



**JABIL Technology Services**

**Regulatory Laboratory**

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**47 C.F.R. Part 15 FCC Rules**  
**Digital Circuitry Radiated Emissions Test and Supplementary**  
**§15.203 and §15.247 Test Results**

**Zhone Technologies**  
**SkyZhone-1624 Dual Radio WiFi Access Point**

Equipment:	<b>SKYZHONE-1624, Wi-Fi Access Point</b>
Client:	<b>Zhone Technologies</b>
Address:	<b>8545 126<sup>th</sup> Avenue North Largo, FL 33773 USA</b>

**Test Report Number: FCCIR-ZHONE-09-19-07**

Date: September 26, 2007

Total Number of Pages: 34



NVLAP LAP Code: 200125-0

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## 1 IDENTIFICATION SUMMARY

### 1.1 Test Report

Test Report Number: FCCIR-ZHONE-09-19-07  
Test Report Date: September 26, 2007

Report written and approved by:

September 26, 2007 Peter J. Walsh, NCE



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Date	Name	Signature
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Reviewed by:

September 26, 2007 Dominick Bitume



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Date	Name	Signature
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### 1.2 Testing Laboratory

Jabil Circuit  
JTS Regulatory & Safety Lab  
10800 Roosevelt Boulevard  
St. Petersburg FL 33716  
USA

Telephone: (727) 803-5953  
Internet: [www.jabil.com](http://www.jabil.com)  
Email: [Peter\\_Walsh@jabil.com](mailto:Peter_Walsh@jabil.com)

### 1.3 Limits and Reservations

The test results in this report apply only to the particular Device Under Test (DUT) and component Implementations Under Test (IUTs) declared in this test report. The results and associated conclusions apply only to the DUT while operating in the configuration and modes described herein. The test data contained herein is intended to be used by a TCB for the purpose of achieving FCC Part 15 and Industry Canada RSS-210e certification of the DUT.

This test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written permission of Jabil Circuit or its assigns.

Jabil Circuit owns the copyright in respect of this report.

The test report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

#### 1.4 Client Information

Name: Zhone Technologies  
Street: 8545 126<sup>th</sup> Avenue North  
City: Largo  
State: Florida  
Country: USA  
Phone: (727) 530-2000  
Contact Person: Chuck Coston  
Phone: (727) 530-8326  
Email: [ccoston@zhone.com](mailto:ccoston@zhone.com)

#### 1.5 Dates

Date of commission: November 1, 2006  
Date of receipt of DUT: September 18, 2007  
Date of test completion: September 19, 2007

#### 1.6 Device Under Test (DUT)

Name: SKYZHONE-1624, Dual Radio Wi-Fi Access Point  
Version: 4 Port SHDSL STU-R with 4.9 GHz Public Safety Band Radio and 2.4 GHz 801.11 b/g Radio  
Serial Number: None (Engineering Prototype)  
FCC ID Number: PJZSZ1624  
Industry Canada ID: 3691A-SZ1624

4.9 GHz Modulation Type: OFDM  
4.9 GHz Modulation Designation: 20M0D7W  
4.9 GHz Operating Band: 4940 – 4990 MHz  
4.9 GHz Rated Peak Transmit Power: 1.4 watts  
Number of Channels: 2  
4.9 GHz Frequency Stability:  $\pm$  20 ppm  
4.9 GHz Antenna Configuration: 2x2 MIMO  
4.9 GHz Antenna Gain: 5.3 dBi

2.4 GHz Modulation Types: CCK, OFDM, DBPSK/DQPSK+DSSS as per IEEE 802.11b/g  
2.4 GHz Operating Band: 2400 – 2483.5 MHz  
2.4 GHz Rated Peak Transmit Power: 0.364 watts  
Number of Channels: 11  
2.4 GHz Antenna Configuration: 2x3 MIMO  
2.4 GHz Antenna Gain: 5.0 dBi

## 2 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1 Product Description

The SkyZone-1624 access point is a dual radio, line-powered carrier class outdoor Wi-Fi access point with 22 Mbps symmetric DSL backhaul to every unit. The SkyZone-1624 supports a variety of applications including VoIP, internet access, mobile video, and enterprise VPNs optimized for citywide Wi-Fi deployments by telephone companies. SkyZone-1624 enables telephone companies to deploy a more reliable, lower latency, higher speed and lower cost network than traditional mesh Wi-Fi solutions. For 802.11b/g operation, the unit includes three 5 dBi antennas configured in a 2X3 fashion, Comet Part Number CFA-245W. Antennas with lower gain may also be used. For operation in the 4940 – 4990 MHz Public Safety Radio band, the product uses two 5.3 dBi antennas, Comet Part Number SF-D49N W-SR. Antennas with lower gain may also be used. The antennas are configured in a 2X2 MIMO fashion with power split between the two antennas.

The SkyZone-1624 combines the functionality of two previously certified single radio versions, the SkyZone-1224 and SkyZone-1424. These have been certified under FCC ID Numbers: PJZSZ1224 and PJZSZ1424 respectively.

### 2.2 Interface Cable Details

Interface cables used in the system are as follows:

Qty	Length	Cable Description
1	30'	Shielded CAT5 4 twisted pairs SHDSL cable
1	30'	Shielded CAT5 4 twisted pairs Ethernet cable

### 2.3 Peripheral Devices

The following test support devices were used in the test set-up.

Qty	Description	Manufacturer/Model	Serial Number
1	PC	Gateway GP6-400	0014300762

### 2.4 Test Methodology

A radiated emission testing was performed according to ANSI C63.4-2003, the procedure referenced by Part 15, FCC Rules. Radiated emissions tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters. The measurement of digital transmission systems operating under Section 15.247 was performed in accordance with KDB Publication Number 558074 issued by the FCC's OET.

## 2.5 Test Facility

The 3-meter semi-anechoic test chamber and measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data is located at 8545 126th Avenue N., Largo FL 33773. This laboratory is NVLAP Accredited (NVLAP Lab Code 200125-0). The site has also been registered with Industry Canada, 2146A-1.

## 2.6 Deviations

No deviations were exercised during the course of the testing.

### 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1 Justification

The scope of this test was limited to radiated emissions as all other technical requirements were tested and judged compliant as part of the certification efforts for the SkyZone-1224 and SkyZone-1424 single radio models. The two radios are completely independent and do not affect each other's conformance with Part 15 and Part 90, FCC Rules. This test report addresses the possible concern that the two radios operating simultaneously could affect radiated emissions.

