

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT**FOR****Subpart F UWB Part 15.517****Report No. : JNDL-NU-15R-0001**

Client: S1 Corporation
Product: UWB Sensor
Model: URX-P01
Manufacture/supplier: S1 Corporation

Date test item received: 2015/04/10
Date test campaign completed: 2015/05/04
Date of issue: 2015/05/08

ATTESTATION STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested in accordance with the standards identified in the referenced test report. To the best of my knowledge and belief, these tests were performed using the measurement procedures described in this report and demonstrate that the equipment complies with the appropriate standards.

All **JNDL Laboratory. CO., LTD** instrumentation and accessories used to test products for compliance to the indicated standards are calibrated regularly in accordance with ISO 17025 requirements.

Total number of pages of this test report : 30 pages

Test engineer	Report reviewed by
	
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REPORT SUMMARY

Purpose of Test :	To demonstrate the EUT in compliance with FCC Part 15.517 for indoor UWB systems.
Disclaimer :	The test results relate only to the items tested.
Applicable Standards :	Pt 15.517, Pt 15.209, ANSI 63.4:2009

TEST ENVIRONMENT AND TEST SETUP

Test Facilities :	Test Firm Registration # : 748649 3m & 10m Open Site : 386-1, Ho-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 3m semi-Anechoic chamber : B 114~115, 810 Kwanyang-Dong, dongan-Gu, Anyang-Si, Kyunggi-Do, 431-060, Korea
Laboratory Test Conditions :	Open Site : Temperature 25 °C, Humidity : 50 % 3m anechoic chamber : Temperature 24 °C, Humidity : 46 %
Test Exercise :	The EUT was set in continuous transmit mode of operation unless stated otherwise.
Modification to the EUT :	No modification was made.
Supporting Accessories :	None

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Descriptions
0	2015. 05. 08	Original release

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1. General Remarks

The test results in this report apply to the particular Equipment Under Test (EUT) as declared in this report.
The test results presented in this report relate only to the item tested.

2. Test Site

2.1 Location

JNDL Laboratory. CO., LTD. (Test Firm Registration # : 748649)

3m anechoic chamber : B 114~115, 810 Kwanyang-Dong, dongan-Gu, Anyang-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea
3m & 10m Open site : 386-1, Ho-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

2.2 List of Test equipment used for tests

No.	Instrument	Model No.	Due to Calibration	Manufactor	Serial No.
☒	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER (3 Hz ~ 26.5 GHz)	E4440A	2016-01-06	Agilent Technologies	MY46185375
☒	SPECTRUM ANALYZER (9 KHz ~ 40 GHz)	FSP40	2015-10-13	Rohde & Schwarz	100308
☒	SIGNAL GENERATOR (10 MHz ~ 40 GHz)	MG3694B	2015-10-15	Anritsu Corp	062513
☒	POWER METER (DC ~ 67 GHz)	NRP2	2015-10-14	Rohde & Schwarz	100973
☒	POWER SENSOR (50 MHz ~ 40 GHz)	NRP-Z85	2015-10-14	Rohde & Schwarz	101121
☒	POWER SENSOR (9 KHz ~ 6 GHz)	NRP-Z92	2015-10-14	Rohde & Schwarz	100093
☐	EMI TEST RECEIVER (9 KHz ~ 7 GHz)	ESC17	2015-07-30	Rohde & Schwarz	100933
☒	EMI TEST RECEIVER (20 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)	ESVS30	2015-10-14	Rohde & Schwarz	828525/005
☒	AUTORAING POWER SUPPLY	E3630A	2015-10-13	Agilent Technologies	MY40005094
☒	BILOG ANTENNA (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)	VULB 9168	2017-03-15	Schwarzbeck	9168-505
☒	HORN ANTENNA (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	BBHA 9120D	2016-10-14	Schwarzbeck	568
☐	HORN ANTENNA (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	3117	2016-07-24	ETS-Lindgren	00135889
☐	HORN ANTENNA (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	3117	2016-07-24	ETS-Lindgren	00135878
☒	HORN ANTENNA (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	BBHA 9170	2015-09-06	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170440
☒	HORN ANTENNA (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	BBHA 9170	2015-09-06	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170444
☒	Low Noise Amplifier (100 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz)	TTA2650-HG	2015-05-14	MITEQ	1881352
☒	Low Noise Amplifier (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	AMF-6F-18004000-37-8P	2015-10-14	MITEQ	1814914

➔ All equipment is calibrated with traceable calibrations.
Each calibration is traceable to the national or international standards.

2.3 Test Date

Date of Application: 2015-04 -15
Date of Test: 2015-04-16 ~ 1015-05-04

3. Description of the Equipment Under Test

3.1 Manufacturers declarations

Manufacturer :	S1 Corporation
Product Description :	A wireless devices intended to be used for the real-time location of objects within indoor. It is able to detect moving objects in predefined area or to provide both low cost comparable to PIR(passive infrared) sensor and high detection probability with low false-alarm rate especially in high-temperature variation enviroments.
FCC ID :	Q54URXP01
Model Name :	URX-P01
Multiple Model Name :	
Operationg Frequency :	8.5 ~ 9.5 GHz
Signal Bandwidth :	≥ 500 MHz (at – 10 dB)
EUT Power Source :	Primary power – 12 Vdc, 30 mA (Not use AC adapter)
	Secondary Power – N/A
Test Item :	Prototype
Type of Equipment :	Fixed wall
Antennas :	Patch type(Permanently Attached)
Antenna Connector :	None

→ All the testing were performed according to the procedures in FCC Parts 15.517
The EUT was operation in special test mode.

3.2 Information about UWB intrusion Detection Sensor

- Indoor UWB sensor is able :
 - to detect moving objects in predefined area
 - to provide both low cost comparable to PIR(passive infrared) sensor and high detection probability with low false-alarm rate especially in high-temperature variation environments
- Frequency band - from 8.5 GHz to 9.5 GHz
- Signal bandwidth - more than 500 MHz at -10 dB
- Maximum moving objects detection range (human target) - to 10 meters
- Detection range :
 - Distance Control – 3m ~ 10m(1m Unit)
 - Width – 8m at 5m
- Intruder indicator:
 - Internal – LED(Red)
 - Installation(Indoor) - Wall of the 2m ~ 3m(Height)

4. List of Measurements

Guide Lines	FCC Rules Part 15	Result
Transmitter Characteristics	15.517	PASS
UWB Bandwidth	15.517 (b)	PASS
Spurious Radiated Emissions	15.209(a), 15.517(c)	PASS
Radiated Emissions in GPS Bands	15.517 (d)	PASS
Peak Emissions within a 50 MHz Bandwidth	15.517 (e)	PASS
Power Line Conducted	15.207	N/A

➔ PowerLine Conducted is not applicable. EUT use 12 Vdc.(Not use AC adapter)

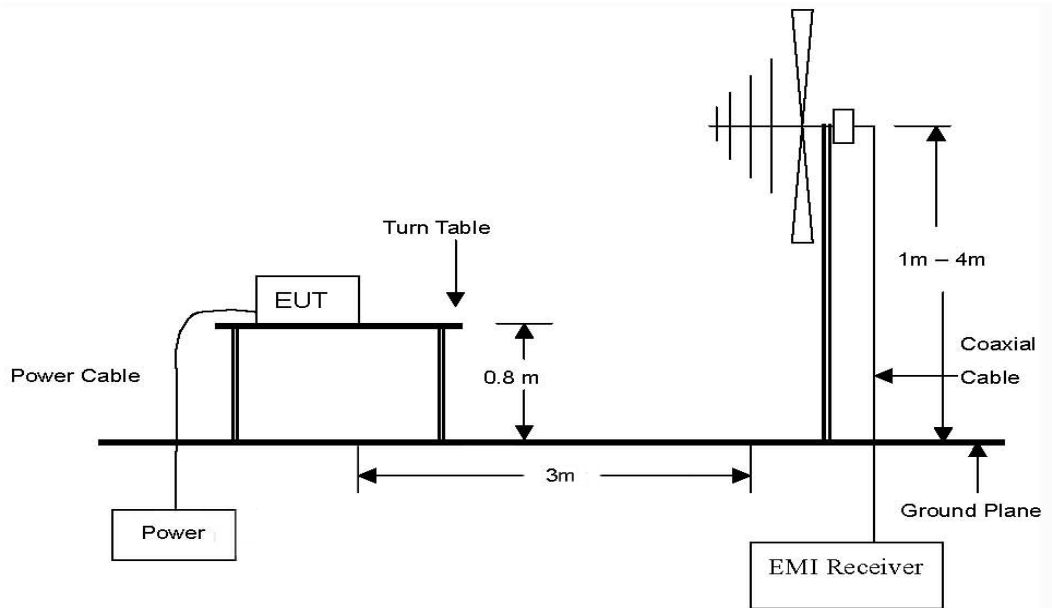
5. Transmitter radiated emissions setup

5.1 Test setup for 9 KHz ~ 30 MHz

Testing not necessary as device is exclusively DC powered

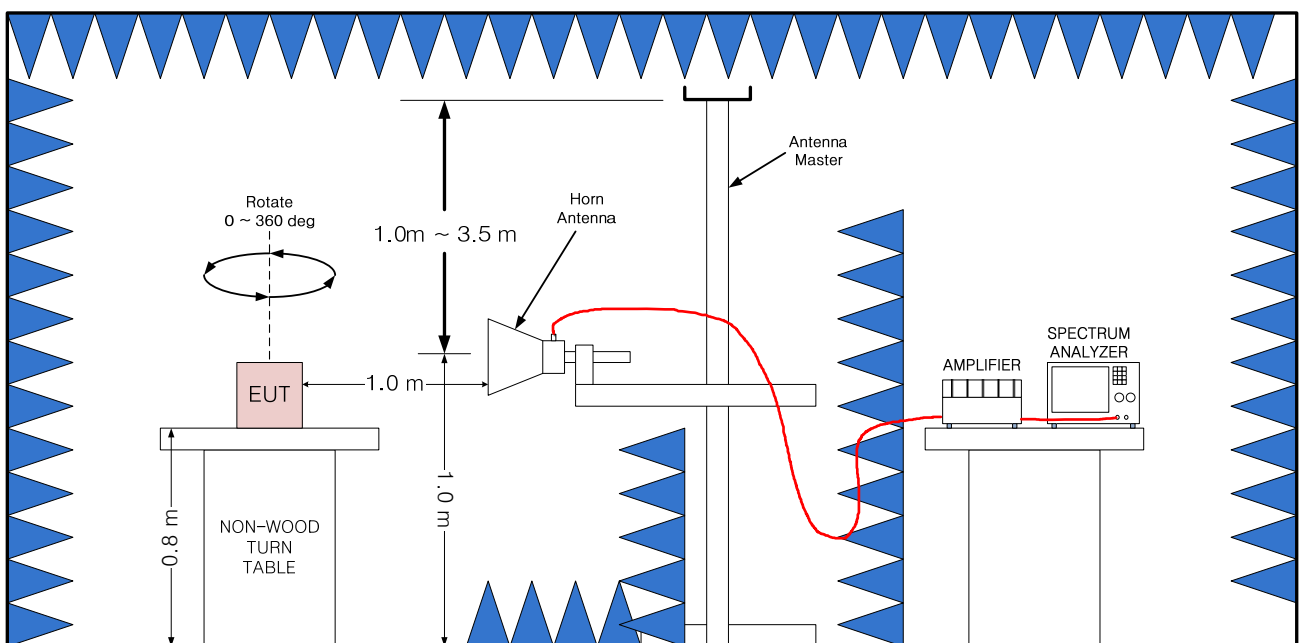
5.2 Test setup for 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions



5.3 Test setup for 1GHz ~ 40 GHz

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions. As required by subpart 15.33 emissions were measured to 40 GHz.



