



# **TEST REPORT**

No. 2012TAR116

for

### **ZTE CORPORATION**

**ZTE-C Q210 CDMA 1X Digital Mobile Phone** 

Model Name: ZTE-C Q210

FCC ID: Q78-ZTECQ210

with

Hardware Version: cw8C

Software Version: VE\_Q210\_NBTL25FV1.0.0B02

Issued Date: Mar 09, 2012

### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TMC Beijing.

### **Test Laboratory:**

DAR accreditation (DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025): No. DGA-PL-114/01-02

FCC 2.948 Listed: No.733176 IC O.A.T.S listed: No.6629A-1

TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of Ministry of Industry and Information Technology 3/F Shou Xiang Technology Building, No.51 Xueyuan Road, Hai Dian District, Beijing, P. R. China,100191. Tel:+86(0)10-62304633-2604, Fax:+86(0)10-62304793, Email:welcome@emcite.com, web: <a href="https://www.emcite.com">www.emcite.com</a>



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# 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Testing Location

Company Name: TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

Address: 3/F Shou Xiang Technology Building, No.51 Xueyuan Road, Hai

Dian District, Beijing, P. R. China

Postal Code: 100191

Telephone: 00861062304633 Fax: 00861062304793

# 1.2. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature:  $15-35^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity: 20-75%

### 1.3. Project data

Testing Start Date: Mar 01, 2012
Testing End Date: Mar 09, 2012

### 1.4. Signature

登晚刚

Zi Xiaogang

(Prepared this test report)

Sun Xiangqian

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

路城村

**Deputy Director of the laboratory** 

(Approved this test report)



# 2. Client Information

# 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: ZTE Corporation

Address / Post: #55 Keji SouthRoad, Shenzhen, P.R. China

City: Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518057
Country: China

Telephone: +86-21-68897541 Fax: +86-21-50801070

# 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: ZTE Corporation

Address / Post: #55 Keji SouthRoad, Shenzhen, P.R. China

City: Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518057
Country: China

Telephone: +86-21-68897541 Fax: +86-21-50801070



# 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

### 3.1. About EUT

Description ZTE-C Q210 CDMA 1X Digital Mobile Phone

Model Name ZTE-C Q210
FCC ID Q78-ZTECQ210
Frequency CDMA800

Frequency CDMA800 Antenna Internal

Power supply Battery or Charger (AC Adaptor)

Output power 26.54 dBm maximum ERP measured for CDMA800

Extreme vol. Limits 3.5VDC to 4.2VDC (nominal: 3.7VDC)

Extreme temp. Tolerance -30°C to +50°C

Note:Components list, please refer to documents of the manufacturer; it is also included in the original test record of Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT of People's Republic of China.

### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID* SN or MEID	HW Version	SW Version	
N03 A0000032998966	cw8C	VE_Q210_NBTL25FV1.0.	0B02
N05 A000003299896E	cw8C	VE_Q210_NBTL25FV1.0.	0B02

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	
AE1	Battery	/
AE2	Charger	

AE1

Model Li3708T42P3h453756

Manufacturer ZTE
Capacitance 800mAh
Nominal Voltage 3.7V

AE2

Model STC-A22O50I700USBA-Z

Manufacturer RUIDE Length of DC line 120cm

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.



# 3.4. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of ZTE-C Q210 CDMA 1X Digital Mobile Phone with integrated antenna. It consists of normal options: lithium battery, charger. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfil the test. Samples undergoing test were selected by the Client.