The DUT was tested using specialized test modes used to stress the DUT maximizing its emissions.

One test mode enabled the DUT to output its maximum power spectral density and bandwidth on each of its 4 SHDSL lines without the need for companion STU-C equipment. These lines were terminated in a  $135\ \Omega$  differential resistive load with lines 1 and 2 fed by the requisite dc line power. The SHDSL cable was routed down to the center of the turn table and beneath the ground plane on out to a dc supply source located outside the test chamber.

The Power over Ethernet (POE) cable was also routed down to the center of the turn table beneath the ground plane. Its 10/100 Base-T pairs were connected to a host PC located outside the test chamber. The PC was conditioned to ping the IP address of the DUT continuously. The cable's 48 V and return pair was terminated in a resistive load providing the rated load of 5 watts.

The other test modes allowed the radios to transmit in both bands at their maximum duty cycle and allowed the 802.11 mode (b/g), line rate, channel, and power level to be set.

All measurements were performed with the DUT powered by a maximum line voltage of  $\pm 140$  VDC.

Although not required, the radiated emissions test for digital circuitry was performed with the radios on. Performing the test in this manner also confirmed that the radios did not cause excessive emissions levels in the restricted frequency bands below 1000 MHz.

The DUT has a console port used exclusively by service personnel for configuration. Since this is a temporary cable and not part of the user's installation, this cable was not connected for radiated emissions tests.

#### 3.2 Special Accessories

None

### 3.3 Equipment Modifications

No modifications were needed to achieve compliance.

Signature:



Date: September 19, 2007

Typed/Printed Name:

Peter J. Walsh

Position:

Regulatory Lab Manager

If modifications were needed to achieve compliance, the client shall acknowledge these by signing below.

Signature:

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Date: 

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Typed/Printed Name:

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Position:

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## 4 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA

Reference: 47 C.F.R. § 15.207 (a)

(a) *Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.*

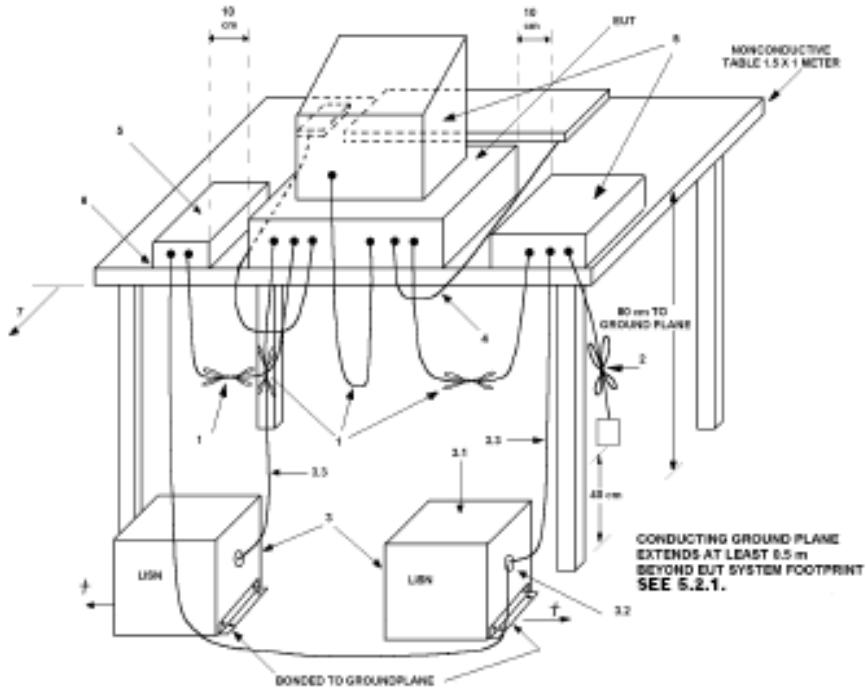
**Table 4-1**

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### 4.1 Test Procedure

The test is performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 § 7. The test setup is consistent with ANSI C63.4-2003 Figure 10a below. The test was performed in a semi-anechoic chamber. As such, the optional vertical conducting plane is not used.



##### LEGEND:

- 1) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the groundplane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long (see 6.1.4 and 11.2.4).
- 2) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m (see 6.1.4).
- 3) EUT connected to one LISN. Unused LISN measuring port connectors shall be terminated in 50 Ω. LISN can be placed on top of, or immediately beneath, reference groundplane (see 5.2.3 and 7.2.1).
  - 3.1) All other equipment powered from additional LISN(s).
  - 3.2) Multiple outlet strip can be used for multiple power cords of non-EUT equipment.
  - 3.3) LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.
- 4) Cables of hand-operated devices, such as keyboards, mice, etc., shall be placed as for normal use (See 6.2.1.3 and 11.2.4).
- 5) Non-EUT components of EUT system being tested (see also Figure 13).
- 6) Rear of EUT, including peripherals, shall all be aligned and flush with rear of tabletop (see 6.2.1.1 and 6.2.1.2).
- 7) Rear of tabletop shall be 40 cm removed from a vertical conducting plane that is bonded to the groundplane (see 5.2.2 for options).

Figure 10a—Test arrangement for conducted emissions

Conducted emissions measurements are first made using a peak detector and average detector simultaneously. The receiver then performs the final measurements using a quasi-peak detector for comparison with the quasi-peak limit and an average detector for comparison with the average limit.

#### 4.2 Measured Data

Compliance Verdict: None

As the DUT was not ac powered, the conducted emissions test was not applicable. The DUT is dc (span) powered from the SHDSL telephone lines.

#### 4.3 Conducted Emissions Test Instrumentation

Type	Manufacturer/ Model No.	Serial Number
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz ESCS 30	825788/002
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz ESH3-Z5	840730/005

**Calibration and Traceability:** All measuring and test equipment are calibrated every 12 months and are traceable to the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) and Methods.

#### 4.4 Conducted Emissions Photographs

No photos were taken as the test was not performed.

