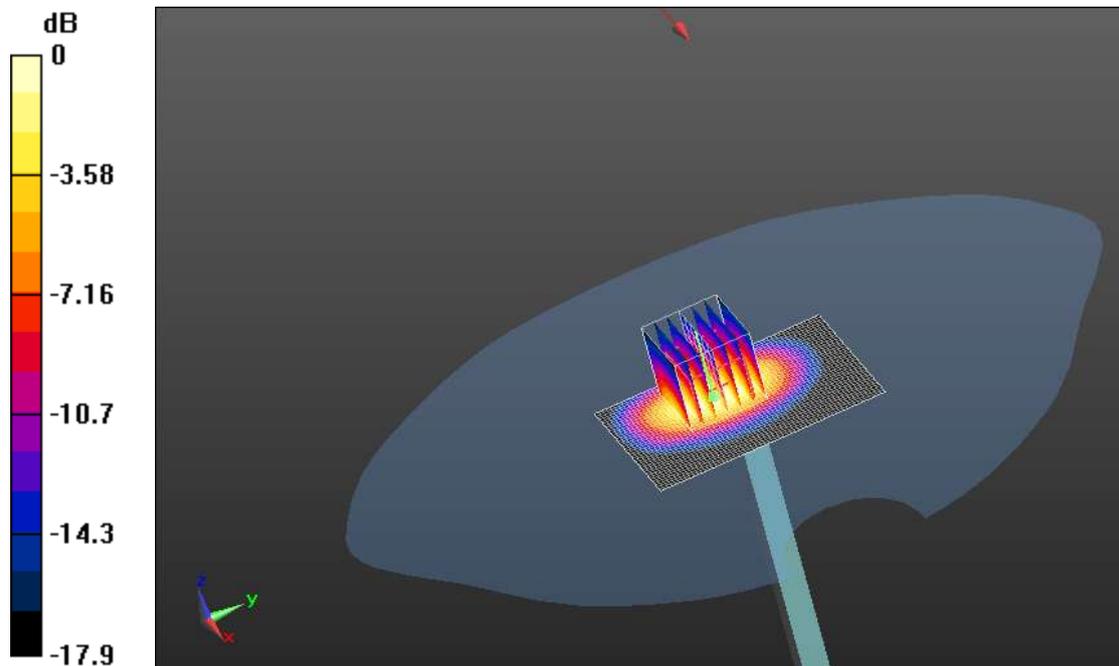
Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 64.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13 mW/g



0 dB = 13mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 2450 head Date/Time: 10/9/2011 1:39:25 PM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);
 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

2450/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Area Scan

(61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR = 18.8 mW/g

2450/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-head/Zoom Scan

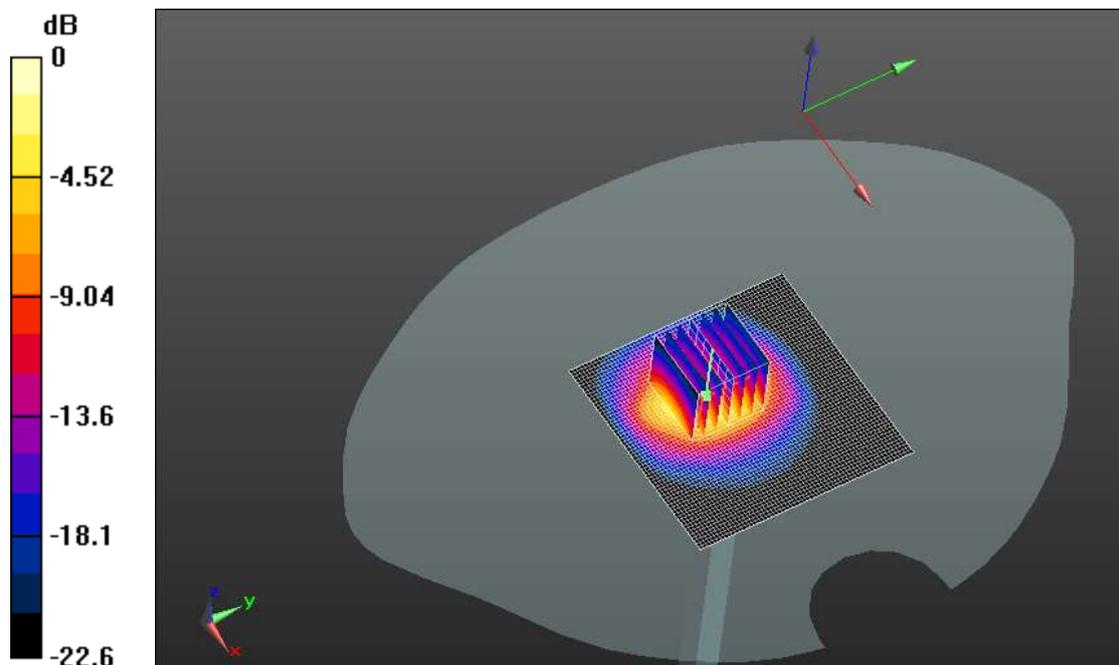
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.332 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 mW/g



0 dB = 18.4mW/g

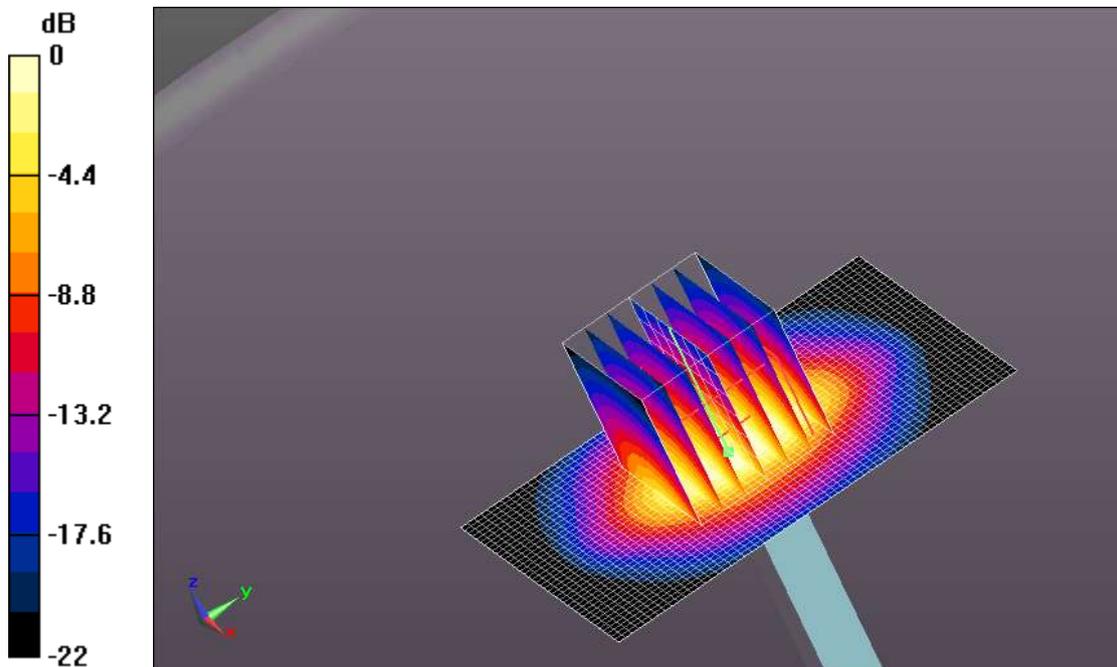
SYSTEM CHECK 2450 body Date/Time: 10/11/2011 10:11:53 AM
 Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);
 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section
 Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

2450 body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR = 17.3 mW/g

2450 body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 96.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17 mW/g



0 dB = 17mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 835 body

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 2:39:05 PM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.948 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

850body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.66 mW/g

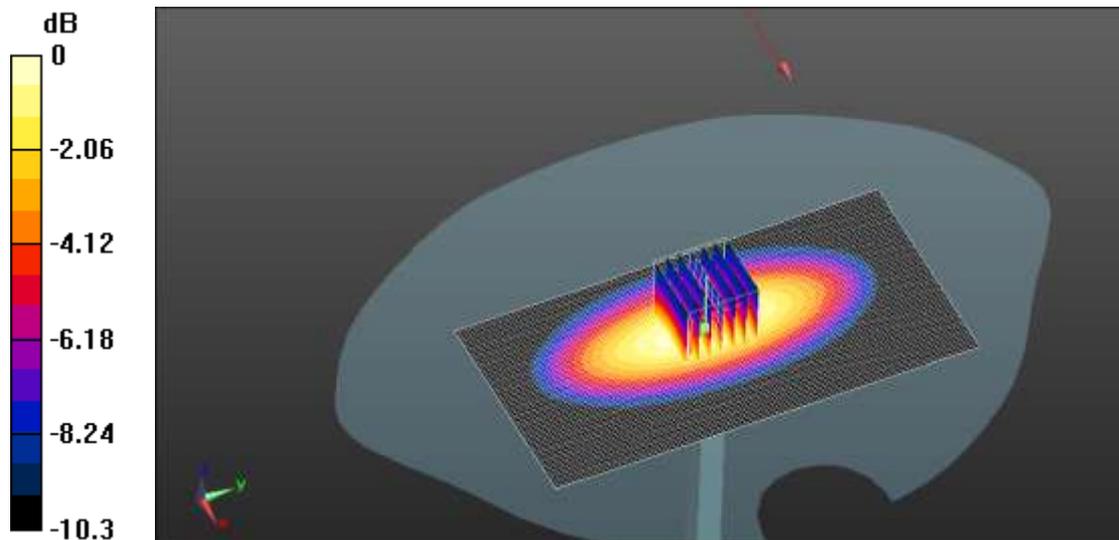
850body/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)-BODY/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 mW/g



0 dB = 2.68mW/g

SYSTEM CHECK 1950 body

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 11:01:21 AM

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1950 (1950.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1950 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

1950body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 3/Area Scan

(41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.8 mW/g

1950body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 3/Zoom Scan

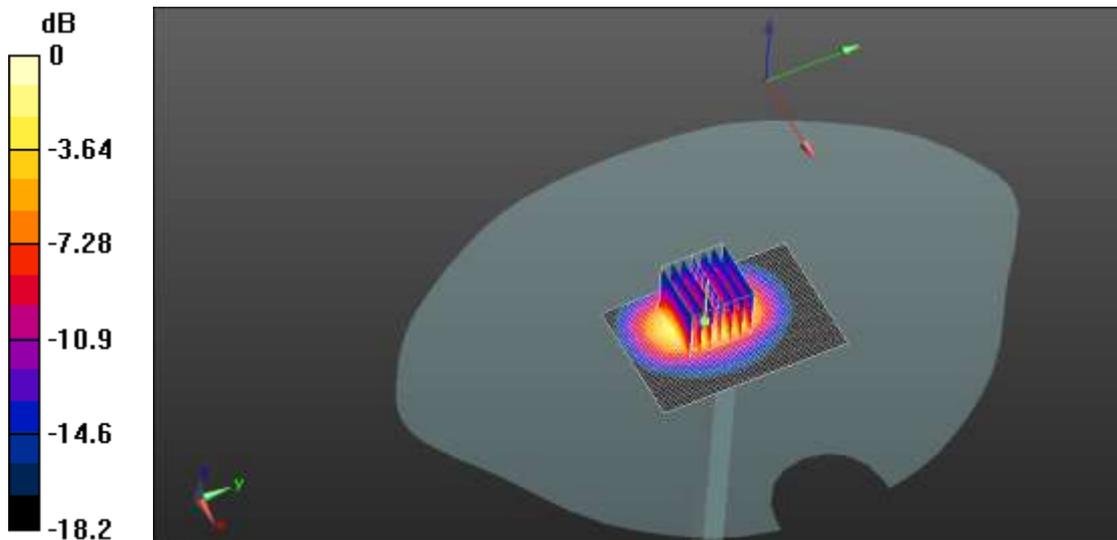
(7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 73.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



0 dB = 13.3mW/g

ANNEX F: Graph Result

GSM850 Right head touch mid Date/Time: 10/8/2011 10:56:23 AM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.393 mW/g

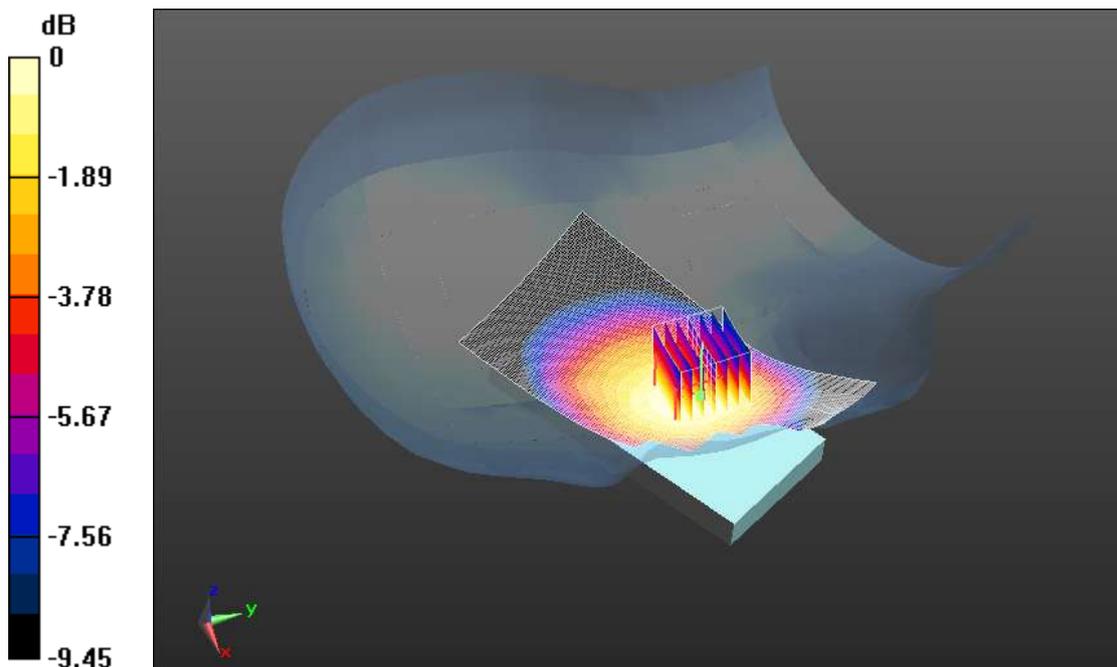
right/right touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.462 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.367 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 mW/g



0 dB = 0.385 mW/g

GSM850 Right tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/8/2011 12:43:49 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right tilt/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 mW/g

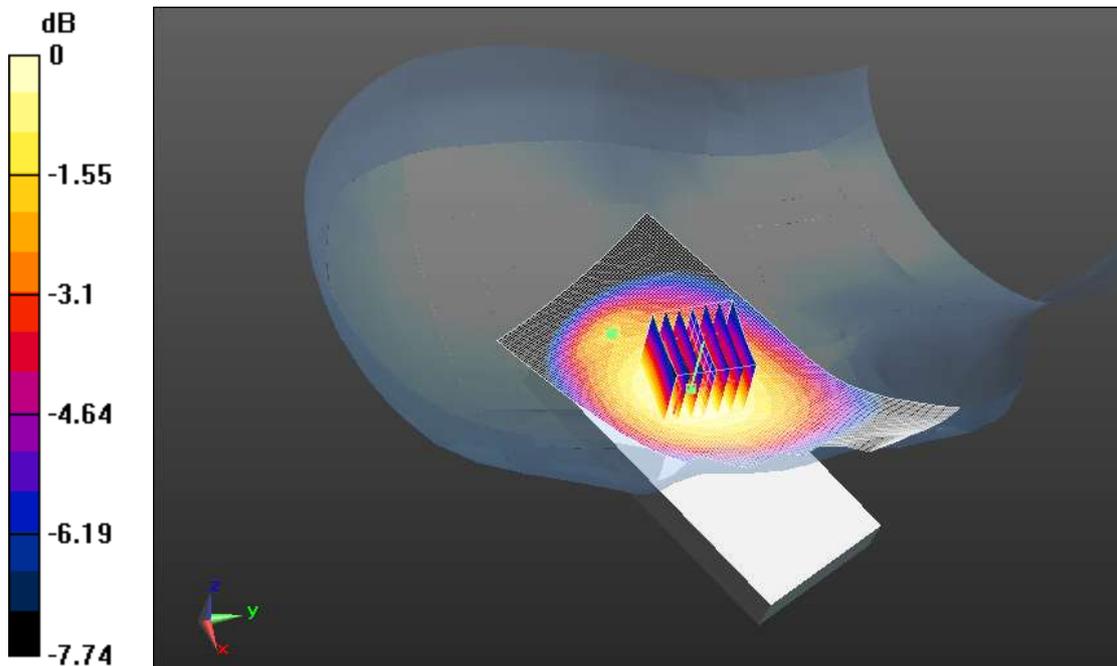
right/right tilt/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.267 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 mW/g



0 dB = 0.279mW/g

GSM850 left head touch mid

Date/Time: 10/8/2011 9:48:31 AM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/left touch/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.343 mW/g

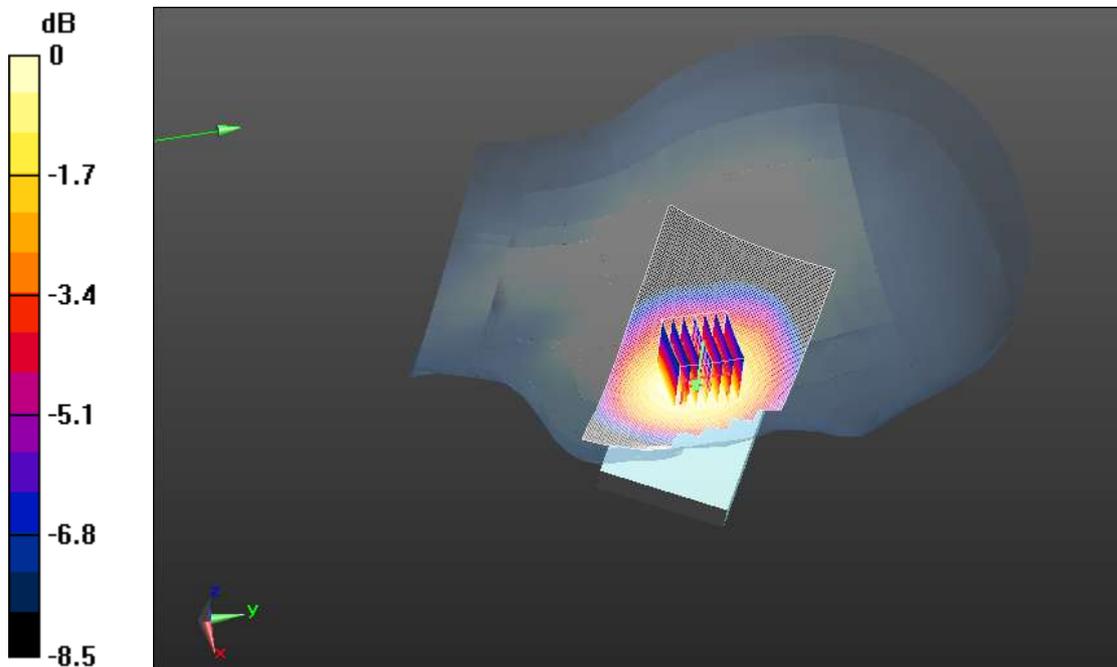
left/left touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.413 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.324 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 mW/g



0 dB = 0.344mW/g

GSM850 left head tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/8/2011 10:17:32 AM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/left tilt/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.287 mW/g

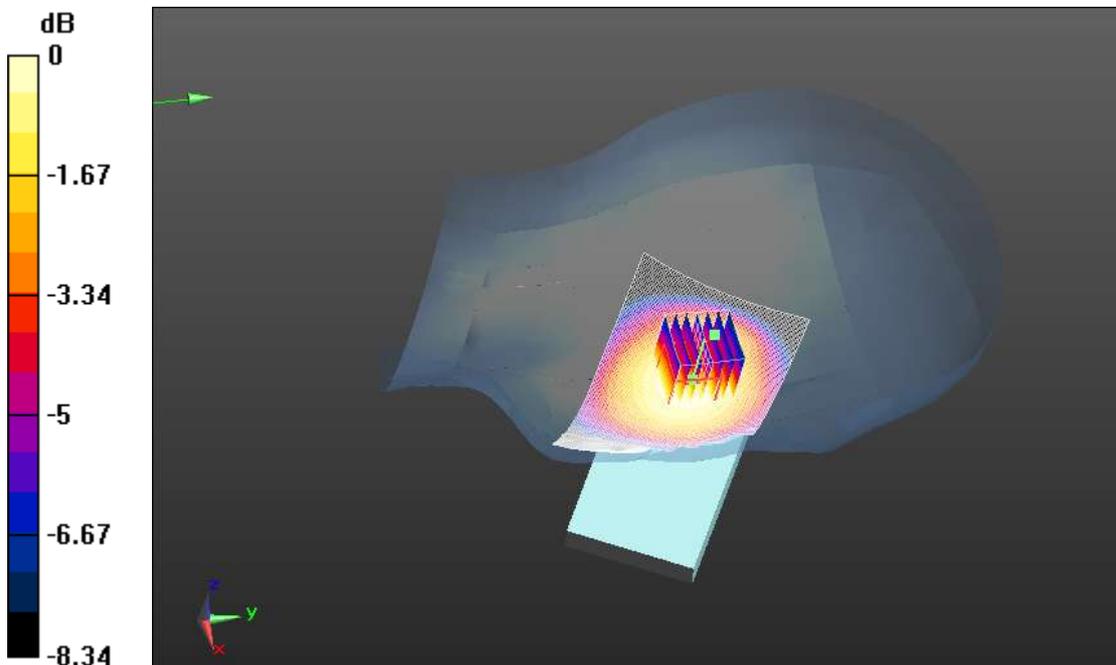
left/left tilt/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00826 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.342 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 mW/g



GSM850 right head touch low

Date/Time: 10/8/2011 1:55:30 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used : $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.871$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch low/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.394 mW/g

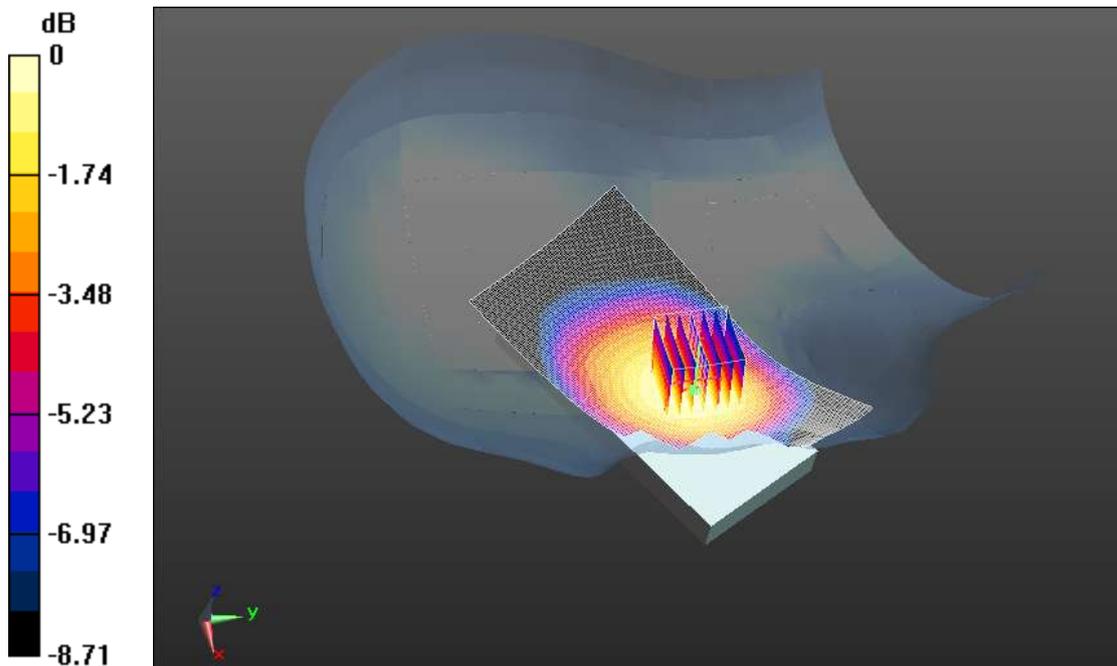
right/right touch low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.155 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.383 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 mW/g



0 dB = 0.405mW/g

GSM850 right head touch high

Date/Time: 10/8/2011 2:24:16 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used : $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.895$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch high/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.426 mW/g

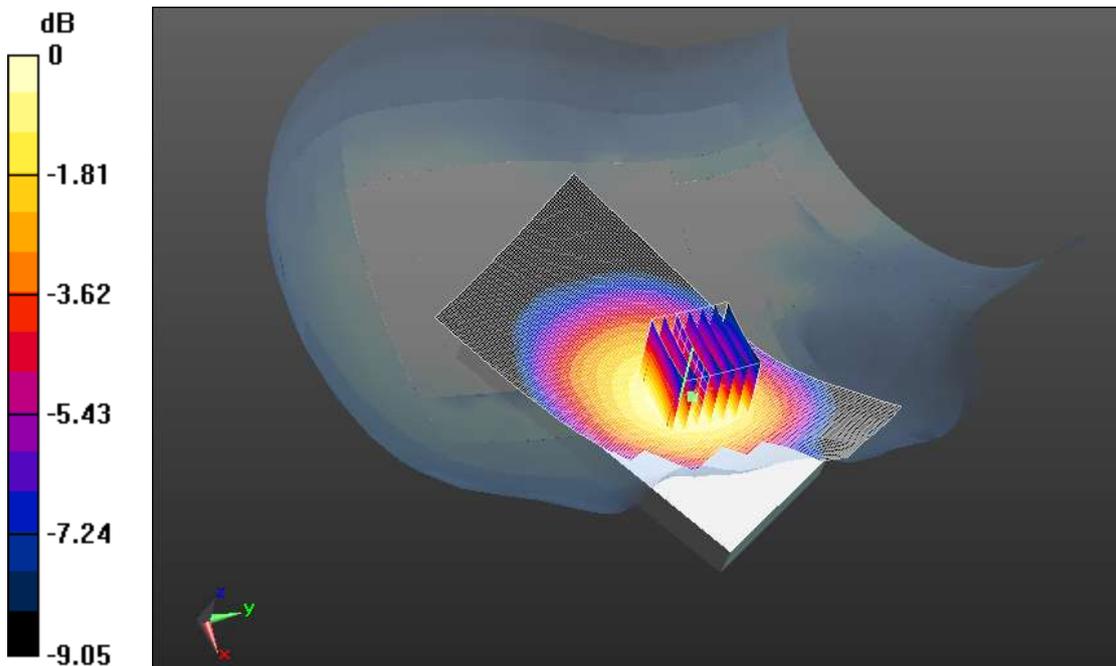
right/right touch high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.506 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 mW/g



