



SAR Test Report

Product Name : Tablet
Model No. : QS9719D
FCC ID : PE4YEKA97TABN

Applicant : New Telecom Holdings Limited
Address : 2/F, Eton Tower, 8 Hysan Avenue, Causeway, Hong Kong.

Date of Receipt : 13/09/2012
Date of Test : 19/09/2012~28/01/2013
Issued Date : 31/01/2013
Report No. : 129S037R-HP-US-P03V01
Report Version : V2.1

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 31/01/2013

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Address : 2/F, Eton Tower, 8 Hysan Avenue, Causeway, Hong Kong.

Manufacturer : New Telecom Holdings Limited

Address : 2/F, Eton Tower, 8 Hysan Avenue, Causeway, Hong Kong.

Model No. : QS9719D

FCC ID : PE4YEKA97TABN

Brand Name : 3Q

EUT Voltage : DC 5.0V

Applicable Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001
IEEE Std. 1528-2003,47CFR § 2.1093

Test Result : Max. Body SAR Measurement (1g)
1.275W/kg

Performed Location : Suzhou EMC Laboratory
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1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	Tablet
Model No.	QS9719D
Hardware Version	V2
Software Version	V2.0
Device Category	Portable
2G	
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	Class 12
Uplink	GSM 850: 824~849MHz PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink	GSM 850: 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS, 8PSK for EDGE
Antenna Gain	-1.5dBi for GSM850 0dBi for PCS1900
Max. Output Power (Conducted)	GSM850: 30.50dBm PCS1900: 27.20dBm
Max. Output Power (Radiated)	GSM850: 28.95dBm- ERP PCS1900: 27.05dBm- EIRP
3G	
Support Band	WCDMA Band V
Uplink	WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz
Downlink	WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz
Release Version	Rel-5
Type of modulation	QPSK
Antenna Gain	-1.5dBi
Max. Output Power (Conducted)	22.42dBm
Max. Output Power (Radiated)	18.65dBm - ERP
Wi-Fi	
Frequency Range	2412 - 2462 MHz
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n: OFDM

Data Rate	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps
	802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps
	802.11n: up to 150Mbps
Antenna Type	Internal
Peak Antenna Gain	-2dBi
Max. Output Power (Conducted)	802.11b: 13.09dBm 802.11g: 11.73dBm 802.11n(20MHz): 11.45dBm 802.11n(40MHz): 9.61dBm
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version	V3.0
Type of modulation	FHSS
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps (8DPSK)
Peak Antenna Gain	-2dBi
Components	
Battery	Model Name: BP21205 Rated Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7V, 5250mAh
Adapter	Model Name: S004861-XE Input: AC 100-240V 50/60Hz Output: 5.0V, 2A

1.2. Test Environment

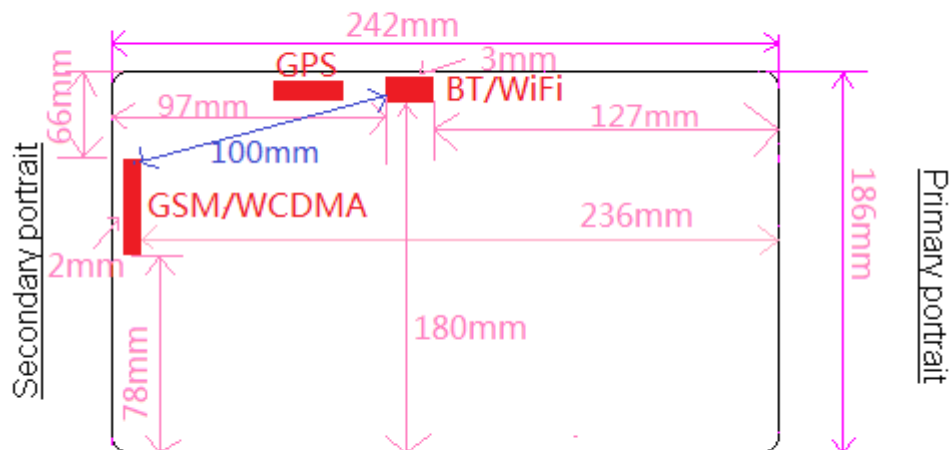
Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

1.3. EUT Antenna Locations

Bottom of the Tablet

Primary landscape



Secondary landscape

Antenna-to-user separation distances:	<u>GSM/WCDMA Antenna</u> Tablet-Bottom face: 3mm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna-to-user Tablet-Edges with the following configurations ● Primary landscape: 66mm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna-to-user ● Secondary landscape: 78mm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna-to-user ● Primary portrait: 236mm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna-to-user ● Secondary portrait: 2mm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna-to-user <u>WiFi/BT Antenna</u> Tablet-Bottom face: 3mm from WiFi/BT Antenna-to-user Tablet-Edges with the following configurations ● Primary landscape: 3mm from WiFi/BT Antenna-to-user
---------------------------------------	--

	● Secondary landscape: 180mm from WiFi/BT Antenna-to-user ● Primary portrait: 127mm from WiFi/BT Antenna-to-user ● Secondary portrait: 97mm from WiFi/BT Antenna-to-user
Antenna-to-antenna separation distances:	100mm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna-to-WiFi/BT Antenna

1.4. Simultaneous Transmission Configurations

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneously transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 procedures.

Table 1-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Simultaneous Transmit Configurations	Body	Note
		FCC KDB 616217	
1	GSM850 Voice + 2.4GHz Bluetooth	Yes	
2	GSM1900 Voice + 2.4GHz Bluetooth	Yes	
3	UMTS850 Voice + 2.4GHz Bluetooth	Yes	
4	GSM850 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	WIFI Direct
5	GSM1900 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	WIFI Direct
6	UMTS850 Voice + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes	WIFI Direct
7	GPRS850 Data + 2.4GHz Bluetooth	Yes	
8	GPRS1900 Data + 2.4GHz Bluetooth	Yes	
9	UMTS850 Data + 2.4GHz Bluetooth	Yes	
10	GPRS850 Data + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes*	Hotspot or WIFI Direct
11	GPRS1900 Data + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes*	Hotspot or WIFI Direct
12	UMTS850 Data + 2.4GHz WIFI	Yes*	Hotspot or WIFI Direct

Note: (*) = for VoIP 3rd party applications possibly installed and used by the end-user.

1.5. SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/Bluetooth

2.4GHz WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

The device supports 20MHz and 40MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n. 802.11g/n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power was not more than 0.25dB higher than the average output power

of 802.11b.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth and the antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required; $[(2.512\text{mW}/3) * \sqrt{2.441}] = 1.31 < 3.0$.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

1.6. Power Reduction for SAR

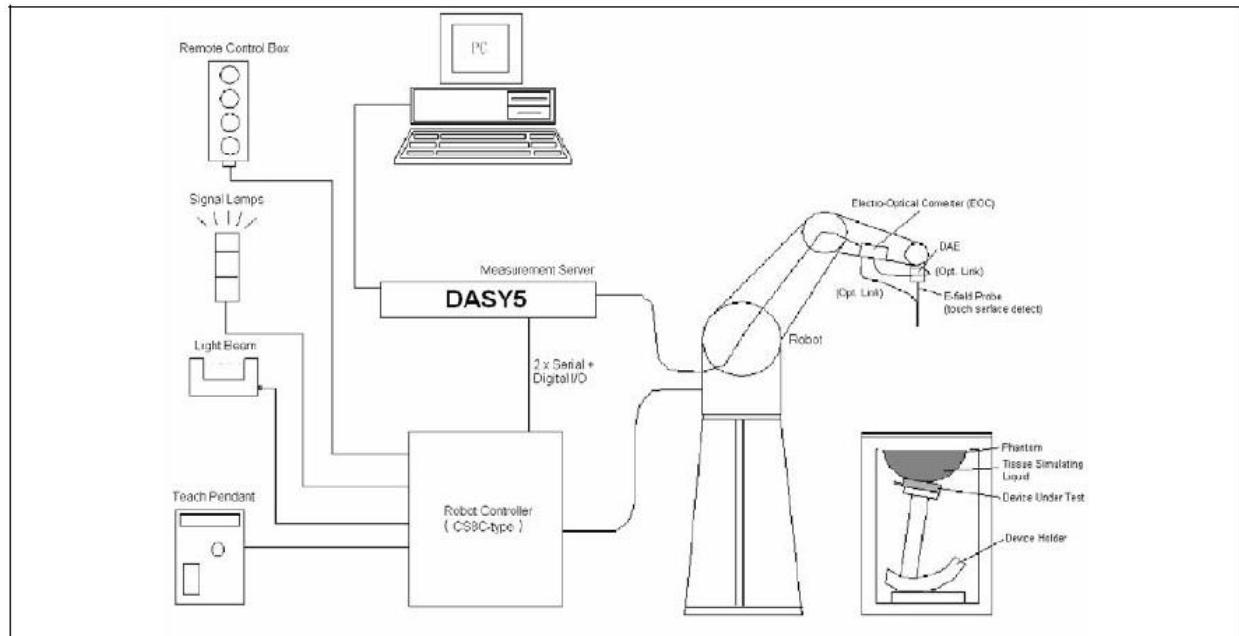
There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.7. Guidance Documents

- 1) FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01-D06 (2G/3G and Hotspot)
- 2) FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- 3) FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 (General SAR Guidance)
- 4) FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- 5) FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01 (SAR for Laptop and Tablets)

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm^2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of $7\times 7\times 7$ (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi \sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{2 \cdot 5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi y'}{2 \cdot 3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r \approx 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	835MHz Body	1900MHz Body	2450MHz Body
Water	52.4	40.5	73.2
Salt	1.40	0.50	0.04
Sugar	45.0	58.0	0.00
HEC	1.00	0.50	0.00
Preventol	0.20	0.50	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	26.7

3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	N/A
	19-09-2012	53.27	0.99	21.0
	28-01-2013	53.93	0.96	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	N/A
	19-09-2012	51.82	1.56	21.0
	28-01-2013	54.27	1.53	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
2450MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	N/A
	19-09-2012	52.20	1.98	21.0

3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

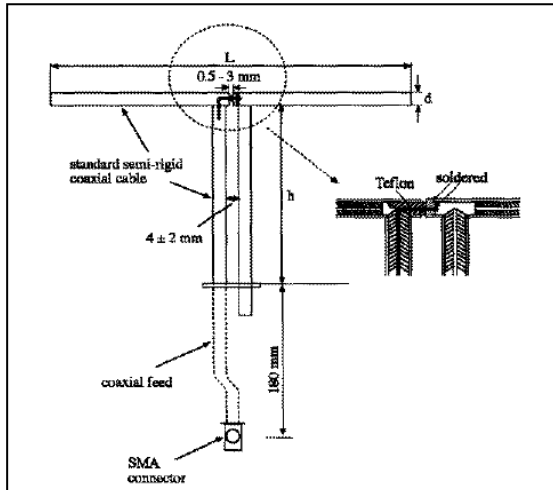
Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz & 2450MHz for Body

Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.57 8.61 to 10.53	6.33 5.70 to 6.96	N/A
	19-09-2012	10.20	6.64	21.0
	28-01-2013	9.88	6.44	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	38.7 34.83 to 42.57	20.4 18.36 to 22.44	N/A
	19-09-2012	42.00	21.72	21.0
	28-01-2013	41.20	21.32	21.0

Validation Dipole: D2450V2, SN: 839

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	48.7 43.83 to 53.57	22.8 20.52 to 25.08	N/A
	19-09-2012	48.80	22.16	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

ρ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm^2) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm^3).

4.3. SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

4.3.1. Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s” or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

4.3.2. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all “1s”.

4.3.3. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.

The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of $\beta_c=9$ and $\beta_d=15$, and power offset parameters of $\Delta_{ACK}= \Delta_{NACK}=5$ and $\Delta_{CQI}=2$ is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

4.3.4. SAR Testing for Tablet per KDB Publication 616217 D04v01

Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01v05 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Based on the location and output power of the GSM/WCDMA antenna, bottom and secondary portrait were required to be evaluated for SAR. Bottom and primary landscape were required to be evaluated for the BT/WLAN Antenna. Front side was not required to be evaluated.