## 5 RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA

Reference: 47 C.F.R. § 15.209

*(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:*

**Table 5-1**

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (3 m) (microvolts/meter)	Field Strength (3 m) (dB $\mu$ V/m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F (kHz) @ 300 m	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F (kHz) @ 30 m	30
1.705 – 30.0	30 @ 30 m	30
30 - 88	100**	40.0
88 - 216	150**	43.5
216 - 960	200**	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

*\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.*

Reference: 47 C.F.R. § 15.205

(a) *Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:*

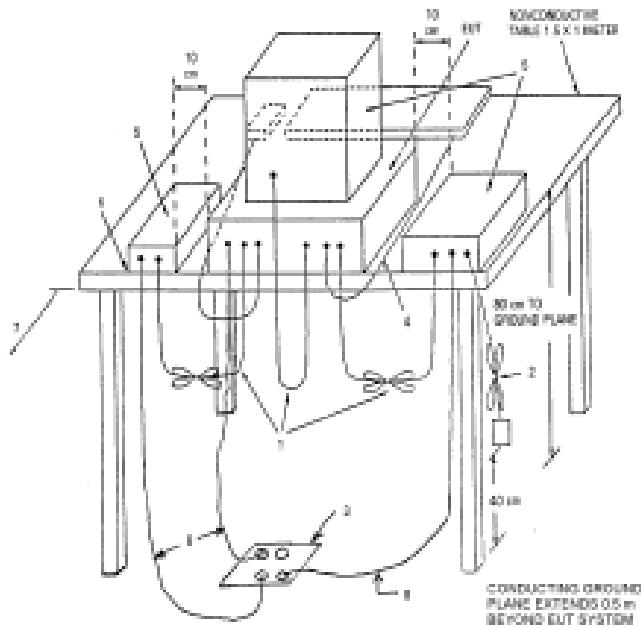
**Table 5-2**

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

(b) *Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.*

## 5.1 Test Procedure

The test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 § 8. The test setup was consistent with ANSI C63.4-2003 Figure 11a below. The test was performed in a semi-anechoic chamber.



### LEGEND:

- 1) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the groundplane shall be folded back and forth in the center, forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long (see 6.1.4 and 11.2.4).
- 2) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated if required using the correct terminating impedance. The total length shall not exceed 1 m (see 6.1.4).
- 3) If LISNs are kept in the test setup for radiated emissions, it is preferred that they be installed under the groundplane with the receptacle flush with the groundplane (see 6.1.4).
- 4) Cables of hand-operated devices, such as keyboards, mice, etc., shall be placed as for normal use (see 6.2.1.3 and 11.2.4).
- 5) Non-EUT components of EUT system being tested (see also Figure 13).
- 6) Rear of EUT, including peripherals, shall all be aligned and flush with rear of tabletop (see 6.2.1.1 and 6.2.1.2).
- 7) No vertical conducting plane used (see 5.2.2).
- 8) Power cords drape to the floor and are routed over to receptacle (see 6.1.4).

Figure 11a—Test arrangement for radiated emissions tabletop equipment

The following data lists the significant emission frequencies, amplitude levels (including cable correction and antenna factors), plus the limit. The frequency range investigated was 30 MHz to 1 GHz. The highest frequency to which the DUT must be measured for digital circuitry is 1 GHz as determined by the calculation of 5 times the highest frequency to which the DUT operates or tunes. The six highest emissions within 20 dB of the limit were recorded. Additional radiated emissions were performed from 1 to 15 GHz to examine the DUT's spurious emissions in the restricted bands.

## 5.2 Test Data

Compliance Verdict: PASS

Figure 5.2-1 below shows a composite graph of the radiated emissions levels from 30 to 1000 MHz measured with a peak detector in both vertical and horizontal antenna polarity at turntable angles of 0, 90, 180, and 270 degrees and an antenna height of 1, 2.5, and 4 meters. Rotating the turntable and adjusting the antenna elevation and polarity maximized the final quasi-peak measurements, denoted by the diamonds. In the 30 to 1000 MHz frequency range, the final measurement detector was quasi-peak; the measurement bandwidth was 120 kHz. Table 5.2-1 shows the six highest measured results within 20 dB of the limit for the 30 to 1000 MHz frequency range.

For measurements taken above 1 GHz, the final measurement detector was average; the measurement bandwidth was 1 MHz. Figures 5.2-2 through 5.2-6 show the maximum (peak hold) radiated emissions from 1 to 15 GHz. These plots include measurements at all turntable angles and an antenna height of 1, 2.5, and 4 meters showing the emissions relative to the restricted band limits. These measurements were made with the DUT transmitting in 802.11g mode (Channel 6) in the highest transmit power mode and the 4980 MHz channel also at the highest transmit power as limited by Part 90, FCC Rules. At frequencies above 2.49 GHz, a 2.4 to 2.5 GHz notch filter was used at the input of the preamplifier to prevent the preamplifier from being over driven. This improved measurement sensitivity.

Preliminary measurements showed that the 802.11b and 802.11g lowest data rates resulted in the highest peak power and slightly greater bandwidth relative to the higher data rates. For this reason, all measurements in this report were made with the DUT operating at its lowest data rate. Preliminary measurements were made in both 802.11b and 802.11g modes with the final data reported in 802.11g mode. Also, preliminary measurements were made using a peak detector in the restricted bands above 1 GHz however these emission levels were considerably below the peak limit.

