

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-2913/16-01-06



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12076-01-01

Testing laboratory

CTC advanced GmbH

Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10

66117 Saarbruecken / Germany

Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0

Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075

Internet: <http://www.ctcadvanced.com>

e-mail: mail@ctcadvanced.com

Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

Applicant

KROHNE Messtechnik GmbH

Ludwig-Krohne-Str. 5

47058 Duisburg / GERMANY

Phone: +49 234 588 80-152

Fax: +49 234 588 80-101

Contact: Ouzounis Charalambos

e-mail: c.ouzounis@krohne.com

Phone: +49 234 588 80-152

Manufacturer

KROHNE SAS

2 allée des Ors – BP98

26103 Romans / FRANCE

Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15

Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 – Radio frequency devices

RSS-211

Level Probing Radar Equipment

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Level probing radar
Model name: Optiwave x500 series
FCC ID: Q6BFMCW80G74LA
IC: 1991D-FMCW80G74LA
Frequency: 78 GHz – 82 GHz
Antenna: dielectric lens antenna
Power Supply: 14 – 36 V DC
Temperature Range: -40 °C to +80 °C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

Meheza Walla
Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

Test performed:

Karsten Gerald
Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

1 Table of contents

| | | |
|------|---|----|
| 1 | Table of contents | 2 |
| 2 | General information | 3 |
| 2.1 | Notes and disclaimer | 3 |
| 2.2 | Application details | 3 |
| 2.3 | Test laboratories sub-contracted | 3 |
| 3 | Test standard/s and guideline/s | 3 |
| 4 | Test environment | 4 |
| 5 | Test item | 4 |
| 5.1 | General Description | 4 |
| 5.2 | Additional information | 4 |
| 6 | Description of the test setup | 5 |
| 6.1 | Shielded semi anechoic chamber | 6 |
| 6.2 | Shielded fully anechoic chamber | 7 |
| 6.3 | Radiated measurements > 18 GHz | 8 |
| 6.4 | Radiated measurements > 50 GHz | 8 |
| 6.5 | Conducted measurements in test lab | 9 |
| 6.6 | AC conducted | 10 |
| 7 | Measurement uncertainty | 10 |
| 8 | Sequence of testing | 11 |
| 8.1 | Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz | 11 |
| 8.2 | Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz | 12 |
| 8.3 | Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz | 13 |
| 8.4 | Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz | 14 |
| 8.5 | Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 50 GHz with external mixers | 15 |
| 9 | Summary of measurement results | 16 |
| 10 | Test results | 17 |
| 10.1 | Frequency stability and fundamental bandwidth | 17 |
| 10.2 | Fundamental emissions | 19 |
| 10.3 | Unwanted emissions limit | 22 |
| 10.4 | Antenna beamwidth and antenna side lobe gain | 30 |
| 10.5 | Emissions from digital circuitry | 31 |
| 10.6 | Conducted limits | 32 |
| 11 | Document history | 34 |
| 12 | Further information | 34 |
| 13 | Accreditation Certificate | 35 |

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of CTC advanced GmbH.

The testing service provided by CTC advanced GmbH has been rendered under the current "General Terms and Conditions for CTC advanced GmbH".

CTC advanced GmbH will not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from false, inaccurate, inappropriate or incomplete product information provided by the customer.

Under no circumstances does the CTC advanced GmbH test report include any endorsement or warranty regarding the functionality, quality or performance of any other product or service provided.

Under no circumstances does the CTC advanced GmbH test report include or imply any product or service warranties from CTC advanced GmbH, including, without limitation, any implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for purpose, or non-infringement, all of which are expressly disclaimed by CTC advanced GmbH.

All rights and remedies regarding vendor's products and services for which CTC advanced GmbH has prepared this test report shall be provided by the party offering such products or services and not by CTC advanced GmbH. In no case this test report can be considered as a Letter of Approval.

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

2.2 Application details

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Date of receipt of order: | 2016-10-31 |
| Date of receipt of test item: | 2016-11-15 |
| Start of test: | 2016-11-21 |
| End of test: | 2016-11-25 |
| Person(s) present during the test: | -/- |

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and guideline/s

| Test standard | Date | Test standard description |
|-------------------|---------|--|
| 47 CFR Part 15 | | Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 – Radio frequency devices |
| RSS-211 | 2015-03 | Level Probing Radar Equipment |
| 890966 D01 v01r01 | 2014-09 | Measurement Procedure for Level Probing Radars |

4 Test environment

| | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Temperature: | T _{nom} | +22 °C during room temperature tests |
| | T _{max} | +50 °C |
| | T _{min} | -20 °C |
| Relative humidity content: | | 45 % |
| Barometric pressure: | | not relevant for this kind of testing |
| Power supply: | V _{nom} | 24.0 V DC |
| | V _{max} | 36.0 V DC |
| | V _{min} | 14.0 V DC |

5 Test item

5.1 General Description

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Kind of test item | : | Level probing radar |
| Type identification | : | Optiwave x500 series |
| PMN | : | Optiwave x500 series |
| HVIN | : | 80G-L-C |
| FVIN | : | -/- |
| HMN | : | -/- |
| S/N serial number | : | 1 (radiated sample) / 2 (conducted sample) |
| HW hardware status | : | HW hardware status sensor: 4002581601 b-mod HW hardware status converter: 4002260701 c-mod |
| SW software status | : | Cetecom_RadioTesting_80GHz_Jan2015_Final_PV Rev. 11087 |
| Frequency band | : | 78 GHz – 82 GHz |
| Type of modulation | : | FMCW |
| Number of channels | : | 1 |
| Antenna | : | dielectric lens antenna |
| Power supply | : | 14 – 36 V DC, < 30 mA |
| Temperature range | : | -40 °C to +85 °C |

Note:

Following antennas are used as LPR application:

| Antenna | Maximum gain | Maximum 3 dB beam width | Maximum side lobe level > 60 deg |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 40 mm convex lens | 26.1 dBi | 8.0° | -12.6 dBi |
| 70 mm convex lens | 29.8 dBi | 4.3° | -11.8 dBi |

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in documents: 1-2913/16-01-06_AnnexA
 1-2913/16-01-06_AnnexB
 1-2913/16-01-06_AnnexC

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

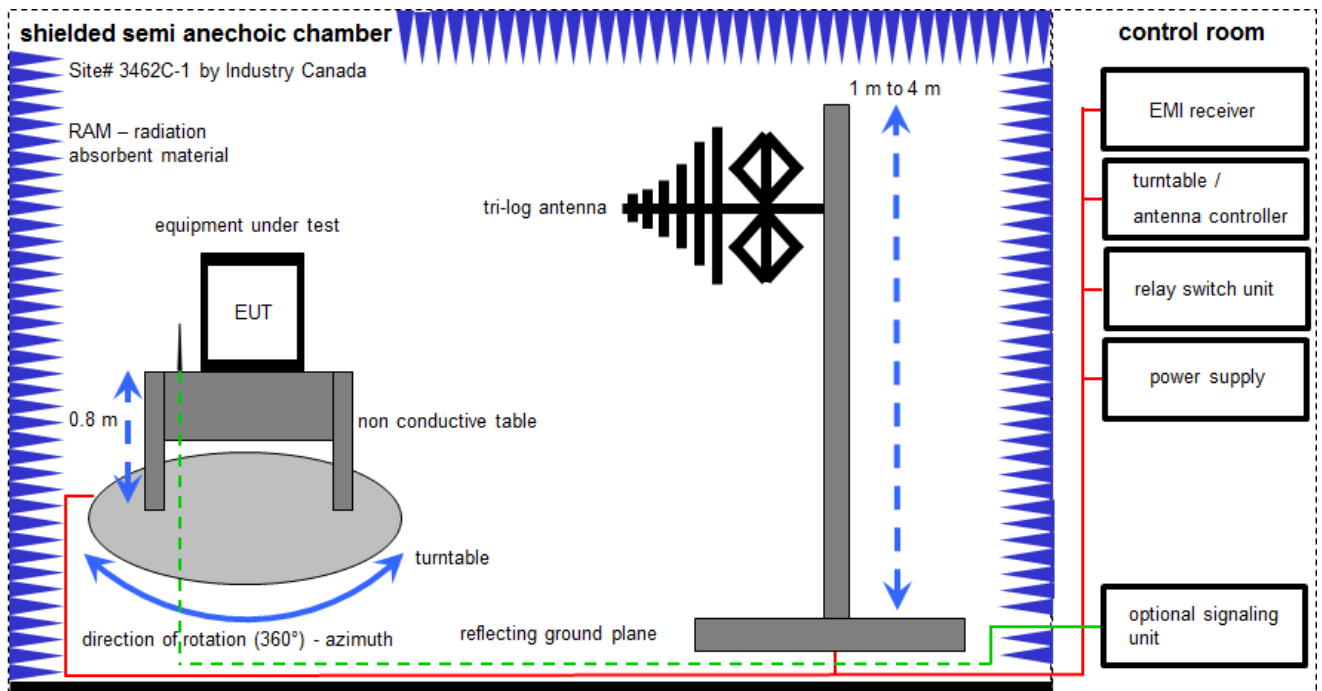
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

| | | | |
|------|--|-----|--|
| k | calibration / calibrated | EK | limited calibration |
| ne | not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required) | zw | cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance) |
| ev | periodic self verification | izw | internal cyclical maintenance |
| Ve | long-term stability recognized | g | blocked for accredited testing |
| vlk! | Attention: extended calibration interval | | |
| NK! | Attention: not calibrated | *) | next calibration ordered / currently in progress |