# 4. Reference Documents

# 4.1. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part 22 ANSI/TIA-603-C	PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES  Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment	V 10.1.09 2004
71110171171 000 0	Measurement and Performance Standards	2004
ANSI C63.4	Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the	2009
	Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	



# 5. LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

**Semi-anechoic chamber** (23 meters × 17meters × 10meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

_ 3	
Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 kΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Normalised site attenuation (NSA)	< ±3.2 dB, 10 m distance, from 30 to 1000 MHz
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80 to 2000 MHz

**Control room** did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. =30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 kΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Conducted chamber did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 kΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

**Fully-anechoic chamber** (6.8 meters × 3.08 meters × 3.53 meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 kΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80 to 2000 MHz



# 6. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Items	List	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Output Power	22.913(a)/24.232(c)	Р
2	Emission Limit	2.1051/22.917/24.238	Р
3	Conducted Emission	15.107/207	Р
4	Frequency Stability	2.1055/24.235	Р
5	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049(h)(i)	Р
6	Emission Bandwidth	22.917(b)/24.238(b)	Р
7	Band Edge Compliance	22.917(b)/24.238(b)	Р
8	Conducted Spurious Emission	2.1057/22.917/24.238	Р



# 7. Test Equipments Utilized

NO.	NAME	TYPE	SERIES NUMBER	PRODUCER	CAL DUE DATE
1	Test Receiver	ESCI	100766	R&S	2012-06-06
2	Test Receiver	ESI40	831564/002	R&S	2012-07-12
3	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-175	Schwarzbeck	2012-07-05
4	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-302	Schwarzbeck	2012-07-10
5	Signal Generator	SMB100A	102063	R&S	2012-07-05
7	LISN	ESH2-Z5	829991/012	R&S	2012-07-20
8	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU26	200030	R&S	2012-03-18
9	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU46	100054	R&S	2012-09-14
10	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	100680	R&S	2012-02-23
11	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	109914	R&S	2012-07-21
12	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3117	00119024	ETS	2012-08-31
13	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3117	00119021	ETS	2013-07-09
14	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3116	2663	EMCO	2012-07-01
15	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3116	2661	EMCO	2012-07-01
16	Climatic chamber	PL-2G	343074	ESPEC	2012-02-15



# **ANNEX A: MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

# <u>A.1 OUTPUT POWER</u> (§22.913(a)/§24.232(b))

### A.1.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication tester (CMU-200) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

This result contains peak output power and EIRP measurements for the EUT. In all cases, output power is within the specified limits.

### A.1.2 Conducted

#### A.1.2.1 Method of Measurements

The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation.

The power was measured with Rhode & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSU (peak)

These measurements were done at 3 frequencies of CDMA 800(bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

#### **CDMA 800**

#### Measurement result

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Channel power(dBm)
1013	824.70	24.43
384	836.52	24.25
777	848.31	24.21



#### A.1.3 Radiated

### A.1.3.1 Description

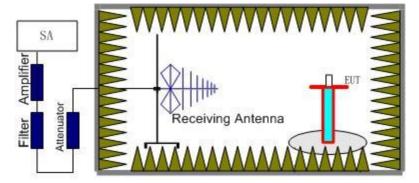
This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT.

Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies "The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

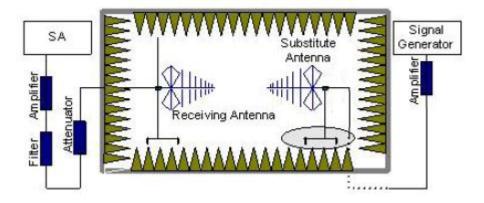
#### A.1.3.2 Method of Measurement

The measurements procedures in TIA-603C-2004 are used.

1. EUT was placed on a 1.5 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in three channels (High, Middle, Low) were measured with peak detector.



- 2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
- 3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{\text{Mea}}$ ) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the



receiver reach the previously recorded  $(P_r)$ . The power of signal source  $(P_{Mea})$  is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

4. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna.

The cable loss  $(P_{cl})$ , the Substitution Antenna Gain  $(G_a)$  and the Amplifier Gain  $(P_{Ag})$  should be recorded after test.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)= $P_{Mea}$ +  $P_{Ag}$  +  $P_{cl}$  +  $G_a$ 

- 5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.



