

FCC/ISED

RF

TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR
Smart Phone

ISSUED TO
Xplore Technologies Corp.

8601 Ranch Rd. 2222, Building 2, Austin, TX 78730 USA



Tested by: Zou Liu

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(Engineer)

Date: Dec. 28, 2018

Approved by: Wei Yanguan

Wei Yanguan
(Chief Engineer)

Date: Dec. 28, 2018

Report No.: BL-EC18C0492-602

EUT Name: Smart Phone

Model Name: M6

Brand Name: Xplore

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

RSS-Gen (Issue 5, April 2018)

RSS-247 (Issue 2, February 2017)

FCC ID: Q2GIX006M1

ISED Number: 4596A-IX006M1

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Mar. 14, 2018 ~ Dec. 26, 2018

Date of Issue: Dec. 28, 2018

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Revision History

<u>Version</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Revisions Content</u>
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Dec. 28, 2018</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	<p>The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA) according to ISO/IEC 17025.The accreditation certificate is 4344.01.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.</p>
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% to 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.6.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Xplore Technologies Corp.
Address	8601 Ranch Rd. 2222, Building 2, Austin, TX 78730 USA

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Shenzhen UniStrong Science & Technology Co.,Ltd.
Address	B, 4-4Factory, Zhengcheng Road, FuyongBaoan District, Shenzhen, China

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Smart Phone
Model Name Under Test	M6
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	M6_V104
Software Version	M6_V1.0
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	SJYEnergy
	Model No.	BA7800
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacity	8000 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.35 V
Ancillary Equipment 2 ^{Note}	Adapter	
	Brand Name	N/A
	Model No.	ASUC71w-050912300
	Serial No.	ASUC71z-050912300 (z= a, e, i, w)
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.7 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V= 3 A or 9 V= 2 A or 12 V= 1.5 A
Ancillary Equipment 3	USB Cable	
	Length (Approx.)	1.0 m
Note: All adapter are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in model name and plug type. Adapter ASUC71w-050912300 was tested in this report.		

2.6 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	2G Network GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz 3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 1/2/5/8, 4G Network FDD LTE Band 1/2/3/4/5/7/8/17/20/28 TDD LTE Band 38/40/41 CDMA2000 800 MHz Bluetooth 4.0 (BR+EDR+BLE), GPS, GLONASS, NFC, BDS
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS
Modulation Type	GFSK
Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portable <input type="checkbox"/> Fix Location
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.
Number of channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz)
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	1.5 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure.)
Antenna Impedance	50Ω
Antenna System(MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A

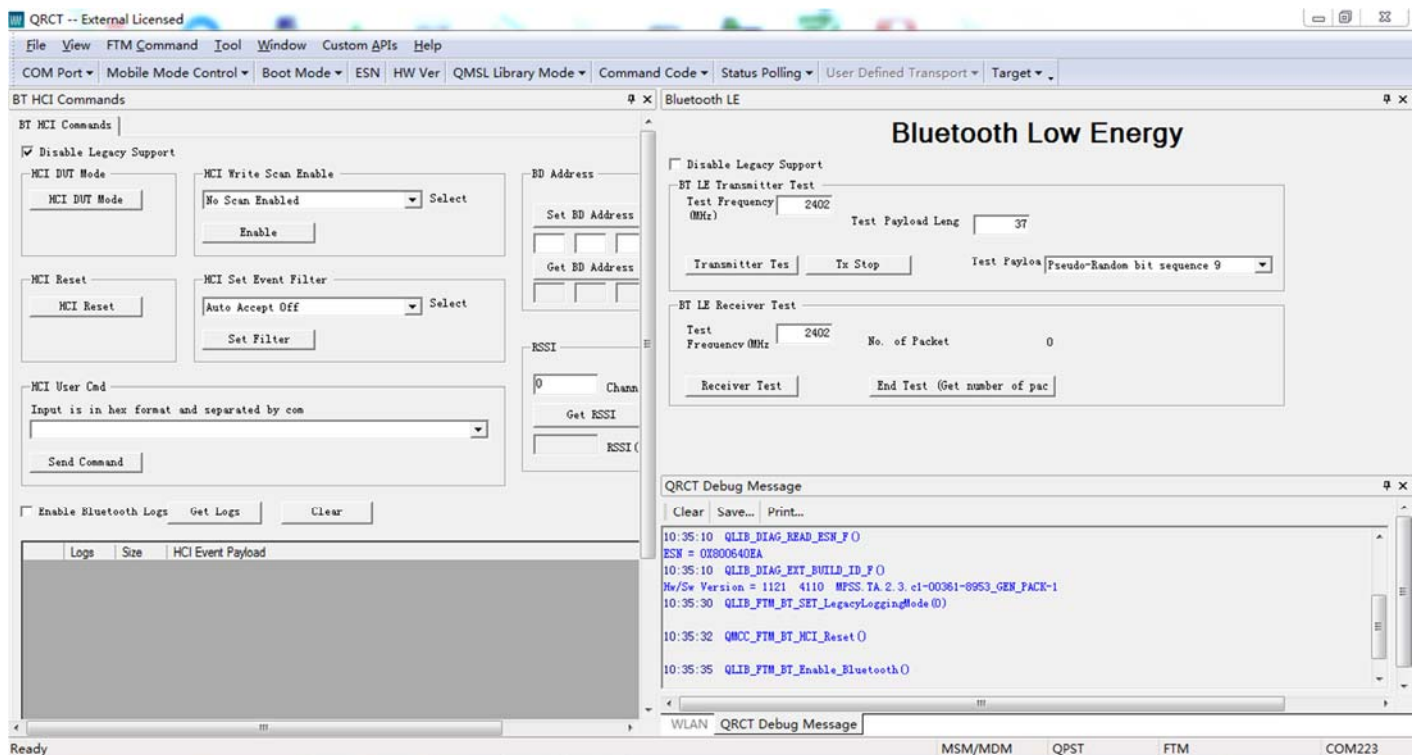
2.7 Additional Instructions

EUT Software Settings:

Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special software is used. The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies individually.
------	--

Power level setup in software			
Test Software Version	adb		
Support Units (Software installation media)	Description	Manufacturer	Model
	Laptop	Lenovo	X220
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Soft Set
GFSK	CH0	2402	TX LEVEL is built-in set parameters and cannot be changed and selected.
	CH19	2440	
	CH39	2480	

Run Software



The screenshot displays the QRCT software interface, which is used for testing Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) devices. The interface includes a menu bar (File, View, FTM Command, Tool, Window, Custom APIs, Help) and a toolbar with various options like COM Port, Mobile Mode Control, Boot Mode, ESN, HW Ver, QMSL Library Mode, Command Code, Status Polling, User Defined Transport, and Target.

The main window is titled "Bluetooth Low Energy" and contains several sections:

- BT HCI Commands:** Includes options to enable/disable legacy support, write scan enable, and reset the device.
- BT LE Transmitter Test:** Allows setting test frequency (2402 MHz), test payload length (37), and test payload (Pseudo-Random bit sequence 9).
- BT LE Receiver Test:** Allows setting test frequency (2402 MHz) and number of packets (0).
- QRCT Debug Message:** A log window showing real-time debug messages, including ESN, QLIB_DIAG_EXT_BUILD_ID_F0, and QLIB_FTM_BT_Enable_Bluetooth0.

The status bar at the bottom indicates the device is "Ready" and shows various system information like WLAN, QRCT Debug Message, MSM/MDM, QPST, FTM, and COM223.

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C (10-1-17 Edition)	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
2	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules
3	RSS-Gen (Issue 5, April 2018)	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
4	RSS-247 (Issue 2, February 2017)	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSS) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
5	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (6)	N/A	--	Pass ^{Note1}
2	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	--	ANNEX A.1	Pass

Note 1: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note 2: FCC Class II Permissive Change New Model: M6, Turn off the wifi function of 2.4GHz and 5GHz by blocking the software and remove the underlying WIFI driver of android. The other transmitter module itself has not changed.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% to 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2018.06.15	2019.06.14
Switch Unit with OSP-B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2018.06.15	2019.06.14
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2018.11.07	2019.11.06
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2018.06.13	2019.06.12
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2018.06.13	2019.06.12
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2018.06.15	2019.06.14
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	--	--
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2018.06.15	2019.06.14
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091	2018.10.10	2019.01.09
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189	2018.10.10	2019.01.09
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2018.06.14	2019.06.13
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2018.06.26	2019.06.25
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2017.11.09	2019.11.08
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2017.07.22	2019.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2018.07.11	2020.07.10
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2018.06.21	2019.06.20
Test Antenna- Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB- 180400KF	J211060273	2017.01.06	2019.01.05
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2019.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2017.08.08	2019.08.07
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703	--	--
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177746	2018.06.15	2019.06.14
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5225F	1037	2018.02.16	2019.02.15
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5273F	1016	2018.02.16	2019.02.15
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	C5982-10	109275	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	CHP-273E	S00801z-01	N/A	N/A
Feld Strength Meter	Narda	EP601	511WX51129	2018.05.21	2019.05.20

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Mouth Simulator	B&K	4227	2423931	2018.11.15	2019.11.14
Sound Calibrator	B&K	4231	2430337	2018.11.15	2019.11.14
Sound Level Meter	B&K	NL-20	00844023	2018.11.15	2019.11.14
Ear Simulator	B&K	4185	2409449	2018.11.15	2019.11.14
Ear Simulator	B&K	4195	2418189	2018.11.15	2019.11.14
Audio analyzer	B&K	UPL 16	100129	2018.11.15	2019.11.14
Software	BALUN	BL410	-	-	-
Cable	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	JUNFLON	APR0914004	2018.10.10	2019.01.09

4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

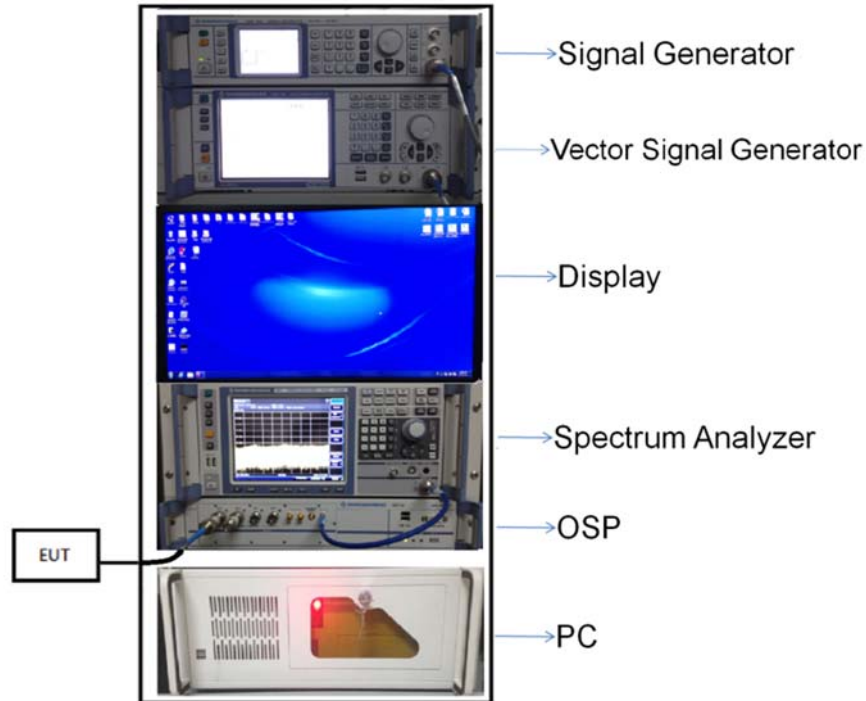
Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	$\pm 4\%$
RF output power, conducted	± 1.4 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	± 2.5 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	± 2.8 dB
All emissions, radiated	± 5.4 dB
Temperature	$\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 4\%$