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

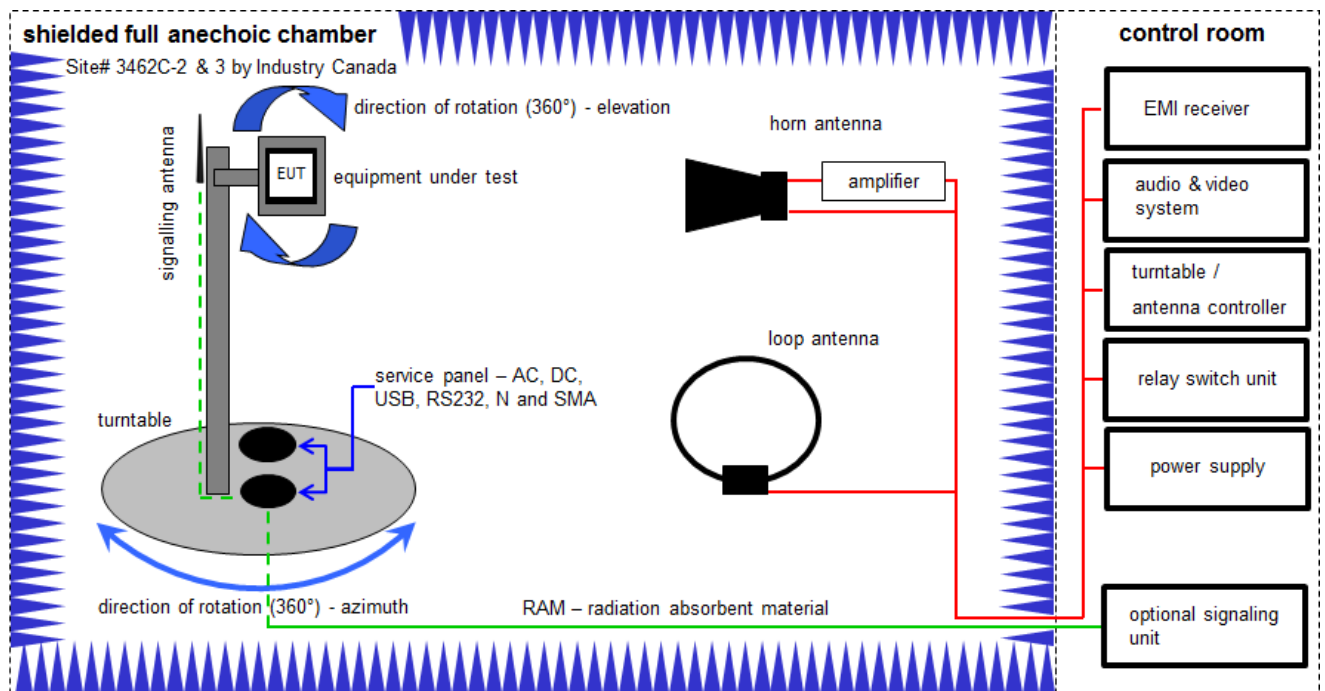
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] \quad (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

| No. | Lab / Item | Equipment | Type | Manufacturer | Serial No. | INV. No CTC | Kind of Calibration | Last Calibration | Next Calibration |
|-----|------------|--|---------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 45 | Switch-Unit | 3488A | HP | 2719A14505 | 300000368 | ev | | |
| 2 | 50 | DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W | 6032A | HP | 2920A04466 | 300000580 | ne | | |
| 3 | n. a. | EMI Test Receiver | ESCI 3 | R&S | 100083 | 300003312 | k | 08.03.2016 | 08.03.2017 |
| 4 | n. a. | Amplifier | JS42-00502650-28-5A | MITEQ | 1084532 | 300003379 | ev | | |
| 5 | n. a. | Antenna Tower | Model 2175 | ETS-Lindgren | 64762 | 300003745 | izw | | |
| 6 | n. a. | Positioning Controller | Model 2090 | ETS-Lindgren | 64672 | 300003746 | izw | | |
| 7 | n. a. | Turntable Interface-Box | Model 105637 | ETS-Lindgren | 44583 | 300003747 | izw | | |
| 8 | n. a. | TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz | VULB9163 | Schwarzbeck | 295 | 300003787 | k | 25.04.2016 | 25.04.2018 |
| 9 | n. a. | Spectrum-Analyzer | FSU26 | R&S | 200809 | 300003874 | k | 29.01.2016 | 29.01.2017 |

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

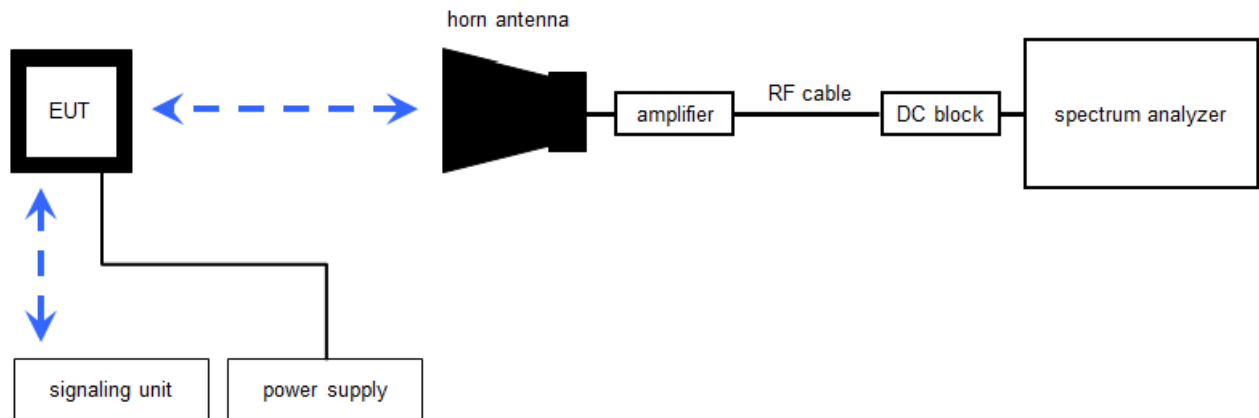
FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBμV/m] (71.61 μV/m)

Equipment table:

| No. | Lab / Item | Equipment | Type | Manufacturer | Serial No. | INV. No CTC | Kind of Calibration | Last Calibration | Next Calibration |
|-----|------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | n. a. | DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W | 6032A | HP | 2818A03450 | 300001040 | Ve | 20.01.2015 | 20.01.2018 |
| 2 | n. a. | Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz | 3115 | EMCO | 8812-3088 | 300001032 | vIKI! | 20.05.2015 | 20.05.2017 |
| 3 | n. a. | Anechoic chamber | FAC 3/5m | MWB / TDK | 87400/02 | 300000996 | ev | | |
| 4 | n. a. | Switch / Control Unit | 3488A | HP | * | 300000199 | ne | | |
| 5 | 9 | Isolating Transformer | MPL IEC625 Bus Regeltrenntravo | Erfi | 91350 | 300001155 | ne | | |
| 6 | 90 | Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz | 6502 | Kontron Psychotech | 8905-2342 | 300000256 | k | 24.06.2015 | 24.06.2017 |
| 7 | n. a. | Amplifier | js42-00502650-28-5a | Parzich GMBH | 928979 | 300003143 | ne | | |
| 8 | n. a. | Band Reject filter | WRCG1855/1910-1835/1925-40/8SS | Wainwright | 7 | 300003350 | ev | | |
| 9 | n. a. | Band Reject filter | WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS | Wainwright | 11 | 300003351 | ev | | |
| 10 | n. a. | Highpass Filter | WHKX7.0/18G-8SS | Wainwright | 18 | 300003789 | ne | | |
| 11 | n. a. | MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz to 26.5 GHz | N9038A | Agilent Technologies | MY51210197 | 300004405 | k | 16.08.2016 | 16.08.2017 |
| 12 | n. a. | 4U RF Switch Platform | L4491A | Agilent Technologies | MY50000037 | 300004509 | ne | | |

