

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Tested device:	RM-379		
FCC ID:	PPIRM-379	IC:	661U-RM379
Supplement reports:	Cph_SAR_0808_09		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
Date and signatures:			
For the contents:			

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2008-02-21
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/01/599172/8, HW: 0210, SW: sp5.58, DUT: 27625
Batteries used in testing	BL-4CT, DUT: 27627, 27628, 27629
Headsets used in testing	HS-47, DUT: 27618
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS 1900	512 / 1850.2	23.5 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.563 W/kg	0.63 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS 1900	512 / 1850.2	23.5 dBm EIRP	0.95 cm	0.530 W/kg	0.59 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.42 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	1900	GMSK	1/8	1850 – 1910
GPRS	1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	1850 – 1910
EGPRS	1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	1850 – 1910
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900 and GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Push to Talk capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	501	12 months	2008-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3118	12 months	2008-10
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d026	24 months	2008-02
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SME06	848650/011	36 months	2008-07
Amplifier	2100-BBS3Q8CCJ	1003	-	-
Power Meter	NRP	100808	24 months	2008-03
Power Sensor	NRP-Z51	100412	24 months	2008-03
Call Tester	CMU200	105900	-	-
Call Tester	4400M	0411216	-	-
BT Tester	CBT	100263	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	2008-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

1900MHz band		
Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant					
f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1900	Reference result	9.83	39.4	1.42	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.85 - 10.81			
	2008-02-21	10.2	39.1	1.40	21.6

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1900	Reference result	10.0	54.8	1.54	
	± 10% window	9.0 - 11.0			
	2008-02-21	9.73	52.4	1.52	21.1

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	± 5% window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2008-02-21	39.1	1.38	21.6

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	± 5% window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2008-02-21	52.5	1.49	21.1

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

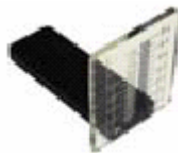
5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with both sides facing the phantom to find the highest results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot u_i$ (%)	v_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

1900 MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Power		26.3 dBm	26.3 dBm	26.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.426	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Power		23.5 dBm	23.6 dBm	23.4 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.434	-
		Tilt	-	0.190	-
	Right	Cheek	0.563	0.500	0.429
		Tilt	-	0.171	-
3-slot GPRS	Power		21.8 dBm	21.9 dBm	21.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.415	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Power		22.4 dBm	22.6 dBm	21.8 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	0.413	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Right Cheek, BT active		0.561	-	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

1900 MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS	Power	23.5 dBm	23.6 dBm	23.4 dBm
Antenna facing phantom	Without headset	0.524	0.501	0.401
	Headset HS-47	0.489	0.468	0.391
Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.380	-
	Headset HS-47	-	0.343	-
2-slot GPRS Antenna facing phantom	Without headset, BT active	0.530	-	-

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

See the following pages

Date/Time: 2008-02-21 14:52:33

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d026

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 71.2 V/m

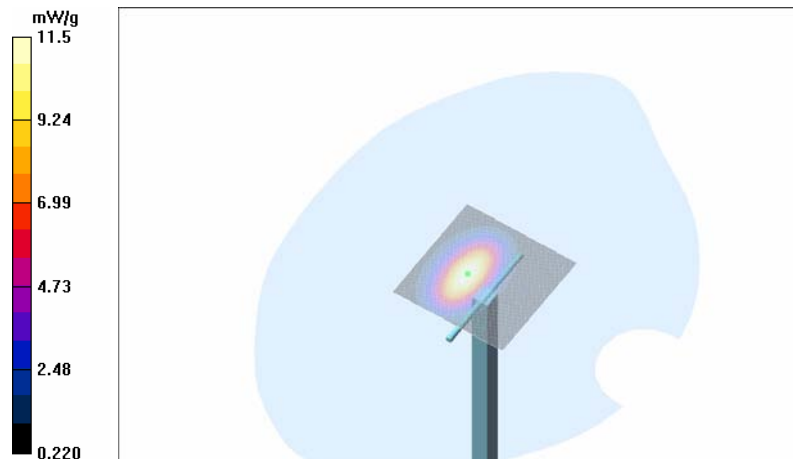
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 19:41:12

