

Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) RF Emissions Test Report

APPLICANT : VERTU Corporation Limited
EQUIPMENT : GSM 4 Band/CDMA/EVDO 2
Band/TD-SCDMA 2 Band/UMTS 5
Band/HSUPA/HSDPA/LTE 21
Band/WLAN/BT/NFC mobile phone
BRAND NAME : VERTU
MODEL NAME : CONSTELLATION X
TYPE NAME : VM-08
FCC ID : P7QVM-08
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA672003A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Feb. 17, 2017



1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	VERTU Corporation Limited
Equipment Name	GSM 4 Band/CDMA/EVDO 2 Band/TD-SCDMA 2 Band/UMTS 5 Band/HSUPA/HSDPA/LTE 21 Band/WLAN/BT/NFC mobile phone
Brand Name	VERTU
Model Name	CONSTELLATION X
Type Name	VM-08
FCC ID	P7QVM-08
IMEI Code	SIM1: 004402550121010 SIM2: 004402550121028
HW Version	PIO2
SW Version	6.0.1_1.434.0.070
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
HAC Rating	M4
Date Tested	2016/12/11
Test Result	Pass

This device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

2. Administration Data

Testing Site	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : SAR01-KS
Applicant	
Company Name	VERTU Corporation Limited
Address	Beacon Hill Road, Church Crookham, Hampshire GU52 8DY, United Kingdom.
Manufacturer	
Company Name	VERTU Corporation Limited
Address	Beacon Hill Road, Church Crookham, Hampshire GU52 8DY, United Kingdom.

3. Equipment Under Test Information

3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM900: 880.2 MHz ~ 914.8 MHz GSM1800: 1710.2 MHz ~ 1784.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band I: 1922.4 MHz ~ 1977.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band VIII: 882.4 MHz ~ 912.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 1: 1920 MHz ~ 1980 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 3: 1710MHz ~ 1785 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 8: 880 MHz ~ 915 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 19: 830 MHz ~ 845 MHz LTE Band 20: 832 MHz ~ 862 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 28: 703 MHz ~ 748 MHz LTE Band 29: NA LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 39: 1880 MHz ~ 1920 MHz LTE Band 40: 2300 MHz ~ 2400 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5710 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • DC-HSDPA • HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) • CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11b/g/n HT20 • 802.11a /n HT20/HT40 • 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 • Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE • NFC:ASK
Remark: 1. This device supports VoLTE function. 2. This device supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 33.	



3. WLAN 5.5GHz 11a/n HT20/ac VHT20 doesn't support straddle channel as the manufacturer declared.
4. When the phone is in talking mode and receiver worked, then power reduction will be implemented immediately in WLAN 2.4GHz, but all WWAN band, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth are full power.
5. When the phone receiver is not worked, GSM1900, WCDMA Band II/IV, CDMA2000 BC1, LTE Band 2/4/7/25 with reduced power, others WWAN band, WLAN 2.4GHz, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth are full power.
6. Manufacturer's declaration LTE band 40 disabled by software.

3.2 Specification of Accessory

Specification of Accessory				
AC Adapter	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	AC-32V
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 450mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 2000mA		
Battery	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	VBL-04
	Power Rating	3.82Vdc, 3200mAh		
USB Cable	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	VC-02
	Signal Line Type	1.20m shielded cable, without ferrite core		
Earphone 1	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	WH5-V
	Signal Line Type	1.20m Unshielded cable, without ferrite core		
Earphone 2	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	HP-1V
	Signal Line Type	1.57m Unshielded cable, without ferrite core		
Earphone 3	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	HP-1V
	Signal Line Type	1.55m Unshielded cable, without ferrite core		
Wireless Charger Pad	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	AC-35V
	Power Rating	I/P: 5Vac, 1800mA		
Car Charger	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	DC-30V
	Power Rating	I/P: 12/24Vdc, 1.35A MAX, O/P: 5.15Vdc, 2.1AMAX		
Bluetooth Travel Speaker	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	SP-1V
	Power Rating	I/P: 5Vdc, 2Ah		
Portable Battery Charger	Brand Name	VERTU	Model Name	DC-10V
	Power Rating	I/P: 5Vdc, 2A, O/P: 5Vdc, 1.5/2.1A		



3.3 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	OTT	Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
WCDMA	Band V	VO	Yes ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	Band II			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	HSPA	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	BC1			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	EVDO	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
LTE-FDD	Band 2	VD	Yes ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		Yes
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		Yes
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		Yes
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		No
LTE-TDD	Band 38	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT		No
	Band 41			WLAN, BT		No
WLAN	2450	VD	Yes ^(2,3)	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	Yes	Yes
	5200			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5300			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5500			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5800			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

VO=CMRS Voice Service

DT=Digital Transport

VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport

Remark:

- WCDMA and LTE is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm, and is rated as M4
- For 2.4GHz WLAN RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose Peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤ 50 μ s, is ≤ 23 dBm.
- No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with KDB 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP



3.4 Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v02

4. HAC RF Emission

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Categories	E-field emissions	
	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

5. Measurement System Specification

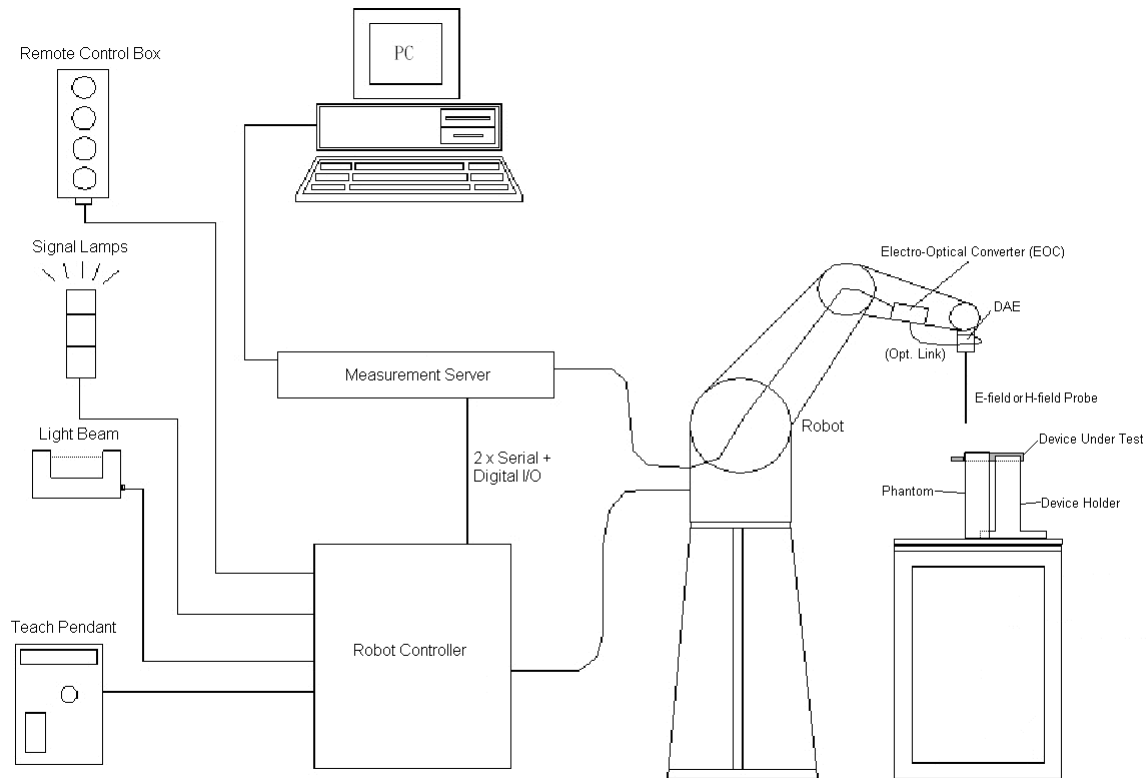


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

5.1 Test Arch Phantom

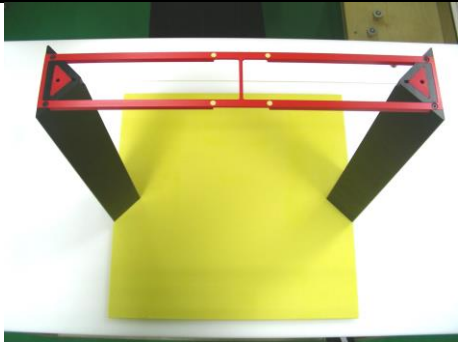
Construction :	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions :	370x 370 x 370 mm	

Fig 5.8 Photo of Arch Phantom

5.2 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification

<ER3DV6>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe

Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

5.3 System Hardware

DAE
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.
Robot
The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

