



FCC SAR Report

Report No. : SESF1512164
Client/Manufacturer : Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.
Address : 1700 Technology Drive, San Jose, CA 95110
Product : Single Stream 802.11a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.1 M.2 Type Card
Brand : Qualcomm Atheros
Model : QCNFA435
FCC ID : PPD-QCNFA435
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:2005 / IEEE 1528-2013 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 / KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 / KDB 447498 D01 v06 / KDB 616217 D04 v01r02
Test Date : March 02th, 2016~ March 06th, 2016

Statement of Compliance:

The SAR values measured for the test sample are below the maximum recommended level of 1.6W/kg averaged over any 1g tissue according to FCC Knowledge Data Base/ FCC 47CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE Std.1528-2013.

The test result only corresponds to the tested sample. It is not permitted to copy this report, in part or in full, without the permission of the test laboratory.

The testing described in this report has been carried out to the best of our knowledge and ability, and our responsibility is limited to the exercise of reasonable care. This certification is not intended to believe the sellers from their legal and/or contractual obligations.

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Release Version

Report No.	Version	Issue Date	Description
SESF1512164	Rev.01	2016-03-15	Initial release
SESF1512164	Rev.02	2016-05-04	Second release (Revise the measured power of BT, and reported SAR value)



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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)
DTS	0.609
U-NII	1.014
DSS	0.0037
Highest Simultaneous SAR	
UNII+DSS	1.0162



2. Description of Equipment under Test

Product Name	Single Stream 802.11a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.1 M.2 Type Card
Model No.	QCNFA435
Brand Name	Qualcomm Atheros
Product Type	WLAN (1TX, 1RX)
Antenna Type	PIFA
Antenna Peak Gain	Speed: 2400- 2500MHz: 1.46dBi, 5150- 5850MHz: 2.82dBi HongLin: 2400- 2500MHz: 0.87dBi, 5150- 5850MHz: 0.58dBi
Bus Interface	PCIE
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Wi-Fi	
MODULATION TYPE	CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM 256QAM for OFDM in 11ac mode and VHT (20/40) mode in 2.4GHz
MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	DSSS,OFDM
TRANSFER RATE	802.11b: up to 11Mbps 802.11a/g: up to 54Mbps 802.11n : up to 150Mbps 802.11ac: up to 433.3Mbps
OPERATING FREQUENCY	For 15.407 5.18 ~ 5.24GHz, 5.26 ~ 5.32GHz, 5.50 ~ 5.58GHz & 5.66GHz ~ 5.72GHz, 5.745 ~ 5.825GHz For 15.247 2.412 ~ 2.462GHz
NUMBER OF CHANNEL	For 15.407 25 for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20) 12 for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40) 6 for 802.11ac (VHT80) For 15.247 (2.4GHz) 11 for 802.11b/g, 802.11n (HT20), VHT20 7 for 802.11n (HT40), VHT40



<u>Bluetooth</u>	
MODULATION TYPE	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK for FHSS 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM GFSK for DTS
MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	FHSS, OFDM, DTS
DATE RATE	Up to 3Mbps for BT-EDR mode Up to 24Mbps for BT-HS mode Up to 1Mbps for BT-LE mode
FREQUENCY RANGE	BT-EDR, BT-LE mode: 2402MHz ~ 2480MHz BT-HS mode: 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz
NUMBER OF CHANNEL	BT-EDR mode: 79 BT-HS mode: 11 BT-LE mode: 40

Additional Information1. Antenna information

Ant Type	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	Speed Wireless Technical Co., LTD.	Main: DC33001F300 Aux: DC33001F310
2	HongLin Electronics Co., Ltd	Main: DC33001F000 Aux: DC33001F010

2. Wi-Fi

For IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac mode (1TX/1RX), only main chain can be used as transmitting/receiving antenna,

3. Bluetooth

For Bluetooth mode (1TX/1RX), it support diversity function, two chains can be used as transmitting/receiving antenna port.

4. Simultaneous Conditions

5GHz 802.11a/n/ac transmits concurrent with BT; 2.4GHz: timely shared coexistence with BT.



3. General Information

Host Details,

Host Manufacture	Host Type	Host Model
Lenovo	Notebook Computer	Lenovo YOGA 710-11ISK

Our Lab,

Test Site	CerpPASS Technology (Suzhou) Co.,Ltd
Test Site Location	No.66,Tangzhuang Road, Suzhou Industrial Park, Jiangsu 215006, China



4. Basic restrictions and Standards

4.1. Test Standards

1. IEEE 1528-2013
2. FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
3. FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
4. FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
5. FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

4.2. Environment Condition

Item	Target	Measured
Ambient Temperature(°C)	18~25	21.5±2
Temperature of Simulant(°C)	20~22	21±2
Relative Humidity(%RH)	30~70	52

4.3. RF Exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Basic restrictions for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields. (Unit in mW/g or W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR ¹ (Head and Body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR ² (Whole Body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR ³ (Arms and Legs)	4.00

Notes:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over appropriate averaging time.

