

## FCC Test Report (BT-EDR)

**Report No.:** RF170816E07D-2

**FCC ID:** PPD-QCNFA344AH

**Test Model:** QCNFA344A

**Received Date:** Jan. 03, 2018

**Test Date:** Jan. 23 to 31, 2018

**Issued Date:** Apr. 11, 2018

**Applicant:** Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.

**Address:** 1700 Technology Dr San Jose California 95110 United States

**Issued By:** Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch  
Hsin Chu Laboratory

**Lab Address:** E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 300,  
Taiwan R.O.C.

**Test Location:** E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 300,  
Taiwan R.O.C.

**FCC Registration /  
Designation Number:** 723255 / TW2022



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### Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RF170816E07D-2	Original release.	Apr. 11, 2018

## 1 Certificate of Conformity

**Product:** 802.11a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.1 M.2 2230 Type Card

**Brand:** Qualcomm Atheros

**Test Model:** QCNFA344A

**Sample Status:** R&D SAMPLE

**Applicant:** Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.

**Test Date:** Jan. 23 to 31, 2018

**Standards:** 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)  
ANSI C63.10: 2013

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

**Prepared by :** Wendy Wu, **Date:** Apr. 11, 2018  
Wendy Wu, Specialist

**Approved by :** May Chen, **Date:** Apr. 11, 2018  
May Chen / Manager

## 2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (SECTION 15.247)			
FCC Clause	Test Item	Result	Remarks
15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.205 & 209 & 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Band Edge Measurement	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit. Minimum passing margin is -3.1dB at 499.84MHz.
15.247(d)	Antenna Port Emission	PASS	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	Antenna connector is IPEX and RSMA not a standard connector.

**NOTE:** If The Frequency Hopping System operating in 2400-2483.5MHz band and the output power less than 125mW. The hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel whichever is greater.

### 2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Measurement	Frequency	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) ( $\pm$ )
Radiated Emissions up to 1 GHz	30MHz ~ 1GHz	5.33 dB
Radiated Emissions above 1 GHz	1GHz ~ 6GHz	5.10 dB
	6GHz ~ 18GHz	4.85 dB
	18GHz ~ 40GHz	5.24 dB

### 2.2 Modification Record

There were no modifications required for compliance.

### 3 General Information

#### 3.1 General Description of EUT (BT-EDR)

Product	802.11a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.1 M.2 2230 Type Card
Brand	Qualcomm Atheros
Test Model	QCNFA344A
Status of EUT	R&D SAMPLE
Power Supply Rating	3.3Vdc form host equipment
Modulation Type	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Modulation Technology	FHSS
Transfer Rate	Up to 3Mbps
Operating Frequency	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Number of Channel	79
Output Power	19.275mW
Antenna Type	Refer to Note
Antenna Connector	Refer to Note
Accessory Device	NA
Data Cable Supplied	NA

**Note:**

1. This report is prepared for FCC class II permissive change. The difference compared with the Report No.: RF150107E06B-2 as the following:

◆ Added new Antennas as following table:

Original										
Antenna set 1										
Transmitter Circuit	Brand	Model	Ant. Type	2.4GHz Gain with cable loss (dBi)	5GHz Gain with cable loss (dBi)	2.4GHz Cable Loss (dB)	5G Cable Loss (dB)	Connector Type	Cable Length (mm)	
Chain (0)	WNC	81-EBJ15.005	PIFA	3.00	Band 1&2: 2.56	1.15	Band 1&2: 1.70	IPEX	300	
					Band 3: 4.76		Band 3: 1.74			
					Band 4: 4.76		Band 4: 1.79			
Chain (1)	WNC	81-EBJ15.005	PIFA	3.62	Band 1&2: 3.08	1.15	Band 1&2: 1.70	IPEX	300	
					Band 3: 3.31		Band 3: 1.74			
					Band 4: 2.42		Band 4: 1.79			
Newly										
Antenna set 2										
Transmitte r Circuit	Brand	Model	Ant. Type	2.4GHz Gain with cable loss (dBi)	5GHz Gain with cable loss (dBi)	2.4GHz Cable Loss (dB)	5G Cable Loss (dB)	Ant. Connector Type	Cable Connector Type	Cable Length (mm)
Chain (0)	HONGBO	290-30641	Dipole	1.64	Band 1&2: 2.6	0.51	Band 1&2: 0.78	RSMA	IPEX to RSMA	210
					Band 3: 2.22		Band 3: 0.61			
					Band 4: 2.38		Band 4: 0.81			
Chain (1)	HONGBO	290-30641	Dipole	1.64	Band 1&2: 2.6	0.51	Band 1&2: 0.78	RSMA	IPEX to RSMA	210
					Band 3: 2.22		Band 3: 0.61			
					Band 4: 2.38		Band 4: 0.81			
Antenna set 3										
Transmitte r Circuit	Brand	Model	Ant. Type	2.4GHz Gain with cable loss (dBi)	5GHz Gain with cable loss (dBi)	2.4GHz Cable Loss (dB)	5G Cable Loss (dB)	Ant. Connector Type	Cable Connecto r Type	Cable Length (mm)
Chain (0)	Speed	F.0G.LS-60 08-003-00	Dipole	-1.22	Band 1&2: 1.17	0.50	Band 1&2: 0.74	RSMA	IPEX to RSMA	210
					Band 3: 1.48		Band 3: 0.75			
					Band 4: 0.38		Band 4: 0.76			
Chain (1)	Speed	F.0G.LS-60 08-003-00	Dipole	-1.22	Band 1&2: 1.17	0.50	Band 1&2: 0.74	RSMA	IPEX to RSMA	210
					Band 3: 1.48		Band 3: 0.75			
					Band 4: 0.38		Band 4: 0.76			

Note: From the above newly antennas, model: **290-30641** was selected as representative model for the test and its data was recorded in this report.

- According to above conditions, only Conducted power and Radiated Emissions test item need to be performed. And all data was verified to meet the requirements.
- There are Bluetooth technology and WLAN technology used for the EUT.
- The EUT support multiple function, therefore the WLAN OFDM will be cover BT OFDM (low power) scenario.

5. WLAN/BT coexistence mode:

◆ 2x2 WLAN + BT:

- 5GHz 802.11a/an (or 11ac) transmit concurrent with BT.
- 2.4GHz: timely shared coexistence.

6. The emission (conducted & radiated emission) of the simultaneous operation (WiFi <5GHz> & Bluetooth) have been evaluated and no non-compliance found. The detail combinations of transmitters / frequencies / modes as below table

Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Technology
5 GHz (802.11a)	149 to 165	157	OFDM
+ Bluetooth (GFSK)	0 to 78	39	FHSS

7. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

### 3.2 Description of Test Modes

79 channels are provided for BT-EDR mode:

Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461		

### 3.2.1 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

EUT CONFIGURE MODE	APPLICABLE TO			DESCRIPTION
	RE≥1G	RE<1G	APCM	
-	√	√	√	

Where **RE≥1G**: Radiated Emission above 1GHz **RE<1G**: Radiated Emission below 1GHz

**APCM**: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement

Note: The EUT's antenna (Dipole) had been pre-tested on the positioned of each 3 axis. The worst case was found when positioned on **Y-plane**.

#### Radiated Emission Test (Above 1GHz):

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

#### Radiated Emission Test (Below 1GHz):

- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	39	FHSS	GFSK	DH5

#### Antenna Port Conducted Measurement:

- ☒ This item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.
- ☒ Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).
- ☒ Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

AVAILABLE CHANNEL	TESTED CHANNEL	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	MODULATION TYPE	PACKET TYPE
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
0 to 78	0, 39, 78	FHSS	8DPSK	3DH5

**Test Condition:**

APPLICABLE TO	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	INPUT POWER	TESTED BY
RE $\geq$ 1G	21deg. C, 65%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Steven Chang
RE<1G	25deg. C, 64%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Rey Chen
APCM	23deg. C, 63%RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Jyunchun Lin

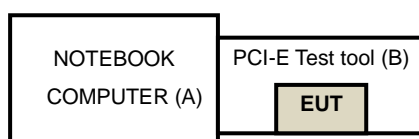
### 3.3 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

No.	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remark
A	NOTEBOOK COMPUTER	DELL	E5430	HYV4VY1	FCC DoC	Provided by Lab
B	PCI-E Test tool	Qualcomm Atheros	NA	NA	NA	Supplied by Client

**NOTE:** All power cords of the above support units are non-shielded (1.8 m).

#### 3.3.1 Configuration of System under Test



### 3.4 General Description of Applied Standards

The EUT is a RF Product. According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**FCC Part 15, Subpart C (15.247)**

ANSI C63.10-2013

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

## 4 Test Types and Results

### 4.1 Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

#### 4.1.1 Limits of Radiated Emission and Bandedge Measurement

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### NOTE:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.

