

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT : WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : ZTE
MODEL NAME : ZTE V8110
FCC ID : Q78-V8110
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003
FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The product was completely tested on Nov. 26, 2012. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA2O1506	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 28, 2012

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE CORPORATION**
DUT: WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone, Brand Name: ZTE, Model Name: ZTE V8110 are as follows.

<Standalone SAR>

Band	Position	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
GSM850	Head	0.345	0.413
GSM1900	Head	0.321	0.435
WCDMA Band V	Head	0.510	0.568
WCDMA Band II	Head	0.529	0.587
WLAN 2.4G	Head	0.026	0.030
GSM850	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	1.110	1.272
GSM1900	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	1.150	1.386
WCDMA Band V	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	1.060	1.181
WCDMA Band II	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	1.200	1.331
WLAN 2.4G	Hotspot (1 cm Gap)	0.026	0.029
GSM850	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	1.110	1.272
GSM1900	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	1.150	1.386
WCDMA Band V	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	1.060	1.181
WCDMA Band II	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	1.200	1.331
WLAN 2.4G	Body-worn (1 cm Gap)	0.026	0.029

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 101, Complex Building C, Guanglong Village, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C. TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Oct. 19, 2012
Date of End during the Test	Nov. 26, 2012

3. General Information

3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Feature & Specification	
EUT	WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	ZTE V8110
FCC ID	Q78-V8110
IMEI Code	865904010007554
Tx Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN2.4G: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Rx Frequency	GSM850: 869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz GSM1900: 1930.2 MHz ~ 1989.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 871.4 MHz ~ 891.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1932.4 MHz ~ 1987.6 MHz WLAN2.4G: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Maximum Average Output Power to Antenna	GSM850: 32.22 dBm GSM1900: 29.68 dBm WCDMA Band V: 23.53 dBm WCDMA Band II: 22.05 dBm 802.11b: 12.42 dBm 802.11g: 14.54 dBm 802.11n-HT20 (2.4GHz) : 12.83 dBm 802.11n-HT40 (2.4GHz) : 13.51 dBm Bluetooth: 6.62 dBm
Antenna Type	WWAN: PIFA Antenna WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna
HW Version	MB7501C_V1BMB_C
SW Version	V8110_Z54_ES_3SMOI1B5000001
Type of Modulation	GSM: GMSK GPRS: GMSK EDGE: GMSK / 8PSK WCDMA: QPSK (Uplink) HSDPA: QPSK (Uplink) HSUPA: QPSK (Uplink) 802.11b: DSSS (BPSK / QPSK / CCK) 802.11g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM) Bluetooth (1Mbps): GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps): $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps): 8-DPSK
Dual Transfer Mode (DTM) Category	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.	

3.2 Product Photos

Please refer to Appendix D.

3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v04
- FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 °C
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

The maximum rated power of WWAN and WLAN is listed in "Tune-Up Procedure" exhibit; The scaling factor is calculated according to the difference between measured output power and maximum tolerance power on this device.

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5. SAR Measurement System

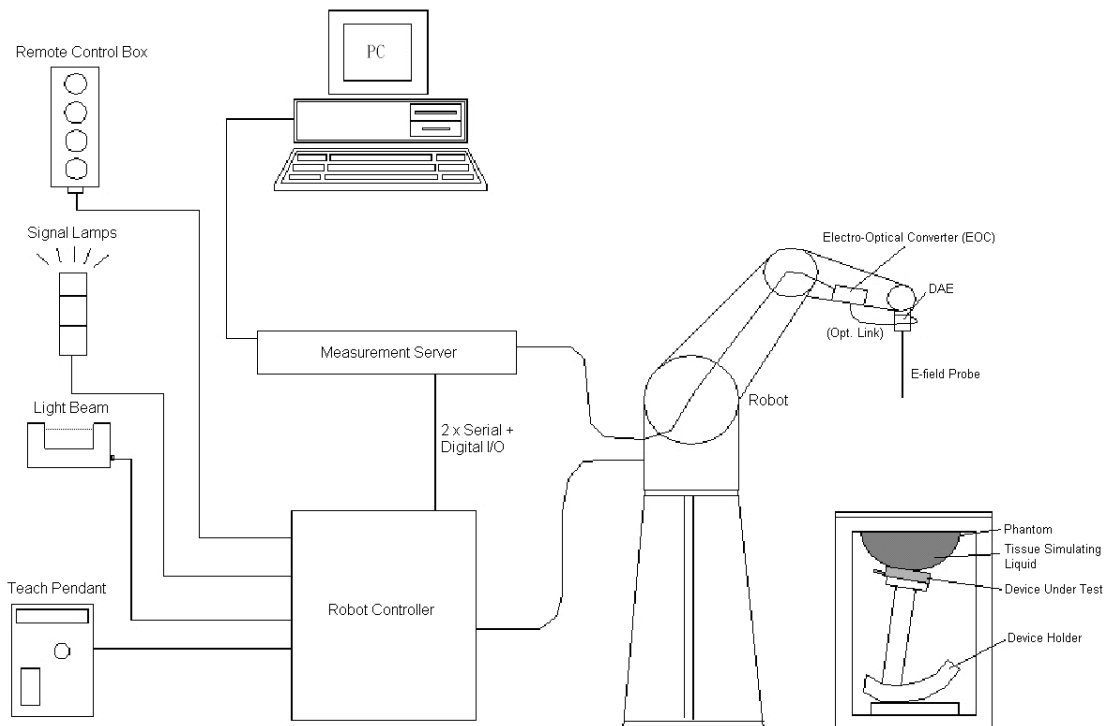


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Fig 5.2 Photo of EX3DV4/ES3DV4

5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.3 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 5.4 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 5.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Fig 5.6 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.7 Device Holder

5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lossy media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field Probes : } H_i = \sqrt{V_i \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 17, 2012	Nov. 16, 2013
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 17, 2012	Nov. 16, 2013
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 25, 2012	Jul. 24, 2013
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Nov. 10, 2011	Nov. 09, 2012
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	914	Dec. 08, 2011	Dec. 07, 2012
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 16, 2011	Nov. 15, 2012
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	Jun. 20, 2012	Jun. 19, 2013
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Base Station	E5515C	MY50267224	Dec. 29, 2011	Dec. 28, 2012
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	Apr. 13, 2012	Apr. 12, 2013
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR40	100455	Dec. 30, 2011	Dec. 29, 2012
Agilent	Power Meter	E4416A	MY45101555	Aug. 22, 2012	Aug. 21, 2013
Agilent	Power Sensor	E9327A	MY44421198	Aug. 22, 2012	Aug. 21, 2013
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101400	Jun. 01, 2012	May 31, 2013

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. Referring to KDB 450824 D02, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole D835V2, SN: 4d091, D1900V2, SN: 5d118, D2450V2, SN: 736, can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.



Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Type	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	21.4	0.897	40.781	0.90	41.5	-0.33	-1.73	±5	Oct. 20, 2012
835	Head	21.5	0.91	41.77	0.90	41.5	1.11	0.65	±5	Nov. 03, 2012
1900	Head	21.5	1.44	39.914	1.40	40.0	2.86	-0.21	±5	Oct. 19, 2012
1900	Head	21.3	1.412	39.311	1.40	40.0	0.86	-1.72	±5	Nov. 03, 2012
2450	Head	21.6	1.856	37.685	1.80	39.2	3.11	-3.86	±5	Nov. 26, 2012
835	Body	21.4	0.967	55.405	0.97	55.2	-0.31	0.37	±5	Oct. 20, 2012
835	Body	21.5	0.974	54.283	0.97	55.2	0.41	-1.66	±5	Nov. 03, 2012
1900	Body	21.7	1.539	52.698	1.52	53.3	1.25	-1.13	±5	Oct. 20, 2012
1900	Body	21.5	1.535	54.565	1.52	53.3	0.99	2.37	±5	Nov. 03, 2012
2450	Body	21.5	1.976	54.13	1.95	52.7	1.33	2.71	±5	Nov. 24, 2012

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

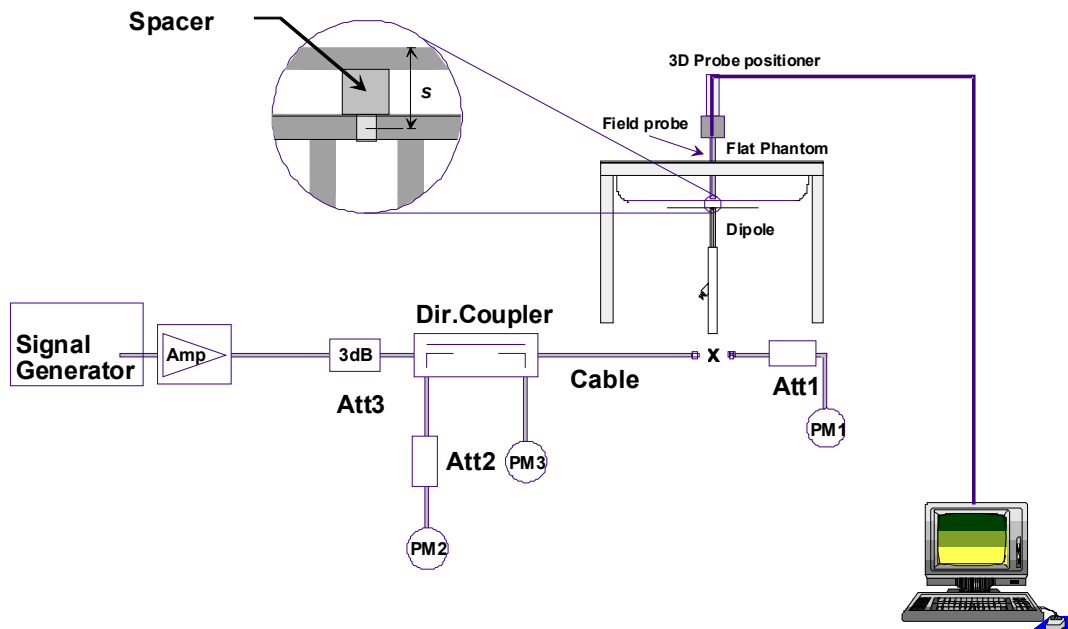


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

1. Signal Generator
2. Amplifier
3. Directional Coupler
4. Power Meter
5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

7.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Oct. 20, 2012	835	Head	9.4	2.36	9.44	0.43
Nov. 03, 2012	835	Head	9.4	2.36	9.44	0.43
Oct. 19, 2012	1900	Head	40.3	10.1	40.40	0.25
Nov. 03, 2012	1900	Head	40.3	9.9	39.60	-1.74
Nov. 26, 2012	2450	Head	54.8	13.6	54.40	-0.73
Oct. 20, 2012	835	Body	9.42	2.41	9.64	2.34
Nov. 03, 2012	835	Body	9.42	2.47	9.88	4.88
Oct. 20, 2012	835	Body	41.8	10.4	41.60	-0.48
Nov. 03, 2012	1900	Body	41.8	10.6	42.40	1.44
Nov. 24, 2012	2450	Body	52.3	13.2	52.80	0.96

Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

8. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, Front of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Back of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Top Side of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Right Side of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, and Left Side of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, as illustrated below:

8.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

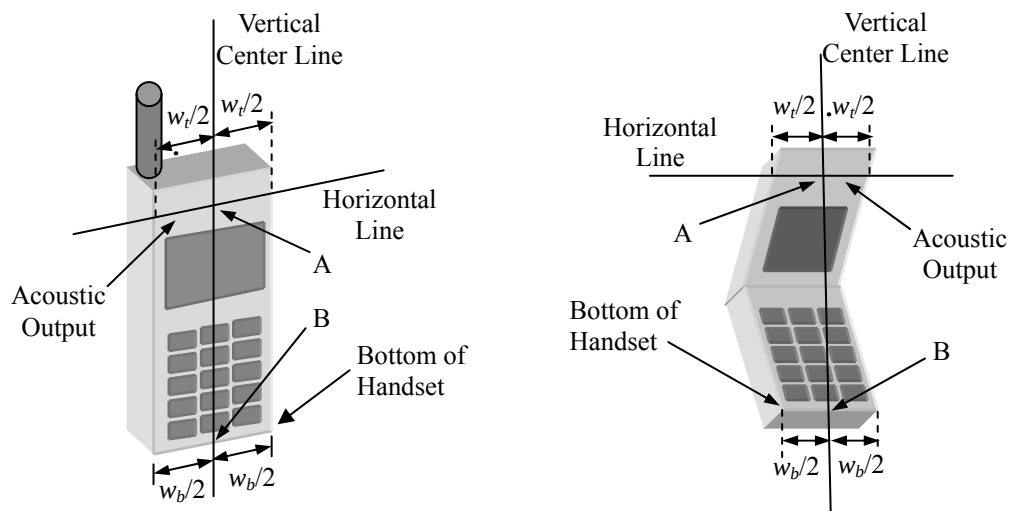


Fig 9.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

8.2 Cheek Position

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.2).

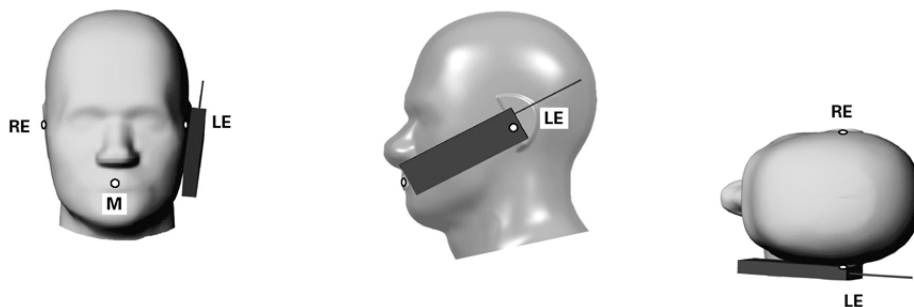


Fig 9.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

8.3 Tilted Position

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.3).

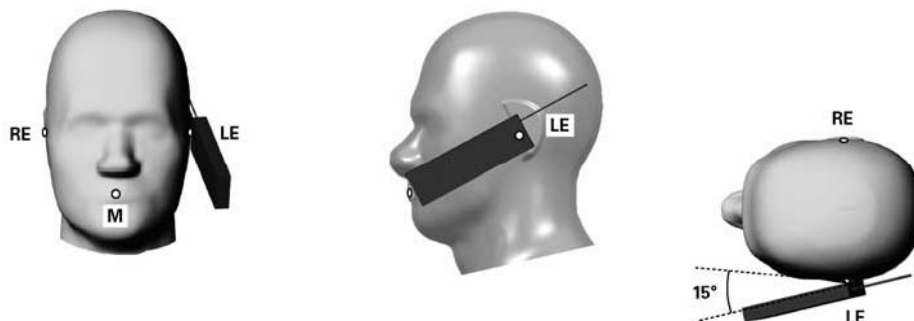


Fig 9.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

8.4 Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

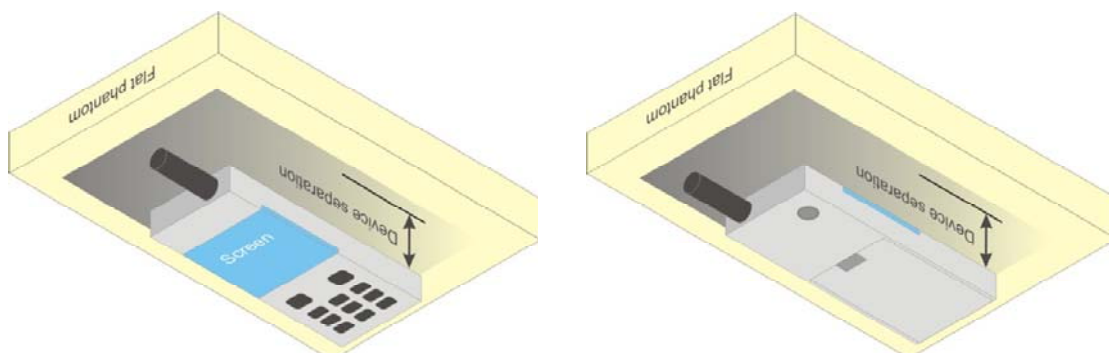


Fig 9.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% EUTy factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix E demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

9.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASy, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

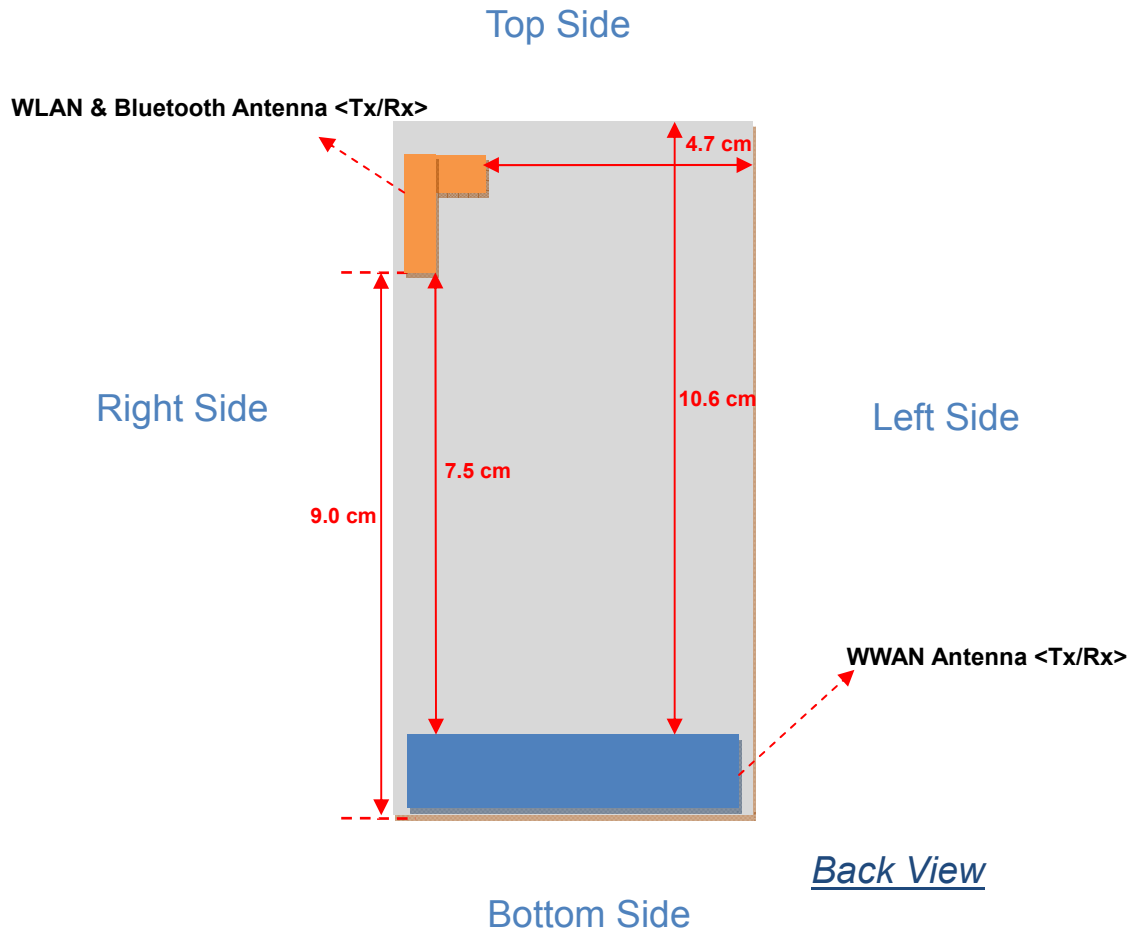
Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

9.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. SAR Test Configurations

10.1 Exposure Positions Consideration



Antennas	Wireless Interface
WWAN Antenna (Tx / Rx)	GSM850/1900 WCDMA Band II/V
WLAN & Bluetooth Antenna (Tx / Rx)	WLAN 2.4GHz Bluetooth

Sides for SAR tests; Hotspot mode Test distance: 10 mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES
WLAN & Bluetooth	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	NO

Note:

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. For WWAN antenna, SAR measurements at Top side are not required since the distance between WWAN transmitting antenna and surface or edge $> 25\text{mm}$.
4. For WLAN & Bluetooth antenna, SAR measurements Bottom/Left sides are not required since the distance between WLAN & Bluetooth transmitting antenna and surface or edge $> 25\text{mm}$.

10.2 Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM>

Burst Average Power						
Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.22	32.10	32.08	29.68	29.54	29.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.21	32.09	32.08	29.64	29.50	29.48
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	29.93	29.82	29.70	28.83	28.68	28.56
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	28.60	28.46	28.42	27.17	27.00	26.87
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	27.60	27.46	27.41	26.39	26.22	26.19
EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS1	32.21	32.08	32.07	29.62	29.49	29.45
EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS1	29.92	29.81	29.70	28.82	28.66	28.54
EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS1	28.59	28.45	28.41	27.14	26.96	26.83
EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS1	27.59	27.46	27.41	26.36	26.18	26.14
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.28	26.25	26.24	25.59	25.48	25.28
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	25.20	25.09	25.14	24.60	24.47	24.20
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.98	22.89	22.89	22.50	22.38	22.08
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	21.89	21.78	21.78	21.39	21.27	20.98

Source-Based Time-Averaged Power						
Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	23.22	23.10	23.08	20.68	20.54	20.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	23.21	23.09	23.08	20.64	20.50	20.48
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	23.93	23.82	23.70	22.83	22.68	22.56
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	24.34	24.20	24.16	22.91	22.74	22.61
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	24.60	24.46	24.41	23.39	23.22	23.19
EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS1	23.21	23.08	23.07	20.62	20.49	20.45
EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS1	23.92	23.81	23.70	22.82	22.66	22.54
EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS1	24.33	24.19	24.15	22.88	22.70	22.57
EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS1	24.59	24.46	24.41	23.36	23.18	23.14
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	17.28	17.25	17.24	16.59	16.48	16.28
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	19.20	19.09	19.14	18.60	18.47	18.20
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	18.72	18.63	18.63	18.24	18.12	17.82
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	18.89	18.78	18.78	18.39	18.27	17.98

Remark: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx slot) - 9 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx slots) - 6 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx slots) - 4.26 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx slots) - 3 dB

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4 Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
- Per KDB 447498, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- EDGE tests with MCS1 setting, GMSK modulation. Burst average power with MCS5 setting 8PSK modulation, is provided voluntary for reference.
- The DUT do not support DTM function.

<WCDMA>

Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR	23.10	23.50	23.38	22.03	22.00	21.96
RMC 12.2K	23.11	23.53	23.39	22.05	22.01	21.98
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.14	21.45	21.23	21.40	21.36	21.28
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.02	21.44	21.25	21.41	21.37	21.25
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.67	20.99	20.74	21.06	21.00	21.01
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.68	21.02	20.77	21.02	21.11	21.00
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.08	21.34	21.16	20.93	20.81	20.80
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.05	20.46	20.25	19.60	19.55	19.58
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.46	20.96	20.66	20.36	20.34	20.29
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.02	20.34	20.14	19.66	19.59	19.60
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.23	21.60	21.45	20.89	20.92	20.91

MPR (dB)							
3GPP MPR	Subtest	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
0	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0	HSDPA Subtest-2	0.12	0.01	-0.02	-0.01	-0.01	0.03
≤ 0.5	HSDPA Subtest-3	0.47	0.46	0.49	0.34	0.36	0.27
≤ 0.5	HSDPA Subtest-4	0.46	0.43	0.46	0.38	0.25	0.28
0	HSUPA Subtest-1	0.15	0.26	0.29	-0.04	0.11	0.11
≤ 2	HSUPA Subtest-2	1.18	1.14	1.20	1.29	1.37	1.33
≤ 1	HSUPA Subtest-3	0.77	0.64	0.79	0.53	0.58	0.62
≤ 2	HSUPA Subtest-4	1.21	1.26	1.31	1.23	1.33	1.31
0	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note:

- For Head SAR, per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- For Body SAR, per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA subset-1 and HSUPA subset-5 output power is < 1/4 dB higher than RMC, and SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA and HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- EUT is designed to follow the MPR of 3GPP Table 5.2B.1 specification. In production units, MPR result deviation from 3GPP is expected; the implementation and expected deviation is detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

<WLAN 2.4GHz>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)			
			Data Rate (bps)			
			1M	2M	5.5M	11M
802.11b	CH 01	2412	12.42	12.14	11.99	12.40
	CH 06	2437	10.30	10.80	10.37	10.39
	CH 11	2462	11.90	11.85	11.84	11.89

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			Data Rate (bps)							
			6M	9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M
802.11g	CH 01	2412	14.07	14.10	14.31	14.44	14.51	14.45	14.51	14.52
	CH 06	2437	14.54	14.07	14.20	14.26	14.44	14.32	14.49	14.41
	CH 11	2462	13.88	13.98	14.06	14.10	14.29	14.12	14.36	14.32

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			Data Rate (bps)							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n HT20	CH 01	2412	12.35	12.08	12.14	12.15	12.68	12.33	12.39	12.43
	CH 06	2437	12.34	12.49	12.51	12.53	12.60	12.70	12.83	12.74
	CH 11	2462	11.73	12.34	12.36	12.39	12.45	12.10	12.12	12.63

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			Data Rate (bps)							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n HT40	CH 03	2422	12.42	12.52	13.15	13.18	13.38	13.51	13.45	13.11
	CH 06	2437	12.61	12.65	12.91	12.87	13.39	13.27	13.27	13.26
	CH 09	2452	12.21	12.76	12.53	12.93	12.78	12.89	12.97	12.92

Note:

1. Per KDB 248227, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
2. Per KDB 248227, if 11g and 11n average output power is higher than 1/4 dB higher than 11b mode, SAR will be verified.
3. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. For 802.11n mode, SAR test according to the highest power channel with correspondence data rates.

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)								
			Data Rate								
			DH1	DH3	DH5	2DH1	2DH3	2DH5	3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
Bluetooth	CH 00	2402	4.87	4.94	4.92	2.04	3.68	1.82	2.17	1.76	1.87
	CH 39	2441	5.75	5.82	5.79	3.05	2.82	2.80	3.15	2.87	2.77
	CH 78	2480	6.40	6.52	6.62	3.89	3.68	3.67	4.00	3.72	3.71

11. SAR Test Results

11.1 Test Records for Head SAR Test

<GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
94	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	128	32.22	33	1.20	0.345	0.413	0.05
95	GSM850	GSM	Right Tilted	128	32.22	33	1.20	0.228	0.273	0.13
96	GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	128	32.22	33	1.20	0.299	0.358	-0.10
97	GSM850	GSM	Left Tilted	128	32.22	33	1.20	0.223	0.267	-0.04
5	GSM1900	GSM	Right Cheek	512	29.68	31	1.36	0.321	0.435	0.12
6	GSM1900	GSM	Right Tilted	512	29.68	31	1.36	0.100	0.136	0.04
7	GSM1900	GSM	Left Cheek	512	29.68	31	1.36	0.312	0.423	0.11
8	GSM1900	GSM	Left Tilted	512	29.68	31	1.36	0.099	0.134	-0.04

Note: Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WCDMA>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
13	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.510	0.568	-0.11
14	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.376	0.419	0.02
15	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.432	0.481	0.10
16	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.347	0.387	0.06
82	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.522	0.579	0.11
83	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.167	0.185	0.07
84	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.529	0.587	-0.04
85	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.170	0.189	-0.11

Note: Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WLAN 2.4GHz>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
98	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.026	0.030	0.06
99	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Right Tilted	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.023	0.026	0.03
100	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.021	0.024	0.13
101	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Left Tilted	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.012	0.014	-0.02
102	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	Right Cheek	6	14.54	15	1.11	0.014	0.016	0.01
103	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT20	Right Cheek	6	12.83	13.5	1.17	0.00456	0.005	0.12
104	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Right Cheek	3	13.51	14	1.12	0.00932	0.010	0.04

Note: Per KDB 248227, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

11.2 Test Records for Hotspot SAR Test

<GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
86	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.537	0.589	-0.04
87	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.998	1.094	0.03
88	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Side	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.452	0.496	0.02
89	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Side	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.733	0.804	-0.01
90	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.159	0.174	-0.01
91	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	189	27.46	28	1.13	1.050	1.189	-0.01
92	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	251	27.41	28	1.15	1.110	1.272	0.05
37	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	0.714	0.822	0.01
38	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	1.120	1.289	-0.06
39	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Side	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	0.220	0.253	0.07
40	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Side	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	0.101	0.116	-0.15
41	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	0.855	0.984	0.02
42	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	661	26.32	27	1.17	1.120	1.310	0.01
43	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	810	26.19	27	1.21	1.150	1.386	0.06
44	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	661	26.32	27	1.17	0.853	0.998	-0.04
45	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	810	26.19	27	1.21	0.886	1.068	-0.15

Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D06, for EUT dimension $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
2. As in (1), SAR for Front/Back/Bottom Side/Left Side/Right Side is necessary.
3. Per KDB 447498 if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WCDMA>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
27	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.646	0.720	0.02
28	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	1.060	1.181	0.07
29	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.563	0.627	-0.01
30	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.776	0.865	-0.01
31	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.194	0.216	0.07
32	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4132	23.11	24	1.23	0.912	1.119	0.01
33	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4233	23.39	24	1.15	0.989	1.138	0.02
70	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.651	0.722	0.09
71	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	1.200	1.331	0.01
72	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.309	0.343	0.01
73	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.109	0.121	0.09
74	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	1.060	1.176	0.15
75	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	22.01	22.5	1.12	0.969	1.085	0.01
76	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	21.98	22.5	1.13	0.957	1.079	0.06
77	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9400	22.01	22.5	1.12	0.855	0.957	0.01
78	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9538	21.98	22.5	1.13	0.819	0.923	0.07

Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D06, for EUT dimension $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- As in (1), SAR for Front/Back/Bottom Side/Left Side/Right Side is necessary.
- Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
105	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Front	1	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.00397	0.005	-0.03
106	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.022	0.025	0.05
107	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Right Side	1	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.015	0.017	0.09
108	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	1	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.000526	0.001	0.05
110	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	Back	1	6	14.54	15	1.11	0.026	0.029	0.08
111	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT20	Back	1	6	12.83	13.5	1.17	0.015	0.018	0.11
112	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Back	1	3	13.51	14	1.12	0.013	0.015	0.02

Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D06, for EUT dimension $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- As in (1), SAR for Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side is necessary.
- Per KDB 248227, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

11.3 Test Records for Body-worn SAR Test

<GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
86	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.537	0.589	-0.04
87	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	128	27.6	28	1.10	0.998	1.094	0.03
91	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	189	27.46	28	1.13	1.050	1.189	-0.01
92	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	251	27.41	28	1.15	1.110	1.272	0.05
93	GSM850	GSM	Back w/ headset	1	251	32.22	33	1.20	0.719	0.860	0.15
37	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	0.714	0.822	0.01
38	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	512	26.39	27	1.15	1.120	1.289	-0.06
42	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	661	26.32	27	1.17	1.120	1.310	0.01
43	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	810	26.19	27	1.21	1.150	1.386	0.06
46	GSM1900	GSM	Back w/ headset	1	810	29.68	31	1.36	0.767	1.039	-0.02

Note: Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

<WCDMA>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
27	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.646	0.720	0.02
28	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	1.060	1.181	0.07
32	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4132	23.11	24	1.23	0.912	1.119	0.01
33	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4233	23.39	24	1.15	0.989	1.138	0.02
34	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back w/ headset	1	4182	23.53	24	1.11	0.847	0.944	0.08
35	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back w/ headset	1	4132	23.11	24	1.23	0.667	0.819	-0.04
36	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Back w/ headset	1	4233	23.39	24	1.15	0.864	0.994	0.01
70	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	0.651	0.722	0.09
71	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	1.200	1.331	0.01
75	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	22.01	22.5	1.12	0.969	1.085	0.01
76	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	21.98	22.5	1.13	0.957	1.079	0.06
79	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back w/ headset	1	9262	22.05	22.5	1.11	1.180	1.309	-0.01
80	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back w/ headset	1	9400	22.01	22.5	1.12	0.942	1.055	-0.03
81	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2K	Back w/ headset	1	9538	21.98	22.5	1.13	0.922	1.039	0.06

Note: Per KDB 447498, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaled SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
109	WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	Back w/ headset	1	1	12.42	13	1.14	0.017	0.019	0.06
110	WLAN 2.4G	802.11g	Back	1	6	14.54	15	1.11	0.026	0.029	0.08
111	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT20	Back	1	6	12.83	13.5	1.17	0.015	0.018	0.11
112	WLAN 2.4G	802.11n HT40	Back	1	3	13.51	14	1.12	0.013	0.015	0.02

Note: Per KDB 248227, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

11.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Analysis

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1	GSM + BT
2	WCDMA + BT
3	GSM + WLAN 2.4G
4	WCDMA + WLAN 2.4G

Note:

1. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. GSM and WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. Per KDB KDB 648474 D01, Bluetooth (6.62 dBm) output power $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and the distance to WWAN transmitting antenna $\geq 5\text{cm}$, therefore, stand-alone SAR is not required; the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and Bluetooth was not required, because Bluetooth standalone SAR is not required and the maximum WWAN scaled SAR (1.386 W/kg), so the SAR summation is less than 1.6 W/kg.
4. Per KDB 648474 D01, the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and WLAN was not required, because the SAR scaled summation (Head: 0.61 W/kg; Body: 1.42 W/kg) is less than 1.6 W/kg.
5. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. When stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required for a transmitter or antenna, its SAR is considered zero in the 1-g SAR summing process to determine simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation requirements.
7. If 1g-SAR scalar summation $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$, simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary.
8. If 1g-SAR scalar summation $> 1.6\text{W/kg}$, SPLSR calculation is necessary.

Table 11.4-A: Head SAR analysis

Position	WWAN			WLAN		Max. SAR Sum	Scaled WWAN (W/kg)	Scaled WLAN (W/kg)	Scaled WWAN + Scaled WLAN
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)				
Right Cheek	GSM850	94	0.345	#98	0.026	0.37	0.413	0.030	0.44
	GSM1900	5	0.321	#98	0.026	0.35	0.435	0.030	0.47
	WCDMA V	13	0.51	#98	0.026	0.54	0.568	0.030	0.60
	WCDMA II	82	0.522	#98	0.026	0.55	0.579	0.030	0.61
Right Tilted	GSM850	95	0.228	#99	0.023	0.25	0.273	0.026	0.30
	GSM1900	6	0.1	#99	0.023	0.12	0.136	0.026	0.16
	WCDMA V	14	0.376	#99	0.023	0.40	0.419	0.026	0.45
	WCDMA II	83	0.167	#99	0.023	0.19	0.185	0.026	0.21
Left Cheek	GSM850	96	0.299	#100	0.021	0.32	0.358	0.024	0.38
	GSM1900	7	0.312	#100	0.021	0.33	0.423	0.024	0.45
	WCDMA V	15	0.432	#100	0.021	0.45	0.481	0.024	0.51
	WCDMA II	84	0.529	#100	0.021	0.55	0.587	0.024	0.61
Left Tilted	GSM850	97	0.223	#101	0.012	0.24	0.267	0.014	0.28
	GSM1900	8	0.099	#101	0.012	0.11	0.134	0.014	0.15
	WCDMA V	16	0.347	#101	0.012	0.36	0.387	0.014	0.40
	WCDMA II	85	0.17	#101	0.012	0.18	0.189	0.014	0.20

Table 11.4-B: Hotspot SAR analysis

Position	WWAN			WLAN		Max. SAR Sum	Scaled WWAN (W/kg)	Scaled WLAN (W/kg)	Scaled WWAN + Scaled WLAN
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)				
Front	GSM850	86	0.537	105	0.00397	0.54	0.589	0.005	0.59
	GSM1900	37	0.714	105	0.00397	0.72	0.822	0.005	0.83
	WCDMA V	27	0.646	105	0.00397	0.65	0.720	0.005	0.73
	WCDMA II	70	0.651	105	0.00397	0.65	0.722	0.005	0.73
Back	GSM850	92	1.11	110	0.026	1.14	1.272	0.029	1.30
	GSM1900	43	1.15	110	0.026	1.18	1.386	0.029	1.42
	WCDMA V	28	1.06	110	0.026	1.09	1.181	0.029	1.21
	WCDMA II	71	1.2	110	0.026	1.23	1.331	0.029	1.36
Left Side	GSM850	88	0.452	-	-	0.45	0.496	-	0.50
	GSM1900	39	0.22	-	-	0.22	0.253	-	0.25
	WCDMA V	29	0.563	-	-	0.56	0.627	-	0.63
	WCDMA II	72	0.309	-	-	0.31	0.343	-	0.34
Right Side	GSM850	89	0.733	107	0.015	0.75	0.804	0.017	0.82
	GSM1900	40	0.101	107	0.015	0.12	0.116	0.017	0.13
	WCDMA V	30	0.776	107	0.015	0.79	0.865	0.017	0.88
	WCDMA II	73	0.109	107	0.015	0.12	0.121	0.017	0.14
Top Side	GSM850	-	-	108	0.000526	0.00	-	0.001	0.00
	GSM1900	-	-	108	0.000526	0.00	-	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA V	-	-	108	0.000526	0.00	-	0.001	0.00
	WCDMA II	-	-	108	0.000526	0.00	-	0.001	0.00
Bottom Side	GSM850	90	0.159	-	-	0.16	0.174	-	0.17
	GSM1900	45	0.886	-	-	0.89	1.068	-	1.07
	WCDMA V	31	0.194	-	-	0.19	0.216	-	0.22
	WCDMA II	74	1.06	-	-	1.06	1.176	-	1.18

Table 11.4-C: Body-worn SAR analysis

Position	WWAN			WLAN		Max. SAR Sum	Scaled WWAN (W/kg)	Scaled WLAN (W/kg)	Scaled WWAN + Scaled WLAN
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)				
Front	GSM850	86	0.537	105	0.00397	0.54	0.589	0.005	0.59
	GSM1900	37	0.714	105	0.00397	0.72	0.822	0.005	0.83
	WCDMA V	27	0.646	105	0.00397	0.65	0.720	0.005	0.73
	WCDMA II	70	0.651	105	0.00397	0.65	0.722	0.005	0.73
Back	GSM850	92	1.11	110	0.026	1.14	1.272	0.029	1.30
	GSM1900	43	1.15	110	0.026	1.18	1.386	0.029	1.42
	WCDMA V	28	1.06	110	0.026	1.09	1.181	0.029	1.21
	WCDMA II	71	1.2	110	0.026	1.23	1.331	0.029	1.36
Back (w/ headset)	GSM850	93	0.719	109	0.017	0.74	0.860	0.019	0.88
	GSM1900	46	0.767	109	0.017	0.78	1.039	0.019	1.06
	WCDMA V	36	0.864	109	0.017	0.88	0.994	0.019	1.01
	WCDMA II	79	1.18	109	0.017	1.20	1.309	0.019	1.33

Test Engineer : Jeme Li and Krin Wu

12. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 12.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) k is the coverage factor

Table 12.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	Ci	Ci	Standard	Standard
	Value	Distribution		(1g)	(10g)	Uncertainty	Uncertainty
	(±%)					(1g)	(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 12.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

13. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003
- [4] FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) Supplement C (Edition 01-01), “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields”, June 2001
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [6] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v04, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, November 2009
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas”, September 2008
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices – CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA”, October 2007
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE”, December 2008
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01, “SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities”, April 2011



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz_121020**DUT: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.897$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.781$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.54 W/kg

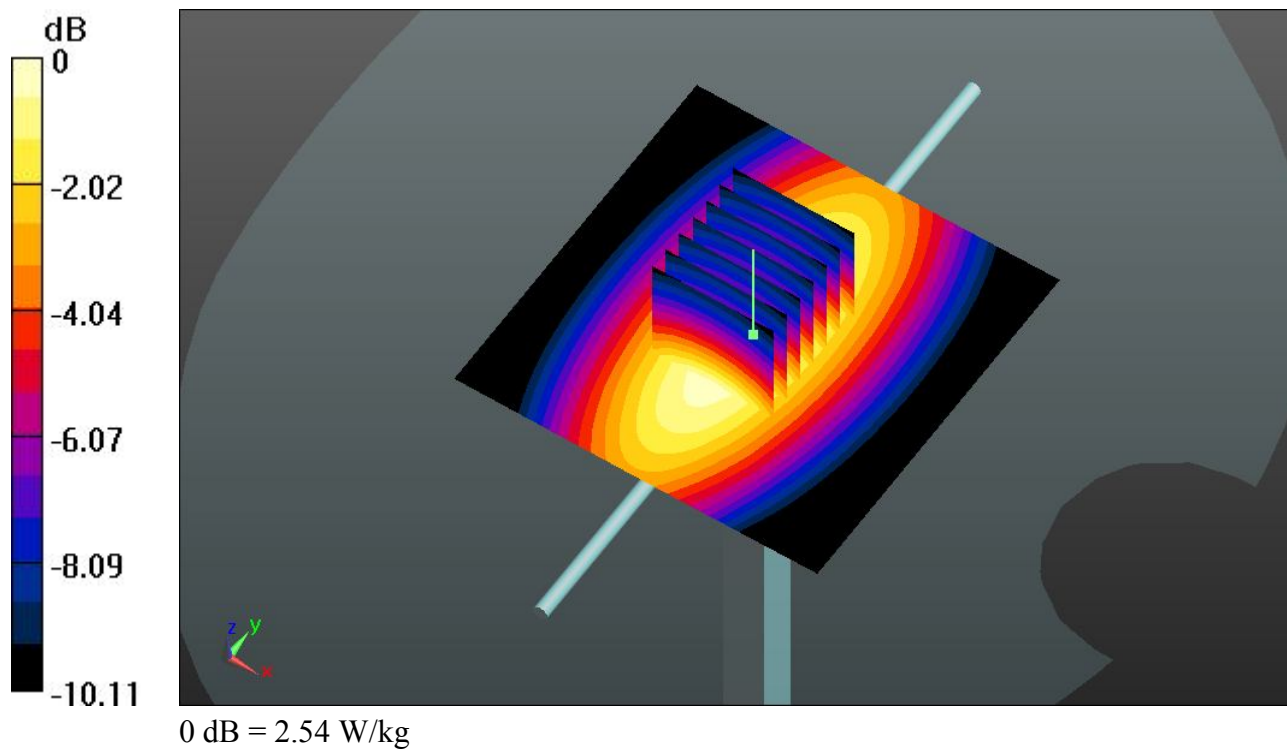
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.297 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.522 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg



System Check_Head_835MHz_121103**DUT: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.77$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.54 W/kg

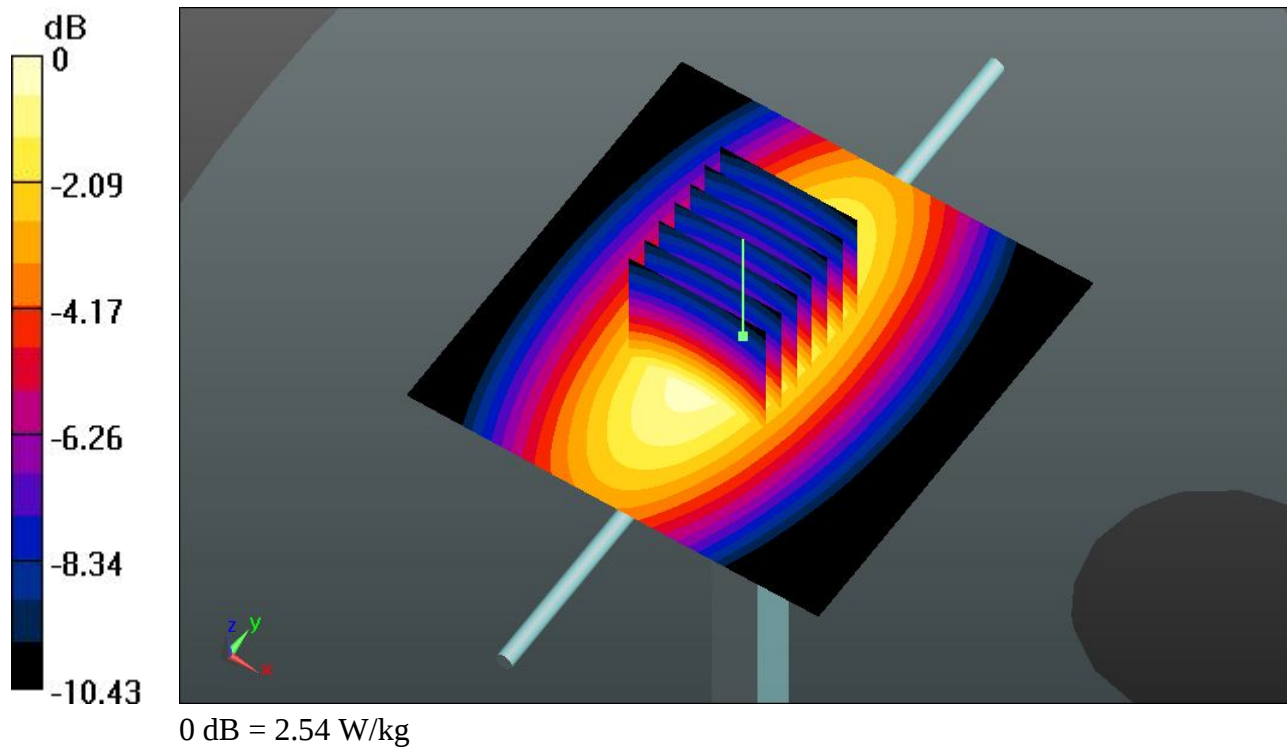
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.711 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.556 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg



System Check_Head_1900MHz_121019**DUT: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121019 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.914$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 W/kg

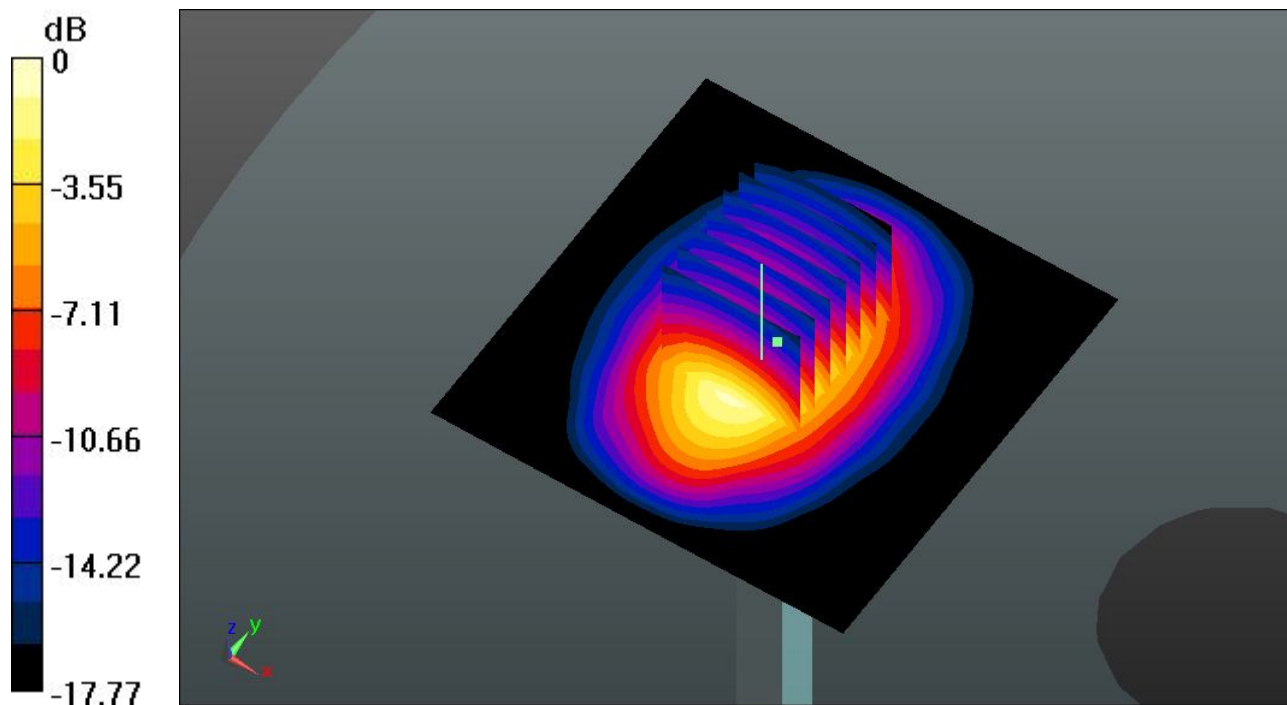
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.207 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.933 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_121103**DUT: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.412$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.311 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 W/kg

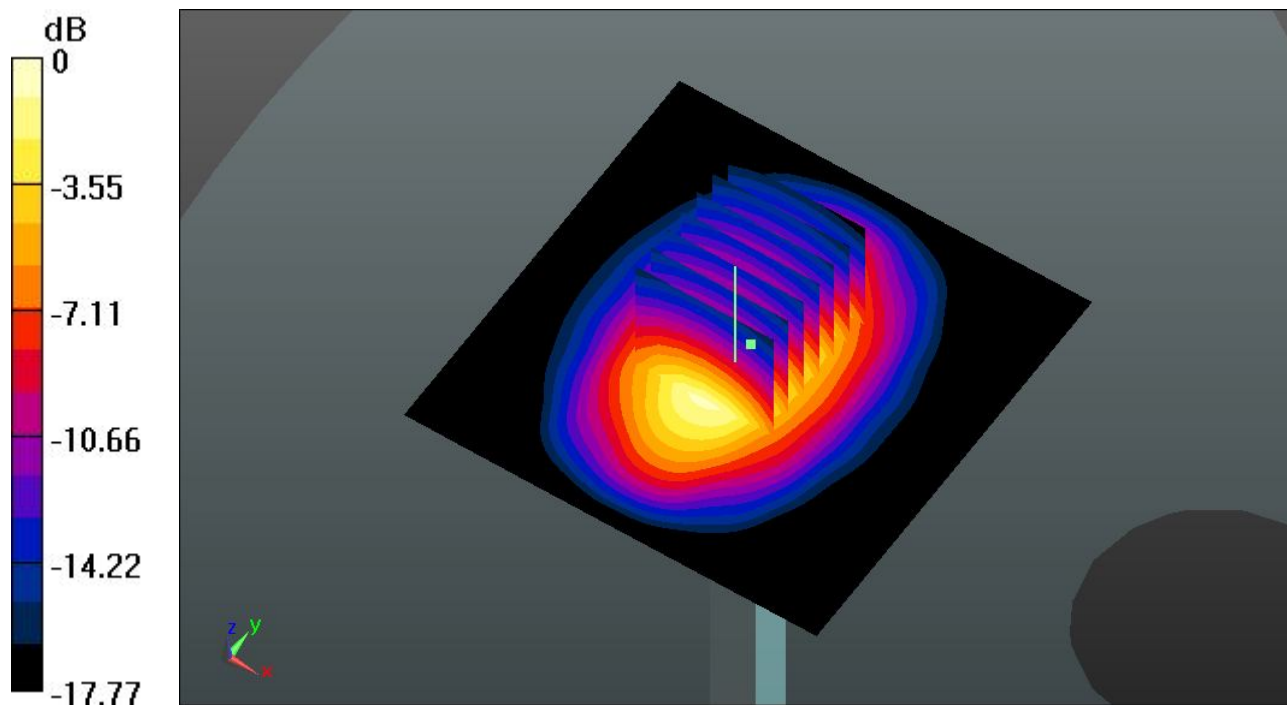
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 88.207 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.562 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 9.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 W/kg



0 dB = 11.1 W/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz_121126

DUT: D2450V2 - SN: 736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.856$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.685; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.727 mW/g

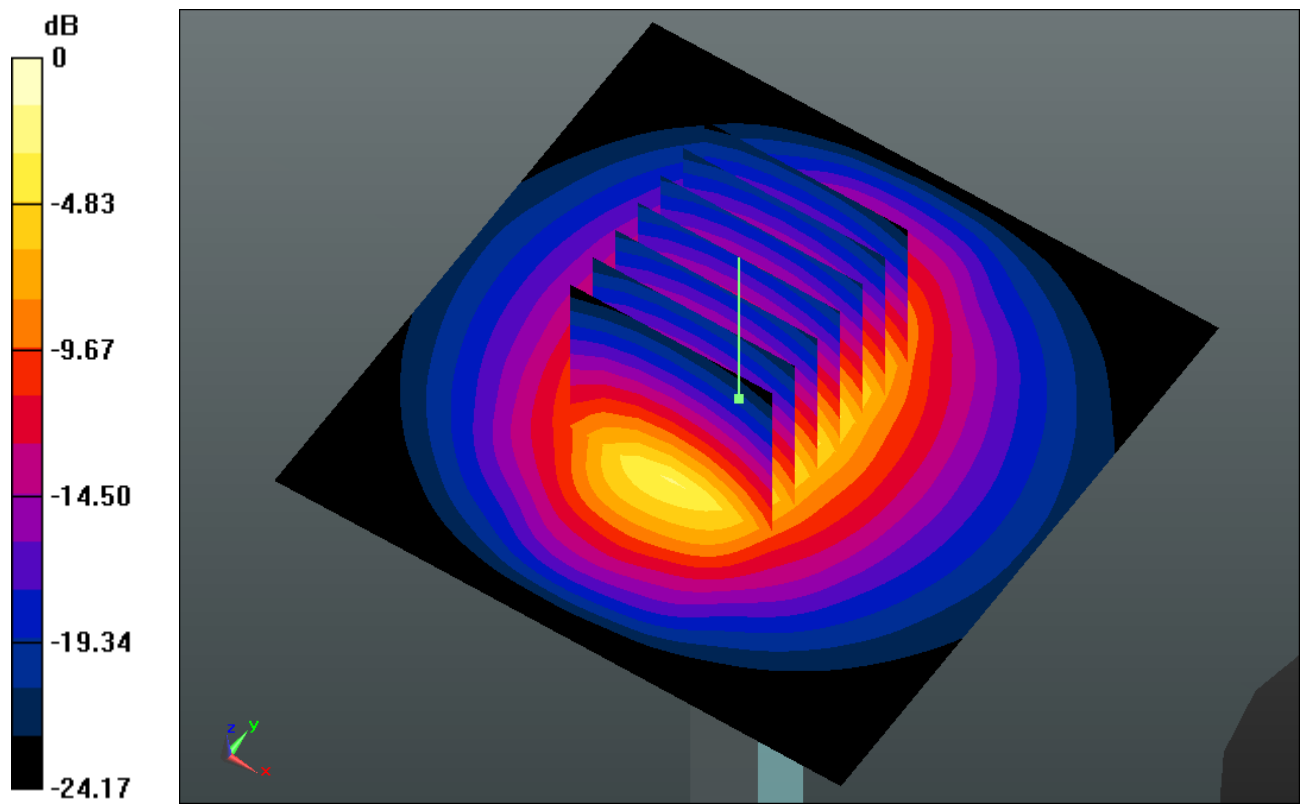
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.862 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.937 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.200 mW/g



0 dB = 21.200mW/g

System Check_Body_835MHz_121020**DUT: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.405$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.62 W/kg

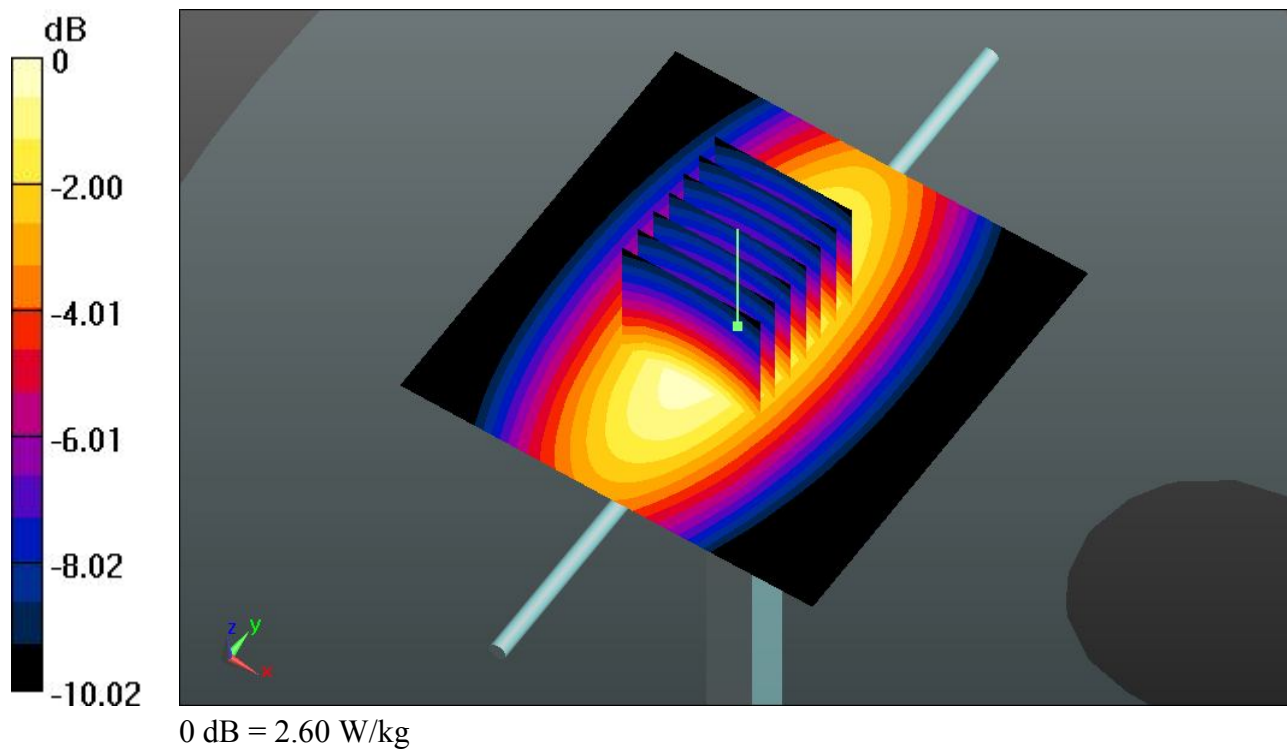
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.029 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.578 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 W/kg



System Check_Body_835MHz_121103**DUT: D835V2 - SN: 4d091**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.283$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 W/kg

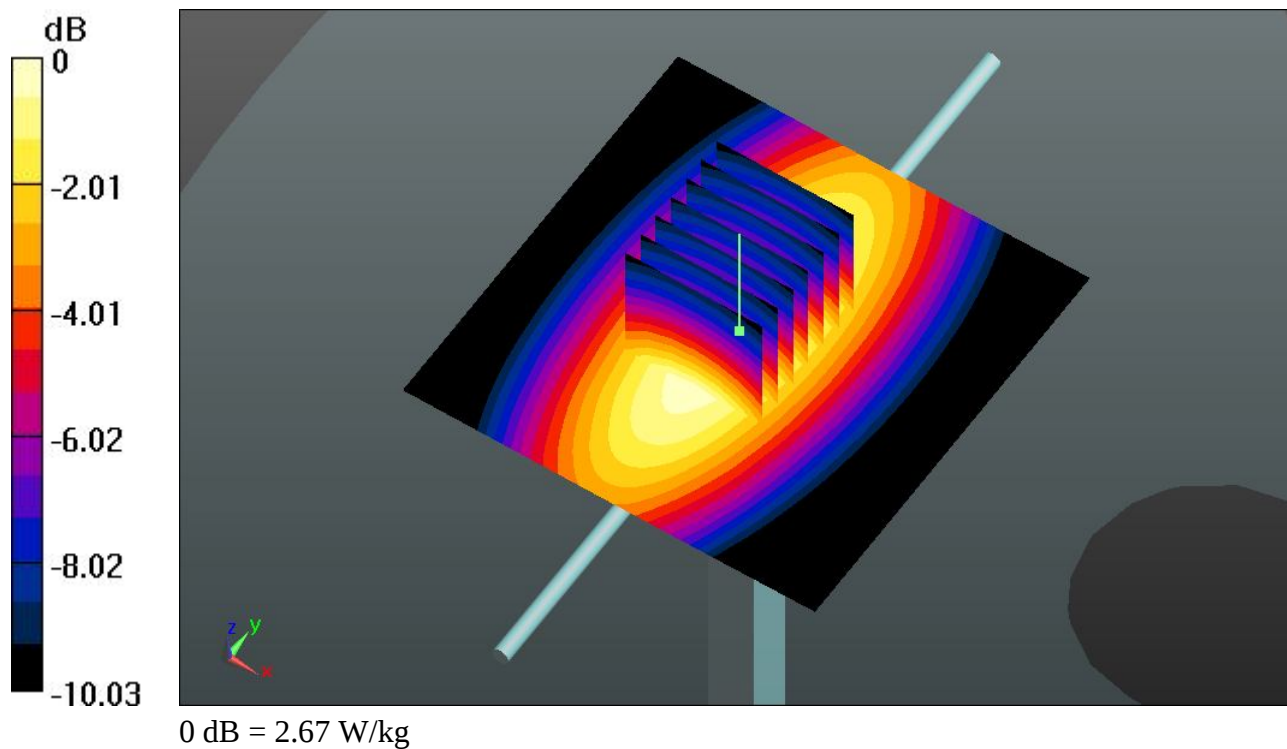
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.685 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 W/kg



System Check_Body_1900MHz_121020**DUT: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.539$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.698; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.9 W/kg

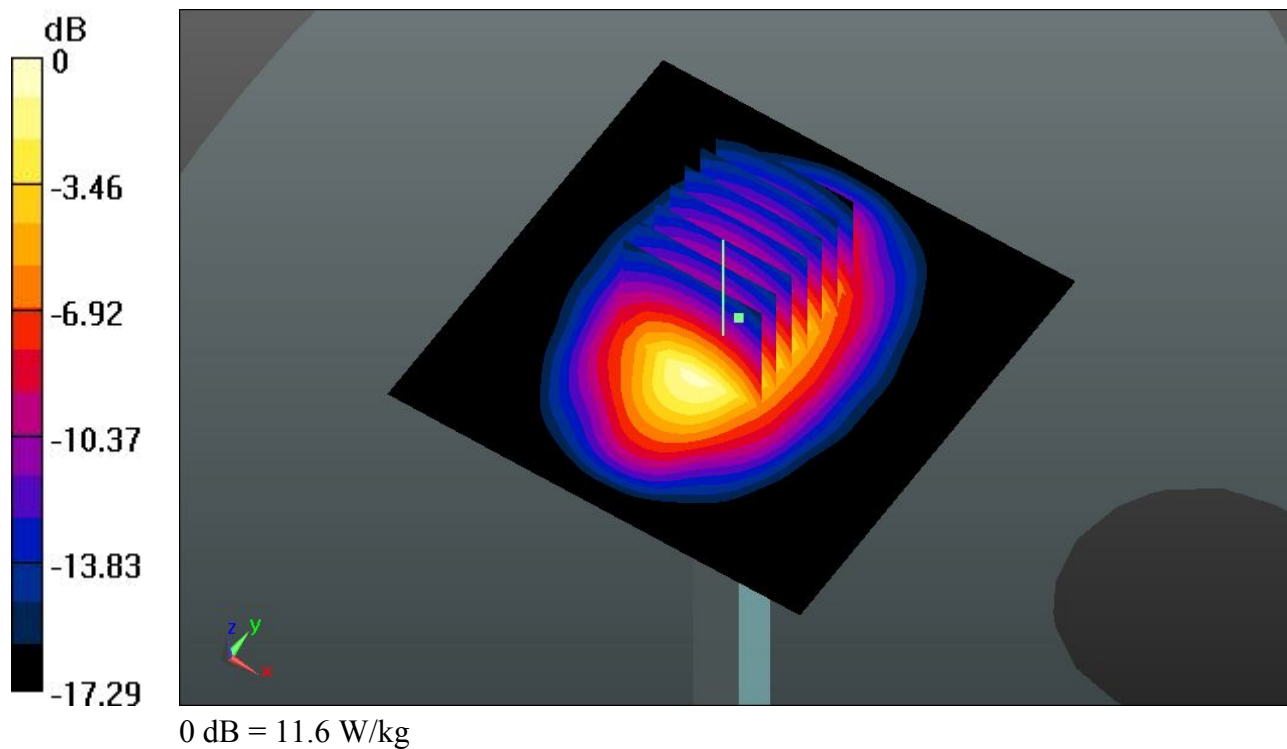
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.111 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.103 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg



System Check_Body_1900MHz_121103**DUT: D1900V2 - SN: 5d118**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.535$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.565; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 W/kg

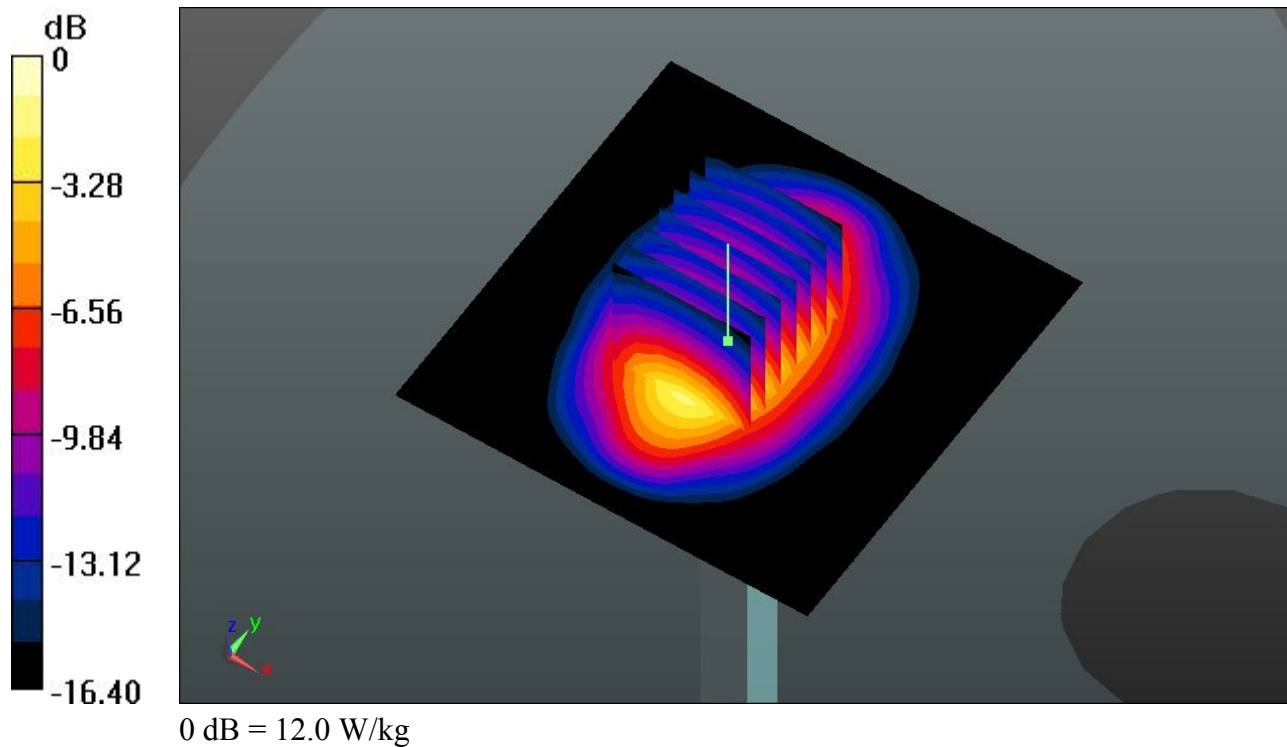
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.937 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.191 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 W/kg



System Check_Body_2450MHz_121124

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.976 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r =$

54.13 ; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.962 mW/g

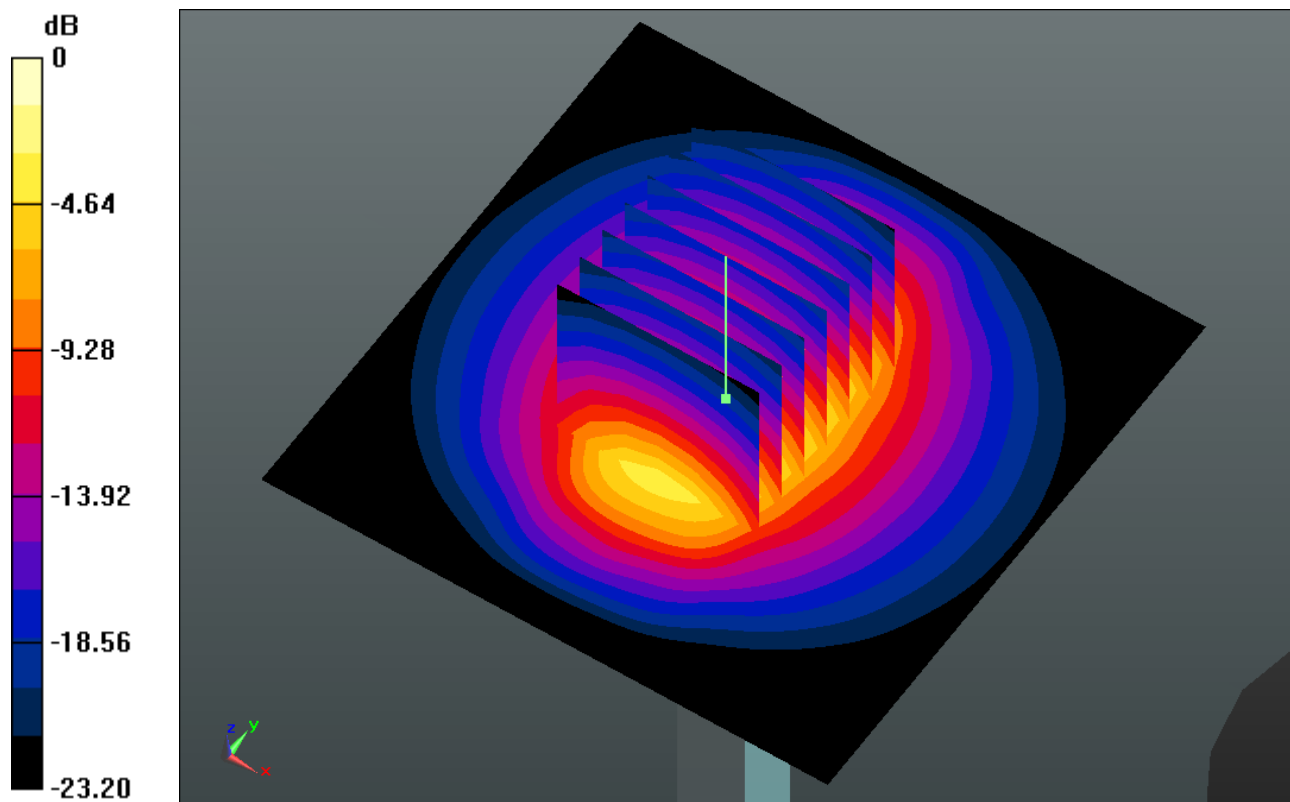
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 87.355 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.505 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.496 mW/g



0 dB = 20.500mW/g



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

94 GSM850_GSM_Right Cheek_Ch128**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.897$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 W/kg

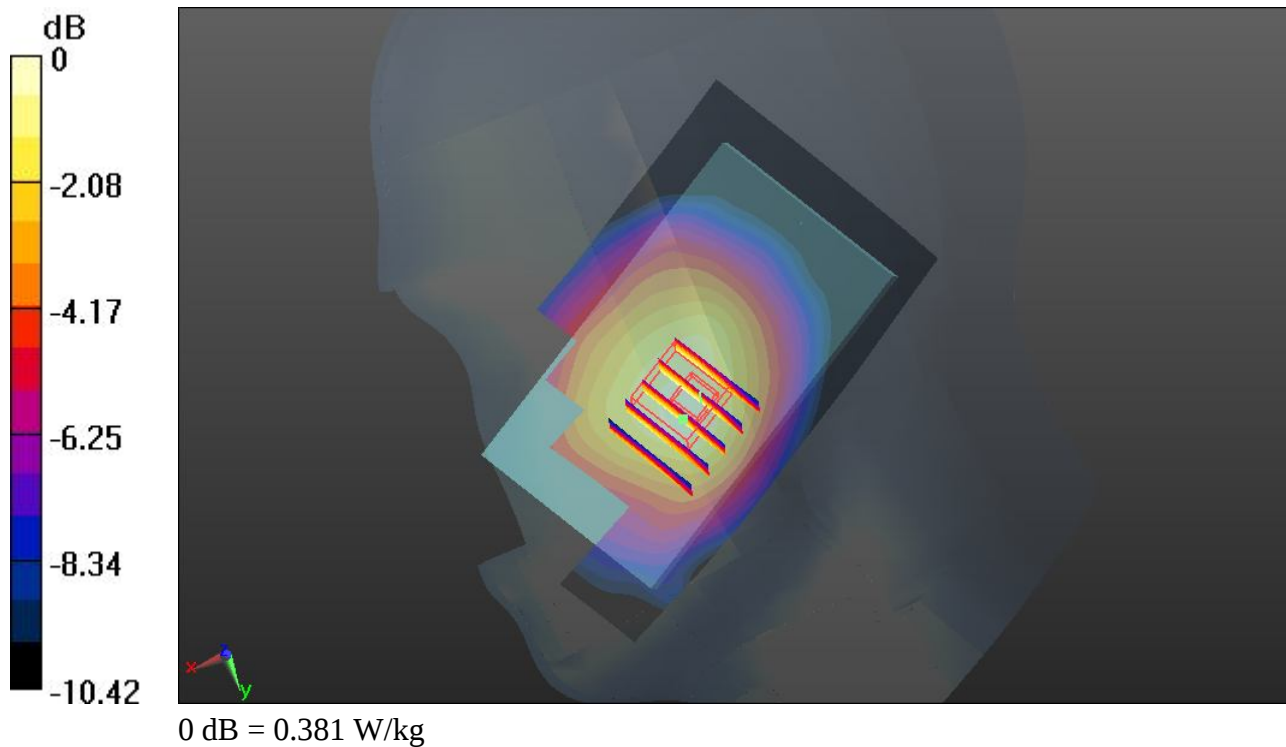
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.716 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 W/kg



94 GSM850_GSM_Right Cheek_Ch128_2D**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$ 41.897; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 W/kg

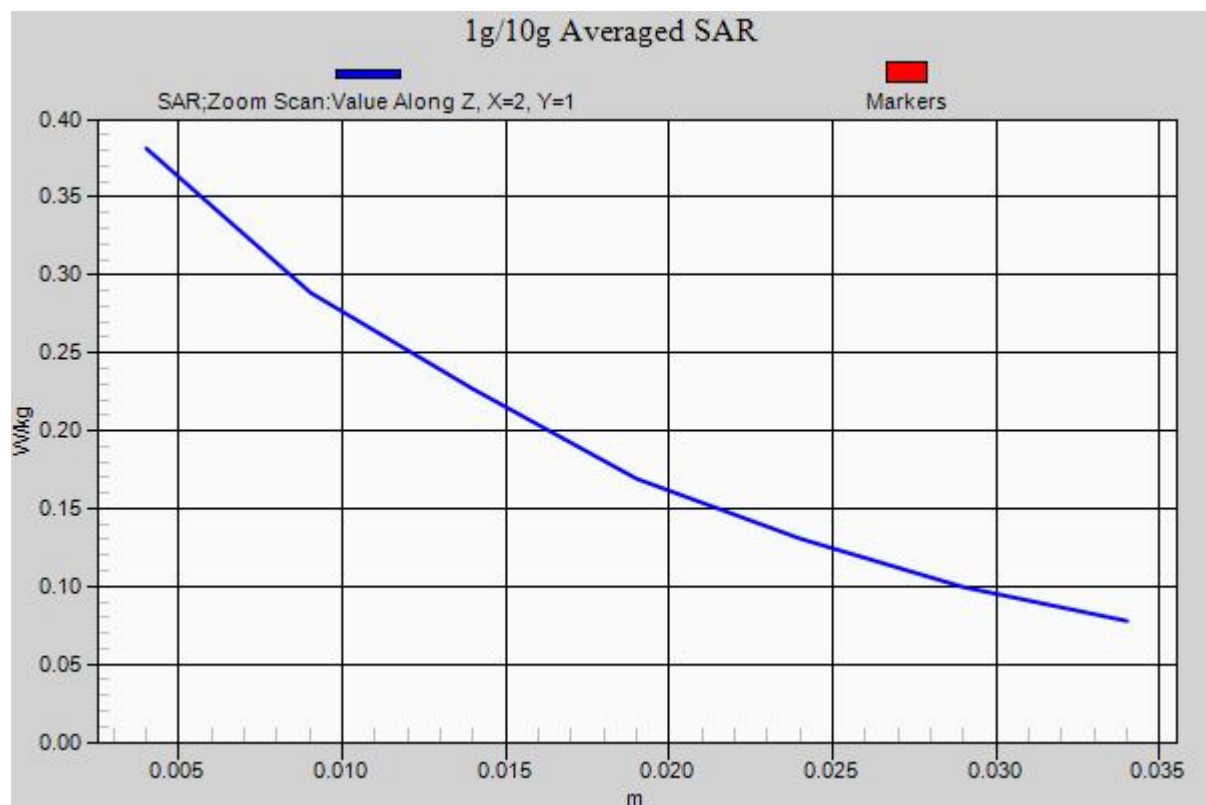
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.716 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 W/kg



95 GSM850_GSM_Right Tilted_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.897$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.268 W/kg

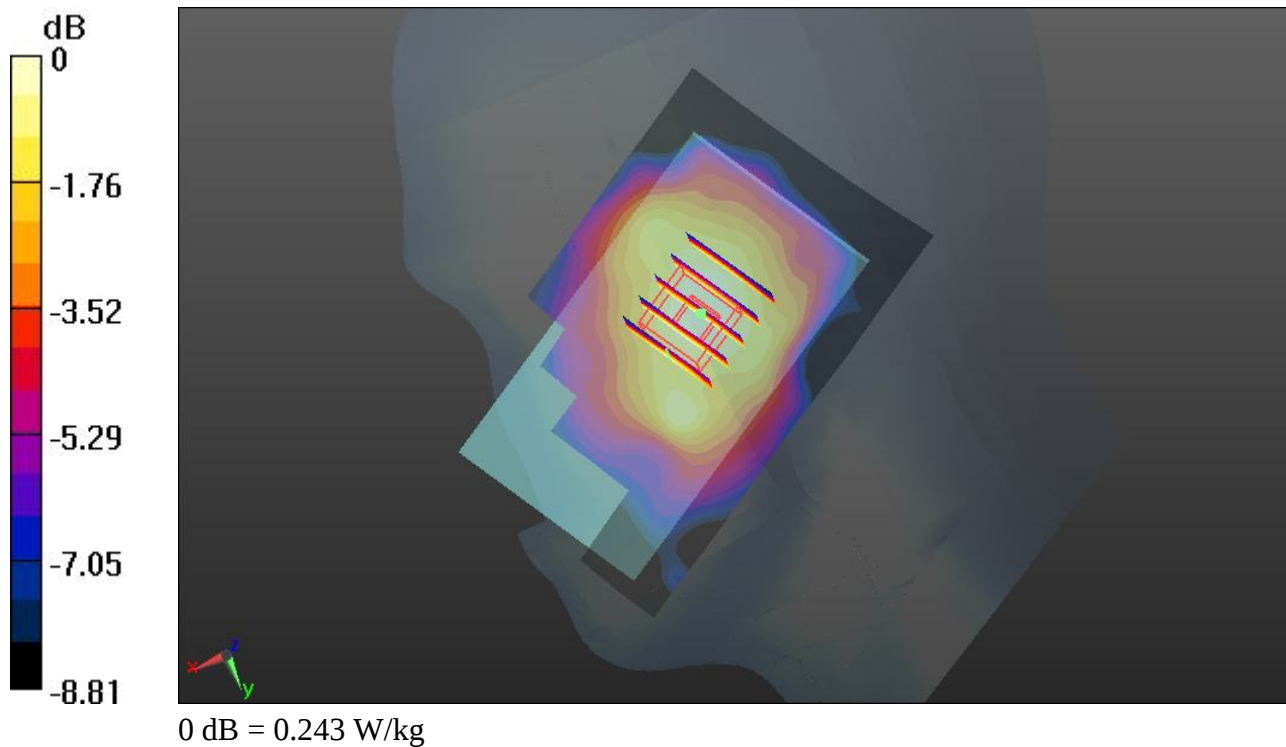
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.941 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.288 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.243 W/kg



96 GSM850_GSM_Left Cheek_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.897$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.300 W/kg

