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TEST REPORT

IEEE 1528

Report Reference No.....: TRE1311003807 R/C: 19534

FCC ID.....:: Q34-S100

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Nov 22, 2013 Date of issue.....

Representative Laboratory Name .: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China Address.....

Applicant's name.....: Star Computer Group.

Address..... 2175 NW 115th Avenue, Miami, FL 33172, USA.

Test specification:

ANSI C95.1-1999

Standard: 47CFR § 2.1093

KDB 447498

TRF Originator...... Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection CO., Ltd

Master TRF...... Dated 2006-06

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Test item description: Mobile phone

Trade Mark: **ARGOM**

Manufacturer: Star Computer Group.

Model/Type reference..... S100

Listed Models /

Operation Frequency..... GSM850/PCS1900/WCDMA850/WCDMA1900/WLAN2450

GSM(GMSK), WLAN(CCK, OFDM), Bluetooth (GFSK, 8DPSK,

Modulation Type π /4DQPSK

Ratings...... DC 3.70V

Result..... PASS

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TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	TRE1311003807	Nov 22, 2013
rest Report No	11XL 1311003007	Date of issue

Equipment under Test : Mobile phone

Model /Type : S100

Listed Models : /

Applicant : Star Computer Group.

Address : 2175 NW 115th Avenue, Miami, FL 33172, USA.

Manufacturer : Star Computer Group

Address : 2175 NORTHWEST 115TH AVE. DORAL FL 33172, USA

Test Result	PASS
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

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1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2003:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01:</u> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

KDB648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

<u>KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01:</u> SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

<u>KDB941225 D03 Test Reduction GSM_GPRS_EDGE V01</u>: Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGE

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2. SUMMARY

2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Nov 11, 2013
Testing commenced on	:	Nov 18, 2013
Testing concluded on	:	Nov 20, 2013

2.2. Product Description

The **Star Computer Group**'s Model:S100 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Mobile Phone
Model Number	S100
FCC ID	Q34-S100
Modilation Type	QPSK for WCDMA,GMSK for GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
Antenna Type	Internal
Hardware version	S100_V003
Software version	3.4.5
Android version	4.2.2
GSM/EDGE/GPRS	Supported GSM/GPRS/EDGE
WCDMA Operation Frequency Band	FDD Band II, FDD Band V
Supported Hotspot	Yes,when hot spots opened,WCDMA band II/V power
- Supported Hotspot	will not reduced
HSDPA Release Version	Release 8
HSUPA Release Version	Release 6
WCDMA Release Version	R99
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +60°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.40VDC to 4.20VDC (nominal: 3.70VDC)
GSM/GPRS Operation Frequency Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GSM Release Version	R99
GPRS operation mode	Class B
GPRS Multislot Class	12
EGPRS Multislot Class	12

2.3. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for S100 are follows:

Exposure Configuration	Technolohy Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM850	0.611	
Hood	PCS1900	0.396	
	Head WCDMA Band V WCDMA Band II		PCE
(Separation Distance offin)			
	WLAN2450	0.305	
	GSM850	0.768	
Pody worn	PCS1900	0.334	
(Separation Distance 10mm)	Body-worn tion Distance 10mm) WCDMA Band V WCDMA Band II		PCE
	WLAN2450	0.656	

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue accordintg to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this devices has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that conrtains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10mm

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between this devices and the body of the user. User of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain iniform power output.

GSM/WCDMA & WLAN Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WLAN Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.596	0.396	0.256	0.270	0.271	0.867	0.867<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.611	0.356	0.252	0.254	0.305	0.916	0.916<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.535	0.314	0.238	0.209	0.275	0.810	0.810<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.499	0.290	0.265	0.225	0.254	0.753	0.753<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.524	0.323	0.248	0.326	0.545	1.069	1.069<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.768	0.334	0.423	0.413	0.656	1.424	1.424<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.216	0.168	0.117	0.127	0.402	0.618	0.618<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.283	0.206	0.127	0.154	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.225	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.299	0.277	0.169	0.169	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

GSM/WCDMA & BT Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.596	0.396	0.256	0.270	0.234	0.830	0.830<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.611	0.356	0.252	0.254	0.234	0.845	0.845<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.535	0.314	0.238	0.209	0.234	0.769	0.769<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.499	0.290	0.265	0.225	0.234	0.733	0.733<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.524	0.323	0.248	0.326	0.117	0.641	0.641<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.768	0.334	0.423	0.413	0.117	0.885	0.885<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.216	0.168	0.117	0.127	0.117	0.333	0.333<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.283	0.206	0.127	0.154	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.117	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.299	0.277	0.169	0.169	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

Accordint to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **0.916W/Kg** for Head and **1.424W/Kg** for Body.

2.4. Equipment under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	120V / 60 Hz	0	115V / 60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
		•	Other (specified in blank bel	ow)

DC 3.70 V

2.5. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

Mobile phone (Model: S100).

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain maximum power output.

2.6. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

^{2.} The value with blue color is the maximum values of ∑SAR_{1g}

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- supplied by the manufacturer
- O supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m):	1
		Shield :	1
		Detachable :	1
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	1
		Model No. :	1

2.7. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description
AE1	Battery
AE2	Charger and USB cable

AE1

Model:S100

Manufacturer: Star Computer Group

Capacitance: 2600mAh Nominal Voltage:3.70V

AE2:

Model: S100

Manufacturer: Star Computer Group Input: 100-240V∼50/60Hz 0.15A Output: OUTPUT: 5.0V DC DC 1.0A Power Cable Length: 96cm

○ Shielded • Unshielded

2.8. Note

1. The EUT is a Mobile Phone WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA/GPRS/GSM,WLAN and Bluetooth function,The functions of the EUT listed as below:

	Test Standards	Reference Report
GSM/GPRS/EGPRS	FCC Part 22/FCC Part 24	TRE1311003801
WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA	FCC Part 22/FCC Part 24	TRE1311003802
WLAN	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	TRE1311003803
Bluetooth v2.1	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	TRE1311003804
Bluetooth 4.0	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	TRE1311003805
USB Port	FCC Part 15 B	TRE1311003806
SAR	FCC Part 2 §2.1093	TRE1311003807

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

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3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26715686 Fax: 86-755-26748089

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2009) and CISPR Publication 22.

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: Mar. 29, 2012. Valid time is until Feb. 28, 2015.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 2243.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until Sept. 30, 2015.

FCC-Registration No.: 662850

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 662850, Renewal date June. 01, 2012, valid time is until June. 01, 2015.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Jan. 25, 2011, valid time is until Jan. 24, 2014.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber $(12.2m\times7.95m\times6.7m)$ and Shielded Room $(8m\times4m\times3m)$ of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-292. Date of Registration: Dec. 24, 2010. Valid time is until Dec. 23, 2013.

Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: C-2726. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: T-1837. Date of Registration: May 07, 2013. Valid time is until May 06, 2016.

