



SAR TEST REPORT

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MODEL NO.: WNDA3100

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APPLICANT: NETGEAR, INC.

ADDRESS: 4500 GREAT AMERICA PARKWAY SANTA CLARA
CA95054 U.S.A.

ISSUED BY: Advance Data Technology Corporation

LAB ADDRESS: No. 47, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Tsuen, Lin Kou Hsiang
244, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

TEST LOCATION: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd., Wen Hwa Tsuen, Kwei Shan
Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter
MODEL: WNDA3100
BRAND: NETGEAR
APPLICANT: NETGEAR, INC.
TESTED : Feb. 28 ~ Feb. 29, 2008
TEST SAMPLE: ENGINEERING SAMPLE
STANDARDS: **FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)**
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
RSS-102
IEEE 1528-2003

The above equipment (model: WNDA3100) have been tested by **Advance Data Technology Corporation**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

PREPARED BY : Ivy Lin , **DATE:** Mar. 06, 2008
Ivy Lin / Specialist

TECHNICAL ACCEPTANCE : James Fan , **DATE:** Mar. 06, 2008
Responsible for RF James Fan / Engineer

APPROVED BY : Gary Chang , **DATE:** Mar. 06, 2008
Gary Chang / Assistant Manager



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

| | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| PRODUCT | RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter | |
| MODEL NO. | WNDA3100 | |
| FCC ID | PY307300073 | |
| POWER SUPPLY | 5Vdc from host equipment | |
| CLASSIFICATION | Portable device, production unit | |
| MODULATION TYPE | CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM | |
| RADIO TECHNOLOGY | DSSS, OFDM | |
| TRANSFER RATE | 802.11b:11.0/ 5.5/ 2.0/ 1.0Mbps 802.11g: 54.0/ 48.0/ 36.0/ 24.0/ 18.0/ 12.0/ 9.0/ 6.0Mbps 802.11a: 54.0/ 48.0/ 36.0/ 24.0/ 18.0/ 12.0/ 9.0/ 6.0Mbps Draft 802.11n: up to 300Mbps | |
| FREQUENCY RANGE | 2.4GHz: | 2400 ~ 2483.5MHz |
| | 5.0GHz: | 5150~5250/ 5250~5350/ 5470~5725/ 5725~5850 MHz |
| NUMBER OF CHANNEL | 2.4GHz: | 11 for 802.11b, 802.11g, draft 802.11n (20MHz) 7 for draft 802.11n (40MHz) |
| | 5.0GHz: | 5150 ~ 5350MHz: 8 for 802.11a, draft 802.11n (20MHz) 4 for draft 802.11n (40MHz) 5475 ~ 5725MHz: 11 for 802.11a, draft 802.11n (20MHz) 5 for draft 802.11n (40MHz) 5725 ~ 5850MHz: 5 for 802.11a, draft 802.11n (20MHz) 2 for draft 802.11n (40MHz) |

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER FOR 5GHz | 802.11a: | |
| | 48.19mW / Ch52: 5260MHz | 48.48mW / Ch116: 5580MHz |
| | 46.99mW / Ch60: 5300MHz | 48.08mW / Ch120: 5600MHz |
| | 49.77mW / Ch64: 5320MHz | 49.51mW / Ch124: 5620MHz |
| | 48.98mW / Ch100: 5500MHz | 49.13mW / Ch136: 5680MHz |
| | 48.56mW / Ch104: 5520MHz | 49.32mW / Ch140: 5700MHz |
| | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz): | |
| | 45.71mW / Ch52: 5260MHz | 47.08mW / Ch116: 5580MHz |
| | 45.92mW / Ch60: 5300MHz | 47.10mW / Ch120: 5600MHz |
| | 47.43mW / Ch64: 5320MHz | 47.15mW / Ch124: 5620MHz |
| | 46.94mW / Ch100: 5500MHz | 48.62mW / Ch136: 5680MHz |
| | 46.29mW / Ch104: 5520MHz | 48.15mW / Ch140: 5700MHz |
| DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz): | | |
| 46.08mW / Ch54: 5270MHz | 46.72mW / Ch118: 5590MHz | |
| 45.87mW / Ch62: 5310MHz | 47.37mW / Ch134: 5670MHz | |
| 46.67mW / Ch102: 5510MHz | | |
| AVERAGE SAR (1g) | 1.27W/kg for 5.0GHz | |
| ANTENNA TYPE | Refer to NOTE 1 | |
| DATA CABLE | 1.6m shielded USB cable | |
| I/O PORTS | USB | |
| ACCESSORY DEVICES | NA | |

NOTE:

- There are two antennas provided to this EUT, please refer to the following table:

| No. | Antenna Type | For 2.4GHz Gain (dBi) | For 5GHz Gain (dBi) |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Printed Antenna | 2.83 | 4.25 |
| 2 | Printed Antenna | 3.73 | 4.99 |



2. The EUT incorporates a MIMO function. Physically, the EUT provides two completed transmitters and two receivers.

| | 1TX | 2TX |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|
| 802.11b | √ | - |
| 802.11g | √ | - |
| 802.11a | √ | - |
| Draft 802.11n (20MHz) | - | √ |
| Draft 802.11n (40MHz) | - | √ |

3. This report is for class II permissive change which adds 5250 ~ 5350MHz and 5470 ~ 5725MHz and these additional bands are added by software.
4. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

2.3 GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY4 (software 4.7 Build 53) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4 software defined. The DASY4 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



EX3DV3 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE (FREQUENCY BAND 5 ~ 6GHz)

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| DIMENSIONS | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip Length: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm |
| APPLICATION | General dosimetric measurements range 5 ~ 6 GHz. Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV3) |

NOTE

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
2. For frequencies above 800 MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
3. For frequencies below 800 MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.

TWIN SAM V4.0

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| CONSTRUCTION | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot. |
| SHELL THICKNESS | 2 ± 0.2mm |
| FILLING VOLUME | Approx. 25liters |
| DIMENSIONS | Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm |

SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| CONSTRUCTION | Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions. Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor |
| CALIBRATION | Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions |
| FREQUENCY | 5200, 5500, 5800 MHz |



| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| RETURN LOSS | > 20dB at specified validation position |
| POWER CAPABILITY | > 100W (f < 1GHz); > 40W (f > 1GHz) |
| OPTIONS | Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request |

DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION The device holder for the mobile phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

2.4 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Probe parameters: | - Sensitivity | Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2} |
| | - Conversion factor | ConvF _i |
| | - Diode compression point | dcp _i |
| Device parameters: | - Frequency | F |
| | - Crest factor | Cf |
| Media parameters: | - Conductivity | σ |
| | - Density | ρ |

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| V _i | =compensated signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
| U _i | =input signal of channel I | (i = x, y, z) |
| Cf | =crest factor of exciting field | (DASY parameter) |
| dcp _i | =diode compression point | (DASY parameter) |

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

- V_i = compensated signal of channel I (i = x, y, z)
- Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes (i = x, y, z)
- ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
- a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
- f = carrier frequency [GHz]
- E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
- E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
- σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³



Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.



The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

| NO. | PRODUCT | BRAND | MODEL NO. | SERIAL NO. | FCC ID |
|-----|----------|--------|-----------|--------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | NOTEBOOK | Dell | PP01L | TW-09C748-12800-16M-5064 | FCC DoC Approved |
| 2 | NOTEBOOK | Compaq | N800C | 470048-515 | FCC DoC Approved |
| 3 | NOTEBOOK | HP | n6000 | CNU3480WP2 | FCC DoC Approved |
| 4 | NOTEBOOK | DELL | D820 | 21498926752 | FCC DoC Approved |

| NO. | SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS |
|-----|---|
| 1 | NA |
| 2 | NA |
| 3 | NA |
| 4 | NA |

NOTE: All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND CONFIGURATIONS

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF ANTENNA LOCATION



4.2. DESCRIPTION OF ASSESSMENT POSITION

The following test configurations have been applied in this test report:

| | |
|---|---|
|  |  |
| <p>A: NOTEBOOK MODEL: n6000</p> <p>The bottom of the EUT face to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p> | <p>B: NOTEBOOK MODEL: PP01L</p> <p>The edge of the EUT face to the phantom with 5mm-separation distance.</p> |
|  |  |
| <p>C: NOTEBOOK MODEL: D820</p> <p>The bottom of the EUT face to the phantom with 6mm-separation distance.</p> | <p>D: NOTEBOOK MODEL: N800C</p> <p>The bottom of the EUT face to the phantom with 7mm-separation distance.</p> |

NOTE: The bottom of the notebook contacts to the bottom of the flat phantom with 0mm-separation distance.

4.3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODE

| ITEM | TEST MODE | MODULATION | ASSESSMENT POSITION | TESTED CHANNEL |
|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|---|
| FOR 5GHz | | | | |
| 1 | 802.11a | BPSK | A | 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140 |
| 2 | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) | BPSK | A | 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140 |
| 3 | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) | BPSK | A | 54, 62, 102, 118, 134 |
| 4 | 802.11a | BPSK | B | 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140 |
| 5 | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) | BPSK | B | 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140 |
| 6 | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) | BPSK | B | 54, 62, 102, 118, 134 |
| 7 | 802.11a | BPSK | C | 64, 100 |
| 8 | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) | BPSK | C | 60, 100 |
| 9 | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) | BPSK | C | 54, 102 |
| 10 | 802.11a | BPSK | D | 64, 100 |
| 11 | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) | BPSK | D | 60, 100 |
| 12 | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) | BPSK | D | 54, 102 |

4.4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

| COMMUNICATION MODE | 802.11a | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| TEST MODE | 1 | 2 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (A) | |
| 52 | 1.040 | 0.807 |
| 60 | 1.180 | 0.939 |
| 64 | 1.190 | 0.824 |
| 100 | 0.603 | 0.666 |
| 104 | 0.507 | 0.538 |
| 116 | 0.457 | 0.476 |
| 120 | 0.363 | 0.477 |
| 124 | 0.387 | 0.478 |
| 136 | 0.348 | 0.469 |
| 140 | 0.354 | 0.438 |

| COMMUNICATION MODE | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| TEST MODE | 3 | |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (A) | |
| 54 | 0.847 | |
| 62 | 0.846 | |
| 102 | 0.548 | |
| 118 | 0.437 | |
| 134 | 0.476 | |

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

| COMMUNICATION MODE | 802.11a | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| TEST MODE | 4 | 5 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (B) | |
| 52 | 1.030 | 0.776 |
| 60 | 1.050 | 0.827 |
| 64 | 1.270 | 0.752 |
| 100 | 0.858 | 0.675 |
| 104 | 0.734 | 0.544 |
| 116 | 0.540 | 0.498 |
| 120 | 0.551 | 0.509 |
| 124 | 0.572 | 0.523 |
| 136 | 0.627 | 0.518 |
| 140 | 0.635 | 0.530 |

| COMMUNICATION MODE | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| TEST MODE | 6 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (B) |
| 54 | 0.781 |
| 62 | 0.749 |
| 102 | 0.545 |
| 118 | 0.460 |
| 134 | 0.536 |

| COMMUNICATION MODE | 802.11a |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| TEST MODE | 7 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (C) |
| 64 | 1.100 |
| 100 | 0.535 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| COMMUNICATION MODE | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) |
| TEST MODE | 8 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (C) |
| 60 | 0.739 |
| 100 | 0.508 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| COMMUNICATION MODE | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) |
| TEST MODE | 9 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (C) |
| 54 | 0.849 |
| 102 | 0.497 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| COMMUNICATION MODE | 802.11a |
| TEST MODE | 10 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (D) |
| 64 | 1.000 |
| 100 | 0.437 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| COMMUNICATION MODE | Draft 802.11n (20MHz) |
| TEST MODE | 11 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (D) |
| 60 | 0.658 |
| 100 | 0.426 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| COMMUNICATION MODE | Draft 802.11n (40MHz) |
| TEST MODE | 12 |
| MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| CHANNEL | ASSESSMENT POSITION (D) |
| 54 | 0.774 |
| 102 | 0.430 |

5. TEST RESULTS

5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The EUT plugged into the notebook. Use the software to control the EUT channel and transmission power. Then record the conducted power before the testing. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY4 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 standards, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 4.0mm and maintained at a constant distance of ± 1.0 mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 4mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 9mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consist of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 4mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than $\pm 5\%$.

5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | | Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|---|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | | Sam Onn | | DATE | | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 52 | 5260.000 | 802.11a | 48.19 | 47.59 | -1.25 | 1 | 1.040 |
| 60 | 5300.000 | 802.11a | 46.99 | 46.37 | -1.32 | 1 | 1.180 |
| 64 | 5320.000 | 802.11a | 49.77 | 49.09 | -1.37 | 1 | 1.190 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | 802.11a | 48.98 | 48.26 | -1.47 | 1 | 0.603 |
| 104 | 5520.000 | 802.11a | 48.56 | 47.83 | -1.50 | 1 | 0.507 |
| 116 | 5580.000 | 802.11a | 48.48 | 47.69 | -1.63 | 1 | 0.457 |
| 120 | 5600.000 | 802.11a | 48.08 | 47.24 | -1.75 | 1 | 0.363 |
| 124 | 5620.000 | 802.11a | 49.51 | 48.61 | -1.82 | 1 | 0.387 |
| 136 | 5680.000 | 802.11a | 49.13 | 48.17 | -1.95 | 1 | 0.348 |
| 140 | 5700.000 | 802.11a | 49.32 | 48.31 | -2.05 | 1 | 0.354 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | Sam Onn | | | DATE | | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 52 | 5260.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 45.71 | 45.45 | -0.57 | 2 | 0.807 |
| 60 | 5300.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 45.92 | 45.63 | -0.63 | 2 | 0.939 |
| 64 | 5320.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.43 | 47.09 | -0.72 | 2 | 0.824 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 46.94 | 46.55 | -0.83 | 2 | 0.666 |
| 104 | 5520.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 46.29 | 45.87 | -0.91 | 2 | 0.538 |
| 116 | 5580.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.08 | 46.58 | -1.06 | 2 | 0.476 |
| 120 | 5600.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.10 | 46.57 | -1.13 | 2 | 0.477 |
| 124 | 5620.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.15 | 46.56 | -1.25 | 2 | 0.478 |
| 136 | 5680.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 48.62 | 47.96 | -1.36 | 2 | 0.469 |
| 140 | 5700.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 48.15 | 47.47 | -1.41 | 2 | 0.438 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | Sam Onn | | | DATE | | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 54 | 5270.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.08 | 45.79 | -0.63 | 3 | 0.847 |
| 62 | 5310.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 45.87 | 45.54 | -0.72 | 3 | 0.846 |
| 102 | 5510.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.67 | 46.28 | -0.84 | 3 | 0.548 |
| 118 | 5590.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.72 | 46.29 | -0.92 | 3 | 0.437 |
| 134 | 5670.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 47.37 | 46.89 | -1.01 | 3 | 0.476 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | | Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 60%RH | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | | Sam Onn | | DATE | | Feb. 29, 2008 |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 52 | 5260.000 | 802.11a | 48.19 | 47.66 | -1.10 | 4 | 1.030 |
| 60 | 5300.000 | 802.11a | 46.99 | 46.38 | -1.30 | 4 | 1.050 |
| 64 | 5320.000 | 802.11a | 49.77 | 49.11 | -1.33 | 4 | 1.270 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | 802.11a | 48.98 | 48.26 | -1.47 | 4 | 0.858 |
| 104 | 5520.000 | 802.11a | 48.56 | 47.81 | -1.54 | 4 | 0.734 |
| 116 | 5580.000 | 802.11a | 48.48 | 47.68 | -1.65 | 4 | 0.540 |
| 120 | 5600.000 | 802.11a | 48.08 | 47.23 | -1.77 | 4 | 0.551 |
| 124 | 5620.000 | 802.11a | 49.51 | 48.54 | -1.96 | 4 | 0.572 |
| 136 | 5680.000 | 802.11a | 49.13 | 48.05 | -2.20 | 4 | 0.627 |
| 140 | 5700.000 | 802.11a | 49.32 | 48.21 | -2.25 | 4 | 0.635 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 60%RH | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| TESTED BY | | Sam Onn | | | DATE | | Feb. 29, 2008 | |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | | |
| 52 | 5260.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 45.71 | 45.18 | -1.16 | 5 | 0.776 | |
| 60 | 5300.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 45.92 | 45.33 | -1.28 | 5 | 0.827 | |
| 64 | 5320.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.43 | 46.79 | -1.35 | 5 | 0.752 | |
| 100 | 5500.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 46.94 | 46.27 | -1.43 | 5 | 0.675 | |
| 104 | 5520.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 46.29 | 45.59 | -1.51 | 5 | 0.544 | |
| 116 | 5580.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.08 | 46.29 | -1.68 | 5 | 0.498 | |
| 120 | 5600.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.10 | 46.26 | -1.78 | 5 | 0.509 | |
| 124 | 5620.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 47.15 | 46.28 | -1.85 | 5 | 0.523 | |
| 136 | 5680.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 48.62 | 47.67 | -1.95 | 5 | 0.518 | |
| 140 | 5700.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 48.15 | 47.18 | -2.01 | 5 | 0.530 | |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.5°C Humidity : 60%RH | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | Sam Onn | | | DATE | | Feb. 29, 2008 |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 54 | 5270.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.08 | 45.36 | -1.56 | 6 | 0.781 |
| 62 | 5310.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 45.87 | 45.12 | -1.64 | 6 | 0.749 |
| 102 | 5510.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.67 | 45.84 | -1.78 | 6 | 0.545 |
| 118 | 5590.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.72 | 45.87 | -1.82 | 6 | 0.460 |
| 134 | 5670.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 47.37 | 46.43 | -1.98 | 6 | 0.536 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | Sam Onn | | | DATE | Feb. 28, 2008 | |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 64 | 5320.000 | 802.11a | 49.77 | 49.34 | -0.86 | 7 | 1.100 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | 802.11a | 48.98 | 48.53 | -0.92 | 7 | 0.535 |
| 60 | 5300.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 45.92 | 45.47 | -0.99 | 8 | 0.739 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 46.94 | 46.46 | -1.02 | 8 | 0.508 |
| 54 | 5270.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.08 | 45.57 | -1.11 | 9 | 0.849 |
| 102 | 5510.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.67 | 46.10 | -1.22 | 9 | 0.497 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION | | Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| TESTED BY | | Sam Onn | | | DATE | | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| CHAN. | FREQ. (MHz) | TEST MODE | CONDUCTED POWER (mW) | | POWER DRIFT (%) | DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| | | | BEGIN TEST | AFTER TEST | | | |
| 64 | 5320.000 | 802.11a | 49.77 | 49.13 | -1.29 | 10 | 1.000 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | 802.11a | 48.98 | 48.31 | -1.37 | 10 | 0.437 |
| 60 | 5300.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 45.92 | 45.27 | -1.41 | 11 | 0.658 |
| 100 | 5500.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (20MHz) | 46.94 | 46.21 | -1.56 | 11 | 0.426 |
| 54 | 5270.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.08 | 45.32 | -1.64 | 12 | 0.774 |
| 102 | 5510.000 | DRAFT 802.11n (40MHz) | 46.67 | 45.87 | -1.71 | 12 | 0.430 |

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6 W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

5.3 SAR LIMITS

| HUMAN EXPOSURE | SAR (W/kg) | |
|--|--|--|
| | (GENERAL POPULATION / UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE ENVIRONMENT) | (OCCUPATIONAL / CONTROLLED EXPOSURE ENVIRONMENT) |
| Spatial Average (whole body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g) | 1.6 | 8.0 |
| Spatial Peak (hands / wrists / feet / ankles averaged over 10 g) | 4.0 | 20.0 |

NOTE:

1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.
2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.

5.4 RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 liters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

- **WATER-** Deionized water (pure H₂O), resistivity ≈ 16 M Ω - as basis for the liquid
- **SUGAR-** Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops - to reduce relative permittivity
- **SALT-** Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity
- **CELLULOSE-** Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C),
CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution
- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE INFORMATION FOR 5GHz SIMULATING LIQUID

The 5GHz liquids were purchased from SPEAG.

