

Operational Description

Product Description

This product integrated a Bluetooth chipset to support the Bluetooth function that allows users to use it as a speaker as the primary usage of this device.

The brief introduction of the circuit

1. The Bluetooth signal is transmitted and received through the antenna system consists of the PCB antenna.
2. Power of the whole body is provided by 18VDC.
3. Line in port is to connect audio source by line in cable to input audio signal. ON/OFF button is to turn on or turn off the speaker.
4. U8 IC is MCU master control IC, it is use to button control, input Switch between Bluetooth and line in, and output audio source to amplifier IC.
5. U9 is to amplify audio signal provided by master control IC and motivate loudspeakers.

Technical Description of FHSS

The Bluetooth standard describes a frequency hopping spread spectrum system (FHSS). The frequency hopping sequence is governed by one unit known as the master in any group of units communicating together. The group is known as a piconet, and all units other than the master are known as slaves. The master determines the pseudo random hopping sequence internally and without reference to any external information, there is no co-ordination with any other Bluetooth or other FHSS systems to avoid simultaneous occupancy of hopping channels. Bluetooth uses re-transmission, interleaving and coding techniques to mitigate against lost transmissions when simultaneous occupancy of a channel cause loss of data. The pseudo random hopping sequence is initialized at the start of a new connection between master and slave to a random frequency (hopping channel), and the hopping sequence is generated such that an equal time is spent in each of 79 channels throughout the duration of the connection.

The antenna supplied with the unit is a short monopole of 1/4 wavelength with a nominal gain of 0 dBi. The antenna is an integral part of the device.

The peak power of the BC01 transceiver is approximately 0 dBm, and the maximum EIRP is approximately 0 dBm.