

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Tested device:	RM-126		
FCC ID:	PPIRM-126	IC:	661U-RM126
Supplement reports:	-		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		

Date and signatures:

For the contents:

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2006-02-08 to 2006-03-05
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004400/85/172426/8, HW: 0505, SW: 3.08.1, DUT: 11058 SN: 004400/85/172498/7, HW: 0506, SW: 3.08.1, DUT: 11059
Batteries used in testing	BL-4C, DUT 11060, 11061, 11071
Headsets used in testing	HS-6, DUT 11062
Other accessories used in testing	MU-card, DUT: 11072
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	31.9dBm ERP	Left, Cheek	0.80W/kg	0.89W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM1900	661 / 1880.0	30.8dBm EIRP	Left, Cheek	0.59W/kg	0.66W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	190 / 836.6	29.9dBm ERP	2.2cm	0.83W/kg	0.93W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	28.8dBm EIRP	2.2cm	0.39W/kg	0.44W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.31 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes and Bands of Operation	GSM	GPRS	EGPRS	BT
	850 / 1900	850 / 1900	850 / 1900	
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK / 8PSK	GFSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8 to 2/8	1/8 to 2/8	
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	824 - 849 1850 - 1910	824 - 849 1850 - 1910	824 - 849 1850 - 1910	2402-2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in 900 / 1800 MHz bands, which are not part of this filing.

8PSK EGPRS mode was not measured, because maximum averaged output power is more than 3dB lower in 8PSK EGPRS mode than in GPRS mode.

2.1 Picture of the Device



Device with flip closed,
HW 0505 and 0506.



Device with flip open,
HW 0505 and 0506.

2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	21.5 to 22.7
Ambient humidity (RH %):	30 to 40

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE V1	372	12 months	2006-08
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1396	12 months	2007-01
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	462	24 months	2006-07
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d013	24 months	2006-07
DASY4 software	Version 4.6	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2006-07
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	-	-
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2006-07
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2006-07
Call Tester	CMU 200	100084	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	104983	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2006-10
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants

whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body tissue simulants:

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.5	55.97
Tween 20	47.35	-
HEC	-	1.21
Sugar	-	41.76
Preservative	-	0.27
Salt	1.15	0.79

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.45	41.8	0.92	
	± 10% window	2.21 – 2.69			
	2006-02-08	2.51	41.9	0.95	21.9
	2006-02-13	2.43	42.0	0.94	22.1
	2006-02-14	2.42	41.9	0.94	21.9
1900	Reference result	10.0	39.4	1.44	
	± 10% window	9.0 – 11.0			
	2006-03-02	10.0	38.2	1.41	21.5
	2006-03-05	10.0	38.1	1.40	21.9

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.45	54.6	0.99	
	± 10% window	2.21 – 2.69			
	2006-03-06	2.48	55.3	0.96	20.3

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	± 5% window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2006-02-08	41.9	0.95	21.0
	2006-02-13	41.9	0.94	21.0
	2006-02-14	41.9	0.94	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	± 5% window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2006-03-02	38.3	1.39	21.0
	2006-03-05	38.1	1.39	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2006-02-14	55.1	0.96	21.0
	2006-03-06	55.3	0.96	21.0
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2006-03-02	53.3	1.52	21.0
	2006-03-05	53.3	1.51	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".



Photo of the device in “cheek” position



Photo of the device in “tilt” position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.



Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement.
The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz, Head SAR results

Hardware ID	Flip option	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Power		30.9dBm	32.0dBm	31.9dBm
0506	Open	Left	Cheek	0.695	0.751	0.797
			Tilt	-	0.491	-
		Right	Cheek	-	0.619	-
			Tilt	-	0.444	-
GSM		Power		32.9dBm	32.1dBm	30.5dBm
0505	Open	Left	Cheek	0.698	0.768	0.783
0506	GSM Flip open	Left Cheek with MU-card		-	-	0.797
0506	GSM Flip open	Left Cheek without MU-card and with BT active		-	-	0.715
		Left Cheek with MU-card and with BT active		-	-	0.785

1900MHz, Head SAR results

Hardware ID	Flip option	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
				Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM		Power		29.3dBm	30.8dBm	32.1dBm
0506	Open	Left	Cheek	0.542	0.584	0.532
			Tilt	-	0.195	-
		Right	Cheek	-	0.471	-
			Tilt	-	0.109	-
GSM		Power		31.3dBm	31.3dBm	32.0dBm
0505	Open	Left	Cheek	0.540	0.502	0.481
0506	GSM Flip open	Left Cheek with MU-card		-	0.585	-
0506	GSM Flip open	Left Cheek with MU-card and with BT active		-	0.547	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz, Body SAR results

Hardware ID	Flip option	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Power	29.3dBm	31.2dBm	29.3dBm
0506	Closed	Without headset	-	0.426	-
2-slot GPRS		Power	28.7dBm	29.9dBm	29.3dBm
0506	Closed	Without headset	0.777	0.831	0.759
		Headset HS-6	0.524	0.590	0.512
2-slot GPRS		Power	30.0dBm	29.8dBm	30.1dBm
0505	Closed	Without headset	0.760	0.781	0.807
0506	2-slot GPRS Flip closed	Without headset and with MU-card	-	0.830	-
0506	2-slot GPRS Flip closed	Without headset, without MU-card, BT active	-	0.802	-

1900MHz, Body SAR results

Hardware ID	Flip option	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM		Power	29.8dBm	31.4dBm	30.2dBm
0506	Closed	Without headset	-	0.173	-
2-slot GPRS		Power	29.6dBm	31.3dBm	30.1dBm
0506	Closed	Without headset	0.305	0.348	0.318
		Headset HS-6	0.277	0.296	0.318
2-slot GPRS		Power	30.3dBm	30.6dBm	30.5dBm
0505	Closed	Without headset	0.285	0.336	0.389
0505	2-slot GPRS Flip closed	Without headset and with MU-card	-	-	0.390
0505	2-slot GPRS Flip closed	Without headset, with MU-card and BT active	-	-	0.393

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2006-02-08 11:17:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 462

Program Name: System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.954 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.9 C/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.70 mW/g

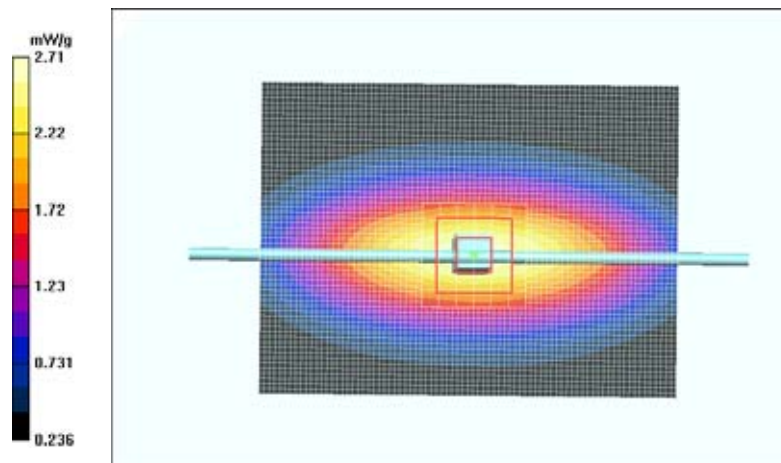
d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.9 C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-13 16:15:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 462