DNV

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been found to comply with the requirements of DNV towards subcontractor of EMC and safety testing services in conjunction with the EMC and Low voltage Directives and in the voluntary field. The acceptance is based on a formal quality Audit and follow-ups according to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Guide 17025 (2005), in accordance with the requirements of the DNV Laboratory Quality Manual towards subcontractors. Valid time is until Aug. 24, 2016.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calib	ration
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2013/02/27	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2013/02/24	1
System Validation Dipole 835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2013/02/27	1
System Validation Dipole 1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2013/02/28	1
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2013/02/29	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2013/03.25	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2013/10/26	1
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	1
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2013/03/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2013/03/26	1
Signal generator	IFR	2032	203002/100	2013/10/26	1
Amplifier	AR	75A250	302205	2013/10/26	1

4. SAR Measurements System configuration

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

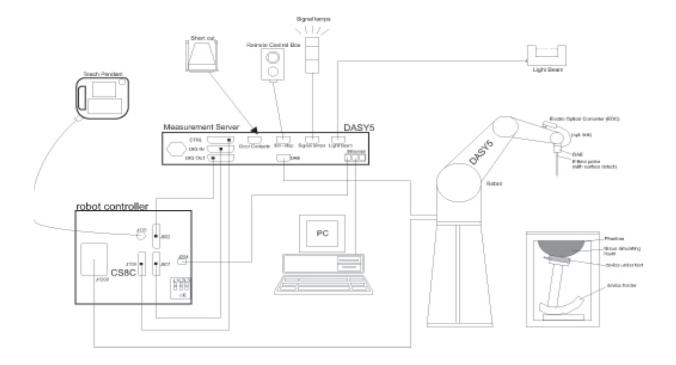
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

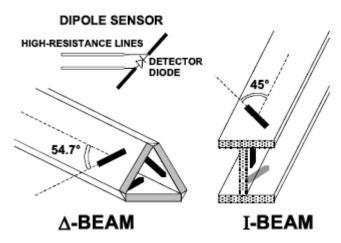
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
 Conversion factor 	ConvFi
 Diode compression point 	Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$
 With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
$$[mV/(V/m)2] \text{ for E-field Probes}$$

$$ConvF = \text{sensitivity enhancement in solution}$$

$$aij = \text{sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes}$$

$$f = \text{carrier frequency [GHz]}$$

$$Ei = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m}$$

$$Hi = \text{magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m}$$

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units. $SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$ with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g Etot = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Table 3:Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

	Head Tissue Equivalent Matter
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.12
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.50 σ=0.9
MINITURE OF	EDEOLIENOV/D :) (TEOMIL
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz
Water	55.24
Glycol	44.45
Salt	0.31
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1750MHz ε=40.10 σ=1.37
AUXTUBEO/	TEREOUENOV/R + > 4000MH
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.00 σ=1.40
MINTURE	TEDEOLIENOV/D : \ 04501//
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	62.70
Glycol	36.80
Salt	0.50
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=39.20 σ=1.80
Table 4.Commonition of the	5 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Body Tissue Equivalent Matter
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50
MIXTURE% Water Sugar	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz 73.20
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz 73.20 26.70
MIXTURE% Water Sugar Salt Preventol Cellulose Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz 52.50 45 1.40 0.10 1.00 f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz 69.61 29.97 0.12 f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49 FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz 73.20

4.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid

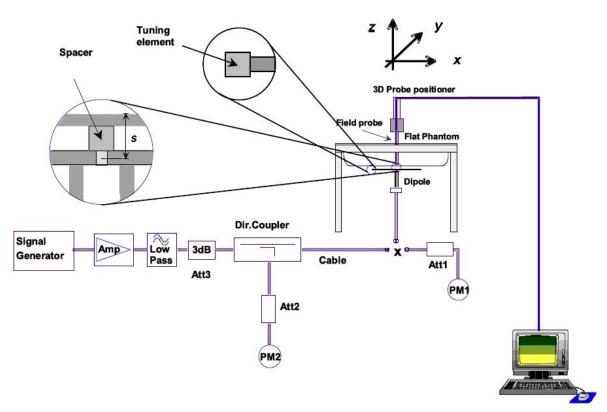
Frequency	Description	Dielectric p	aramenters
Trequency	Description	ε _r	O,
0051411 (11 1)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	41.5 (39.4~43.6)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)
835MHz(Head)	Measurement Value 2013-11-18	41.86	0.89
925MHz/Pody)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	56.1 (53.30~58.91)	0.97 (0.90~1.00)
835MHz(Body)	Measurement Value 2013-11-18	54.50	0.96
40000411=/11==-4)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	40.0 (38.0~42.0)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)
1900MHz(Head)	Measurement Value 2013-11-19	39.75	1.45
1000MHz/Rody)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	54.00 (51.30~56.70)	1.45 (1.38~1.52)
1900MHz(Body)	Measurement Value 2013-11-19	55.21	1.47
24500MHz(Head)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	39.2 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)
24300Wii i2(i ieau)	Measurement Value 2013-11-20	39.24	1.82
24500MHz(Body)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	52.7 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)
24300Wii IZ(B0dy)	Measurement Value 2013-11-20	54.27	1.96

4.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system $(\pm 10 \%)$.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

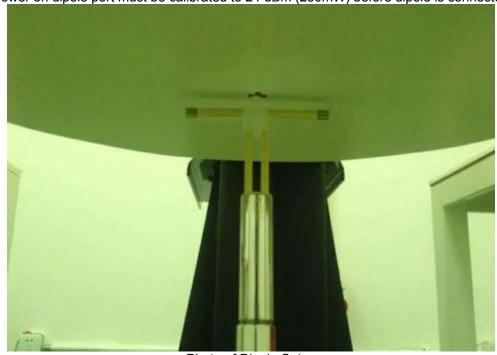


Photo of Dipole Setup

System Validation of Head

System validation of flead								
Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.								
Measurement Date: 835MHz Nov 18 th , 2013;								
Freque	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)			Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
Verification results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
	835	1.52	2.33	1.57	2.40	3.29%	3.01%	

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.								
Measurement Date: 1900MHz Nov 19 th , 2013;								
Frequency	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		
Verification results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
	1900	5.24	9.94	5.05	9.62	-3.63%	-3.22%	

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.									
Measurement Date: 2450MHz Nov 20 th , 2013;									
Varification	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation			
Verification results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	2450	6.36	13.70	6.25	13.04	-1.73%	-4.82%		

System Validation of Body

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.									
Measurement Date: 835MHz Nov 18 th , 2013;									
Varification	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)			Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		
Verification results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	835	1.60	2.44	1.58	2.38	-1.25%	-2.46%		

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.									
Measurement Date: 1900MHz Nov 19 th , 2013;									
Variety Frequency		Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation			
Verification results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	1900	5.32	10.20	5.38	10.10	1.13%	-0.98%		

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.									
Measurement Date: 1900MHz Nov 20 th , 2013;									
Verification	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation			
results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	2450	5.98	12.80	5.64	12.53	-5.69%	-2.11%		