#### 4.1.2 Test Instruments

DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED DATE	CALIBRATED UNTIL
Test Receiver Keysight	N9038A	MY54450088	July 08, 2017	July 07, 2018
Loop Antenna <sup>(*)</sup> TESEQ	HLA 6121	45745	May 19, 2017	May 18, 2018
Pre-Amplifier Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000VH2B	AMP-ZFL-01	Nov. 09, 2017	Nov. 08, 2018
Trilog Broadband Antenna SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-406	Nov. 29, 2017	Nov. 28, 2018
RF Cable	8D	966-4-1 966-4-2 966-4-3	Apr. 01, 2017	Mar. 31, 2018
Fixed attenuator Mini-Circuits	UNAT-5+	PAD-3m-4-01	Oct. 03, 2017	Oct. 02, 2018
Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-783	Dec. 12, 2017	Dec. 11, 2018
Pre-Amplifier EMCI	EMC12630SE	980385	Feb. 02, 2017	Feb. 01, 2018
RF Cable	EMC104-SM-SM-1200 EMC104-SM-SM-2000 EMC104-SM-SM-5000	160923 150318 150321	Feb. 02, 2017 Mar. 29, 2017 Mar. 29, 2017	Feb. 01, 2018 Mar. 28, 2018 Mar. 28, 2018
Pre-Amplifier EMCI	EMC184045SE	980387	Feb. 02, 2017	Feb. 01, 2018
Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170608	Dec. 14, 2017	Dec. 13, 2018
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX 102	36432/2 36433/2	Jan. 11, 2018	Jan. 10, 2019
Software	ADT_Radiated_V8.7.08	NA	NA	NA
Antenna Tower & Turn Table Max-Full	MF-7802	MF780208410	NA	NA
Boresight Antenna Fixture	FBA-01	FBA-SIP02	NA	NA
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSv40	100964	July 1, 2017	June 30, 2018
Power meter Anritsu	ML2495A	1014008	May 11, 2017	May 10, 2018
Power sensor Anritsu	MA2411B	0917122	May 11, 2017	May 10, 2018

**Note:**

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. \*The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 24 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
3. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. 4.
4. The CANADA Site Registration No. is 20331-2
5. Loop antenna was used for all emissions below 30 MHz.
6. Tested Date: Jan. 29 to 31, 2018

#### 4.1.3 Test Procedures

##### **For Radiated emission below 30MHz**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

##### **NOTE:**

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

##### **For Radiated emission above 30MHz**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

##### **Note:**

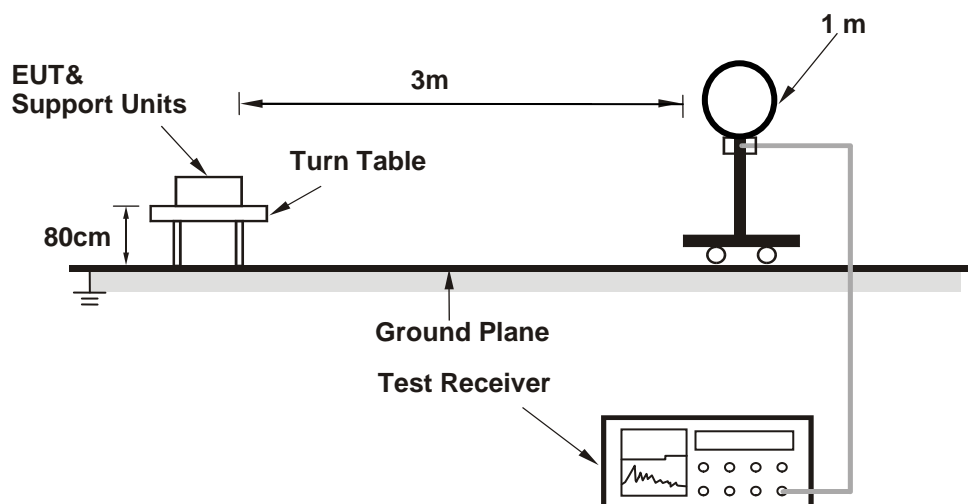
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

#### 4.1.4 Deviation from Test Standard

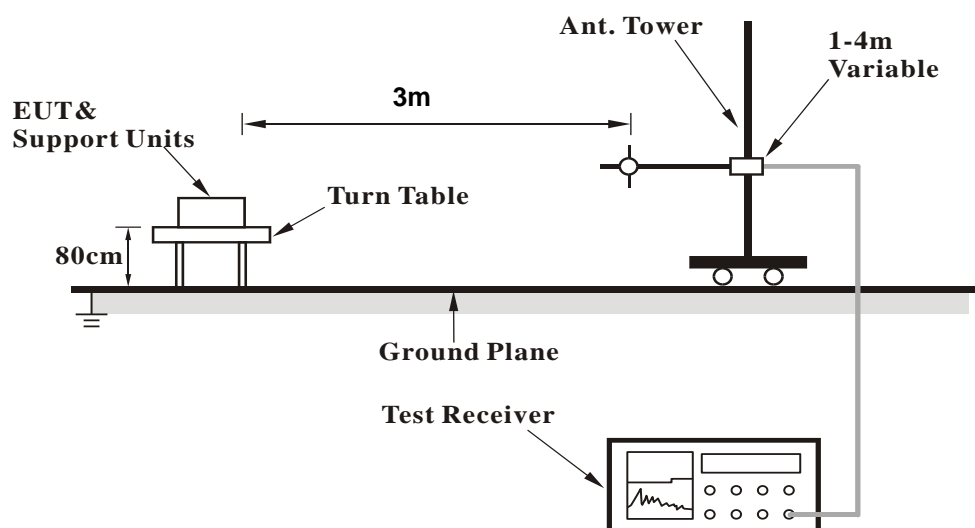
No deviation.

#### 4.1.5 Test Setup

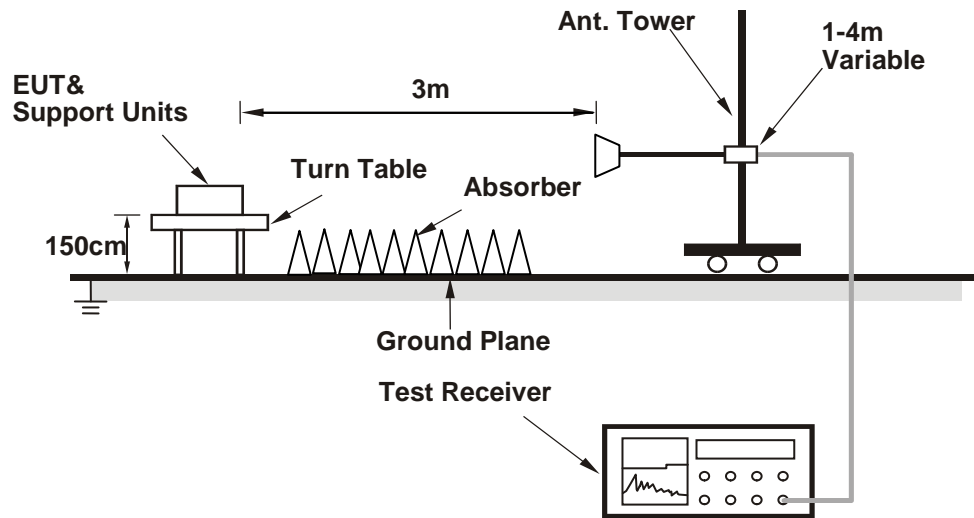
##### For Radiated emission below 30MHz



##### For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz



### For Radiated emission above 1GHz



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

#### 4.1.6 EUT Operating Conditions

1. Connect the EUT with the support unit A (Notebook Computer) which is placed on a testing table.
2. The communication partner run test program "QCART Version: 3.0.33.0" to enable EUT under transmission/receiving condition continuously at specific channel frequency.

#### 4.1.7 Test Results (Bandedge)

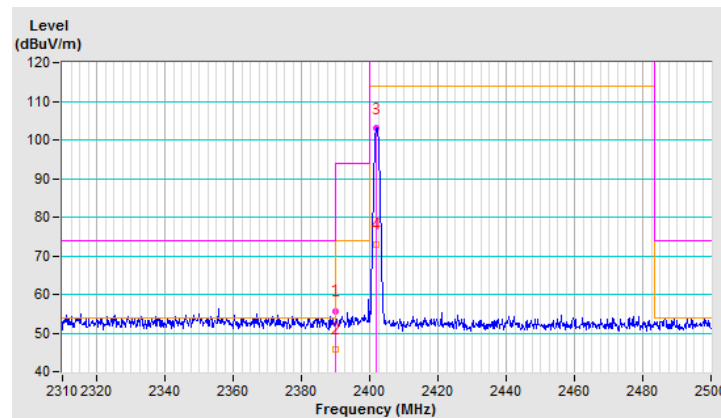
##### BT\_GFSK

<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 0	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.7 PK	74.0	-18.3	3.42 H	171	56.7	-1.0
2	2390.00	45.8 AV	54.0	-8.2	3.42 H	171	46.8	-1.0
3	*2402.00	102.9 PK			3.42 H	171	103.9	-1.0
4	*2402.00	72.8 AV			3.42 H	171	73.8	-1.0