Body liquid model: HSL 5800, P/N: SL AAH 5800 AA

Head liquid model: M 5800, P/N: SL AAM 580 AD

5GHz liquids contain the following ingredients:

Water 64 - 78%

Mineral Oil 11 - 18%

Emulsifiers 9 - 15%

Additives and Salt 2 - 3%

Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30min. warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with >8mm thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' : ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Conductivity can be calculated from ϵ'' by $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = \epsilon'' f [\text{GHz}] / 18$.
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~ 50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
14. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900MHz).



| LIQUID TYPE | | HSL-5800 | | MSL-5800 | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP. | | NA | | 21.3 | |
| TEST DATE | | NA | | Feb. 28, 2008 | |
| TESTED BY | | NA | | Sam Onn | |
| FREQ. (MHz) | LIQUID PARAMETER | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE |
| 5200 | Permittivity (ϵ) | NA | NA | 49.00 | 51.20 |
| 5260 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 51.10 |
| 5270 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 51.10 |
| 5300 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 51.00 |
| 5310 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 51.00 |
| 5320 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 51.00 |
| 5500 | | NA | NA | 48.60 | 50.60 |
| 5510 | | NA | NA | 48.60 | 50.60 |
| 5520 | | NA | NA | 48.60 | 50.60 |
| 5580 | | NA | NA | 48.50 | 50.50 |
| 5590 | | NA | NA | 48.50 | 50.40 |
| 5600 | | NA | NA | 48.50 | 50.40 |
| 5620 | | NA | NA | 48.40 | 50.40 |
| 5670 | | NA | NA | 48.40 | 50.30 |
| 5680 | | NA | NA | 48.40 | 50.20 |
| 5700 | | NA | NA | 48.30 | 50.20 |
| 5800 | | NA | NA | 48.20 | 49.00 |
| Dielectric Parameters Required at 21°C | | | | | |



| LIQUID TYPE | | HSL-5800 | | MSL-5800 | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP. | | NA | | 21.3 | |
| TEST DATE | | NA | | Feb. 28, 2008 | |
| TESTED BY | | NA | | Sam Onn | |
| FREQ. (MHz) | LIQUID PARAMETER | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE |
| 5200 | Conductivity (σ) S/m | NA | NA | 5.30 | 5.34 |
| 5260 | | NA | NA | 5.37 | 5.43 |
| 5270 | | NA | NA | 5.38 | 5.44 |
| 5300 | | NA | NA | 5.42 | 5.49 |
| 5310 | | NA | NA | 5.43 | 5.48 |
| 5320 | | NA | NA | 5.44 | 5.51 |
| 5500 | | NA | NA | 5.65 | 5.78 |
| 5510 | | NA | NA | 5.66 | 5.79 |
| 5520 | | NA | NA | 5.67 | 5.81 |
| 5580 | | NA | NA | 5.74 | 5.90 |
| 5590 | | NA | NA | 5.75 | 5.91 |
| 5600 | | NA | NA | 5.77 | 5.92 |
| 5620 | | NA | NA | 5.79 | 5.93 |
| 5670 | | NA | NA | 5.85 | 6.03 |
| 5680 | | NA | NA | 5.86 | 6.05 |
| 5700 | | NA | NA | 5.88 | 6.08 |
| 5800 | | NA | NA | 6.00 | 6.23 |
| Dielectric Parameters Required at 21°C | | | | | |



| LIQUID TYPE | | HSL-5800 | | MSL-5800 | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP. | | NA | | 21.5 | |
| TEST DATE | | NA | | Feb. 29, 2008 | |
| TESTED BY | | NA | | Sam Onn | |
| FREQ. (MHz) | LIQUID PARAMETER | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE |
| 5200 | Permittivity (ϵ) | NA | NA | 49.00 | 51.00 |
| 5260 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 50.90 |
| 5270 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 50.90 |
| 5300 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 50.80 |
| 5310 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 50.90 |
| 5320 | | NA | NA | 48.90 | 50.80 |
| 5500 | | NA | NA | 48.60 | 50.50 |
| 5510 | | NA | NA | 48.60 | 50.50 |
| 5520 | | NA | NA | 48.60 | 50.40 |
| 5580 | | NA | NA | 48.50 | 50.30 |
| 5590 | | NA | NA | 48.50 | 50.30 |
| 5600 | | NA | NA | 48.50 | 50.20 |
| 5620 | | NA | NA | 48.40 | 50.20 |
| 5670 | | NA | NA | 48.40 | 50.10 |
| 5680 | | NA | NA | 48.40 | 50.10 |
| 5700 | | NA | NA | 48.30 | 50.10 |
| 5800 | | NA | NA | 48.20 | 48.90 |
| Dielectric Parameters Required at 21°C | | | | | |



| LIQUID TYPE | | HSL-5800 | | MSL-5800 | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP. | | NA | | 21.5 | |
| TEST DATE | | NA | | Feb. 29, 2008 | |
| TESTED BY | | NA | | Sam Onn | |
| FREQ. (MHz) | LIQUID PARAMETER | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE | STANDARD VALUE | MEASUREMENT VALUE |
| 5200 | Conductivity (σ) S/m | NA | NA | 5.30 | 5.32 |
| 5260 | | NA | NA | 5.37 | 5.41 |
| 5270 | | NA | NA | 5.38 | 5.42 |
| 5300 | | NA | NA | 5.42 | 5.47 |
| 5310 | | NA | NA | 5.43 | 5.47 |
| 5320 | | NA | NA | 5.44 | 5.50 |
| 5500 | | NA | NA | 5.65 | 5.76 |
| 5510 | | NA | NA | 5.66 | 5.78 |
| 5520 | | NA | NA | 5.67 | 5.79 |
| 5580 | | NA | NA | 5.74 | 5.88 |
| 5590 | | NA | NA | 5.75 | 5.90 |
| 5600 | | NA | NA | 5.77 | 5.92 |
| 5620 | | NA | NA | 5.79 | 5.92 |
| 5670 | | NA | NA | 5.85 | 6.02 |
| 5680 | | NA | NA | 5.86 | 6.03 |
| 5700 | | NA | NA | 5.88 | 6.07 |
| 5800 | | NA | NA | 6.00 | 6.21 |
| Dielectric Parameters Required at 21°C | | | | | |



5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

| ITEM | NAME | BAND | TYPE | SERIES NO. | CALIBRATED UNTIL |
|------|------------------|---------|--------|------------|------------------|
| 1 | Network Analyzer | Agilent | E8358A | US41480538 | Nov. 11, 2008 |
| 2 | Dielectric Probe | Agilent | 85070D | US01440176 | NA |

NOTE:

1. Before starting, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.
2. The tolerance ($k=1$) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually $\pm 2.5\%$ and $\pm 5\%$ for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than $\pm 2.5\%$ ($k=1$). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.

6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue, and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

| ITEM | NAME | BAND | TYPE | SERIES NO. | CALIBRATED UNTIL |
|------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|------------------|
| 1 | SAM Phantom | S & P | QD000 P40 CA | PT-1150 | NA |
| 2 | Signal Generator | Anritsu | 68247B | 984703 | May 18, 2008 |
| 3 | E-Field Probe | Speaq | EX3DV3 | 3506 | Mar. 19, 2008 |
| 4 | DAE | Speaq | DAE | 579 | Mar. 22, 2008 |
| 5 | Robot Positioner | Staubli Unimation | NA | NA | NA |
| 6 | Validation Dipole | Speaq | D5GHzV2 | 1018 | Apr. 18, 2008 |
| 7 | Power Meter | Agilent | E4416A | GB41291763 | May 27, 2008 |
| 8 | Peak and Average Power Sensor | Agilent | E9327A | US40441181 | May 27, 2008 |

NOTE: Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.

6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

Before the system performance check, we need only to tell the system which components (probe, medium, and device) are used for the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for mobile phones can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.

The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.) However, varying breaking indices of different liquid compositions might also influence the distance. If the indicated difference varies from the actual setting, the probe parameter "optical surface

The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.

The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASY4 system is less than ± 0.1 mm.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{(a + d)^2}{a^2} - 1 \right)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is <2%.

6.3 VALIDATION RESULTS

| SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST IN THE MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| TEST FREQUENCY (MHz) | REQUIRED SAR (mW/g) | MEASURED SAR (mW/g) | DEVIATION (%) | SEPARATION DISTANCE | TEST DATE |
| MSL5200 | 19.50 (1g) | 18.70 | -4.10 | 10mm | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| MSL5200 | 19.50 (1g) | 19.10 | -2.05 | 10mm | Feb. 29, 2008 |
| MSL5500 | 19.60 (1g) | 18.80 | -4.08 | 10mm | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| MSL5500 | 19.60 (1g) | 19.00 | -3.06 | 10mm | Feb. 29, 2008 |
| MSL5800 | 17.60 (1g) | 17.00 | -3.41 | 10mm | Feb. 28, 2008 |
| MSL5800 | 17.60 (1g) | 16.90 | -3.98 | 10mm | Feb. 29, 2008 |
| TESTED BY | Sam Onn | | | | |

NOTE: Please see Appendix for the photo of system validation test.

6.4 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

| Error Description | Tolerance (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (C _i) | | Standard Uncertainty (±%) | | (v _i) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| | | | | (1g) | (10g) | (1g) | (10g) | |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.8 | 6.6 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 0.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | 2.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limit | 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| Response Time | 0.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 0.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | 5.7 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.7 | 5.7 | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Dipole | | | | | | | | |
| Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance | 2.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Input power and SAR drift measurement | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.6 | 1.1 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.60 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.60 | 0.49 | 1.5 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | | 11.3 | 11.1 | ∞ |
| Coverage Factor for 95% | | | | | | kp=2 | | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (K=2) | | | | | | 22.6 | 22.1 | |

Table 6.1

NOTE: 1. Table 6.1 Uncertainty of the system performance check in the 5-6GHz range. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3DV3 probe conversion factor at Calibration Frequency.
2. About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.

7. MEASUREMENT SAR PROCEDURE UNCERTAINTIES

The assessment of spatial peak SAR of the hand handheld devices is according to IEEE 1528. All testing situation shall be met below these requirements.

- The system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG.
- The probe has been calibrated within the requested period and the stated uncertainty for the relevant frequency bands does not exceed 4.8% (k=1).
- The validation dipole has been calibrated within the requested period and the system performance check has been successful.
- The DAE unit has been calibrated within the within the requested period.
- The minimum distance between the probe sensor and inner phantom shell is selected to be between 4 and 5mm.
- The operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136 and PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is >500 ms.
- The dielectric parameters of the liquid have been assessed using Agilent 85070D dielectric probe kit or a more accurate method.
- The dielectric parameters are within 5% of the target values.
- The DUT has been positioned as described in section 3.

7.1. PROBE CALIBRATION UNCERTAINTY

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 50361, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO17025. The uncertainties are stated on the calibration certificate. For the most relevant frequency bands, these values do not exceed 4.8% (k=1). If evaluations of other bands are performed for which the uncertainty exceeds these values, the uncertainty tables given in the summary have to be revised accordingly.

7.2. ISOTROPY UNCERTAINTY

The axial isotropy tolerance accounts for probe rotation around its axis while the hemispherical isotropy error includes all probe orientations and field polarizations. These parameters are assessed by SPEAG during initial calibration. In 2001, SPEAG further tightened its quality controls and warrants that the maximal deviation from axial isotropy is $\pm 0.20\text{dB}$, while the maximum deviation of hemispherical isotropy is $\pm 0.40\text{dB}$, corresponding to $\pm 4.7\%$ and $\pm 9.6\%$, respectively. A weighting factor of c_p equal to 0.5 can be applied, since the axis of the probe deviates less than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation.

7.3. BOUNDARY EFFECT UNCERTAINTY

The effect can be estimated according to the following error approximation formula

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = SAR_{be} [\%] \times \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} e^{-\frac{d_{be}}{\delta/2}}$$

$$d_{be} + d_{step} < 10\text{mm}$$

The parameter d_{be} is the distance in mm between the surface and the closest measurement point used in the averaging process; d_{step} is the separation distance in mm between the first and second measurement points; δ is the minimum penetration depth in mm within the head tissue equivalent liquids (i.e., $\delta = 13.95\text{mm}$ at 3GHz); SAR_{be} is the deviation between the measured SAR value at the distance d_{be} from the boundary and the wave-guide analytical value SAR_{ref} . DASY4 applies a boundary effect compensation algorithm according to IEEE 1528, which is possible since the axis of the probe never deviates more than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation. $SAR_{be}[\%]$ is assessed during the calibration process and SPEAG warrants that the uncertainty at distances larger than 4mm is always less than 1%. In summary, the worst case boundary effect SAR tolerance[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is $< \pm 0.8\%$.

7.4. PROBE LINEARITY UNCERTAINTY

Field probe linearity uncertainty includes errors from the assessment and compensation of the diode compression effects for CW and pulsed signals with known duty cycles. This error is assessed using the procedure described in IEEE 1528. For SPEAG field probes, the measured difference between CW and pulsed signals, with pulse frequencies between 10Hz and 1kHz and duty cycles between 1 and 100, is $< \pm 0.20\text{dB}$ ($< \pm 4.7\%$).

7.5. READOUT ELECTRONICS UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties related to the probe readout electronics (DAE unit), including the gain and linearity of the instrumentation amplifier, its loading effect on the probe, and accuracy of the signal conversion algorithm, have been assessed accordingly to IEEE 1528. The combination (root-sum-square RSS method) of these components results in an overall maximum error of $\pm 1.0\%$.

7.6. RESPONSE TIME UNCERTAINTY

The time response of the field probes is assessed by exposing the probe to a well-controlled electric field producing SAR larger than 2.0W/kg at the tissue medium surface. The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/of switch of the power source. Analytically, it can be expressed as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{T_m}{T_m + \tau e^{-T_m/\tau} - \tau} - 1 \right)$$

where T_m is 500 ms, i.e., the time between measurement samples, and τ the time constant. The response time τ of SPEAG's probes is $< 5\text{ms}$. In the current implementation, DASY4 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

7.7. INTEGRATION TIME UNCERTAINTY

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization and can be assessed as follows

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \sum_{all\ sub-frames} \frac{t_{frame}}{t_{integration}} \frac{slot_{idle}}{slot_{total}}$$

The tolerances for the different systems are given in Table 7.1, whereby the worst-case $SAR_{tolerance}$ is 2.6%.

| System | $SAR_{tolerance} \%$ |
|-------------|----------------------|
| CW | 0 |
| CDMA* | 0 |
| WCDMA* | 0 |
| FDMA | 0 |
| IS-136 | 2.6 |
| PDC | 2.6 |
| GSM/DCS/PCS | 1.7 |
| DECT | 1.9 |
| Worst-Case | 2.6 |

TABLE 7.1

7.8. PROBE POSITIONER MECHANICAL TOLERANCE

The mechanical tolerance of the field probe positioner can introduce probe positioning uncertainties. The resulting SAR uncertainty is assessed by comparing the SAR obtained according to the specifications of the probe positioner with respect to the actual position defined by the geometric center of the probe sensors. The tolerance is determined as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{\delta/2}$$

The specified repeatability of the RX robot family used in DASY4 systems is $\pm 25\mu\text{m}$. The absolute accuracy for short distance movements is better than $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, i.e., the $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is better than 1.5% (rectangular).

7.9. PROBE POSITIONING

The probe positioning procedures affect the tolerance of the separation distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{\delta/2}$$

where d_{ph} is the maximum deviation of the distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface. The optical surface detection has a precision of better than 0.2mm, resulting in an $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ of <2.9% (rectangular distribution). Since the mechanical detection provides better accuracy, 2.9% is a worst-case figure for DASY4 system.

7.10. PHANTOM UNCERTAINTY

The SAR measurement uncertainty due to SPEAG phantom shell production tolerances has been evaluated using

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] \cong 100 \times \frac{2d}{a}, \quad d \ll a$$

For a maximum deviation d of the inner and outer shell of the phantom from that specified in the CAD file of $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$, and a 10mm spacing a between source and tissue liquid, the calculated phantom uncertainty is $\pm 4.0\%$.

7.11.DASY4 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET

| Error Description | Tolerance (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (C _i) | | Standard Uncertainty (±%) | | (v _i) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| | | | | (1g) | (10g) | (1g) | (10g) | |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.8 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6.8 | 6.8 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | 2.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limit | 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| Response Time | 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | 5.7 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.7 | 5.7 | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Test EUT Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 145 |
| Device Holder | 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 5 |
| Power Drift | 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.6 | 1.1 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.60 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.60 | 0.49 | 1.5 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | | 12.8 | 12.7 | 330 |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | 25.7 | 25.3 | |

TABLE 7.3

The table 7.3: Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 valid for the frequency range 5 ~ 6 GHz. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the narrow-bandwidth EX3DV3 probe conversion factor (±50 MHz).



8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, ADT Corp., were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| USA | FCC, UL, A2LA |
| GERMANY | TUV Rheinland |
| JAPAN | VCCI |
| NORWAY | NEMKO |
| CANADA | INDUSTRY CANADA , CSA |
| R.O.C. | TAF, BSMI, NCC |
| NETHERLANDS | Telefication |
| SINGAPORE | GOST-ASIA (MOU) |
| RUSSIA | CERTIS (MOU) |

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site:

www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:

Tel: 886-2-26052180

Fax: 886-2-26051924

Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:

Tel: 886-3-5935343

Fax: 886-3-5935342

Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Tel: 886-3-3183232

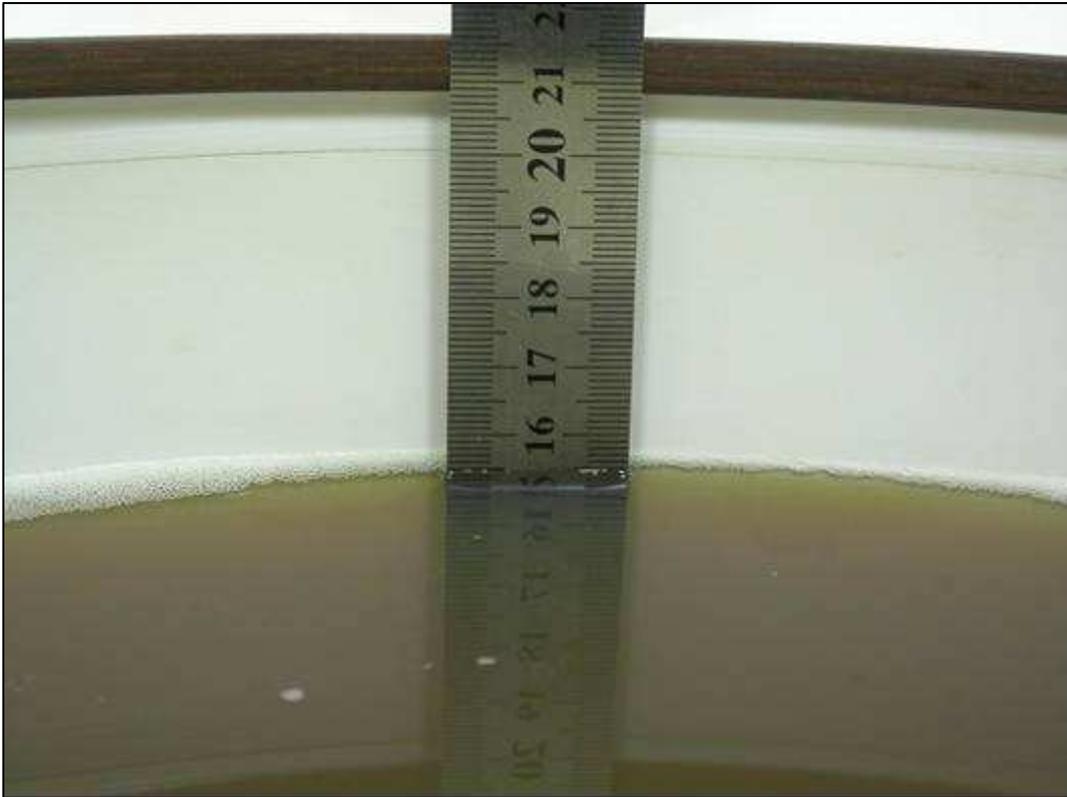
Fax: 886-3-3185050

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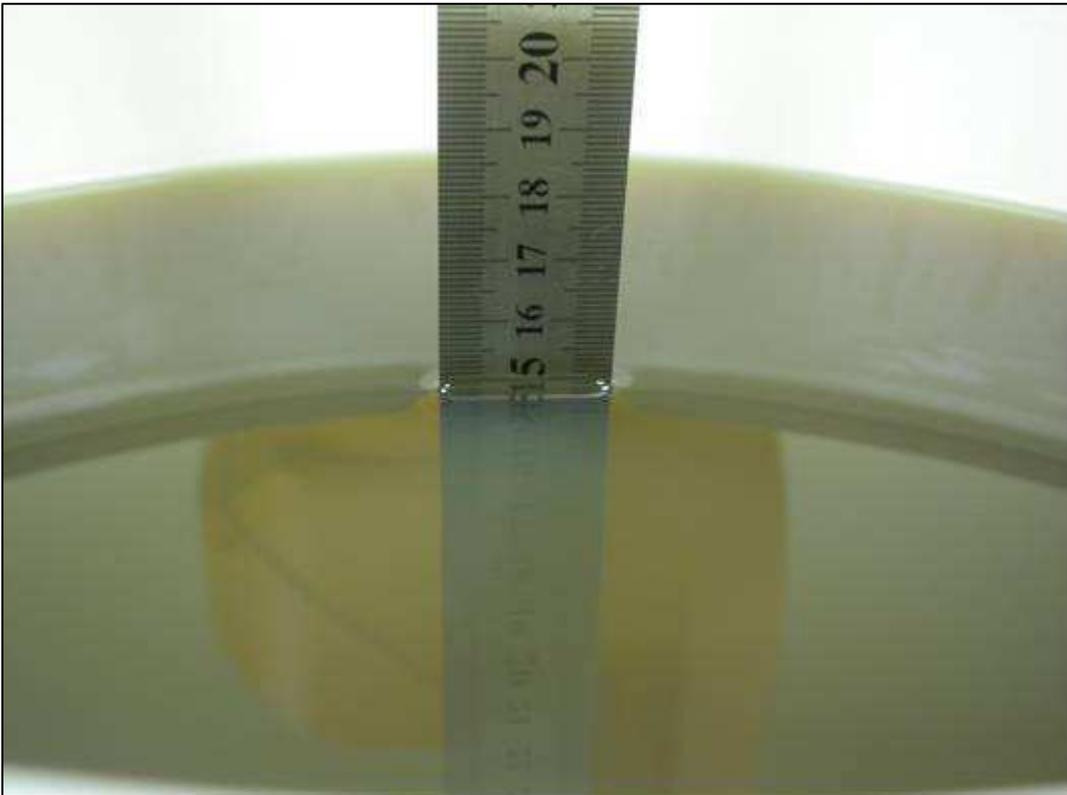
The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

APPENDIX A: TEST DATA
Liquid Level Photo

MSL 5800MHz D=155mm



MSL 5800MHz D=150mm



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch52-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5260 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 52/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 mW/g

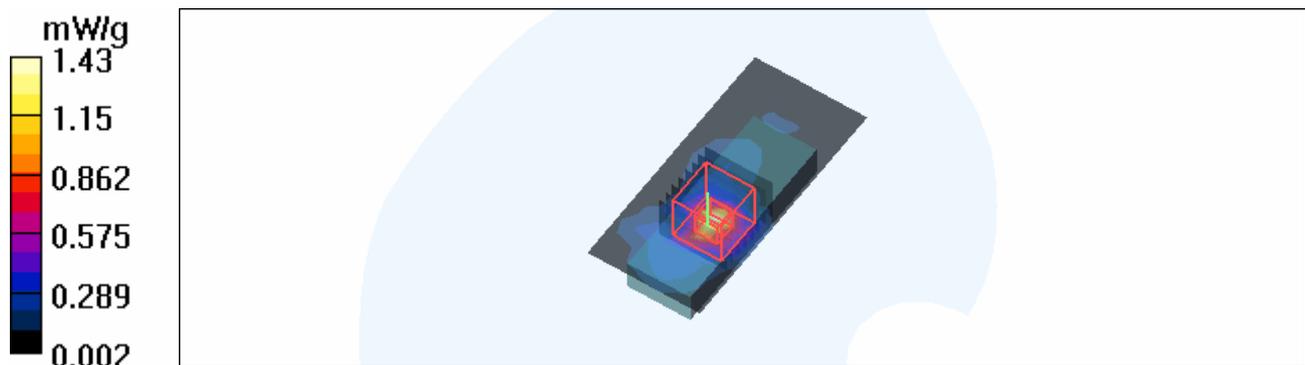
Low Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch60-M01**DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5300 MHz**

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.67 mW/g

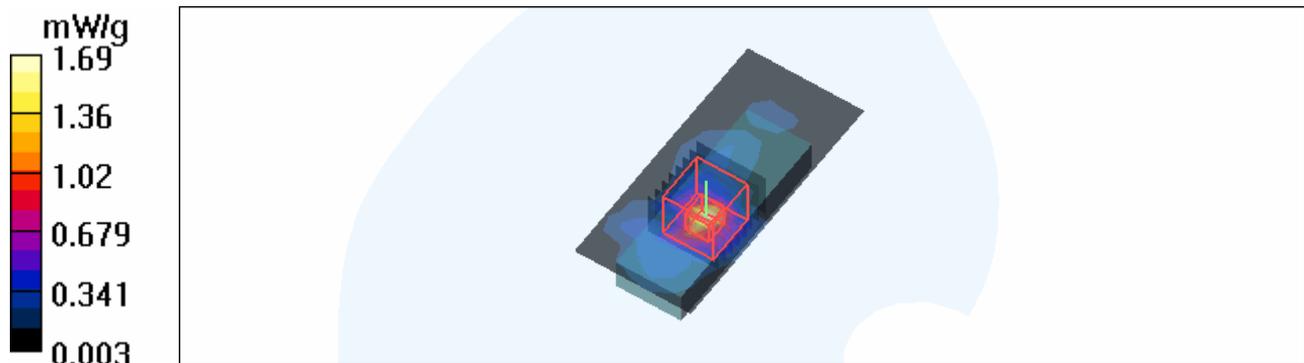
Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch64-M01**DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5320 MHz**