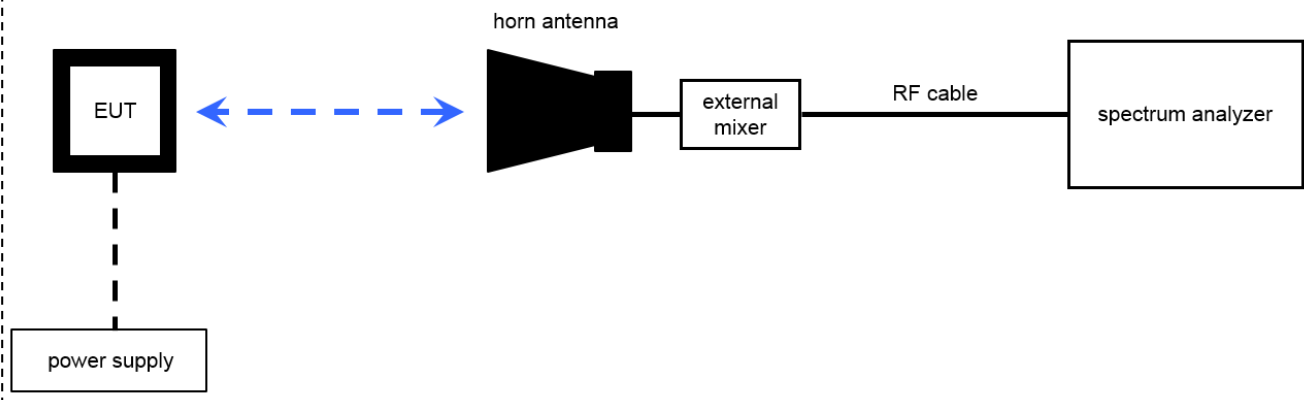
6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz

Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



6.4 Radiated measurements > 50 GHz

Radiated measurements RF laboratory



$$OP = AV + D - G$$

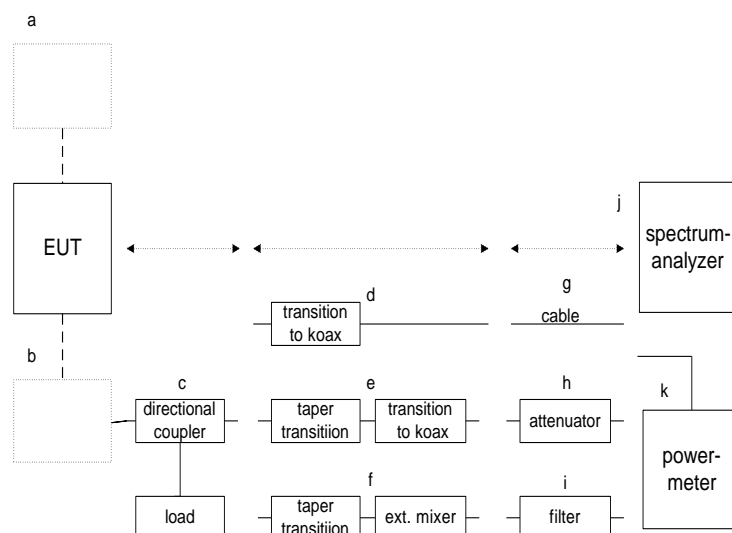
(OP-rad. output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain)

Example calculation:

$$OP \text{ [dBm]} = -54.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 64.0 \text{ [dB]} - 20.0 \text{ [dBi]} = -10 \text{ [dBm]} \text{ (100 } \mu\text{W)}$$

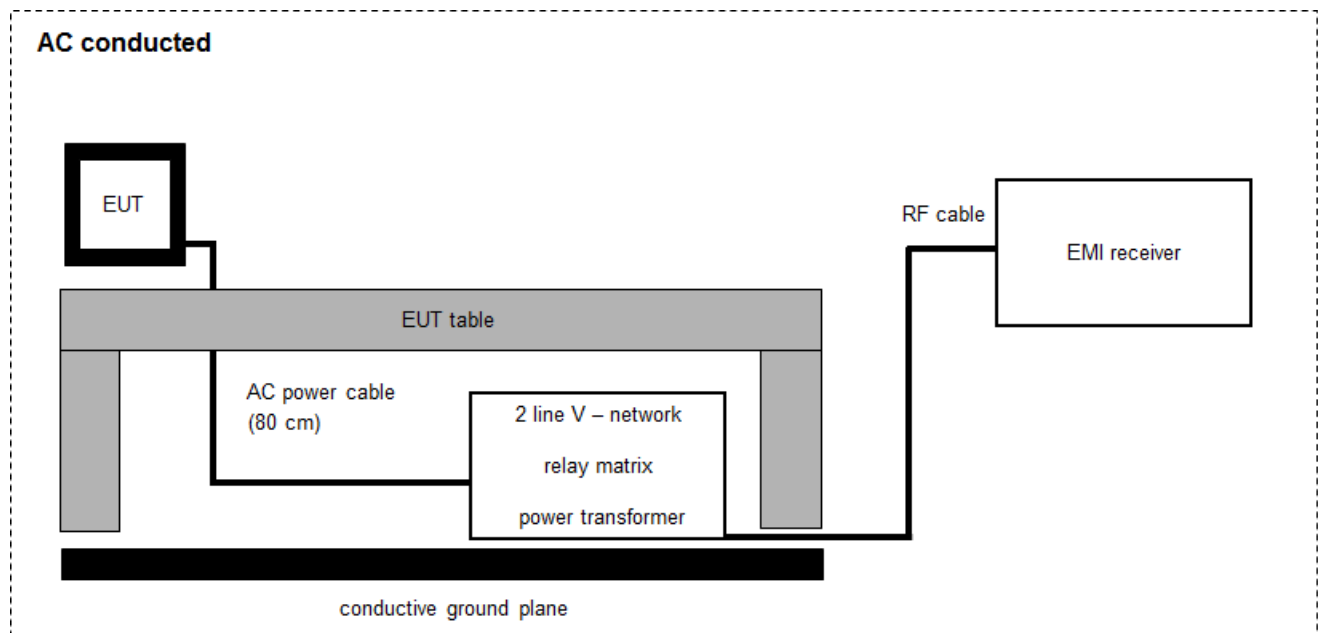
Note: conversion loss of mixer is already included in analyzer value.

6.5 Conducted measurements in test lab



| No. | Equipment | Type | Manufact. | Serial No. | INV. No CTC | Kind of Calibration | Last Calibration | Next Calibration |
|-----|--|----------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz | V637 | Narda | 7911 | 300001751 | ne | | |
| 2 | Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz | 83017A | HP | 00419 | 300002268 | ev | | |
| 3 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 39.3-59.7 GHz | 2424-20 | Flann | 75 | 300001979 | ne | | |
| 4 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 49.9-75.8 GHz | 2524-20 | Flann | * | 300001983 | ne | | |
| 5 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 73.8-112 GHz | 2724-20 | Flann | * | 300001991 | ne | | |
| 6 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 114-173 GHz | 2924-20 | Flann | * | 300001999 | ne | | |
| 7 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 145-220 GHz | 3024-20 | Flann | * | 300002000 | ne | | |
| 8 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 12.4 to 18.0 GHz | 639 | Narda | 8402 | 300000787 | k | 14.08.2015 | 14.08.2017 |
| 9 | Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz | 638 | Narda | 8205 | 300002442 | k | 19.07.2015 | 19.07.2017 |
| 10 | Power Supply | LA30/5GA | Zentro | 2046 | 300000711 | NK! | | |
| 11 | Spectrum Analyzer 20 Hz - 50 GHz | FSU50 | R&S | 200012 | 300003443 | Ve | 28.10.2016 | 28.10.2018 |
| 12 | Harmonic mixer 50 - 75 GHz for spectrum analyzers | FS-Z75 | R&S | 100099 | 300003949 | k | 09.03.2016 | 09.03.2017 |
| 13 | Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 75- 110 GHz | FS-Z110 | R&S | 101411 | 300004959 | k | 24.10.2016 | 24.10.2017 |
| 14 | Spectrum Analyzer Mixer 3- Port, 110-170 GHz | SAM-170 | Radiometer Physics GmbH | 100014 | 300004156 | k | 23.05.2016 | 23.05.2018 |
| 15 | Spectrum Analyzer Mixer 3-Port, 170-220 GHz | SAM-220 | Radiometer Physics GmbH | 200001 | 300004157 | k | 09.06.2016 | 09.06.2018 |
| 16 | Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz | CBL18503070-XX | CERNEX | 19338 | 300004273 | ne | | |
| 17 | Harmonic mixer 60 - 90 GHz | FS-Z90 | R&S | 101555 | 300004691 | k | 12.05.2016 | 12.05.2017 |

6.6 AC conducted



$$FS = UR + CF + VC$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 37.62 [dB\mu V/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dB\mu V/m] (244.06 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

| No. | Lab / Item | Equipment | Type | Manufact. | Serial No. | INV. No CTC | Kind of Calibration | Last Calibration | Next Calibration |
|-----|------------|---|------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | n. a. | AC-Spannungsquelle variabel | MV2616-V | EM-Test | 0397-12 | 300003259 | k | 11.12.2015 | 11.12.2017 |
| 2 | n. a. | Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker) | ARS 16/1 | SPS | A3509 07/0 0205 | 300003314 | Ve | 02.02.2016 | 02.02.2018 |
| 3 | n. a. | MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz to 26,5 GHz | N9038A | Agilent Technologies | MY51210197 | 300004405 | k | 16.08.2016 | 16.08.2017 |
| 4 | n. a. | Power Supply | NGSM 32/10 | R&S | 3939 | 400000192 | vIKII | 22.01.2015 | 22.01.2017 |
| 5 | 101 | Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz | ESH3-Z5 | R&S | 893045/004 | 300000584 | k | 02.02.2016 | 02.02.2017 |