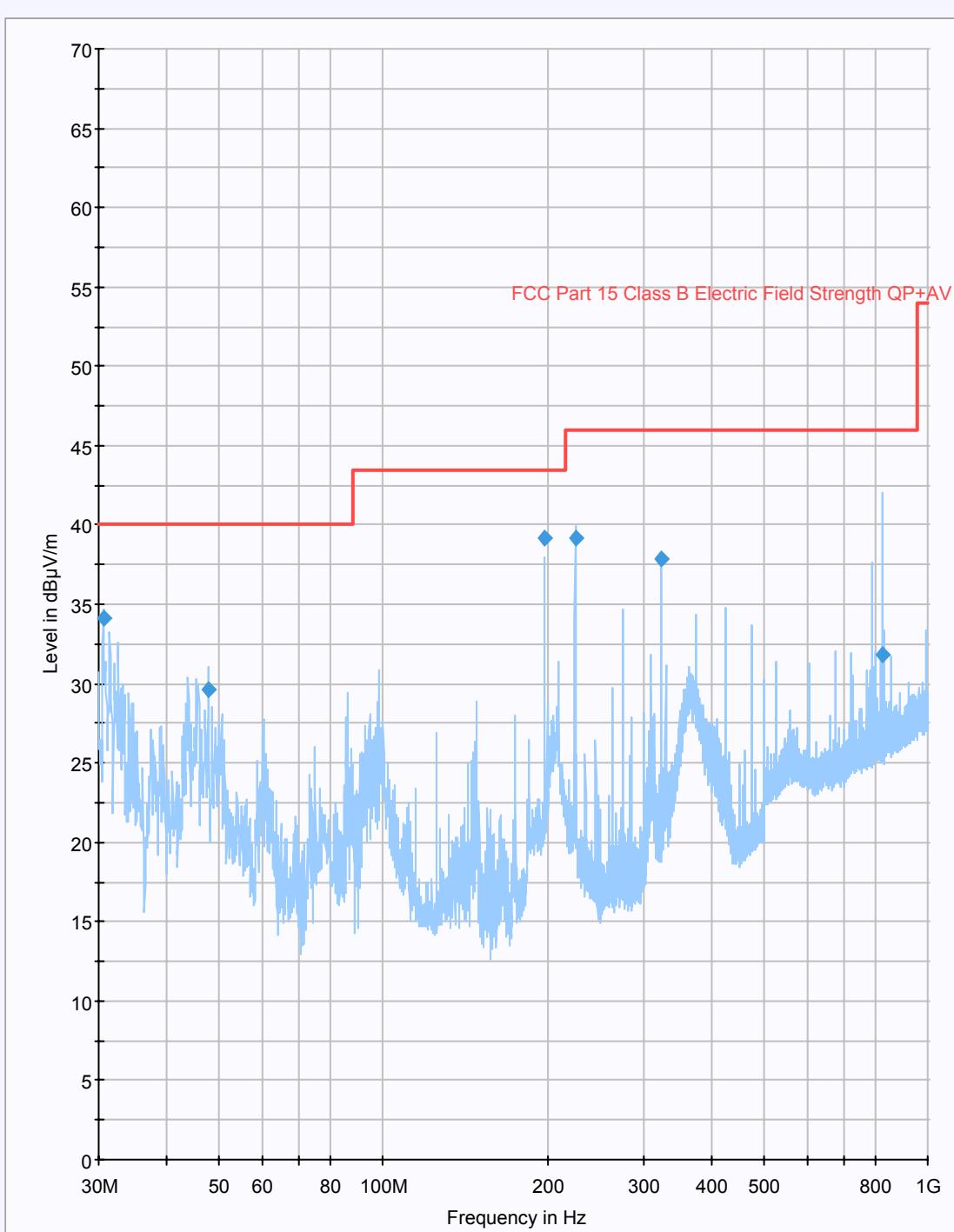


Figure 5.2-1 – FCC Class B Radiated Emissions Plot 30 to 1000 MHz

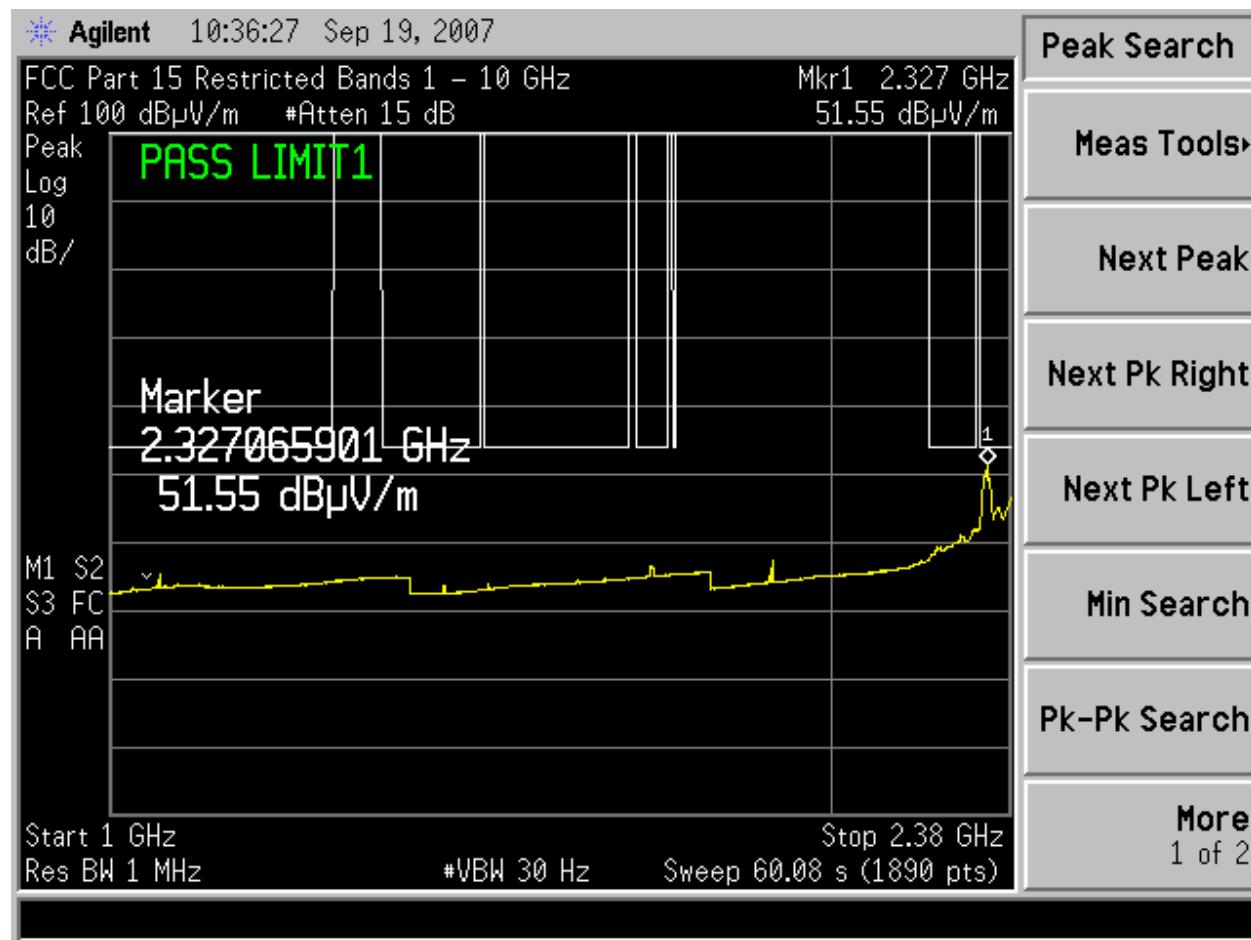


Figure 5.2-2 - FCC Class B Radiated Emissions Plot 1 – 2.38 GHz, Average Detector