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 mW/g

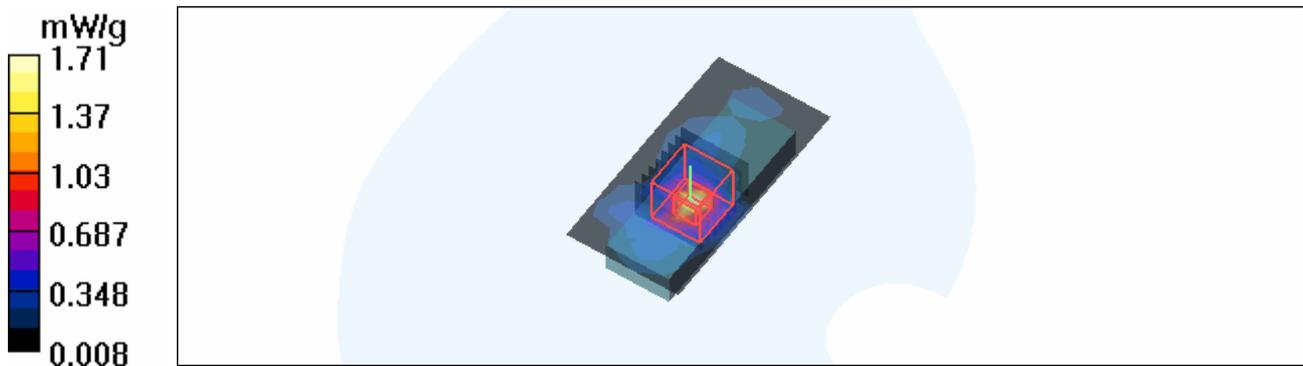
Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch100-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.879 mW/g

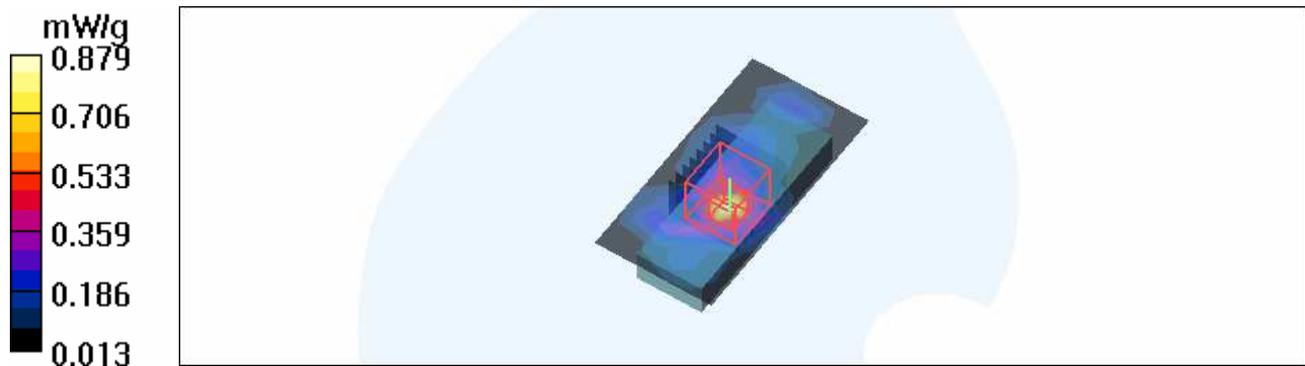
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.61 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.603 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.848 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch104-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5520 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5520 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.721 mW/g

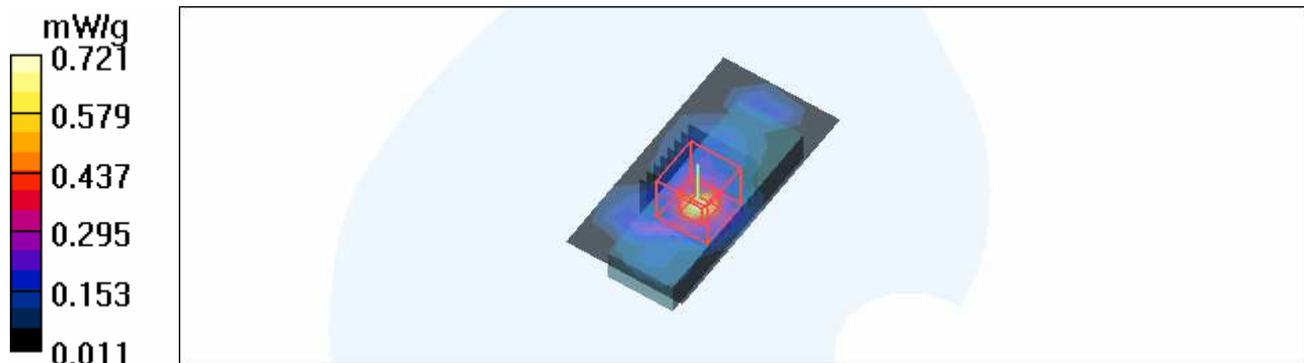
Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.83 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.507 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.704 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch116-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5580 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5580 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 mW/g

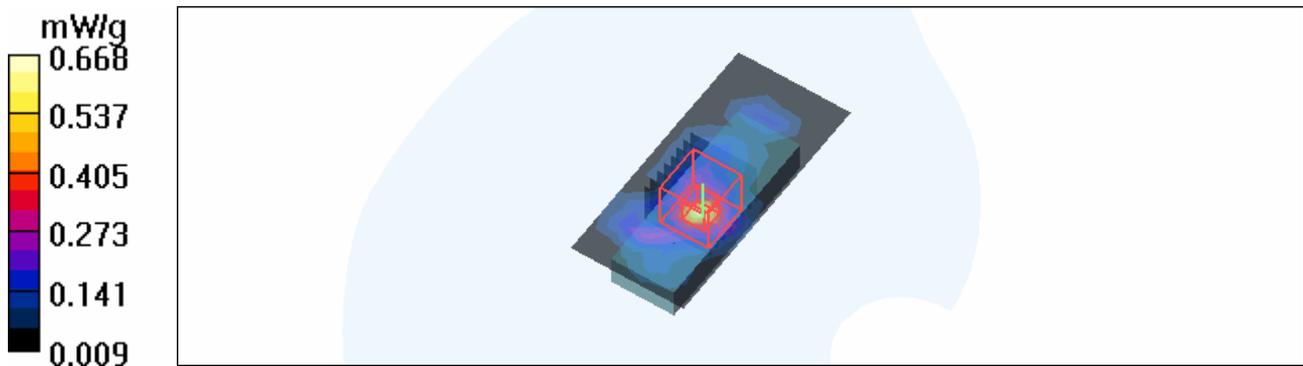
Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.95 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.457 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch120-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5600 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5600 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.513 mW/g

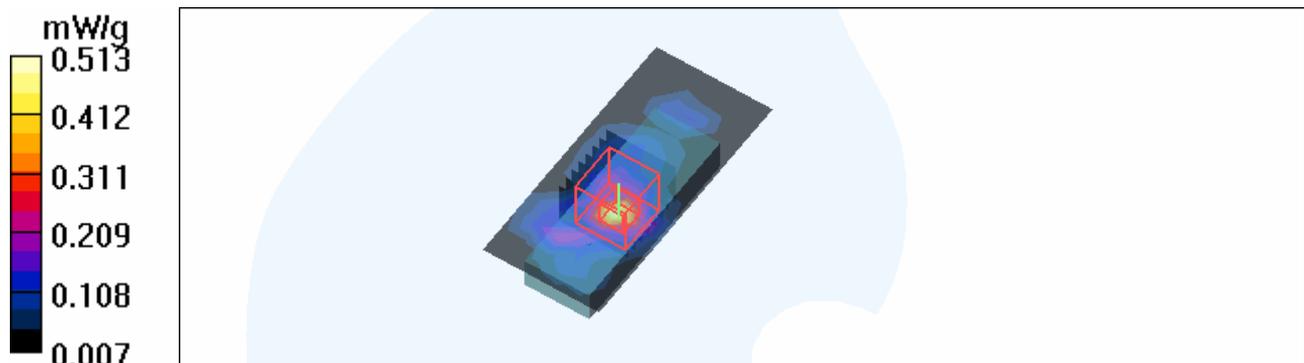
Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.19 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch124-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5620 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5620 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 mW/g

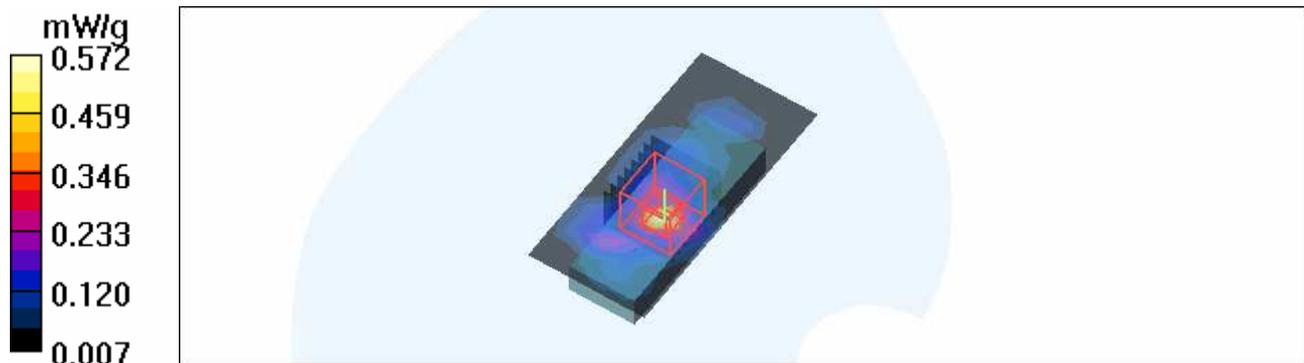
Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.37 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.387 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch136-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5680 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 136/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

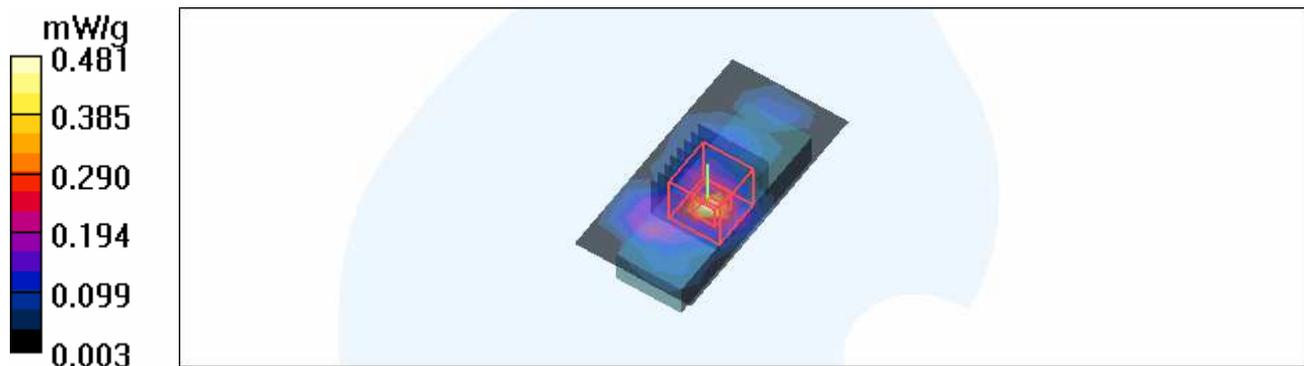
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.481 mW/g

Mid Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.00 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.348** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-11a-Ch140-M01

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5700 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5700 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.08 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 140/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.491 mW/g

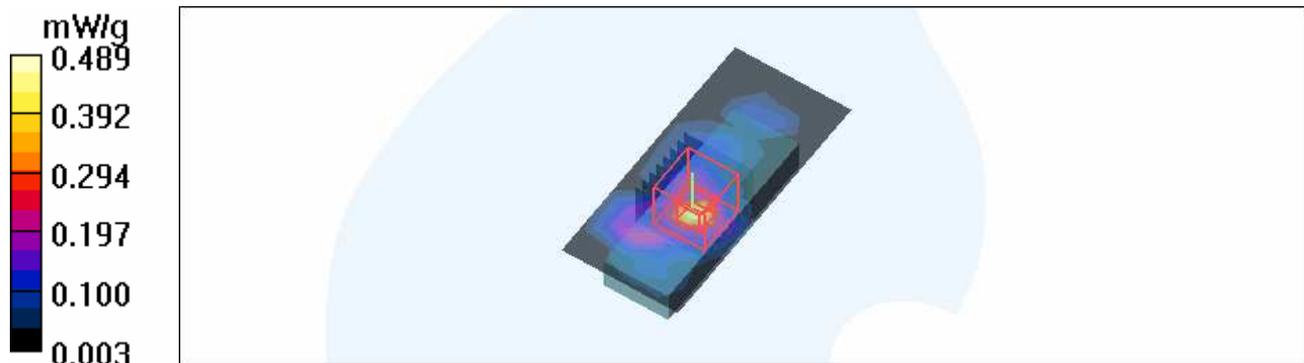
High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.18 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.354 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch52-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5260 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 52/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g

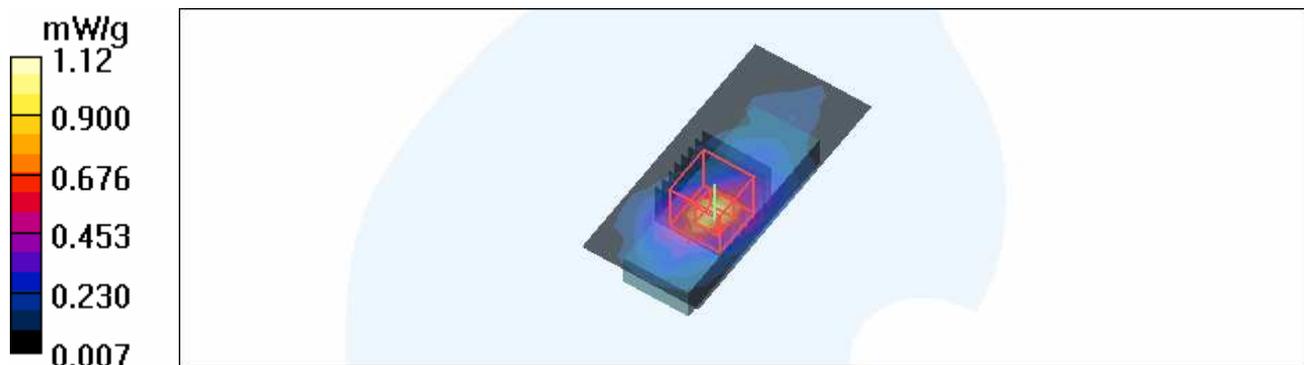
Low Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.807 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch60-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5300 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g

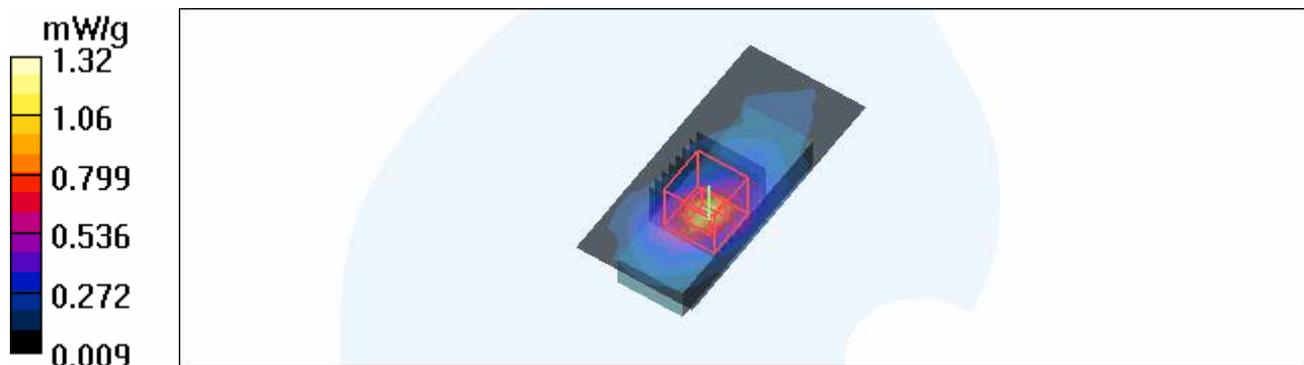
Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.939 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch64-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5320 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g

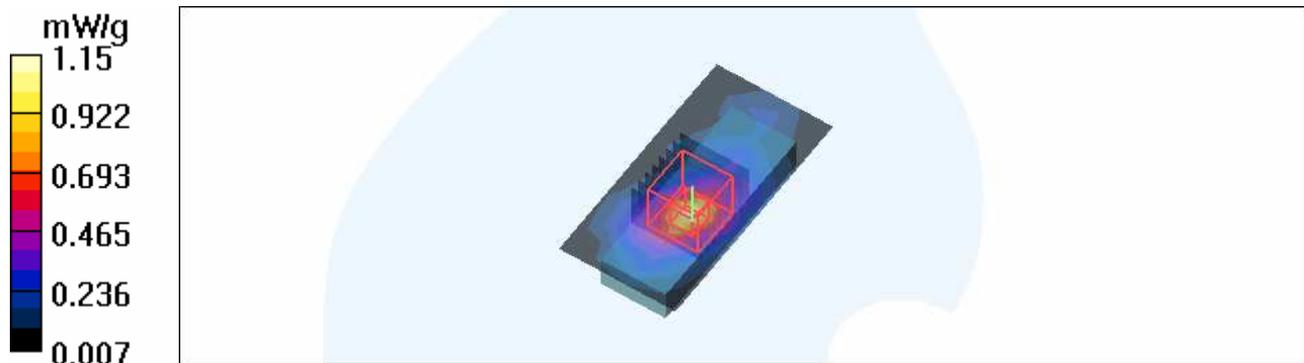
Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.824 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch100-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.876 mW/g

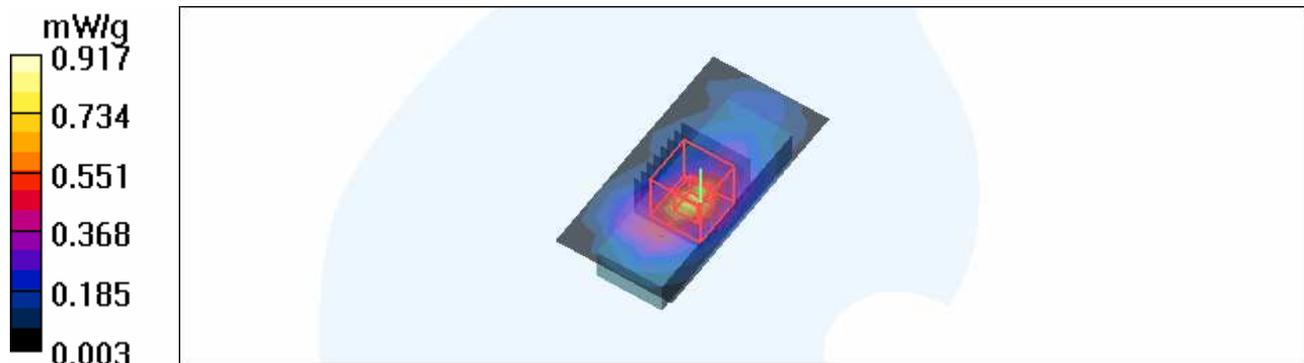
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.78 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.666 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.917 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch104-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5520 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5520 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 mW/g

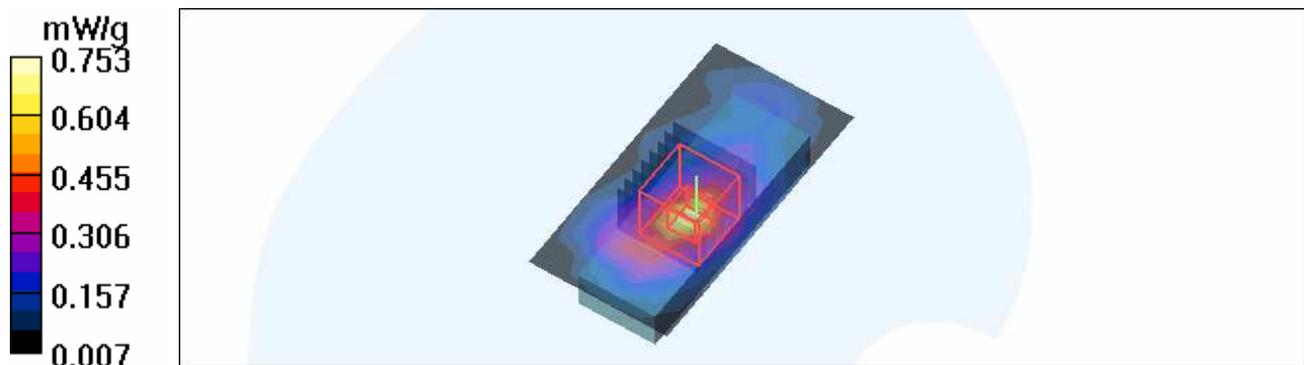
Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.538 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch116-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5580 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5580 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.665 mW/g

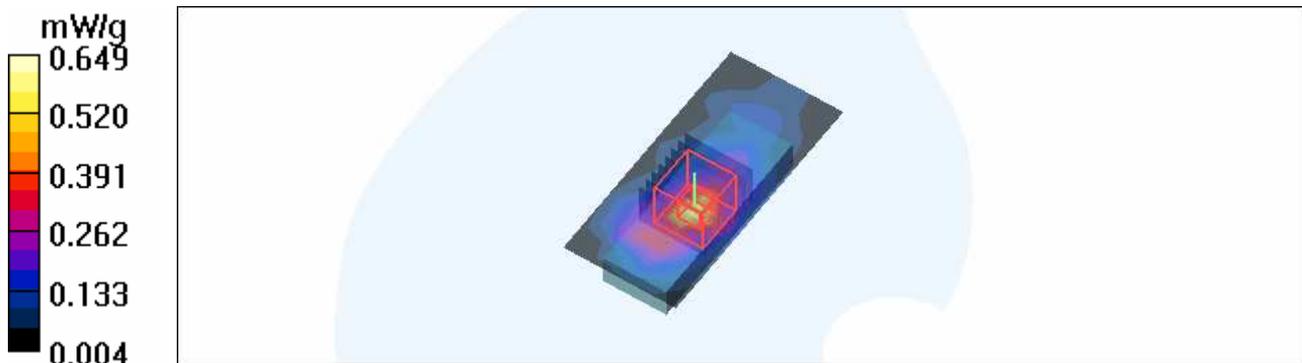
Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.42 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch120-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5600 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5600 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.656 mW/g