### CDMA 800 -ERP

### Limits

	Burst Peak ERP (dBm)
CDMA800	≤38.45dBm (7W)

### **Measurement result**

Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	Correction (dBm)	Peak ERP(dBm)	Polarization
824.70	-21.52	2.26	-53.00	0.84	2.15	26.23	V
836.52	-21.15	2.26	-53.00	0.90	2.15	26.54	V
848.31	-22.18	2.28	-53.00	0.95	2.15	25.44	V

Frequency: 836.52MHz

 $\label{eq:Peak_ERP(dBm)=P_Mea} P_{\text{Mea}}(-21.15 \text{dBm}) - P_{\text{cl}}(2.26 \text{dB}) - P_{\text{Ag}}(-53.00 \text{dB}) - G_{\text{a}} \ (0.90 \text{dB}) - 2.15 \text{dBm} = 26.54 \text{dBm}$ 

ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = VBW = 3MHz



# <u>A.2 EMISSION LIMT</u> (§2.1051/§24.238/§22.917)

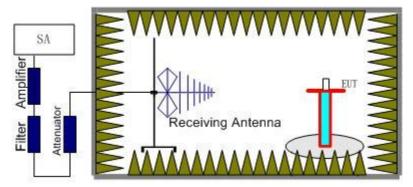
### A.2.1 Measurement Method

The measurement procedures in TIA-603C-2004 are used.

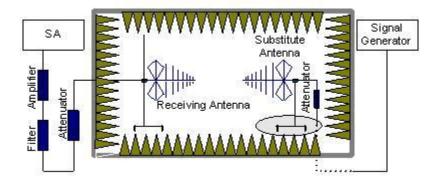
The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum is scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of CDMA800.

### The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

1. EUT was placed on a 1.5 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector.



- 2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
- 3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power  $(P_{Mea})$  is applied to the input of the



substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded ( $P_r$ ). The power of signal source ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

4. The Path loss (P<sub>pl</sub>) between the Signal Source with the Substitution Antenna and the Substitution Antenna Gain (G<sub>a</sub>) should be recorded after test.

A amplifier should be connected in for the test.

The Path loss (Ppl) is the summation of the cable loss and the gain of the amplifier.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)= $P_{Mea}+P_{pl}+G_a$ 

- 5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.



#### A.2.2 Measurement Limit

Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

#### A.2.3 Measurement Results

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of CDMA800. It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of CDMA800 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.



### A.2.4 Measurement Results Table

Frequency	Channel	Frequency Range	Result
CDMA800	Low	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
	Middle	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
	High	30MHz-10GHz	Pass

# A.2.5 Sweep Table

Working Frequency	Subrange (GHz)	RBW	VBW	Sweep time (s)
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1-2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
CDMA800	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~10	1 MHz	3 MHz	3



### CDMA 800 Channel 1013/824.7MHz

Fragues (MHz)	D (dDm)	Path	Antenna	Correction	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Loss	Gain	(dBm)	ERP(dBm)	(dBm)	
1649.26	-53.70	3.57	-5.44	2.15	-53.98	-13.00	Н
2492.97	-58.16	4.26	-5.38	2.15	-59.19	-13.00	V
3878.36	-69.10	5.66	-8.35	2.15	-68.56	-13.00	V
5181.84	-67.97	7.42	-9.81	2.15	-67.73	-13.00	V
6664.09	-66.78	7.36	-10.76	2.15	-65.53	-13.00	Н
8562.44	-66.45	7.72	-12.25	2.15	-64.07	-13.00	V

### CDMA 800 Channel 384/836.52MHz

Fragues av (MILIT)	D (dDm)	Path	Antenna	Correction	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Loss	Gain	(dBm)	ERP(dBm)	(dBm)	
1673.30	-54.66	3.46	-5.34	2.15	-54.93	-13.00	V
2321.00	-60.18	4.12	-4.86	2.15	-61.59	-13.00	V
3239.78	-75.86	5.02	-7.28	2.15	-75.75	-13.00	V
4389.85	-68.50	6.34	-8.73	2.15	-68.26	-13.00	V
6402.82	-66.56	8.25	-10.52	2.15	-66.44	-13.00	Н
8857.69	-70.55	7.99	-12.49	2.15	-68.20	-13.00	Н