4.10. SAR measurement procedure

4.10.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

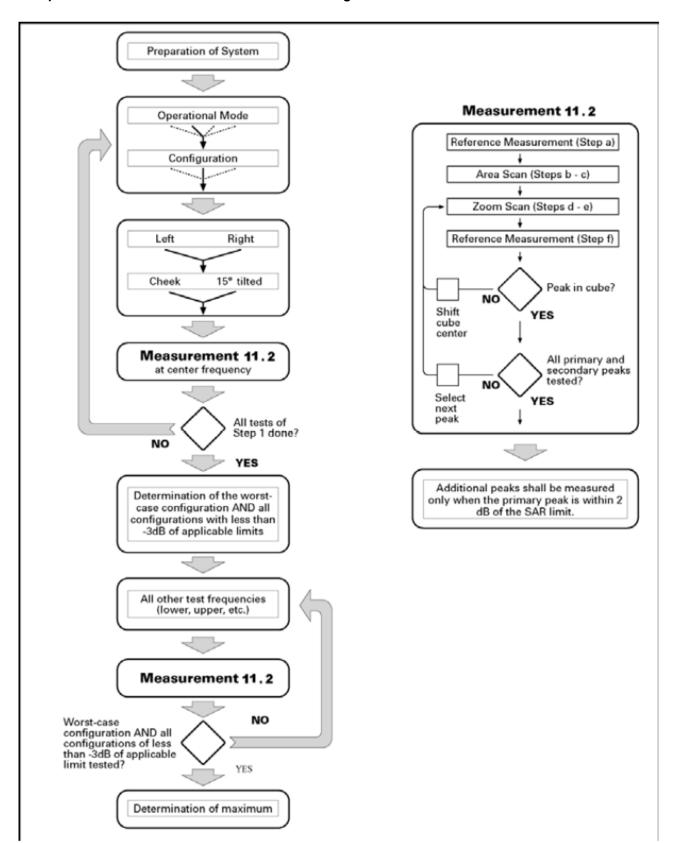
Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a). all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom;
- b). all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c). all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 10.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

4.10.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements,

according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro		-	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of to measurement plane orientation, measurement resolution must be dimension of the test device with point on the test device.	, is smaller than the above, the e ≤ the corresponding x or y	
Maximum zoom scan sp	atial resolu	tion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 3 - 4 GHz: \leq 5 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm 4 - 6 GHz: \leq 4 mm		
	uniform g	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: 5 is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

4.10.3 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK. According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

The direction position reduction in the management gardiner.							
Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output						
	power (dB)						
1	0						
2	0 to 3.0						
3	1.8 to 4.8						
4	3.0 to 6.0						

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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4.10.4 UMTS Test Configuration

4.10.4.1 Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channel according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34. 121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all up bits for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to the maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configuration (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configuration that are not supported by the DUT or can not be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified

4.10.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2kbps AMR is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB(Signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2kbps RMC for that RF channel.

4.10.4.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn for a DUT using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

4.10.4.4 HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body SAR Measurements' procedures of that section. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	βс	β _d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$_{\text{hs}}^{\beta}$ (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	2/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	2/15	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	2/15	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI= 8, A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_{c} =30/15, β_{hs} =30/15* β_{c}

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK= 8(A_{hs}=30/15) with β hs=24/15* β c,and \triangle CQI= 7(Ahs=24/15) with β hs=24/15* β c.

Note3: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4:For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

Settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload (N _{INF})	Bits	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate	1	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation	/	QPSK

4.10.4.5 HSUPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E- DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the $\frac{1}{9}$ values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures

Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of 3 G device.

Sub - set	βс	β _d	β _d (SF)	β _c / β _d	β _{hs} ⁽¹⁾	β _{ec}	eta ed	β _{ed} (SF)	$\begin{array}{c} \beta_{\text{ ed}} \\ \text{(codes)} \end{array}$	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	9/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	15/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/15	4	1	2.0	1.0	15	92
							β _{ed2} :47/15						
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = β _{hs}/ β _c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow β _{hs}= 30/15 * β _c.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value

HSUPA UE category

HSUPA DE Calegory									
UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E- DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E- DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E- DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)			
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296			
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4502			
	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592			
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592			
4	2	8	10	2	5772	2.9185			
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00			
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00			
6 (No	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	11484	5.76			
DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	2.00			
7 (No	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	22996	?			
DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	?			

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4. UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

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4.10.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. The Tx power is set to 23 for 802.11 b mode, set to 19 for 802.11 g mode, set to 19 for 802.11 n mode by software, This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the highest power rate.

802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel; SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

4.10.6 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has Almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

4.10.7 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.1 to Table 14.11 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.10.8 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

4.10.8.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

4.10.8.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

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5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

Test Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)							
GSM850	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)					
GSIVIOSU	32.60	32.36	32.65					
	Channel	Channel 661	Channel					
GSM1900	810(1909.8MHz)	(1880MHz)	512(1850.2MHz)					
	30.02	30.42	29.67					

The conducted power measurement results for GPRS/EGPRS

I ne conducted power measurement results for GPRS/EGPRS									
Test Mode	Measured Power (dBm)				Averaged Power (dBm)				
GSM850		Test Channe		Calculation		Test Channel			
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128	(dB)	251	190	128		
1 Txslot	32.61	32.28	32.55	-9.03	23.58	23.25	23.52		
2 Txslot	30.74	30.36	30.59	-6.02	24.72	24.34	24.57		
3 Txslot	28.22	27.89	28.01	-4.26	23.96	23.63	23.75		
4 Txslot	27.63	27.25	27.44	-3.01	24.62	24.24	24.43		
Test Mode	Meas	ured Power ((dBm)		Aver	aged Power (dBm)		
GSM850		Test Channe	l	Calculation		Test Channel			
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128	(dB)	251	190	128		
1 Txslot	32.51	32.25	32.59	-9.03	23.48	23.22	23.56		
2 Txslot	30.58	30.30	30.63	-6.02	24.56	24.28	24.61		
3 Txslot	28.14	27.77	27.98	-4.26	23.88	23.51	23.72		
4 Txslot	27.51	27.21	27.40	-3.01	24.50	24.20	24.39		
Test Mode	Meas	ured Power (dBm)		Averaged Power (dBm)				
GSM1900		Test Channe	l	Calculation		Test Channel			
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512	(dB)	810	661	512		
1 Txslot	29.64	30.40	30.00	-9.03	20.61	21.37	20.97		
2 Txslot	28.53	29.11	28.69	-6.02	22.51	23.09	22.67		
3 Txslot	26.68	27.28	26.71	-4.26	22.42	23.02	22.45		
4 Txslot	25.24	25.87	25.39	-3.01	22.23	22.86	22.38		
Test Mode	Meas	ured Power ((dBm)		Aver	aged Power (dBm)		
GSM1900		Test Channe	<u> </u>	Calculation	Test Channel				
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512	(dB)	810	661	512		
1 Txslot	29.62	30.37	29.97	-9.03	20.59	21.34	20.94		
2 Txslot	28.49	29.07	28.64	-6.02	22.47	23.05	22.62		
3 Txslot	26.63	27.23	26.65	-4.26	22.37	22.97	22.39		
4 Txslot	25.20	25.81	25.33	-3.01	22.19	22.80	22.32		

NOTES:

- 1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB
- 2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB
- 3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
- 4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GPRS850 and GPRS1900.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

¹⁾ Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

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The conducted power measurement results for WCDMA

	band	FDD Band V result (dBm)			FDD Band II result (dBm)			
Item	band		Test Channe		Test Channel			
	ARFCN	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
5.2(WCDMA)	1	23.42	23.98	23.94	23.07	23.56	23.69	
	1	22.66	23.22	23.19	22.31	22.79	22.93	
5.2AA	2	22.59	23.17	23.11	22.24	22.70	22.81	
(HSDPA)	3	22.12	22.72	22.67	21.78	22.26	22.35	
	4	22.03	22.64	22.60	21.69	22.14	22.26	
	1	21.69	22.27	22.95	22.12	22.63	22.69	
5 AB	2	20.13	20.78	21.46	20.69	21.22	21.25	
5.2B (HSUPA)	3	21.06	21.60	22.13	21.66	22.08	22.10	
	4	20.18	20.83	21.52	20.73	21.27	21.29	
	5	21.72	22.29	22.98	22.18	22.67	22.73	

Note: HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSUPA and the maximum SAR for WCDMA850 and WCDMA1900 are not above 75% of the SAR limit.

