

Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jan. 08, 2019

Report No. : SA181116C22D Reference No. : 181116C26

System Check_B2450_181204

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_1204 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.023 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.405; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

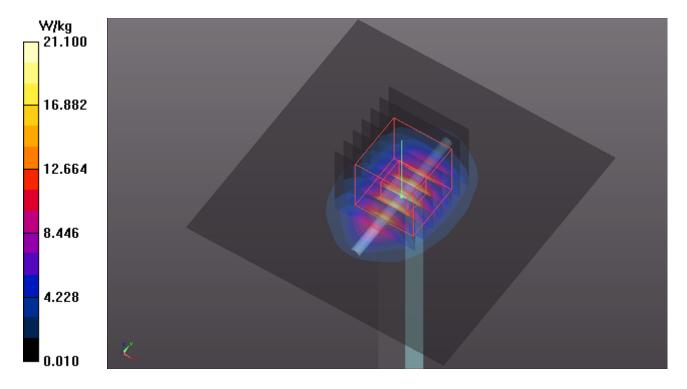
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.71 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



System Check_B5250_190107

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T602N2_0107 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.406$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.486$; ρ

Date: 2019/01/07

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

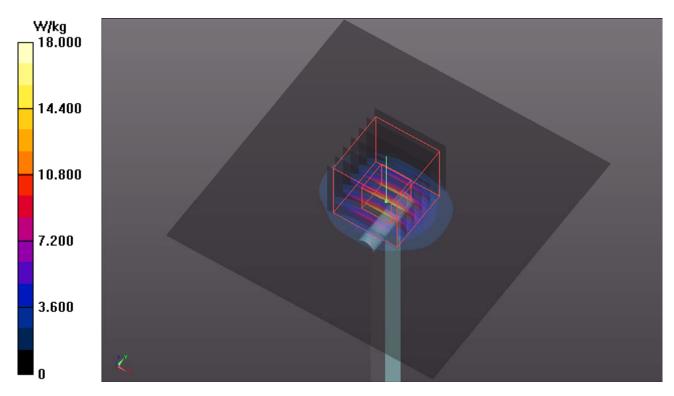
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.0 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 66.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



System Check_B5600_181204

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T602N2 1204 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.852$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.725$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 ℃

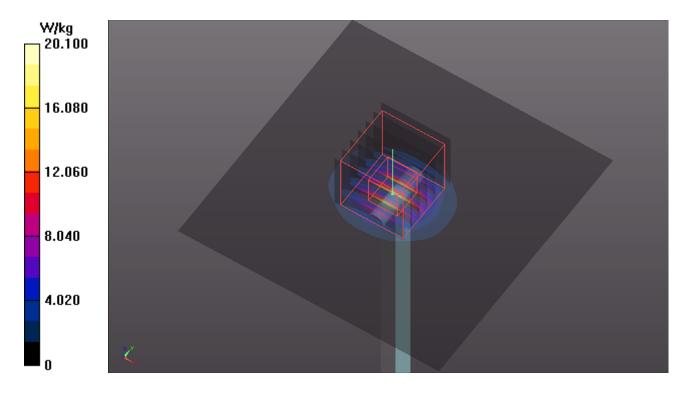
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 69.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



System Check_B5750_181204

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T602N2 1204 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.012$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.565$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 ℃

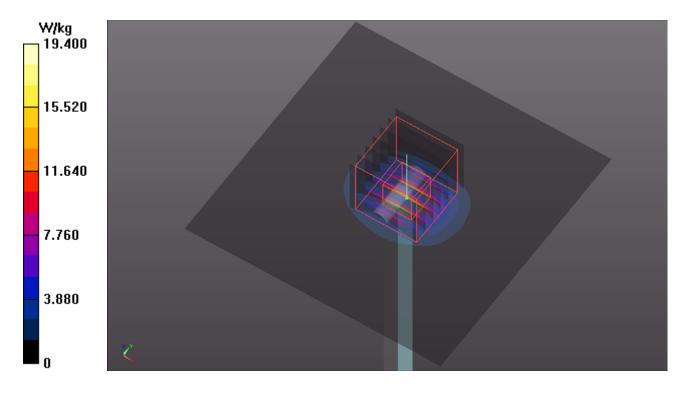
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 62.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jan. 08, 2019