5. DASY5 Measurement System

DASY5 Measurement System

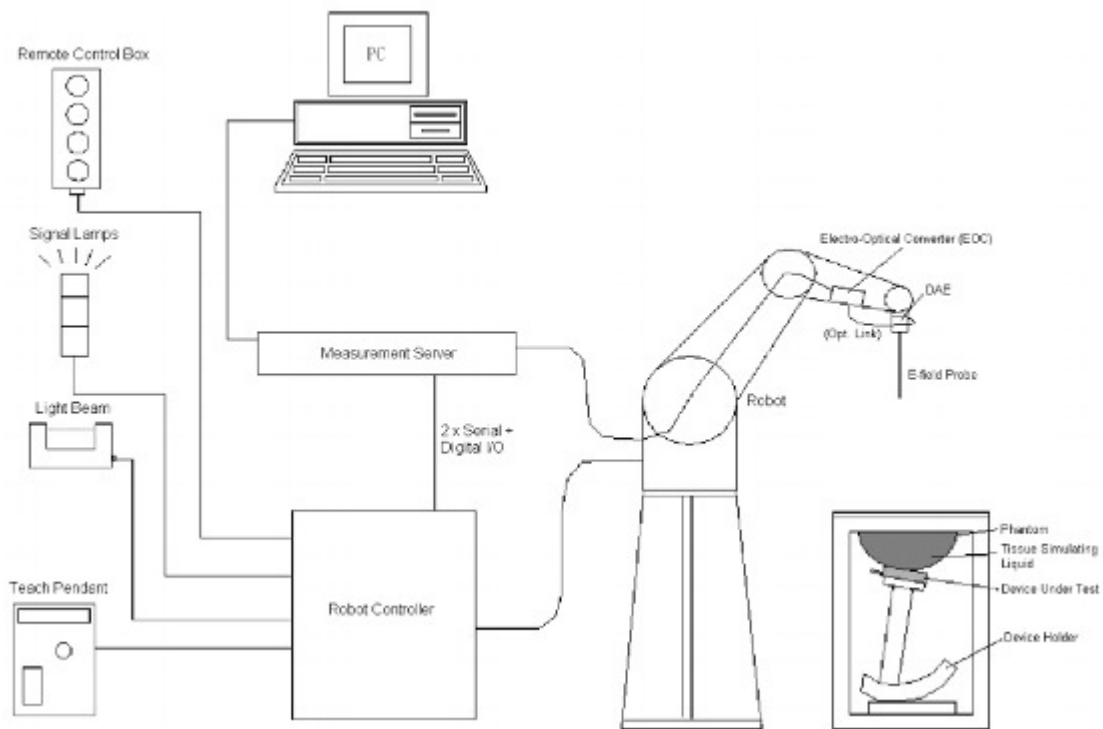


Figure 2.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic(DAE)attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter(ECO)performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows 7
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system



5.1. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{y'}{3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

5.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

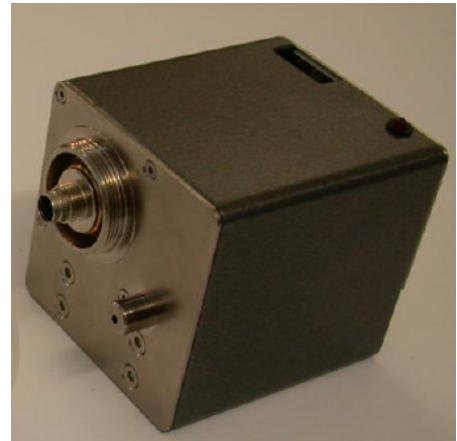
SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	



5.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



5.4. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



5.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





5.6. Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



5.7. SAM Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The ELI4 Phantom also is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness. It has 30 liters filling volume, and with a dimension of 600mm for major ellipse axis, 400mm for minor axis. It is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in frequency range of 30 MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

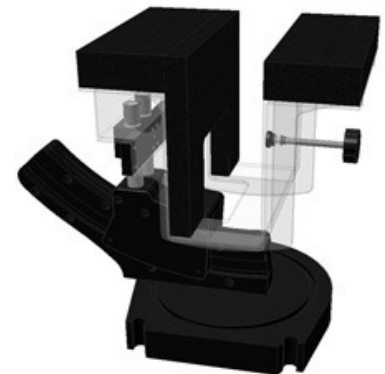


5.8. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



The laptop extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



**5.9. Test Equipment List**

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	5P6VA1/A/01	only once
Robot Controller	Stäubli	CS8C	5P6VA1/C/01	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	914	2017.05.18
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D5GHzV2	1156	2017.05.21
SAM ELI Phantom	Speag	SAM	1211	N/A
Laptop Holder	Speag	SM LH1 001CD	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1379	2016.05.19
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3927	2016.05.26
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183W-S+	MN136701248	2016.09.02
Directional Coupler	Agilent	772D	MY52180104	2016.09.02
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100324	2016.03.27
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY4631693	2016.03.27
Signal Generator	R&S	SML	103287	2016.03.27
Power Meter	R&S	BLWA0830-160/100/40D	76659	2016.03.27
AUG Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z91	100384	2016.03.27



6. The SAR Measurement Procedure

6.1. System Performance Check

6.1.1 Purpose

1. To verify the simulating liquids are valid for testing.
2. To verify the performance of testing system is valid for testing.

6.1.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
850	41.5	0.92	55.2	0.99
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.87	4.76	48.88	5.42
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)



6.1.3 Tissue Calibration Result

■ The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Assessment Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C.

Tissue parameter for body							
Fre. <MHz>	Permittivity	Conductivity	Target Permittivity	Target Conductivity	Delta Permittivity%	Delta Conductivity%	Tissue Temperature℃
02-03-2016							
2450	52.48	1.97	52.70	1.95	0.00	0.01	21.0
2437	52.52	1.96	52.70	1.93	0.00	0.02	21.0
03-03-2016							
5200	49.18	5.32	49.00	5.30	0.00	0.00	21.0
5300	49.13	5.36	48.85	5.42	0.01	-0.01	21.0
04-03-2016							
5600	48.53	5.78	48.50	5.77	0.00	0.00	21.0
5680	48.34	5.85	48.37	5.85	0.00	0.00	21.0
06-03-2016							
5800	48.43	5.98	48.20	6.00	0.00	0.00	21.0
5785	48.46	5.97	48.24	5.97	0.00	0.00	21.0

Refer to KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, The depth of body tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm with $\leq \pm 0.5$ cm variation for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm with $\leq \pm 0.5$ cm variation for measurements > 3 GHz.



6.1.4 System Performance Check Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and the system performance check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks, so the finished system performance check must be saved under a different name. The system performance check document requires the SAM Twin Phantom or ELI4 Phantom, so the phantom must be properly installed in your system. (User defined measurement procedures can be created by opening a new document or editing an existing document file). Before you start the system performance check, you need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) you are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters.

■ **The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement** jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the Dipole output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.2 dB), the system performance check should be repeated;