WLAN

Mode	Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)		Conducted Output Power (dBm)		
		(IVITIZ)	worst case	Peak	Average	
	1	2412	1Mbps	16.38	14.26	
802.11b	6	2437	1Mbps	15.70	13.71	
	11	2462	1Mbps	14.81	13.24	
	1	2412	6Mbps	18.65	12.03	
802.11g	6	2437	6Mbps	17.88	11.85	
	11	2462	6Mbps	17.00	11.34	
	1	2412	6.5 Mbps	18.91	10.98	
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	6.5 Mbps	17.95	10.34	
	11	2462	6.5 Mbps	17.14	10.06	
802.11n(40MHz)	3	2422	13.5 Mbps	16.40	9.77	
	6	2437	13.5 Mbps	15.99	9.40	
	9	2452	13.5 Mbps	15.48	9.16	

Note: SAR is not required for 802.11b/g/n channels if the output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, and for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. According to the above conducted power, the EUT should not be tested for "802.11b/g/n".

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
	00	2402	-0.54
GFSK-BLE	19	2440	-0.36
	38	2480	0.08
	00	2402	6.28
GFSK	41	2441	6.42
	79	2480	7.19
	00	2402	5.26
π/4DQPSK	40	2441	5.54
	79	2480	6.58
8DPSK	00	2402	5.41
	40	2441	5.66
	79	2480	6.64

Manufacturing tolerance

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GSM Speech

o om oproon									
GSM 850									
Channel Channel 251 Channel 190 Channel 190									
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0						
Tolerance ±(dB) 1 1									
	GSM	1 1900							
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512						
Target (dBm)									
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1						

	GPRS/	/EGPRS (GMSK Modu	ulation)	
		GSM 850 GPRS		
CI	hannel	251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
2 1 XSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
2 Tyolot	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
4 Tyolot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	,	GSM 850 EGPRS		
Cl	nannel	251	190	128
4 Tyolot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
1 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
O Tuelet	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
O Tuelet	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
4 Tuelet	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		GSM 1900 GPRS		
Cl	nannel	810	661	512
4 Tuelet	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
1 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
O Tuelet	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
0 T1-4	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
4 Tuelet	Target (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		GSM 1900 EGPRS		
Cl	nannel	810	661	512
1 Tyolot	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
1 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
2 Typlet	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
0 T1-4	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
4 Tyolot	Target (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1

WCDMA

WCDMA Band V						
Channel Channel 4132 Channel 4182 Channel 4						
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	WCDMA Band V I	HSDPA(sub-test 1)				
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233			
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5			
Tolerance ±(dB) 1 1 1						
WCDMA Band V HSDPA(sub-test 2)						

Oh a man a l	Observat 4420	Ohamal 4400	Objects of 4000
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
,	WCDMA Band V	HSDPA(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
	22.0	22.0	22.0
Target (dBm)		22.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band V	HSDPA(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
Tolerance I(ub)		HOUDA (assis 4a a 4.4)	' '
		HSUPA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
10.0.000 =(0.2)		HSUPA(sub-test 2)	
Channel			Channel 4222
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
, ,	WCDMA Band V	HSUPA(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band V	HSUPA(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
	1	21.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)			1
		HSUPA(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
Tolerance ±(ab)		A Band II	'
Observation			01
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II I	HSDPA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II I	HSDPA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
Tolciance ±(ub)		=	<u>'</u>
21		HSDPA(sub-test 3)	01 10-00
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
\ /	II.	HSDPA(sub-test 4)	•
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
	1	1	1
Tolerance ±(dB)		· ·	<u> </u>
		HSUA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	II.	HSUA(sub-test 3)	· · · · · ·
Channel			Channel 0500
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
·			

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Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1					
WCDMA Band II HSUA(sub-test 4)								
Channel Channel 9262 Channel 9400 Channel 9538								
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1					
	WCDMA Band II HSUA(sub-test 5)							
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538					
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1					

WLAN

		, u v	TT E/AIT						
802.11b									
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11						
Target (dBm)	14.0	14.0	14.0						
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1						
	802.	11g							
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512						
Target (dBm)	11.5	11.5	11.5						
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1						
	802.11n	(20MHz)							
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11						
Target (dBm)	10.0	10.0	10.0						
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1						
802.11n(40MHz)									
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9						
Target (dBm)	9.0	9.0	9.0						
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1						

Bluetooth v2.1+EDR

GFSK						
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79			
Target (dBm)	6.50	6.50	6.50			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	8DI	PSK				
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79			
Target (dBm)	6.00	6.00	6.00			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	π/4D	QPSK				
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79			
Target (dBm)	6.00	6.00	6.00			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			

Bluetooth 4.0

GFSK						
Channel Channel 00 Channel 19 Channel 39						
Target (dBm)	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			

5.2. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

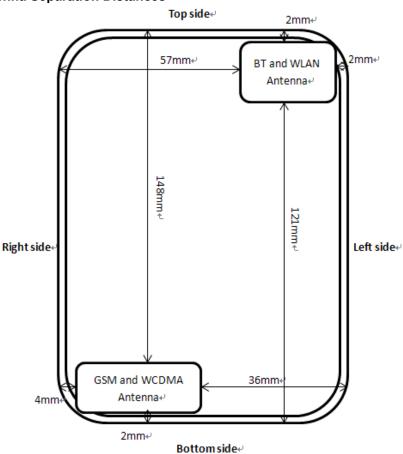
5.2.1 Simultaneous Transmission Conditions

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT, the WiFi and BT modules sharing same antenna, and so these two modules can transmit signal simultaneously; GSM and WCDMA module sharing same antenna, So we can get following combination that can transmit signal simultaneously.

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Туре	Simultaneous Transmissions	Voice over Digital Transport(Data)	
	850	VO	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A	
GSM	1900	VO	res,WLAN OF BT	IN/A	
	GPRS/EGPRS	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A	
WCDMA	Band II/Band V	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A	
WLAN	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EGPRS,WCDMA	Yes	
BT	2441	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EGPRS,WCDMA	N/A	
Note:VO-Voice Service only;DT-Digital Transport					

5.2.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



5.2.2 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions							
Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bottom edge							
Main antenna(GSM/WCDMA)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	

5.2.3 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [\sqrt f(GHz)] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where.

