



## MET Laboratories, Inc.

*Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

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August 11, 2011

BodyMedia, Inc.  
One Gateway Center  
420 Fort Duquesne Blvd., Suite 1900  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222

Dear Scott Boehmke,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the BodyMedia, Inc., AB155 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,  
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell  
Documentation Department

Reference: (\BodyMedia, Inc.\EMC31069-FCC247 Rev. 2)

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## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

**BodyMedia, Inc.  
AB155**

**Tested under**  
the FCC Certification Rules  
contained in  
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010  
for Intentional Radiators

**MET Report: EMC31069-FCC247 Rev. 2**

August 11, 2011

**Prepared For:**

**BodyMedia, Inc.  
One Gateway Center  
420 Fort Duquesne Blvd., Suite 1900  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222**

**Prepared By:**  
**MET Laboratories, Inc.**  
914 W. Patapsco Ave.  
Baltimore, MD 21230

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**AB155**

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15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010  
for Intentional Radiators



Jeff Pratt, Project Engineer  
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Jennifer Warnell  
Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Part 15.247 and Industry Canada standard RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.



Shawn McMillen,  
Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

## Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	July 5, 2011	Initial Issue.
1	July 6, 2011	Revised to reflect correct customer address.
2	August 11, 2011	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.

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## List of Terms and Abbreviations

<b>AC</b>	Alternating Current
<b>ACF</b>	Antenna Correction Factor
<b>Cal</b>	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
<b>dB</b>	Decibels
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>A</b>	Decibels above one <b>microamp</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>V</b>	Decibels above one <b>microvolt</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>A/m</b>	Decibels above one <b>microamp per meter</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>V/m</b>	Decibels above one <b>microvolt per meter</b>
<b>DC</b>	Direct Current
<b>E</b>	Electric Field
<b>DSL</b>	Digital Subscriber Line
<b>ESD</b>	Electrostatic Discharge
<b>EUT</b>	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
<b>FCC</b>	Federal Communications Commission
<b>GRP</b>	Ground Reference Plane
<b>H</b>	Magnetic Field
<b>HCP</b>	Horizontal Coupling Plane
<b>Hz</b>	Hertz
<b>IEC</b>	International Electrotechnical Commission
<b>kHz</b>	kilohertz
<b>kPa</b>	kilopascal
<b>kV</b>	kilovolt
<b>LISN</b>	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
<b>MHz</b>	Megahertz
<b>μH</b>	<b>microhenry</b>
$\mu$	<b>microfarad</b>
$\mu$ s	<b>microseconds</b>
<b>NEBS</b>	Network Equipment-Building System
<b>PRF</b>	Pulse Repetition Frequency
<b>RF</b>	Radio Frequency
<b>RMS</b>	Root-Mean-Square
<b>TWT</b>	Traveling Wave Tube
<b>V/m</b>	<b>Volts per meter</b>
<b>VCP</b>	Vertical Coupling Plane

## I. Executive Summary

## A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the BodyMedia, Inc. AB155, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the AB155. BodyMedia, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the AB155, has been **permanently** discontinued.

## B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with BodyMedia, Inc., purchase order number 11623. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010; RSS-GEN Issue 3: 2010	Description	Compliance
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-GEN (7.2.4)	Conducted Emission Limits	Not Applicable
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
		99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.6)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.10)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

**Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing**

## II. Equipment Configuration

## A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by BodyMedia, Inc. to perform testing on the AB155, under BodyMedia, Inc.'s purchase order number 11623.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the BodyMedia, Inc., AB155.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

<b>Model(s) Tested:</b>	AB155
<b>Model(s) Covered:</b>	AB155
<b>EUT Specifications:</b>	Primary Power: 5 VDC
	FCC ID: PV8-155
	IC: 4745A-155
	Type of Modulations: OFDM
	Equipment Code: DTS
	Peak RF Output Power: -2.31 dBm
<b>Analysis:</b>	EUT Frequency Ranges: 2401 – 2482.5 MHz
	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.
<b>Environmental Test Conditions:</b>	Temperature: 15-35° C
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar
<b>Evaluated by:</b>	Jeff Pratt
<b>Report Date(s):</b>	August 11, 2011

**Table 2. EUT Summary Table**

## B. References

<b>CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C</b>	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
<b>CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
<b>RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010</b>	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
<b>RSS-GEN, Issue 3, Dec. 2010</b>	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus
<b>ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
<b>ANSI C63.4:2003</b>	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
<b>ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994</b>	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
<b>ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000</b>	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
<b>ANSI C63.10-2009</b>	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

**Table 3. References**

## C. Test Site

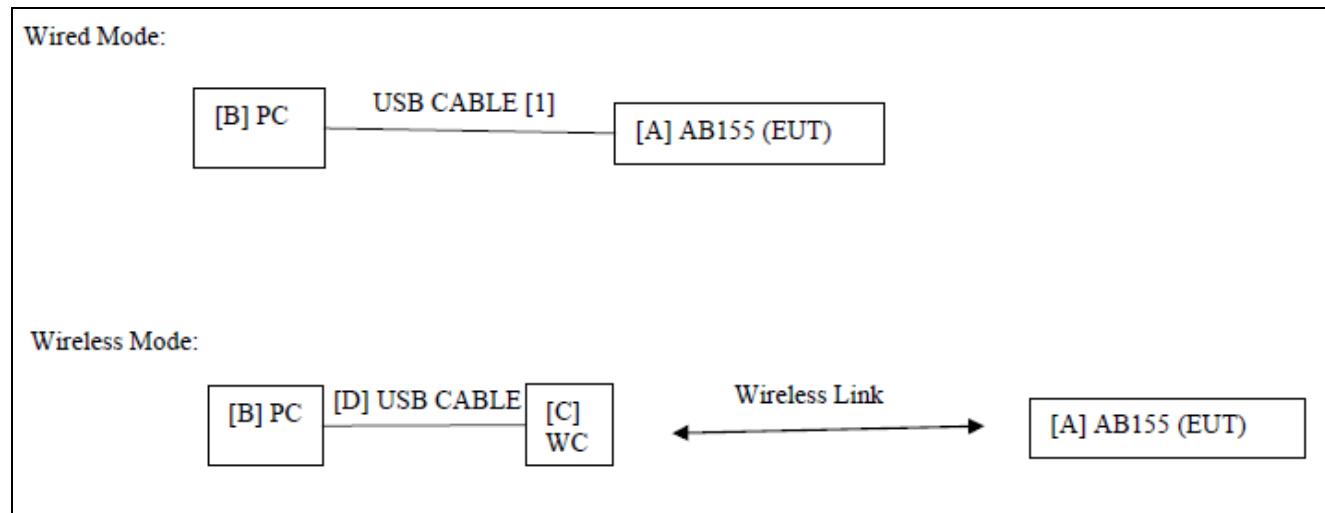
All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

## D. Description of Test Sample

The BodyMedia, Inc. AB155, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is as follows:

The armband is a physiological monitoring device that is worn on the upper arm over the left tricep. It gathers data from multiple sensors, processes it with algorithms, and stores the results onboard for later retrieval. It is self-powered with a lithium polymer battery. While worn on the body, data can be retrieved wirelessly via 2.4GHz ISM band communication. When removed from the body, a USB cable can be connected to the armband to enable battery charging and wired communication.



**Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration**

## E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
A	Armband	AB155		4,5,6,7,8	E

**Table 4. Equipment Configuration**

## F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
B	PC Laptop	Dell	unknown
C	Wireless Communicator	BodyMedia	908902PROD1
D	USB to miniB Cable	N/A	N/A

**Table 5. Support Equipment**

## G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	USB	USB A plug to USB microB plug	1	2	Yes	B. USB

**Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information**

## H. Mode of Operation

There are two modes of operation:

Wired Mode: The EUT is plugged into the PC via USB cable. For the test, a program running on the PC periodically queries the EUT for a response. This stimulation simulates normal operation because it uses the same software API, communications cable, USB transceiver, and firmware to receive requests and respond.

Wireless Mode: The EUT is unplugged from the PC and a wireless communicator is plugged into the PC via a USB cable. A program running on the PC periodically queries the EUT for sensor values via the wireless link. This stimulation simulates normal operation because it uses the same software API, communications cable, USB transceiver, and firmware to receive requests, sample sensors, and respond with values.

## I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

The EUT will come with custom software to communicate with it and indicate health of the connection.

1. PC Software will report PASS if communication is successful.
2. PC Software will report FAIL if communication is not successful.

Note that the PC and wireless communicator are not necessarily intended to survive the environment of the tests for the armband. If it should become necessary to disconnect and reconnect the USB cable to the PC and/or reboot the computer, the test shall be deemed a pass as long as the armband recovers.

## **J. Modifications**

### **a) Modifications to EUT**

No modifications were made to the EUT.

### **b) Modifications to Test Standard**

No modifications were made to the test standard.

## **K. Disposition of EUT**

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to BodyMedia, Inc. upon completion of testing.

### III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.203 Antenna Requirement

**Test Requirement:**

**§ 15.203:** An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

**Results:**

The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral (internal) antenna.

**Test Engineer(s):** Kenshi Chung

**Test Date(s):** 04/21/11

Manufacturer	Model	Type	Gain
Fractus	FR05-S1-N-0-102	Integral	-0.3dBi

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** **§ 15.207 (a):** For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15 - 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

**Table 7. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)**

**Test Procedure:**

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

**Test Results:**

The EUT was not applicable with this requirement. EUT goes to charge mode when connected to charger.

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

**Test Requirements:** § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth,  $VBW > RBW$ . The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results** The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

**Test Engineer(s):** Kenshi Chung

**Test Date(s):** 04/21/11



**Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup**

## Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

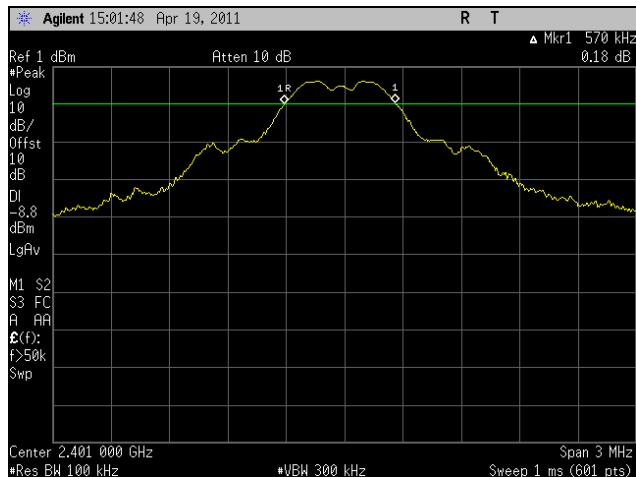
Occupied Bandwidth		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2401	0.57
Mid	2441	0.57
High	2482.5	0.575

Table 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

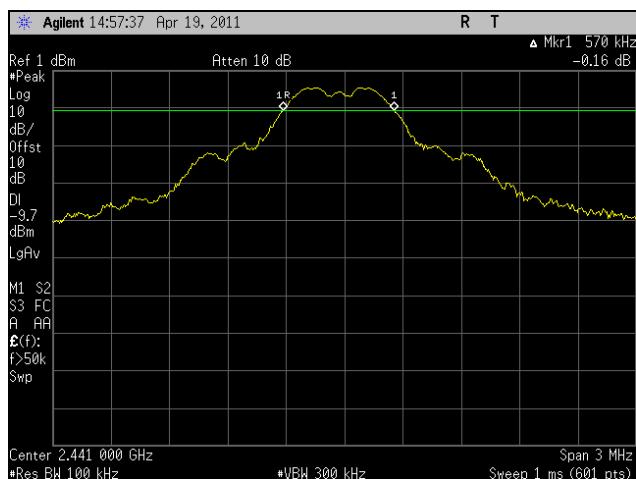
Occupied Bandwidth		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2401	1.078
Mid	2441	1.132
High	2482.5	1.088

Table 9. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

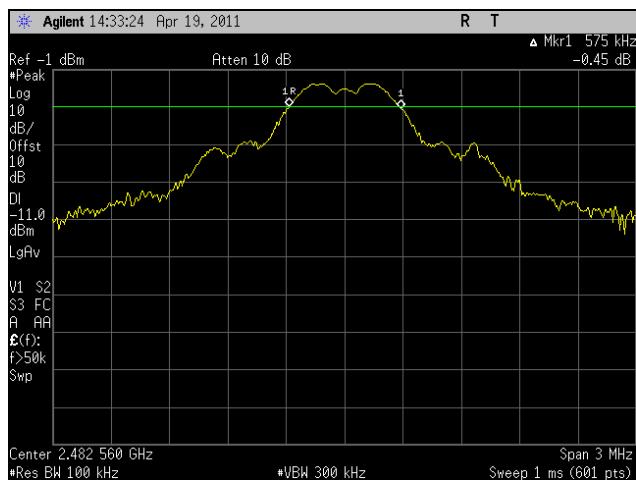
## 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