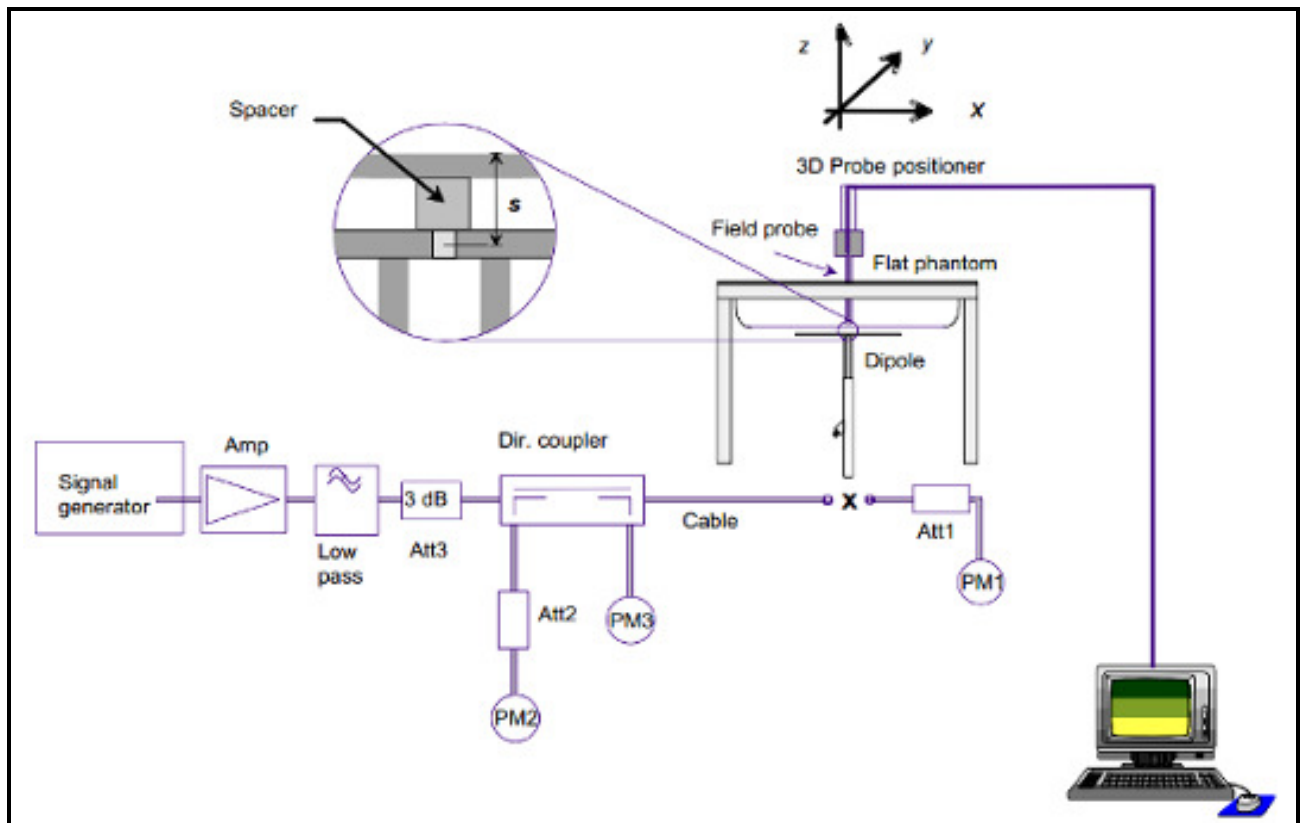
■ **The Surface Check** job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid;

■ **The Area Scan** job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable;

■ **The Zoom Scan** job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous Area Scan job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation). If the system performance check gives reasonable results. The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW, 1 g and 10 g spatial average SAR values normalized to 1 W dipole input power give reference data for comparisons and it's equal to $10 \times$ (dipole forward power). The next sections analyze the expected uncertainties of these values, as well as additional checks for further information or troubleshooting.

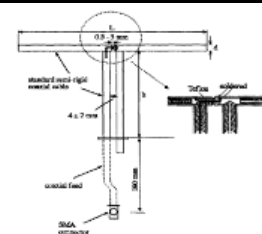


6.1.5 System Performance Check Setup



6.1.6 Validation Dipoles

The dipoles use is based on the IEEE Std.1528-2013 and FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both EN62209-1 and EN62209-2. The table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.



**6.1.7 Result of System Performance Check: Valid Result****System Performance Check at 2450MHz, 5200MHz, 5600MHz and 5800MHz for Body.****Validation Dipole: D2450V2-SN 914**

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	52.5 47.25 to 57.75	24.6 22.14 to 27.06	21.0
	02-03-2016	48.8	22.16	

Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2-SN1156

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5200MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	75.0 67.5 to 82.5	21.0 18.9 to 23.1	21.0
	03-03-2016	76.9	21.5	
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5600MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	79.5 71.55 to 87.45	22.0 19.8 to 24.2	21.0
	04-03-2016	81.8	22.8	
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5800MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	76.6 68.94 to 84.26	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	21.0
	06-03-2016	80.9	22.4	

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.



6.2. Test Requirements

6.2.1 Test Procedures

Step 1 Setup a Connection

First, engineer should record the conducted power before the test. Then establish a call in handset at the maximum power level with a base station simulator via air interface, or make the EUT estimate by itself in testing band. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must export SAR test data by SEMCAD. Then writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report, also the SAR values tested.

Step 2 Power Reference Measurements

To measure the local E-field value at a fixed location which value will be taken as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

Step 3 Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01v01r04

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

**Step 4 Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Step 5 Power Drift Measurements

Repetition of the E-field measurement at the fixed location mentioned in Step 1 to make sure the two results differ by less than ± 0.2 dB.



6.2.2 Test Channel

Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02, channel selection procedures below apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s):

- 1) 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.
- 2) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations in a frequency band with the same specified maximum output power.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 4) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 5) The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.
 - a> The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
 - b> For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.



7. Wi-Fi/Bluetooth SAR Exclusion and Results

7.1. Maximum Tune-up Conducted Average Power

1.5dBm for 2.4GHz and 2dBm for 5GHz manufacture tolerance is included for tune up power in 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac SAR evaluation (excluding Bluetooth).

<QCNFA435_WIFI 1x1Tx_ Single Chain Power> (Unit: dBm)

Ch.	Freq(MHz)	11b	11g	HT20/VHT20	HT40/VHT40
1	2412	20.5	17.5	17.5	--
3	2422	20.5	19.5	19.5	16.5
6	2437	20.5	19.5	19.5	18.5
9	2452	20.5	19.5	19.5	15.0
11	2462	20.5	18.0	17.0	--

Ch.	Freq(MHz)	11a	HT20	VHT20
36	5180	15.5	15.5	15.5
38	5200	17.0	17.0	17.0
44	5220	17.0	17.0	17.0
48	5240	17.0	17.0	17.0
52	5260	17.0	17.0	17.0
56	5280	17.0	16.0	16.0
60	5300	17.0	17.0	17.0
64	5320	16.0	15.0	15.0
100	5500	15.0	15.0	15.0
104	5520	17.0	17.0	17.0
108	5540	17.0	17.0	17.0
112	5560	17.0	17.0	17.0
116	5580	17.0	17.0	17.0
120	5600	17.0	17.0	17.0
124	5620	17.0	17.0	17.0
128	5640	17.0	17.0	17.0
132	5660	17.0	17.0	17.0
136	5680	17.0	17.0	17.0
140	5700	14.5	15.0	15.0
144	5720	17.0	17.0	17.0
149	5745	17.0	17.0	17.0
153	5765	17.0	17.0	17.0
157	5785	17.0	17.0	17.0
161	5805	17.0	17.0	17.0
165	5825	17.0	17.0	17.0