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Picture 12.2 Power Thresholds

Table 5.2.3.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	SAR test exclusion	RF outpu	SAR test	
Ballu/Woue	F(GHZ)	threshold (mW)		mW	exclusion
Bluetooth	2.441	19	14.26	26.69	Yes
WLAN	2450	19	7.19	5.236	No

5.2.4 Estimated SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{\text{(max.power of channel,including tune-up tolerance,mW)}}{\text{(min.test separation distance,mm)}} * \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5}$$

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is \leq 1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Ratio=
$$\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(peak location separation,mm)} < 0.04$$

For Bluetooth v2.1+EDR, the Estimated SAR for Head at 5mm for estimate and 10mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Head}=((5.6234mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.2344W/Kg

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((5.6234mW)/10mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.1172W/Kg

For Bluetooth 4.0, the Estimated SAR for Head at 5mm for estimate and 10mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Head}=((1.2589mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.05246W/Kg

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((1.2589mW)/10mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.02923W/Kg

As Estimated SAR of Bluetooth v2.1+EDR higher than Bluetooth 4.0,so we used Bluetooth v2.1+EDR Estimated SAR to Evaluation Simultaneous SAR.

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5.2.5 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

GSM/WCDMA & WLAN Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WLAN Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.596	0.396	0.256	0.270	0.271	0.867	0.867<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.611	0.356	0.252	0.254	0.305	0.916	0.916<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.535	0.314	0.238	0.209	0.275	0.810	0.810<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.499	0.290	0.265	0.225	0.254	0.753	0.753<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.524	0.323	0.248	0.326	0.545	1.069	1.069<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.768	0.334	0.423	0.413	0.656	1.424	1.424<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.216	0.168	0.117	0.127	0.402	0.618	0.618<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.283	0.206	0.127	0.154	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.225	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.299	0.277	0.169	0.169	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

GSM/WCDMA & BT Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.596	0.396	0.256	0.270	0.234	0.830	0.830<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.611	0.356	0.252	0.254	0.234	0.845	0.845<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.535	0.314	0.238	0.209	0.234	0.769	0.769<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.499	0.290	0.265	0.225	0.234	0.733	0.733<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.524	0.323	0.248	0.326	0.117	0.641	0.641<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.768	0.334	0.423	0.413	0.117	0.885	0.885<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.216	0.168	0.117	0.127	0.117	0.333	0.333<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.283	0.206	0.127	0.154	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.117	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.299	0.277	0.169	0.169	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

5.3. SAR Measurement Results

The product with 2 SIMs and 2 SIMs(SIM1 and SIM2) can not used Simultaneous, we tested 2 SIMs(SIM1 and SIM2) and recorded worst case at SIM 1

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 10mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM850/1900	1:2
WCDMA 850/1900	1:1
WiFi 2450	1:1

The value with blue color is the maximum values of ∑SAR_{1q}

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SAR Values (GSM850-Head)

Test	Frequency MHz	Side	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over 1g(W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
190	836.60	Left	Touch	33.00	32.36	0.514	-0.08	1.16	0.596	1.60	1
190	836.60	Left	Tilt	33.00	32.36	0.527	-0.16	1.16	0.611	1.60	2
190	836.60	Right	Touch	33.00	32.36	0.461	-0.13	1.16	0.535	1.60	3
190	836.60	Riaht	Tilt	33.00	32.36	0.430	-0.12	1.16	0.499	1.60	4

SAR Values (GSM850-Body)

	141400										
Test	Frequency	Mode		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Front	31.00	30.36	0.452	-0.18	1.16	0.524	1.60	5
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Rear	31.00	30.36	0.662	-0.23	1.16	0.768	1.60	6
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Left	31.00	30.36	0.186	-0.09	1.16	0.216	1.60	7
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Right	31.00	30.36	0.244	-0.05	1.16	0.283	1.60	8
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Bottom	31.00	30.36	0.258	-0.06	1.16	0.299	N/A	9
190	836.60	EGPRS (2)	Rear	31.00	30.30	0.637	-0.05	1.17	0.745	1.60	10
190	836.60	Speech	Rear with Headset	33.00	32.36	0.643	-0.20	1.16	0.746	1.60	11

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (GSM1900-Head)

SAK	values (G SIVI I 90	v-neau)								
Test	Frequency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
661	1880.0	Left	Touch	31.00	30.42	0.347	-0.14	1.14	0.396	1.60	12
661	1880.0	Left	Tilt	31.00	30.42	0.312	-0.05	1.14	0.356	1.60	13
661	1880.0	Right	Touch	31.00	30.42	0.275	-0.13	1.14	0.314	1.60	14
661	1880.0	Right	Tilt	31.00	30.42	0.254	-0.12	1.14	0.290	1.60	15

SAR Values (GSM1900-Body)

	Frequency	Mode Mode		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Front	29.50	29.11	0.294	-0.15	1.10	0.323	1.60	16
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Rear	29.50	29.11	0.304	-0.04	1.10	0.334	1.60	17
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Left	29.50	29.11	0.153	-0.09	1.10	0.168	1.60	18
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Right	29.50	29.11	0.187	-0.04	1.10	0.206	1.60	19
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Bottom	29.50	29.11	0.192	-0.03	1.10	0.211	N/A	20
661	1880.0	EGPRS (2)	Rear	29.50	29.07	0.252	-0.12	1.10	0.277	1.60	21
190	836.60	Speech	Rear with Headset	31.00	30.42	0.260	-0.16	1.14	0.296	1.60	22

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- \leq 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leq transmission band \leq 200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

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SAR Values (WCDMA Band V-Head)

Test F	requency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
4182	836.40	Left	Touch	24.00	23.98	0.267	-0.14	1.01	0.270	1.60	23
4182	836.40	Left	Tilt	24.00	23.98	0.251	-0.02	1.01	0.254	1.60	24
4182	836.40	Right	Touch	24.00	23.98	0.207	-0.16	1.01	0.209	1.60	25
4182	836.40	Right	Tilt	24.00	23.98	0.223	0.10	1.01	0.225	1.60	26

SAR Values (WCDMABand V-Body)

Test F	requency	Mode	<u> </u>	Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
4182	836.40	RMC	Front	24.00	23.98	0.323	-0.02	1.01	0.326	1.60	27
4182	836.40	RMC	Rear	24.00	23.98	0.409	0.17	1.01	0.413	1.60	28
4182	836.40	RMC	Left	24.00	23.98	0.126	-0.11	1.01	0.127	1.60	29
4182	836.40	RMC	Right	24.00	23.98	0.152	-0.04	1.01	0.154	1.60	30
4182	836.40	RMC	Bottom	24.00	23.98	0.167	-0.08	1.01	0.169	N/A	31
4182	836.40	Speech	Rear with Headset	24.00	23.98	0.314	-0.09	1.01	0.317	1.60	32

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- \leqslant 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Head)

<u> </u>	, a, a o o , ,	OBIIII I	Barra II II	ouu,							
Test F	requency MHz	Side	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over 1g(W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
9400	1880.0	Left	Touch	24.00	23.56	0.231	-0.17	1.11	0.256	1.60	33
9400	1880.0	Left	Tilt	24.00	23.56	0.227	-0.19	1.11	0.252	1.60	34
9400	1880.0	Right	Touch	24.00	23.56	0.214	-0.15	1.11	0.238	1.60	35
9400	1880.0	Right	Tilt	24.00	23.56	0.239	-0.15	1.11	0.265	1.60	36

SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Body)