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	only once
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D835V2	4d094	2013.02.17
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d121	2013.02.22
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	839	2013.02.23
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1220	2013.01.23
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	Sn915	2013.06.21
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2013.03.12
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2013.04.18
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2013.04.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2013.04.18
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2013.11.10
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2013.11.10

7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty								
Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(Vi) V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.0%	±10.8%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.0%	±21.5%	

8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Frame Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
GSM850	824.2	30.09	-9	21.09	30.5	1.10
	836.4	30.40	-9	21.40	30.5	1.02
	848.8	30.50	-9	21.50	30.5	1.00
GPRS850(1 Slot)	824.2	30.07	-9	21.07	30.5	1.10
	836.4	30.37	-9	21.37	30.5	1.03
	848.8	30.12	-9	21.12	30.5	1.09
GPRS850(2 Slot)	824.2	27.07	-6	21.07	27.4	1.08
	836.4	27.11	-6	21.11	27.4	1.07
	848.8	27.40	-6	21.40	27.4	1.00
GPRS850(3 Slot)	824.2	25.60	-4.25	21.35	25.6	1.00
	836.4	25.39	-4.25	21.14	25.6	1.05
	848.8	25.45	-4.25	21.20	25.6	1.04
GPRS850(4 Slot)	824.2	24.30	-3	21.30	24.3	1.00
	836.4	24.12	-3	21.12	24.3	1.04
	848.8	24.07	-3	21.07	24.3	1.05
EDGE850(1 Slot)	824.2	26.69	-9	17.69	26.7	1.00
	836.4	26.48	-9	17.48	26.7	1.05
	848.8	26.32	-9	17.32	26.7	1.09
EDGE850(2 Slot)	824.2	25.39	-6	19.39	25.4	1.00
	836.4	25.21	-6	19.21	25.4	1.04
	848.8	25.06	-6	19.06	25.4	1.08
EDGE 850(3 Slot)	824.2	23.10	-4.25	18.85	23.1	1.00
	836.4	22.88	-4.25	18.63	23.1	1.05
	848.8	22.71	-4.25	18.46	23.1	1.09
EDGE 850(4 Slot)	824.2	21.97	-3	18.97	22.0	1.01
	836.4	21.69	-3	18.69	22.0	1.07
	848.8	21.56	-3	18.56	22.0	1.11
PCS1900	1850.2	27.09	-9	18.09	27.2	1.03
	1880.0	27.20	-9	18.20	27.2	1.00
	1909.8	27.14	-9	18.14	27.2	1.01
GPRS1900(1 Slot)	1850.2	27.07	-9	18.07	27.2	1.03
	1880.0	27.17	-9	18.17	27.2	1.01
	1909.8	27.12	-9	18.12	27.2	1.02

GPRS1900(2 Slot)	1850.2	24.07	-6	18.07	24.4	1.08
	1880.0	24.11	-6	18.11	24.4	1.07
	1909.8	24.40	-6	18.40	24.4	1.00
GPRS1900(3 Slot)	1850.2	22.60	-4.25	18.35	22.6	1.00
	1880.0	22.39	-4.25	18.14	22.6	1.05
	1909.8	22.45	-4.25	18.20	22.6	1.04
GPRS1900(4 Slot)	1850.2	21.40	-3	18.40	21.4	1.00
	1880.0	21.30	-3	18.30	21.4	1.02
	1909.8	21.22	-3	18.22	21.4	1.04
EDGE 1900(1 Slot)	1850.2	26.46	-9	17.46	26.5	1.01
	1880.0	25.51	-9	16.51	26.5	1.26
	1909.8	25.40	-9	16.40	26.5	1.29
EDGE 1900(2 Slot)	1850.2	23.90	-6	17.93	23.9	1.00
	1880.0	23.86	-6	17.86	23.9	1.01
	1909.8	23.72	-6	17.72	23.9	1.04
EDGE 1900(3 Slot)	1850.2	21.80	-4.25	17.55	21.8	1.00
	1880.0	21.67	-4.25	17.42	21.8	1.03
	1909.8	21.56	-4.25	17.31	21.8	1.06
EDGE 1900(4 Slot)	1850.2	20.70	-3	17.70	20.7	1.00
	1880.0	20.61	-3	17.61	20.7	1.02
	1909.8	20.41	-3	17.41	20.7	1.07

Note 1: Scaling Factor = Max. Power(mW) / Avg. Burst Power(mW)

2: This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

3: Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged powers were calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

4: GPRS/EDGE(GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

5: EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

WCDMA/HSDPA

Mode	3GPP Subtest	Band V (850MHz) Channel			MPR
		Conducted Power (dBm)			
		4132	4182	4233	
WCDMA R99	1	22.31	22.30	22.40	N/A
Rel5 HSDPA	1	22.04	22.01	22.10	0
	2	22.06	22.09	22.10	0
	3	21.48	21.49	21.52	0.5
	4	21.45	21.47	21.50	0.5

Note: UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

Mode	Band V (850MHz) Channel	Normal Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
WCDMA R99	4132	22.31	22.4	1.02
	4182	22.30	22.4	1.02
	4233	22.40	22.4	1.00
Rel5 HSDPA	4132	22.06	22.4	1.08
	4182	22.09	22.4	1.07
	4233	22.10	22.4	1.07

Wi-Fi output power

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
802.11b	01	2412	12.88	13.1	1.05
	06	2437	13.09	13.1	1.00
	11	2462	13.05	13.1	1.01
802.11g	01	2412	11.60	11.8	1.05
	06	2437	11.73	11.8	1.02
	11	2462	11.39	11.8	1.10
802.11n (20MHz)	01	2412	11.36	11.5	1.03
	06	2437	11.45	11.5	1.01
	11	2462	11.24	11.5	1.06
802.11n (40MHz)	03	2422	9.45	9.7	1.06
	06	2437	9.61	9.7	1.02
	09	2452	9.37	9.7	1.08

9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52					
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode: GSM850									
Test Position Body at 0mm	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Bottom	Fixed	128	824.2	21.09	-0.04	0.936	1.10	1.030	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	189	836.4	21.40	-0.05	1.07	1.02	1.091	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	251	848.6	21.50	-0.05	1.22	1.00	1.220	1.6
Bottom*	Fixed	251	848.6	21.50	-0.02	1.06	1.00	1.060	1.6
Secondary portrait	Fixed	189	836.4	21.40	0.14	0.867	1.02	0.884	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850-2Slot									
Bottom	Fixed	189	836.4	21.11	0.08	0.681	1.07	0.729	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850-3Slot									
Bottom	Fixed	189	836.4	21.14	-0.02	1.07	1.05	1.124	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850-4Slot									
Bottom	Fixed	189	836.4	21.12	0.01	0.999	1.04	1.039	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.									
2: * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664.									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52					
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode: PCS 1900									
Test Position Body at 0mm	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Bottom	Fixed	512	1850.2	18.09	--	--	1.03		1.6
Bottom	Fixed	661	1880.0	18.20	-0.11	1.14	1.00	1.140	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	810	1909.8	18.14	--	--	1.01		1.6
Secondary portrait	Fixed	661	1880.0	18.20	0.09	0.655	1.00	0.655	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900-2Slot									
Bottom	Fixed	661	1880.0	18.11	-0.10	0.529	1.07	0.567	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900-3Slot									
Bottom	Fixed	661	1880.0	18.14	-0.13	0.741	1.05	0.778	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900-4Slot									
Bottom	Fixed	512	1850.2	18.40	-0.10	1.11	1.00	1.110	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	661	1880.0	18.30	-0.09	1.19	1.02	1.214	1.6
Bottom*	Fixed	661	1880.0	18.30	-0.12	1.17	1.02	1.193	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	810	1909.8	18.22	-0.11	1.14	1.04	1.186	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.									
2: * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664.									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V									
Test Position Body at 0mm	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Bottom	Fixed	4132	826.4	22.31	0.05	0.819	1.02	0.835	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	4182	836.4	22.30	0.06	1.25	1.02	1.275	1.6
Bottom*	Fixed	4182	836.4	22.30	-0.12	1.18	1.02	1.204	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	4233	846.6	22.40	0.10	1.00	1.00	1.000	1.6
Secondary portrait	Fixed	4182	836.4	22.30	0.06	1.09	1.02	1.112	1.6
Test Mode: HSDPA Band V									
Bottom	Fixed	4182	836.4	22.09	-0.15	1.05	1.07	1.124	1.6
Note 1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.									
2: * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the FCC KDB 865664.									
3: HSDPA mode was evaluated since the UMTS SAR was higher than 1.2W/kg.									

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52					
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode: 802.11b									
Test Position Body at 0mm	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz						
Bottom	Fixed	1	2412	12.88	--	--	1.05	--	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	6	2437	13.09	0.05	0.218	1.00	0.218	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	11	2462	13.05	--	--	1.01	--	1.6
Primary landscape	Fixed	6	2437	13.09	0.07	0.122	1.00	0.122	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.									

9.2. SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
2. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
3. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
4. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
5. Per FCC KDB 616217 D04 Section 4.3, SAR tests are required for the back surface and edges of the tablet with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 was applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. SAR tests were required for bottom and secondary portrait for the GSM/WCDMA antenna and bottom and primary landscape for the BT/WLAN Antenna.

GSM Test Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03v01: The source based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power was evaluated for SAR.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

UMTS Notes:

1. UMTS mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

WLAN/BT Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.

2. WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
3. When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels is not required.

9.3. Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously; therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter when the test separation distance is less than 50mm; otherwise 0.4 W/kg should be used for 1g SAR.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2441	4.0	3	0.174

9.3.1. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with WIFI (Body at 0mm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM850 SAR (W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom	1.22	0.218	1.438
	Primary landscape	0.4	0.122	0.522
	Secondary landscape	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Primary portrait	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Secondary portrait	0.884	0.4	1.284
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR (W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom	1.214	0.218	1.432
	Primary landscape	0.4	0.122	0.522

	Secondary landscape	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Primary portrait	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Secondary portrait	0.655	0.4	1.055
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS850 SAR (W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom	1.275	0.218	1.493
	Primary landscape	0.4	0.122	0.522
	Secondary landscape	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Primary portrait	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Secondary portrait	1.112	0.4	1.512

Note: For configurations excluded per 447498 D01v05, an estimated SAR of 0.4 W/kg was used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR exclusion since the test separation distance was >50 mm.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body at 0mm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM850 SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom	1.22	0.174	1.394
	Primary landscape	0.4	0.174	0.574
	Secondary landscape	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Primary portrait	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Secondary portrait	0.884	0.4	1.284
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS1900 SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom	1.214	0.174	1.388
	Primary landscape	0.4	0.174	0.574
	Secondary landscape	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Primary portrait	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Secondary portrait	0.655	0.4	1.055
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS850 SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom	1.275	0.174	1.449
	Primary landscape	0.4	0.174	0.574
	Secondary landscape	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Primary portrait	0.4	0.4	0.8
	Secondary portrait	1.112	0.4	1.512

Note 1: For configurations excluded per 447498 D01v05, an estimated SAR of 0.4 W/kg was used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR exclusion since the test separation distance was >50 mm.