Ch.	Freq(MHz)	HT40	VHT40
38	5190	12.0	12.0
46	5230	16.0	16.0
54	5270	16.0	16.0
62	5310	13.0	13.0
102	5510	13.0	13.0
110	5550	16.0	16.0
118	5590	16.0	16.0
126	5630	16.0	16.0
134	5670	15.5	15.5
142	5710	16.0	16.0
151	5755	15.0	15.0
159	5795	16.0	16.0

Ch.	Freq(MHz)	VHT80
42	5210	14.0
58	5290	12.0
106	5530	12.0
122	5610	16.0
138	5690	16.0
155	5775	14.5

<QCNA435_Bluetooth > (Unit: dBm)

Bluetooth Max. Tune-up power
6.0dBm



7.2. Measured Conducted Average Power

< QCNFA435 _WIFI 1x1Tx_ Main Chain Power > (Unit: dBm)

Configurations	Mode			
	Channel / Frequency (MHz)			
2.4GHz WLAN Average Power (Main)	802.11b			
	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	
	19.20	19.08	19.03	
	802.11g			
	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	
	16.17	18.06	16.57	
	802.11n(HT20)			
	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	
	16.06	18.30	15.75	
	802.11n(HT40)			
	3/2422	6/2437	9/2452	
	15.0	17.04	13.51	
5.2GHz WLAN Average Power (Main)	802.11a			
	36/5180	40/5200	44/5220	48/5240
	13.82	15.03	15.26	15.15
	802.11n(HT20)			
	36/5180	40/5200	44/5220	48/5240
	14.00	15.15	15.24	15.45
	802.11ac(VHT20)			
	36/5180	40/5200	44/5220	48/5240
	14.03	15.11	15.21	15.37
	802.11n(HT40)			
	38/5190		46/5230	
	10.03		14.62	
	802.11ac(VHT40)			
	38/5190		38/5230	
	10.01		14.32	
	802.11ac(VHT80)			
	42/5210			
	12.47			



Configurations	Mode						
	Channel / Frequency (MHz)						
5.3GHz WLAN Average Power (Main)	802.11a						
	52/5260		56/5280		60/5300		64/5320
	15.40		15.09		15.10		14.54
	802.11n(HT20)						
	52/5260		56/5280		60/5300		64/5320
	15.29		15.14		15.28		13.02
	802.11ac(VHT20)						
	52/5260		56/5280		60/5300		64/5320
	15.21		15.17		15.17		13.05
	802.11n(HT40)						
	54/5270				62/5310		
	14.12				11.07		
	802.11ac(VHT40)						
	54/5270				62/5310		
	14.05				11.21		
	802.11ac(VHT80)						
	58/5290						
	10.31						
5.6GHz WLAN Average Power (Main)	802.11a						
	100/5500	112/5560	116/5580	128/5640	132/5660	136/5680	144/5720
	13.21	15.13	15.25	15.17	15.06	15.38	15.04
	802.11n(HT20)						
	100/5500	112/5560	116/5580	128/5640	132/5660	136/5680	144/5720
	13.24	15.07	15.12	15.01	15.29	15.34	15.19
	802.11ac(VHT20)						
	100/5500	112/5560	116/5580	128/5640	132/5660	136/5680	144/5720
	13.21	15.01	15.09	15.12	15.31	15.35	15.08
	802.11n(HT40)						
	102/5510			134/5670		142/5710	
	11.20			13.67		14.12	
	802.11ac(VHT40)						
	102/5510			134/5670		142/5710	
	11.18			13.59		14.09	
	802.11ac(VHT80)						
	106/5530			122/5610		138/5690	
	10.40			14.11		14.18	



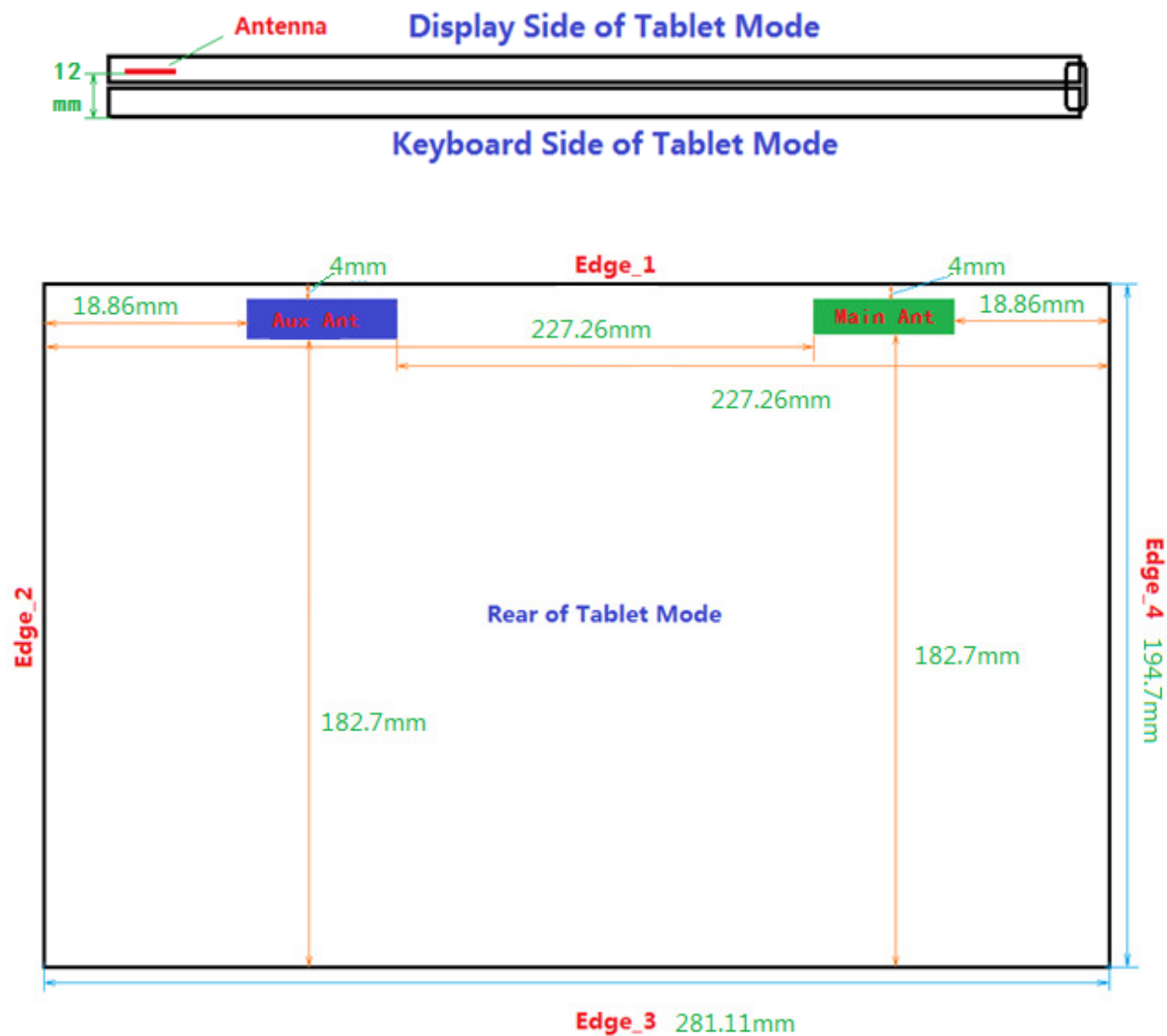
Configurations	Mode				
	Channel / Frequency (MHz)				
5.8GHz WLAN Average Power (Main)	802.11a				
	149/5745	153/5765	157/5785	161/5805	165/5825
	15.22	15.01	15.20	15.12	15.17
	802.11n(HT20)				
	149/5745	153/5765	157/5785	161/5805	165/5825
	15.32	15.17	15.05	15.03	15.09
	802.11ac(VHT20)				
	149/5745	153/5765	157/5785	161/5805	165/5825
	15.23	15.06	15.01	15.03	15.0
	802.11n(HT40)				
	151/5755		159/5795		
	13.32		14.57		
	802.11ac(VHT40)				
	151/5755		159/5795		
	13.30		14.51		
	802.11ac(VHT80)				
	155/5775				
	12.89				