Test F	requency	Mode	•	Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
9400	1880.0	RMC	Front	24.00	23.56	0.223	-0.18	1.11	0.248	1.60	37
9400	1880.0	RMC	Rear	24.00	23.56	0.381	-0.08	1.11	0.423	1.60	38
9400	1880.0	RMC	Left	24.00	23.56	0.105	-0.09	1.11	0.117	1.60	39
9400	1880.0	RMC	Right	24.00	23.56	0.114	-0.16	1.11	0.127	1.60	40
9400	1880.0	RMC	Bottom	24.00	23.56	0.134	-0.08	1.11	0.149	N/A	41
9400	1880.0	Speech	Rear with Headset	24.00	23.56	0.281	-0.12	1.11	0.312	1.60	42

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

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SAR Values (WLAN2450-Head)

Test Fr	MHz	Side	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over1g (W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
6	2437	Left	Touch	15.00	13.71	0.201	-0.10	1.35	0.271	1.60	43
6	2437	Left	Tilt	15.00	13.71	0.226	0.12	1.35	0.305	1.60	44
6	2437	Right	Touch	15.00	13.71	0.204	-0.17	1.35	0.275	1.60	45
6	2437	Right	Tilt	15.00	13.71	0.188	-0.13	1.35	0.254	1.60	46

SAR Values (WLAN2450-Body)

Test F	requency		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR limit	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over1g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	Plot #
6	2437	Front	15.00	13.71	0.404	-0.13	1.35	0.545	1.60	47
6	2437	Rear	15.00	13.71	0.486	-0.14	1.35	0.656	1.60	48
6	2437	Left	15.00	13.71	0.298	-0.06	1.35	0.402	1.60	49
6	2437	Тор	15.00	13.71	0.167	-0.16	1.35	0.225	1.60	50

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz
- 3.Accoding to KDB 248227, Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

5.4. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.5. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	В	5.50%	N	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	8
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	8
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	8
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
7	RF ambient conditions-	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8

	noise									
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	88
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
Test Sample	Related									
15	Test sample positioning	Α	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	∞
16	Device holder uncertainty	Α	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
Phantom and	d Set-up									
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	8
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	Α	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	8
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_{c} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$		1	1	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	8
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$		1	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	∞

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5.6. System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 11/18/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.90$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

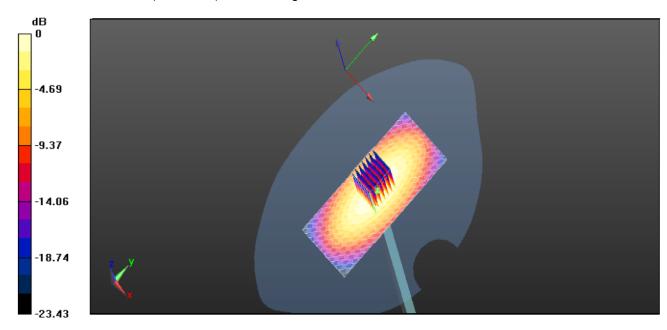
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.994 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.40 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g = 8.23 dB mW/g

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System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 11/18/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.60$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.15 mW/g

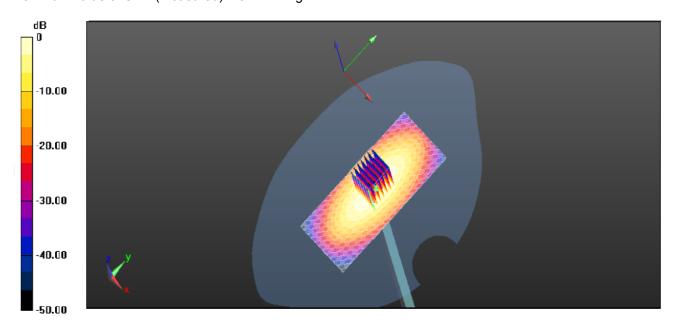
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.528 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 mW/g



0 dB = 3.24 mW/g = 11.24 dB mW/g

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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date/Time: 11/19/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.70$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.65 W/kg

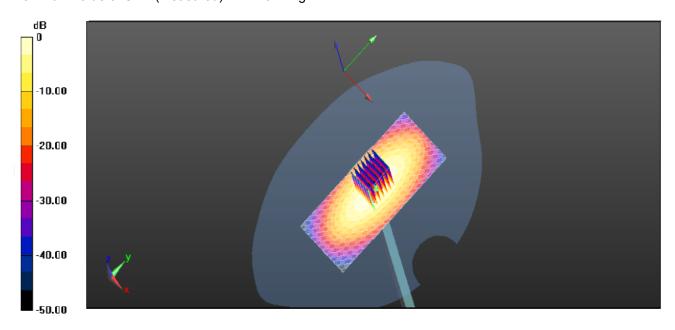
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.818 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.43 W/kg



0 dB = 12.43 W/kg = 20.55 dB W/kg

System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 250mW

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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date/Time: 11/19/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 54.04$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.46 mW/g

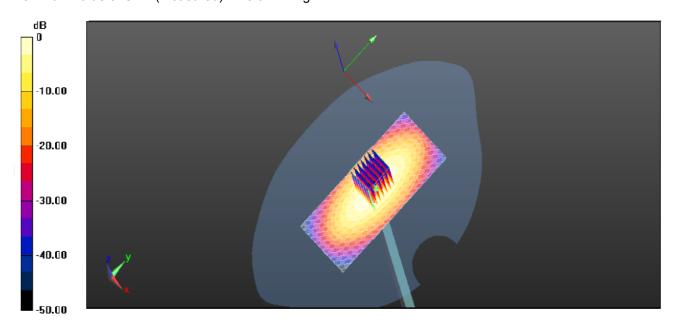
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.816 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.826 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.34 mW/g



0 dB = 16.34 mW/g = 24.35 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 250mW

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System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 11/20/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.32$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.24, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 mW/g

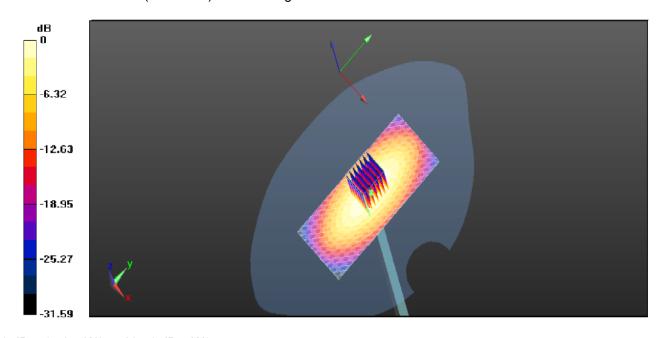
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 13.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 mW/g



0 dB = 14.9 mW/g = 23.46 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head 250mW

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System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 11/21/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.10$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.24, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.15 mW/g

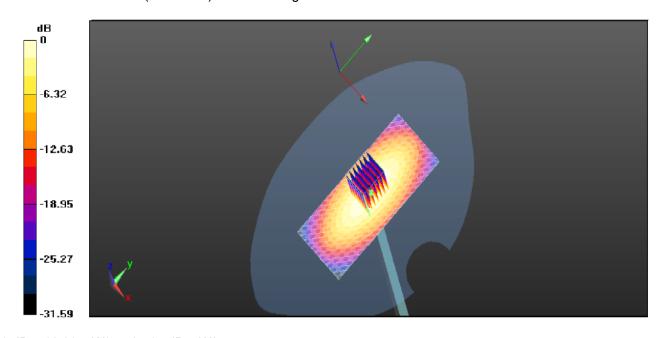
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.986 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.08 mW/g