0 dB = 0.427mW/g

GSM850 toward phantom mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 7:06:25 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward phantom mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.461 mW/g

body/toward phantom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

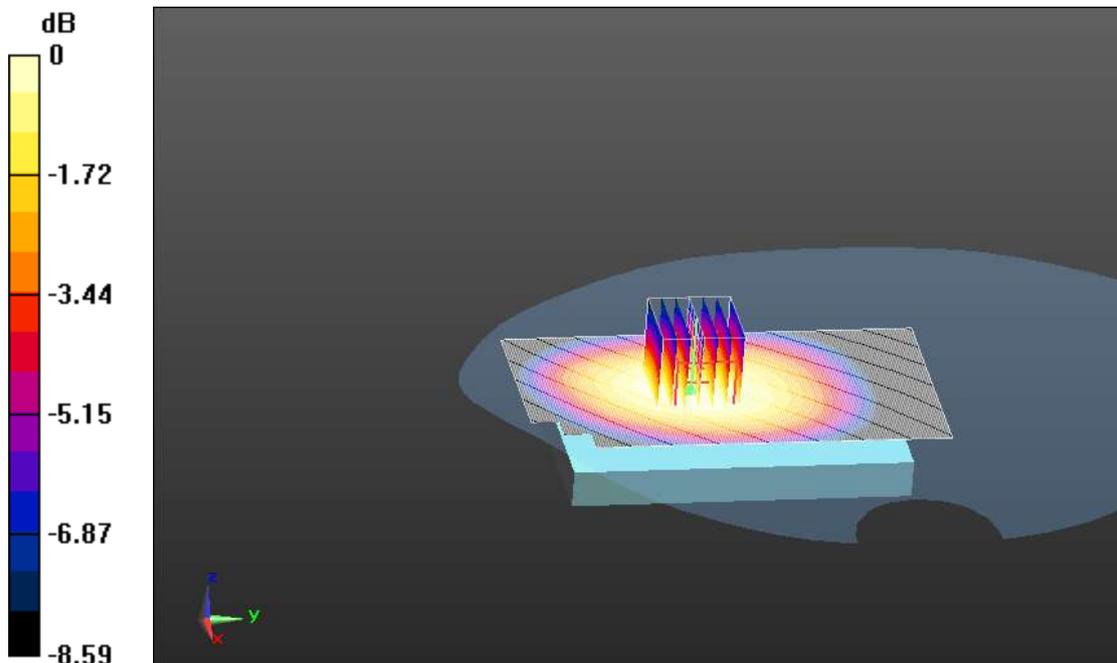
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.539 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.433 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.456 mW/g



0 dB = 0.456mW/g

GSM850/toward ground mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 7:35:07 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.798 mW/g

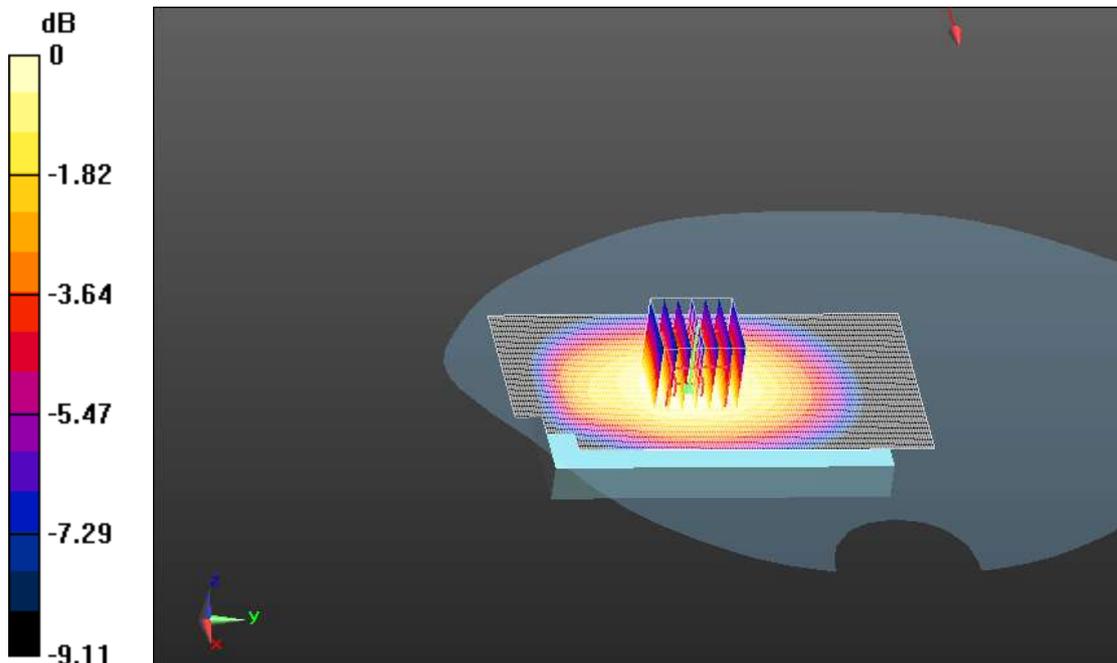
body/toward ground mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.955 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.758 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.796 mW/g



0 dB = 0.796mW/g

GSM850 bottom mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 4:27:12 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration/bottom mid/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.086 mW/g

Configuration/bottom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

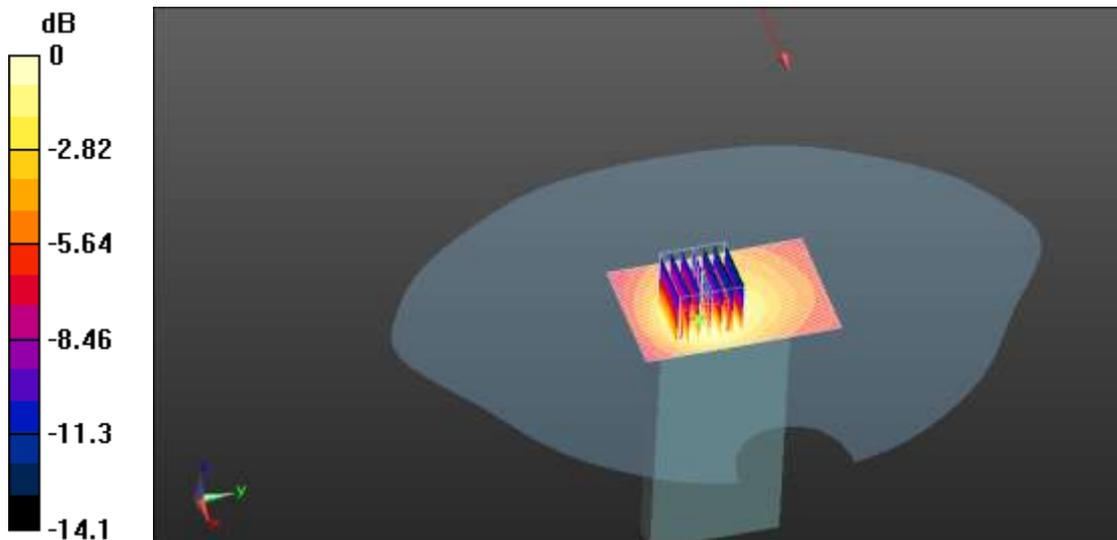
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00495 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g



0 dB = 0.084mW/g

GSM850 left side mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 3:24:30 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration 2/leftside mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.523 mW/g

Configuration 2/leftside mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

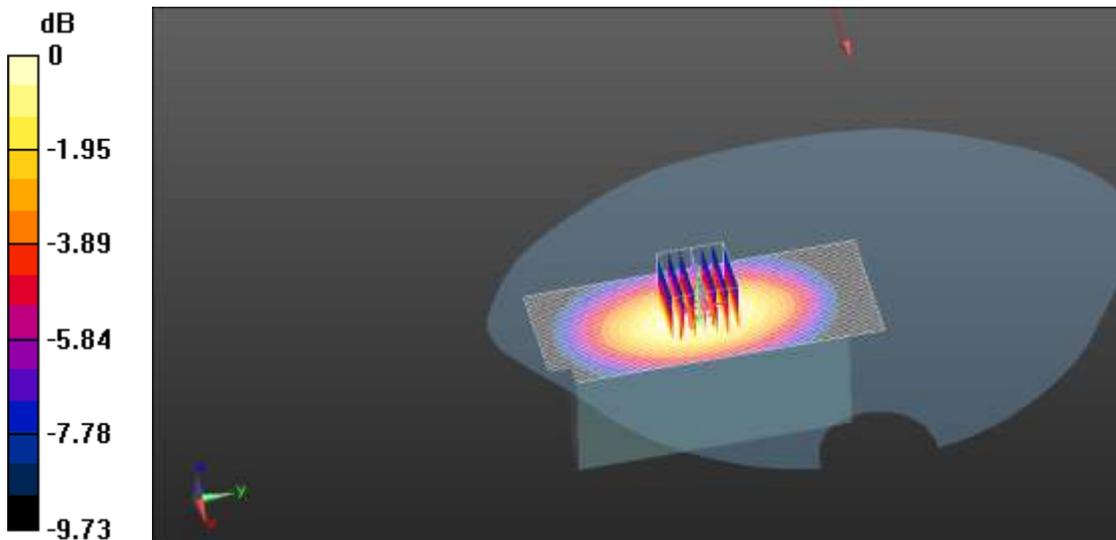
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.717 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 mW/g



0 dB = 0.521mW/g

GSM850 right side mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 3:55:28 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration 2/right side mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 mW/g

Configuration 2/right side mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

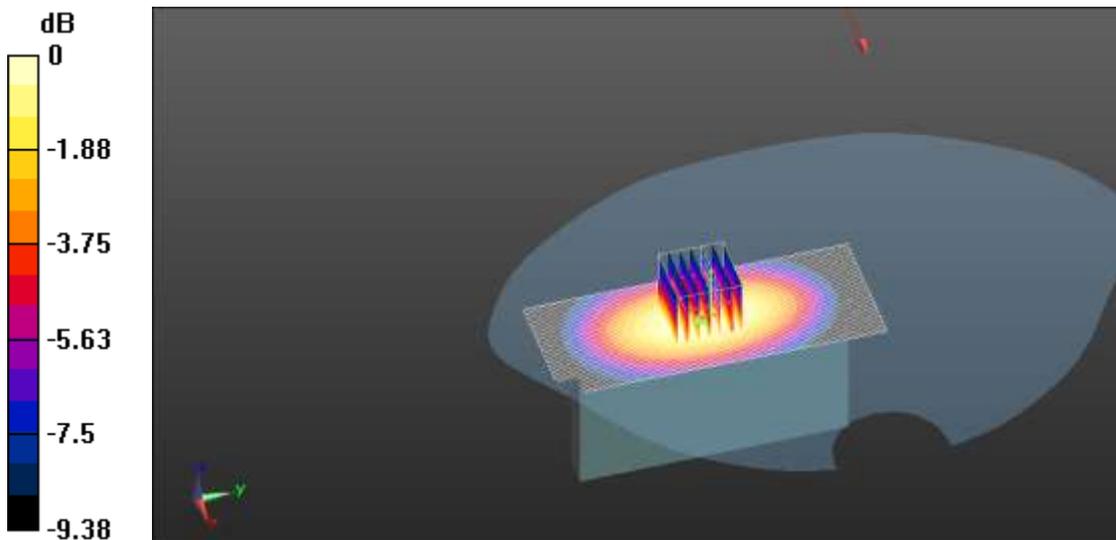
grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.743 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.511 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.546 mW/g



0 dB = 0.546mW/g

GSM850 toward ground low

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 8:07:06 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used : $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground low/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.719 mW/g

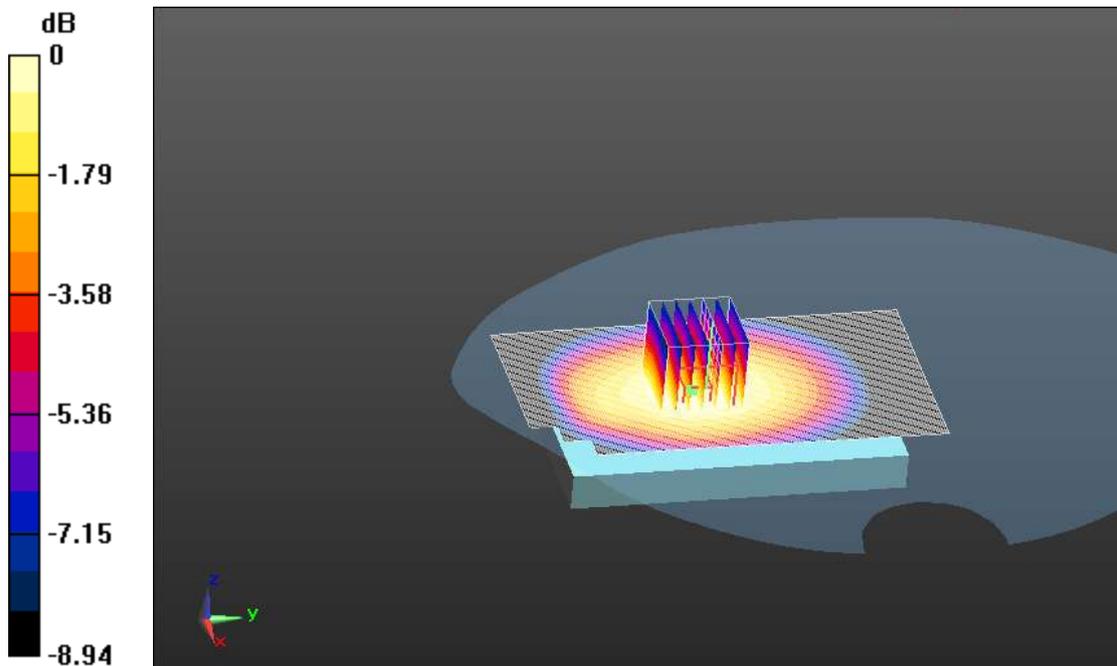
body/toward ground low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.859 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.682 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.510 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.716 mW/g



0 dB = 0.716mW/g

GSM850 toward ground high

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 8:38:24 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground high/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.953 mW/g

body/toward ground high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

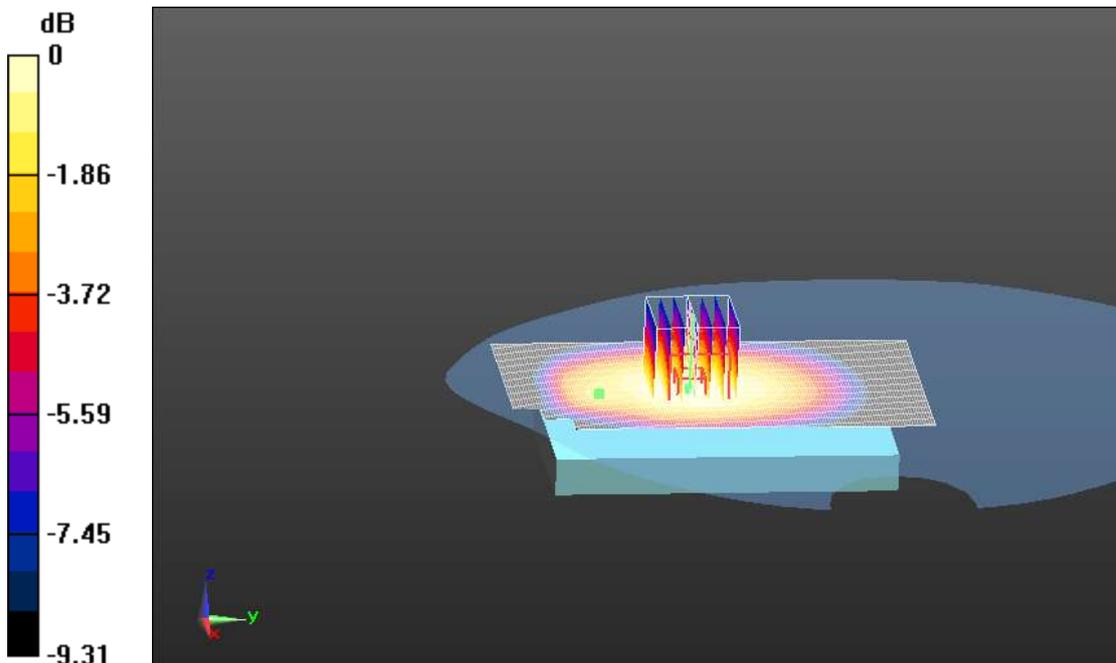
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.905 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.675 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.956 mW/g



0 dB = 0.956mW/g

GSM850 toward ground high with earphone

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 9:33:42 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground high with earphone/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.490 mW/g

body/toward ground high with earphone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.765 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.440 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 mW/g

body/toward ground highwith earphone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

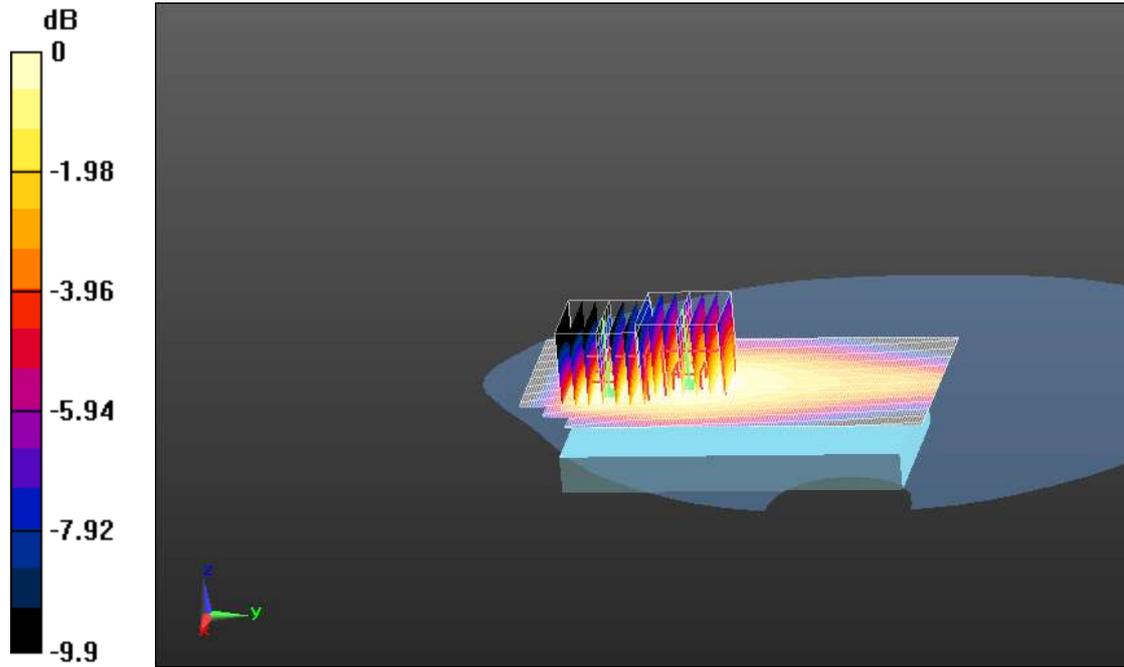
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.535 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.416 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 mW/g



0 dB = 0.439mW/g

GSM850 toward ground high with GPRS

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 10:20:02 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground high with GPRS/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 1.25 mW/g

body/toward ground high with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.127 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.880 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g

body/toward ground high with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

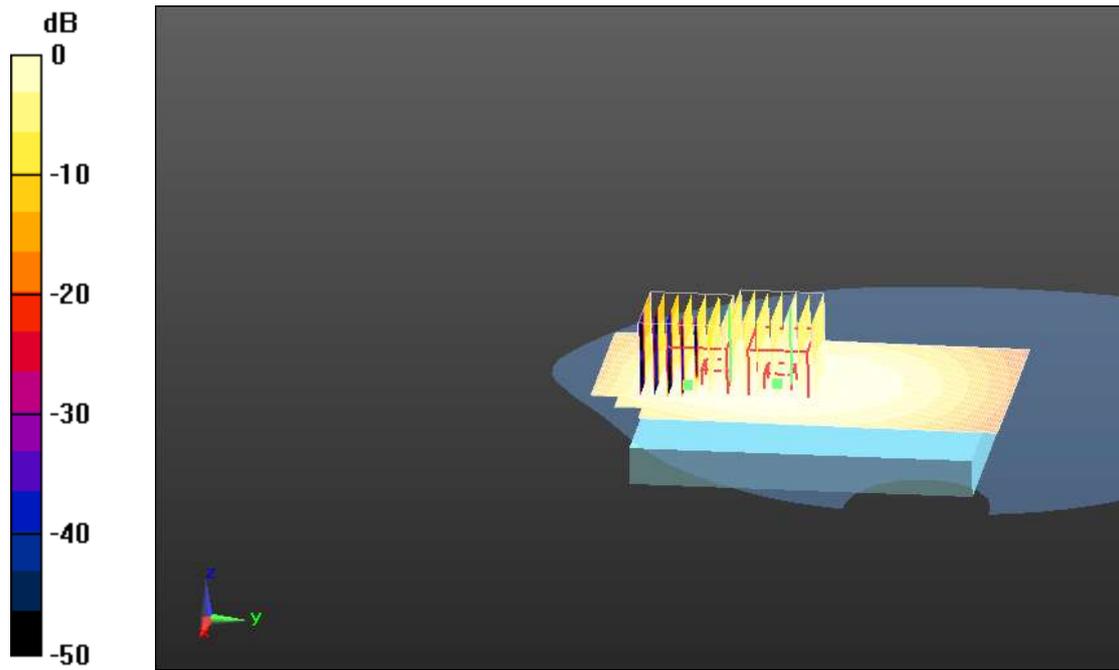
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.127 dB

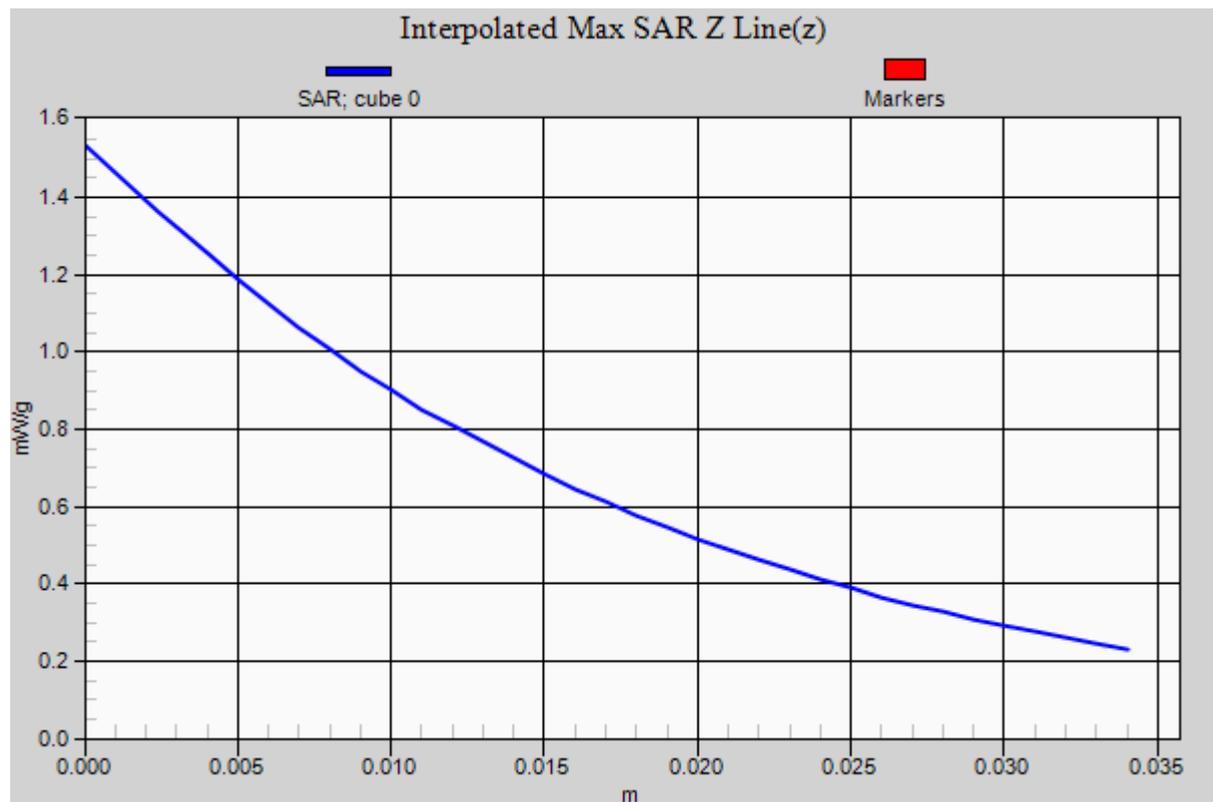
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.953 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.617 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g



0 dB = 1.1mW/g



GSM850 toward ground high with EDGE

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 11:21:58 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB
 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground high with EDGE/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 1.27 mW/g

body/toward ground high with EDGE/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

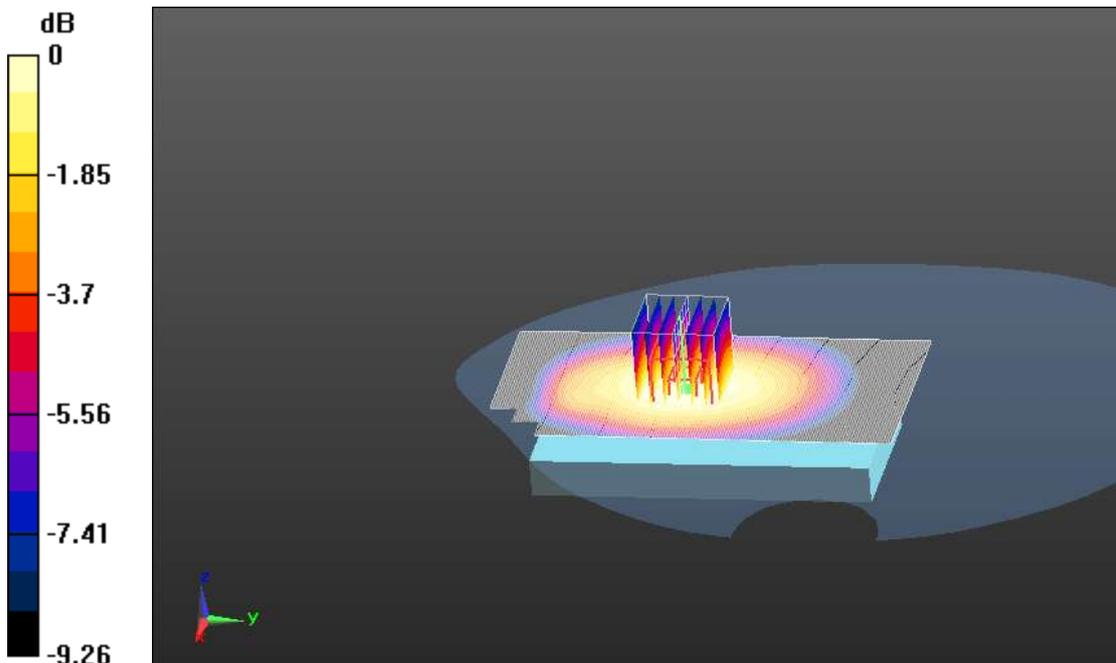
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.889 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 mW/g



0 dB = 1.28mW/g

GSM1900 right head touch mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 5:57:47 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/Touch Position - Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.369 mW/g

right/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.339 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 mW/g