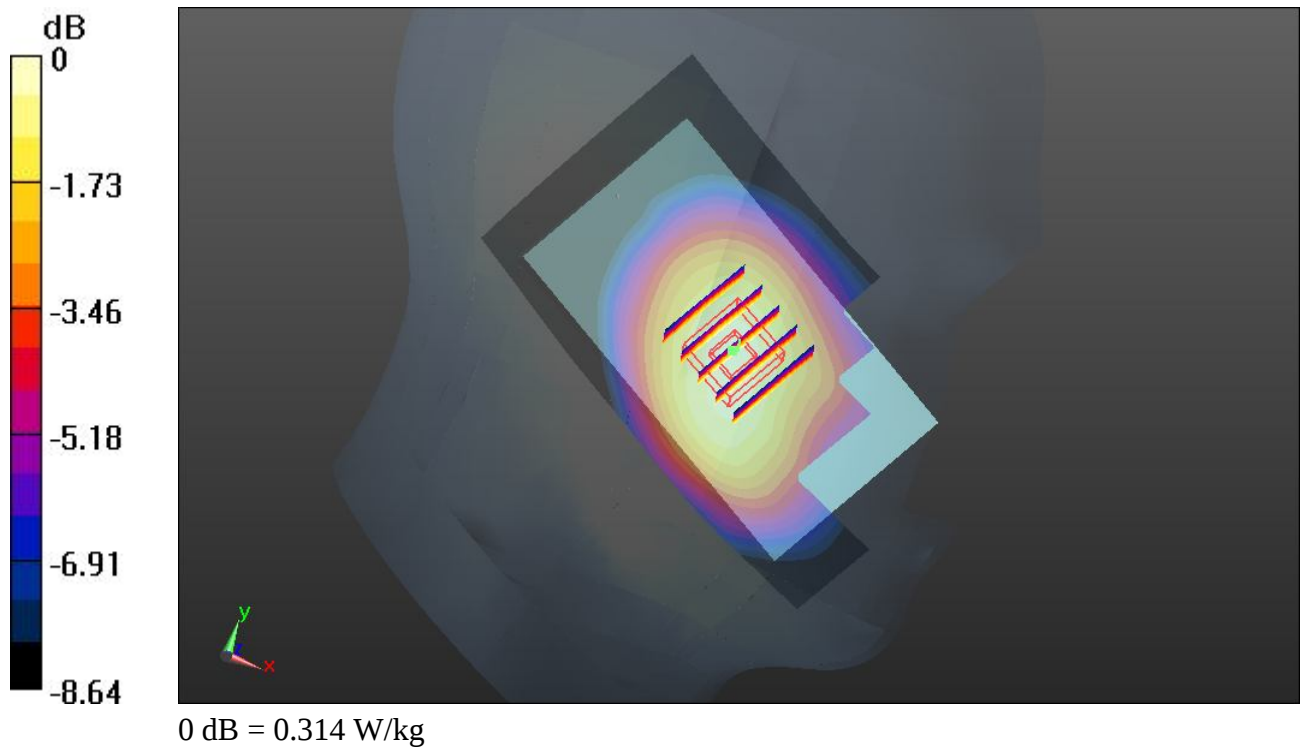
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.350 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



97 GSM850_GSM_Left Tilted_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.897$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 W/kg

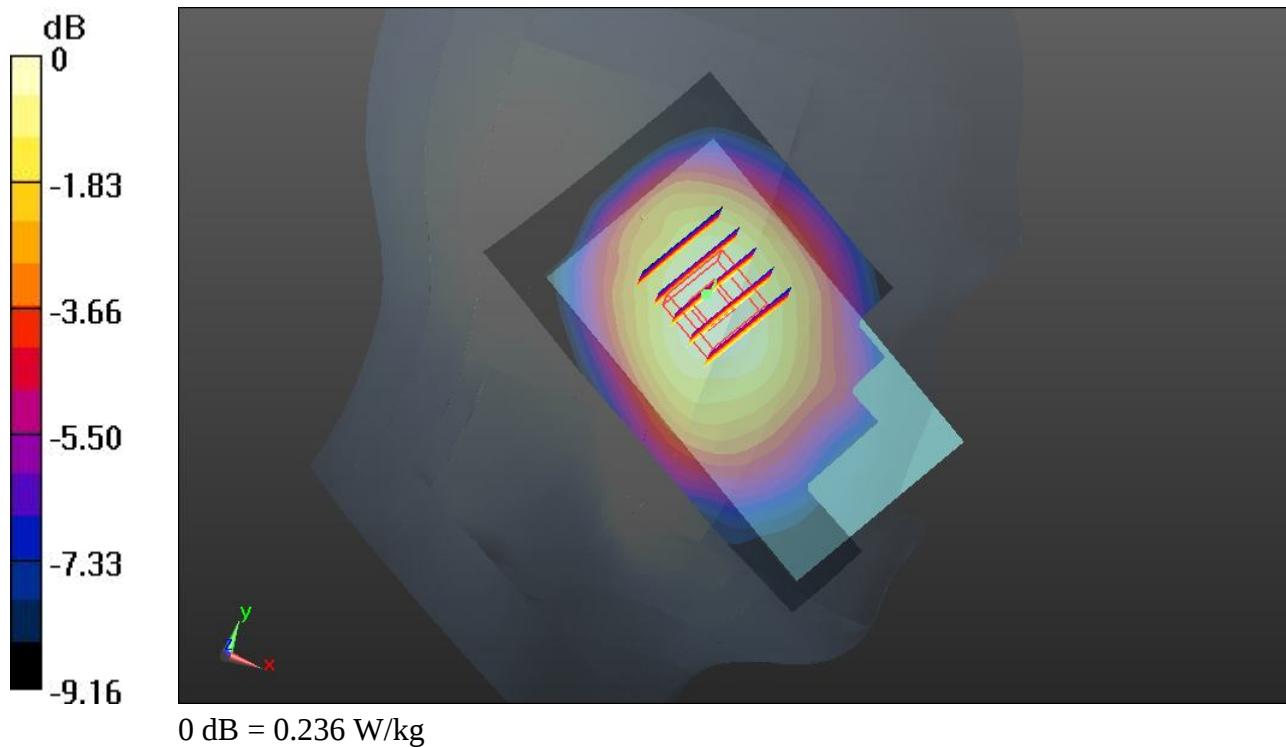
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.200 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.282 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.223 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 W/kg



05 GSM1900_GSM_Right Cheek_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_121019 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

40.094; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.352 W/kg

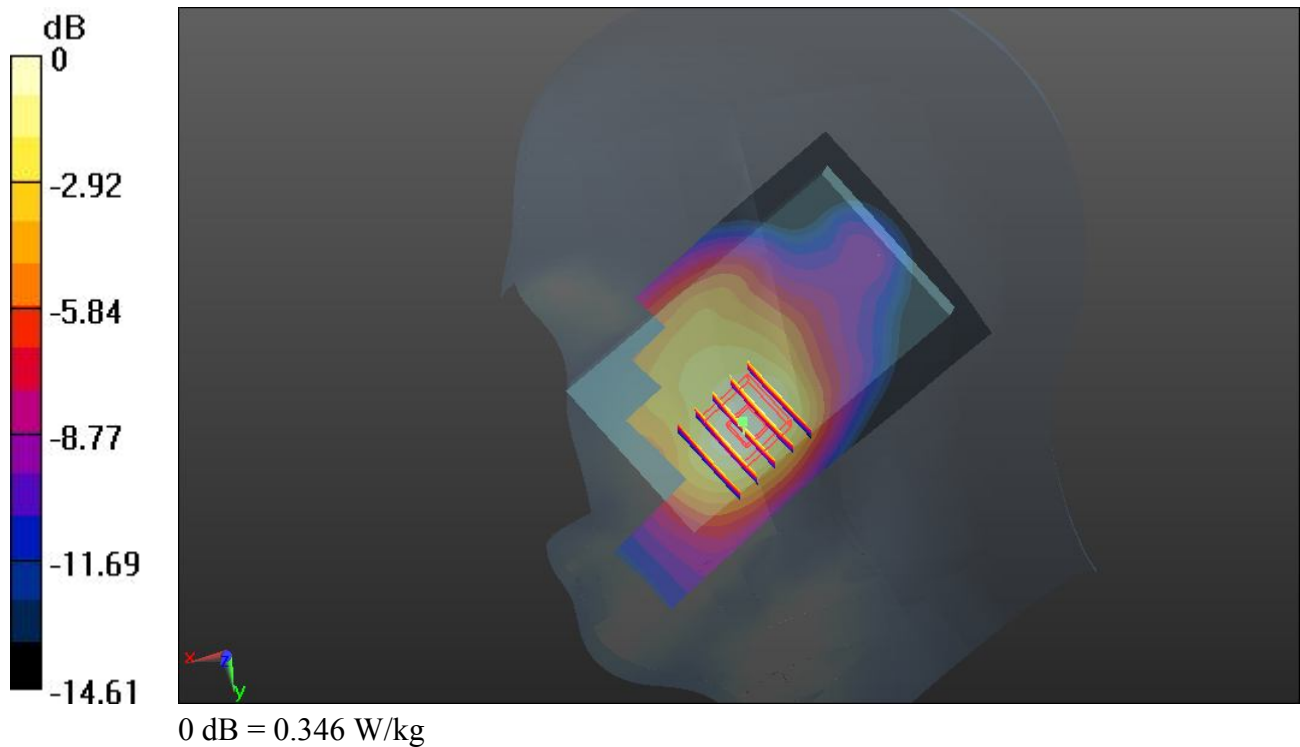
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.805 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.470 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 W/kg



05 GSM1900_GSM_Right Cheek_Ch512_2D**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_121019 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

40.094; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.352 W/kg

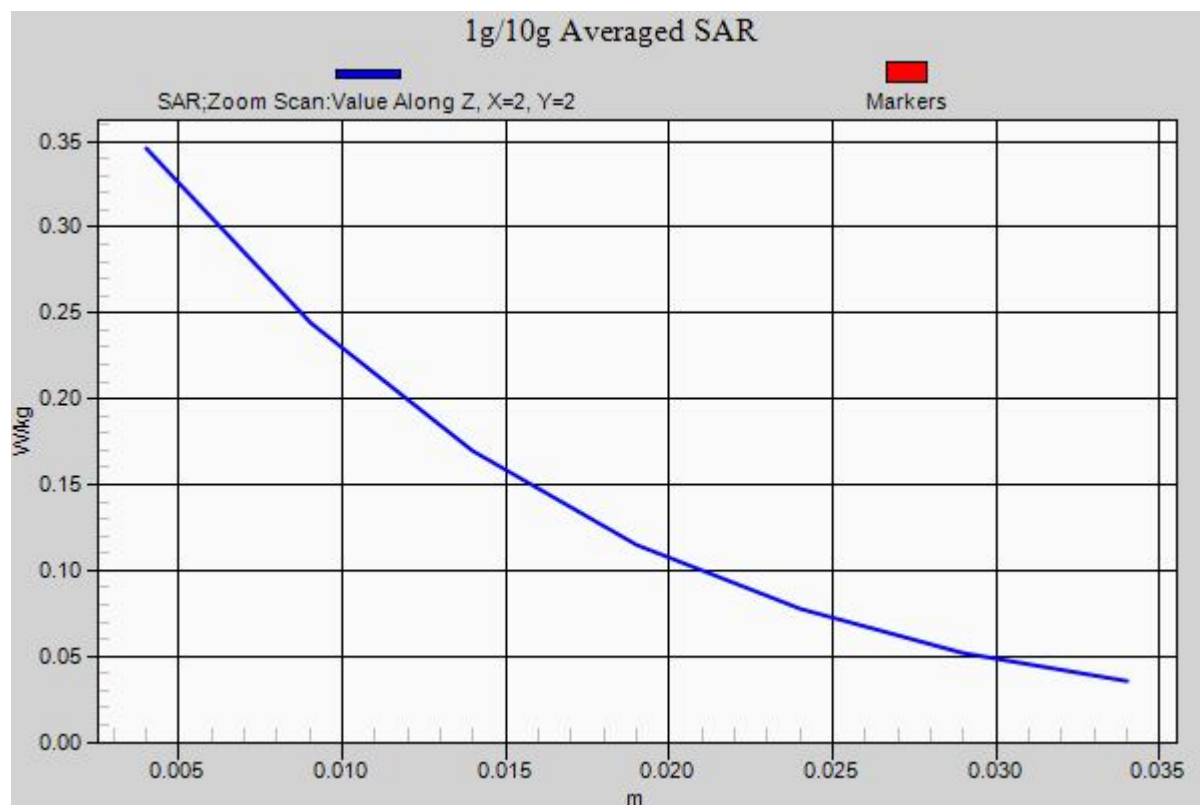
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.805 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.470 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 W/kg



06 GSM1900_GSM_Right Tilted_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_121019 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

40.094; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.117 W/kg

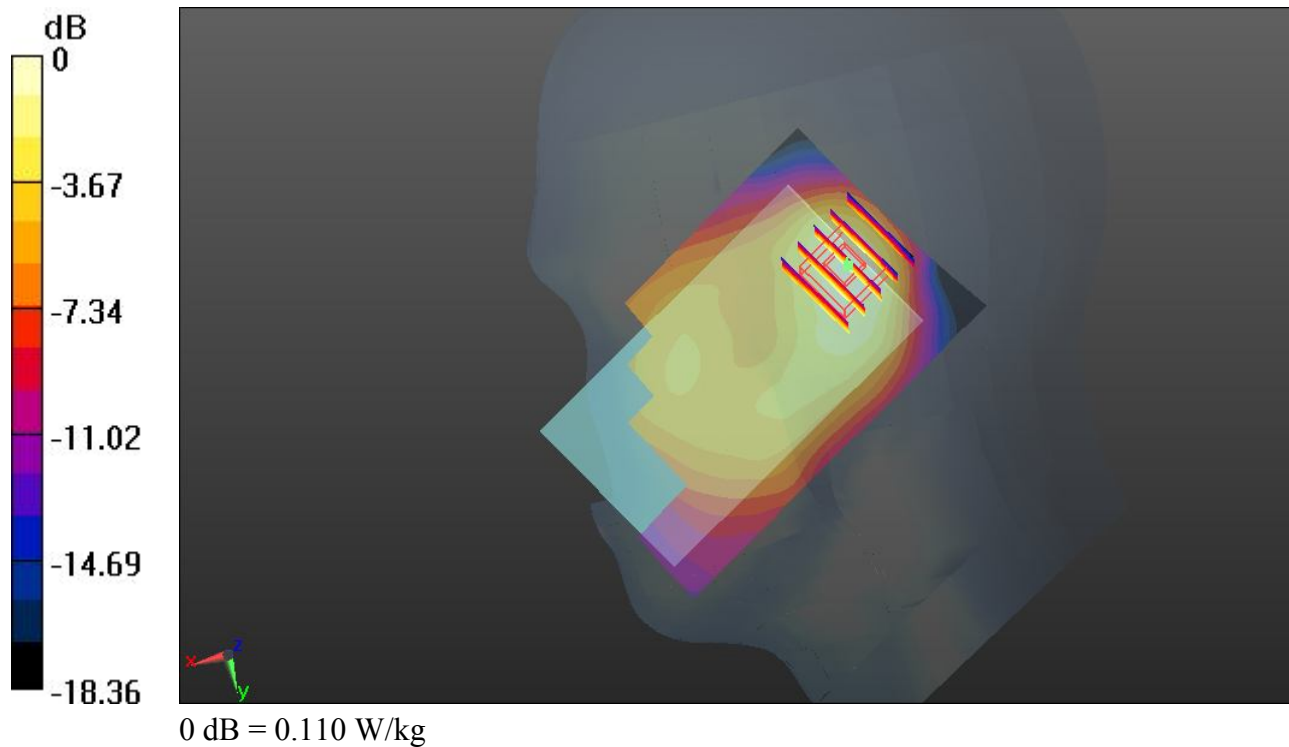
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.051 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.156 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.100 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 W/kg



07 GSM1900_GSM_Left Cheek_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_121019 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

40.094; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.334 W/kg

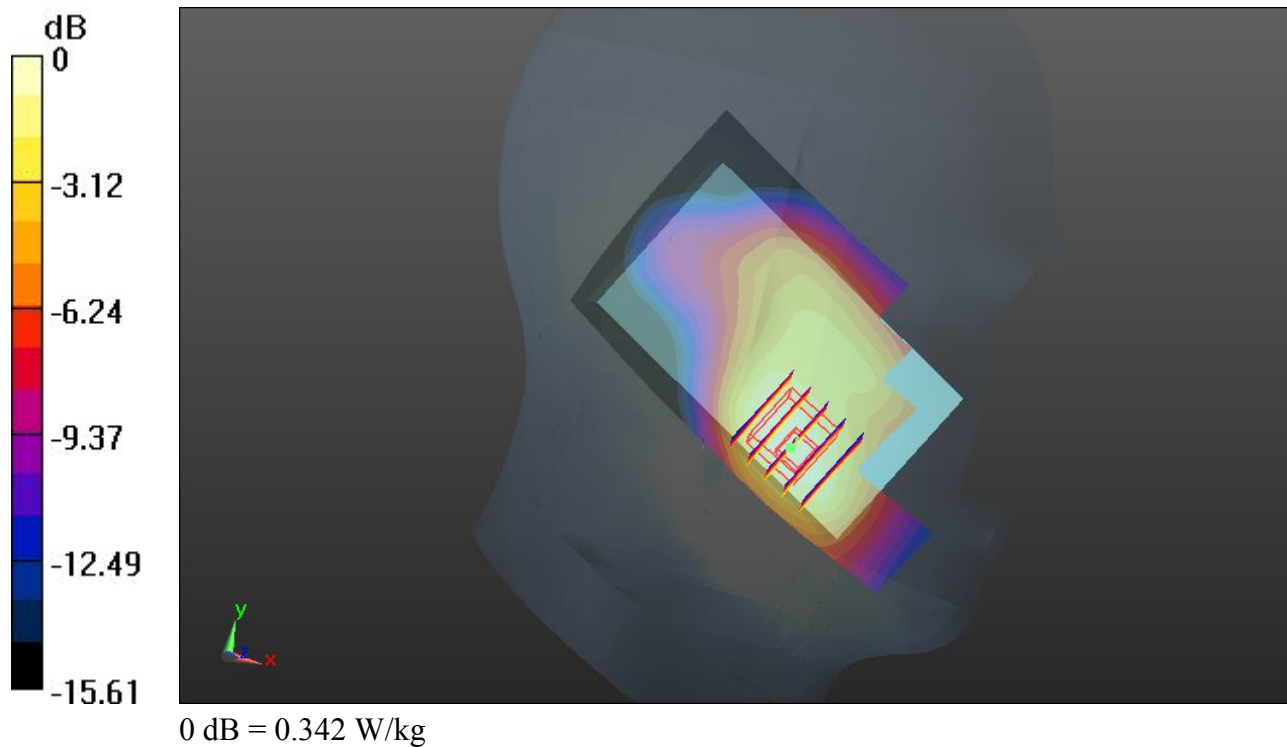
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.811 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



08 GSM1900_GSM_Left Tilted_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_121019 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

40.094; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.112 W/kg

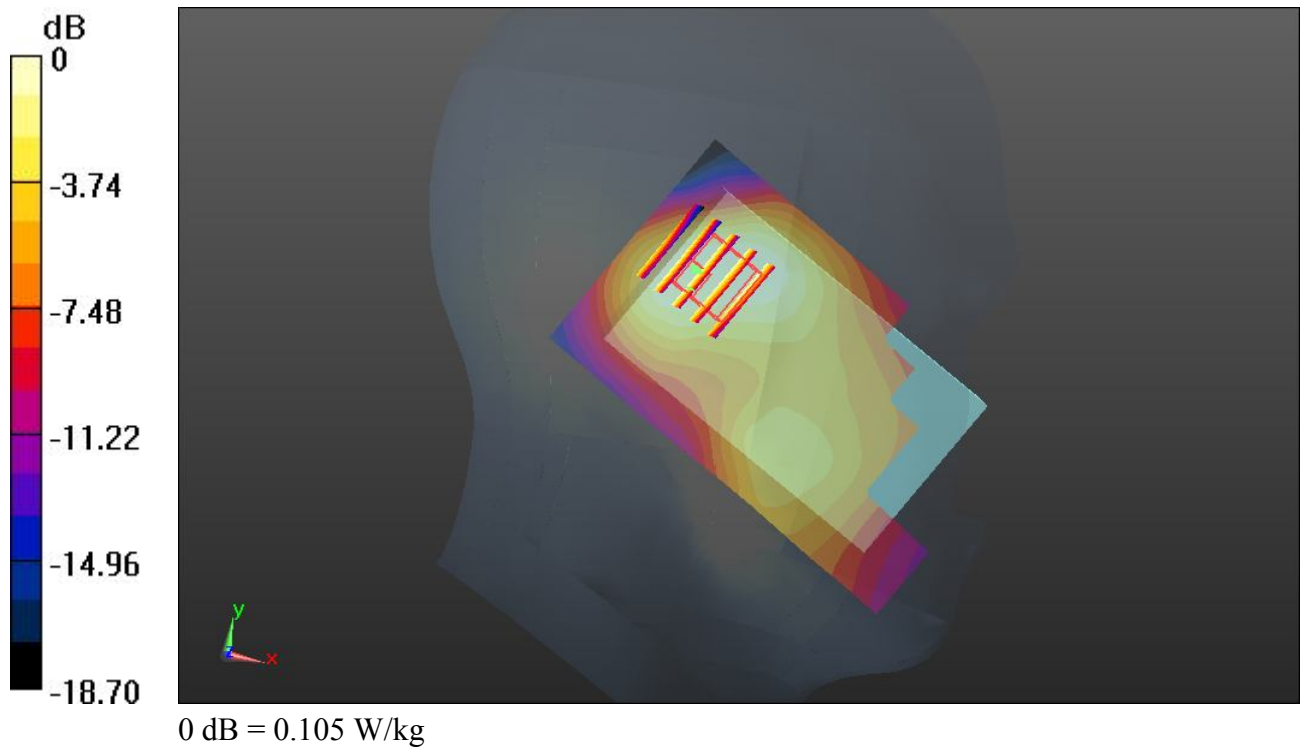
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.730 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.154 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 W/kg



13 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch4182**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.771$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

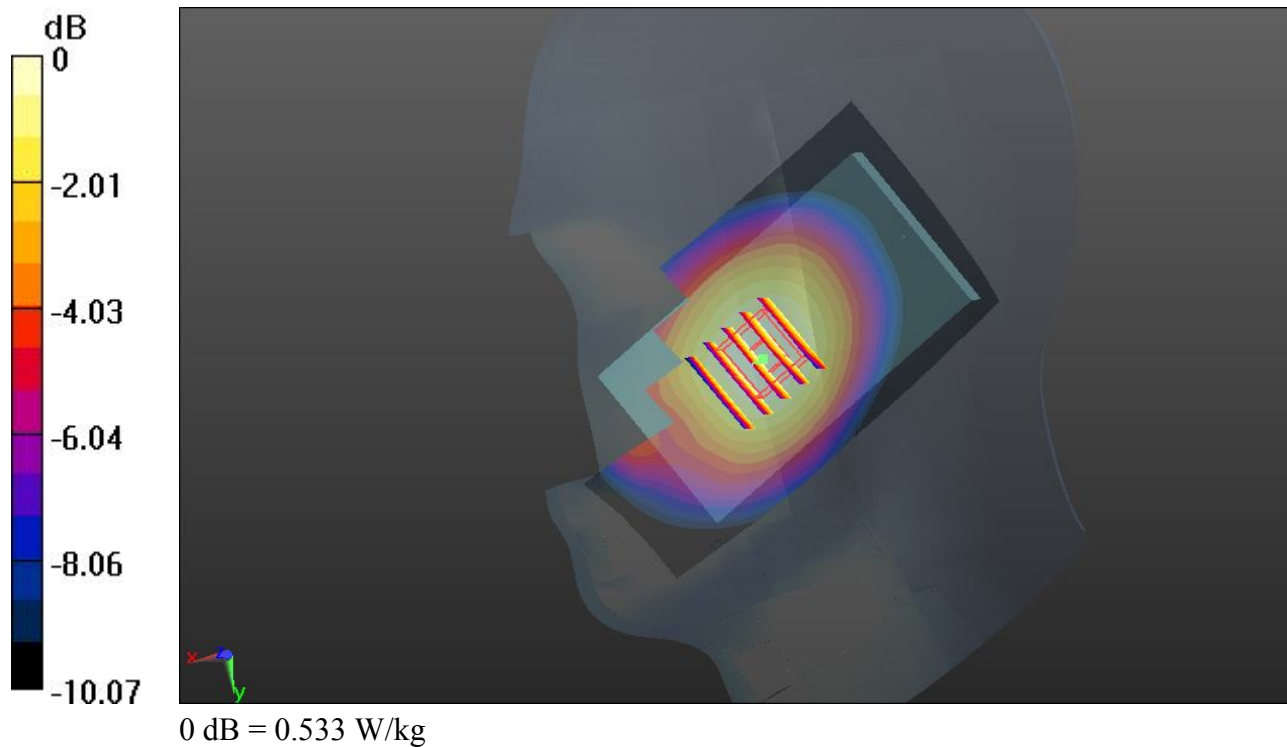
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.617 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 W/kg



13 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch4182_2D**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

40.771 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

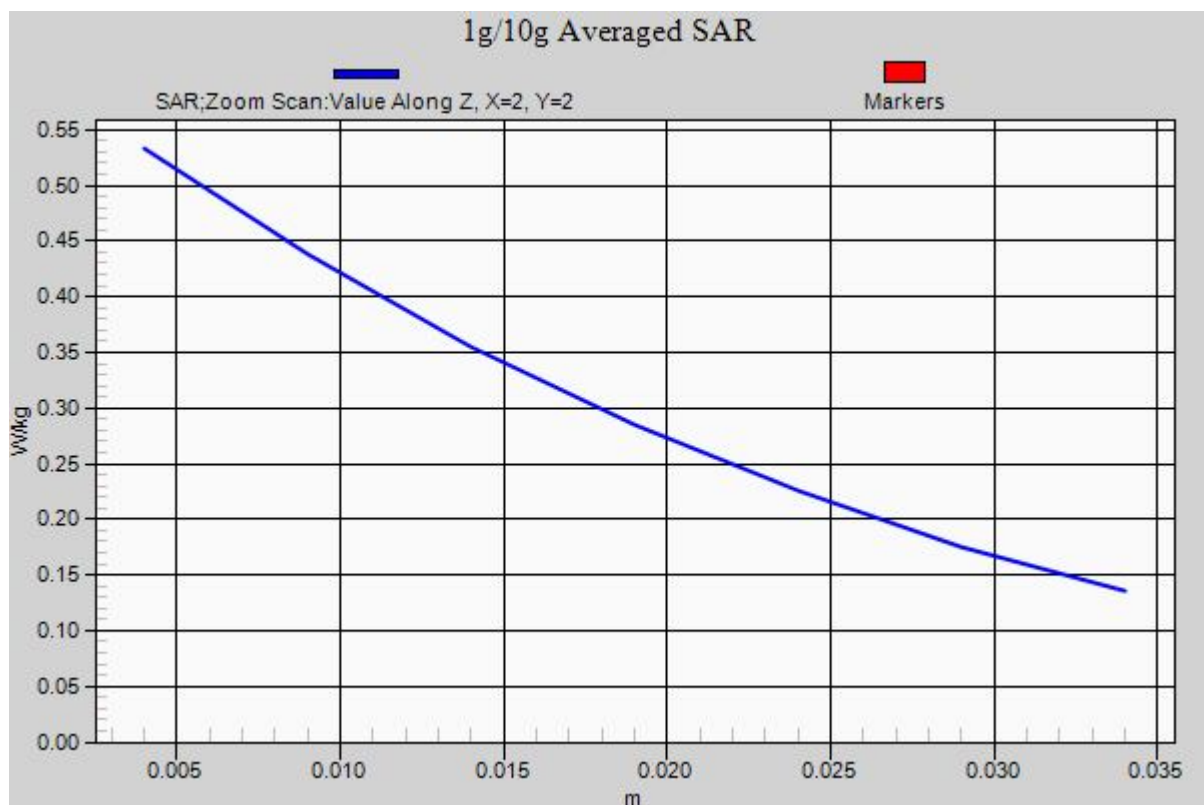
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.617 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 W/kg



14 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Right Tilted_Ch4182**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.771$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.393 W/kg

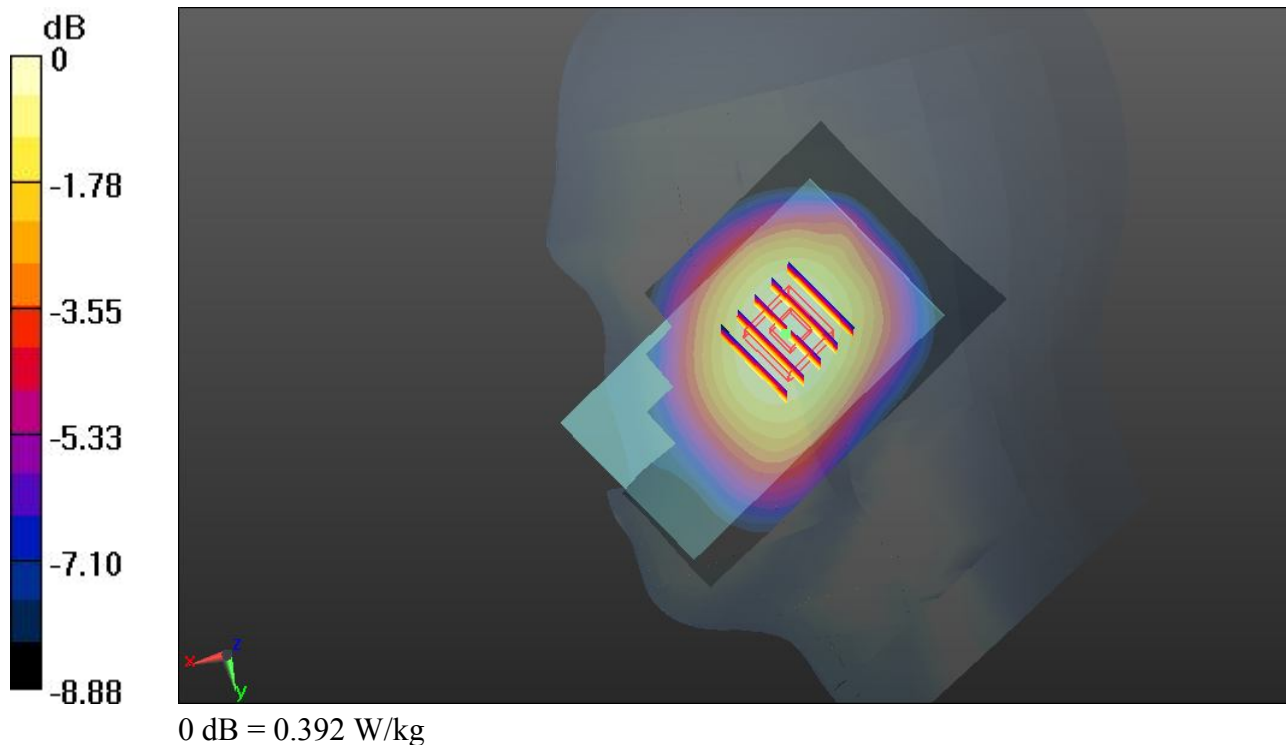
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.994 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.376 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 W/kg



15 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch4182**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.771$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.452 W/kg

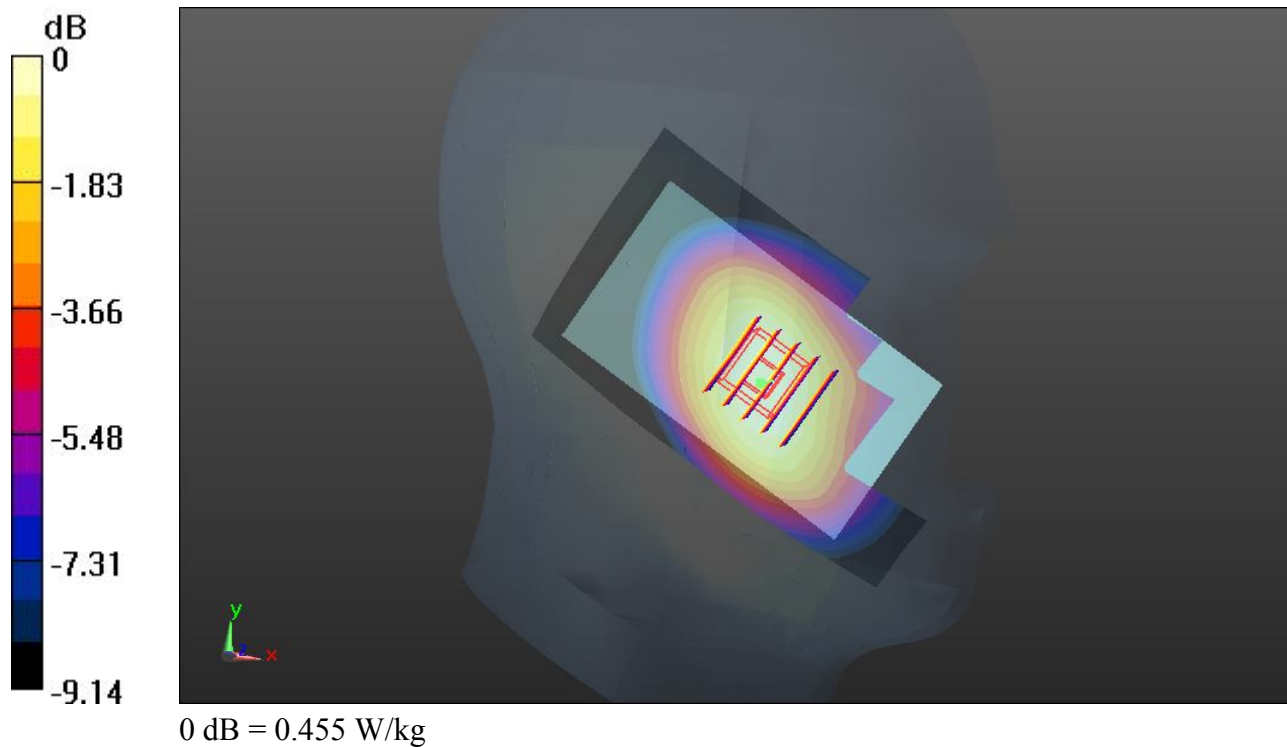
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.270 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.537 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.455 W/kg



16 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Left Tilted_Ch4182**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.771$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.4, 9.4, 9.4); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.362 W/kg

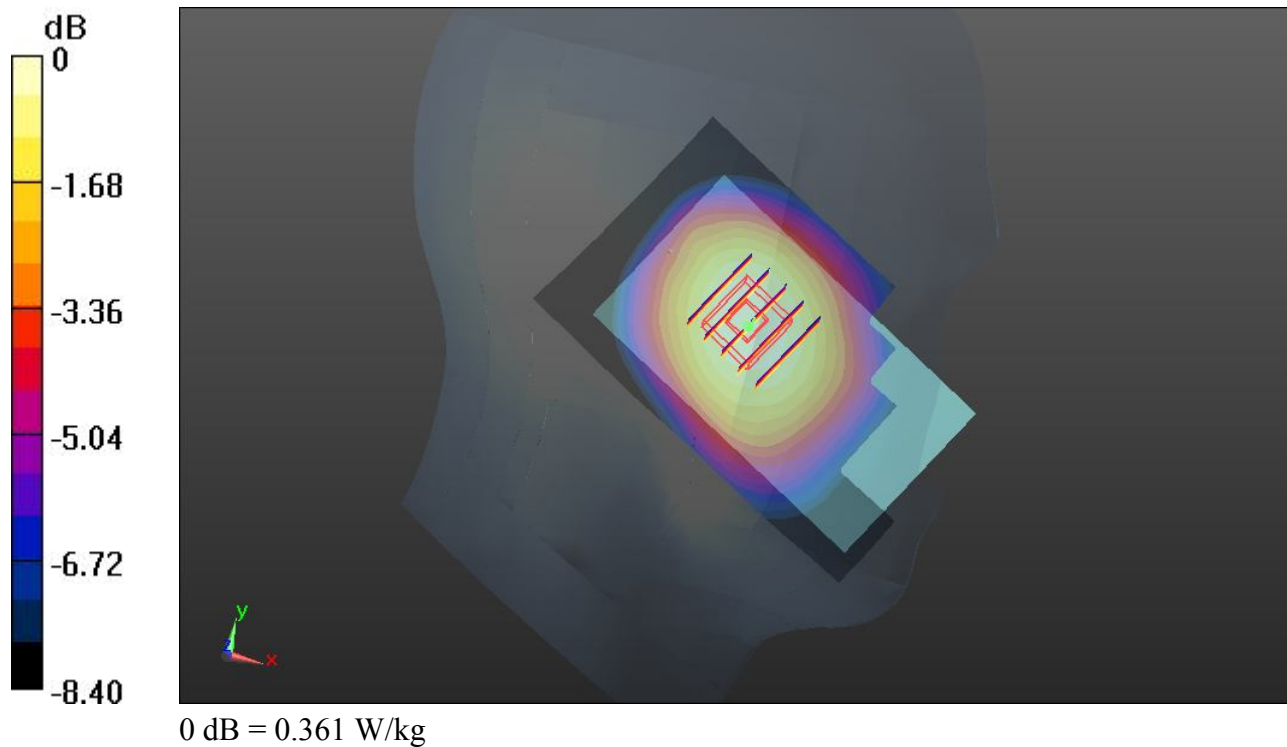
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.782 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.432 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.347 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



82 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.378 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 W/kg

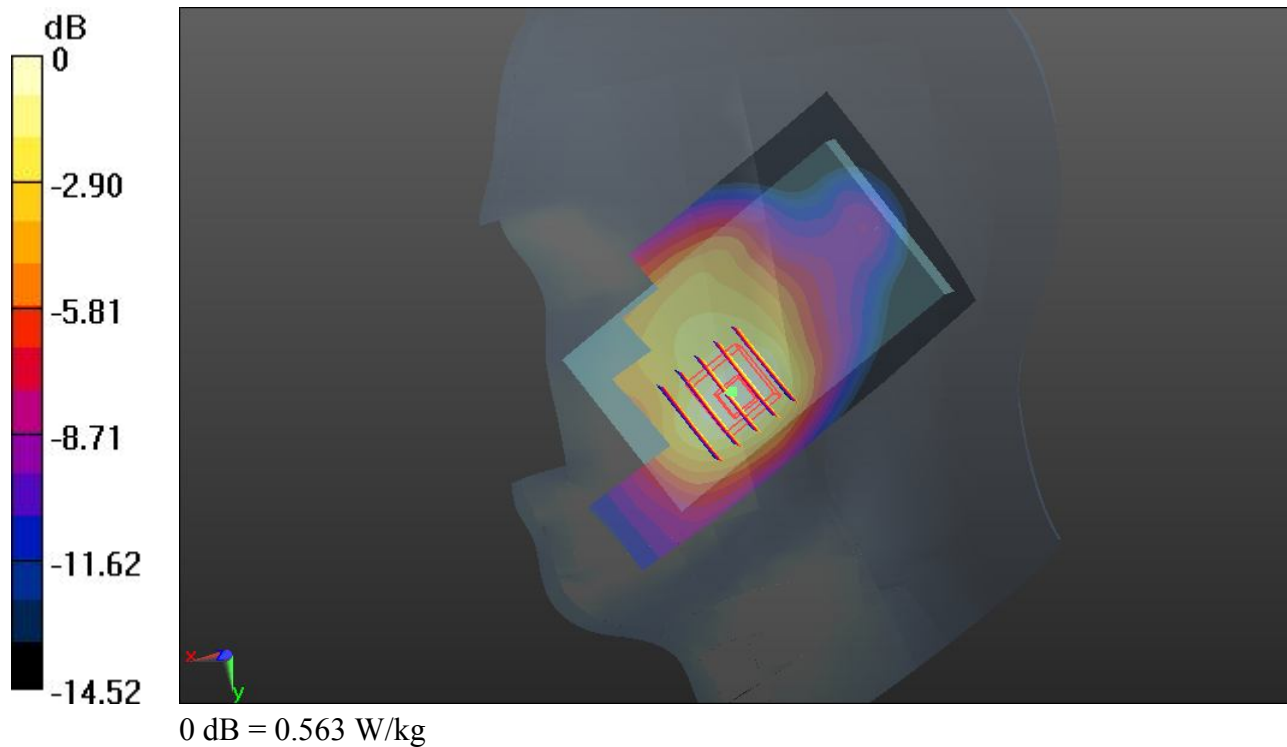
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.767 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.522 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.563 W/kg



83 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Right Tilted_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.378; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 W/kg

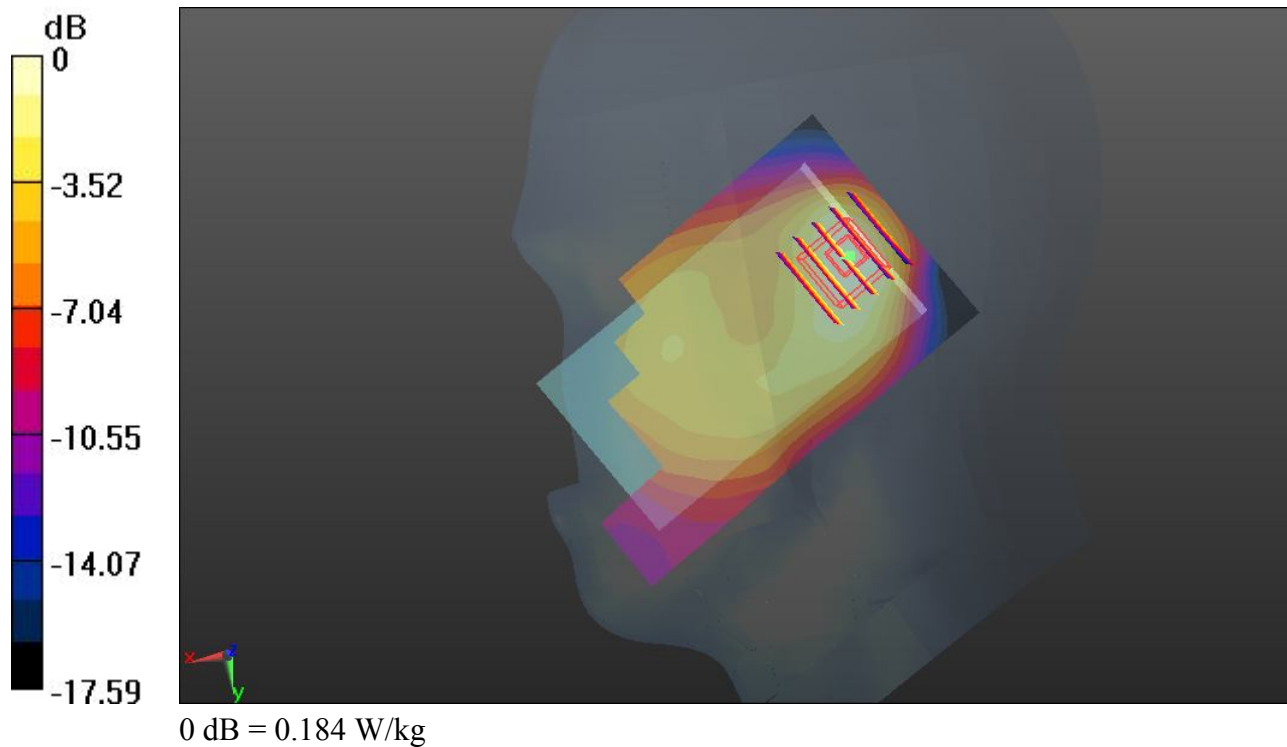
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.708 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.262 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 W/kg