6. Transmitter Characteristics

6.1 Requirements

Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to UWB transmitters employed solely for indoor operation.

- (1) Indoor UWB devices, by the nature of their design, must be capable of operation only indoors. The necessity to operate with a fixed indoor infrastructure, e.g., a transmitter that must be connected to the AC power lines, may be considered sufficient to demonstrate this.
- (2) The emissions from equipment operated under this section shall not be intentionally directed outside of the building in which the equipment is located, such as through a window or a doorway, to perform an outside function, such as the detection of persons about to enter a building.
- (3) The use of outdoor mounted antennas, e.g., antennas mounted on the outside of a building or on a telephone pole, or any other outdoors infrastructure is prohibited.
- (4) Field disturbance sensors installed inside of metal or underground storage tanks are considered to operate indoors provided the emissions are directed towards the ground.
- (5) A communications system shall transmit only when the intentional radiator is sending information to an associated receiver

6.2 Results

- The URX-P01 is a wireless device intended to be used for the real-time location of objects within predefined area and will be marketed as such.
- The URX-P01 will not transmit ultra-wideband signals unless it receives suitable trigger commands from an associated control unit by terminal
- The URX-P01 User's Guide (see Exhibits) also stresses the requirement for indoor use, and reiterates the technical requirements for indoor UWB systems listed in §15.517.
- The URX-P01 has Patch type antenna(Permanently Attached)

7. UWB Bandwidth

7.1 Definition

Per section 15.517(b), the UWB bandwidth of a UWB system operating under the provisions of this section must be contained between 3100 MHz and 10600 MHz.

7.2 Test Procedure

The UWB bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to a double-ridged guide horn while the EUT was operating in continuous transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency.

The test procedure used was ANSI C63.4-2009 using a Agilent Technologies E4440A spectrum analyzer. The bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was typically 100 kHz up to 1GHz and 1.0MHz above 1GHz. Measurements above 1GHz used the RMS detector function on the spectrum analyzer, with a sweep time set to 500ms or less – the spectrum analyzer scan had 601 points, and so a sweep time of 500ms or less ensured that the averaging time per point was 1ms or less. The VBW was always greater than or equal to the RBW unless noted. Emissions from the DUT were maximized by rotating the DUT and adjusting the height of the measurement antenna. The analyzer was calibrated in dB above a microvolt at the output of the antenna.

7.3 Test Criteria

A UWB transmitter is defined as an intentional radiator that, at any point in time, has a fractional bandwidth equal or greater than 0.20 or has a UWB bandwidth equal to or greater than 500 MHz, regardless of the fractional bandwidth. The UWB bandwidth is the frequency band bounded by the points that are 10 dB below the highest radiated emission, as based on the complete transmission system including the antenna. The upper boundary is designated f_H and the lower boundary is designated f_L . The frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs is designated f_M . The center frequency, f_C , equals $(f_H + f_L)/2$. Fractional bandwidth. The fractional bandwidth equals $2(f_H - f_L)/(f_H + f_L)$.

7.4 Test Result

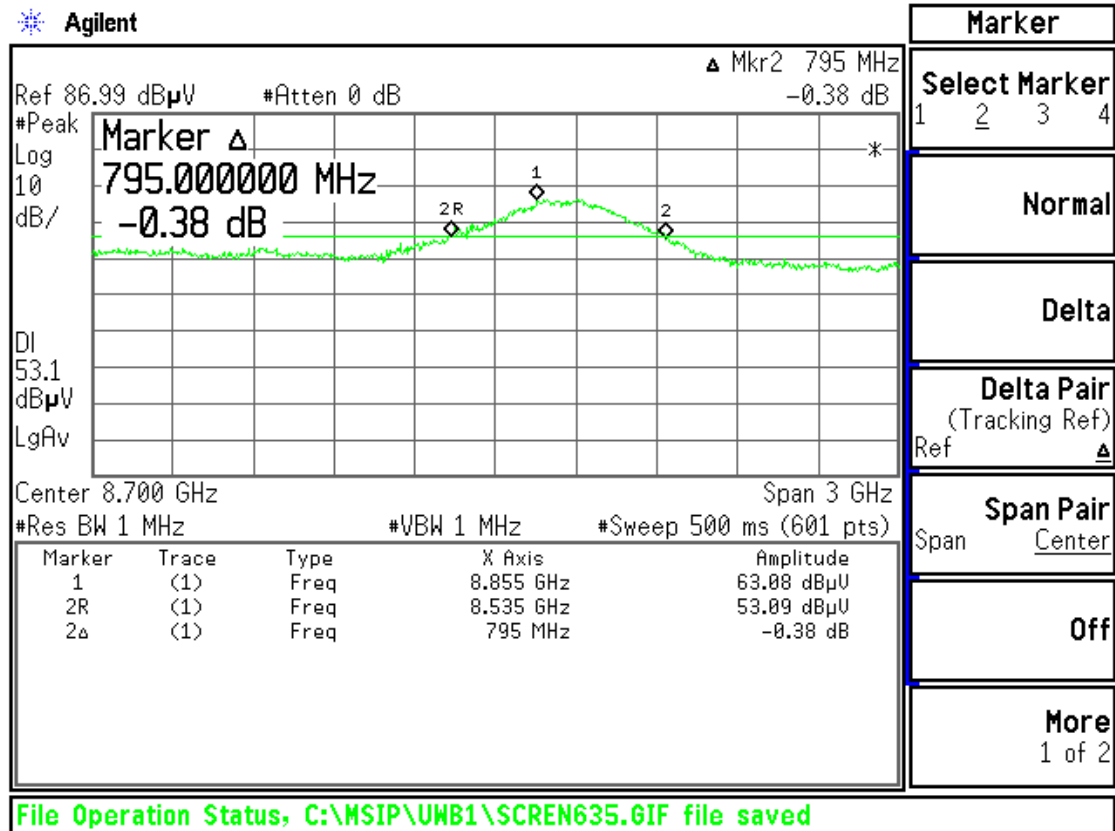
The frequency with the highest emission is: 8.855 GHz

The lower -10dB point is: 8.535 GHz

The upper -10dB point is: 9.330 GHz

The 10 dB bandwidth is 795 MHz

7.5 Test Plots



8. Spurious Radiated Emissions

8.1 Definition

The radiated emissions at or below 960 MHz from a device operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the emission levels in § 15.209. The radiated emissions above 960 MHz from a device operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
960 - 1610	-75.3
1610 - 1990	-53.3
1990 – 3100	-51.3
3100 – 10600	-41.3
Above 10600	-51.3

8.2 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 meters above the ground plane. The table was centered on a rotating turntable at a distance of 3 meters from the measurement antenna.

For spurious emissions below 1 GHz quasi-peak detection is used with a resolution bandwidth of 120 kHz. The emissions were maximized by rotating the EUT and raising and lowering the measurement antenna from 1~4 meters(above 1 GHz, measure antenna from 1 ~ 3.5 meters)

Spurious/harmonic emissions above 1 GHz peak are measured with average and peak detection with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and measured at a distance of 1 meter.

Average detection is used to determine compliance of the EUT if the peak does not meet the average limit. Non-harmonic emissions must satisfy the average limit and the peak limit (20 dB above average).

The procedures of ANSI C63.4:2009 were followed with the exception that the measurement distance was reduced to that shown in the table below and an RMS detector was used as required in 15.521 (d).

Correction factor is a combination of cable loss (CL), microwave amplifier gain (G amp), antenna factor (AF), and 'measurement distance' correction factor ($Dcf = 20 \log [D/3]$, where D is the measurement distance in meters).

Example correction factor calculation: $F/S(\text{Field Strength}) = \text{Measuring Value} + AF - (G \text{ amp} - CL) - Dcf$

The EIRP limits in dBm were converted to field strength limits in $\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ @ 3m.

Example EIRP limit conversion: $F/S(\text{Field Strength}) = \text{EIRP} + 95.2$

Both vertical and horizontal polarities were tested and the worst case presented. In all cases the vertical polarization resulted in the greatest signal.

There were no measurable emissions above 18 GHz, up to 40 GHz. The measurement noise floor is well below the specified limit. Measurements in the table above for emissions greater than 18 GHz are of the noise floor.

8.3 Test Criteria

8.3.1 Limit below 960 MHz

Frequency in MHz	Field strength
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz) μ V/m @ 300 meters
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz) μ V/m @ 30 meters
1.705-30.0	29.54 dB μ V/m @ 30 meters
30 – 88	40.0 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
88 – 216	43.5 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
216 – 960	46.0 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
Above 960	54.0 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters

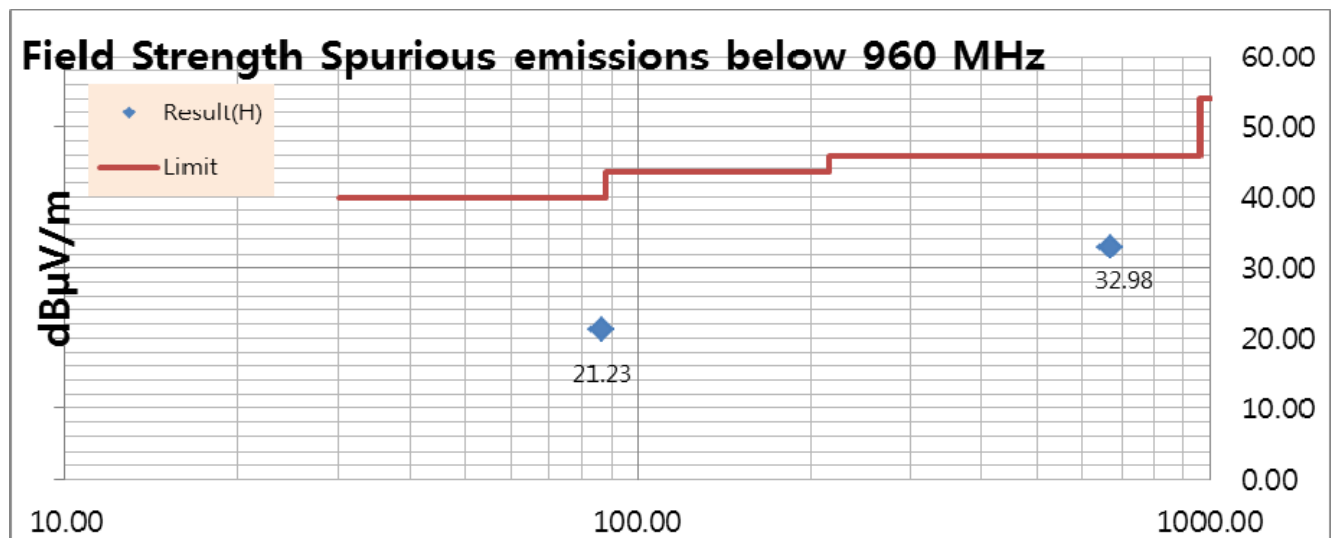
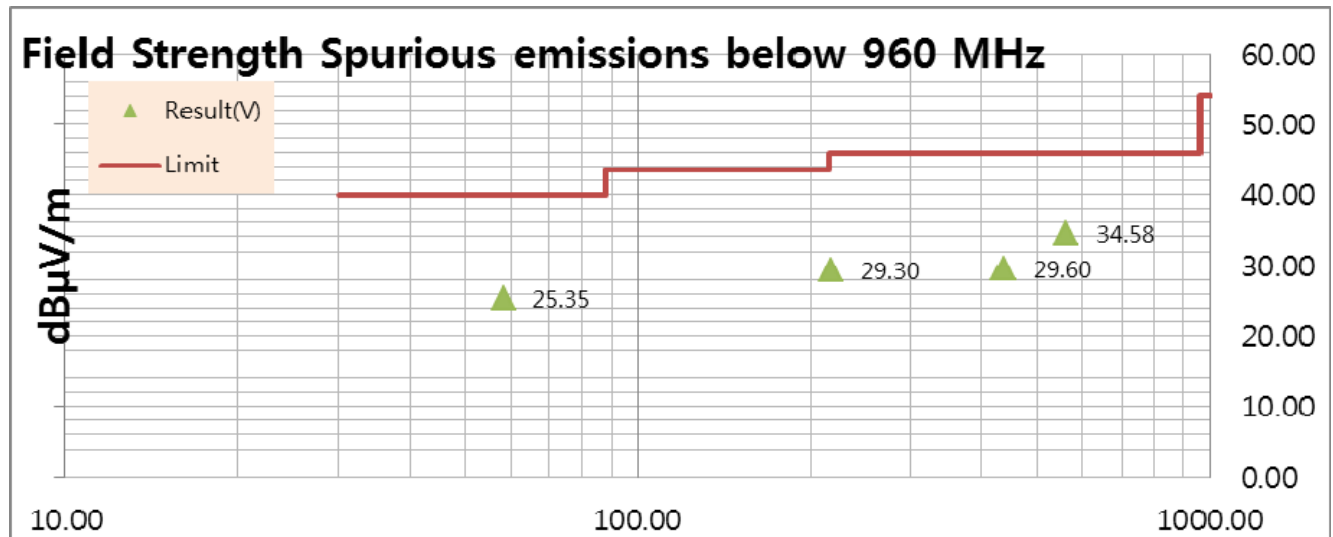
8.3.2 Limit above 960 MHz

Frequency in MHz	EIRP	Field strength
960 - 1610	-75.3 dBm @ 3 meters	19.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
1610 - 1990	-53.3 dBm @ 3 meters	41.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
1990 – 3100	-51.3 dBm @ 3 meters	43.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
3100 – 10600	-41.3 dBm @ 3 meters	53.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
Above 10600	-51.3 dBm @ 3 meters	43.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters

8.4 Test Results

8.4.1 Test Result below 960 MHz

Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dBμV]	Antenna Pola V/H	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Field Strength dBμV/m @ 3m	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
58.20	12.33	V	12.33	0.69	25.35	40.0	14.65
218.31	17.84	V	10.19	1.27	29.30	46.0	16.70
437.12	11.42	V	16.34	1.84	29.60	46.0	16.40
562.66	13.48	V	19.10	2.00	34.58	46.0	11.42
86.50	12.13	H	8.23	0.87	21.23	40.0	18.77
668.14	10.33	H	20.46	2.19	32.98	46.0	13.02



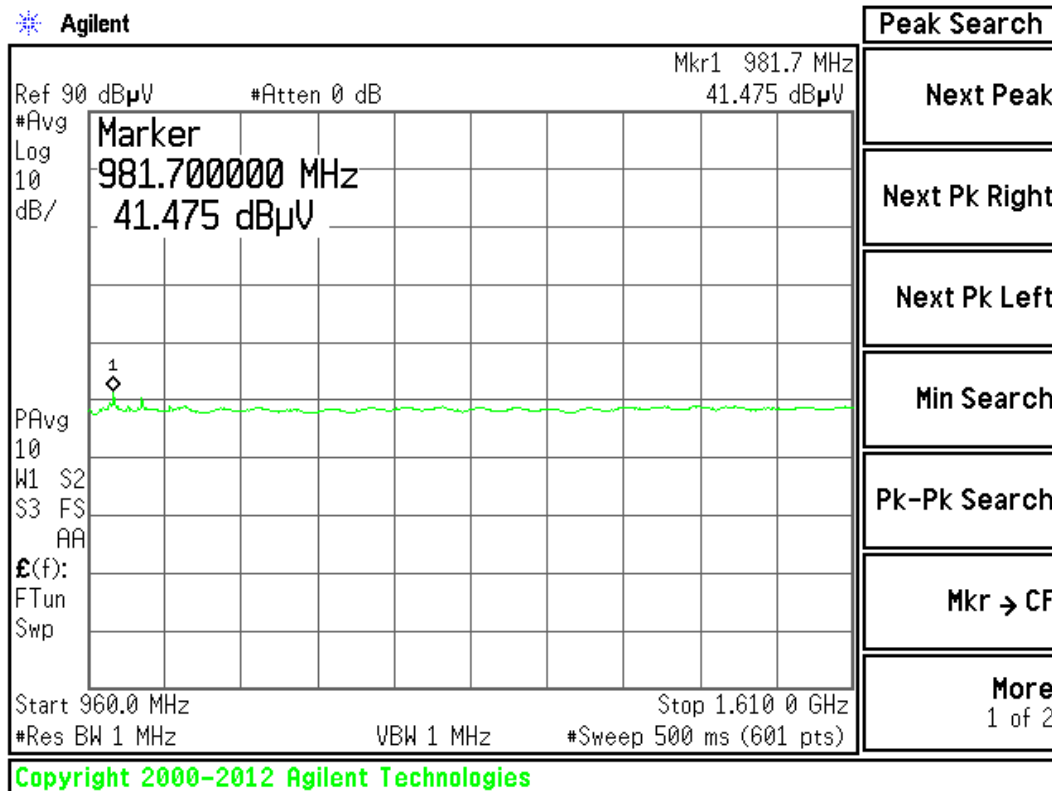
8.4.2 Test Result above 960 MHz

8.4.2.1 Antenna polarity "V" (measure distance 1 meter)

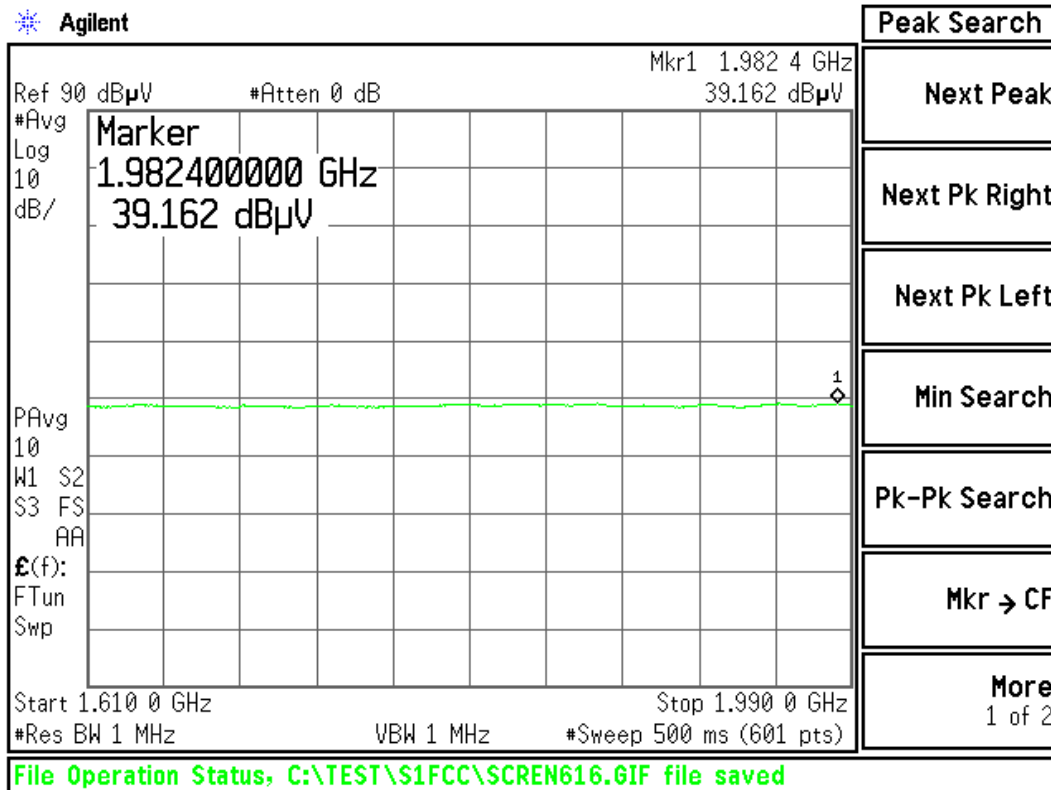
Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dBμV]	Plot #	Cable Loss [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Amp Gain [dB]	Dist. Correct [dB]	F/S dBμV/m @ 3m	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
981.70	41.48	1	2.27	24.58	42.06	-9.54	16.72	19.90	3.18
1982.40	39.16	2	3.21	25.92	42.88	-9.54	15.86	41.90	26.04
2165.75	40.07	3	3.35	26.45	42.97	-9.54	17.36	43.90	26.54
4712.50	40.02	4	4.99	30.96	44.06	-9.54	22.38	53.90	31.52
9012.00	38.64	5	6.82	37.40	39.87	-9.54	33.45	53.90	20.45
14090.00	37.52	6	8.62	40.17	41.77	-9.54	35.00	43.90	8.90
26483.00	37.53	7	12.19	38.82	44.16	-9.54	34.83	43.90	9.07
35707.00	39.26	8	14.57	41.12	44.52	-9.54	40.88	43.90	3.02

