


**SK TECH CO., LTD.**

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## FCC-Certificate of Compliance

<b>Test Report No.:</b>	SKTFCE-060204-013		
<b>NVLAP CODE :</b>	200220-0		
<b>Applicant:</b>	softDSP Co., Ltd.		
<b>Applicant Address:</b>	Jungil Bldg 203, 552-1 Sungnae-dong, Kangdong-ku, Seoul, Korea		
<b>Manufacturer :</b>	softDSP Co., Ltd.		
<b>Manufacturer Address:</b>	Jungil Bldg 203, 552-1 Sungnae-dong, Kangdong-ku, Seoul, Korea		
<b>Product:</b>	Dynamic Signal Analyzer		
<b>FCC ID:</b>	PO6SDU2040	<b>Model No.:</b>	SDU 2040
<b>Receipt No.:</b>	SKTEU05-0787	<b>Date of receipt:</b>	Dec. 22, 2005
<b>Date of Issue:</b>	Feb. 04, 2006		
<b>Testing location:</b>	SK TECH CO., LTD. 820-2, Wolmoon-Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea		
<b>Test Standards:</b>	ANSI C63.4 / 2003		
<b>Rule Parts:</b>	FCC part 15 Subpart B		
<b>Equipment Class :</b>	Class B Digital Device Peripheral		
<b>Test Result:</b>	The above mentioned product has been tested and passed.		

Prepared by: S.Y.Ye

Tested by: S.Y.Yoon/Engineer

Approved by: D.H.Kang  
/Manager & Chief Engineer

Signature	Date	Signature	Date	Signature	Date
Other Aspects :					
Abbreviations :	· OK, Pass = passed · Fail = failed · N/A = not applicable				

- This test report is not permitted to copy partly without our permission.
- This test result is dependent on only equipment to be used.
- This test result is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above mentioned.
- This test report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S Government.
- We certify that this test report has been based on the measurement standards that is traceable to the national or International standards.

NVLAP Lab. Code: 200220-0


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## 1. General

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures as indicated in this report.

We attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by SK Tech Co., Ltd. and were made under Chief Engineer's supervision.

We assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

## 2. Test Site

SK TECH Co., Ltd.

### 2.1 Location

820-2, Wolmoon Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea

The test site is in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 for general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

This laboratory is accredited by NVLAP for NVLAP Lab. Code : 200220-0 and DATech for DAR-Registration No.:DAT-P-076/97-01



## 2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

**Table 1 : List of Test and Measurement Equipment**

- **Conducted Disturbance**

Kind of Equipment	Type	S/N	Calibrated until
EMI Receiver	ESHS10	835871/002	09.2006
Artificial Mains Network	ESH3-Z5	836679/018	08.2006

- **Radiated Disturbance**

Kind of Equipment	Type	S/N	Calibrated until
EMI Receiver	ESIB40	100277	11.2006
Spectrum Analyzer	R3361A	11730187	09.2006
Amplifier	8447F	3113A05153	08.2006
Log Periodic Antenna	UHALP9107	1819	11.2006
Biconical Antenna	BBA9106	91031626	11.2006
Antenna Turntable Driver	5907	91X518	N/A
Antenna Turntable controller	5906	91X519	N/A

## 2.3 Test Date

Date of Application : Dec. 22, 2005

Date of Test : Jan. 20, 2006 ~ Jan. 24, 2006

## 2.4 Test Environment

See each test item's description.



### 3. Description of the tested samples

The EUT is a Dynamic Signal Analyzer.

The USB cable from the EUT branches into two.

One is for both Data transformation and power supply, the other is for only power supply.