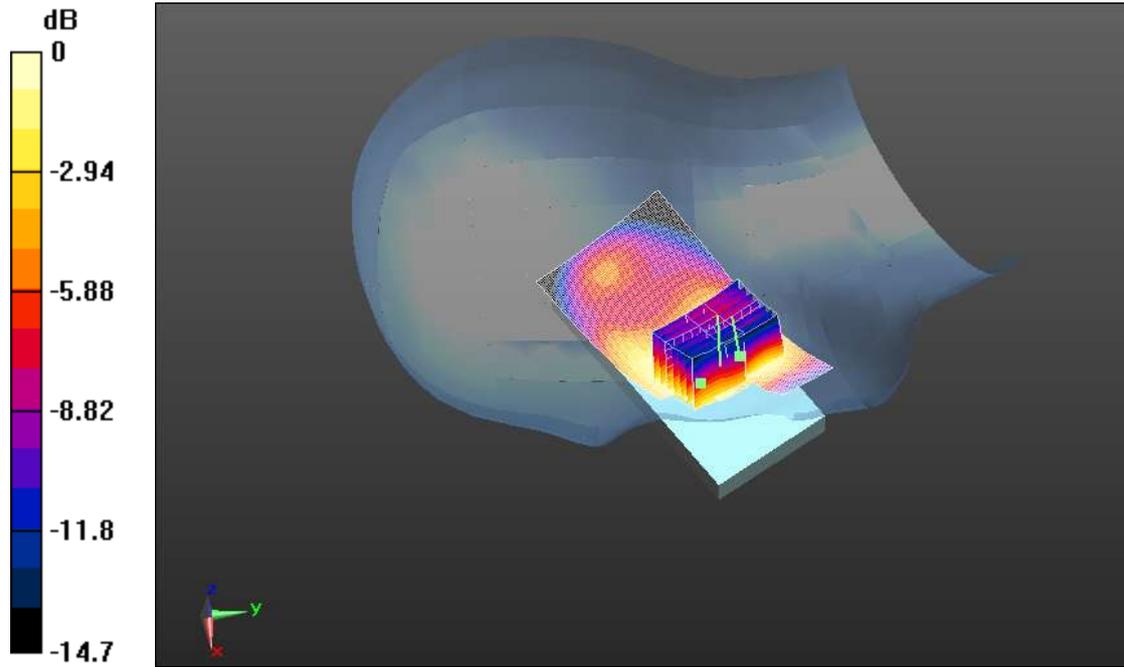
right/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.443 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.290 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 mW/g



0 dB = 0.323mW/g

GSM1900 right head tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 6:35:34 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/Tilt Position - Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.240 mW/g

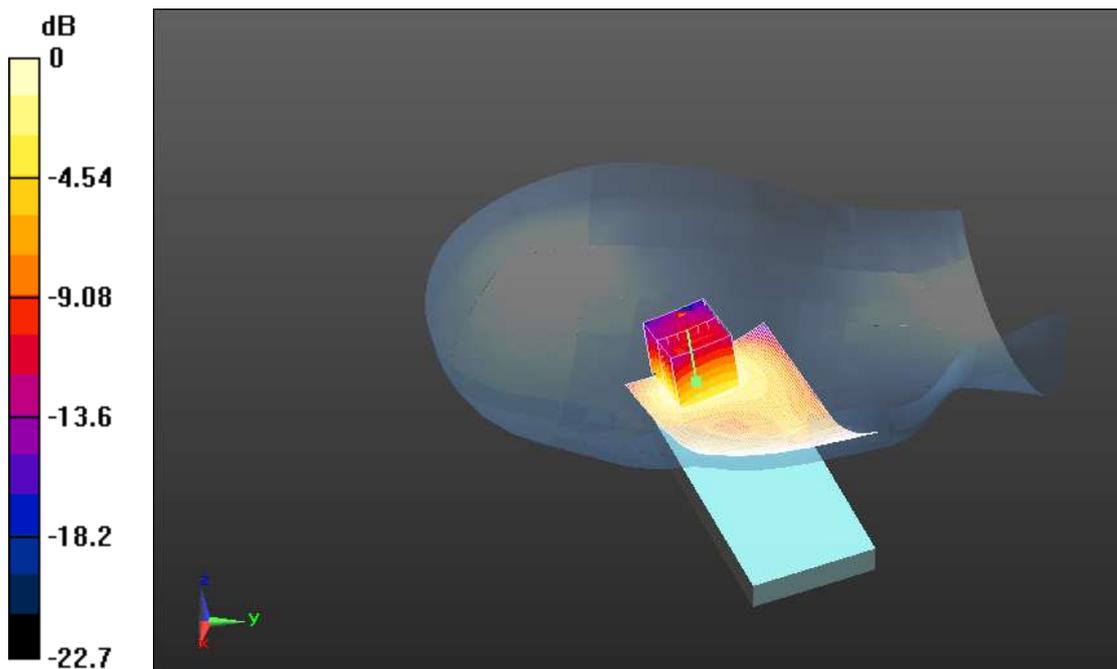
right/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.338 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 mW/g



0 dB = 0.239mW/g

GSM1900 left head touch mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 4:57:45 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/Touch Position - Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.522 mW/g

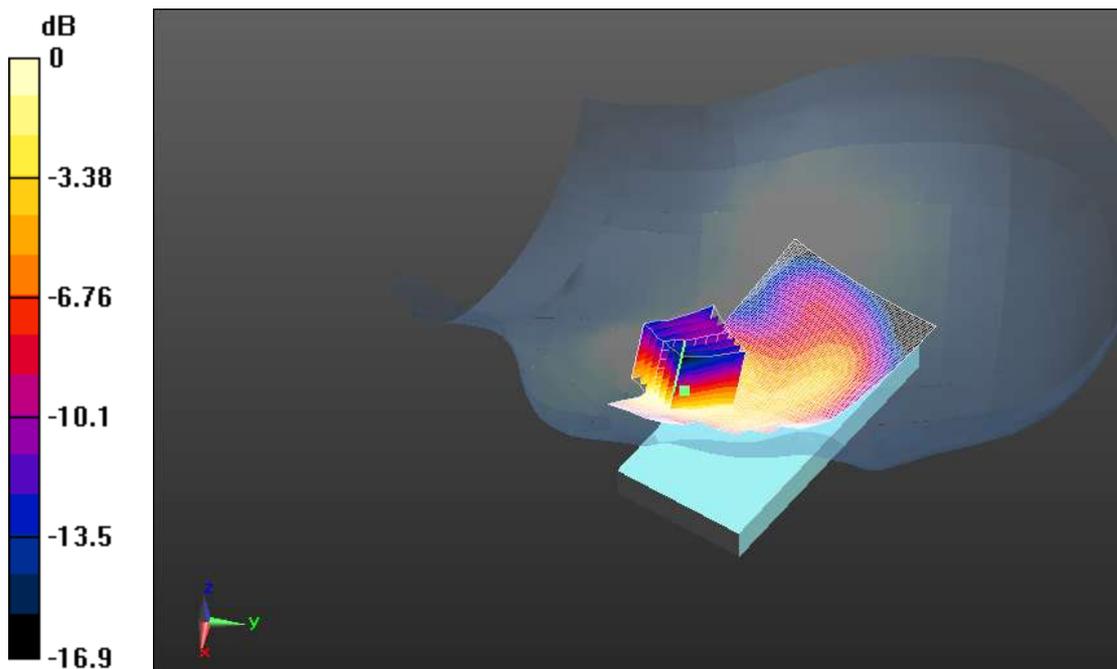
left/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.796 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.490 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.550 mW/g



0 dB = 0.550mW/g

GSM1900 left head tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 5:26:29 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/Tilt Position - Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.193 mW/g

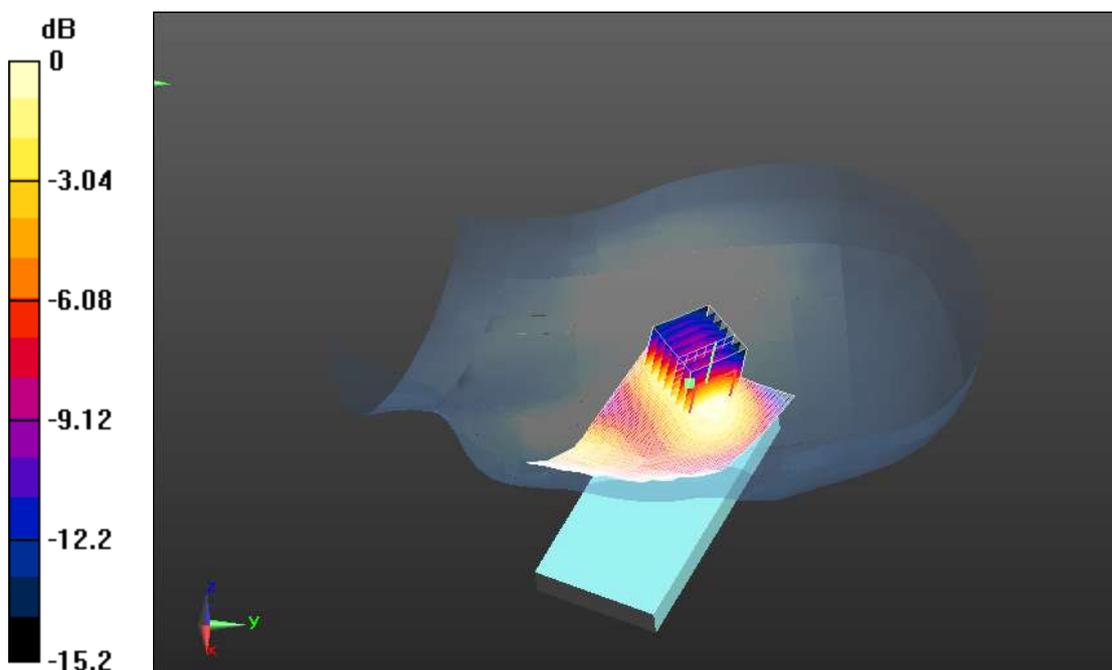
left/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.287 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.199 mW/g



0 dB = 0.199mW/g

GSM1900 left head touch low

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 7:04:14 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/Touch Position - low/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.516 mW/g

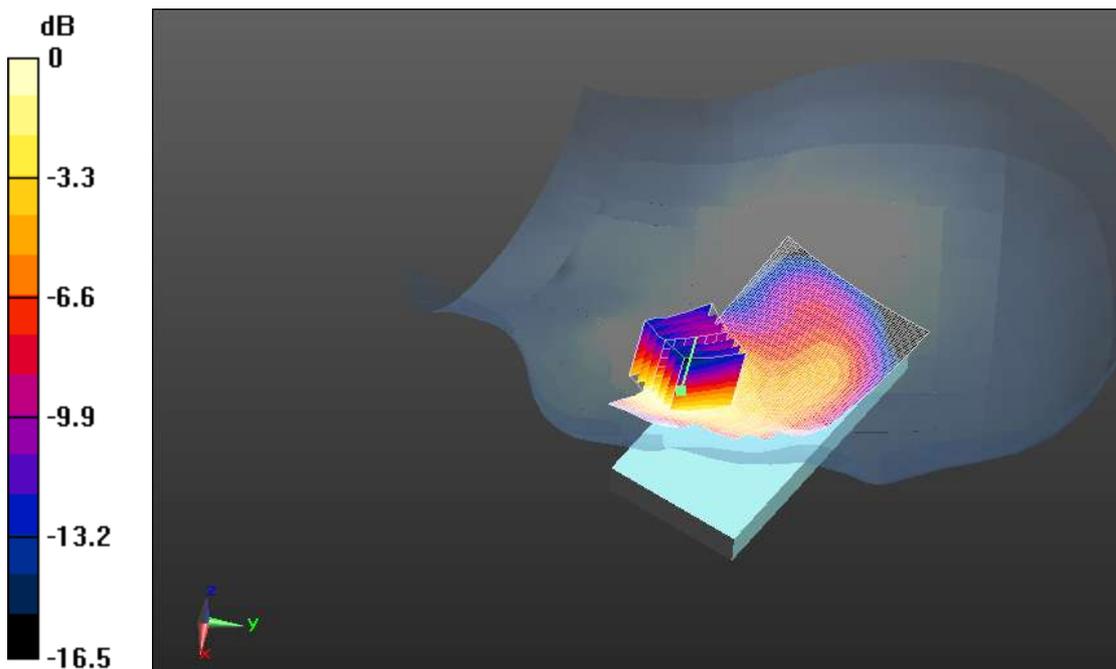
left/Touch Position - low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.748 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 mW/g



0 dB = 0.519mW/g

GSM1900 left head touch high

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 7:31:04 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/Touch Position - high/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.513 mW/g

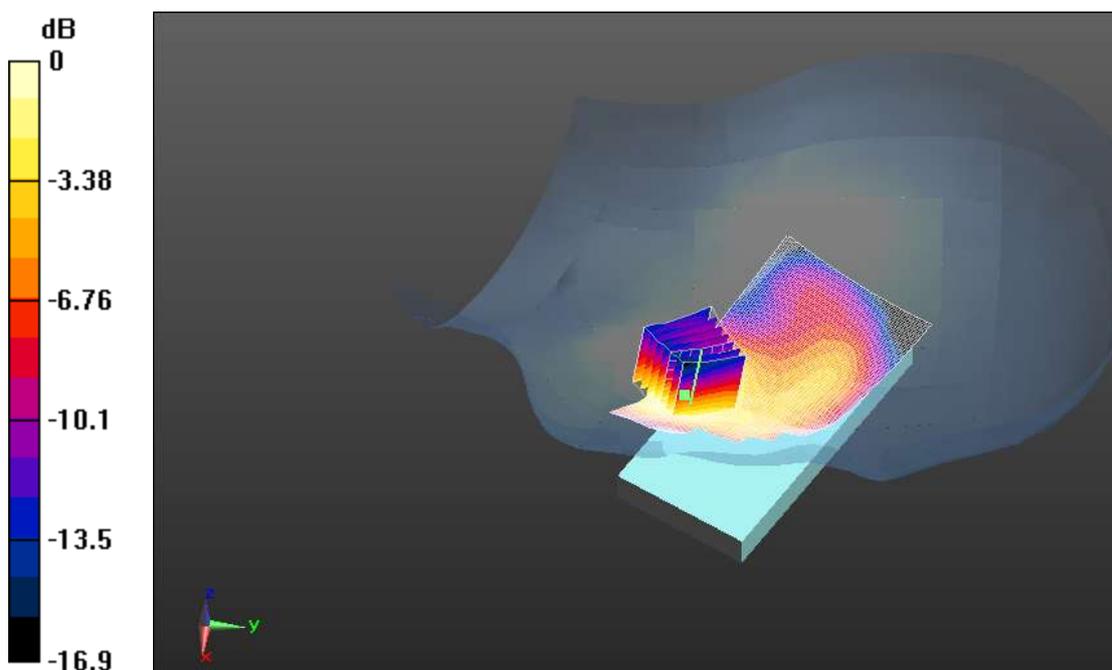
left/Touch Position - high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.746 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.508 mW/g



0 dB = 0.508mW/g

GSM1900/toward phantom mid

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 8:10:14 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward phantom mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.659 mW/g

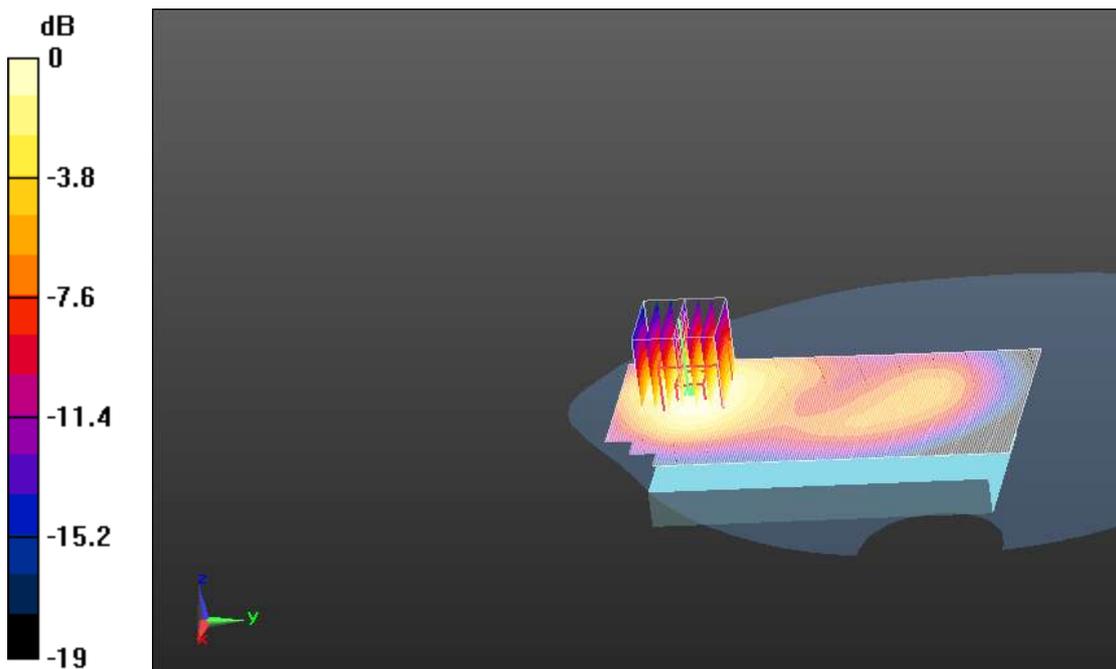
body/toward phantom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.159 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.973 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.602 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 mW/g



0 dB = 0.650mW/g

GSM1900 toward ground mid

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 7:34:02 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.728 mW/g

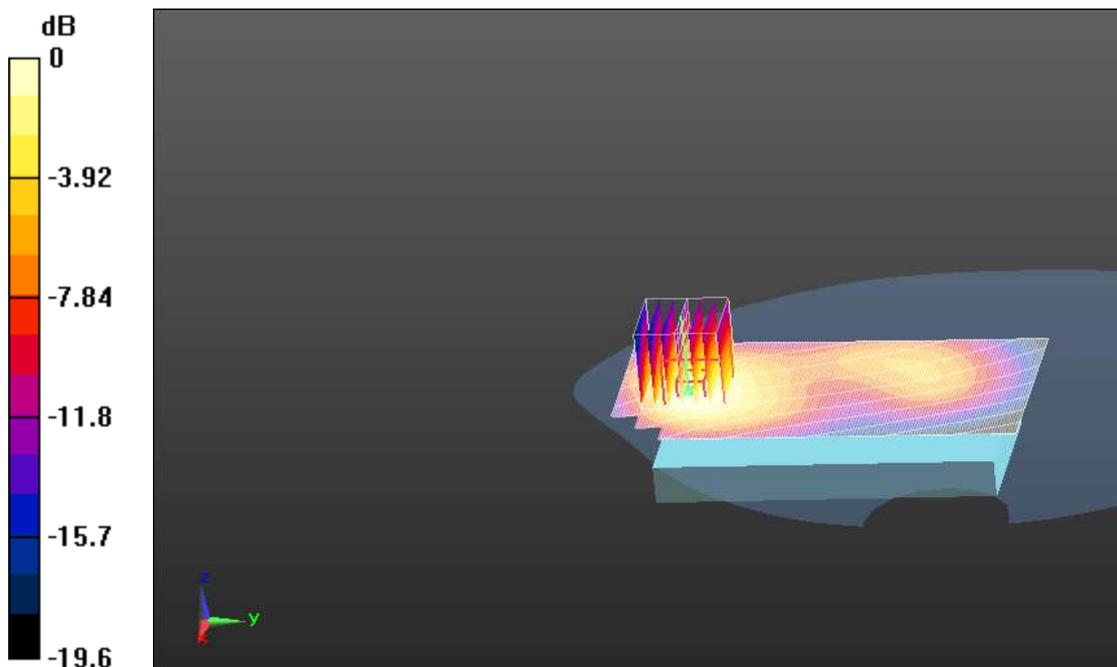
body/toward ground mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

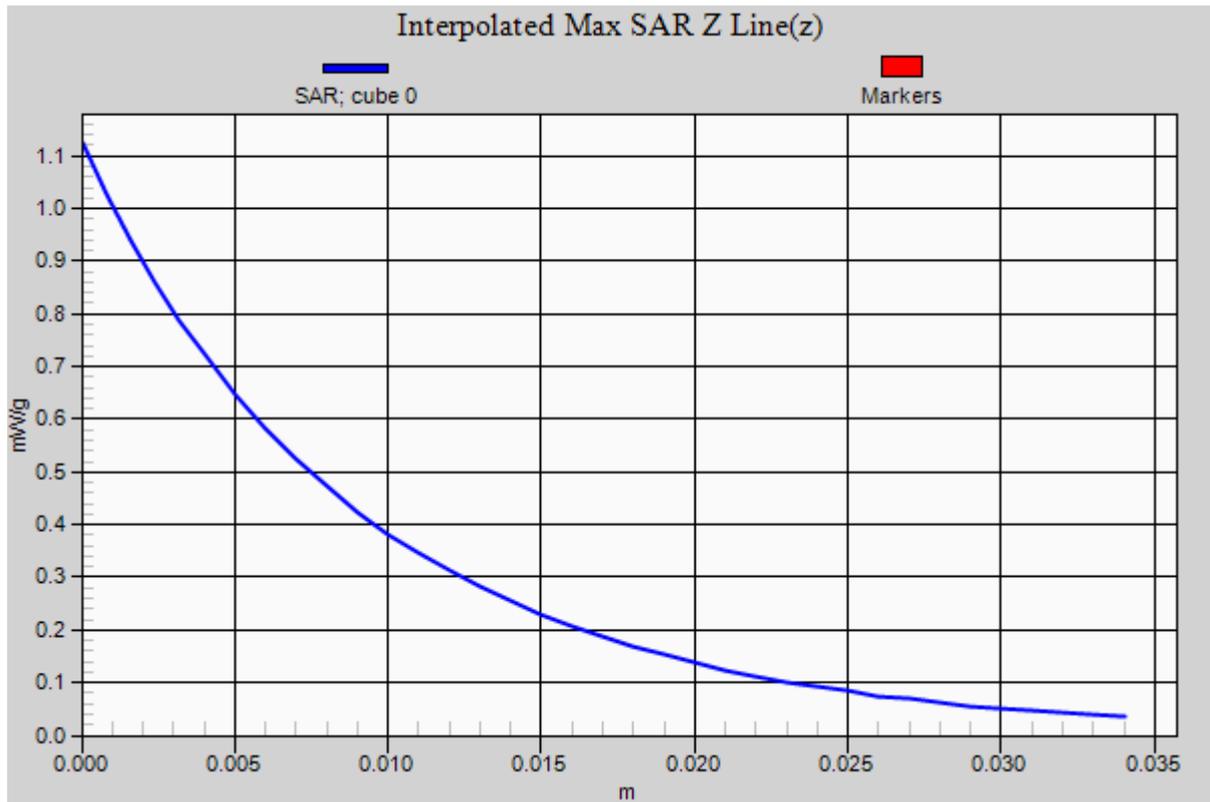
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.664 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.724 mW/g



0 dB = 0.724mW/g



GSM1900 bottom mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 2:07:53 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration/bottom mid/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 mW/g

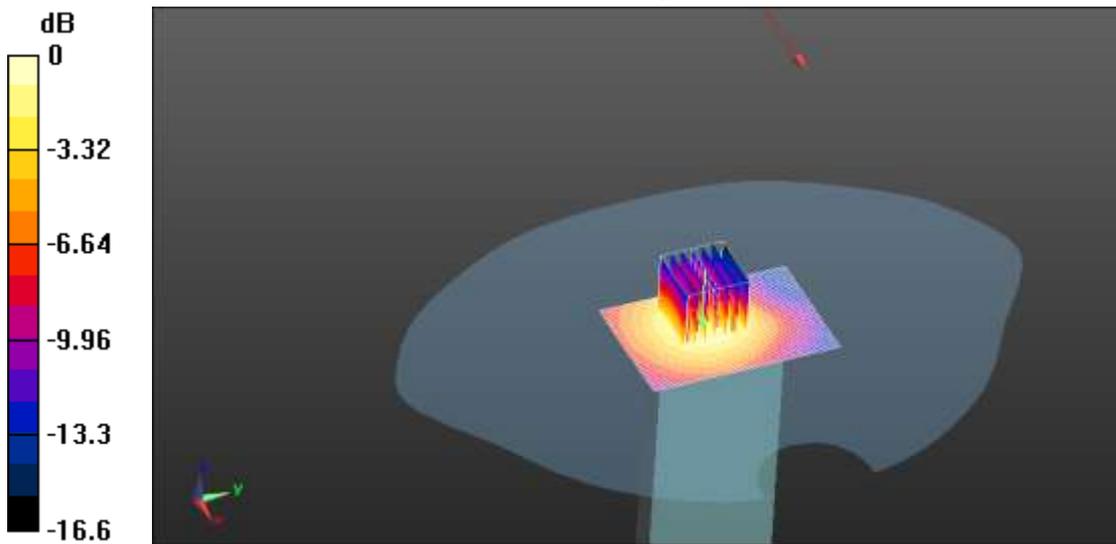
Configuration/bottom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.156 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 mW/g



0 dB = 0.252mW/g

GSM1900 left side mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 12:30:30 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration 2/left side mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 mW/g

Configuration 2/left side mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.429 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.262 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 mW/g

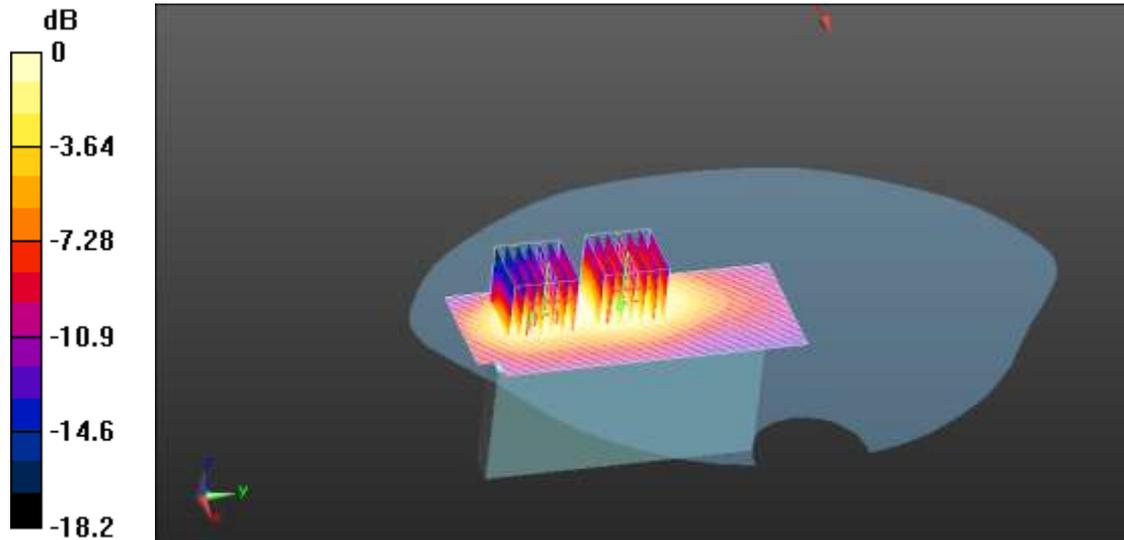
Configuration 2/left side mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 mW/g



0 dB = 0.237mW/g

GSM1900 right mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 1:31:15 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration 2/rightside mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.154 mW/g