### CDMA 800 Channel 777/848.31MHz

Fraguerov(MHz)	D (dDm)	Path	Antenna	Correction	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Loss	Gain	(dBm)	ERP(dBm)	(dBm)	
1696.95	-52.21	3.62	-5.23	2.15	-52.75	-13.00	V
3208.06	-66.25	5.07	-7.20	2.15	-66.27	-13.00	Н
4095.60	-67.03	6.20	-8.56	2.15	-66.82	-13.00	Н
5274.14	-67.14	7.52	-9.86	2.15	-66.95	-13.00	V
6549.68	-67.40	7.40	-10.65	2.15	-66.30	-13.00	Н
9083.24	-66.13	8.04	-12.60	2.15	-63.72	-13.00	V



# A.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION (§15.107§15.207)

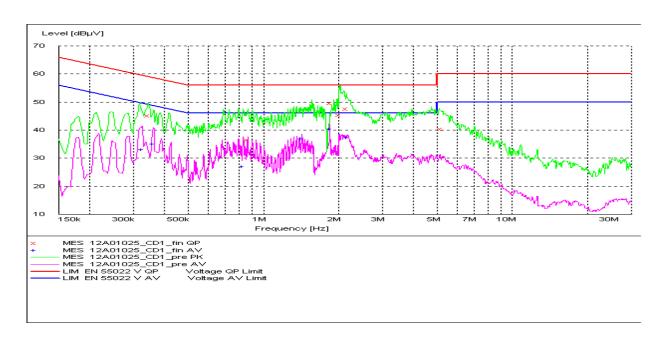
The measurement procedure in ANSI C63.4-1003 is used. Conducted Emission is measured with travel charger.

### A.3.1 Limit

Fraguency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Quasi -Peak	Average			
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*			
0.5 – 5	56	46			
5 – 30	60	50			
* Decreases with logarithm of the frequency					

### A.3.2 Measurement result

### **CDMA800-AE3**



### MEASUREMENT RESULT: "12A01025\_CD1\_fin QP"

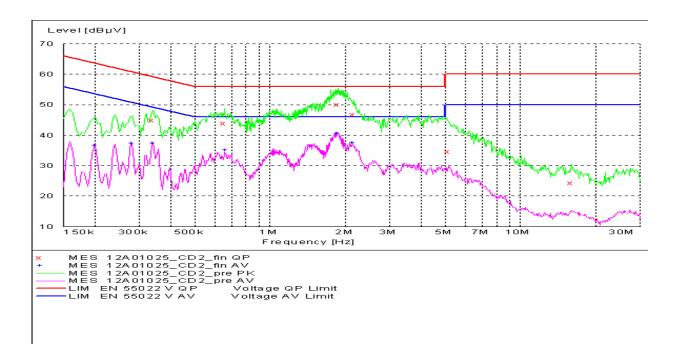
Frequency	Level	Transd	Limit	Margin	Line	PE
MHz	dB	μV	dB d	lΒμV	dB	
0.343500	45.20	10.1	59	13.9	L1	GND
0.865500	36.50	10.1	56	19.5	N	GND
1.855500	49.70	10.1	56	6.3	L1	GND
2.032128	45.40	10.1	56	10.6	N	GND
2.148695	47.50	10.1	56	8.5	L1	GND
5.162182	40.50	10.2	60	19.5	L1	GND



# MEASUREMENT RESULT: "12A01025\_CD1\_fin AV"

Frequency	Level	Transd	Limit	Margin	Line	PE
MHz	dB	μV	dB d	lΒμV	dB	
0.325500	33.10	10.1	50	16.5	L1	GND
0.361500	35.10	10.1	49	13.6	N	GND
0.829500	27.00	10.1	46	19.0	L1	GND
1.428000	36.90	10.1	46	9.1	L1	GND
1.855500	40.50	10.1	46	5.5	L1	GND
2.183212	37.30	10.1	46	8.7	L1	GND