4.4 Description of Test Setup

4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

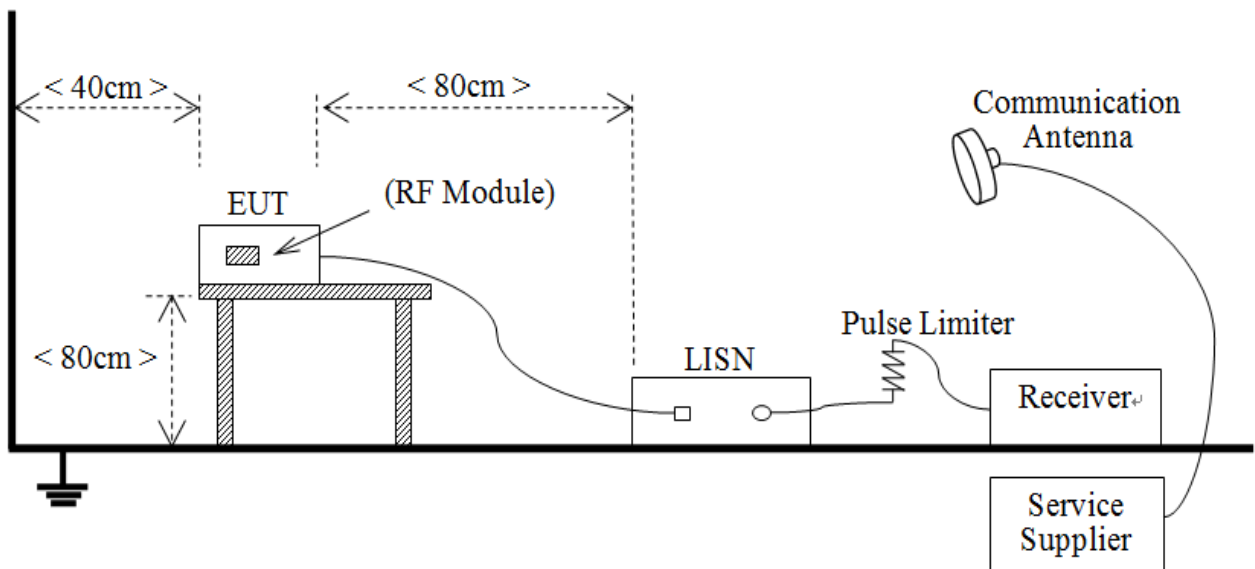
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable loss is 0.5dB, then the conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



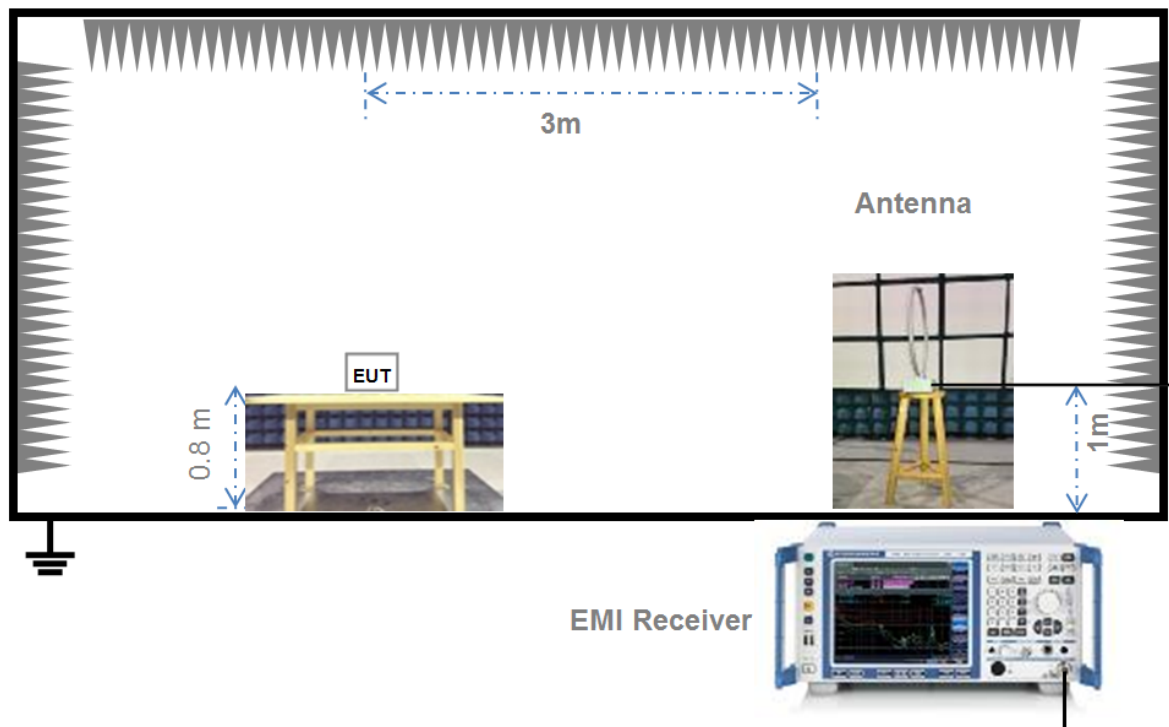
(Diagram 1)