**Plot 1. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 2401 MHz**

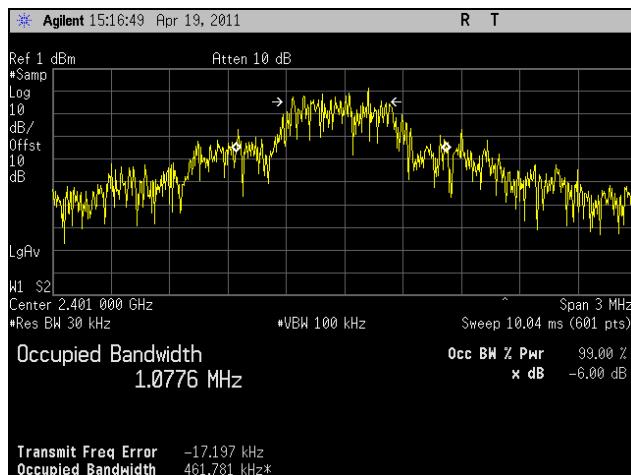


**Plot 2. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 2441 MHz**

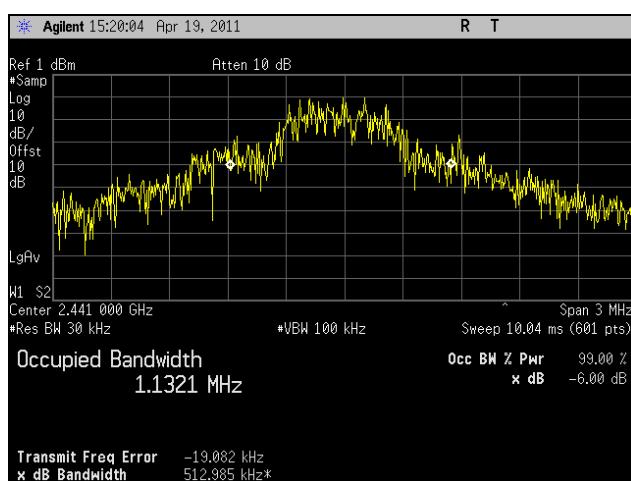


**Plot 3. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 2482.5 MHz**

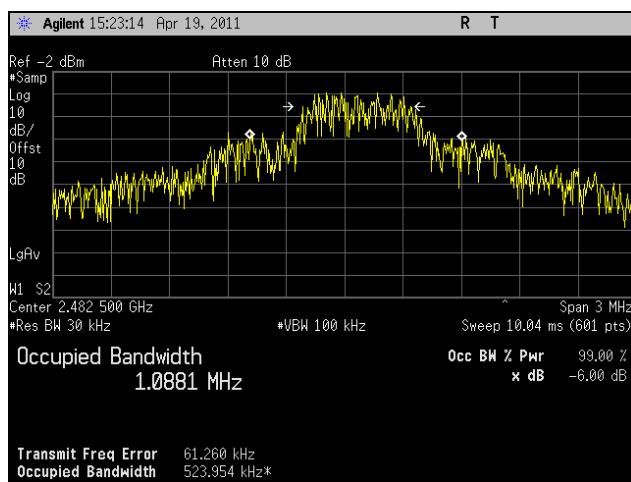
## 99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Plot 4. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 2401 MHz



Plot 5. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 2441 MHz



Plot 6. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 2482.5 MHz

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

**Test Requirements:** **§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

**Table 10. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)**

**§15.247(c):** if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 10, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

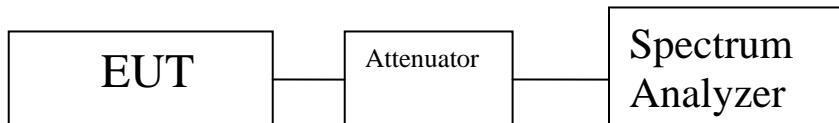
Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of **§15.247(b)**.

**Test Engineer(s):** Kenshi Chung

**Test Date(s):** 04/21/11



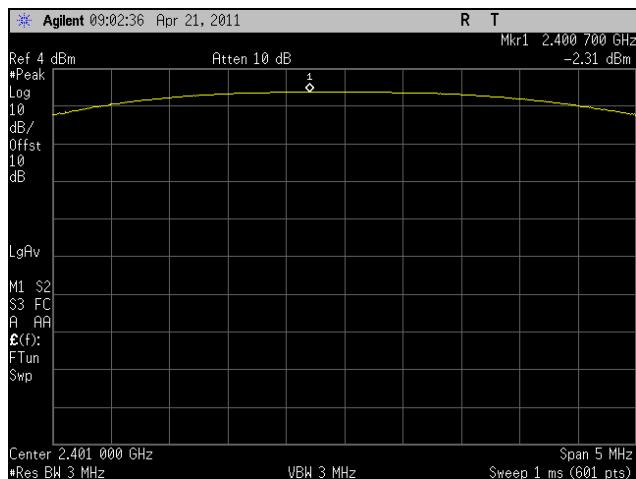
**Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup**

## Peak Power Output Test Results

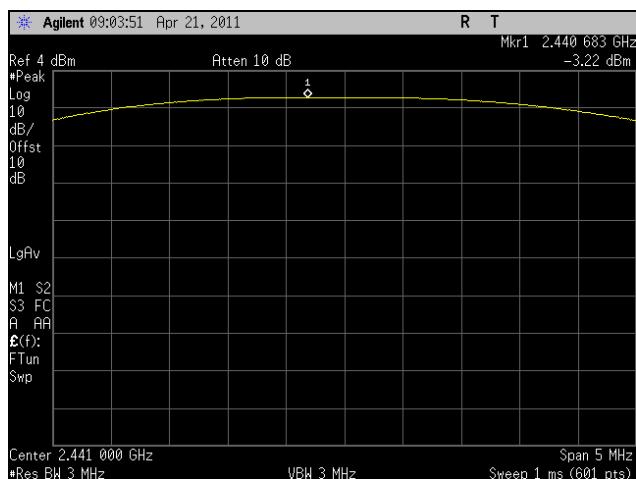
Peak Conducted Output Power		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power (dBm)
Low	2401	-2.31
Mid	2441	-3.22
High	2482.5	-4.65

**Table 11. Peak Power Output, Test Results**

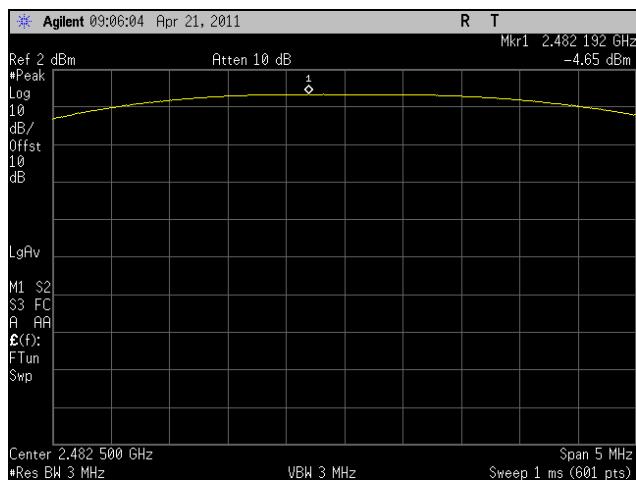
## Peak Power Output Test Results



Plot 7. Channel Power, Low Channel, 2401 MHz, FCC



Plot 8. Channel Power, Mid Channel, 2441 MHz, FCC



Plot 9. Channel Power, High Channel, 2482.5 MHz, FCC

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

**§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

**§15.205(a):** Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110-----	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	( <sup>2</sup> )

**Table 12. Restricted Bands of Operation**

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

**Test Requirement(s):** **§ 15.209 (a):** Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 13.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits (dB $\mu$ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

**Table 13. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)**

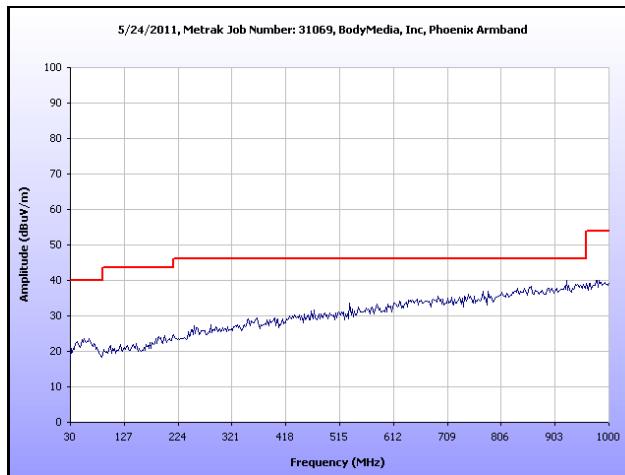
**Test Procedures:** The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise floor was measured above 18 GHz.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of **§ 15.247(d)**.