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

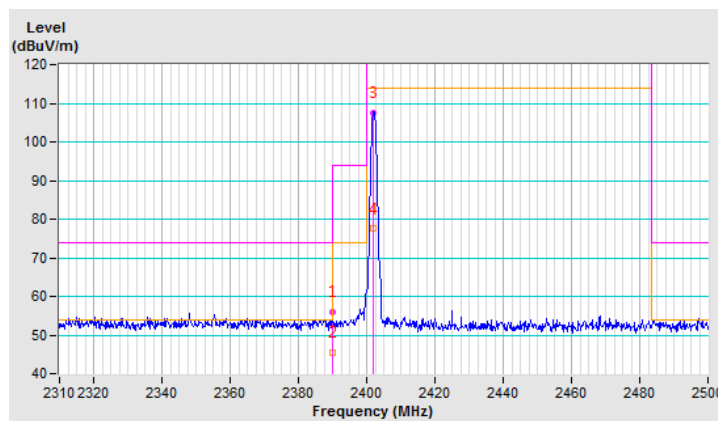


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 0	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	56.1 PK	74.0	-17.9	1.43 V	312	57.1	-1.0
2	2390.00	45.5 AV	54.0	-8.5	1.43 V	312	46.5	-1.0
3	*2402.00	107.6 PK			1.43 V	312	108.6	-1.0
4	*2402.00	77.5 AV			1.43 V	312	78.5	-1.0

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 * 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

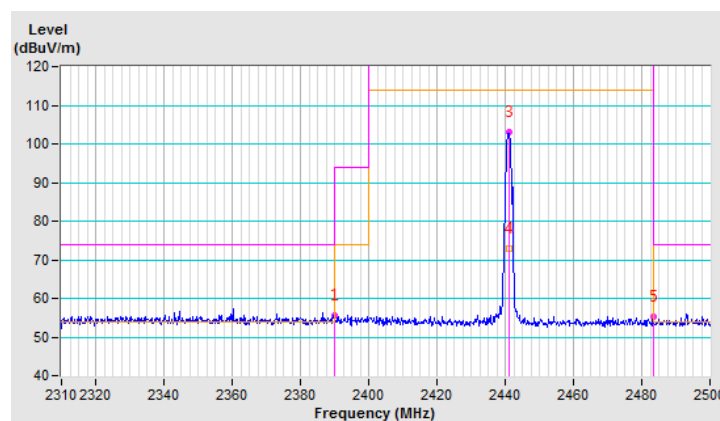


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.7 PK	74.0	-18.3	1.50 H	192	56.7	-1.0
2	2390.00	25.6 AV	54.0	-28.4	1.50 H	192	26.6	-1.0
3	*2441.00	103.0 PK			1.50 H	192	104.4	-1.4
4	*2441.00	72.9 AV			1.50 H	192	74.3	-1.4
5	2483.50	55.3 PK	74.0	-18.7	1.50 H	192	56.5	-1.2
6	2483.50	25.2 AV	54.0	-28.8	1.50 H	192	26.4	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

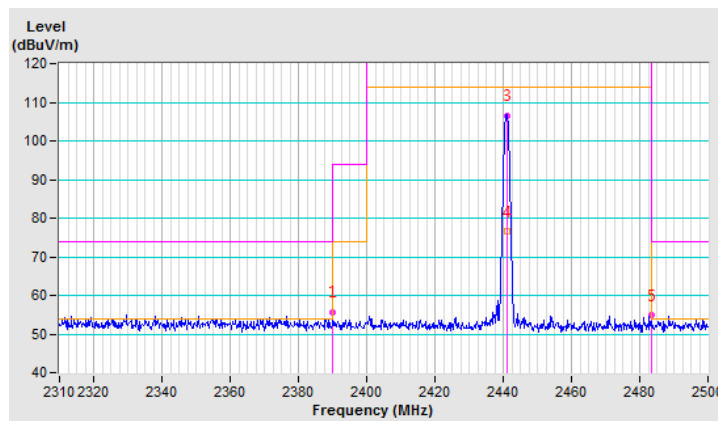


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.6 PK	74.0	-18.4	1.65 V	313	56.6	-1.0
2	2390.00	25.5 AV	54.0	-28.5	1.65 V	313	26.5	-1.0
3	*2441.00	106.6 PK			1.65 V	313	108.0	-1.4
4	*2441.00	76.5 AV			1.65 V	313	77.9	-1.4
5	2483.50	54.8 PK	74.0	-19.2	1.65 V	313	56.0	-1.2
6	2483.50	24.7 AV	54.0	-29.3	1.65 V	313	25.9	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

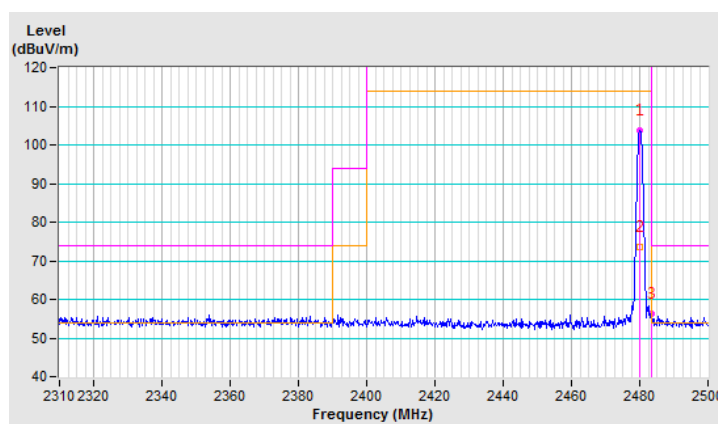


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	103.7 PK			1.47 H	162	105.0	-1.3
2	*2480.00	73.6 AV			1.47 H	162	74.9	-1.3
3	2483.50	56.3 PK	74.0	-17.7	1.47 H	162	57.5	-1.2
4	2483.50	26.2 AV	54.0	-27.8	1.47 H	162	27.4	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)

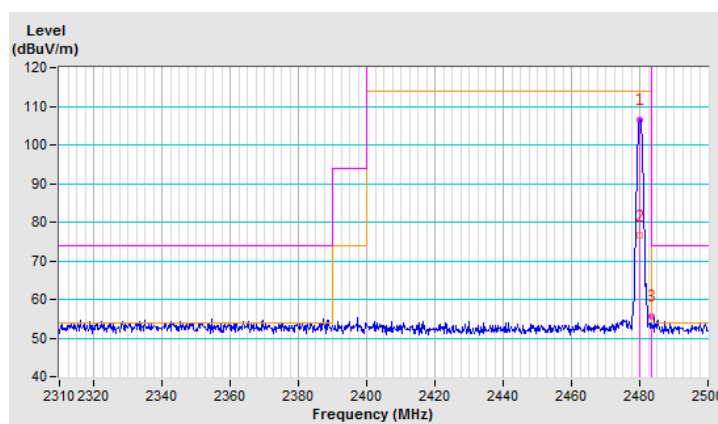


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	106.6 PK			1.61 V	313	107.9	-1.3
2	*2480.00	76.5 AV			1.61 V	313	77.8	-1.3
3	2483.50	55.6 PK	74.0	-18.4	1.61 V	313	56.8	-1.2
4	2483.50	25.5 AV	54.0	-28.5	1.61 V	313	26.7	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)



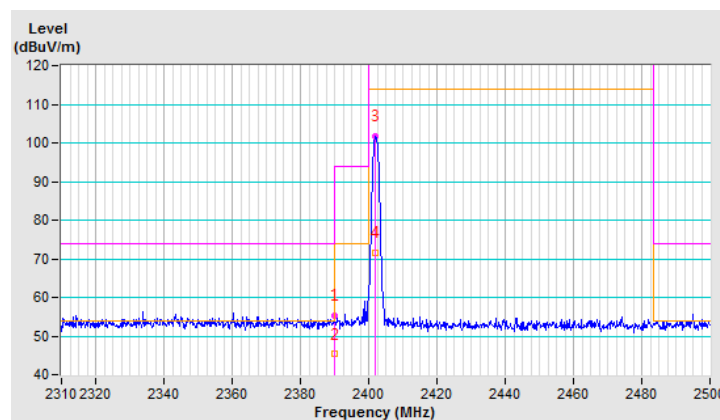
# BT\_8DPSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.4 PK	74.0	-18.6	3.38 H	214	56.4	-1.0
2	2390.00	45.3 AV	54.0	-8.7	3.38 H	214	46.3	-1.0
3	*2402.00	101.7 PK			3.38 H	214	102.7	-1.0
4	*2402.00	71.6 AV			3.38 H	214	72.6	-1.0

## REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

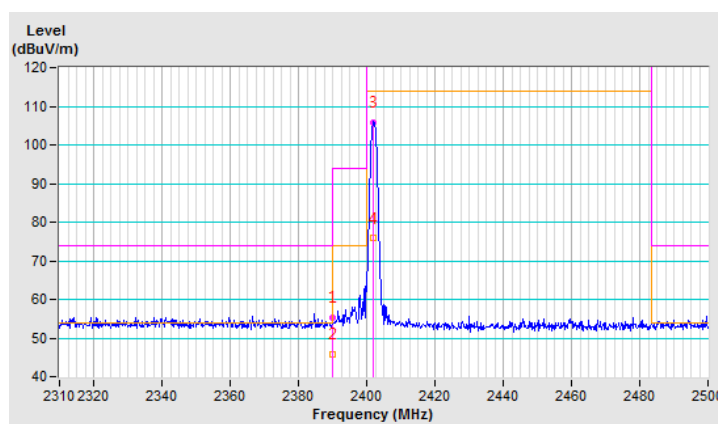


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 0	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.3 PK	74.0	-18.7	1.47 V	313	56.3	-1.0
2	2390.00	45.9 AV	54.0	-8.1	1.47 V	313	46.9	-1.0
3	*2402.00	105.9 PK			1.47 V	313	106.9	-1.0
4	*2402.00	75.8 AV			1.47 V	313	76.8	-1.0

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 \times 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

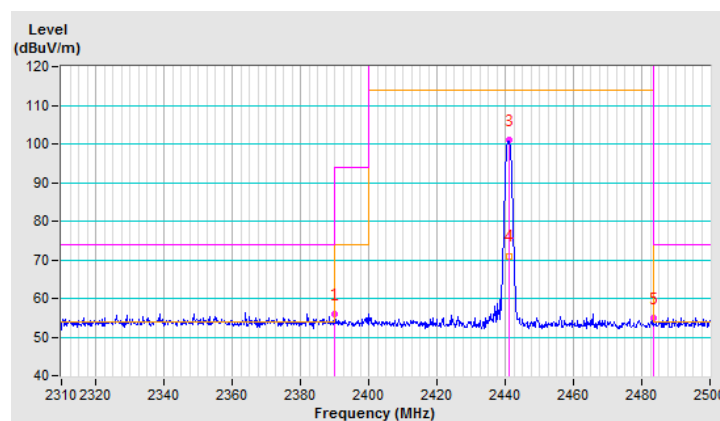


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.8 PK	74.0	-18.2	1.46 H	193	56.8	-1.0
2	2390.00	25.7 AV	54.0	-28.3	1.46 H	193	26.7	-1.0
3	*2441.00	100.9 PK			1.46 H	193	102.3	-1.4
4	*2441.00	70.8 AV			1.46 H	193	72.2	-1.4
5	2483.50	54.8 PK	74.0	-19.2	1.46 H	193	56.0	-1.2
6	2483.50	24.7 AV	54.0	-29.3	1.46 H	193	25.9	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

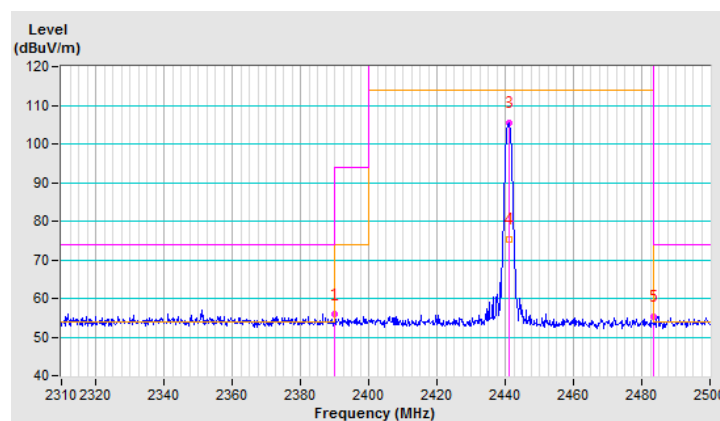


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	2390.00	55.8 PK	74.0	-18.2	1.25 V	313	56.8	-1.0
2	2390.00	25.7 AV	54.0	-28.3	1.25 V	313	26.7	-1.0
3	*2441.00	105.4 PK			1.25 V	313	106.8	-1.4
4	*2441.00	75.3 AV			1.25 V	313	76.7	-1.4
5	2483.50	55.4 PK	74.0	-18.6	1.25 V	313	56.6	-1.2
6	2483.50	25.3 AV	54.0	-28.7	1.25 V	313	26.5	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

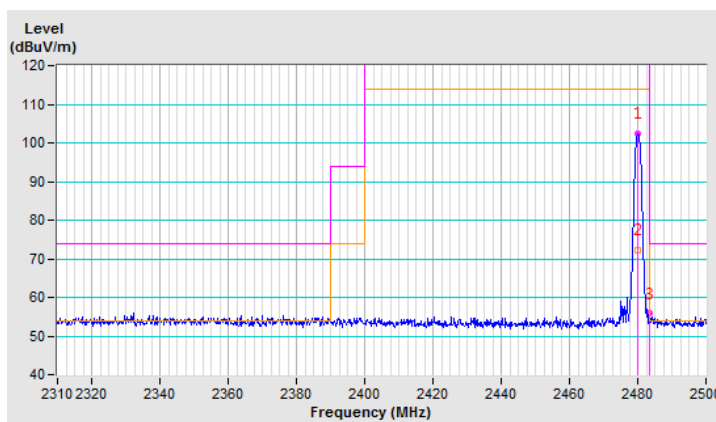


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	102.4 PK			2.08 H	206	103.7	-1.3
2	*2480.00	72.3 AV			2.08 H	206	73.6	-1.3
3	2483.50	55.8 PK	74.0	-18.2	2.08 H	206	57.0	-1.2
4	2483.50	25.7 AV	54.0	-28.3	2.08 H	206	26.9	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)

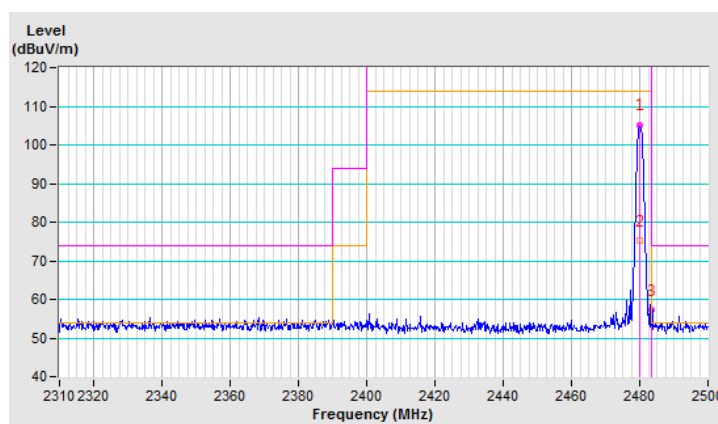


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	105.2 PK			1.25 V	312	106.5	-1.3
2	*2480.00	75.1 AV			1.25 V	312	76.4	-1.3
3	2483.50	57.2 PK	74.0	-16.8	1.25 V	312	58.4	-1.2
4	2483.50	27.1 AV	54.0	-26.9	1.25 V	312	28.3	-1.2

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency.
6. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 \times 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
7. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$



#### 4.1.8 Test Results (Spurious emission)

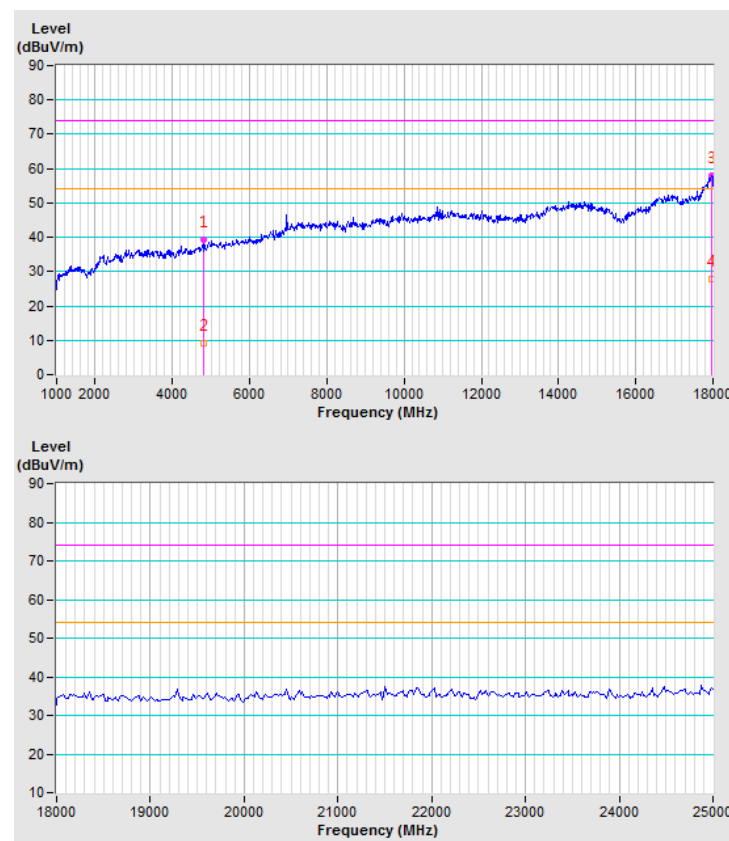
##### BT\_GFSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	39.2 PK	74.0	-34.8	4.00 H	210	36.1	3.1
2	4804.00	9.1 AV	54.0	-44.9	4.00 H	210	6.0	3.1
3	17963.00	58.0 PK	74.0	-16.0	4.00 H	210	33.8	24.2
4	17963.00	27.9 AV	54.0	-26.1	4.00 H	210	3.7	24.2

##### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

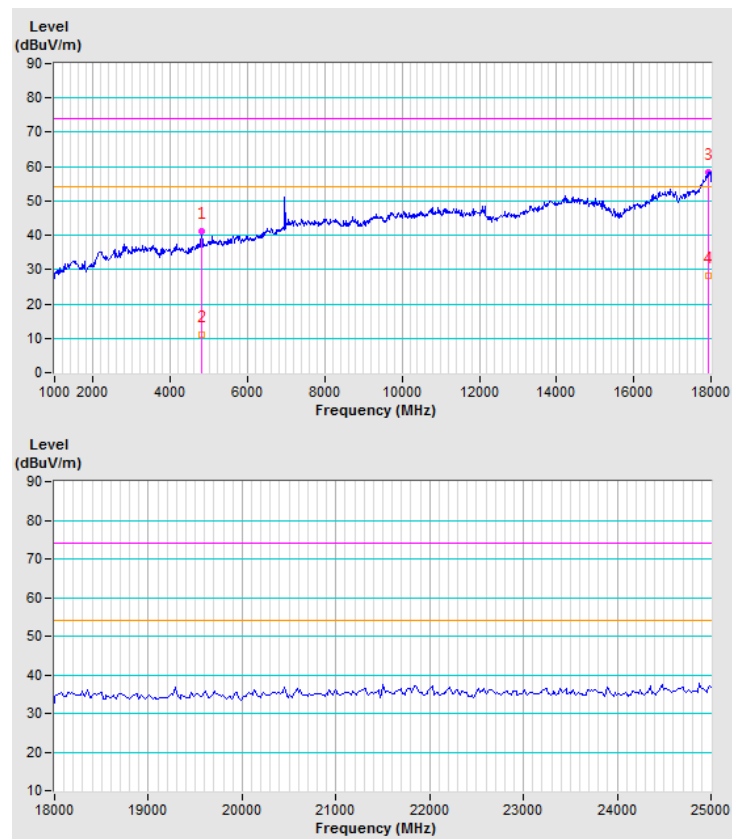


CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	41.1 PK	74.0	-32.9	3.02 V	360	38.0	3.1
2	4804.00	11.0 AV	54.0	-43.0	3.02 V	360	7.9	3.1
3	17941.00	58.4 PK	74.0	-15.6	3.02 V	360	34.5	23.9
4	17941.00	28.3 AV	54.0	-25.7	3.02 V	360	4.4	23.9

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 * 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

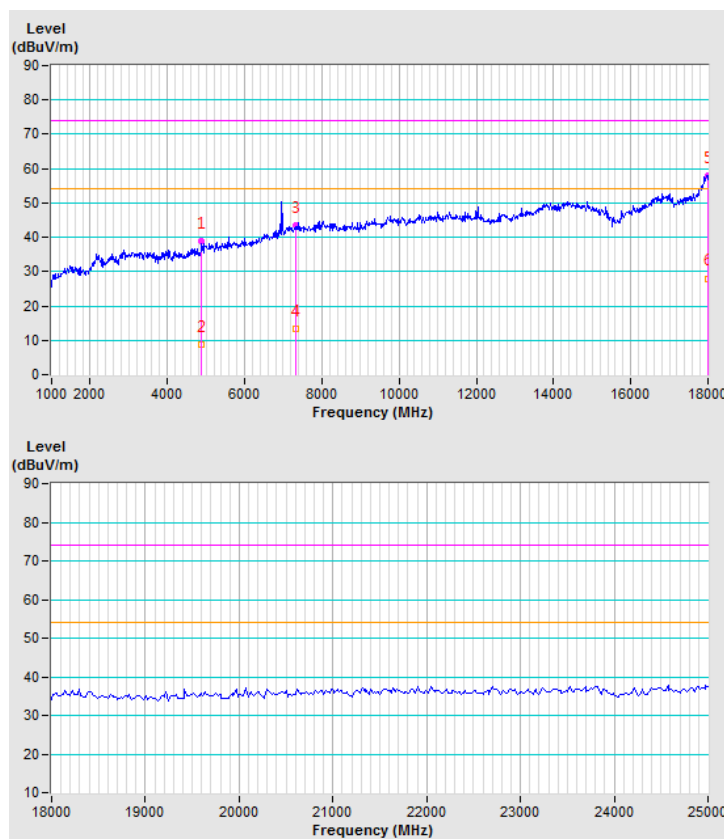


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	38.8 PK	74.0	-35.2	1.35 H	206	35.5	3.3
2	4882.00	8.7 AV	54.0	-45.3	1.35 H	206	5.4	3.3
3	7323.00	43.5 PK	74.0	-30.5	1.35 H	206	33.5	10.0
4	7323.00	13.4 AV	54.0	-40.6	1.35 H	206	3.4	10.0
5	17985.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	1.35 H	206	33.6	24.5
6	17985.00	28.0 AV	54.0	-26.0	1.35 H	206	3.5	24.5

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)

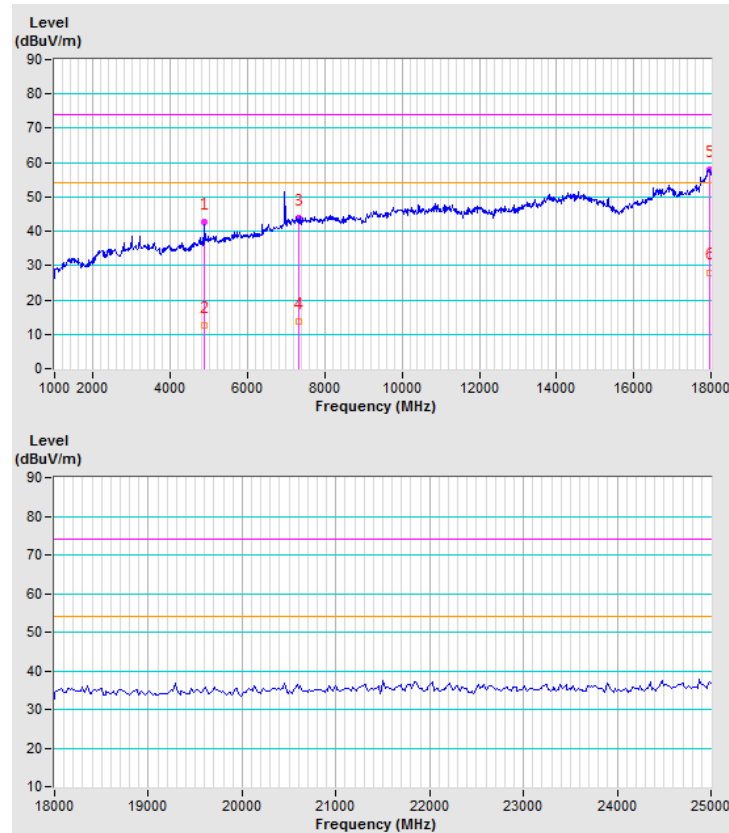


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	42.8 PK	74.0	-31.2	2.94 V	360	39.5	3.3
2	4882.00	12.7 AV	54.0	-41.3	2.94 V	360	9.4	3.3
3	7323.00	43.7 PK	74.0	-30.3	2.94 V	360	33.7	10.0
4	7323.00	13.6 AV	54.0	-40.4	2.94 V	360	3.6	10.0
5	17979.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	2.94 V	360	33.7	24.4
6	17979.00	28.0 AV	54.0	-26.0	2.94 V	360	3.6	24.4

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)

