

802 N. Twin Oaks Valley Road, Suite 105 • San Marcos, CA 92069 • U.S.A. TEL (760) 471-2100 • FAX (760) 471-2121 http://www.rfexposurelab.com

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Intel Mobile Communication 100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 Columbia, SC 29210 Dates of Test: Test Report Number: August 16-21, 2013

SAR.20130808

FCC ID: PD97260HU (Contains Model 7260HMW)

IC Certificate: 1000M-7260H (Contains Model 7260HMW, 7260HMW AN, 7260HMW NB, 7260HMW BN)

Model(s): TP00062A

Contains WLAN Model(s): Intel® Dual Band Wireless-AC 7260 (Model 7260HMW, 7260HMW AN, 7260HMW NB,

7260HMW BN)

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production

Serial Number: MP-03ZHP7, MP-03ZHPM

Equipment Type: Wireless Module Installed in Notebook Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 2412 – 2462 MHz; 5180 – 5320 MHz; 5500 – 5700 MHz; 5745 – 5825 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 2450 MHz (b) - 15.50 dB, 2450 MHz (g) - 16.50 dB, 2450 MHz (n20) - 16.50 dB,

2450 MHz (n40) - 16.50 dB, 5250 MHz (a) - 16.00 dB, 5250 MHz (n20) - 16.00 dB, 5250 MHz (n40) - 15.50 dB, 5250 MHz (ac) - 11.00 dB, 5600 MHz (a) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n20) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n40) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (ac) - 16.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n20) - 16.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n40) - 16

5800 MHz (ac) - 14.00 dB Conducted

Signal Modulation: DSSS, OFDM

Antenna Type: High-Tek Electronics Co., P/N 0ACCN013004N (Tx1), 0ACCN013005N (Tx2); PIFA Antenna

Jess-Link Products Co., P/N PANT13A00002-1 (Tx1), PANT13A00002-3 (Aux); PIFA Antenna

Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 15E

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v05, KDB 248227 v01r02, KDB 616217 D04 v01

Industry Canada: RSS-102, Safety Code 6
Maximum SAR Value: 1.15 W/kg Reported

Max. Simultaneous SAR: 0.01 Location Separation Reported

Separation Distance: 4 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, IEC 62209-2 and OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Intel Mobile Communications Model 7260HMW including family sub-model 7260HMW, 7260HMW AN, 7260HMW NB, 7260HMW BN installed in Lenovo Model TP00062A FCC ID: PD97260HU with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 1000M-7260H with RSS102 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Intel Mobile Communications Model 7260HMW including family sub-model 7260HMW, 7260HMW AN, 7260HMW BN installed in Lenovo Model TP00062A and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The models are electrically identical with only differences in firmware. The firmware is programmed in the factory for these family models and cannot be changed by the OEM or the final user.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C – 2001 [4], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [5], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the 7260HMW including family sub-model 7260HMW, 7260HMW AN, 7260HMW NB, 7260HMW BN installed in Lenovo Model TP00062A wireless modem. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	N/A	15	±1.5	13.5	16.5
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11g/n(Ch. 1 and 11)	N/A	N/A	12	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11 b/g/n(Ch. 2-10)	N/A	N/A	15	±1.5	13.5	16.5
WLAN – 5 GHz	802.11a (I and II)	N/A	N/A	14.5	±1.5	13.0	16.0
WLAN – 5 GHz	802.11a (III and IV)	N/A	N/A	15	±1.5	13.5	16.5
WLAN – 5 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	15	±1.5	13.5	16.5



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

The measurements are conducted utilizing the ALSAS-10-U automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALSAS-10-U is designed and manufactured by Aprel Laboratories in Nepean, Ontario, Canada. The system utilizes a Robcomm 3 robot manufactured by ThermoCRS located in Michigan USA.

System Hardware

The system consists of a six axis articulated arm, controller for precise probe positioning (0.05 mm repeatability), a power supply, a teach pendent for teaching area scans, near field probe, an IBM Pentium 4[™] 2.66 GHz PC with Windows XP Pro[™], and custom software developed to enable communications between the robot controller software and the host operating system.

An amplifier is located on the articulated arm, which is isolated from the custom designed end effector and robot arm. The end effector provides the mechanical touch detection functionality and probe connection interface. The amplifier is functionally validated within the manufacturer's site and calibrated at NCL Calibration Laboratories. A Data Acquisition Card (DAC) is used to collect the signal as detected by the isotropic e-field probe. The DAC manufacturer calibrates the DAC to NIST standards. A formal validation is executed using all mechanical and electronic components to prove conformity of the measurement platform as a whole.

System Description

The ALSAS-10-U has been designed to measure devices within the compliance environment to meet all recognized standards. The system also conforms to standards, which are currently being developed by the scientific and manufacturing community.

The course scan resolution is defined by the operator and reflects the requirements of the standard to which the device is being tested. Precise measurements are made within the predefined course scan area and the values are logged.

The user predefines the sample rate for which the measurements are made so as to ensure that the full duty-cycle of a pulse modulation device is covered during the sample. The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output for the probe.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$



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The Aprel E-Field probe is evaluated to establish the diode compression point.

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A complex algorithm is then used to calculate the values within the measured points down to a resolution of 1mm. The data from this process is then used to provide the co-ordinates from which the cube scan is created for the determination of the 1 g and 10 g averages.

Cube scan averaging consists of a number of complex algorithms, which are used to calculate the one, and ten gram averages. The basis for the cube scan process is centered on the location where the maximum measured SAR value was found. When a secondary peak value is found which is within 60% of the initial peak value, the system will report this back to the operator who can then assess the need for further analysis of both the peak values prior to the one and ten-gram cube scan averaging process. The algorithm consists of 3D cubic Spline, and Lagrange extrapolation to the surface, which form the matrix for calculating the measurement output for the one and ten gram average values. The resolution for the physical scan integral is user defined with a final calculated resolution down to 1mm.

In-depth analysis for the differential of the physical scanning resolution for the cube scan analysis has been carried out, to identify the optimum setting for the probe positioning steps, and this has been determined at 8mm increments on the X, & Y planes. The reduction of the physical step increment increased the time taken for analysis but did not provide a better uncertainty or return on measured values.

The final output from the system provides data for the area scan measurements, physical and splined (1mm resolution) cube scan with physical and calculated values (1mm resolution).

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the ALSAS-10-U used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

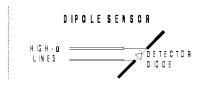
The probe used during the measurement process has been assessed to provide values for diode compression. These values are calculated during the probe calibration exercise and are used in the mathematical calculations for the assessment of SAR.

E-Field Probe

The E-field probe used by RF Exposure Lab, LLC, has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropic, and boundary effect. The probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below right.







The SAR is assessed with the probe which moves at a default height of 4mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (Z height). The diagram above right shows how the center of the sensor is defined with the location of the diode placed at the center of the dipole. The 4mm default in the Z axis is the optimum height for assessing SAR where the boundary effect is at its least, with the probe located closest to the phantom surface (boundary).

The manufacturer specified precision of the robot is \pm 0.05 mm and the precision of the APREL bottom detection device is \pm 0.1 mm. These precisions are calibrated and tested in the manufacturing process of the bottom detection device. A constant distance is maintained because the surface of the phantom is dynamically detected for each point. The surface detection algorithm corrects the position of the robot so that the probe rests on the surface of the phantom. The probe is then moved to the measurement location 2.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface \pm 0.1 mm for each SAR location for frequencies below 3 GHz. The probe is moved to the measurement location 1.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface \pm 0.1 mm for each SAR location for frequencies above 3 GHz.

The probe boundary effect compensation cannot be disabled in the ALSAS-10U testing system. The probe tip will always be at least half a probe tip diameter from the phantom surface. For frequencies up to 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 5 mm. With the sensor offset set at 1.54 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 4.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter. For frequencies greater than 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 3 mm. With the sensor offset set at 0.56 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 3.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter.

The separation of the first 2 measurement points in the zoom scan is specified in the test setup software. For frequencies below 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 6 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 1 cm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 4 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B. For frequencies above 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 3 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 5 mm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 2 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B.

The zoom scan volume for devices ≤ 3 GHz with a cube scan of 5x5x8 yields a volume of 32x32x28 mm³. For devices > 3 GHz and < 4.5 GHz, the cube scan of 9x9x9 yields a volume of 32x32x24 mm³. For devices ≥ 4.5 GHz, the cube scan of 7x7x12 yields a volume of 24x24x22 mm³.