Figure 5.2-3 - FCC Class B Radiated Emissions Plot 2.38 – 2.49 GHz, Average Detector

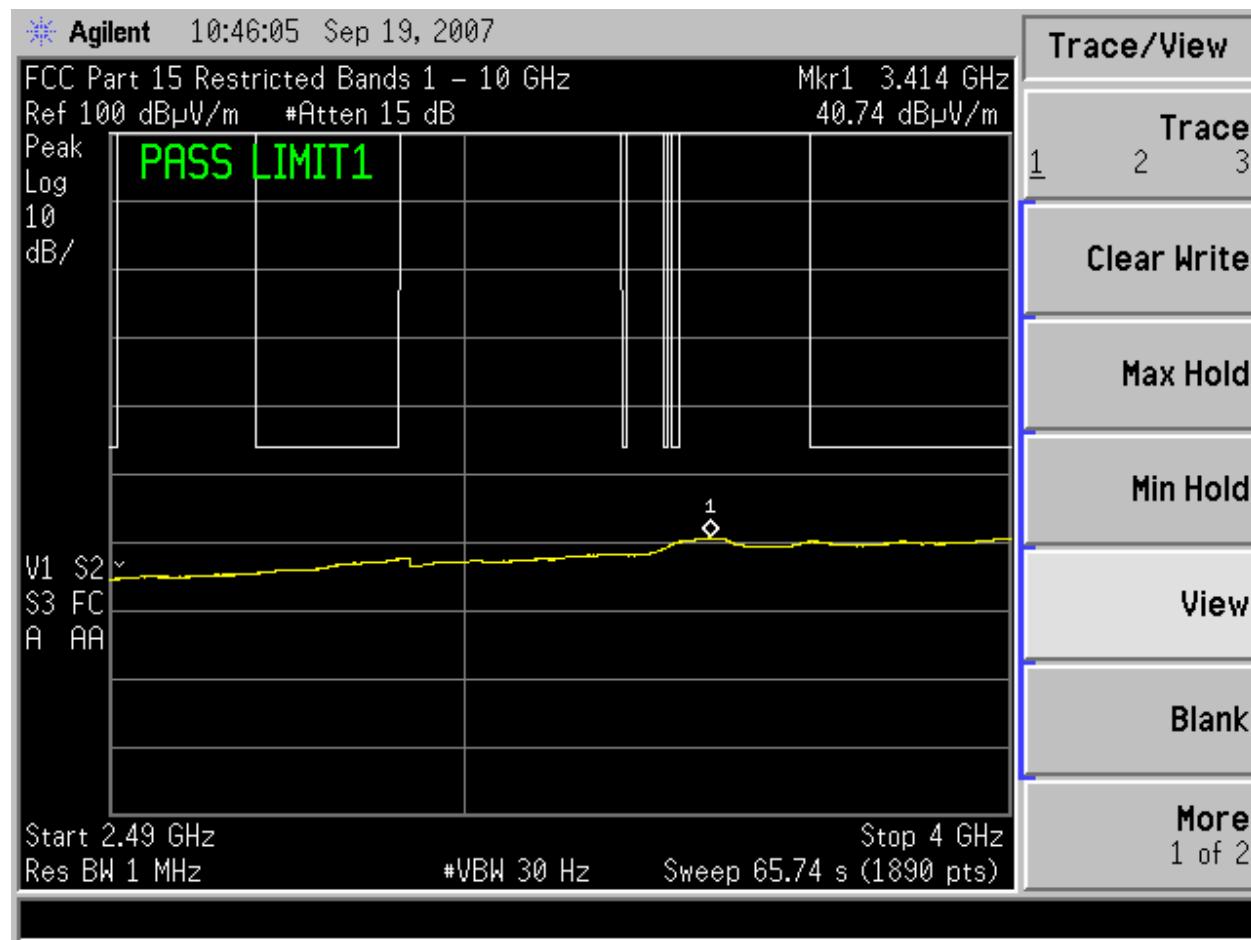


Figure 5.2-4 - FCC Class B Radiated Emissions Plot 2.49 – 4.0 GHz, Average Detector