Program Name: System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.935 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=22.1 C/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.62 mW/g

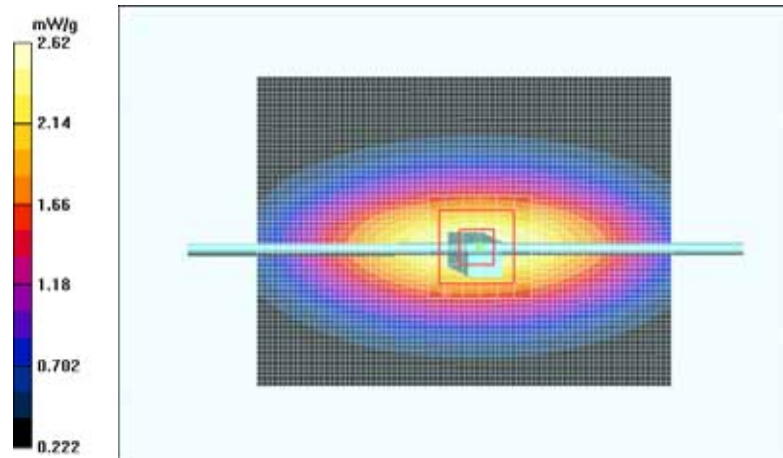
d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=22.1 C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-14 14:37:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 462

Program Name: System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.9 C/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 mW/g

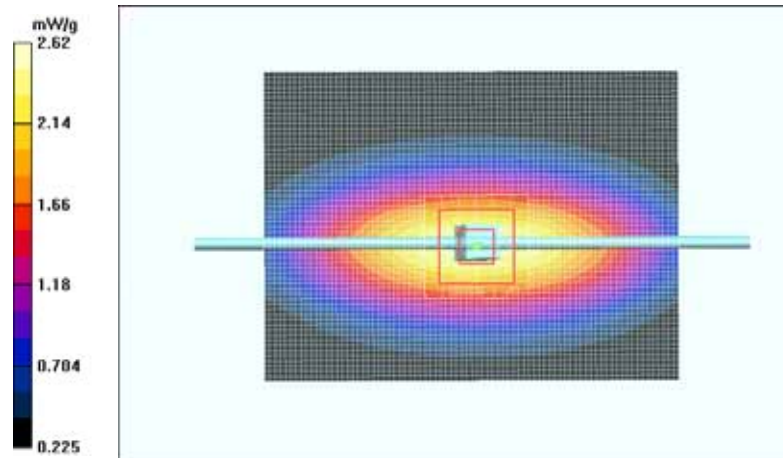
d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.9 C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 07:45:00

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Program Name: System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.5 C/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

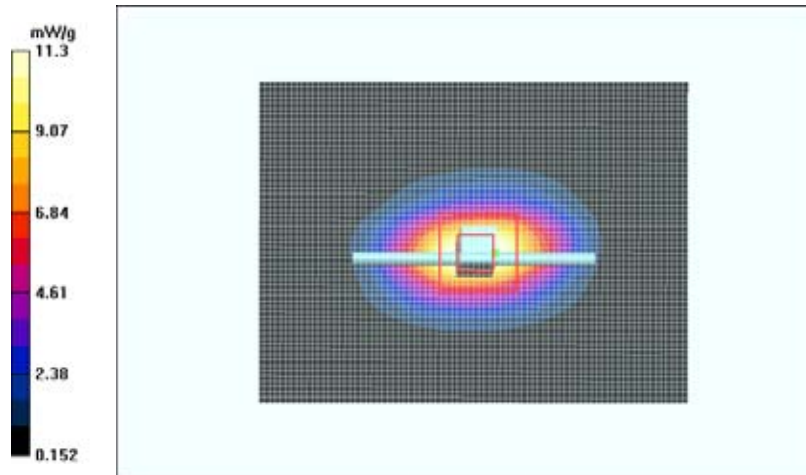
d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.5 C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-05 19:33:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d013

Program Name: System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.9 C/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 mW/g

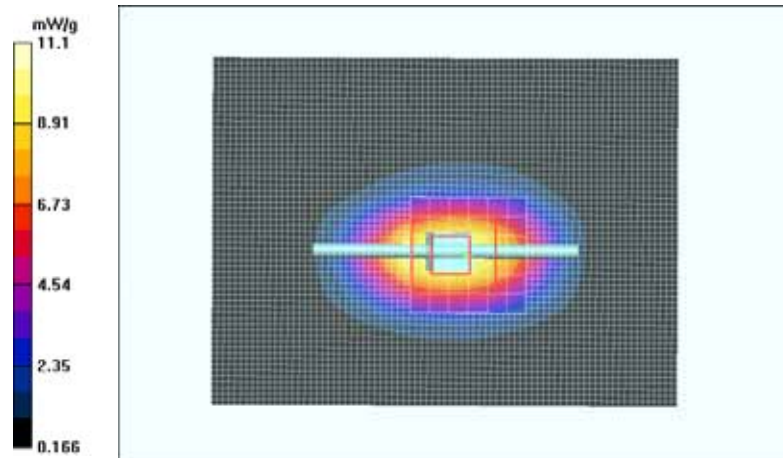
d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=21.9 C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-06 09:18:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Program Name: System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.41, 6.41, 6.41); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=20.3 C/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 mW/g

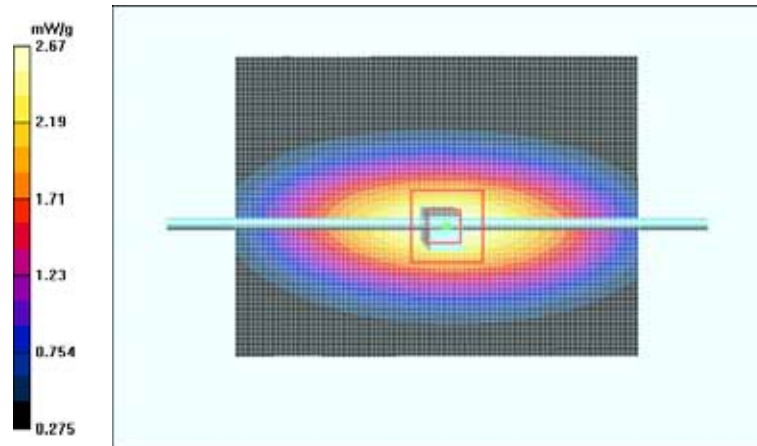
d=15mm, Pin=250mW, t=20.3 C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2006-02-13 19:09:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.0 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.945 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 mW/g