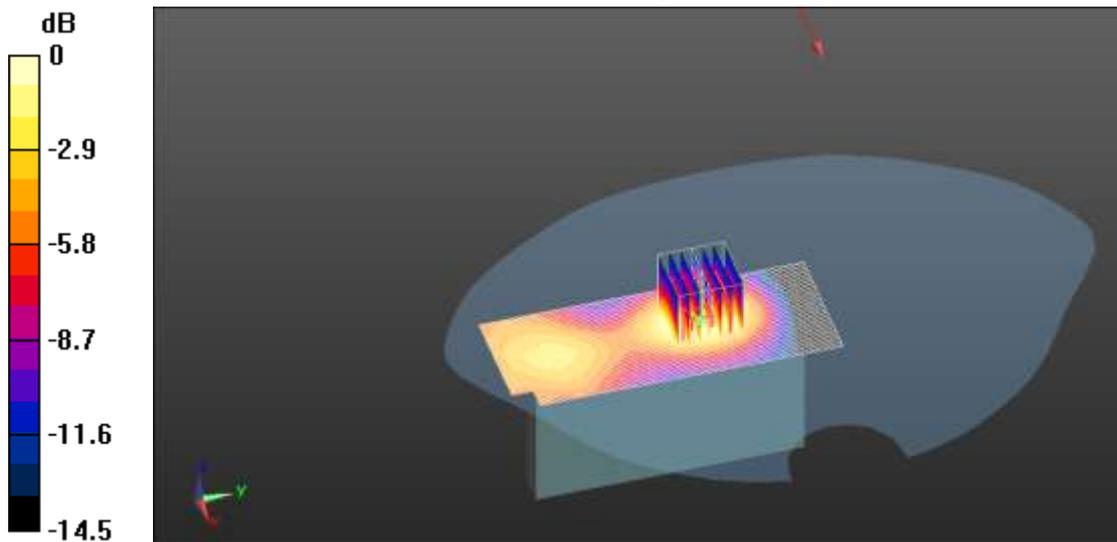
Configuration 2/rightside mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g



0 dB = 0.154mW/g

GSM1900 toward ground low

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 8:42:36 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground low/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.671 mW/g

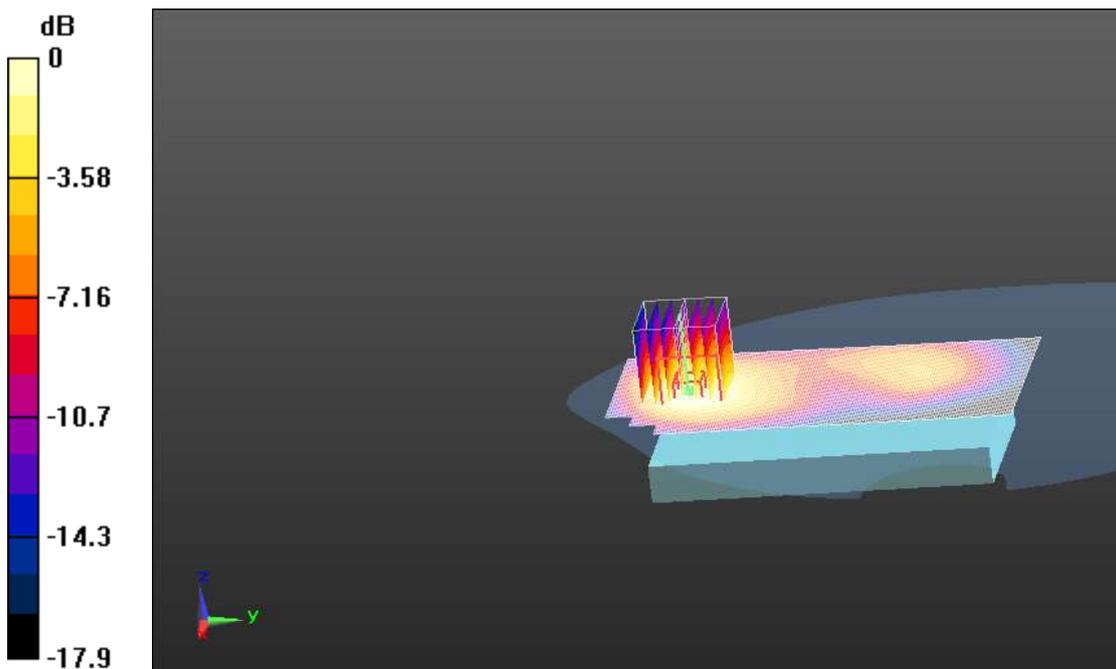
body/toward ground low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.612 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 mW/g



0 dB = 0.669mW/g

GSM1900 toward ground high

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 9:12:43 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground high/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.660 mW/g

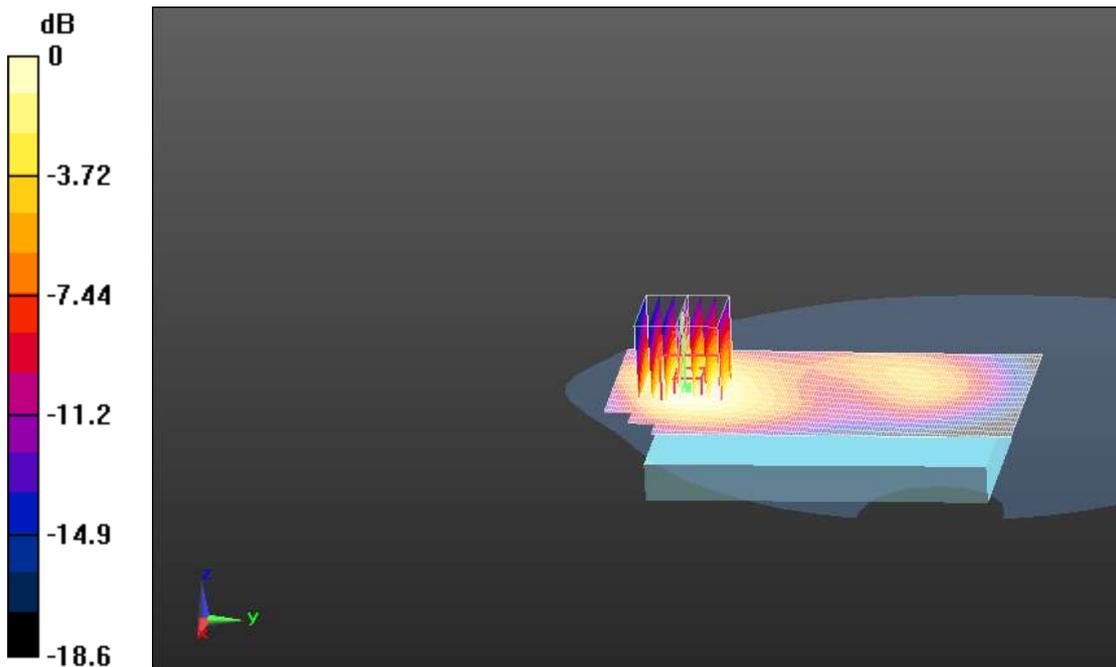
body/toward ground high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.602 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.654 mW/g



0 dB = 0.654mW/g

GSM1900 toward ground mid with earphone

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 9:46:57 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground mid with earphone/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.701 mW/g

body/toward ground mid with earphone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

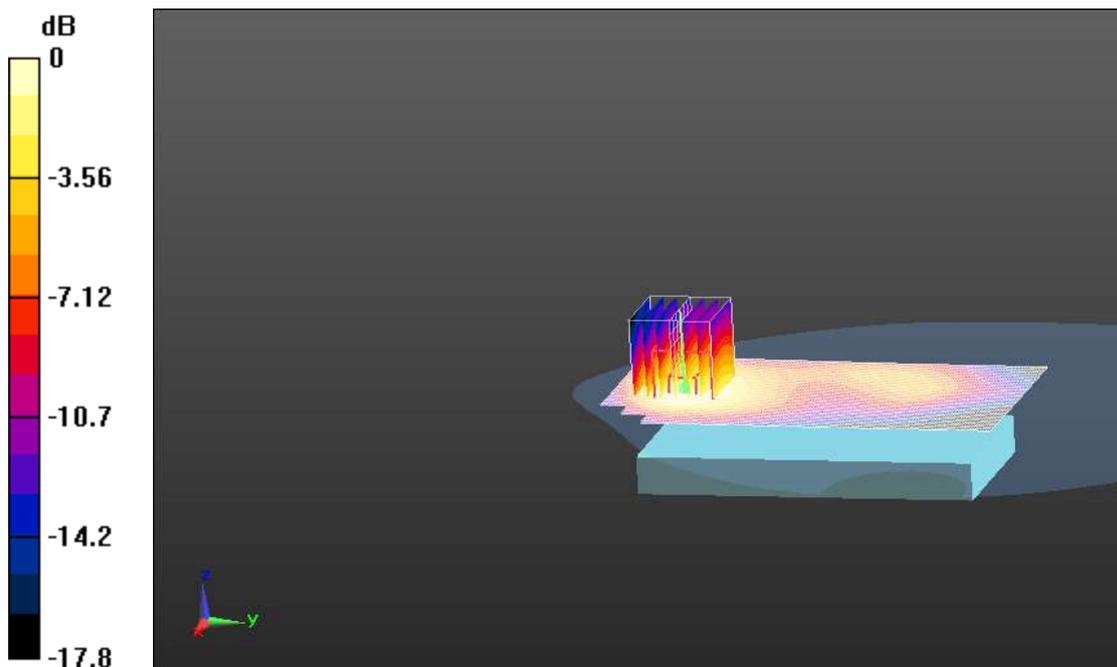
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.112 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.632 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 mW/g



0 dB = 0.691mW/g

GSM1900 toward ground mid with GPRS

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 10:19:53 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground mid with GPRS/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.728 mW/g

body/toward ground mid with GPRS/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

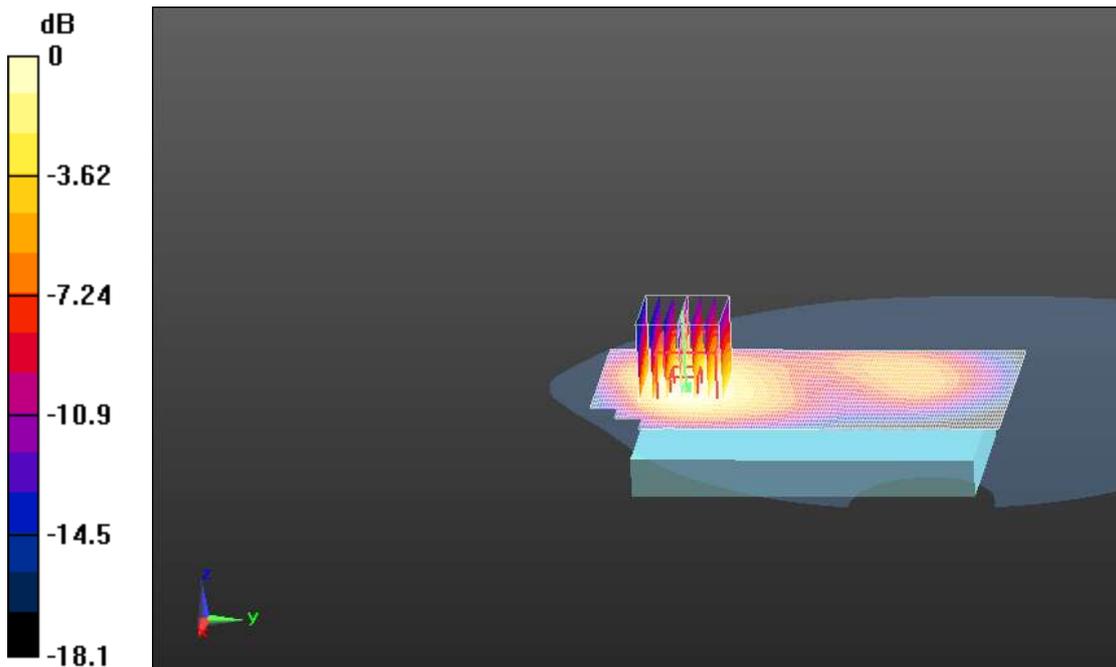
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00241 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.654 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.711 mW/g



0 dB = 0.711mW/g

GSM1900 toward ground mid with EDGE

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 10:50:17 PM

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

body/toward ground mid with EDGE/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.734 mW/g

body/toward ground mid with EDGE/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

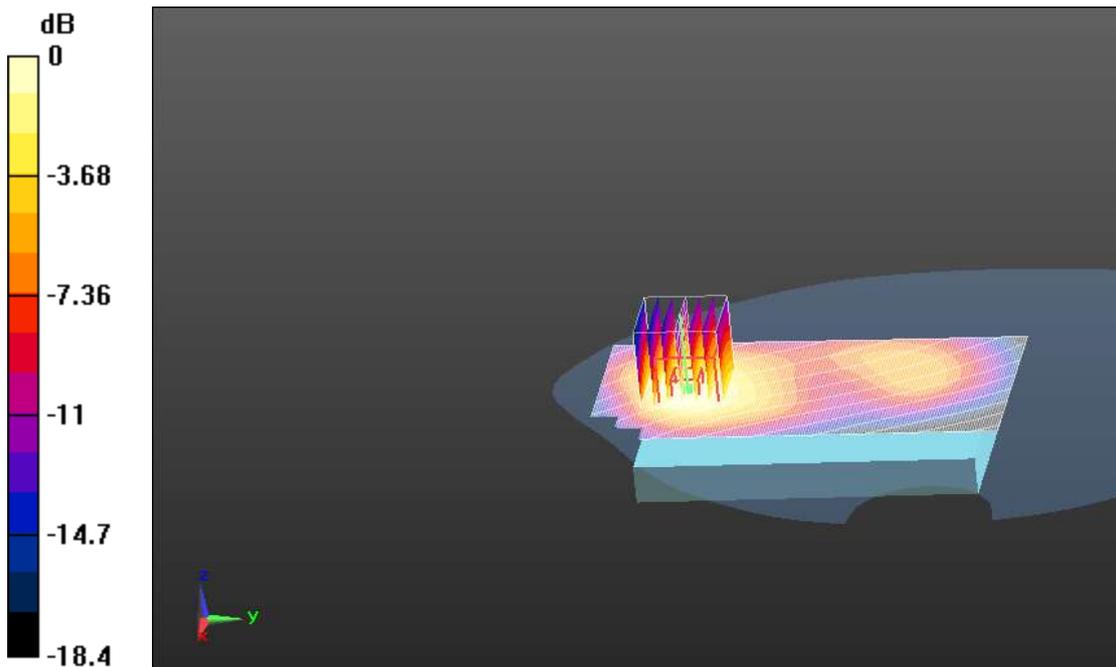
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.714 mW/g



0 dB = 0.714mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right touch mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 8:25:14 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.528 mW/g

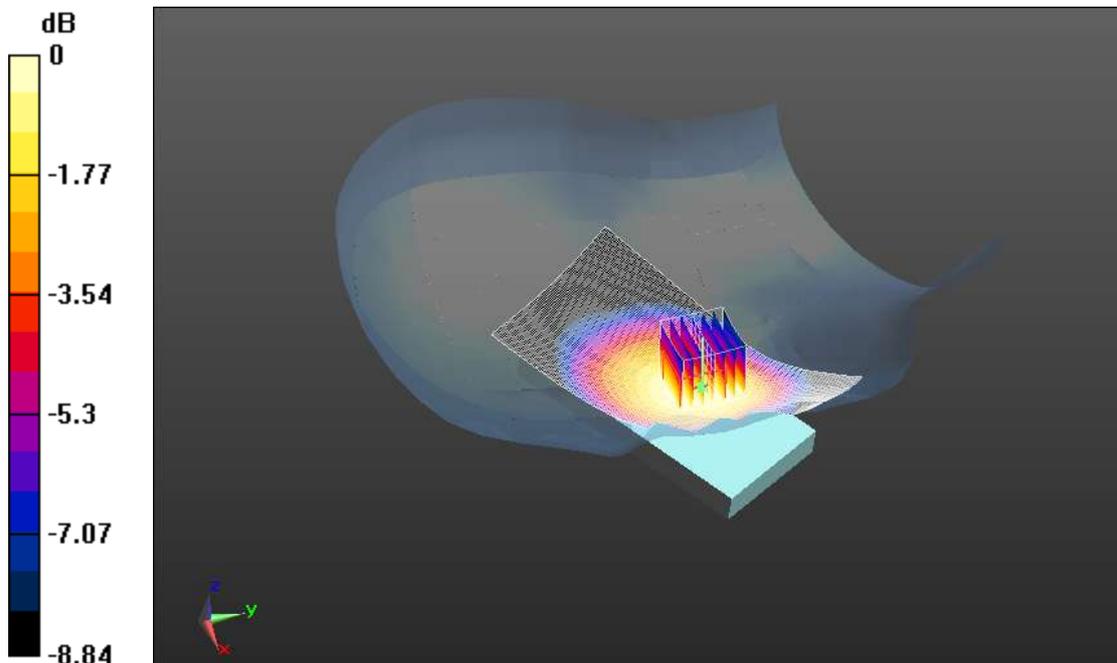
right/right touch mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.495 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.523 mW/g



0 dB = 0.523mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 8:52:12 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right tilt mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.368 mW/g

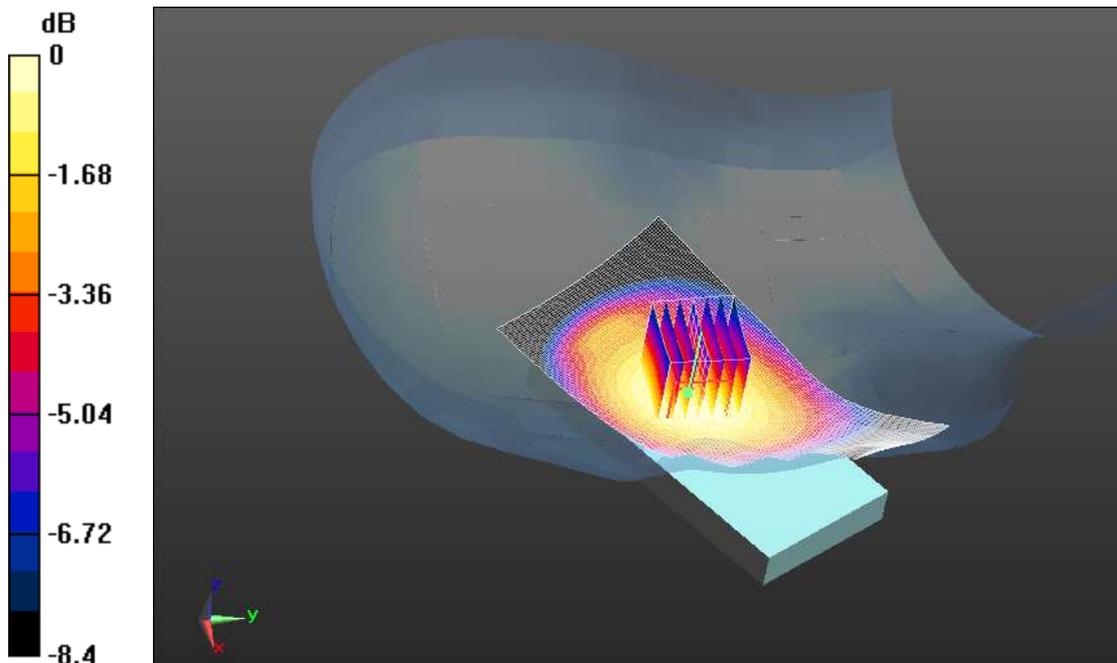
right/right tilt mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.353 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 mW/g



0 dB = 0.374mW/g

WCDMA BAND V left touch mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 9:39:58 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;
 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/left touch mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.474 mW/g

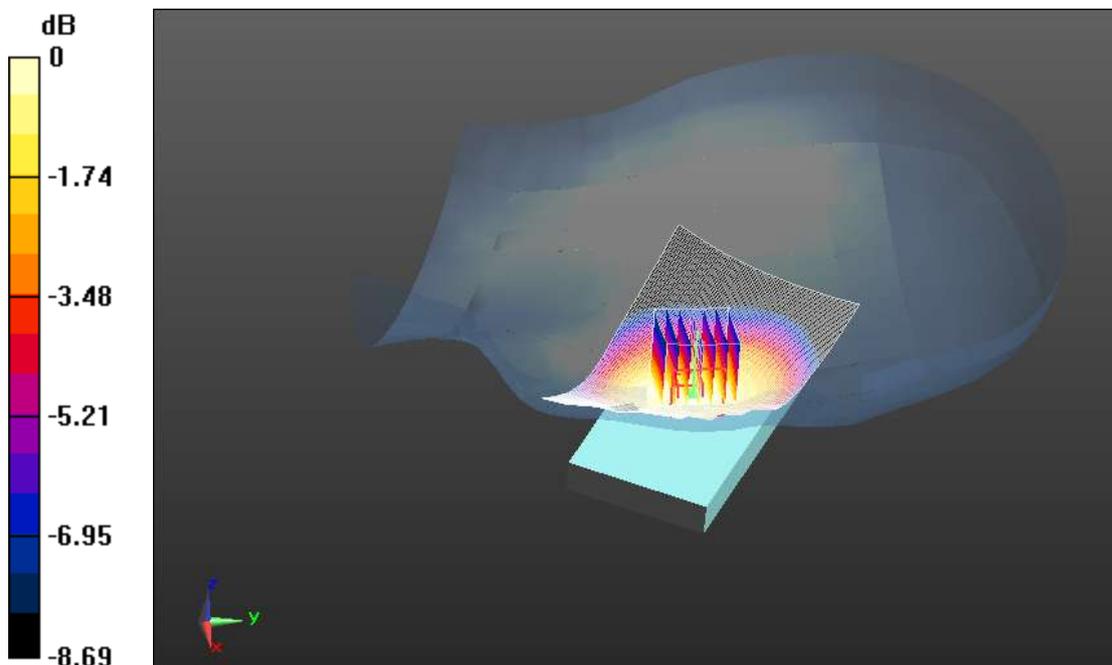
left/left touch mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.576 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.450 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 mW/g



0 dB = 0.474mW/g

WCDMA BAND V left tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 11:11:38 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/left tilt mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.338 mW/g

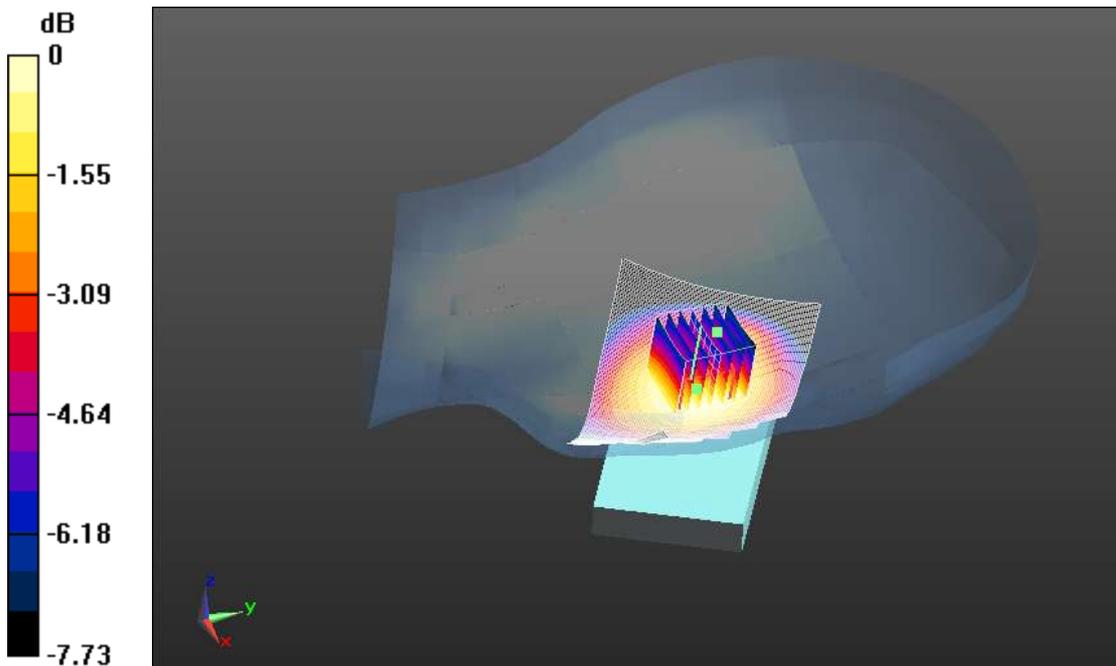
left/left tilt mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.327 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.343 mW/g



0 dB = 0.343mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right touch low

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 11:41:49 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 827$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.874$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch low/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.408 mW/g

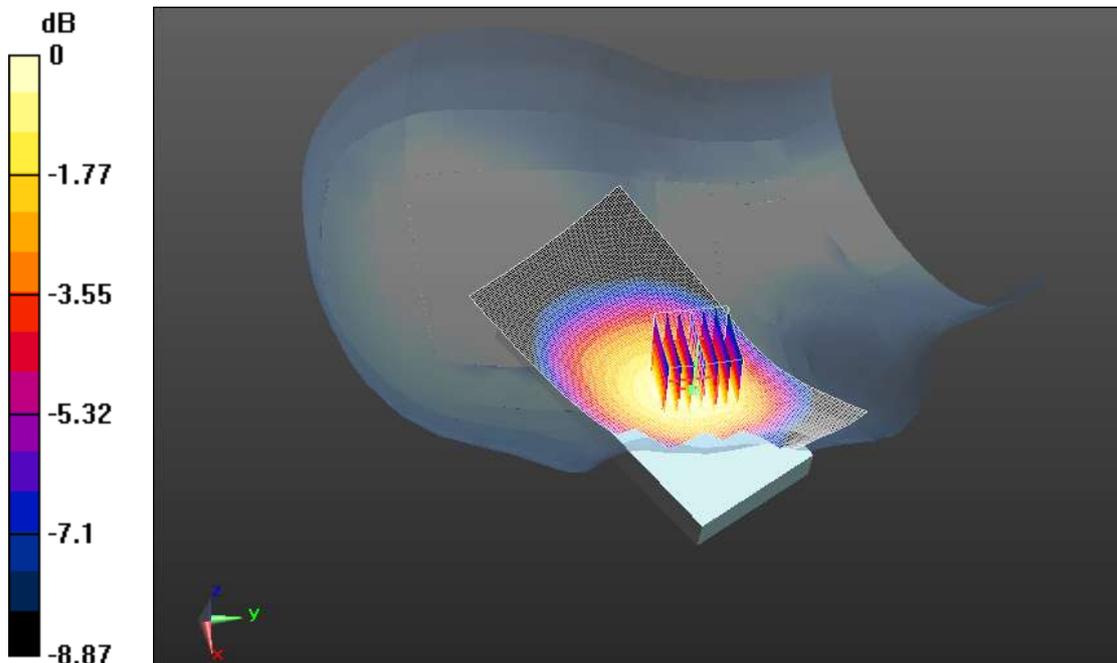
right/right touch low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.392 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g



0 dB = 0.415mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right touch high

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 12:50:50 PM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.893$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.78, 5.78, 5.78); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch high/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.416 mW/g