Note 2: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results

were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

9.3.2. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

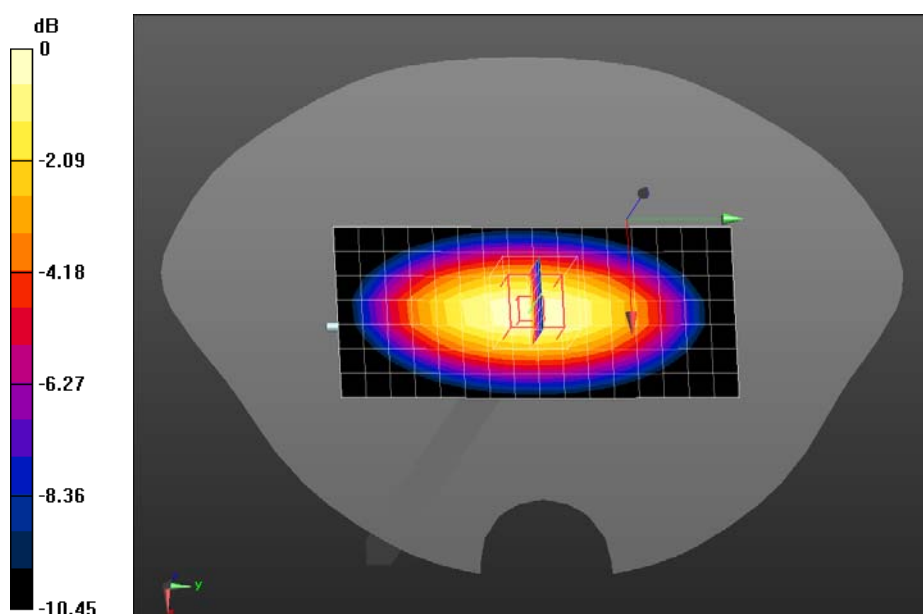
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Area Scan (8x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 mW/g

Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 52.573 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.855 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 mW/g



0 dB = 2.76 mW/g = 8.82 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 28-01-2013

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.93$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

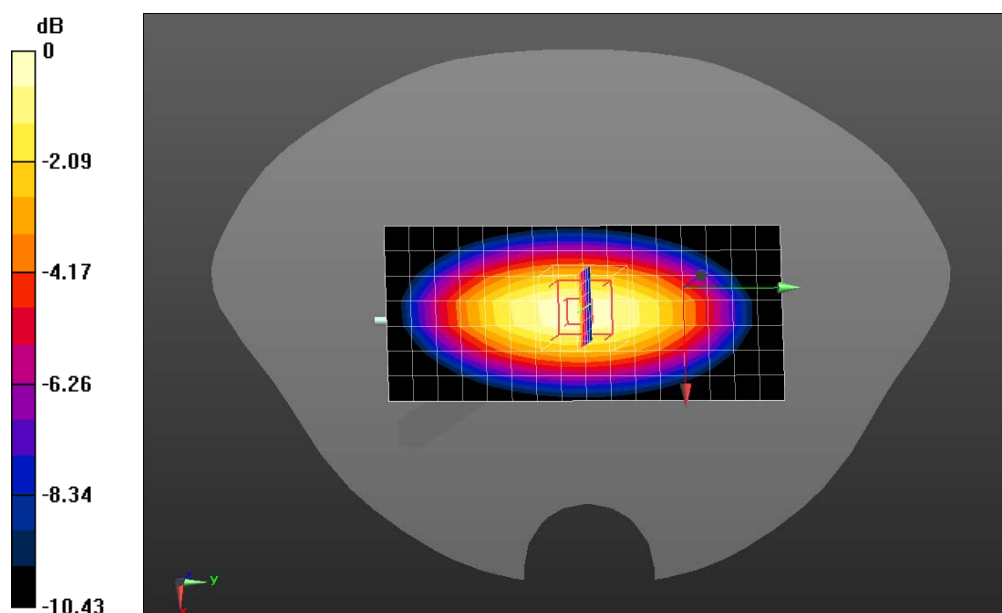
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 21/06/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Area Scan (8x17x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 mW/g

Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$, Reference Value = 52.556 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.736 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g



0 dB = 2.67 mW/g = 8.53 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900(1900MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.82$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

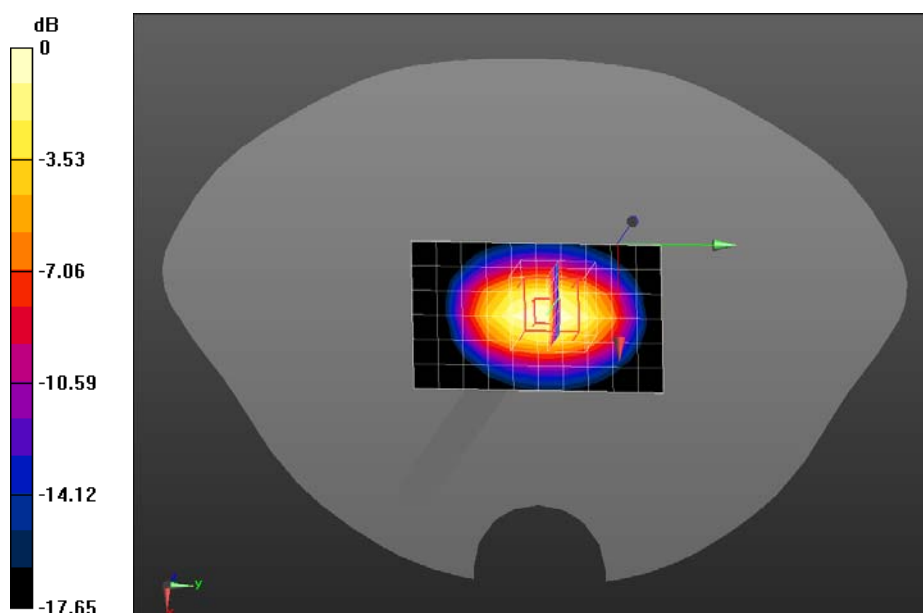
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g

Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 86.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.435 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



0 dB = 11.9 mW/g = 21.51 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 28-01-2013

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900(1900MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

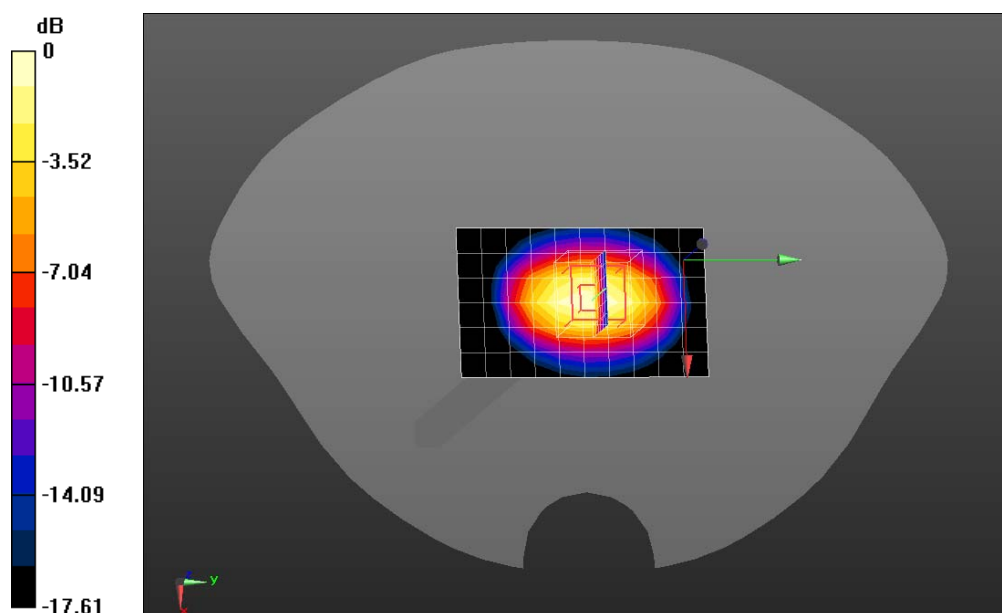
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 21/06/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g

Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 86.570 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.049 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g



0 dB = 11.6 mW/g = 21.29 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450(2450MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

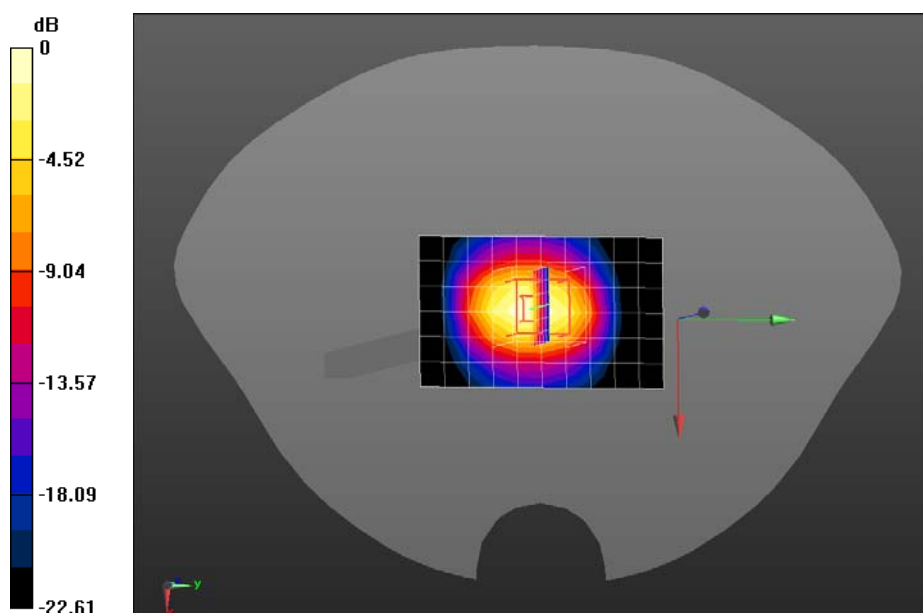
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/System Check Body 2450MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 mW/g

Configuration/System Check Body 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 81.523 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.756 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.54 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 mW/g



0 dB = 14.0 mW/g = 22.92 dB mW/g

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Low Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.47$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

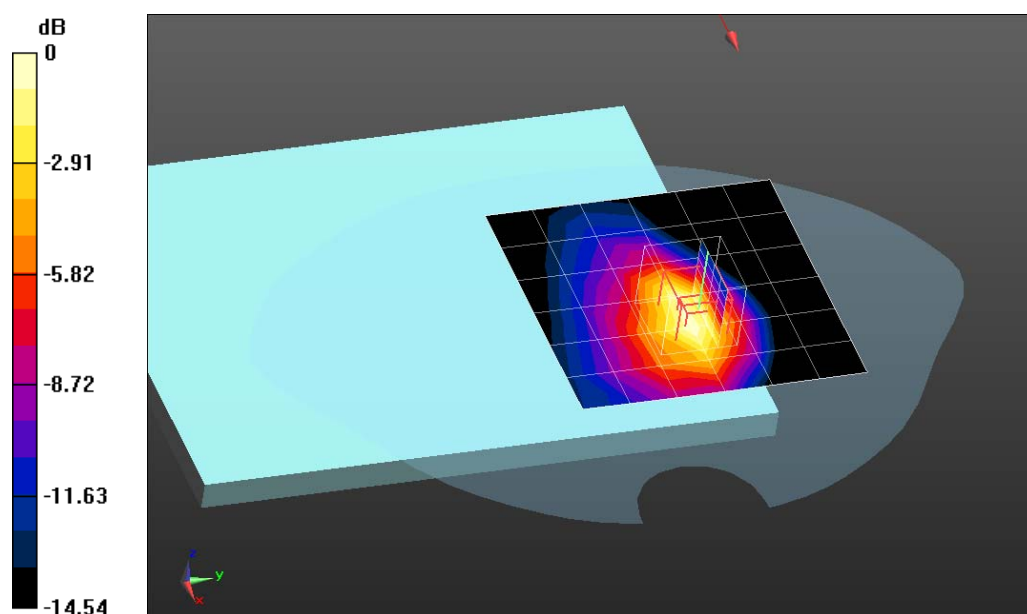
Configuration/GSM850 Low Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.994 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Low Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.359 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8810

