



Report No.: RZA2010-0223FCC



# OET 65

## TEST REPORT

|              |                 |
|--------------|-----------------|
| Product Name | USB Stick       |
| Model        | K3570-Z         |
| FCC ID       | Q78-K3570-Z     |
| Client       | ZTE CORPORATION |

**TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.**



## GENERAL SUMMARY

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |              |         |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| <b>Product Name</b>          | USB Stick                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>Model</b> | K3570-Z |
| <b>FCC ID</b>                | Q78-K3570-Z                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |              |         |
| <b>Report No.</b>            | RZA2010-0223FCC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |              |         |
| <b>Client</b>                | ZTE CORPORATION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |              |         |
| <b>Manufacturer</b>          | ZTE CORPORATION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |              |         |
| <b>Reference Standard(s)</b> | <p><b>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</b> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.</p> <p><b>SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002:</b> Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions</p> <p><b>IEC 62209-2 Ed.1(2008-10):</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body .( frequency rang of 30MHz to 6GHz )</p> <p><b>KDB 447498 D02:2009-11-13</b></p> |              |         |
| <b>Conclusion</b>            | <p>This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards.</p> <p>General Judgment: <b>Pass</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(Stamp)<br/><b>Date of issue: March 16<sup>th</sup>, 2010</b></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |         |
| <b>Comment</b>               | The test result only responds to the measured sample.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |              |         |

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## **1. General Information**

### **1.1. Notes of the test report**

**TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

**TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone does not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

### **1.2. Testing laboratory**

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|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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**1.3. Applicant Information**

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**1.4. Manufacturer Information**

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## 1.5. Information of EUT

### General information

|                                     |                                               |                                         |                 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Device type :                       | portable device                               |                                         |                 |
| Exposure category:                  | uncontrolled environment / general population |                                         |                 |
| Name of EUT:                        | USB Stick                                     |                                         |                 |
| IMEI or SN:                         | /                                             |                                         |                 |
| Device operating configurations :   |                                               |                                         |                 |
| Operating mode(s):                  | GSM850; （tested）<br>GSM1900; （tested）         |                                         |                 |
| Test modulation:                    | (GSM)GMSK                                     |                                         |                 |
| GPRS multislot class :              | 10                                            |                                         |                 |
| EGPRS multislot class:              | 12                                            |                                         |                 |
| Operating frequency range(s)        | Band                                          | Tx (MHz)                                | Rx (MHz)        |
|                                     | GSM850                                        | 824.2 ~ 848.8                           | 869.2 ~ 893.8   |
|                                     | GSM1900                                       | 1850.2 ~ 1909.8                         | 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 |
| Power class                         | GSM 850: 4, tested with power level 5         |                                         |                 |
|                                     | GSM 1900: 1, tested with power level 0        |                                         |                 |
| Test channel<br>(Low –Middle –High) | 128 -190 - 251<br>512 - 661 - 810             | (GSM850) (tested)<br>(GSM1900) (tested) |                 |
| Hardware version:                   | P680A8-1.0.1                                  |                                         |                 |
| Software version:                   | BD_P680A8V1.0.0B03                            |                                         |                 |
| Antenna type:                       | Internal antenna                              |                                         |                 |
| Used host products:                 | IBM T61                                       |                                         |                 |

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a USB Stick with internal antenna. During SAR test of the EUT, it was connected to a portable computer. SAR is tested for the EUT respectively for GSM 850 and GSM1900. The EUT have GPRS (class 10) and EGPRS (class 12) functions.

Since the EUT only has the data transfer function, but does not have the voice transfer function, the tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS and EGPRS, The measurements were performed in combination with the host product (IBM T61). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal and vertical USB slots.

The sample undergoing test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

## 1.6. Test Date

The test is performed from February 25, 2010 to February 27, 2010.

## **2. Operational Conditions during Test**

### **2.1. General description of test procedures**

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

Since the EUT only has the data transfer function, but does not have the voice transfer function, the tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS and EGPRS. The measurements were performed in combination with the host product (IBM T61). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal and vertical USB slots.

### **2.2. GSM Test Configuration**

For the body SAR tests for GSM 850, GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power. Since the EUT only has the data transfer function, but does not have the speech transfer function. The tests in the band of GSM 850, GSM 1900 are only performed in the mode of GPRS and EGPRS. The GPRS class is 10 for this EUT; it has at most 2 timeslot in uplink. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT; it has at most 4 timeslot in uplink.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

**Table 1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration**

| <b>Number of timeslots in uplink assignment</b> | <b>Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                                               | 0                                                                 |
| 2                                               | 0 to 3,0                                                          |
| 3                                               | 1,8 to 4,8                                                        |
| 4                                               | 3,0 to 6,0                                                        |

### **2.3. Position of module in Portable devices**

The measurements were performed in combination with the host product (IBM T61). IBM T61 laptop has horizontal and vertical USB slots.

A test distance of 5mm or less, according to KDB 447498, should be considered for the orientation that can satisfy such requirements.

For each channel, the EUT is tested at the following 4 test positions:

- Test Position 1: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with horizontal USB slot. The back side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 6)
- Test Position 2: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19 cm USB cable. The front side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 7)
- Test Position 3: The EUT is connected to the portable computer through a 19 cm USB cable. The left side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 8)
- Test Position 4: The EUT is connected to the portable computer with vertical USB slot. The right side of the EUT towards the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX H Picture 9)

## 2.4. Picture of host product

During the test, IBM T61 laptop was used as an assistant to help to setup communication. (See Picture 1)



Picture 1-a: IBM T61 Close



Picture 1-b: IBM T61 Open



Picture 1-c: IBM T61 with horizontal USB slot



Picture 1-d: IBM T61 with Vertical USB slot



Picture 1-e: a 19 cm USB cable

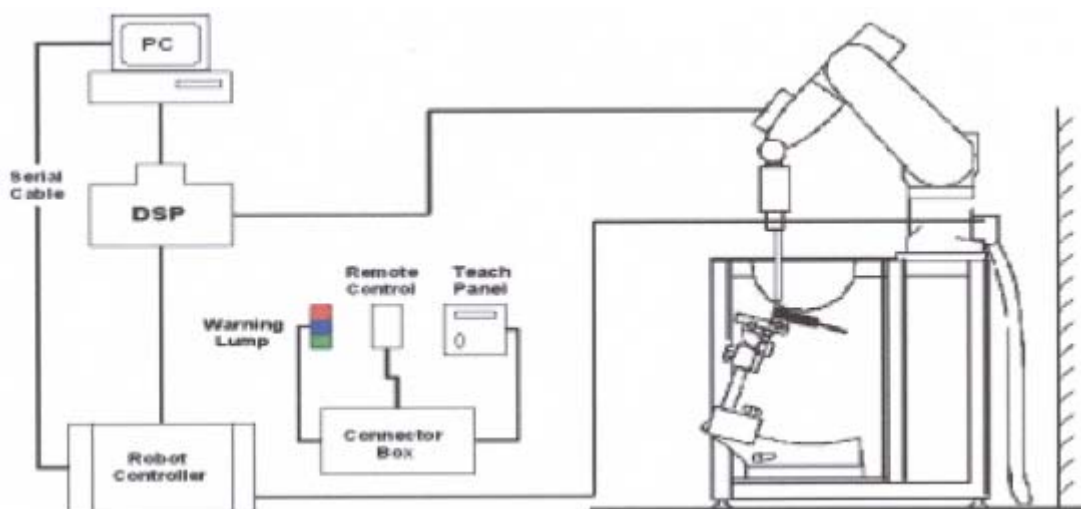
**Picture 1: Computer as a test assistant**

### 3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

#### 3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



**Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up**

### 3.2. Dasy4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

#### 3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core<br>Built-in shielding against static charges<br>PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)                                                               |
| Calibration   | Basic Broad Band Calibration in air<br>Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1750<br>Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request                                                                   |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB<br>(30 MHz to 6 GHz)                                                                                                                                                         |
| Directivity   | $\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)                                                                                                       |
| Dynamic Range | 10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:<br>$\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)                                                                                                                                    |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip<br>diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical<br>distance from probe tip to dipole centers:<br>1 mm                                                                                   |
| Application   | High precision dosimetric<br>measurements in any exposure<br>scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields).<br>Only probe which enables compliance<br>testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz<br>with precision of better 30%. |



**Figure 2. EX3DV4 E-field Probe**



**Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe**

### 3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$ . The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:  $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

$\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

$\rho$  = Tissue density ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ ).

### 3.3. Other Test Equipment

#### 3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

**Construction:** Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

**Material:** POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

### 3.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

|                 |                                 |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| Shell Thickness | 2±0.1 mm                        |
| Filling Volume  | Approx. 20 liters               |
| Dimensions      | 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W) |
| Available       | Special                         |



**Figure 4. Generic Twin Phantom**

### 3.4. Scanning procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5\%$ .
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ ). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^\circ$ .)

- **Area Scan**

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 10 mm x 10 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains

unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- **Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

- **A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.**

### **3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation**

#### **3.5.1. Data Storage**

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm<sup>2</sup>], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

|                    |                           |                                                            |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Probe parameters:  | - Sensitivity             | Normi, a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub> |
|                    | - Conversion factor       | ConvF <sub>i</sub>                                         |
|                    | - Diode compression point | Dcp <sub>i</sub>                                           |
| Device parameters: | - Frequency               | f                                                          |
|                    | - Crest factor            | cf                                                         |
| Media parameters:  | - Conductivity            |                                                            |
|                    | - Density                 |                                                            |

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

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If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$cf$  = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

$dcp_i$  = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
[mV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup>] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$  = sensitivity enhancement in solution

$a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

$f$  = carrier frequency [GHz]

$E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

$H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \rho) / (2 \cdot 1000)$$

with  $SAR$  = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

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**$E_{tot}$**  = total field strength in V/m

**$\sigma$**  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

**$\rho$**  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with  $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

**$E_{tot}$**  = total electric field strength in V/m

**$H_{tot}$**  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

### 3.6. System check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 6.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ( $\pm 10\%$ ).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY 4 system.

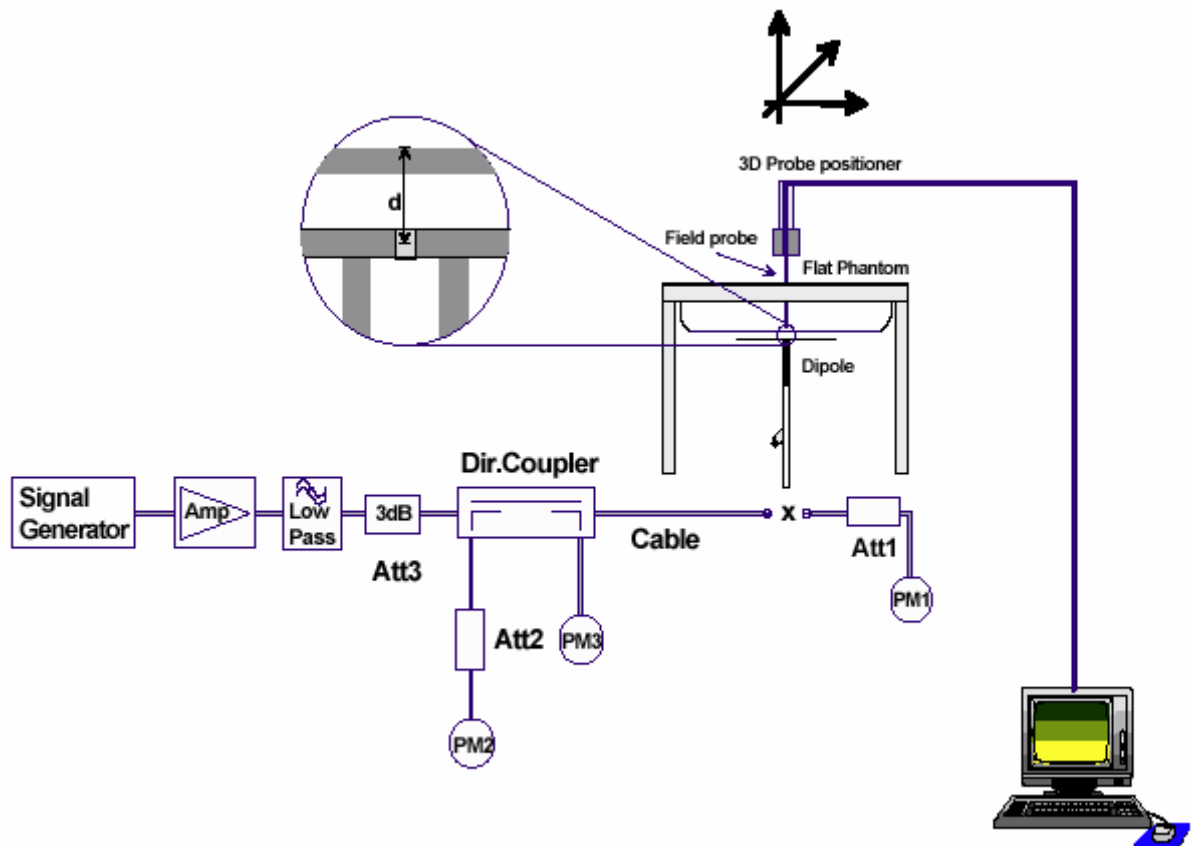


Figure 5. System Check Set-up

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### 3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, sugar, salt, Glycol monobutyl, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 2 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by OET 65.

**Table 2: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter**

| MIXTURE%                              | FREQUENCY(Body)835MHz                  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Water                                 | 52.5                                   |
| Sugar                                 | 45                                     |
| Salt                                  | 1.4                                    |
| Preventol                             | 0.1                                    |
| Cellulose                             | 1.0                                    |
| Dielectric Parameters<br>Target Value | f=835MHz $\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$ |

| MIXTURE%                              | FREQUENCY (Body) 1900MHz                |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Water                                 | 69.91                                   |
| Glycol monobutyl                      | 29.96                                   |
| Salt                                  | 0.13                                    |
| Dielectric Parameters<br>Target Value | f=1900MHz $\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$ |

## 4. Laboratory Environment

**Table 3: The Ambient Conditions during Test**

|                                                                                                 |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Temperature                                                                                     | Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C |
| Relative humidity                                                                               | Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%    |
| Ground system resistance                                                                        | < 0.5 $\Omega$            |
| Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.    |                           |
| Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards. |                           |

## **5. Characteristics of the Test**

### **5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations**

**IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:** IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

### **5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards**

**SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002:** Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions

**IEC 62209-2 Ed.1(2008-10):** Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body .( frequency rang of 30MHz to 6GHz )

**KDB 447498 D02:2009-11-13**

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## 6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 6.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an E5515C communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power. Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

### 6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 4: Conducted Power Measurement Results

|                |        | Average power        |             |             |         |              |              |              |
|----------------|--------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| GSM850 + GPRS  |        | Conducted Power(dBm) |             |             |         |              |              |              |
|                |        | Channel 128          | Channel 190 | Channel 251 |         | Channel 128  | Channel 190  | Channel 251  |
| 1TXslot        | Before | 32.52                | 32.47       | 32.32       | -9.03dB | 23.49        | 23.44        | 23.29        |
|                | After  | 32.51                | 32.49       | 32.33       | -9.03dB | 23.48        | 23.46        | 23.30        |
| 2TXslots       | Before | 30.97                | 30.93       | 30.74       | -6.02dB | <b>24.95</b> | <b>24.91</b> | <b>24.72</b> |
|                | After  | 30.98                | 30.95       | 30.75       | -6.02dB | 24.96        | 24.93        | 24.73        |
| GSM850 + EGPRS |        | Conducted Power(dBm) |             |             |         |              |              |              |
|                |        | Channel 128          | Channel 190 | Channel 251 |         | Channel 128  | Channel 190  | Channel 251  |
| 1TXslot        | Before | 32.48                | 32.37       | 32.22       | -9.03dB | 23.45        | 23.34        | 23.19        |
|                | After  | 32.47                | 32.39       | 32.23       | -9.03dB | 23.44        | 23.36        | 23.20        |
| 2TXslots       | Before | 30.90                | 30.78       | 30.62       | -6.02dB | <b>24.88</b> | <b>24.76</b> | <b>24.60</b> |
|                | After  | 30.91                | 30.79       | 30.64       | -6.02dB | 24.89        | 24.77        | 24.62        |
| 3TXslots       | Before | 28.88                | 28.81       | 28.69       | -4.26dB | 24.62        | 24.55        | 24.43        |
|                | After  | 28.87                | 28.82       | 28.68       | -4.26dB | 24.61        | 24.56        | 24.42        |
| 4TXslots       | Before | 27.83                | 27.69       | 27.54       | -3.01dB | 24.82        | 24.68        | 24.53        |
|                | After  | 27.82                | 27.71       | 27.56       | -3.01dB | 24.81        | 24.70        | 24.55        |
| GSM1900 + GPRS |        | Conducted Power(dBm) |             |             |         |              |              |              |
|                |        | Channel 512          | Channel 661 | Channel 810 |         | Channel 512  | Channel 661  | Channel 810  |
| 1TXslot        | Before | 29.25                | 29.50       | 29.33       | -9.03dB | 20.22        | 20.47        | 20.30        |
|                | After  | 29.24                | 29.51       | 29.35       | -9.03dB | 20.21        | 20.48        | 20.32        |
| 2TXslots       | Before | 26.77                | 27.02       | 26.84       | -6.02dB | <b>20.75</b> | <b>21.00</b> | <b>20.82</b> |
|                | After  | 26.78                | 27.04       | 26.85       | -6.02dB | 20.76        | 21.02        | 20.83        |

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| GSM1900 + EGPRS |        | Conducted Power(dBm) |             |             |         |              |              |              |
|-----------------|--------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                 |        | Channel 512          | Channel 661 | Channel 810 |         | Channel 512  | Channel 661  | Channel 810  |
| 1TXslot         | Before | 29.30                | 29.52       | 29.37       | -9.03dB | 20.27        | 20.49        | 20.34        |
|                 | After  | 29.31                | 29.53       | 29.38       | -9.03dB | 20.28        | 20.50        | 20.35        |
| 2TXslots        | Before | 26.87                | 27.05       | 26.95       | -6.02dB | <b>20.85</b> | <b>21.03</b> | <b>20.93</b> |
|                 | After  | 26.89                | 27.06       | 26.97       | -6.02dB | 20.87        | 21.04        | 20.95        |
| 3TXslots        | Before | 24.99                | 25.17       | 25.01       | -4.26dB | 20.73        | 20.91        | 20.75        |
|                 | After  | 24.98                | 25.16       | 25.03       | -4.26dB | 20.72        | 20.90        | 20.77        |
| 4TXslots        | Before | 23.78                | 24.00       | 23.91       | -3.01dB | 20.77        | 20.99        | 20.90        |
|                 | After  | 23.77                | 24.01       | 23.92       | -3.01dB | 20.76        | 21.00        | 20.91        |

Note:

### 1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1 TX- slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03 dB

2 TX- slot = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02 dB

3TX- slot = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26 dB

4 TX- slot = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01 dB

### 2) Average power numbers

The maximum power numbers are marked in bold.