0 dB = 16.08 mW/g = 24.67 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 250mW

5.7. SAR Test Graph Results

GSM850 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.02$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.568 W/kg

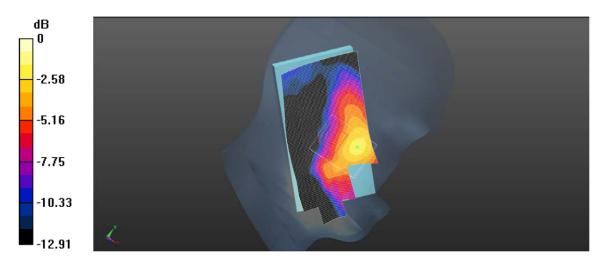
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.564 W/kg



0dB = 0.564 W/kg = -2.04 dBW/kg

Plot 1: Left Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.559 W/kg

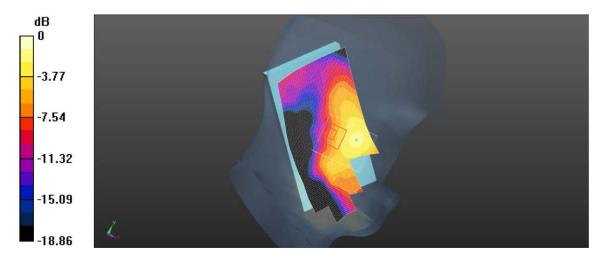
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.210 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.965 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.527 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 W/kg



0dB = 0.668 W/kg = -1.52 dBW/kg

Plot 2: Left Head Tilt (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 Right Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.557 W/kg

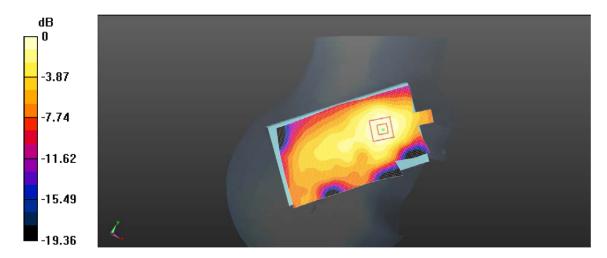
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.651 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.619 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.461 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.314 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.513 W/kg



0dB = 0.513 W/kg = -2.58 dBW/kg

Plot 3: Right Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 Right Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.62$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.473 W/kg

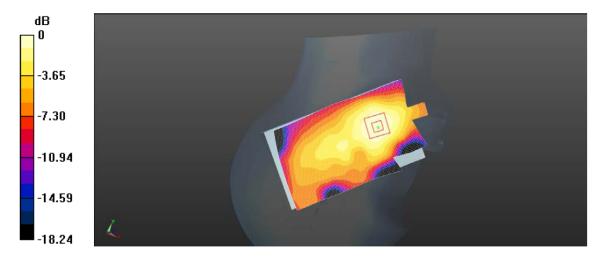
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.358 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.574 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.430 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 W/kg



0dB = 0.573 W/kg = -2.27 dBW/kg

Plot 4: Right Head Tilt (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Front Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.50$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.593 W/kg

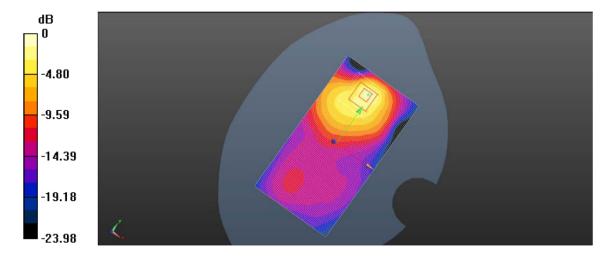
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.851 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.452 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 W/kg



0dB = 0.624 W/kg = -1.86 dBW/kg

Plot 5: Body Front Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.13$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.692 W/kg

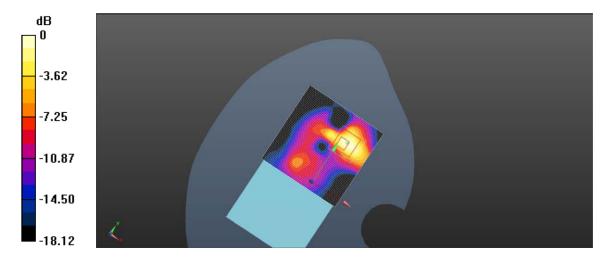
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.635 V/m; Power Drift = -0.23 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.827 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.662 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.484 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 W/kg



0dB = 0.692 W/kg = -1.60 dBW/kg

Plot 6: Body Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Left Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.83$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.265 W/kg

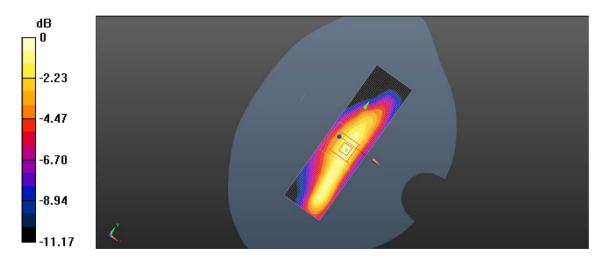
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.618 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.186 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/kg



0dB = 0.336 W/kg = -4.62 dBW/kg

Plot 7: Body Left Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Right Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.17$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.682 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



0dB = 0.361 W/kg = -4.92 dBW/kg

Plot 8: Body Right Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Bottom Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 W/kg

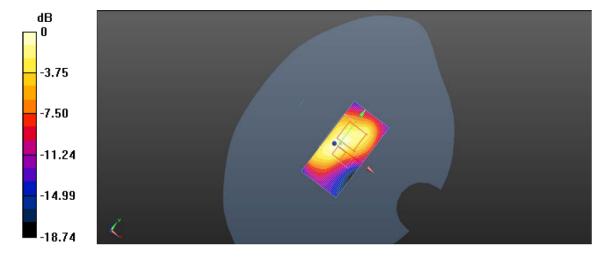
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.681 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg



0dB = 0.375 W/kg = -4.38 dBW/kg

Plot 9: Body Bottom Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 EGPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.665 W/kg

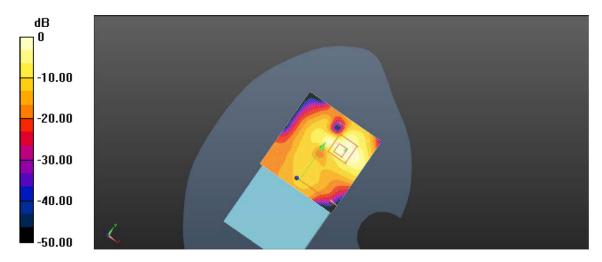
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.578 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.868 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.637 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.894 W/kg



0dB = 0.894 W/kg = -0.56 dBW/kg

Plot 10: Body Rear Side (GSM850 EGPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 Body (Speech) With Headset Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.73$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.659 W/kg