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d026

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.9 V/m

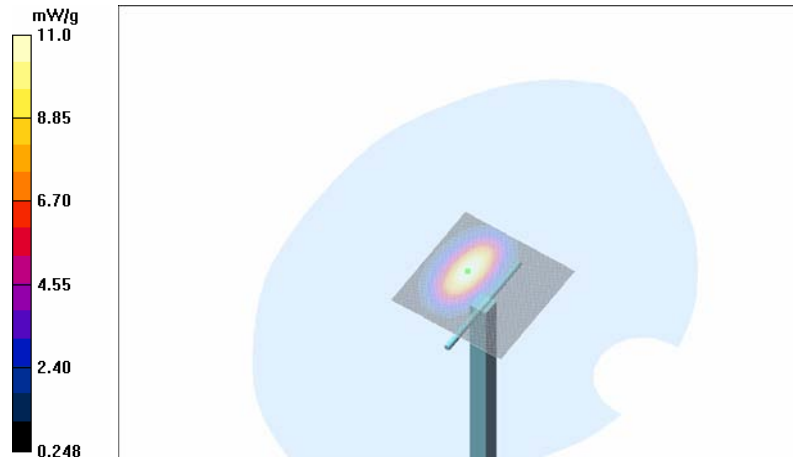
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.73 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.12 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.108 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

See the following pages

Date/Time: 2008-02-21 16:15:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: GSM 1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.466 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.04 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.717 W/kg

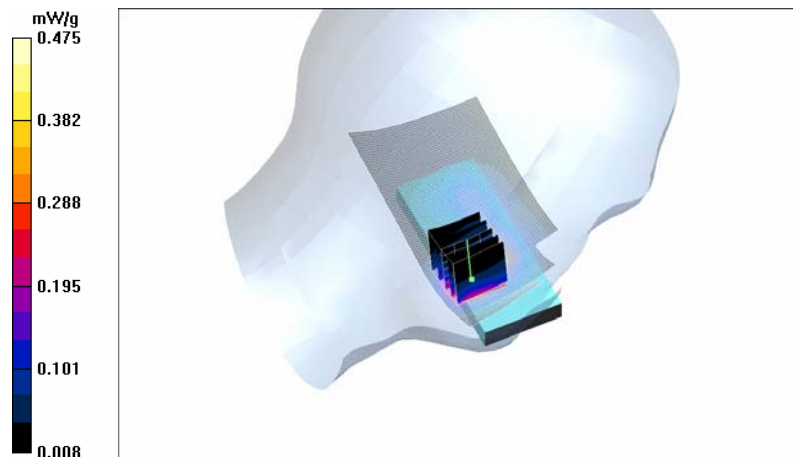
SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.419 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.475 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 16:31:29

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.471 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.85 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.732 W/kg

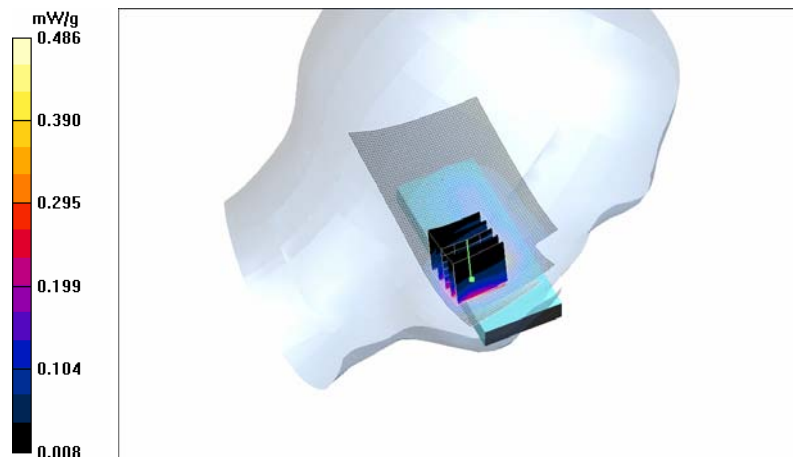
SAR(1 g) = 0.434 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.111 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 17:04:54