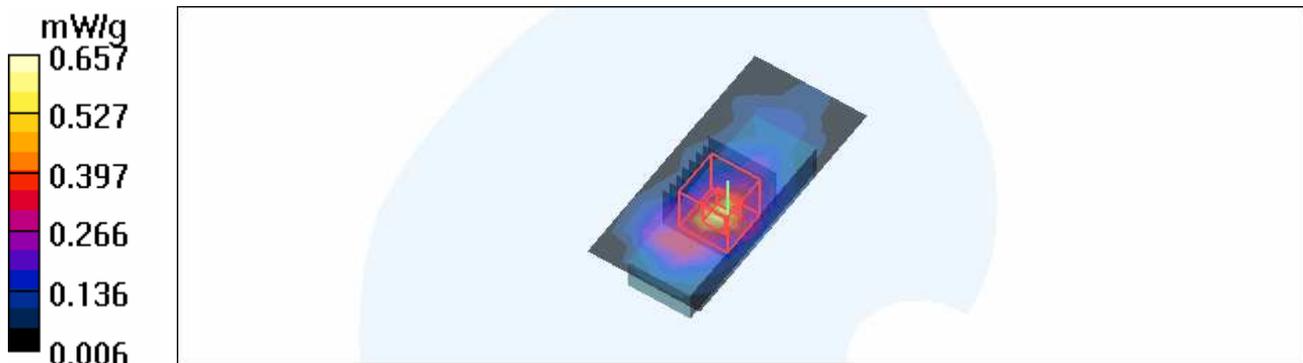
Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.477 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.657 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch124-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5620 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5620 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 mW/g

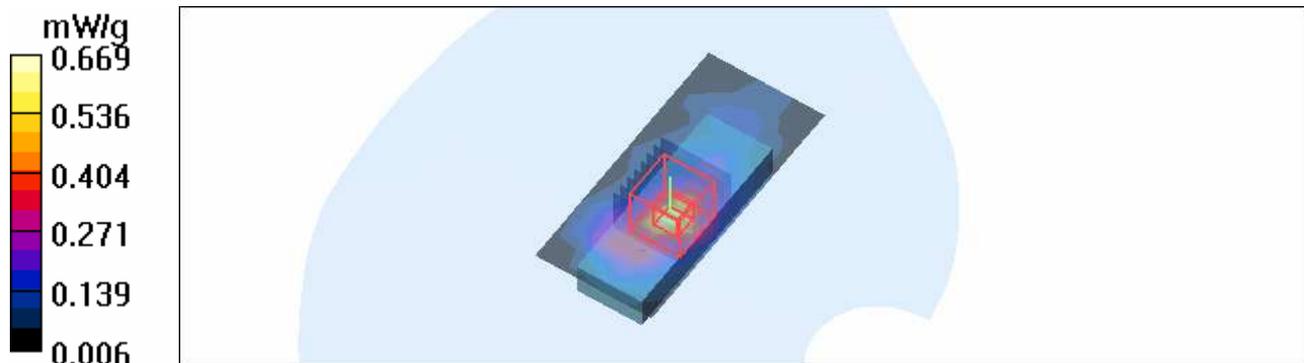
Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.478 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch136-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5680 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 136/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.597 mW/g

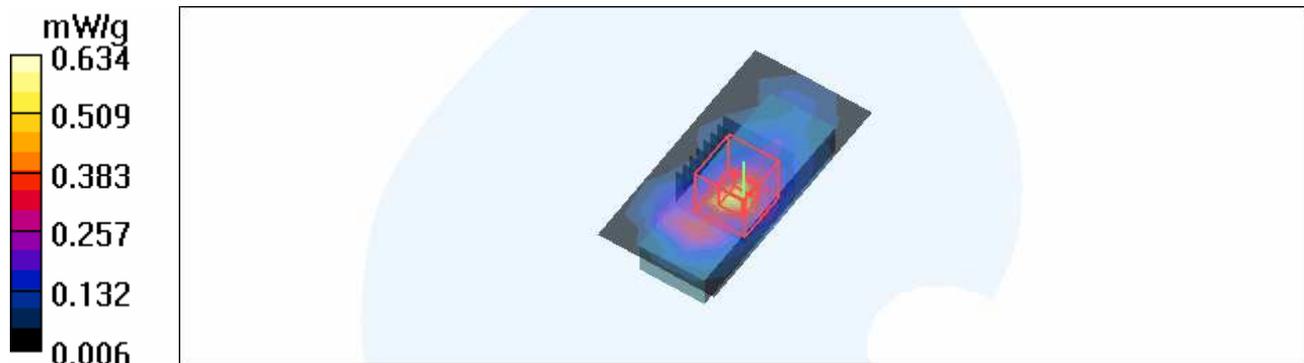
Mid Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.97 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span20-Ch140-M02

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5700 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5700 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 140/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.565 mW/g

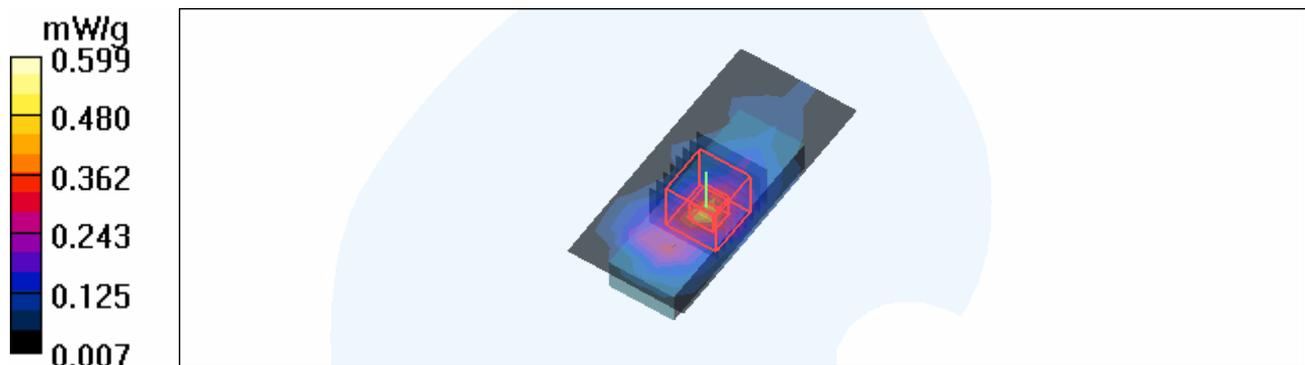
High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.93 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span40-Ch54-M03

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5270 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5270 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5270$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 54/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g

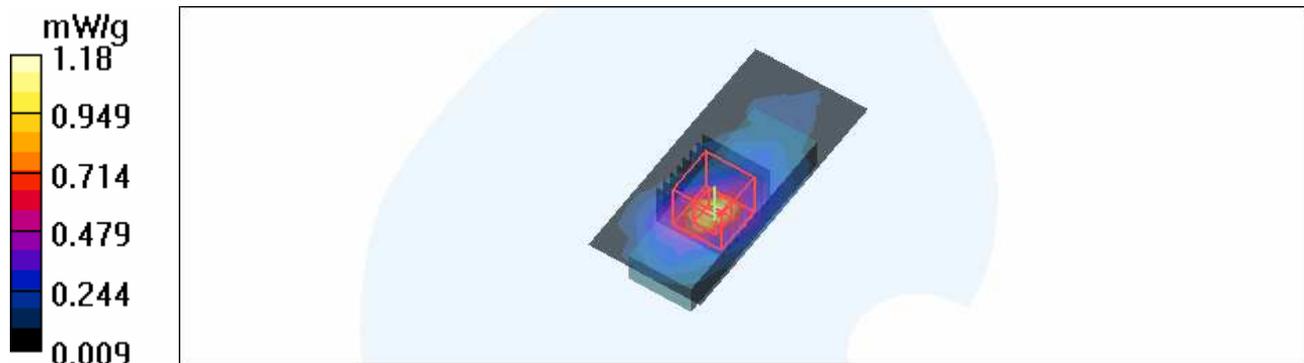
Mid Channel 54/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.847 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span40-Ch62-M03

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5310 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5310 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5310$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 62/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g

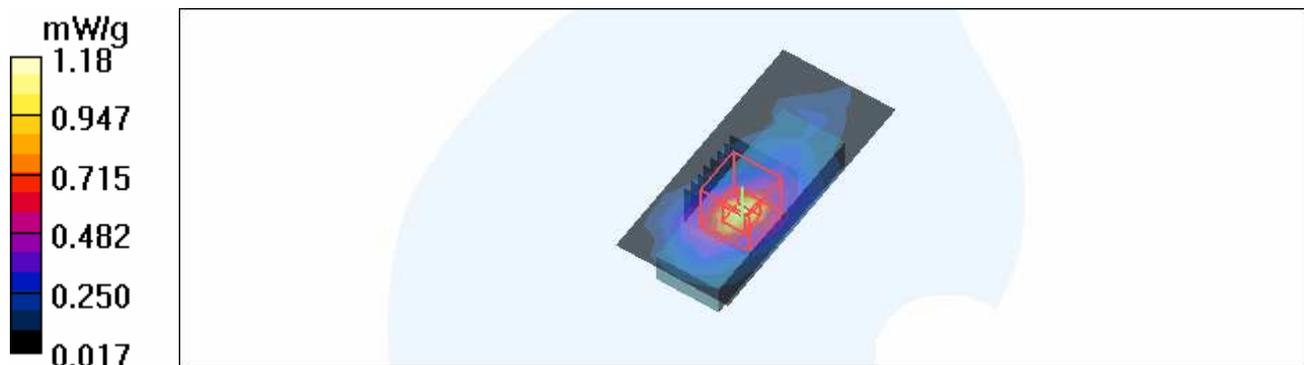
Mid Channel 62/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.846 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span40-Ch102-M03

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5510 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5510 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5510$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 102/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.781 mW/g

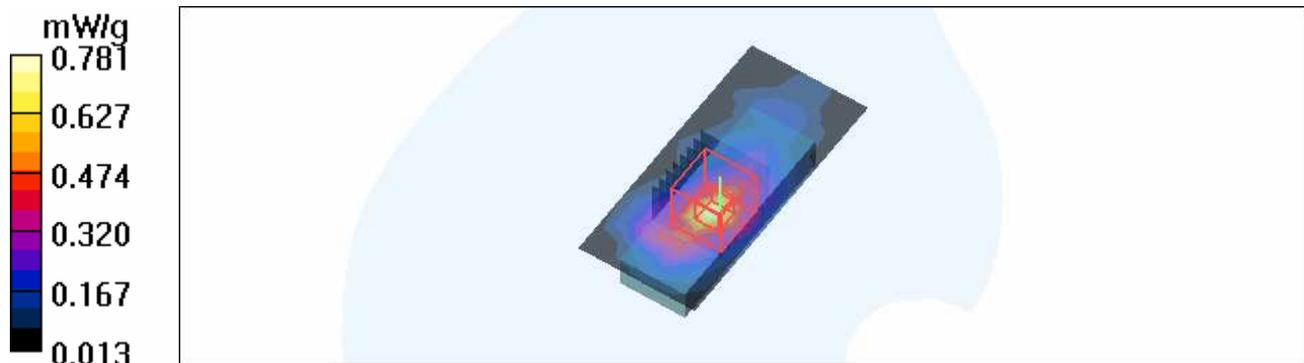
Mid Channel 102/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.45 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.548 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span40-Ch118-M03

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5590 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5590 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5590$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 118/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 mW/g

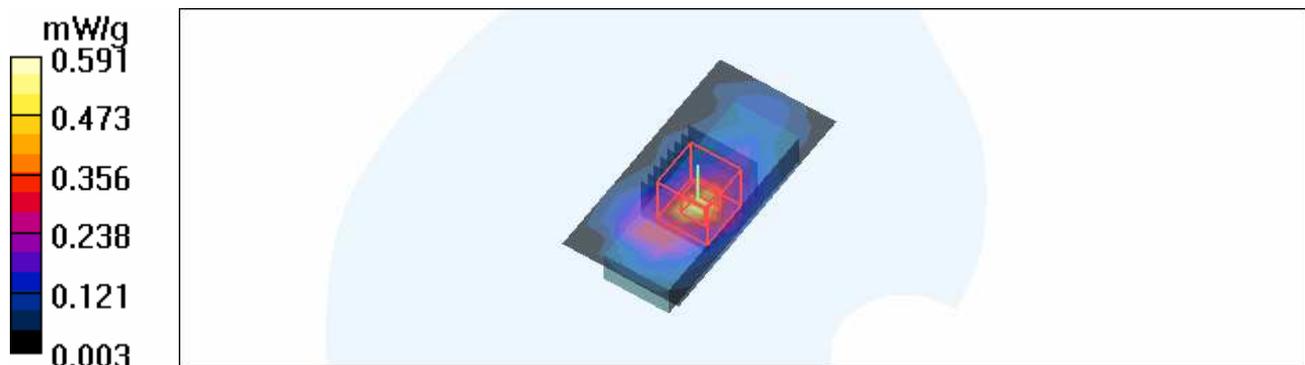
Mid Channel 118/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.08 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

NC6000-5G 11n span40-Ch134-M03

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5670 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5670 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5670$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 134/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.610 mW/g

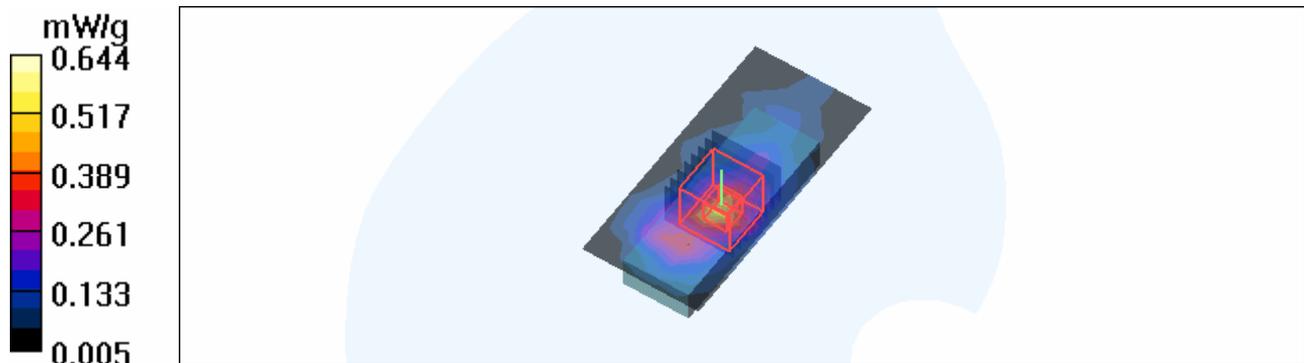
Mid Channel 134/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.11 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.644 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch52-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5260 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 52/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 mW/g

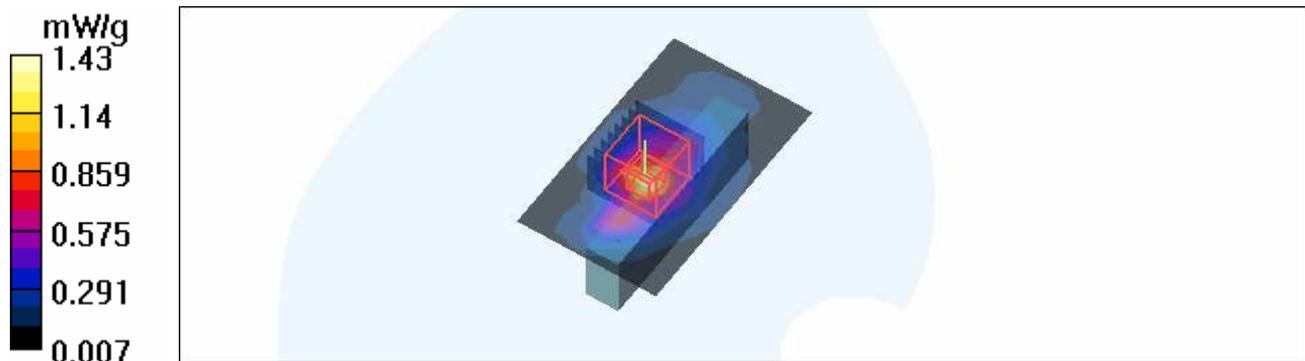
Low Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.375 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch60-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5300 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 mW/g

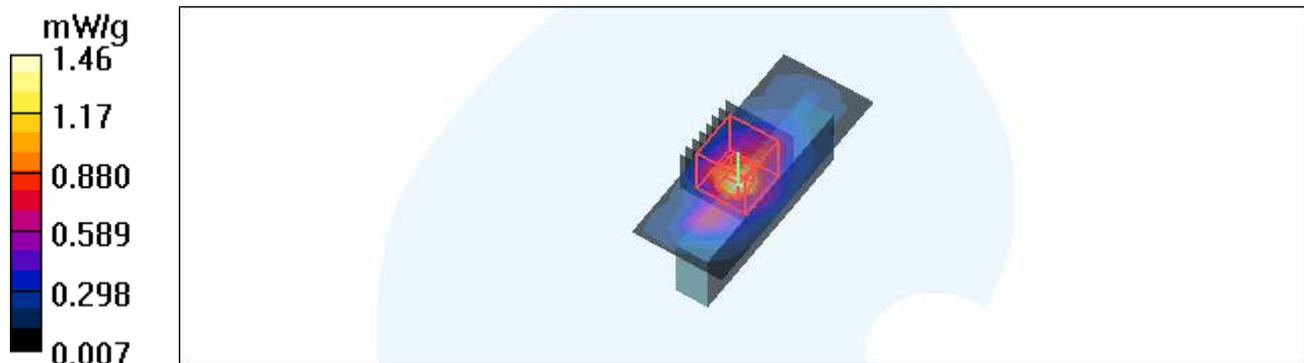
Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch64-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5320 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 mW/g

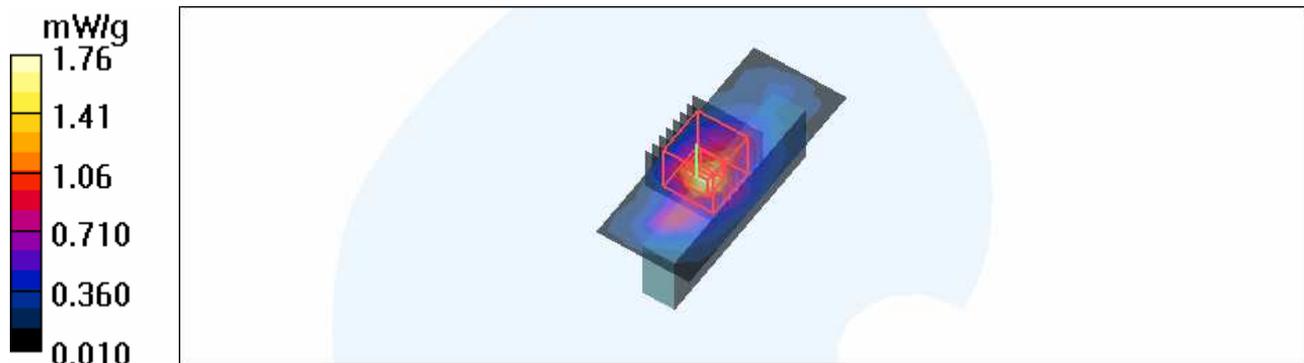
Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

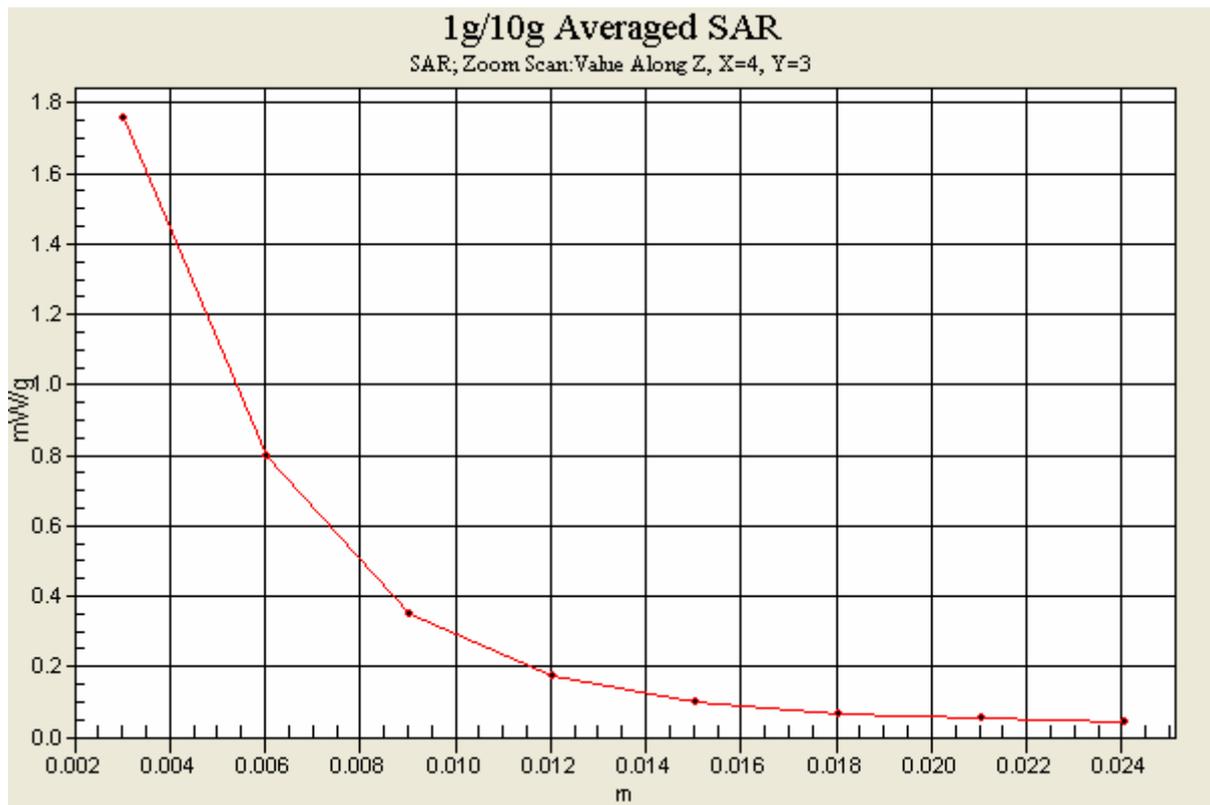
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch100-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.76 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