* F/S(Field Strength) = Measuring Value + CL + AF -G amp + Dcf

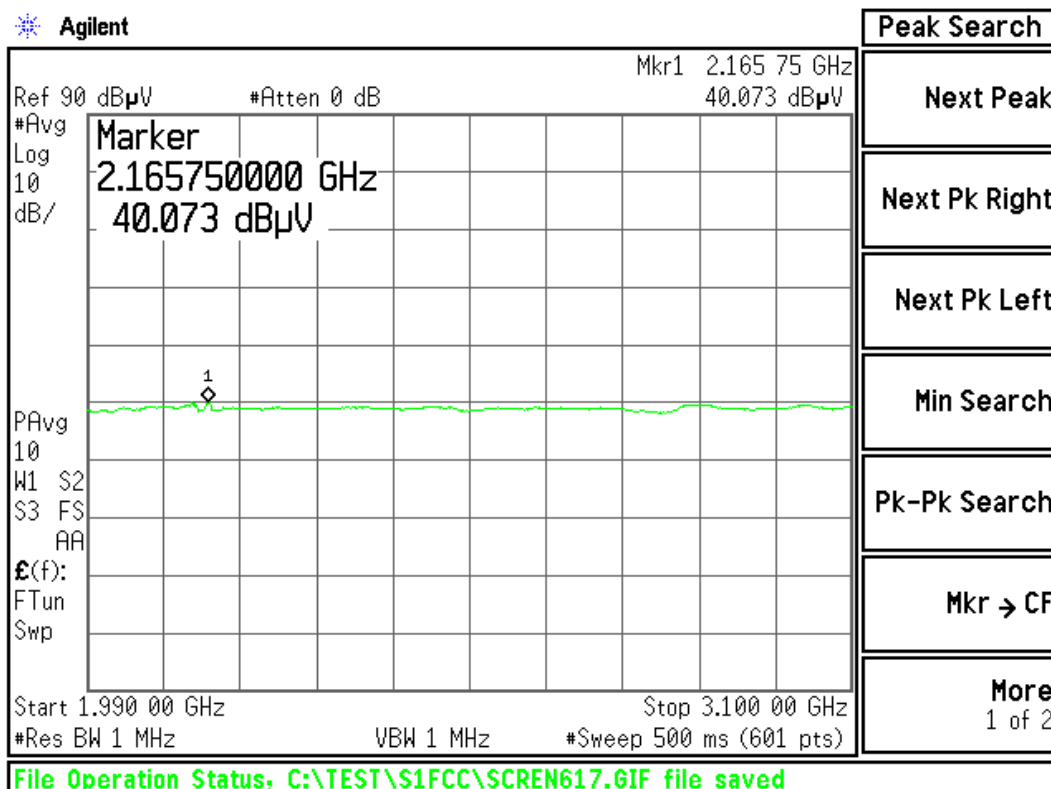
Plot #1



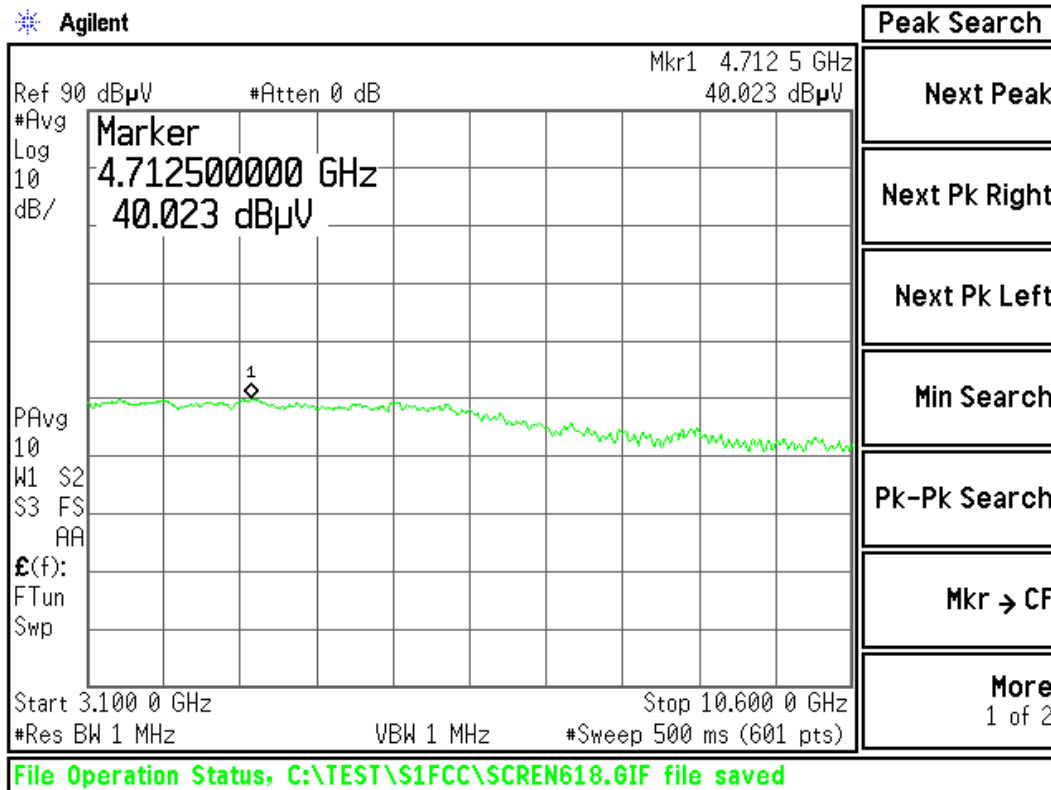
Plot #2



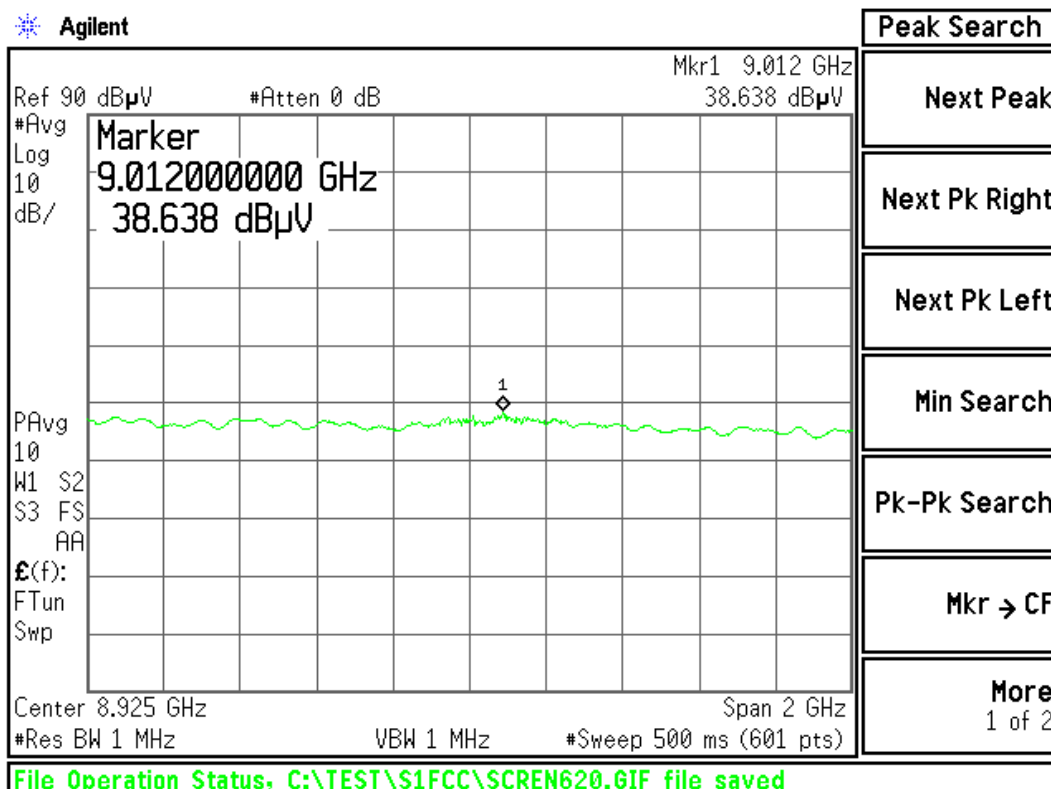
Plot #3



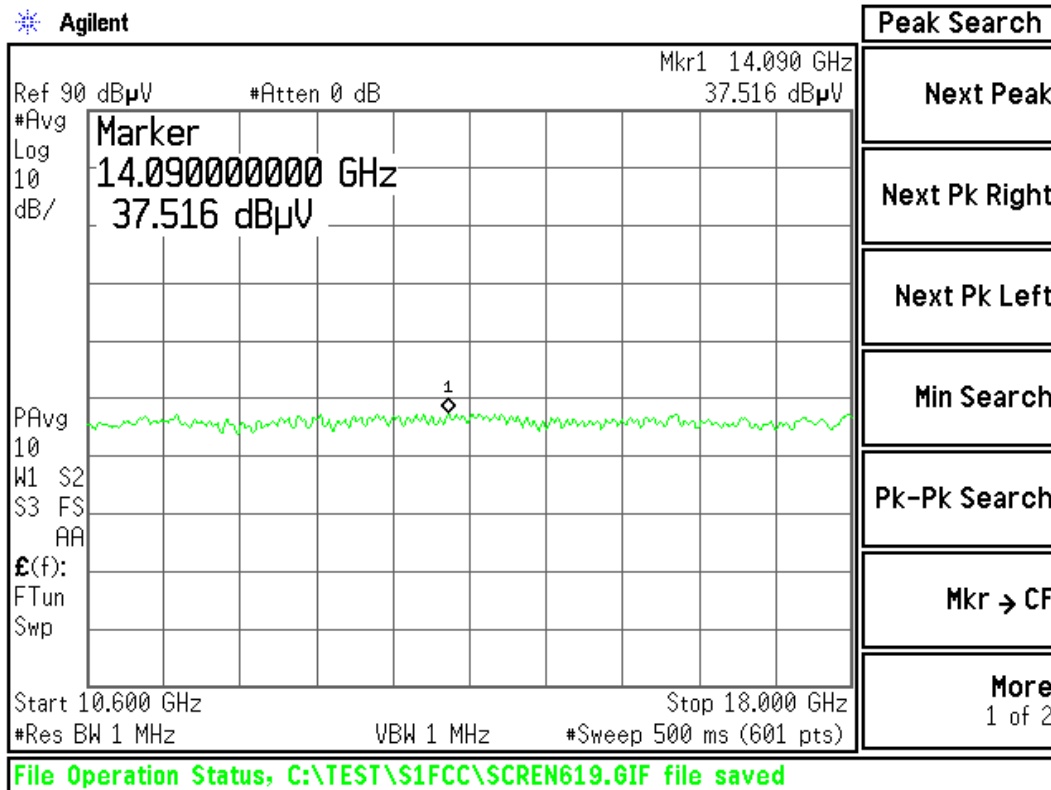
Plot #4



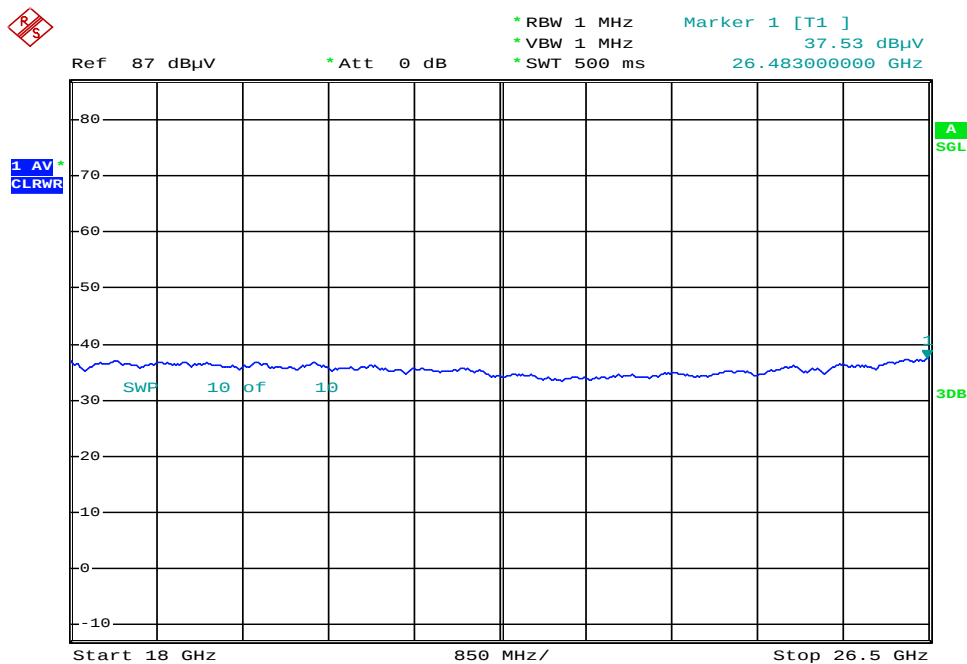
Plot #5



Plot #6

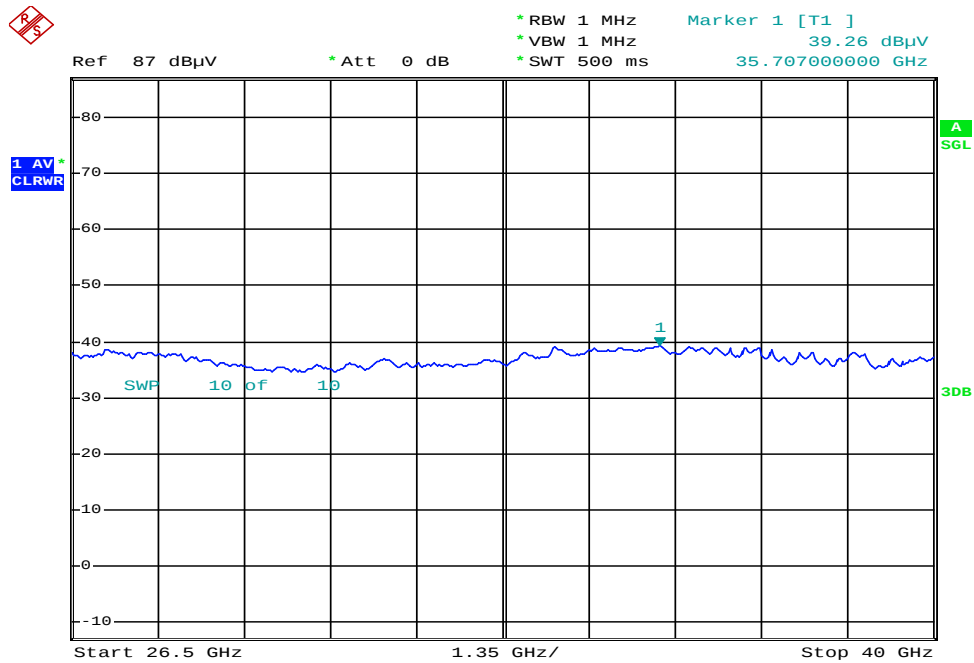


Plot #7



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Plot #8



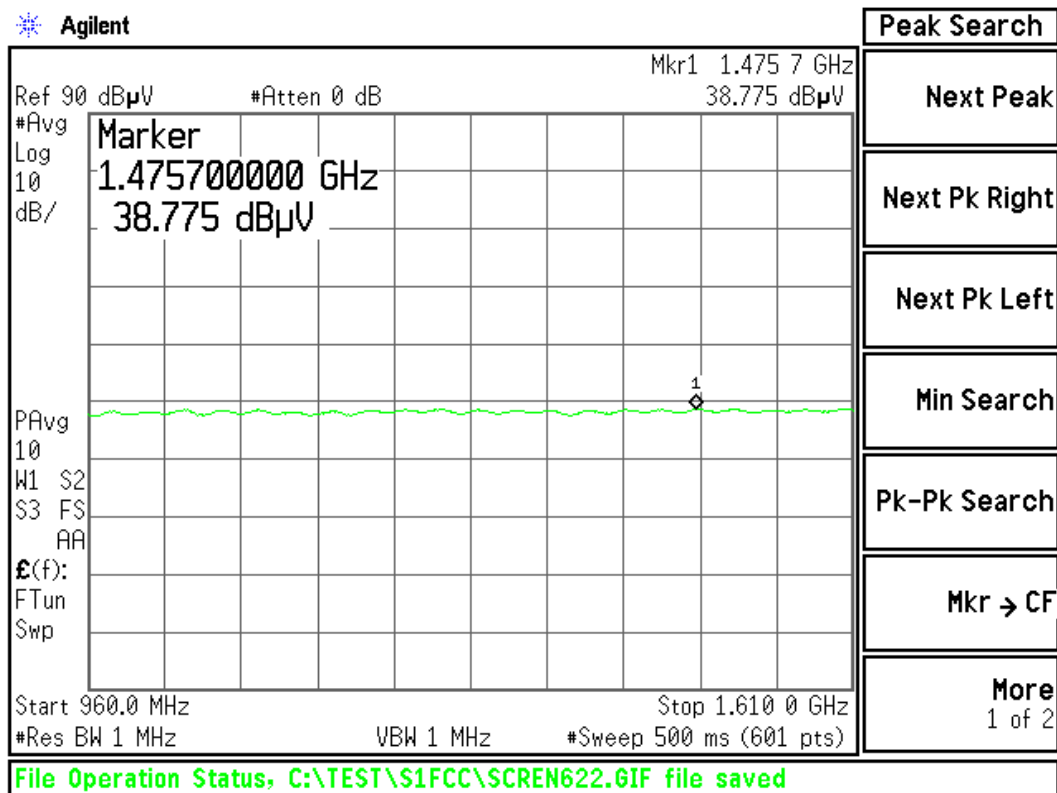
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8.4.2.2 Antenna polarity "H" (measure distance 1 meter)

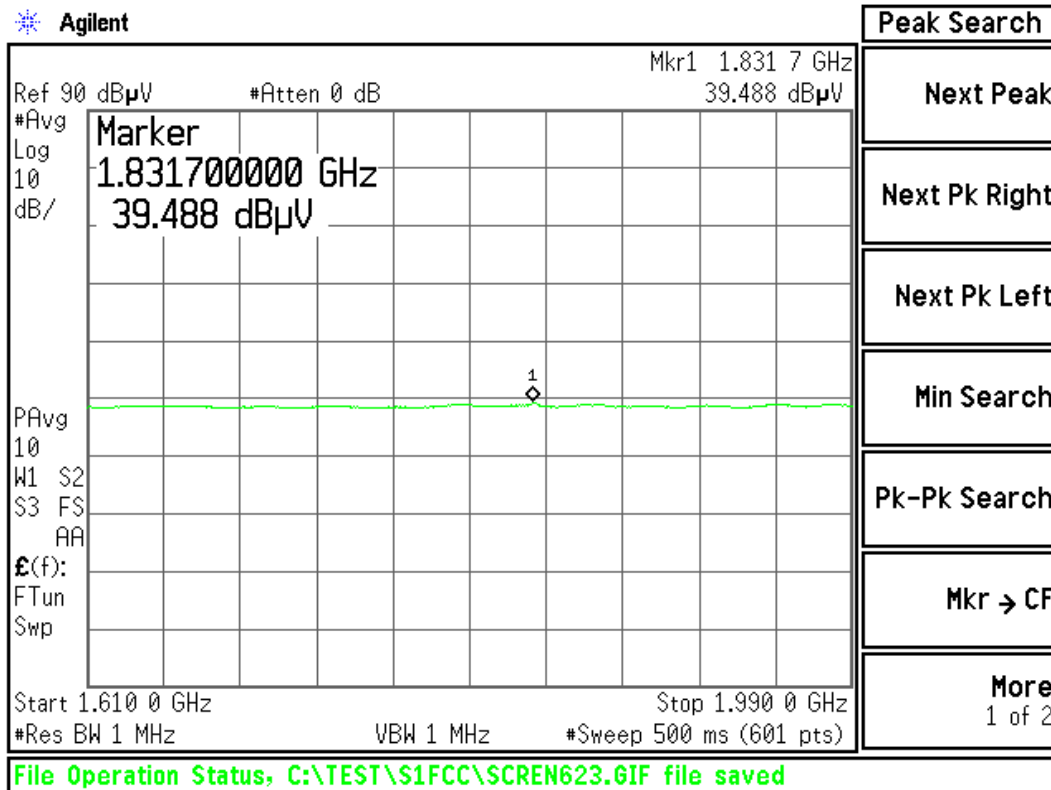
Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dBμV]	Plot #	Cable Loss [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Amp Gain [dB]	Dist. Correct [dB]	F/S dBμV/m @ 3m	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
1475.70	38.78	9	2.77	25.31	42.48	-9.54	14.84	19.90	5.06
1831.70	39.49	10	3.07	25.74	42.78	-9.54	15.98	41.90	25.92
2167.60	39.84	11	3.35	26.45	42.97	-9.54	17.13	43.90	26.77
4712.50	39.98	12	4.99	30.96	44.06	-9.54	22.34	53.90	31.56
9022.00	38.61	13	6.82	37.41	39.86	-9.54	33.44	53.90	20.46
14090.00	37.42	14	8.62	40.17	41.77	-9.54	34.90	43.90	9.00
26483.00	37.24	15	12.19	38.82	44.16	-9.54	34.54	43.90	9.36
35707.00	39.11	16	14.57	41.12	44.52	-9.54	40.73	43.90	3.17