5.4 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i , ($i = x, y, z$)
 U_i = input signal of channel i , ($i = x, y, z$)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i , ($i = x, y, z$)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i , ($i = x, y, z$), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

**5.5 Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dipole	CD835V3	1171	Jan. 27, 2016	Jan. 26, 2017
SPEAG	Dipole	CD1880V3	1155	Jan. 27, 2016	Jan. 26, 2017
SPEAG	Dipole	CD2600V3	1005	Mar. 17, 2016	Mar. 16, 2017
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 18, 2016	May 17, 2017
SPEAG	Probe	ER3DV6	2480	Jan. 11, 2016	Jan. 10, 2017
SPEAG	Probe	ER3DV6	2358	Jan. 19, 2016	Jan. 18, 2017
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	Par phantom	1105	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	Apr. 22, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201563814	Mar. 21, 2016	Mar. 20, 2017
AR	Amplifier	551G4	333096	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation	BW-S10W5	N/A	NA	NA

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List**Note:** NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

6. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

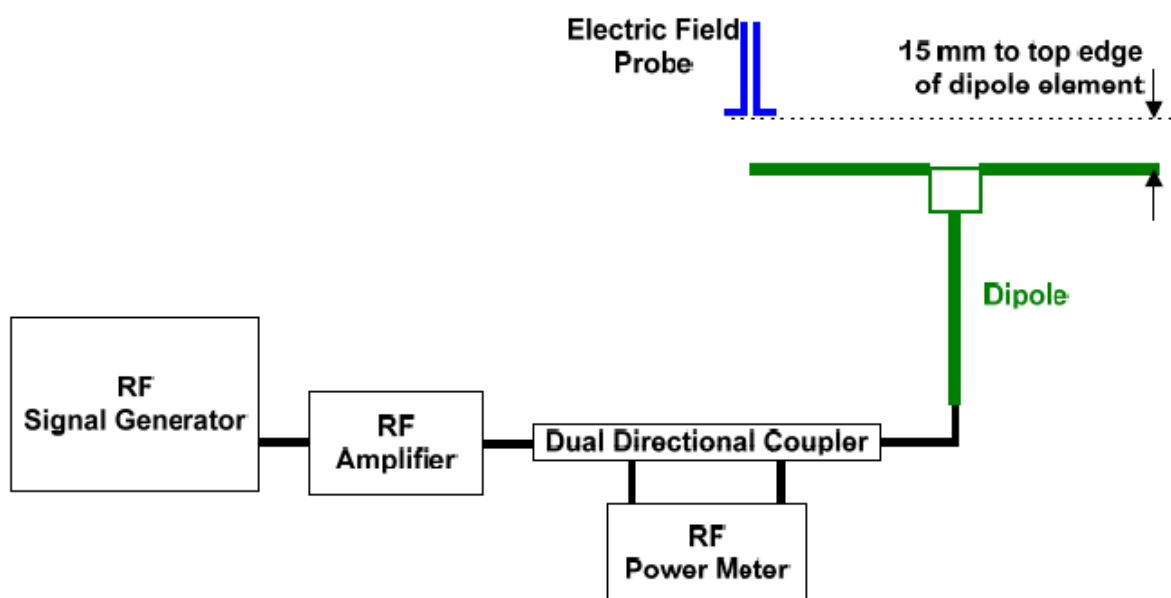


Fig. 6.1 System Validation Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

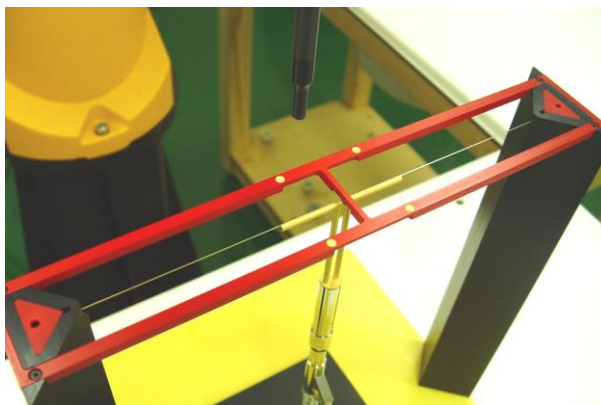


Fig 7.2 Dipole Setup

6.3 Verification Results

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	106	106.6	99.8	103.2	-2.64	2016.12.11
1880	20	89.1	86.88	86.76	86.82	-2.56	2016.12.11
2600	20	86.2	92.58	85.14	88.86	3.09	2016.12.11

Table 6.1 Test Results of System Validation

Note: Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) * 100%



7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a) Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) *Indirect measurement method*
The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- k) For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first scan. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M rating.

Otherwise, repeat step a) through step i), with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.



Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a) Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) *Indirect measurement method*
The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- k) For the T-Coil perpendicular measurement location is ≥ 5.0 mm from the center of the acoustic output, then two different 50 mm by 50 mm areas may need to be scanned, the first for the microphone mode assessment and the second for the T-Coil assessment.
- l) The second for the T-Coil assessment, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

Test Instructions

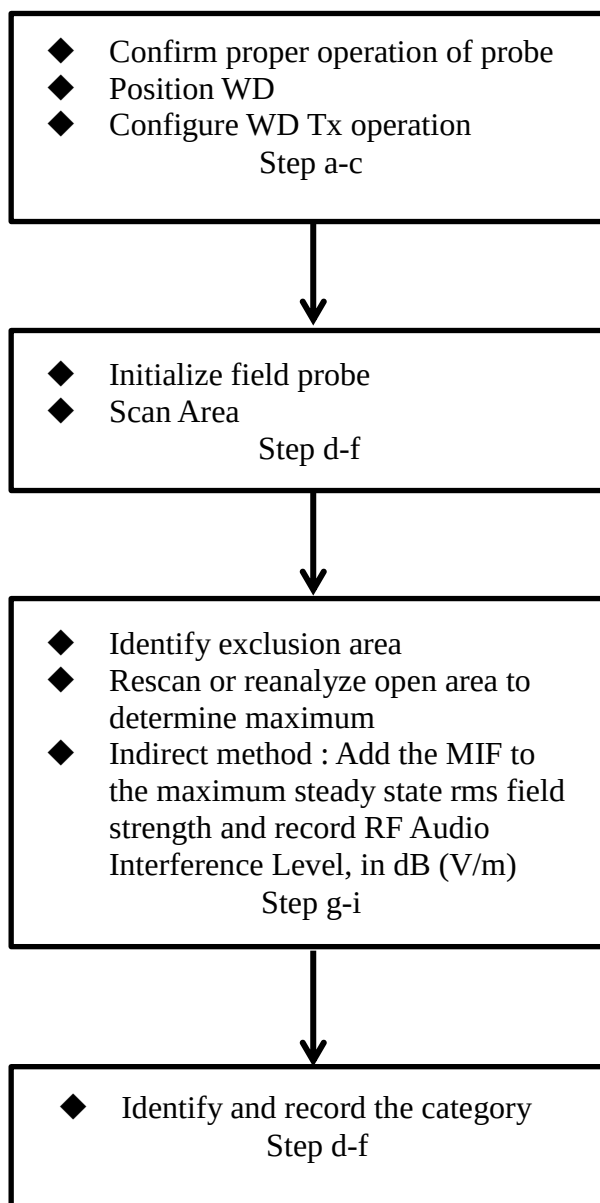


Fig 8.1 Flow Chart of HAC RF Emission



Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

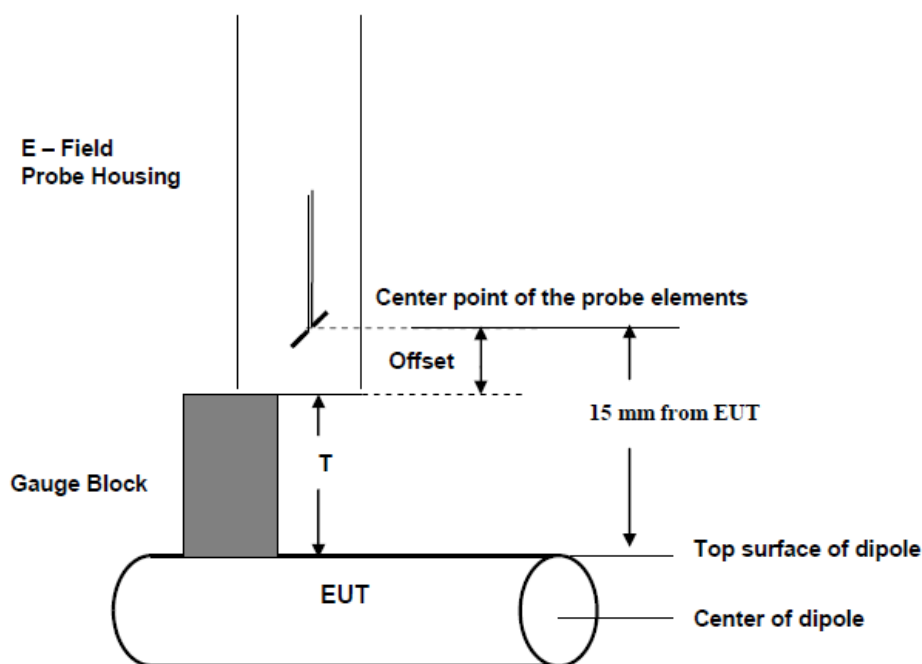


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe



8. Modulation Interference Factor

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be determined that relates its interference potential to its steady-state RMS signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. The MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic; any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field or a conducted RF signal:

- 1). Using RF illumination or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range.
- 2). Measure the steady-state RMS level at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- 3). Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output.
- 4). Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the step c) measurement.
- 5). Without changing the carrier level from step d), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state RMS level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- 6). The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is provided by the ratio of the step e) measurement to the step b) measurement, expressed in dB ($20 \times \log[(\text{step e})/(\text{step b})]$).