### 3) For SAR testing the EUT was set to multislot class based on the maximum averaged conducted power.

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## 7. Test Results

### 7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency         | Description                    | Dielectric Parameters  |                     | Temp<br>°C |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------|
|                   |                                | $\epsilon_r$           | $\sigma$ (s/m)      |            |
| 835MHz<br>(body)  | Target value<br>±5% window     | 55.20<br>52.44 — 57.96 | 0.97<br>0.92 — 1.02 | /          |
|                   | Measurement value<br>2010-2-25 | 54.87                  | 0.98                | 21.5       |
| 1900MHz<br>(body) | Target value<br>±5% window     | 53.30<br>50.64 — 55.97 | 1.52<br>1.44 — 1.60 | /          |
|                   | Measurement value<br>2010-2-26 | 52.63                  | 1.52                | 21.7       |

### 7.2. System Check

Table 6: System Check for Body Tissue Simulation Liquid

| Frequency | Description                       | SAR(W/kg)           |                       | Dielectric Parameters |                | Temp<br>°C |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|
|           |                                   | 10g                 | 1g                    | $\epsilon_r$          | $\sigma$ (s/m) |            |
| 835MHz    | Recommended result<br>±10% window | 1.68<br>1.51 - 1.85 | 2.56<br>2.30 - 2.82   | 53                    | 0.99           | /          |
|           | Measurement value<br>2010-2-25    | 1.56                | 2.38                  | 54.87                 | 0.98           | 21.9       |
| 1900 MHz  | Recommended result<br>±10% window | 5.52<br>4.97—6.07   | 10.50<br>9.45 — 11.55 | 54                    | 1.55           | /          |
|           | Measurement value<br>2010-2-26    | 5.14                | 10.02                 | 52.63                 | 1.52           | 21.7       |

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

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### 7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

#### 7.3.1. GSM 850(GPRS/EGPRS)

**Table 7: SAR Values [GSM850 (GPRS/EGPRS)]**

| Limit of SAR (W/kg)                    |                     |         | 10 g Average              | 1g Average      | Power Drift(dB) | Graph Results |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                                        |                     |         | 2.0                       | 1.6             | ± 0.21          |               |
| Test Case Of Body                      |                     |         | Measurement Result (W/kg) |                 | Power Drift(dB) |               |
| Different Test Position                | Different Timeslots | Channel | 10 g Average              | 1 g Average     |                 |               |
| IBM T61                                |                     |         |                           |                 |                 |               |
| Test Position 1                        | 2 timeslots         | High    | 0.591                     | 0.902           | 0.090           | Figure 10     |
|                                        |                     | Middle  | 0.563                     | 0.859           | -0.041          | Figure 11     |
|                                        |                     | Low     | 0.515                     | 0.786           | 0.182           | Figure 12     |
| Test Position 2                        | 2 timeslots         | Middle  | 0.454                     | 0.743           | -0.171          | Figure 13     |
| Test Position 3                        | 2 timeslots         | Middle  | 0.151(max.cube)           | 0.246(max.cube) | -0.122          | Figure 14     |
| Test Position 4                        | 2 timeslots         | Middle  | 0.407                     | 0.634           | -0.164          | Figure 15     |
| Worst case position of GPRS with EGPRS |                     |         |                           |                 |                 |               |
| Test Position 1                        | 2 timeslots         | High    | 0.585                     | 0.894           | 0.052           | Figure 16     |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
- The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above;

**Table 8: SAR Values (GSM850, enhanced energy coupling at increased separation distances)**

| Different Test Position | Distance of EUT to Phantom | Channel | Measurement Result (W/kg) | 50% of initial position SAR (W/kg) | 125% of initial position SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Test Position 1         | initial position           | High    | 1.163                     | 0.582                              | 1.454                               |
|                         | 5mm                        |         | 0.816                     |                                    |                                     |
|                         | 10mm                       |         | 0.517                     |                                    |                                     |

Note: 1. The probe tip location is fixed at the distance of 2mm from the phantom surface.

- when the device position with the highest point SAR is > 25% of that measured at the initial position, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for this configuration.
- A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

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### 7.3.2. GSM 1900(GPRS/EGPRS)

**Table 9: SAR Values [GSM1900 (GPRS/EGPRS)]**

| Limit of SAR (W/kg)                    |                     |         | 10 g Average              | 1g Average      | Power Drift(dB) | Graph Results |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                                        |                     |         | 2.0                       | 1.6             | ± 0.21          |               |
| Test Case Of Body                      |                     |         | Measurement Result (W/kg) |                 | Power Drift(dB) |               |
| Different Test Position                | Different Timeslots | Channel | 10 g Average              | 1 g Average     |                 |               |
| IBM T61                                |                     |         |                           |                 |                 |               |
| Test Position 1                        | 2 timeslots         | High    | 0.418                     | 0.801           | -0.038          | Figure 17     |
|                                        |                     | Middle  | 0.530                     | 1.100           | -0.041          | Figure 18     |
|                                        |                     | Low     | 0.528                     | 0.927           | -0.008          | Figure 19     |
| Test Position 2                        | 2 timeslots         | High    | 0.425                     | 0.952           | 0.044           | Figure 20     |
|                                        |                     | Middle  | 0.357                     | 0.856           | -0.093          | Figure 21     |
|                                        |                     | Low     | 0.319(max.cube)           | 0.628(max.cube) | 0.000           | Figure 22     |
| Test Position 3                        | 2 timeslots         | Middle  | 0.150                     | 0.292           | 0.016           | Figure 23     |
| Test Position 4                        | 2 timeslots         | High    | 0.459                     | 1.090           | 0.078           | Figure 24     |
|                                        |                     | Middle  | 0.512                     | 1.120           | -0.020          | Figure 25     |
|                                        |                     | Low     | 0.398                     | 0.803           | 0.008           | Figure 26     |
| Worst case position of GPRS with EGPRS |                     |         |                           |                 |                 |               |
| Test Position 4                        | 2 timeslots         | Middle  | 0.511                     | 1.130           | 0.066           | Figure 27     |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
- The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above;

**Table 10: SAR Values (GSM1900, enhanced energy coupling at increased separation distances)**

| Different Test Position | Distance of EUT to Phantom | Channel | Measurement Result (W/kg) | 50% of initial position SAR (W/kg) | 125% of initial position SAR (W/kg) |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Test Position 4         | initial position           | Middle  | 1.562                     | 0.781                              | 1.953                               |
|                         | 5mm                        |         | 0.494                     |                                    |                                     |

Note: 1. The probe tip location is fixed at the distance of 2mm from the phantom surface.

- when the device position with the highest point SAR is > 25% of that measured at the initial position, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for this configuration.
- A single point SAR is measured for each of these device positions until the SAR is less than 50% of that measured at the initial position.

#### **7.4. Conclusion**

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this report. Maximum localized SAR<sub>1g</sub> of GSM 850 is **0.902** W/kg , SAR<sub>1g</sub> of GSM 1900 is **1.130** W/kg that is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report.

[illegible]

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|                                                    |                                                |                                             |     |   |            |      |      |          |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----|---|------------|------|------|----------|
| 20                                                 | -phantom                                       | B                                           | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1    | 2.3  | $\infty$ |
| 21                                                 | -liquid conductivity (deviation from target)   | B                                           | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 1.8  | $\infty$ |
| 22                                                 | -liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty) | B                                           | 5.0 | N | 1          | 0.64 | 3.2  | $\infty$ |
| 23                                                 | -liquid permittivity (deviation from target)   | B                                           | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6  | 1.7  | $\infty$ |
| 24                                                 | -liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty) | B                                           | 5.0 | N | 1          | 0.6  | 3.0  | $\infty$ |
| Combined standard uncertainty                      |                                                | $u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$ |     |   |            |      | 12.0 |          |
| Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) |                                                | $u_e = 2u_c$                                |     | N | k=2        |      | 24.0 |          |

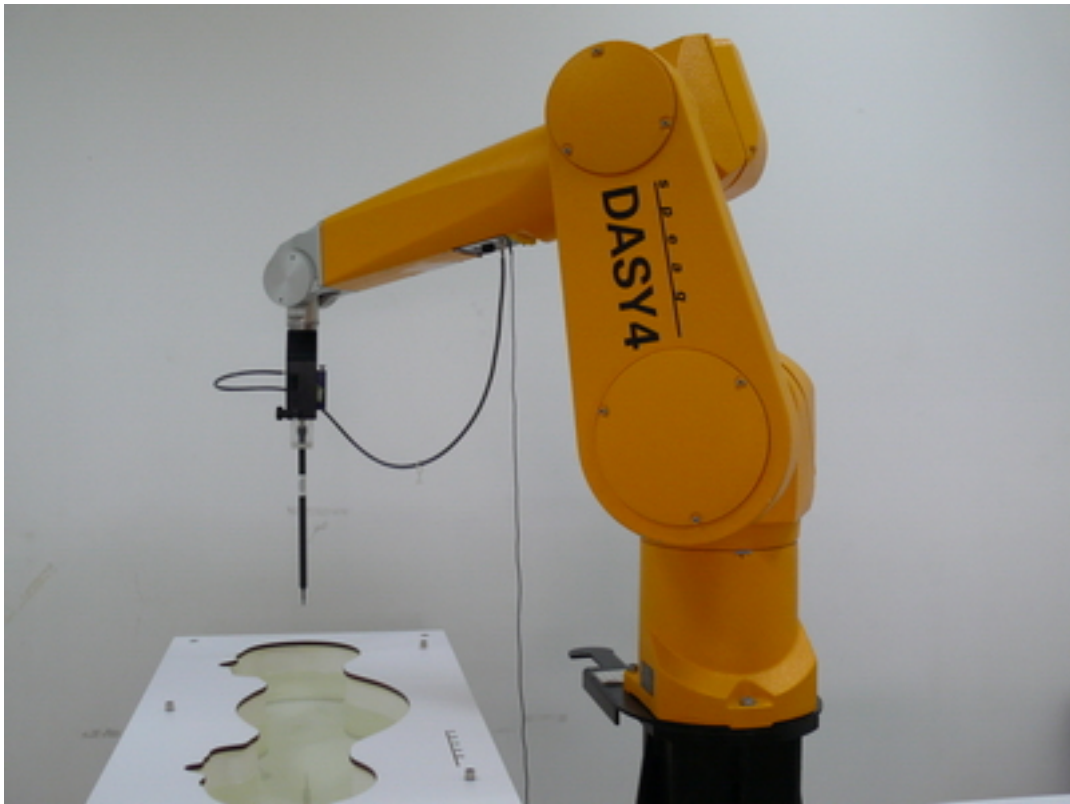
## 9. Main Test Instruments

**Table 11: List of Main Instruments**

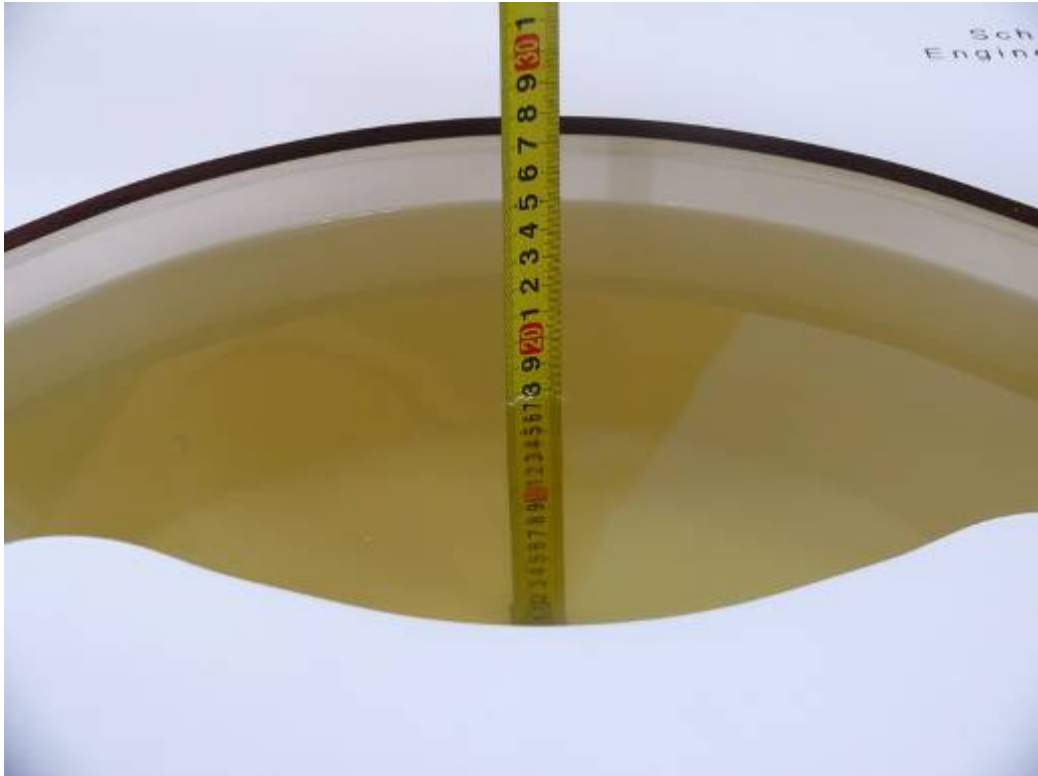
| No. | Name                   | Type           | Serial Number | Calibration Date         | Valid Period |
|-----|------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| 01  | Network analyzer       | Agilent 8753E  | US37390326    | September 13, 2009       | One year     |
| 02  | Dielectric Probe Kit   | Agilent 85070E | US44020115    | No Calibration Requested |              |
| 03  | Power meter            | Agilent E4417A | GB41291714    | March 14, 2009           | One year     |
| 04  | Power sensor           | Agilent 8481H  | MY41091316    | March 14, 2009           | One year     |
| 05  | Signal Generator       | HP 8341B       | 2730A00804    | September 13, 2009       | One year     |
| 06  | Amplifier              | IXA-020        | 0401          | No Calibration Requested |              |
| 07  | Validation Kit 835MHz  | D835V2         | 4d082         | July 13, 2009            | One year     |
| 08  | Validation Kit 1900MHz | D1900V2        | 5d018         | June 26, 2009            | One year     |
| 09  | BTS                    | E5515C         | MY48360988    | December 4, 2009         | One year     |
| 10  | E-field Probe          | EX3DV4         | 3677          | September 23, 2009       | One year     |
| 11  | DAE                    | DAE4           | 905           | June 24, 2009            | One year     |

\*\*\*END OF REPORT BODY\*\*\*

## **ANNEX A: Test Layout**



**Picture 2: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout**



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz)

## ANNEX B: System Check Results

### System Performance Check at 835 MHz

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082**

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 1:46:32 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $21.5^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.93 mW/g