### CDMA800-AE4



# MEASUREMENT RESULT: "12A01025\_CD2\_fin QP"

Free	quency	Level	Transd	Limit	Margin	Line	PE
	MHz	dB	μV	dB o	dΒμV	dB	
0.3	339000	44.80	10.1	59	14.4	L1	GND
0.0	654000	43.80	10.1	56	12.2	L1	GND
1.8	864500	50.00	10.1	56	6.0	L1	GND
2.	148695	46.70	10.1	56	9.3	L1	GND
5.	162182	34.70	10.2	60	25.3	N	GND
16.0	004012	24.40	10.3	60	35.6	L1	GND



# $MEASUREMENT\ RESULT:\ ''12A01025\_CD2\_fin\ AV''$

Frequency	Level	Transd	Limit	Margin	Line	PE
MHz	dB	μV	dB o	łΒμV	dB	
0.199500	36.60	10.1	54	17.0	N	GND
0.280500	37.40	10.1	51	13.5	L1	GND
0.339000	37.40	10.1	49	11.8	N	GND
0.658500	35.10	10.1	46	10.9	L1	GND
1.846500	40.60	10.1	46	5.4	L1	GND
2.131642	37.50	10.1	46	8.5	L1	GND



### A.4 FREQUENCY STABILITY (§2.1055/§24.235)

#### A.4.1 Method of Measurement

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30°C.
- 3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on mid channel of CDMA 800, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at  $+50^{\circ}$ C.
- 7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from +50°C to -30°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5 °C during the measurement procedure.

### A.4.2 Measurement Limit

### A.4.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.5VDC and 4.2VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.7VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

### A.4.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section



2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

### A.4.3 Measurement results

### **CDMA 800**

# Frequency Error vs Voltage

Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.5	-0.5	0.008
3.7	-0.8	0.013
4.2	-1.2	0.020

# **Frequency Error vs Temperature**

$temperature(^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C})$	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-30	-0.5	0.008
-20	-0.8	0.013
-10	-0.8	0.013
0	-1.2	0.020
10	-1.2	0.020
20	-1.2	0.020
30	-0.8	0.013
40	-0.8	0.013
50	-0.5	0.008



# A.5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (§2.1049(h)(i))

### A.5.1 Occupied Bandwidth Results

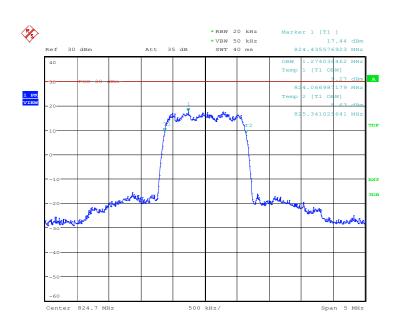
Similar to conducted emissions; occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the CDMA frequency band. The table below lists the measured -20dBc BW. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

### CDMA 800 (-20dBc BW)

Channel	Occupied Bandwidth (-20dBc BW)( MHz)
1013	1.274
384	1.282
777	1.274

ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW=20 kHz, VBW=50 kHz

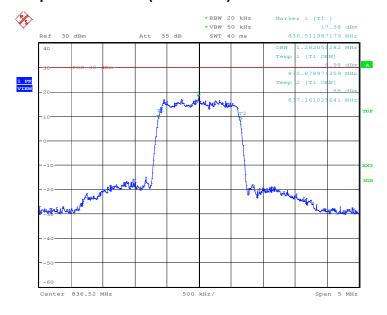
CDMA 800 Channel 1013-Occupied Bandwidth (-20dBc BW)