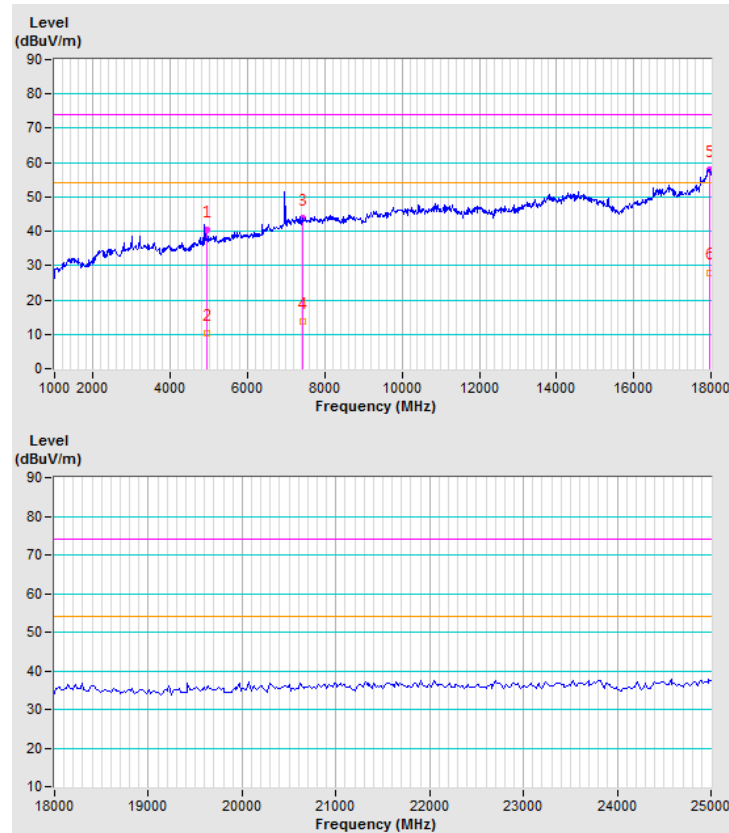


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	40.5 PK	74.0	-33.5	1.07 H	226	37.0	3.5
2	4960.00	10.4 AV	54.0	-43.6	1.07 H	226	6.9	3.5
3	7440.00	43.7 PK	74.0	-30.3	1.07 H	226	33.6	10.1
4	7440.00	13.6 AV	54.0	-40.4	1.07 H	226	3.5	10.1
5	17979.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	1.07 H	226	33.7	24.4
6	17979.00	28.0 AV	54.0	-26.0	1.07 H	226	3.6	24.4

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)

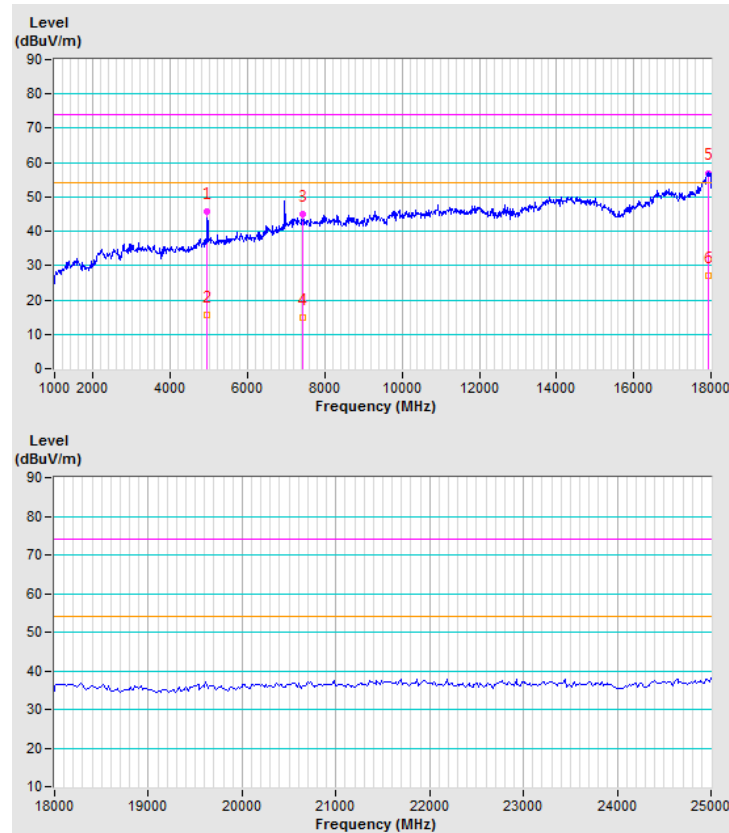


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	45.7 PK	74.0	-28.3	3.78 V	1	42.2	3.5
2	4960.00	15.6 AV	54.0	-38.4	3.78 V	1	12.1	3.5
3	7440.00	44.9 PK	74.0	-29.1	3.78 V	1	34.8	10.1
4	7440.00	14.8 AV	54.0	-39.2	3.78 V	1	4.7	10.1
5	17922.00	57.0 PK	74.0	-17.0	3.78 V	1	33.4	23.6
6	17922.00	26.9 AV	54.0	-27.1	3.78 V	1	3.3	23.6

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)



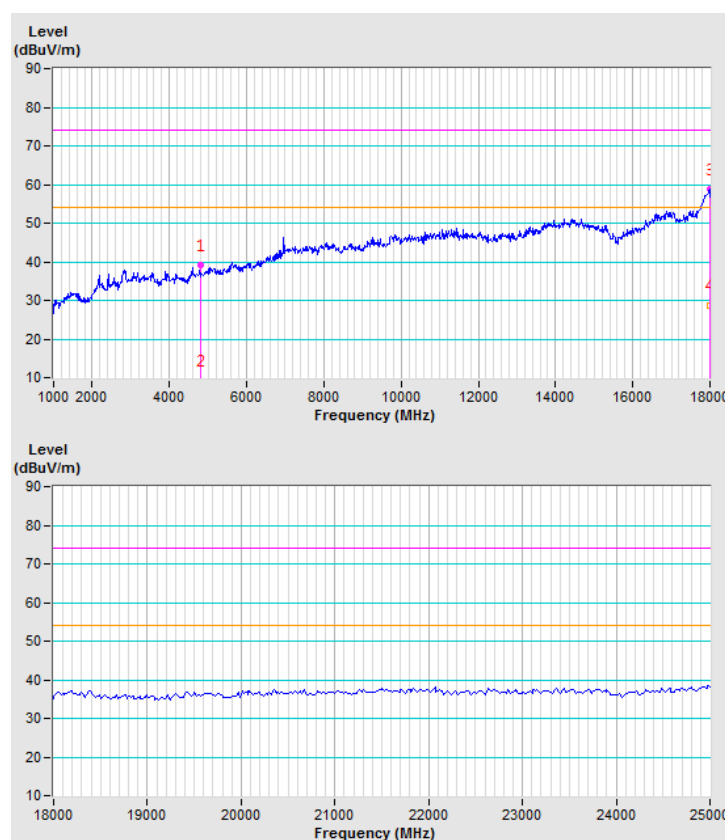
# BT\_8DPSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	39.0 PK	74.0	-35.0	1.41 H	196	35.9	3.1
2	4804.00	8.9 AV	54.0	-45.1	1.41 H	196	5.8	3.1
3	17998.01	58.7 PK	74.0	-15.3	1.41 H	196	34.0	24.7
4	17998.01	28.6 AV	54.0	-25.4	1.41 H	196	3.9	24.7

## REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

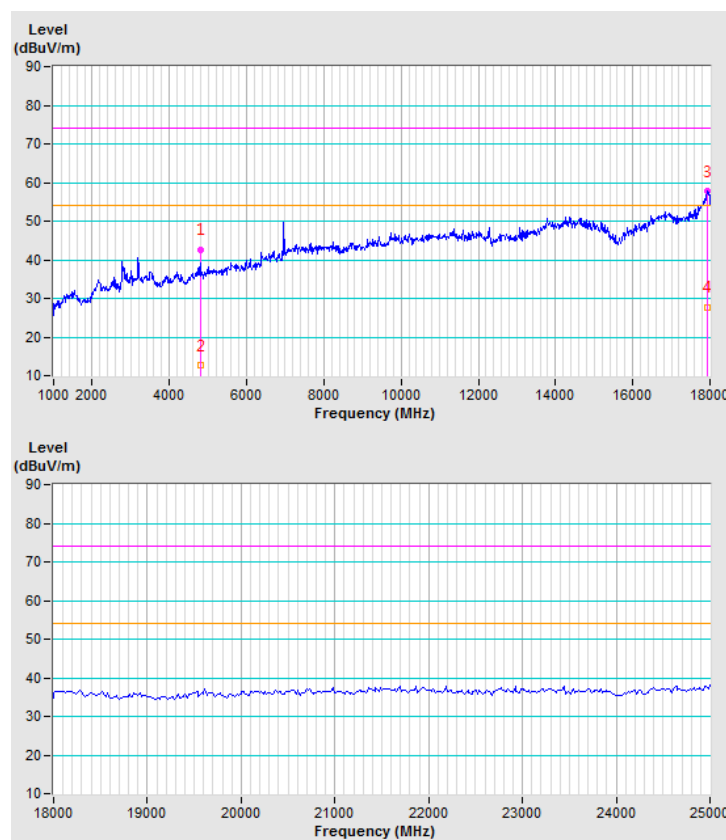


CHANNEL	TX Channel 0	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Peak (PK)
FREQUENCY RANGE	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4804.00	42.7 PK	74.0	-31.3	2.99 V	360	39.6	3.1
2	4804.00	12.6 AV	54.0	-41.4	2.99 V	360	9.5	3.1
3	17931.15	57.7 PK	74.0	-16.3	2.99 V	360	33.9	23.8
4	17931.15	27.6 AV	54.0	-26.4	2.99 V	360	3.8	23.8

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 * 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