4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



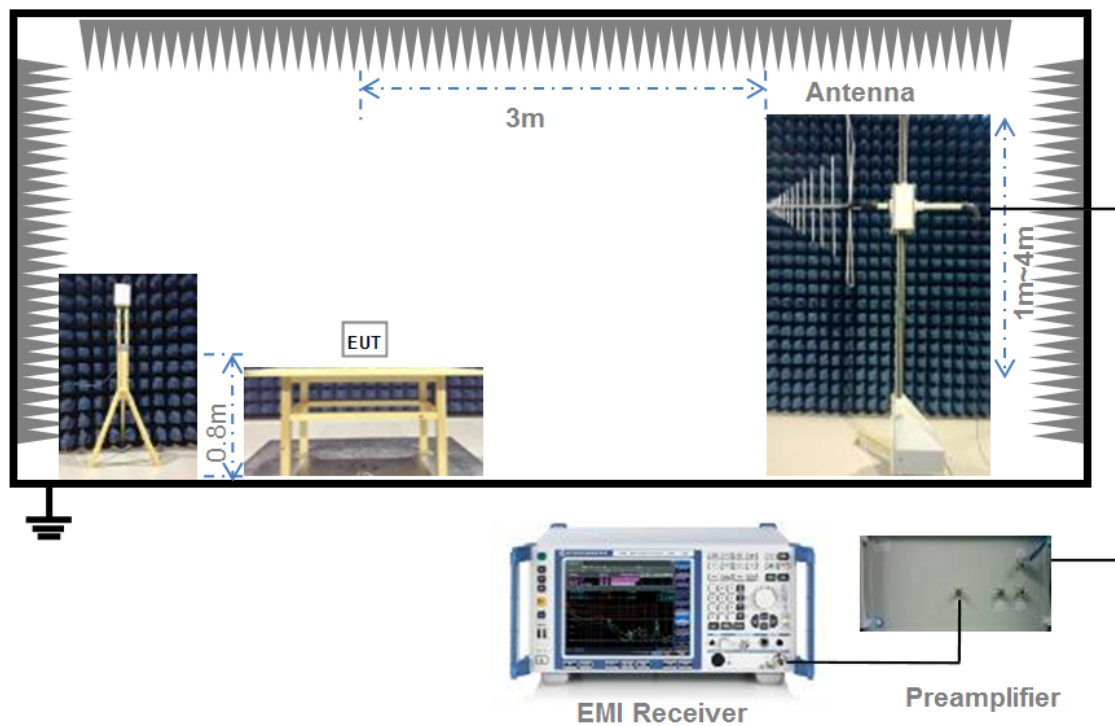
(Diagram 2)

4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



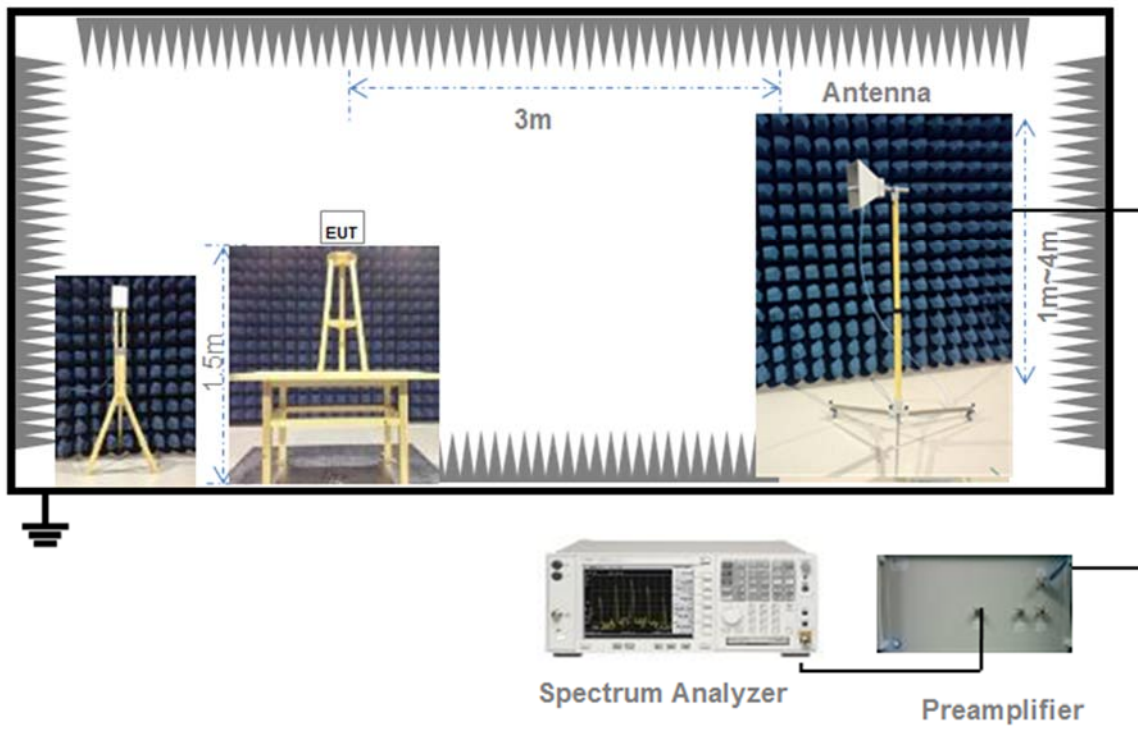
(Diagram 3)

4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (6)