SAR(1 g) = 0.936 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 mW/g



0 dB = 0.980mW/g = -0.18 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

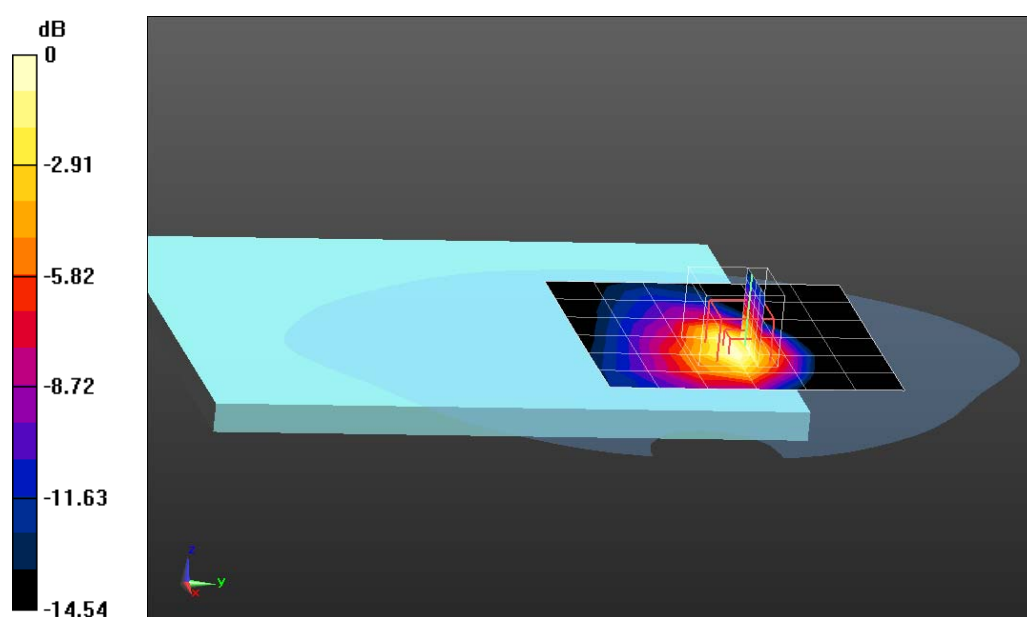
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.144 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.090 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.1590

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.565 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.111 mW/g



0 dB = 1.110mW/g = 0.91 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 High Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/GSM850 High Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

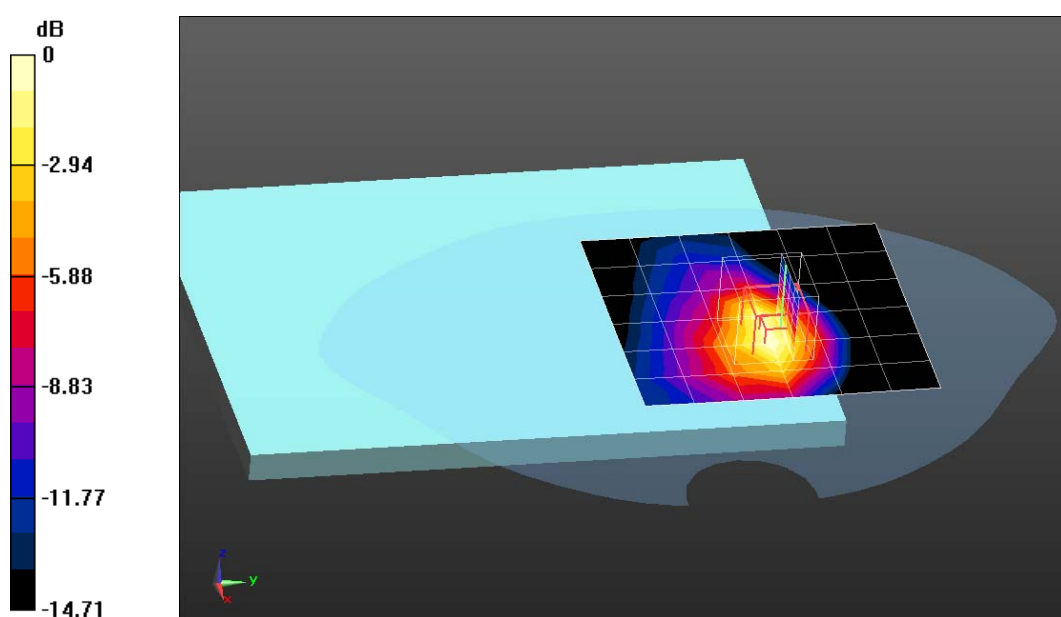
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.332 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 High Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.048 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

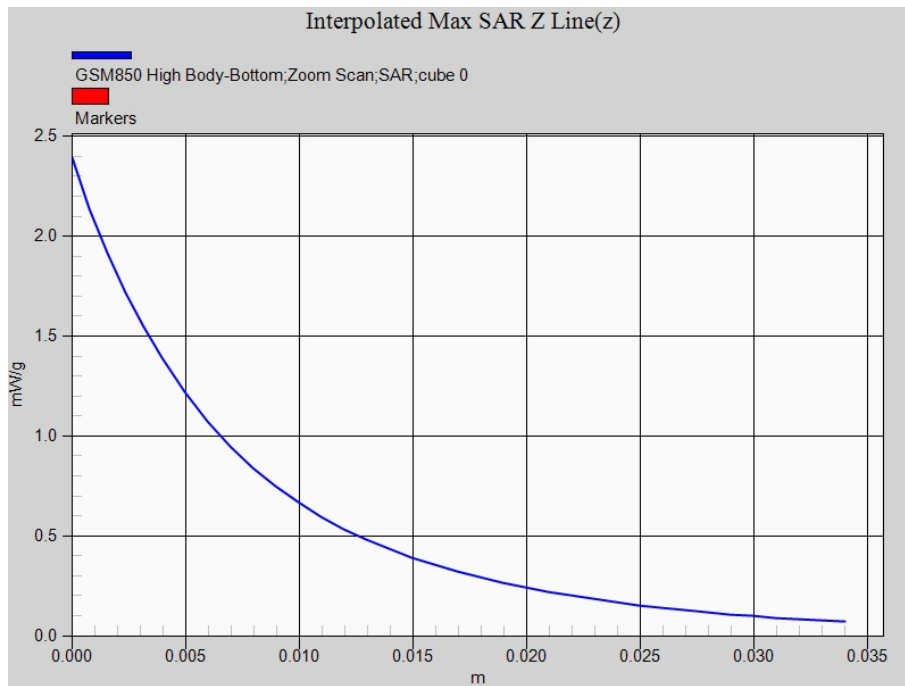
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.3960

SAR(1 g) = 1.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.654 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.297 mW/g



0 dB = 1.300mW/g = 2.28 dB mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 28-01-2013

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 High Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.79$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 21/06/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

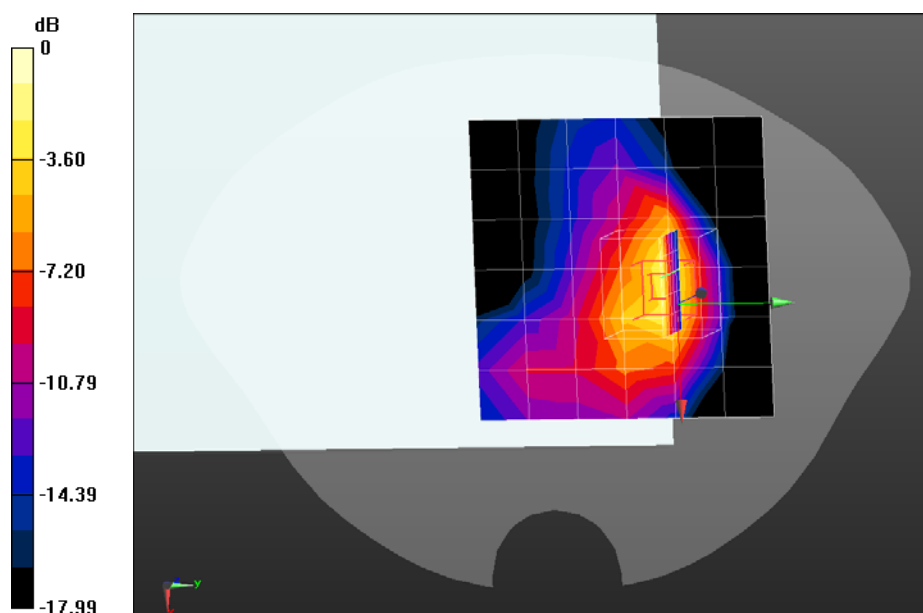
Configuration/GSM850 High Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.900 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 High Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.575 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.466 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.510 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g



0 dB = 1.26 mW/g = 2.01 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Secondary Portrait

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Secondary Portrait/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

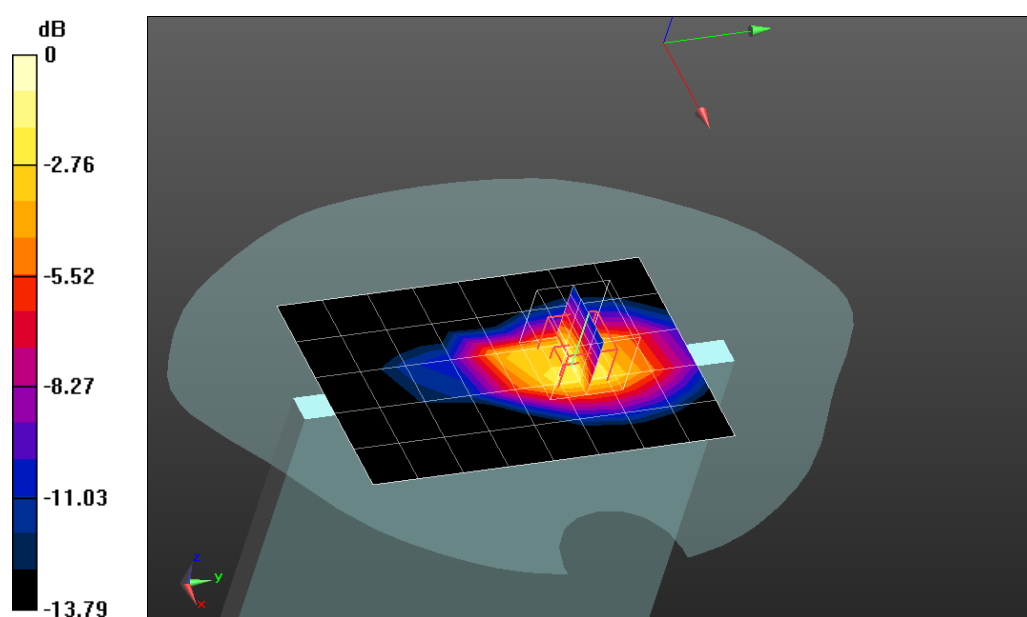
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.564 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Secondary Portrait/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 30.891 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6010

SAR(1 g) = 0.867 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.496 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.958 mW/g



0 dB = 0.960mW/g = -0.35 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom(2up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

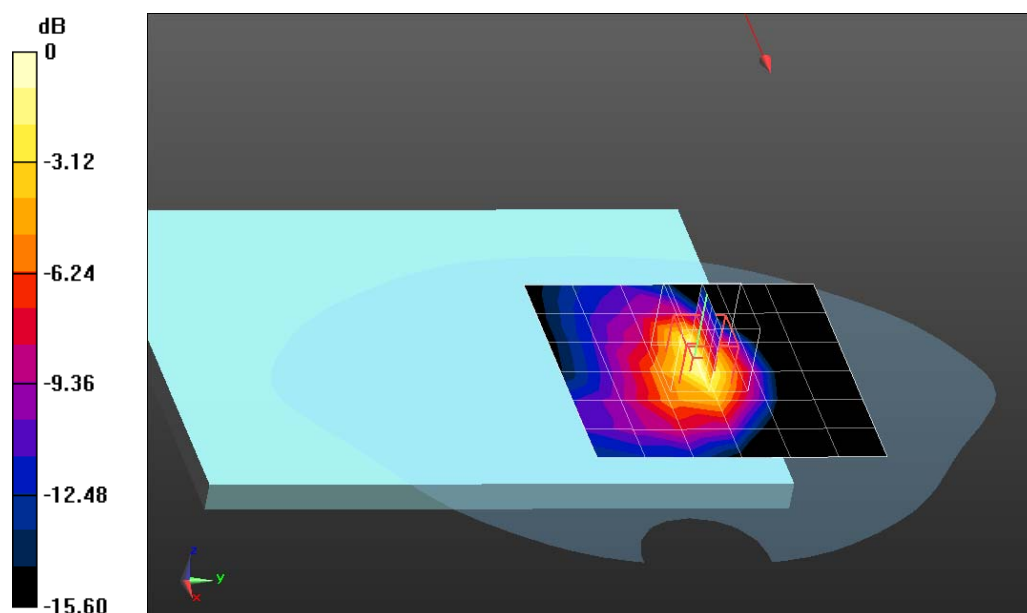
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.722 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 13.767 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.4050

SAR(1 g) = 0.681 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.786 mW/g



0 dB = 0.790mW/g = -2.05 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom(3up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