The following procedure was used to measure the MIF using the SPEAG Audio Interference Analyzer

- 1). The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator or set to transmit using test software for a given mode.
- 2). The device was then set to continuously transmit at maximum power.
- 3). Using a coupler if needed, the device output signal was connected to the RF In port of the Audio Interference Analyzer, which was connected to a desktop computer. Alternatively, a radiated RF signal may be used with the Audio Interference Analyzer's built-in antenna.
- 4). The MIF measurement procedure in the DASY software was run, and the resulting MIF value was recorded.
- 5). Steps 1-4 were repeated for all CMRS air interfaces, frequency bands, and modulations.

The modulation interference factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device in order to obtain an accurate audio interference level reading using the formula:

$$\text{Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]} = 20 * \log[\text{Raw Field Value (V/m)}] + \text{MIF (dB)}$$

Because the MIF value is output power independent, MIF values for a given mode should be constant across all devices; however, per C63.19-2011 §D.7, MIF values should be measured for each device being evaluated. The voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report.

**Measured Modulation Interference Factors**

Mode	GSM850			GSM1900		
	128	189	251	512	661	810
GSM	3.51	3.52	3.52	3.51	3.51	3.53

Mode	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
AMR 12.2kbps	-22.01	-19.76	-20.11	-18.06	-18.29	-18.21	-18.45	-20.19	-18.99

Mode	CDMA2000 BC0			CDMA2000 BC1		
	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
1XRTT RC1 SO3_1/8 Rate	2.98	3.03	3.01	2.99	3.00	3.00
1xRTT RC3 SO3_Full Rate	-19.63	-19.61	-18.06	-19.77	-19.5	-19.47



LTE Band	Frequency	Channel	Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF
2	1880	18900	20M	QPSK	1	0	-14.4
4	1732.5	20175	20M	QPSK	1	0	-14.12
5	836.5	20525	10M	QPSK	1	0	-14.53
7	2535	21100	20M	QPSK	1	0	-14.21
12	707.5	23095	10M	QPSK	1	0	-14.1
13	782	23230	10M	QPSK	1	0	-14.37
17	710	23790	10M	QPSK	1	0	-14.02
25	1880	26340	20M	QPSK	1	0	-14.36
26	831.5	26865	10M	QPSK	1	0	-14.15
30	2310	27710	10M	QPSK	1	0	-14.39
38	2595	38000	20M	QPSK	1	0	-3.38
41	2593	40620	20M	QPSK	1	0	-3.37
17	710	23790	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.86
17	710	23790	10M	16QAM	1	25	-11.13
17	710	23790	10M	16QAM	1	49	-10.89
17	710	23790	10M	16QAM	25	0	-15.11
17	710	23790	10M	16QAM	50	0	-17.36
17	710	23790	5M	16QAM	1	12	-10.88
2	1880	18900	20M	16QAM	1	0	-10.41
4	1732.5	20175	20M	16QAM	1	0	-10.44
5	836.5	20525	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.11
7	2535	21100	20M	16QAM	1	0	-10.45
12	707.5	23095	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.93
12	707.5	23095	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.99
25	1880	26340	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.49
26	831.5	26865	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.97
30	2310	27710	10M	16QAM	1	0	-10.53
38	2595	38000	20M	16QAM	1	0	-3.01
41	2593	40620	20M	16QAM	1	0	-3.03



9. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

Mode		Average Power (dBm)	
		Full Power	Reduced Power
GSM	GSM850	33.50	
	GSM1900	30.50	29.50
WCDMA	Band V	24.00	
	Band IV	24.00	21.50
	Band II	24.00	19.50
CDMA	BC 0	24.50	
	BC 1	24.50	19.50
LTE	Band 2	24.50	19.50
	Band 4	24.50	22.00
	Band 5	24.00	
	Band 7	24.50	23.00
	Band 12	24.00	
	Band 13	24.00	
	Band 17	24.00	
	Band 25	24.50	19.50
	Band 26	24.00	
	Band 30	24.00	
	Band 38	24.50	
	Band 41	24.50	
2.4GHz WLAN		22.00	17.00
5.2GHz WLAN		19.50	
5.3GHz WLAN		19.50	
5.5GHz WLAN		19.00	
5.8GHz WLAN		19.00	
Bluetooth		10.50	

<Low Power Exemption>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	33.50	3.52	37.02	Yes
GSM1900	30.50	3.53	34.03	Yes
WCDMA Band V	24.00	-19.76	4.24	No
WCDMA Band IV	24.00	-18.45	5.55	No
WCDMA Band II	24.00	-18.06	5.94	No
CDMA2000 BC0 (1/8th Frame Rate)	24.50	3.03	27.53	Yes
CDMA2000 BC0 (Full Frame Rate)	24.50	-18.06	6.44	No
CDMA2000 BC1 (1/8th Frame Rate)	24.50	3.00	27.5	Yes
CDMA2000 BC1 (Full Frame Rate)	24.50	-19.47	5.03	No
LTE - FDD	24.50	-10.11	14.39	No
LTE-TDD	24.50	-3.01	21.49	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	22.00			No
5GHz WLAN	19.50			No
Bluetooth	10.50			No

General Note:

1. According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for WWAN RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes.
2. For LTE operation the worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated to determine the testing requirements for this device.
3. Chose all full power to do HAC exemption analysis representatively reduced power.
4. According to ANSI C63.19 2011, for WLAN RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose Peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals $\leq 50 \mu s$, is ≤ 23 dBm.
5. Chose the maximum power of all bands to calculate low power exemption.
6. HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<Full Power Mode>

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Air Interface	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.81	32.92	32.96	29.56	29.99	30.05

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)									
Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
Tx Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.53	23.38	23.48	23.52	23.69	23.68	23.57	23.67	23.60

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Band	CDMA2000 BC0			CDMA2000 BC1		
Tx Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880	1908.75
1XRTT RC1 SO3_1/8 Rate	24.12	24.08	24.13	23.98	23.91	24.15
1xRTT RC3 SO3_Full Rate	24.08	24.01	24.13	24.01	23.89	24.23

**<LTE Band 38>**

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				37850	38000	38150
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610
20	QPSK	1	0	24.22	24.17	24.13
20	QPSK	1	49	23.37	23.30	23.36
20	QPSK	1	99	23.45	23.33	23.44
20	QPSK	50	0	22.79	22.64	22.74
20	QPSK	50	24	22.59	22.46	22.58
20	QPSK	50	50	22.49	22.35	22.47
20	QPSK	100	0	22.61	22.44	22.60
20	16QAM	1	0	23.01	23.00	23.04
20	16QAM	1	49	22.60	22.52	22.52
20	16QAM	1	99	22.53	22.46	22.52
20	16QAM	50	0	21.72	21.65	21.70
20	16QAM	50	24	21.52	21.42	21.51
20	16QAM	50	50	21.46	21.36	21.45
20	16QAM	100	0	21.61	21.47	21.54
Channel				37825	38000	38175
Frequency (MHz)				2577.5	2595	2612.5
15	QPSK	1	0	24.17	23.95	23.96
15	QPSK	1	37	23.12	23.04	23.24
15	QPSK	1	74	23.39	23.28	23.42
15	QPSK	36	0	22.62	22.52	22.67
15	QPSK	36	20	22.46	22.42	22.55
15	QPSK	36	39	22.40	22.31	22.42
15	QPSK	75	0	22.58	22.45	22.56
15	16QAM	1	0	22.92	22.84	22.89
15	16QAM	1	37	22.39	22.36	22.45
15	16QAM	1	74	22.58	22.50	22.53
15	16QAM	36	0	21.54	21.40	21.58
15	16QAM	36	20	21.45	21.36	21.45
15	16QAM	36	39	21.38	21.26	21.36
15	16QAM	75	0	21.54	21.35	21.47