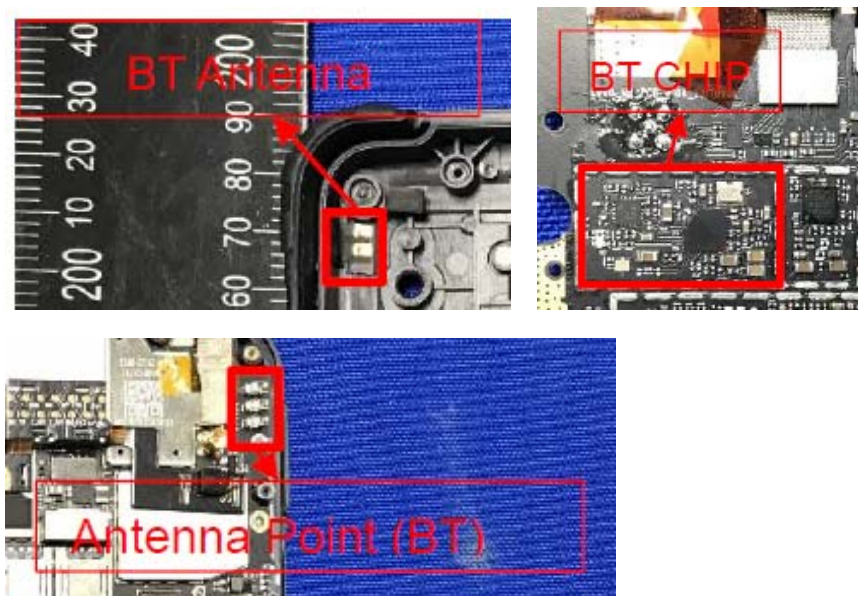
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	The antenna is welded on the mainboard, can't be replaced by the consumer

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.2.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength (dBμV/m) = $20 \cdot \log[\text{Field Strength } (\mu\text{V/m})]$.
2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note¹: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note²: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

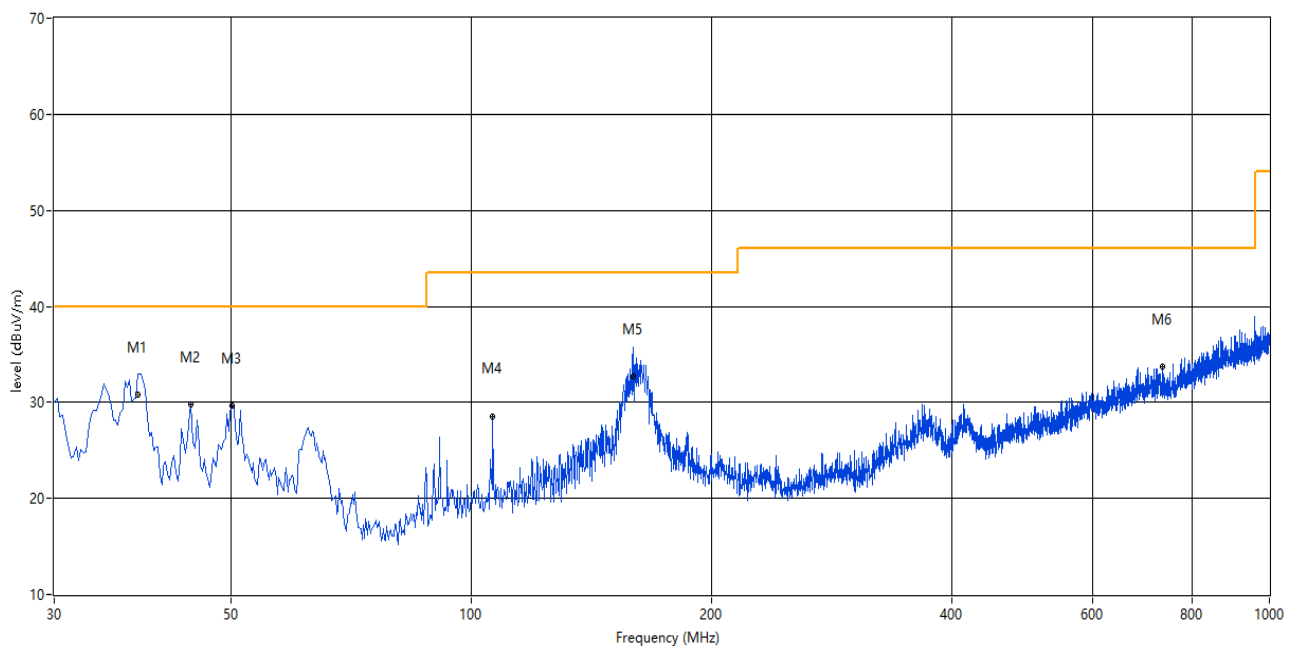
Note⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz.