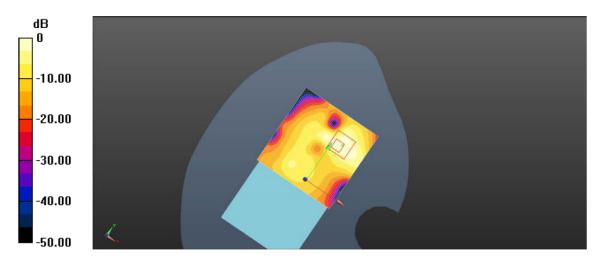
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.214 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.796 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.643 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 W/kg



0dB = 0.664 W/kg = -1.85 dBW/kg

Plot 11: Body Rear Side (GSM850 Specch With Headset Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.90$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 W/kg

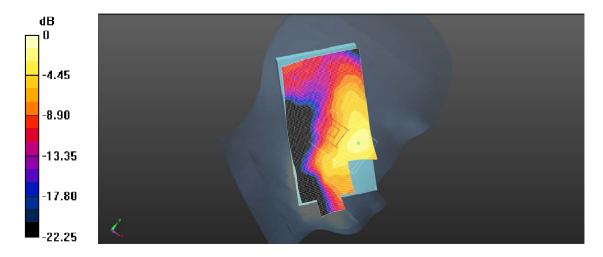
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.264 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 W/kg



0dB = 0.457 W/kg = -3.86 dBW/kg

Plot 12: Left Head Touch (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Left Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.461 W/kg

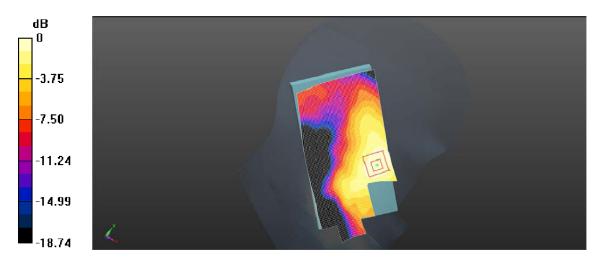
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.894 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.435 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg



0dB = 0.468 W/kg = -3.86 dBW/kg

Plot 13: Left Head Tilt (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Right Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 W/kg

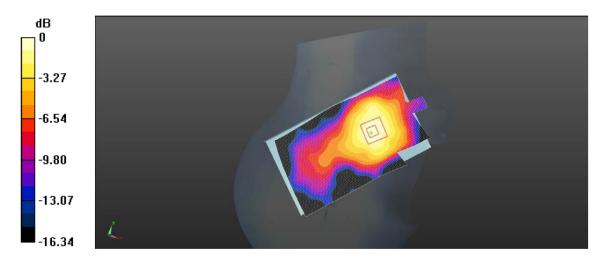
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.112 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.398 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.275 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 W/kg



0dB = 0.398 W/kg = -6.34 dBW/kg

Plot 14: Right Head Touch (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Right Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.47$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

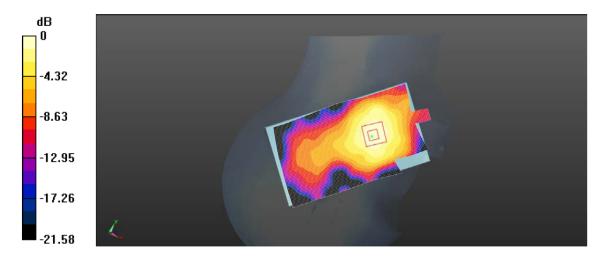
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.854 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.282 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.254 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 W/kg



0dB = 0.282 W/kg = -7.16 dBW/kg

Plot 15: Right Head Tilt (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Front Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.32$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.288 W/kg

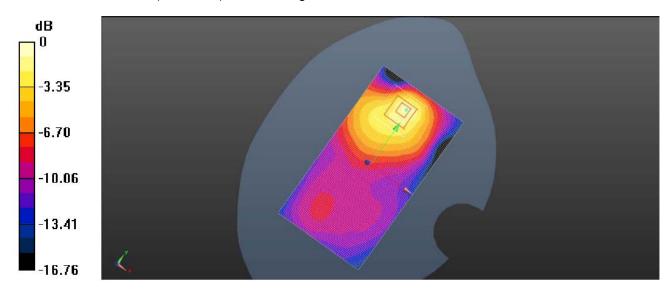
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.484 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.294 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 W/kg



0dB = 0.486 W/kg = -3.87 dBW/kg

Plot 16: Body Front Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

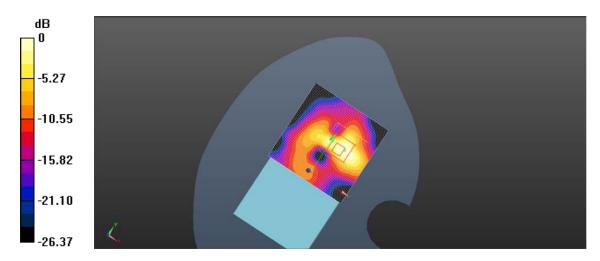
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.512 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.483 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.304 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 W/kg



0dB = 0.460 W/kg = -3.89 dBW/kg

Plot 17: Body Rear Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Left Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.29$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

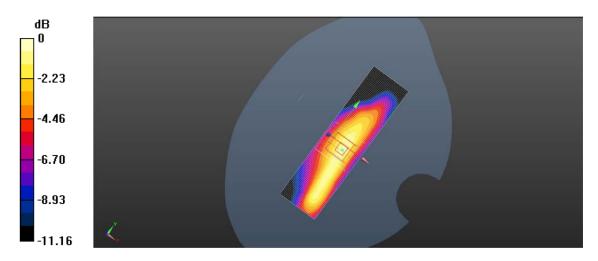
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.623 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.153 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 W/kg



0dB = 0.255 W/kg = -6.99 dBW/kg

Plot 18: Body Left Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Right Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.252 W/kg

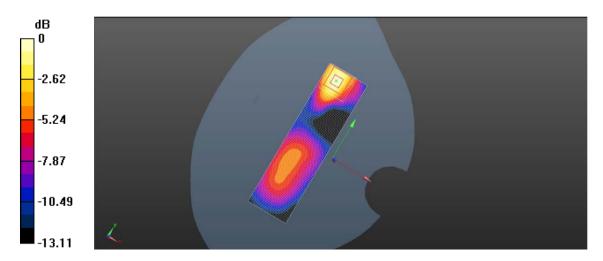
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.921 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.187 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.312 W/kg



0dB = 0.312 W/kg = -6.73 dBW/kg

Plot 19: Body Right Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Bottom Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.18$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.193 W/kg

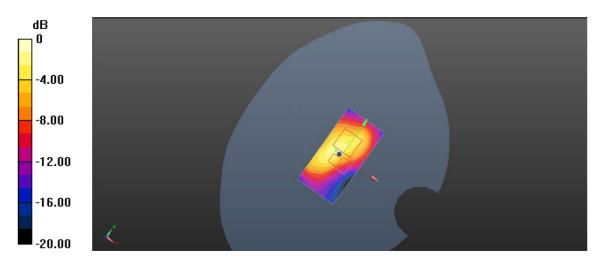
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.653 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.240 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.192 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg



0dB = 0.191 W/kg = -12.65 dBW/kg

Plot 20: Body Bottom Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)