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.228 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.92 V/m

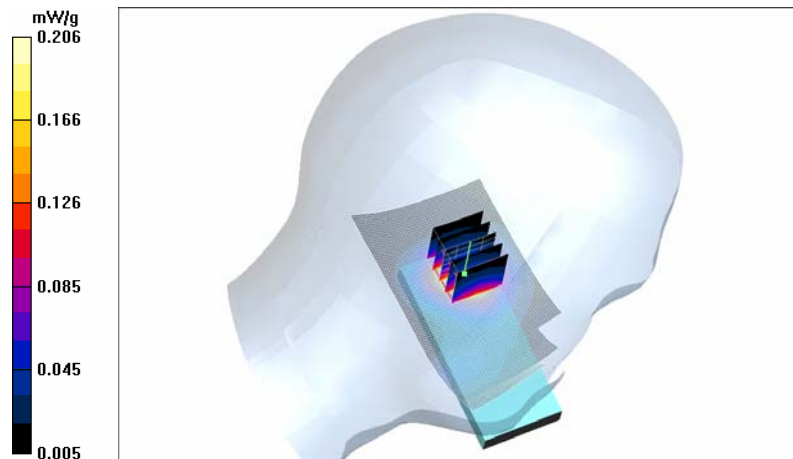
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.290 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.190 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.086 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.206 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 17:38:54

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.658 mW/g

Cheek position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m

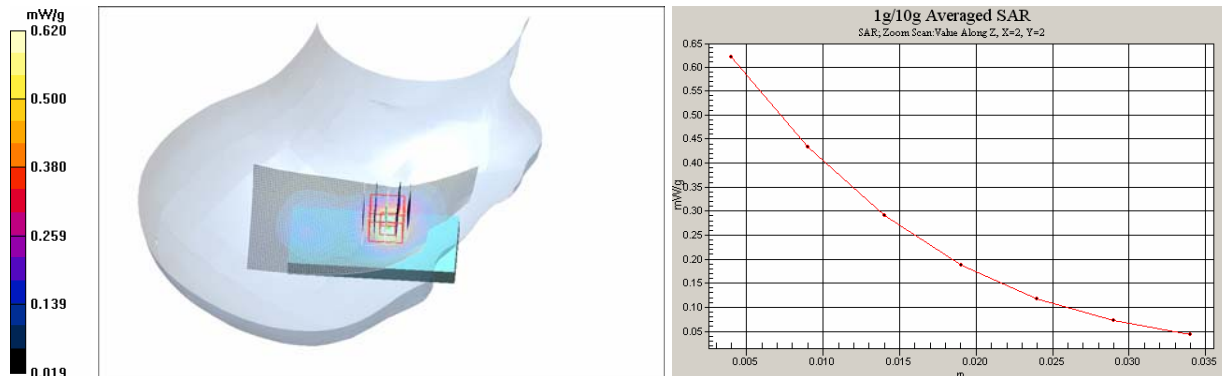
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.344 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.620 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 18:25:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.197 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

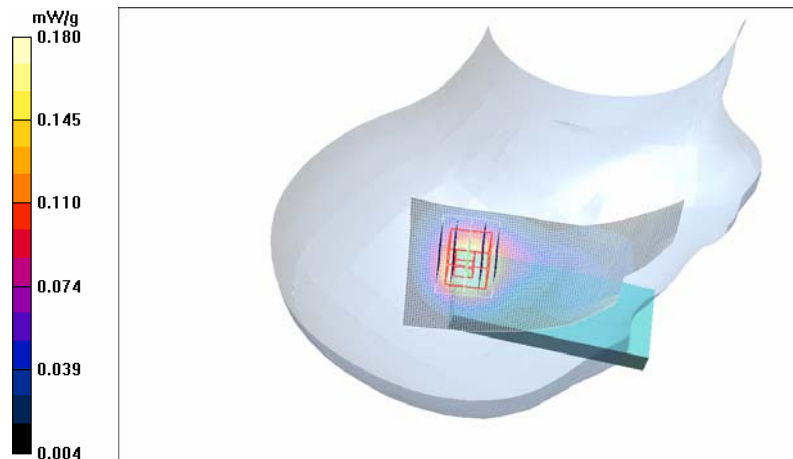
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.246 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.106 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.180 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 16:47:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.68 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.702 W/kg