Date: 5.MAR.2012 08:08:26

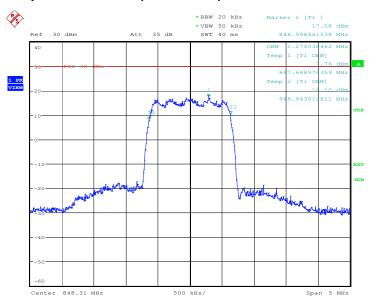


### Channel 384-Occupied Bandwidth (-20dBc BW)



Date: 5.MAR.2012 08:09:25

### Channel 777-Occupied Bandwidth (-20dBc BW)



Date: 5.MAR.2012 08:10:11



# A.6 EMISSION BANDWIDTH (§22.917(b)/§24.238(b))

### A.6.1Emission Bandwidth Results

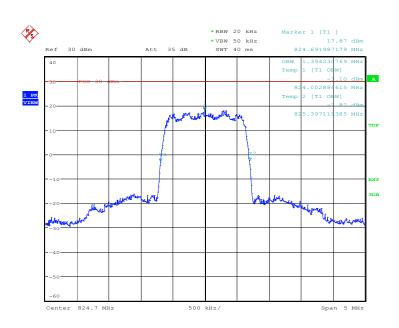
Similar to conducted emissions; Emission bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the CDMA frequency band. Table below lists the measured -26dBc BW. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

### CDMA 800 (-26dBc)

Channel	Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)( MHz)
1013	1.394
384	1.394
777	1.378

ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW=20 kHz, VBW=50 kHz

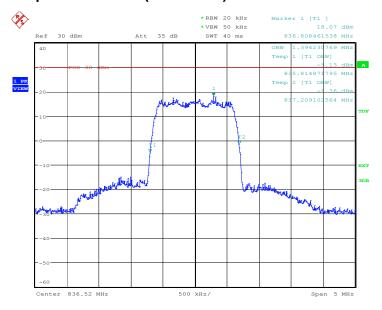
CDMA 800 Channel 1013-Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)



Date: 5.MAR.2012 08:10:59

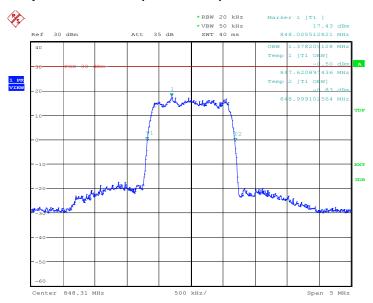


### Channel 384-Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)



Date: 5.MAR.2012 08:11:46

### Channel 777-Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)

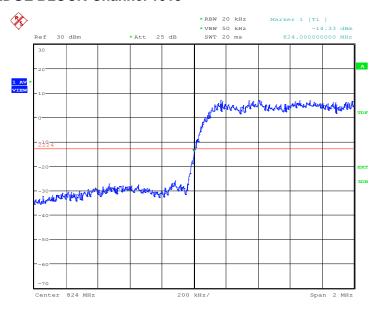


Date: 5.MAR.2012 08:12:32



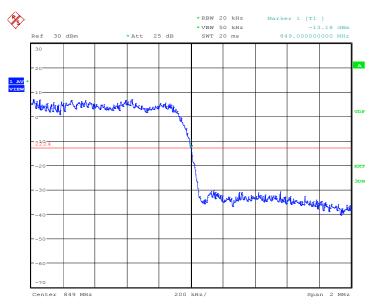
# A.7 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (§22.917(b)/§24.238(b))

# CDMA 800 LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-Channel 1013



Date: 7.MAR.2012 04:42:35

### **HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-Channel 777**



Date: 7.MAR.2012 04:42:50



# A.8 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION (§2.1057/§22.917/§24.238)

### A.8.1 Measurement Method

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the FUT

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For CDMA800, data taken from 30 MHz to 10GHz.
- 2. The sweep time is set automatically by instrument itself. That should be the optimal sweep time for the span and the RBW. If the sweep time is too short, that is sweep is too fast, the sweep result is not accurate; If the sweep time is too long, that is sweep is too low, some frequency components may be lost. The instrument will give a optimal sweep time according the selected span and RBW.
- The procedure to get the conducted spurious emission is as follows:
   The trace mode is set to MaxHold to get the highest signal at each frequency;
   Wait 25 seconds;
   Get the result.
- 4. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

#### **CDMA 800 Transmitter**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
1013	824.70	
384	836.52	
777	848.31	

### A. 8.2 Measurement Limit

Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.