Report No. : SA181116C22D Reference No. : 181116C26

P01 WLAN2.4G 802.11b Bottom 0mm Ch11 Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.01

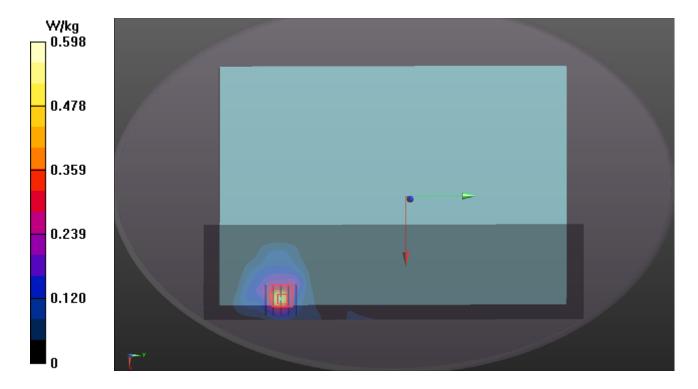
Medium: B19T27N1 1204 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.037$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.365$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- Area Scan (91x341x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.598 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.841 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.681 W/kg



P02 WLAN5.2G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch42_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5210 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

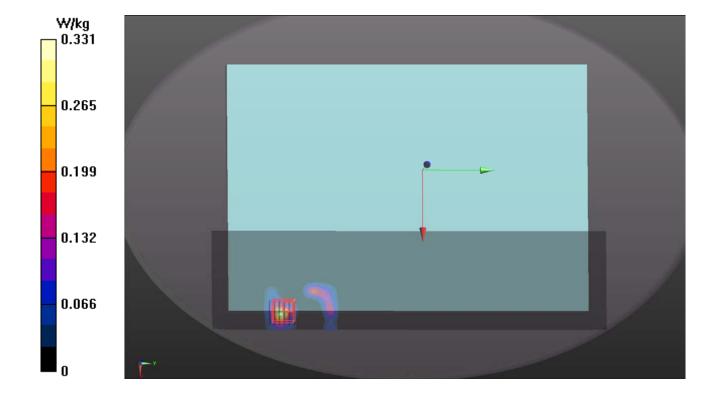
Medium: B34T60N2_0107 Medium parameters used: f = 5210 MHz; $\sigma = 5.358$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.578$; $\rho = 6.358$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.578$; $\epsilon_r = 47.578$

Date: 2019/01/07

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- **Area Scan (101x401x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.331 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 5.331 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.612 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.092 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg



P03 WLAN5.6G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch106_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

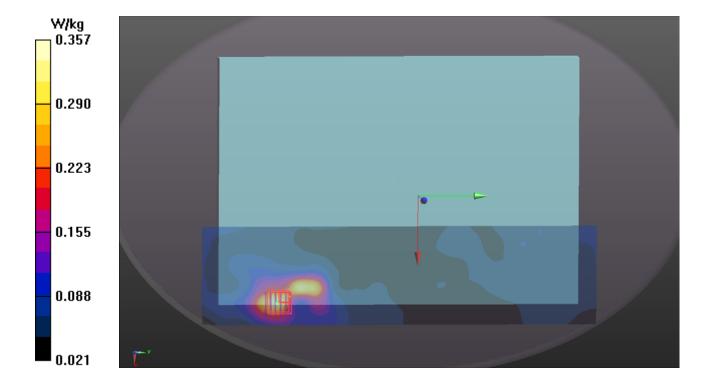
Medium: B34T602N2_1204 Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz; $\sigma = 5.689$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.865$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- Area Scan (101x401x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.357 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 8.229 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.387 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



P04 WLAN5.8G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch155_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