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 mW/g

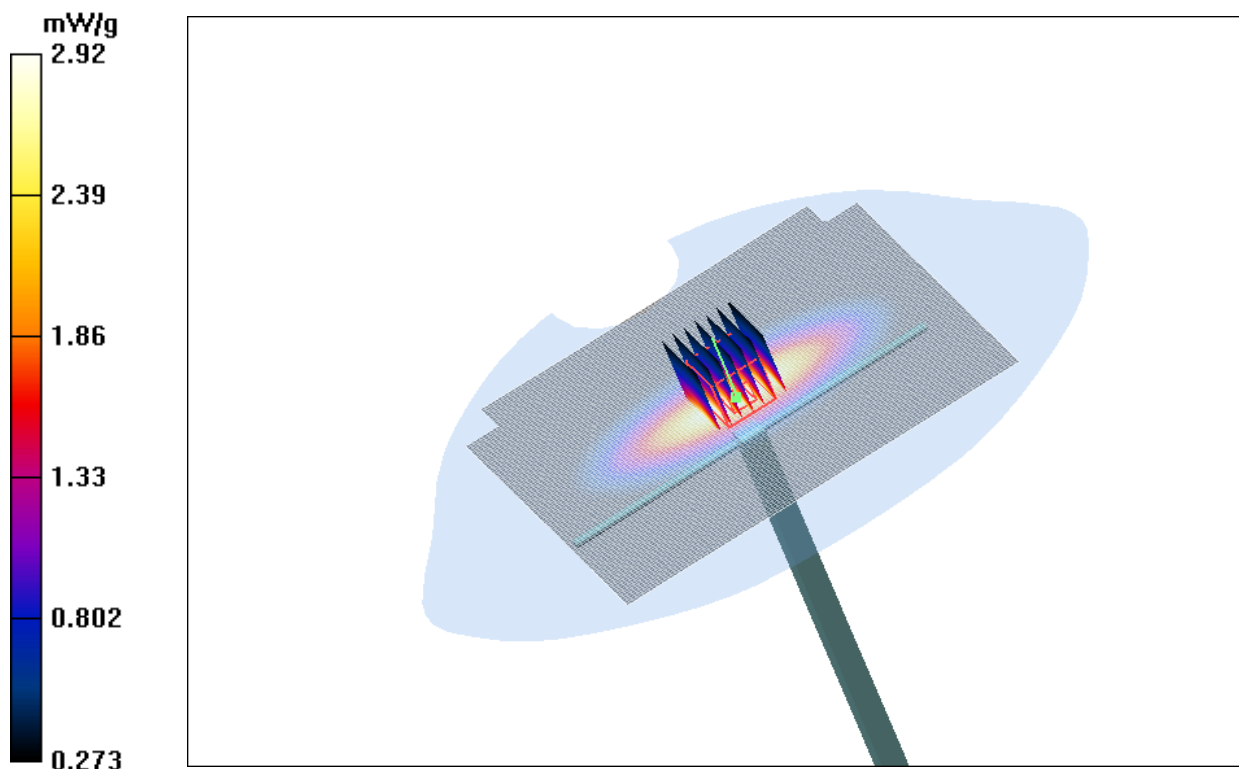


Figure 6 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

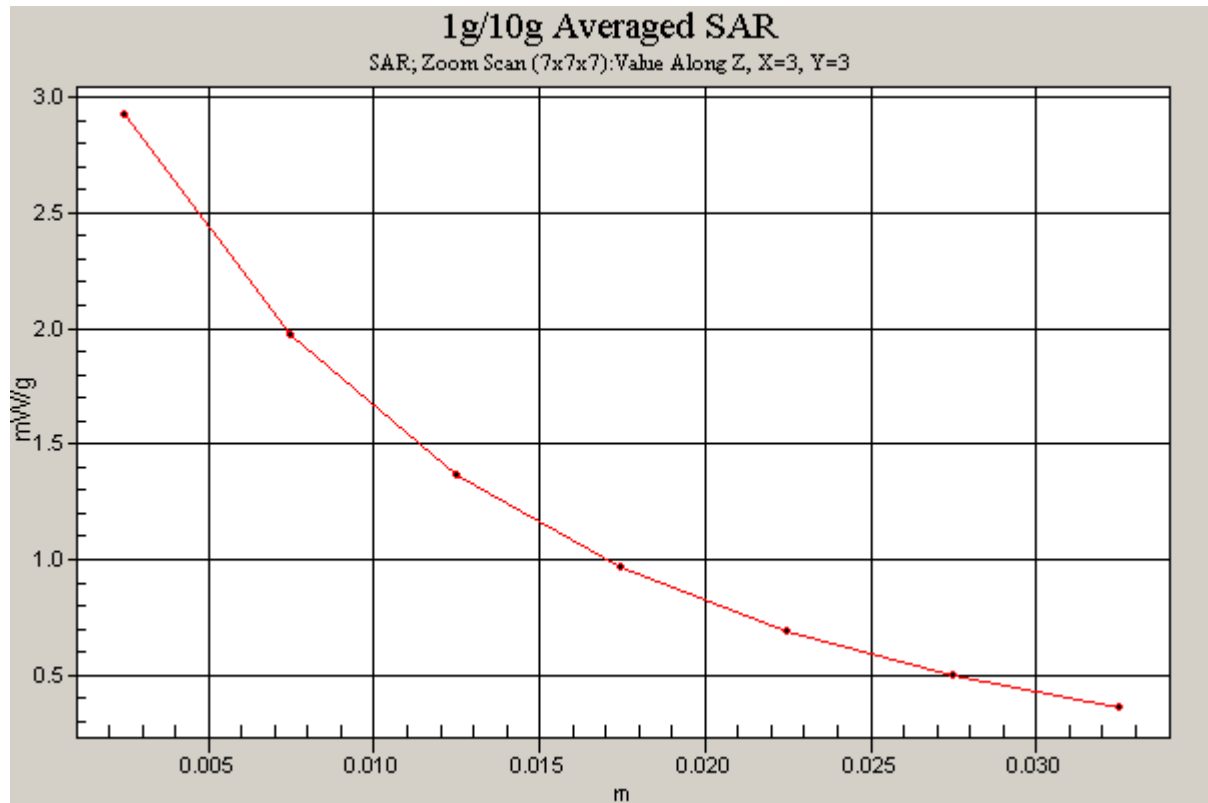


Figure 7 Z-Scan at power reference point (system Check at 835 MHz dipole)

### System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018**

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 6:06:18 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.9 mW/g

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

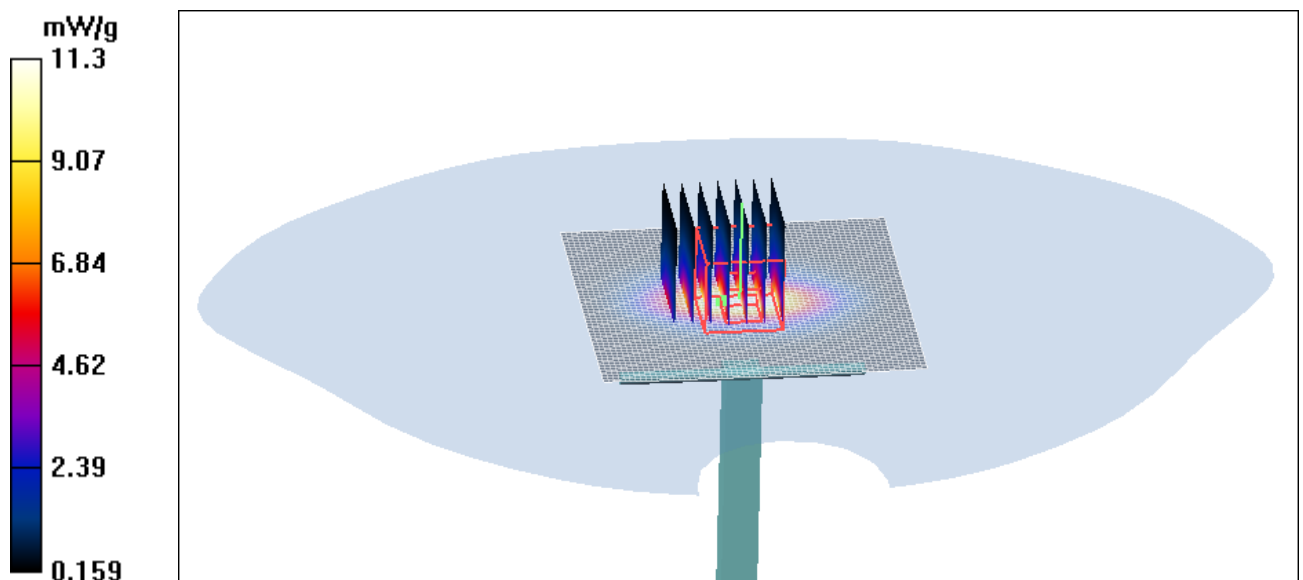


Figure 8 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

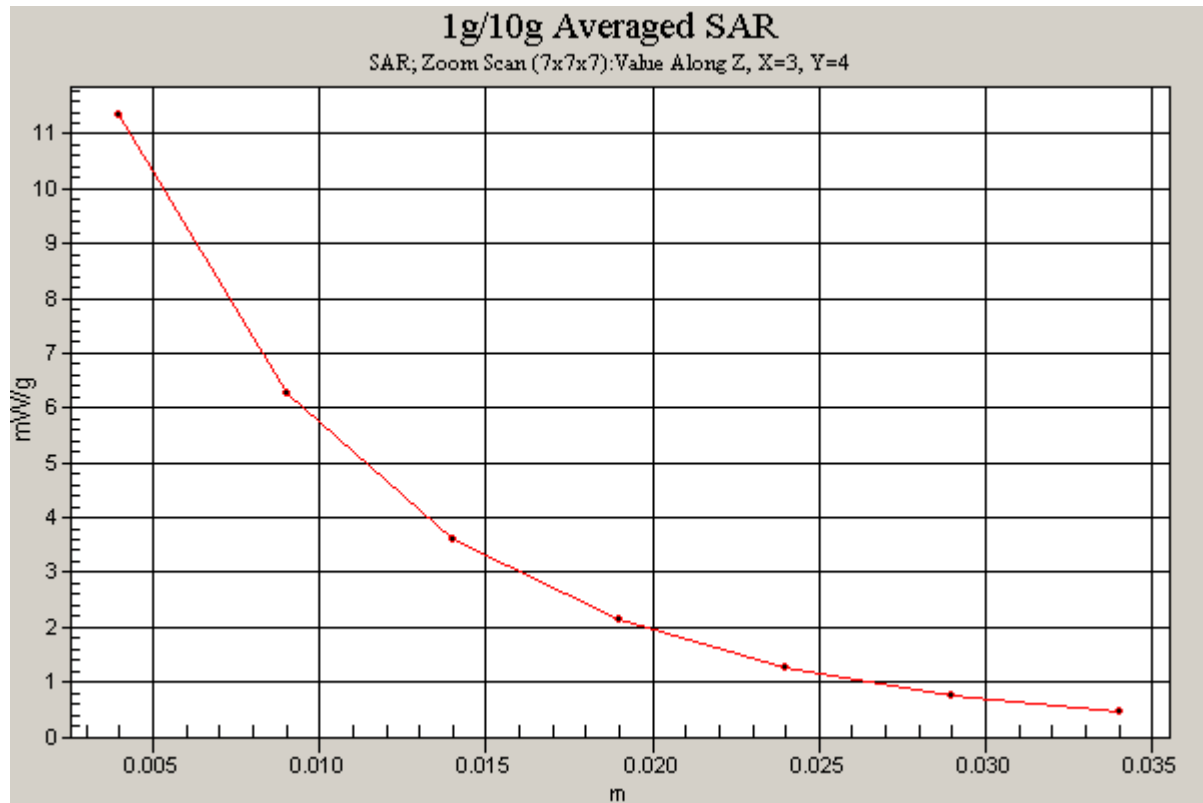


Figure 9 Z-Scan at power reference point (system Check at 1900 MHz dipole)

## ANNEX C: Graph Results

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 4:56:06 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 849$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.992$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 mW/g

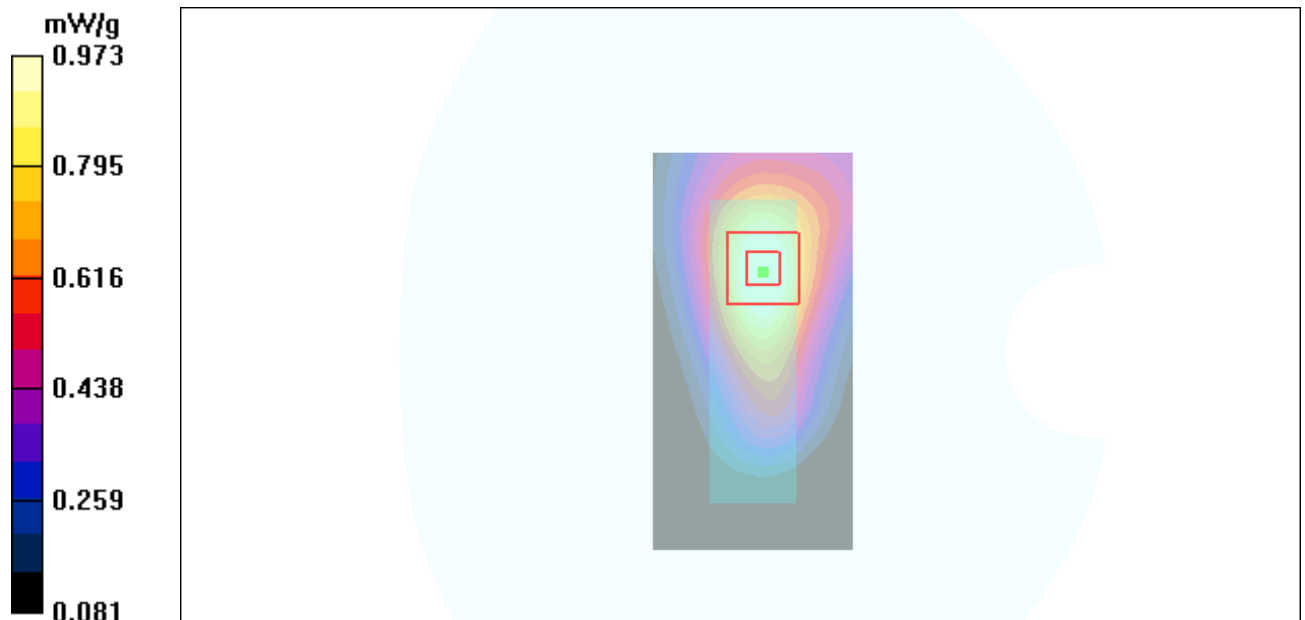
**Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.902 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.591 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.973 mW/g



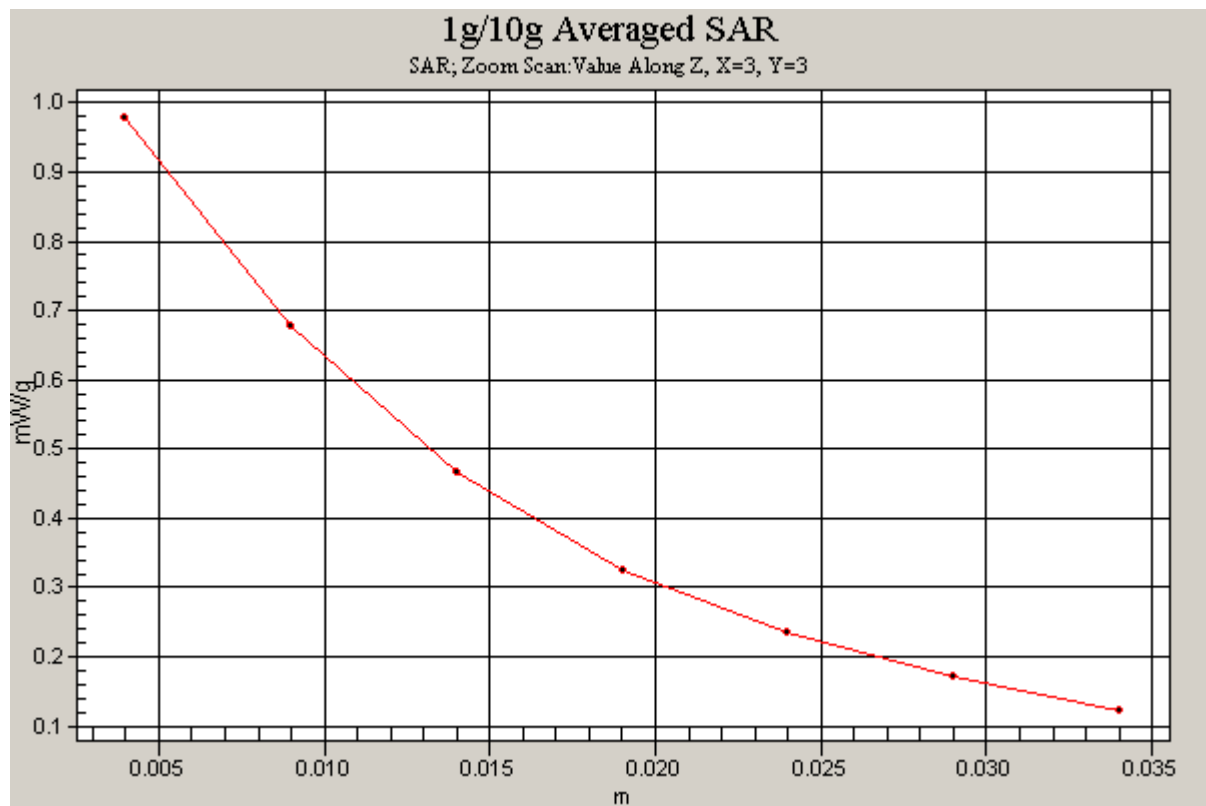


Figure 10 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 251

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 3:14:02 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.979$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.939 mW/g

**Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.859 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.563 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.927 mW/g

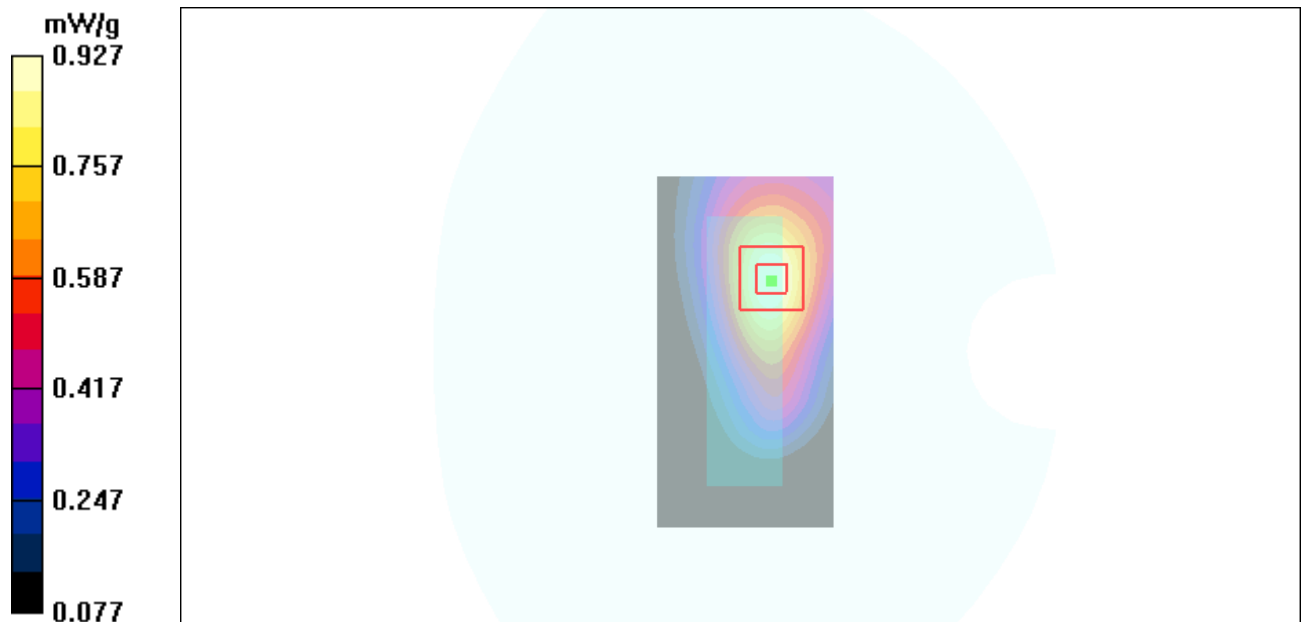


Figure 11 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 190

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 5:18:36 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 824.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.969$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.822 mW/g

**Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.182 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.786 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.515 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 mW/g

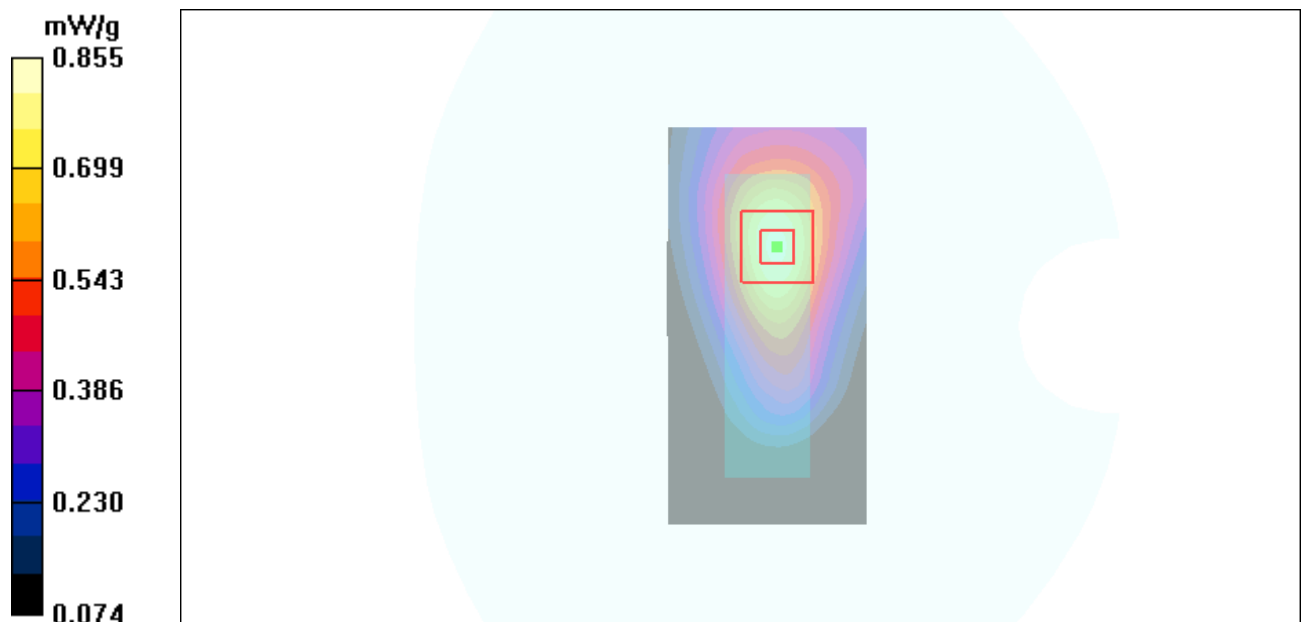


Figure 12 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 128

### **GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle Frequency**

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 3:41:29 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.979$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.838 mW/g

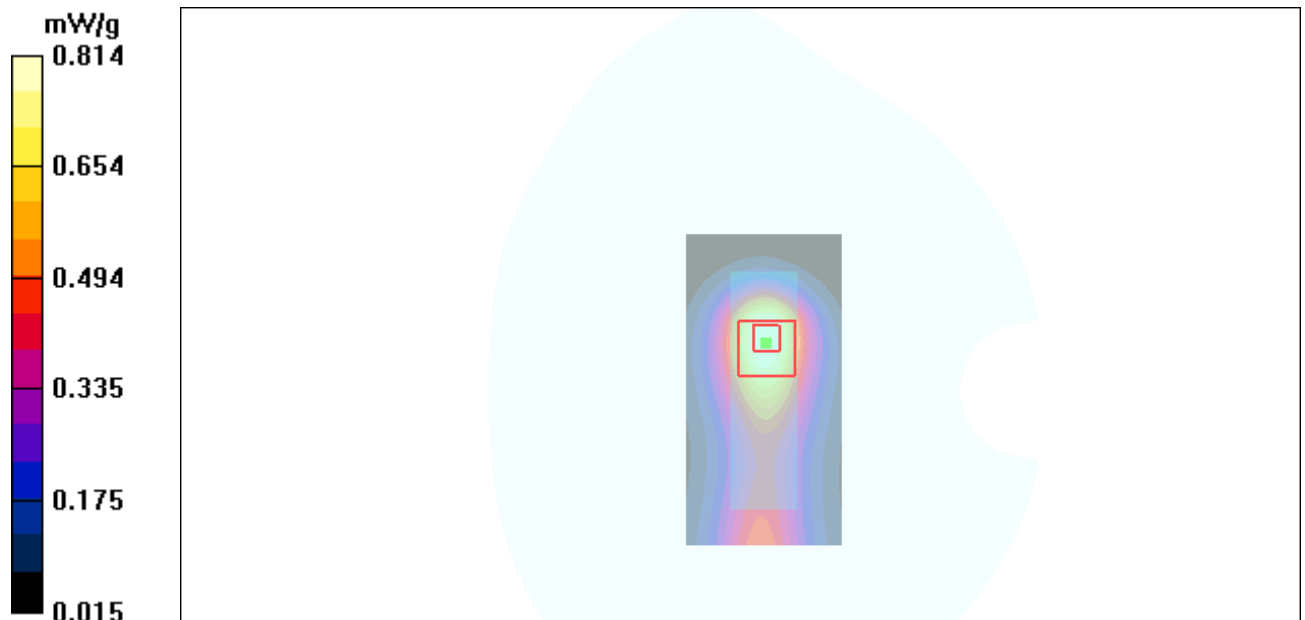
**Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.171 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.743 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814 mW/g



**Figure 13 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 190**

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 3 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 4:10:06 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.979$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.280 mW/g

**Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.385 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 mW/g

**Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.292 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.206 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 mW/g

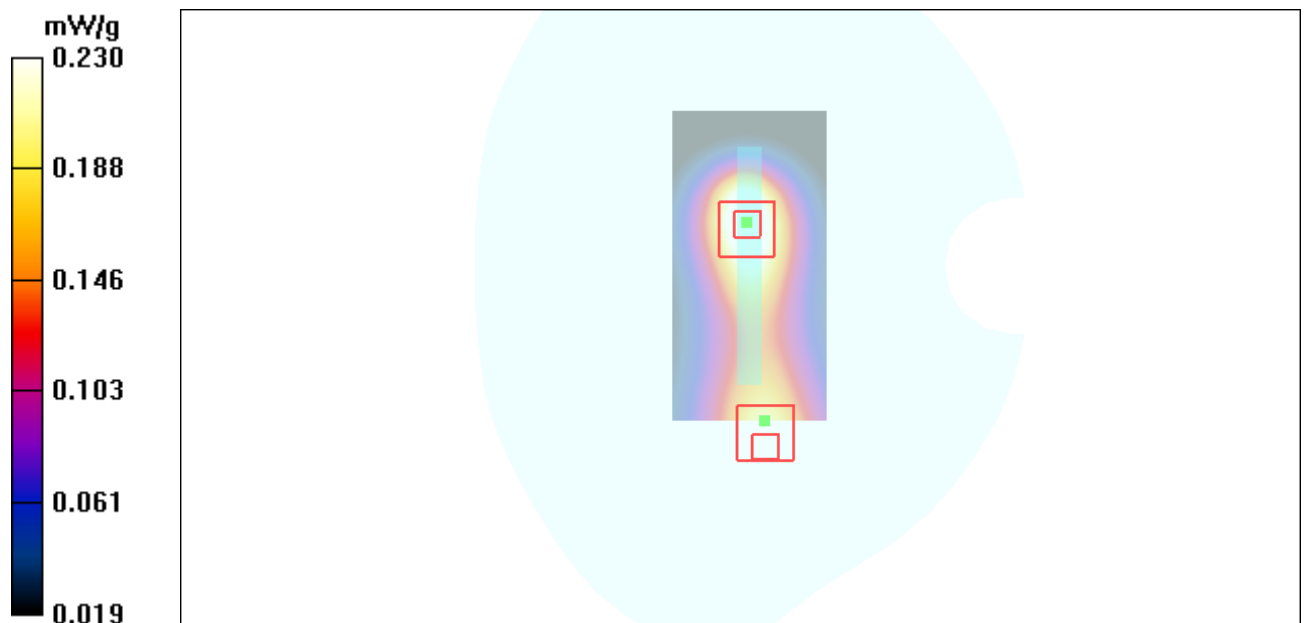


Figure 14 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 3 Channel 190

### GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/25/2010 4:31:38 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 837$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.979$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.695 mW/g

**Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.164 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.968 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.634 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.688 mW/g

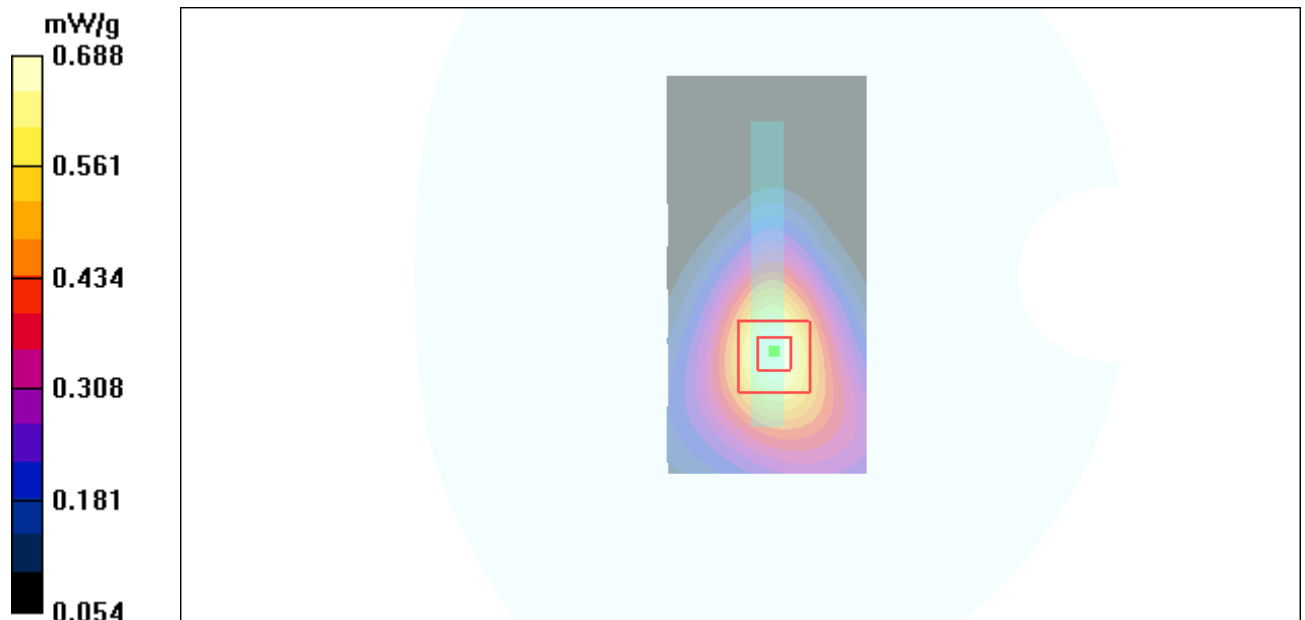


Figure 15 GSM 850 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Channel 190

### GSM 850 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 2/28/2010 12:51:37 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 849$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.992$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(9.11, 9.11, 9.11); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.966 mW/g

**Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.894 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.585 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.969 mW/g

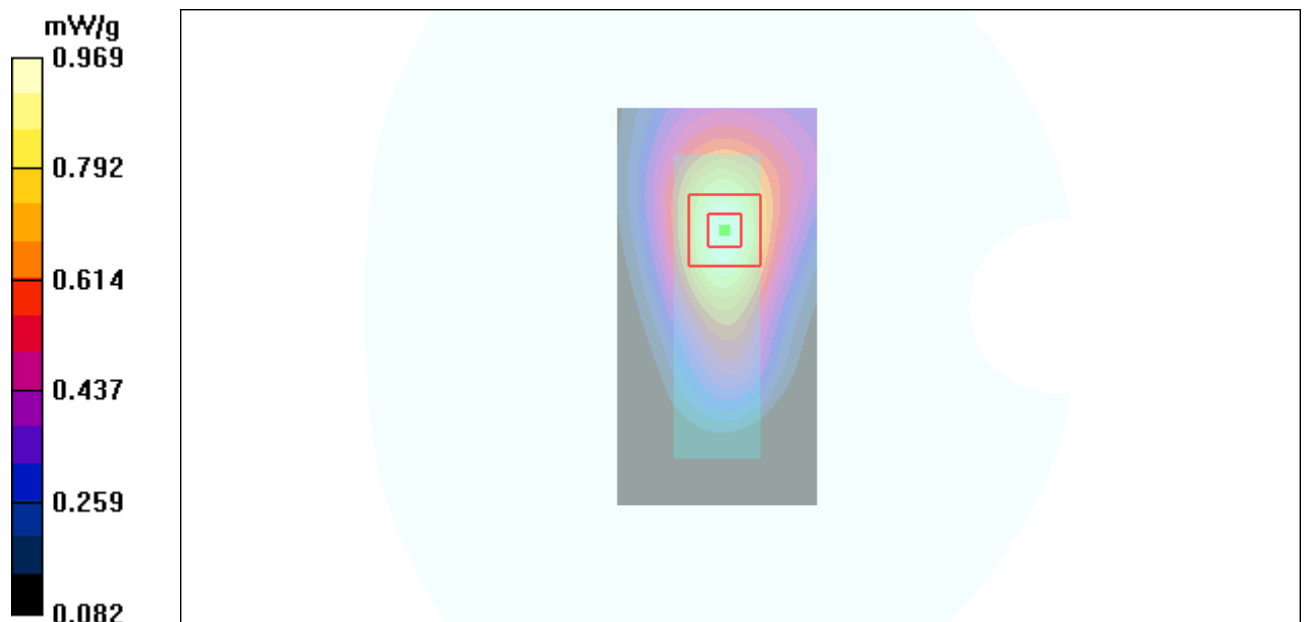


Figure 16 GSM 850 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 251

### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 High Frequency

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 7:55:59 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 High/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.926 mW/g

**Test Position 1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.801 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.418 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.922 mW/g