< QCNFA435 _Bluetooth > (Unit: dBm)

Max. Bluetooth Power	
2441MHz GFSK	5.0



7.3. Antenna Location



Antenna	Antenna Distance to Edges(mm)				
	Back	Edge_1	Edge_2	Edge_3	Edge_4
Main(Tx1)	12	4	227.26	182.7	18.86
Aux(Tx2)	12	4	18.86	182.7	227.26



7.4. SAR exclusion

7.4.1 Laptop Mode

Because the antenna-to-user separation distance in laptop mode is 210 mm, SAR is not required.

7.4.2 Tablet mode

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 for 100MHz~6GHz:

- 1) The 1g-SAR exclusion threshold for distances<50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel(mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Distance(mm)}} \times \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

4mm Antenna-to-user distance

Test Mode		Frq.(MHz)	Antenna-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power(mW)	SAR Test(Y/N)
Bluetooth		2441	4	8	6.0	4.0	Y
DTS	802.11b	2437	4	8	20.5	112.2	Y
	802.11g	2437	4	8	19.5	89.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20	2437	4	8	19.5	89.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40	2437	4	8	18.5	70.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5220	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
U-NII-1	802.11a	5220	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20	5230	4	5	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40	5210	4	5	14.0	25.1	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5300	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
U-NII-2A	802.11a	5300	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20	5270	4	5	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40	5290	4	5	12.0	15.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5540	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
U-NII-2C	802.11a	5540	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20	5550	4	5	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40	5610	4	5	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5785	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
U-NII-3	802.11a	5785	4	5	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20	5795	4	5	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40	5775	4	5	14.5	28.2	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)						

**12mm Antenna-to-user distance**

Test Mode		Frq.(MHz)	Antenna-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power(mW)	SAR Test(Y/N)
Bluetooth		2441	12	23	6.0	4.0	N
DTS	802.11b	2437	12	23	20.5	112.2	Y
	802.11g	2437	12	23	19.5	89.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	2437	12	23	19.5	89.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	2437	12	23	18.5	70.8	Y
U-NII-1	802.11a	5220	12	16	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5220	12	16	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5230	12	16	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5210	12	16	14.0	25.1	Y
U-NII-2A	802.11a	5300	12	16	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5300	12	16	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5270	12	16	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5290	12	16	12.0	15.8	N
U-NII-2C	802.11a	5540	12	15	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5540	12	15	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5550	12	15	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5610	12	15	16.0	39.8	Y
U-NII-3	802.11a	5785	12	15	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5785	12	15	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5795	12	15	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5775	12	15	14.5	28.2	Y

18.86mm Antenna-to-user distance

Test Mode		Frq.(MHz)	Antenna-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power(mW)	SAR Test(Y/N)
Bluetooth		2441	18.86	36	6.0	4.0	N
DTS	802.11b	2437	18.86	36	20.5	112.2	Y
	802.11g	2437	18.86	36	19.5	89.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	2437	18.86	36	19.5	89.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	2437	18.86	36	18.5	70.8	Y
U-NII-1	802.11a	5220	18.86	25	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5220	18.86	25	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5230	18.86	25	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5210	18.86	25	14.0	25.1	Y
U-NII-2A	802.11a	5300	18.86	25	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5300	18.86	25	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5270	18.86	25	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5290	18.86	25	12.0	15.8	N
U-NII-2C	802.11a	5540	18.86	24	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5540	18.86	24	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5550	18.86	24	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5610	18.86	24	16.0	39.8	Y
U-NII-3	802.11a	5785	18.86	24	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5785	18.86	24	17.0	50.1	Y
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5795	18.86	24	16.0	39.8	Y
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5775	18.86	24	14.5	28.2	Y



2) At test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

- a. [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50mm)·(f (MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b. [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

184mm Antenna-to-user distance

Test Mode		Frq.(MHz)	Antenna-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power(mW)	SAR Test(Y/N)
Bluetooth		2441	182.7	1423	6.0	4.0	N
DTS	802.11b	2437	182.7	1423	20.5	112.2	N
	802.11g	2437	182.7	1423	19.5	89.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	2437	182.7	1423	19.5	89.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	2437	182.7	1423	18.5	70.8	N
U-NII-1	802.11a	5220	182.7	1393	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5220	182.7	1393	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5230	182.7	1393	16.0	39.8	N
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5210	182.7	1393	14.0	25.1	N
U-NII-2A	802.11a	5300	182.7	1392	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5300	182.7	1392	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5270	182.7	1392	16.0	39.8	N
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5290	182.7	1392	12.0	15.8	N
U-NII-2C	802.11a	5540	182.7	1391	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5540	182.7	1391	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5550	182.7	1391	16.0	39.8	N
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5610	182.7	1390	16.0	39.8	N
U-NII-3	802.11a	5785	182.7	1389	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT20/VHT20)	5785	182.7	1389	17.0	50.1	N
	802.11n/ac(HT40/VHT40)	5795	182.7	1389	16.0	39.8	N
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5775	182.7	1389	14.5	28.2	N

Note: The exclusion calculation tables for antenna-to-user separation distances greater than 200 mm are unnecessary since these are mobile RF exposure conditions.