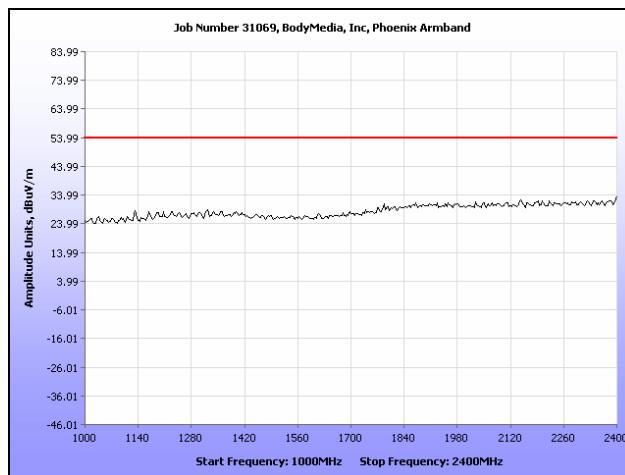
**Test Engineer(s):** Jeff Pratt

**Test Date(s):** 05/25/11

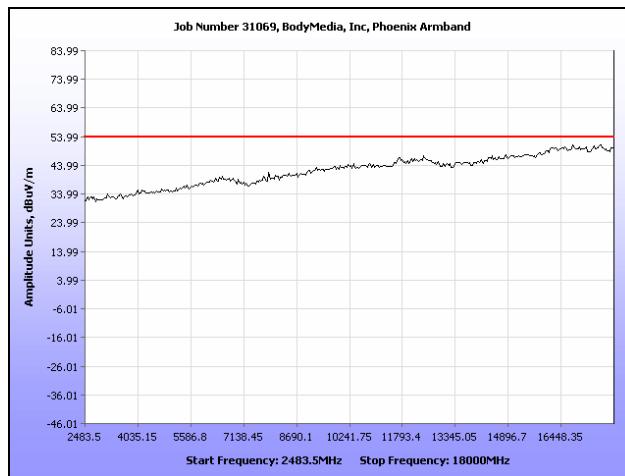
## Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



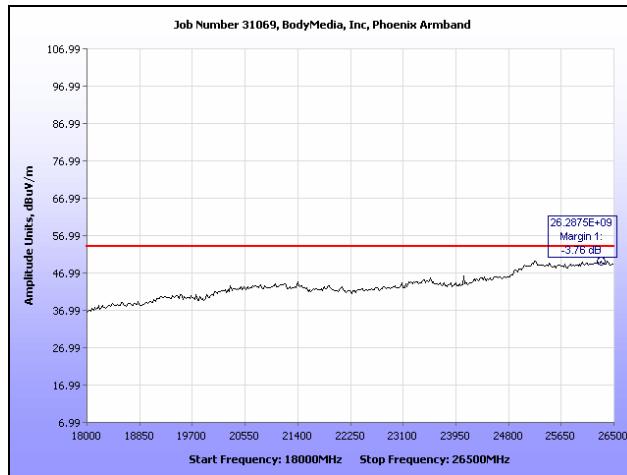
**Plot 10. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



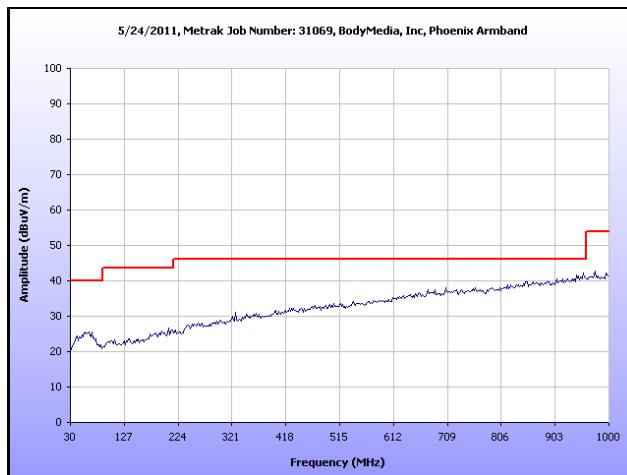
**Plot 11. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 2.4 GHz**



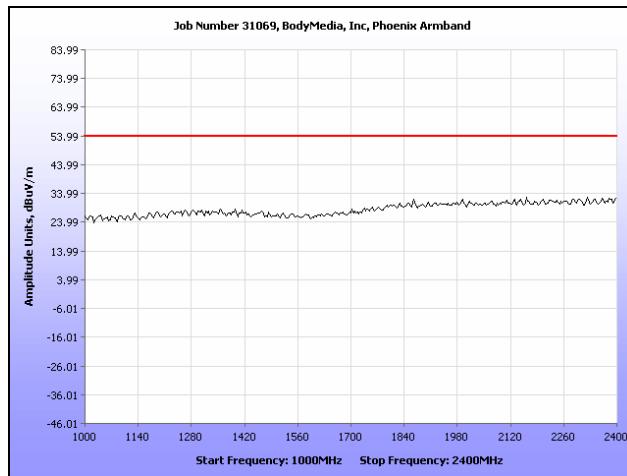
**Plot 12. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 2.4835 GHz – 18 GHz**



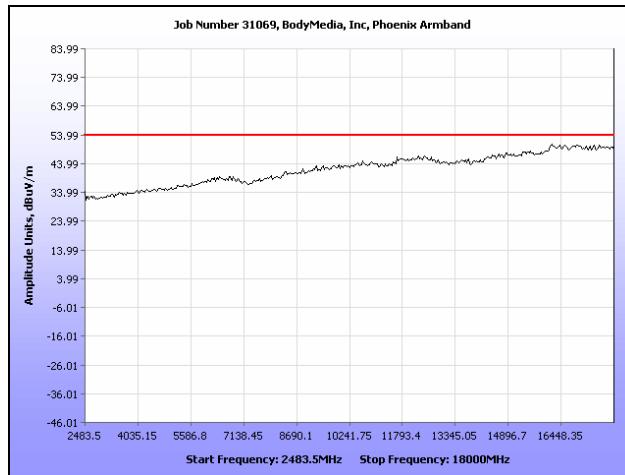
**Plot 13. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz**



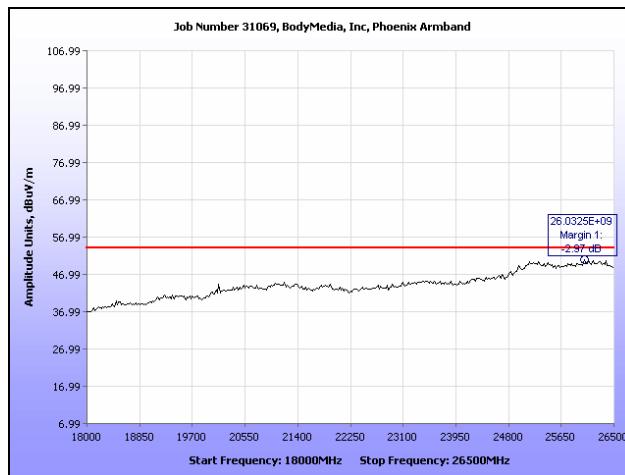
**Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