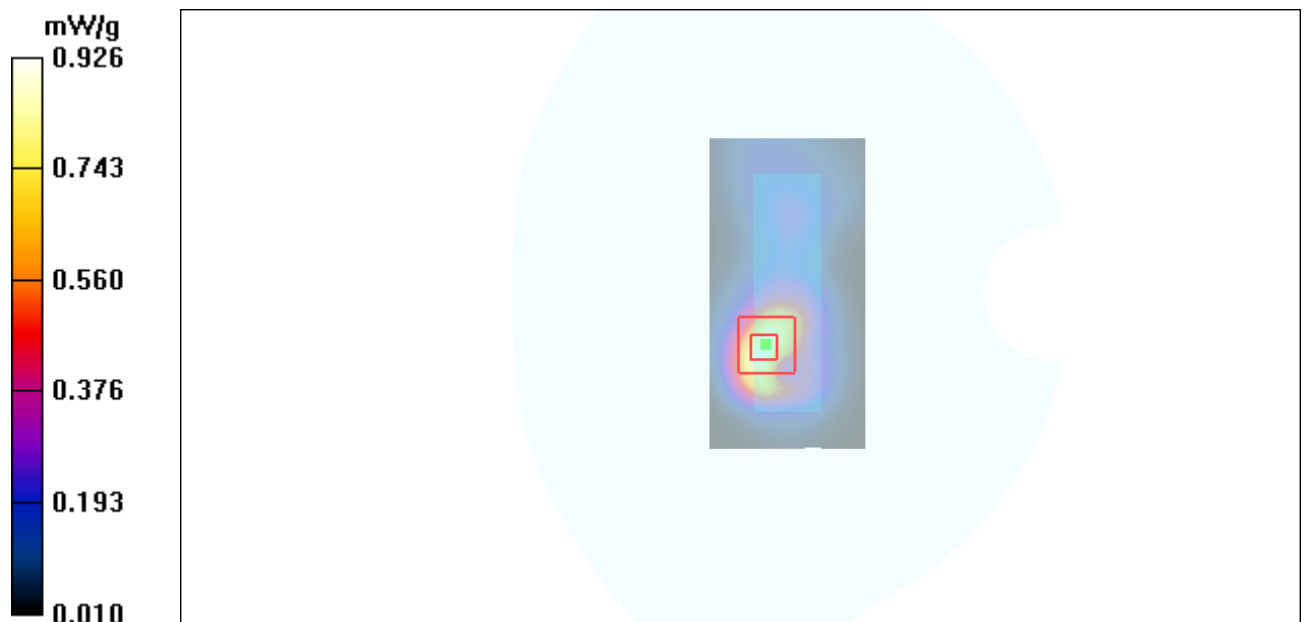


Figure 17 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 810

### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 7:33:26 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.46 mW/g

**Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.12 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g

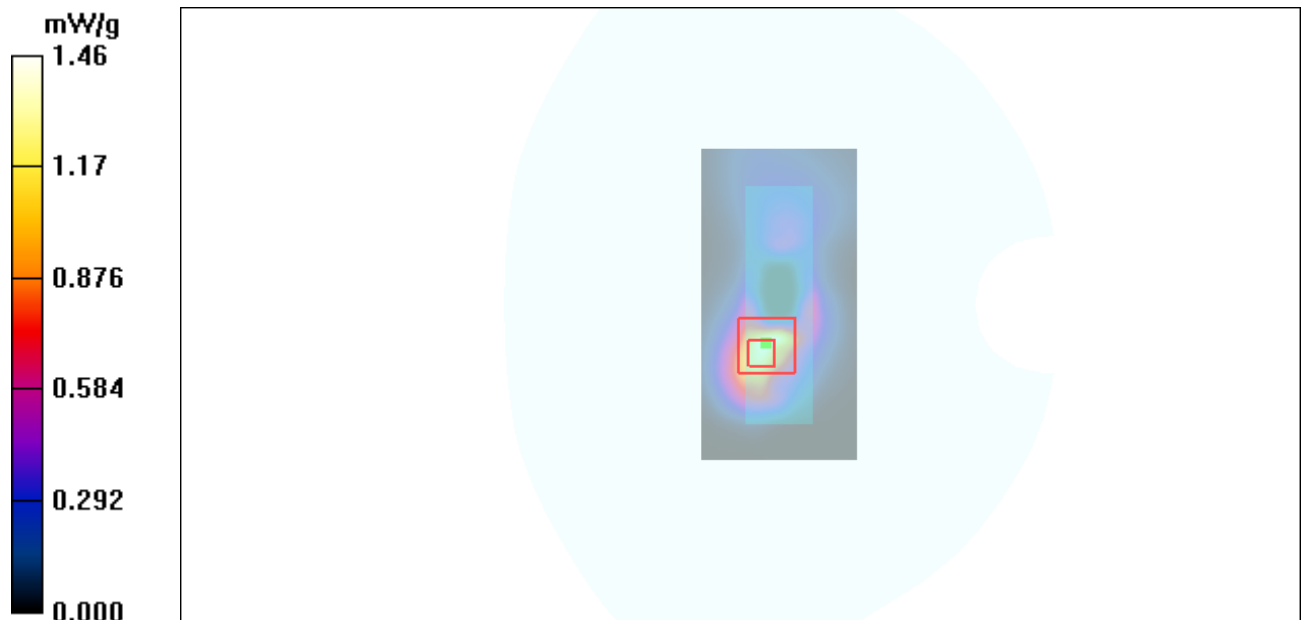


Figure 18 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 661

**GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Low Frequency**

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 8:16:52 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 1 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

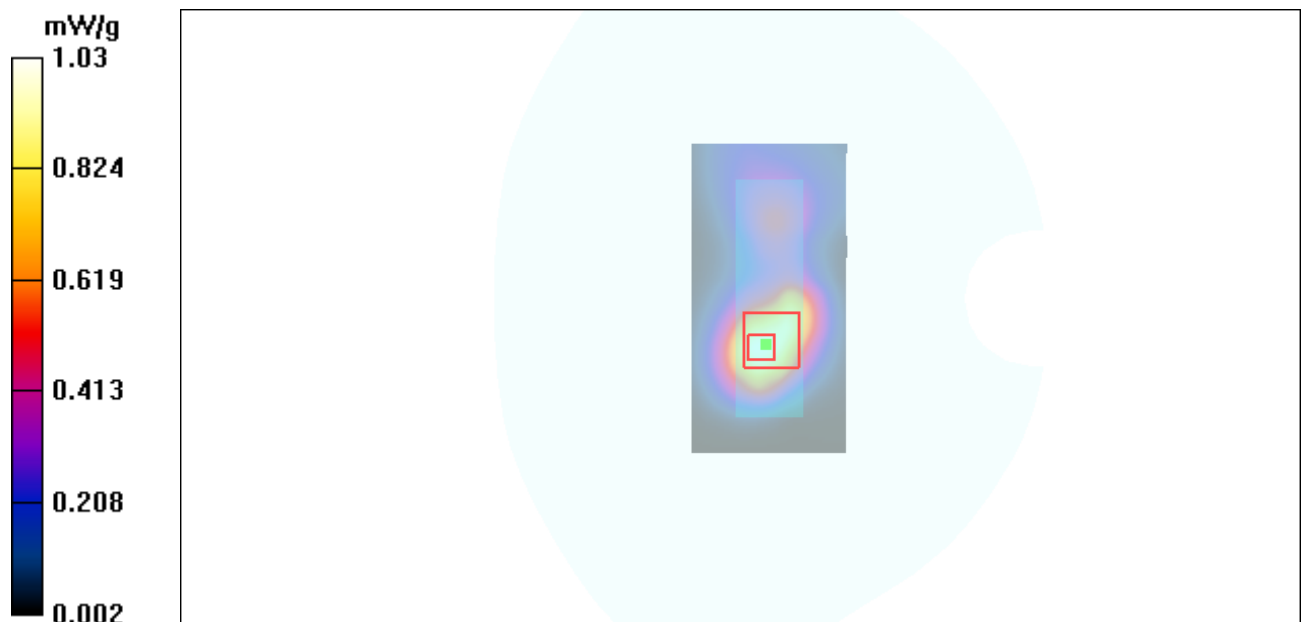
**Test Position 1 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.927 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.528 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



**Figure 19 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 1 Channel 512**

**GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 High Frequency**

Date/Time: 2/27/2010 10:53:15 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 2 High/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

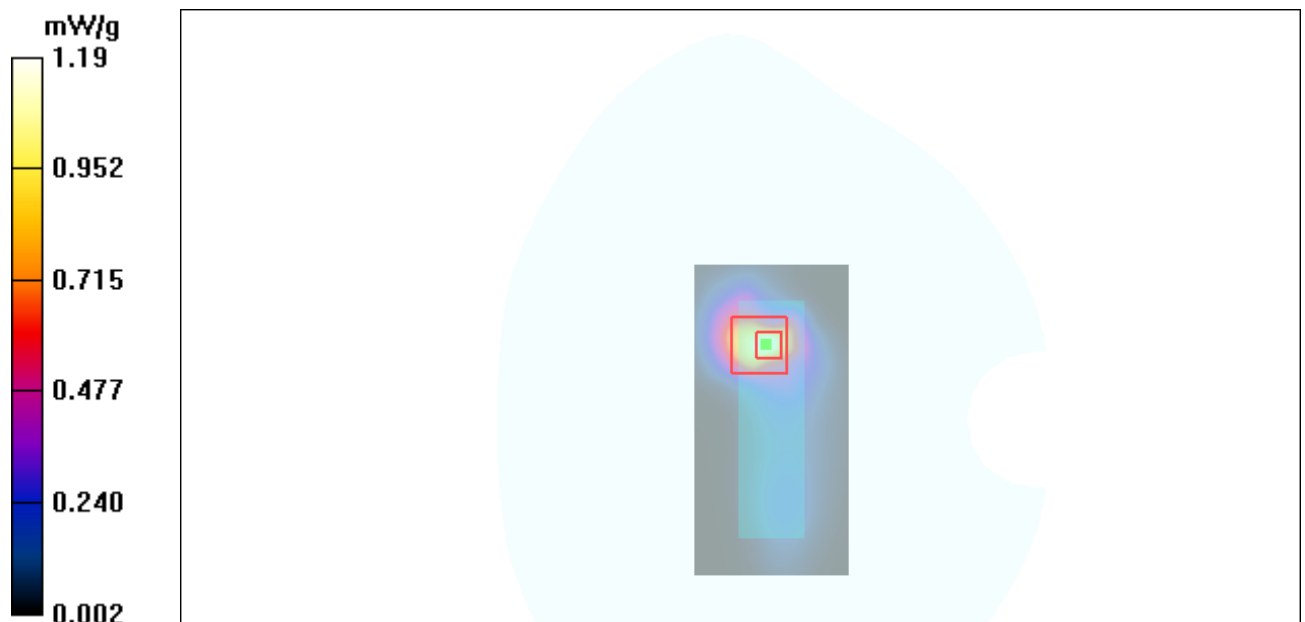
**Test Position 2 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.87 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.952 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 mW/g



**Figure 20 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 810**

## GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/27/2010 9:59:58 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.983 mW/g

**Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.856 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.982 mW/g

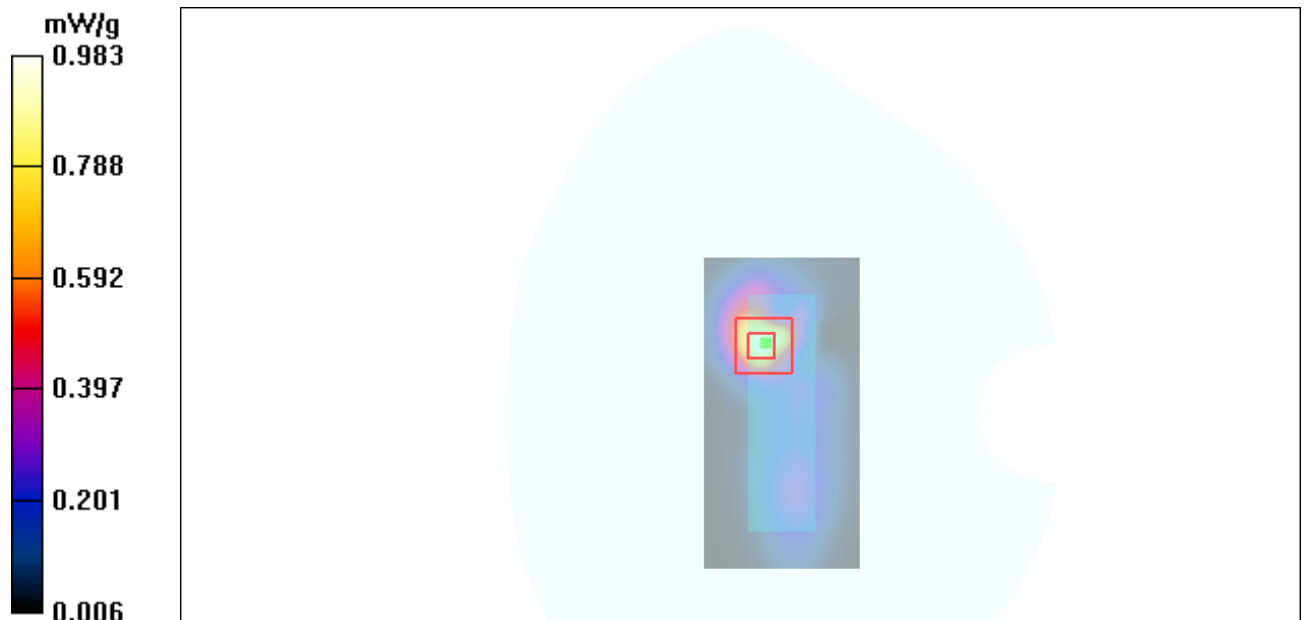


Figure 21 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 661

**GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Low Frequency**

Date/Time: 2/27/2010 10:20:49 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 2 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.680 mW/g

**Test Position 2 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.628 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.719 mW/g

**Test Position 2 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.417 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 mW/g

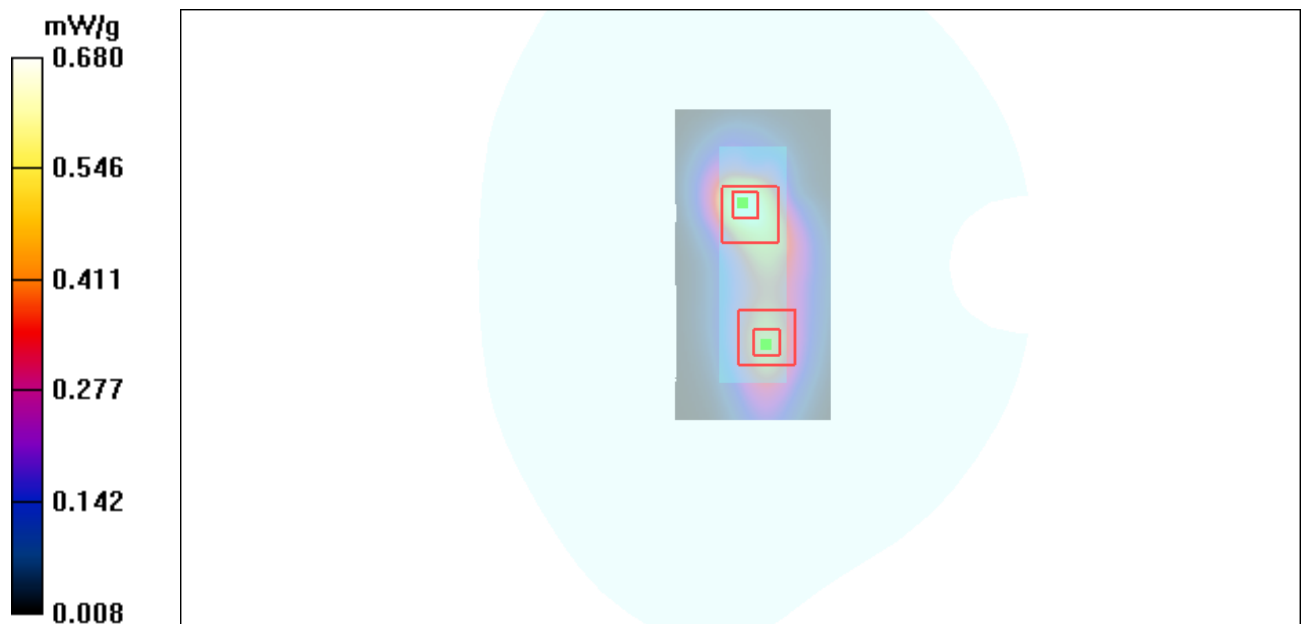


Figure 22 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 2 Channel 512

### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 3 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/27/2010 9:34:01 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.326 mW/g

**Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.546 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g

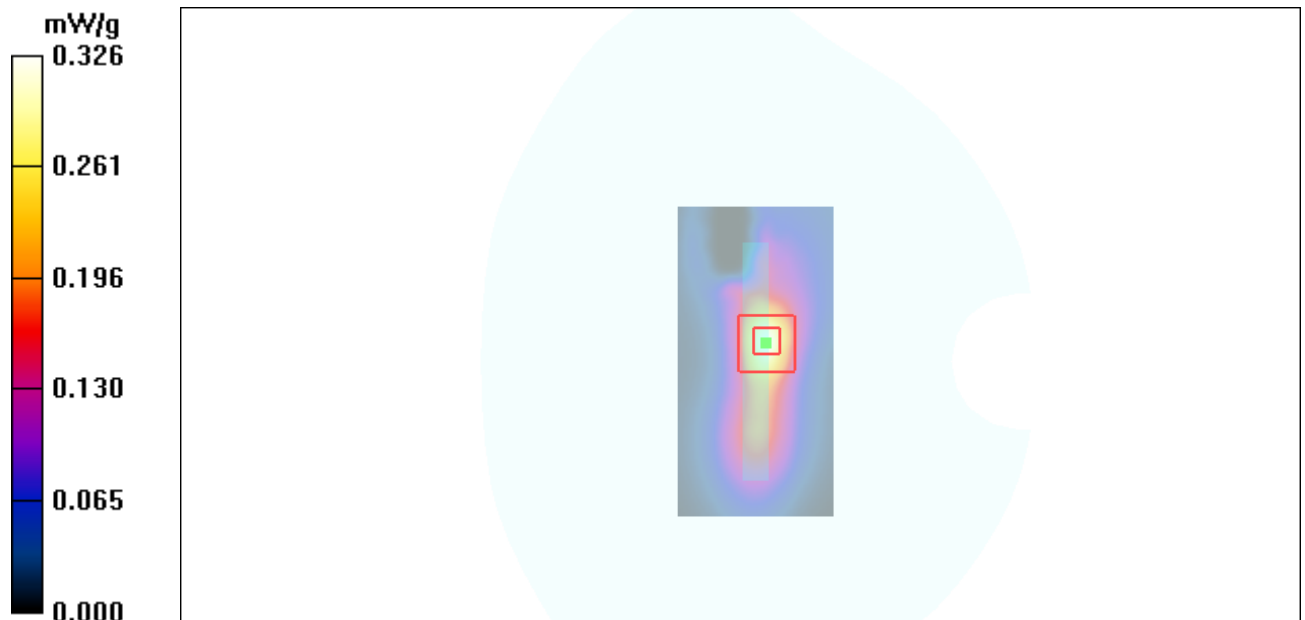


Figure 23 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 3 Channel 661

### GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 High Frequency

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 9:07:42 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 4 High/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 mW/g

**Test Position 4 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.40 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.459 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g

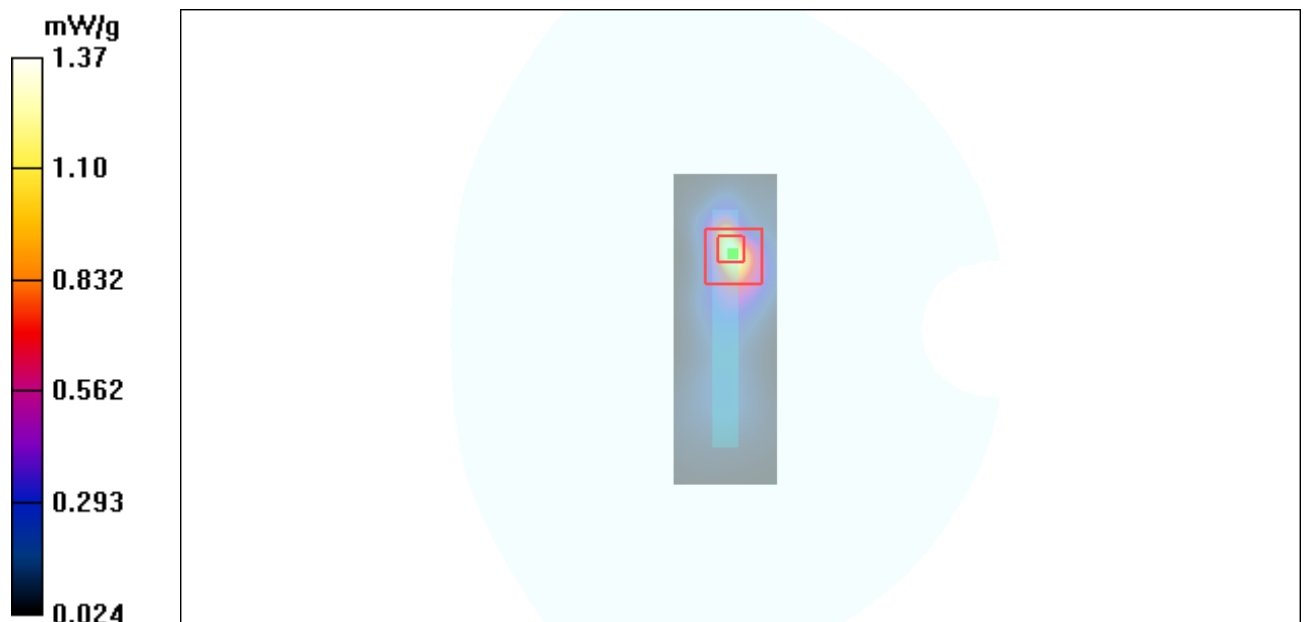


Figure 24 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Channel 810

## GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 8:45:48 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 mW/g

**Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.53 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.512 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 mW/g

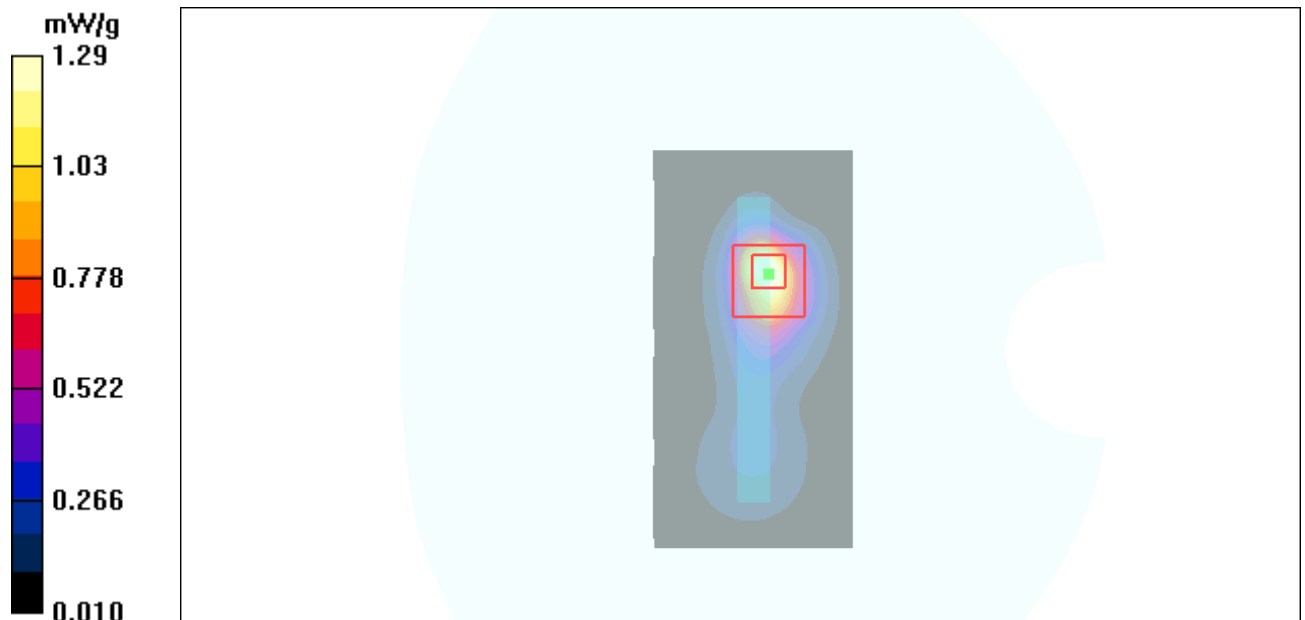


Figure 25 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Channel 661

**GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Low Frequency**

Date/Time: 2/26/2010 10:36:05 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 4 Low/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.923 mW/g

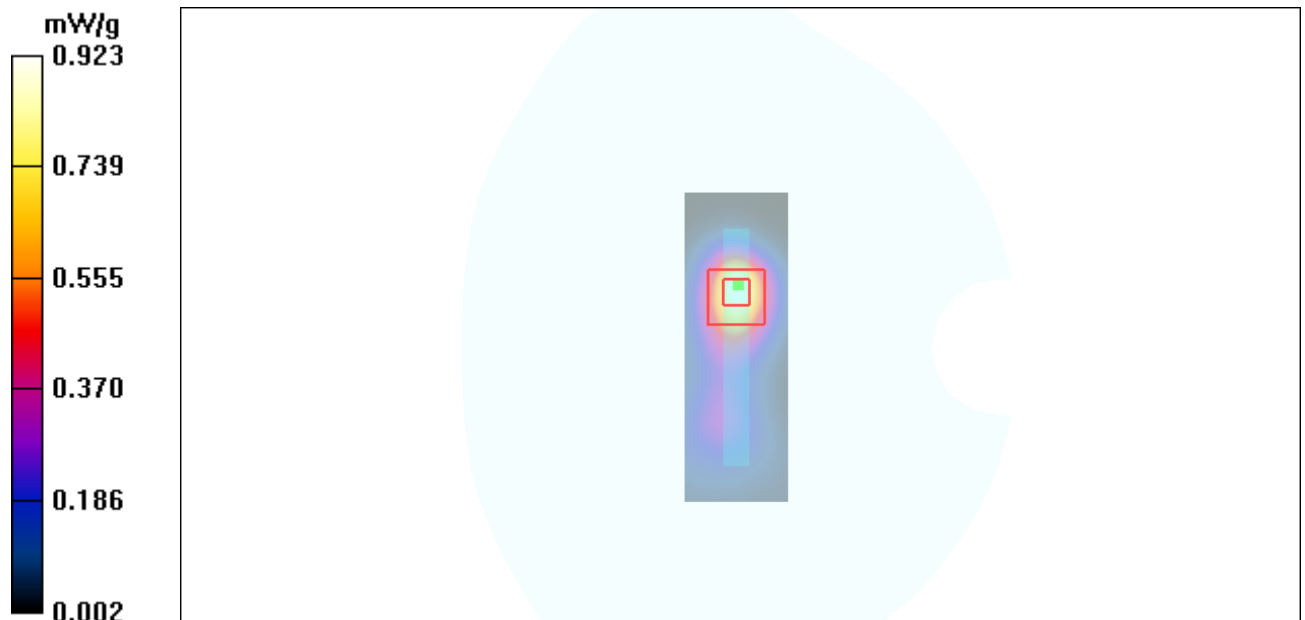
**Test Position 4 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.803 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 mW/g



**Figure 26 GSM 1900 GPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Channel 512**

## GSM 1900 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Middle Frequency

Date/Time: 2/27/2010 11:12:04 AM

Communication System: PCS 1900+EGPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3677; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 9/23/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 6/24/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Test Position 4 Middle /Area Scan (61x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 mW/g

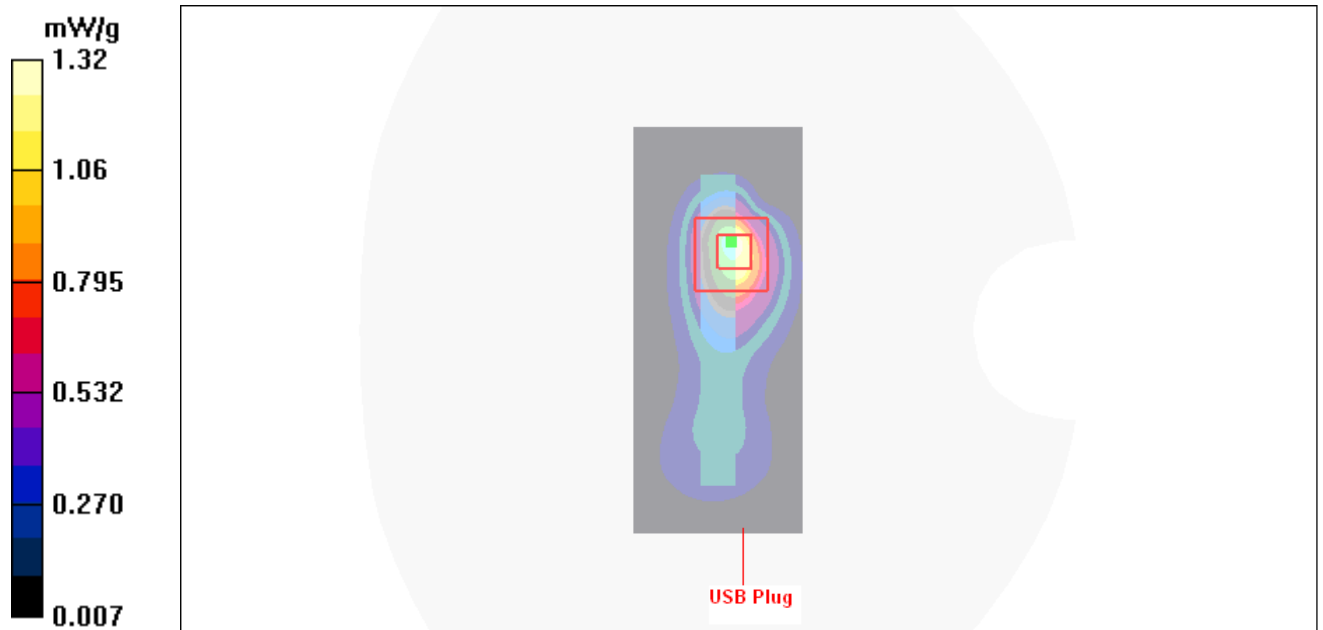
**Test Position 4 Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.52 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.511 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 mW/g



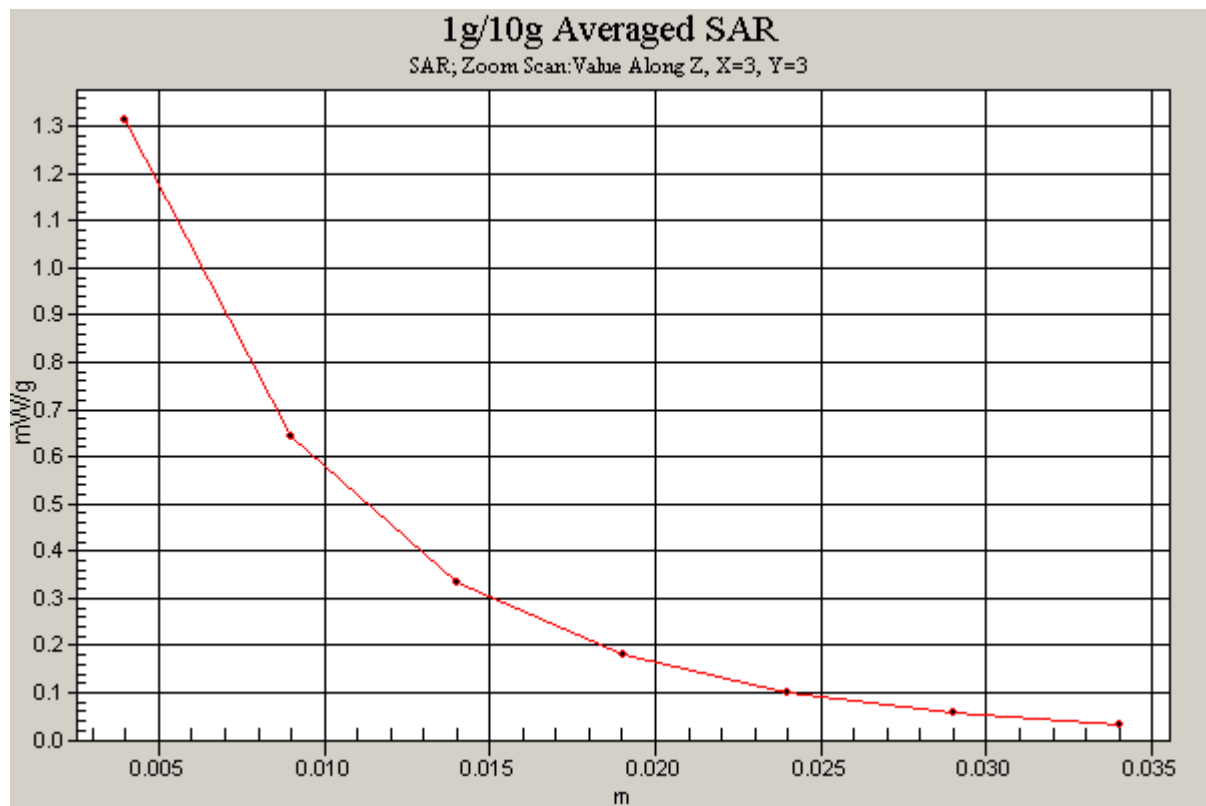


Figure 27 GSM 1900 EGPRS (2 timeslots in uplink) with IBM T61 Test Position 4 Channel 661

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **TA (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3677\_Sep09**

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3677**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-12.v5, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 - Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 23, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID #            | Cal Date (Certificate No.)    | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)      | Apr-10                |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41495277      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)      | Apr-10                |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)      | Apr-10                |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)     | Mar-10                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)     | Mar-10                |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)     | Mar-10                |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) | Jan-10                |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08) | Sep-09                |

| Secondary Standards       | ID #         | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| RF generator HP 8648C     | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)  | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | In house check: Oct-09 |