3. Robot Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: ThermoCRS, Robot Model: Robocomm 3

Repeatability: 0.05 mm

No. of axis: 6

Data Acquisition Card (DAC) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4[™] Clock Speed: 2.66 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP Pro™

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, End Effector, DAC

Software: ALSAS 10-U Software

E-Field Probe

Model: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Serial Number: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Construction: Triangular Core Touch Detection System

Frequency: 10MHz to 6GHz

Phantom

Phantom: Uniphantom, Right Phantom, Left Phantom





4. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



5. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 5.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

Ingredients			Simulating	g Tissue	
		2450 MHz Body	5250 MHz Body		
Mixing Percentage					
Water		73.20			
Sugar		0.00			
Salt		0.04	Dro	prietary Mixtu	ro
HEC		0.00	FIC	prietary wiktu	ie
Bactericide		0.00			
DGBE		26.70	1		
Dielectric Constant	Target	52.70	48.96	48.47	48.25
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.95	5.35	5.77	5.96



ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2] 6.

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 6.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time. ² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



7. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



8. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 8.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

		2450 MHz Body		5200 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Aug.	Aug. 15, 2013		19, 2013
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε	Dielectric Constant: ε		52.55	49.01	49.04
Conductivity: σ		1.95	1.97	5.30	5.41
		5600 l	MHz Body	5800 1	MHz Body
Date(s)		Aug.	19, 2013	Aug.	19, 2013
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		48.47	48.45	48.20	48.17
Conductivity: σ		5.77	5.93	6.00	6.15

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 8.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation Target and Fast SAR to SAR (%)	Plot Number
15-Aug-2013	2450 MHz	51.50	51.79	Body	+ 0.56	1
19-Aug-2013	5200 MHz	73.40	73.98	Body	+ 0.79	2
19-Aug-2013	5600 MHz	79.10	78.92	Body	- 0.23	3
20-Aug-2013	5800 MHz	72.90	72.87	Body	- 0.04	4

See Appendix A for data plots.5

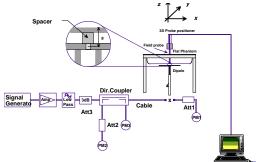


Figure 8.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



9. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The EUT was tested on all sides of the device where the antenna was within 25 mm of that side. All measurements for the tablet condition were conducted with the side of the device in direct contact with the phantom. For sides of the antenna which were not measured in this report, the SAR was conduct on the module in the modular approval with the maximum distance of 8 mm on all six sides of the antenna. Therefore, the requirements mentioned in RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001 – SAR Testing Requirements with Regards to Bystanders for Laptop Type Computers with Antennas Built-In on Display Screen (Laptop/Tablet Mode) are covered.

In the laptop mode, the antennas are greater than 20 cm from the user. Mobile evaluation was conducted in appendix G.

The Bluetooth transmitter does simultaneously transmit with the WiFi transmitter. When the BT is turned on, it transmits on Main and the WiFi transmits on Aux. The Main and Aux antennas are a minimum of 222 mm separation. Simultaneous transmission is evaluated on page 53.

The data rates used when evaluating the WiFi transmitter were the lowest data rates for each mode. The device was operating at its maximum output power at the lowest data rate for all measurements.

The tablet was using the Intel test utility DRTU Version 1.6.1-628 and the device driver was version 16.0.0.49.

The tablet was on a minimum of 10 cm of Styrofoam during each test. The following is a pictorial drawing of the locations and separation distances.



David	Mada	Bandwidth	Chausal	Frequency	Data	A 4	Power
Band	Mode	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)
			1	2412			16.47
			6	2437		Main	16.50
	802.11b	20	11 1	2462 2412	1 Mbps		16.48
			6	2412		Aux	16.48 16.50
			11	2462			16.49
			1	2412			13.48
			6	2437		Main	16.50
	802.11g	20	11 1	2462 2412	6 Mbps		13.47
			6	2412		Aux	11.99 15.49
			11	2462			13.46
2450 MHz			1	2412			13.48
			6	2437		Main	16.50
	802.11n	20	11 1	2462 2412	HT4		13.46
			6	2412		Aux	11.97 15.50
			11	2462		7107	13.42
			3	2422			11.96
			6	2437		Main	16.47
	802.11n	40	9	2452	HT4		12.90
			<u>3</u>	2422 2437		Aux	9.92 13.42
			9	2452		Aux	12.89
			36	5180			13.46
			40	5200		Main	15.86
			44	5220	6 Mbps	IVIAIII	16.00
	802.11a	20	48	5240		Aux	14.98
			36 40	5180 5200			12.89 15.92
			44	5220			16.00
			48	5240			14.96
		802.11n 20	36	5180	нт4		13.42
			40	5200		Main	15.87
5.15-5.25 GHz			44 48	5220 5240			16.00 15.48
	802.11n		36	5180		Aux	12.86
			40	5200			15.91
			44	5220			16.00
			48	5240			15.46
			38 46	5190 5230	HT4	Main	9.46 15.42
	802.11n	40	38	5190			9.94
			46	5230	HT4	Aux	15.37
	802.11ac	80	42	5210	VHT6	Main	8.46
						Aux	8.39
			52	5260			13.45
			56 60	5280 5300		Main	15.87 16.00
	902.115	20	64	5320	6 Mbas		13.46
	802.11a	20	52	5260	6 Mbps		12.90
			56	5280		Aux	15.93
			60	5300			16.00
			64 52	5320 5260			12.94 13.42
			56	5280		NA-!	15.81
5.25-5.35 GHz			60	5300		Main	15.94
	802.11n	20	64	5320	HT4		13.48
			52	5260			12.85
			56 60	5280 5300		Aux	15.93 15.85
			64	5320			13.00
			54	5270	HT4	Main	9.48
	802.11n	40	62	5310	1114	ividili	11.00
			54	5270	HT4	Aux	9.99
			62	5310			10.97
	802.11ac	80	58	5290	VHT6	Main Aux	10.47 10.92



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Power (dBm)
		(2)		-			
			100 104	5500 5520			13.46 16.42
			108	5540			16.39
			112	5560			16.50
			116	5580			16.48
			120	5600		Main	16.42
			124	5620			16.46
			128	5640			16.37
			132	5660			16.50
			136	5680			16.47
	802.11a	20	140 100	5700 5500	6 Mbps		12.93 12.95
			104	5520			16.42
			108	5540			16.38
			112	5560			16.50
			116	5580			16.43
			120	5600		Aux	16.48
			124	5620			16.42
			128	5640			16.40
			132	5660			16.50
			136	5680			16.38
			140 100	5700			12.42
			104	5500 5520		Main	13.50 16.42
			108	5540			16.48
			112	5560			16.45
	802.11n		116	5580	нт4		16.37
			120	5600			16.48
			124	5620			16.50
			128	5640			16.41
			132	5660			16.45
5600 MHz			136	5680			16.39
		20	140	5700			12.98
			100	5500		Aux	12.99
			104 108	5520 5540			16.34 16.39
			112	5560			16.41
			116	5580			16.50
			120	5600			16.42
			124	5620			16.48
			128	5640			16.43
			132	5660			16.47
1			136	5680			16.48
1			140	5700		1	12.49
1			102 110	5510 5550			10.42 16.48
1			110	5580	HT4	Main	16.48
1			126	5610		1414111	16.47
	002 **		134	5670			15.49
	802.11n	40	102	5510			10.48
1			110	5550			16.48
1			118	5580	HT4	Aux	16.43
1			126	5610			16.38
1			134	5670		<u> </u>	15.46
1		20	144	5720		Main	16.48
1					VHT0	Aux	16.42
1		40	142	5710		Main	16.43
			106	5530		Aux	16.47 8.97
	802.11ac		122	5610		Main	13.95
1			138	5690	\u.=c		13.92
		80	106	5530	VHT6		8.91
			122	5610		Aux	13.97
			138	5690			13.99



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Power (dBm)
			149	5745		-	16.48
			153	5765		-	16.47
			157	5785		Main	16.50
			161	5805			16.43
	802.11a	20	165	5825	6 Mbps		16.48
	002:110		149	5745	0.111000	Aux	16.42
			153	5765			16.45
			157	5785			16.50
			161	5805			16.47
			165	5825			16.49
			149	5745	нт8	Main	16.42
			153	5765			16.45
5800 MHz			157	5785			16.48
3000 141112			161	5805			16.43
	802.11n	20	165	5825			16.41
			149	5745			16.40
			153	5765			16.48
			157	5785		Aux	16.39
			161	5805			16.47
			165	5825			16.45
			151	5755		Main	16.43
	802.11n	40	159	5795	HT8	,,,,,	16.37
			151	5755		Aux	16.36
			159	5795		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16.42
	802.11ac	80	155	5775	VHT6	Main Aux	13.98 14.00