84 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.378 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.566 W/kg

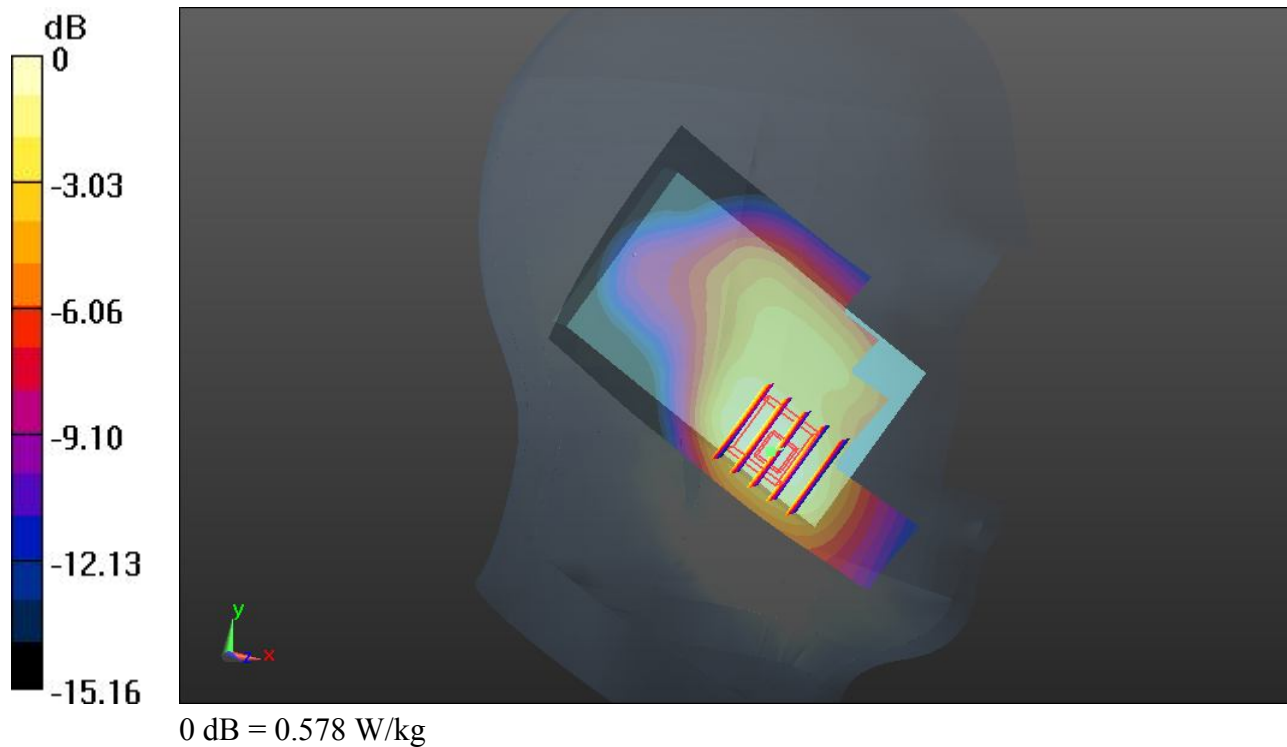
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.850 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.851 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 W/kg



84 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch9262_2D**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.378; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.566 W/kg

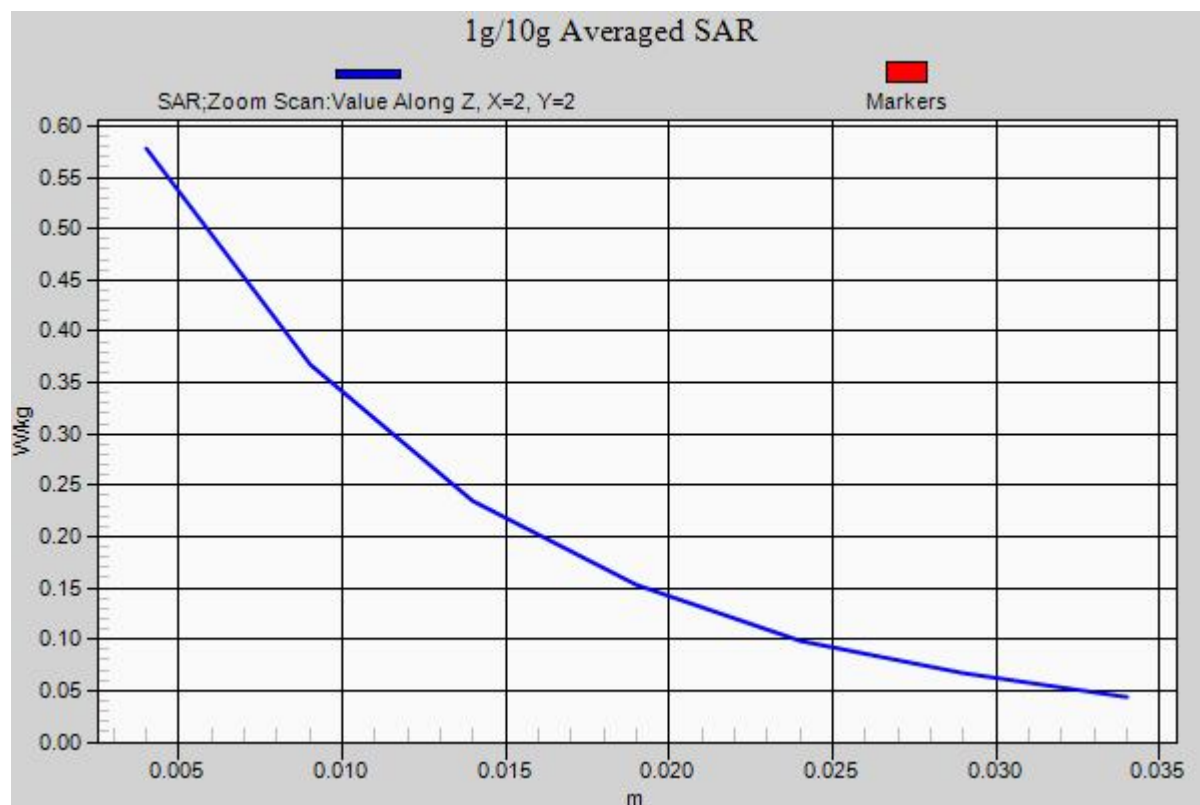
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.850 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.851 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 W/kg



85 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Left Tilted_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.378 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 W/kg

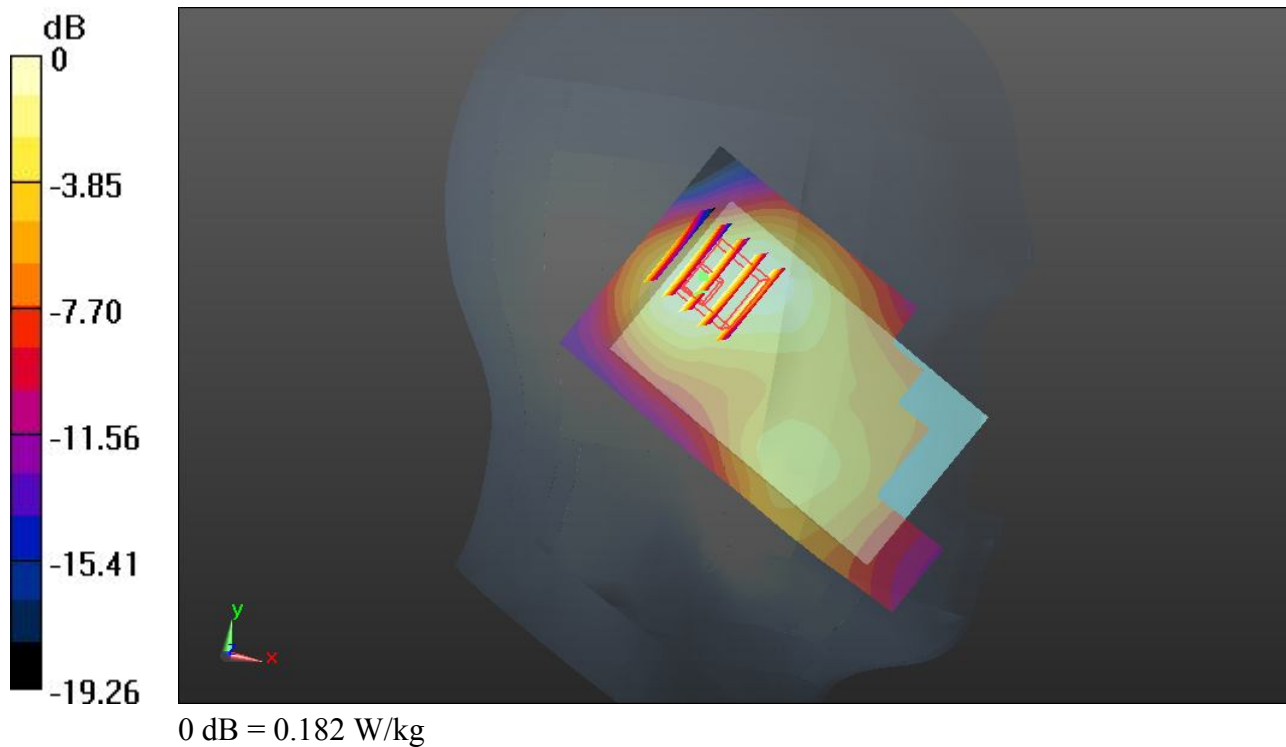
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 11.502 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.261 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.170 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 W/kg



#98 802.11b_1M_Right Cheek_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.834; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.032 mW/g

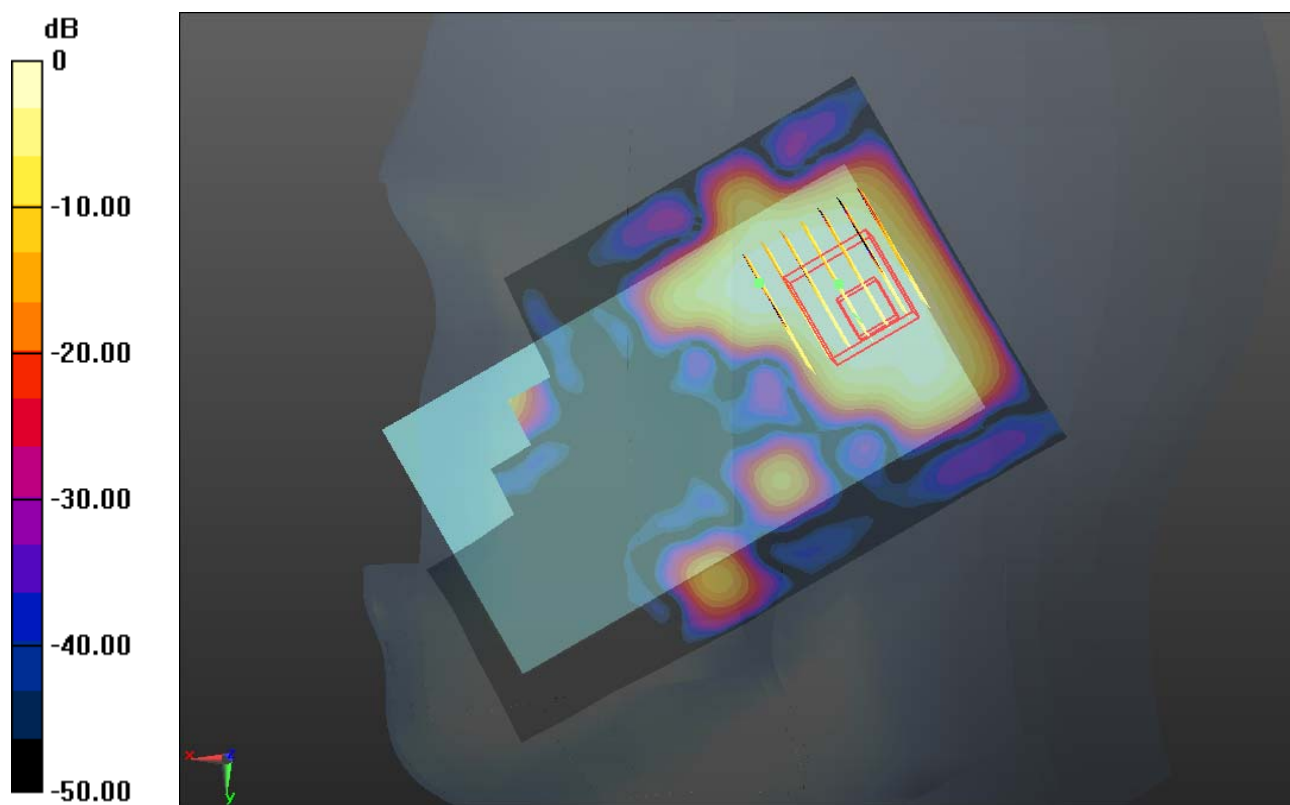
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.042 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g



0 dB = 0.030mW/g

#98 802.11b_1M_Right Cheek_Ch1_2D

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.834; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.032 mW/g

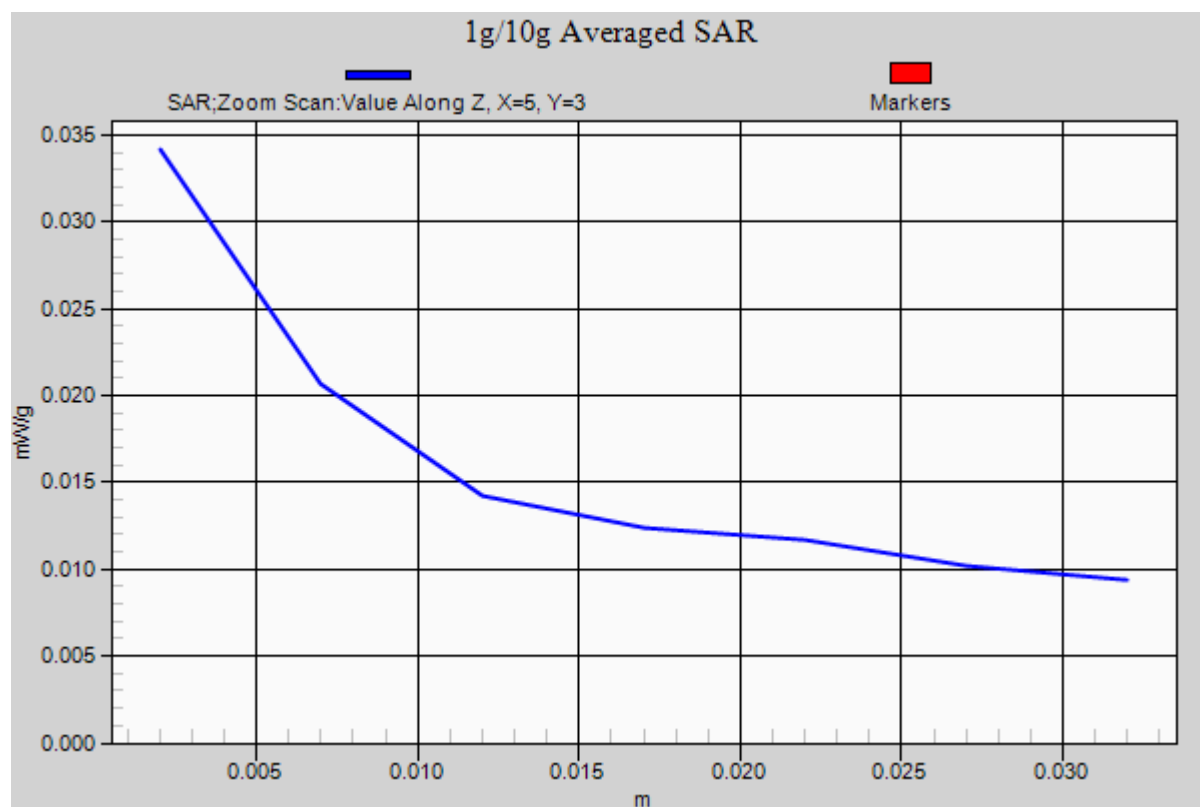
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.042 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g



#99 802.11b_1M_Right Tilted_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.834; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.034 mW/g

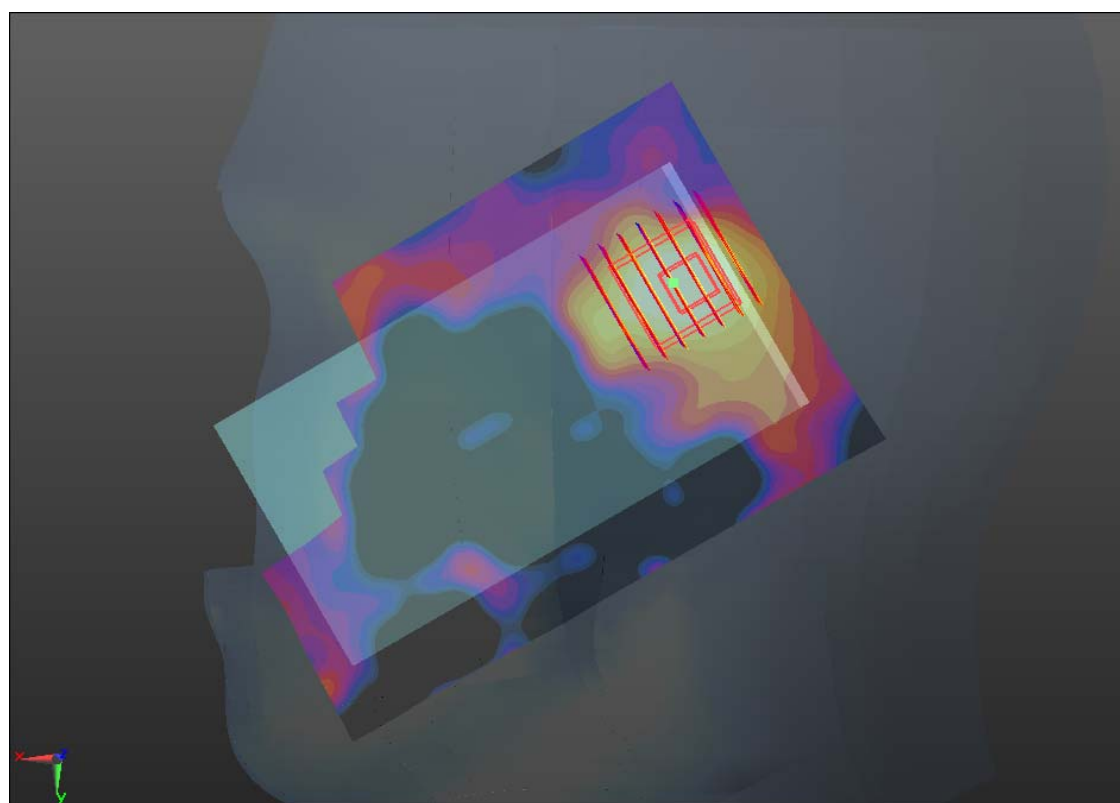
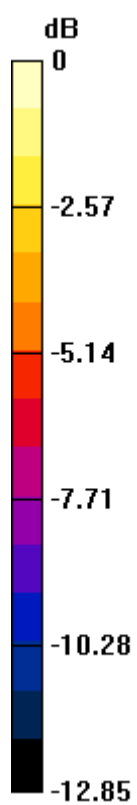
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.777 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.070 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00762 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g



0 dB = 0.030mW/g

#100 802.11b_1M_Left Cheek_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.834; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.036 mW/g

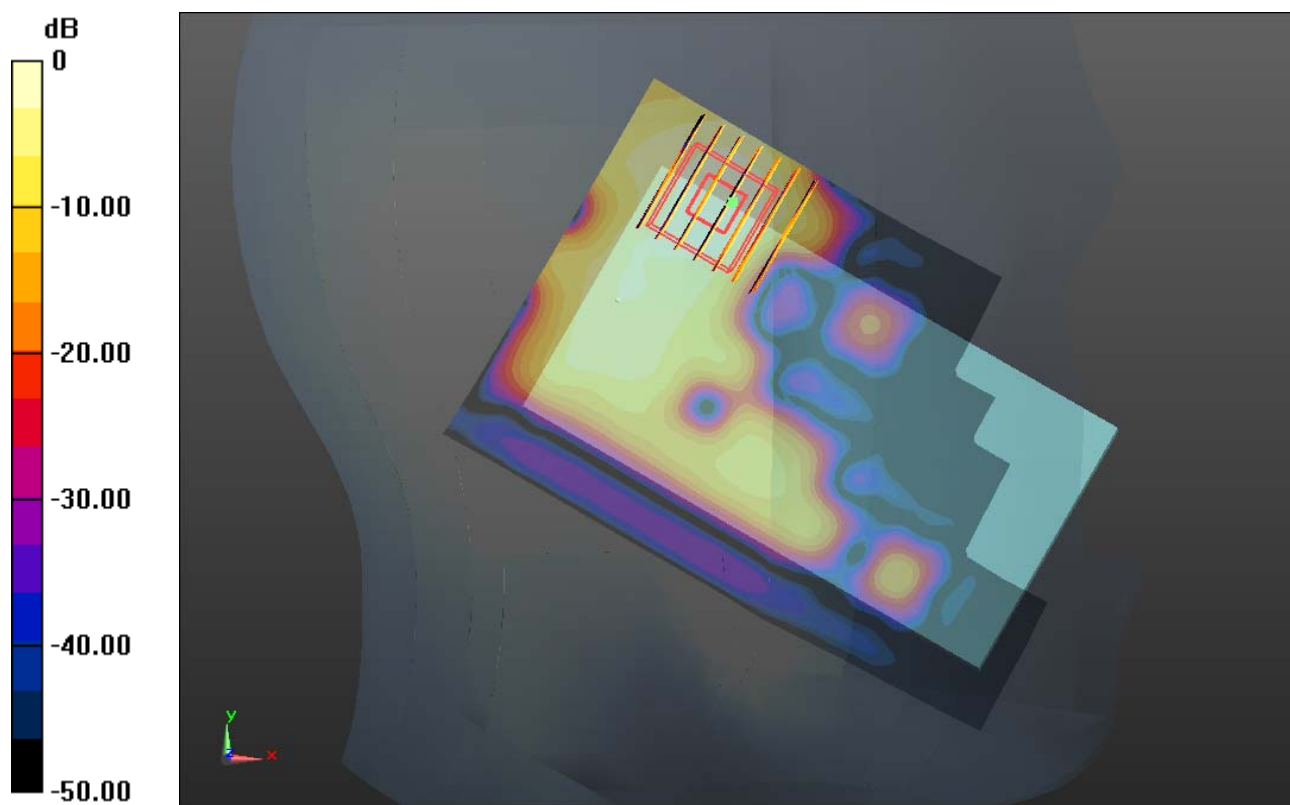
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.842 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00761 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g

#101 802.11b_1M_Left Tilted_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.834; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.030 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.841 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.023 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00481 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.018 mW/g

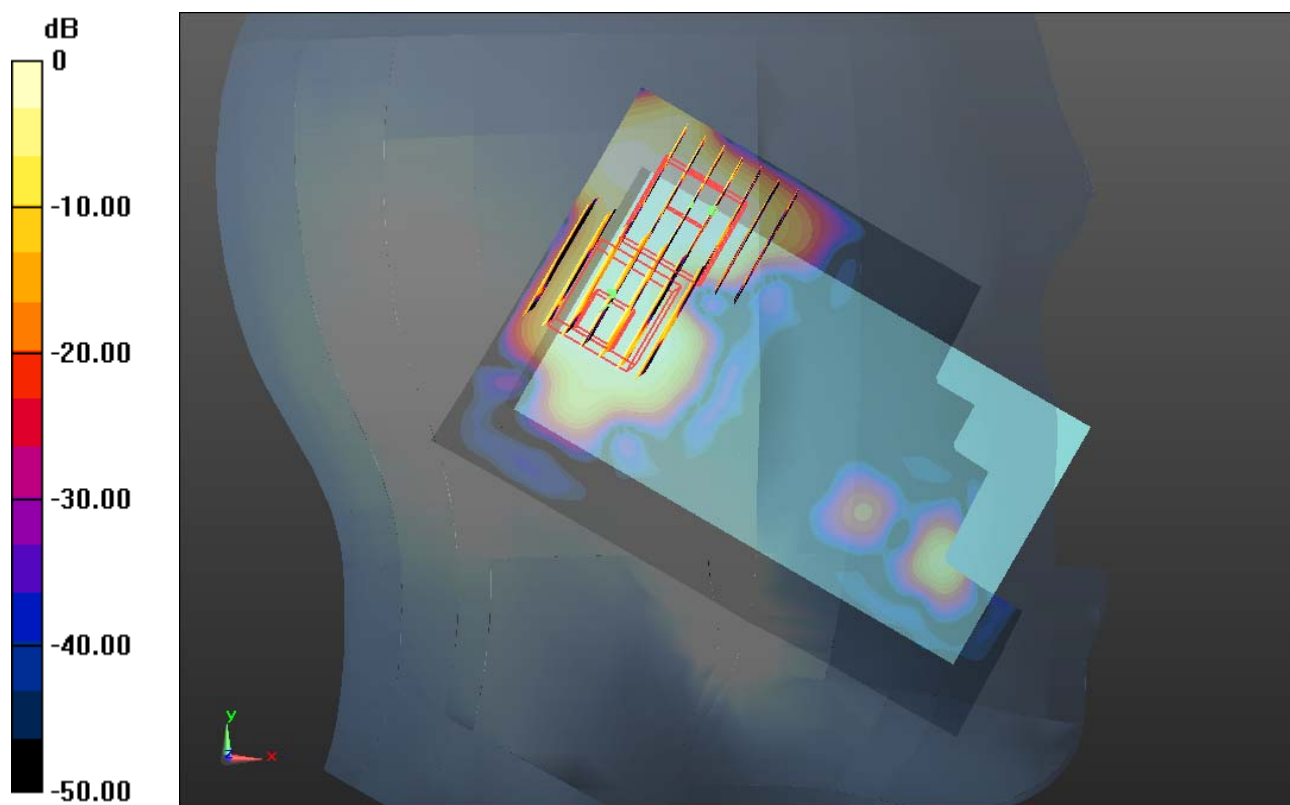
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.841 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.028 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00858 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00308 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.016 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

#102 802.11g_6M_Right Cheek_Ch6

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.842$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.736 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.031 mW/g

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.951 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.030 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00495 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.022 mW/g

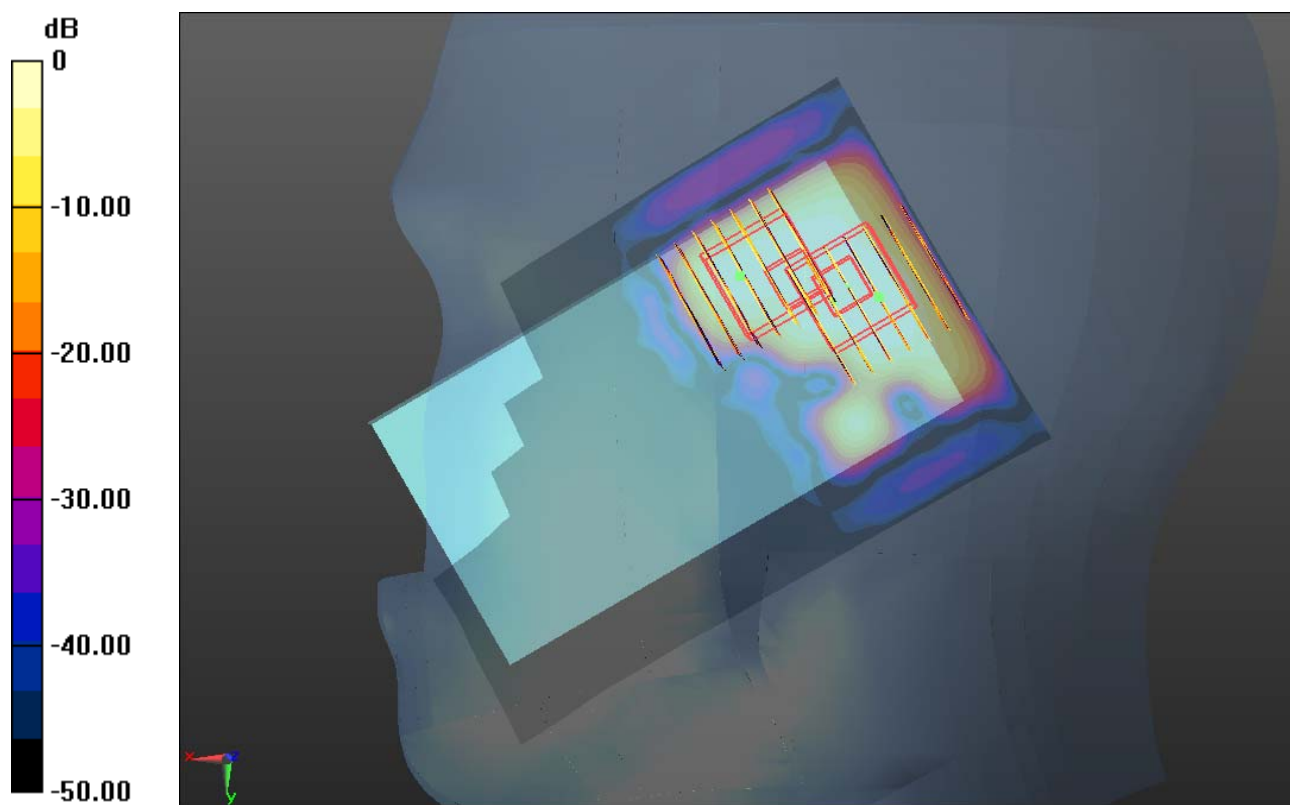
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.951 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.030 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00409 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

#103 802.11n HT20_MCS6_Right Cheek_Ch6

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.842$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.736 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00674 mW/g

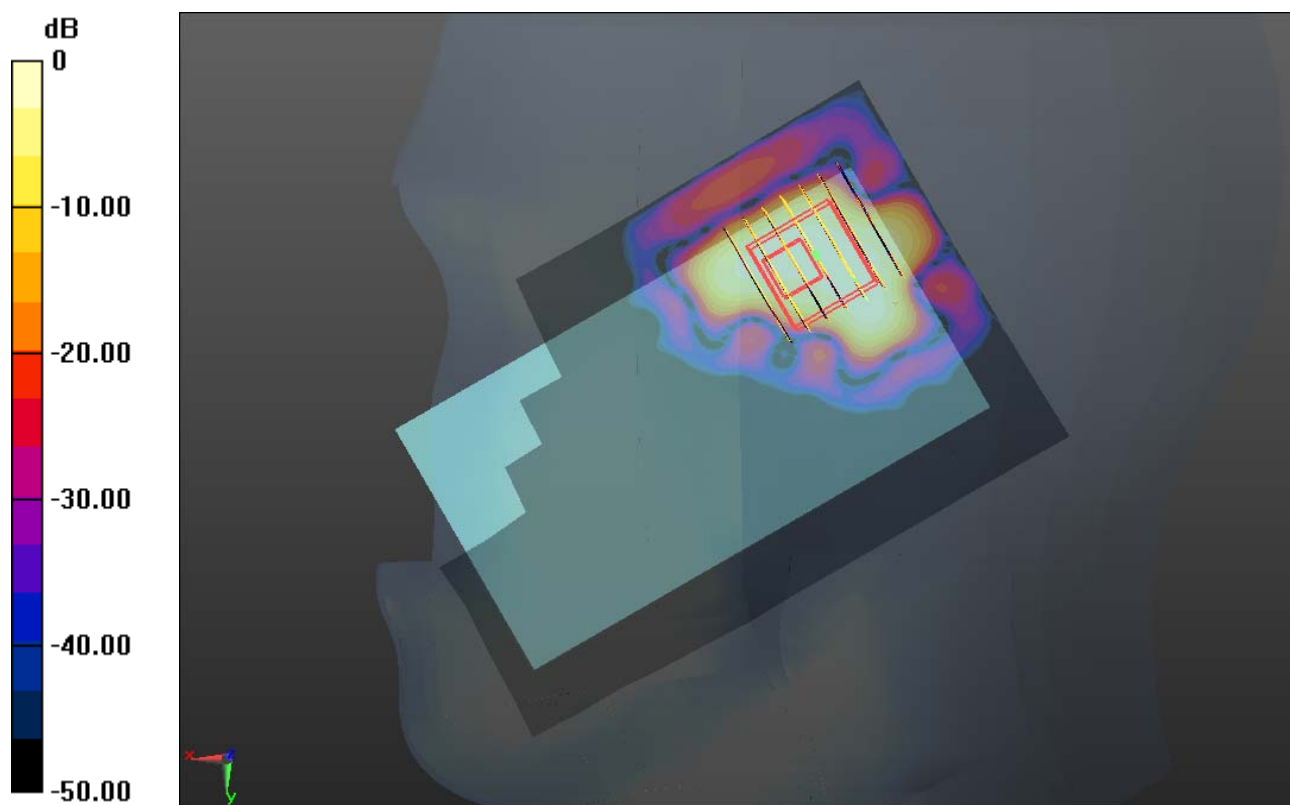
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 1.906 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.022 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00456 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00156 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00896 mW/g



0 dB = 0.009mW/g

#104 802.11n HT40_MCS5_Right Cheek_Ch3

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2422 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_121126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2422$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.825$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

37.799 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.87, 6.87, 6.87); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch3/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.015 mW/g

Ch3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.491 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.037 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00932 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00278 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.016 mW/g

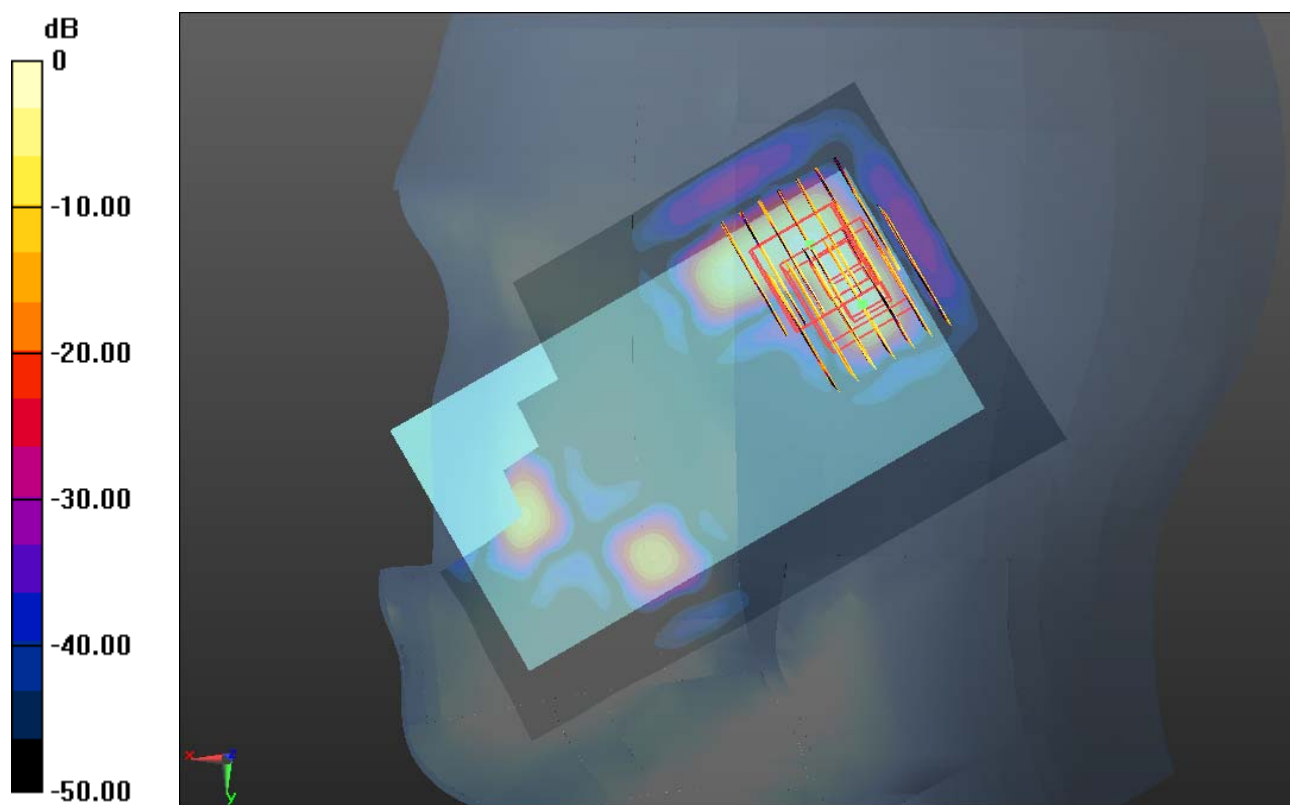
Ch3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.491 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.034 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00881 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00381 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.017 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

86 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.361; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.568 W/kg

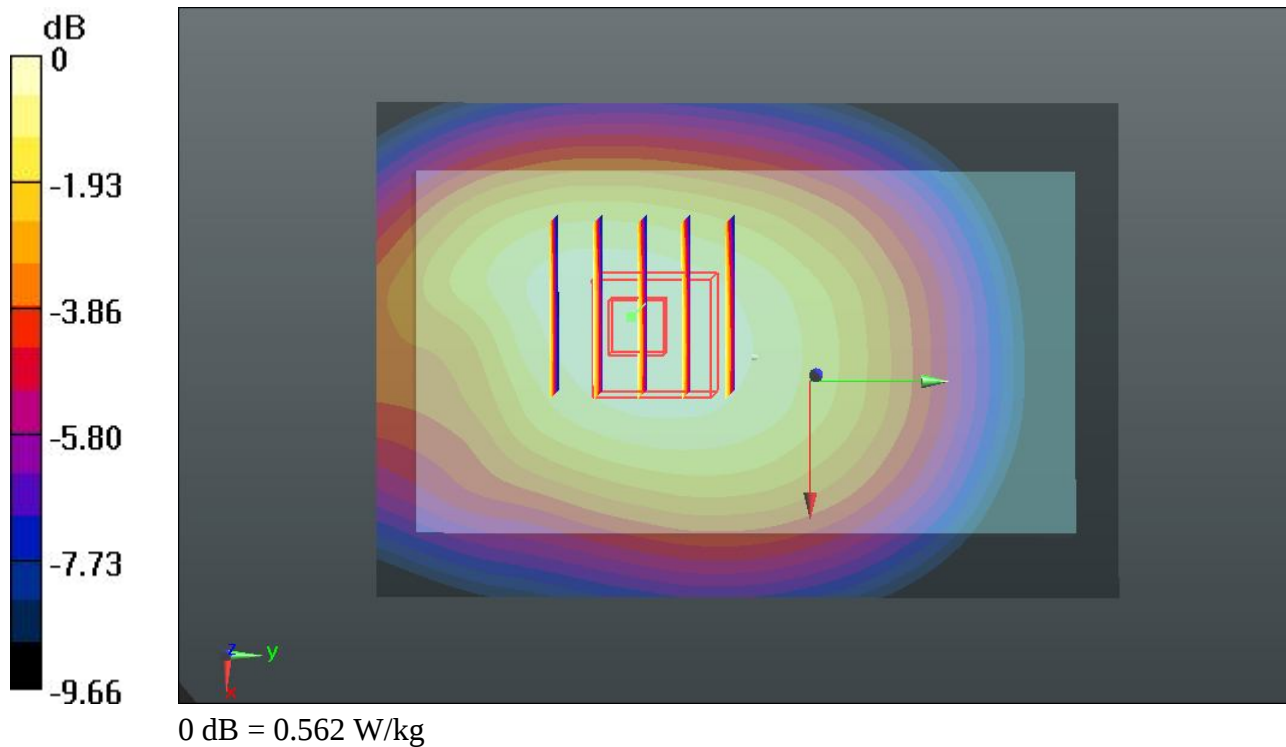
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.741 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.683 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.537 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.562 W/kg