Channel				37800	38000	38200
Frequency (MHz)				2575	2595	2615
10	QPSK	1	0	23.83	23.80	23.86
10	QPSK	1	25	23.37	23.30	23.44
10	QPSK	1	49	23.32	23.25	23.39
10	QPSK	25	0	22.45	22.40	22.56
10	QPSK	25	12	22.47	22.38	22.52
10	QPSK	25	25	22.33	22.30	22.46
10	QPSK	50	0	22.49	22.36	22.56
10	16QAM	1	0	22.67	22.68	22.71
10	16QAM	1	25	22.56	22.51	22.58
10	16QAM	1	49	22.41	22.36	22.46
10	16QAM	25	0	21.47	21.40	21.56
10	16QAM	25	12	21.50	21.40	21.52
10	16QAM	25	25	21.38	21.29	21.46
10	16QAM	50	0	21.49	21.37	21.52
Channel				37775	38000	38225
Frequency (MHz)				2572.5	2595	2617.5
5	QPSK	1	0	23.72	23.65	23.73
5	QPSK	1	12	23.28	23.22	23.43
5	QPSK	1	24	23.30	23.32	23.41
5	QPSK	12	0	22.45	22.38	22.51
5	QPSK	12	7	22.39	22.39	22.55
5	QPSK	12	13	22.38	22.30	22.49
5	QPSK	25	0	22.36	22.30	22.49
5	16QAM	1	0	22.54	22.56	22.68
5	16QAM	1	12	22.51	22.53	22.61
5	16QAM	1	24	22.44	22.37	22.55
5	16QAM	12	0	21.47	21.33	21.50
5	16QAM	12	7	21.40	21.32	21.52
5	16QAM	12	13	21.34	21.22	21.46
5	16QAM	25	0	21.43	21.38	21.50

**<LTE Band 41>**

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
Frequency (MHz)				2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680
20	QPSK	1	0	23.93	24.15	23.95	23.91	24.16
20	QPSK	1	49	23.45	23.58	23.40	23.40	23.59
20	QPSK	1	99	23.48	23.61	23.47	23.50	23.61
20	QPSK	50	0	22.82	23.07	22.95	22.85	23.16
20	QPSK	50	24	22.74	22.92	22.75	22.78	22.93
20	QPSK	50	50	22.74	22.79	22.69	22.72	22.85
20	QPSK	100	0	22.8	22.86	22.73	22.74	22.94
20	16QAM	1	0	23.43	23.32	23.12	23.12	23.37
20	16QAM	1	49	22.61	22.71	22.53	22.59	22.77
20	16QAM	1	99	22.59	22.66	22.64	22.56	22.84
20	16QAM	50	0	21.94	22.11	22.06	22.02	22.21
20	16QAM	50	24	21.83	21.98	21.81	21.81	21.97
20	16QAM	50	50	21.80	21.83	21.74	21.74	21.89
20	16QAM	100	0	21.83	21.93	21.84	21.86	21.98
Channel				39725	40173	40620	41068	41515
Frequency (MHz)				2503.5	2548.3	2593	2637.8	2682.5
15	QPSK	1	0	23.87	23.92	23.86	23.86	24.20
15	QPSK	1	37	23.37	23.47	23.22	23.32	23.49
15	QPSK	1	74	23.58	23.42	23.50	23.55	23.70
15	QPSK	36	0	22.90	22.95	22.87	22.96	23.04
15	QPSK	36	20	22.71	22.86	22.72	22.79	22.91
15	QPSK	36	39	22.65	22.70	22.62	22.68	22.85
15	QPSK	75	0	22.7	22.88	22.72	22.71	22.94
15	16QAM	1	0	23.00	23.11	23.05	22.94	23.36
15	16QAM	1	37	22.49	22.71	22.46	22.58	22.72
15	16QAM	1	74	22.67	22.39	22.60	22.66	22.84
15	16QAM	36	0	21.92	21.97	21.91	21.83	22.02
15	16QAM	36	20	21.74	21.92	21.74	21.76	21.92
15	16QAM	36	39	21.64	21.65	21.65	21.67	21.79
15	16QAM	75	0	21.74	21.92	21.74	21.76	21.91



Channel				39700	40160	40620	41080	41540
Frequency (MHz)				2501	2547	2593	2639	2685
10	QPSK	1	0	23.56	23.66	23.52	23.54	23.81
10	QPSK	1	25	23.35	23.42	23.32	23.55	23.64
10	QPSK	1	49	23.36	23.46	23.28	23.22	23.62
10	QPSK	25	0	22.68	22.79	22.69	22.71	22.94
10	QPSK	25	12	22.49	22.69	22.55	22.76	22.90
10	QPSK	25	25	22.51	22.65	22.48	22.67	22.82
10	QPSK	50	0	22.52	22.70	22.53	22.75	22.89
10	16QAM	1	0	22.74	22.85	22.73	22.73	22.98
10	16QAM	1	25	22.48	22.41	22.48	22.65	22.84
10	16QAM	1	49	22.44	22.59	22.35	22.37	22.78
10	16QAM	25	0	21.74	21.88	21.77	21.80	22.00
10	16QAM	25	12	21.67	21.66	21.66	21.78	21.98
10	16QAM	25	25	21.60	21.73	21.56	21.74	21.89
10	16QAM	50	0	21.61	21.73	21.65	21.75	21.91
Channel				39675	40148	40620	41093	41565
Frequency (MHz)				2498.5	2545.8	2593	2640.3	2687.5
5	QPSK	1	0	23.46	23.60	23.43	23.63	23.71
5	QPSK	1	12	23.38	23.51	23.29	23.43	23.63
5	QPSK	1	24	23.26	23.34	23.22	23.36	23.55
5	QPSK	12	0	22.58	22.76	22.56	22.74	22.92
5	QPSK	12	7	22.67	22.89	22.59	22.78	22.94
5	QPSK	12	13	22.61	22.66	22.52	22.69	22.91
5	QPSK	25	0	22.63	22.75	22.51	22.68	22.88
5	16QAM	1	0	22.50	22.51	22.57	22.78	22.92
5	16QAM	1	12	22.58	22.51	22.37	22.71	22.88
5	16QAM	1	24	22.43	22.46	22.39	22.59	22.75
5	16QAM	12	0	21.61	21.80	21.59	21.73	21.92
5	16QAM	12	7	21.64	21.80	21.59	21.72	21.91
5	16QAM	12	13	21.64	21.65	21.59	21.69	21.86
5	16QAM	25	0	21.67	21.82	21.63	21.77	21.94

11. HAC RF Emission Test Results

Plot No.	Air Interface	Operating Mode	Channel	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF audio interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
1	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	21.81	3.51	35.84	9.16	M4
2	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	32.92	3.52	35.68	9.32	M4
3	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	32.96	3.52	35.52	9.48	M4
4	GSM1900	GSM Voice	512	29.56	3.51	23.06	11.94	M4
5	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	29.99	3.51	22.17	12.83	M4
6	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	30.05	3.53	21.97	13.03	M4
7	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	1013	24.12	2.98	28.72	16.28	M4
8	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	384	24.08	3.03	27.53	17.47	M4
9	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	777	21.13	3.01	27.33	17.67	M4
10	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	25	23.98	2.99	16.50	18.5	M4
11	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	600	23.91	3.00	15.36	19.64	M4
12	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	1175	24.15	3.00	15.47	19.53	M4
13	TDD LTE Band 41	QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice	39750	23.93	-3.37	15.21	19.79	M4
14	TDD LTE Band 41	QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice	40185	24.15	-3.37	14.03	20.97	M4
15	TDD LTE Band 41	QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice	40620	23.95	-3.37	13.31	21.69	M4
16	TDD LTE Band 41	QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice	41055	23.91	-3.37	13.43	21.57	M4
17	TDD LTE Band 41	QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice	41490	24.16	-3.37	13.47	21.53	M4
18	TDD LTE Band 41	16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice	39750	23.43	-3.03	14.48	20.52	M4
19	TDD LTE Band 41	16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice	40185	23.32	-3.03	13.47	21.53	M4
20	TDD LTE Band 41	16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice	40620	23.12	-3.03	12.86	22.14	M4
21	TDD LTE Band 41	16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice	41055	23.12	-3.03	12.82	22.18	M4
22	TDD LTE Band 41	16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice	41490	23.37	-3.03	12.58	22.42	M4

Remark:

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
2. LTE Band 38 frequency band is covered by LTE Band 41, also the same tune up power, so chose LTE Band 41 to do HAC RF testing and can represent LTE Band 38.
3. The uncertainty is 0.2dB of MIF ranges from -7dB to +5dB. GSM850, GSM1900, CDMA2000 BC0/ BC1 and TDD Band 41 with rating M4 would not be affected considering the MIF uncertainty.
4. Chose full power to do HAC test representatively reduced power.
5. There is special HAC mode software on this EUT.