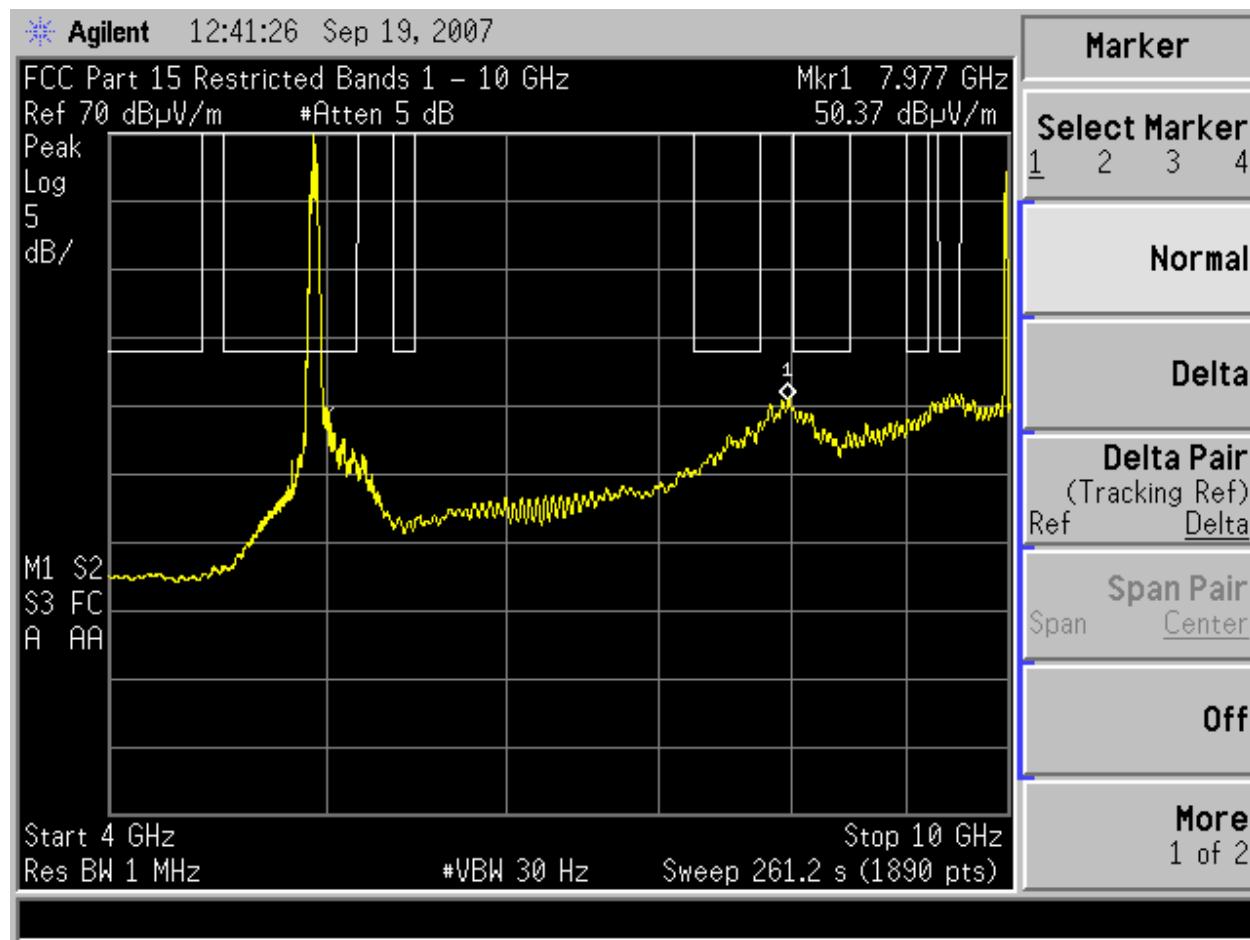


Figure 5.2-5 - FCC Class B Radiated Emissions Plot 4.0 – 10.0 GHz, Average Detector

Note that in the 4.5 to 5.15 GHz restricted band, the DUT's radiated emissions associated with its intentional transmission in the 4.940 to 4.990 GHz band are limited by Part 90, FCC Rules.

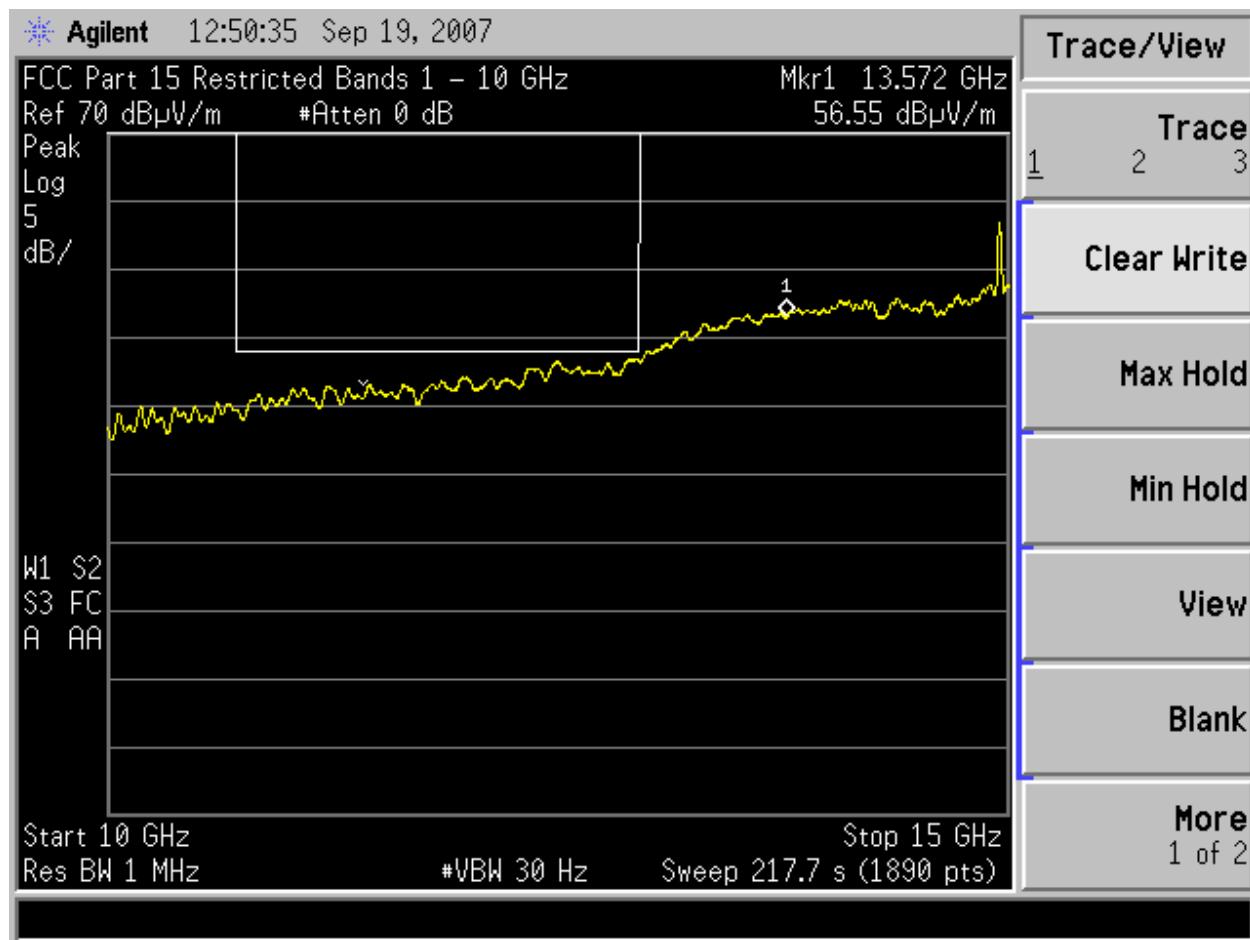


Figure 5.2-6 - FCC Class B Radiated Emissions Plot 10.0 – 15.0 GHz, Average Detector

Table 5.2-1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	CF* (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
30.660000	34.1	99.0	V	255.0	17.2	40.0	5.9
47.820000	29.6	100.0	V	255.0	8.3	40.0	10.4
198.000000	39.2	149.0	H	239.0	11.5	43.5	4.3
225.000000	39.2	99.0	H	0.0	12.1	46.0	6.8
325.020000	37.8	99.0	H	150.0	16.3	46.0	8.2
824.280000	31.8	409.0	H	178.0	23.9	46.0	14.2

\* CF is the antenna correction factor and cable loss.