87 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch128**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.361$; ρ

$= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.926 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.318 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.998 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.729 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg

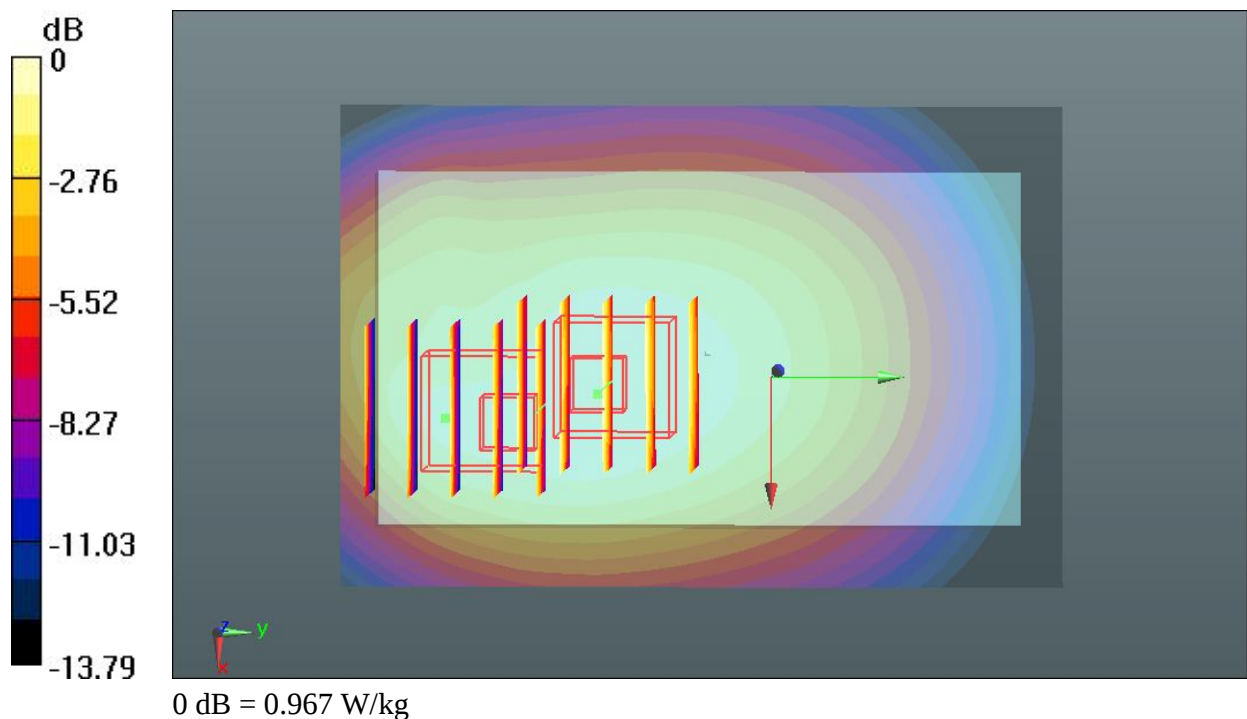
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.926 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.295 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.831 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.522 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.967 W/kg



88 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Left Side_1cm_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.361; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.482 W/kg

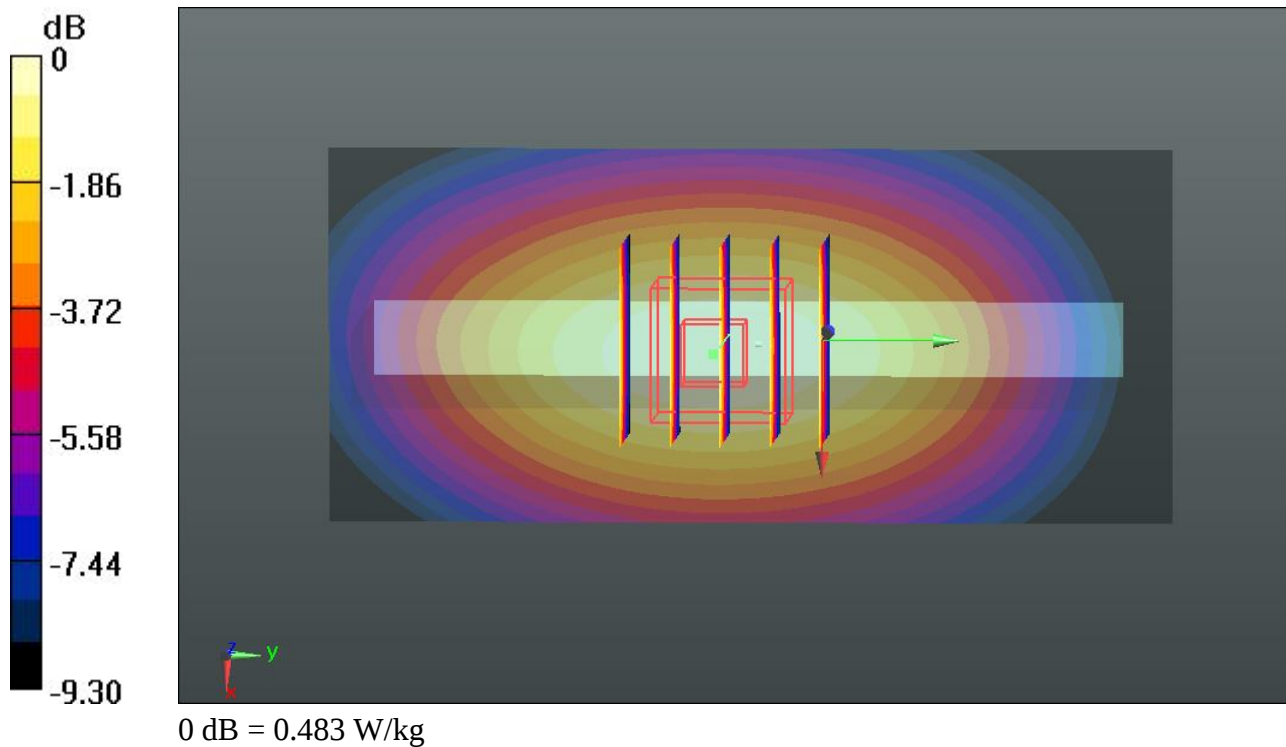
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.013 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.452 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 W/kg



89 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Right Side_1cm_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.361; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.778 W/kg

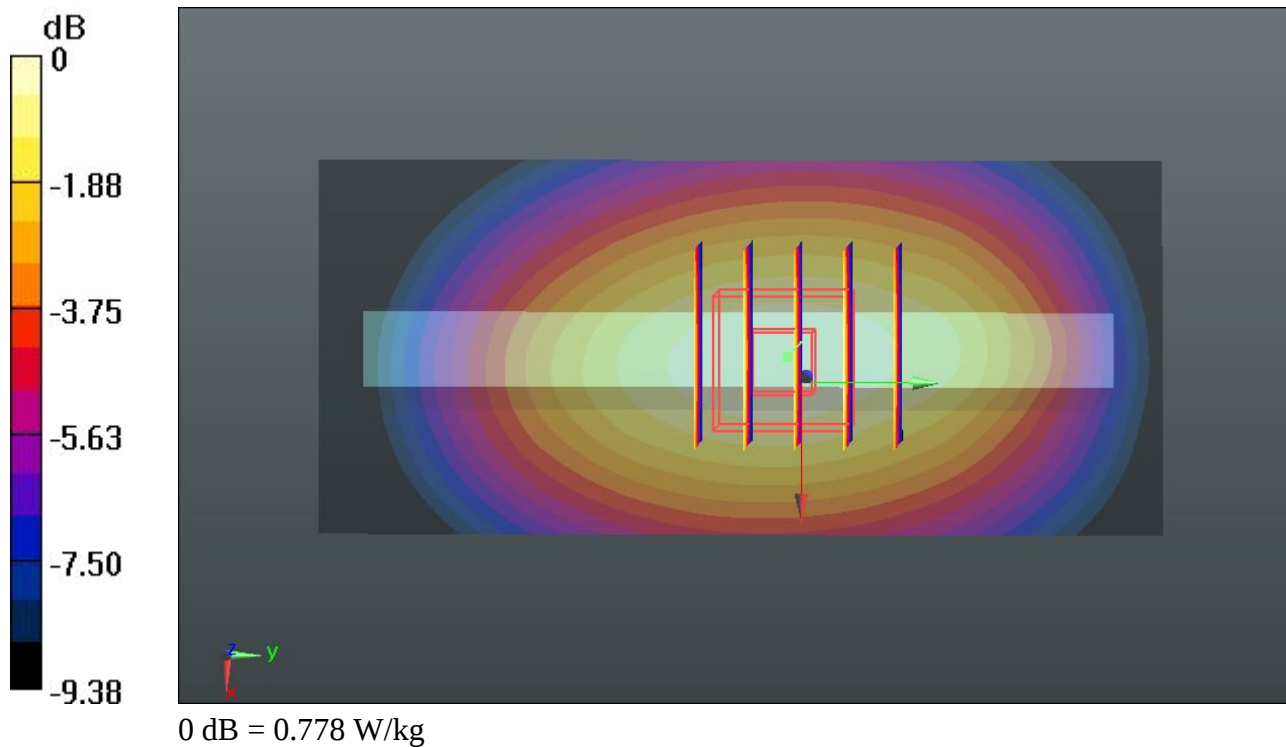
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.050 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.018 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.733 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.778 W/kg



90 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch128**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.361; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.185 W/kg

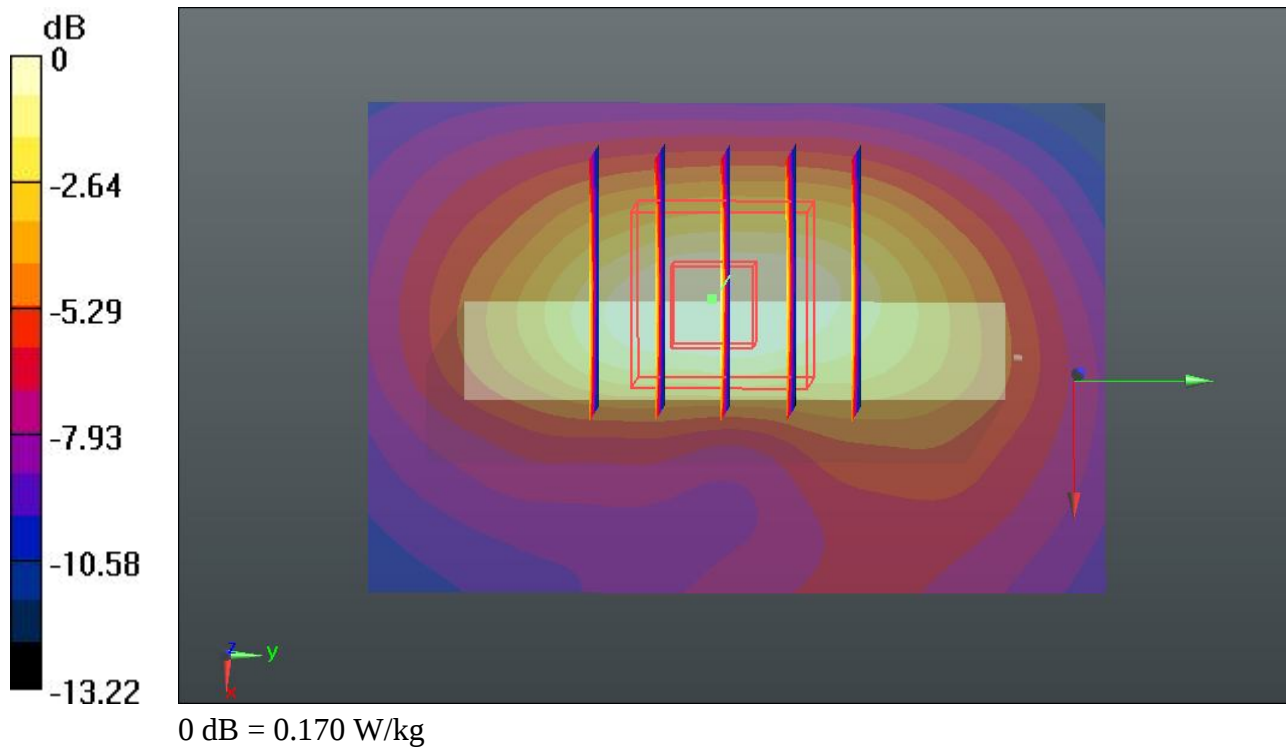
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.281 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.283 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.159 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.170 W/kg



91 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch189**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.27$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch189/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.051 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.380 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.050 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.774 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg

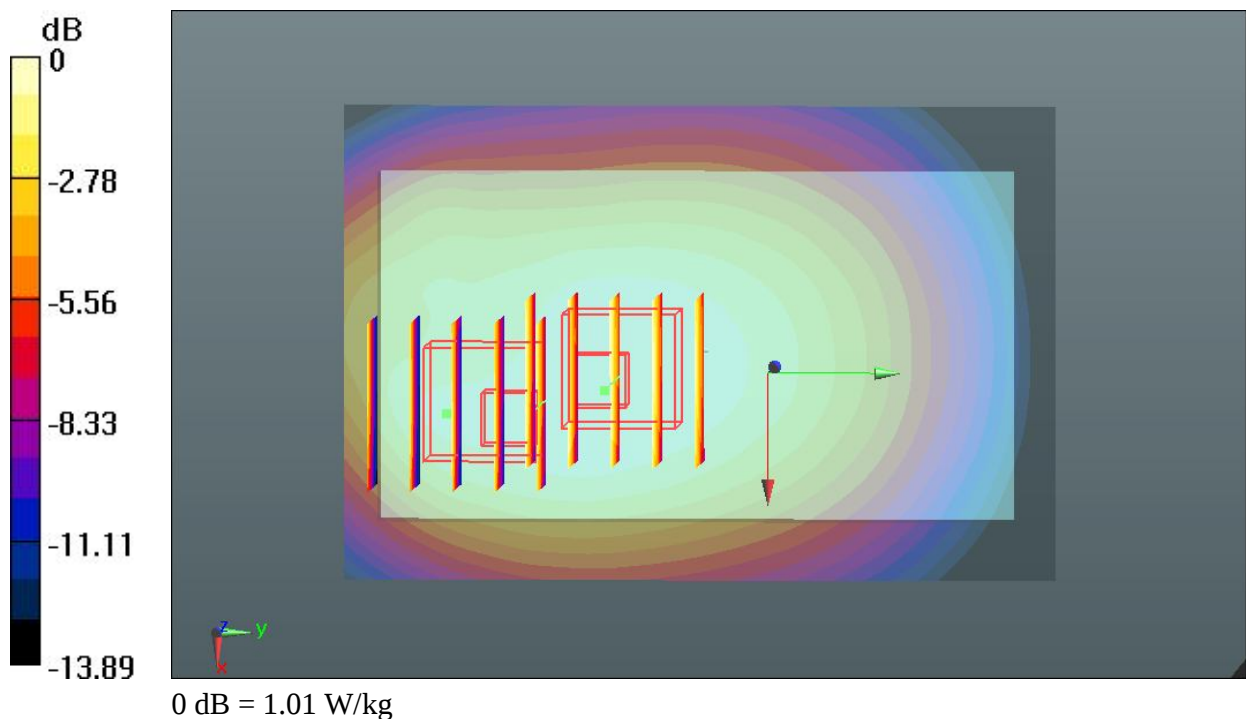
Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.051 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.355 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.850 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



92 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch251**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.156$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.761 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.452 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.810 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

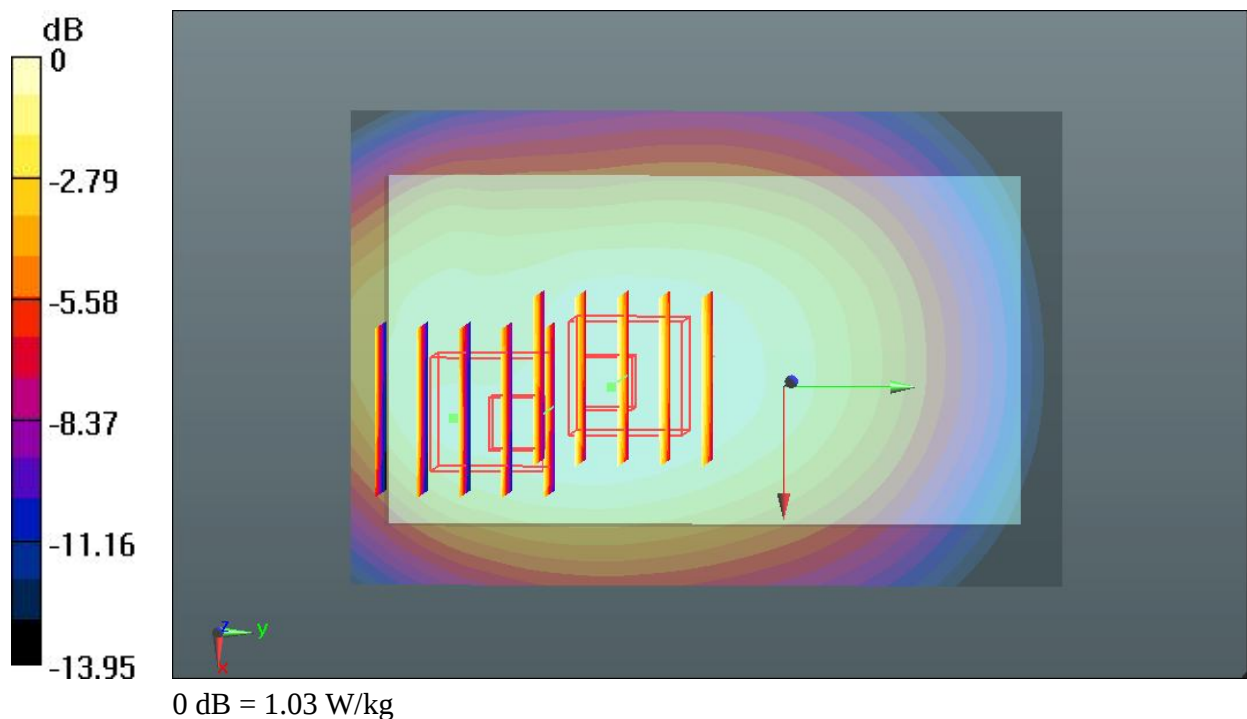
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.761 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.400 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.862 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



92 GSM850_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch251_2D

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.156$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.761 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.452 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.810 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

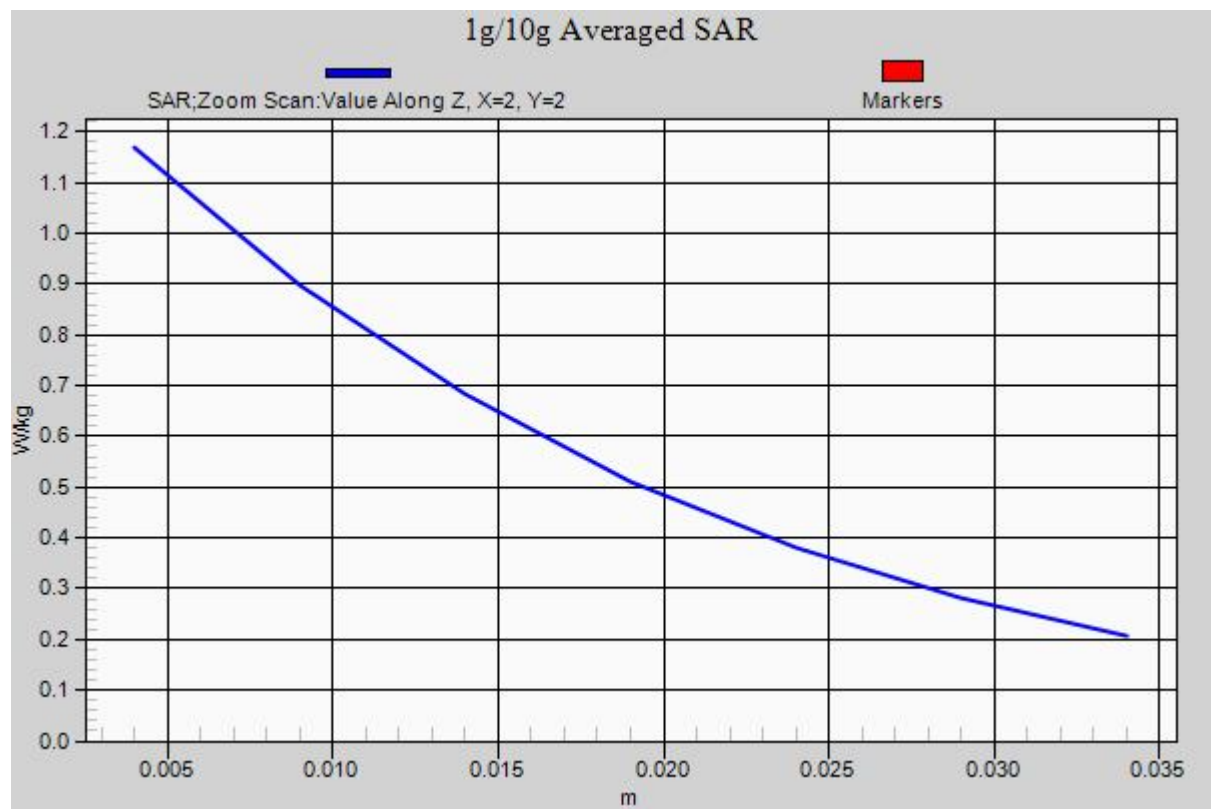
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.761 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.400 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.862 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



93 GSM850_GSM_Back_1cm_Ch251_Headset**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL_835_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.156$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.760 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.730 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.949 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.719 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.524 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.758 W/kg

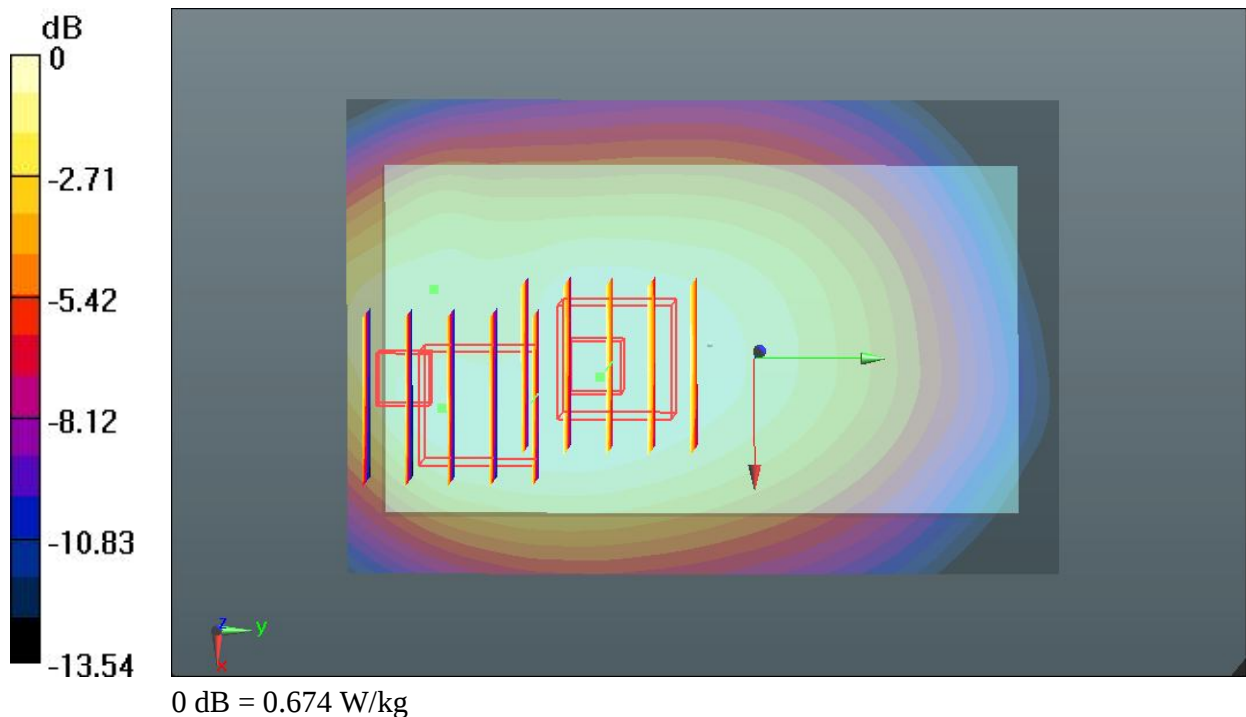
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.730 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.050 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.586 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 W/kg



37 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.861 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.807 W/kg

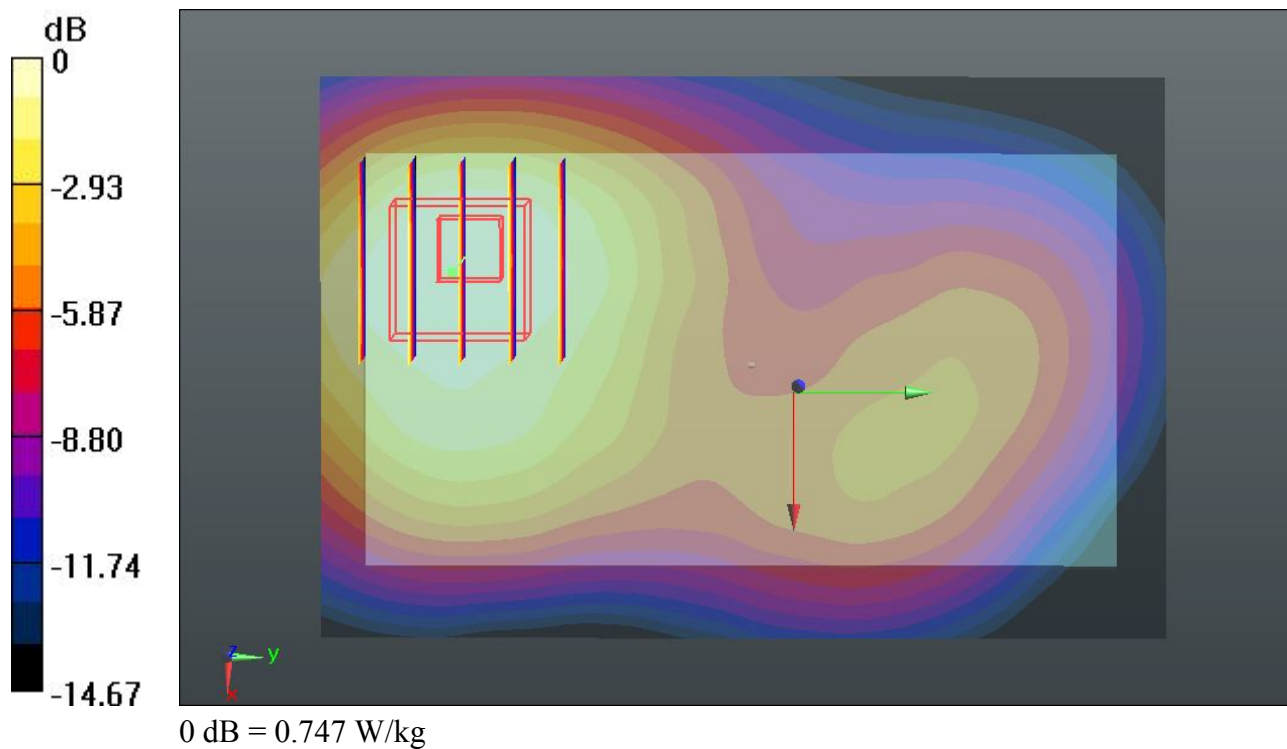
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.556 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.167 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.714 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.747 W/kg



38 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.861 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

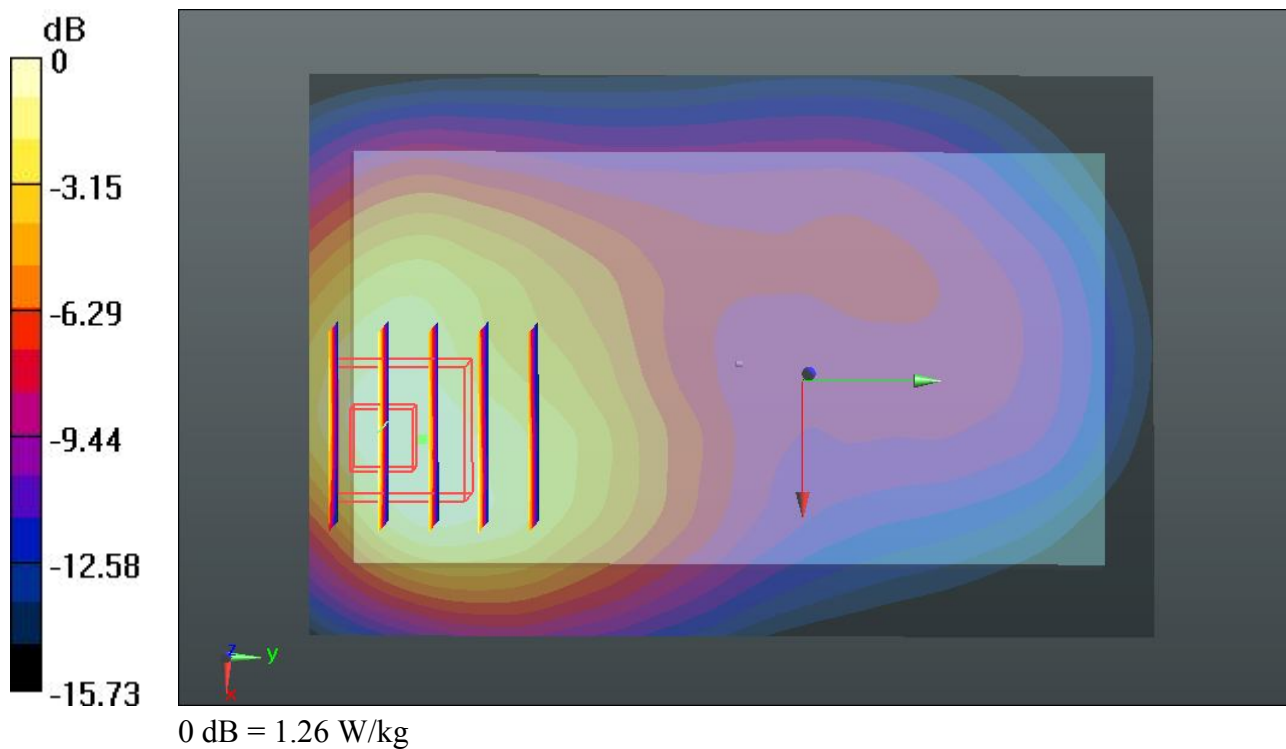
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.892 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.930 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.643 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



39 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Left Side_1cm_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.861; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.231 W/kg

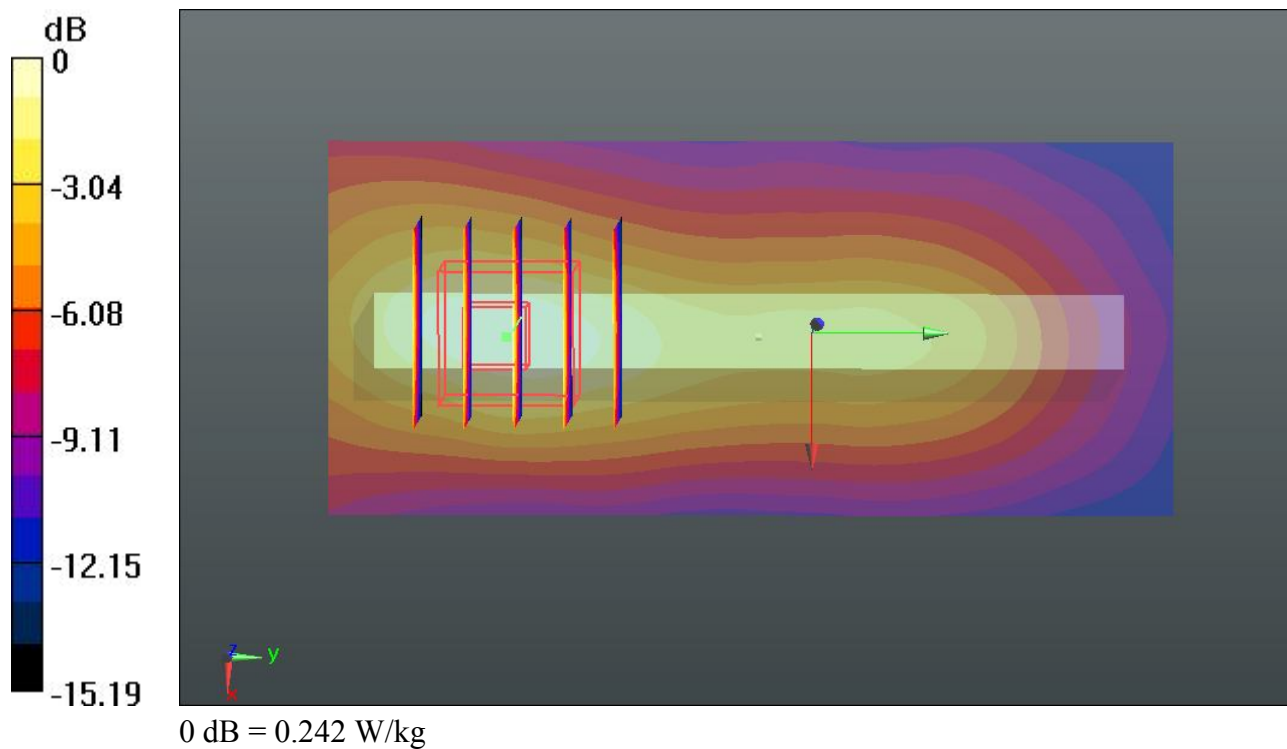
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.204 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.383 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.242 W/kg



40 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Right Side_1cm_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.861 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.114 W/kg

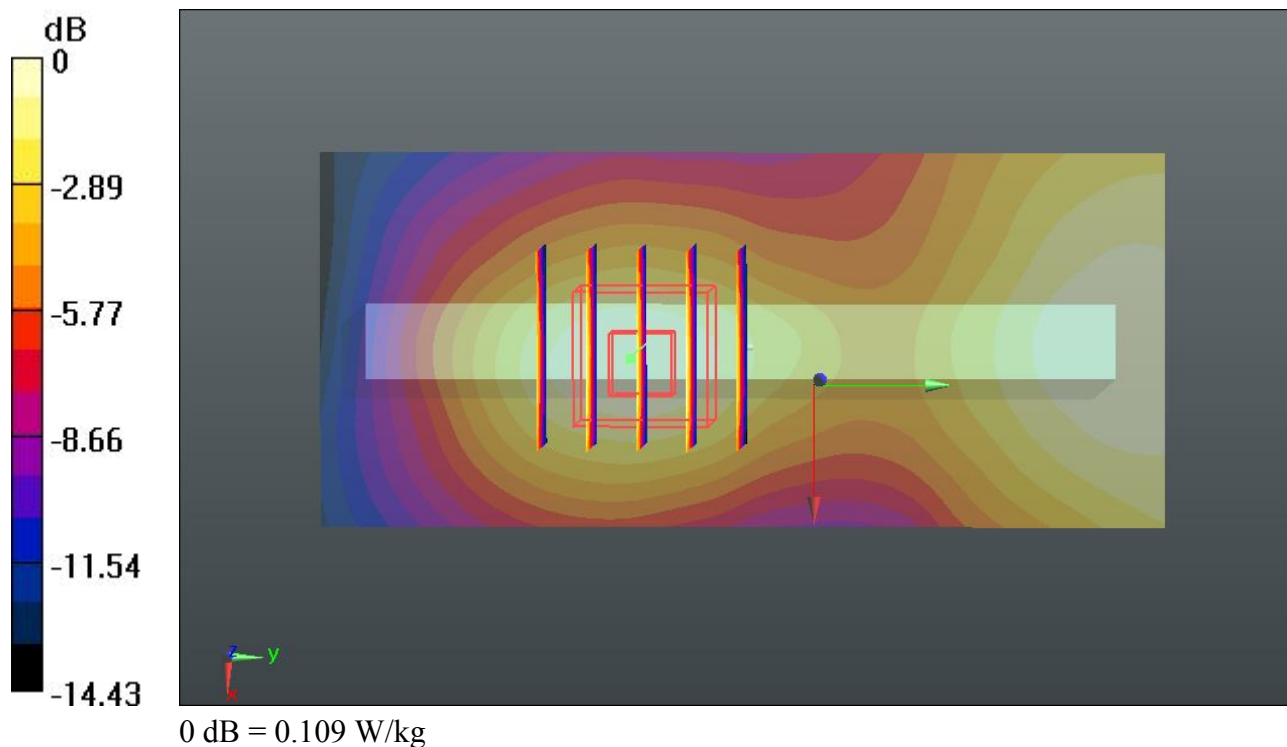
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.197 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 W/kg



41 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch512**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.861 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.923 W/kg

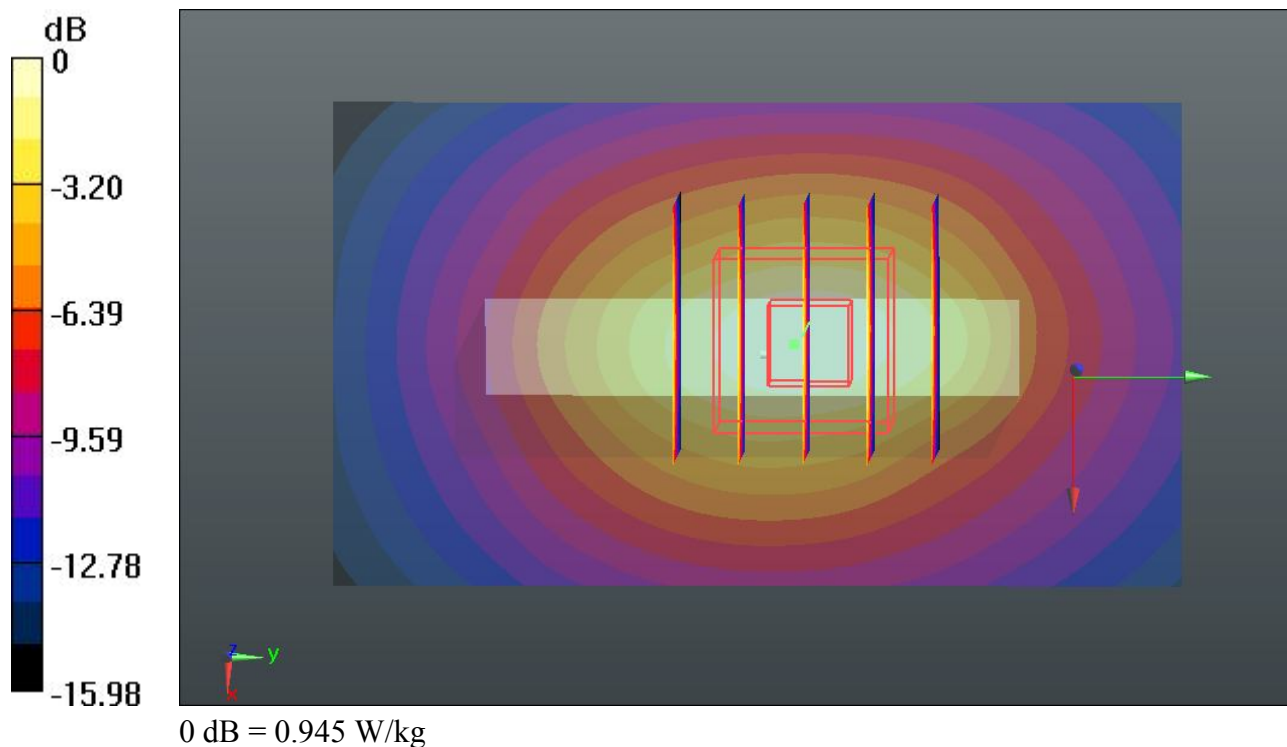
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.448 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.468 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.855 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.945 W/kg



42 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch661**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.516$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.766; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch661/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 W/kg