Test Engineer : Nick Hu.



12. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ($\pm\%$)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	$\pm 5.1 \%$
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 9.5 \%$
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.4 \%$
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 4.1 \%$
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 5.77 \%$
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6 \%$
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	$\pm 0.3 \%$
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.5 \%$
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 6.9 \%$
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.7 \%$
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6 \%$
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6 \%$
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.4 \%$
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.4 \%$
Combined Standard Uncertainty					$\pm 16.30 \%$
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power					$\pm 32.6 \%$
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field					$\pm 16.3 \%$

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment
Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.



13. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v04r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr 2016
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v02, "Guidance for Performing T-Coil tests for Air Interfaces Supporting Voice over IP", Apr 2016
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

HAC_E_Dipole_835**DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 96.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 107.6 V/m

Average value of Total=(106.6+99.8)/2=103.2 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

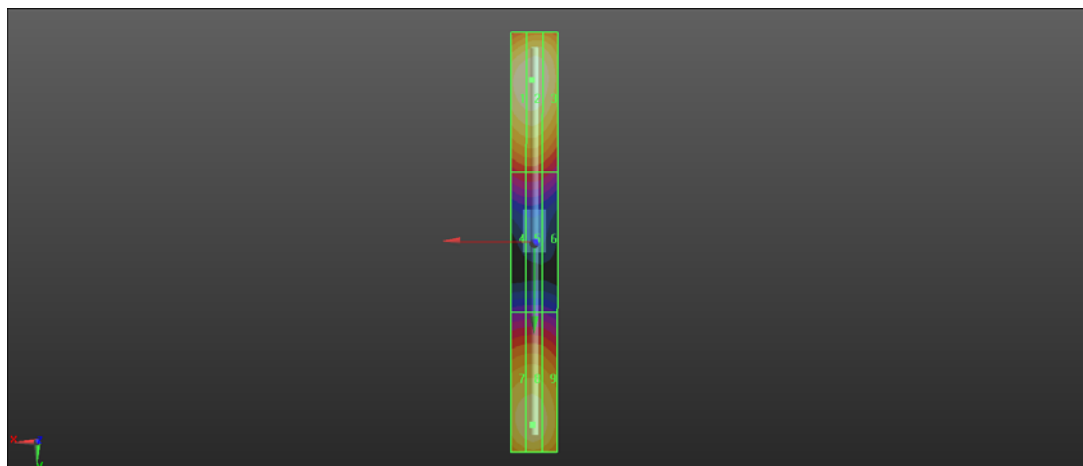
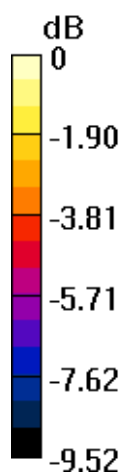
Grid 1 M4 106.3 V/m	Grid 2 M4 106.6 V/m	Grid 3 M4 104.8 V/m
Grid 4 M4 67.12 V/m	Grid 5 M4 65.34 V/m	Grid 6 M4 64.92 V/m
Grid 7 M4 98.10 V/m	Grid 8 M4 99.8 V/m	Grid 9 M4 96.23 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 106.6 V/m

E Category: M4

Location: 1, -69.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 106.6 V/m = 40.56 dBV/m

HAC_E_Dipole_1880**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 142.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 86.99 V/m

Average value of Total=(86.88+86.76)/2=86.82 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

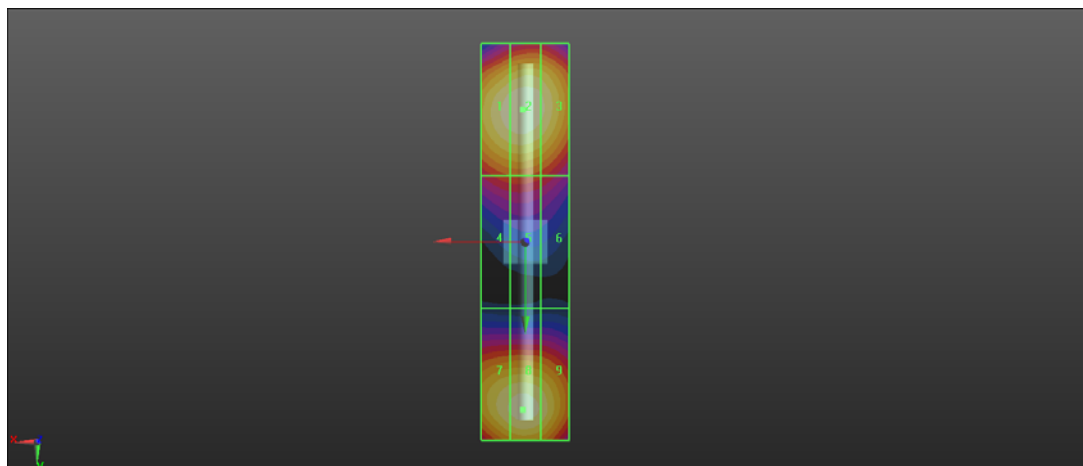
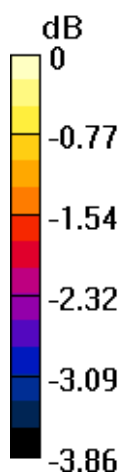
Grid 1 M3 85.02 V/m	Grid 2 M3 86.88 V/m	Grid 3 M3 85.34 V/m
Grid 4 M3 71.47 V/m	Grid 5 M3 72.72 V/m	Grid 6 M3 71.21 V/m
Grid 7 M3 84.89 V/m	Grid 8 M3 86.76 V/m	Grid 9 M3 84.21 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 86.88 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0.5, -30, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 86.88 V/m = 38.79 dBV/m

HAC_E_Dipole_2600**DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2600 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 69.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 82.07 V/m

Average value of Total=(92.58+85.14)/2=88.86 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

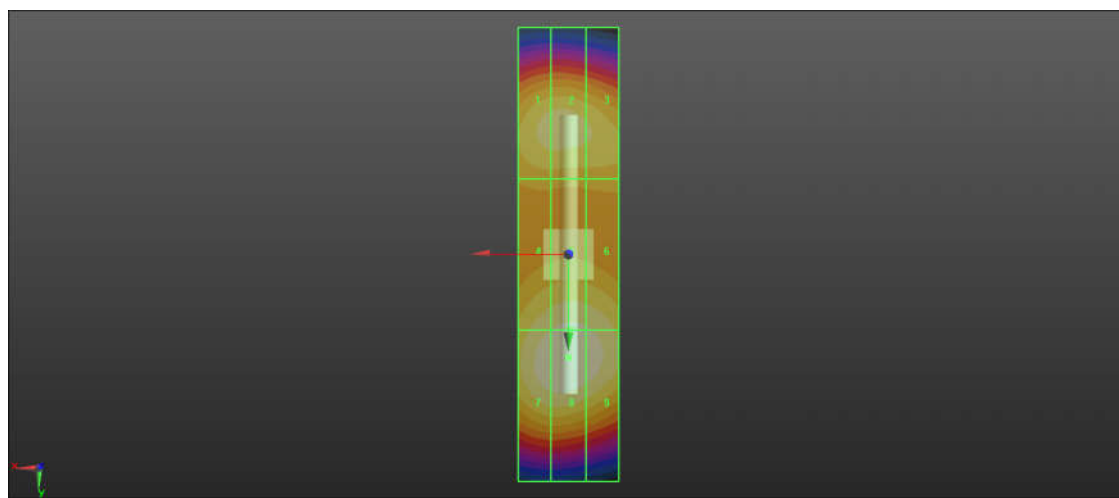
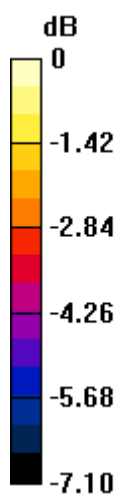
Grid 1 M3 84.23 V/m	Grid 2 M3 85.14 V/m	Grid 3 M3 83.51 V/m
Grid 4 M3 86.39 V/m	Grid 5 M3 88.55 V/m	Grid 6 M3 87.63 V/m
Grid 7 M3 90.56 V/m	Grid 8 M3 92.58 V/m	Grid 9 M3 91.01 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 92.58 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0, 20.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 92.58 V/m = 39.33 dBV/m



Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

1 HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch128_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 47.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.84 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