* F/S(Field Strength) = Measuring Value + CL + AF -G amp + Def

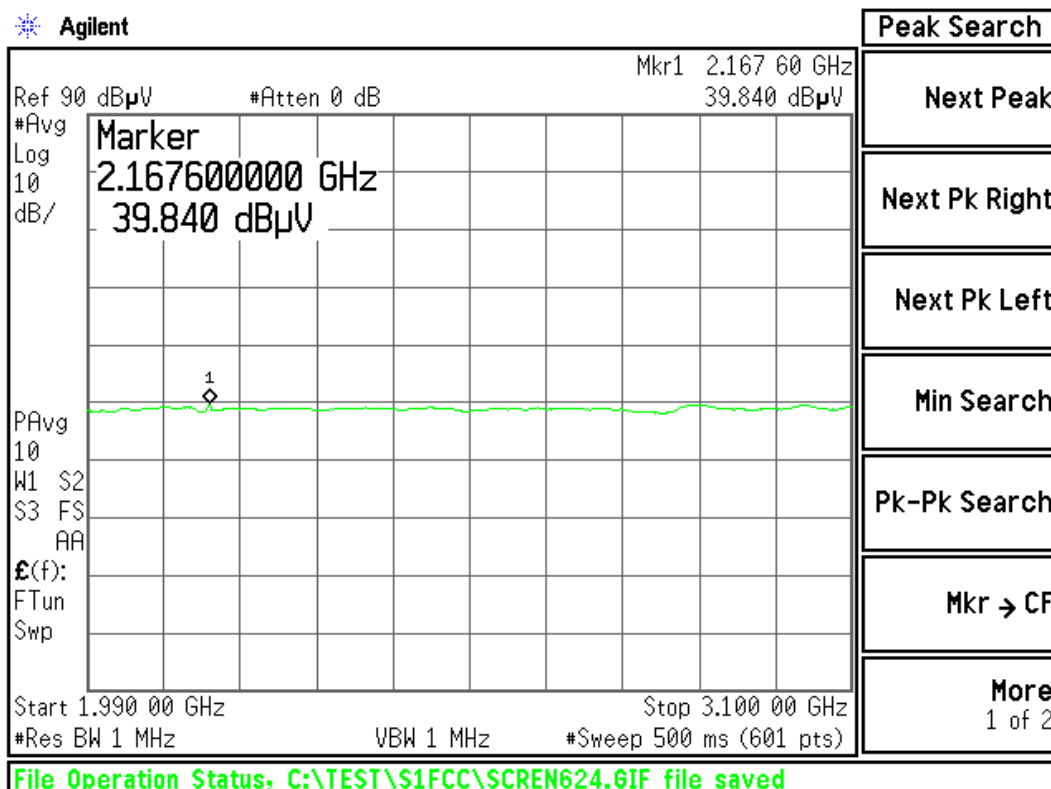
Plot #9



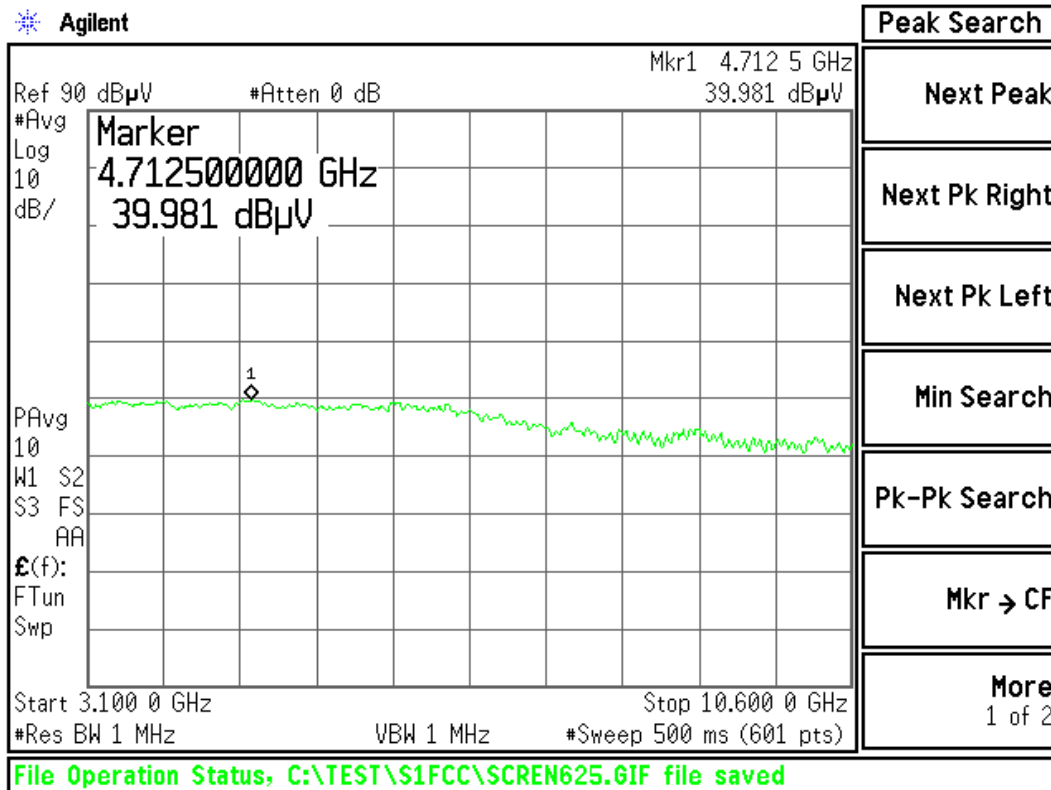
Plot #10



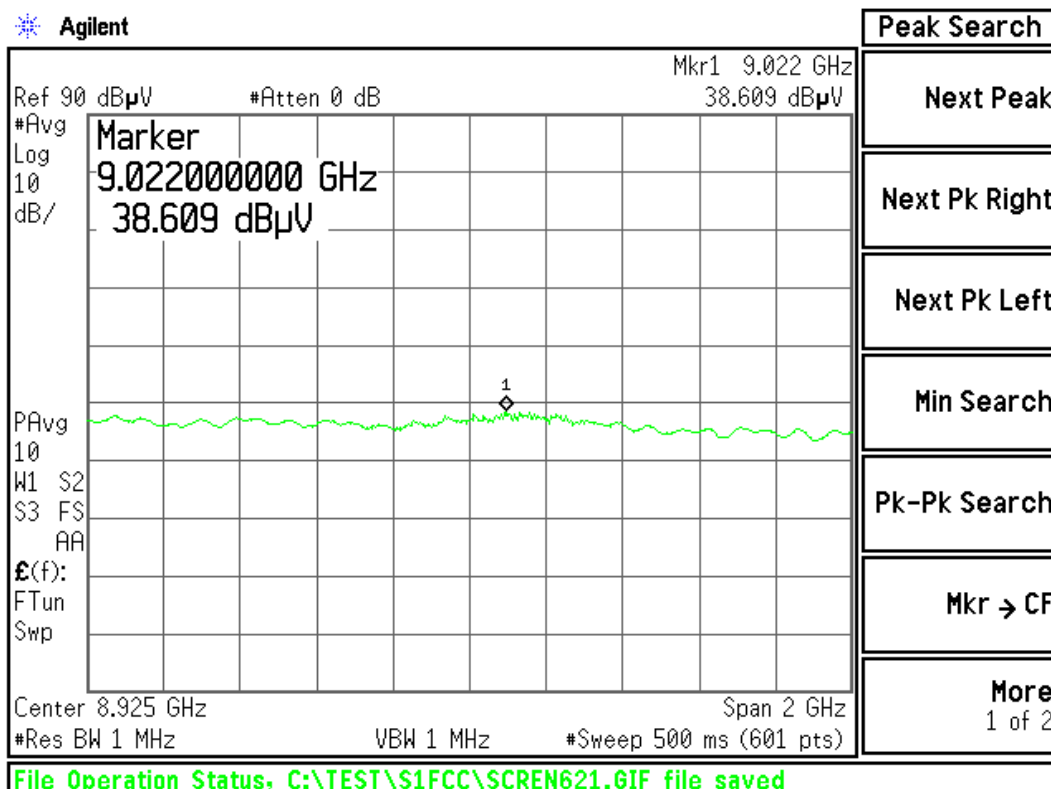
Plot #11



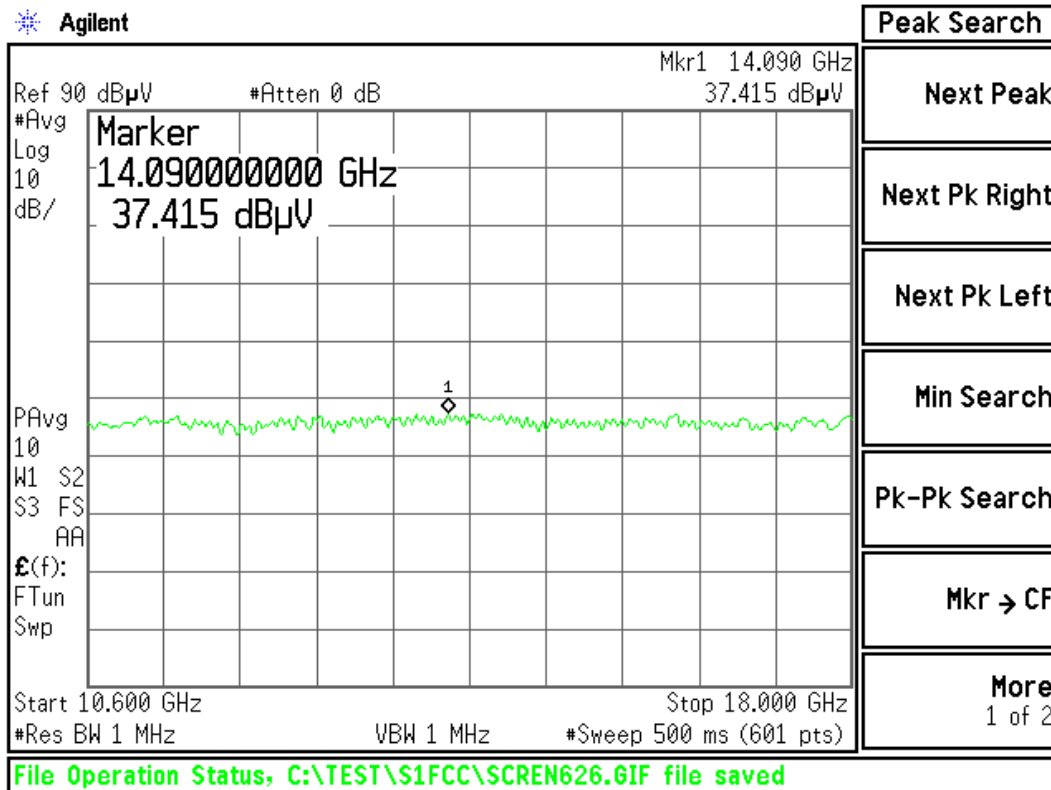
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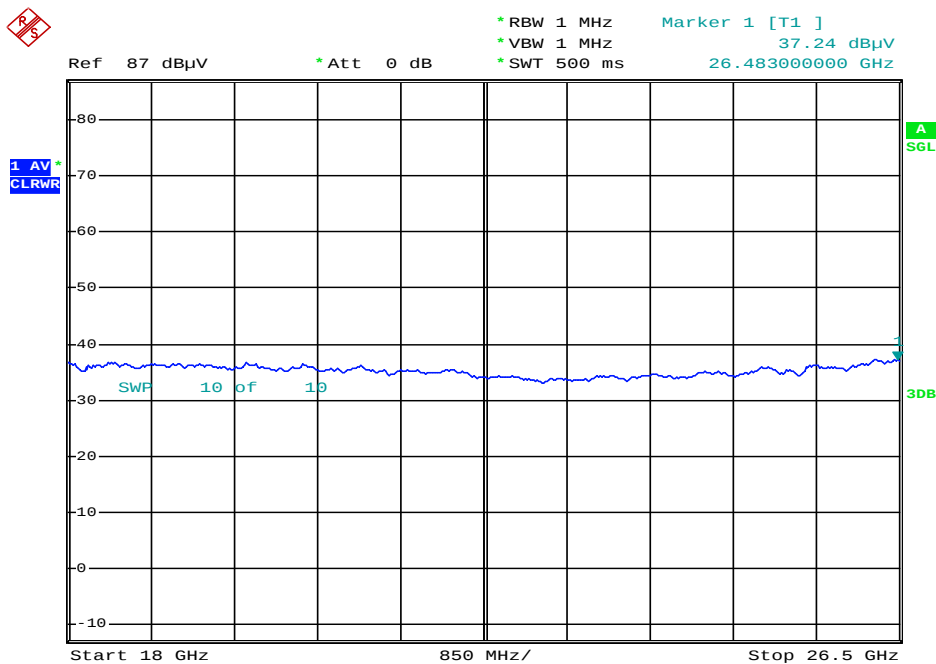
Plot #13