#### 3.1 Rating and Physical Characteristics

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	
<b>General specification</b>		
<b>Environment</b>	Operating	0°C~50°C, 10% ~ 80% RH.
	Input Power	USB Powered 5V DC
	Computer Communication	USB Interface
	Warm-up	20 minute
<b>Analog Specifications</b>		
Analog inputs	Channels	4 Channels
	Input Connector	BNC Connector
	Input Configuration	Unbalanced Differential
	Resolution	24Bit
	Over Voltage Protection	42Vpeak
	Offset Voltage	±3mV
	Bandwidth	50kHz
	Type of ADC	Delta Sigma
	Sampling Rate	Max 216KS/sec
	AC Cutoff Frequency	3.5Hz
	Input Impedance	1MΩ
	Input Coupling	AC/DC Coupling
	Input Range	Max ±10V
<b>Low-Pass Filter</b>		
	Pass Band	10S/sec ~ 4KS/sec 8KS/sec ~ 216KS/sec


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	Stop Band	10S/sec ~ 4KS/sec 8KS/sec ~ 216KS/sec
<b>Alias Rejection</b>		
	Amplitude Accuracy	(Fin < Fc/2)
	Total Harmonic Distortion	
	ICP Bias Current	4mA
<b>Analog outputs</b>		
	Channel	2 Channels
	Signal Connection	BNC Connector
	Frequency Range	
	Amplitude Setting	Max $\pm 10$ Vpp
	Output Impedance	50 $\Omega$
	Waveform Mode	SINE, SQUA, TRIA, RAMP, DC
<b>Counter</b>		
	Channels	1 Channel
	Connector	BNC Connector
	Input Level	TTL Compatible
<b>External Trigger</b>		
	Channels	1 Channel
	Connector	BNC Connector
	Input Level	TTL Compatible

## 3.2 Submitted Documents

N/A



## 4. Measurement Conditions

The EUT was supplied power via USB cable from PC.

### 4.1 Modes of Operation

The EUT analyzed the signal generated by itself.

This image was displayed on the LCD Monitor

### 4.2 List of Peripherals

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Keyboard(PS2)	Jing Mold Enterprise Co., Ltd	LKB-0107	20103814
Printer (Parallel)	EPSON PRECISION (PHILIPPINES),INC.	EPSON STYLUS PHOTO 830	ELTK014637
Mouse(USB)	LG	LMULBGS01I	04CU000259
LCD Monitor	LG	1510TFT Rev B	304KG04862
Personal Computer	SAMSUNG	DM-P40	Z39699AXC00334V