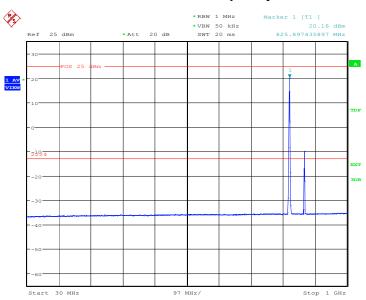
### A.8.3 Measurement result

### **CDMA 800**

### A. 8.3.1 Channel 1013: 30MHz -1GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

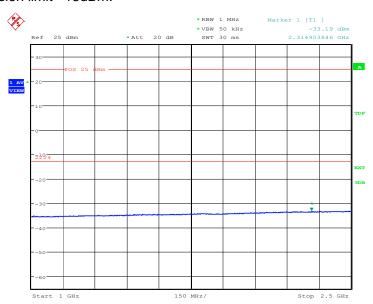
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:46:18

### A. 8.3.2 Channel 1013: 1GHz - 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

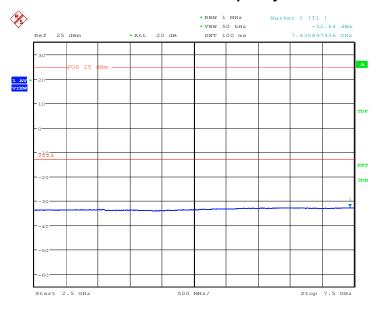




### A. 8.3.3 Channel 1013: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

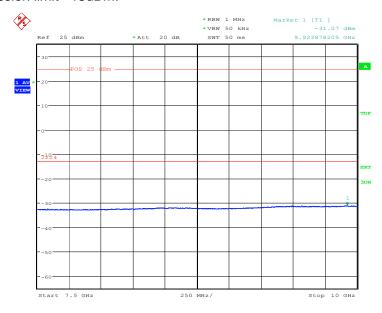
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:47:12

### A. 8.3.4 Channel 1013: 7.5GHz - 10GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



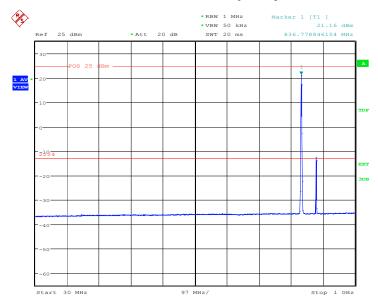
Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:47:39



### A. 8.3.5 Channel 384: 30MHz -1GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

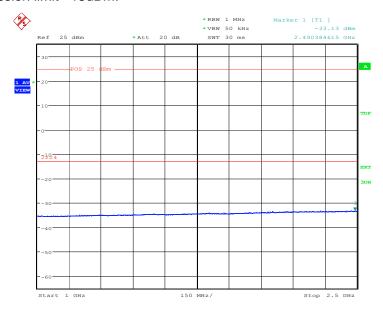
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:48:16

### A.8.3.6 Channel 384: 1GHz - 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

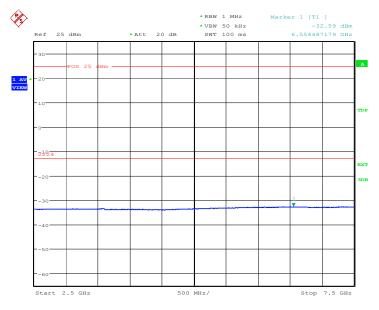


Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:48:43



### A. 8.3.7 Channel 384: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

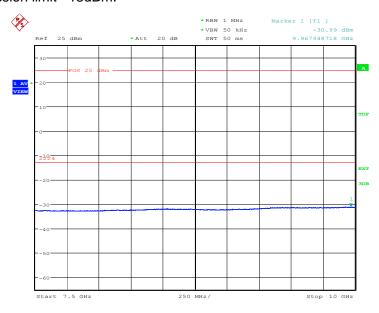
Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:49:10

