### **TEST REPORT**

## ELETTRONIKA S. r. I. TXUP2500 TV TRANSMITTER

## TECHNICAL REPORT

## INTRODUCTION

The following information is provided to support the technical performance of the ELETTRONIKA S. r. l. TXUP2500 TV Transmitter. The information is supplied for broadcast TV service according to applicable portions of FCC rules contained in Part 2, Part 73, and 74.

- 1. Power Output Measurements as indicated by FCC Rule Part 2.1046.
- 2. Frequency Measurements as identified by FCC Rule Part 2.1055.
- 3. Visual Frequency response measurements of the transmitter to be within the window specified by FCC Rule Part 74.750.
- 4. Occupied BW of aural signal specified by FCC Rule Part 2.1079.
- 5. Aural frequency response as identified by FCC Rule Part 73.687
- 6. Measurement of conducted harmonics and spurs +/- 3 MHz outside of channel as specified by FCC Rule Part 74.750 and Part 2 Rule 2.1051.
- 7. Measurement of cabinet radiation of spurs and harmonics as specified in FCC Rule 2.1053 and 2.1057.
- 8. Measurements of voltage and current to final amp stage as outlined in FCC Rule 2.1033.

Measurements were conducted at transmitter visual power output levels of 2500 watts peak of sync and 600 watts peak of sync and constitute the range of power for which type certification is sought. The corresponding aural power levels are 250 watts and 60 watts. Measurements were taken on a unit with visual carrier frequency of 567.25 MHz and an aural carrier frequency of 571.75 MHz.

All test equipment was calibrated prior to the use of the equipment by the supplier of the test equipment.

#### **RF POWER OUTPUT**

The equipment was configured as below shown in Figure 1. The loss through the RF output cable, and attenuator was calibrated at the frequency of operation. In this case, the Bird 4391 wattmeter was inserted before the attenuator to permit power measurements to be made. The video generator was configured to produce a signal with 0 IRE video and sync. The audio generator and aural carrier were not energized. The visual portion of the transmitter was energized and the power was increased to the desired output power. The power was read on the Bird wattmeter. The TV demodulator and VM-700 were used to verify that sync compression was not causing distortion of the measurement. The aural carrier was energized and its output level was then raised to meet the precise 10 dB Visual/aural power ratio as observed on the spectrum analyzer.

#### **POWER OUTPUT**

Bird Power Meter reading at high power= 1500 watts

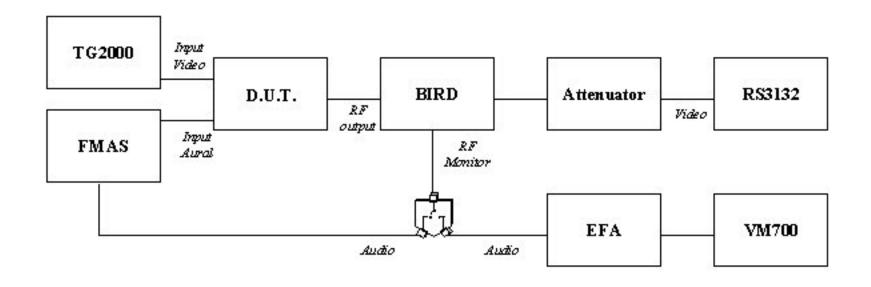
Peak of sync power = 1.68 times average power reading with a black picture and "0" setup

Peak of sync power =  $1500 \times 1.68$ = 2520 watts Bird Power Meter reading at low power= 360 watts

Peak of sync power = 1.68 times average power reading with a black picture and "0" setup

Peak of sync power = 360 x 1.68 = 605 watts

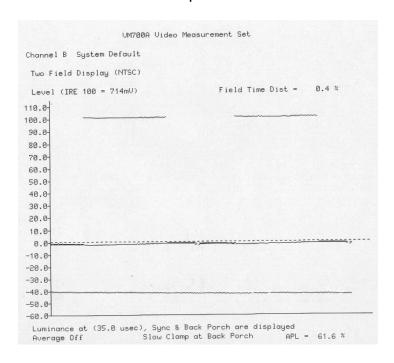
# **TEST EQUIPMENT CONFIGURATION**



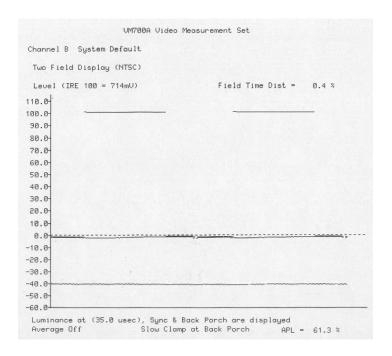
D.U.T. = Device Under Test

# TWO FIELDS SHOWING CORRECT MODULATION DEPTH FOR REFERENCE WHITE & SYNC LEVELS AT 2000 WATTS AND AT 500 WATTS

## Power Output = 2500 watts



## Power Output = 600 watts



# FREQUENCY STABILITY MEASUREMENTS

Frequency stability is provided by the VEGA exciter. The VEGA exciter has been type certified. Since no new frequency determining components are involved with this transmitter, there is no need to reestablish the frequency stability performance. The frequency stability versus temperature and line voltage data can be examined using the records available on the FCC website. The pertinent type certification FCC ID is PHLVEGA.