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: September 23, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3677\_Sep09

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**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|                          |                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                             |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                            |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                           |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                              |
| Polarization $\varphi$   | $\varphi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                 |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

**EX3DV4 SN:3677**

**September 23, 2009**

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3677

|                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured:    | September 9, 2008  |
| Last calibrated: | November 7, 2008   |
| Recalibrated:    | September 23, 2009 |

**Calibrated for DASY Systems**

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

September 23, 2009

### DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

#### Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

#### Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

|       |                     |                                     |       |              |
|-------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| NormX | <b>0.42</b> ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | <b>91</b> mV |
| NormY | <b>0.47</b> ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | <b>92</b> mV |
| NormZ | <b>0.40</b> ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | <b>93</b> mV |

#### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

#### Boundary Effect

TSL                      900 MHz      Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

|                                           |                              |               |               |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | <b>2.0 mm</b> | <b>3.0 mm</b> |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 8.2           | 4.4           |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.8           | 0.5           |

TSL                      1750 MHz      Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

|                                           |                              |               |               |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | <b>2.0 mm</b> | <b>3.0 mm</b> |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 7.5           | 3.9           |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.8           | 0.4           |

#### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center                      **1.0 mm**

**The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.**

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

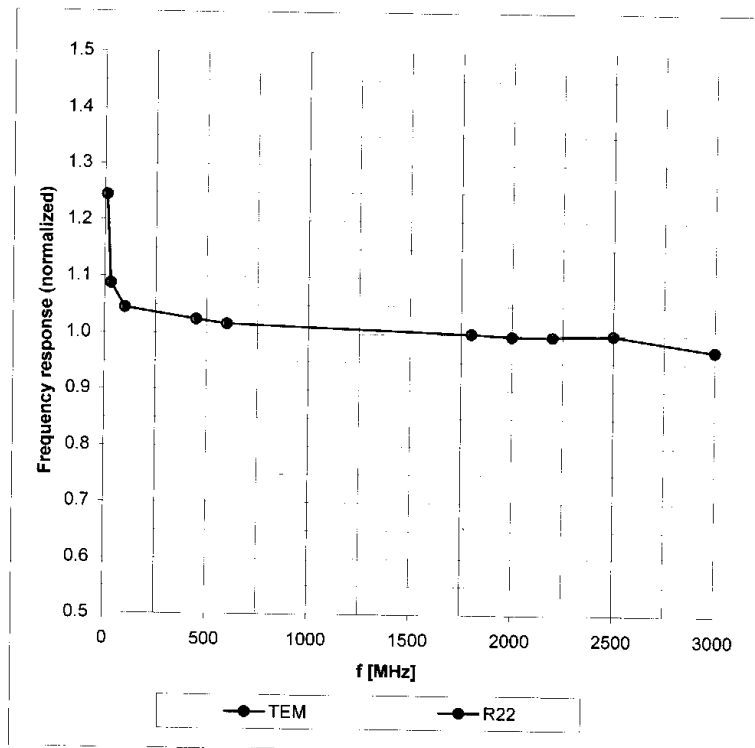
<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

EX3DV4 SN:3677

September 23, 2009

### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

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Test Report

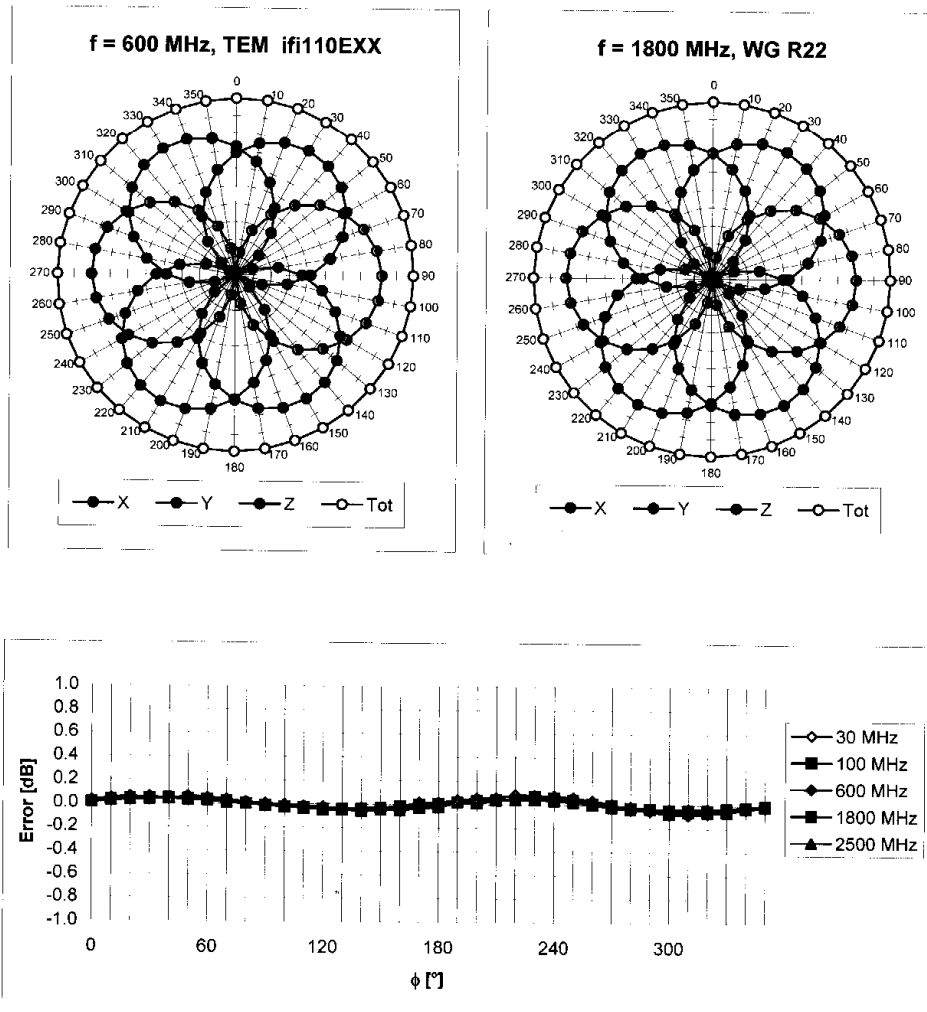
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September 23, 2009

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$

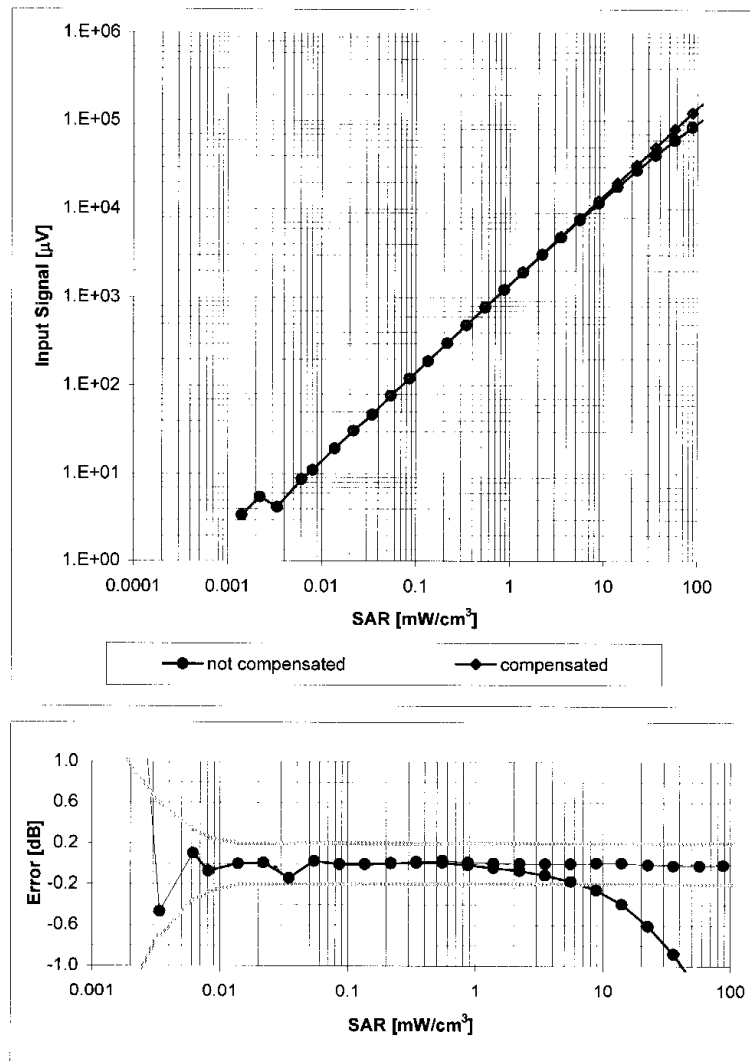


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

EX3DV4 SN:3677

September 23, 2009

**Dynamic Range  $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$**   
(Waveguide R22,  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ )

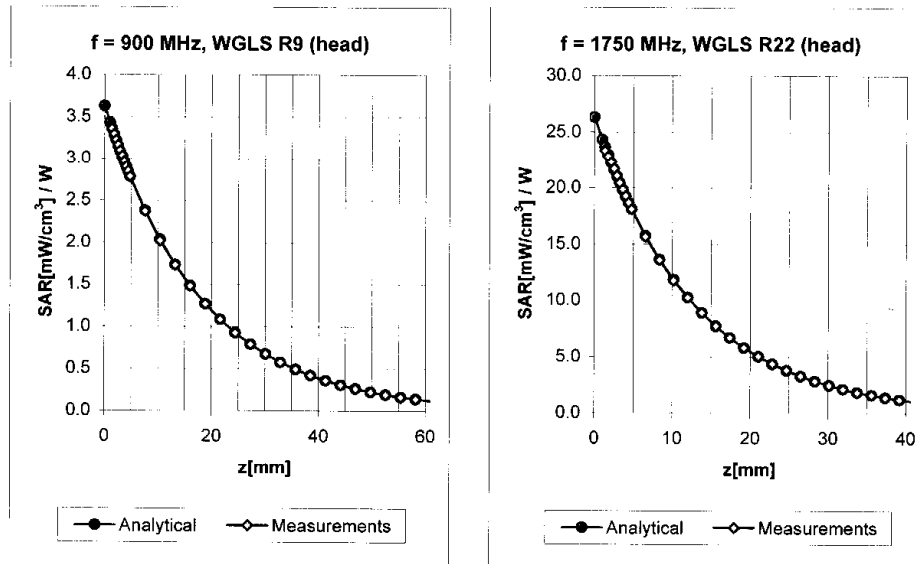


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

EX3DV4 SN:3677

September 23, 2009

### Conversion Factor Assessment



| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty   |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.90 ± 5%    | 0.68  | 0.64  | 9.20 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 0.71  | 0.62  | 8.91 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.1 ± 5%    | 1.37 ± 5%    | 0.68  | 0.62  | 8.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 0.70  | 0.60  | 7.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 56.7 ± 5%    | 0.94 ± 5%    | 0.32  | 0.49  | 10.43 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.2 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 0.54  | 0.73  | 9.11 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.0 ± 5%    | 1.05 ± 5%    | 0.63  | 0.71  | 8.89 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1750    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.4 ± 5%    | 1.49 ± 5%    | 0.55  | 0.74  | 7.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 1950    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 0.30  | 1.01  | 7.62 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.7 ± 5%    | 1.95 ± 5%    | 0.56  | 0.68  | 7.28 ± 11.0% (k=2)  |

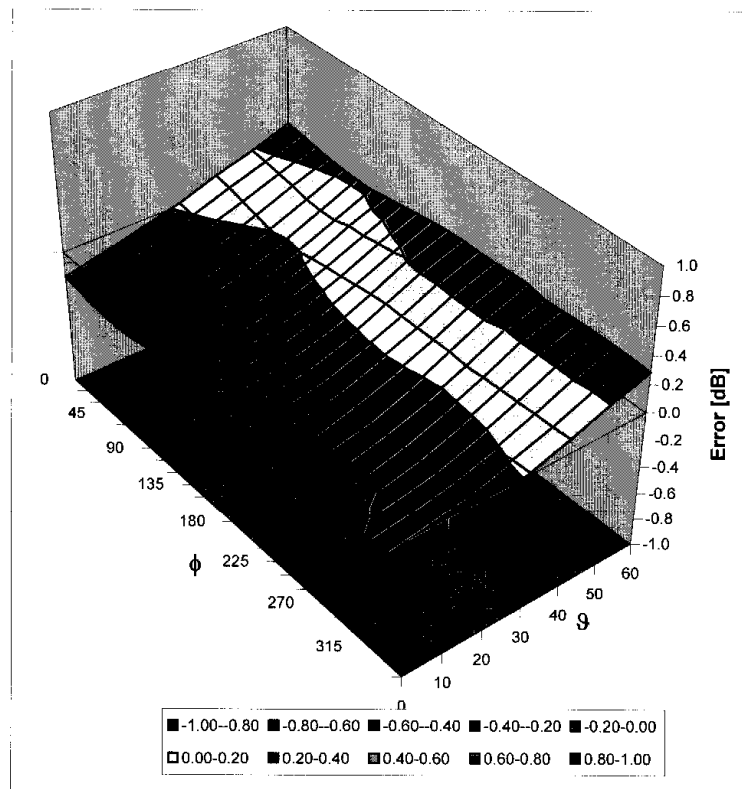
<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV4 SN:3677

September 23, 2009

### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ATL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d082\_Jul09**

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d082**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **July 13, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)         | Oct-09                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)         | Oct-09                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)     | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)         | Mar-10                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)         | Mar-10                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2      | SN: 3025           | 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)    | Apr-10                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)    | Mar-10                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-09 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)  | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | In house check: Oct-09 |

|                |                |                       |           |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
|                | Name           | Function              | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic  | Technical Manager     |           |

Issued: July 13, 2009

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# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

## Test Report

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**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                           |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                     | V5.0        |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz       |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.4 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.89 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.2 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ----           | -----                |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 2.42 mW / g                    |
| SAR normalized                                        | normalized to 1W   | 9.68 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | 9.71 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.58 mW / g                    |
| SAR normalized                                          | normalized to 1W   | 6.32 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 6.34 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.0 ± 6 %   | 0.99 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.5 ± 0.2) °C | ---          | ---              |

### SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 2.56 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized                                        | normalized to 1W   | 10.2 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | 10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.68 mW / g                |
| SAR normalized                                          | normalized to 1W   | 6.72 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 6.61 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.3 $\Omega$ - 2.5 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 29.5 dB                      |

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.3 $\Omega$ - 4.3 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.6 dB                      |

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.390 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG            |
| Manufactured on | October 17, 2008 |

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 13.07.2009 11:31:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082**

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

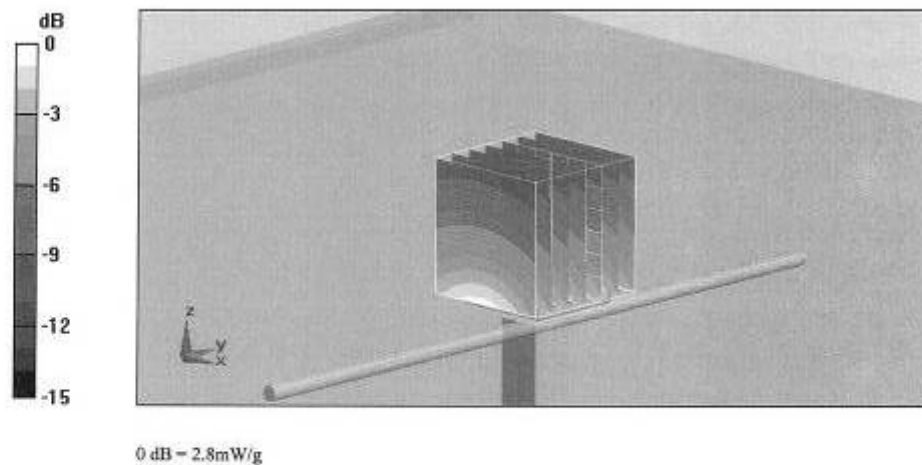
**Pin=250mW; dip=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00639 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.62 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.8 mW/g