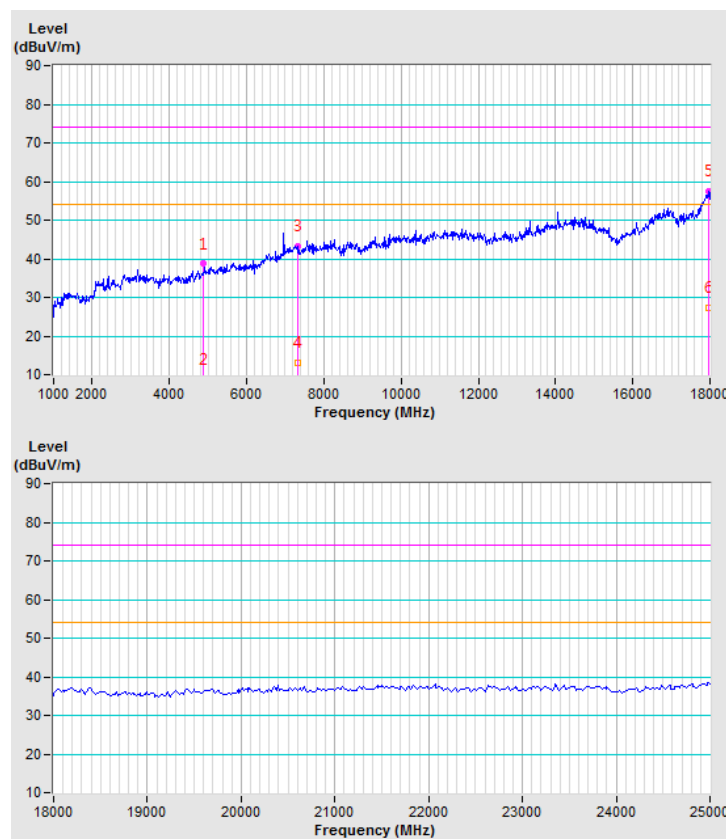


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	38.7 PK	74.0	-35.3	1.32 H	201	35.4	3.3
2	4882.00	8.6 AV	54.0	-45.4	1.32 H	201	5.3	3.3
3	7323.00	43.3 PK	74.0	-30.7	1.31 H	200	33.3	10.0
4	7323.00	13.2 AV	54.0	-40.8	1.31 H	200	3.2	10.0
5	17978.75	57.5 PK	74.0	-16.5	1.31 H	200	33.1	24.4
6	17978.75	27.4 AV	54.0	-26.6	1.31 H	200	3.0	24.4

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)

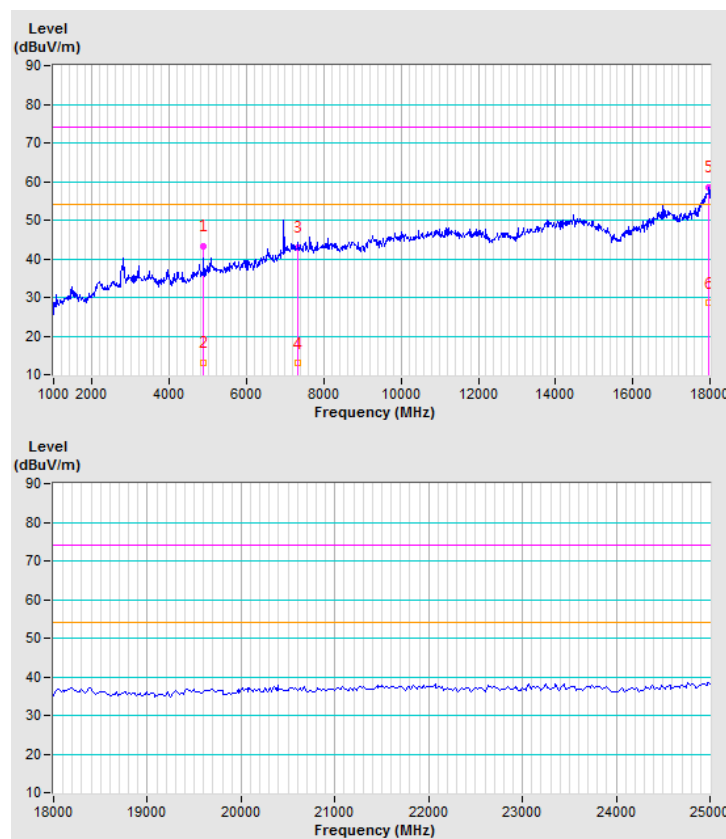


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4882.00	43.2 PK	74.0	-30.8	2.98 V	355	39.9	3.3
2	4882.00	13.1 AV	54.0	-40.9	2.98 V	355	9.8	3.3
3	7323.00	43.0 PK	74.0	-31.0	2.90 V	360	33.0	10.0
4	7323.00	12.9 AV	54.0	-41.1	2.90 V	360	2.9	10.0
5	17981.72	58.6 PK	74.0	-15.4	2.90 V	360	34.1	24.5
6	17981.72	28.5 AV	54.0	-25.5	2.90 V	360	4.0	24.5

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 * 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

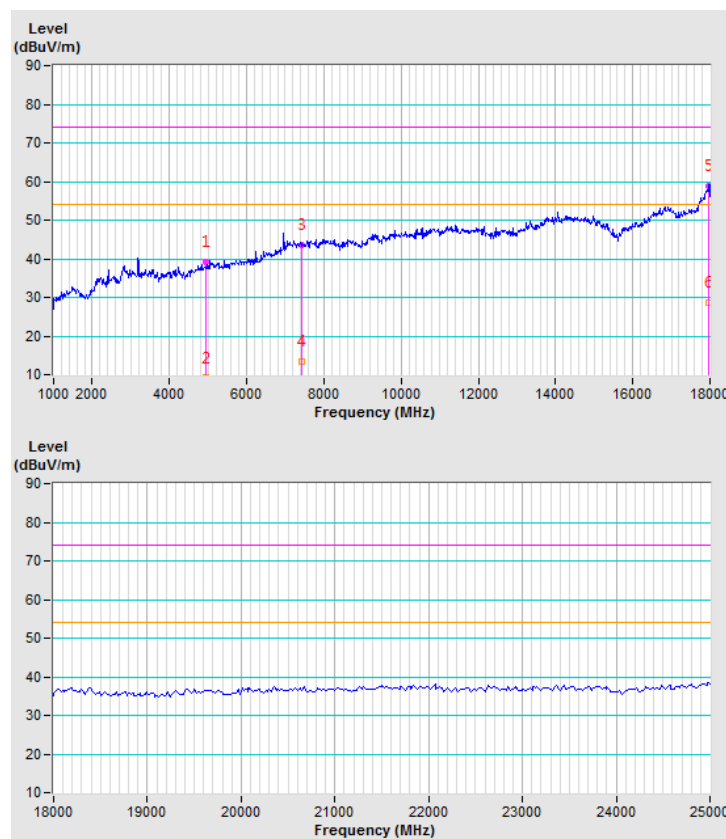


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	39.3 PK	74.0	-34.7	1.41 H	217	35.8	3.5
2	4960.00	9.2 AV	54.0	-44.8	1.41 H	217	5.7	3.5
3	7440.00	43.5 PK	74.0	-30.5	1.37 H	202	33.4	10.1
4	7440.00	13.4 AV	54.0	-40.6	1.37 H	202	3.3	10.1
5	17975.35	58.9 PK	74.0	-15.1	1.37 H	202	34.5	24.4
6	17975.35	28.8 AV	54.0	-25.2	1.37 H	202	4.4	24.4

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on  $0.625 * 5$  per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1$  dB
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value +  $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

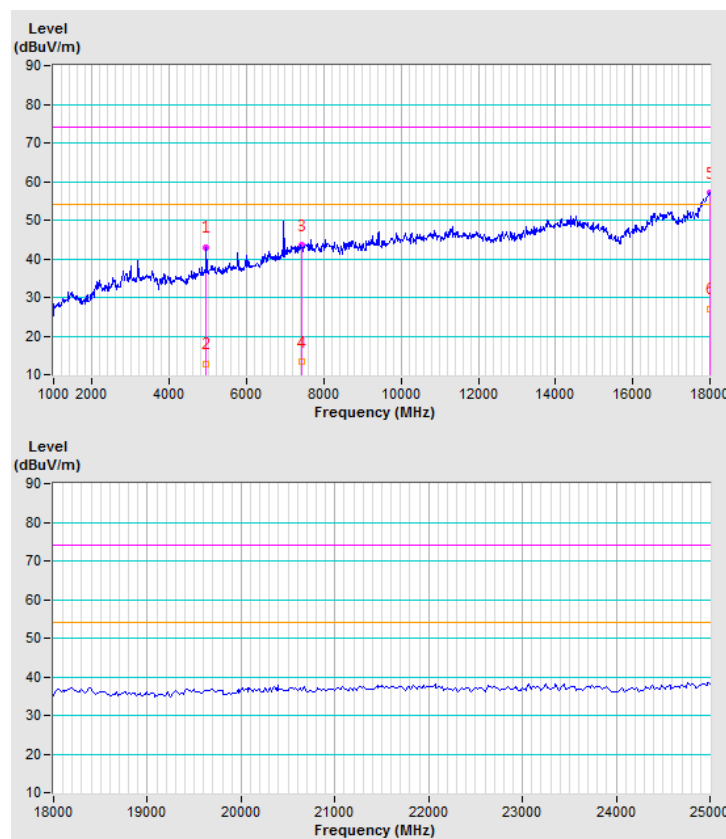


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 78	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Peak (PK)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	1GHz ~ 25GHz		Average (AV)