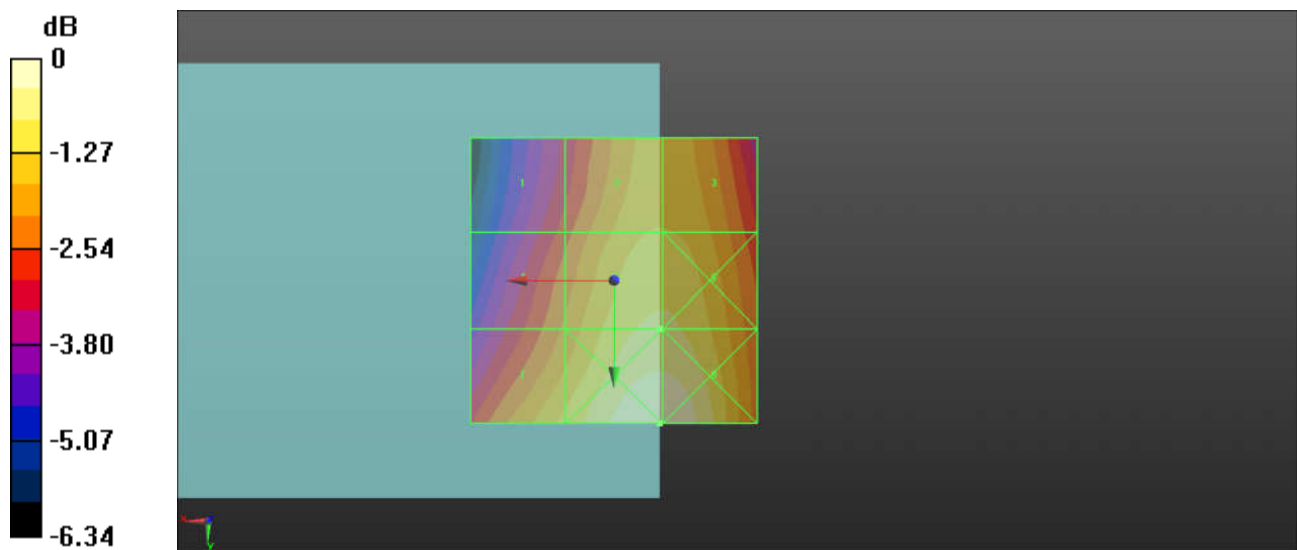
Grid 1 M4 33.89 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.36 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 35.35 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 34.58 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.84 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.83 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 35.47 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 36.59 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.59 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 36.59 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -8, 25, 9.7 mm



2 HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch189_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch189/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 46.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.52 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.68 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

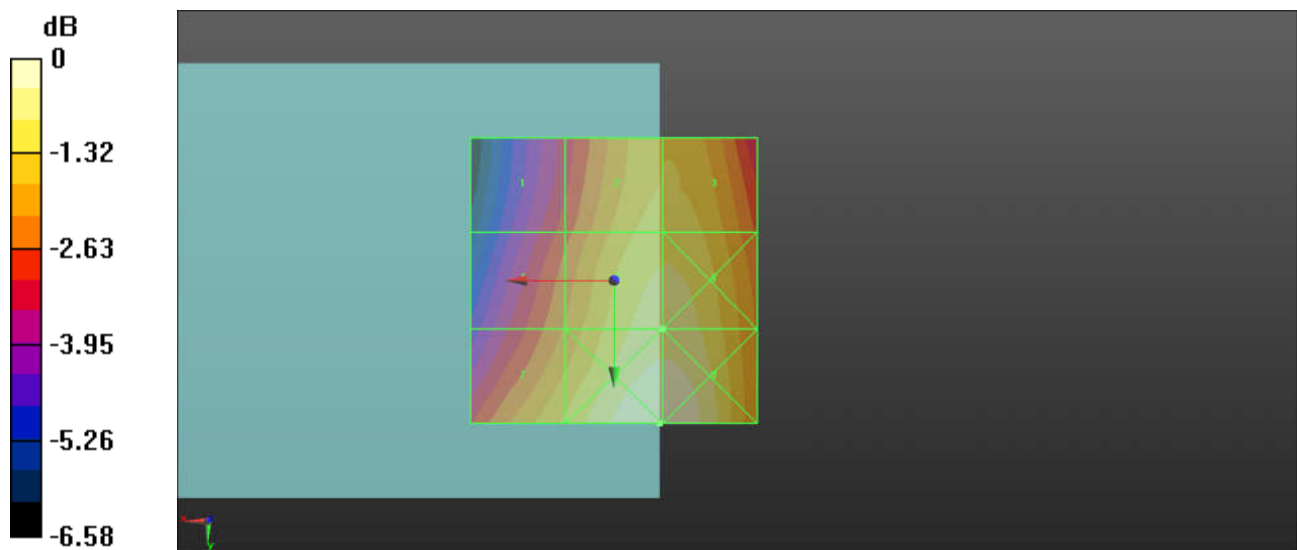
Grid 1 M4 33.52 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.25 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 35.26 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 34.2 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.68 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.68 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 35.1 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 36.31 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.31 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 36.31 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -8, 25, 9.7 mm



3 HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch251_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 45.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 3.52dB

RF audio interference level = 35.52 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

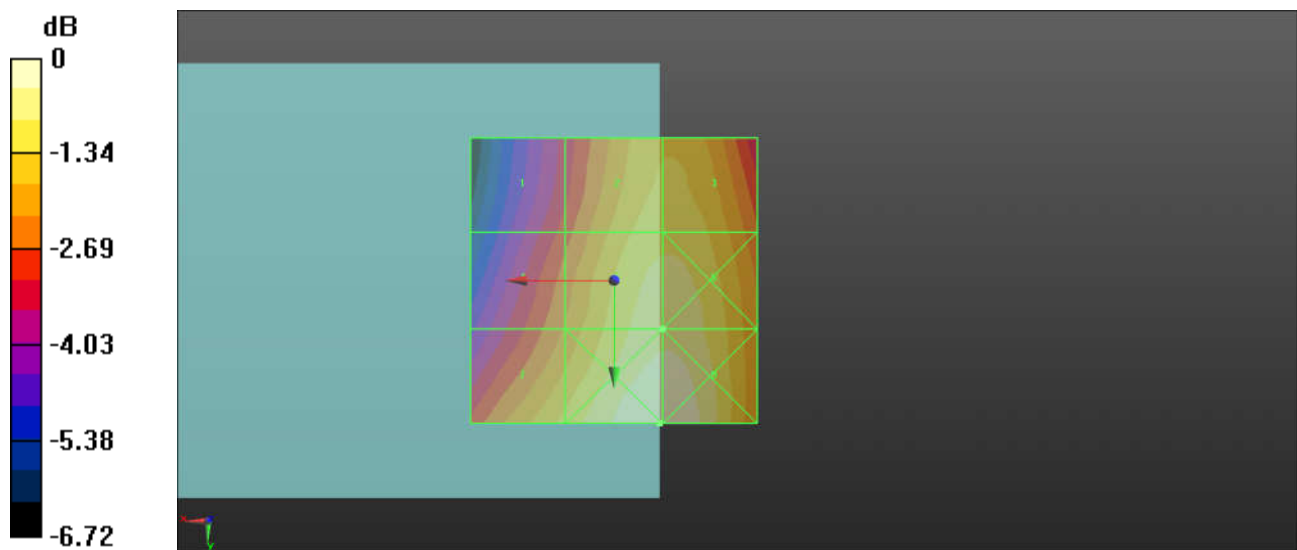
Grid 1 M4 33.21 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 35.06 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 35.07 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 33.93 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.52 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.53 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 34.89 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 36.09 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 36.08 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 36.09 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -8, 25, 9.7 mm



4 HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch512_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch512/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.711 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.06 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