Figure 9.1 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main High-Tek

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	0 1	1 – 2412 MHz	Tested
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
000 445	Landscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
802.11b		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44 =		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g	Primary Portrait	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandami	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Cocondon	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n	Lanuscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
602.1111		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Cocondony	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	i Uttait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the b mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.34 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.2 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux High-Tek

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Cocondon	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
802.11b	Landscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
002.110		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Cocondon	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary - Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
	Politali	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44 =		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g	Primary Portrait	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandani	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandani	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000.44	Landscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	· •	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Ponrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the b mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{2.462}=0.34$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.3 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Landscape	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
802.11b	Lanuscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
002.110		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Cocondon	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44 =		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	ĺ	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000.44	Landscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	· ·	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the b mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{2.462=0.34}$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.4 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Landscape	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
802.11b	Landscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
002.110		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Cocondon	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
	Politali	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000.44		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11g		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
000.44	Landscape	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ²
	Portrait	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the b mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{2.462}$ =0.26 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{2.462}=0.34$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.5 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Main High-Tek

<u> 1941 0 010</u>	1 CSt I Caaction	1 4 5 1 5 1 1 E	. Mani ingn ici
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
=		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	5. 5	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Primary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
-		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Datas and Dantas it	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Sacandary Dortrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	42 – 5210 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.49 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.6 Test Reduction Table - 5.1 GHz Aux High-Tek

i igaic 3.0	Test Neduction		Z Aux High Tek
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	D I	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Coondan/Londoono	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
	Drimon, Dortroit	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Filliary Follial	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	42 – 5210 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.49 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.7 Test Reduction Table - 5.1 GHz Main Jess-Link

garo 0.7	1 COL I COGGOTIOII		
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduce
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
000.44	, ,	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Primary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	,	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Васк	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Cocondon I ondocono	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Deine au . Dantuait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Occasional Books in	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	42 – 5210 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
F	Secondary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(271.3 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.24}=0.38$ which is equal to or less than 3.0. $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(267.3 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.24}=0.38$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.24}=0.49$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.8 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Aux Jess-Link

iguic 3.0	Test Neduction I	able - 3.1 GHz	. Aux Jess-Lilli
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deal	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
	Filliary Politali	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Tested
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deale	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Filliary Politali	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Sacandary Bartrait	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	42 – 5210 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.24}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.24}=0.49$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	- .	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
Ī		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	0	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Delegano Dantesia	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
Ī		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	On an adams Danton's	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandamilandasana	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Drim on / Dortroit	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Cocondon, Dortro	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	58 – 5290 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
ļ	Secondary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.49 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.10 Test Reduction Table - 5.2 GHz Aux High-Tek

94100110	100t Roddotion	TUDIO OIL OI	<u>ız 7 ax i iigii i i</u>
Mode	Side	Required	Tested/Reduced
		Channel	
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Баск	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Casandanilandasana	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Daine and Dantasit	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
		60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Dook	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandanilandasana	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Drimon, Dortroit	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Cocondon Dortro	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	58 – 5290 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(271.3 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.32}=0.38$ which is equal to or less than 3.0. $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(267.3 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.32}=0.39$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.32}=0.49$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.11 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Main Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Casandan I andasan	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Duine ou . Doutus it	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Cooperators : Doutsoit	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Dools	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandanilandasana	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Duine ou . Doutuoit	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	O d - m - D - mtm - 't	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	58 – 5290 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.49 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.12 Test Reduction Table - 5.2 GHz Aux Jess-Link

.ga.	103t Reduction	1 4510 3.2 31	Z Aux 0033 Em
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
	Deles and Destabli	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	O da ma Da ataa 't	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandanilandaana	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
5150 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Filliary Fortial	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Socondary Portrait	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	58 – 5290 MHz	Tested
5210 MHz	Primary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.38 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.32}$ =0.49 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.13 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main High-Tek

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Landscape	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	2425425	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
	a O alD la a la contra li acit	140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.51 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.14 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main High-Tek

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
Wode	Side	•	
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	DI-	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Landscape	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	•	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	D: D: 1	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	1	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
	<u>_</u>	136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.15 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main High-Tek

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	Back	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Tested
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.16 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux High-Tek

			One has ing
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Landscape	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Landscape	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary Portrait	108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced nor KDP 4

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.51 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.17 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux High-Tek

• • • • •		J.1 1 4 6 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1	OTIL Max Ting
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Landscape	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	Lanascape	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.18 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux High-Tek

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	Back	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary – Landscape –	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Tested
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.19 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Landscape	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lanuscape	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.51 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.20 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main Jess-Link

0 0.20 .	o: I		T (1/2)
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	0	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	Landscape	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	1	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	1	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.21 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandani	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape Primary Portrait	122 – 5610 MHz	Tested
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.22 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Aux Jess-Link

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • 	Jot Roadon	THE PARTY OF THE P	
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Secondary	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Landscape	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Landscape	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Secondary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Tested
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.39 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(209.37 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.70}$ =0.51 which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.23 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
Mode	Olde	100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
	Landscape	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.24 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Casandani	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	122 – 5610 MHz	Tested
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz	Primary Portrait	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.



Figure 9.25 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main High-Tek

		11 1 able - 3.0 (
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	155 – 5775 MHz	Tested
5775 MHz	Primary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 6 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(271.3 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.825}=0.40$ which is equal to or less than 3.0. $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(267.3 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.825}=0.40 \text{ which is equal to or less than 3.0.}$

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.825}=0.52$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.26 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Aux High-Tek

11 C 3.20	rest Neduction	JII Table - 3.0	Griz Aux riigii-
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	24011	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	Coochidally Editaboupo	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	i iiiiaiy i oi iiaii	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	Soondary Fortalt	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	155 – 5775 MHz	Tested
5775 MHz	Primary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
JI I J IVII IZ	Secondary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
 	Secondary Fortrait	100 - 0770 IVITZ	Reduced

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 6 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.825}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.825}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.825}=0.52$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.27 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main Jess-Link

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	,	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	1	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	155 – 5775 MHz	Tested
5775 MHz	Primary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 6 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.825}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.825}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.825}=0.52$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 9.28 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Aux Foxconn

0 3.20	i cst i caacti	on rabic 5.0	OHE AUX I OX
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Landscape	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Primary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Secondary Landscape	155 – 5775 MHz	Tested
5775 MHz	Primary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
	Secondary Portrait	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 6 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the conducted power in this mode is less than 0.25 dB higher than the a mode, testing is not required per KDB 248227 page 5.

Reduced³ – When the calculated value from a side is less than or equal to 3.0, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW

Secondary Portrait Side Distance From Main: 271.3 mm Primary Portrait Side Distance from Aux: 267.3 mm

Primary Landscape Distance from Main and Aux in tablet mode: 209.37 mm

[(44.7 mW)/(271.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.825}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0. [(44.7 mW)/(267.3 mm)]* $\sqrt{5.825}$ =0.40 which is equal to or less than 3.0.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(209.37 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.825}=0.52$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
Plot	Gap	Antonno	Position	Frequ	ency	- Modulation	Diversity	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
FIOL	Сар	Antenna	Fosition	MHz	Ch.	Wiodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Back	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.164	0.16
1				2412	1	DSSS		16.47	1.147	1.15
			Sec. Land.	2437	6	DSSS	Main	16.50	0.939	0.94
		High-Tek		2462	11	DSSS		16.48	1.078	1.08
		nigh-i ek	Pri. Port.	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.281	0.28
			Back	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.167	0.17
			Sec. Land.	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	16.50	0.648	0.65
	0		Sec. Port.	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.675	0.68
	mm		Back	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.143	0.14
				2412	1	DSSS		16.47	0.915	0.92
			Sec. Land.	2437	6	DSSS	Main	16.50	0.827	0.83
		logo Link		2462	11	DSSS		16.48	0.887	0.89
		Jess-Link	Pri. Port.	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.424	0.42
			Back	2437	6	DSSS		16.50	0.160	0.16
			Sec. Land.	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	16.50	0.643	0.64
			Sec. Port.	2437	6	DSSS	ļ	16.50	0.531	0.53