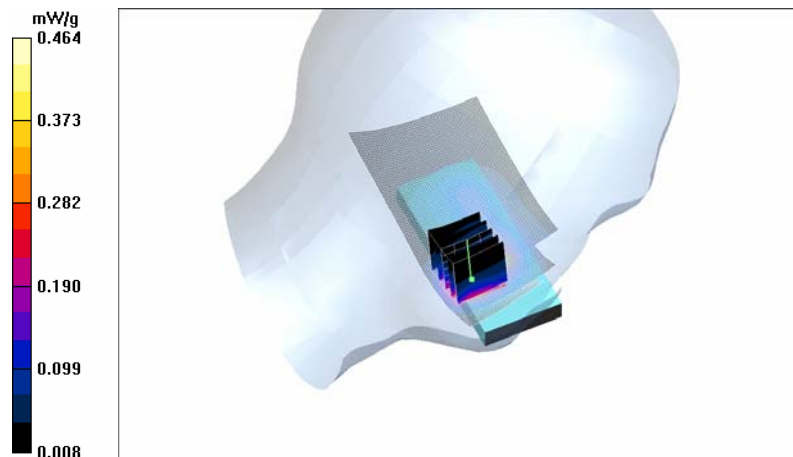
SAR(1 g) = 0.415 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.239 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 19:06:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.452 mW/g

Cheek position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m

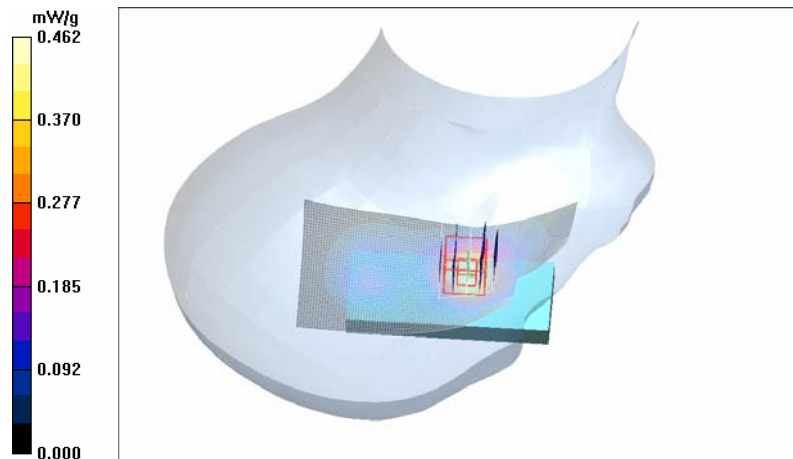
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.615 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.413 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.251 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 18:13:16

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Low - BT active/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.646 mW/g

Cheek position - Low - BT active/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m

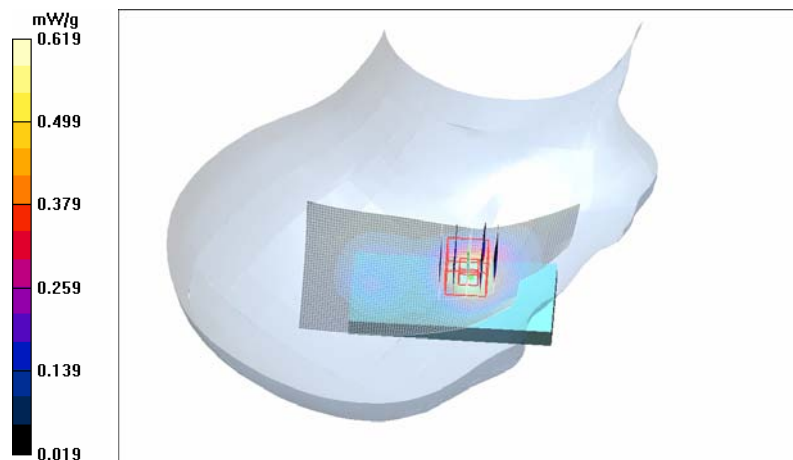
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.800 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.561 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.153 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.619 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 21:55:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - No Accessory - Antenna facing phantom/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.558 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Antenna facing phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.55 V/m