Note⁵: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

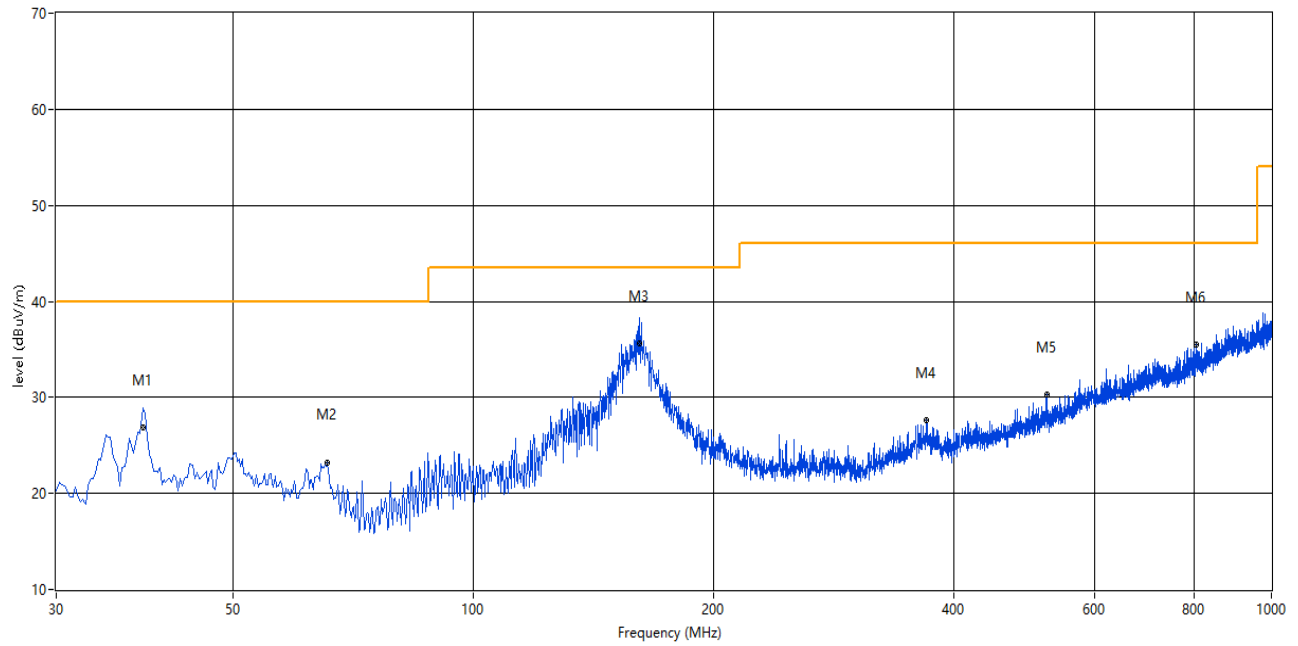
REmission Test case_FCC_Part 15B_FCC Part 15B Class B 30MHz-1GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak Level (dBuV/m)	Q-peak Level (dBuV/m)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	PK Limit (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
38.243	32.96	30.82	--	-27.51	--	40.0	--	9.18	32.30	100	Vertical	Pass
44.546	29.83	--	--	-26.52	--	40.0	--	10.17	256.90	100	Vertical	Pass
50.122	29.65	--	--	-26.61	--	40.0	--	10.35	21.50	100	Vertical	Pass
106.368	28.57	--	--	-28.72	--	43.5	--	14.93	10.80	100	Vertical	Pass
159.463	35.75	32.72	--	-31.56	--	43.5	--	10.78	353.30	100	Vertical	Pass
735.014	33.66	--	--	-16.85	--	46.0	--	12.34	357.90	100	Vertical	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

REmission Test case_FCC_Part 15B_FCC Part 15B Class B 30MHz-1GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak Level (dBuV/m)	Q-peak Level (dBuV/m)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	PK Limit (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
38.485	28.87	26.90	--	-27.49	--	40.0	--	13.10	24.30	200	Horizontal	Pass
65.639	23.20	--	--	-29.19	--	40.0	--	16.80	167.70	200	Horizontal	Pass
161.402	38.23	35.66	--	-31.48	--	43.5	--	7.84	27.10	200	Horizontal	Pass
368.930	27.60	--	--	-24.90	--	46.0	--	18.40	134.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
523.364	30.28	--	--	-21.09	--	46.0	--	15.72	346.10	200	Horizontal	Pass
804.351	35.53	--	--	-15.34	--	46.0	--	10.47	1.70	100	Horizontal	Pass

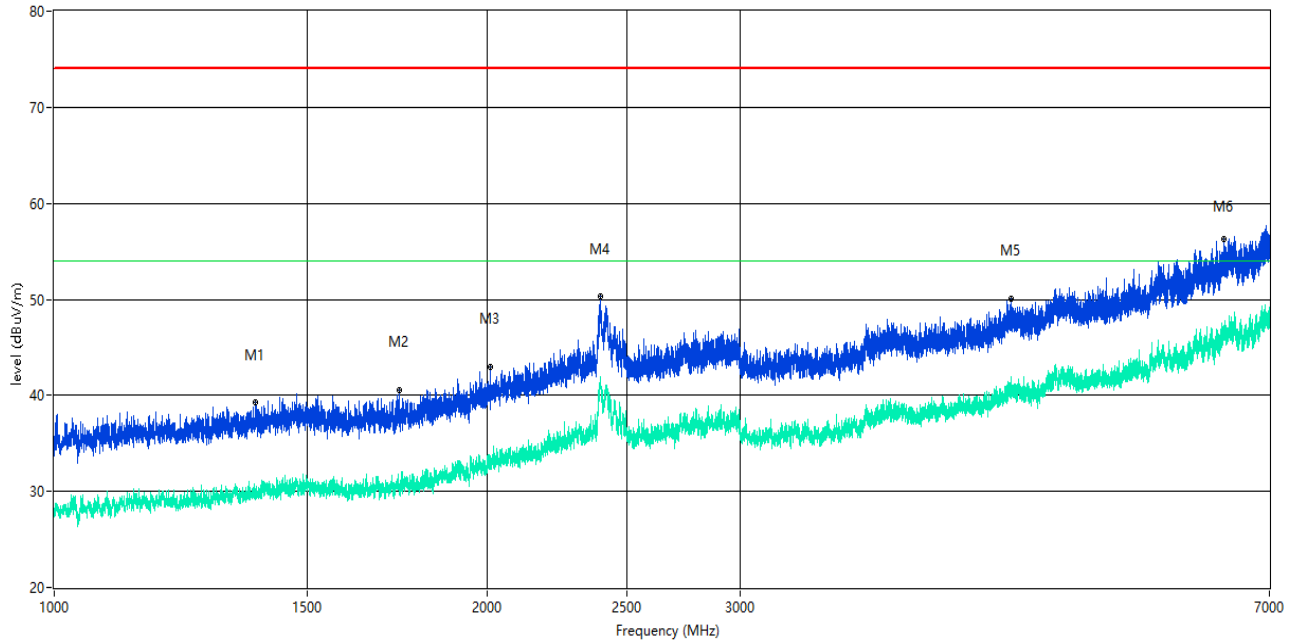
Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: This test item represents only the worst mode.