**Minimum Margin:** 4.3 dB $\mu$ V/m

**Measurement Uncertainty:** +/- 4.26 dB

Test Personnel:

September 19, 2007

Peter J. Walsh, NCE



\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

### 5.3 Test Instrumentation Used, Radiated Measurement

Type	Manufacturer/ Model No.	Serial Number
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz ESCS 30	825788/002
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent E7405A	MY42000055
Preamplifier	Com-Power PA-122	181925
Notch Filter	Micro-tronics BRM50702-01	023
Antenna	Chase EMCCBL6112B	2579
Antenna	EMCO Horn Model 3115	9002-3393

**Calibration and Traceability:** All measuring and test equipment are calibrated every 12 months and are traceable to the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) and Methods.

### 5.4 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the antenna correction factor and cable loss and subtracting the amplifier gain (if any) from the measured reading.

The Rohde & Schwarz Model ESCS30 receiver and Agilent E7405A spectrum analyzer have the capability of automatically performing the field strength calculations. The amplitude level displayed on the receiver or analyzer represents the total measured field strength. This level is directly compared to the appropriate FCC limit to determine the actual margin of the DUT.

### 5.5 Radiated Emissions Photographs



**Photo 5.5-1 Radiated Emissions Test Set-up Front View**



**Photo 5.5-2 Radiated Emissions Test Set-up Rear View**

## 6 LABELING AND USER'S GUIDE REQUIREMENTS

### 6.1 FCC Label Statement

The FCC compliance label shall include the following information:

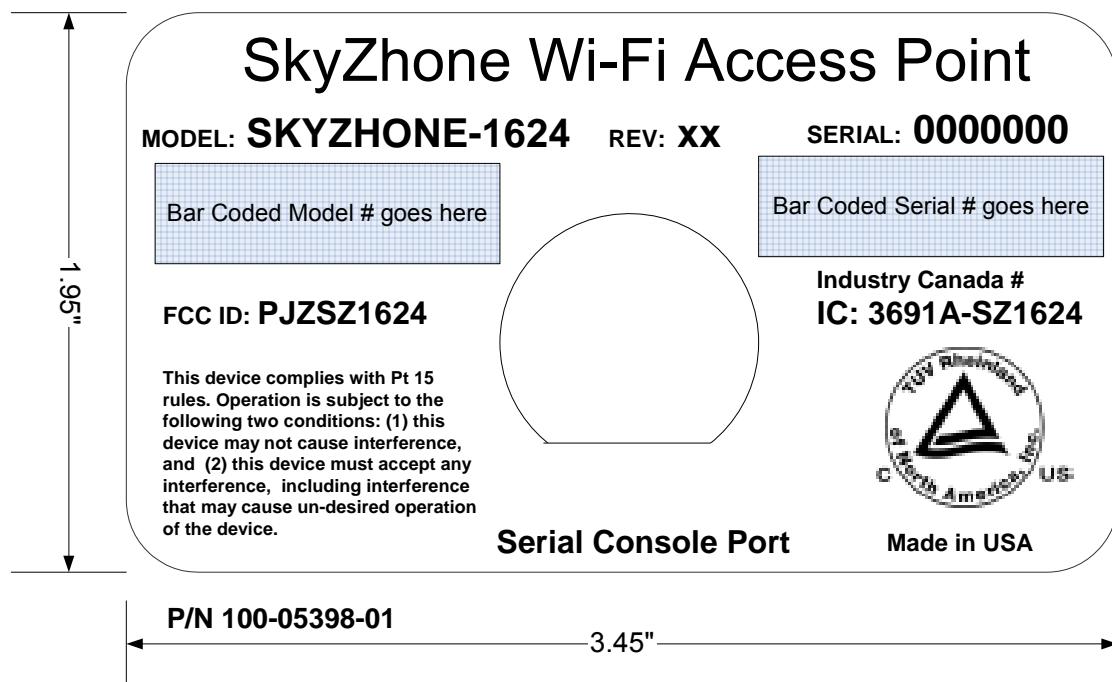
*This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

*The FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.*

*The FCC id number will be: PJSZ1624.*

*The Industry Canada id number will be: 3619A-SZ1624.*

Figure 6.1-1 below shows a drawing of the label.



## 6.2 Instruction Manual Statements

The instruction manual must contain the following statements:

- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the responsible party could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- The supplied shielded cables must be used to ensure compliance with Part 15, FCC Rules.
- This device may only be used with approved antennas that are shipped with the unit and installed per installation instructions. The use of any other antennas will invalidate the unit's FCC Part 15 certification.
- This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed below, and having a maximum gain of 5 dBi. Antennas not included in this list (Comet Part Number CFA-245W) or having a gain greater than 5 dBi are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.
- To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication. Operating the device with the supplied antennas will ensure that this requirement is met.
- Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

## ANNEX A NVLAP CERTIFICATE of ACCREDITATION

United States Department of Commerce  
National Institute of Standards and Technology



### Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005

NVLAP LAB CODE: 200125-0

Jabil Circuit Inc.  
St. Petersburg, FL  
USA

*is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services,  
listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:*

### ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS

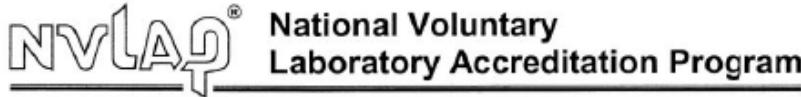
*This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005.  
This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality  
management system (refer to joint ISO/ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated 18 June 2005).*



2007-04-01 through 2008-03-31  
Effective dates

*Sally S. Bruce*  
For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

## ANNEX B NVLAP SCOPE of ACCREDITATION



### SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2005

**Jabil Circuit Inc.**  
10800 Roosevelt Boulevard  
St. Petersburg, FL 33716  
USA  
Mr. Peter Walsh, NCE  
Phone: 727-803-5953 Fax:  
E-Mail: peter\_walsh@jabil.com  
URL: <http://www.jabil.com>

**ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY  
AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

**NVLAP LAB CODE 200125-0**

#### *NVLAP Code Designation / Description*

##### **Emissions Test Methods:**

12/CIS22	IEC/CISPR 22 (1997) & EN 55022 (1998) + A1(2000): Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment
12/CIS22a	IEC/CISPR 22 (1993) and EN 55022 (1994): Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment, Amendment 1 (1995) and Amendment 2 (1996)
12/CIS22b	CNS 13438 (1997): Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
12/CIS22c1	IEC/CISPR 22, Edition 5 (2005) and EN 55022 (1998): Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement
12/CIS22c3	IEC/CISPR 22, Edition 5 (2005) + A1(2005): Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement
12/CIS22c4	EN 55022 (1998) + A1(2000) + A2(2003): Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement

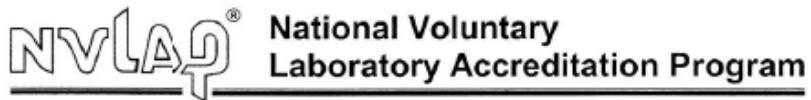
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**ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY  
AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

**NVLAP LAB CODE 200125-0**

**NVLAP Code      Designation / Description**

12/FCC15b	ANSI C63.4 (2003) with FCC Method 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart B: Unintentional Radiators
12/FCC15c3	KDB Pub. No. 200433 Millimeter Wave Test Procedures: with FCC Method - 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C: Intentional Radiators
12/T51a	AS/NZS CISPR 22 (2004): Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement
12/VCCIb	Agreement of VCCI V-3 (2006.04): Agreement of Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment - Technical Requirements: V-3/2006.04

**Radio Test Methods**

12/BETS7a	Document AT-34-04-RT: Testing Procedures for Type Approval testing per BETS-7, Issue 1 (November 1, 1996)
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**Telecommunications Test Methods:**

12/CS03a	Industry Canada CS-03, Issue 9, Amendment 1 (2005): Compliance Specification for Terminal Equipment, Terminal Systems, Network Protection Devices, Connection Arrangements and Hearing Aids Compatibility
12/T01	Terminal Equipment Network Protection Standards, FCC/ACTA Method - 47 CFR Part 68 - Analog and Digital
12/T01a	68.302 (Par. c,d,e,f) Environmental simulation; 68.304 Leakage current limit.; 68.306 Hazardous voltage limit.; 68.308 Signal power limit.; 68.310 Longitudinal balance limit.; 68.312 On-hook impedance limit.; 68.314 Billing protection
12/T01b	68.316 and 68.317 Hearing Aid Compatibility: technical standards
12/T01c	68.302 Environmental simulation (Par. a,b)
12/TIA968	ANSI/TIA-968-A (2003): Telephone Terminal Equipment, Technical Requirements for Connection of Terminal Equipment to the Telephone Network

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**National Voluntary  
Laboratory Accreditation Program**



**ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY  
AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS**

**NVLAP LAB CODE 200125-0**

***NVLAP Code      Designation / Description***

12/TIA968a	ANSI/TIA-968-A-1 (2003): Telephone Terminal Equipment, Technical Requirements for Connection of Terminal Equipment to the Telephone Network - Addendum 1
12/TIA968b	ANSI/TIA-968-A-2 (2004): Telephone Terminal Equipment, Technical Requirements for Connection of Terminal Equipment to the Telephone Network - Addendum 2
12/TIA968c	ANSI/TIA-968-A-3 (2005): Telephone Terminal Equipment, Technical Requirements for Connection of Terminal Equipment to the Telephone Network - Addendum 3

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## ANNEX C DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Jabil Circuit Inc. represents to the client that testing was done in accordance with standard procedures as applicable and that reported test results are accurate within generally accepted commercial ranges of accuracy. Jabil Circuit Inc. test reports only apply to the specific sample(s) tested. This report is the property of the client. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the expressed written approval of Jabil Circuit, Inc.

## TERMS and CONDITIONS

### **ARTICLE 1 - Services, Jabil Circuit will:**

- 1.1 *Act for Client in a professional manner, using the degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised by and consistent with the standards of the profession.*
- 1.2 *Provide only those services that lie within the technical and professional area of expertise and capability of the Lab.*
- 1.3 *Perform all technical services in accordance with accepted laboratory test principles and practices.*
- 1.4 *Use test equipment which has been calibrated within a period not exceeding the manufacturer's recommendation and which is traceable to the NIST.*
- 1.6 *Consider all reports to be the confidential property of the client, and distribute reports only to those persons designated by the client.*

### **ARTICLE 2 - Client's Responsibilities, The Client will:**

- 2.1 *Provide all information necessary for proper performance of technical services.*
- 2.2 *Designate a person who is authorized to transmit instructions, receive information and test data reports, interpret and define Client's policies, and make decisions regarding technical services, as may be required at Clients expense.*
- 2.3 *Deliver without cost, representative samples of product for technical evaluation, together with any relevant data.*
- 2.4 *Furnish such labor and equipment necessary to handle sample product and to facilitate the technical evaluation.*
- 2.5 *The Client shall provide prior to the start of evaluation testing a signed Purchase Order for the amount agreed to by both parties.*

### **ARTICLE 3 - General Requirements.**

- 3.1 *The only warranty made by Jabil Circuit, in connection with services performed thereunder is that it will use that degree of care and skill as stated in Article 1.1 and 1.3 above. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made or intended for services provided thereunder.*
- 3.2 *Jabil Circuit shall supply technical services and prepare reports based solely on product samples submitted. The Client understands that application of the data to other devices is highly speculative and should be applied with extreme caution.*
- 3.3 *Jabil Circuit agrees to exercise ordinary care in receiving, preserving, and shipping any test sample to be tested, but assumes no responsibility for damages, either direct or consequential, which arise or are alleged to arise from loss, damage or destruction of the sample due to the act of examination, modification or testing, or technical analysis, or circumstances beyond our control.*
- 3.4 *The Client recognizes that generally accepted error variances apply and agrees to consider such error variances in its use of test data.*
- 3.5 *It is agreed between Jabil Circuit and Client that no distribution of any test reports, etc. shall be made to any third party without the prior written consent of both parties.*
- 3.6 *Test Reports may not be used by the Client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.*

### **ARTICLE 4 - Payment.**

- 4.1 *The Client agrees to pay for services and expenses as covered in the Purchase order or modified by Article 2.2. Jabil Circuit will present an invoice at the completion of work and will be paid within 30 days of receipt by Client unless the testing services are included with development services covered under a different agreement.*