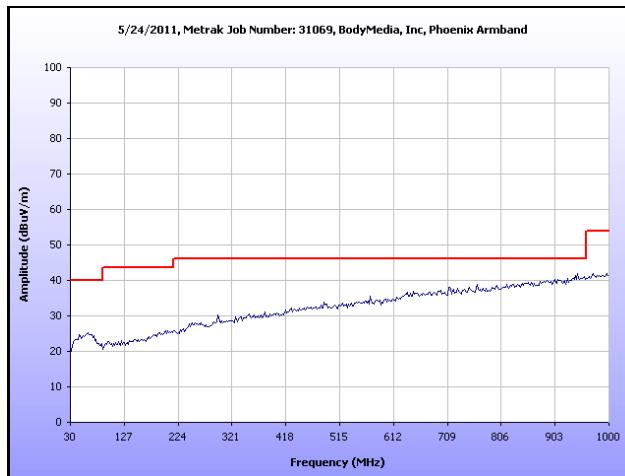
**Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 2.4 GHz**



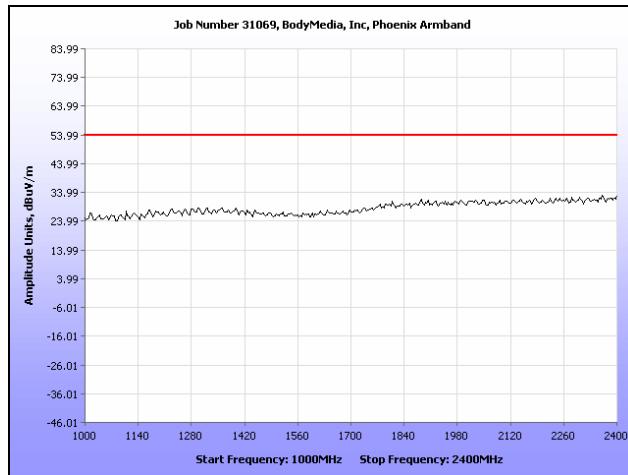
**Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 2.4835 GHz – 18 GHz**



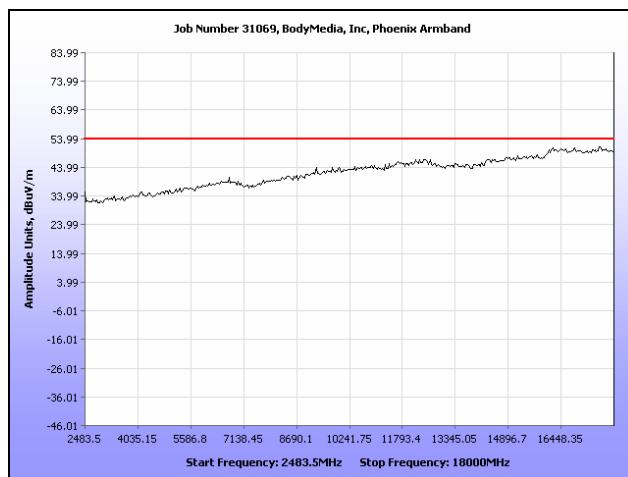
**Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz**



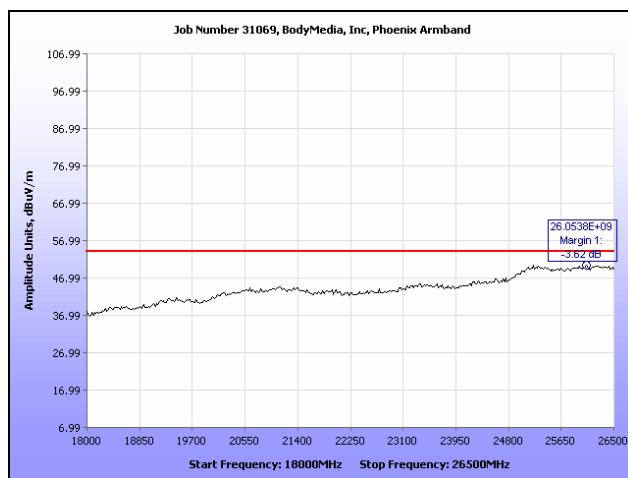
**Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