Plot #14

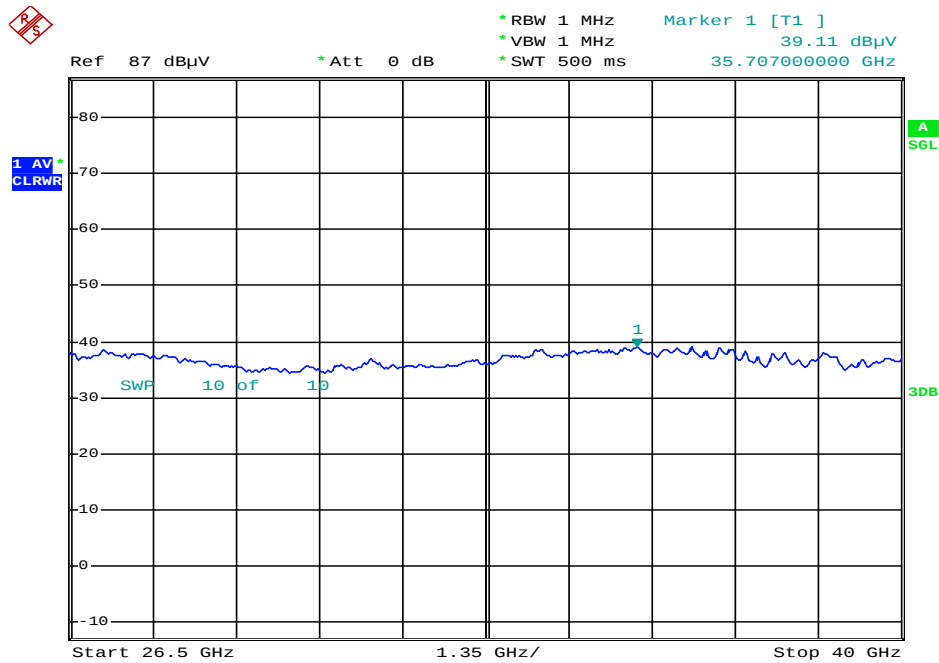


Plot #15



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Plot #16



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9. Radiated Emissions in GPS Bands

9.1 Definition

Radiated emissions measurements were performed on the EUT to determine compliance to FCC 15.517(d).

9.2 Test Procedure

It measurement refer to 8.2 Test Procedure

The measurements made over the frequency range from 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and from 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz were maximized using a spectrum analyzer with RMS detector capabilities.

9.3 Test Criteria

In addition to the radiated emission limits specified in the table in paragraph (c) of this section, UWB transmitters operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of no less than 1 kHz

Frequency in MHz	EIRP	Field strength
1164 ~ 1240	-85.3 dBm @ 3 meters	9.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters
1559 ~ 1610	-85.3 dBm @ 3 meters	9.9 dB μ V/m @ 3 meters

9.4 Test Results

9.4.1 Antenna polarity "V" (measure distance 1 meter)

Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dB μ V]	Plot #	Cable Loss [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Amp Gain [dB]	Dist. Correct [dB]	F/S dB μ V/m @ 3m	Limit dB μ V/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
1187.56	25.40	17	2.46	24.89	42.22	-9.54	0.99	9.90	8.91
1609.66	22.30	18	2.88	25.48	42.60	-9.54	-1.48	9.90	11.38

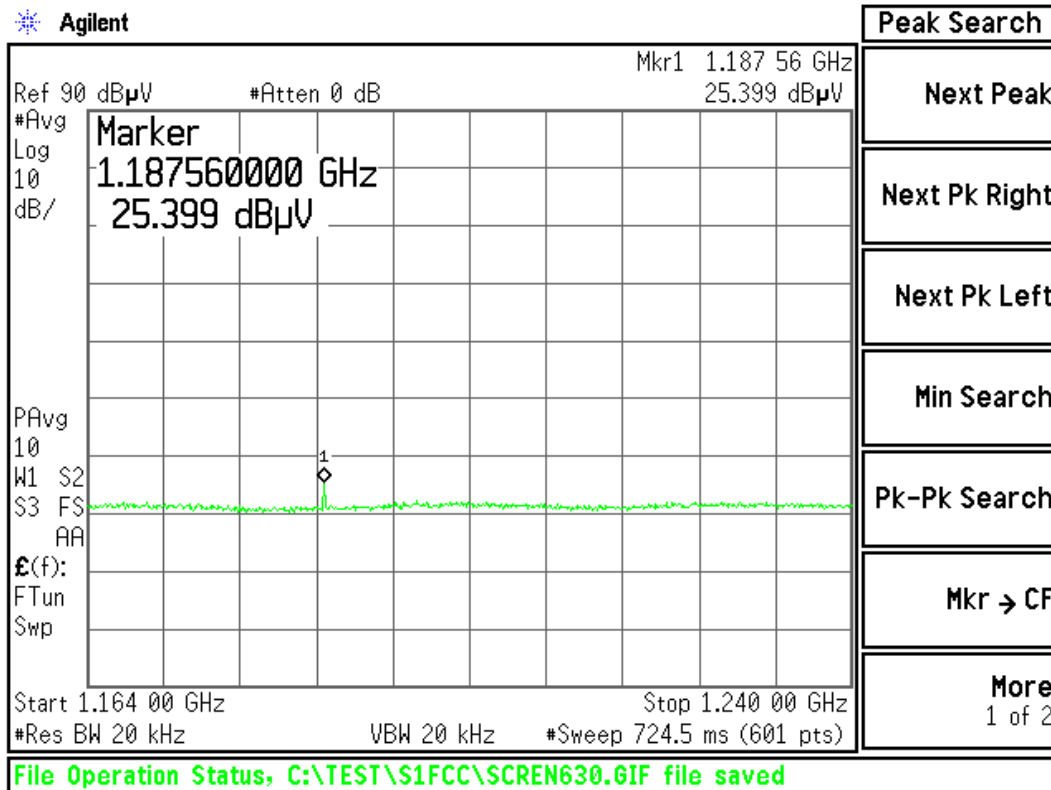
* F/S(Field Strength) = Measuring Value + CL + AF -G amp + Dcf

9.4.2 Antenna polarity "H" (measure distance 1 meter)

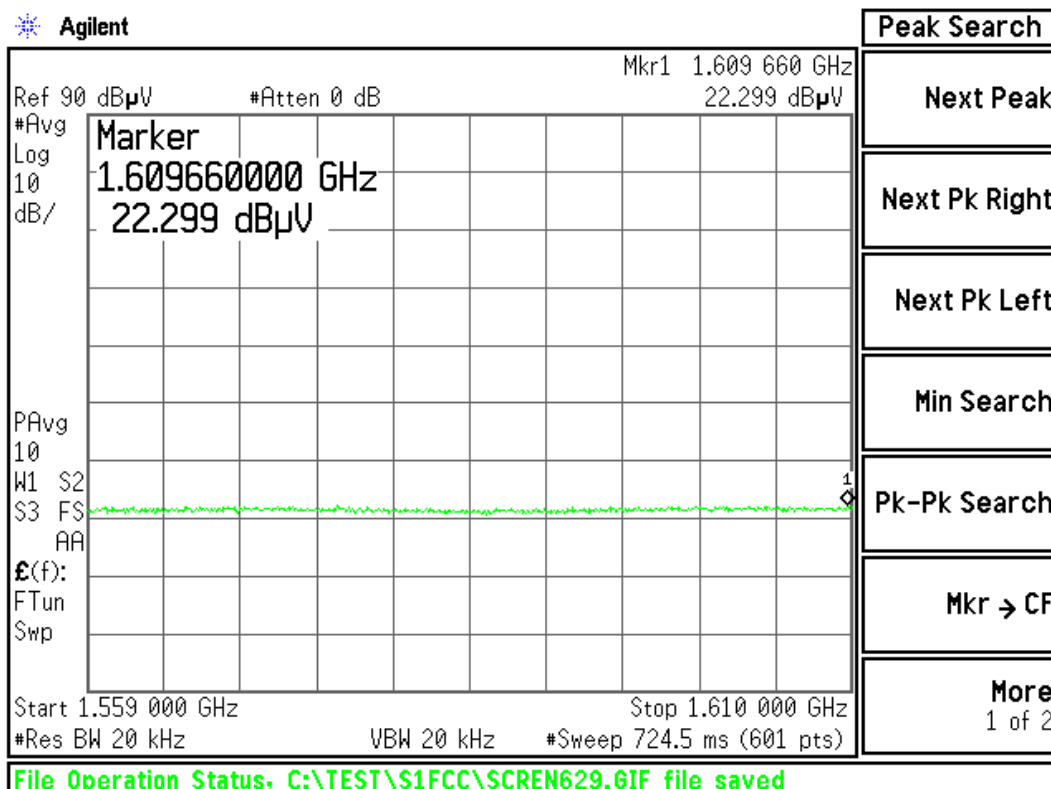
Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dB μ V]	Plot #	Cable Loss [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Amp Gain [dB]	Dist. Correct [dB]	F/S dB μ V/m @ 3m	Limit dB μ V/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
1231.26	22.31	19	2.51	24.95	42.26	-9.54	-2.02	9.90	11.92
1609.49	22.38	20	2.88	25.48	42.60	-9.54	-1.40	9.90	11.30