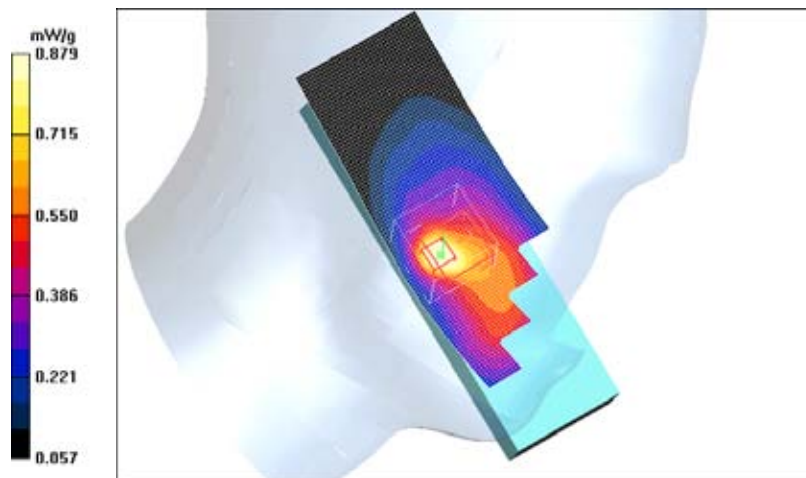
Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.797 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.879 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-13 17:24:42

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.6 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.937 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Tilt position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.522 mW/g

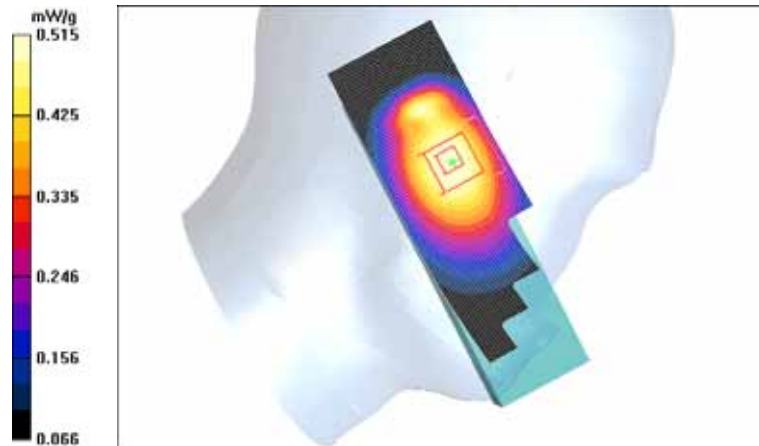
Tilt position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.620 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.515 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-13 17:48:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Right, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.7 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.937 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.658 mW/g

Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.312 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 mW/g

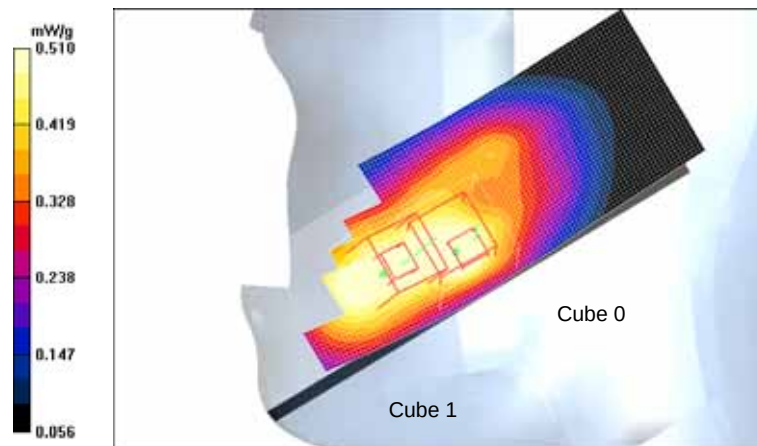
Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.312 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.660 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.482 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-13 18:19:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Right, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.5 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.937 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Tilt position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.480 mW/g

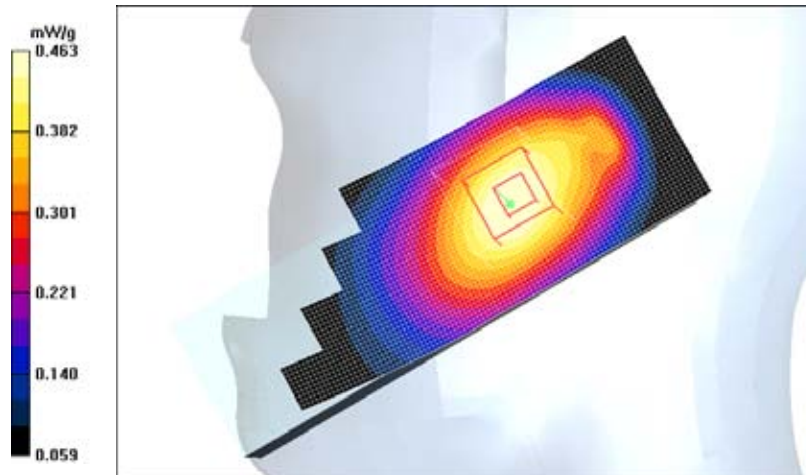
Tilt position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.556 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.444 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.463 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-14 16:28:39

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0505

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.5 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.952 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 mW/g

Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.225 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.783 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.912 mW/g

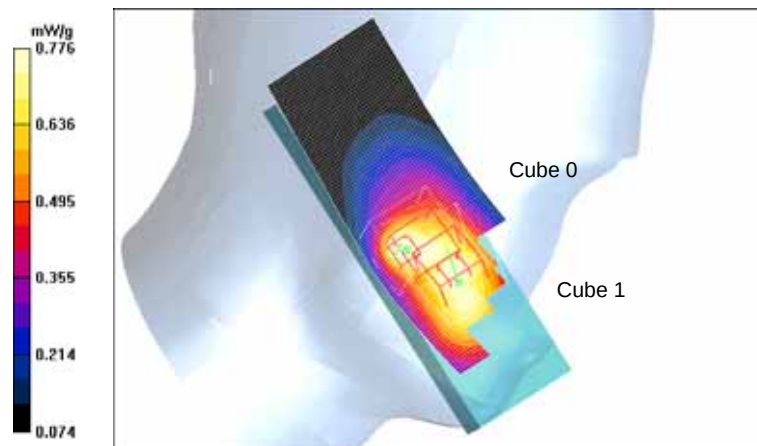
Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.225 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.733 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.532 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.776 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-13 19:36:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.0 C, Flip open, MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.945 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.79, 6.79, 6.79); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 mW/g