7 Measurement uncertainty

| Measurement uncertainty | |
|--|-------------|
| Test case | Uncertainty |
| Spectrum bandwidth | span/1000 |
| Conducted output power | ± 3 dB |
| Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz | ± 3 dB |
| Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz | ± 3 dB |
| Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz | ± 3.7 dB |
| Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz | ± 4.5 dB |
| Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted) | ± 2.6 dB |

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8.5 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 50 GHz with external mixers

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate for far field (e.g. 0.25 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna with external mixer is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.
- Caution is taken to reduce the possible overloading of the external mixer.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- As external mixers may generate false images care is taken to ensure that any emission measured by the spectrum analyzer does indeed originate in the EUT. Signal identification feature of spectrum analyzer is used to eliminate false mixer images (i.e., it is not the fundamental emission or a harmonic falling precisely at the measured frequency).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9 Summary of measurement results

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below. |

| TC identifier | Description | verdict | date | Remark |
|---------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|--------|
| RF-Testing | 47 CFR Part 15 / RSS-211 | see below | 2017-01-18 | -/- |

| Test Specification Clause | Test Case | Temperature Conditions | Power Source Voltages | Pass | Fail | NA | NP | Results |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| §15.215(c) | Frequency stability | Nominal Extreme | Nominal Extreme | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.256(f) RSS-211, 2.4 | Fundamental bandwidth | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.256(g) RSS-211, 5.2b | Fundamental emissions limits | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.256(h) RSS-211, 5.1d | Unwanted emissions limit | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.256(i) RSS-211, 5.2a | Antenna beamwidth | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.256(j) RSS-211, 5.2c | Antenna side lobe gain | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.256(k) RSS-Gen, 7.1 | Emissions from digital circuitry | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |
| §15.107/207 RSS-Gen, 8.8 | Conducted limits | Nominal | Nominal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | complies |

Note:

NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10 Test results

10.1 Frequency stability and fundamental bandwidth

Description:

§15.215(c) Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

§15.256(f) The fundamental bandwidth of an LPR emission is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below and one above the center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated by at least 10 dB relative to the maximum transmitter output power when measured in an equivalent resolution bandwidth.

Measurement:

f_C is the point in the radiation where the power is at maximum. The frequency points where the power falls 10 dB below the f_C level and above f_C level are designated as f_L and f_H respectively.
The operating frequency range (i.e. the frequency band of operation) is defined as $f_H - f_L$.

Measurement parameters:

Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
Video bandwidth: ≥ 1 MHz
Detector: Pos-Peak
Trace: Max hold

Limits:

As specified in Section 15.215(c), the bandwidth of the fundamental emission must be contained within the frequency band over the temperature range -20 to +50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage. Frequency stability is to be measured according to Section 2.1055 at the highest and lowest frequency of operation and with the modulation that produces the widest emission bandwidth.

§15.256(f)(1) The minimum fundamental emission bandwidth shall be 50 MHz for LPR operation under the provisions of this section.

§15.256(f)(2) LPR devices operating under this section must confine their fundamental emission bandwidth within the 5.925-7.250 GHz, 24.05-29.00 GHz, and 75-85 GHz bands under all conditions of operation.

Same requirements for fundamental emission bandwidth are given in RSS-211, 2.4 and 5.1.a)

Results:

| Test Conditions | Transmitter Frequency Range (GHz) | | 10 dB bandwidth (GHz) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | f_L | f_H | |
| -30 °C / V_{nom} | 78.012821 | 81.995192 | 3.982371 |
| -20 °C / V_{nom} | 78.020833 | 81.987179 | 3.966346 |
| -10 °C / V_{nom} | 78.028846 | 81.995192 | 3.966346 |
| 0 °C / V_{nom} | 78.028846 | 81.979167 | 3.950321 |
| 10 °C / V_{nom} | 78.012821 | 81.979167 | 3.966346 |
| 20 °C / $V_{min} - V_{max}$ | 78.012821 | 81.987179 | 3.974358 |
| 30 °C / V_{nom} | 78.004808 | 81.987179 | 3.982371 |
| 40 °C / V_{nom} | 78.004808 | 81.979167 | 3.974359 |
| 50 °C / V_{nom} | 77.996795 | 81.979167 | 3.982372 |
| | | | |
| deviation based on 20 °C | ±16.0 MHz (±205 ppm) | ±8.0 MHz (±98 ppm) | |

Verdict: Complies

10.2 Fundamental emissions

Description:

§15.256(g) Fundamental emissions limits.

(1) All emission limits provided in this section are expressed in terms of Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP).

(2) The EIRP level is to be determined from the maximum measured power within a specified bandwidth.

(i) The EIRP in 1 MHz is computed from the maximum power level measured within any 1-MHz bandwidth using a power averaging detector;

(ii) The EIRP in 50 MHz is computed from the maximum power level measured with a peak detector in a 50-MHz bandwidth centered on the frequency at which the maximum average power level is realized and this 50 MHz bandwidth must be contained within the authorized operating bandwidth. For a RBW less than 50 MHz, the peak EIRP limit (in dBm) is reduced by $20 \log(\text{RBW}/50)$ dB where RBW is the resolution bandwidth in megahertz. The RBW shall not be lower than 1 MHz or greater than 50 MHz. The video bandwidth of the measurement instrument shall not be less than the RBW. If the RBW is greater than 3 MHz, the application for certification filed shall contain a detailed description of the test procedure, calibration of the test setup, and the instrumentation employed in the testing.

(3) The EIRP limits for LPR operations in the bands authorized by this rule section are provided in Table below. The emission limits in Table below are based on boresight measurements (i.e., measurements performed within the main beam of an LPR antenna).

Limits:

| Frequency range (GHz) | Average emission limit (EIRP in dBm / 1 MHz) | Peak emission limit (EIRP in dBm / 50 MHz) |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| 5.925 to 7.250 | -33 | +7 dBm |
| 24.05 to 29.00 | -14 | +26 dBm |
| 75.00 to 85.00 | -3 | +34 dBm |

Same requirements are given in RSS-211, 5.2.b)

Measurement parameters:

Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
 Video bandwidth: ≥ 1 MHz
 Span: depends on DUT
 Detector: Pos-Peak
 Trace: Max hold

Results:

| Antenna type | Antenna gain (dBi) | Peak EIRP (dBm) | Average EIRP (dBm) |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 40 mm convex lens | 26.1 | 17.7 | -41.3 |
| 70 mm convex lens | 29.8 | 21.4 | -37.6 |
| | | | |

Note:

See manufacturer's documentation *Operating Description, Level Probing Radar OPTIWAVE 7400-80 C*.

There are two different aspects which will affect the peak-to-average ratio resp. RMS value at all:

- Duty cycle of the device
- Frequency domain mitigation due to FMCW-modulation

The EUT uses FMCW with a negative ramp over approx. 3.975 GHz within approx. 5 ms.

The total DUT cycle is 1000 ms. Therefore the gap (blanking period) between the emissions is approx. 995 ms.

This will lead to:

- dwell time $T_D = T_S / \Delta F = 1.258 \mu\text{s}/\text{MHz}$
- averaging factor $AF = T_D / \text{cycle time} = 1.258 \cdot 10^{-6} \triangleq -59.0 \text{ dB}$

Peak output power was measured as conducted output power with settings shown in FCC document 890966 D01, *Measurement Procedure for Level Probing Radars*. Measurements were performed using a special test adapter supplied by the manufacturer.

Peak EIRP was calculated based on the peak output power and the antenna gain given in above mentioned antenna test report of the manufacturer.

Plots show measurement results for 40 mm convex lens. Antenna gain is considered in reference level offset. Average EIRP was calculated according to FCC document 890966 D01, *Measurement Procedure for Level Probing Radars*.