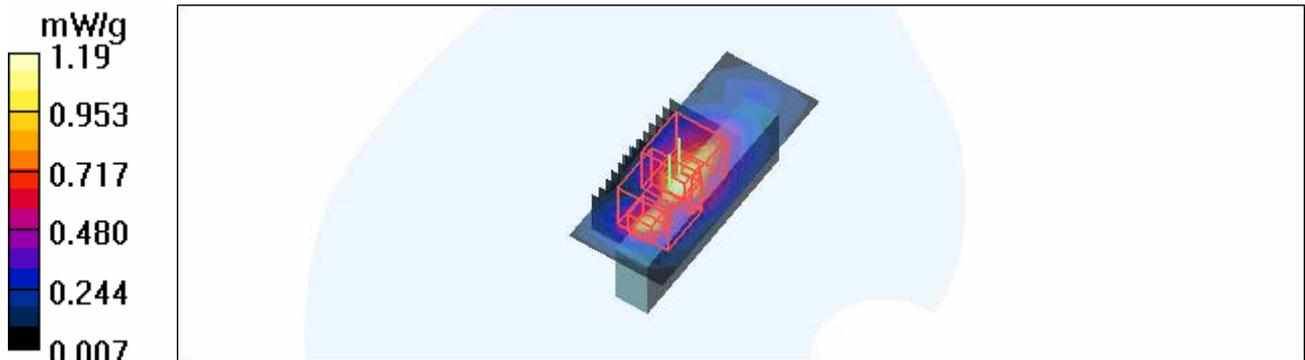
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g

Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 14.2 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.91 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.858 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g

Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 14.2 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.643 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.940 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch104-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5520 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5520 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.79 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

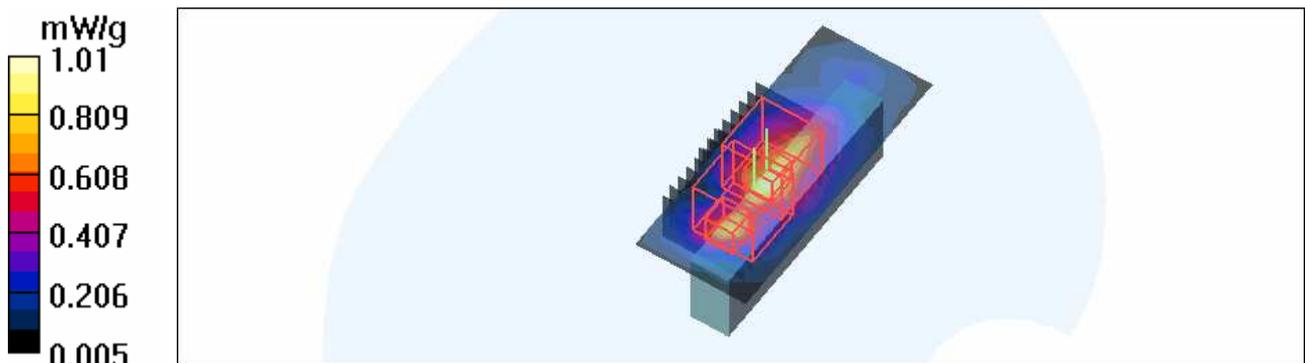
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.978 mW/g

Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 13.3 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.734 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.271 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g

Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 13.3 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.562 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.802 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch116-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5580 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5580 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

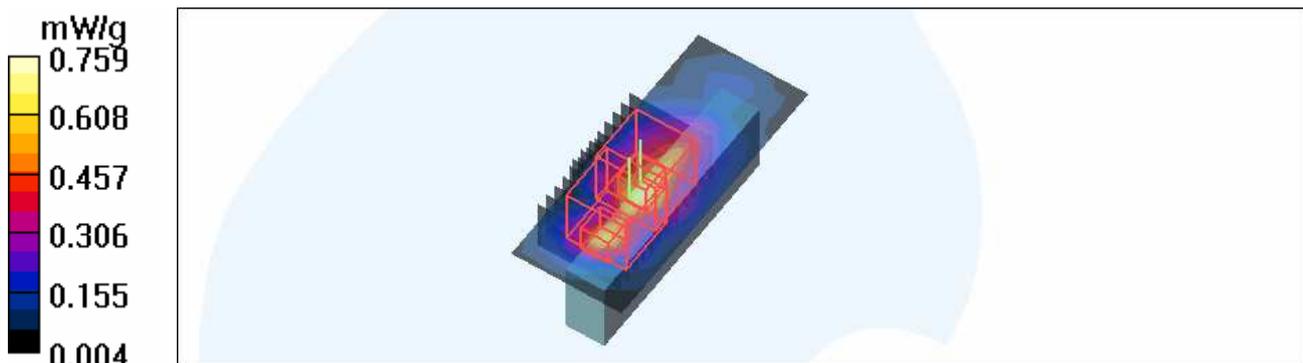
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.716 mW/g

Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 11.4 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.06 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.759 mW/g

Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 11.4 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.420 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch120-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5600 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5600 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

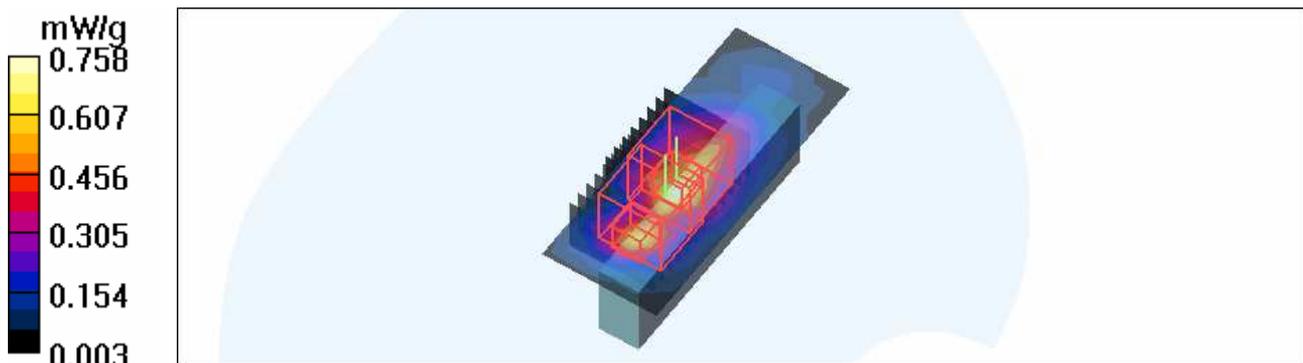
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.754 mW/g

Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
 Reference Value = 11.6 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.551 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.758 mW/g

Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
 Reference Value = 11.6 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.88 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.454 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.654 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch124-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5620 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5620 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

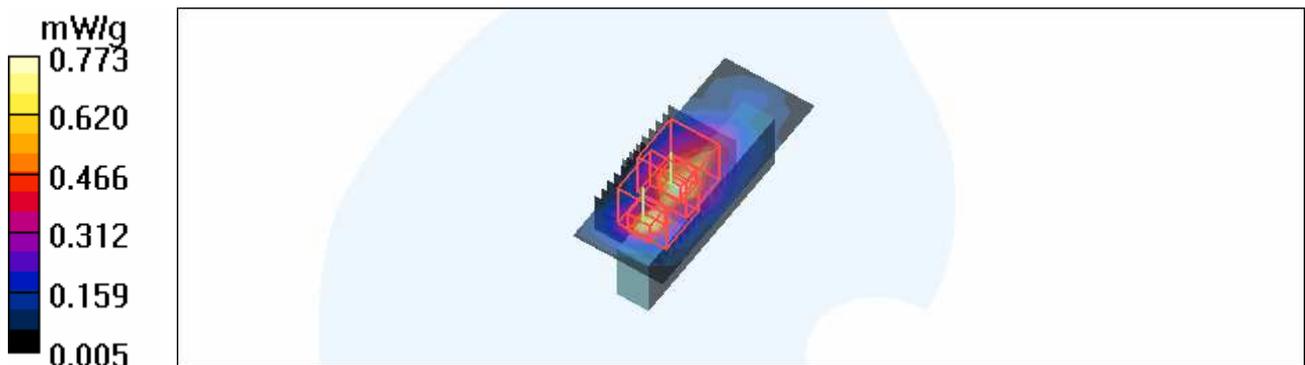
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.778 mW/g

Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 11.8 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.12 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.572 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.773 mW/g

Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 11.8 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.00 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.463 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.659 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch136-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5680 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.03 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

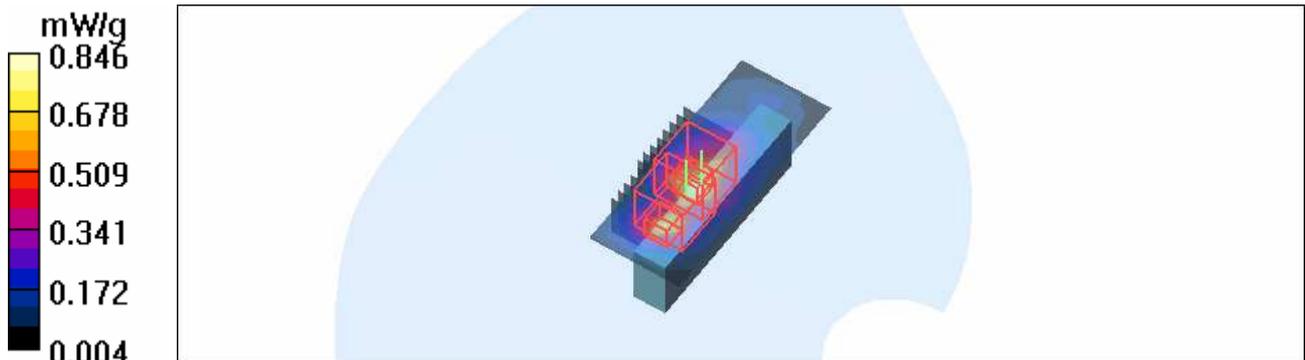
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 136/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.811 mW/g

Mid Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 12.1 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.41 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.627 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.846 mW/g

Mid Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 12.1 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.500 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.709 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-11a-Ch140-M04

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5700 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5700 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used : $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)
 Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

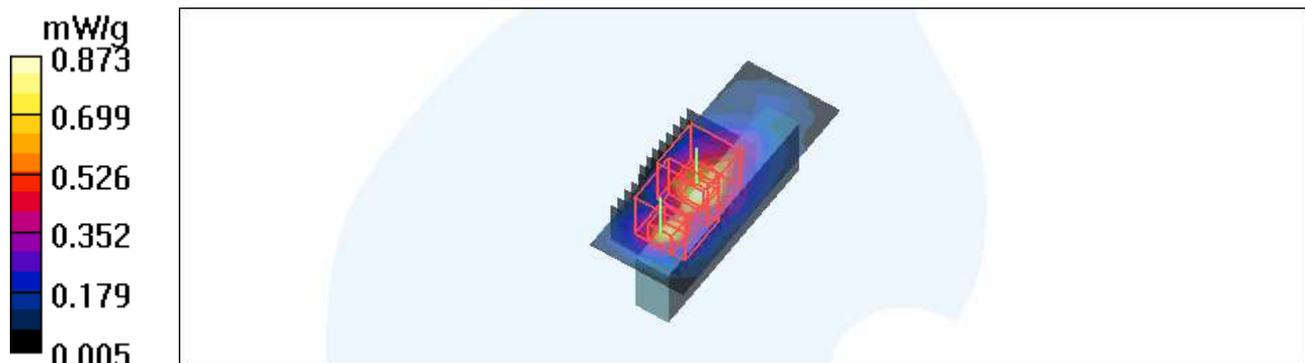
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 140/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.859 mW/g

High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
 Reference Value = 12.3 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.17 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.635 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.873 mW/g

High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm
 Reference Value = 12.3 V/m
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.17 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.515 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch52-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5260 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 52/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.981 mW/g

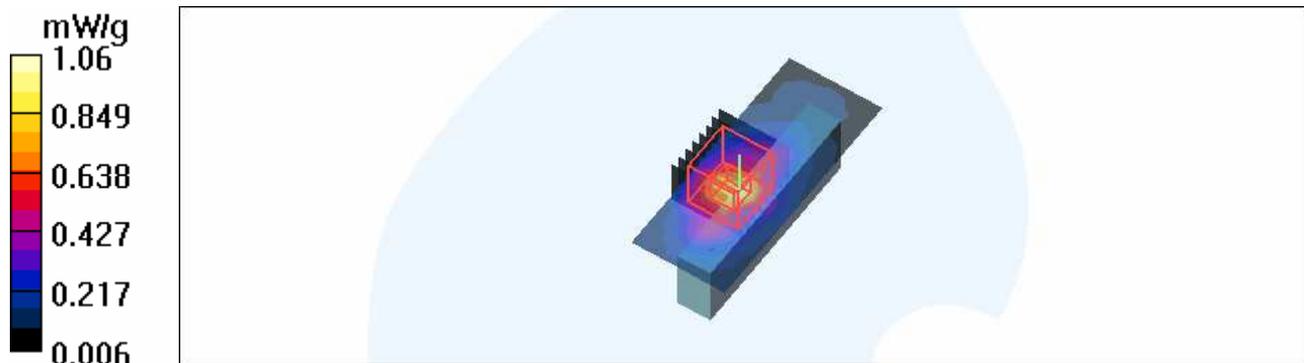
Low Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.99 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.776 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch60-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5300 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g

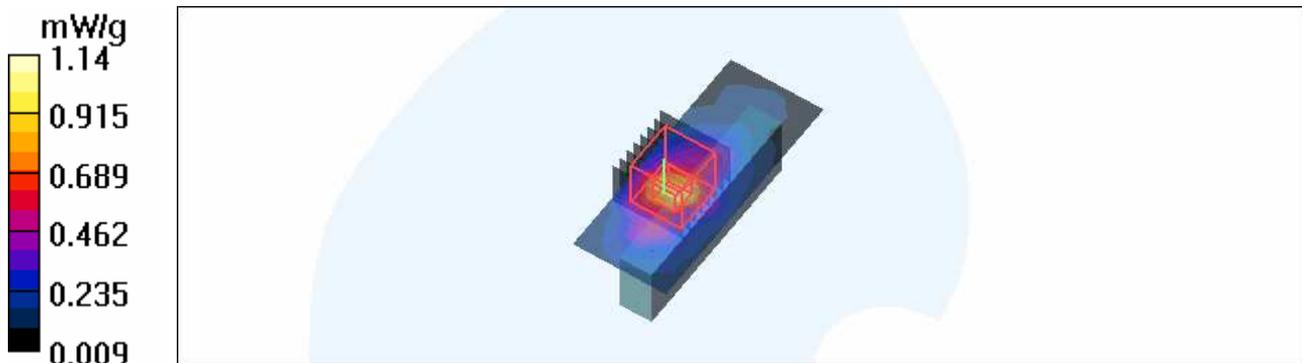
Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.827 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch64-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5320 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.985 mW/g

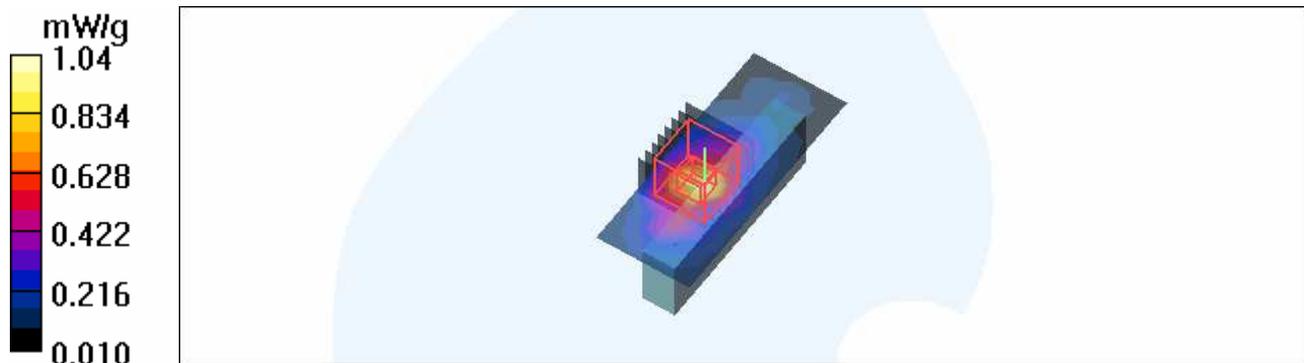
Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.752 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.283 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch100-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.76 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.915 mW/g

Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.675 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.931 mW/g

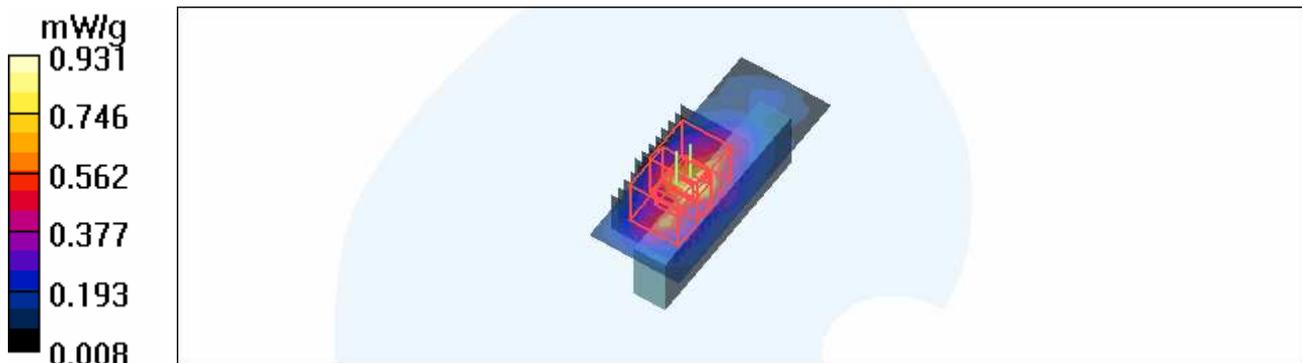
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.848 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch104-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5520 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5520 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.79 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 mW/g

Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.39 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.544 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.750 mW/g

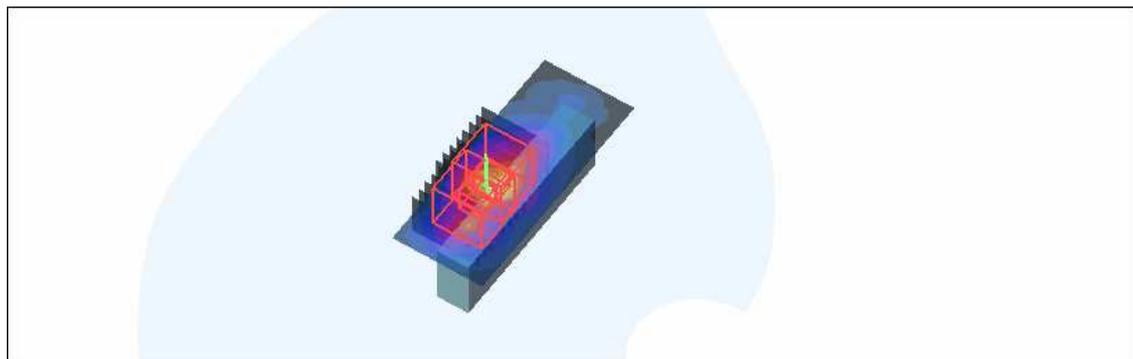
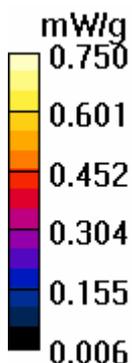
Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.39 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.388 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.687 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch116-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5580 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5580 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.638 mW/g

Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.12 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.498 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 mW/g

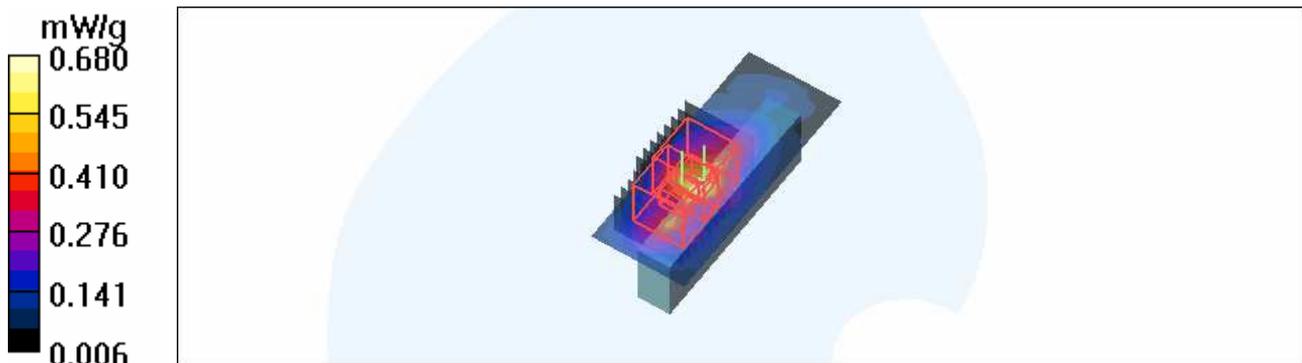
Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.12 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.333 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.596 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch120-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5600 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5600 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g

Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.21 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.509 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.703 mW/g

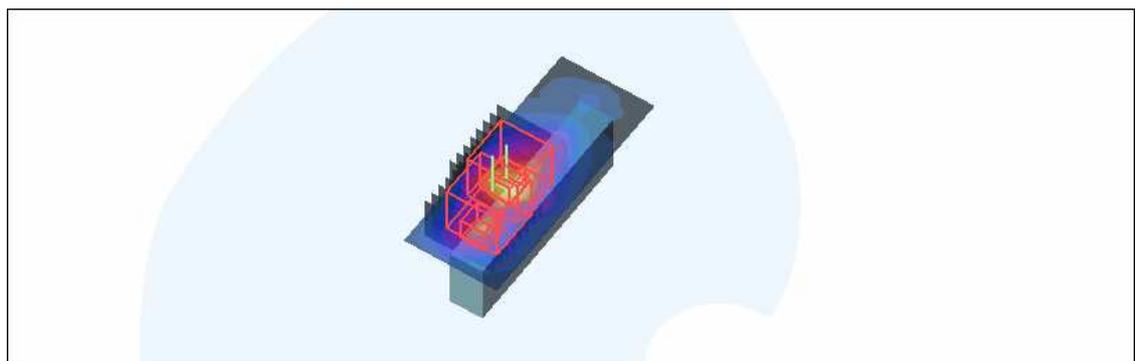
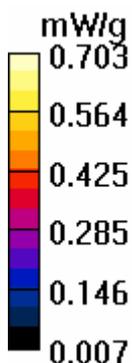
Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.21 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch124-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5620 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5620 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.643 mW/g

Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.37 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.732 mW/g