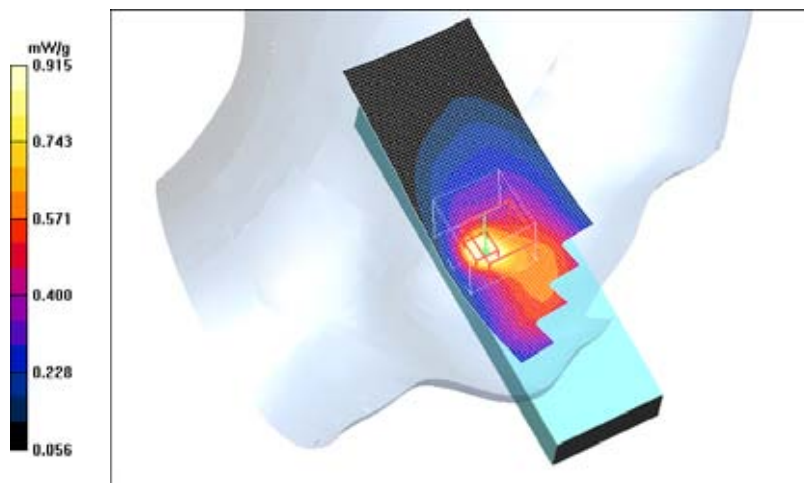
Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

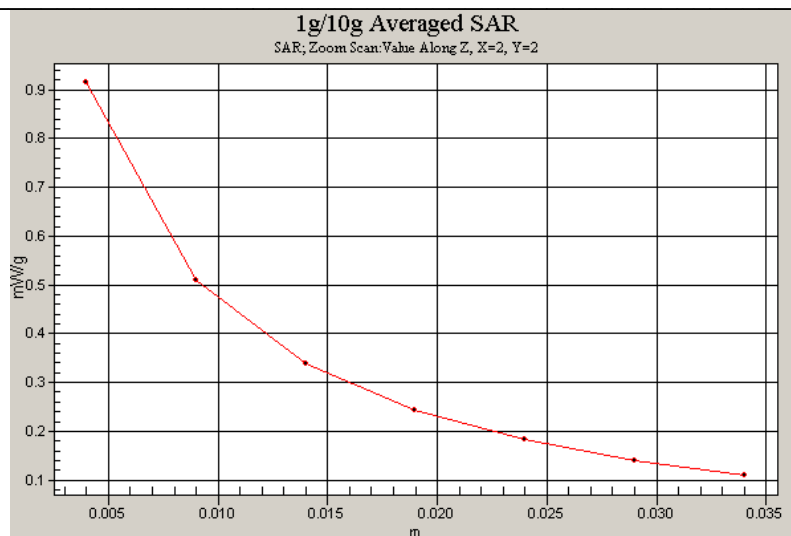
Reference Value = 9.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.218 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.797 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 mW/g

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.915 mW/g





Date/Time: 2006-03-02 08:26:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.4 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.626 mW/g

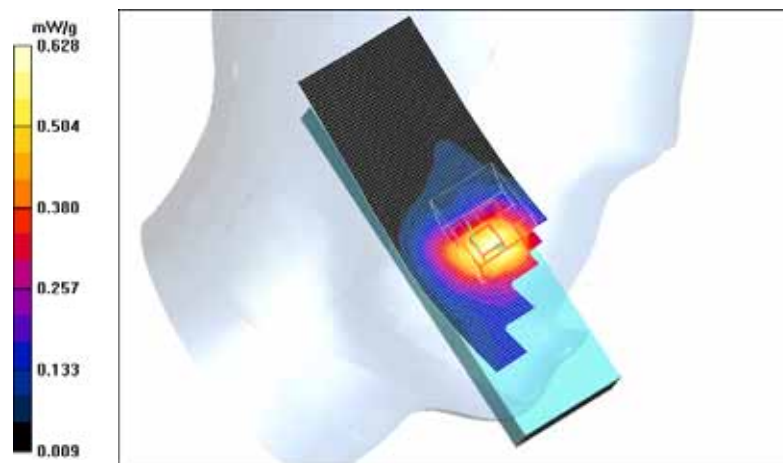
Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.584 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 mW/g

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 09:02:43

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.3 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Tilt position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 mW/g

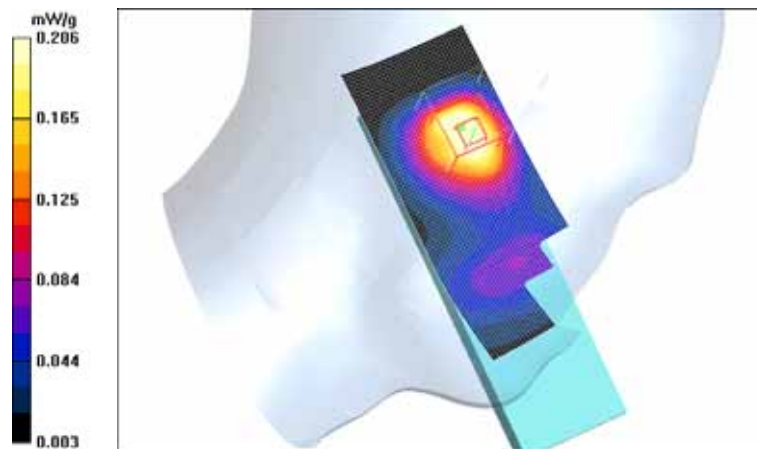
Tilt position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.314 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.206 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 09:43:56

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Right, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.1 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position /Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.556 mW/g

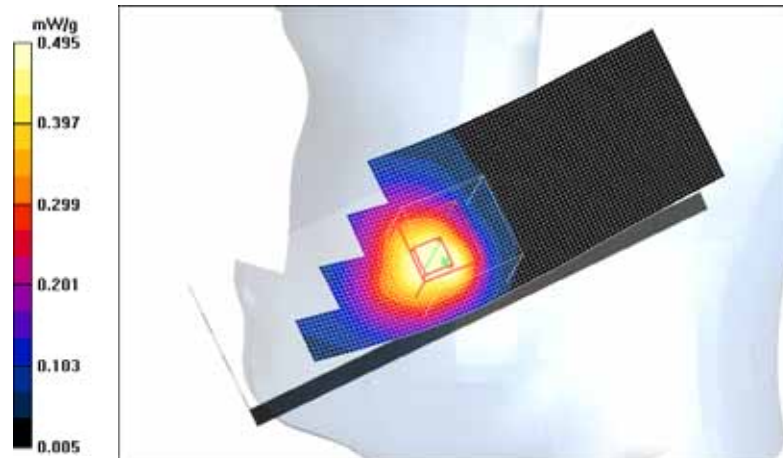
Cheek position /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.750 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.471 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.281 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 10:00:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Right, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.1 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Tilt position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.132 mW/g

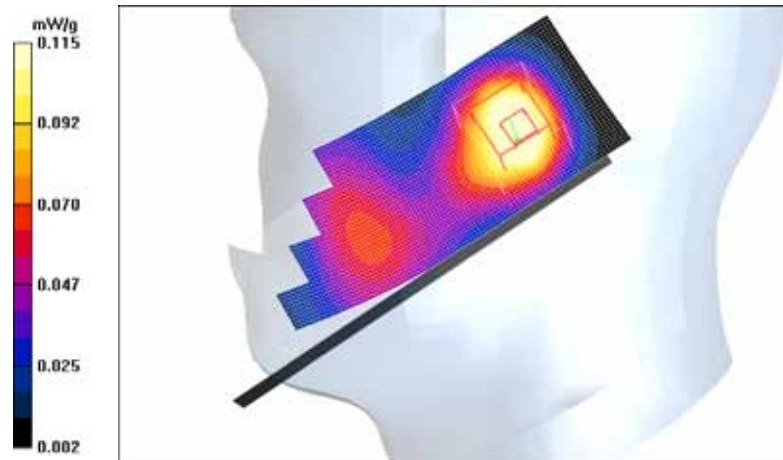
Tilt position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.181 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-05 20:19:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0505