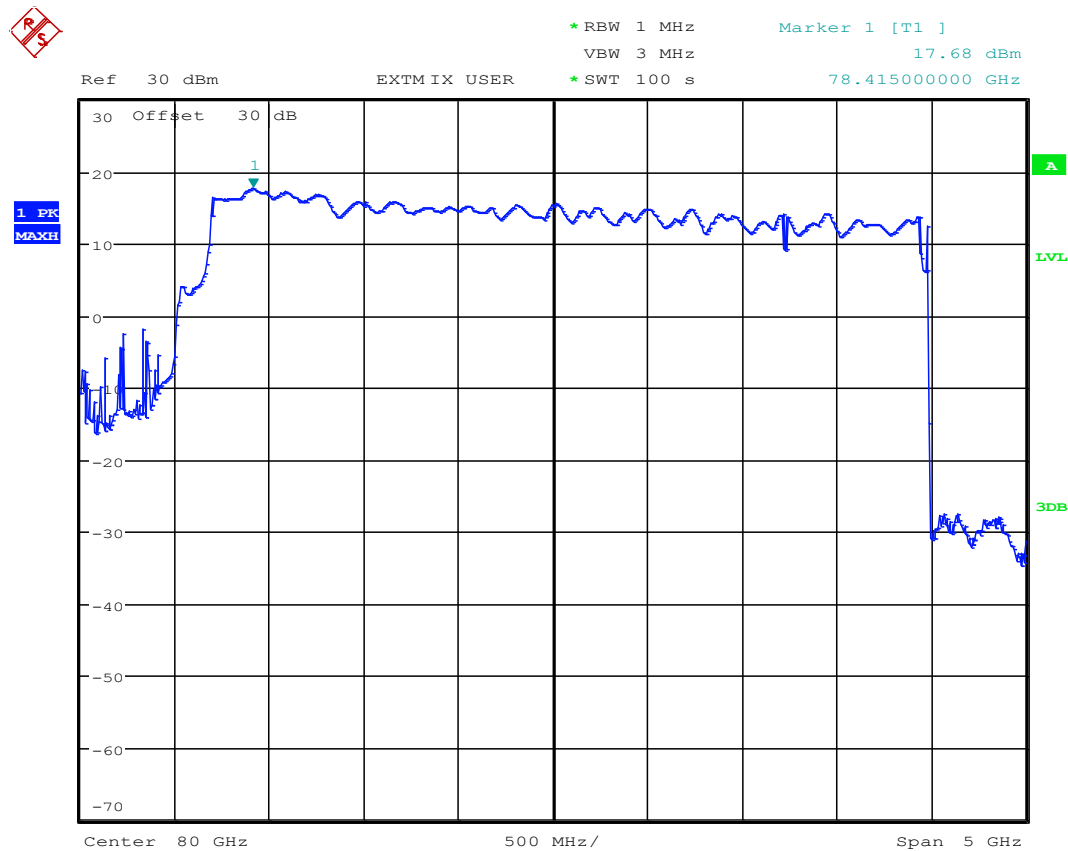
Following antenna gain is included in above value as worst case:

- 40mm convex lens antenna: max. 26.1 dBi
- 70mm convex lens antenna: max. 29.8 dBi

Furthermore, 3.9 dB test adapter loss is considered for conducted measurements.

Verdict: Complies

Plot 1: Pos-Peak-measurement (1 MHz RBW)



10.3 Unwanted emissions limit

Description:

§15.256(h)

Unwanted emissions from LPR devices shall not exceed the general emission limit in §15.209 of this chapter.

Measurement parameters:

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz / 1 MHz
 Video bandwidth: \geq resolution bandwidth
 Detector: Quasi Peak / Average (RMS)
 Trace: Max hold

Limits:

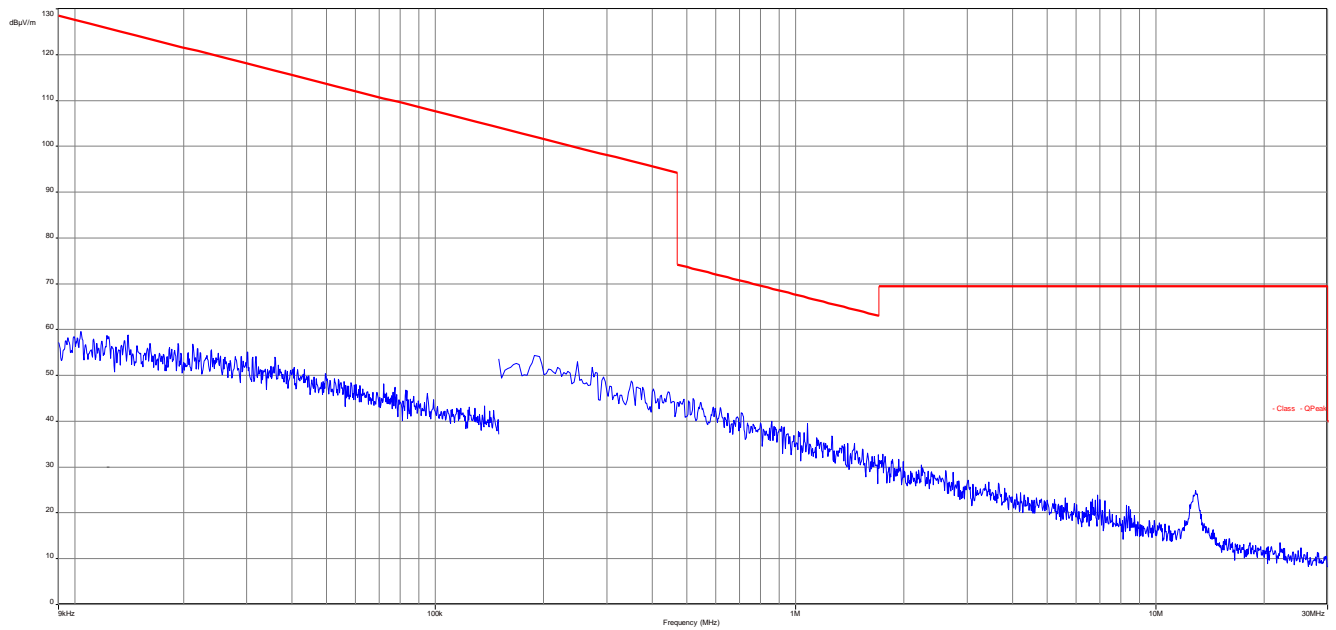
| FCC §15.209 / RSS-Gen | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Field strength of the harmonics and spurious. | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | Field strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$) | Measurement distance (m) |
| 0.009 – 0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 – 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 – 30 | 30 (29.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$) | 30 |
| 30 – 88 | 100 (40 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$) | 3 |
| 88 – 216 | 150 (43.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$) | 3 |
| 216 – 960 | 200 (46 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$) | 3 |
| >960 | 500 (54 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$) | 3 |

Results:

| Spurious emission level (dBm) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|
| -/- | | | -/- | | | -/- | | |
| Frequency [GHz] | BW [kHz] | Level [dBm] | Frequency [GHz] | BW [kHz] | Level [dBm] | Frequency [GHz] | BW [kHz] | Level [dBm] |
| see plots | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Verdict: Complies

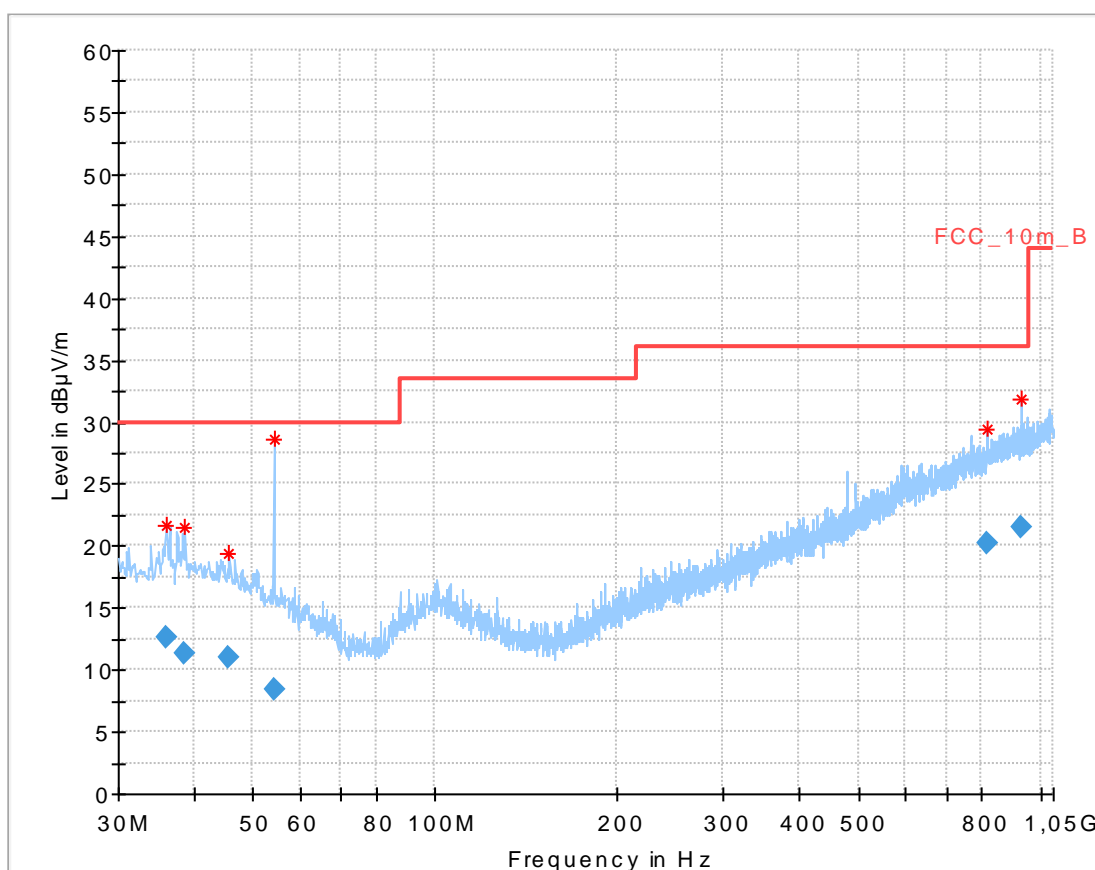
Plot 2: 9 kHz – 30 MHz, special test mode, frequency sweep stopped at $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