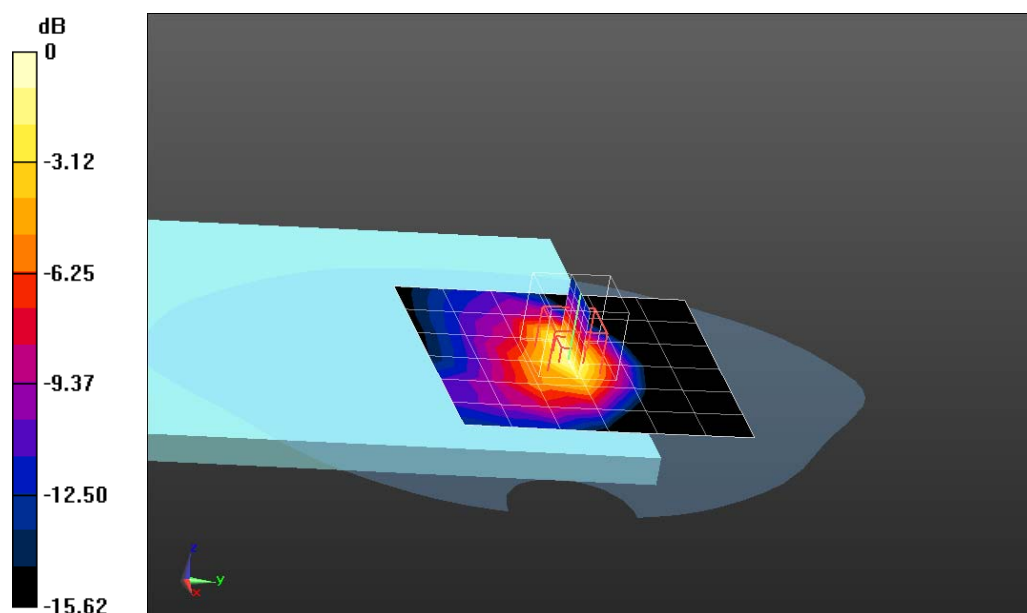
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.142 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.615 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.1680

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.551 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.235 mW/g



0 dB = 1.240mW/g = 1.87 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

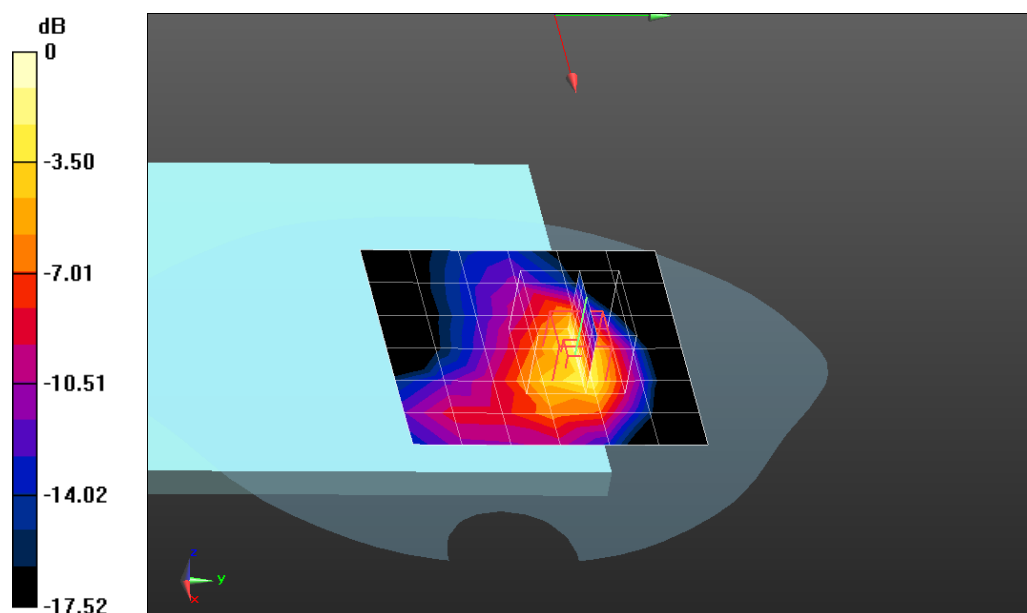
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.882 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.303 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.2180

SAR(1 g) = 0.999 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.186 mW/g



0 dB = 1.190mW/g = 1.51 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.87$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

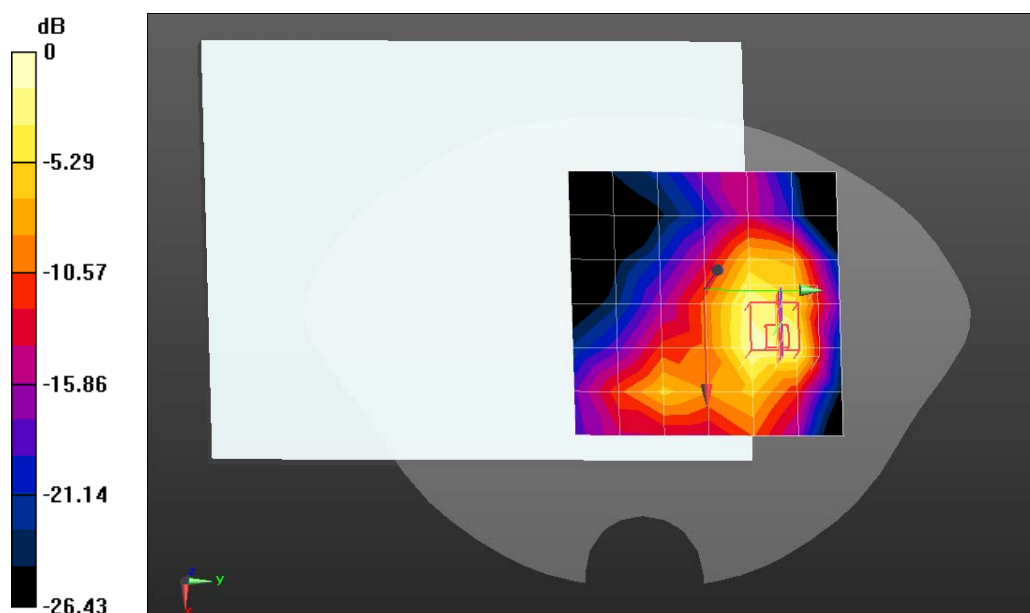
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.875 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.142 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.809 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.526 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



0 dB = 1.19 mW/g = 1.51 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Secondary Portrait

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.87$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Secondary Portrait/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

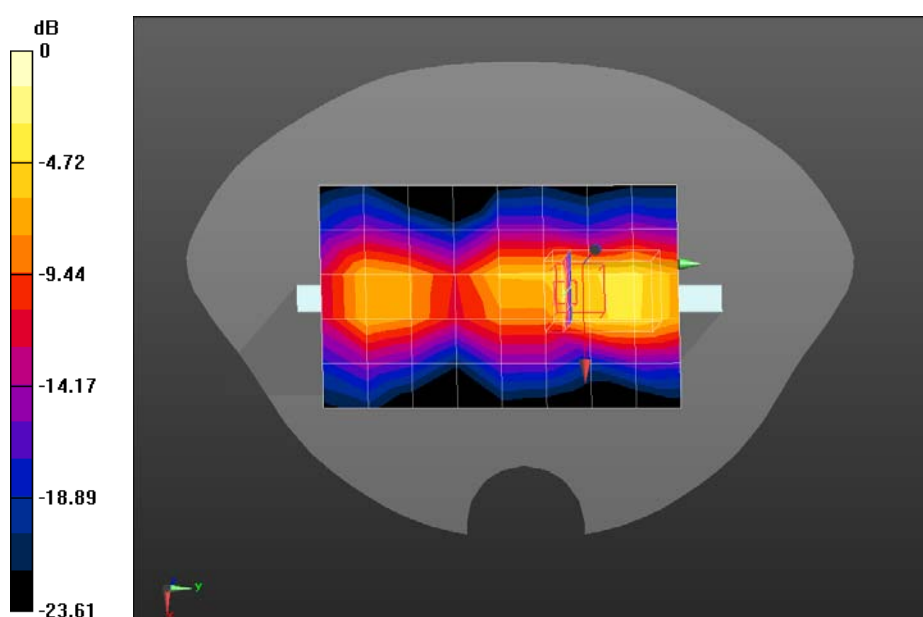
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Secondary Portrait/Zoom Scan (5x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.210 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.504 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.655 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 mW/g



0 dB = 0.837 mW/g = -1.55 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom(2up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.87$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

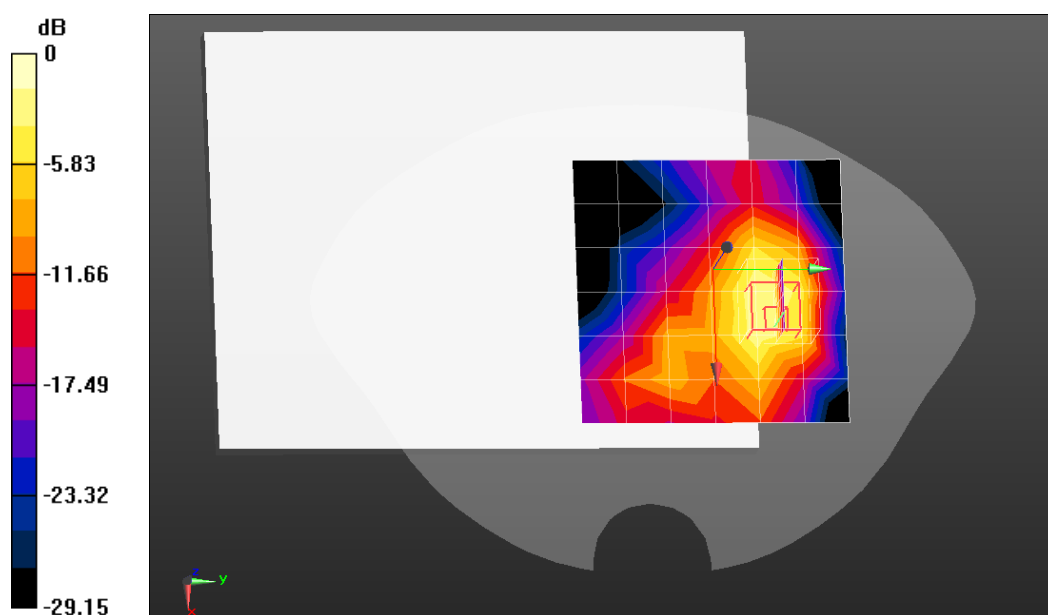
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.503 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.294 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.612 mW/g



0 dB = 0.612 mW/g = -4.26 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom(3up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.87$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

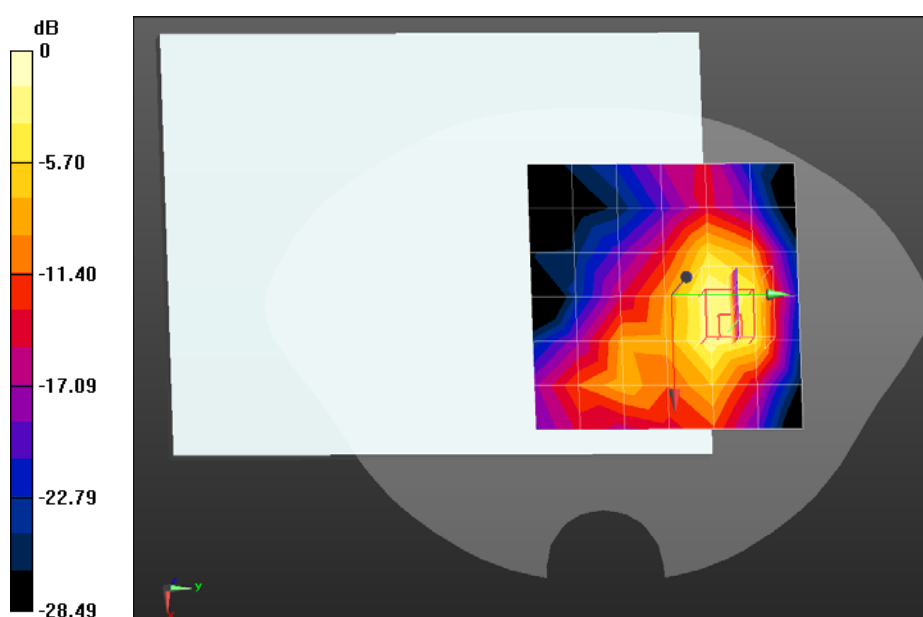
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.367 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.789 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.741 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.856 mW/g