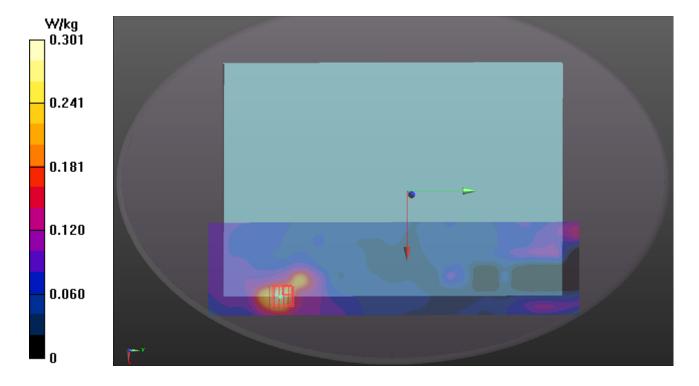
Medium: B34T602N2 1204 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 6.034$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.389$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- Area Scan (101x401x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.301 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 7.799 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.292 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 W/kg



P05 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch6_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.01

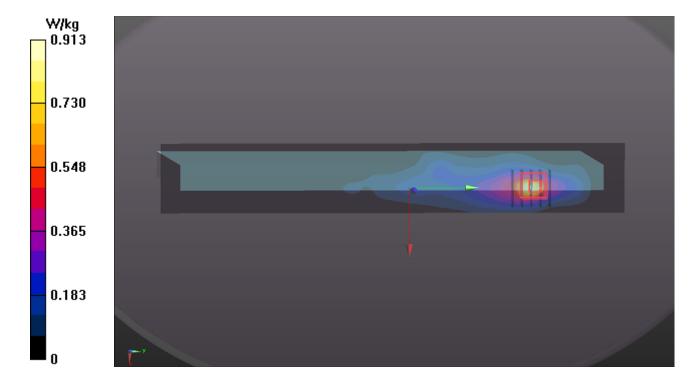
Medium: B19T27N1 1204 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 2.008$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.445$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- Area Scan (51x341x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.913 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.659 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



P06 WLAN5.2G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch42_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5210 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

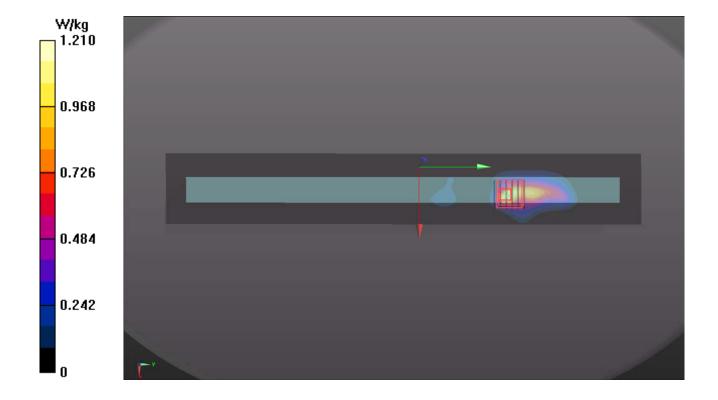
Medium: B34T602N2_0107 Medium parameters used: f = 5210 MHz; $\sigma = 5.358$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.578$; ρ

Date: 2019/01/07

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 ℃

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- **Area Scan (61x401x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 11.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



P07 WLAN5.6G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch138_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

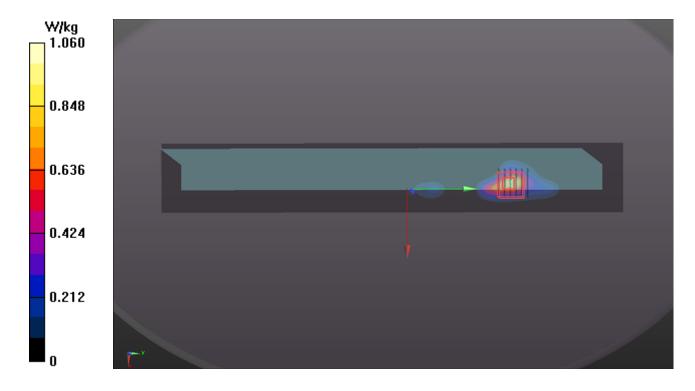
Medium: B34T602N2_1204 Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz; $\sigma = 5.961$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.464$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- **Area Scan (61x401x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 11.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.447 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg



P08 WLAN5.8G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch155_Sample 1

DUT: 181116C24

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.24

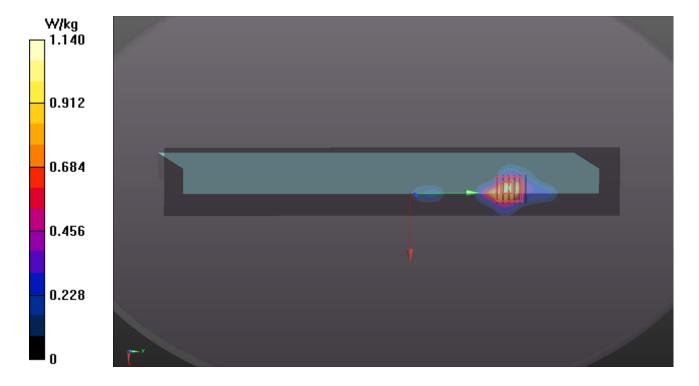
Medium: B34T602N2_1204 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 6.034$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.389$; ρ

Date: 2018/12/04

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2018/06/26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2018/01/18
- Phantom: ELI Phantom 1039; Type: QDOVA001BB;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- **Area Scan (61x401x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 12.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.22 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.564 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg





Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jan. 08, 2019

Report No. : SA181116C22D Reference No. : 181116C26

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

B.V. ADT (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Aug18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN:737**

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v10

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: August 24, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) | Apr-19 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 7349 | 30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17) | Dec-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17) | Oct-18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter EPM-442A | SN: GB37480704 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41092317 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Manu Seitz | Laboratory Technician | and . |
| | | | V |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | eout |

Issued: August 24, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Aug18

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.1 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 37.7 ± 6 % | 1.86 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | SWAMA | (and a |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.2 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.13 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 51.8 ± 6 % | 2.02 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | **** |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.9 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 50.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.01 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Aug18

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $55.6 \Omega + 4.1 j\Omega$ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.7 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.4 Ω + 7.3 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 22.7 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.162 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Manufactured on | August 26, 2003 |

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Aug18

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.08.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:737

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

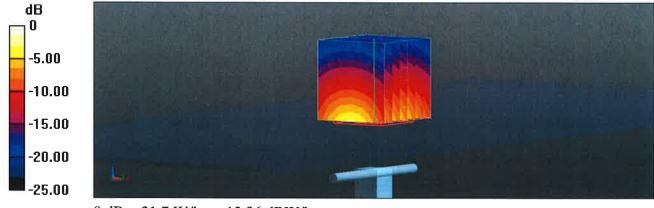
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 115.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1 W/kg

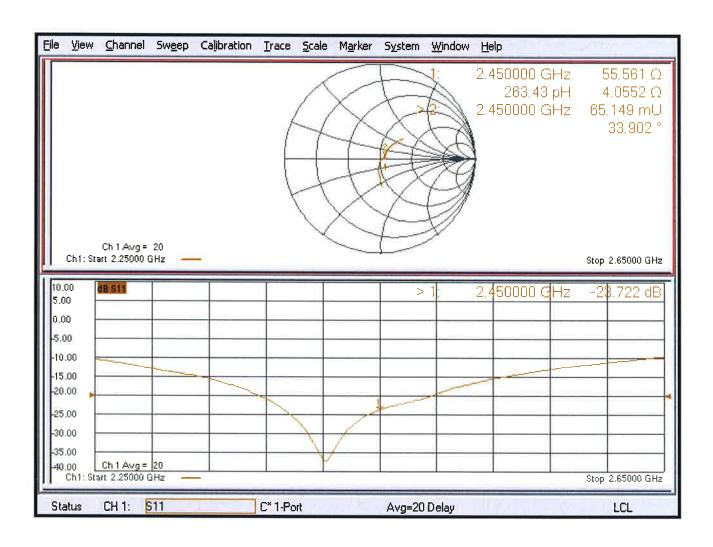
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.36 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.08.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:737