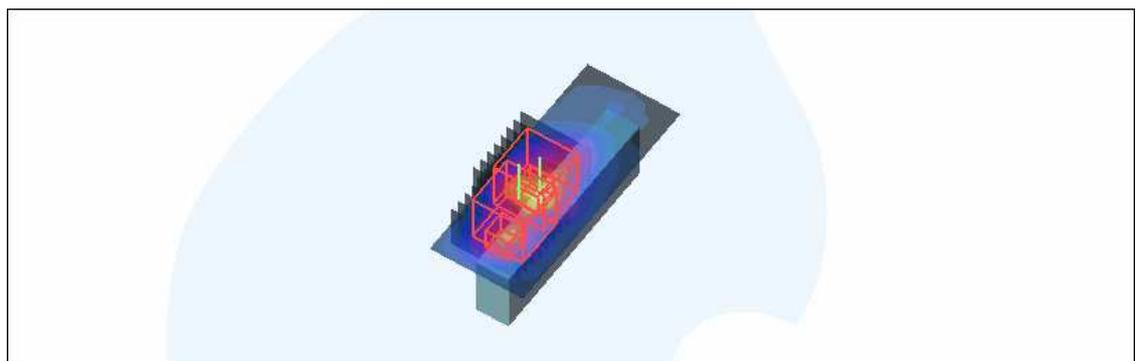
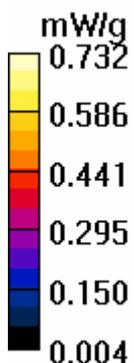
Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.37 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.340 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.581 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch136-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5680 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.03 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 136/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.672 mW/g

Mid Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.56 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.518 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.735 mW/g

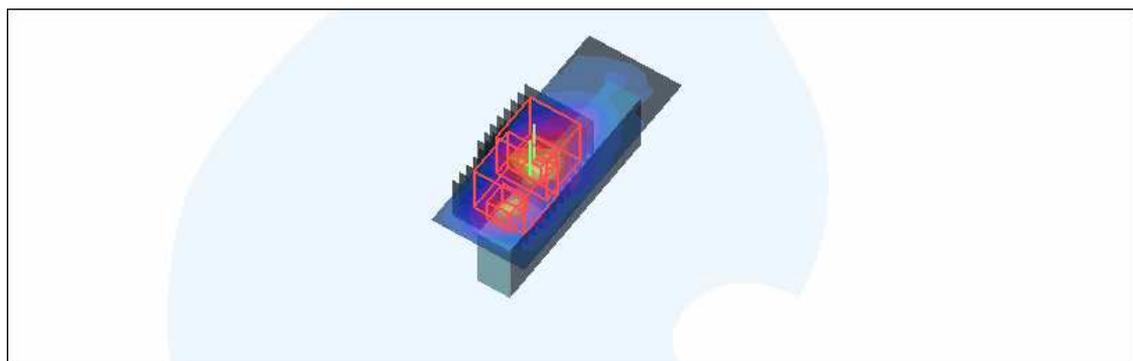
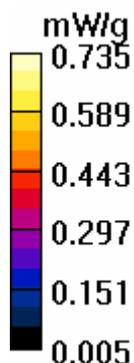
Mid Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.56 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.357 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span20-Ch140-M05

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5700 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5700 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 140/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.659 mW/g

High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.70 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.530 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.707 mW/g

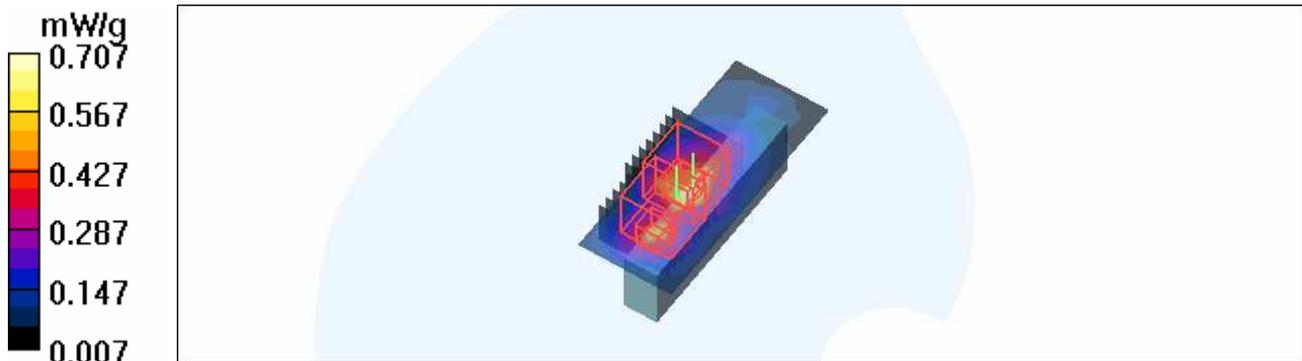
High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.70 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.377 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span40-Ch54-M06

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5270 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5270 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5270 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.42 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 54/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g

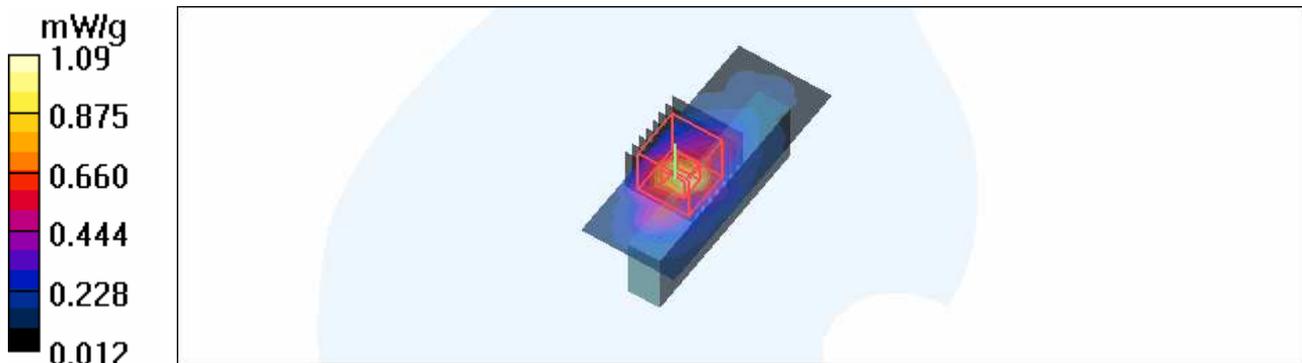
Mid Channel 54/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.781 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span40-Ch62-M06

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5310 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5310 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5310 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 62/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.971 mW/g

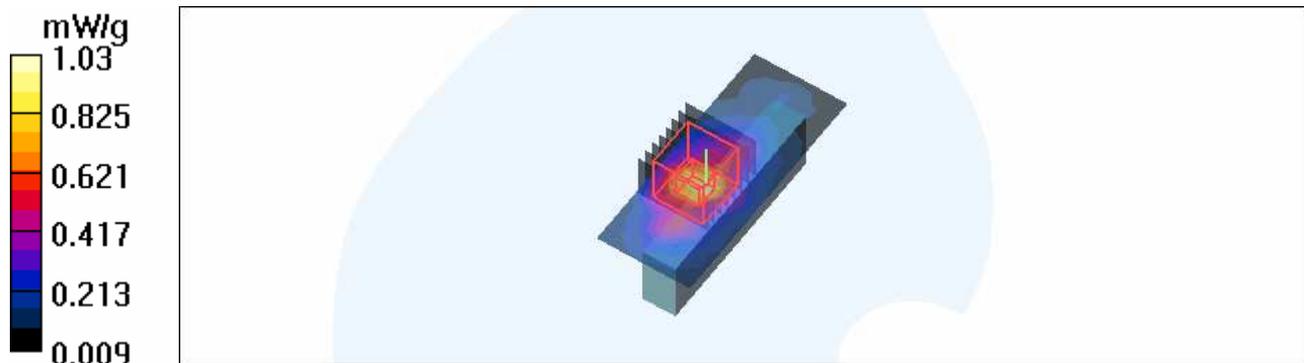
Mid Channel 62/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.749 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span40-Ch102-M06

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5510 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5510 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 102/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.700 mW/g

Mid Channel 102/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.54 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.545 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.747 mW/g

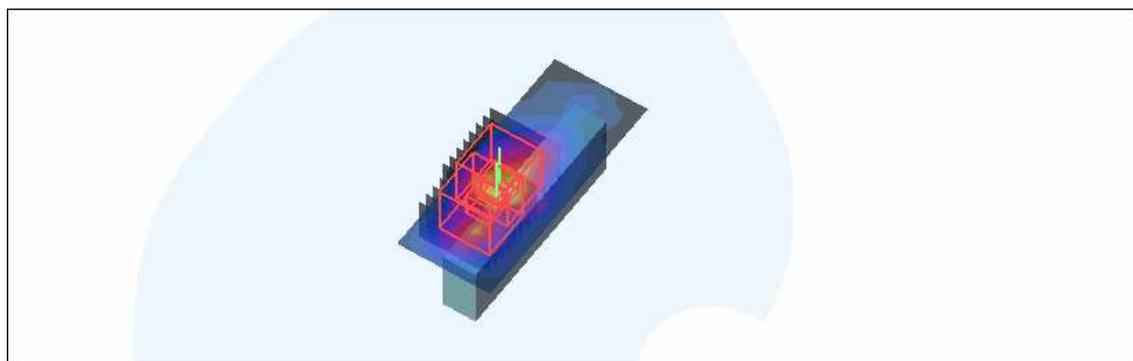
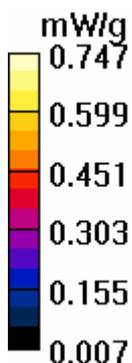
Mid Channel 102/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.54 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.393 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.707 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span40-Ch118-M06

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5590 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5590 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5590 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 118/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.585 mW/g

Mid Channel 118/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.67 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.460 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g

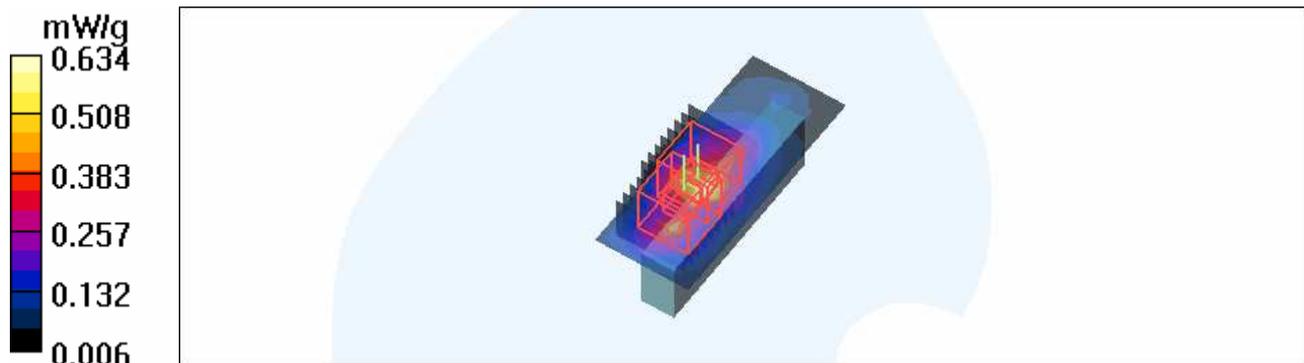
Mid Channel 118/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.67 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.300 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

PP01L-5G 11n span40-Ch134-M06

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5670 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5670 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5670$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 5 mm (The edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 134/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 mW/g

Mid Channel 134/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.66 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.84 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.536 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.733 mW/g

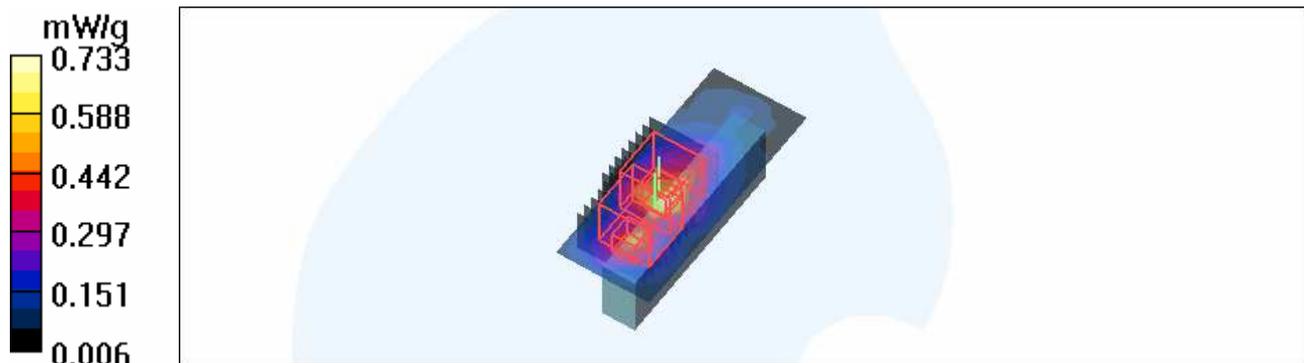
Mid Channel 134/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.66 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.373 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

D820-11a-Ch64-M07

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5320 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m^3 ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 6 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.61 mW/g

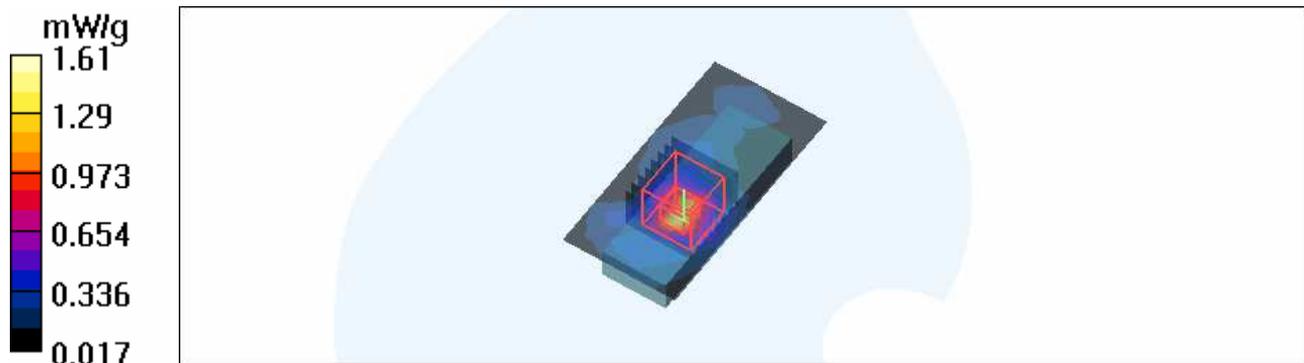
Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

D820-11a-Ch100-M07

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
 Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 6 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 mW/g

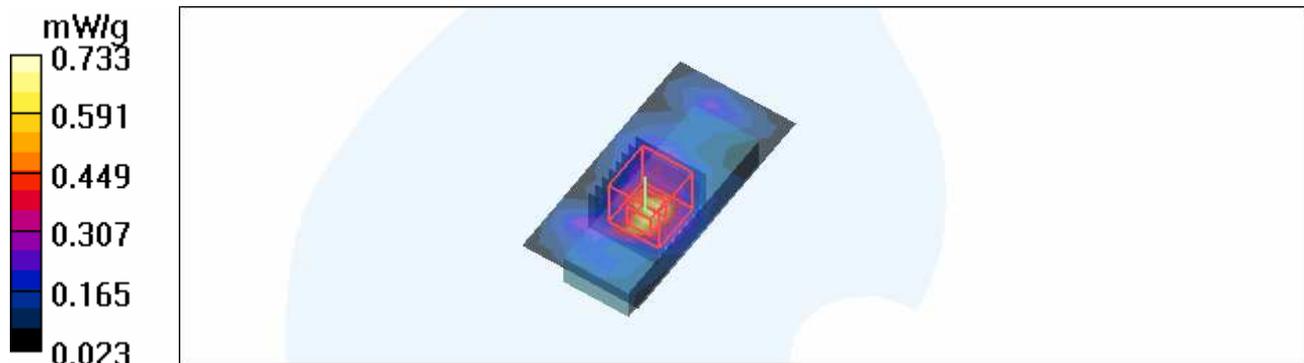
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.92 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.535 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.733 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

D820-5G 11n span20-Ch60-M08

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5300 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 6 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.904 mW/g

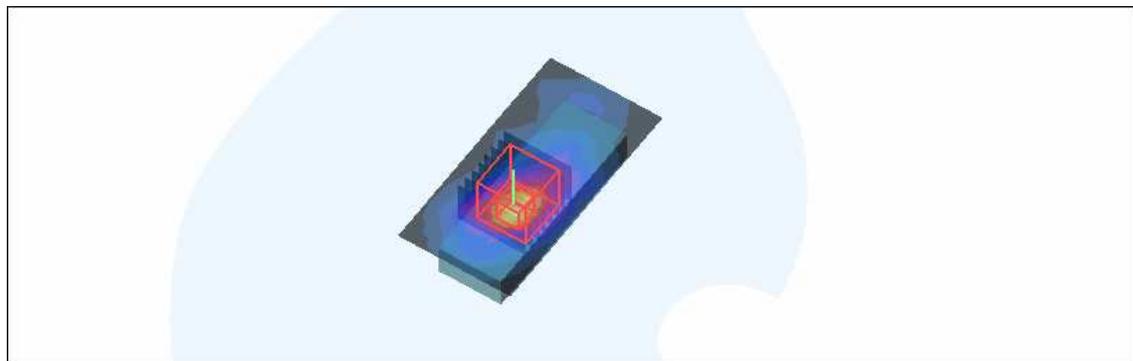
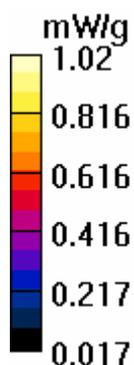
Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.739 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.281 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

D820-5G 11n span20-Ch100-M08

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 6 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 mW/g

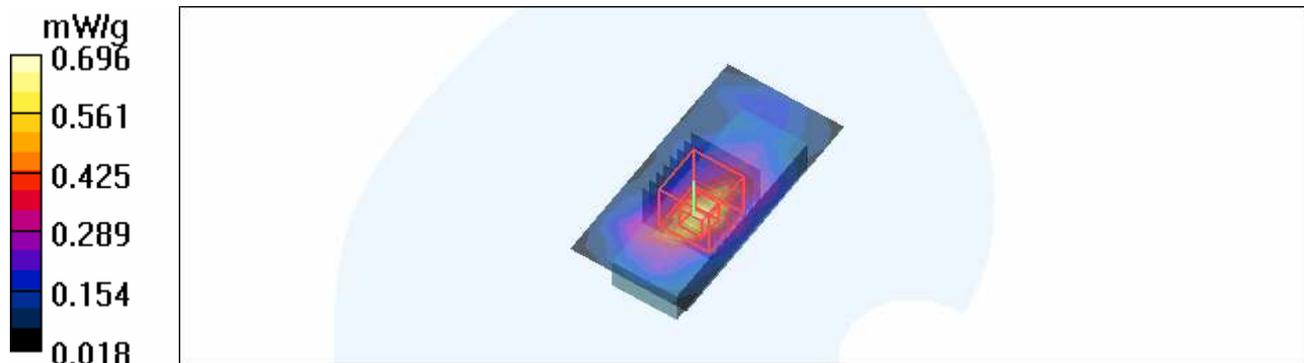
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.18 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.508 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

D820-5G 11n span40-Ch54-M09

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5270 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5270 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5270$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 6 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 54/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 mW/g

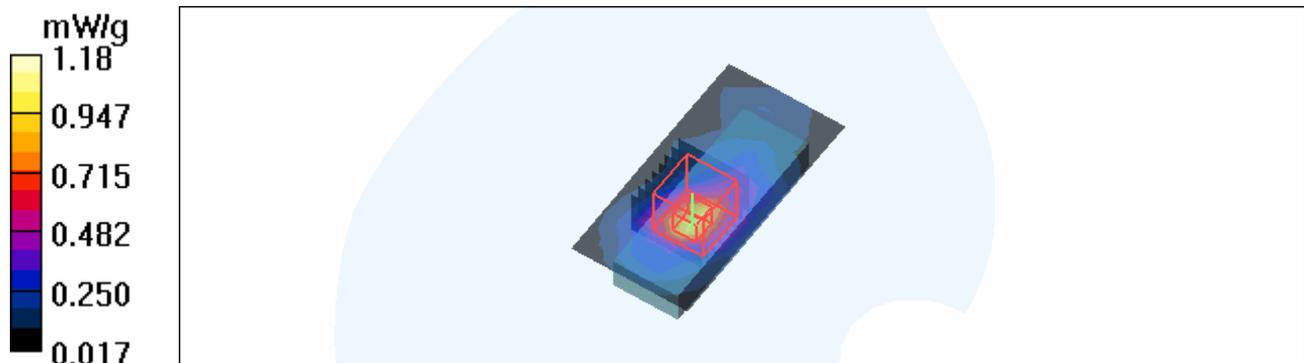
Low Channel 54/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.849 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

D820-5G 11n span40-Ch102-M09

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5510 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5510 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.79 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 6 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 102/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.685 mW/g

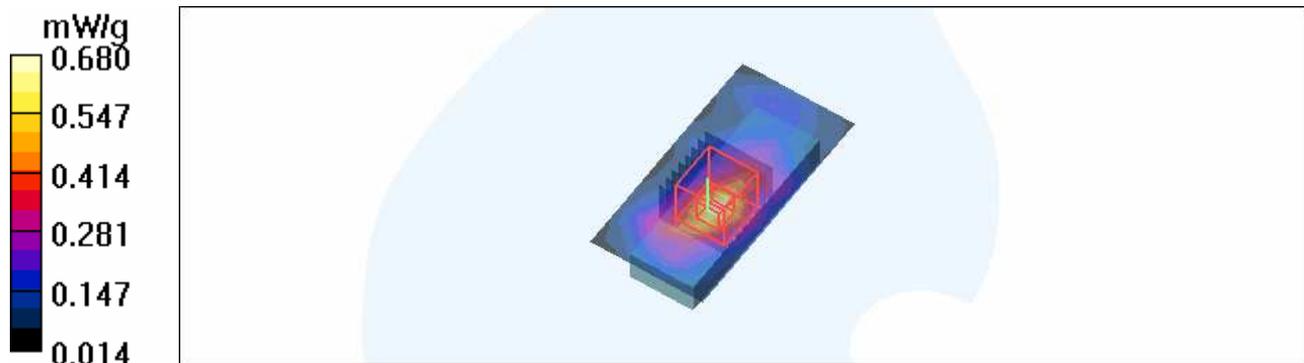
Mid Channel 102/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.38 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.497 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-11a-Ch64-M10

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5320 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m^3 ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 7 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 mW/g