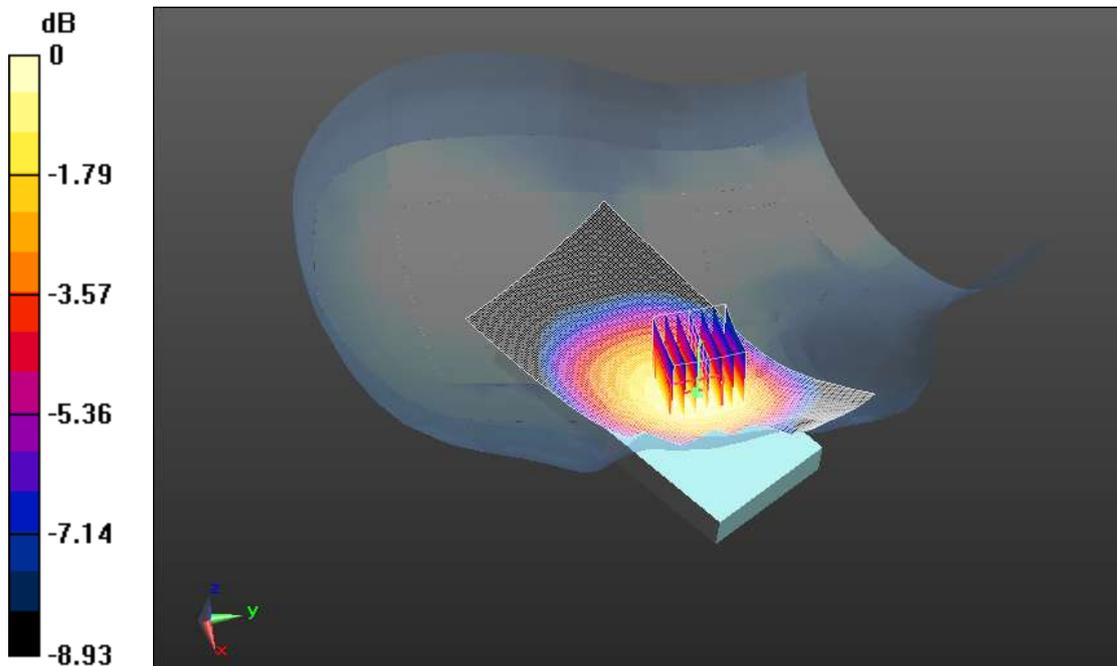
right/right touch high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.515 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.430 mW/g



0 dB = 0.430mW/g

WCDMA BAND V toward phantom mid

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 9:25:32 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward phantom mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.459 mW/g

BODY/toward phantom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

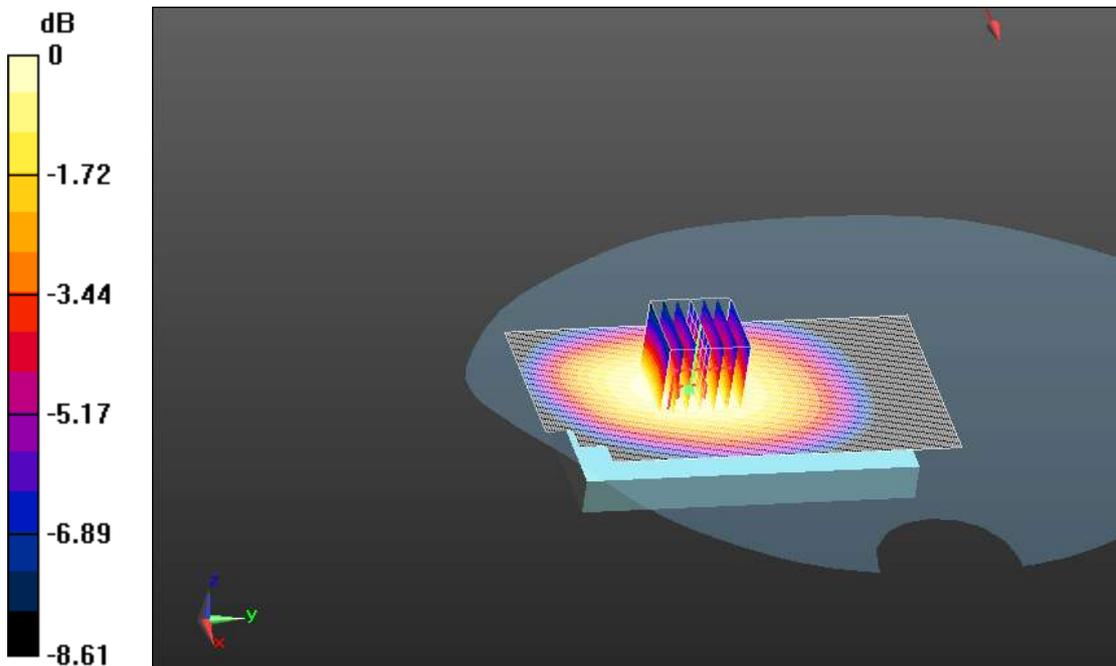
grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.546 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 mW/g



0 dB = 0.462mW/g

WCDMA BAND V toward ground mid

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 9:53:46 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward ground mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.737 mW/g

BODY/toward ground mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

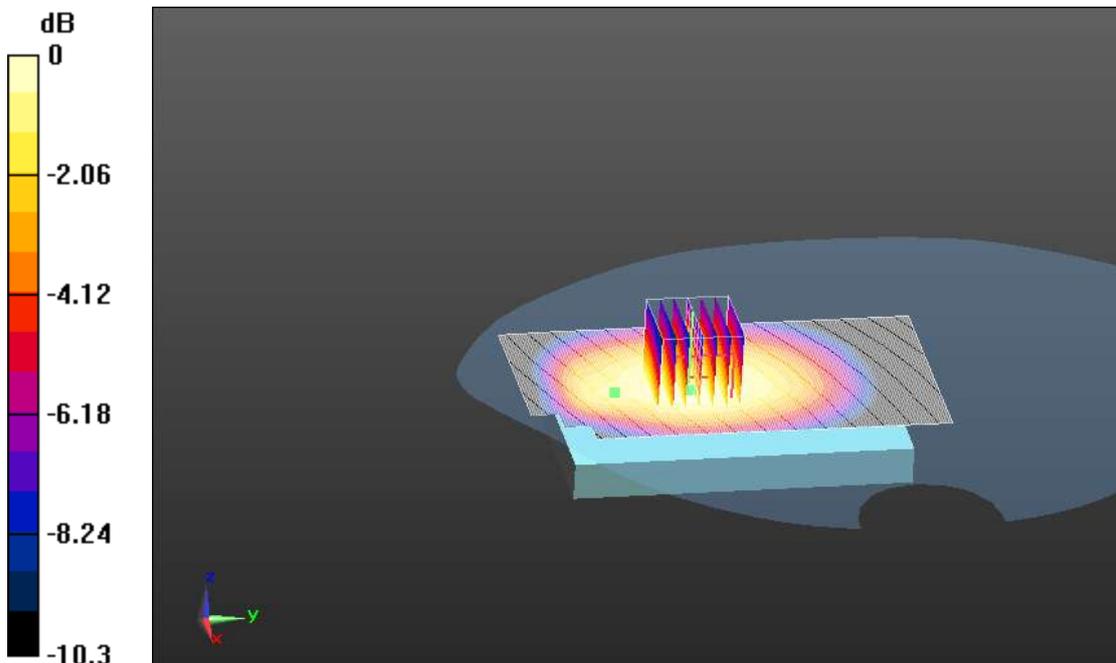
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.891 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.697 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.517 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.734 mW/g



0 dB = 0.734mW/g

WCDMA BAND V bottom mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 5:04:04 PM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration/bottom mid/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.087 mW/g

Configuration/bottom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

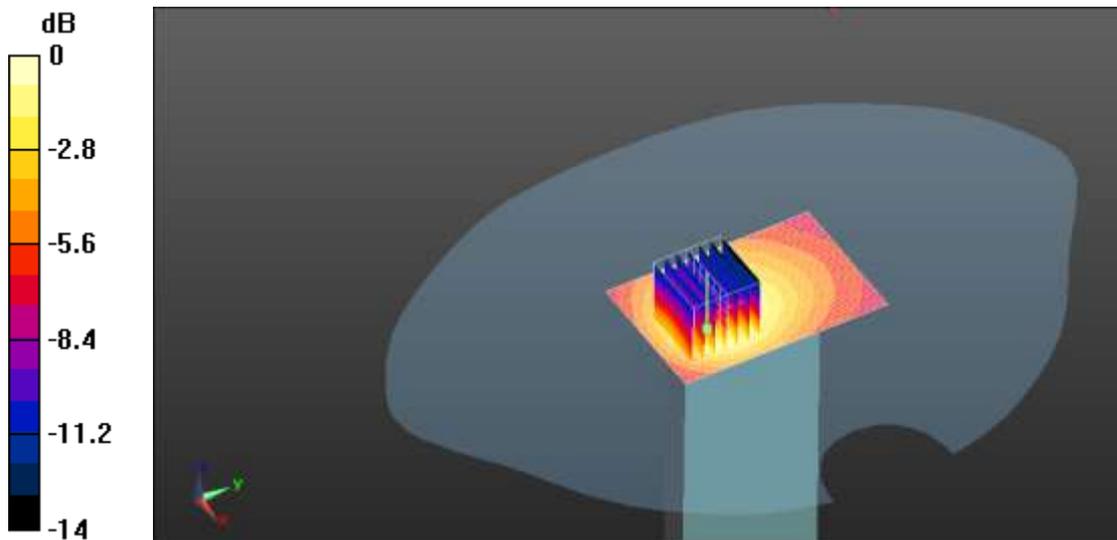
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.079 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g



0 dB = 0.087mW/g

11TJ163 WCDMA BAND V left side mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 5:33:18 PM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration 2/left side mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 mW/g

Configuration 2/left side mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

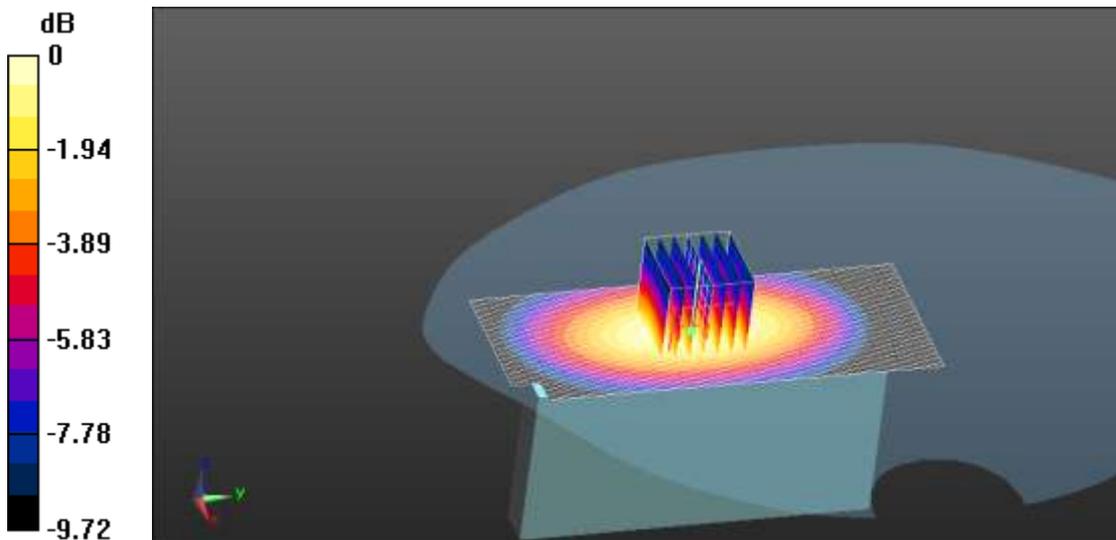
grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.812 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.549 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.592 mW/g



0 dB = 0.592mW/g

WCDMA BAND V right side mid

Date/Time: 11/24/2011 6:03:16 PM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.951$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.19, 6.19, 6.19); Calibrated: 9/27/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

Configuration 2/right side mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 mW/g

Configuration 2/right side mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

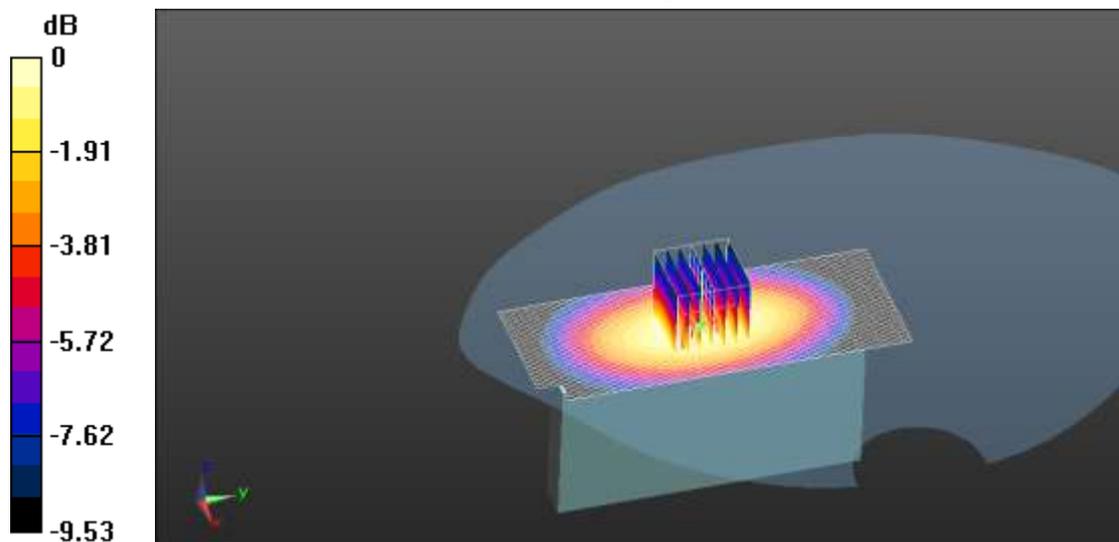
grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.819 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.562 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.383 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.601 mW/g



0 dB = 0.601mW/g

WCDMA BAND V toward ground low

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 10:40:29 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used : $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.936$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward ground low/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.726 mW/g

BODY/toward ground low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

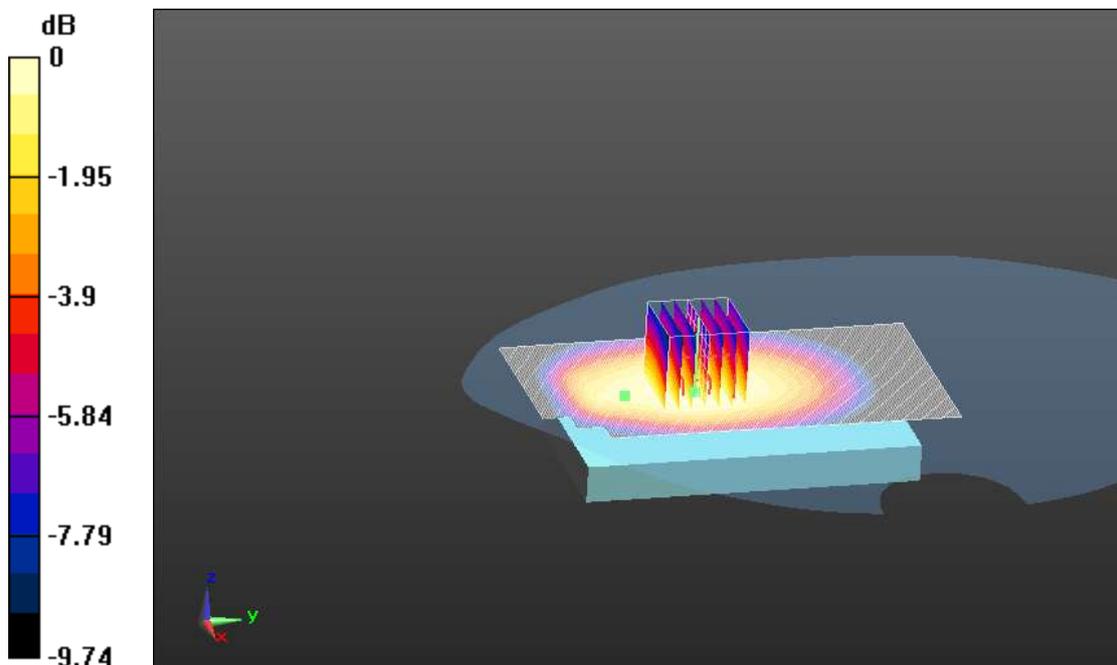
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.876 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.688 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.722 mW/g



0 dB = 0.722mW/g

WCDMA BAND V toward ground high

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 11:55:09 AM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward ground high/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.775 mW/g

BODY/toward ground high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

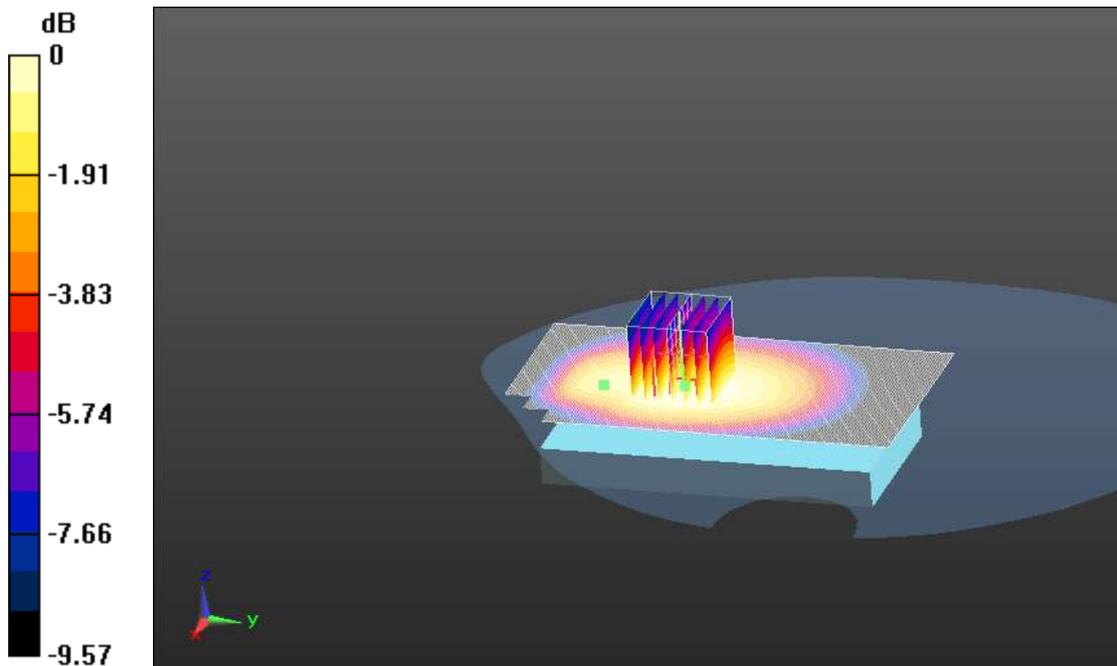
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

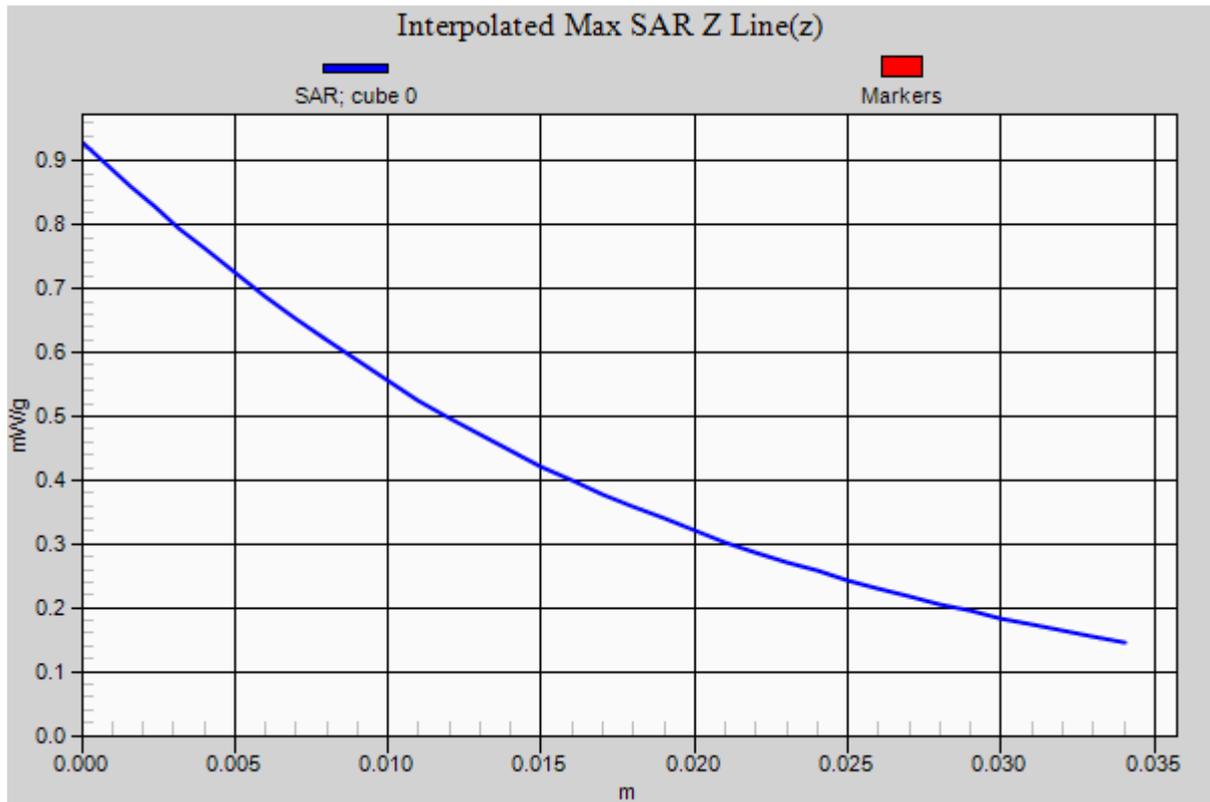
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.928 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.727 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.764 mW/g



0 dB = 0.764mW/g



WCDMA BAND V toward ground high with earphone

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 1:07:06 PM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2 Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward ground high with earphone/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.539 mW/g

BODY/toward ground high with earphone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

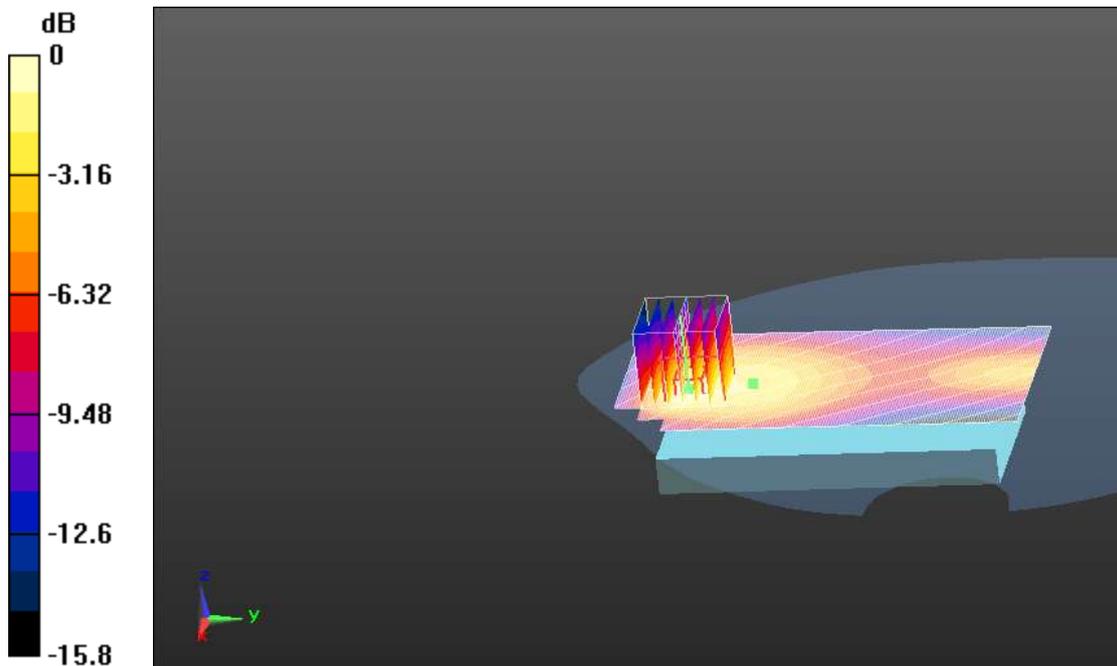
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.880 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.550 mW/g



0 dB = 0.550mW/g

WCDMA BAND V toward ground high with HSDPA

Date/Time: 10/10/2011 2:33:45 PM

Communication System: WCDMA; Communication System Band: BAND 5;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward ground high with HSDPA/Area Scan (81x151x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.680 mW/g

BODY/toward ground high with HSDPA/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

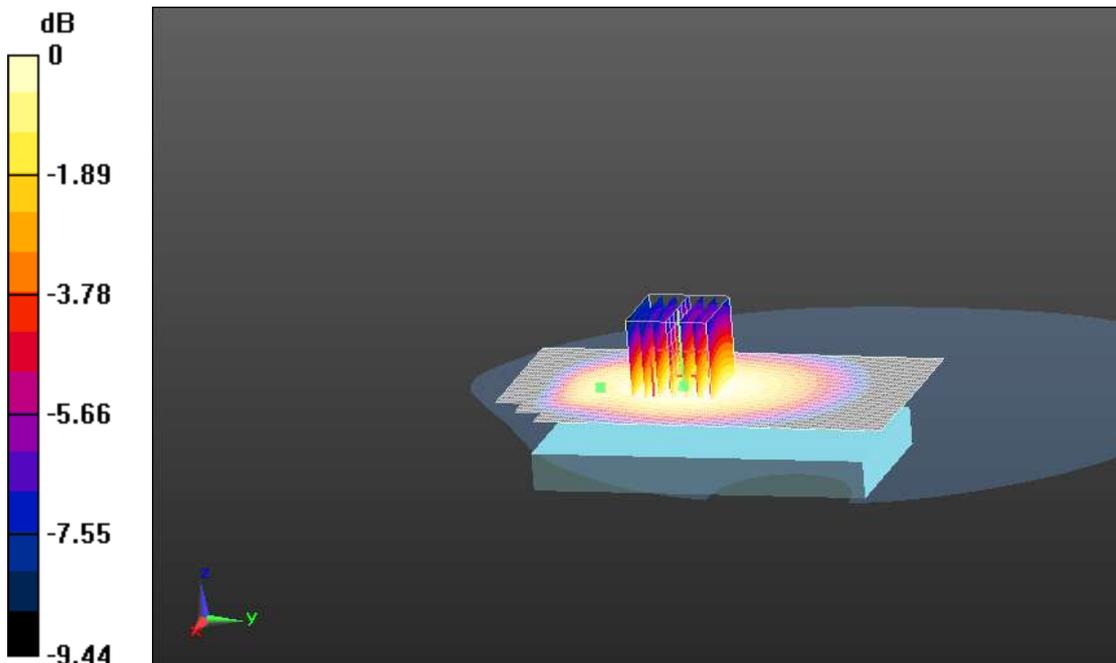
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.188 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.816 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.644 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.481 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 mW/g