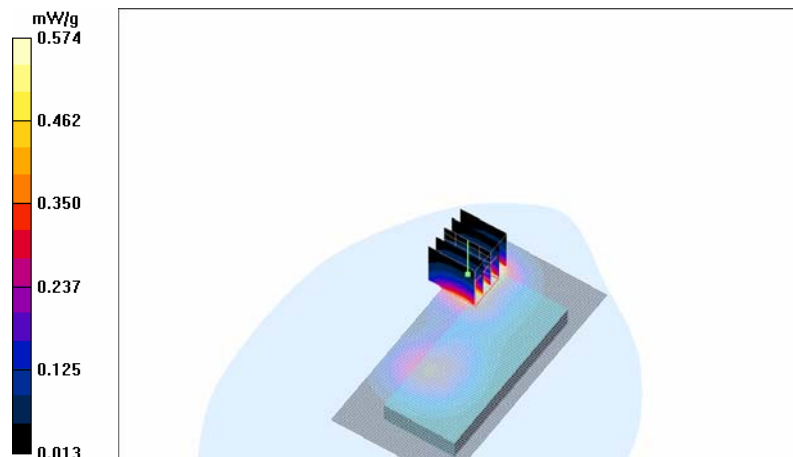
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.889 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.524 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.299 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.574 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 22:19:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - HS-47 - Antenna facing phantom/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.540 mW/g

Body - Low - HS-47 - Antenna facing phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.16 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

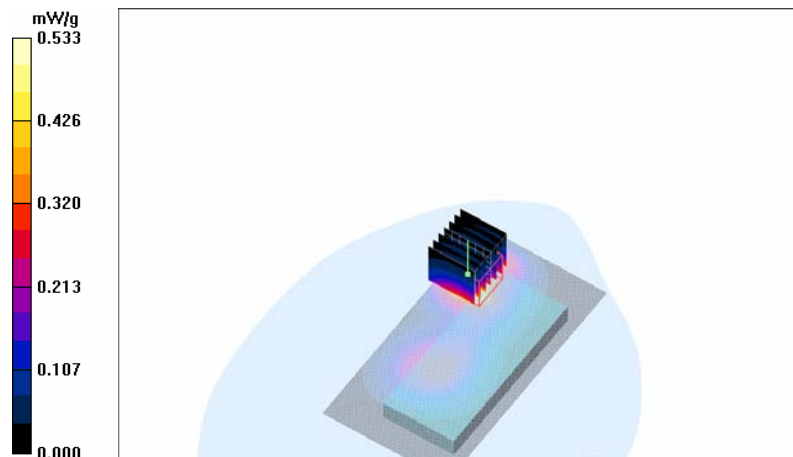
SAR(1 g) = 0.489 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 21:30:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Display facing phantom/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.420 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Display facing phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.56 V/m

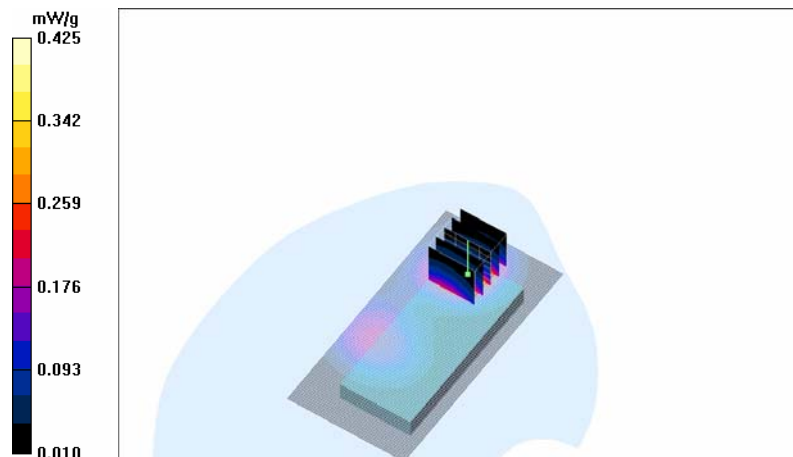
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.642 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.380 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.211 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 21:42:37