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.5 C, Flip open, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.589 mW/g

Cheek position/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

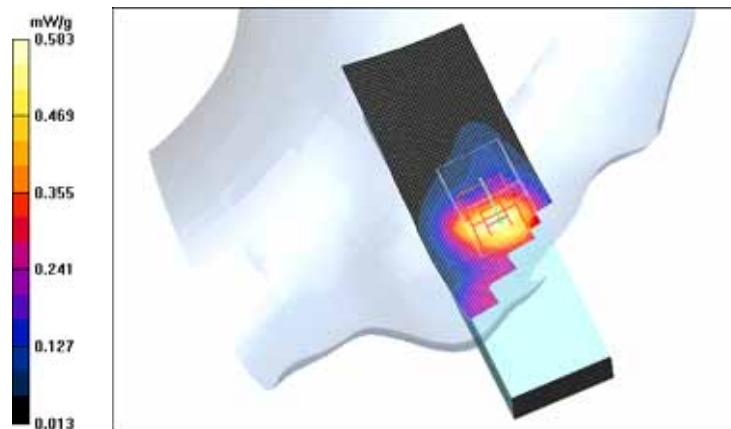
Reference Value = 3.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.154 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.820 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-05 21:25:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Head Measurement - Left, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.4 C, Flip open, MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Cheek position /Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.633 mW/g

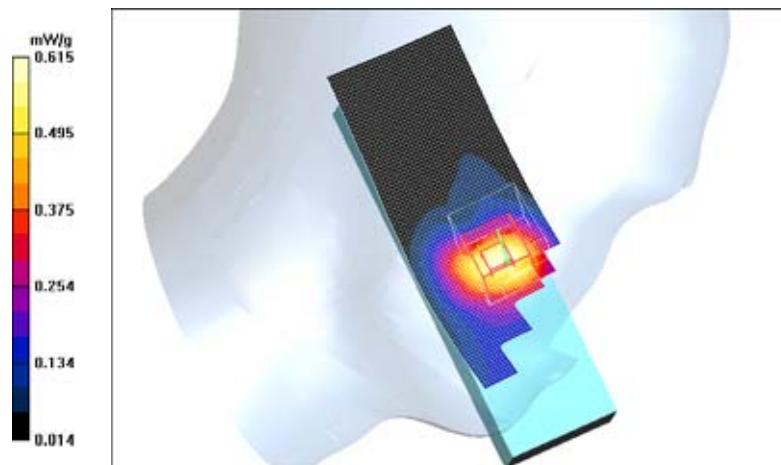
Cheek position /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.227 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.922 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.585 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.615 mW/g





Date/Time: 2006-02-14 17:58:31

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=22.0 C, Flip closed, no HS, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.41, 6.41, 6.41); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.456 mW/g

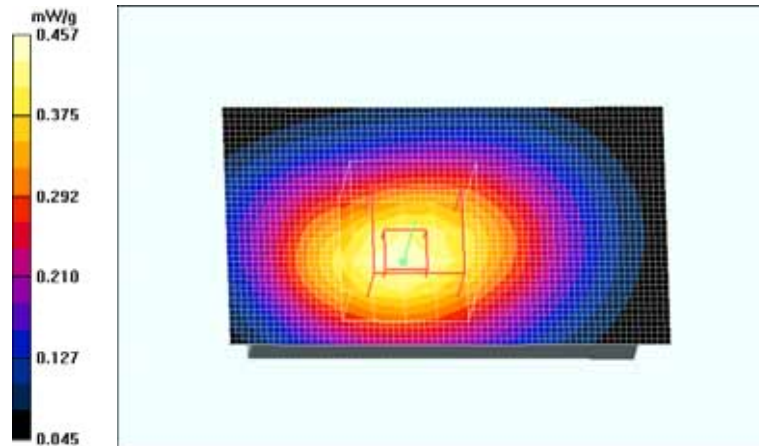
Body Measurement/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.140 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-02-14 18:44:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=22.0 C, Flip closed, no HS, no MU, no BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.41, 6.41, 6.41); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.909 mW/g

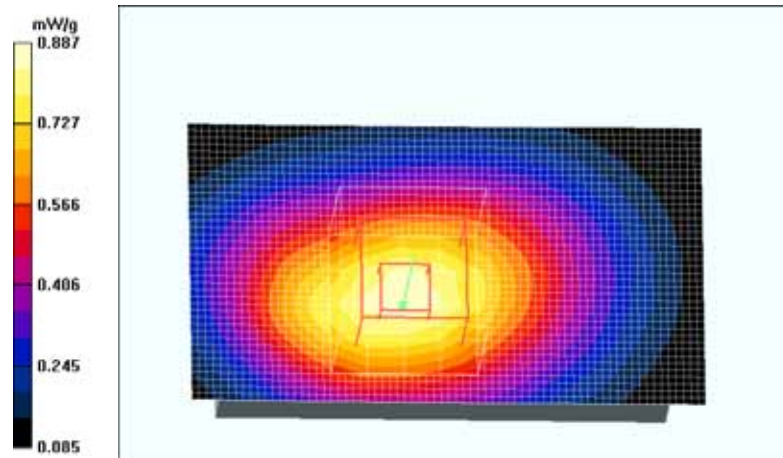
Body Measurement/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.243 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.831 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.575 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.887 mW/g





Date/Time: 2006-02-14 20:24:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.6 C, Flip closed, HS-6, no MU, no BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.962 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.41, 6.41, 6.41); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.638 mW/g

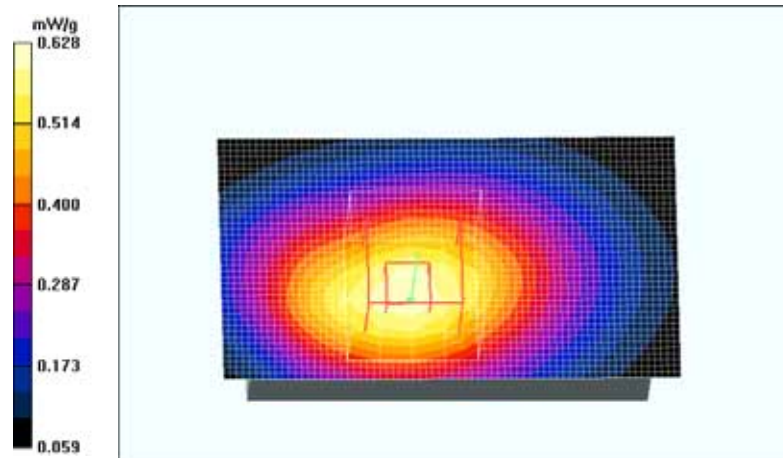
Body Measurement/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.590 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-06 09:57:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0505