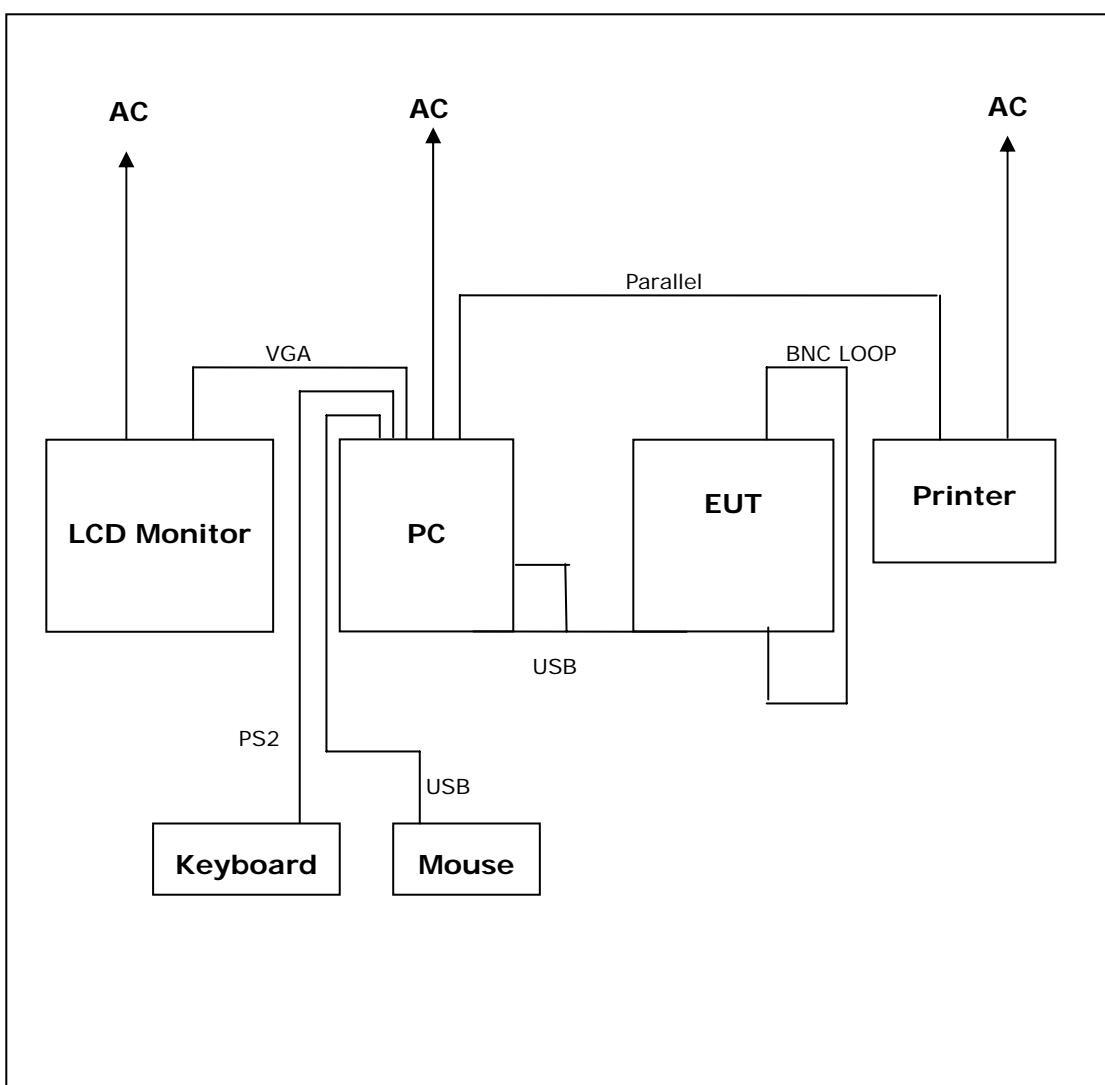
### 4.3 Type of Used Cables

Equipment	Manufacturer	M/N	S/N	Cables &connectors
PC(For EUT) PC(For Mouse) PC(For Keyboard) PC(For LCD Monitor) PC(For Printer)	SAMSUNG	DM-P40	Z39699AXC0 0334V	1.2m USB cable unshielded 1.5m USB cable unshielded 1.2m PS/2 cable unshielded 1.5m VGA cable shielded 2.0m Parallel cable shielded
PC	SAMSUNG	DM-P40	Z39699AXC0 0334V	1.5m Power cable unshielded
LCD Monitor	LG	1510TFT Rev B	304KG04862	1,5m Power cable unshielded
Printer	EPSON PRECISION (PHILIPPINES), INC.	EPSON STYLUS PHOTO 830	ELTK014637	1.5m Power cable unshielded



## 4.4 Test Setup

The test setup photographs showed the external supply connections and interfaces.



[ System Block Diagram of Test Configuration ]



## 4.5 Uncertainty

### 1) Radiated disturbance

- Radiated disturbances from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz at a distance of 3m and 10 m

Input quantity	Xi	Probability distribution function
Receiver reading	Vr	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Attenuation: antenna-receiver	Lc	k=1
Amplifier Error	Ae	k=2
antenna factor	Lac	k=2
<b>Receiver corrections:</b>		
Sine wave voltage	dVsw	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Pulse amplitude response	dVpa	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Pulse repetition rate response	dVpr	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Mismatch: antenna-receiver	dM	k=1
<b>Antenna corrections:</b>		
AF frequency interpolation	dAFF	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
AF height deviations	dAFh	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Directivity difference	dAdir	3 m: Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$ , 10 m: Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Phase centre location	dAph	3 m: Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$ , 10 m: Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Cross-polarisation	dAcp	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Balance	dAbal	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
<b>Site corrections:</b>		
Site imperfections	dSA	Rectangular $\sqrt{6}$
Separation distance	dd	3 m: Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$ , 10 m: Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Table height	dh	3 m: k=2, 10 m: k=2
Expanded Uncertainty		4.60(Vertical)/4.59(Horizontal) k=2 (Level of confidence)

Expanded Uncertainty

$$U = k * U_c(x_i) = 2 * 2.3 = 4.60 \text{dB}$$

The coverage factor k =2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence.