0 dB = 0.680mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right touch mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 3:59:55 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch mid/Area Scan (91x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.111 mW/g

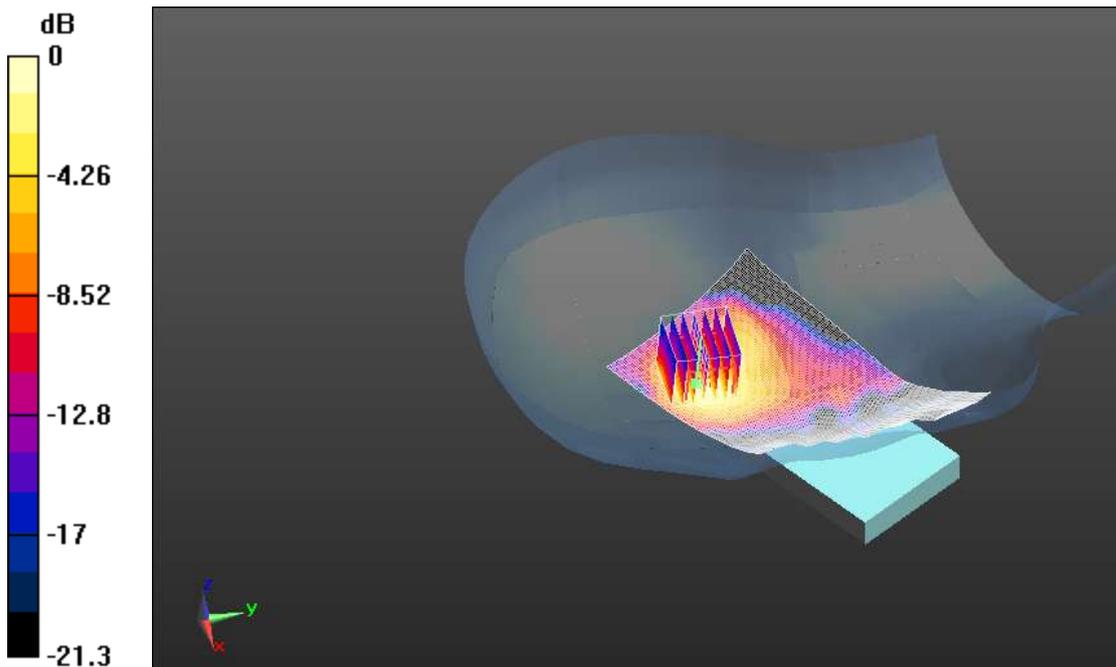
right/right touch mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.086 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.205 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.097 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 mW/g



0 dB = 0.110mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 4:33:57 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right tilt mid/Area Scan (91x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.059 mW/g

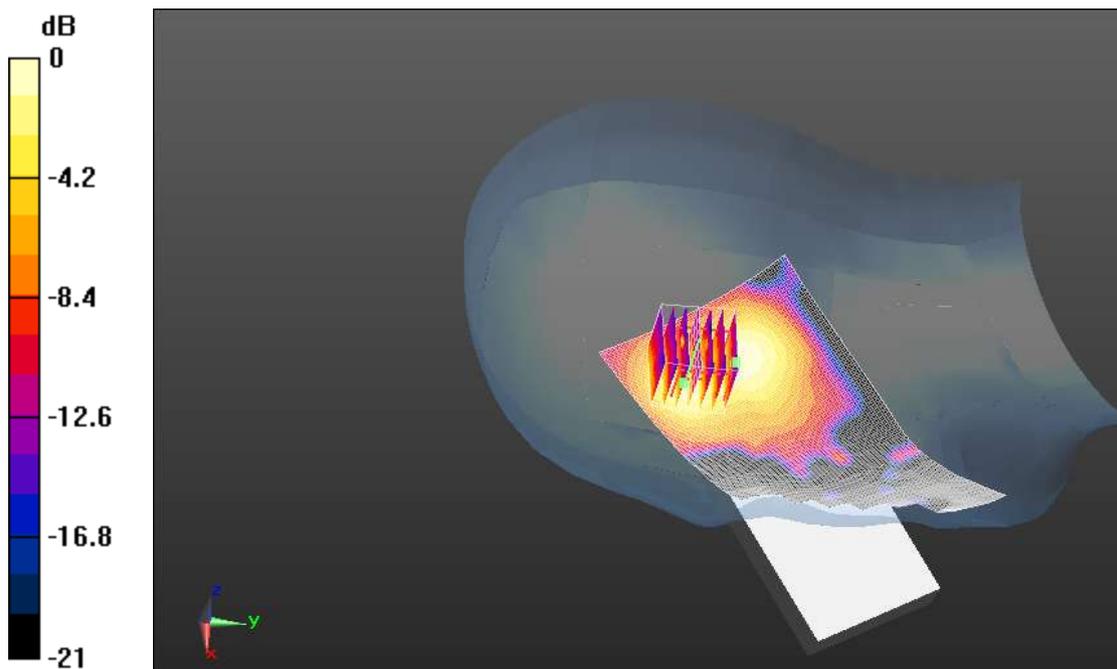
right/right tilt mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.248 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.063 mW/g



0 dB = 0.063mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left touch mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 2:31:25 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/left touch mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.071 mW/g

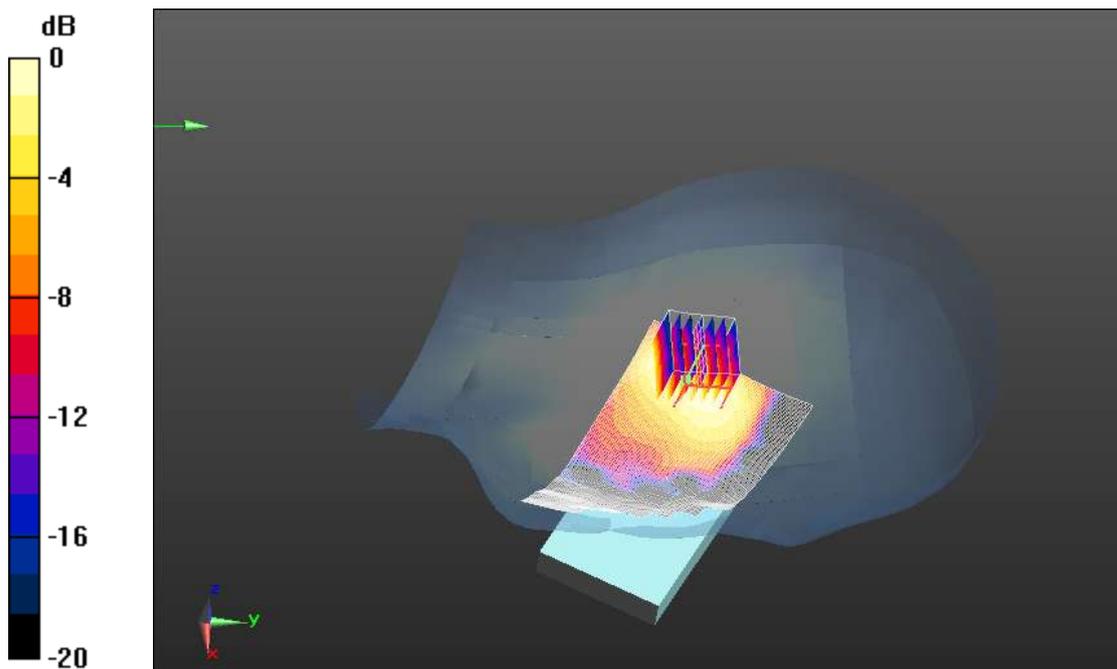
left/left touch mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.117 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.066 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.072 mW/g



0 dB = 0.072mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left tilt mid

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 3:07:05 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

left/left tilt mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.069 mW/g

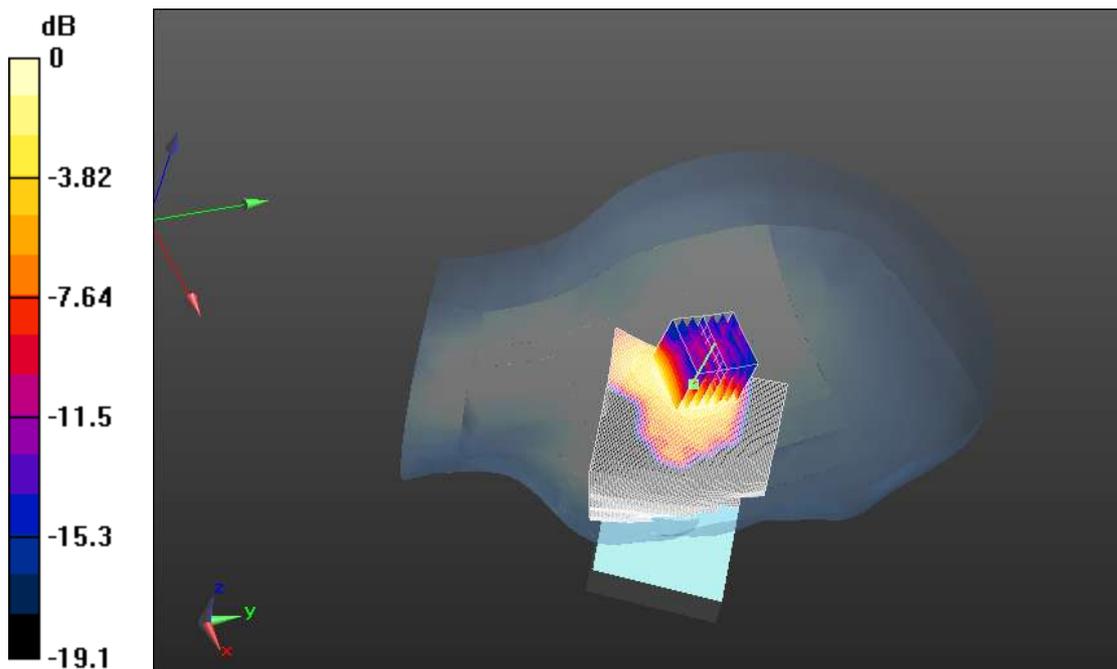
left/left tilt mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.113 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.068 mW/g



0 dB = 0.068mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right touch low

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 5:12:08 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.74$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASYS52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch low/Area Scan (91x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.091 mW/g

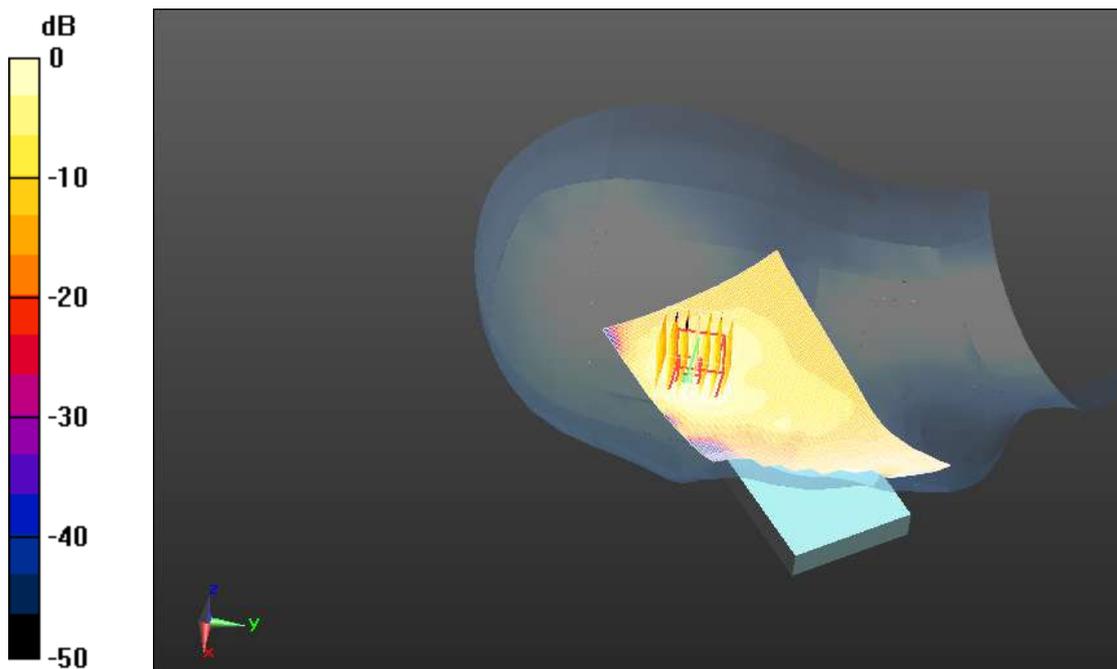
right/right touch low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.182 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.152 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.081 mW/g



0 dB = 0.081mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps right touch high

Date/Time: 10/9/2011 5:46:59 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2472 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2472$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

right/right touch high/Area Scan (91x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.164 mW/g

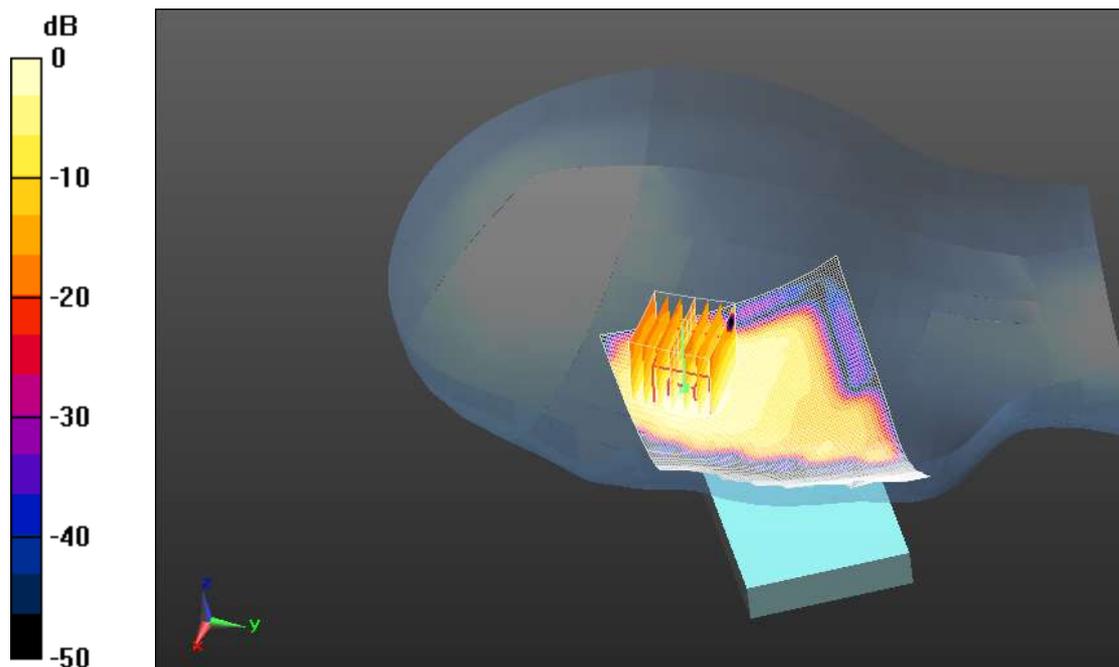
right/right touch high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.796 dB

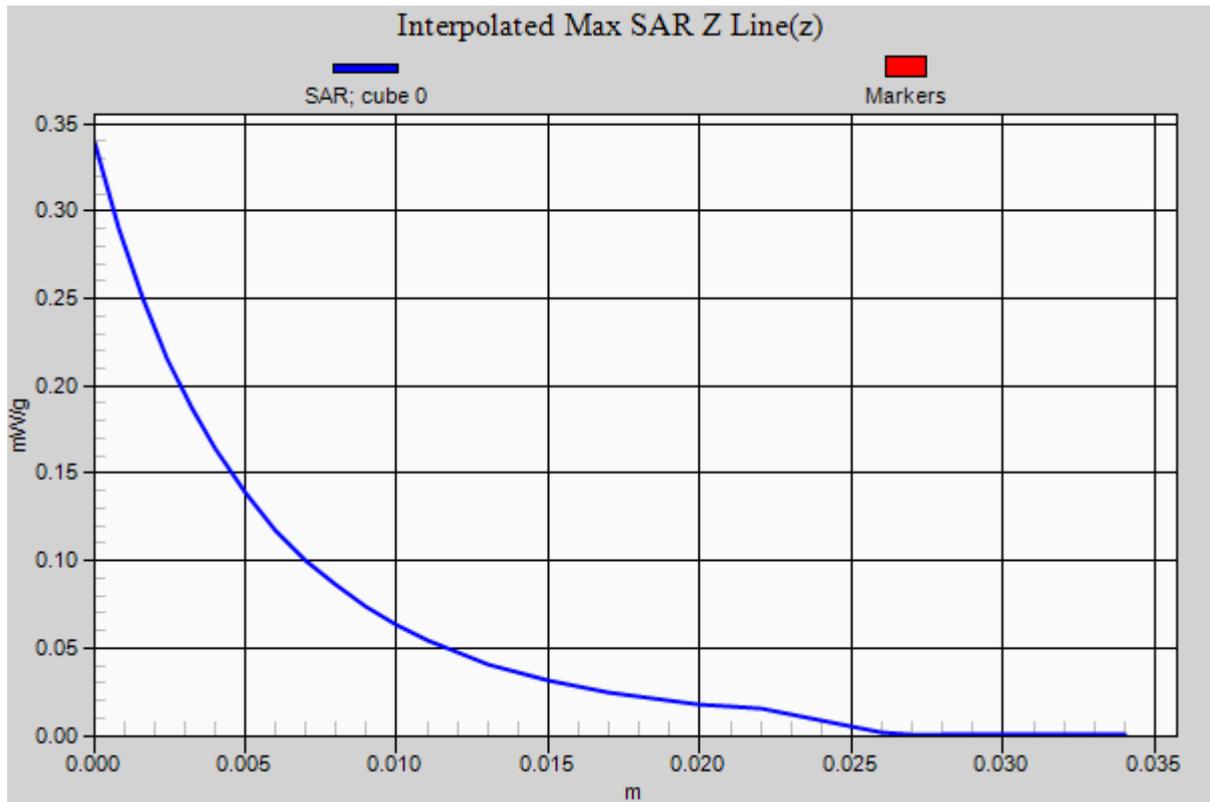
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 mW/g



0 dB = 0.169mW/g



WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps toward phantom mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 10:52:46 AM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward phantom mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.036 mW/g

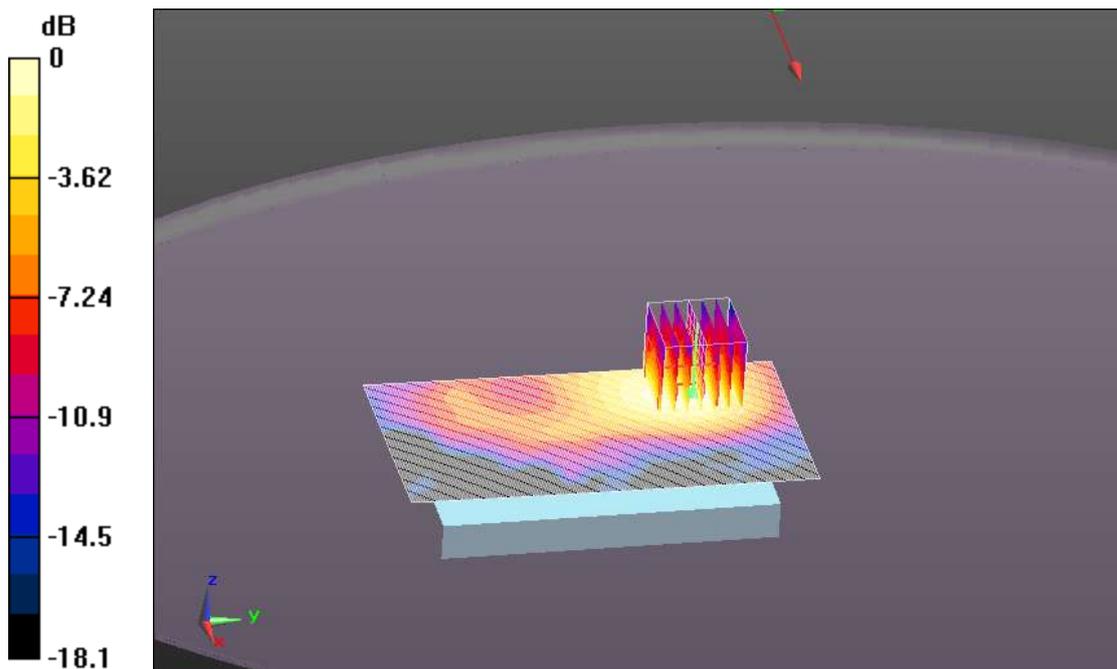
BODY/toward phantom mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.715 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.061 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.038 mW/g



0 dB = 0.038mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps toward ground mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 11:51:31 AM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/toward ground mid/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.037 mW/g

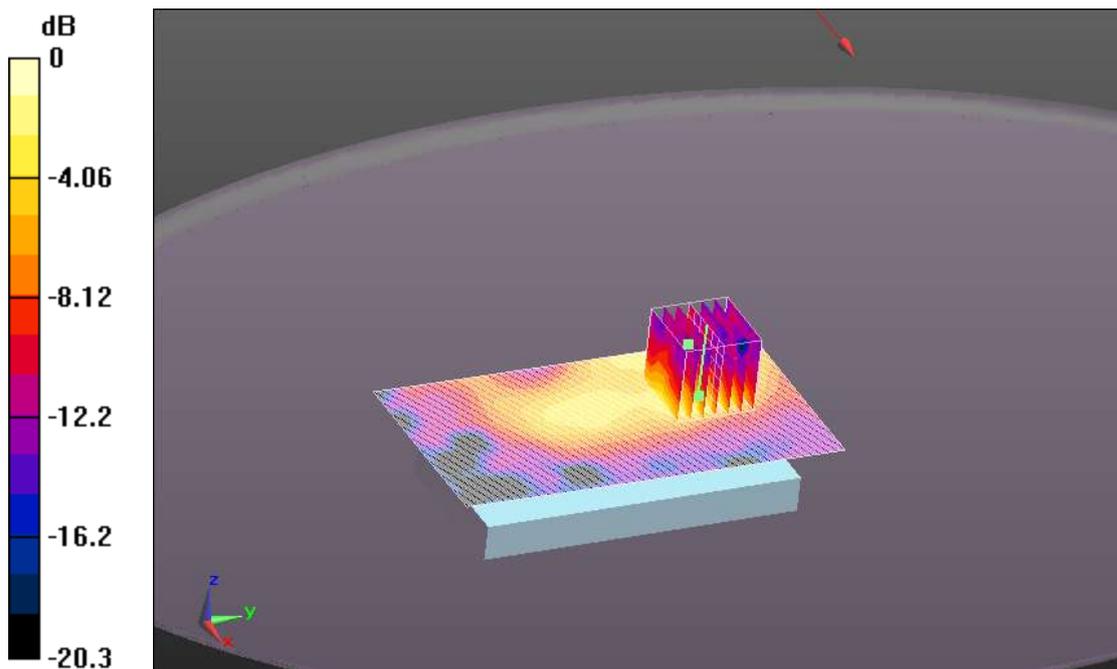
BODY/toward ground mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.187 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.084 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.038 mW/g



0 dB = 0.038mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps top mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 1:34:03 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45 GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/top mid/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR = 0.025 mW/g

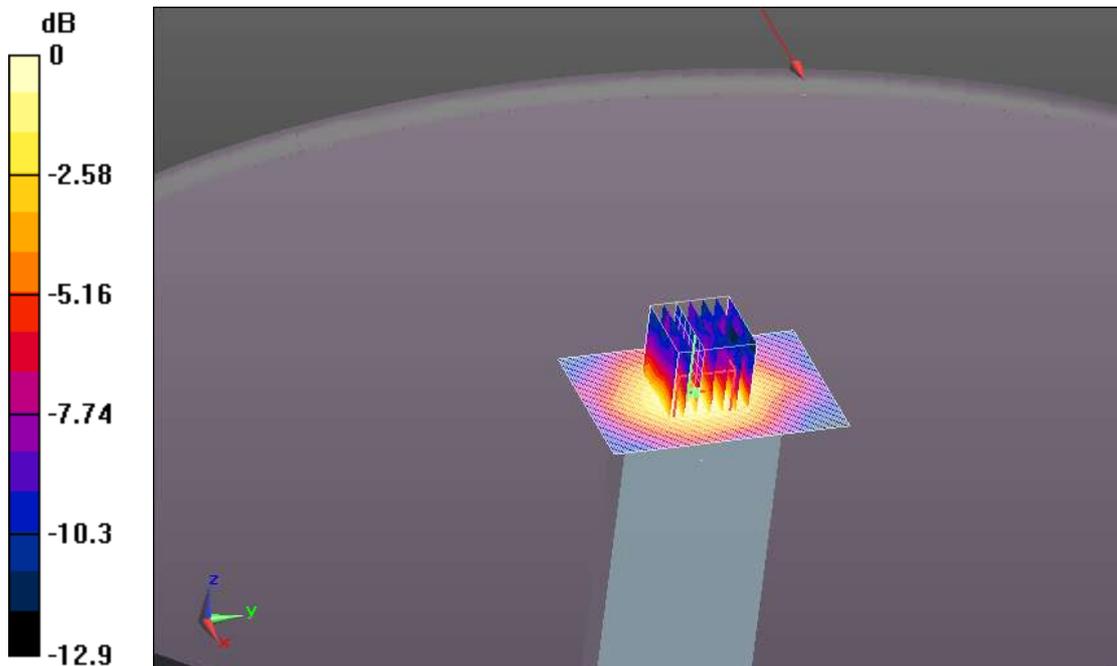
BODY/top mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.296 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g



0 dB = 0.025mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left side mid

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 12:56:36 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/left side mid/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.051 mW/g

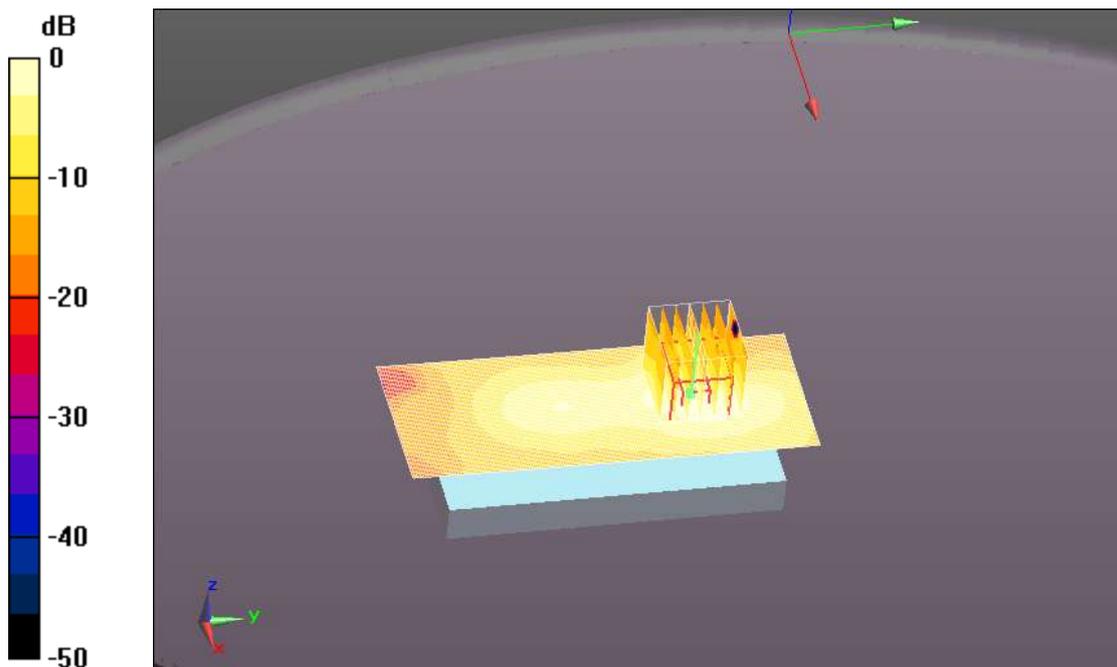
BODY/left side mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.088 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.043 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.049 mW/g