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a	ıll tests.		
	Power Measured	⊠Conducted	□ERP	☐EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Uni-phantom	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	Base Station Sim	ulator
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	N/A
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Plot	Plot Gap Antenna		Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Diversity	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
FIOL	Gap	Antenna	Position	MHz	Ch.	Wiodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Back	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.308	0.31
			Dack	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.342	0.34
			Sec. Land.	5220	44	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.601	0.60
			Sec. Land.	5300	60	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.00	0.581	0.58
			Pri. Port.	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.443	0.44
		High-Tek	1 11. 1 011.	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.508	0.51
		riigii-Tek	Back	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.265	0.27
			Dack	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.312	0.31
2			Sec. Land.	5220	44	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.744	0.74
				5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.648	0.65
			Sec. Port.	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.576	0.58
	0 mm			5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.539	0.54
	0 111111		Back	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.334	0.33
			Sec. Land.	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.310	0.31
				5220	44	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.407	0.41
			Occ. Lana.	5300	60	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.00	0.377	0.38
			Pri. Port.	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.374	0.37
		Jess-Link	1 11.1 01.	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.393	0.39
		COOC LIIIK	Back	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.332	0.33
			Buok	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.356	0.36
			Sec. Land.	5220	44	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.668	0.67
			CCC. Edila.	5300	60	OFDM	, lax	16.00	0.505	0.51
			Sec. Port.	5220	44	OFDM		16.00	0.407	0.41
			000.1 011.	5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.352	0.35

Rody
Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

I.	Battery is fully charged for a	all tests.		
	Power Measured	⊠Conducted	□ERP	□EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Uni-phantom	☐Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simulator	
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Plot	ot Gap Antenna		Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Diversity	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
FIOL	Gap	Antenna	FOSITION	MHz	Ch.	Woddiation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Back	5580	116	OFDM		16.48	0.315	0.32
			Dack	5680	136	OFDM		16.47	0.361	0.36
			Sec. Land.	5580	116	OFDM	Main	16.48	0.426	0.43
			Sec. Land.	5680	136	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.47	0.602	0.61
			Pri. Port.	5580	116	OFDM		16.48	0.412	0.41
		High-Tek	FII. FUIL.	5680	136	OFDM		16.47	0.467	0.47
		riigii-rek	Back	5580	116	OFDM		16.43	0.351	0.36
			Dack	5680	136	OFDM		16.38	0.324	0.33
			Sec. Land.	5580	116	OFDM	Aux	16.43	0.549	0.56
3				5680	136	OFDM		16.38	0.687	0.71
			Sec . Port.	5580	116	OFDM		16.43	0.401	0.41
	0 mm			5680	136	OFDM		16.38	0.465	0.48
	0 111111		Back	5580	116	OFDM		16.48	0.296	0.30
			Dack	5680	136	OFDM		16.47	0.318	0.32
			Sec. Land.	5580	116	OFDM	Main	16.48	0.465	0.47
			Sec. Land.	5680	136	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.47	0.351	0.35
			Pri. Port.	5580	116	OFDM		16.48	0.409	0.41
		Jess-Link	1 11. 1 011.	5680	136	OFDM		16.47	0.337	0.34
		OC33 LITIK	Back	5580	116	OFDM		16.43	0.313	0.32
			Dack	5680	136	OFDM		16.38	0.288	0.30
			Sec. Land.	5580	116	OFDM	Aux	16.43	0.482	0.49
			Occ. Land.	5680	136	OFDM	Aux	16.38	0.575	0.59
			Sec . Port.	5580	116	OFDM		16.43	0.336	0.34
			Gec. i oit.	5680	136	OFDM		16.38	0.403	0.41

	Boo	dy
1.6	W/kg	(mW/g)
av	eraged ov	er 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a	ill tests.		
	Power Measured	□ Conducted	□ERP	□EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	☐Left Head	⊠Uni-phantom	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	☐Head	⊠Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simulator	
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a

5785

Left Head

Head Test Code

ME.	ASU	REMEN	IT RESUI	_TS						
Plot	Gap	Antenna	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Diversity	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
FIOL	Gap	Antenna	FOSILIOII	MHz	Ch.	Woddiation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Back	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.376	0.38
4		High-Tek	Sec. Land.	5785	157	OFDM	Main Aux	16.50	0.553	0.55
			Pri. Port.	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.371	0.37
			Back	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.409	0.41
			Sec. Land.	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.516	0.52
	0		Sec. Port.	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.400	0.40
	mm		Back	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.341	0.34
			Sec. Land.	5785	157	OFDM	Main	16.50	0.427	0.43
		Jess-Link	Pri. Port. 5785 157 OFDM		16.50	0.399	0.40			
		Jess-Link	Back	5785	157	OFDM		16.50	0.373	0.37
			Sec. Land.	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.50	0.466	0.47

OFDM

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

0.370

16.50

0.37

1.	Battery is fully charged for	r all tests.
	Power Measured	

Sec. Port.

2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

Test Signal Call Mode

☐With Belt Clip **Test Configuration** Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

□ERP

□EIRP

⊠Eli4

☐Right Head Body

☐Base Station Simulator ☐Without Belt Clip

 $\sum N/A$



SAR Data Summary – 5 GHz Body 802.11ac 80 MHz Bandwidth

ME.	ASU	REMEN	T RESUL	TS						
Plot	Gap	Antenna	Position	Frequency		Madulation	Diversity	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
Piot	Gap	Antenna	Position	MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		High-Tek	Sec. Land.	5210	42	OFDM	Aux	8.39	0.224	0.23
		Jess-Link	Sec. Land.	5210	42	OFDM	Aux	8.39	0.207	0.21
		High-Tek	Sec. Land.	5290	58	OFDM	Aux	10.92	0.352	0.36
	0	Jess-Link	Sec. Land.	5290	58	OFDM	Aux	10.92	0.331	0.34
	mm	High-Tek	Sec. Land.	5610	122	OFDM	Aux	13.97	0.511	0.51
		Jess-Link	Sec. Land.	5610	122	OFDM	Aux	13.97	0.524	0.53
		High-Tek	Sec. Land.	5775	155	OFDM	Main	13.98	0.346	0.35
		Jess-Link	Sec. Land.	5775	155	OFDM	Main	13.98	0.328	0.33

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a	all tests.		
	Power Measured		□ERP	☐EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Sin	mulator
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	Without Belt Cl	lip N/A
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Freque	Frequency Modulation Frequency Modulation SAR ₁ SAR ₂ SAR Total											
MHz	Ch.		MHz	Ch.	modulation	07.11.7	3 7 ii 12	L				
2412	1	DSSS	2440	39	GFSK	1.15	0.53	1.68				
5220	44	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.74	0.53	1.27				
5680	136	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.71	0.53	1.24				
5875	157	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.55	0.53	1.08				

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

The sum of the two transmitters is not less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission is determine with location ratio in KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.2 3). See calculations below.

BT Calculated SAR per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.2 2) page 12.

SAR = [(Max power including tolerance, mW)/(Min test separation distance, mm)]*[$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/7.5$]

Max power = 10 mW Test Separation = 4 mm $f_{(GHz)} = 2.48$

SAR = $(10/4)*(\sqrt{2.48/7.5}) = 0.53$

Location Ratio per KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 section 4.3.2 3) page 13.

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i(mm) \le 0.04$

 $R_i = 222 \text{ mm}$

For 2.4 GHz Band $-(1.15+0.53)^{1.5}/222 = 0.01$ For 5.2 GHz Band $-(0.74+0.53)^{1.5}/222 = 0.01$ For 5.6 GHz Band $-(0.71+0.53)^{1.5}/222 = 0.01$

For 5.8 GHz Band $-(0.55+0.53)^{1.5}/222 = 0.01$

Therefore, per the location ratio, simultaneous transmission meets the requirements to exclude testing.



10. Test Equipment List

Table 10.1 Equipment Specifications

Type	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
ThermoCRS Robot	N/A	N/A	RAF0338198
ThermoCRS Controller	N/A	N/A	RCF0338224
ThermoCRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	N/A	N/A	STP0334405
IBM Computer, 2.66 MHz P4	N/A	N/A	8189D8U KCPR08N
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E020	08/01/2014	08/01/2013	RFE-217
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E030	07/17/2014	07/17/2013	E030-001
Aprel Uni-Phantom	N/A	N/A	RFE-273
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	12/04/2013	12/04/2012	829
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	12/11/2013	12/11/2012	1085
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	03/25/2014	03/25/2013	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	03/27/2014	03/27/2013	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/25/2014	03/25/2013	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/25/2014	03/25/2013	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/25/2014	03/25/2013	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/25/2014	03/25/2013	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/25/2014	03/25/2013	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	04/05/2014	04/05/2012	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	08/03/2014	08/03/2012	6201176199
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Body Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (5 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



11. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



12. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, June 2001.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, October 2003.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2010.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.



Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

^{*} value interpolated



```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Mon 19/Aug/2013
 Freq Frequency(GHz)
 FCC_eH FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C ( June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
 FCC_sH FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma
 FCC_eB FCC Limits for Body Epsilon
 FCC_sB FCC Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
 Test_s Sigma of UIM
 *****************
```

^{*} value interpolated



SAR Test Report Plot 1

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2013

Product Data
Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 829
Type : Dipole
Model : D2450V2
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Power Drift-Start : 6.215 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 6.280 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 1.050

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 2450
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 15-Aug-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 45.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.55 F/m

Sigma : 1.97 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 217 - RFEL
Model : E020

Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date : 01-Aug-2013 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 4.7

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

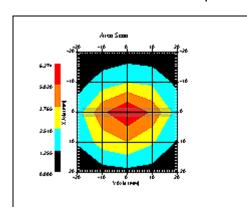
Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Area Scan : 5x5x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

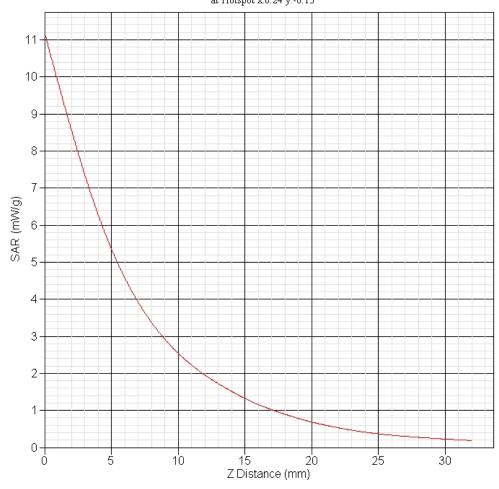
Other Data
Separation : 10 mm
Channel : Mid





1 gram SAR value : 5.179 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.352 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 6.274 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 11.190 W/kg

SAR-Z Axis at Hotspot x:0.24 y:-0.13





SAR Test Report Plot 2

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 19-Aug-2013

Product Data
Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 1085
Type : Dipole
Model : D5GHzV2
Frequency : 5200.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Power Drift-Start : 8.972 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 8.961 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.124

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 5200
Frequency : 5200.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 19-Aug-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 50.00 RH%

Epsilon : 49.04 F/m

Sigma : 5.41 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : Probe E030-001 - RFEL

Model : E-030

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : E030-001 Last Calib. Date : 17-Jul-2013 Frequency : 5200.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5.7

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

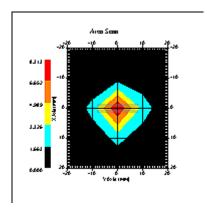
Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 0.56 mm

Measurement Data

Other Data

Separation : 10 mm Channel : Mid

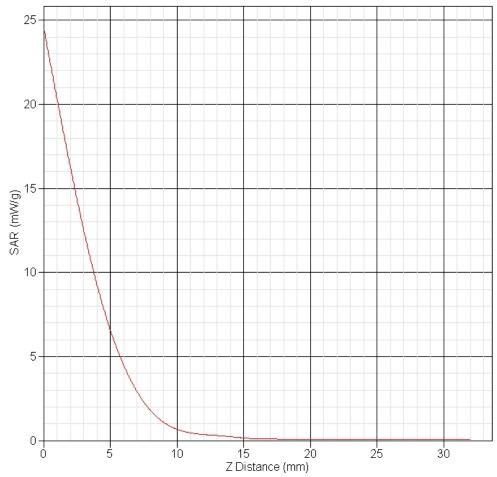




1 gram SAR value : 7.398 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.057 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 8.297 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 24.619 W/kg

SAR-Z Axis

at Hotspot x:0.31 y:-0.10





SAR Test Report Plot 3

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 19-Aug-2013

Product Data
Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 1085
Type : Dipole
Model : D5GHzV2
Frequency : 5600.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Power Drift-Start : 8.724 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 8.468 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -2.936

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 5600
Frequency : 5600.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 19-Aug-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 50.00 RH%

Epsilon : 48.45 F/m

Sigma : 5.93 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : Probe E030-001 - RFEL

Model : E-030

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : E030-001 Last Calib. Date : 17-Jul-2013 Frequency : 5600.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5.6

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

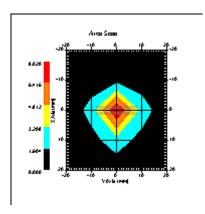
Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 0.56 mm

Measurement Data

Other Data

Separation : 10 mm Channel : Mid

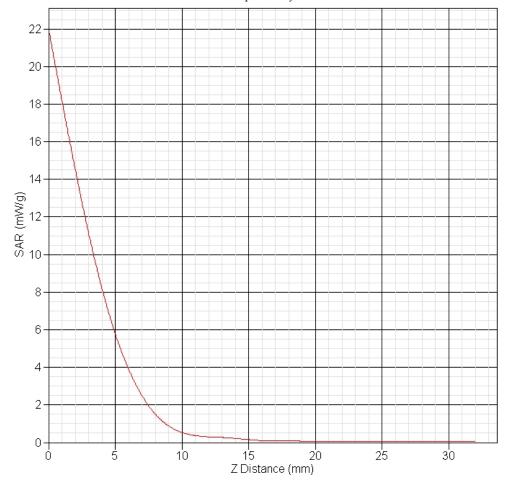




1 gram SAR value : 7.892 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.165 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 8.197 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 22.017 W/kg

SAR-Z Axis

at Hotspot x:0.33 y:-0.18





SAR Test Report Plot 4

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 20-Aug-2013

Product Data
Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 1085
Type : Dipole
Model : D5GHzV2
Frequency : 5800.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Power Drift-Start : 8.213 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 8.005 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -2.535

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 5800
Frequency : 5800.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date : 19-Aug-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 50.00 RH%

Epsilon : 48.17 F/m

Sigma : 6.15 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : Probe E030-001 - RFEL

Model : E-030

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : E030-001 Last Calib. Date : 17-Jul-2013 Frequency : 5800.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5.5

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 0.56 mm

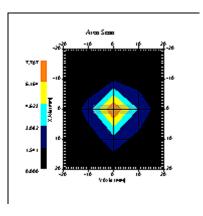
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Area Scan : 5x5x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=2mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x12 : Measurement x=4mm, y=4mm, z=2mm

Other Data

Separation : 10 mm Channel : Mid

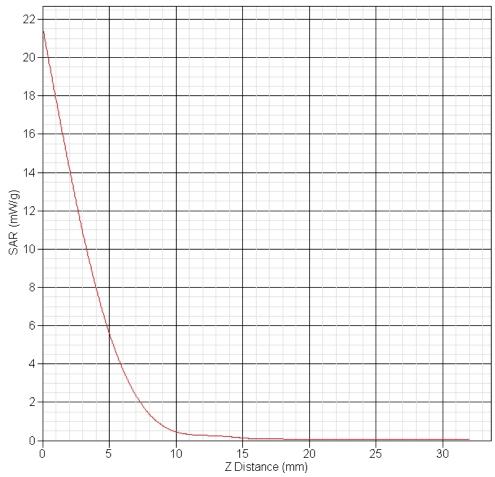




1 gram SAR value : 7.287 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.019 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 7.698 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 21.617 W/kg

SAR-Z Axis

at Hotspot x:0.32 y:-0.18





Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



SAR Test Report Plot 1

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 16-Aug-2013

Product Data

Device Name : Intel Corporation

Serial No. : MP-03ZHPM

Mode : 802.11b

Model : TP00062A

Frequency : 2412.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.045 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Antenna Type : Main
Orientation : Secondary Landscape

Power Drift-Start : 0.844 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.845 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 0.138

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Frequency : 2412.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 15-Aug-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 45.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.616 F/m

Sigma : 1.922 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : RFEL 217
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date : 01-Aug-2013 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 4.7

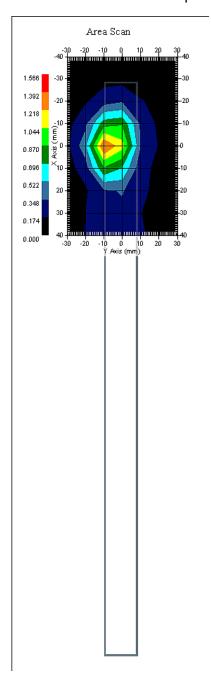
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Area Scan : 9x7x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=2mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm





1 gram SAR value : 1.147 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.555 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.393 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 2.362 W/kg



SAR Test Report Plot 2

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 19-Aug-2013

Product Data

Device Name : Intel Corporation

Serial No. : MP-03ZHPM

Mode : 802.11a

Model : TP00062A

Frequency : 5220.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.045 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Antenna Type : Aux
Orientation : Secondary Landscape

Power Drift-Start : 0.459 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.445 W/kg Power Drift (%): -3.051

Picture

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data

Type : BODY Frequency : 5220.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 19-Aug-2013 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 50.00 RH%

Epsilon : 49.01 F/m

Sigma : 5.44 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe E030-001 - RFEL
Model : E030
Time : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : E030-001 Last Calib. Date : 17-Jul-2013 Frequency : 5200.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5.7