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - HS-47 - Display facing phantom/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.381 mW/g

Body - Middle - HS-47 - Display facing phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.30 V/m

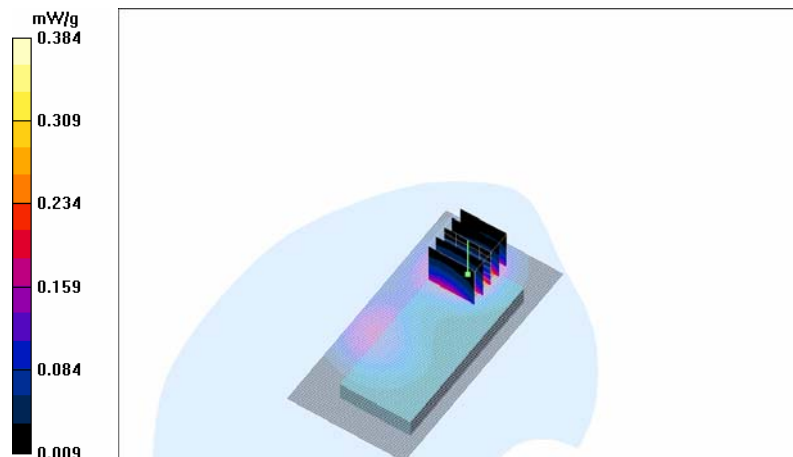
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.586 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.343 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.073 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.384 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-02-21 23:14:16

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-379; Serial: 004401/01/599172/8

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2007-02-21
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - No Accessory – Antenna facing phantom - BT active/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.561 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Antenna facing phantom - BT active/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.76 V/m

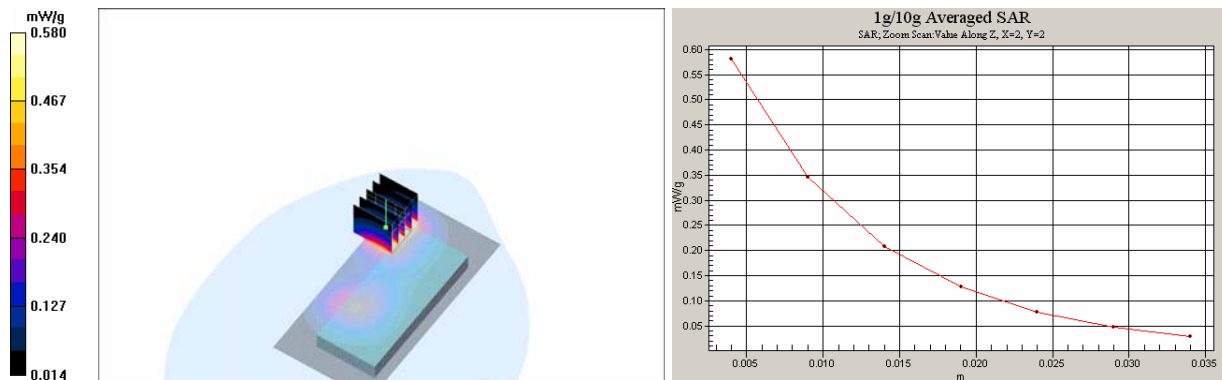
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.897 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.530 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.303 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.187 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

See the following pages



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Denmark A/S**

Certificate No: **ES3-3118_Oct07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3118**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **October 26, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07)	Jan-08
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