**Plot 19. Radiated Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 2.4 GHz**



**Plot 20. Radiated Emissions, High Channel, 2.4835 GHz – 18 GHz**

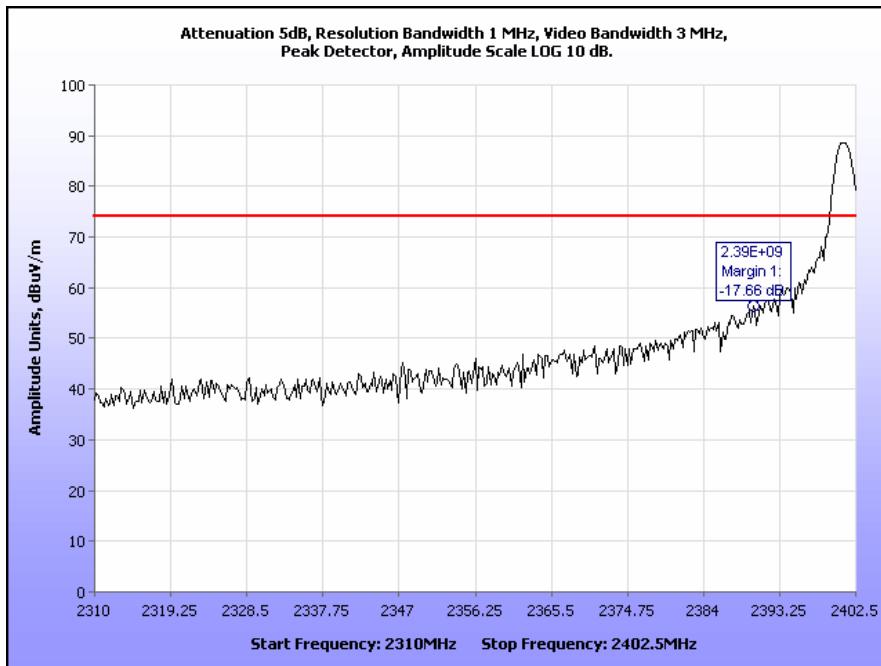


**Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz**

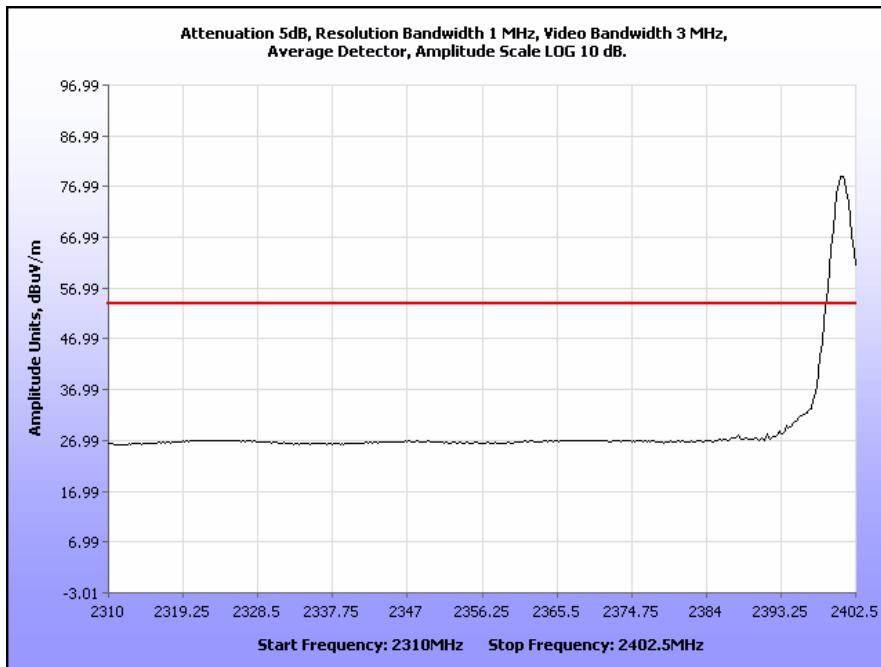
## Radiated Band Edge Measurements

### Test Procedures:

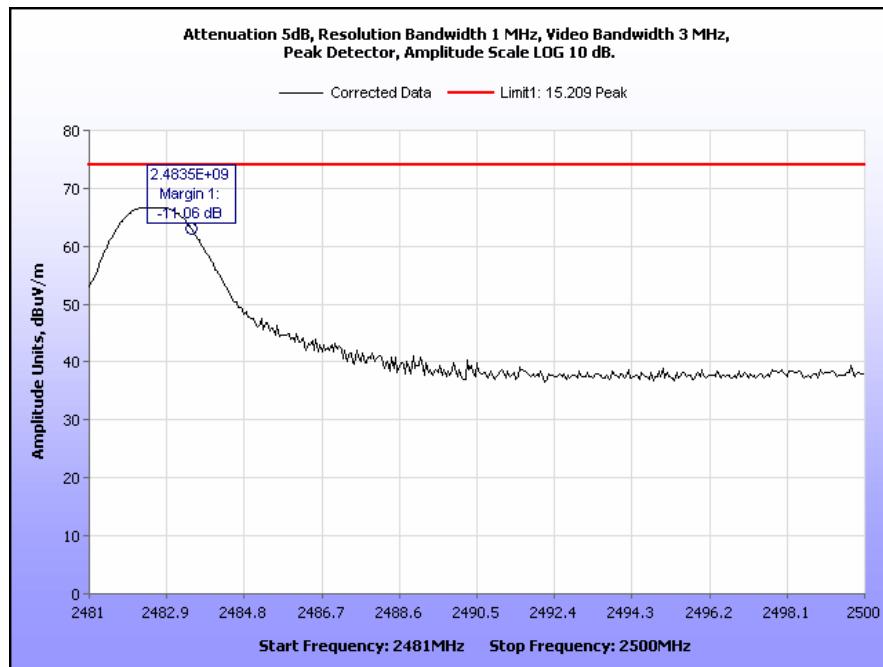
The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



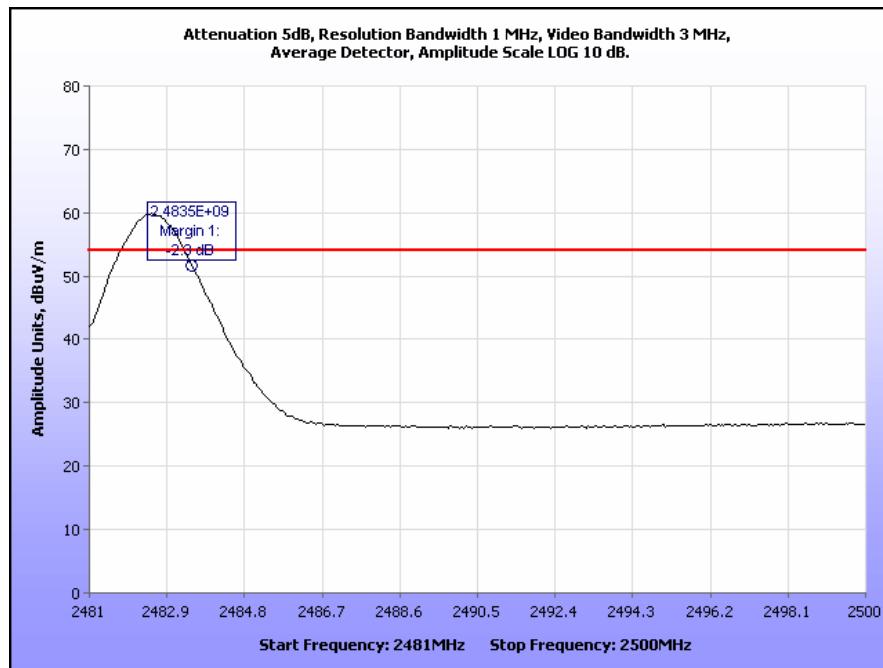
Plot 22. Low Channel, Lower Restricted Band, Peak



Plot 23. Low Channel, Lower Restricted Band, Average



**Plot 24. High Channel, Upper Restricted Band, Peak**



**Plot 25. High Channel, Upper Restricted Band, Average**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

**Test Requirement:**

**15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

**Test Procedure:**

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Since the EUT had an integral antenna, conducted measurements could not be performed. Measurements needed to be taken radiated. An antenna was located 3 m away from the EUT and plots were taken. The EUT was rotated through all three orthogonal axes. The plots were corrected for both antenna correction factor and cable loss.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

**Test Results:**

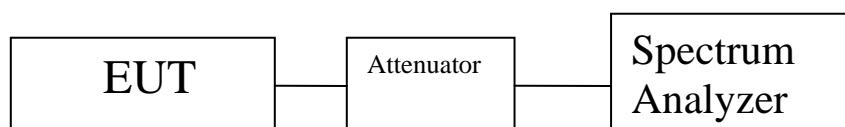
The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of **§15.247(d)**.