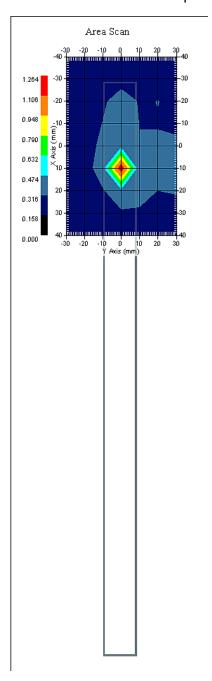
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 0.56 mm

Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Area Scan : 9x7x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=2mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x12 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=2mm





1 gram SAR value : 0.744 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.375 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.263 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.921 W/kg



SAR Test Report Plot 3

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 20-Aug-2013

Product Data

Device Name : Intel Corporation

Serial No. : MP-03ZHPM

Mode : 802.11a

Model : TP00062A

Frequency : 5680.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.045 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Antenna Type : Aux
Orientation : Secondary Landscape

Power Drift-Start : 0.288 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.296 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.835

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Frequency : 5680.00 MHz Last Calib. Date: 19-Aug-2012 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 50.00 RH%

Epsilon : 48.34 F/m

Sigma : 6.01 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : Probe E030-001 - RFEL

Model : E030

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : E030-001 Last Calib. Date : 17-Jul-2013 Frequency : 5600.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5.6

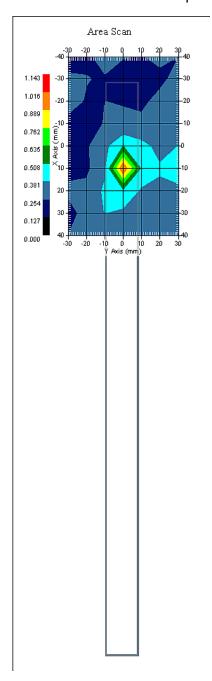
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 0.56 mm

Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Area Scan : 9x7x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=2mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x12 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=2mm





1 gram SAR value : 0.687 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.392 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.020 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.501 W/kg



SAR Test Report Plot 4

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 21-Aug-2013

Product Data

Device Name : Intel Corporation

Serial No. : MP-03ZHPM

Mode : 802.11a

Model : TP00062A

Frequency : 5785.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.045 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Antenna Type : Main
Orientation : Secondary Landscape

Power Drift-Start : 0.285 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.292 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.341

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : RFE-273

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Frequency : 5785.00 MHz Last Calib. Date: 19-Aug-2012 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 50.00 RH%

Epsilon : 48.193 F/m

Sigma : 6.128 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : Probe E030-001 - RFEL

Model : E030

Type : E-Field Triangle

Serial No. : E030-001 Last Calib. Date : 17-Jul-2013 Frequency : 5800.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5.5

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

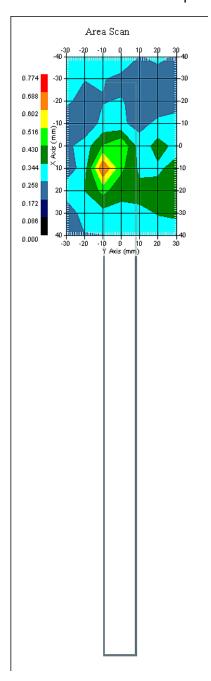
Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 0.56 mm

Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Area Scan : 9x7x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=2mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x12 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=2mm



Report Number: SAR.20130808



1 gram SAR value : 0.553 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.375 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.691 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.000 W/kg



Report Number: SAR.20130808

Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC1513

Client.: RFEL

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 217

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: RFEL-PC-5740

Calibrated: 1st August 2013 Released on: 2nd August 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kanata, Ontario CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528 (2003) including Amendment 1
 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1 (2006)
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2 Ed. 1.0 (2010-03)
 - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Probe 217 was a new calibration exercise.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 $^{\circ}$ C +/- 1.5 $^{\circ}$ C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 $^{\circ}$ C +/- 1.5 $^{\circ}$ C

Relative Humidity: < 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB)	1944A10711	Mar. 10, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Signal Generator HP 83640B 3844A00689 Feb 12, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020

Serial Number: 217

Sensor Offset: 1.56

Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

Sensitivity in Air

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Channel X:} & 1.2 \ \mu\text{V/(V/m)}^2 \\ \text{Channel Y:} & 1.2 \ \mu\text{V/(V/m)}^2 \\ \text{Channel Z:} & 1.2 \ \mu\text{V/(V/m)}^2 \end{array}$

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

^{*}Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Calibration Uncertainty	Tolerance Uncertainty for 5%*	Conversion Factor
650 B	Body	57.17	0.904	3.96	3.5	6.3
750 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	6.3
750 B	Body	<mark>57.17</mark>	<mark>0.92</mark>	<mark>3.94</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.3</mark>
835 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
835 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>53.02</mark>	0.95X	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.5</mark>
900 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
900 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>52.46</mark>	<mark>1.02</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6</mark>
1450 H	Head	Х	Х	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
1500 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
1500 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
1640 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>39.63</mark>	<mark>1.25</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.2</mark>
1640 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>52.75</mark>	<mark>1.4</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.</mark>
1735 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1735 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>52.38</mark>	<mark>1.51</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.5</mark>
1800 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1800 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1900 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1900 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>53.36</mark>	<mark>1.56</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5</mark>
2000 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	X
2000 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	X
2100 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	X
2100 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	X
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
2450 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2450B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>50.63</mark>	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>4.7</mark>
2600 H	Head	Х	Х	X	X	X
2600 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>50.09</mark>	<mark>2.21</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>4.6</mark>
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
3600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3600 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5200 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5200 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5600 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5800 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5800 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 $M\Omega$.

Boundary Effect:

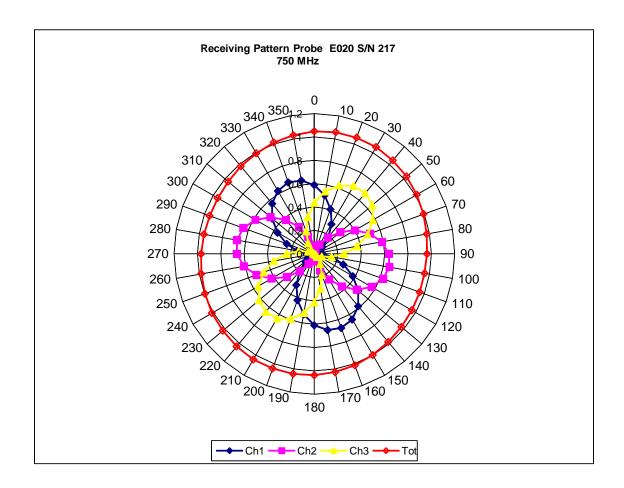
For a distance of 0.58mm the worst case evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2.1%.

NOTES:

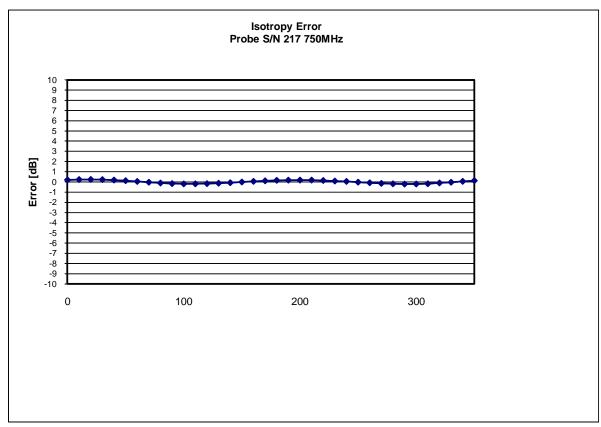
*The maximum deviation from the centre frequency when comparing the lower to upper range is listed.

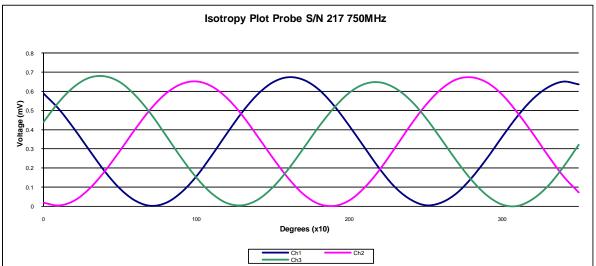
The probe was received in good condition.