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

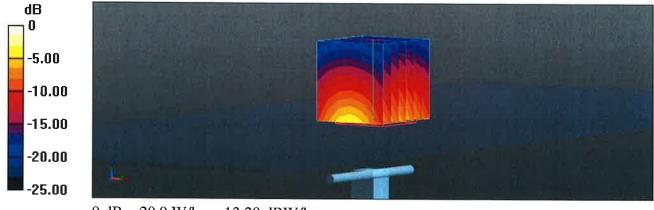
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.5 W/kg

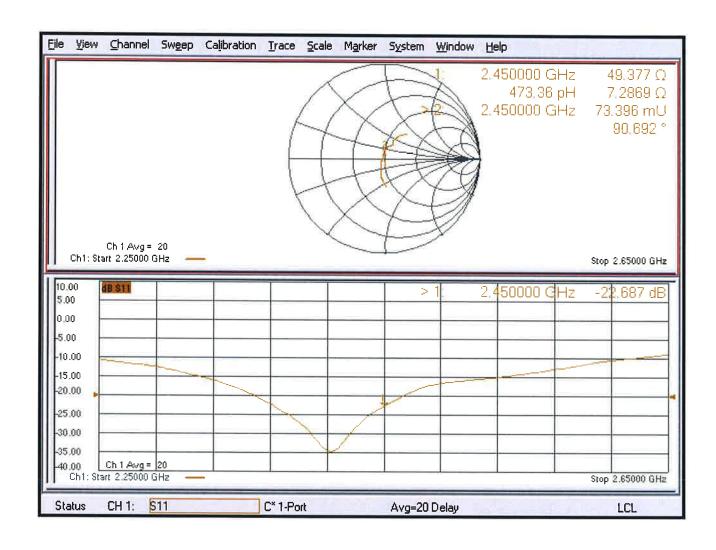
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



0 dB = 20.9 W/kg = 13.20 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

BV ADT Korea (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN:1019

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.v3

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

March 22, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%,

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Drimon: Standarda | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Primary Standards | | | |
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) | Apr-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) | Apr-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) | Apr-18 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) | Apr-18 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) | Apr-18 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 3503 | 30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-3503_Dec17) | Dec-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17) | Oct-18 |
| | 51 | | |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter EPM-442A | SN: GB37480704 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41092317 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician < | 7-10 |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | POM |
| | The state of the state of | | - Cover |

Issued: March 26, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18

Calibration Laboratory of

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Engineering AG
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.0 | |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | 10211010 | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer | |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, $dy = 4.0$ mm, $dz = 1.4$ mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) | |
| Frequency | 5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz | | |

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.9 | 4.71 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.2 ± 6 % | 4.58 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | (4444) | - days |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.85 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 78.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.28 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18 Page 3 of 15

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.5 | 5.07 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.7 ± 6 % | 4.94 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | F-2244 |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.49 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 84.9 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.43 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.4 | 5.22 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.5 ± 6 % | 5.10 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.94 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.27 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.3 | 5.27 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.4 ± 6 % | 5.16 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | Hene: | **** |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.09 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 80.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.30 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18 Page 5 of 15

Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.9 | 5.36 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 47.1 ± 6 % | 5.49 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | (####) | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.54 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 74.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.10 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.5 | 5.77 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.4 ± 6 % | 5.97 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | 10000 | 7.000 |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.99 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.24 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18 Page 6 of 15

Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.3 | 5.94 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.2 ± 6 % | 6.18 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.50 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 74.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.10 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.2 | 6.00 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.1 ± 6 % | 6.25 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | (and and |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.58 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 75.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.11 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.8 Ω - 3.5 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 24.9 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 57.9 Ω + 0.9 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 22.6 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $56.2 \Omega + 6.3 j\Omega$ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Return Loss | - 21.6 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $54.2~\Omega + 4.6~\mathrm{j}\Omega$ |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Return Loss | - 24.5 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.8 Ω - 2.6 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.6 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 59.3 Ω + 0.7 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 21.4 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $58.5~\Omega + 6.2~\mathrm{j}\Omega$ |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Return Loss | - 20.3 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 57.2 Ω + 4.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 22.1 dB |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.206 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured on | February 05, 2004 |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18 Page 9 of 15

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.03.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1019