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=20.4 C, Flip closed, no HS, no MU, no BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.976 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.41, 6.41, 6.41); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.858 mW/g

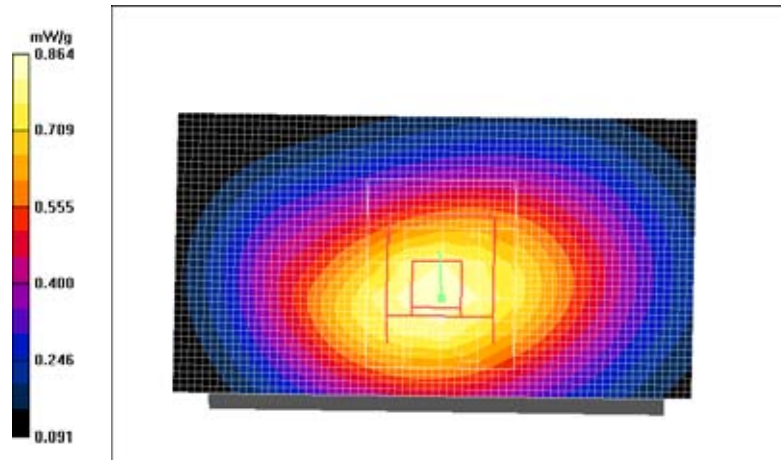
Body Measurement/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.807 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.563 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 11:46:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.9 C, Flip closed, no HS, no MU, no BT

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.193 mW/g

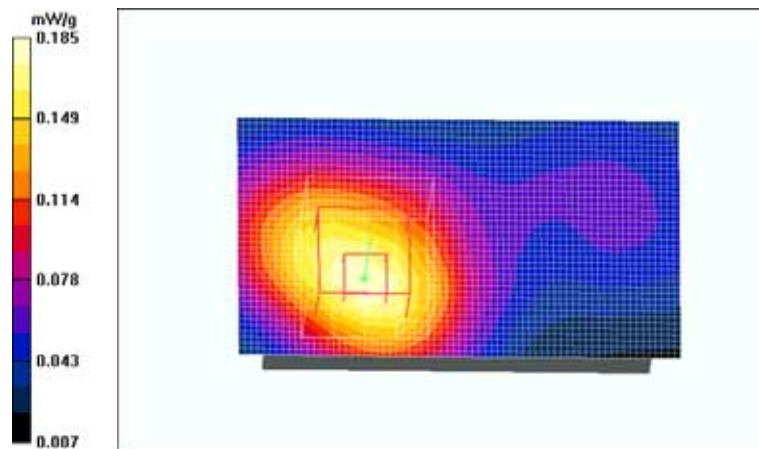
Body Measurement/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.285 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 12:03:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.9 C, Flip closed, no HS, no MU, no BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.377 mW/g

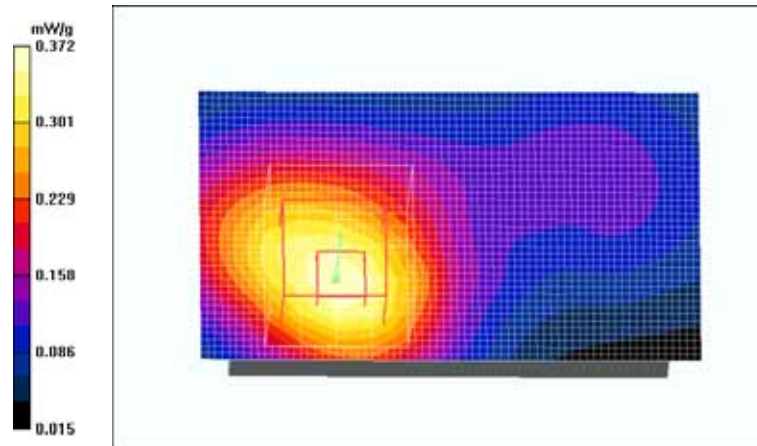
Body Measurement/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.574 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-02 14:25:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0506

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.4 C, Flip closed, HS-6, no MU, no BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.349 mW/g

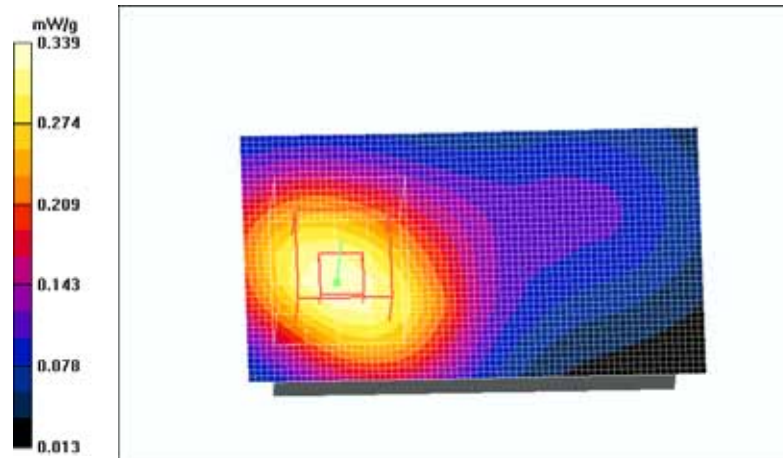
Body Measurement /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-05 23:08:13

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0505

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.9 C, Flip closed, no HS, no MU, no BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.422 mW/g

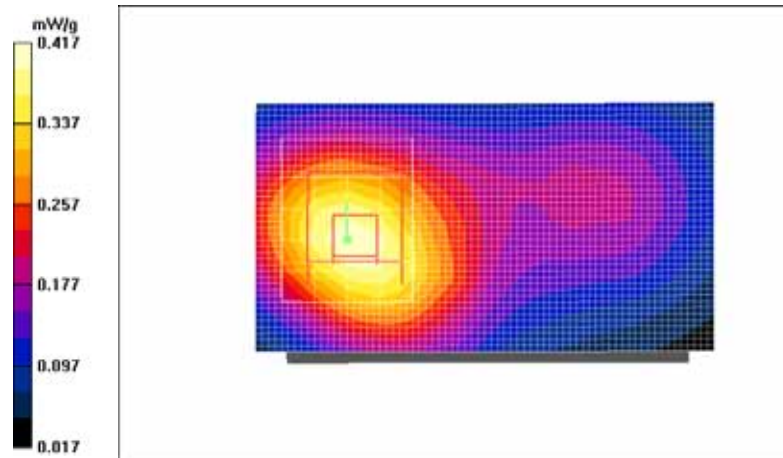
Body Measurement /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.646 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.389 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.417 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-03-05 23:48:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

RM-126; HWID: 0505

Program Name: Body measurement, Advanced Extrapolation, t=21.7 C, Flip closed, no HS, MU, BT