0 dB = 0.856 mW/g = -1.35 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Low Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

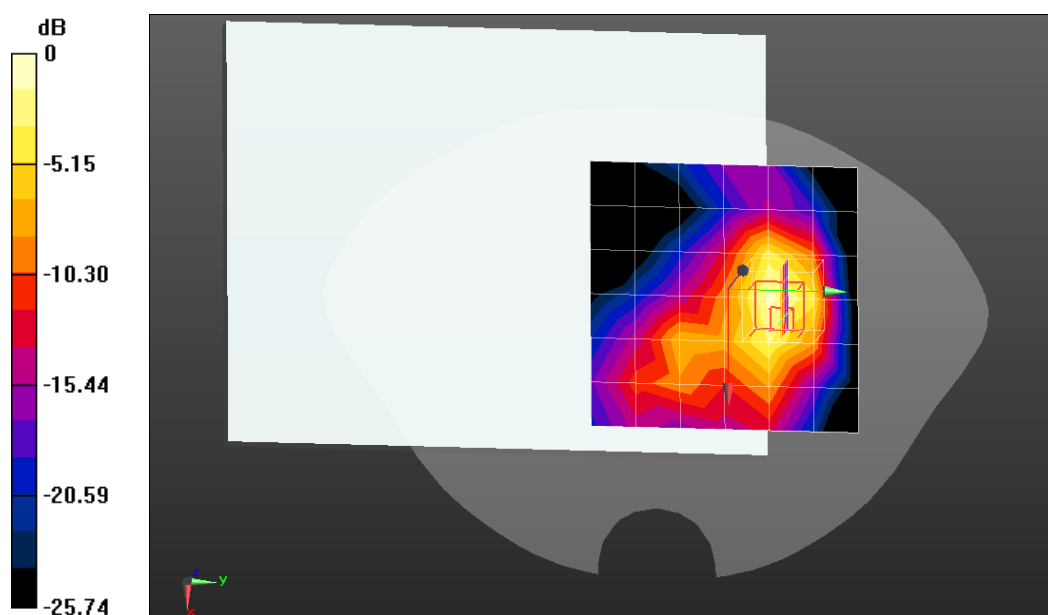
Configuration/GPRS1900 Low Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Low Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.245 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.763 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g



0 dB = 1.26 mW/g = 2.01 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.87$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

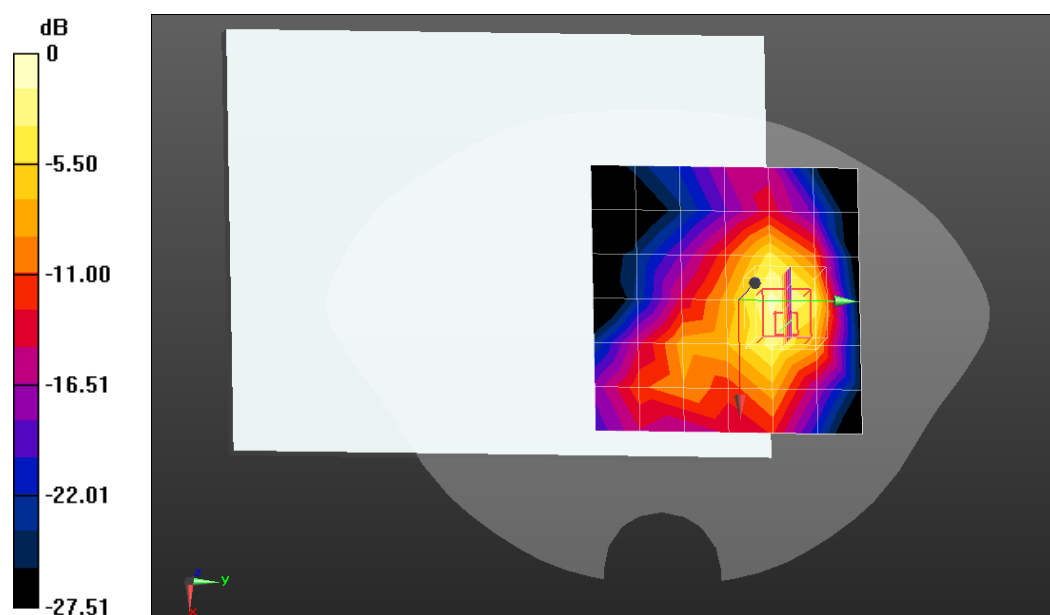
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.507 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

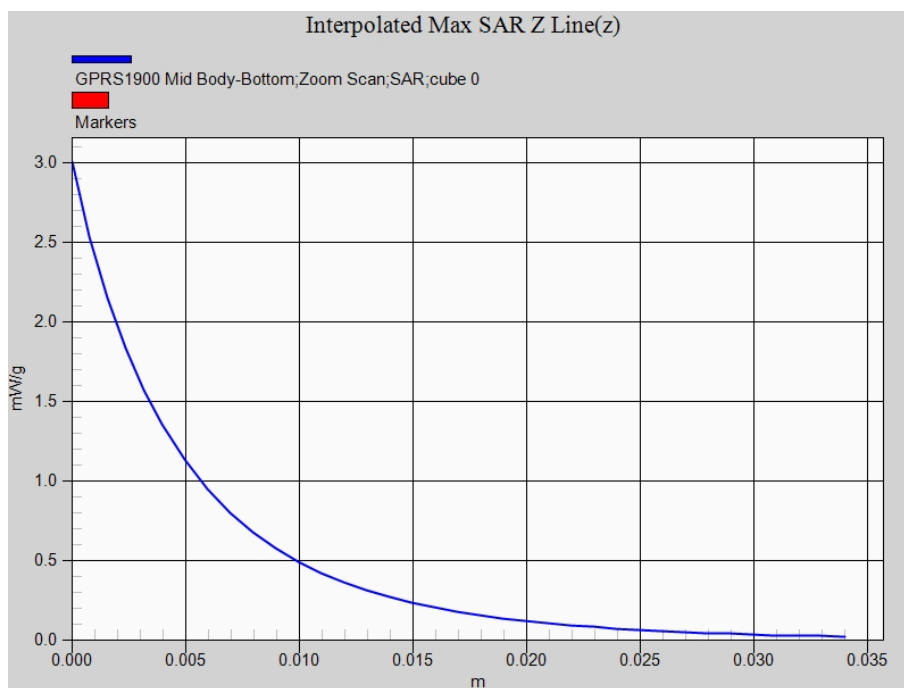
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.008 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.548 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g



0 dB = 1.33 mW/g = 2.48 dB mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 28-01-2013

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

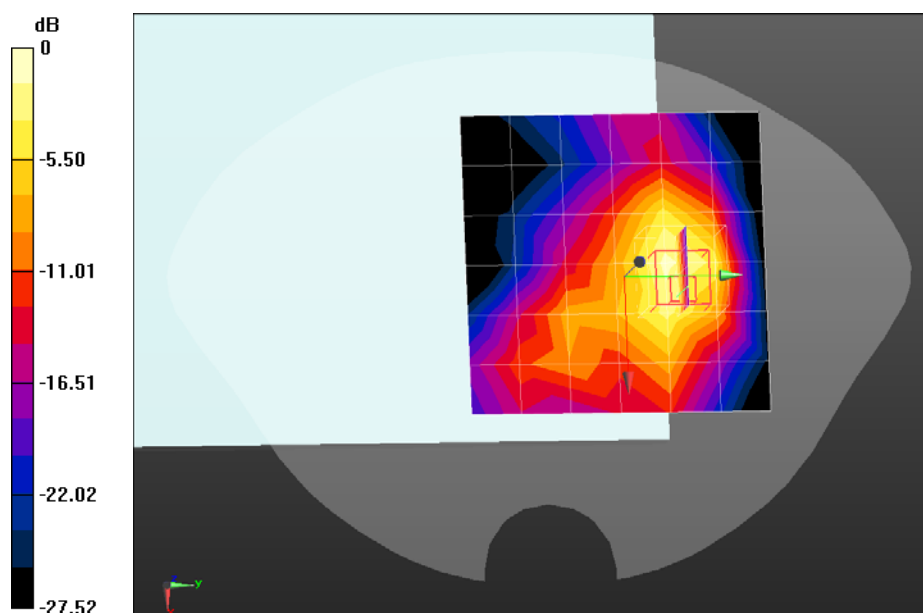
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 21/06/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.415 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.954 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.538 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 mW/g



0 dB = 1.31 mW/g = 2.35 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 High Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3 ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

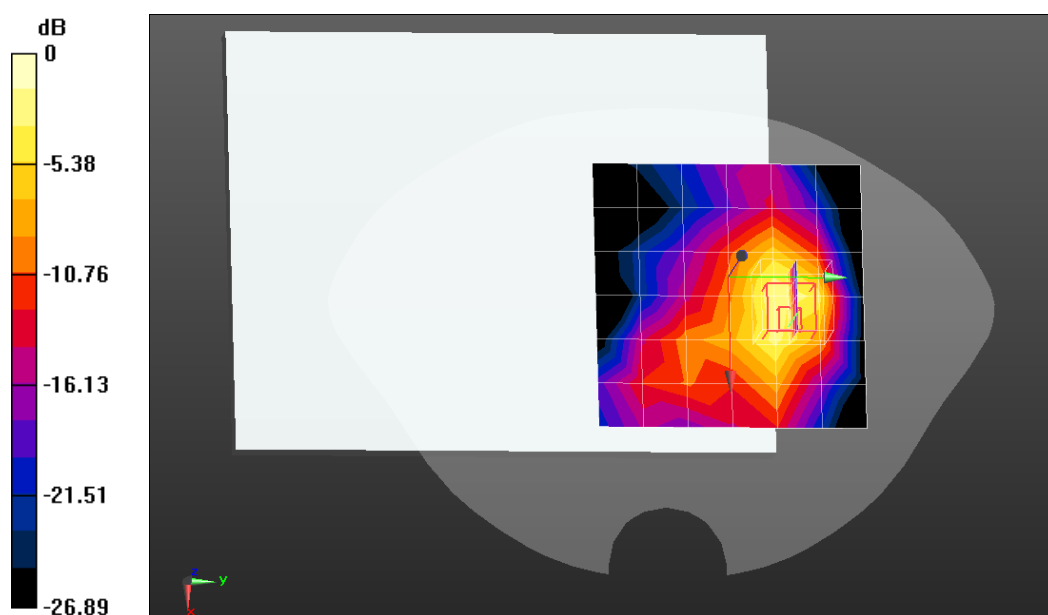
Configuration/GPRS1900 High Body-Bottom/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.899 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 High Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$, Reference Value = 8.786 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.824 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g



0 dB = 1.33 mW/g = 2.48 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V Low Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.38$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Low Body-Bottom/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

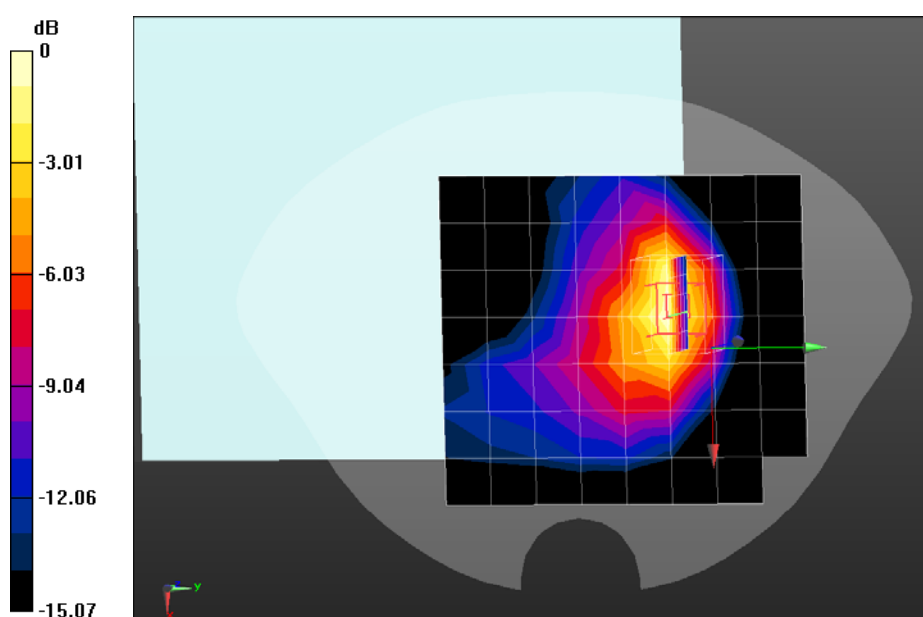
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.877 mW/g