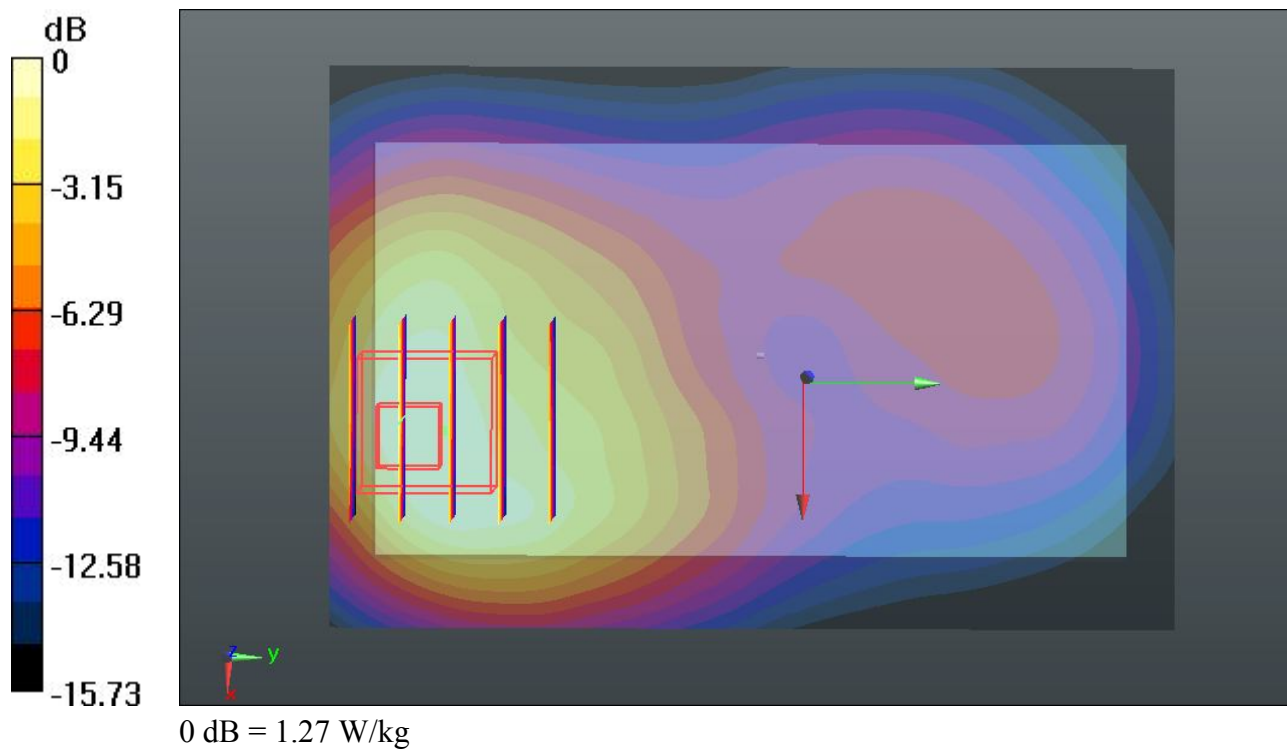
Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.130 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.911 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.649 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg



43 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch810**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.671$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

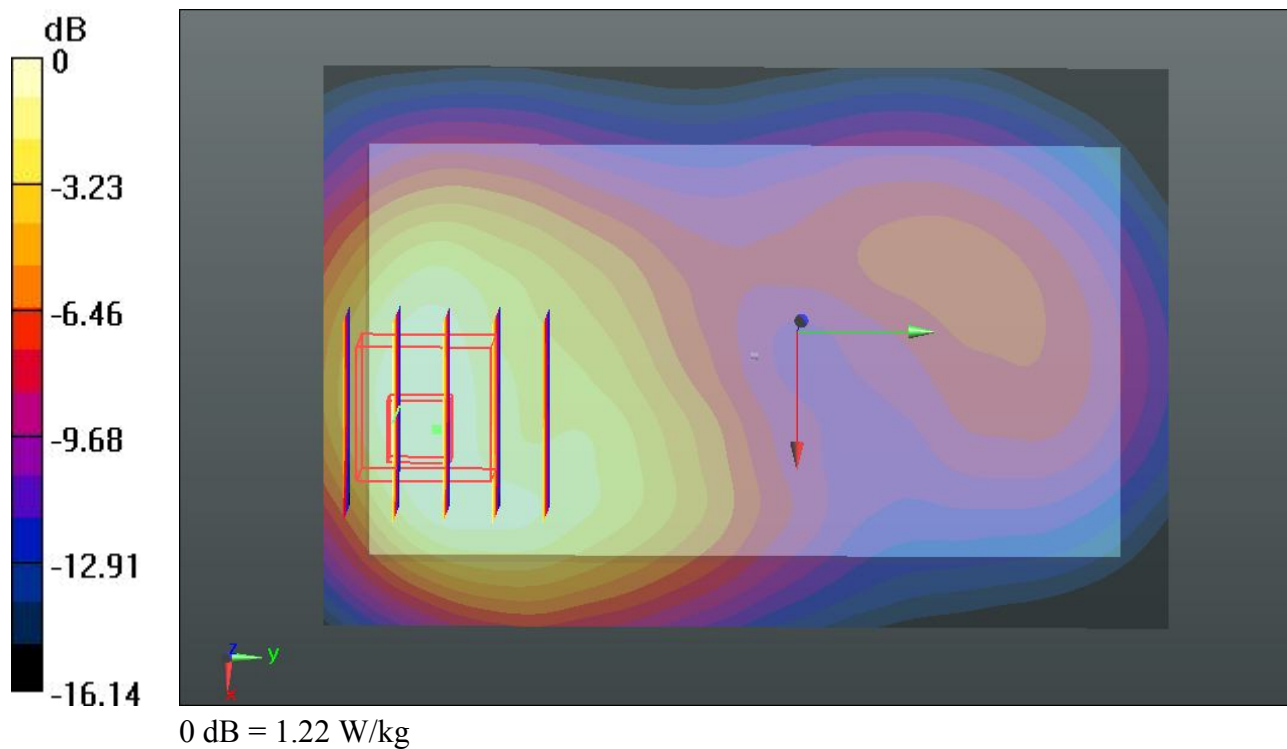
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.022 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.980 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.657 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



43 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch810_2D**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.671; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

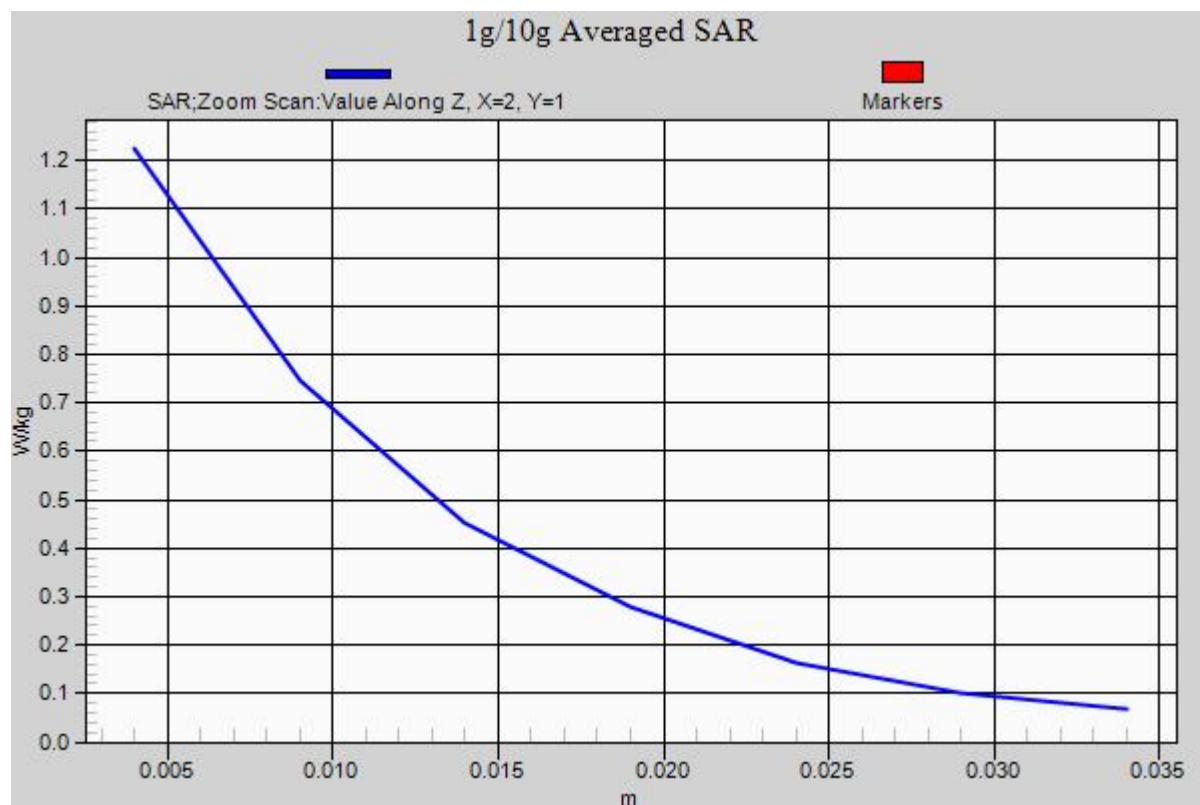
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.022 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.980 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.657 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



44 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch661**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.516$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.766 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.973 W/kg

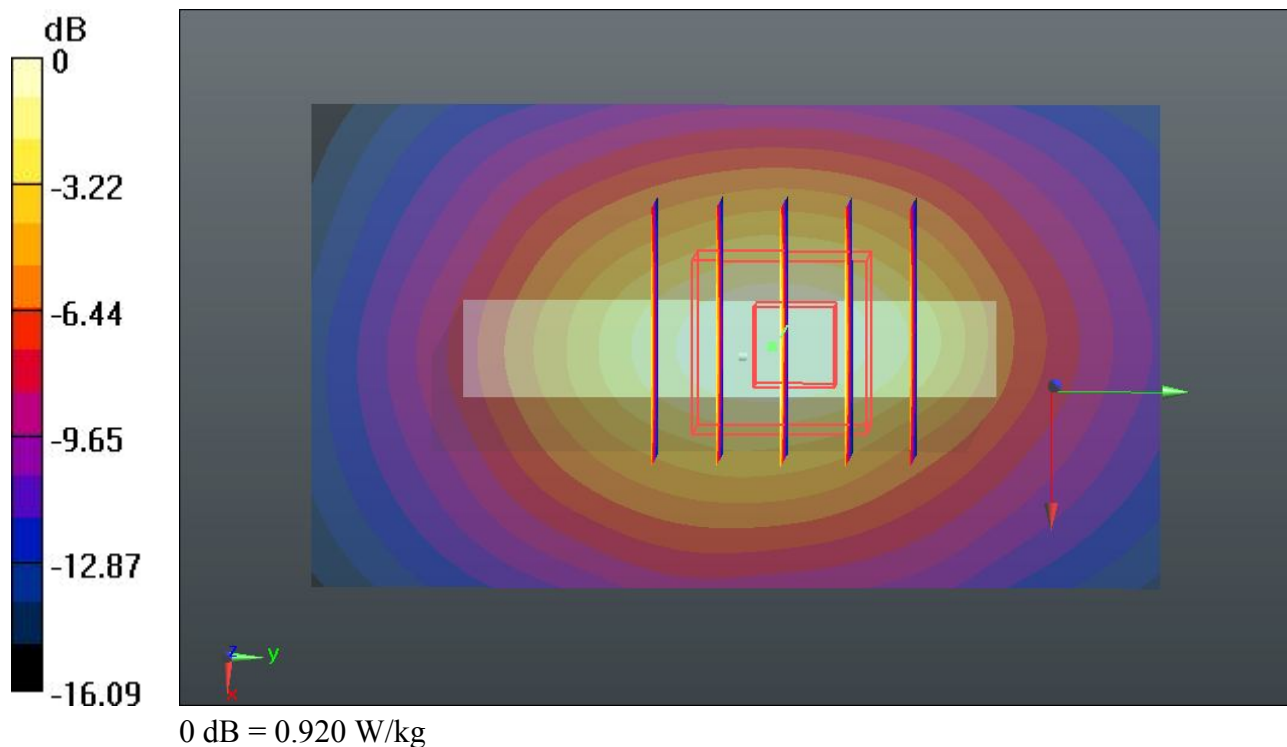
Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.189 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.475 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.853 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.477 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.920 W/kg



45 GSM1900_GPRS(4Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch810**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.671$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

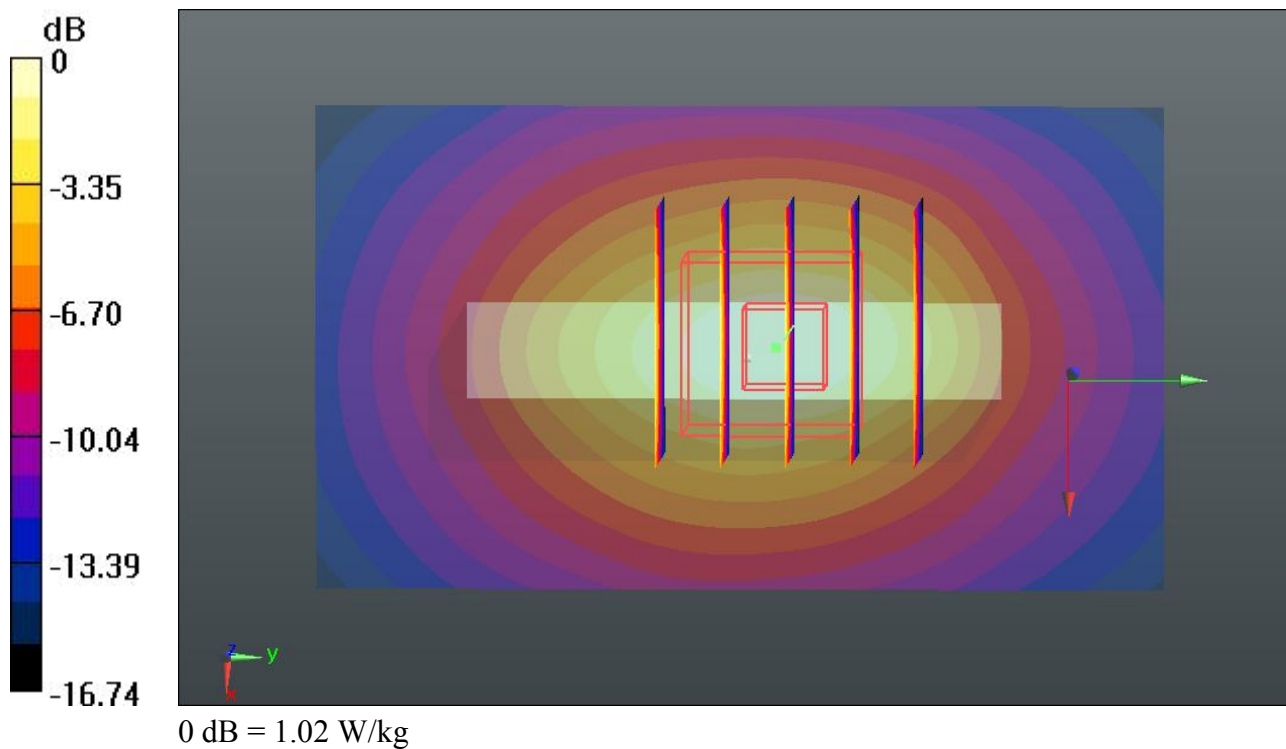
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.632 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.506 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.886 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.483 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



46 GSM1900_GSM_Back_1cm_Ch810_Headset**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL_1900_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.671$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.889 W/kg

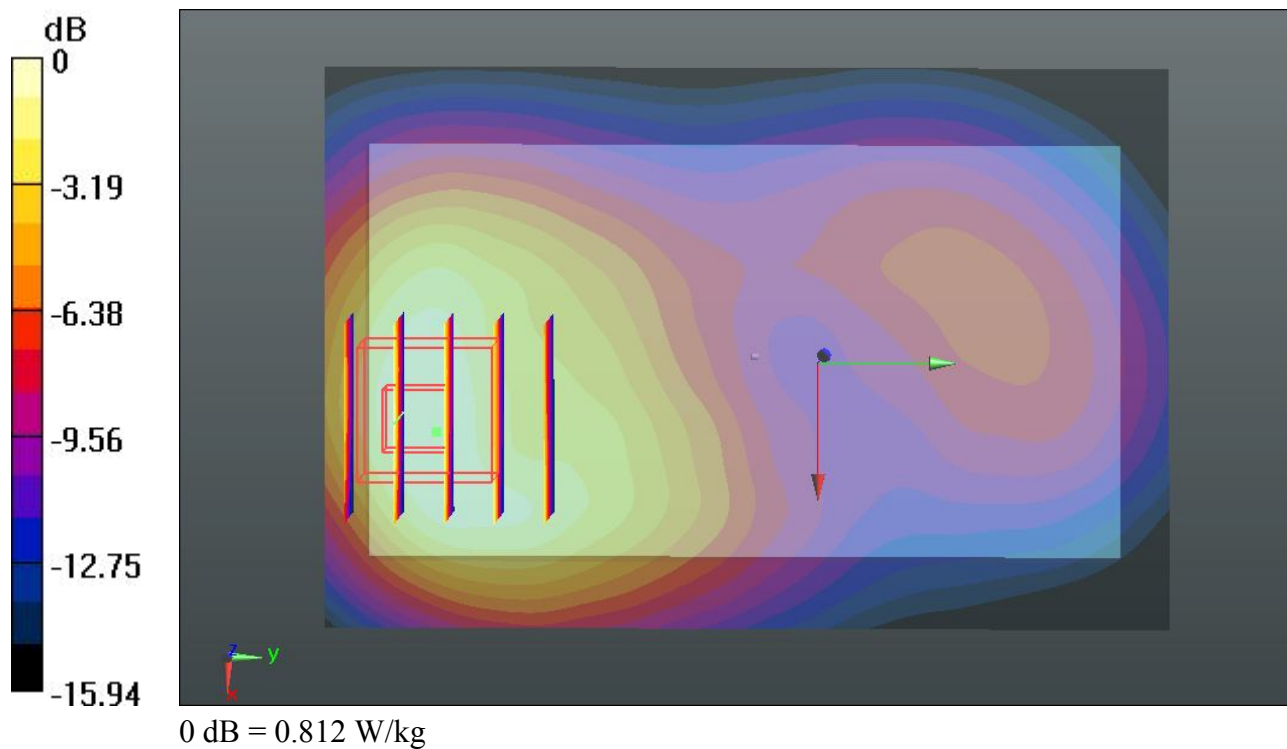
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.179 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.319 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.767 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.435 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.812 W/kg



27 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch4182**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.391; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.686 W/kg

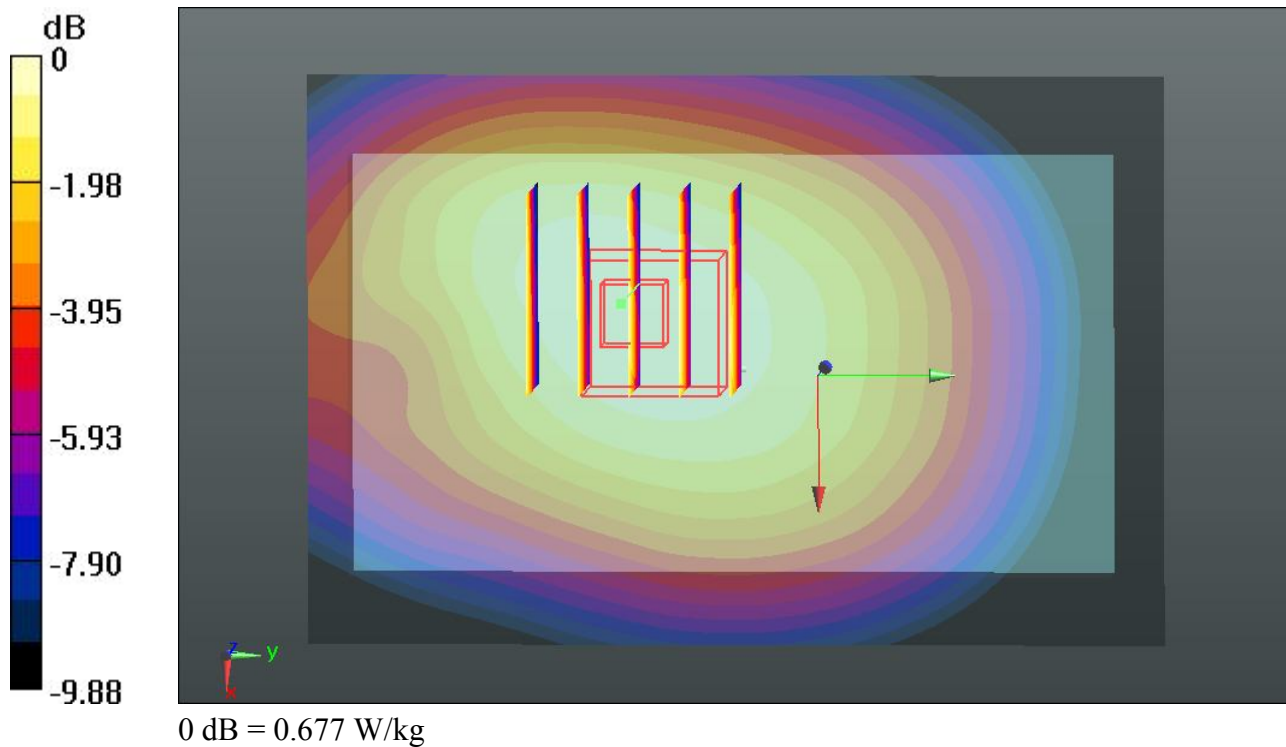
Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.175 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.833 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.646 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.488 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 W/kg



28 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.391$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.409 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.060 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.778 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg

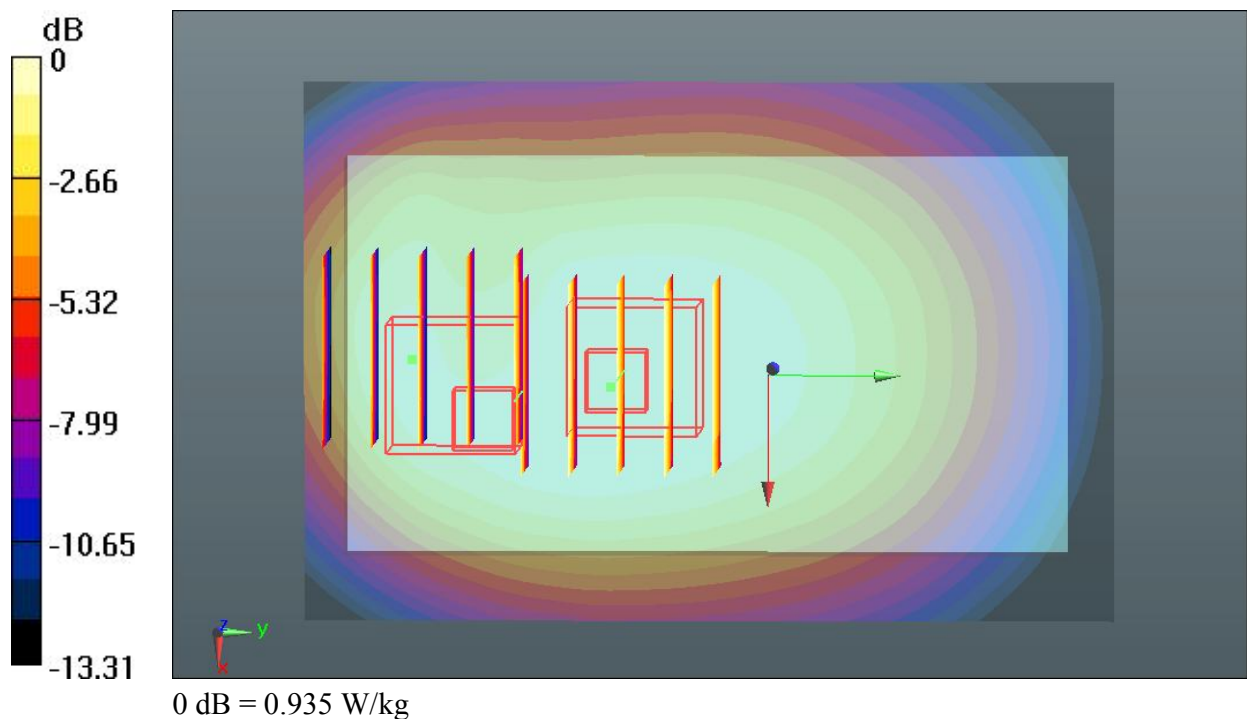
Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.309 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.812 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.505 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 W/kg



28 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182_2D

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.968 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.391$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.762 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.409 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.060 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.778 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg

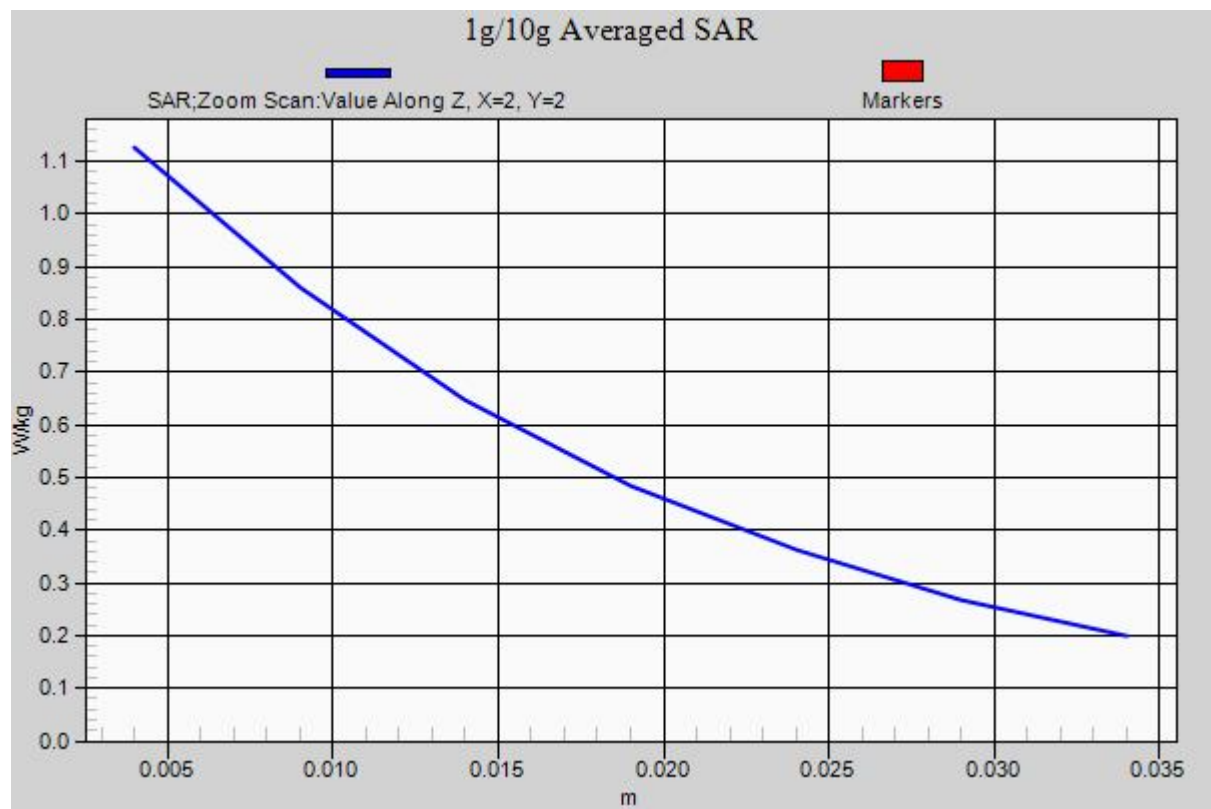
Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.762 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.309 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.812 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.505 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 W/kg



29 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Left Side_1cm_Ch4182**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.391; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4128/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.602 W/kg

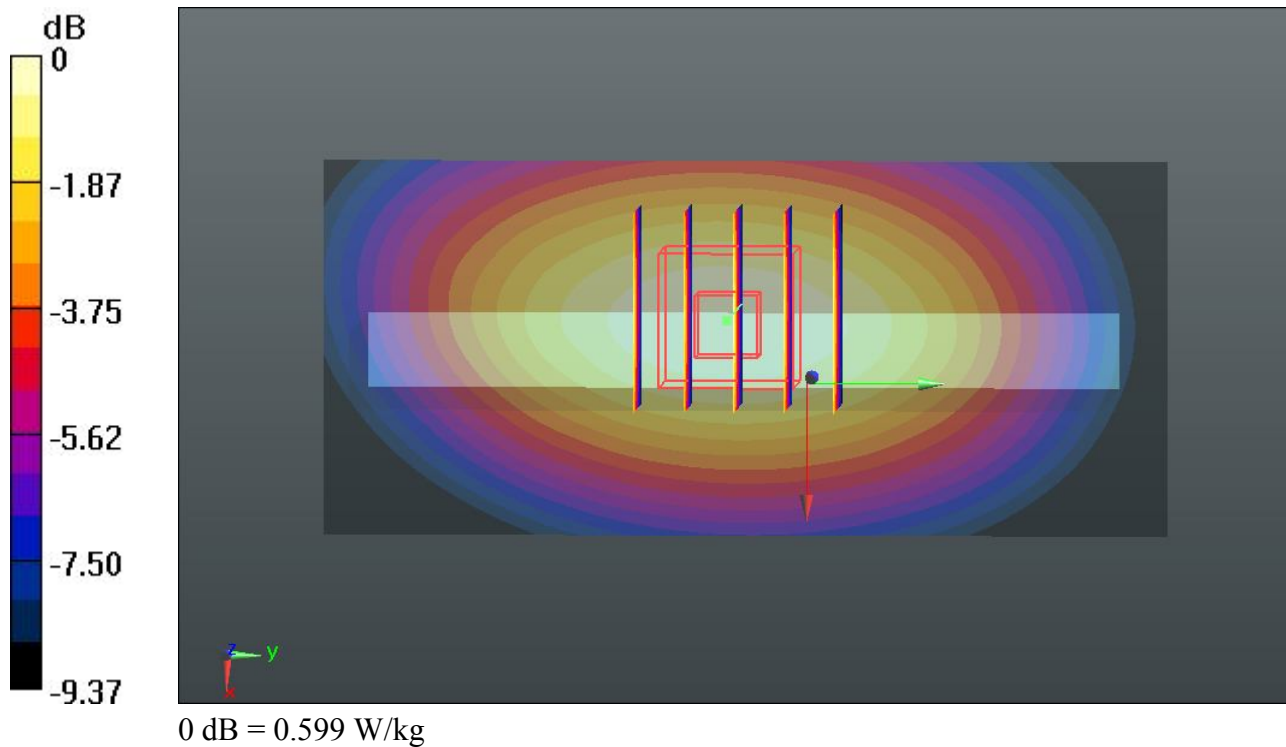
Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.556 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.789 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 W/kg



30 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch4182**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.391; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4128/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.828 W/kg

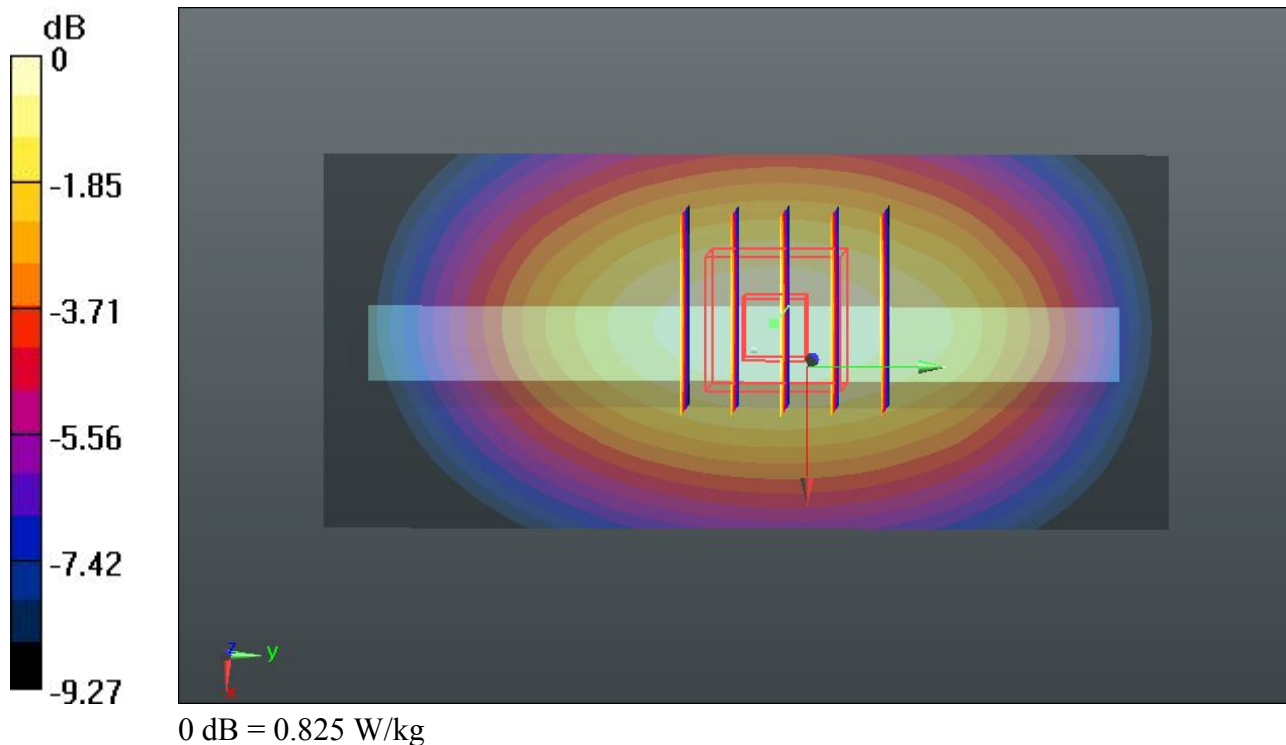
Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.005 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.076 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.776 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.544 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.825 W/kg



31 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch4182**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.391; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4128/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.212 W/kg

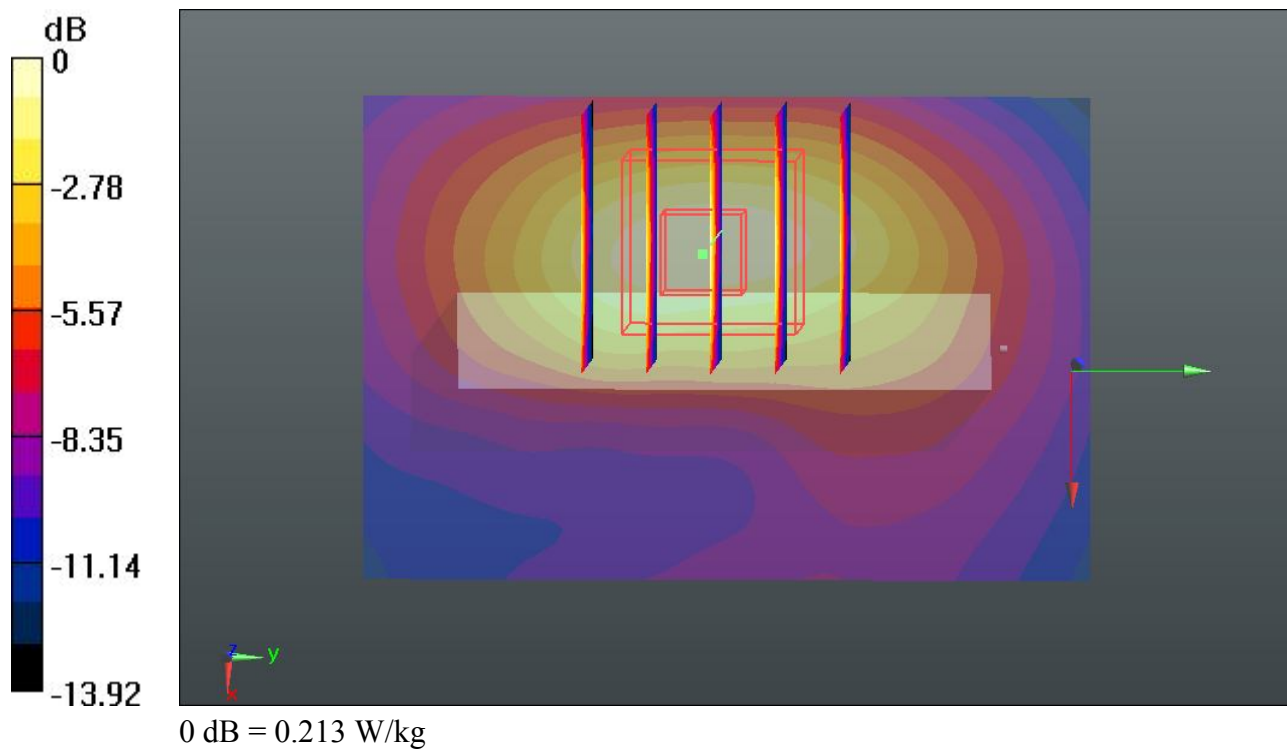
Ch4128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.872 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.194 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.213 W/kg



32 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4132**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.959$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.476; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4132/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.962 W/kg

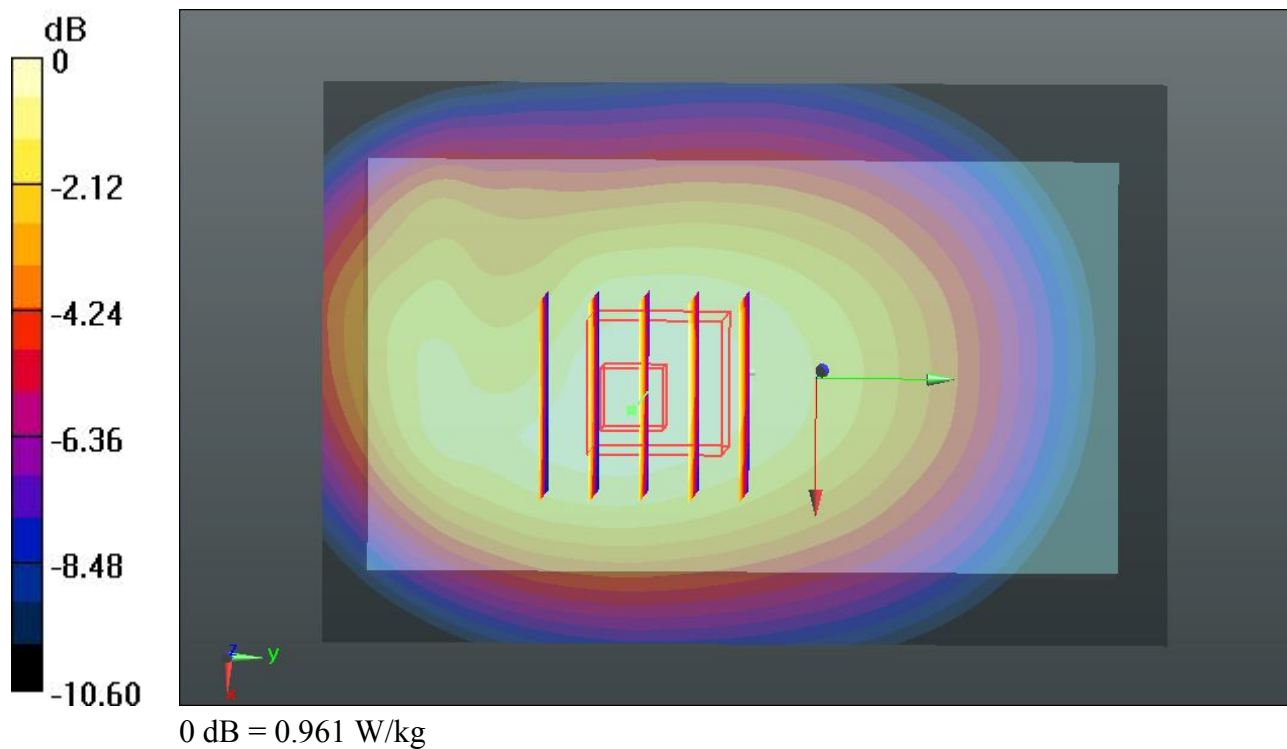
Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.329 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.207 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.912 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.666 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.961 W/kg



33 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4233**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.979$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.296$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4233/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.616 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.295 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.989 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.724 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