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 24.01.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn372; Calibrated: 18.08.2005
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Body Measurement /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 mW/g

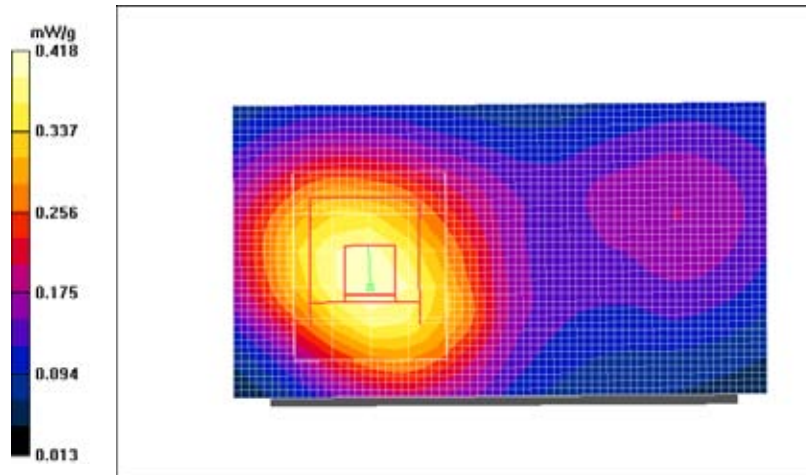
Body Measurement /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.656 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.393 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 mW/g





APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

E-field probe ET3DV6, SN: 1396
See the next three pages.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ET3-1396_Jan06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1396**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **January 24, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467)	May-06
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	27-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Oct05)	Oct-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: January 24, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1396

Sensitivity in Free Space ^A			Diode Compression ^B	
NormX	1.83 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP X	91 mV
NormY	1.82 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	91 mV
NormZ	1.95 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Z	91 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL	900 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm		
Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.3	3.8	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.1	
TSL	1750 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm		
Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.1	4.1	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.2	

Sensor Offset

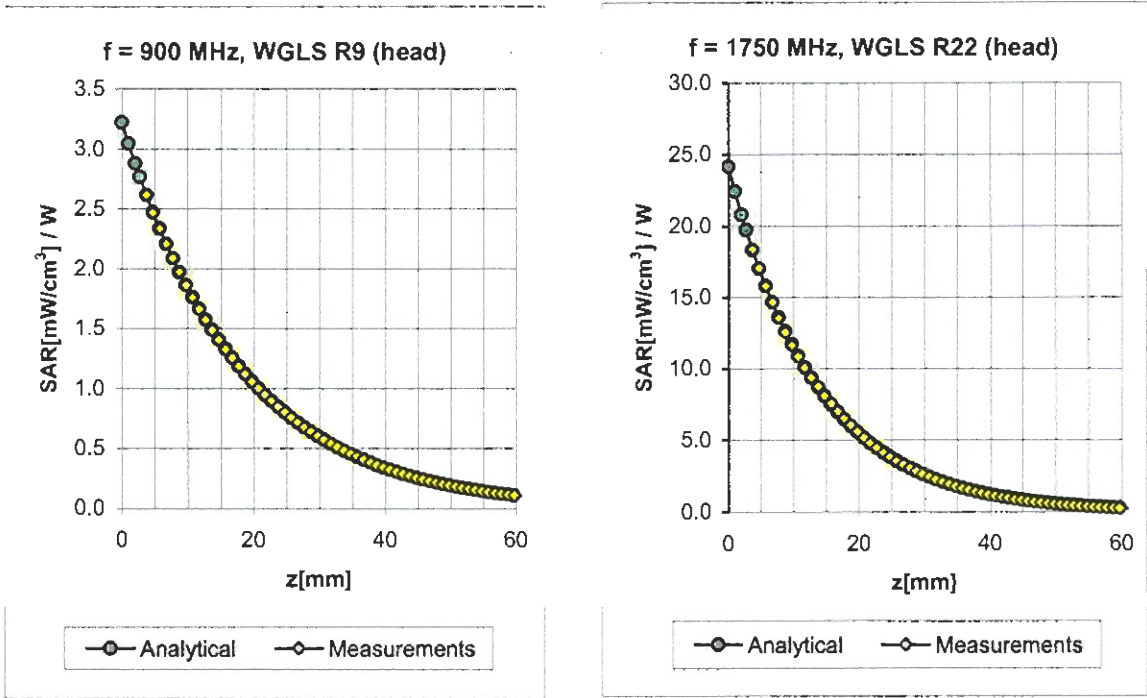
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7 mm
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The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.27	3.22	6.97 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.47	1.91	6.79 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.57	1.75	6.55 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.51	1.79	5.52 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.56	1.71	5.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.61	1.69	5.02 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.72	1.28	4.58 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.24	4.42	7.36 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.48	1.99	6.41 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.48	2.08	6.29 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.66	1.97	4.79 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.64	2.12	4.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.55	2.61	4.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.57	1.58	4.22 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

835MHz dipole, SN: 462
1900MHz dipole, SN: 5d013
See the next six pages.

Client

Nokia Salo TCC

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)

D835V2 - SN:462

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

July 14, 2004

Condition of the calibrated item

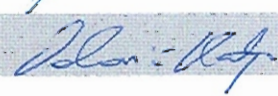
In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: July 15, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN462

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 2/19/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.62 mW/g

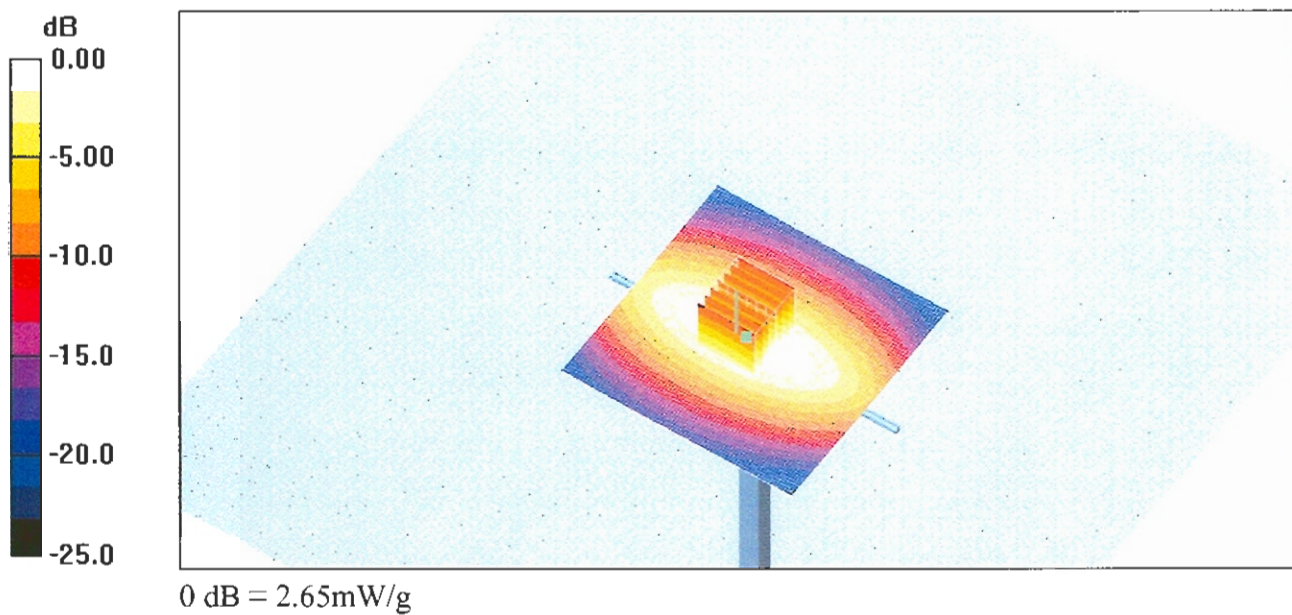
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 mW/g