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Low Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.255 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.549 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.819 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.884 mW/g



0 dB = 0.884 mW/g = -1.07 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

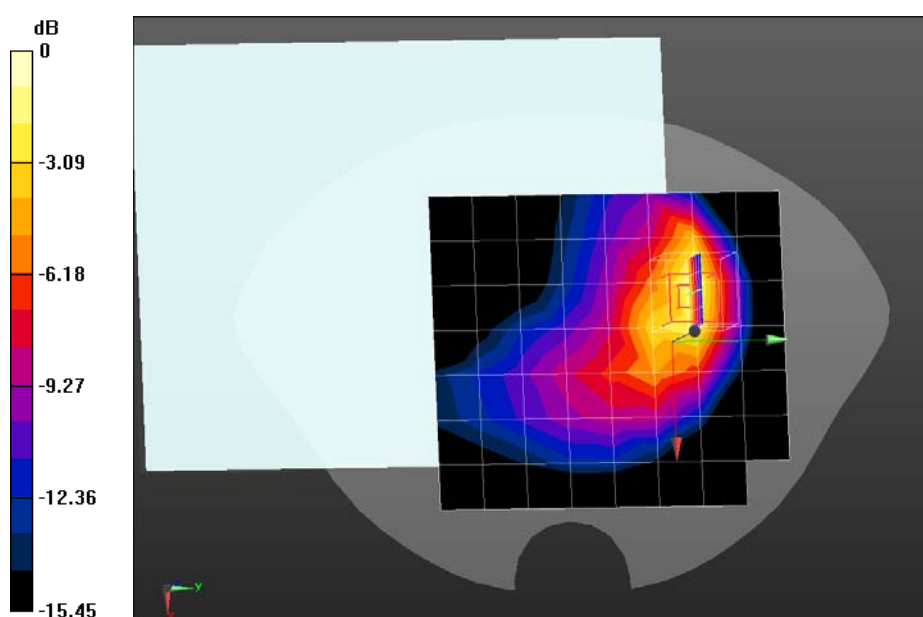
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 13.196 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

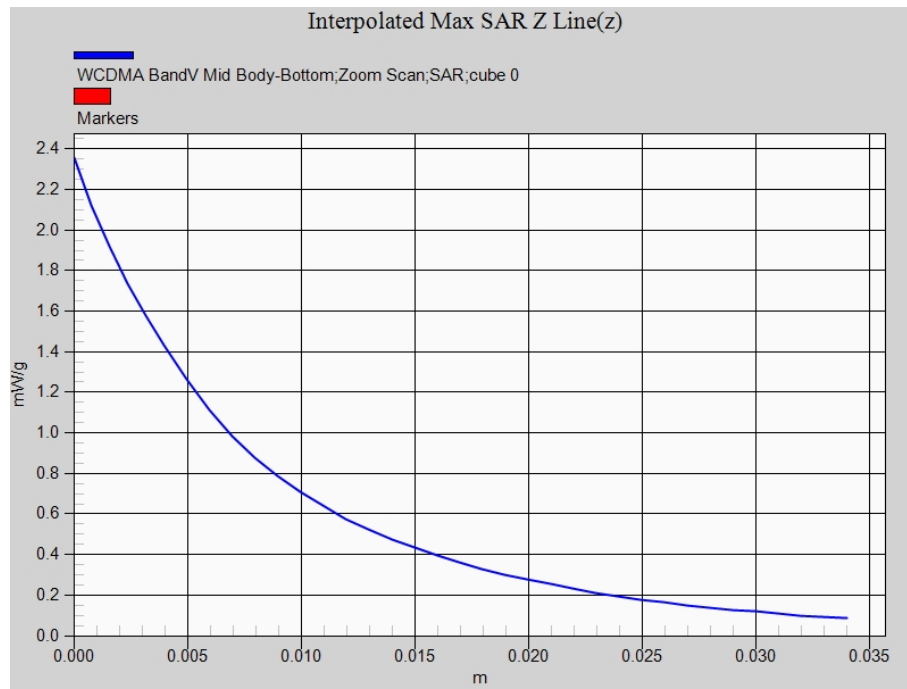
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.359 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.683 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 mW/g



0 dB = 1.43 mW/g = 3.11 dB mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 28-01-2013

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.64$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

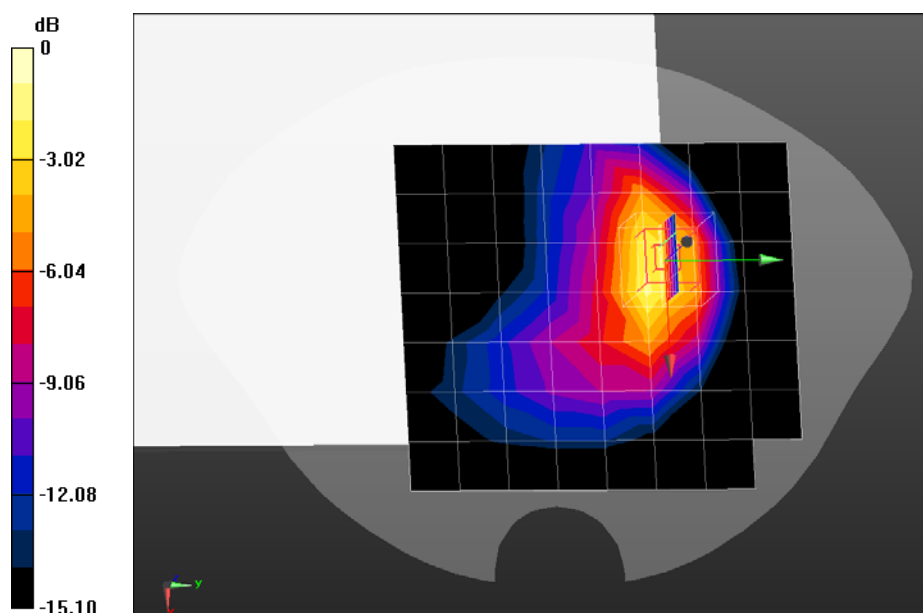
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 21/06/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.917 mW/g

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.537 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.347 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.618 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g



0 dB = 1.33 mW/g = 2.48 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V High Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V High Body-Bottom/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

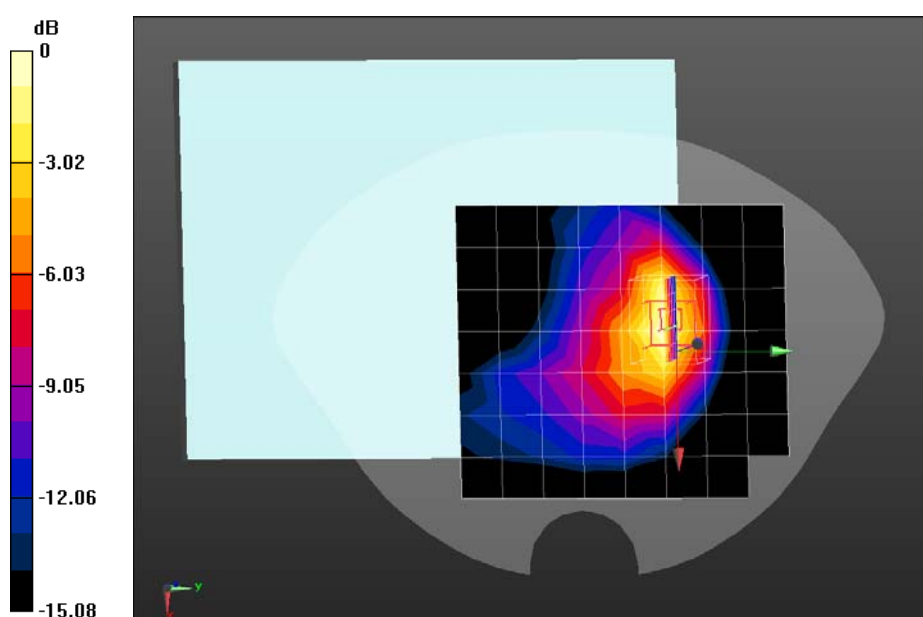
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g

Configuration/WCDMA Band V High Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.445 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.907 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g



0 dB = 1.08 mW/g = 0.67 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Secondary Portrait

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.24$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Secondary Portrait/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 mW/g

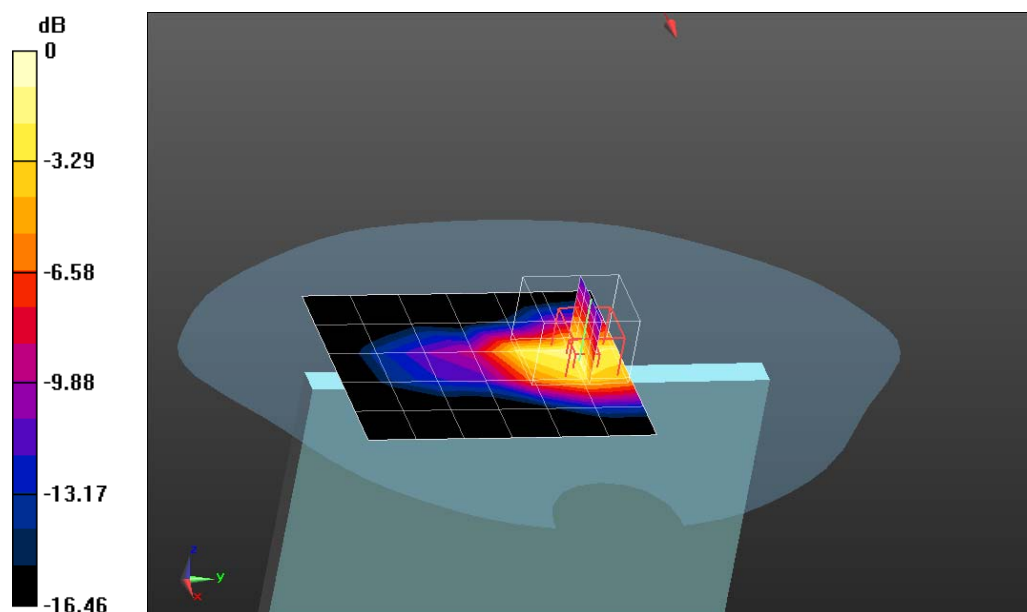
Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Secondary Portrait/Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.261 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.4310

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.624 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.229 mW/g



0 dB = 1.230mW/g = 1.80 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 28-01-2013

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

HSDPA Band V Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.64$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

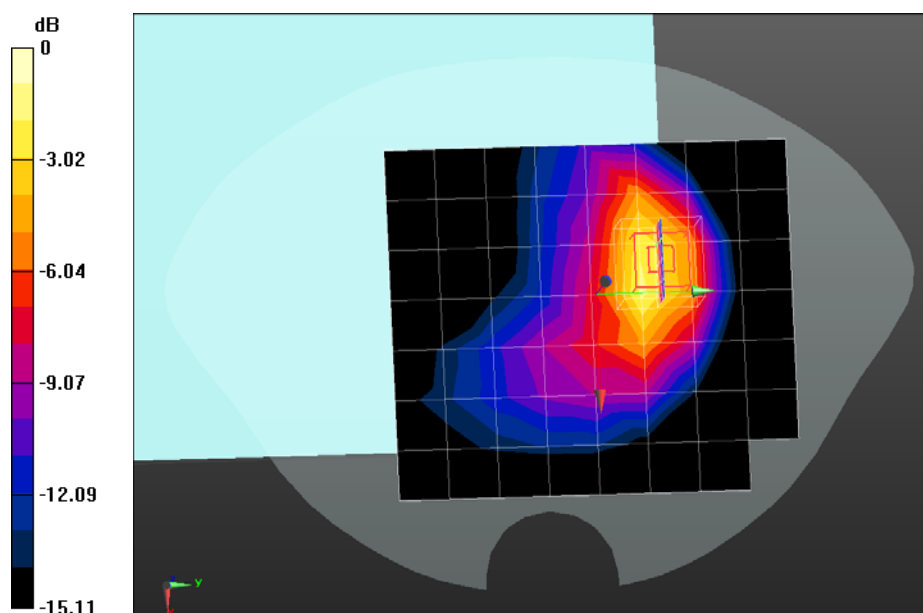
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 21/06/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/HSDPA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.819 mW/g