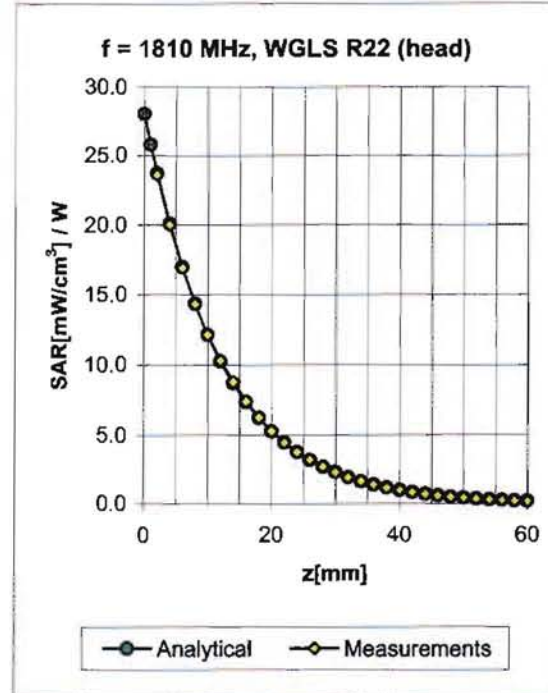
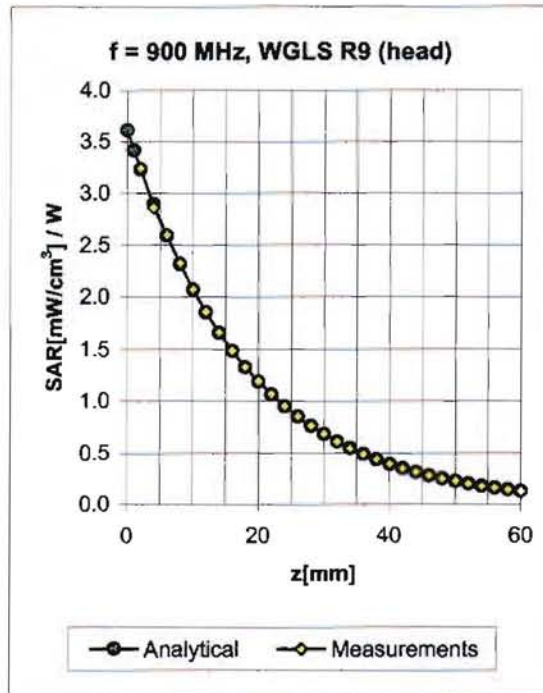
Calibrated by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Approved by: **Niels Kuster** **Quality Manager**

Issued: October 29, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.85	1.30	5.99	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.90	1.21	5.26	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.85	1.26	5.05	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.85	1.21	4.68	± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.85	1.34	5.59	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.89	1.31	4.92	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.89	1.27	4.66	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.80	1.19	4.30	± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Denmark A/S**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d026_Feb06/2**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: D1900V2-5d026_Feb06)

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d026**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 21, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 9, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 21.02.2006 13:52:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 57; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