* F/S(Field Strength) = Measuring Value + CL + AF -G amp + Dcf

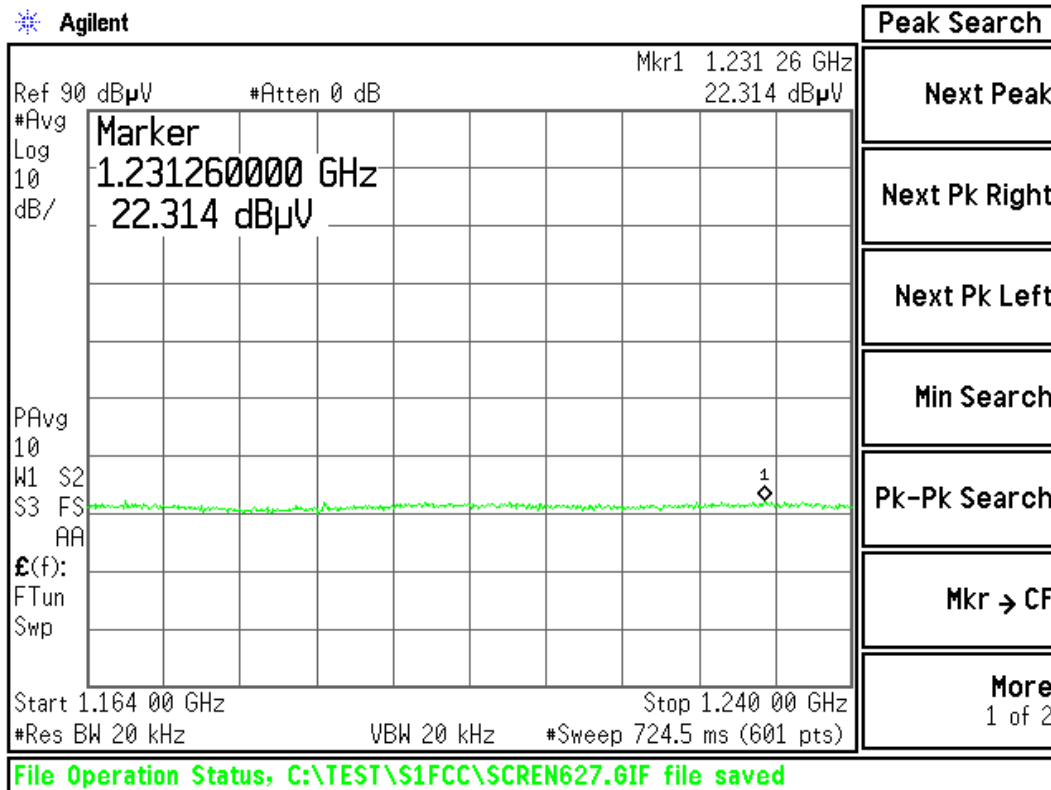
Plot #17



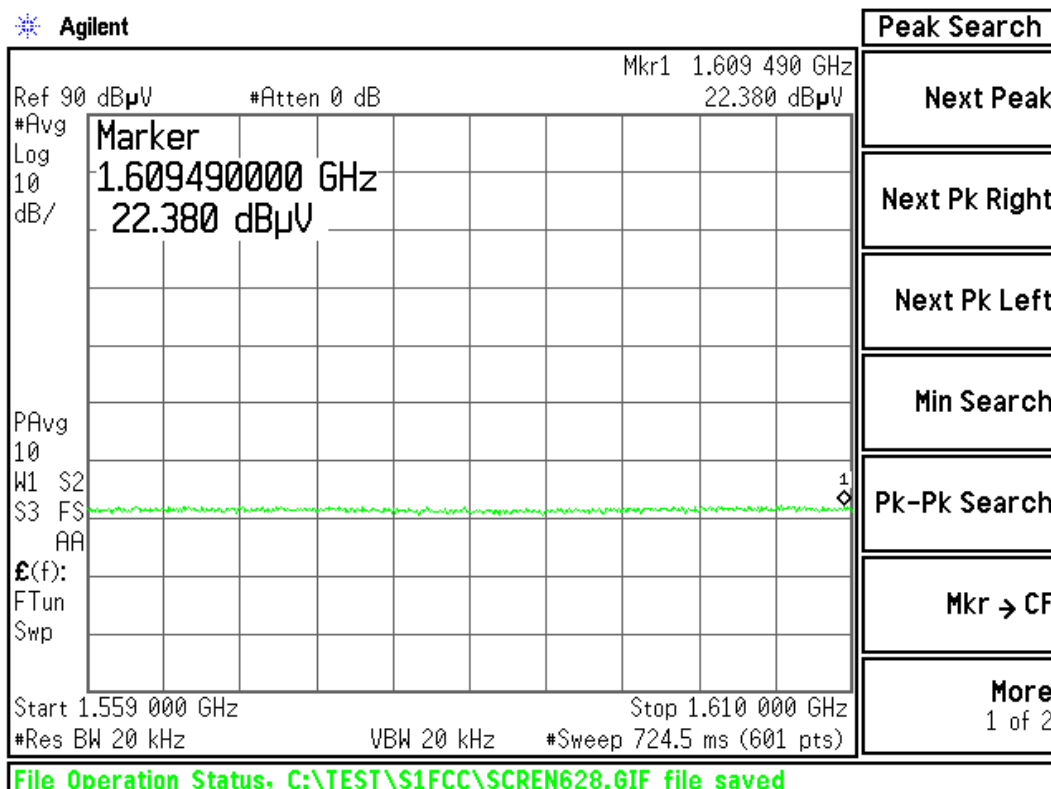
Plot #18



Plot #19



Plot #20



10. Peak Emissions within a 50 MHz Bandwidth

10.1 Definition

The EUT was evaluated to determine compliance with FCC 15.517(e) following the procedures described in FCC Section 15.521

10.2 Test Procedure

It measurement refer to 8.2 Test Procedure

The measurements made over the intentionally radiating frequency range of the EUT, from 3100 MHz to 10600 MHz, were maximized using a spectrum analyzer with peak detector capabilities.

A spectrum analyzer was used for the final measurement utilizing a peak detector at the frequency with the largest amplitude. The spectrum analyzer did not support the prescribed resolution bandwidth of 50 MHz. However, when a peak measurement is required, it is acceptable to use a resolution bandwidth other than the 50 MHz specified in 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart F.

The resolution bandwidth for the measurement was set to 3 MHz. The measurement was centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurred, fM. The video bandwidth was 3 MHz. Since a resolution bandwidth other than 50 MHz was used, the peak EIRP limit has to be adjusted by the resolution bandwidth ratio of $20 \log (RBW/50)$ dB, where RBW is the resolution bandwidth used for the measurement expressed in MHz

Pursuant to Pt 15.521(g), the peak EIRP limit = $20 \log (3 \text{ MHz}/50) = -24.4 \text{ dBm}$.

The equivalent filed strength at 3 meters = $(-24.4) + 95.2 = 70.8 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

10.3 Test Criteria

There is a limit on the peak level of the emissions contained within a 50 MHz bandwidth centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs, fM. That limit is 0 dBm EIRP. The EUT was evaluated to determine compliance with FCC 15.517(e) following the procedures described in FCC Section 15.521

10.4 Test Results

10.4.1 Antenna polarity "H" (measure distance 1 meter)

Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dBμV]	Plot #	Cable Loss [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Amp Gain [dB]	Dist. Correct [dB]	F/S dBμV/m @ 3m	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
8982.00	72.29	21	6.81	37.34	39.89	-9.54	67.02	70.80	3.78

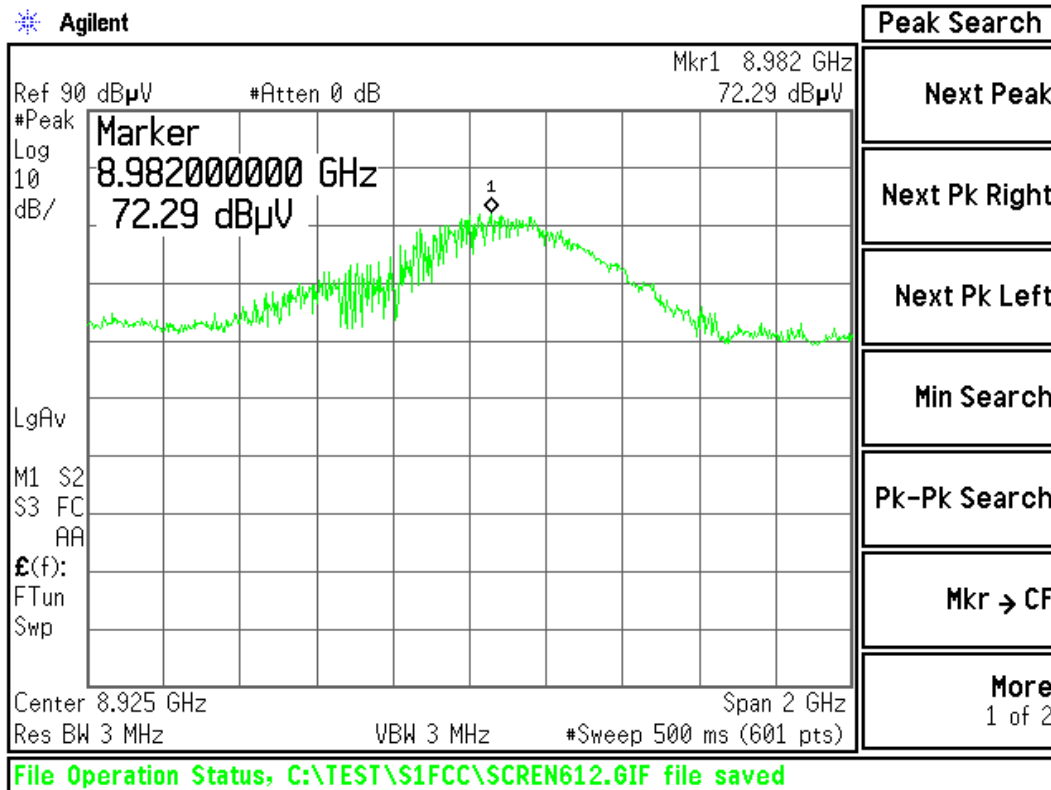
* F/S(Field Strength) = Measuring Value + CL + AF -G amp + Dcf

10.4.2 Antenna polarity "V" (measure distance 1 meter)

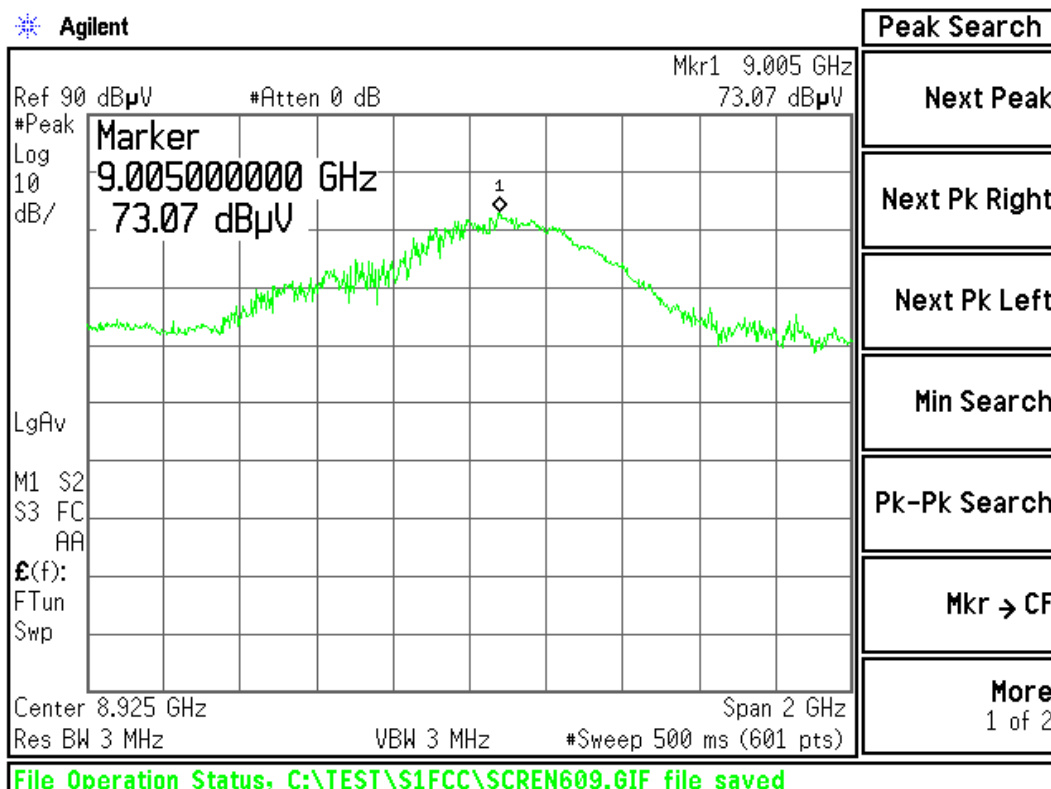
Emission Frequency [MHz]	Measure Value [dBμV]	Plot #	Cable Loss [dB]	Antenna Factor [dB/m]	Amp Gain [dB]	Dist. Correct [dB]	F/S dBμV/m @ 3m	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m	Margin [dB]
9005.00	73.07	22	6.82	37.39	39.87	-9.54	67.86	70.80	2.94

* F/S(Field Strength) = Measuring Value + CL + AF -G amp + Dcf

Plot #21



Plot #22



11. Power Line Conducted

11.1 Definition

The EUT was evaluated to determine compliance with FCC section 15.207

11.2 Test Criteria

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges

Frequency in emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 ~ 5.0	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

11.3 Test Results

Not applicable because the EUT is DC operated exclusively. Also not use AC adapter.