**Test Engineer(s):**

Kenshi Chung

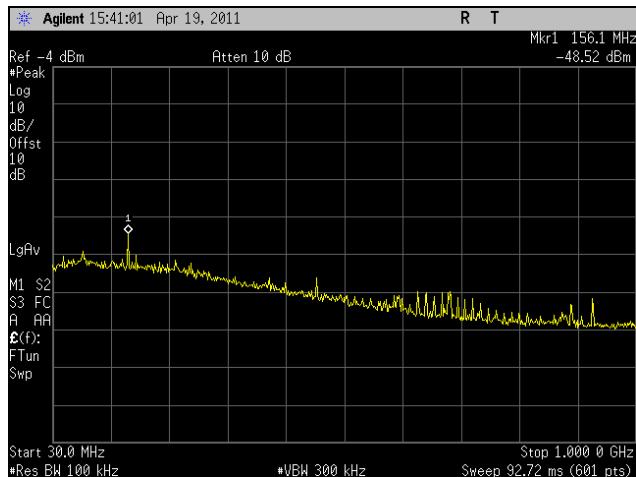
**Test Date(s):**

04/21/11

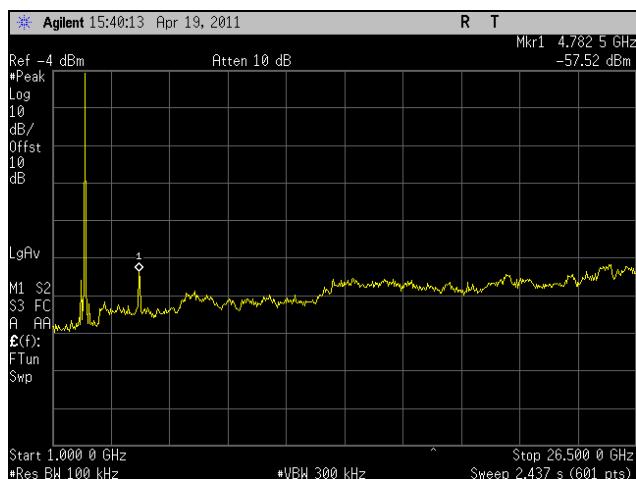


**Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup**

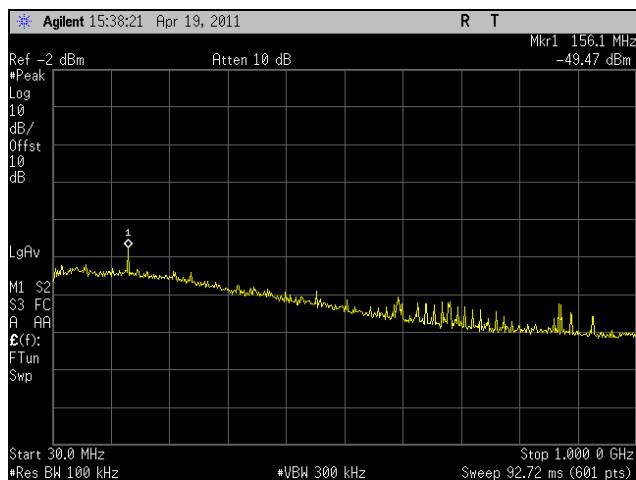
## Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results



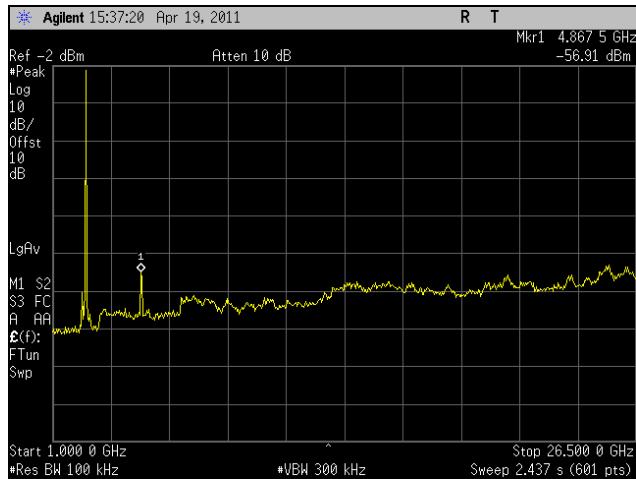
**Plot 26. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



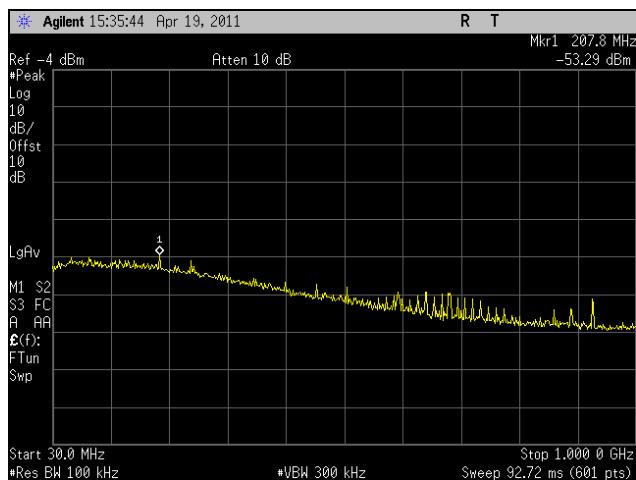
**Plot 27. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 26 GHz**



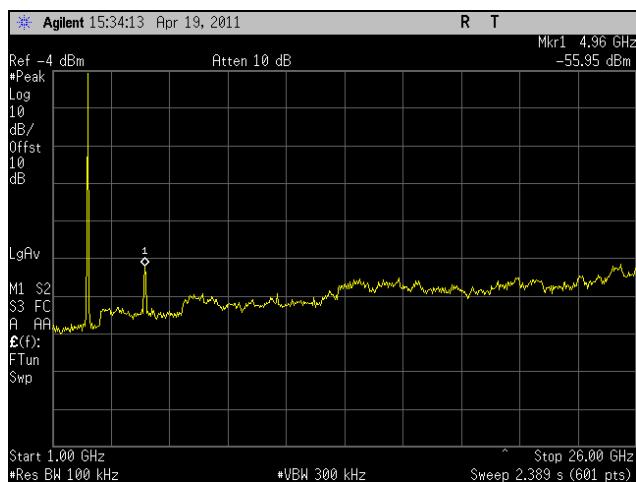
**Plot 28. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**



**Plot 29. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 26 GHz**

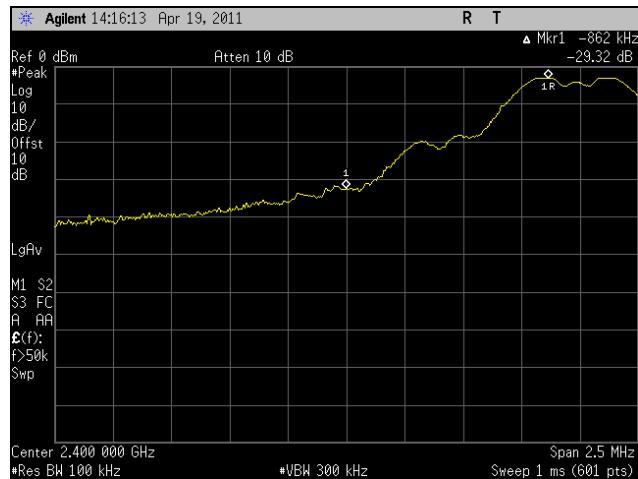


**Plot 30. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz**

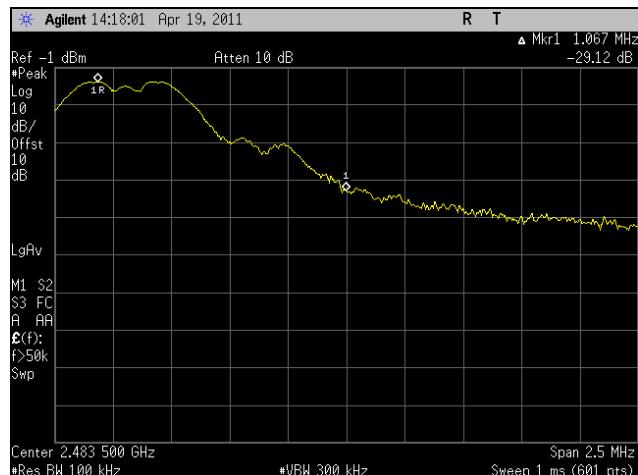


**Plot 31. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 26 GHz**

## Conducted Band Edge Test Results



**Plot 32. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel**



**Plot 33. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel**

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

**Test Requirements:** **§15.247(e):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level. A RBW of 1 MHz and VBW of 3 MHz were used to determine the peak emissions within the band. The Spectrum analyzer was then set to a RBW of 3 kHz and VBW was set to 10 kHz. The SPAN of the analyzer was set to 1 MHz with a 333.3 second sweep. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of **§ 15.247 (e)**.