7.5. Required Edges for SAR Testing

Test Mode		Main Antenna					Aux Antenna				
		Back	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4	Back	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4
Bluetooth		NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO
DTS	802.11b	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11g	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT20)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT40)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
U-NII-1	802.11a	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT20)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT40)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11ac(VHT8)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
U-NII-2A	802.11a	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT20)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT40)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11ac(VHT8)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
U-NII-2C	802.11a	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT20)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT40)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11ac(VHT8)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
U-NII-3	802.11a	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT20)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11n(HT40)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	802.11ac(VHT8)	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO

Note: According to KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, SAR configuration may be reduced.

7.6. Estimated SAR

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is $\leq 1.6\text{W/kg}$. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 2, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation, mm}}$$

Where: Test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$.

WIFI/ Bluetooth

Test Position	Test Mode	Frq.(MHz)	Test Separations	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power(mW)	Estimated SAR(W/kg)
Back	Bluetooth GFSK	2441	12	6.0	4.0	0.07

Note: An estimated SAR of 0.4 W/kg was used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR for test separate on distances $>50\text{mm}$ per 447498 D01v06.



7.7. SAR Test Results Summary

■ Tablet Mode- DTS_WLAN 2.4GHz

Plot No.	Ant Type	Ant Port	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	1	main	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	1	2412	20.5	19.20	1.068	-0.11	0.541	0.578
	1	main	802.11b	CCK	Back	0	1	2412	20.5	19.20	1.068	-0.06	0.017	0.0182
	1	main	802.11b	CCK	Edge_4	0	1	2412	20.5	19.20	1.068	0.16	0.00148	0.002
01	1	main	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2437	20.5	19.08	1.074	0.12	0.567	0.609
	2	main	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2412	20.5	19.20	1.068	0.07	0.392	0.419
	2	main	802.11b	CCK	Back	0	6	2412	20.5	19.20	1.068	-0.17	0.0307	0.033
	2	main	802.11b	CCK	Edge_4	0	6	2412	20.5	19.20	1.068	0.03	0.00131	0.001
	2	main	802.11b	CCK	Edge_1	0	6	2437	20.5	19.08	1.074	-0.16	0.421	0.452

Note:

1. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.1 2), when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
2. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, 802.11g/n OFDM SAR is not required, per KDB248227 D01 v02r01 section 5.2.2 2).
3. 802.11b Lower output power CH6 SAR is measured for conservative SAR.

■ Tablet Mode- U-NII-1_WLAN 5.2GHz

Note: Due to U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR is 0.610W/kg and U-NII-1, U-NII-2A band have the same maximum power, therefore per KDB248227 D01v02r02 section 5.3.1 a), if U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.

■ Tablet Mode- U-NII-2A_WLAN 5.3GHz

Plot No.	Ant Type	Ant Port	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
Initial Test configuration of Speed Main Antenna														
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	52	5260	17.0	15.40	1.104	0.07	0.526	0.581
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	52	5260	17.0	15.40	1.104	0.19	0.0716	0.079
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	52	5260	17.0	15.40	1.104	-0.11	0.00104	0.001
02	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	60	5300	17.0	15.10	1.126	-0.01	0.542	0.610
Initial Test configuration of Honglin Main Antenna														
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	52	5260	17.0	15.40	1.104	0.12	0.316	0.349
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	52	5260	17.0	15.40	1.104	-0.06	0.0397	0.044
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	52	5260	17.0	15.40	1.104	0.11	0.00125	0.001
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	60	5300	17.0	15.10	1.126	0.12	0.385	0.433

Note:

1. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.3 initial test configuration procedures, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s)



in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

- 802.11a CH52 SAR also have been taken into consideration, due to the SAR value is lower than 802.11a CH60, it's not listed in above table.
- 802.11a Lower output power CH60 SAR is measured for conservative SAR.

■ Tablet Mode- U-NII-2C_ WLAN 5.6GHz

Below 5.65GHz

Plot No.	Ant Type	Ant Port	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
Initial Test configuration of Speed Main Antenna														
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	116	5580	17.0	15.25	1.11	0.02	0.643	0.717
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	116	5580	17.0	15.25	1.11	-0.12	0.087	0.097
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	116	5580	17.0	15.25	1.11	-0.09	0.0089	0.010
Initial Test configuration of Honglin Main Antenna														
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	116	5580	17.0	15.25	1.11	0.17	0.402	0.45
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	116	5580	17.0	15.25	1.11	0.11	0.0349	0.039
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	116	5580	17.0	15.25	1.11	-0.01	0.0056	0.006

Above 5.65GHz

Plot No.	Ant Type	Ant Port	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
Initial Test configuration of Speed Main Antenna														
03	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	0.17	0.917	1.014
*	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	0.01	0.915	1.011
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	132	5660	17.0	15.06	1.13	0.12	0.748	0.844
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	-0.09	0.126	0.139
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	0.05	0.017	0.019
Initial Test configuration of Honglin Main Antenna														
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	0.12	0.672	0.743
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	-0.15	0.056	0.062
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	136	5680	17.0	15.38	1.11	-0.06	0.0074	0.008

Note:

- Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.3 initial test configuration procedures, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- "*", repeated SAR is required, per KDB865664 D01 r01v04.



■ Tablet Mode- U-NII-3_ WLAN 5.8GHz

Plot No.	Ant Type	Ant Port	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
Initial Test configuration of Speed Main Antenna														
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	149	5745	17.0	15.22	1.117	0.01	0.605	0.676
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	149	5745	17.0	15.22	1.117	0.14	0.114	0.127
	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	149	5745	17.0	15.22	1.117	-0.07	0.011	0.012
04	1	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	157	5785	17.0	15.20	1.118	0.11	0.670	0.749
Initial Test configuration of Honglin Main Antenna														
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	149	5745	17.0	15.22	1.117	-0.15	0.571	0.638
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Back	0	149	5745	17.0	15.22	1.117	0.09	0.031	0.035
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_4	0	149	5745	17.0	15.22	1.117	0.14	0.002	0.002
	2	main	802.11a	OFDM	Edge_1	0	157	5785	17.0	15.20	1.118	0.02	0.604	0.676

Note:

1. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.3 initial test configuration procedures, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. 802.11a CH149 SAR also have been taken into consideration, due to the SAR value is lower than 802.11a CH157, it's not listed in above table.
3. 802.11a Lower output power CH157 SAR is measured for conservative SAR.