Plot 3: 30 MHz – 1000 MHz, special test mode, frequency sweep stopped at $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$

Common Information

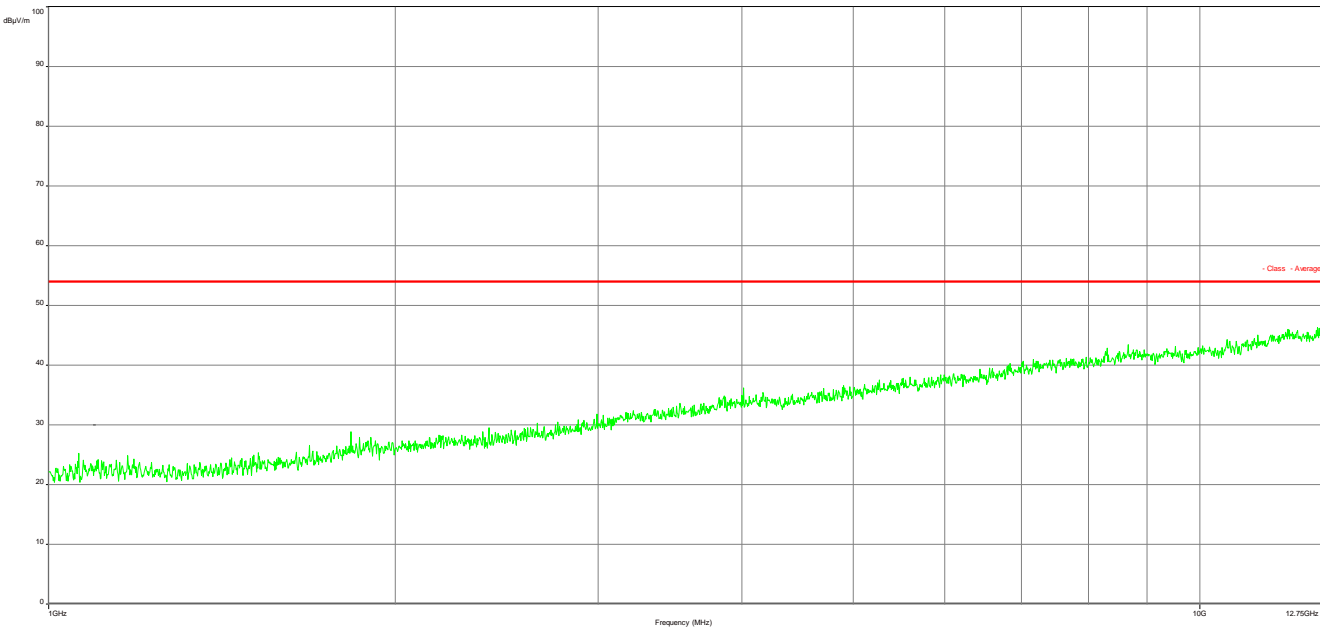
| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| EUT: | Optiwave |
| Serial number: | no 3 |
| Test description: | FCC part 15 class B @ 10 m |
| Operating condition: | TX low/mid/high |
| Operator name: | Hennemann |
| Comment: | DC 24 V |



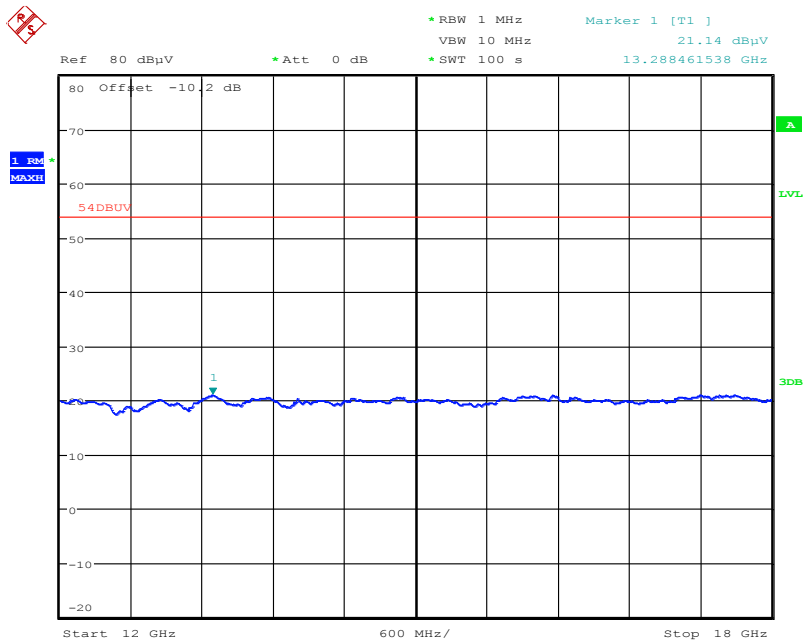
Final Result

| Frequency (MHz) | QuasiPeak (dBμV/m) | Limit (dBμV/m) | Margin (dB) | Meas. Time (ms) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Height (cm) | Pol | Azimuth (deg) | Corr. (dB) |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----|---------------|------------|
| 36.014100 | 12.59 | 30.00 | 17.41 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 272.0 | V | 8 | 13.8 |
| 38.665050 | 11.26 | 30.00 | 18.74 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 273.0 | V | 7 | 14.0 |
| 45.466650 | 10.93 | 30.00 | 19.07 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 271.0 | H | 266 | 13.7 |
| 54.520950 | 8.47 | 30.00 | 21.53 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 274.0 | V | 282 | 11.9 |
| 816.635550 | 20.18 | 36.00 | 15.82 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 100.0 | V | 53 | 23.0 |
| 927.661650 | 21.45 | 36.00 | 14.55 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 100.0 | V | 5 | 24.2 |

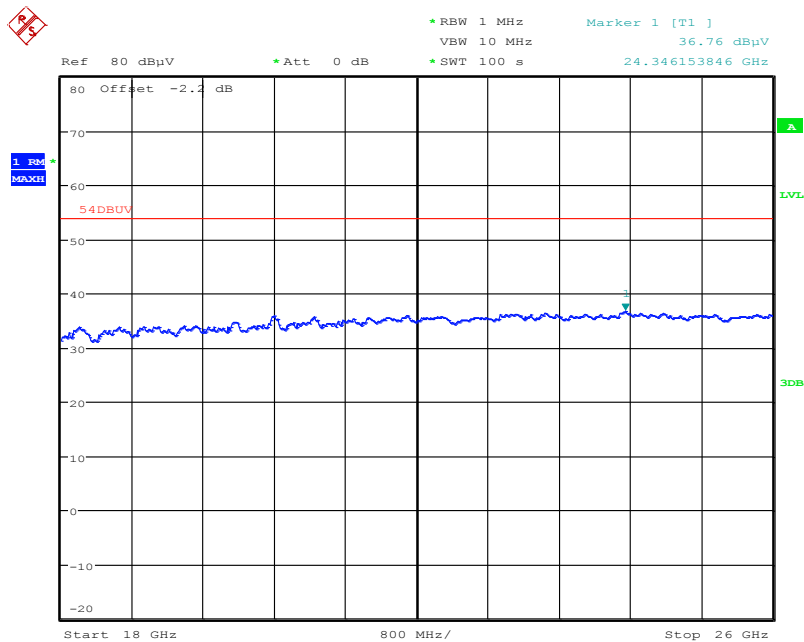
Plot 4: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, special test mode, frequency sweep stopped at $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



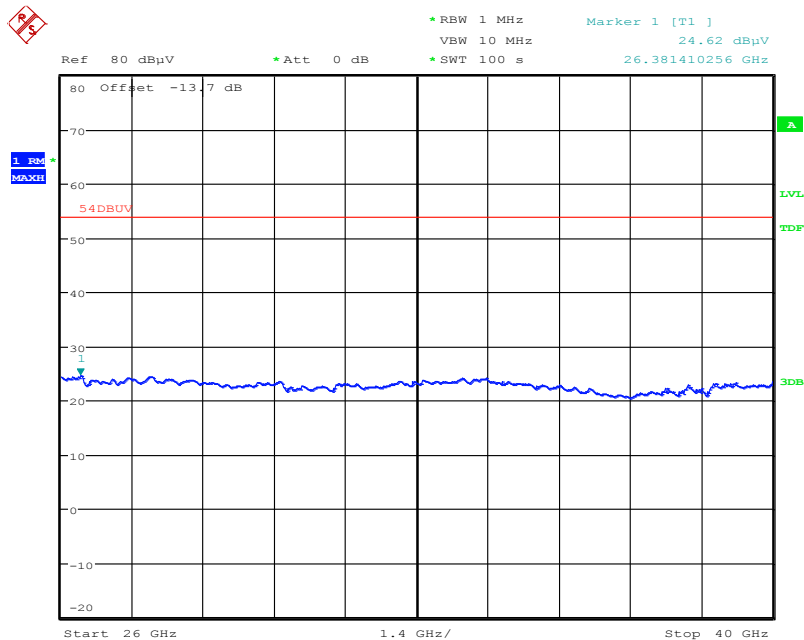
Plot 5: 12 GHz – 18 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