Note 3: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

1 GHz to 7 GHz, ANT V

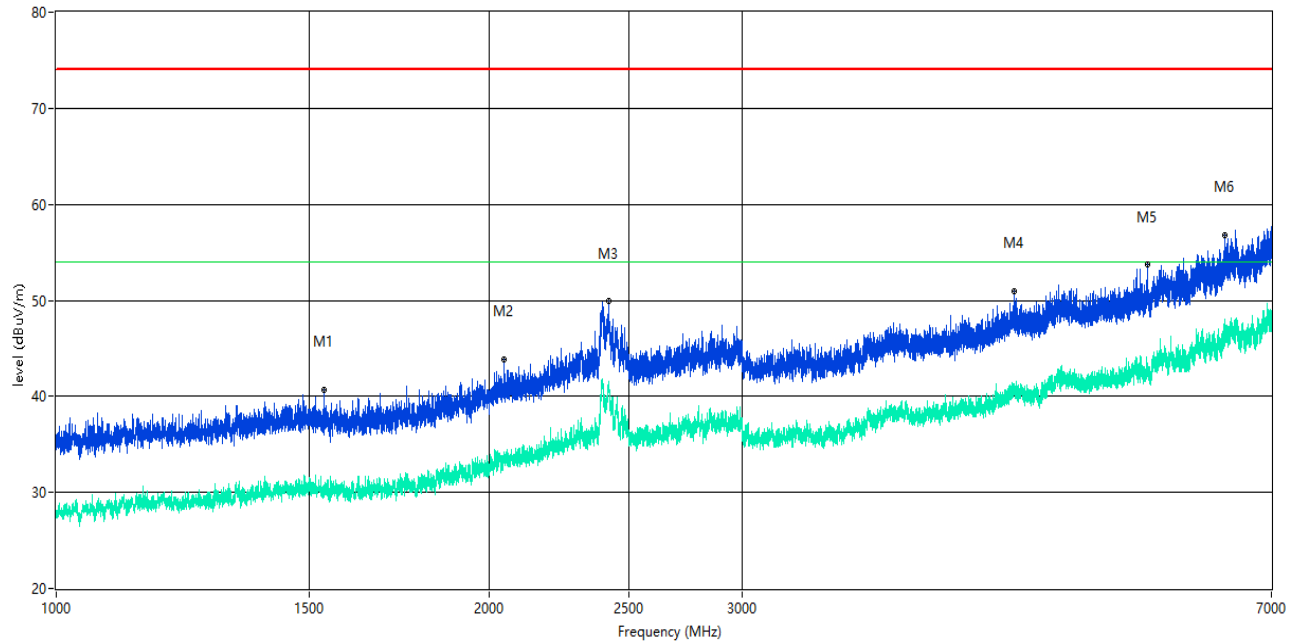
REmission Test case_FCC_Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-7GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak Level (dBuV/m)	Q-peak Level (dBuV/m)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	PK Limit (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1379.453	39.30	--	30.3	-12.09	74.0	--	54.0	23.70	52.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1739.158	40.53	--	30.8	-11.49	74.0	--	54.0	23.20	4.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2009.124	42.95	--	33.7	-8.40	74.0	--	54.0	20.30	273.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2397.825	50.27	--	42.0	-0.03	74.0	--	54.0	12.00	199.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4625.047	50.05	--	40.9	0.22	74.0	--	54.0	13.10	48.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6506.812	56.22	--	46.1	7.97	74.0	--	54.0	7.90	335.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 7 GHz, ANT H

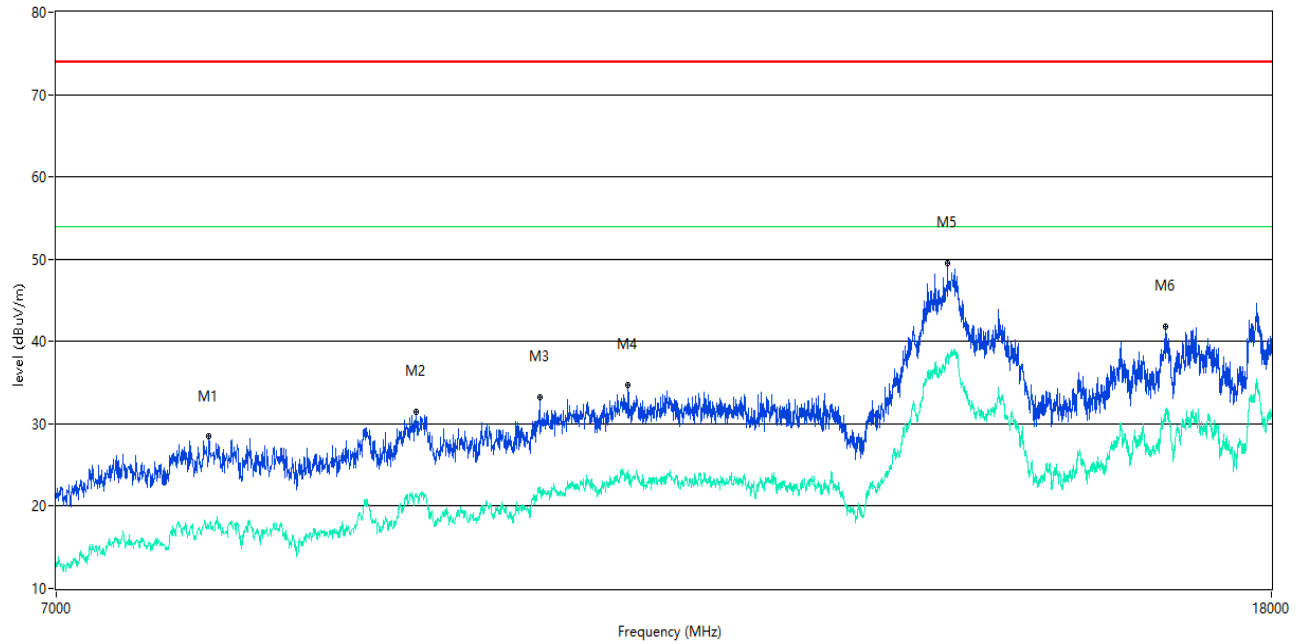
REmission Test case_FCC_Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-7GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak Level (dBuV/m)	Q-peak Level (dBuV/m)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	PK Limit (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1535.183	40.67	--	30.2	-11.89	74.0	--	54.0	23.80	141.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2049.619	43.87	--	33.9	-7.93	74.0	--	54.0	20.10	38.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2421.572	49.97	--	41.0	-0.81	74.0	--	54.0	13.00	293.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4636.295	50.97	--	41.1	0.16	74.0	--	54.0	12.90	239.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5741.657	53.68	--	43.3	2.24	74.0	--	54.0	10.70	192.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6496.563	56.73	--	46.3	6.92	74.0	--	54.0	7.70	91.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