### A. 8.3.8 Channel 384: 7.5GHz - 10GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



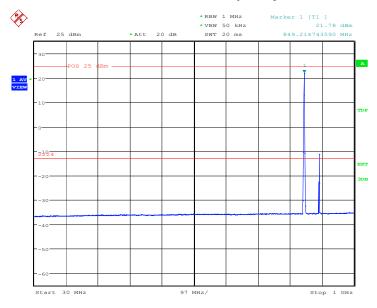
Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:49:37



### A. 8.3.9 Channel 777: 30MHz -1GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

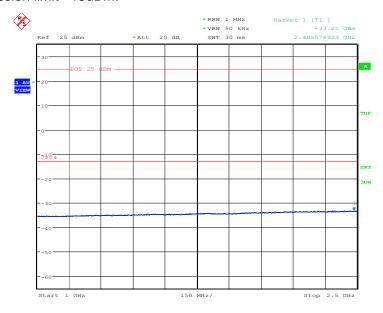
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:50:23

# A. 8.3.10 Channel 777: 1GHz - 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

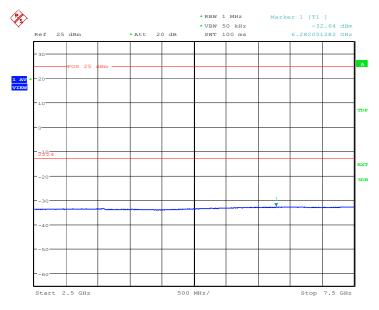


Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:50:50



### A. 8.3.11 Channel 777: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

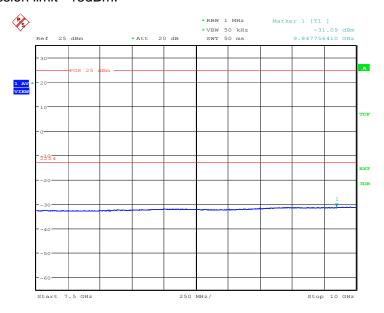
Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:51:17

### A. 8.3.12 Channel 777: 7.5GHz - 10GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

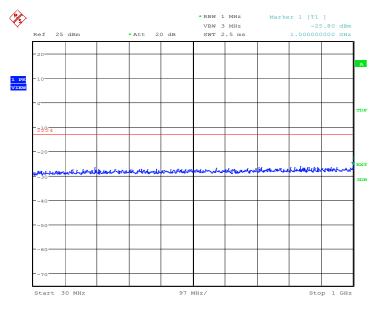


Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:51:44



### A. 8.3.13 Idle mode: 30MHz - 1GHz

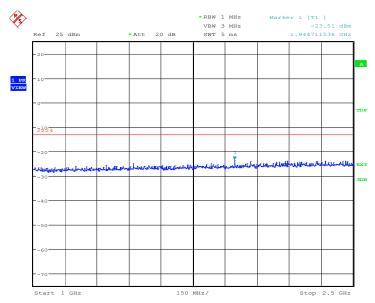
Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:54:41

### A.8.3.14 Idle mode: 1GHz - 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

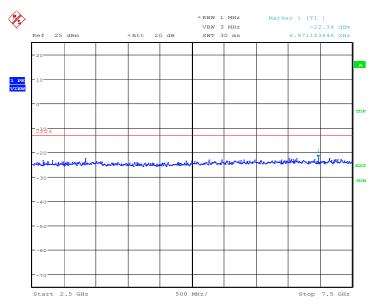


Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:55:08



### A.8.3.15 Idle mode: 2.5GHz - 7.5GHz

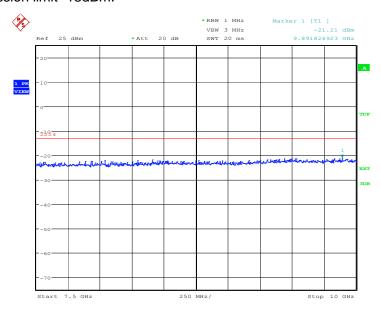
Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:55:35

### A.8.3.16 Idle mode: 7.5GHz - 10GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.



Date: 5.MAR.2012 07:56:02