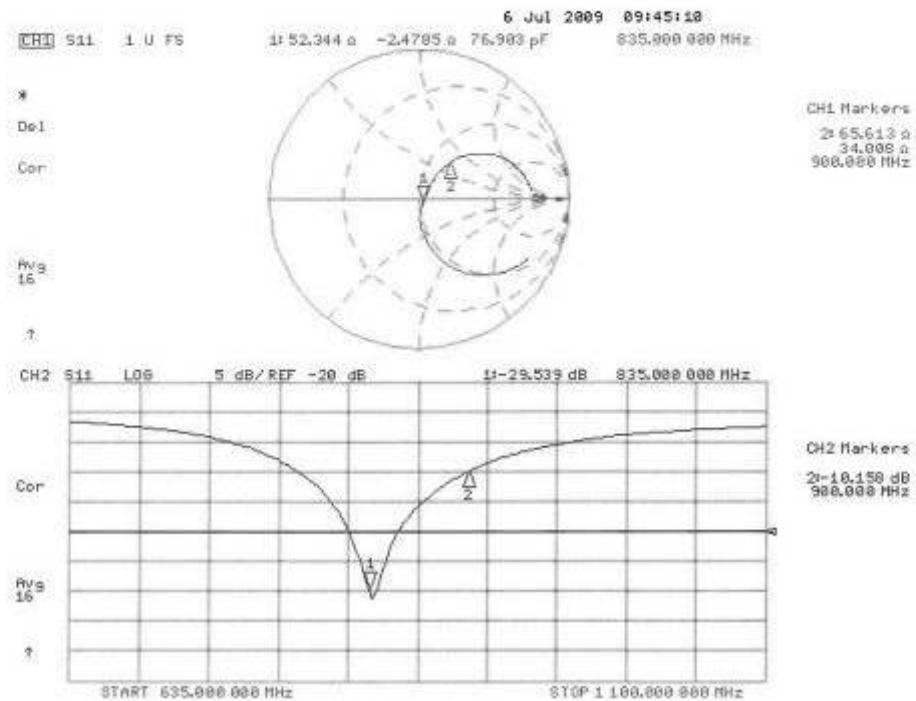


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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 13.07.2009 11:50:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

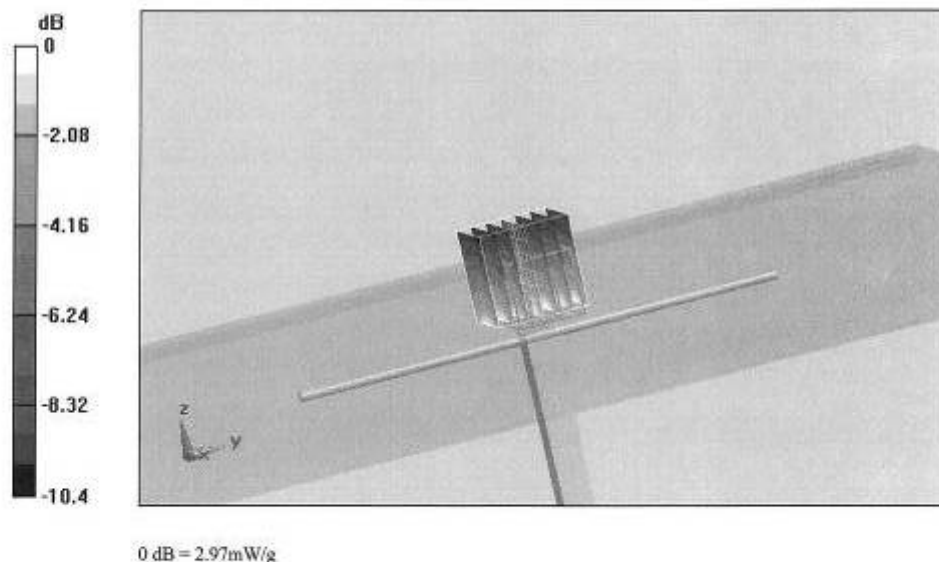
**Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0; Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm**

Reference Value = 56.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.76 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 mW/g

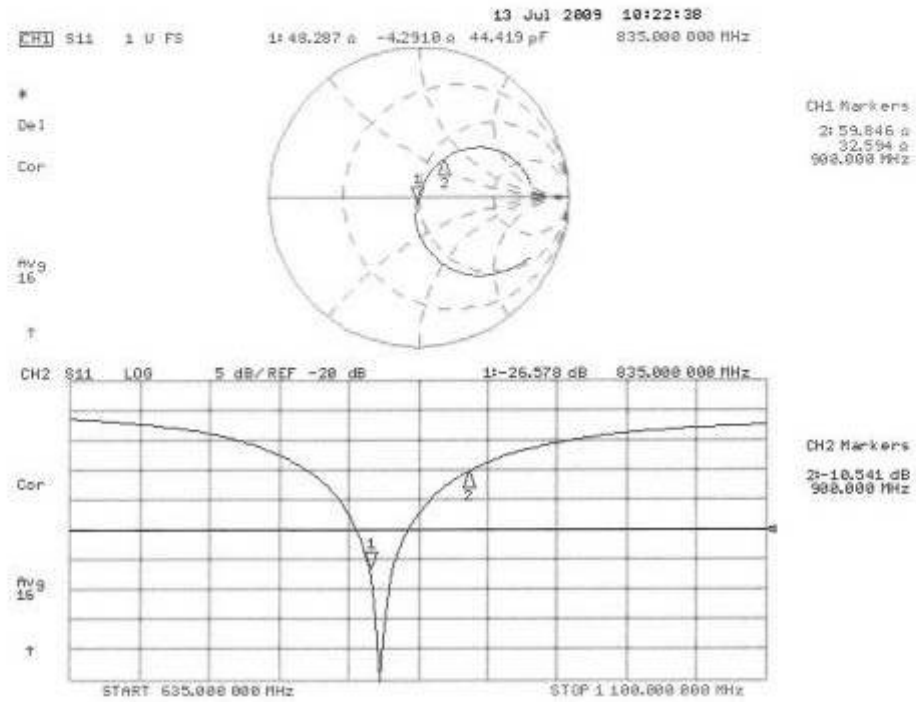


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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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**ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d018-Jun09**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d018**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **June 26, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)                 | Oct-09                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)                 | Oct-09                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)     | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)                 | Mar-10                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)                 | Mar-10                 |
| Reference Probe ES30V2      | SN: 3025           | 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)            | Apr-10                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)            | Mar-10                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)                     | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)         | In house check: Oct-09 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100905             | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)          | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 54206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)         | In house check: Oct-09 |

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: June 29, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                     | V5.0        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 41.0 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.42 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | -----          | -----                |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 10.3 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized                                              | normalized to 1W   | 41.2 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>            | normalized to 1W   | <b>41.1 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 5.38 mW / g                                      |
| SAR normalized                                                | normalized to 1W   | 21.5 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>              | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.5 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.9 ± 6 %   | 1.55 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.2 ± 0.2) °C |              |                  |

### SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 10.5 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized                                        | normalized to 1W   | 42.0 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | <b>41.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 5.52 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized                                          | normalized to 1W   | 22.1 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | <b>22.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

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**Appendix**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $51.8 \Omega + 2.7 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 29.9 dB                   |

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $46.6 \Omega + 4.3 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.9 dB                   |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.195 ns |
|                                  |          |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | June 04, 2002 |

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 13:05:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0 mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

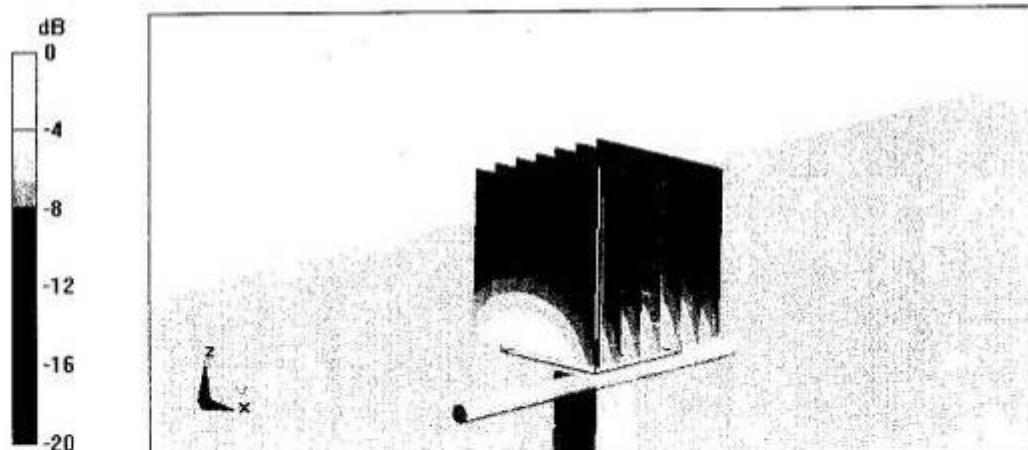
Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 97.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g



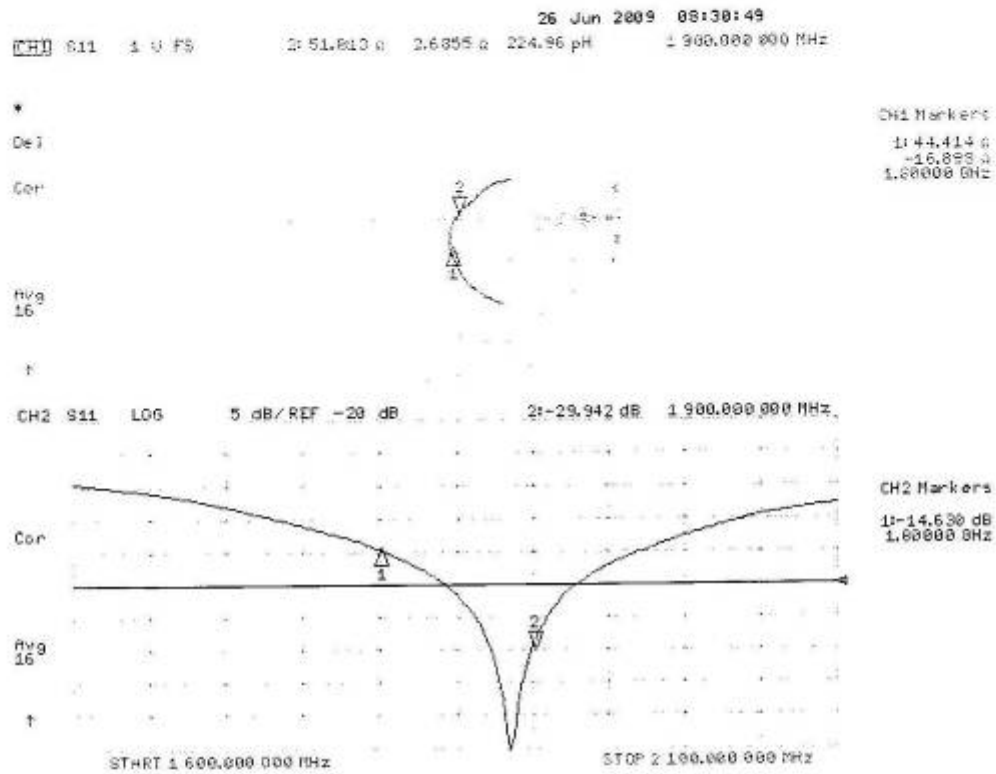
0 dB = 12.6mW/g

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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 14:30:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d018**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

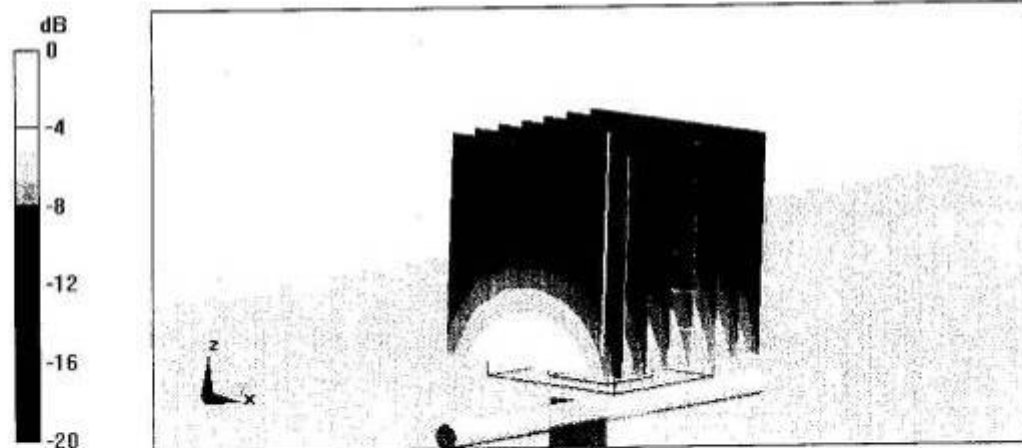
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.52 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



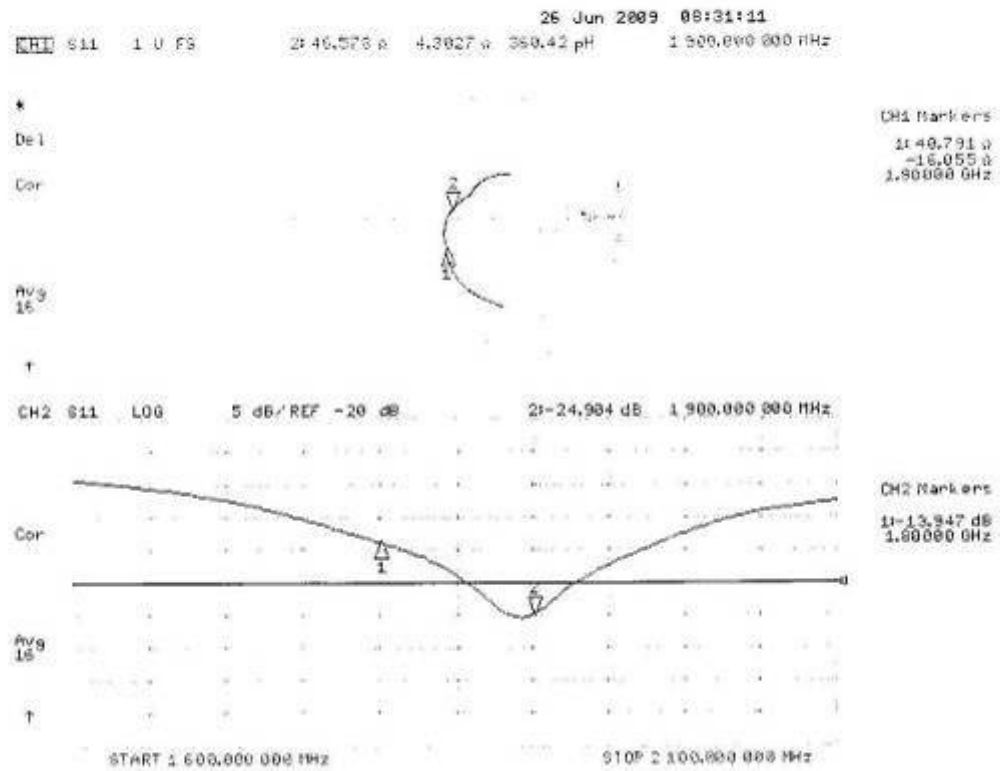
0 dB = 13.3mW/g

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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
Test Report

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ANNEX G: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: DAE4-905\_Jun09

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BK - SN: 905

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v12  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: June 24, 2009

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards                 | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803        | 30-Sep-08 (No: 7673)       | Sep-09                 |
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001     | SN: 0810278        | 30-Sep-08 (No: 7670)       | Sep-09                 |
| Secondary Standards               | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
| Calibrator Box V1.1               | SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 05-Jun-09 (in house check) | In house check: Jun-10 |

Calibrated by: Name Andrea Guntli Function Technician

Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director

Signature

Issued: June 24, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.217 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.768 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.344 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.96064 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.96162 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.94181 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

**Connector Angle**

|                                           |                 |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 224 ° $\pm$ 1 ° |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|

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### Appendix

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range        | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000                  | 199999.8                  | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 20000                   | 20006.37                  | 0.03      |
| Channel X - Input | 20000                   | -20001.53                 | 0.01      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000                  | 200000.2                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000                   | 20007.65                  | 0.04      |
| Channel Y - Input | 20000                   | -20004.14                 | 0.02      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000                  | 199999.8                  | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000                   | 20004.62                  | 0.02      |
| Channel Z - Input | 20000                   | -20006.32                 | 0.03      |

| Low Range         | Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000                    | 2000                      | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 200                     | 200.19                    | 0.09      |
| Channel X - Input | 200                     | -199.93                   | -0.03     |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000                    | 1999.9                    | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200                     | 199.73                    | -0.13     |
| Channel Y - Input | 200                     | -200.49                   | 0.25      |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000                    | 2000.1                    | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200                     | 199.32                    | -0.34     |
| Channel Z - Input | 200                     | -201.09                   | 0.55      |

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                            | 8.73                                         | 8.55                                        |
|           | - 200                          | -8.62                                        | -8.40                                       |
| Channel Y | 200                            | 8.12                                         | 8.42                                        |
|           | - 200                          | -9.55                                        | -9.70                                       |
| Channel Z | 200                            | 1.20                                         | 1.94                                        |
|           | - 200                          | -3.81                                        | -3.79                                       |

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 0.64                        | -0.52                       |
| Channel Y | 200                | 0.59                        | -                           | 3.21                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | -0.99                       | -1.28                       | -                           |

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#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15874            | 16893           |
| Channel Y | 16121            | 14432           |
| Channel Z | 16378            | 17173           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.28               | -0.63                  | 1.52                   | 0.30                      |
| Channel Y | -0.58              | -1.70                  | 1.19                   | 0.27                      |
| Channel Z | -0.85              | -2.59                  | 0.78                   | 0.43                      |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance

|           | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.1999         | 200.7            |
| Channel Y | 0.1999         | 199.0            |
| Channel Z | 0.1999         | 199.7            |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0              | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |

## ANNEX H: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration



Picture 5: Constituents of the EUT