Configuration/HSDPA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.847 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.096 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.551 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g


0 dB = 1.19 mW/g = 1.51 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2437MHz-Bottom

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.24$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz-Bottom/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

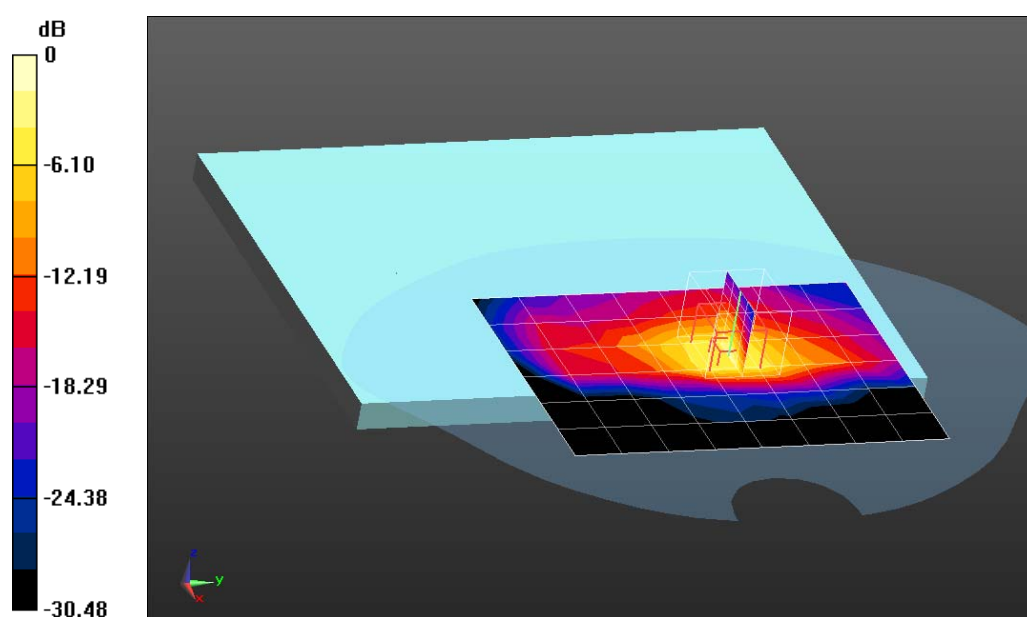
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g

Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.722 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

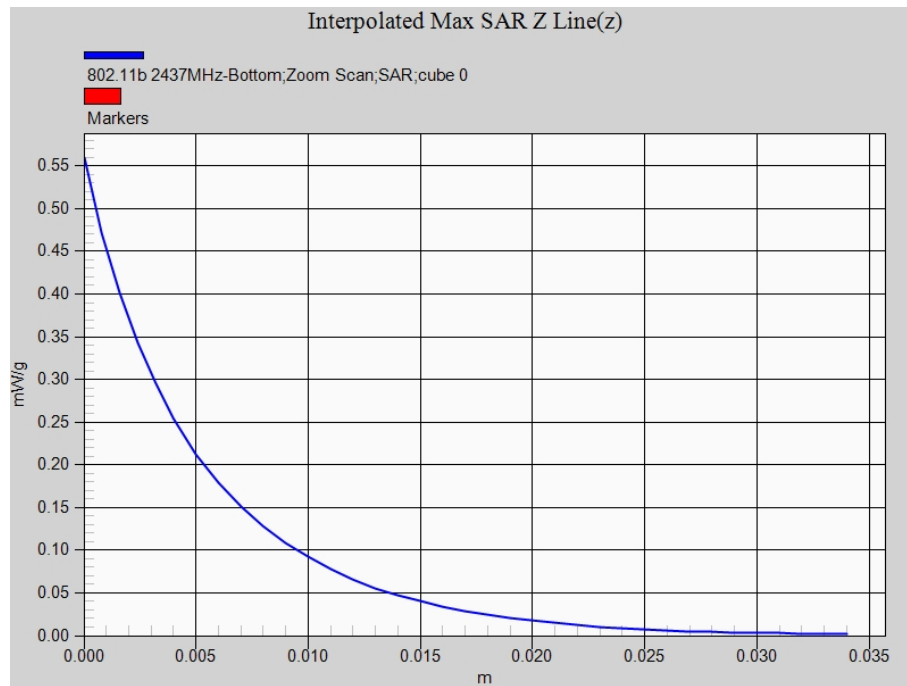
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5600

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 mW/g



0 dB = 0.270mW/g = -11.37 dB mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 19-09-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2437MHz-Primary landscape

DUT: Tablet; Type: QS9719D

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.24$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 2012/3/12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 2012/1/23
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

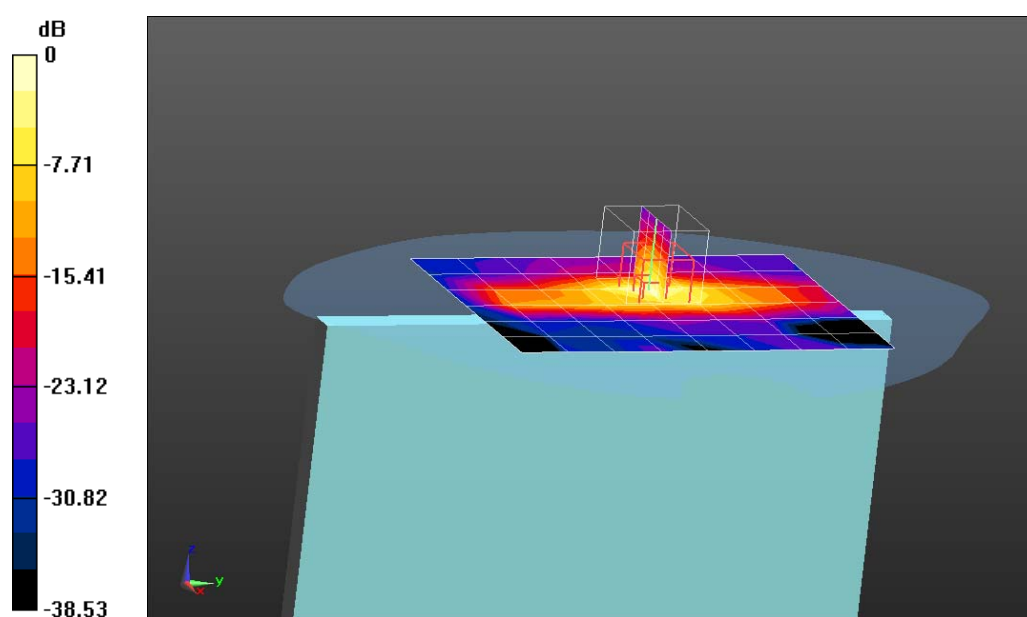
Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz-Primary landscape/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.072 mW/g

Configuration/802.11b 2437MHz-Primary landscape/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.724 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4140

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 mW/g



0 dB = 0.120mW/g = -18.42 dB mW/g

Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Test Setup Photographs

Bottom Touch for WWAN



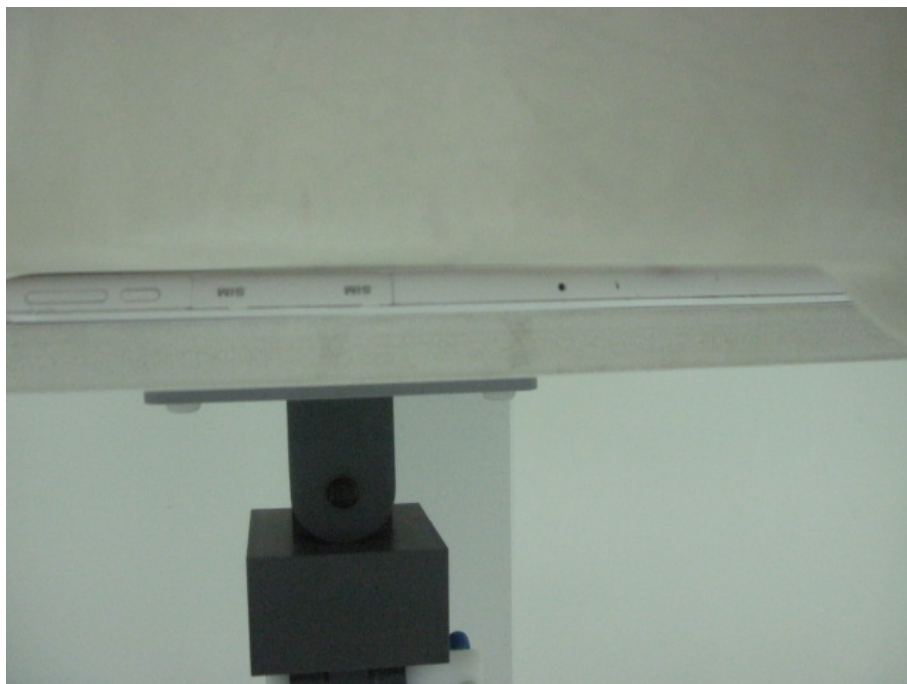
Primary landscape Touch for WWAN



Secondary portrait Touch for WWAN



Bottom Touch for WLAN



Primary landscape Touch for WLAN

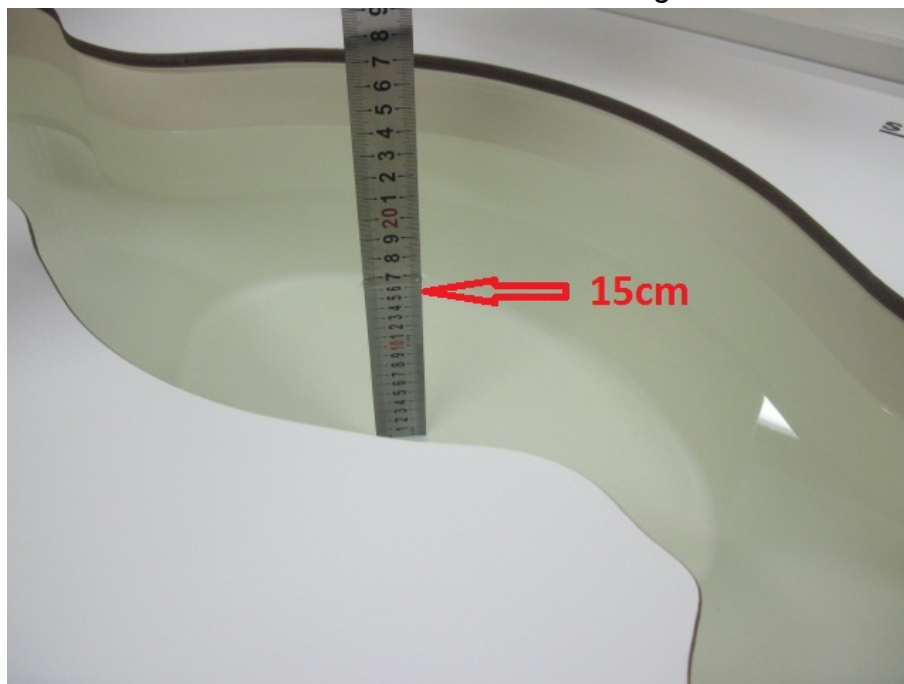


Secondary portrait Touch for WLAN



Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in

Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003



EUT Photographs

(1) EUT Photo



(2) EUT Photo



(3) EUT Photo