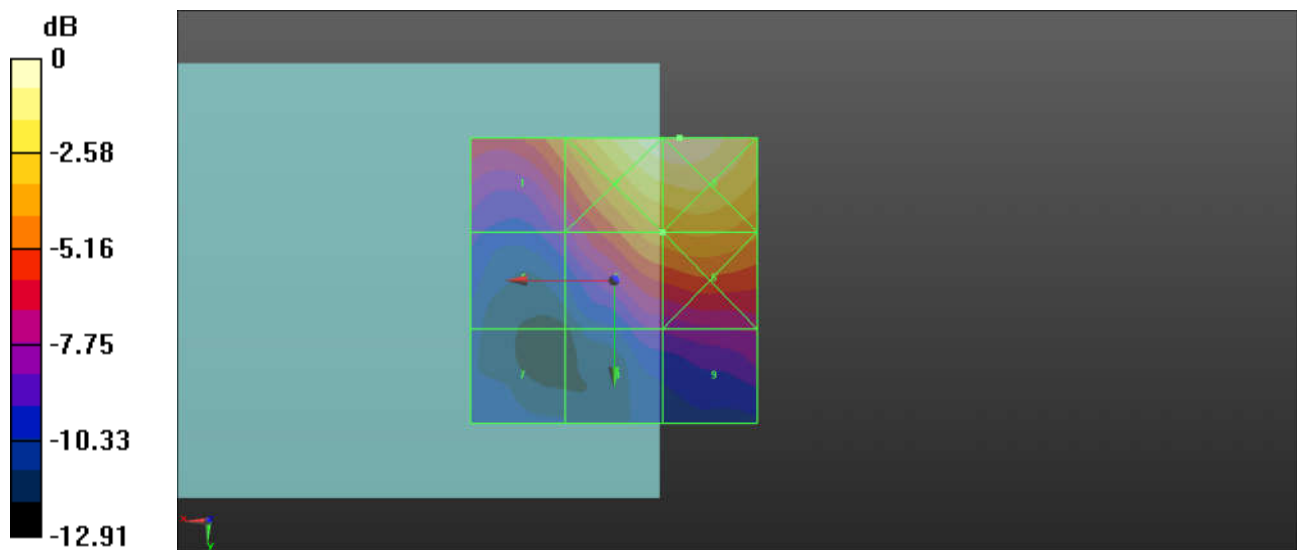
Grid 1 M4 22.68 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 26.57 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 26.7 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 18.67 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 23.06 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 23.46 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 16.32 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 18.3 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 19.18 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 26.70 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -11.5, -25, 9.7 mm



5 HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch661_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.572 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.17 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

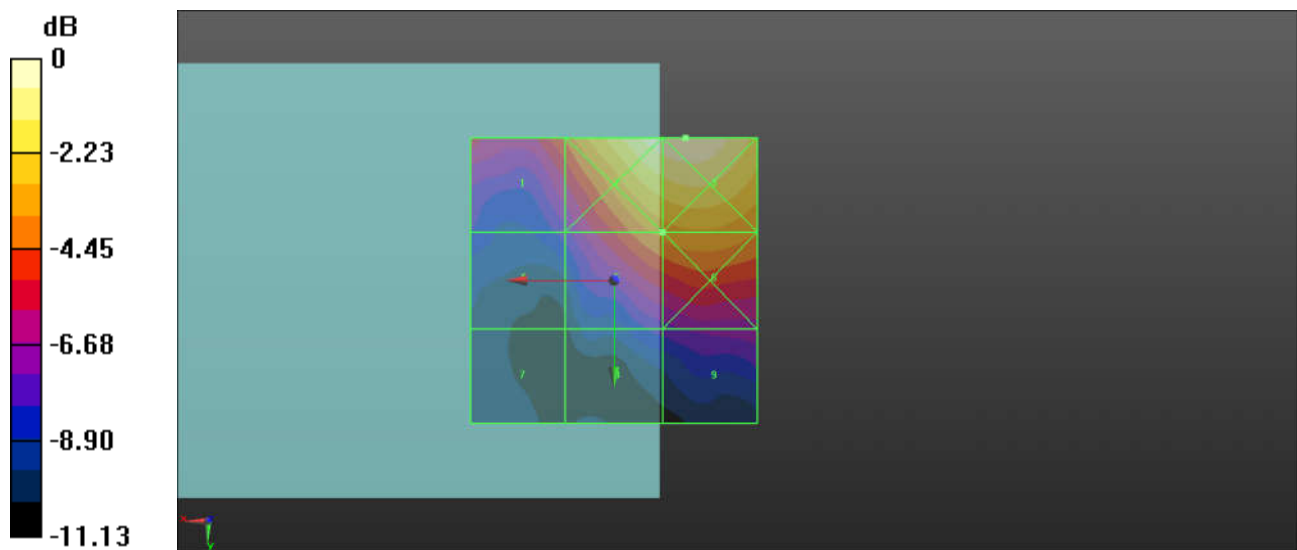
Grid 1 M4 21.33 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 25.37 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 25.58 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 17.93 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 22.17 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.54 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 15.91 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 17.81 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 18.69 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 25.58 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -12.5, -25, 9.7 mm



6 HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch810_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.905 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.53 dB

RF audio interference level = 21.97 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

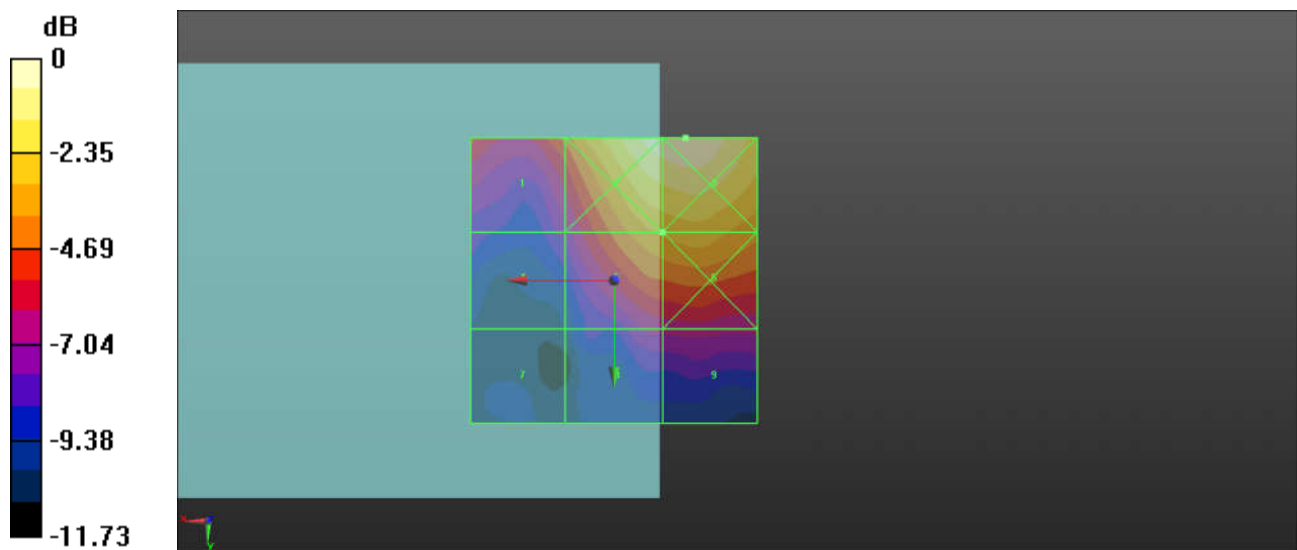
Grid 1 M4 20.58 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 24.75 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 24.94 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 17.62 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 21.97 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 22.29 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 15.21 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 18.18 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 18.32 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 24.94 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -12.5, -25, 9.7 mm



7 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch1013_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1013/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 23.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Applied MIF = 2.98 dB

RF audio interference level = 28.72 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

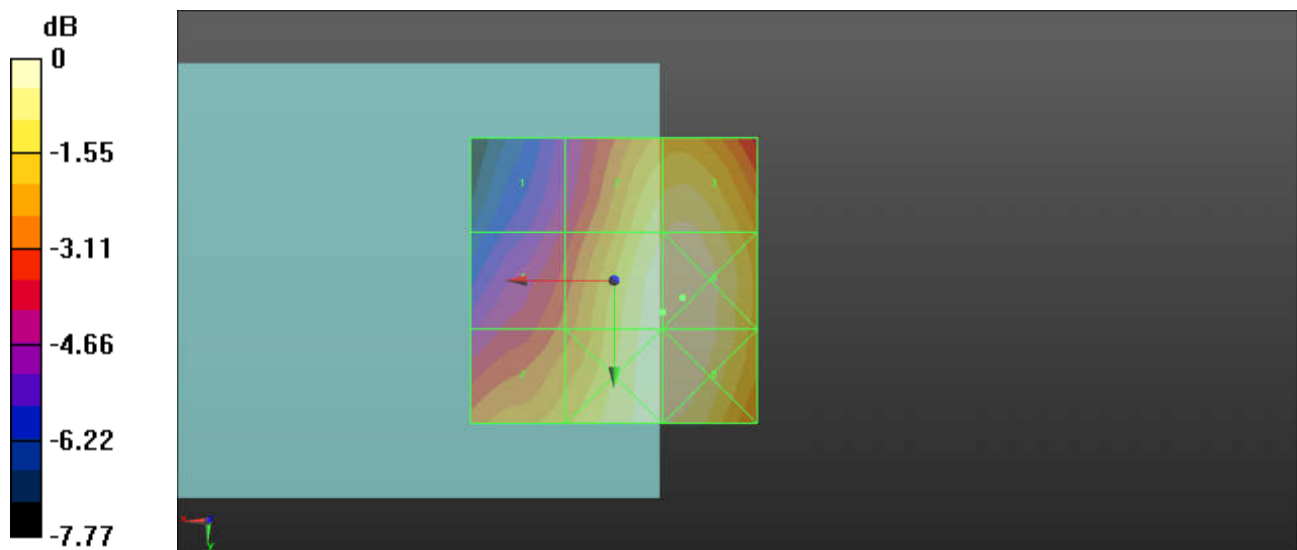
Grid 1 M4 24.91 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 28.28 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 28.45 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 25.99 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 28.72 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 28.85 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 27.19 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 28.71 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 28.79 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 28.85 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -12, 3, 9.7 mm