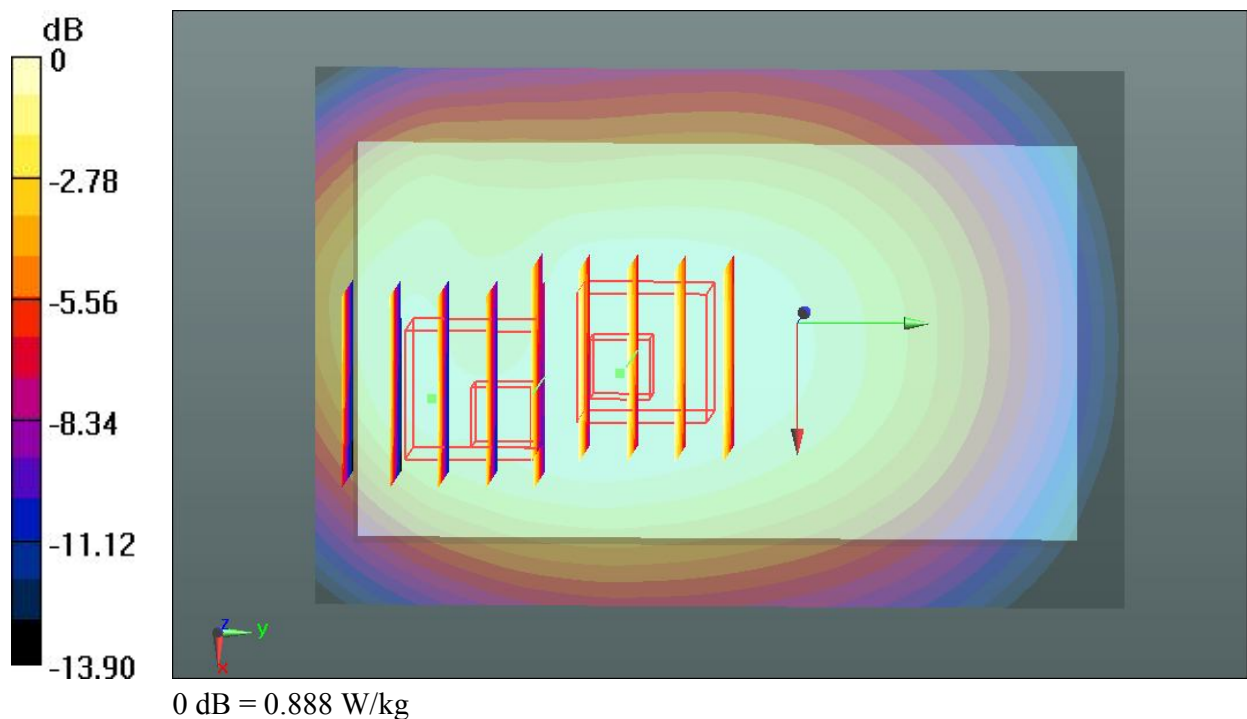
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.616 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.251 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.751 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.472 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.888 W/kg



34 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182_Headset**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.391$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.886 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.173 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.847 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.602 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.889 W/kg

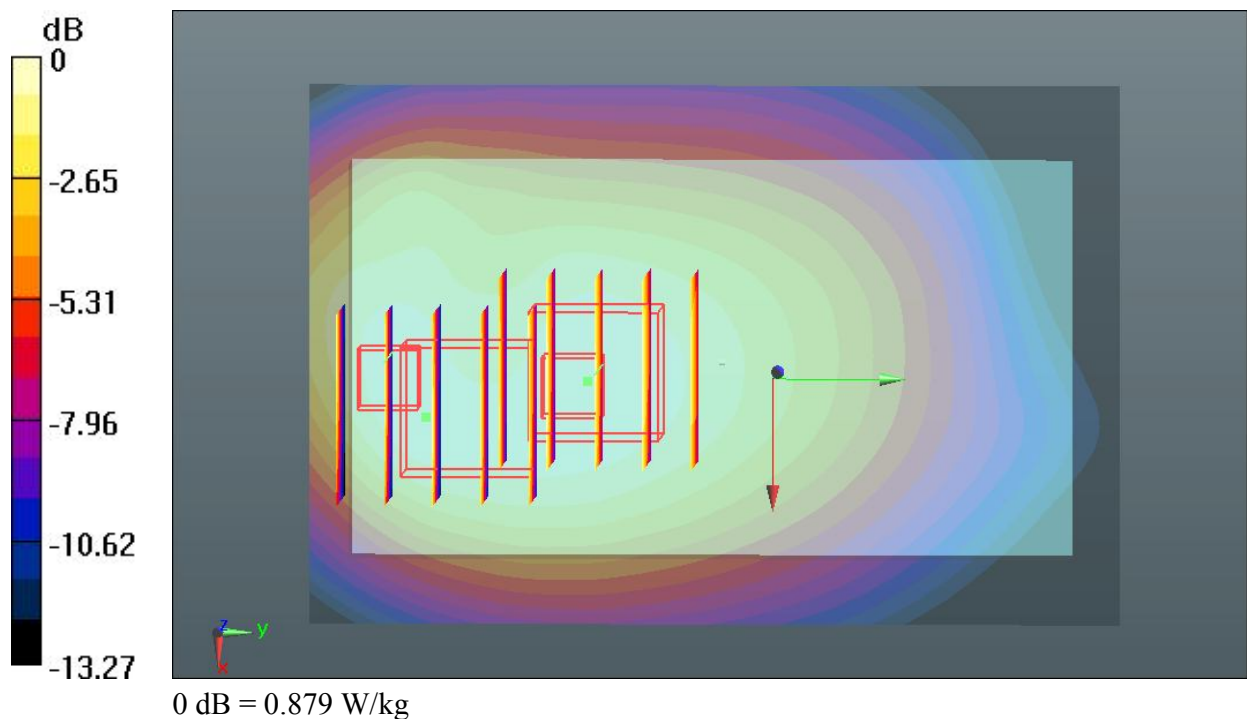
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.431 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.790 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.879 W/kg



35 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4132_Headset**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.959$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.476$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4132/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.736 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.258 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.205 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.667 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.740 W/kg

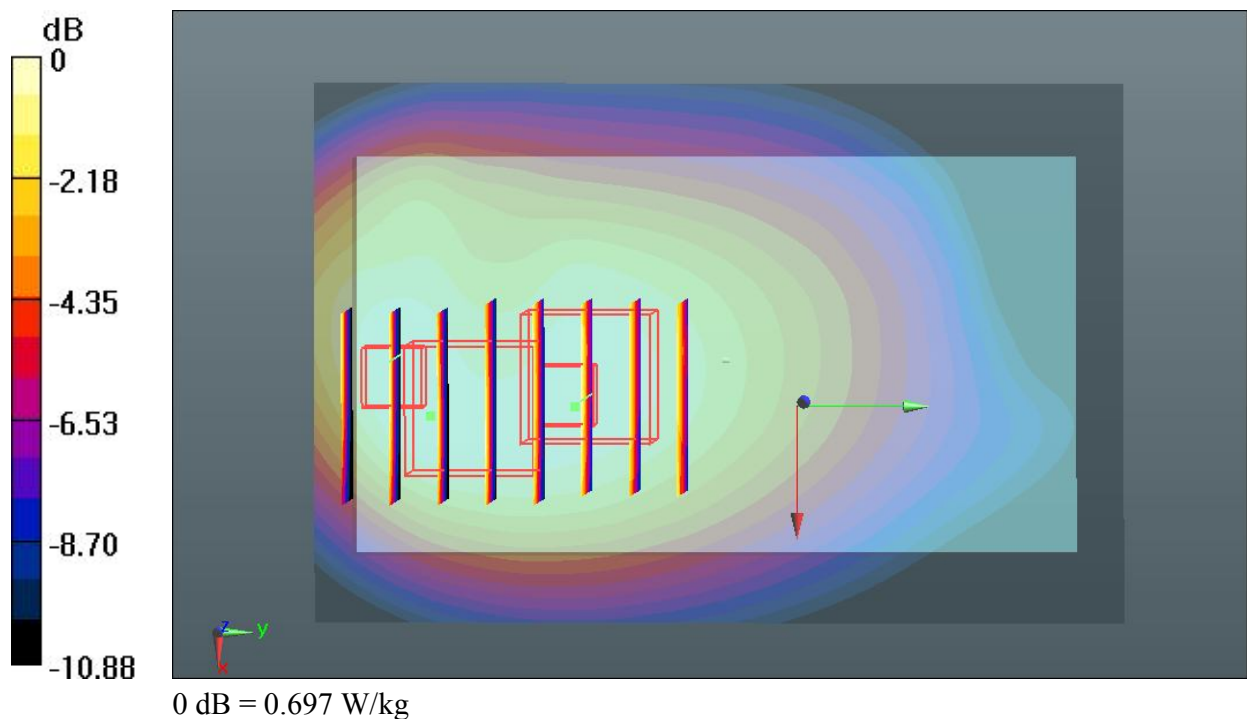
Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.258 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.972 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.663 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.697 W/kg



36 WCDMA V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4233_Headset**DUT: 201506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_121020 Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.979$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.296$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4233/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.916 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.981 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.173 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.864 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.620 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.909 W/kg

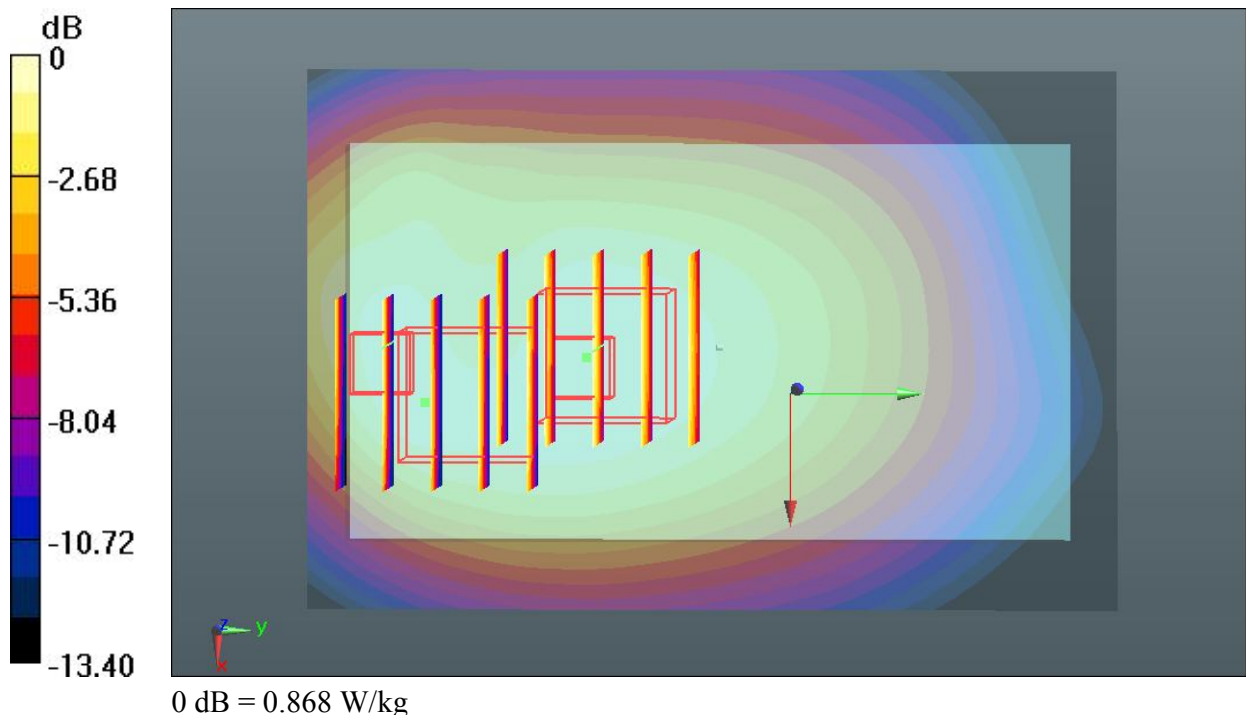
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.981 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.408 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.778 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.480 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.868 W/kg



70 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 W/kg

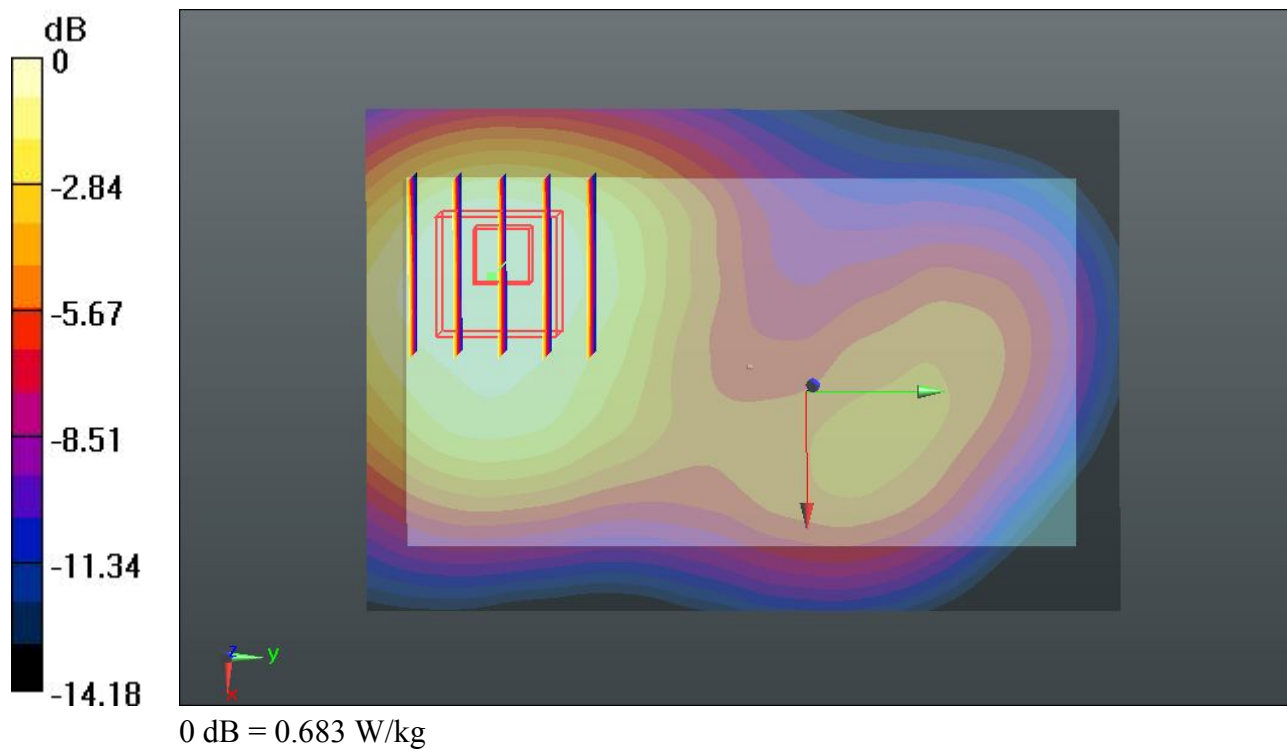
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.251 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.061 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.651 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.408 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.683 W/kg



71 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 W/kg

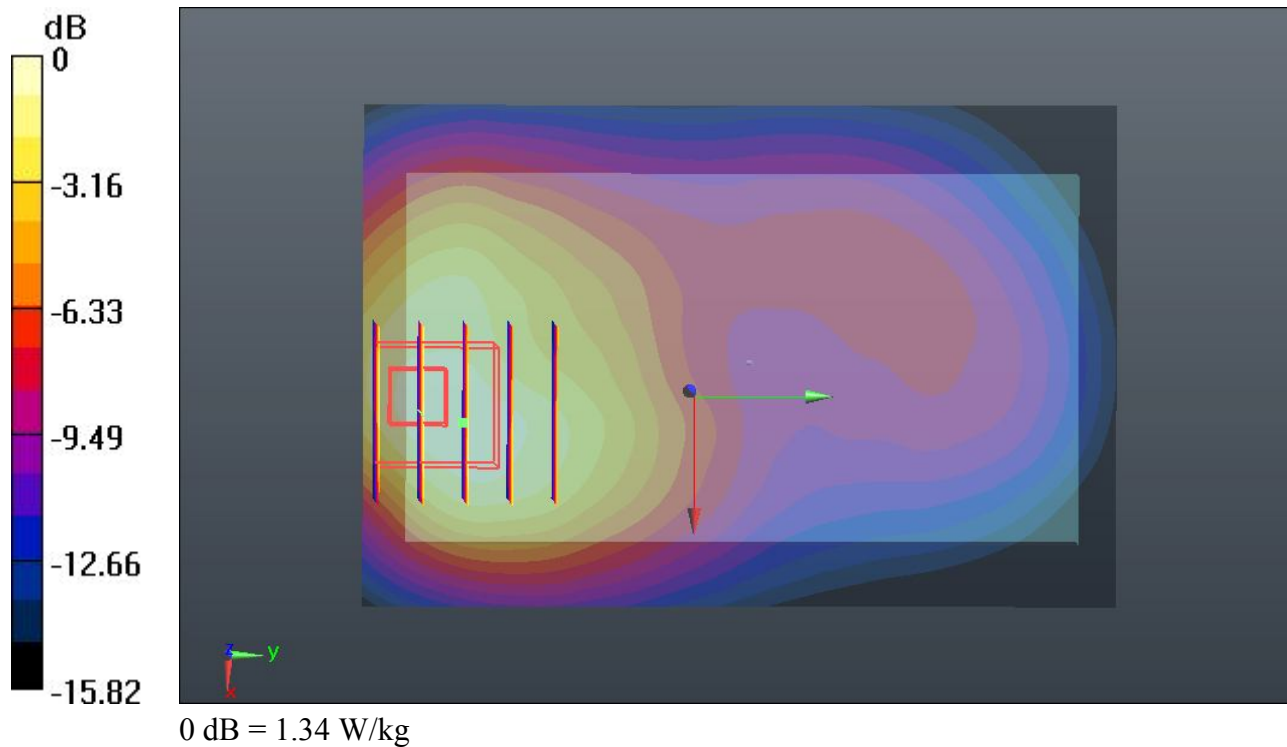
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.082 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.059 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.200 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.691 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg



71 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9262_2D**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 W/kg

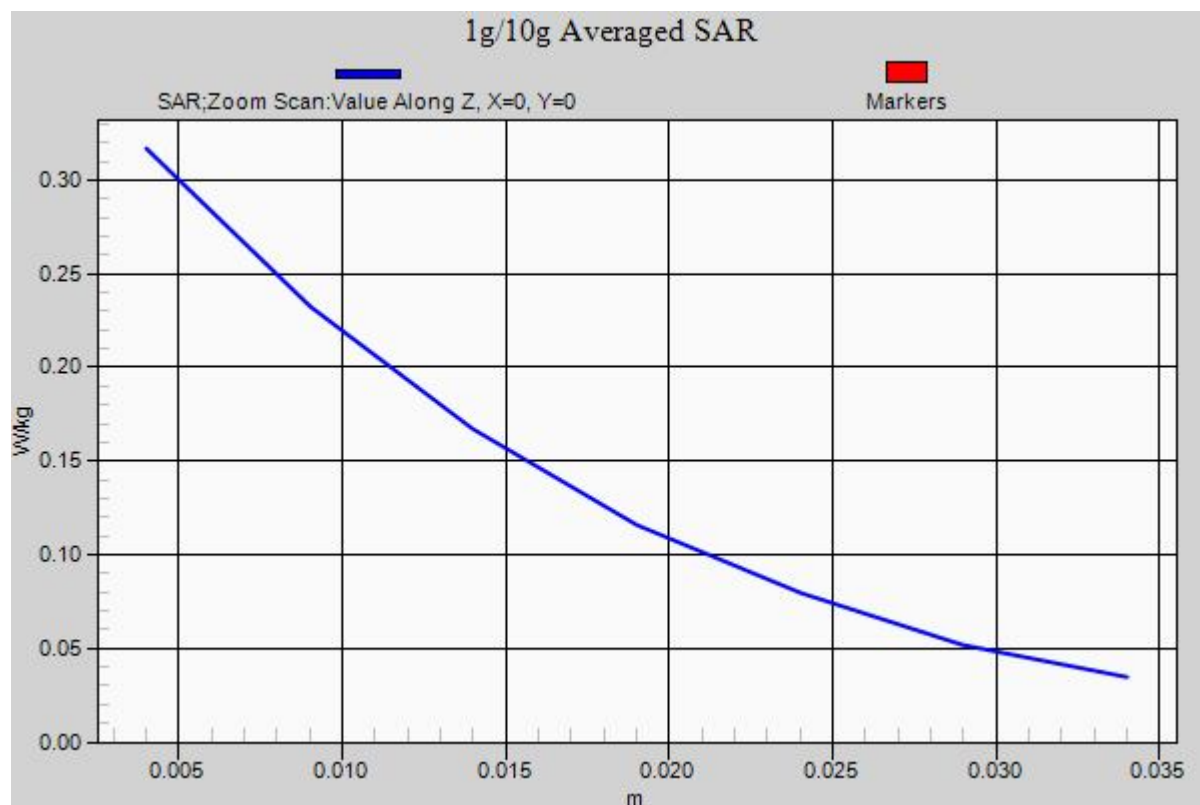
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.082 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.059 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.200 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.691 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg



72 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Left Side_1cm_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.344 W/kg

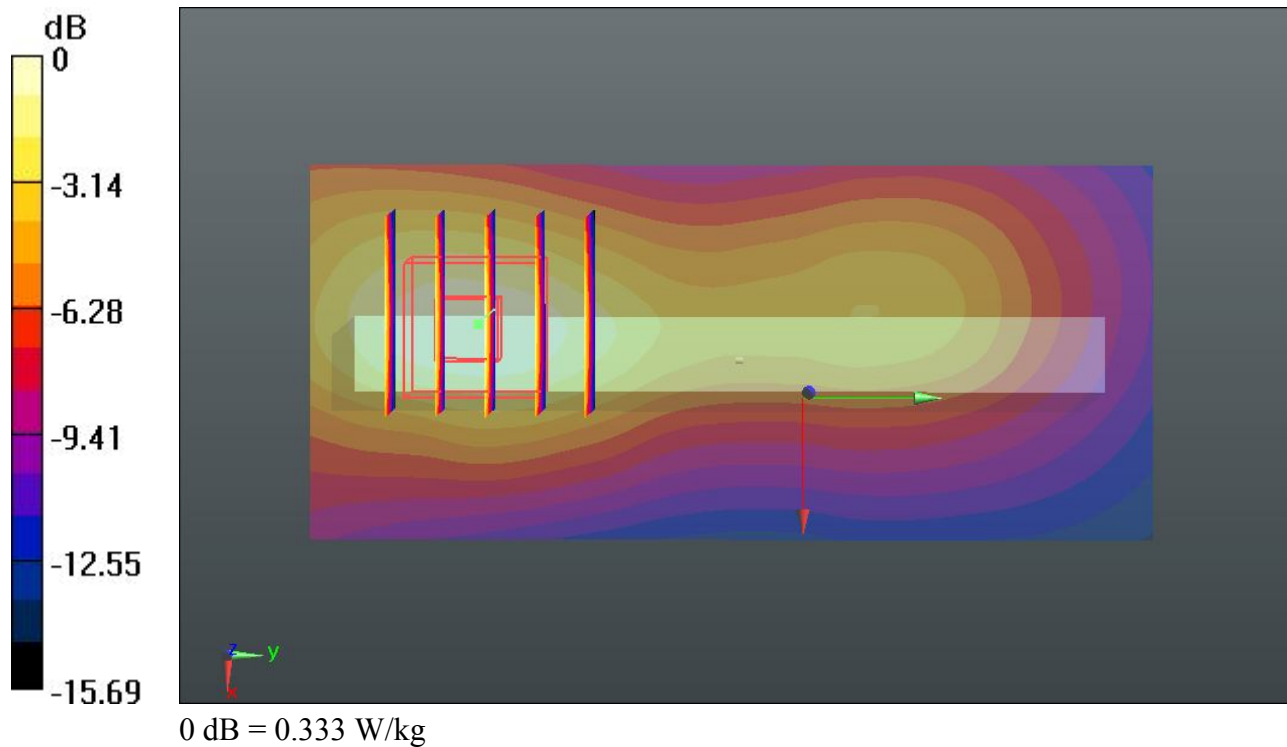
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.360 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.506 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.309 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 W/kg



73 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 W/kg

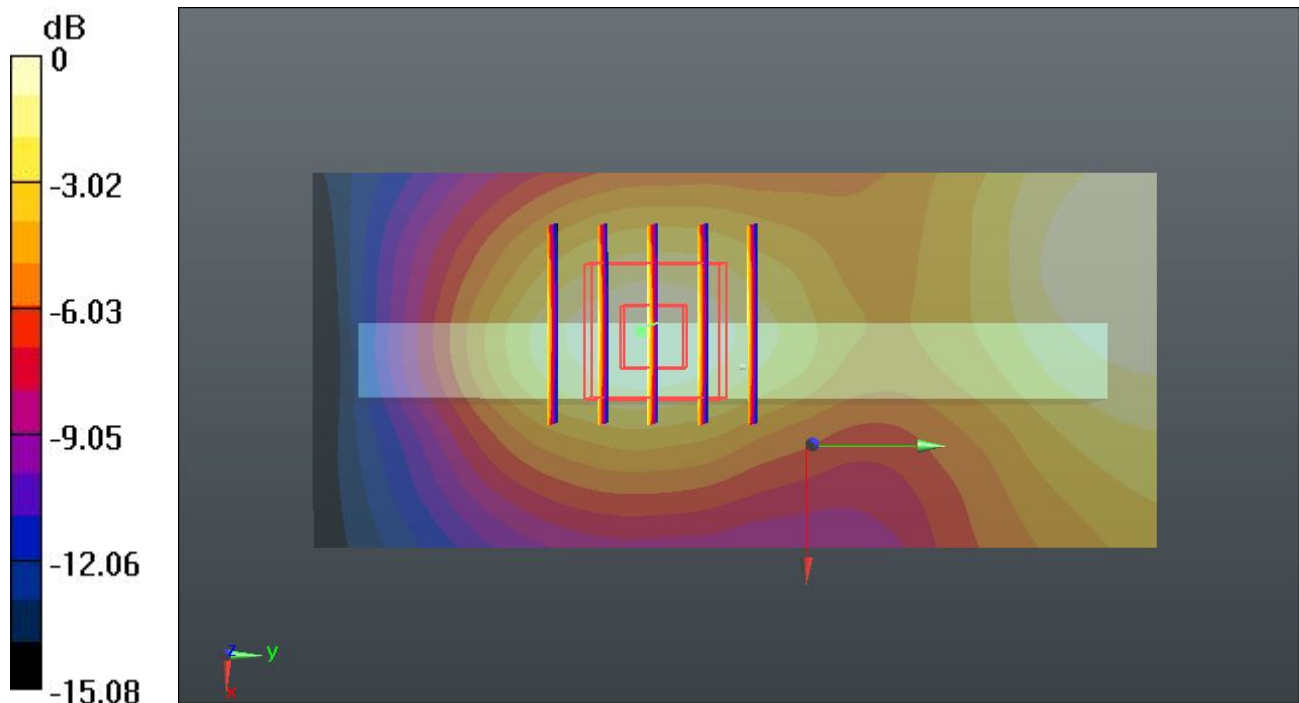
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.818 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.175 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 W/kg



0 dB = 0.118 W/kg = -18.56 dB W/kg

74 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9262**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg

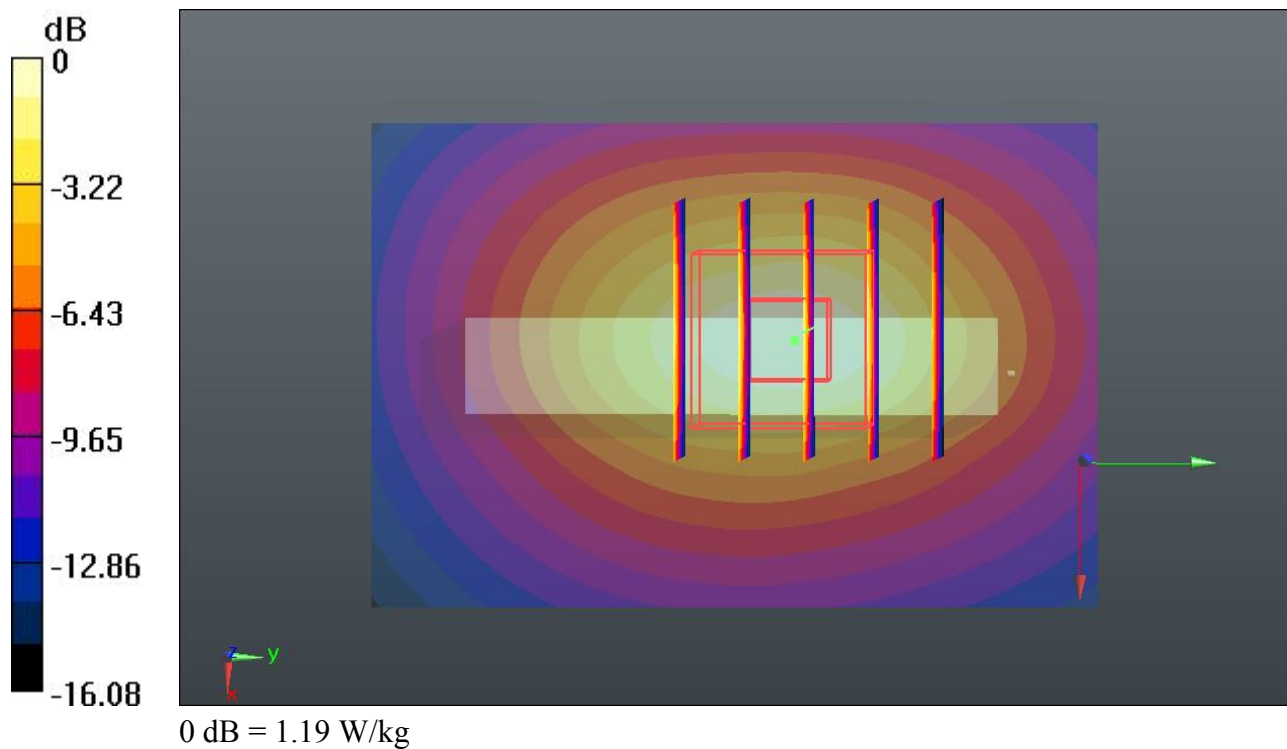
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.799 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.806 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.060 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.580 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



75 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9400**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.513$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.594; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9400/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

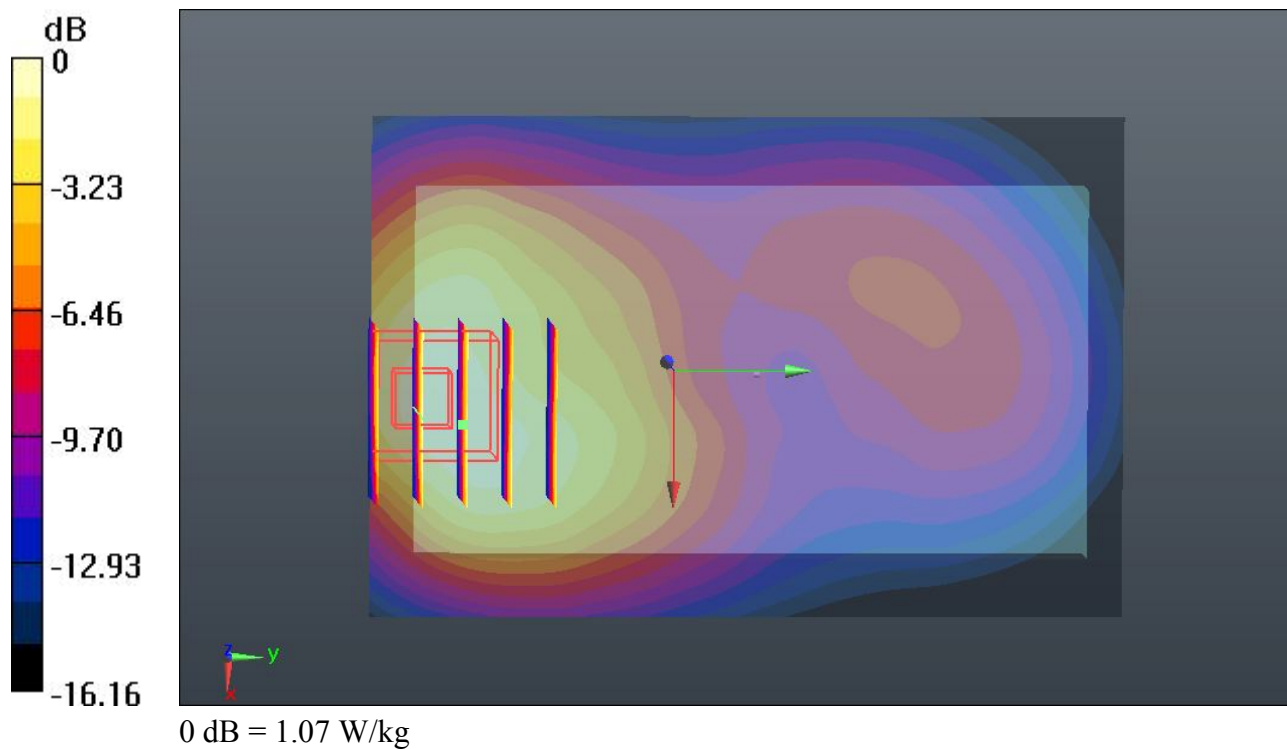
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.061 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.665 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.969 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.555 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



76 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9538**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.542$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.552; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9538/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

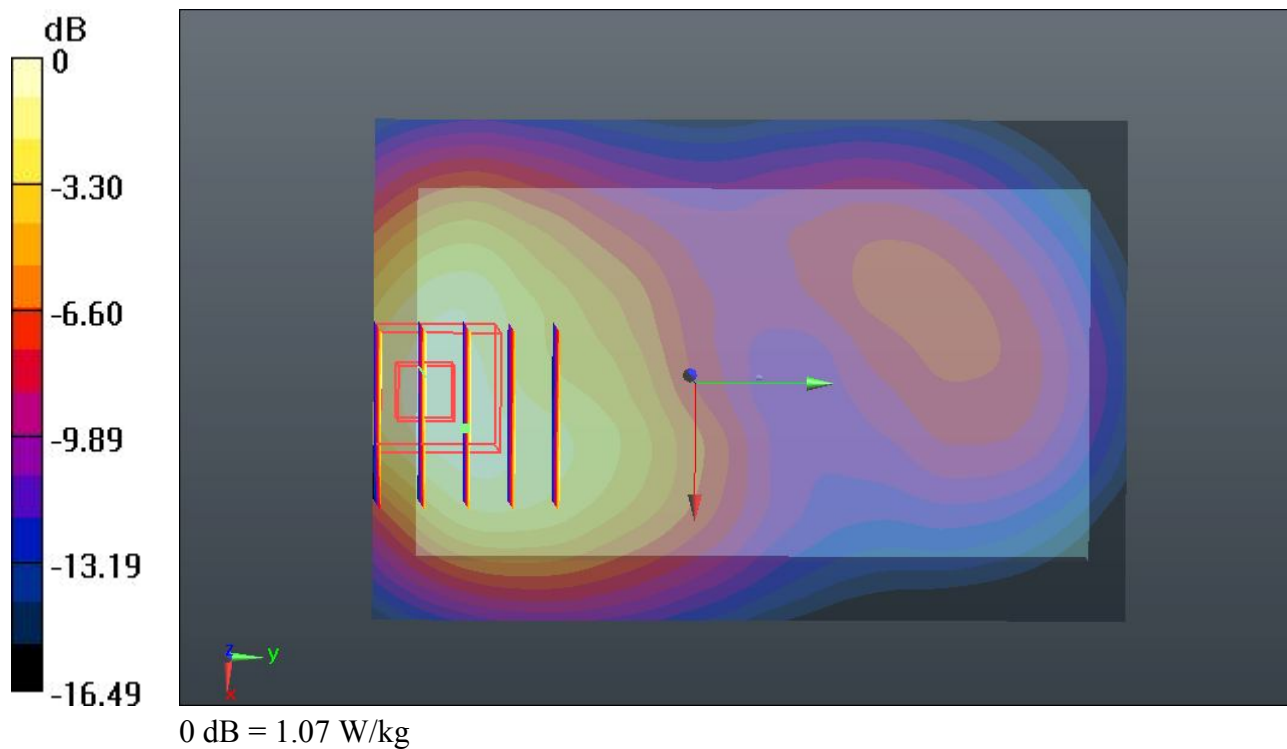
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.222 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.647 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.957 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.544 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



77 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9400**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.513$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.594; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9400/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.960 W/kg

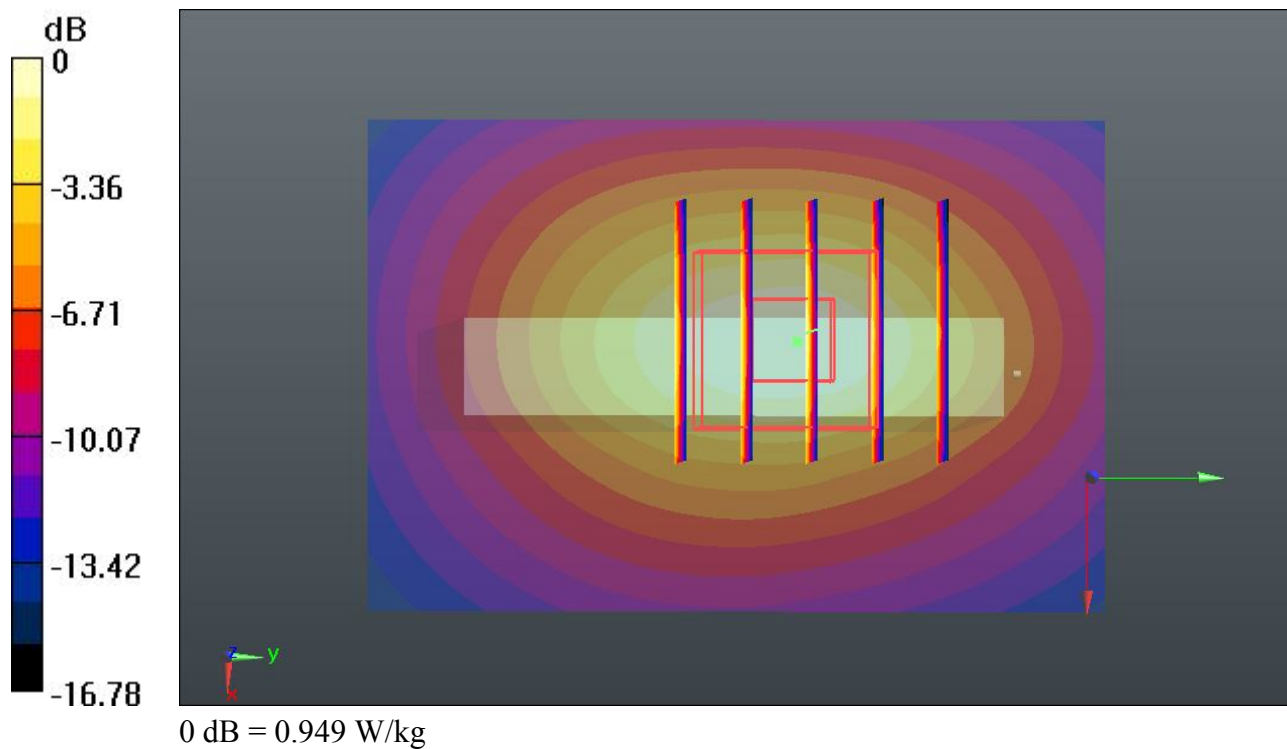
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.891 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.475 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.855 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.467 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.949 W/kg



78 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9538**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.542$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.552; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 W/kg

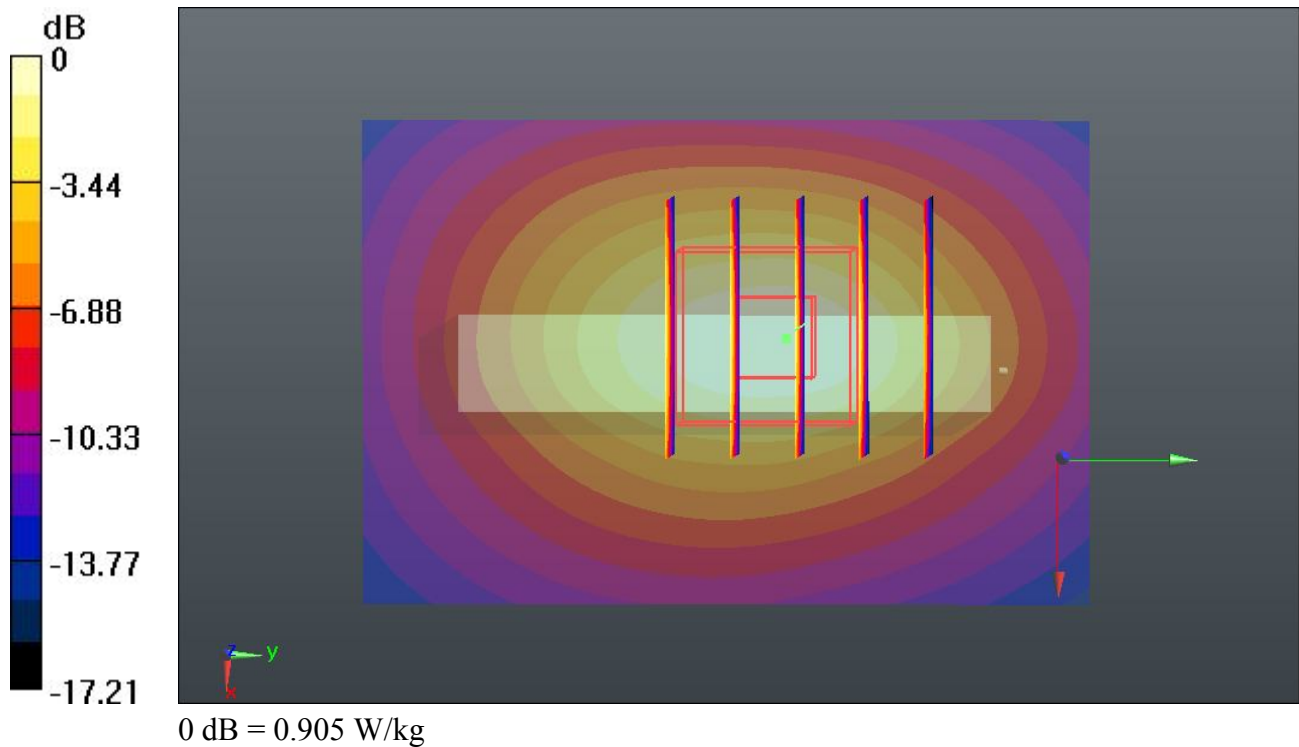
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.180 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.426 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.819 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.905 W/kg