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

**Test Engineer:** Kenshi Chung

**Test Date:** 04/21/11

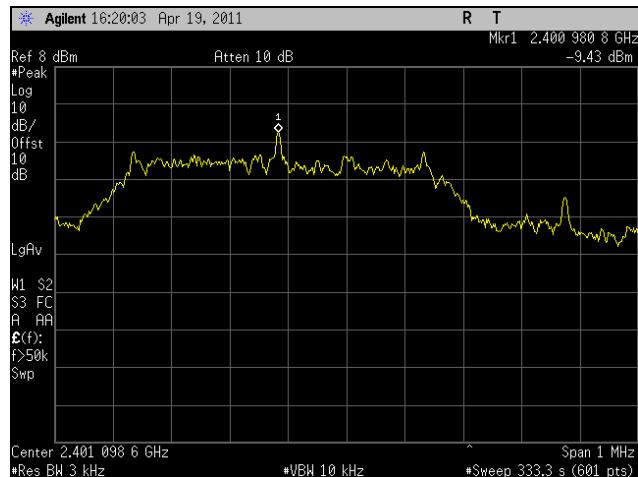


**Figure 5. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup**

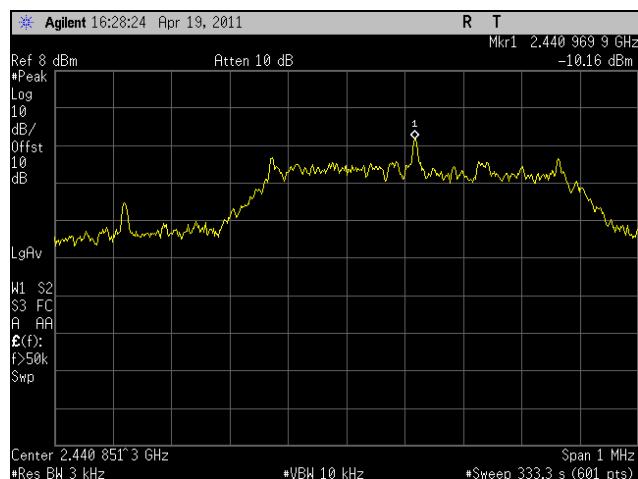
Peak Power Spectral Density				
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2401	-9.43	8	-17.43
Mid	2441	-10.16	8	-18.16
High	2482.5	-11.44	8	-19.44

**Table 14. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results**

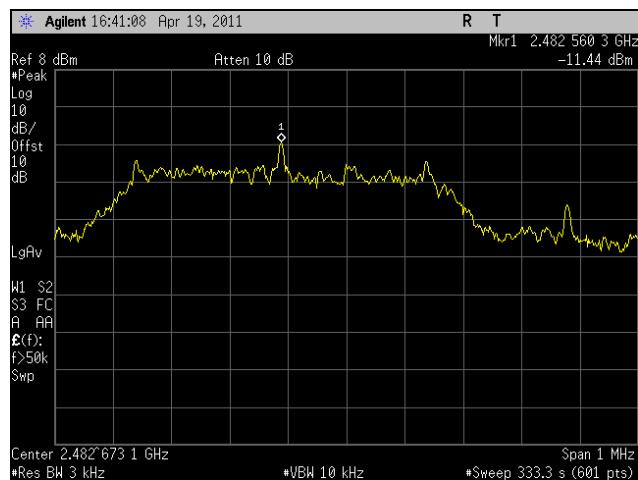
## Peak Power Spectral Density



Plot 34. Peak Spectral Density, Low Channel



Plot 35. Peak Spectral Density, Mid Channel



Plot 36. Peak Spectral Density, High Channel

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### RSS-GEN      Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

**Test Requirements:** The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

- (a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 15.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 – 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

**Table 15. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers**

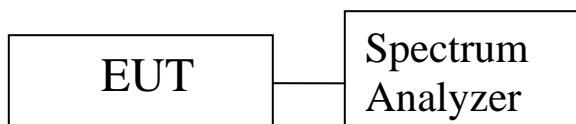
- (b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Conducted measurements were taken at the antenna port of the EUT. 100 kHz resolution bandwidth was used from 30 MHz - 1 GHz and 300 kHz resolution was used for measurements done above 1 GHz. All plots are corrected for cable loss.

**Test Results:** Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN.

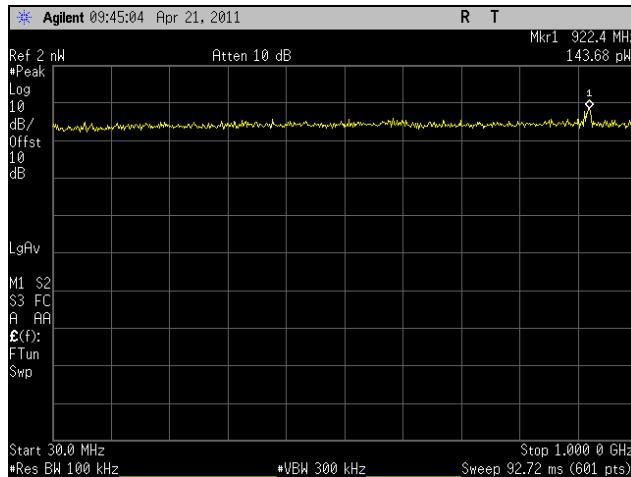
**Test Engineer(s):** Kenshi Chung

**Test Date(s):** 04/21/11

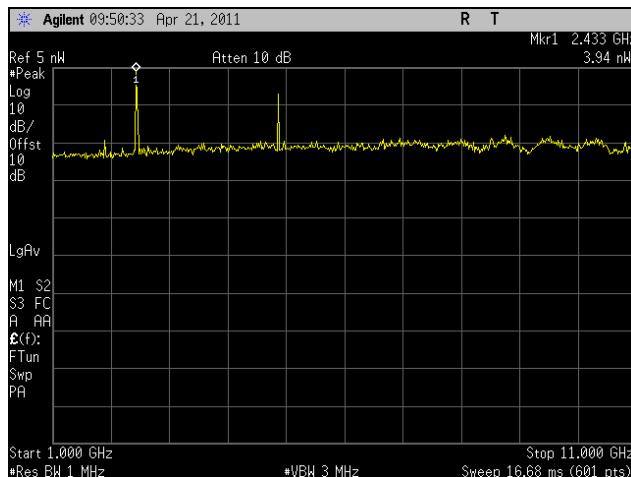


**Figure 6. Block Diagram, Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Setup**

## Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions



Plot 37. Receiver Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 38. Receiver Spurious Emissions, 1 GHz – 11 GHz

## IV. Test Equipment

## Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4751	ANTENNA – BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	11/3/2010	11/3/2011
1T4752	PRE-AMPLIFIER	MITEQ	JS44-18004000-35-8P	SEE NOTE	
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	6/8/2010	6/8/2011
1T4744	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	5/27/2010	5/27/2011
1T4612	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	9/27/2010	9/27/2011
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	5/25/2010	5/25/2011
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800-30-10P	SEE NOTE	

**Table 16. Test Equipment List**

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

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## V. Certification & User's Manual Information

## Certification & User's Manual Information

### A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

#### § 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

#### § 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:

- (i) *Compliance testing;*
- (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
- (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
- (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
- (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

(e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.

(f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

## Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

### § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.<sup>1</sup> *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer,* be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

### § 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

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<sup>1</sup> In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

## Certification & User's Manual Information

### § 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

(i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*

(ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.

(2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

## Certification & User's Manual Information

### 1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

#### § 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

(1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

*This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

(4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

(5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

#### § 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

## Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

### § 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

## ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

### Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.

Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

### Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class <sup>2</sup>] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe <sup>1</sup>] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

<sup>2</sup> Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.

## End of Report