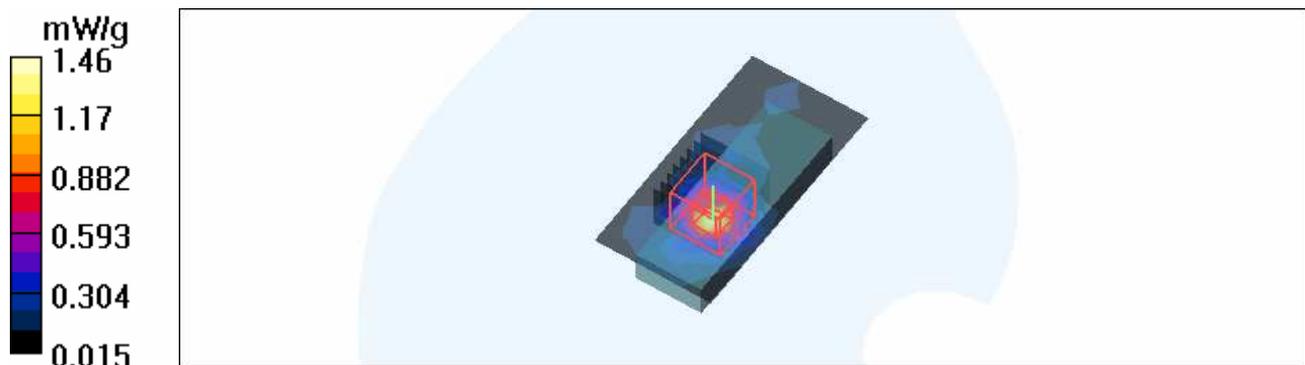
Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-11a-Ch100-M10

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK
Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 7 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 mW/g

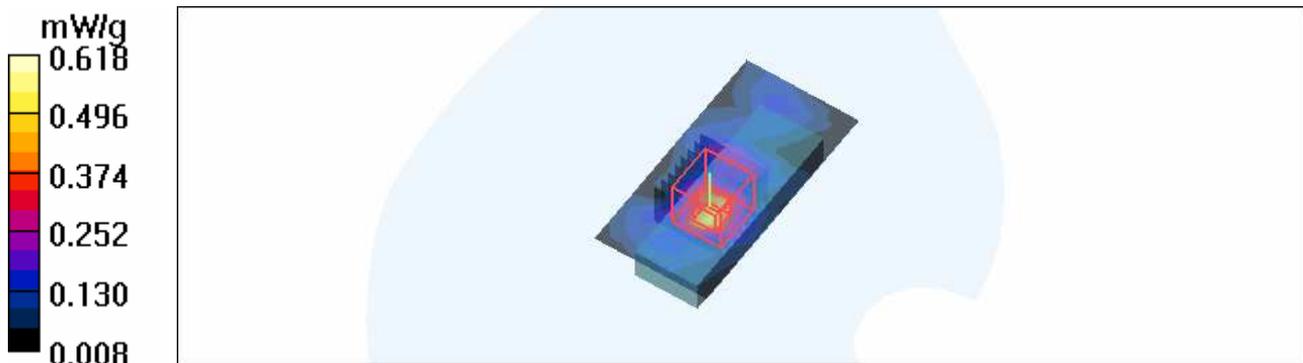
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.38 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.618 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-5G 11n span20-Ch60-M11**DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5300 MHz**

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 7 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.902 mW/g

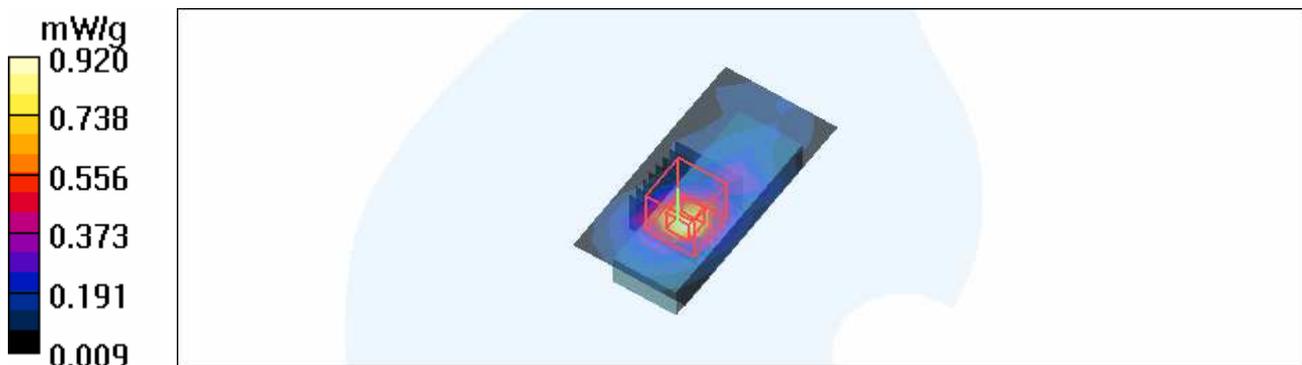
Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.658 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.920 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-5G 11n span20-Ch100-M11

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span20 ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 7 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 mW/g

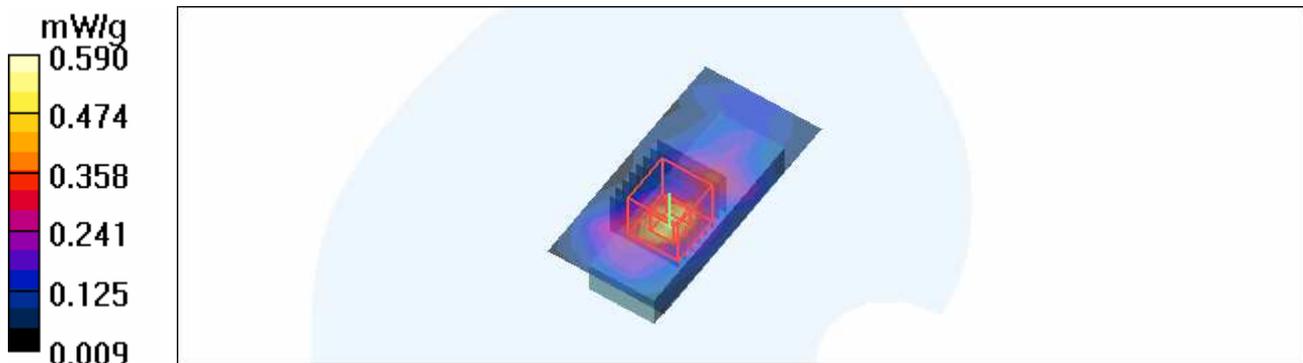
Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.17 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-5G 11n span40-Ch54-M12

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5270 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5270 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5270$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 7 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 54/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g

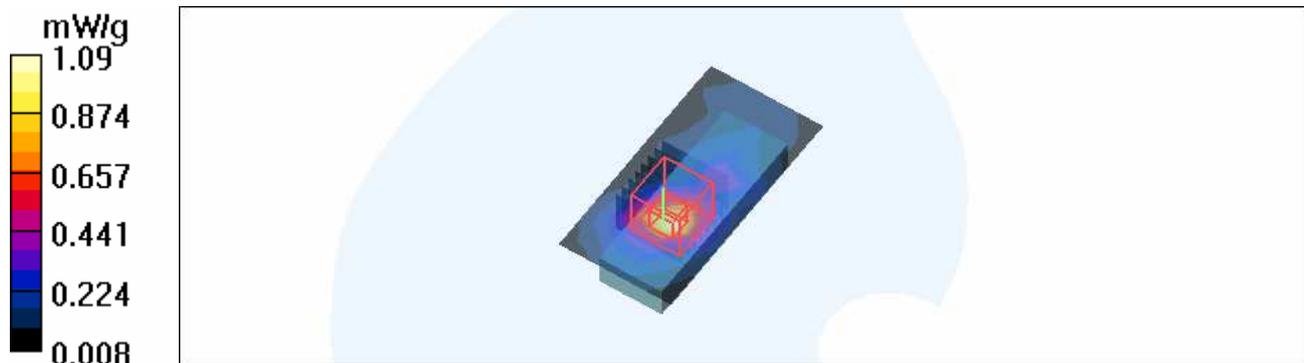
Low Channel 54/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.774 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-5G 11n span40-Ch102-M12

DUT: RangeMax Dual Band Wireless-N USB Adapter ; Type: WNDA3100 ; Test Frequency: 5510 MHz

Communication System: 11n 5G span40 ; Frequency: 5510 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5510$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 7 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Printed Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 102/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 mW/g

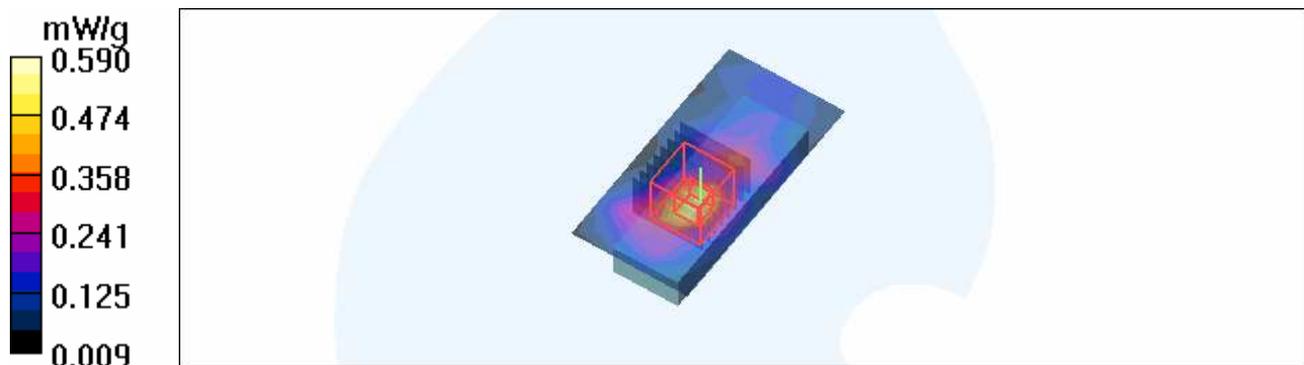
Mid Channel 102/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.60 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.430 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 28.8 mW/g

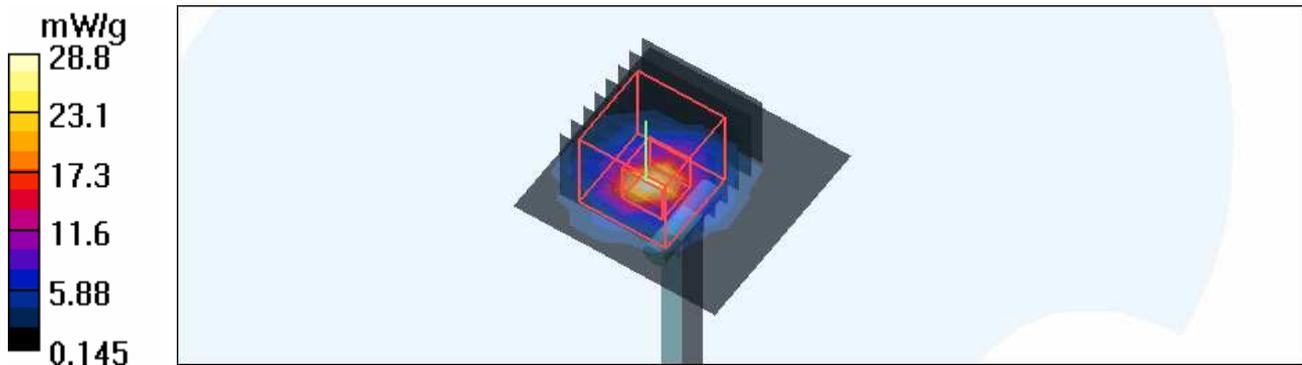
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 80.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.152 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 63.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 18.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 28.7 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 mW/g

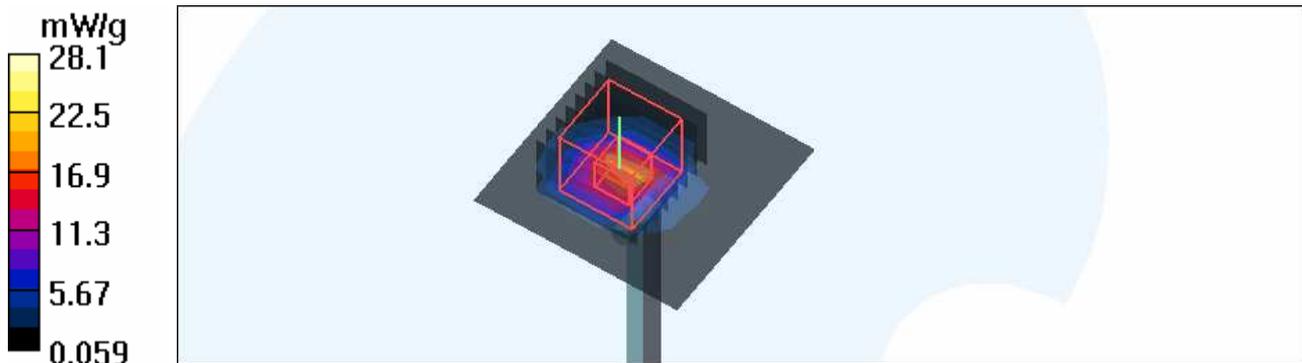
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 76.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.175 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 18.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 28.1 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5800 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.23$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
 Liquid level : 155 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)
 Air temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5800, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.6 mW/g

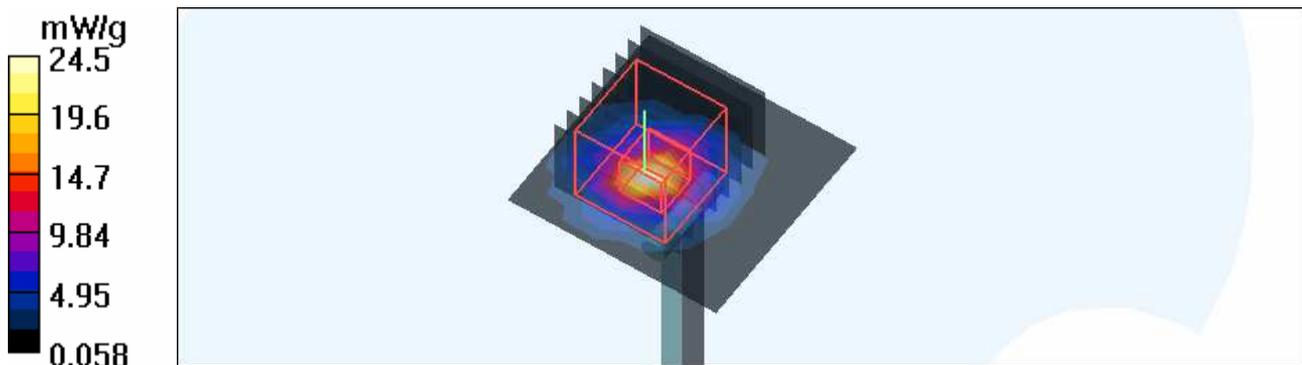
f=5800, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 71.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.180 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 68.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.71 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.5 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.32$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
 Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)
 Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 37.3 mW/g

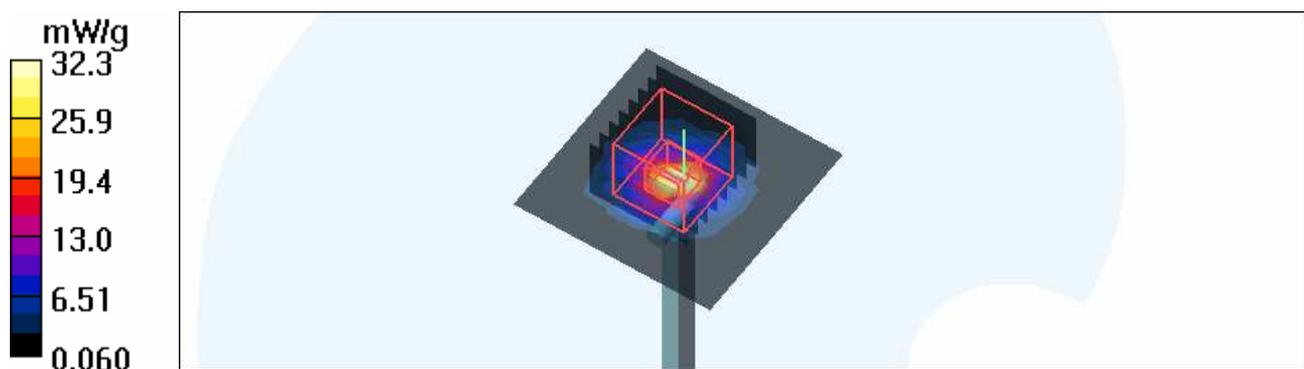
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 81.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.171 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 70.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 32.3 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.76$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 34.4 mW/g

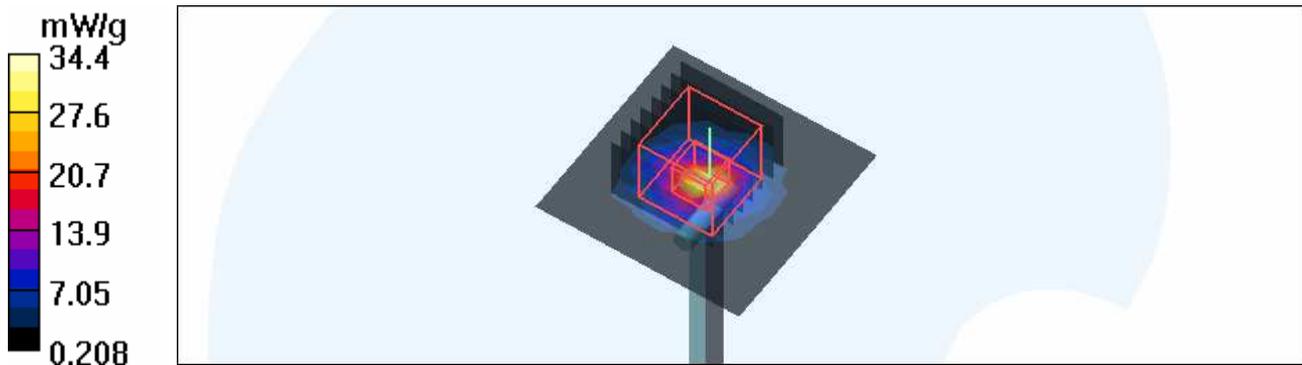
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 76.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 32.5 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5800 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.21$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5800, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 mW/g

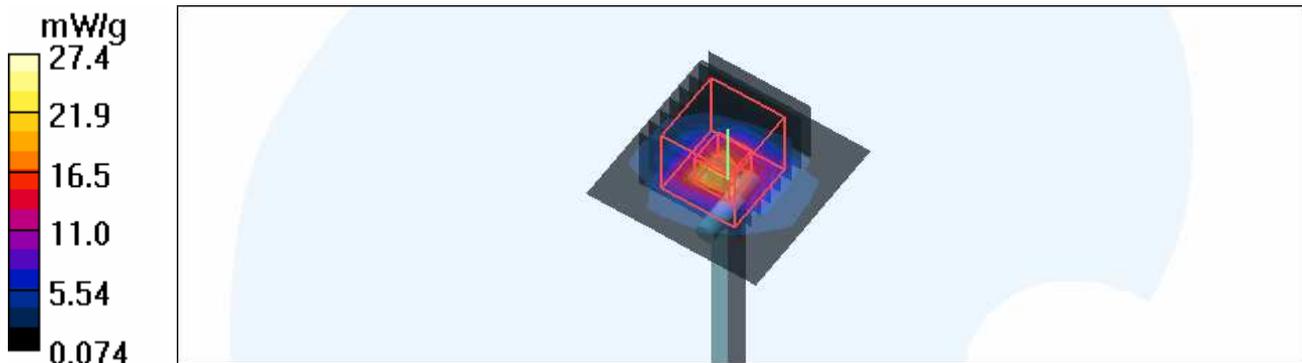
f=5800, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 71.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.182 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 68.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 16.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.69 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 27.4 mW/g



APPENDIX B: ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION





APPENDIX D: SYSTEM CERTIFICATE & CALIBRATION

D1: SAM PHANTOM

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Item | SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 |
| Type No | QD 000 P40 CA |
| Series No | TP-1150 and higher |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland |

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

| Test | Requirement | Details | Units tested |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| Shape | Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model. | IT'IS CAD File (*) | First article, Samples |
| Material thickness | Compliant with the requirements according to the standards | 2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas | First article, Samples |
| Material parameters | Dielectric parameters for required frequencies | 200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05. | Material sample TP 104-5 |
| Material resistivity | The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards | Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard. | Pre-series, First article |

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9

(*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date 28.02.2002

Signature / Stamp

F. Bombault

**Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Johannes Kofler



D2: DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3506_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV3 - SN:3506**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **March 20, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) | Jan-08 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) | Jun-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Approved by: | Fin Bomholt | R&D Director | |

Issued: March 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3506

| | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured: | February 18, 2004 |
| Last calibrated: | April 20, 2006 |
| Recalibrated: | March 20, 2007 |

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3506

| Sensitivity in Free Space ^A | | | Diode Compression ^B | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| NormX | 0.810 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 97 mV |
| NormY | 0.880 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 94 mV |
| NormZ | 0.810 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 92 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect**TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 3.4 | 1.1 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.0 | 0.1 |

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 4.6 | 2.7 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.2 | 0.4 |

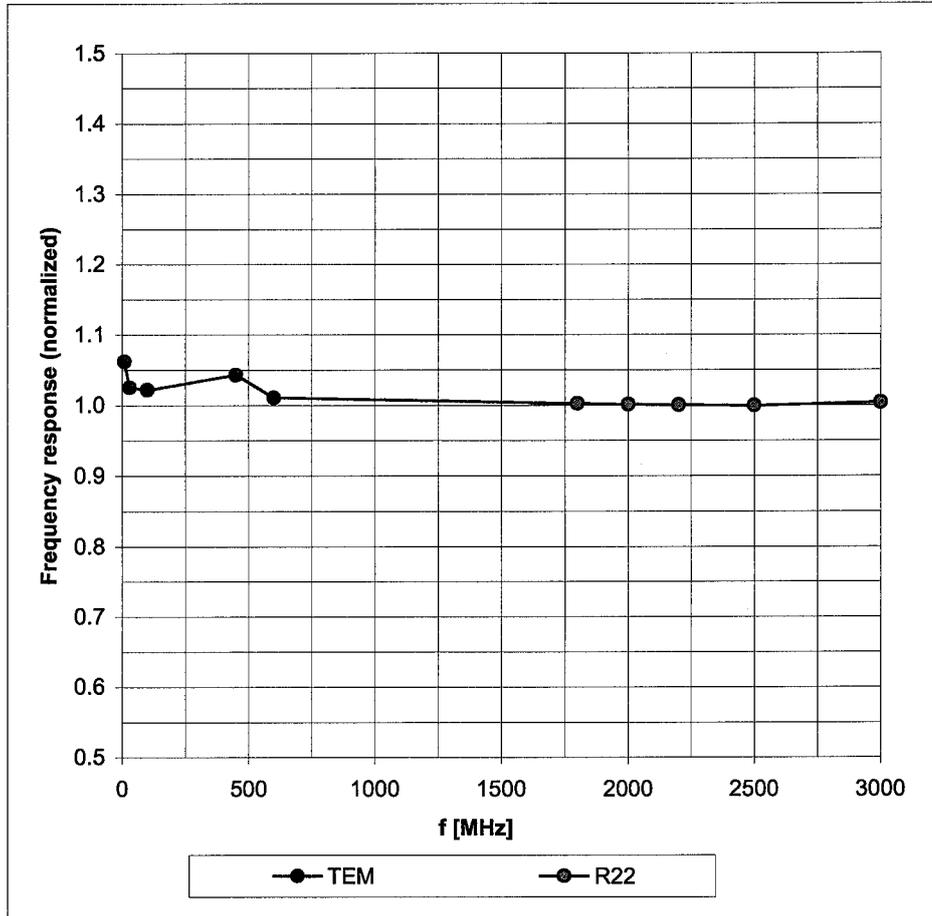
Sensor OffsetProbe Tip to Sensor Center **1.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