Receiving Pattern Air



Isotropy Error 750 MHz (Air)

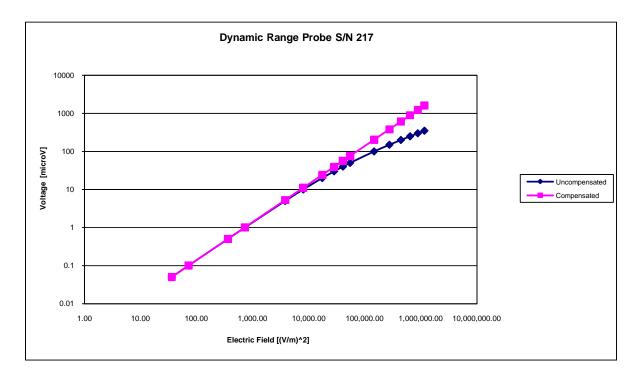




Isotropicity Tissue:

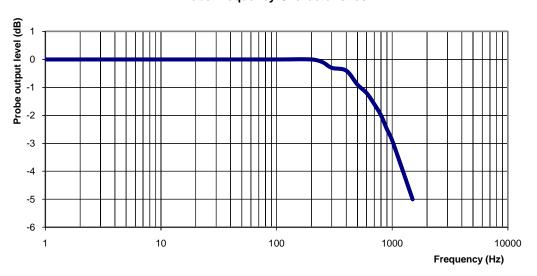
0.10 dB

Dynamic Range



Video Bandwidth

Probe Frequency Characteristics



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: 1512

Client.: RF Exposure Laboratories

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Body

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-030 Serial No.: E030-001

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: RFEL-5739

Calibrated: 17th July 2013 Released on: 19^h July 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

VCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIE

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kanata, Ontario CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528 (2003) including Amendment 1
 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1 (2006)
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2 Ed. 1.0 (2010-03)
 - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes,
 Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Probe E030-001 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Relative Humidity: < 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB)	1944A10711	Mar. 10, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Signal Generator HP 83640B 3844A00689 Feb 12, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E030

Serial Number: E030-001

Frequency: As presented on page 5

Sensor Offset: 0.56

Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

Sensitivity in Air

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

^{*}Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Calibration Uncertainty	Tolerance Uncertainty for 5%*	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
450 B	Body	X	Х	Х	X	Х
750 H	Head	X	Х	Х	X	Х
750 B	Body	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
835 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
835 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
900 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
900 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1450 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1450 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1500 H	Head	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
1500 B	Body	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
1640 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1640 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1750 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1750 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1800 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1800 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1900 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1900 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2000 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2000 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2100 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2100 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2300 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
2450 H	Head	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
2450B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2600 H	Head	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
2600 B	Body	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
3000 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3000 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3600 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5200 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5200 B	<mark>Body</mark>	47.06	5.3	3.5	<mark>2.6</mark>	5.7
5600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5600 B	<mark>Body</mark>	45.98	5.89	3.5	<mark>2.6</mark>	5.6
5800 H	Head	Х	X	Х	X	X
5800 B	<mark>Body</mark>	45.79	6.2	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.6</mark>	5.5

Page 5 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

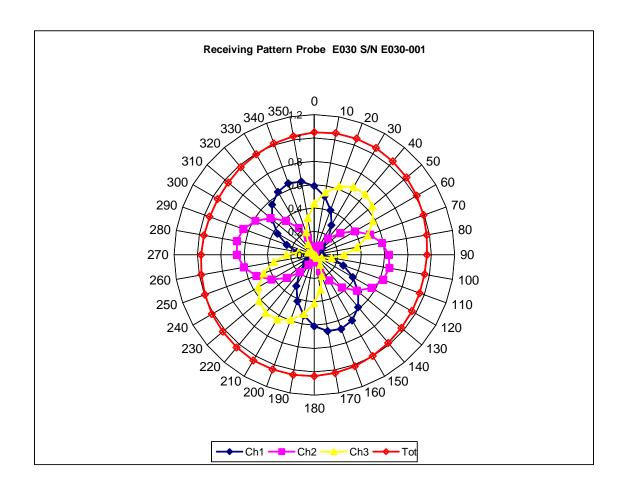
Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 0.58mm the worst case evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2.1%.

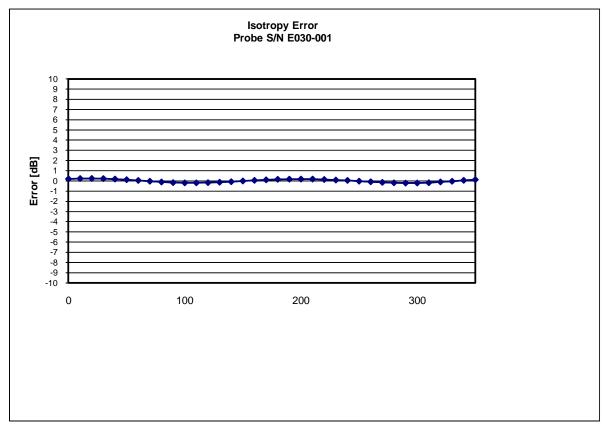
NOTES:

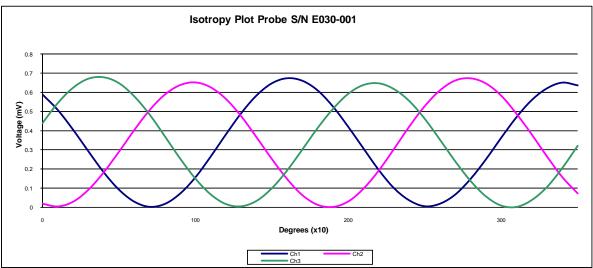
*The maximum deviation from the centre frequency when comparing the lower to upper range is listed.

Receiving Pattern Air



Isotropy Error Air

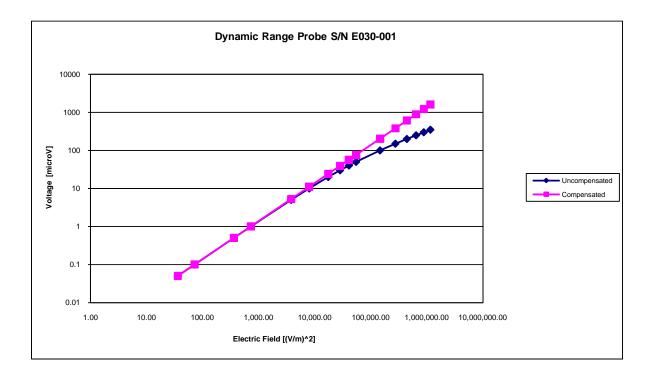




Isotropicity Tissue:

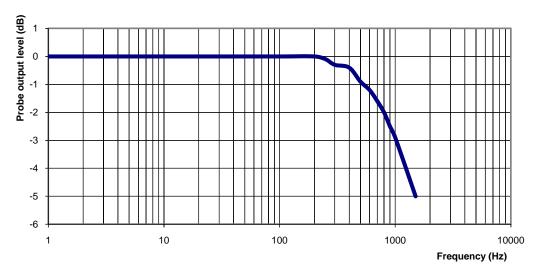
0.10 dB

Dynamic Range



Video Bandwidth

Probe Frequency Characteristics



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz1 dBVideo Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz:3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013.



Report Number: SAR.20130808

Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Dec12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 829

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

December 04, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	e:0 411.
			out major
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	77 111
, ,pp. 2222.23.			Jok Ry

Issued: December 4, 2012

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Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Dec12

Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Dec12 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	<u> </u>

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.2 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.7 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Dec12

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.1 \Omega + 4.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω + 5.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 11, 2008

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Dec12 Page 4 of 8

Date: 04.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

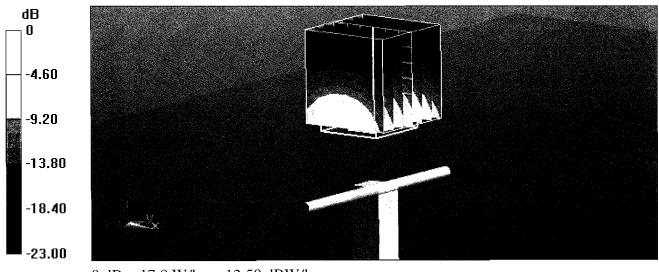
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

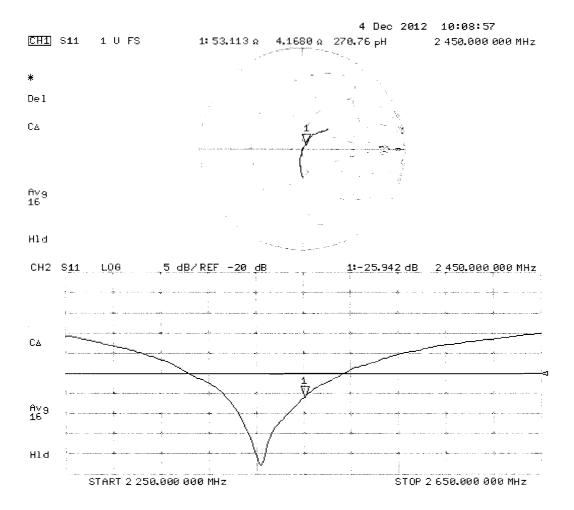
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.50 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Date: 04.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