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	4960.00	42.8 PK	74.0	-31.2	2.93 V	360	39.3	3.5
2	4960.00	12.7 AV	54.0	-41.3	2.93 V	360	9.2	3.5
3	7440.00	43.4 PK	74.0	-30.6	2.97 V	360	33.3	10.1
4	7440.00	13.3 AV	54.0	-40.7	2.97 V	360	3.2	10.1
5	17993.62	57.0 PK	74.0	-17.0	2.97 V	360	32.3	24.7
6	17993.62	26.9 AV	54.0	-27.1	2.97 V	360	2.2	24.7

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
5. The DH5 packet was the worse case duty cycle for a transmit dwell time on a channel, based upon bluetooth theory the transmitter is on 0.625 \* 5 per 296.25 ms per channel. Therefore, the duty cycle correlation factor be equal to:  $20\log(3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle)



Below 1GHz Data:

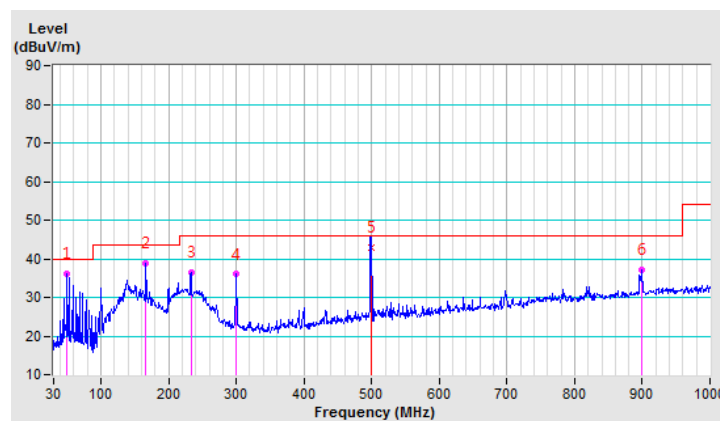
BT\_GFSK

CHANNEL	TX Channel 39	DETECTOR FUNCTION	Quasi-Peak (QP)
FREQUENCY RANGE	9kHz ~ 1GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	49.40	36.2 QP	40.0	-3.8	3.00 H	100	44.2	-8.0
2	166.58	38.8 QP	43.5	-4.7	1.50 H	2	47.1	-8.3
3	233.22	36.5 QP	46.0	-9.5	1.50 H	360	46.9	-10.4
4	299.88	35.9 QP	46.0	-10.1	1.00 H	360	43.5	-7.6
5	499.84	42.9 QP	46.0	-3.1	1.00 H	245	45.7	-2.8
6	899.75	37.1 QP	46.0	-8.9	1.50 H	108	33.2	3.9

**REMARKS:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value

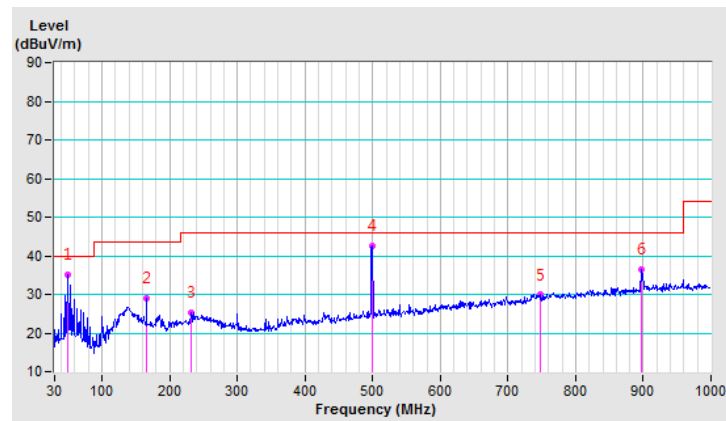


<b>CHANNEL</b>	TX Channel 39	<b>DETECTOR FUNCTION</b>	Quasi-Peak (QP)
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>	9kHz ~ 1GHz		

ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M								
NO.	FREQ. (MHz)	EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m)	LIMIT (dBuV/m)	MARGIN (dB)	ANTENNA HEIGHT (m)	TABLE ANGLE (Degree)	RAW VALUE (dBuV)	CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m)
1	49.40	35.3 QP	40.0	-4.7	1.00 V	360	43.3	-8.0
2	166.02	29.1 QP	43.5	-14.4	1.50 V	76	37.4	-8.3
3	232.39	25.4 QP	46.0	-20.6	1.50 V	115	35.9	-10.5
4	499.82	42.5 QP	46.0	-3.5	2.00 V	38	45.3	-2.8
5	747.41	29.9 QP	46.0	-16.1	1.00 V	313	27.8	2.1
6	896.21	36.6 QP	46.0	-9.4	1.50 V	60	32.8	3.8

#### REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value

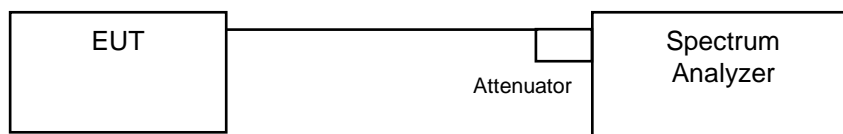


## 4.2 Maximum Output Power

### 4.2.1 Limits of Maximum Output Power Measurement

The Maximum Output Power Measurement is 125mW.

### 4.2.2 Test Setup



### 4.2.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

### 4.2.4 Test Procedure

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- The center frequency of the spectrum analyzer is set to the fundamental frequency and using 3MHz RBW and 10 MHz VBW.
- Measure the captured power within the band and recording the plot.
- Repeat above procedures until all frequencies required were complete.

### 4.2.5 Deviation from Test Standard

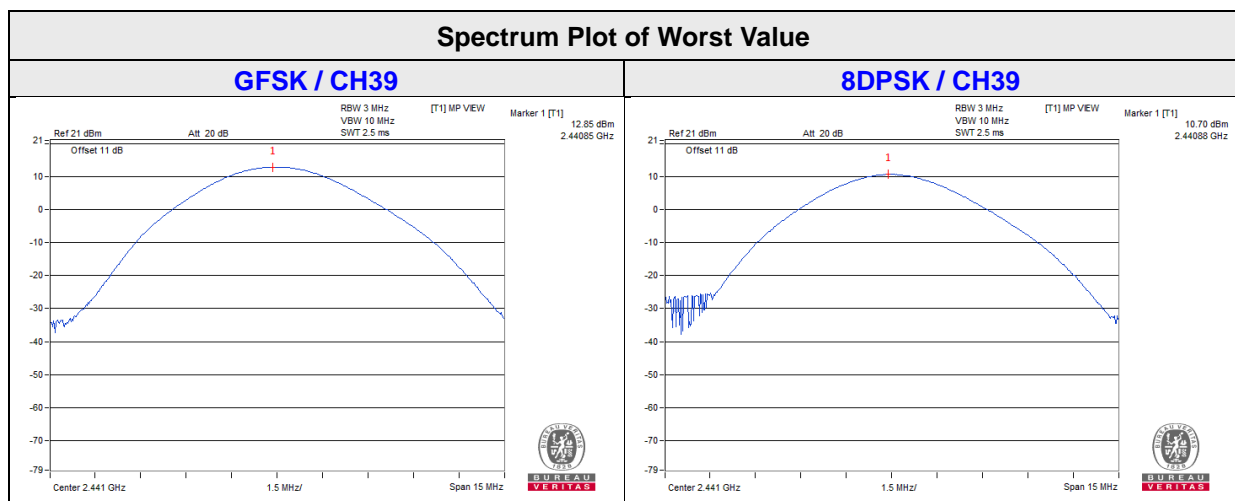
No deviation.

### 4.2.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

#### 4.2.7 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Output Power (mW)		Output Power (dBm)		Power Limit (mW)	Pass / Fail
		GFSK	8DPSK	GFSK	8DPSK		
0	2402	18.664	11.722	12.71	10.69	125	Pass
39	2441	19.275	11.749	12.85	10.70	125	Pass
78	2480	18.113	11.194	12.58	10.49	125	Pass



## 5 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

## Appendix – Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

**Linkou EMC/RF Lab**

Tel: 886-2-26052180

Fax: 886-2-26051924

**Hsin Chu EMC/RF/Telecom Lab**

Tel: 886-3-6668565

Fax: 886-3-6668323

**Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety Lab**

Tel: 886-3-3183232

Fax: 886-3-3270892

**Email:** [service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com](mailto:service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com)

**Web Site:** [www.bureauveritas-adt.com](http://www.bureauveritas-adt.com)

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

--- END ---