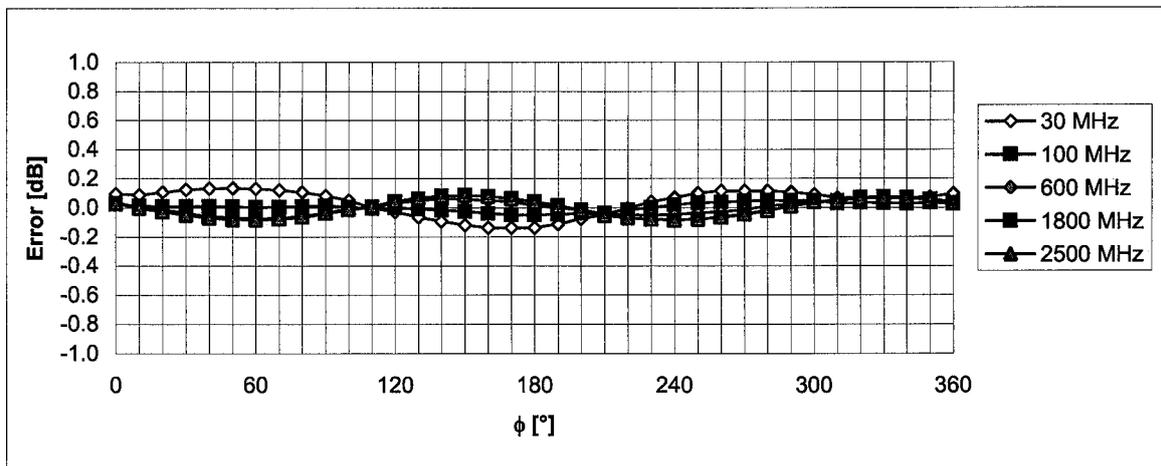
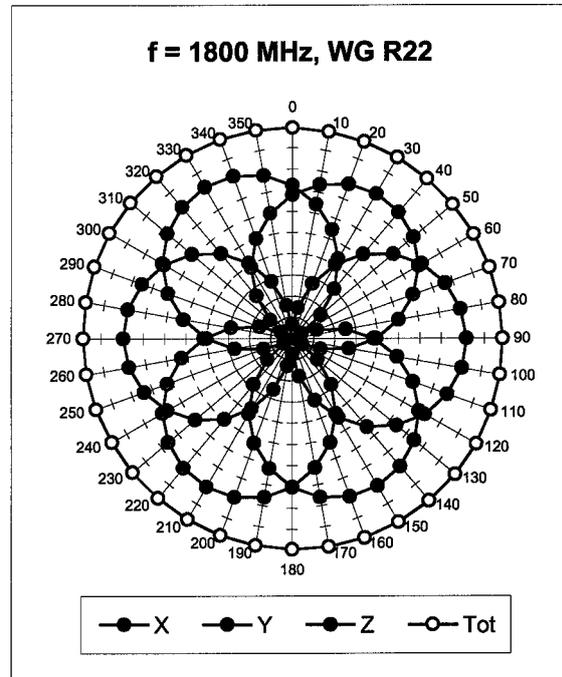
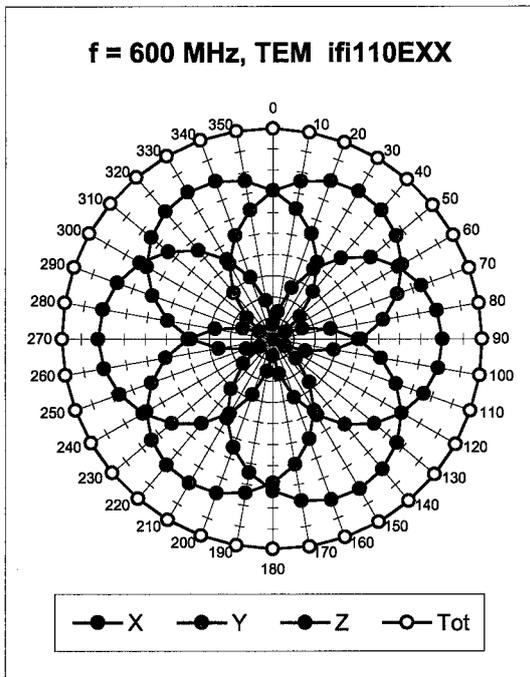
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



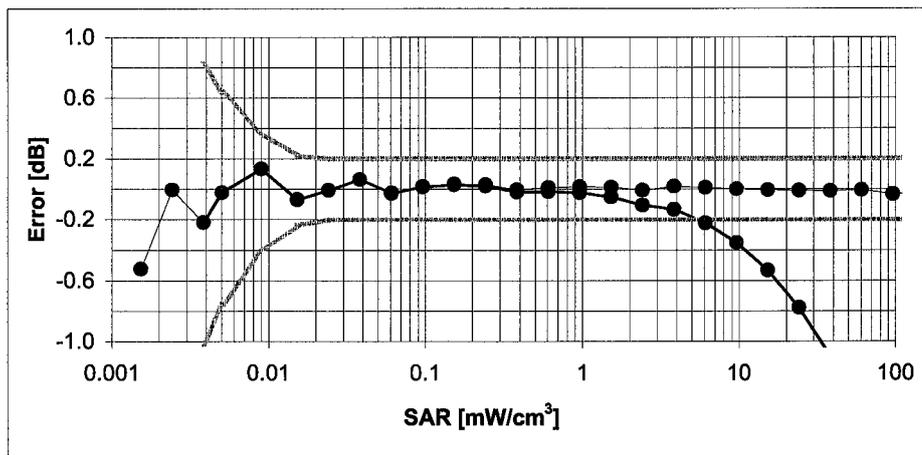
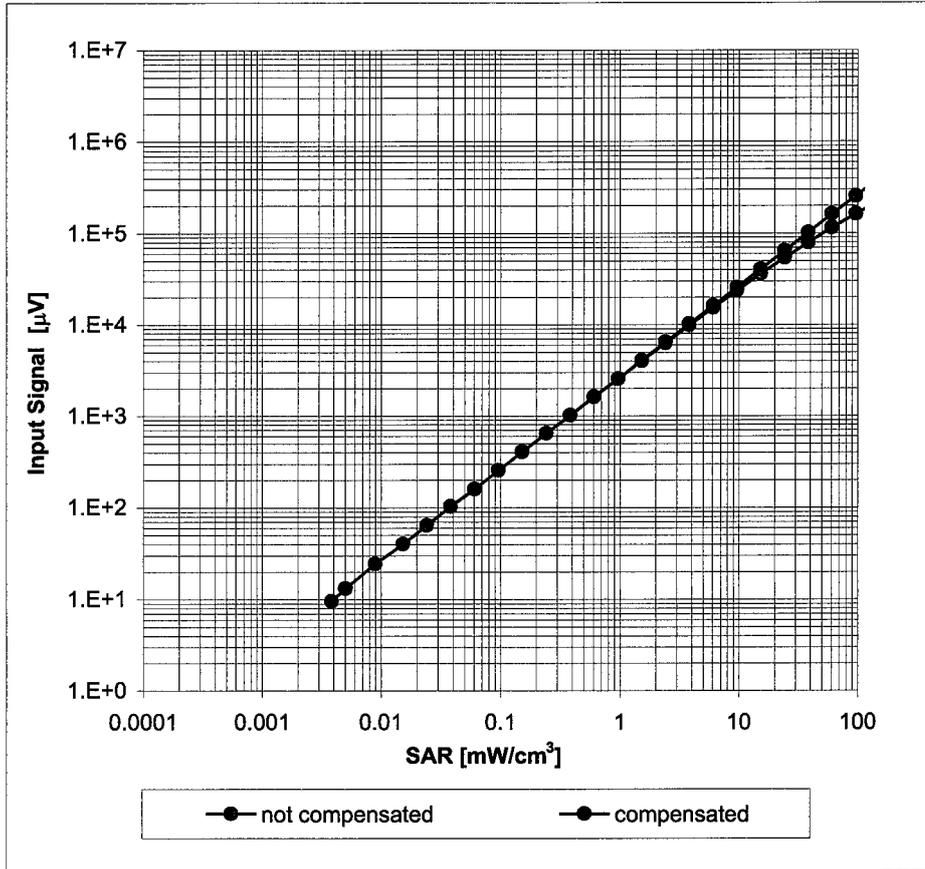
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

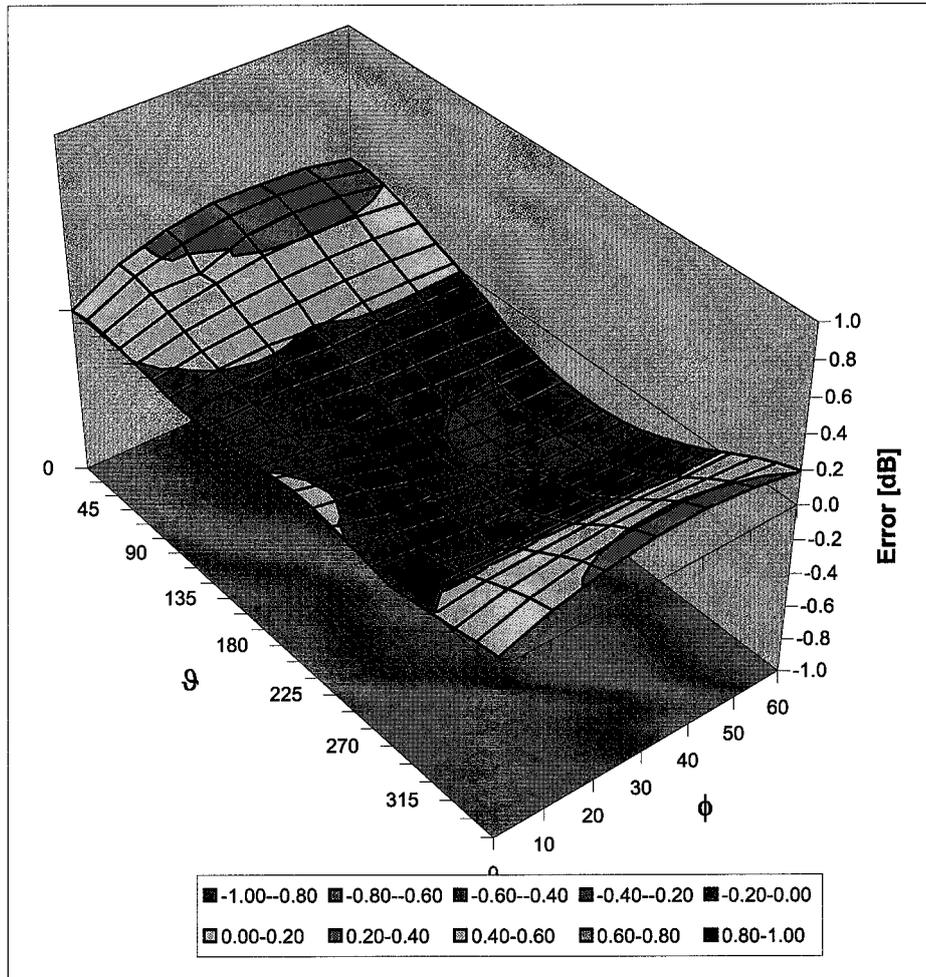
Conversion Factor Assessment

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.45 | 0.80 | 9.77 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 0.19 | 1.20 | 8.48 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.18 | 1.29 | 8.12 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.39 | 1.00 | 7.80 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 4950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.3 ± 5% | 4.40 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 5.54 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.0 ± 5% | 4.66 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 4.92 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.9 ± 5% | 4.76 ± 5% | 0.33 | 1.75 | 4.77 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.6 ± 5% | 4.96 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 4.55 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.3 ± 5% | 5.27 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 4.40 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.50 | 0.80 | 9.89 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 0.18 | 1.16 | 8.72 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.14 | 1.45 | 8.09 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.8 ± 5% | 1.85 ± 5% | 0.42 | 1.00 | 7.92 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.42 | 1.00 | 7.67 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2600 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.5 ± 5% | 2.16 ± 5% | 0.42 | 1.00 | 7.28 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 3500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 51.3 ± 5% | 3.31 ± 5% | 0.49 | 0.88 | 6.80 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 4950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.4 ± 5% | 5.01 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.80 | 4.66 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.0 ± 5% | 5.30 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.80 | 4.48 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.5 ± 5% | 5.42 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.80 | 4.14 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.6 ± 5% | 5.65 ± 5% | 0.33 | 1.80 | 4.11 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.2 ± 5% | 6.00 ± 5% | 0.30 | 1.80 | 4.20 ± 13.1% (k=2) |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



D3: DAE



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-579_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 579**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **March 23, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803 | 13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492) | Oct-07 |
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478) | Oct-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Calibrator Box V1.1 | SE UMS 006 AB 1002 | 15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check) | In house check Jun-07 |

Calibrated by: **Name** Eric Hainfeld **Function** Technician **Signature**

Approved by: **Name** Fin Bornholt **Function** R&D Director

Issued: March 23, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range | 404.413 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.494 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.245 \pm 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.95259 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 3.97903 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 3.93943 \pm 0.7% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 0 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|---------------------------------|

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000 | 200000.1 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20000 | 20006.33 | 0.03 |
| Channel X - Input | 20000 | -19997.11 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000 | 200000.5 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000 | 20004.32 | 0.02 |
| Channel Y - Input | 20000 | -20000.97 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000 | 199999.9 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000 | 20004.59 | 0.02 |
| Channel Z - Input | 20000 | -19999.75 | 0.00 |

| Low Range | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000 | 2000 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 200 | 199.93 | -0.03 |
| Channel X - Input | 200 | -200.74 | 0.37 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000 | 2000 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200 | 199.24 | -0.38 |
| Channel Y - Input | 200 | -200.94 | 0.47 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000 | 2000 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200 | 199.04 | -0.48 |
| Channel Z - Input | 200 | -201.32 | 0.66 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200 | 6.88 | 6.91 |
| | - 200 | -5.38 | -6.84 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 4.74 | 6.33 |
| | - 200 | -2.86 | -7.65 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 8.17 | 8.22 |
| | - 200 | -9.67 | -10.56 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 0.28 | 0.44 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 1.03 | - | 2.52 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -2.54 | 0.78 | - |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 16336 | 17367 |
| Channel Y | 16187 | 16706 |
| Channel Z | 15808 | 16822 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

| | Average (μ V) | min. Offset (μ V) | max. Offset (μ V) | Std. Deviation (μ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | -1.09 | -2.34 | -0.23 | 0.35 |
| Channel Y | -2.38 | -3.71 | -1.13 | 0.33 |
| Channel Z | 0.31 | -1.04 | 1.49 | 0.37 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

| | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.2001 | 201.8 |
| Channel Y | 0.2001 | 204.8 |
| Channel Z | 0.2001 | 206.1 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |



D4: SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1018_Apr07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1018**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-22.v1
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **April 19, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671) | Mar-08 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 3503 | 9-Mar-07 (SPEAG, No. EX3-3503_Mar07) | Mar-08 |
| DAE4 | SN 601 | 30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07) | Jan-08 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: April 25, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC Std 62209 Part 2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", Draft Version 0.9, December 2004
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- c) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY4 | V4.7 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Area Scan resolution | dx, dy = 10 mm | |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy = 4. mm, dz = 2.5 mm | |
| Frequency | 5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 36.0 | 4.66 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.5 ± 6 % | 4.57 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 20.1 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 80.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 80.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.68 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 22.7 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 22.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.6 | 4.96 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.9 ± 6 % | 4.87 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 19.2 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 76.8 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 76.3 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.44 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.8 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 21.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.3 | 5.27 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.4 ± 6 % | 5.12 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 19.3 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 77.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 76.5 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.43 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.7 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 21.5 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 49.0 | 5.30 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 47.3 ± 6 % | 5.31 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 19.5 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 78.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 77.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.48 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.9 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 21.7 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.6 | 5.56 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.6 ± 6 % | 5.68 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 19.6 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 78.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 77.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.47 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.9 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 21.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.2 | 6.00 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.0 ± 6 % | 6.04 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 17.6 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 70.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 69.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 4.92 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 19.7 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 19.4 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.6 Ω - 10.3 j Ω |
| Return Loss | -19.8 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.9 Ω - 2.0 j Ω |
| Return Loss | -32.5 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.4 Ω + 3.8 j Ω |
| Return Loss | -23.1 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.3 Ω - 9.0 j Ω |
| Return Loss | -20.9 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.0 Ω - 1.6 j Ω |
| Return Loss | -34.3 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 57.3 Ω + 5.3 j Ω |
| Return Loss | -21.5 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.201 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 40 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | February 05, 2004 |

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 19.04.2007 20:55:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHz Frequency: 5500 MHz Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 5800 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.87$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.12$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.56, 5.56, 5.56)ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2)ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 09.03.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 63.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 20.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 41.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 62.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 40.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 62.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 79.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g

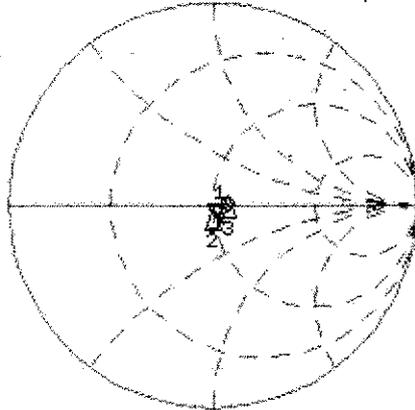
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 41.1 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

18 Apr 2007 11:03:07

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 51.553 Ω -10.336 Ω 2.9612 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

*
Del
Cor
Avg
16
↑

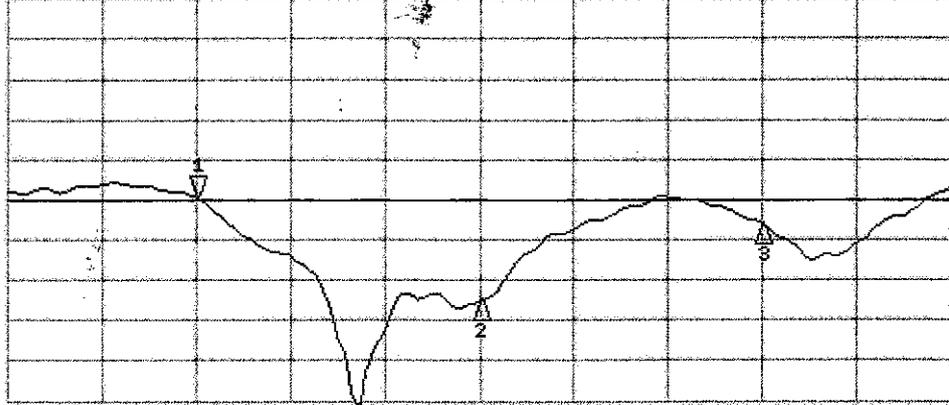


CH1 Markers

2: 48.855 Ω
-2.0313 Ω
5.50000 GHz
3: 56.441 Ω
3.7852 Ω
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -19.793 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH2 Markers

2: -32.548 dB
5.50000 GHz
3: -23.075 dB
5.80000 GHz

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 19.04.2007 19:34:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHz Frequency: 5500 MHz Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5800 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.31$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.68$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96)ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63)ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 09.03.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 79.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 39.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 75.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 77.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 40.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 70.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 17.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 mW/g

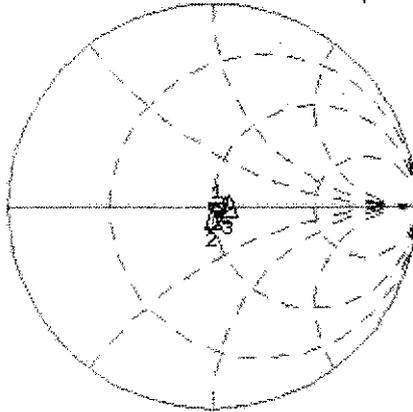
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.8 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

18 Apr 2007 11:05:23

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 51.295 Ω -9.0332 Ω 3.3882 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

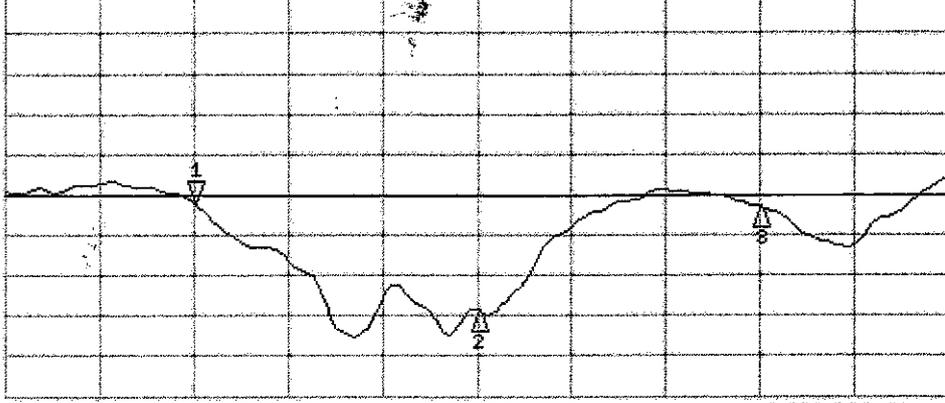
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CH1 Markers
2: 48.998 Ω
-1.6113 Ω
5.50000 GHz
3: 57.291 Ω
5.2773 Ω
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -20.937 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH2 Markers
2: -34.340 dB
5.50000 GHz
3: -21.533 dB
5.80000 GHz

START 5 000.000 000 MHz

STOP 5 800.000 000 MHz