0 dB = 0.049mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left side low

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 2:40:29 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/left side low/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.037 mW/g

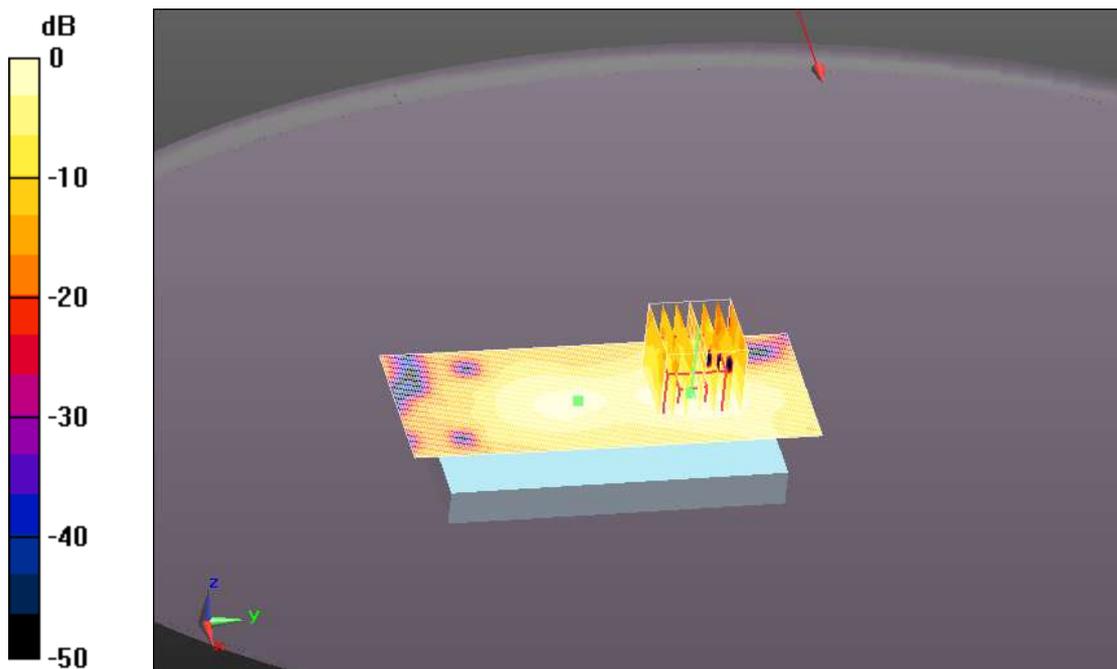
BODY/left side low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



0 dB = 0.036mW/g

WIFI 802.11b Data Rate: 1 Mbps left side high/

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 3:11:08 PM

Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASYS5, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/left side high/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.089 mW/g

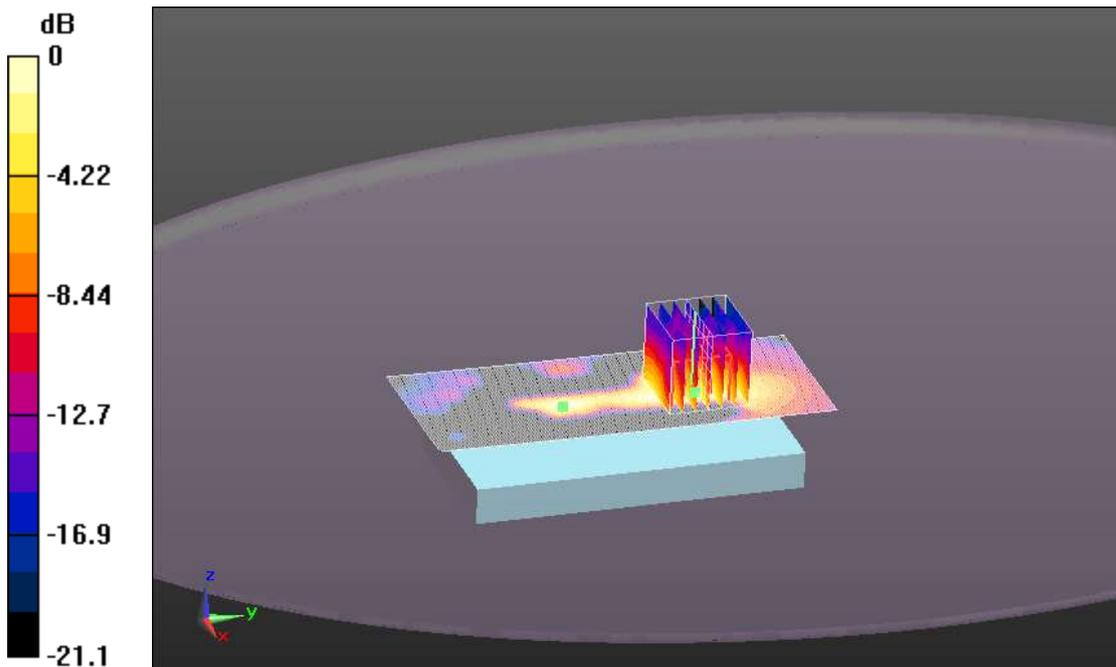
BODY/left side high/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.409 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.113 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.062 mW/g



0 dB = 0.062mW/g

WIFI 802.11g Data Rate: 6 Mbps left side high

Date/Time: 10/11/2011 3:43:20 PM,
 Communication System: 802.11b/g wifi 2.45GHz; Communication System Band: 2400-2483.5; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 11.132 dB
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section
 Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)
 DASYS5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3071; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 6/22/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 6/13/2011
- Phantom: ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1086
- Measurement SW: DASYS52, V52.2 Build 0; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2Version 14.2.2 (1685) (Deployment Build)

BODY/left side high g/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.052 mW/g

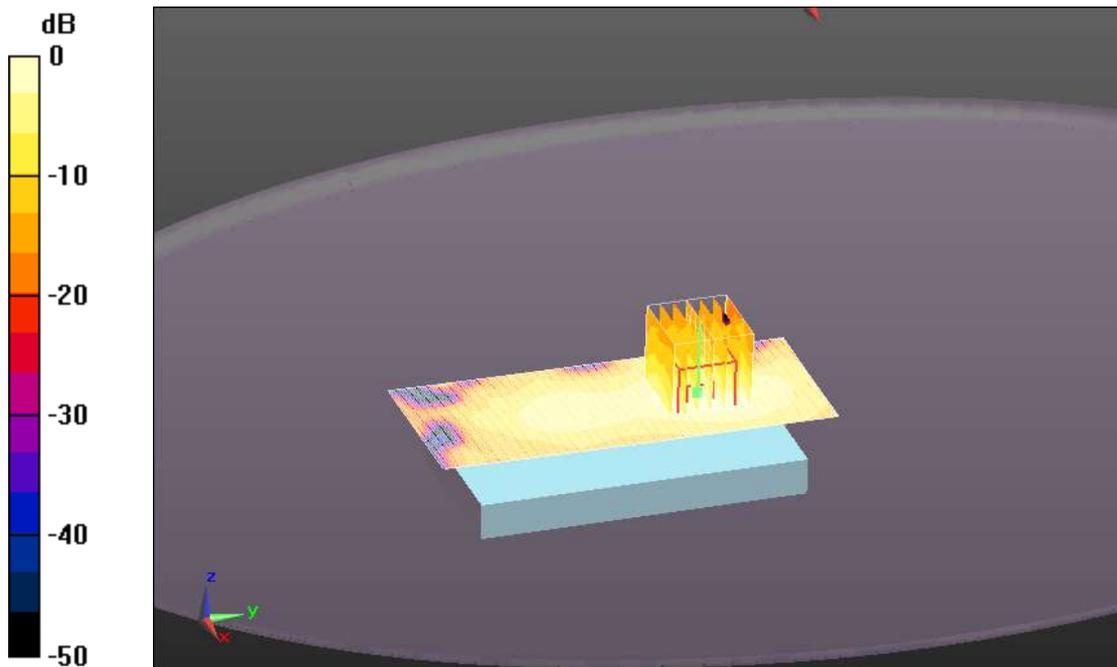
BODY/left side high g/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.085 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.043 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.051 mW/g



0 dB = 0.051mW/g

ANNEX G: Probe Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No. **ES3-3071_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ES3DV3 - SN: 3071**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA-CAL-01.v8; QA-CAL-23.v4; QA-CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **June 22, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013 Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654 May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Ueton Kastrali	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- **DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- **A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

ES3DV3 – SN:3071

June 22, 2011

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3071

Manufactured: December 14, 2004
Calibrated: June 22, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ES3DV3- SN:3071

June 22, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.12	1.21	0.96	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	101.2	101.2	97.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	102.4	$\pm 3.0 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.9	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	130.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.00	6.00	6.00	0.90	1.10	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	5.78	5.78	5.78	0.90	1.10	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	5.67	5.67	5.67	0.90	1.10	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.83	1.23	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.90	1.15	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.86	1.19	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.89	1.14	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.74	1.29	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3- SN:3071

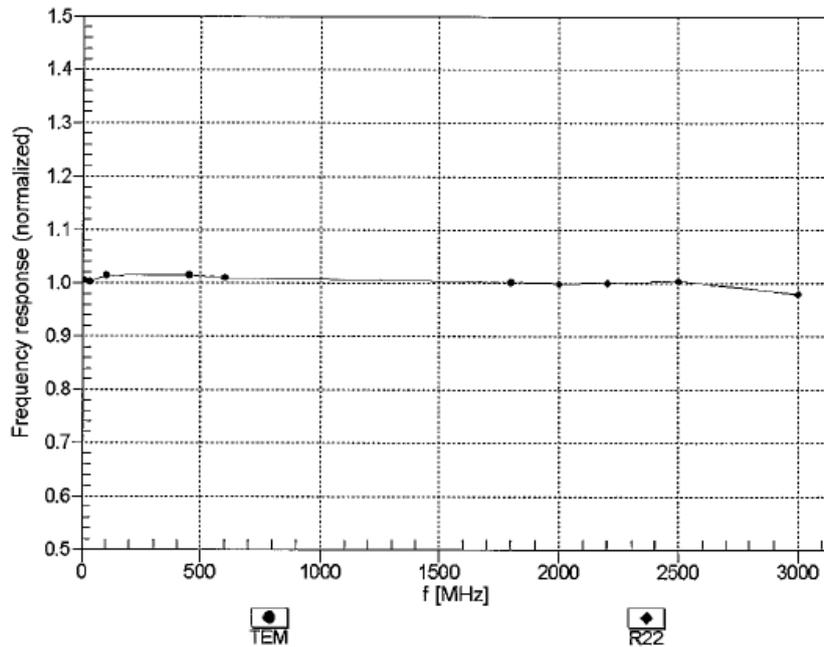
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	5.78	5.78	5.78	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	5.68	5.68	5.68	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	5.63	5.63	5.63	0.90	1.10	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.22	5.22	5.22	1.00	1.21	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.72	1.43	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.72	1.37	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.74	1.30	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	3.89	3.89	3.89	0.75	1.22	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

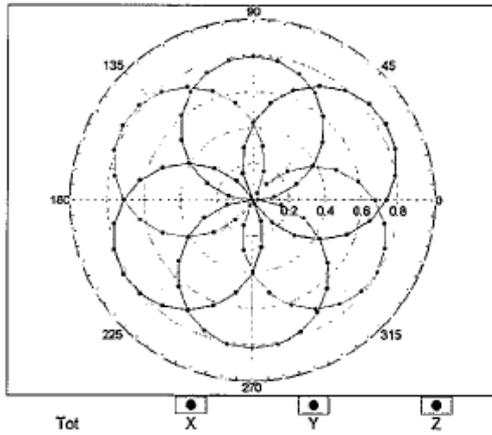
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



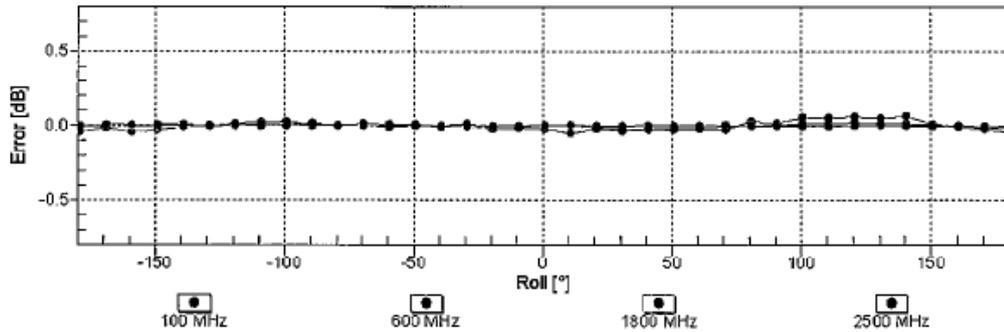
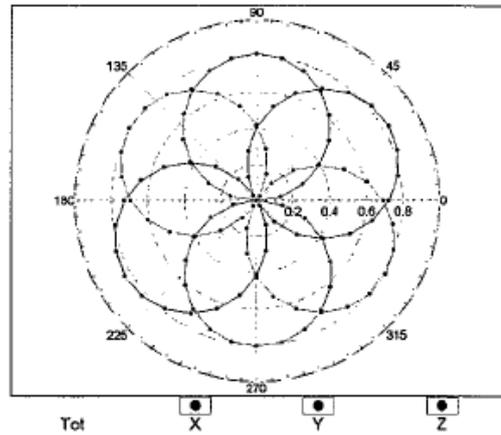
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

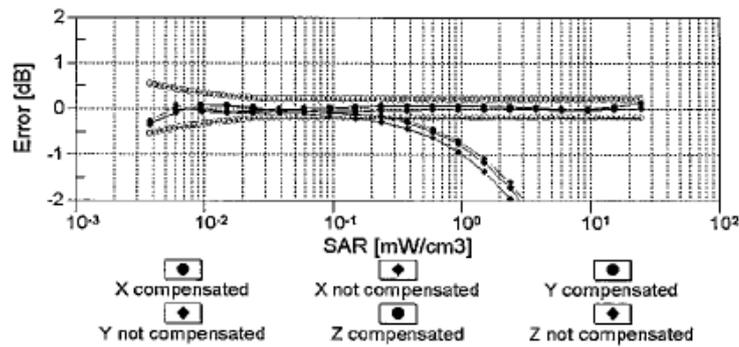
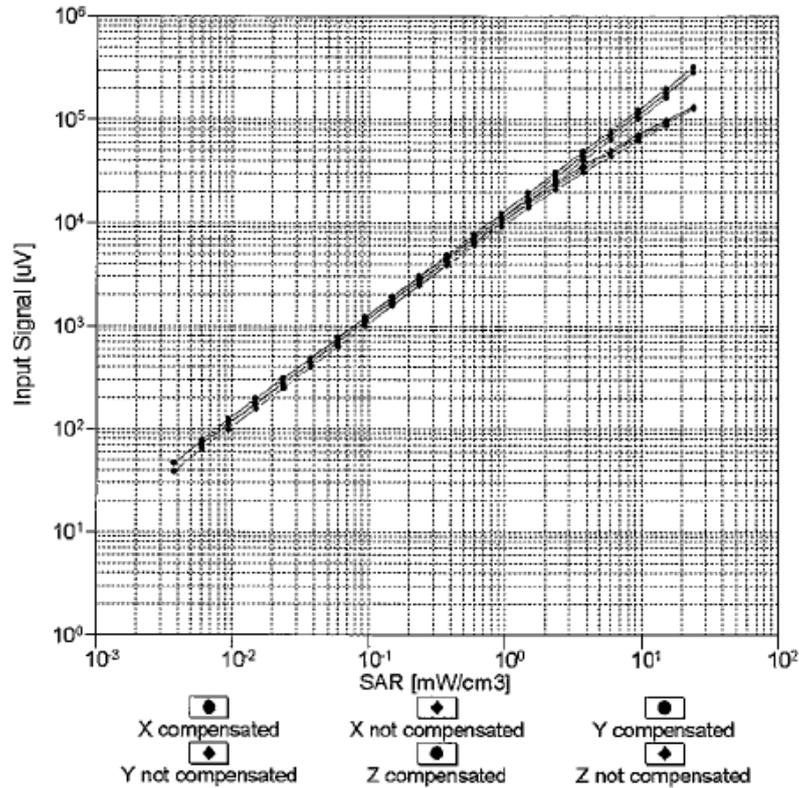


f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

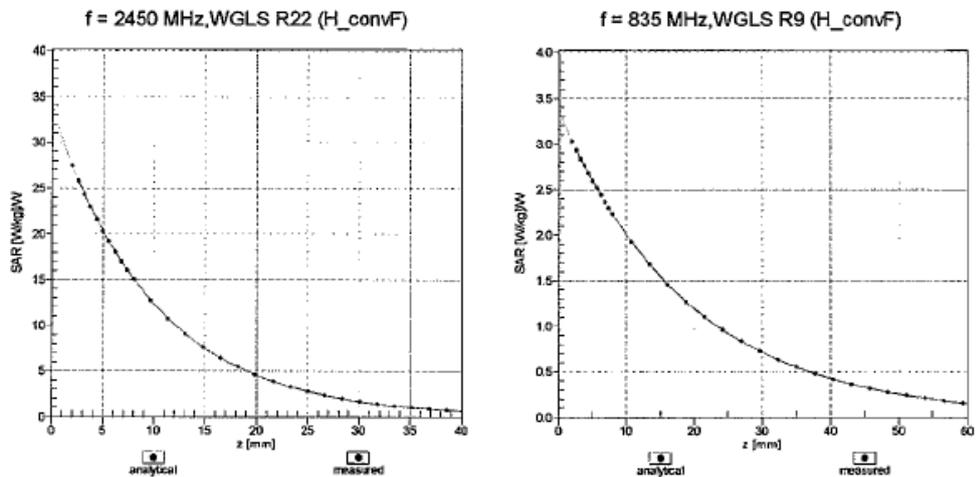


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

ES3DV3- SN:3071

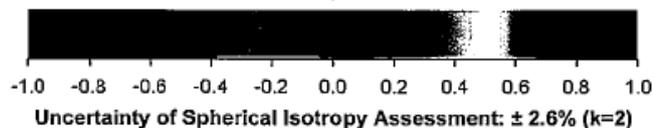
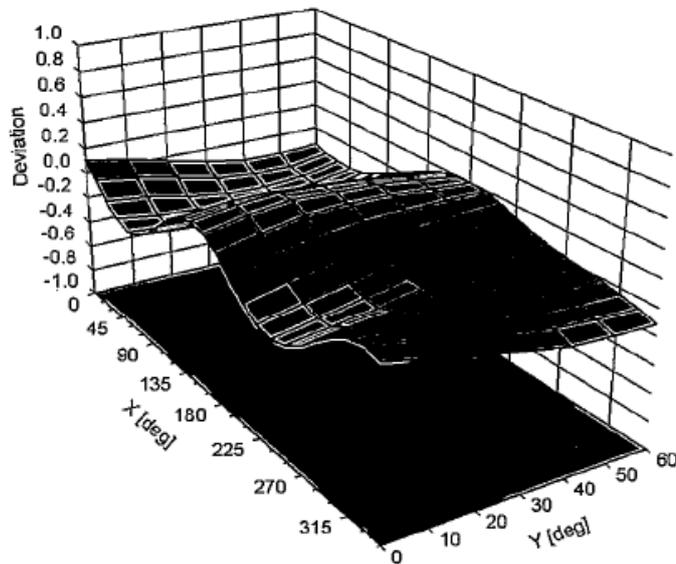
June 22, 2011

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

ANNEX H:DAE4 Calibration Certificate

工业和信息化部通信计量中心
Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

Add: No.52 Huanyuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793
 E-mail: Info@emcicte.com Http://www.emcicte.com

校 准
 CNAS L0442

Client **Tejet** Certificate No: **DAE4-1226_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **DAE4 - SN: 1226**

Calibration Procedure(s): **TMC-XZ-01-029
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **June 13, 2011**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Multimeter 3458A	MY45041463	12-Nov-10 (TMC, No: DLsc2010-1115)	Nov-11
DC POWER SUPPLY 66321D	MY43001657	12-Nov-10 (TMC, No: JZ10-290)	Nov-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box	/	18-Jun-10 (TMC, in house check)	In house check Jun-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: June 13, 2011

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Certificate No: DAE4-1226_Jun11
Page 1 of 5

Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304793
E-mail: info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage.
- Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.837 \pm 0.1% (k=2)	405.272 \pm 0.1% (k=2)	405.326 \pm 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99601 \pm 0.7% (k=2)	4.01768 \pm 0.7% (k=2)	4.02083 \pm 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	112.5 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$
---	-------------------------------------

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Input (μ V)	Reading (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20003.91	0.03
Channel X - Input	20000	-20002.26	0.01
Channel Y + Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20004.30	0.02
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20001.84	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200000	200000.6	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20002.05	0.01
Channel Z - Input	20000	-20003.32	0.02

Low Range	Input (μ V)	Reading (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	199.61	-0.19
Channel X - Input	200	-200.68	0.36
Channel Y + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.40	-0.29
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.46	0.23
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.33	-0.34
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.29	0.66

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μ V)	Low Range Average Reading (μ V)
Channel X	200	3.40	3.47
	- 200	-2.47	-3.10
Channel Y	200	0.15	-0.51
	- 200	-0.60	-1.12
Channel Z	200	-9.89	-10.17
	- 200	7.71	8.15

Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
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3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μ V)	Channel Y (μ V)	Channel Z (μ V)
Channel X	200	-	2.59	-0.31
Channel Y	200	0.57	-	2.47
Channel Z	200	-1.89	0.23	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16128	16441
Channel Y	15957	16202
Channel Z	15979	16032

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation(μ V)
Channel X	0.57	-1.05	2.02	0.41
Channel Y	-1.02	-1.96	-0.02	0.39
Channel Z	1.15	-0.07	1.94	0.34

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input Circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	200.0
Channel Y	0.2000	200.0
Channel Z	0.2000	200.0

ANNEX I: D1950V3 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Tejet (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1950V3-1139_Jun11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D1950V3 - SN1139

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: June 17, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 17, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
 Schmid & Partner
 Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1950 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	39.9 \pm 6 %	1.34 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.0 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.27 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	53.1 \pm 6 %	1.49 mho/m \pm 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.75 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.14 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω - 3.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 30.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω - 3.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 04, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1950 MHz; Type: D1950V3; Serial: D1950V3 - SN1139

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1950 MHz

Medium: HSL BBI.9

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

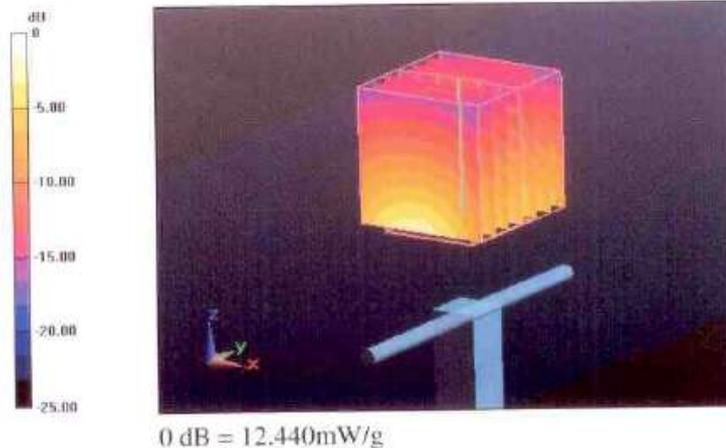
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.975 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

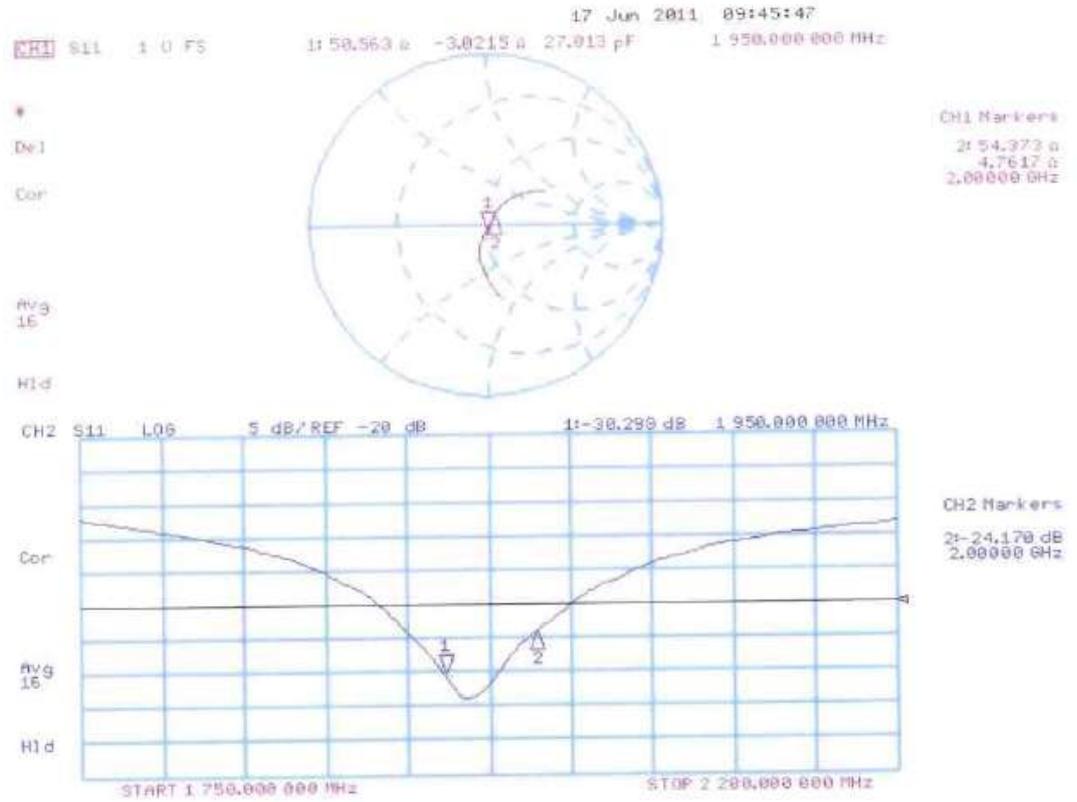
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.741 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.442 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 17.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1950 MHz; Type: D1950V3; Serial: D1950V3 - SN1139

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1950 MHz

Medium: MSL BB1.9

Medium parameters used; $f = 1950$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