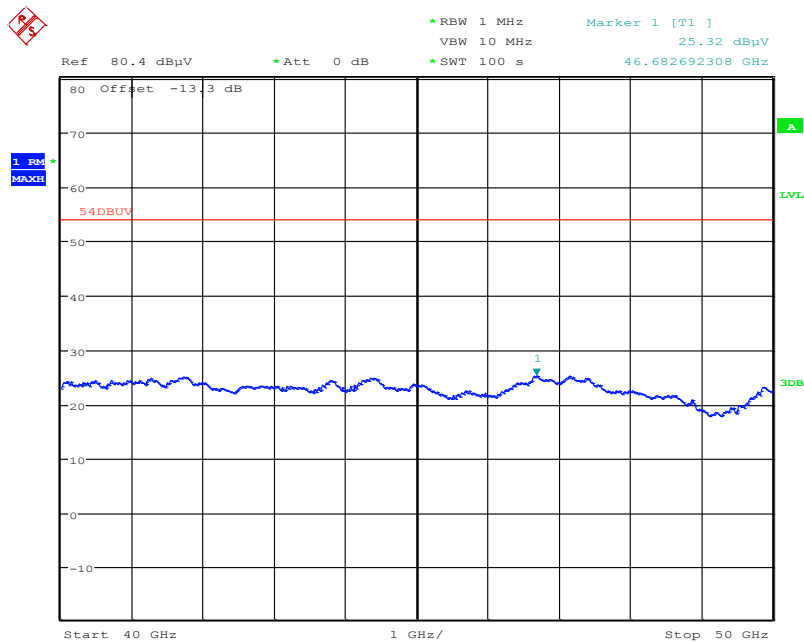
Plot 6: 18 GHz – 26 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



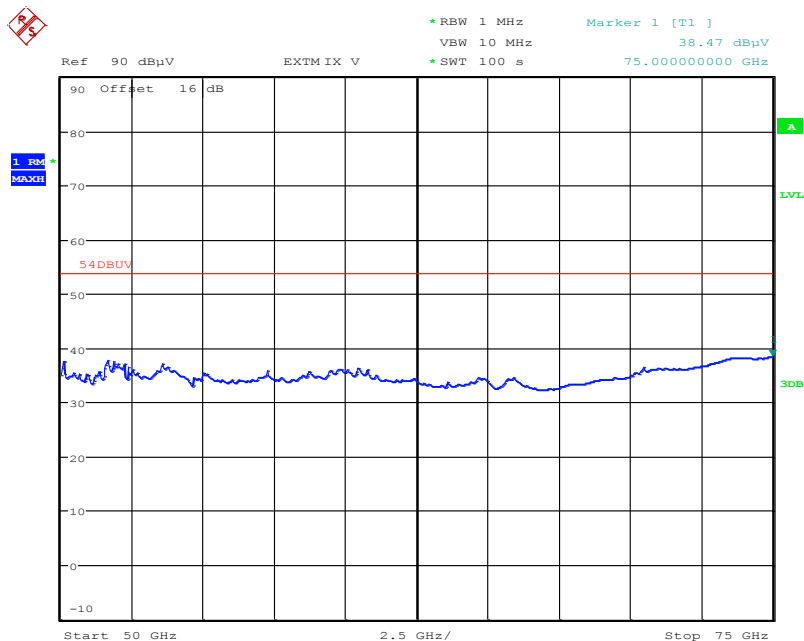
Plot 7: 26 GHz – 40 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



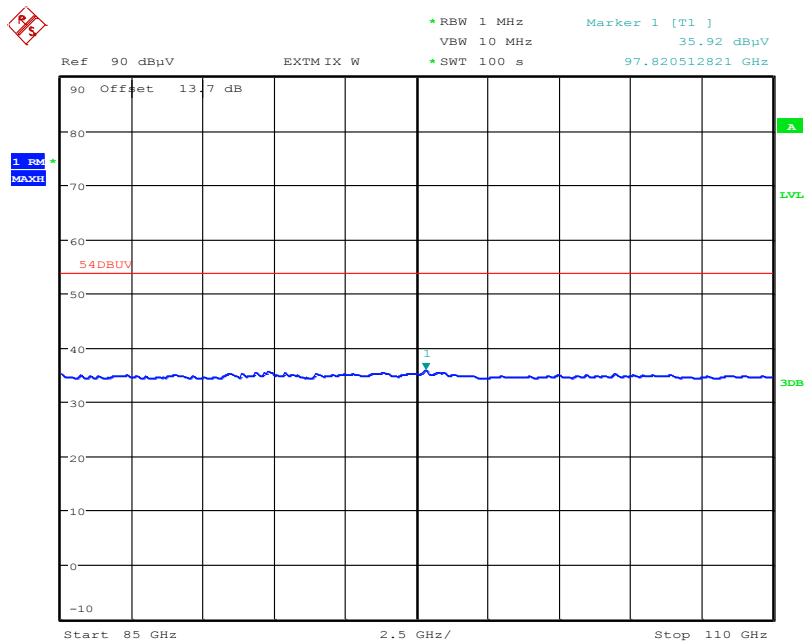
Plot 8: 40 GHz – 50 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



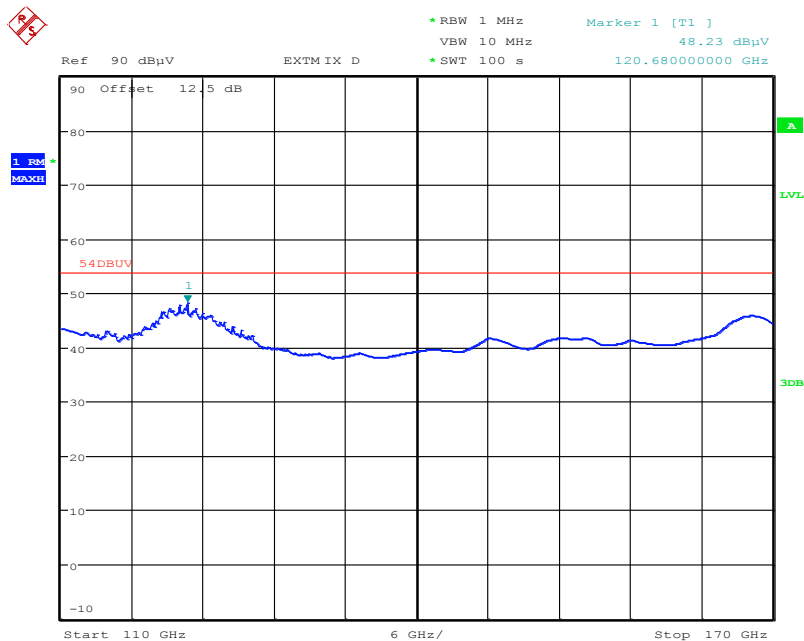
Plot 9: 50 GHz – 75 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



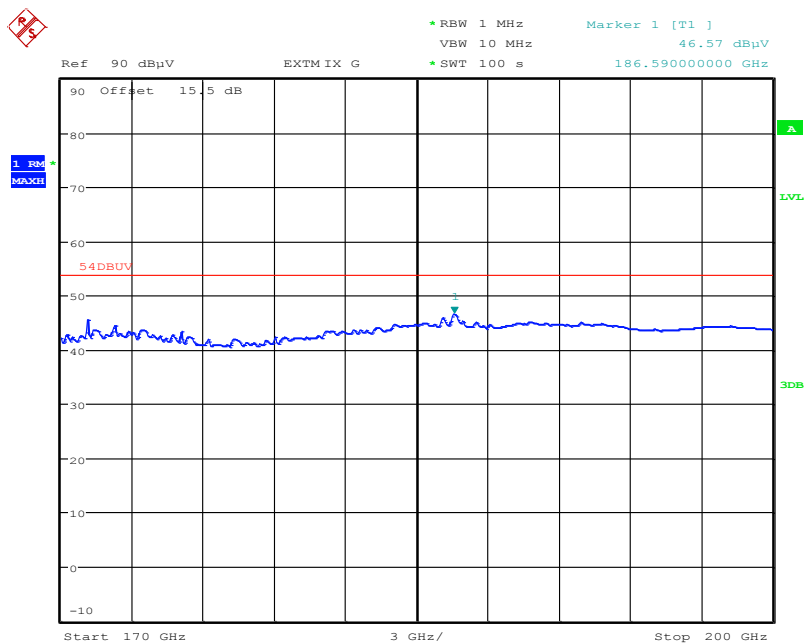
Plot 10: 85 GHz – 110 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



Plot 11: 110 GHz – 170 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



Plot 12: 170 GHz – 200 GHz, special test mode, $f_{low}/f_{mid}/f_{high}$



10.4 Antenna beamwidth and antenna side lobe gain

Description:

§15.256(i) Antenna beamwidth

(A) LPR devices operating under the provisions of this section within the 5.925-7.250 GHz and 24.05-29.00 GHz bands must use an antenna with a -3 dB beamwidth no greater than 12 degrees.