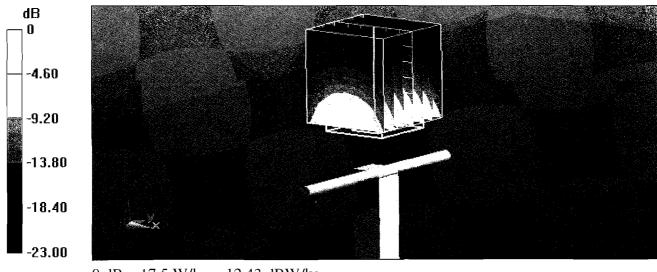
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

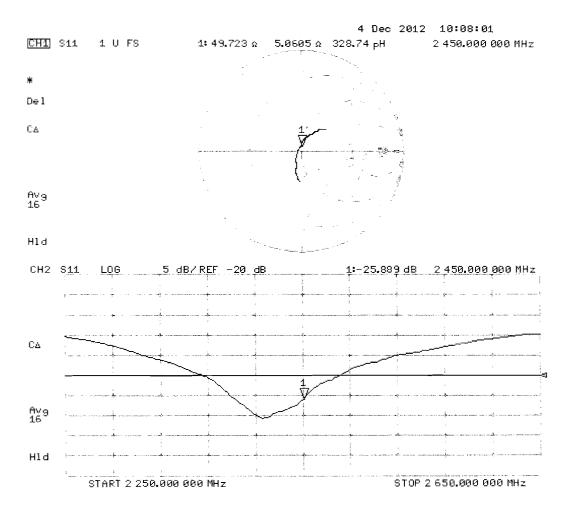
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg



0 dB = 17.5 W/kg = 12.43 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.v1

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

December 11, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Drimany Standarda	ID#	Cal Data (Cartificate No.)	Cabadulad Calibratian
Primary Standards		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-11 (No. EX3-3503_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Israu El-Daoue
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Jal III

Issued: December 11, 2012

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12 Page 2 of 14

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	4.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	4.63 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.9 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	4.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	86.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.0 ± 6 %	5.15 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12 Page 4 of 14

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.8 ± 6 %	5.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.7 ± 6 %	5.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Page 5 of 14 Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.2 ± 6 %	5.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.98 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	45.9 ± 6 %	6.13 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω - 9.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω - 5.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.1 Ω - 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω - 4.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 9.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω - 5.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.5 Ω - 3.4 jΩ			
Return Loss	- 23.2 dB			

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 Ω - 4.7 jΩ			
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB			

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12 Page 7 of 14

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.207 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 21, 2009

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12 Page 8 of 14

Date: 11.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.53 mho/m; ϵ_r = 34.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 4.63 mho/m; ϵ_r = 34.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.93 mho/m; ϵ_r = 34.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.15 mho/m; ϵ_r = 34; ρ = 1000 kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1);
 Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81);
 Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.782 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.947 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.857 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

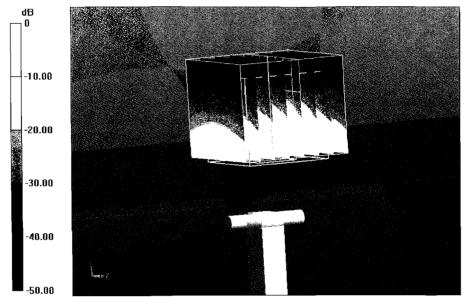
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.816 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

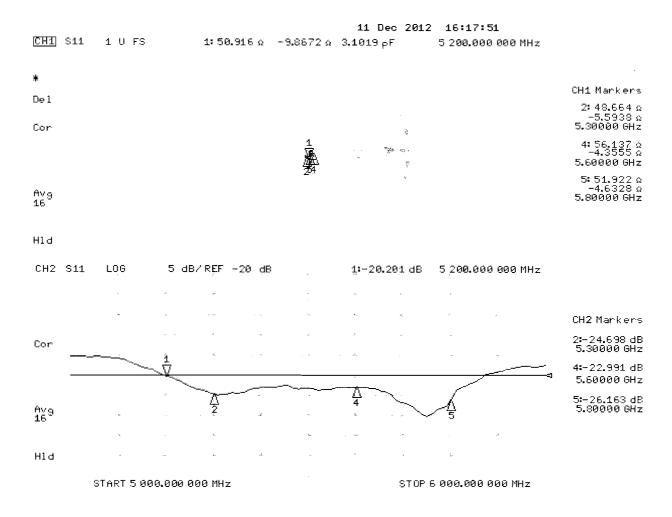


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0 dB = 19.9 W/kg = 12.99 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Date: 10.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.13$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 45.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.435 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 57.938 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.467 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

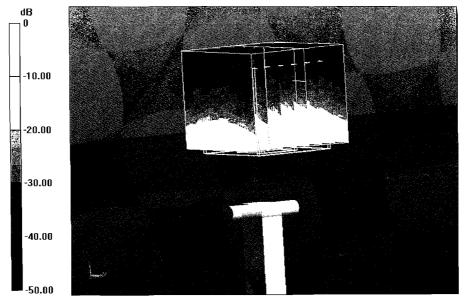
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.901 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

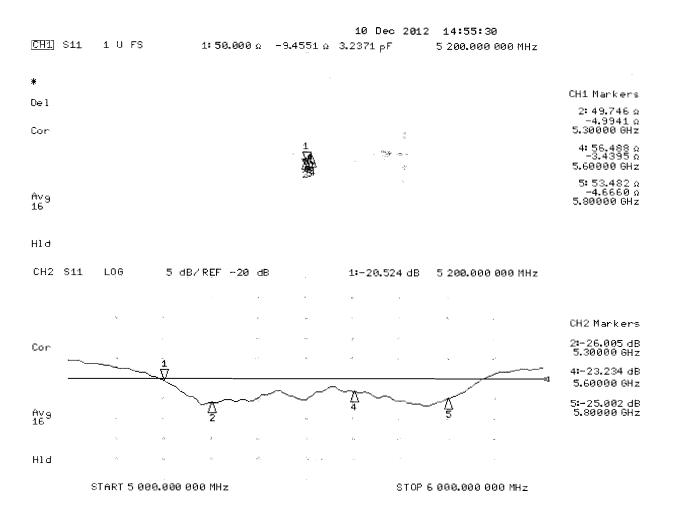
SAR(1 g) = 7.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Report Number: SAR.20130808

Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: RFE-273

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to National Standards.

Thickness of the UniPhantom is 2 mm ± 10% Pinna thickness is 6 mm ± 10%

Resolution:

0.01 mm

Calibrated to: 0.0 mm

Stability:

OK

Accuracy:

< 0.1 mm

Calibrated By: Raven K Feb 17/04.



51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6

Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161



Report Number: SAR.20130808

Appendix G – MPE Calculations

Calculation of EIRP from maximum conducted power.

Frequency Band	Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Conducted output power (dBm)	Maximum Conducted output power (mW)	Duty Cycle	Equivalent conducted output power (mW)	Maximum antenna gain (dBi)	Maximum antenna gain (numerical)	EIRP (mW)
	b	2412-2482	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.0	1.58	70.6
802.11	g	2412-2482	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.0	1.58	70.6
	n	2412-2482	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.0	1.58	70.6
	а	5180-5320	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.5	1.78	79.6
	n	5180-5320	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.5	1.78	79.6
	а	5500-5700	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.5	1.78	79.6
	n	5500-5700	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.5	1.78	79.6
	а	5745-5825	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.5	1.78	79.6
	n	5745-5825	16.5	44.7	100%	44.7	2.5	1.78	79.6

Calculation of spectral power density.

Frequency Band	Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	EIRP (mW)	Evaluation distance (R) (cm)	Power Density (S _{eq}) $S = \frac{P \cdot G}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi R^2}$ (mW/cm ²)	MPE limit (S _{lim}) (mW/cm²)	Compliance (S _{eq} < S _{lim}) (mW/cm ²)
	b	2412-2482	70.6	20	0.014	1.0	COMPLIANT
	g	2412-2482	70.6	20	0.014	1.0	COMPLIANT
	n	2412-2482	70.6	20	0.014	1.0	COMPLIANT
	а	5180-5320	79.6	20	0.016	1.0	COMPLIANT
802.11	n	5180-5320	79.6	20	0.016	1.0	COMPLIANT
	а	5500-5700	79.6	20	0.016	1.0	COMPLIANT
	n	5500-5700	79.6	20	0.016	1.0	COMPLIANT
	а	5745-5825	79.6	20	0.016	1.0	COMPLIANT
	n	5745-5825	79.6	20	0.016	1.0	COMPLIANT