7 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

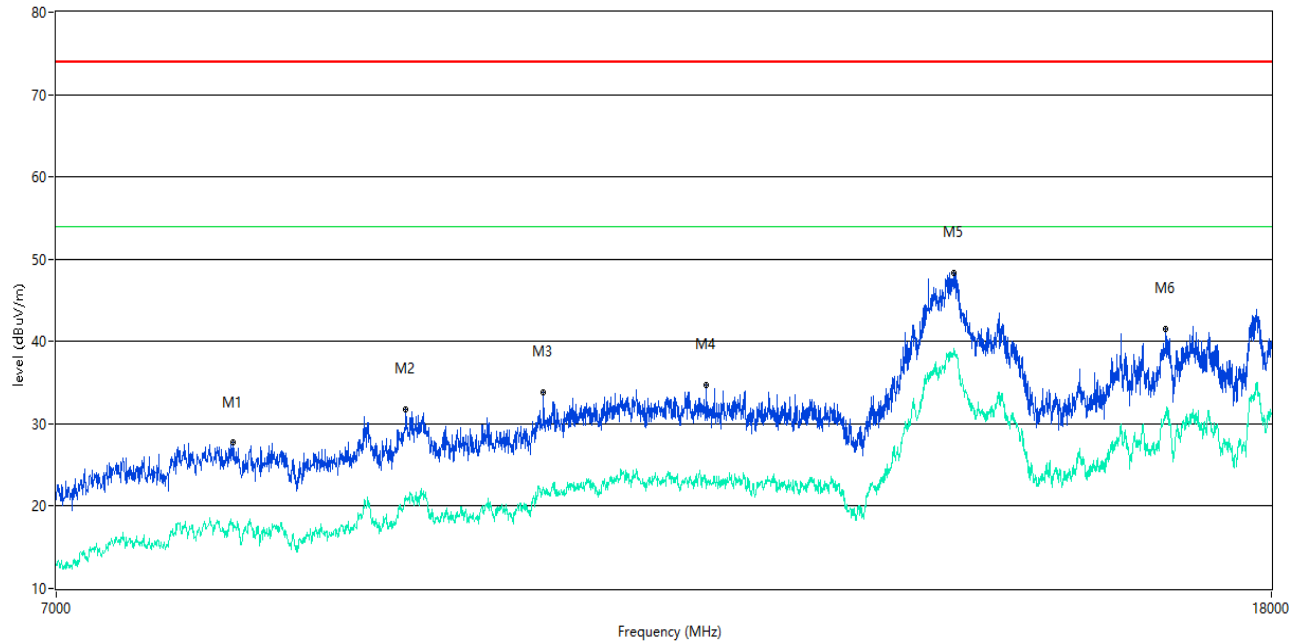
REmission Test case_FCC_Part 15C_FCC 15.247_7GHz-18GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak Level (dBuV/m)	Q-peak Level (dBuV/m)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	PK Limit (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
7882.529	28.48	--	17.7	-37.12	74.0	--	54.0	36.30	343.00	100	Vertical	Pass
9262.684	31.44	--	21.6	-31.48	74.0	--	54.0	32.40	1.00	100	Vertical	Pass
10191.952	33.25	--	22.2	-28.05	74.0	--	54.0	31.80	264.00	100	Vertical	Pass
10917.771	34.69	--	24.3	-25.06	74.0	--	54.0	29.70	41.00	100	Vertical	Pass
13991.502	49.54	--	38.3	-6.87	74.0	--	54.0	15.70	193.00	100	Vertical	Pass
16573.107	41.87	--	30.9	-11.63	74.0	--	54.0	23.10	163.00	100	Vertical	Pass

7 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

REmission Test case_FCC_Part 15C_FCC 15.247_7GHz-18GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak Level (dBuV/m)	Q-peak Level (dBuV/m)	Average Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	PK Limit (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
8028.243	27.69	--	18.0	-36.89	74.0	--	54.0	36.00	72.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
9185.704	31.70	--	20.7	-32.58	74.0	--	54.0	33.30	333.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
10222.194	33.85	--	22.3	-28.30	74.0	--	54.0	31.70	194.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
11605.099	34.69	--	23.4	-23.85	74.0	--	54.0	30.60	72.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
14060.235	48.26	--	39.2	-6.35	74.0	--	54.0	14.80	31.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
16575.856	41.58	--	31.5	-11.52	74.0	--	54.0	22.50	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-EC18C0492-AR.PDF”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-EC18C0492-AW.PDF”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-EC18C0492-AI.PDF”.

--END OF REPORT--