■ Tablet Mode- Bluetooth

Plot No.	Ant Type	Ant Port	Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. mm	Ch.	Fre.	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
Initial Test configuration of Speed Main Antenna														
	1	main	Bluetooth	GFSK	Edge_1	0	39	2441	6.0	5.00	1.20	0.05	0.0018	0.0022
	1	aux	Bluetooth	GFSK	Edge_1	0	39	2441	6.0	5.00	1.20	0.03	0.0016	0.0019
Initial Test configuration of Honglin Main Antenna														
	2	main	Bluetooth	GFSK	Edge_1	0	39	2441	6.0	5.00	1.20	0.11	0.0031	0.0037
	2	aux	Bluetooth	GFSK	Edge_1	0	39	2441	6.0	5.00	1.20	0.11	0.0028	0.0034



8. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

8.1. Max. Simultaneous SAR

■ WLAN+ Bluetooth (Speed Ant)

No.	Configurations	Test Position	WLAN SAR(W/kg)	BT SAR(W/kg)	Σ SAR(W/kg)
1	WLAN(UNII) + BT(DSS)	Body-Back	0.139	0.07	0.209
		Body-Edge_1	1.014	0.0022	1.0162
		Body-Edge_2	0.4	0.4	0.8
		Body-Edge_3	0.4	0.4	0.8
		Body-Edge_4	0.019	0.4	0.419

■ WLAN+ Bluetooth (Honglin Ant)

No.	Configurations	Test Position	WLAN SAR(W/kg)	BT SAR(W/kg)	Σ SAR(W/kg)
1	WLAN(UNII) + BT(DSS)	Body-Back	0.062	0.07	0.132
		Body-Edge_1	0.743	0.0037	0.7467
		Body-Edge_2	0.4	0.4	0.8
		Body-Edge_3	0.4	0.4	0.8
		Body-Edge_4	0.008	0.4	0.408

Note:

1. An estimated SAR of 0.4 W/kg was used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR for test separate on distances >50mm per 447498 D01v06.

8.2. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

**9. Measurement Uncertainty**

Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std.Unc. (1g)	Std. nc. (10g)	(vi) v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scalingp	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	±0%	±0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. –ConductivityBB	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. – PermittivityBB	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty(k=2)						±22.3%	±22.2%	

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget, according to IEEE 1528/2011 and IEC 62209-1/2011(0.3-3GHz)



Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std.Unc. (1g)	Std. nc. (10g)	(vi) v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	0	0			
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response ^m	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Max.SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling ^p	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	±0%	±0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) ^{DAK}	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) ^{DAK}	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. – Conductivity ^{BB}	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. – Permittivity ^{BB}	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty(Coverage factor=2)						±24.6%	±24.5%	

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget, according to IEEE 1528/2011 and IEC 62209-1/2011(3-6GHz)

--END--

APPENDIX A. SAR System Verification Data

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Date/Time: 02/03/2016

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.48$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) -22°C; Input power-250mW

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor -Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

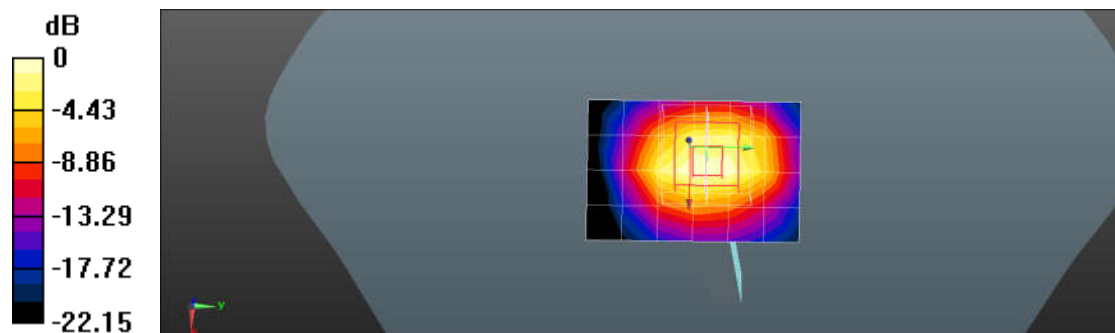
Configuration/SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body/Area Scan (5x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg

Configuration/SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm, Reference Value = 79.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.54 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



0 dB = 14.1 W/kg = 11.49 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 03/03/2016

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.32$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.18$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) -22°C; Input power-100mW

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

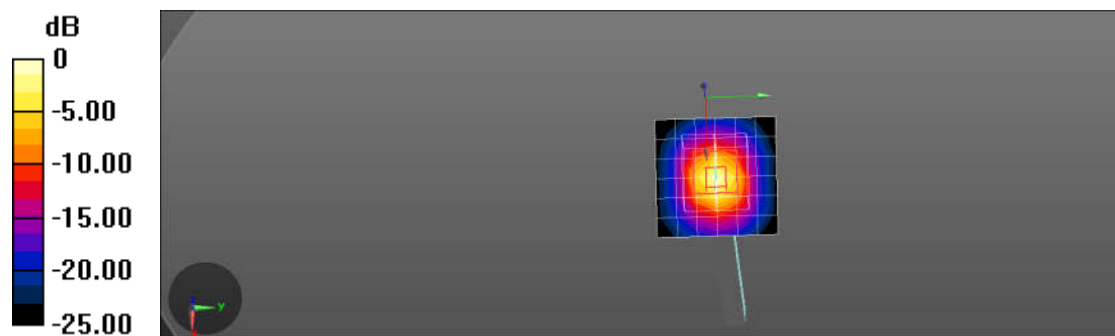
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

Configuration/Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 41.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



Date/Time: 04/03/2016

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.78$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) -22°C; Input power-100mW

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

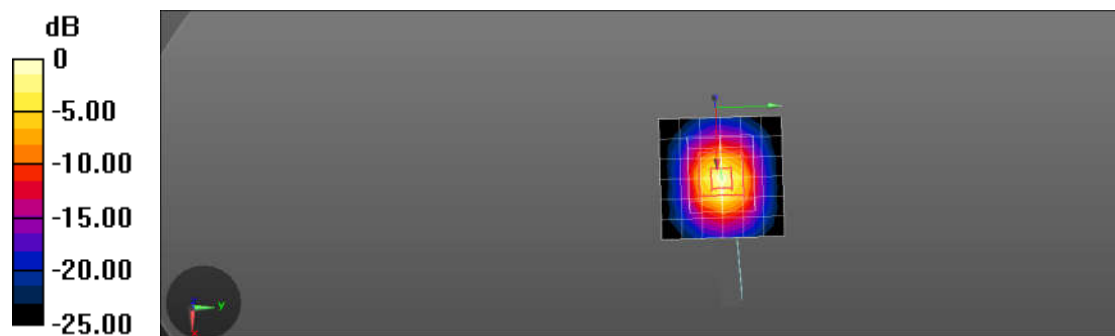
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg

Configuration/Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm
Reference Value = 41.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

Date/Time: 06/03/2016

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Meas. Ambient Temp (celsius) -22°C; Input power-100mW

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

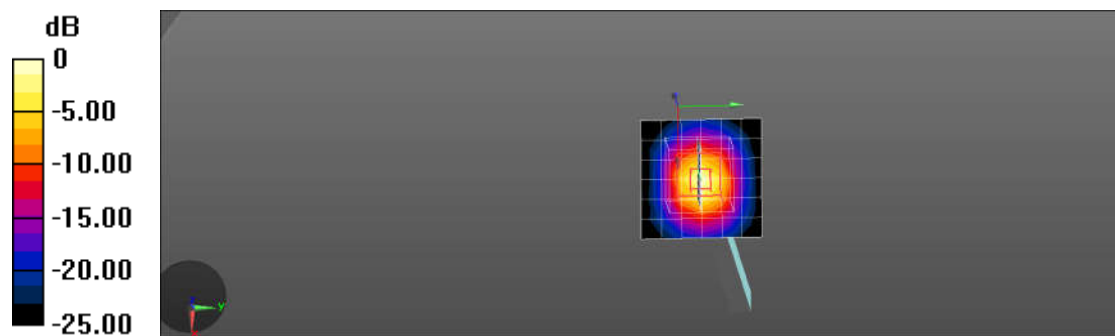
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 31.0$
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg

Configuration/Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 39.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.36 dBW/kg

APPENDIX B. SAR measurement Data

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: YOGA 710-11ISK; Type: QCNFA435

Procedure Name: 802.11b 2437MHz Edge-1 Main

Communication System Band: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21°C

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8);

Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Edge-1 Main/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid:

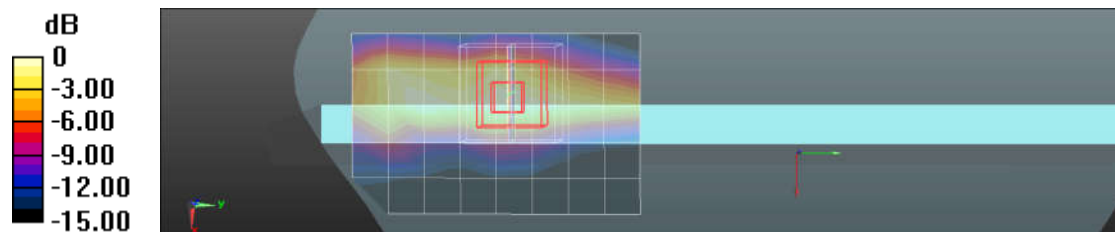
dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.827 W/kg

Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz Edge-1 Main/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.368 V/m; Power

Drift = 0.12 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.567 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.816 W/kg



0 dB = 0.816 W/kg = -0.88 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: YOGA 710-11ISK; Type: QCNFA435

Procedure Name: 802.11a 5300MHz tablet edge-1 Main

Communication System Band: 802.11a (20MHz); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.13$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21°C

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8);

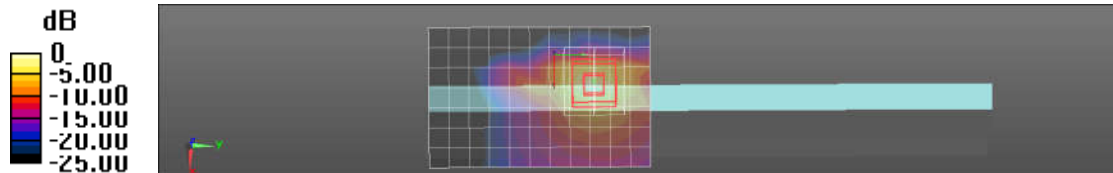
Configuration/802.11a 5300MHz tablet edge-1 Main/Area Scan (8x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5300MHz tablet edge-1 Main/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm, Reference Value = 7.543 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.542 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.14 W/kg = 0.57 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: YOGA 710-11ISK; Type: QCNFA435

Procedure Name: 802.11a 5680MHz tablet edge-1 Main

Communication System Band: 802.11a (20MHz); Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.34$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21°C

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

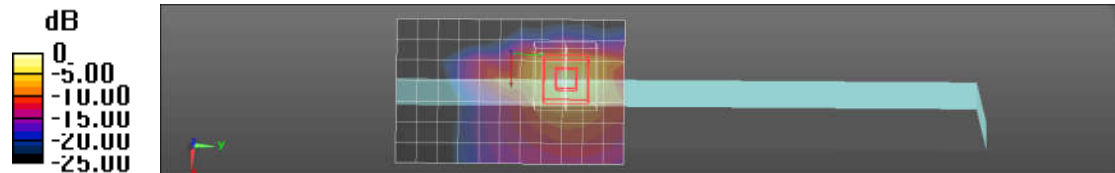
Configuration/802.11a 5680MHz tablet edge-1 Main/Area Scan (8x12x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.86 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5680MHz tablet edge-1 Main/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm, Reference Value = 8.012 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.917 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.95 W/kg



0 dB = 1.95 W/kg = 2.90 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Cerpass Lab

DUT: YOGA 710-11ISK; Type: QCNFA435

Procedure Name: 802.11a 5785MHz tablet edge-1 Main

Communication System Band: 802.11a (20MHz); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.46$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Tissue Temp(celsius)- 21°C

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3927; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 2015/5/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1379; Calibrated: 2015/5/20
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8);

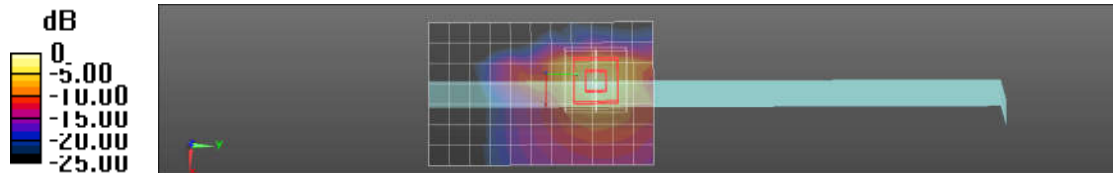
Configuration/802.11a 5785MHz tablet edge-1 Main/Area Scan (8x12x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5785MHz tablet edge-1 Main/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm, Reference Value = 7.327 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.670 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg



0 dB = 1.42 W/kg = 1.52 dBW/kg

APPENDIX C. Calibration Data for Probe, Dipole and DAE

Please refer to attached files.

APPENDIX D. Photographs of EUT and Setup

Please refer to attached files.