(B) LPR devices operating under the provisions of this section within the 75-85 GHz band must use an antenna with a -3 dB beamwidth no greater than 8 degrees.

(j) Antenna side lobe gain. LPR devices operating under the provisions of this section must limit the side lobe antenna gain relative to the main beam gain for off-axis angles from the main beam of greater than 60 degrees to the levels provided in Table below.

Limits:

| FCC §15.256 / RSS-211 5.2a) c) | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Frequency range (GHz) | Antenna beamwidth in degree (°) | Antenna side lobe gain limit relative to main beam gain (dB) |
| 5.925 to 7.250 | 12 | -22 |
| 24.05 to 29.00 | 12 | -27 |
| 75.00 to 85.00 | 8 | -38 |

Antenna data:

| Antenna type | Antenna gain | 3 dB beam width | Side lobe gain |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 40 mm convex lens | 26.1 dBi | 8.0° | -12.6 dBi |
| 70 mm convex lens | 29.8 dBi | 4.3° | -11.8 dBi |

Note:

See manufacturer's documentation *Operating Description, Level Probing Radar OPTIWAVE 7400-80 C*.

Verdict: Complies

10.5 Emissions from digital circuitry

Description:

§15.256(k) Emissions from digital circuitry used to enable the operation of the transmitter may comply with the limits in §15.209 of this chapter provided it can be clearly demonstrated that those emissions are due solely to emissions from digital circuitry contained within the transmitter and the emissions are not intended to be radiated from the transmitter's antenna. Emissions from associated digital devices, as defined in §15.3(k) of this part, e.g., emissions from digital circuitry used to control additional functions or capabilities other than the operation of the transmitter, are subject to the limits contained in subpart B, part 15 of this chapter. Emissions from these digital circuits shall not be employed in determining the -10 dB bandwidth of the fundamental emission or the frequency at which the highest emission level occurs.

Measurement:

| Measurement parameter | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Detector: | Quasi Peak / Average (RMS) |
| Sweep time: | Auto |
| Resolution bandwidth: | 100 kHz / 1 MHz |
| Video bandwidth: | > resbw |
| Trace-Mode: | Max-Hold |

Limits:

| FCC §15.109 / RSS-Gen, 7.1 | | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Field strength of the harmonics and spurious. | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | Field strength (µV/m) | Measurement distance (m) |
| 0.009 – 0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 – 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 – 30 | 30 (29.5 dBµV/m) | 30 |
| 30 – 88 | 100 (40 dBµV/m) | 3 |
| 88 – 216 | 150 (43.5 dBµV/m) | 3 |
| 216 – 960 | 200 (46 dBµV/m) | 3 |
| >960 | 500 (54 dBµV/m) | 3 |

Results:

See §15.256(h) / RSS-211,5.1d Unwanted emissions limit.

Verdict: Complies

10.6 Conducted limits

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

| Measurement parameter | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Detector: | Peak - Quasi Peak / Average |
| Sweep time: | Auto |
| Resolution bandwidth: | F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz |
| Video bandwidth: | F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz |
| Span: | 9 kHz to 30 MHz |
| Trace-Mode: | Max Hold |

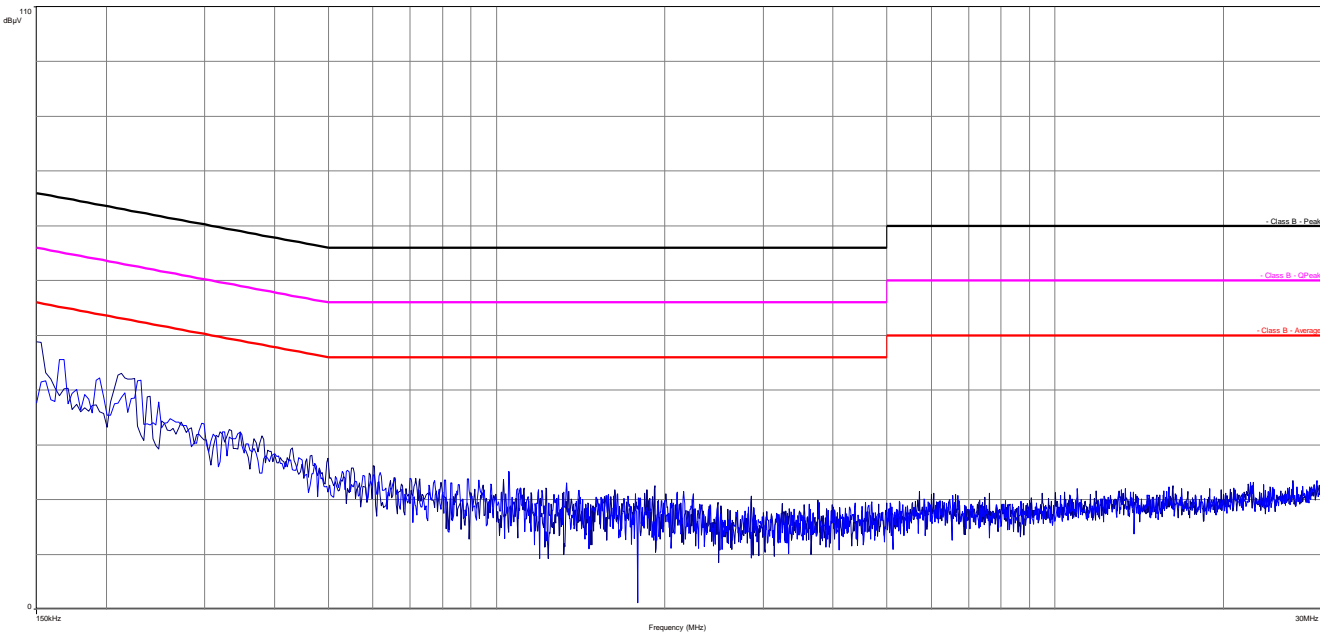
Limits:

| FCC §15.107 / §15.207 / RSS-Gen, 8.8 | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Conducted limits | | |
| Frequency of Emission (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dBµV) | |
| | Quasi-peak | Average |
| 0.15 – 0.5 | 66 to 56 * | 56 to 46 * |
| 0.5 – 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 - 30 | 60 | 50 |

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Verdict: Complies

Plot 13: Phase & Neutral



11 Document history

| Version | Applied changes | Date of release |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Initial release | 2017-01-18 |

12 Further information

Glossary

| | | |
|----------|---|--|
| AVG | - | Average |
| DUT | - | Device under test |
| EMC | - | Electromagnetic Compatibility |
| EN | - | European Standard |
| EUT | - | Equipment under test |
| ETSI | - | European Telecommunications Standard Institute |
| FCC | - | Federal Communication Commission |
| FCC ID | - | Company Identifier at FCC |
| HW | - | Hardware |
| IC | - | Industry Canada |
| Inv. No. | - | Inventory number |
| N/A | - | Not applicable |
| PP | - | Positive peak |
| QP | - | Quasi peak |
| S/N | - | Serial number |
| SW | - | Software |

13 Accreditation Certificate

Front side of certificate



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Befehlens gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV
Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen
von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung



Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

CTC advanced GmbH
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Funk
Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS) + OTA
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV)
Produktsicherheit
SAR / EMF
Umwelt
Smart Card Technology
Bluetooth®
Automotive
Wi-Fi-Services
Kanadische Anforderungen
US-Anforderungen
Akustik
Near Field Communication (NFC)

Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 25.11.2016 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gültig bis 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 63 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-01

Frankfurt, 25.11.2016

Stelle Weisheit auf der Rückseite

Im Auftrag Dipl.-Ing. Ralf Eigner
Abteilungsleiter

Back side of certificate

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Standort Berlin
Spittelmarkt 10
10117 Berlin

Standort Frankfurt am Main
Europa-Allee 52
60327 Frankfurt am Main

Standort Braunschweig
Bundesallee 100
38116 Braunschweig

Die auszugsweise Veröffentlichung der Akkreditierungsurkunde bedarf der vorherigen schriftlichen Zustimmung der Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). Ausgenommen davon ist die separate Weiterverbreitung des Deckblattes durch die umseitig genannte Konformitätsbewertungsstelle in unveränderter Form.

Es darf nicht der Anschein erweckt werden, dass sich die Akkreditierung auch auf Bereiche erstreckt, die über den durch die DAkkS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen.

Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstelle (AkkStelleG) vom 31. Juli 2009 (BGBl. I S. 2625) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 9. Juli 2008 über die Vorschriften für die Akkreditierung und Marktüberwachung im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abl. L 218 vom 9. Juli 2008, S. 30). Die DAkkS ist Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), des International Accreditation Forum (IAF) und der International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseitig an.

Der aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnommen werden:
EA: www.european-accreditation.org
ILAC: www.ilac.org
IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note:

The current certificate including annex may be received on request.