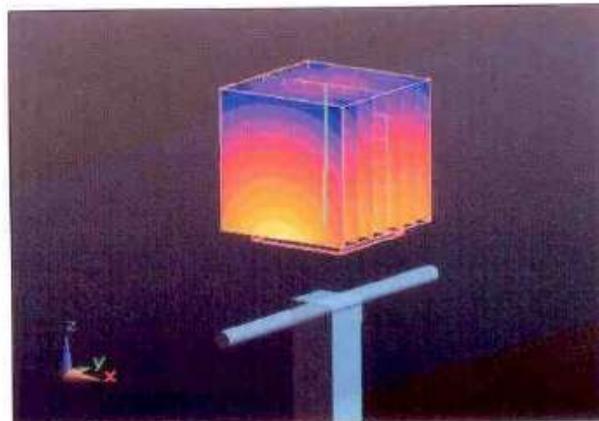
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.484 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.095 W/kg

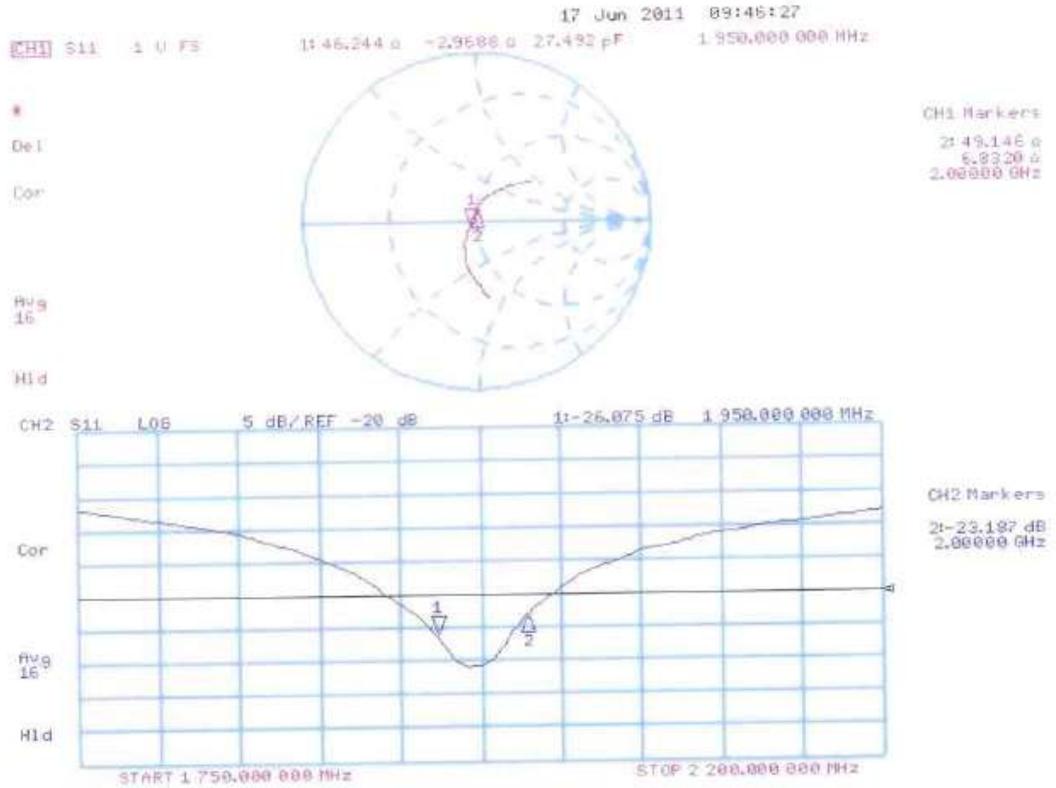
SAR(1 g) = 9.75 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.262 mW/g



0 dB = 12.260mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX J: D2450V2 Calibration Certificate

工业和信息化部通信计量中心
Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

TMC

校准
CNAS L0442

Client **Tejet**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-845_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 845
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-XZ-01-027 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	June 14, 2011
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	SN.	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	11-Sep-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-443)	Sep-11
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100542	11-Sep-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-443)	Sep-11
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	09-Jul-10 (SPEAG, No. EX3-3617_Jul10)	Jul-11
DAE4	SN 771	21-Nov-10 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-771_Nov10)	Nov-11
RF generator E4438C	MY49070393	13-Nov-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-394)	Nov-11
Network Analyzer 8753E	US38433212	28-Aug-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-056)	Aug-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: July 5, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2450V2-845_Jun11

Page 1 of 9

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	2mm Oval Phantom ELI4	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.9 ± 6 %	1.87mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.1 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	52.8 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6%	1.94mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	51.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.14 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	24.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 1.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 3.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.5dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	3.004 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 14:29:40

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 845

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 09.07.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELL4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

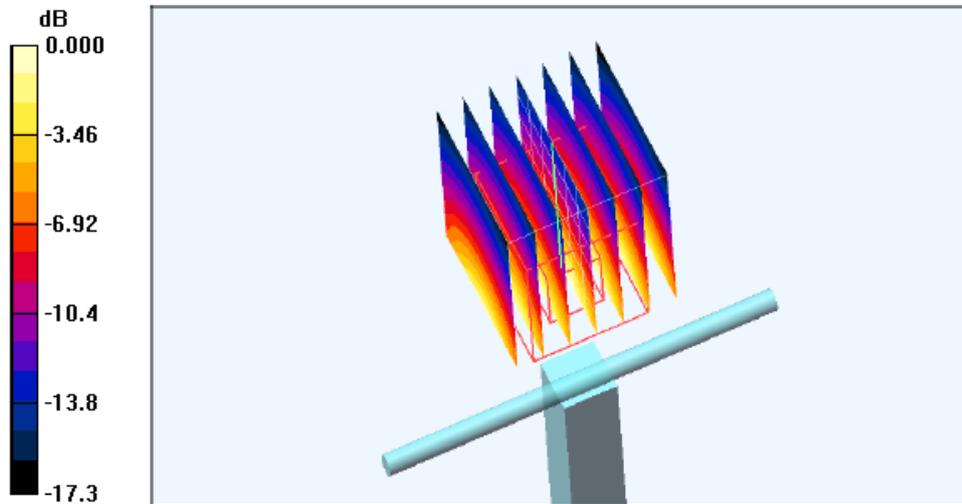
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

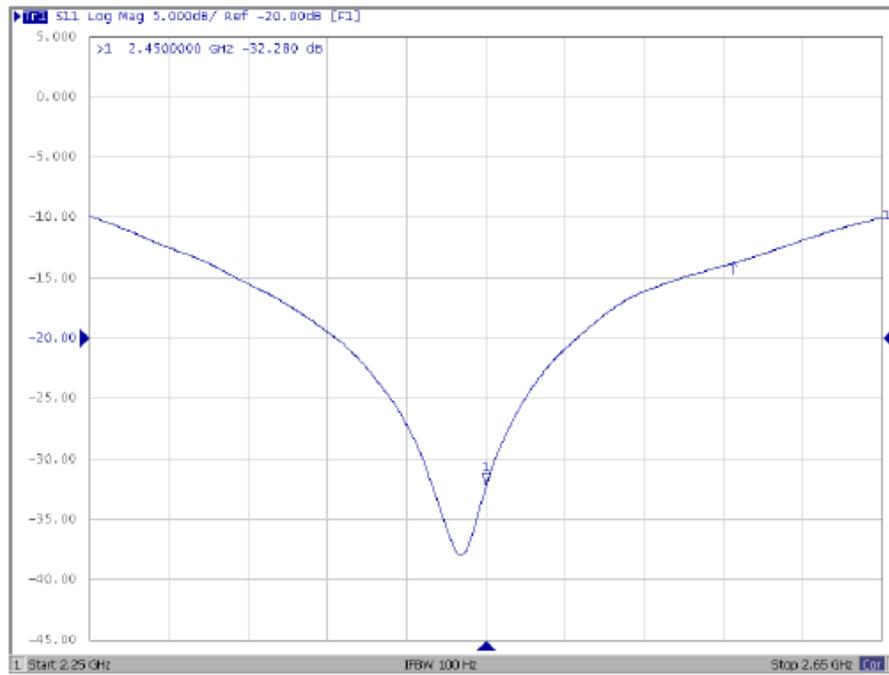
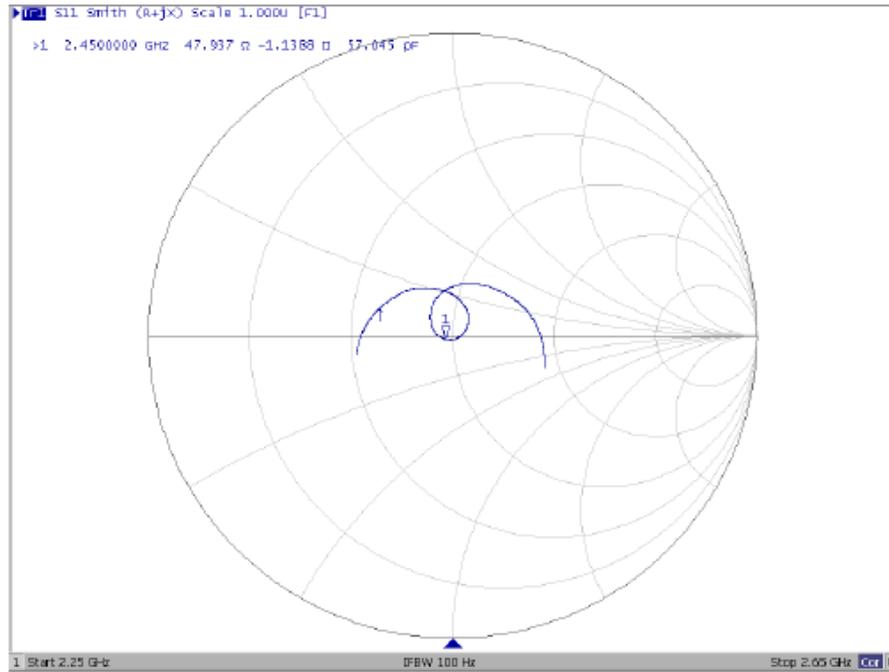
SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 mW/g



0 dB = 16.0mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 13:50:27

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 845

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.0$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(6.88, 6.88, 6.88); Calibrated: 09.07.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

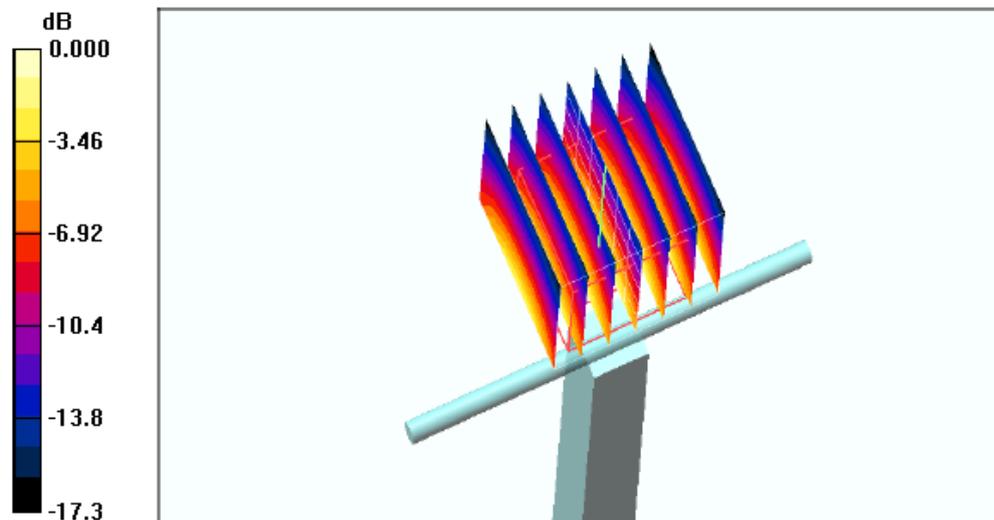
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.8 W/kg

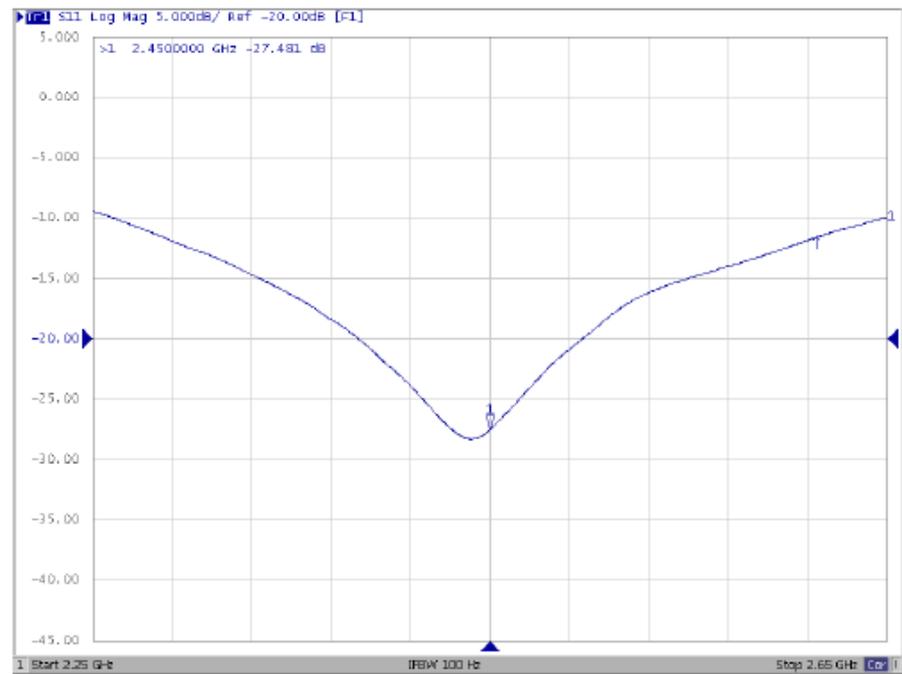
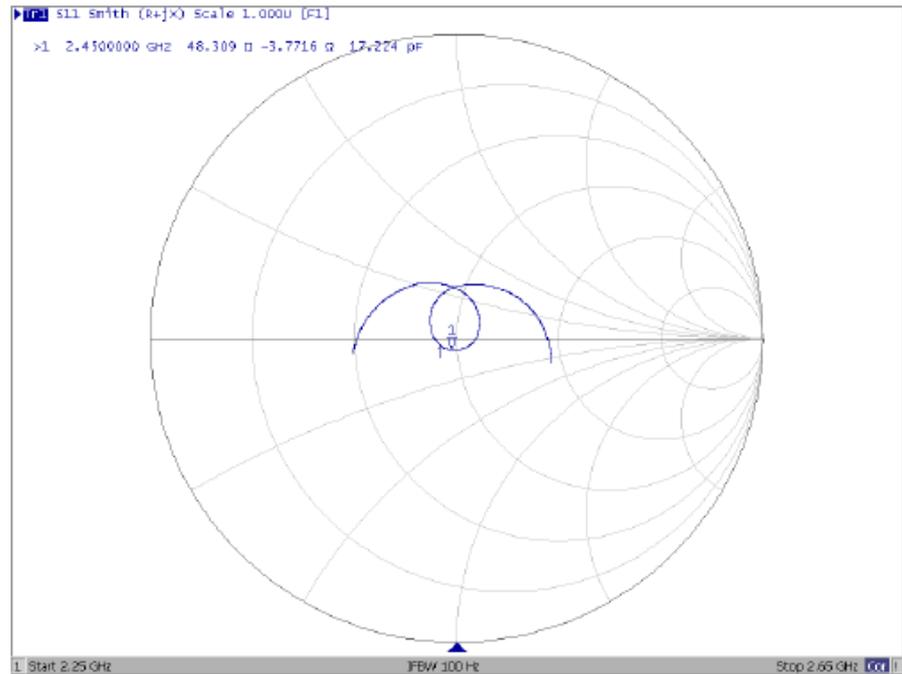
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g



0 dB = 15.7mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX K: D835V2 Calibration Certificate

校准
CNAS L0442

工业和信息化部通信计量中心
Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

Client **Tejet** Certificate No: **D835V2-4d100_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d100		
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-XZ-01-027 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	June 14, 2011		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	101253	03-Sep-10 (TMC, No.JZ10-248)	Sep-11
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100333	03-Sep-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-248)	Sep-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN 3149	25-Sep-10(SPEAG No.ES3-3149_Sep10)	Sep-11
DAE4	SN 771	21-Nov-10(SPEAG No.DAE4-771_Nov10)	Nov-11
RF generator E4438C	MY45092879	17-Jun-10(TMC, No.JZ10-302)	Jun-11
Network Analyzer 8753E	US38433212	28-Aug-10(TMC, No.JZ10-056)	Aug-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: July 5, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d100_Jun11

Page 1 of 9

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	2mm Oval Phantom ELI4	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	41.4 \pm 6 %	0.89mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.7 \pm 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.48 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	9.53 mW /g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.12 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	6.14 mW /g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d). chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6%	1.00mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.45 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.80 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	9.47 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.36 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	6.21 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.8 Ω + 0.22 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.8dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.9 Ω + 3.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.9dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	2.983 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 9, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 8:57:36

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN: 4d100

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 25.09.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

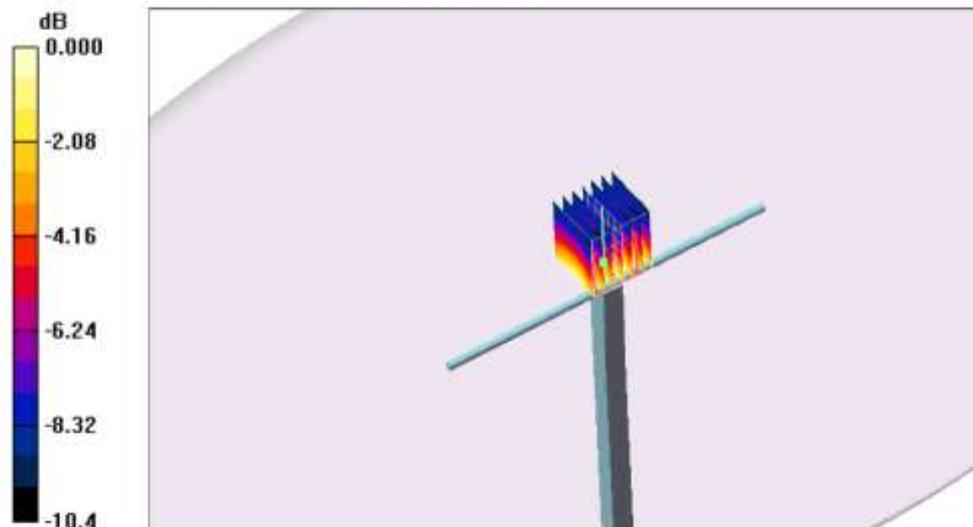
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

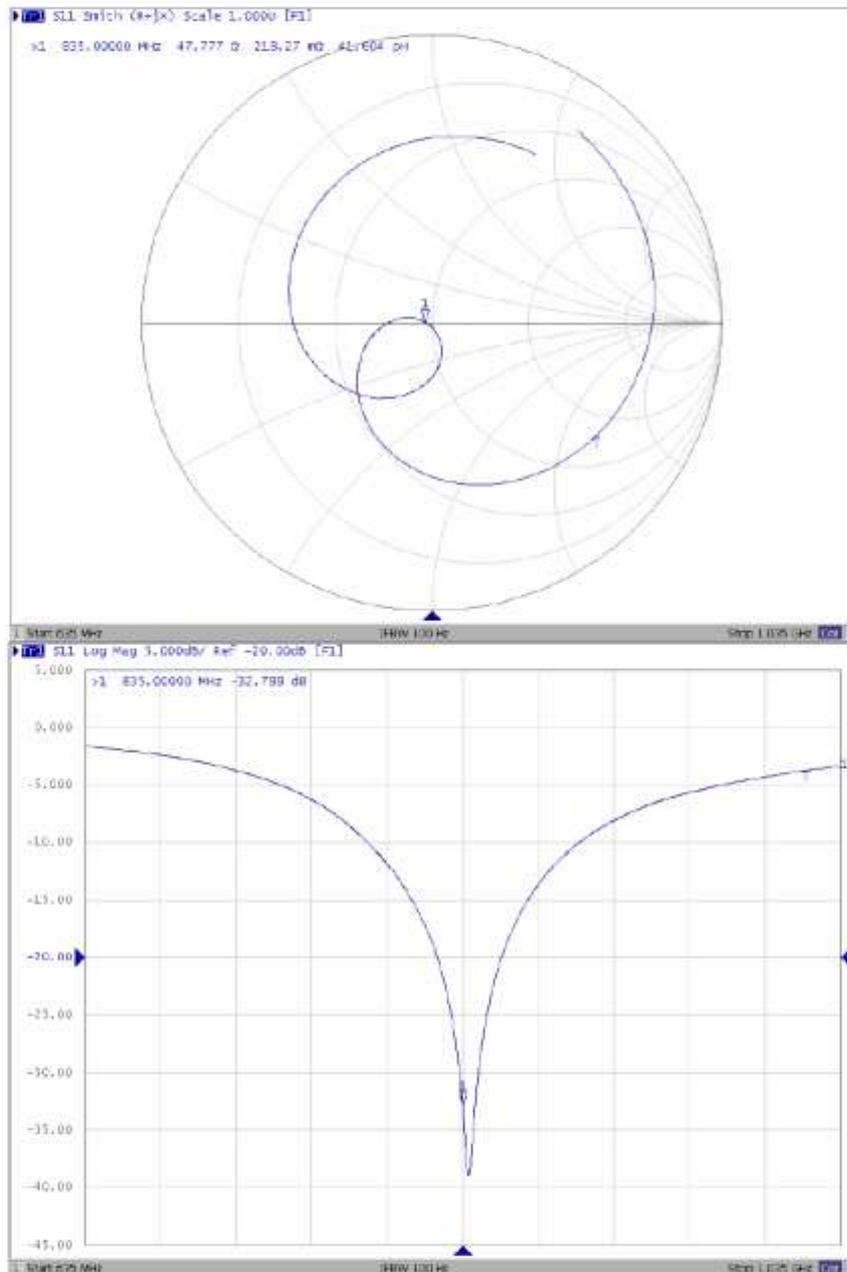
SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 mW/g



0 dB = 2.54mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 2011-6-14 9:52:23

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN: 4d100

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.00$ mho/m; $\epsilon_s = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 25.09.10
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 21.11.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

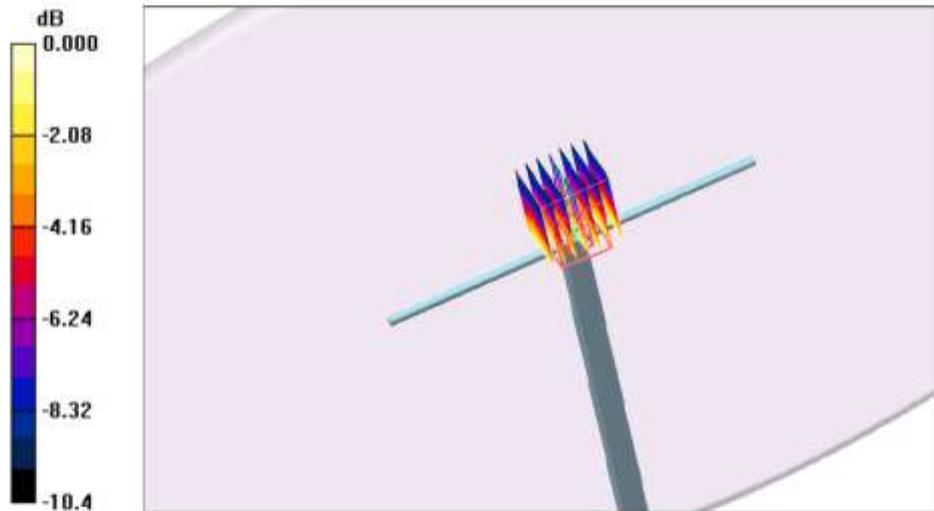
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

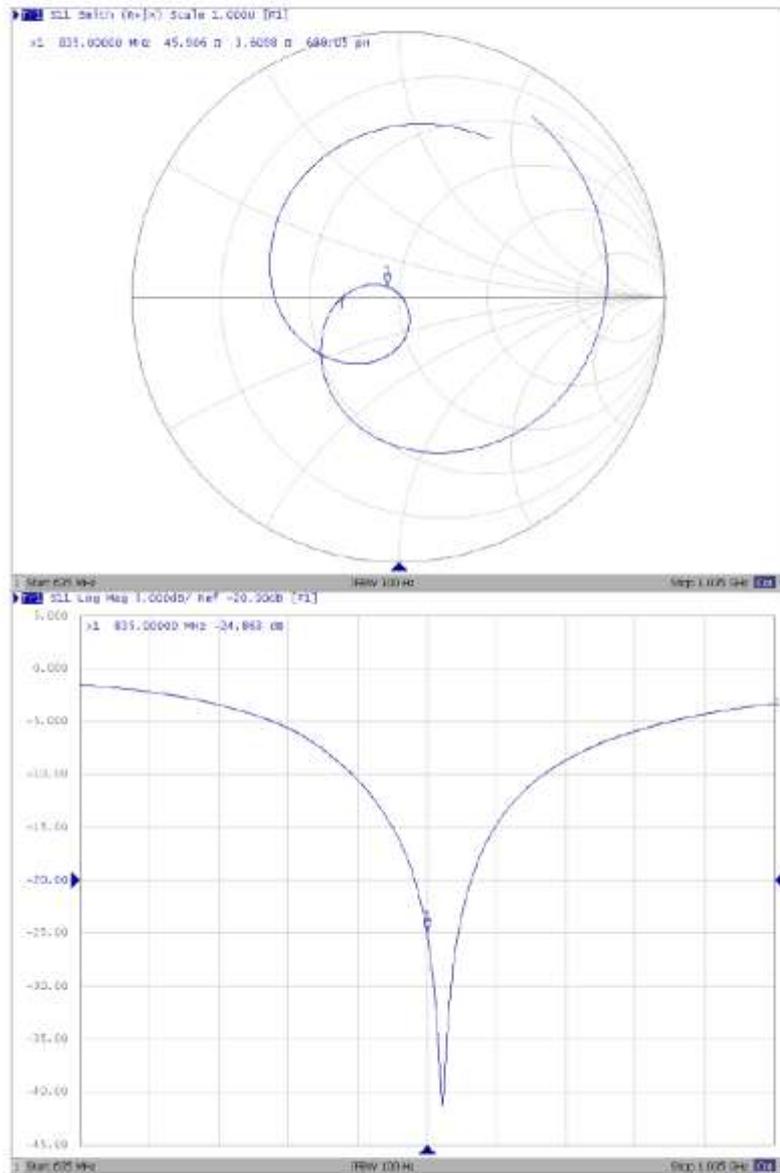
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX L:Change History

Version	Change Contents	Author	Date
V1.0	First edition	Yin xiaoming	2011-10-18
V2.0	Page 7, add HSDPA UE Category. Page 26 ,add KDB648474,248227, 941225	Yin xiaoming	2011-11-14
V3.0	Add testing of other sides (bottom, left side and right side) within 25 mm from that surface to edge of each band.	Yin xiaoming	2011-11-25

-----END OF REPORT-----