79 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9262_Headset**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.475$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.661; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

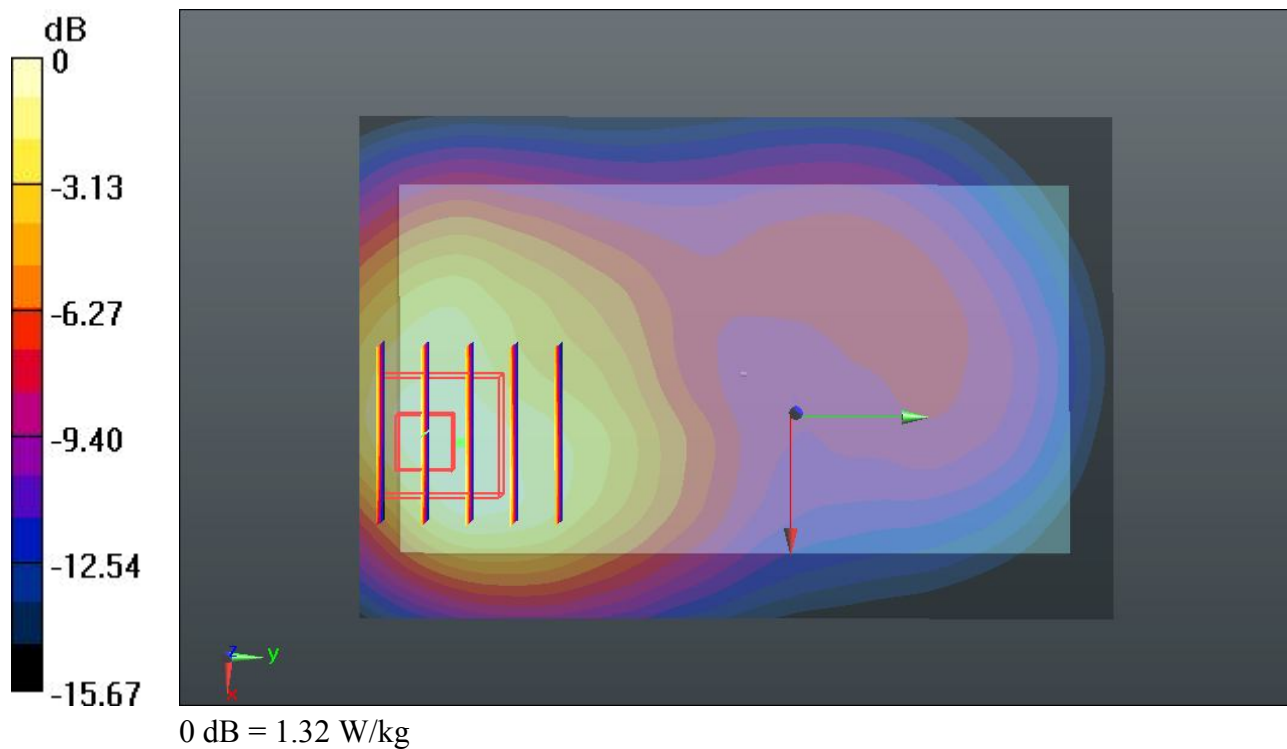
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.856 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.048 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.180 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.688 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



80 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9400_Headset**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.513$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.594; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9400/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

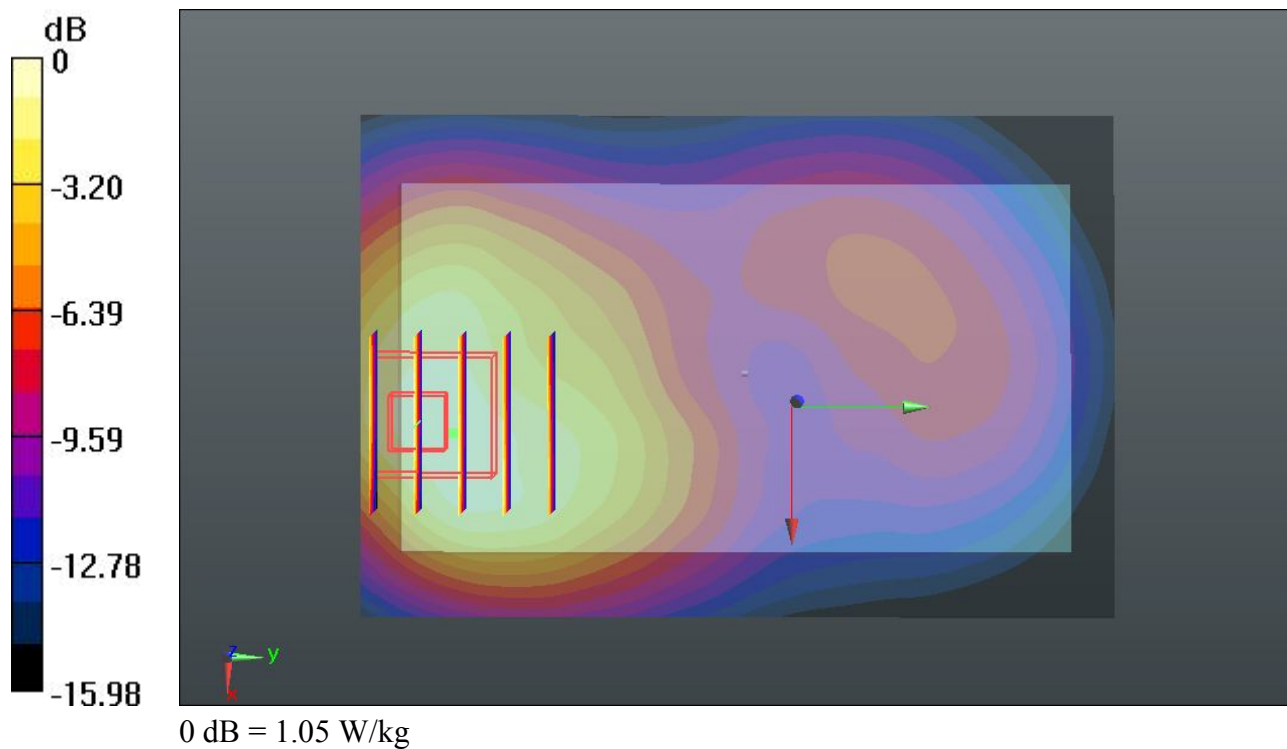
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.919 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.624 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.942 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



81 WCDMA II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9538_Headset**DUT: 2O1506**

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_121103 Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.542$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

54.552; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 16.11.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 10.11.2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9538/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.977 W/kg

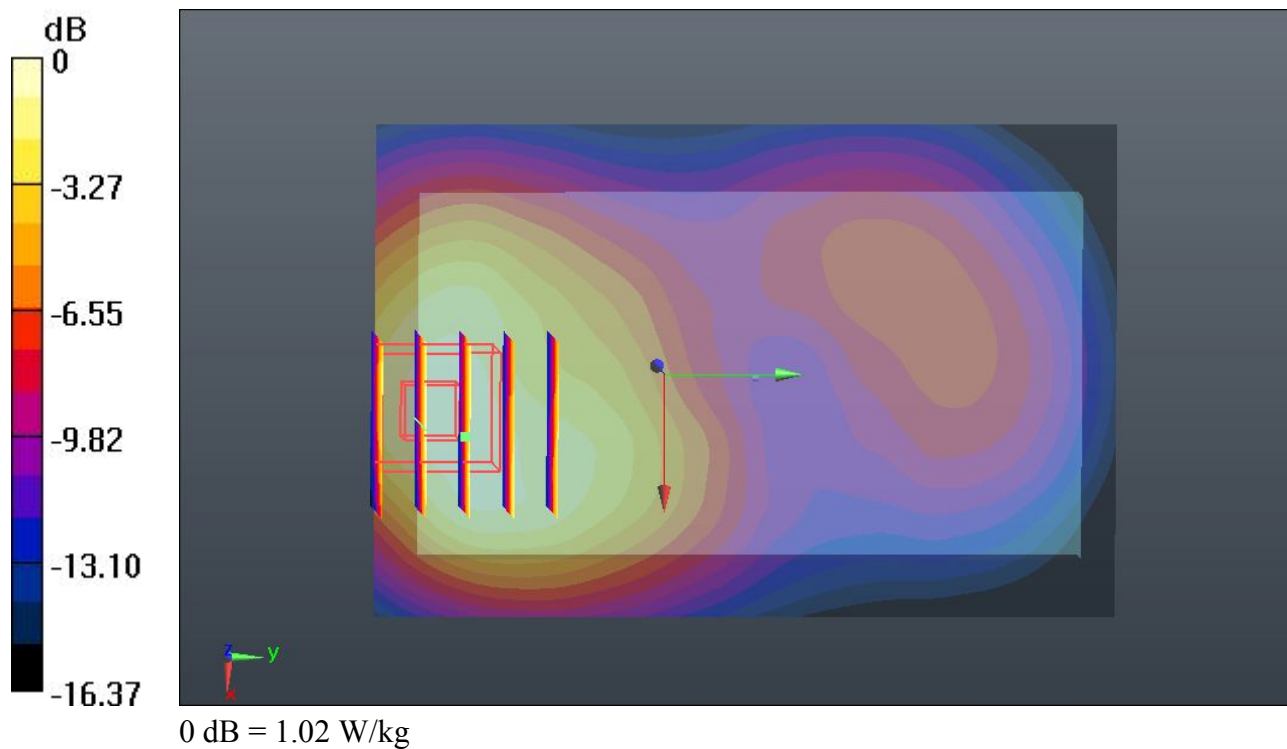
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.233 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.582 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.922 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.531 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



#105 802.11b_1M_Front 1cm_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.868$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.464; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.011 mW/g

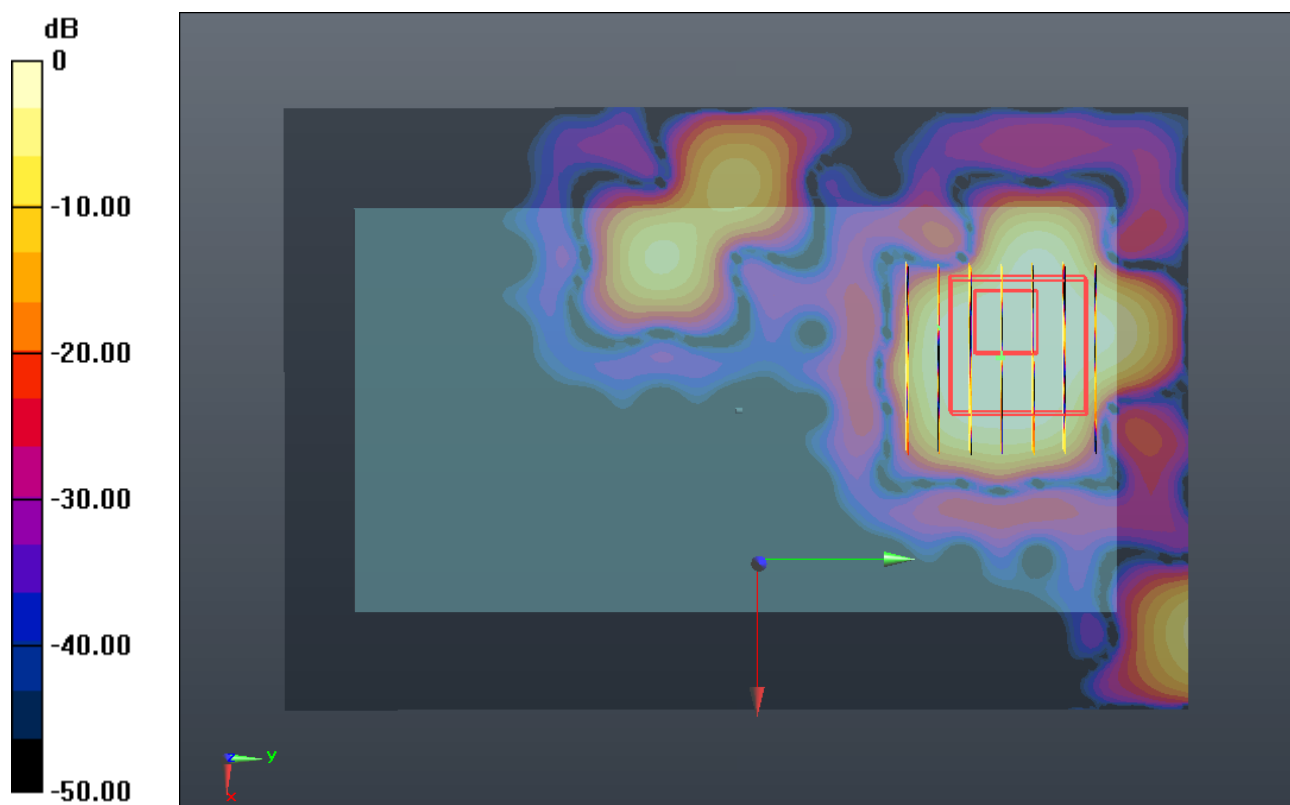
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.025 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.016 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00397 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00107 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0081 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0081mW/g

#106 802.11b_1M_Back 1cm_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.868$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.464; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.043 mW/g

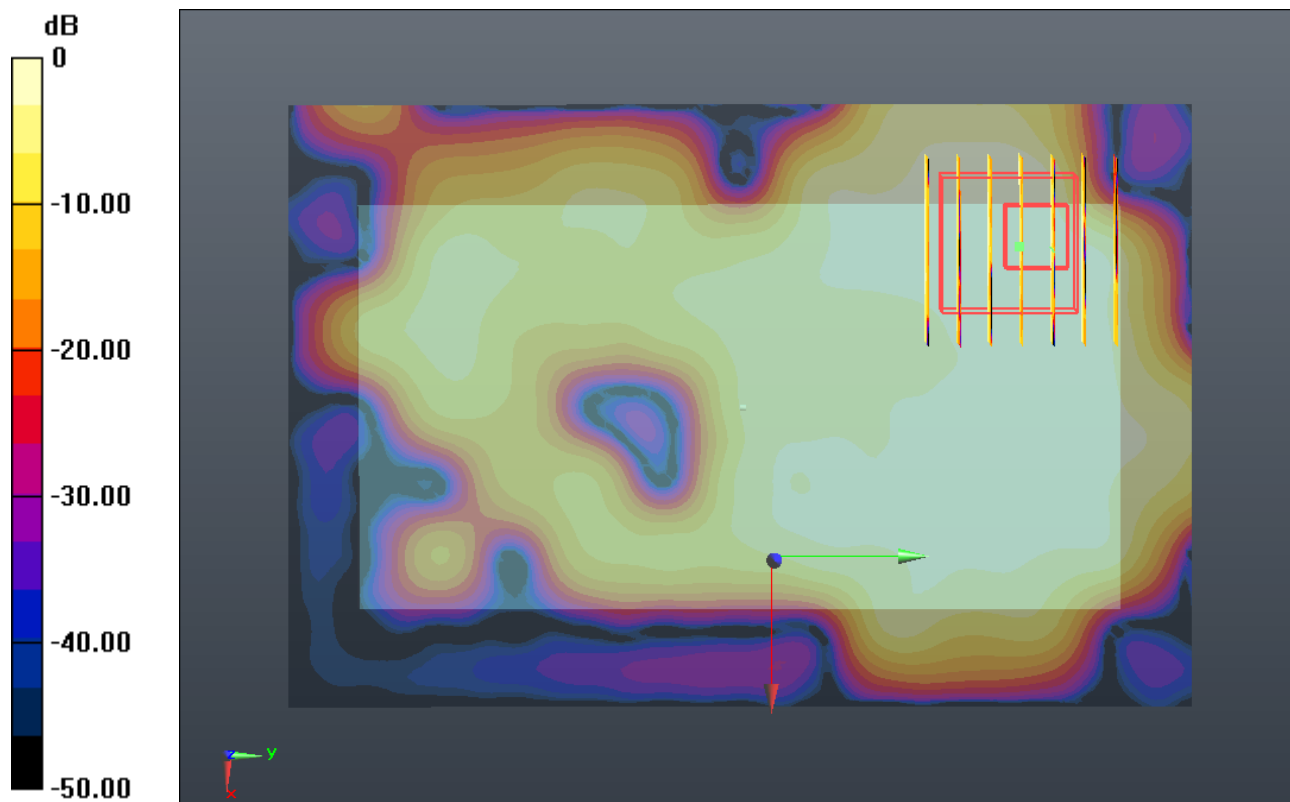
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.756 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.047 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0091 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.035 mW/g



0 dB = 0.030mW/g

#107 802.11b_1M_Right Side 1cm_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.868$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.464; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.040 mW/g

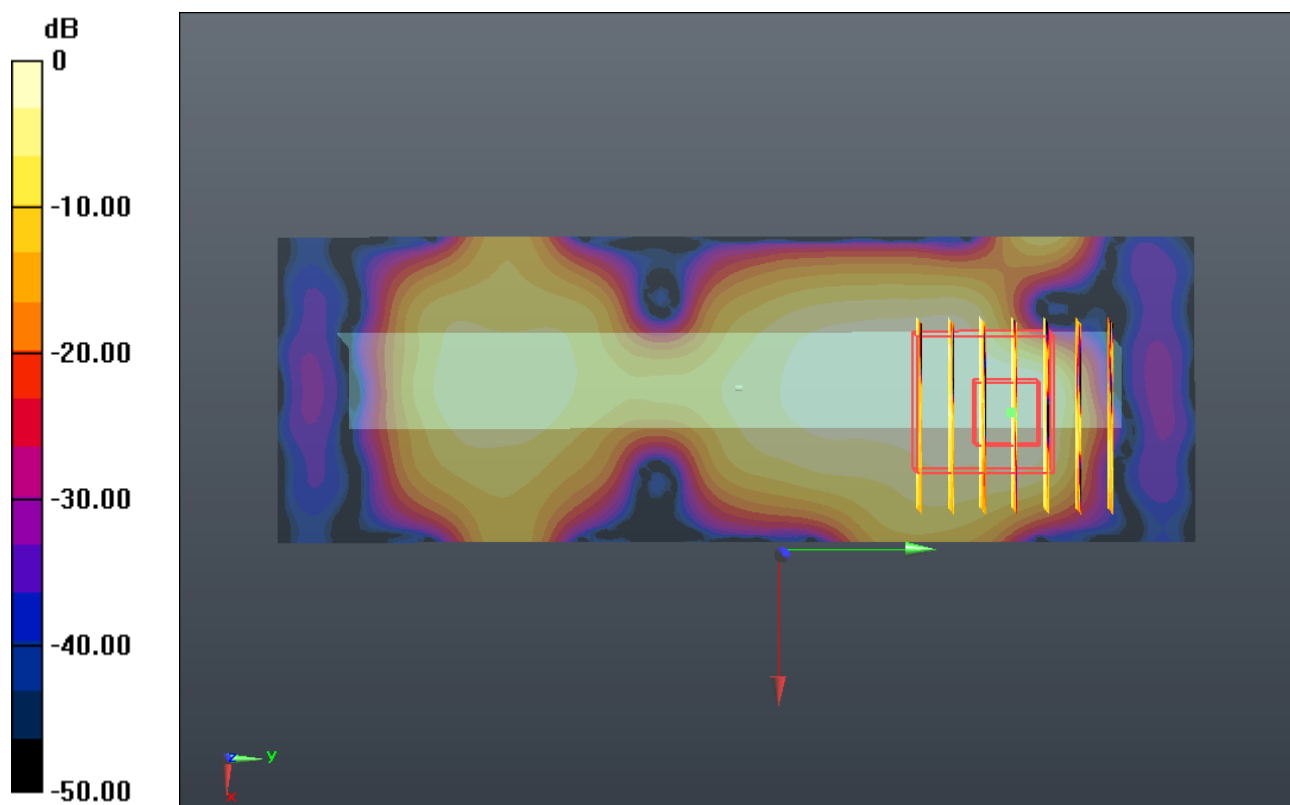
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.684 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.033 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00594 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

#108 802.11b_1M_Top Side 1cm_Ch1

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.868 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r =$

53.464 ; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.019 mW/g

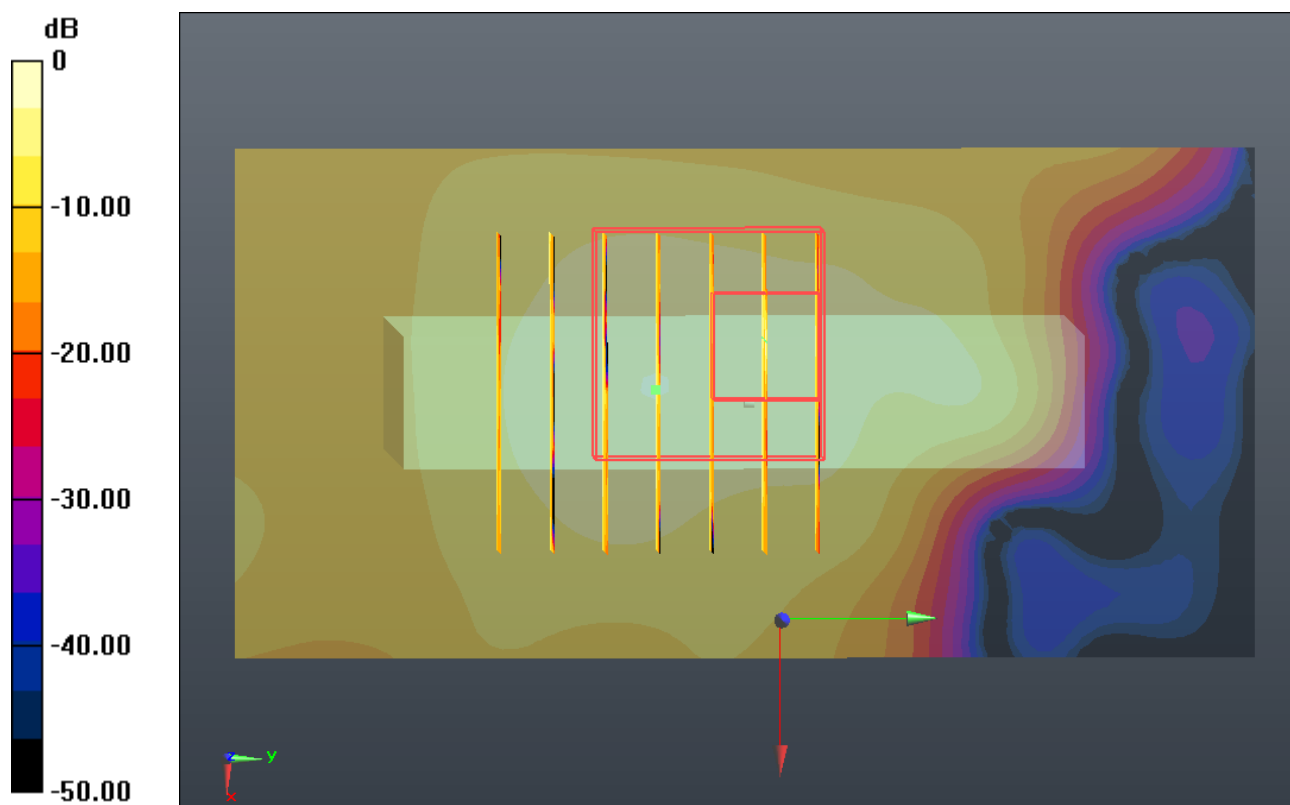
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.692 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.037 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.000526 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = $5.27\text{e-}005 \text{ mW/g}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g

#109 802.11b_1M_Back 1cm_Ch1_Headset

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.868$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.464; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.242 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.082 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.017 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00615 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g

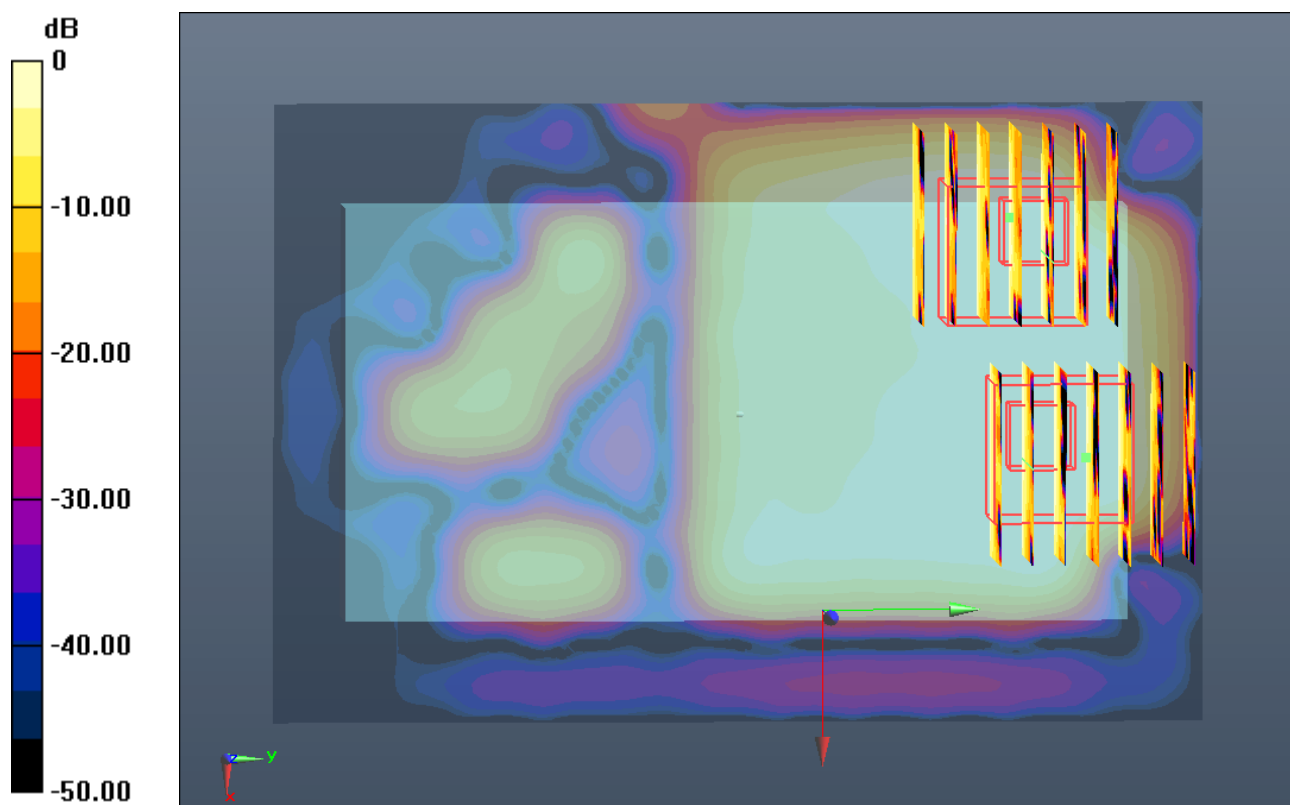
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.242 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.025 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00613 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.020 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

#110 802.11g_6M_Back 1cm_Ch6

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.395; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.043 mW/g

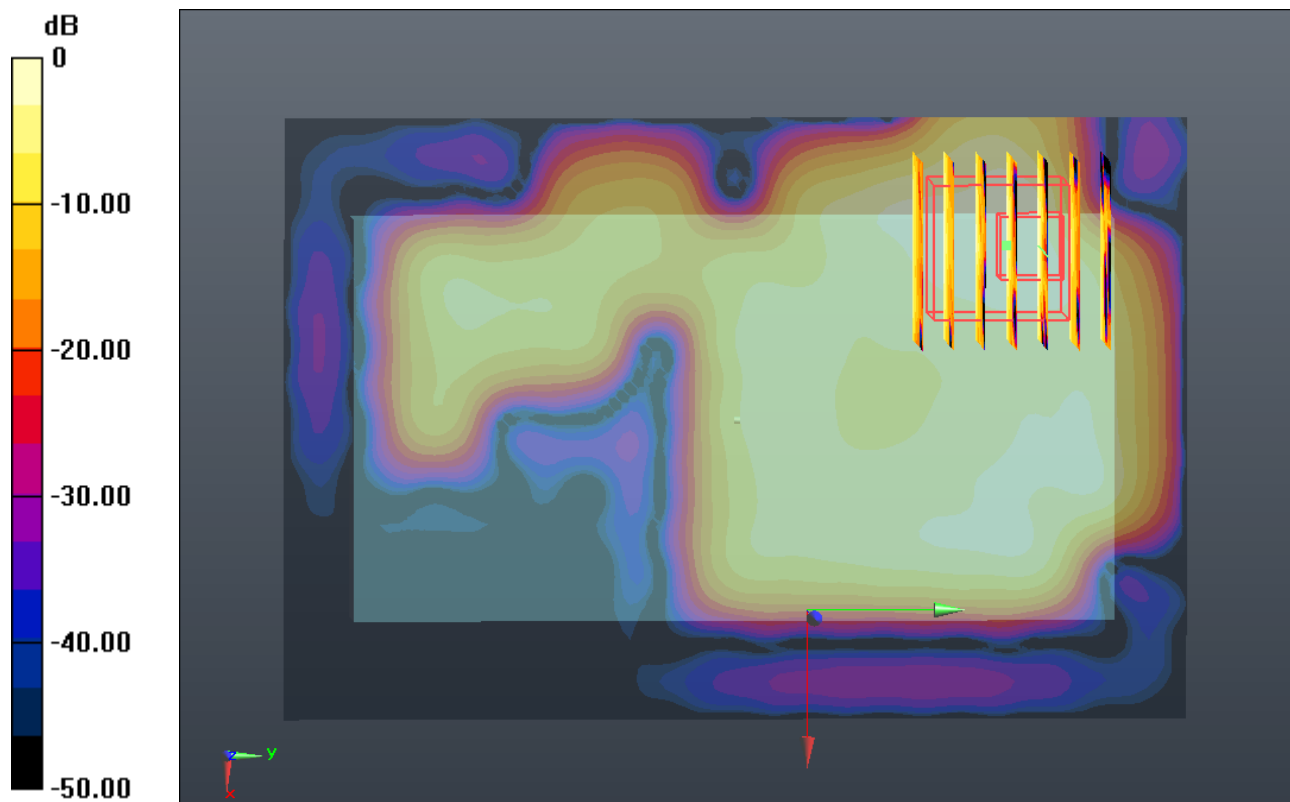
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.373 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00926 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g



#110 802.11g_6M_Back 1cm_Ch6_2D

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.395; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.043 mW/g

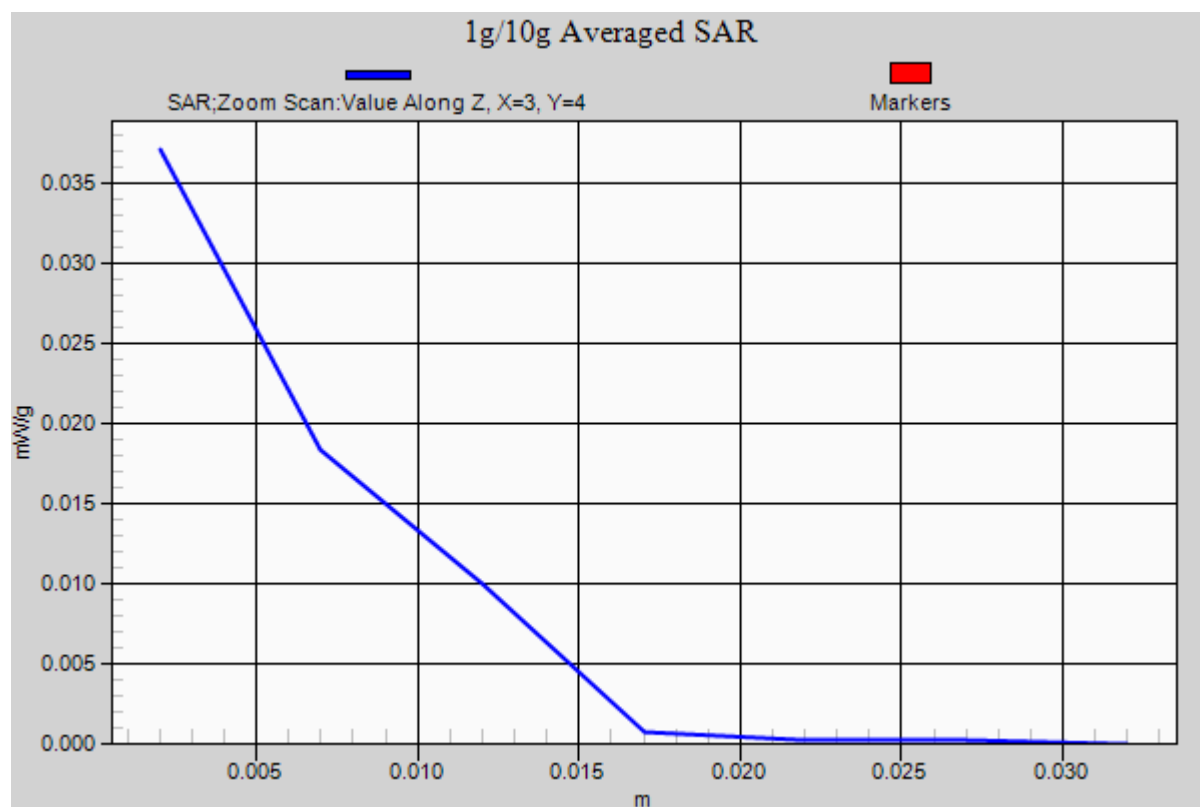
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.373 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00926 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g



#111 802.11n HT20_MCS6_Back 1cm_Ch6

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.913 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r =$

53.395 ; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.042 mW/g

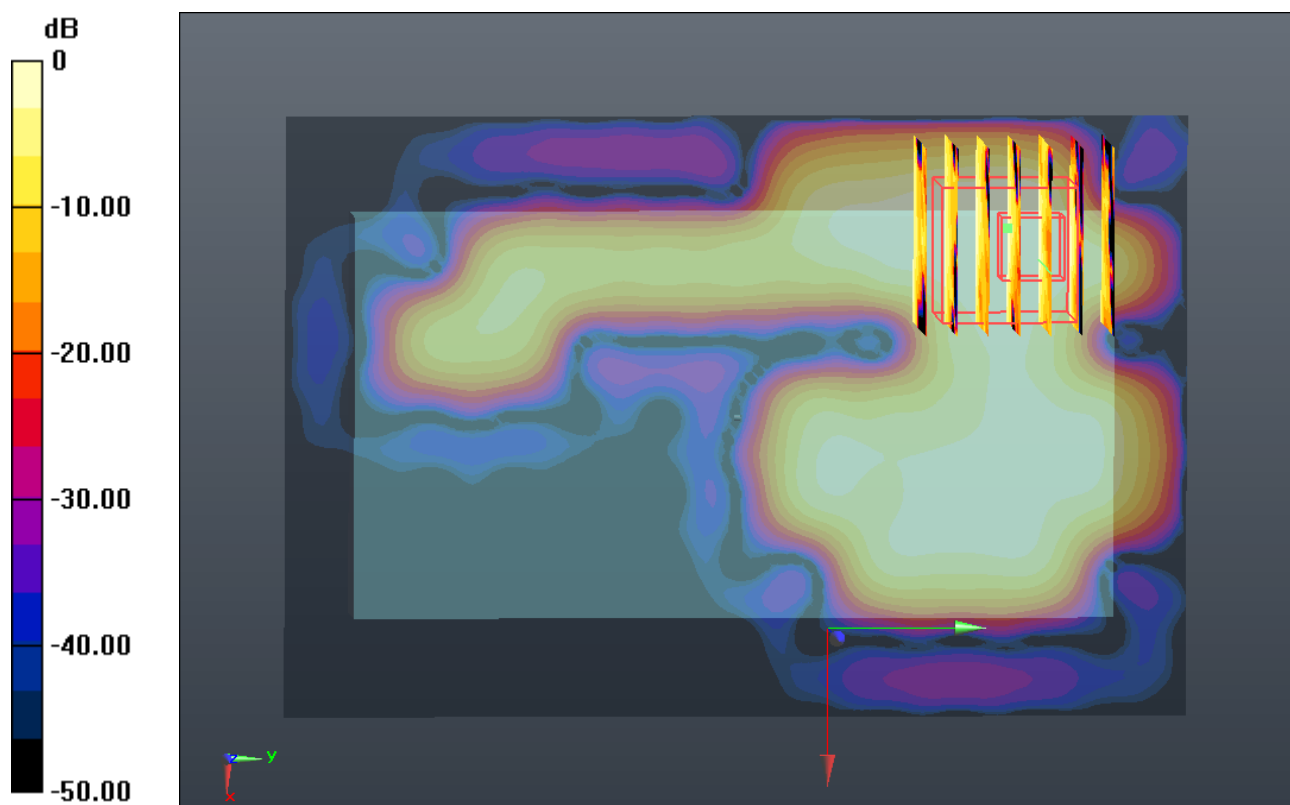
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.975 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.035 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.00567 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

#112 802.11n HT40_MCS5_Back 1cm_Ch3

DUT: 2O1506

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2422 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_121124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2422$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.884$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.43; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012-6-20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn914; Calibrated: 2011-12-8
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch3/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.039 mW/g

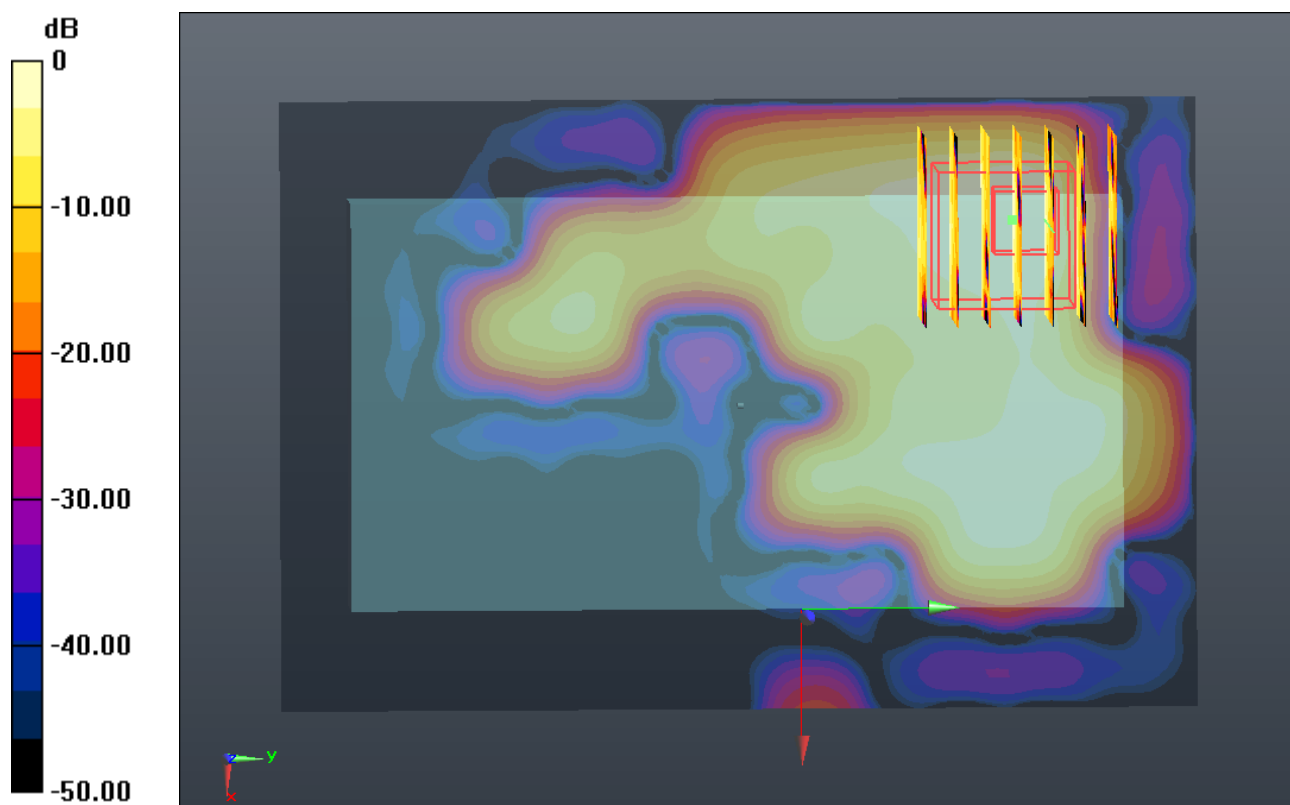
Ch3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.920 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.033 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00459 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.023 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g