### 2) Conducted disturbance

- Conducted disturbance from 150 KHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω/50 uH AMN

Input quantity	Xi	Probability distribution function
Receiver reading	Vr	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Attenuation: AMN-receiver	Lc	k=1
AMN voltage division factor	Lamn	k=2
<b>Receiver corrections:</b>		
Sine wave voltage	dVsw	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Pulse amplitude response	dVpa	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Pulse repetition rate response	dVpr	Rectangular $\sqrt{3}$
Mismatch: AMN-receiver	dM	U-shape $\sqrt{2}$
AMN impedance	dZ	Triangular $\sqrt{6}$
Expanded Uncertainty		3.99 k=2 (Level of confidence)

Expanded uncertainty

$$U = k * U_c(x_i) = 2 * 1.96 = 3.92 \text{dB}$$

The coverage factor k =2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence.



## 5. EMISSION Test

### 5.1 Conducted Emissions

**Result:****PASS**

The line-conducted facility is located inside a 2.6M x 3.6M x 7.0M shielded enclosure.

The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285 or NSA 604-05.

A 1 m x 1.5 m wooden table 80 cm high is placed 40 cm. away from the vertical wall and 1.5 m away from the side wall of the shielded room. ROHDE & SCHWARZ Model ESH3-Z5 (10 kHz-30 MHz) 50 ohm/50 uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks(LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room.

The EUT is powered from the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN and the support equipment is powered from the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN. Power to the LISNs are filtered by a high-current high-insertion loss Lindgren enclosures power line filters (100dB 14 kHz-10 GHz).

The purpose of the filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

All electrical cables are shielded by braided tinned copper zipper tubing with inner diameter of 1/2".

If the EUT is a DC-powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply lines will be connected to the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN.

All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) to a 1-meter length.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME from the EUT.

The spectrum was scanned from 150 kHz to 30 MHz with 100msec. sweep time.

The frequency producing the maximum level was reexamined using EMI/field Intensity Meter (ESHS 10) and Quasi-Peak adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode.

The bandwidth of the receiver was set to 10 kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission.

Each emission was maximized by: switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; if applicable; whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of conducted test.

Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



Figure 1: Test Data, Conducted Disturbance

## &lt;Quasi-Peak&gt;

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Line	C/F (dB)	C/L (dB)	Actual (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.150	51.73	N	0.12	0.01	51.86	66.00	14.14
0.435	41.43	L	0.13	0.04	41.60	57.16	15.56
0.440	46.91	N	0.12	0.04	47.07	57.06	9.99
0.655	38.98	L	0.14	0.05	39.17	56.00	16.83
0.660	42.03	N	0.12	0.05	42.20	56.00	13.80
1.160	42.12	N	0.14	0.07	42.33	56.00	13.67

## &lt;Average&gt;

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Line	C/F (dB)	C/L (dB)	Actual (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.440	32.25	N	0.12	0.04	32.41	47.06	14.65

## ► NOTE

- \* C/F = Correction Factor
- \* C/L = Cable Loss
- \* LINE : L = Line-PE, N = Neutral-PE
- \* Margin Calculation  

$$\text{Margin(Q.P)} = \text{Limit} - \text{Actual}$$

$$[\text{Actual(Q.P)} = \text{Reading(Q.P)} + \text{C/F} + \text{C/L}]$$

\* Supplementing the conduction graphs to next 2 pages

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**Figure 2 : Spectral Diagram, LINE – PE**

24 Jan 2006 14:41

**CONDUCTED DISTURBANCE**

EUT: SDU 2040

Manuf:

Op Cond:

Operator:

Test Spec:

Comment: LINE-PE

Result File: 2040\_L.dat : New Measurement

## Scan Settings

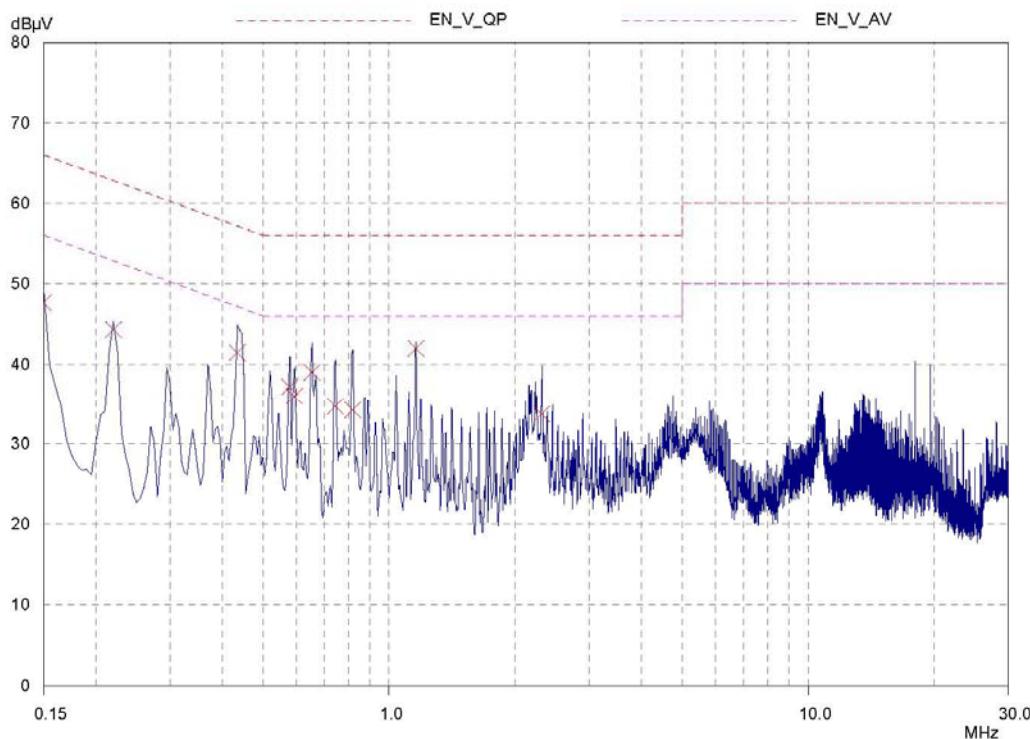
## (1 Range)

## Frequencies

Start	Stop	Step	IF BW	Detector	M-Time	Atten	Preamp	OpRge
150kHz	30MHz	5kHz	10kHz	PK	100msec	Auto	OFF	60dB

## Final Measurement:

Detector:	X QP
Meas Time:	1sec
Peaks:	8
Acc Margin:	35 dB



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**Figure 3 : Spectral Diagram, NEUTRAL – PE**

24 Jan 2006 15:05

**CONDUCTED DISTURBANCE**

EUT: SDU 2040

Manuf:

Op Cond:

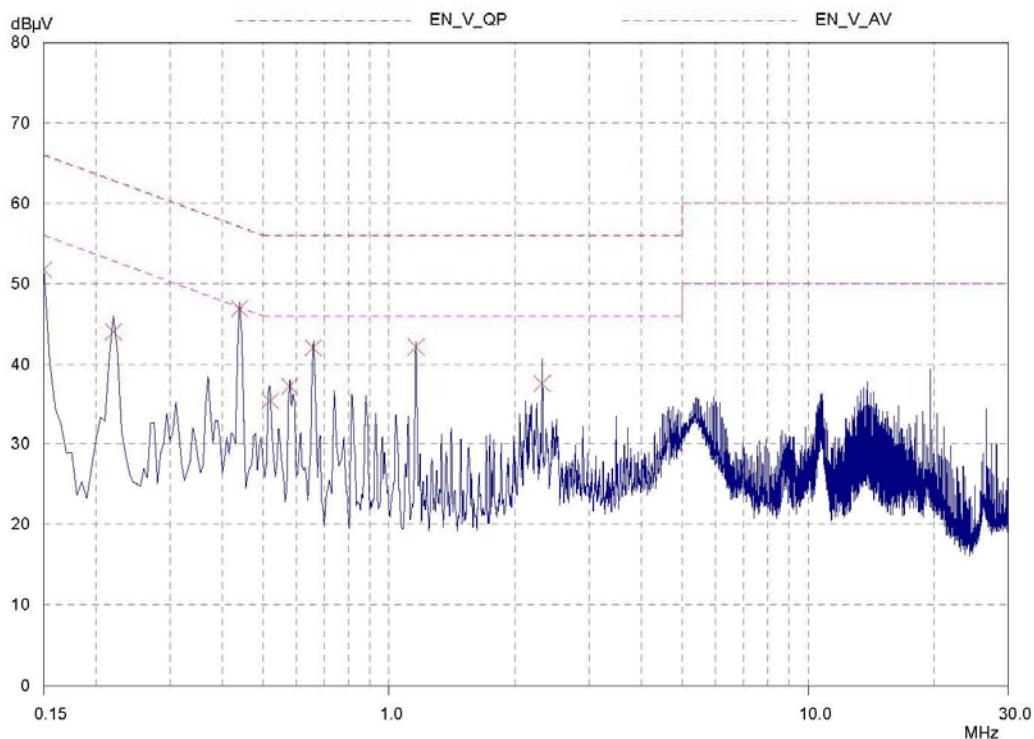
Operator:

Test Spec:

Comment: NEUTRAL-PE

Result File: 2040\_N.dat : New Measurement

Scan Settings	(1 Range)				Receiver Settings				
	Start	Stop	Step	IF BW	Detector	M-Time	Atten	Preamp	OpRge
	Start 150kHz	Stop 30MHz	Step 5kHz	IF BW 10kHz	Detector PK	M-Time 100msec	Atten Auto	Preamp OFF	OpRge 60dB
Final Measurement:		Detector: X QP							
		Meas Time: 1sec							
		Peaks: 8							
		Acc Margin: 35 dB							





## 5.2 Radiated Emissions

**Result :****PASS**

Preliminary measurements were made indoors at 3 meter using broadband antennas, broadband amplifier, and spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME.

Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all EME from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, turntable azimuth with respect to the antenna were noted for each frequency found.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 300 MHz using biconical antenna and from 300 to 1000 MHz using log-periodic antenna. Above 1 GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used.

Final measurements were made outdoors at 3-meter test range using SCHWARZBECK dipole antennas. The test equipment was placed on a wooden table situated on a 4x4 meter area adjacent to the measurement area. Turntable was to protect from weather in the dome that made with FRP. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was re-examined and investigated using EMI/Field Intensity Meter(ESVS 10) and Quasi-Peak Adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the receiver was set to 100 kHz or 1 MHz depending on the frequency or type of signal.

The half-wave dipole antenna was tuned to the frequency found during preliminary radiated measurements. The EUT, support equipment and interconnecting cables were re-configured to the set-up producing the maximum emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8-meter high non-metallic 1 x 1.5 meter table.

The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were re-arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by: varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed, and/or support equipment, if applicable; and changing the polarity of the antenna, whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of radiated emission test.

Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.

**Table 2 : Test Data, Radiated Emissions**

Frequency [MHz]	Pol.	Height [m]	Real Reading	Correction Factor		T-Fact [dB]	Data [dBuV/m]	Limits [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]
				Antenna	Cable				
129.48	H	4.0	7.3	13.8	1.2	15.0	22.3	30.0	7.7
217.90	H	1.4	4.5	16.9	1.4	18.3	22.8	30.0	7.2
229.77	H	2.0	3.1	17.2	1.3	18.5	21.6	30.0	8.4
261.97	V	2.9	7.0	17.8	1.4	19.2	26.2	37.0	10.8
299.74	V	3.7	10.1	16.4	1.6	18.0	28.1	37.0	8.9
601.52	H	4.0	4.7	21.0	2.2	23.2	27.9	37.0	9.1

Table. Radiated Measurements at 10-meters

**NOTES:**

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emission are reported.
2. All other emission are non-significant.
3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
4. Measurements using CISPR Quasi-peak mode.
5. H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization
6. Data = Real Reading + T - Factor(Antenna+Cable)
7. Margin = Limits - Data