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.58 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.94 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.1 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.16$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 30.12.2017,
 ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30.12.2017,
 ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601 (5GHz); Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1019_Mar18

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

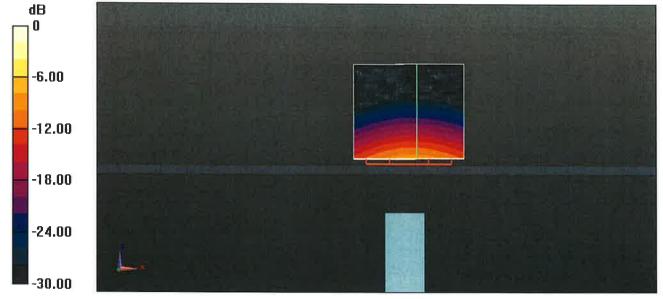
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

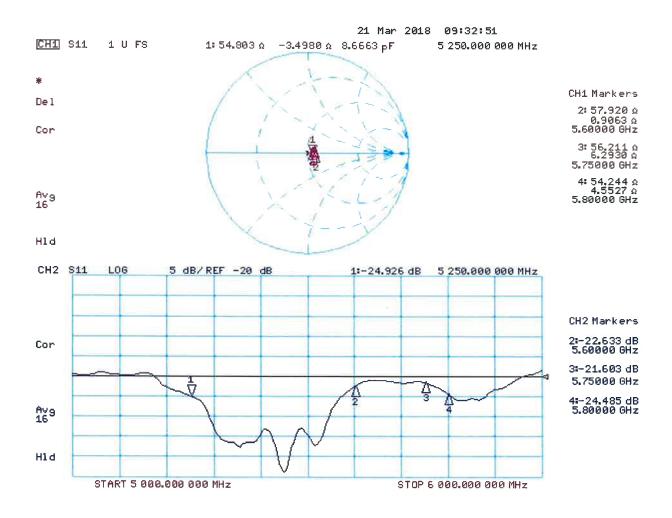
SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.88 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.03.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1019

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.49 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$,

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.97 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ ,

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.18 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$,

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.25 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2017,
 ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 30.12.2017,
 ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601 (5GHz); Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm

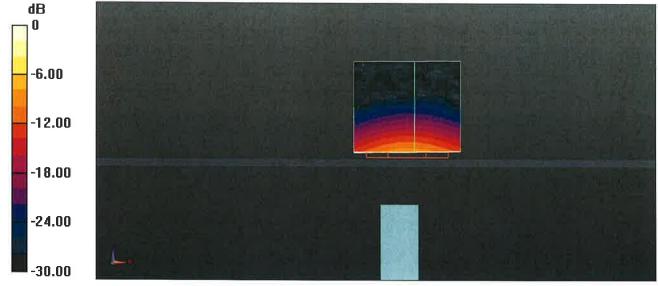
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

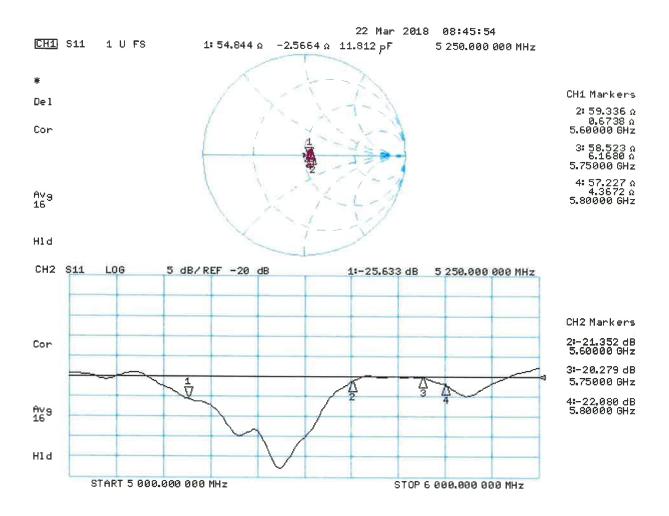
SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Auden

Certificate No: EX3-3898 Jun18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3898

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

June 26, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17) | Dec-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-660_Dec17) | Dec-18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |

Name Function Signature

Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: June 26, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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