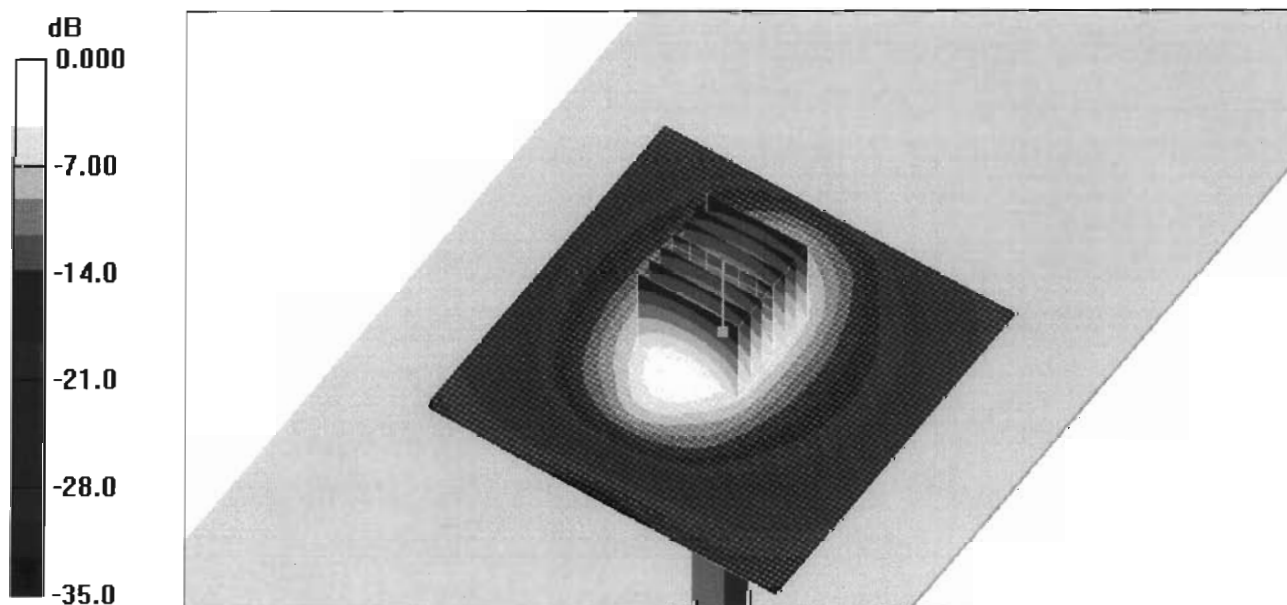
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.83 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.2 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 mW/g



0 dB = 11.0mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.02.2006 15:46:28

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 57; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

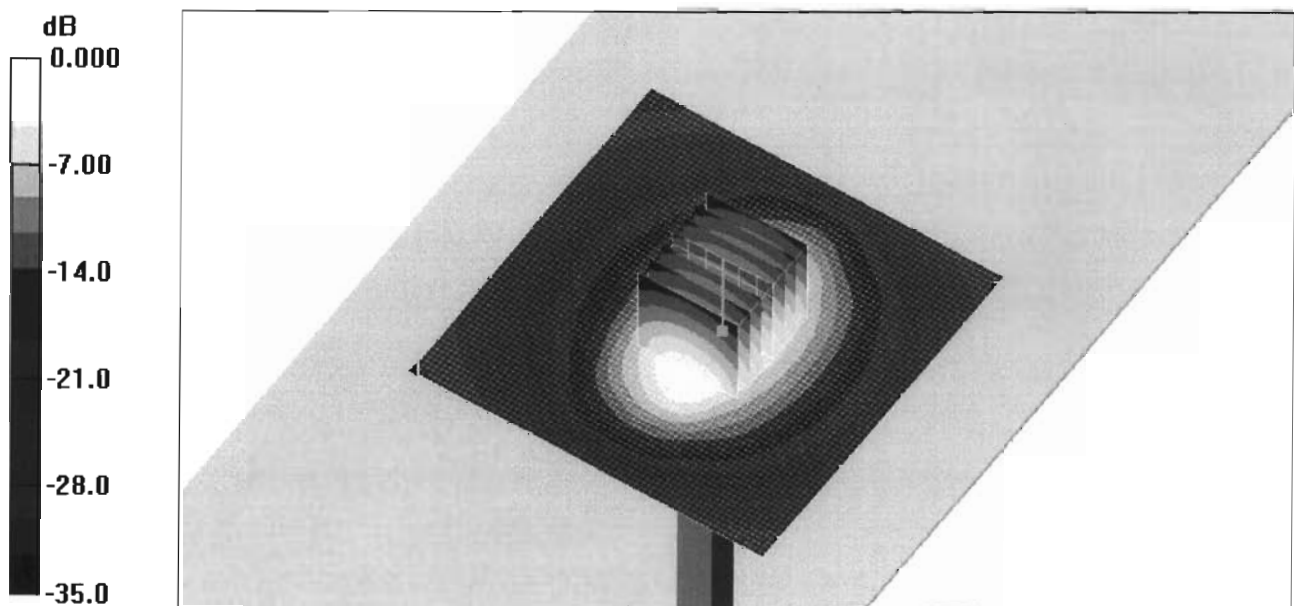
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



0 dB = 11.5mW/g