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN462

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 2/19/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom half size; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

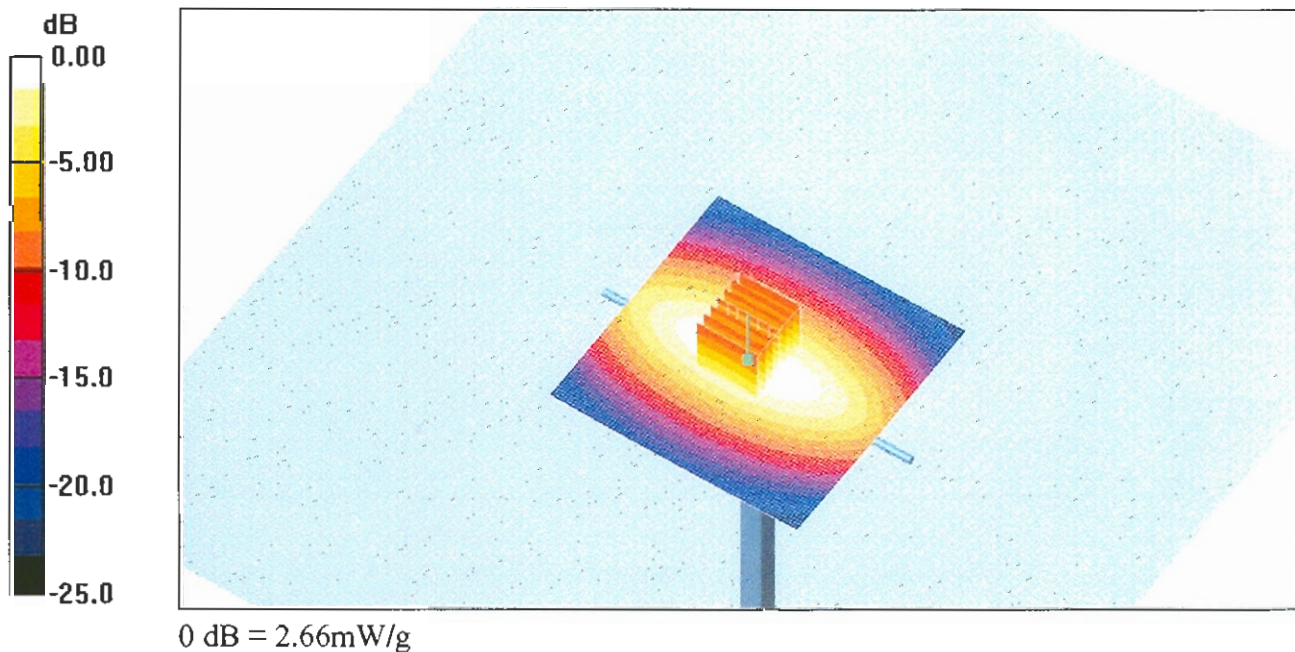
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D1900V2 - SN:5d013**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **July 13, 2004**

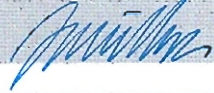
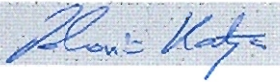
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: July 15, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d013

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 2/19/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1002;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 mW/g

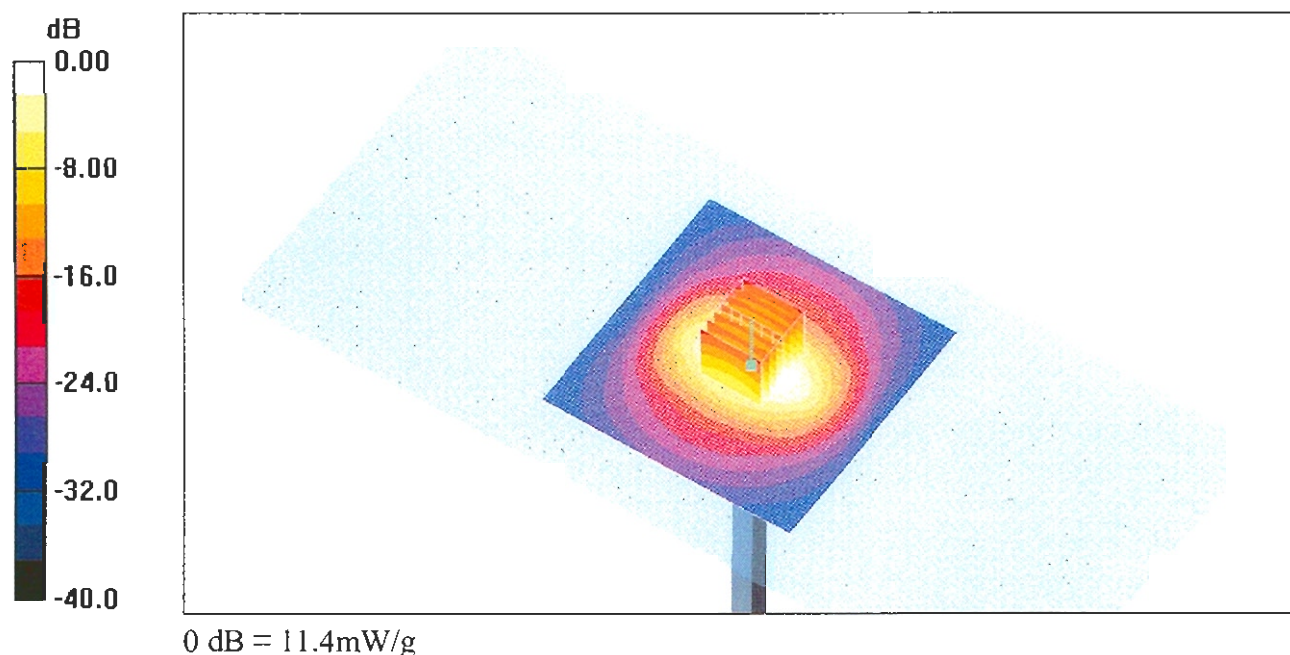
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d013

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 2/19/2004
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g