8 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch384_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch384/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 24.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.03 dB

RF audio interference level = 27.53 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

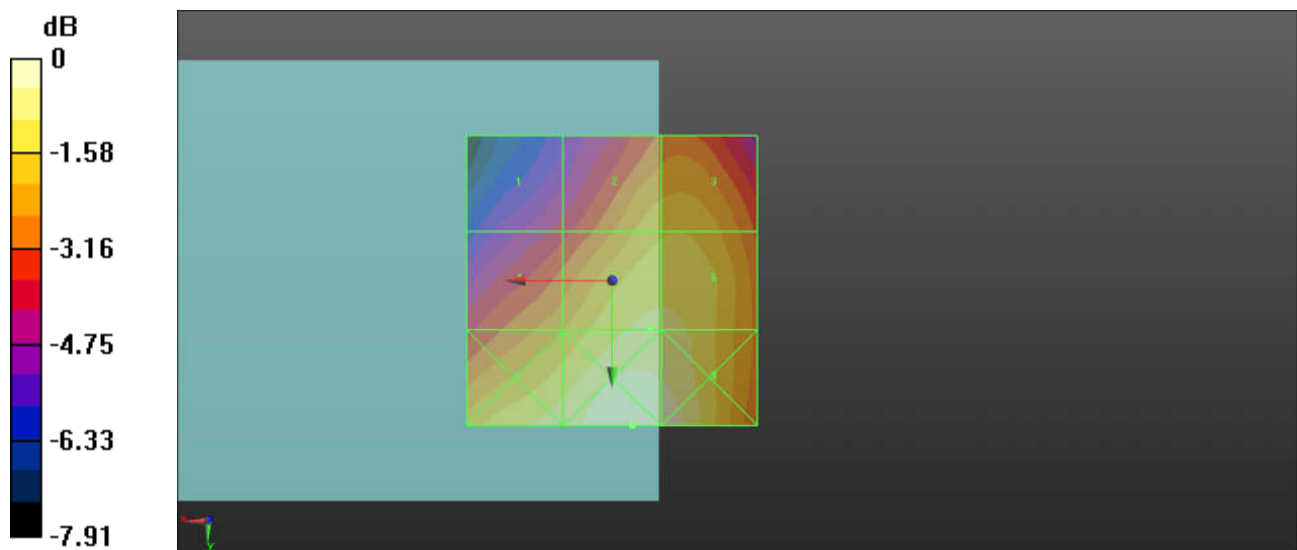
Grid 1 M4 24.58 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 26.8 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 26.87 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 26.34 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 27.53 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 27.51 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 27.73 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 28.47 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 28.42 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 28.47 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -3.5, 25, 9.7 mm



9 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch777_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch777/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 21.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.01 dB

RF audio interference level = 27.33 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

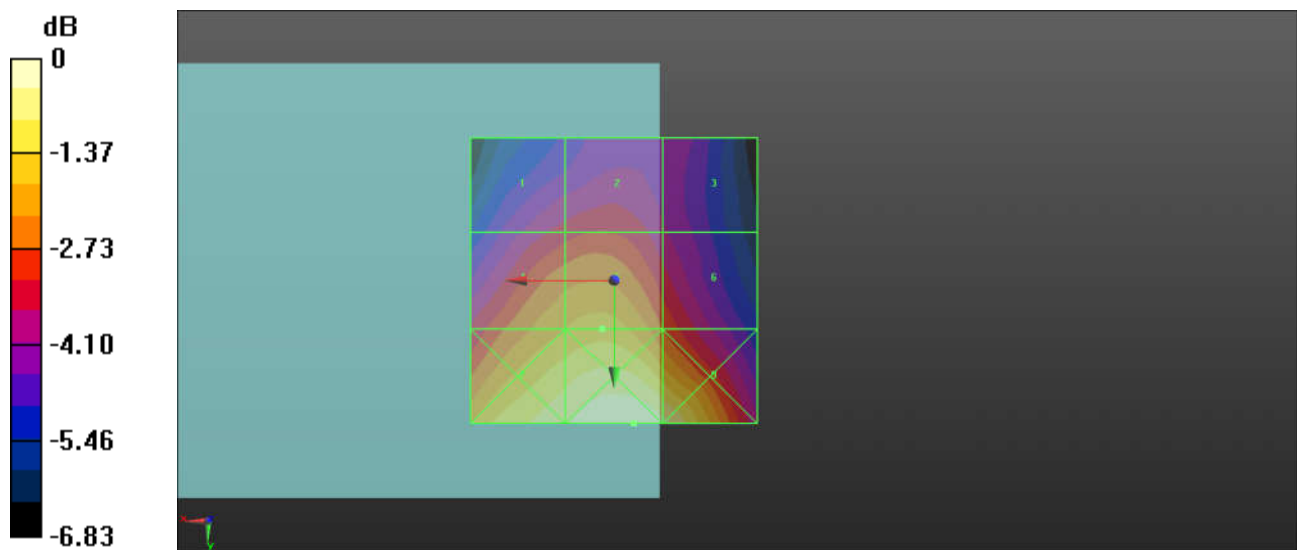
Grid 1 M4 25.48 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 25.73 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 24.9 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 27.09 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 27.33 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 26.18 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 28.39 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 28.89 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 28.62 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 28.89 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -3.5, 25, 9.7 mm



10 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC1_RC1 SO3_Ch25_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch25/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.598 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 2.99 dB

RF audio interference level = 16.50 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

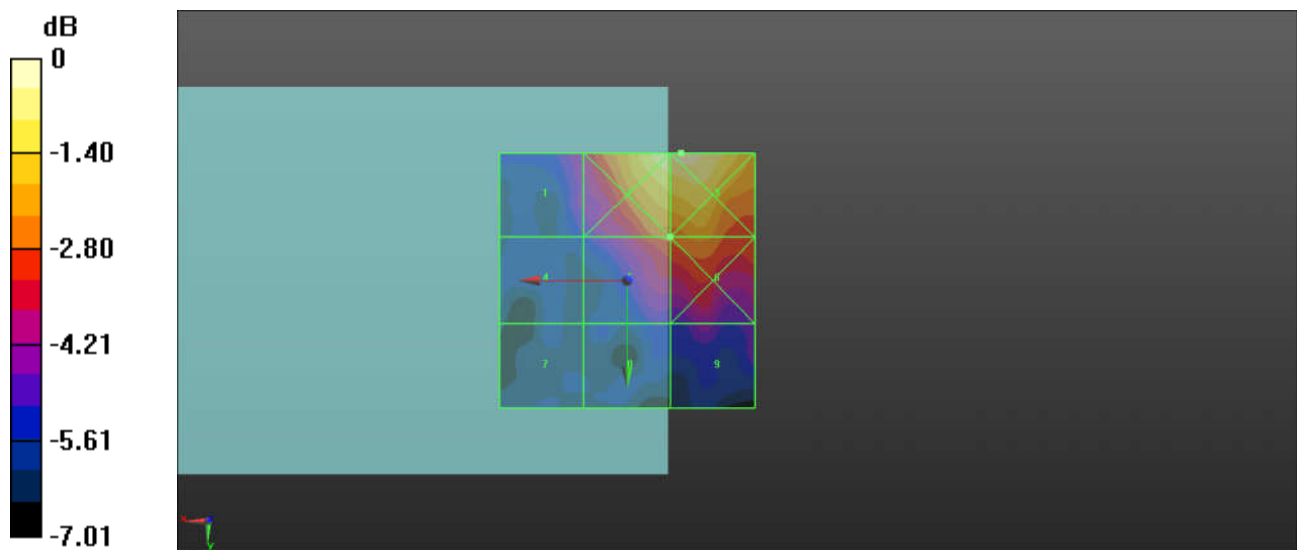
Grid 1 M4 15.17 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 18.96 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 19.12 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 13.88 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 16.5 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 16.95 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.42 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 14.05 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 14.66 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 19.12 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -10.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 9.036 V/m = 19.12 dBV/m

11 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC1_RC1 SO3_Ch600_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch600/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.792 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 15.36 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

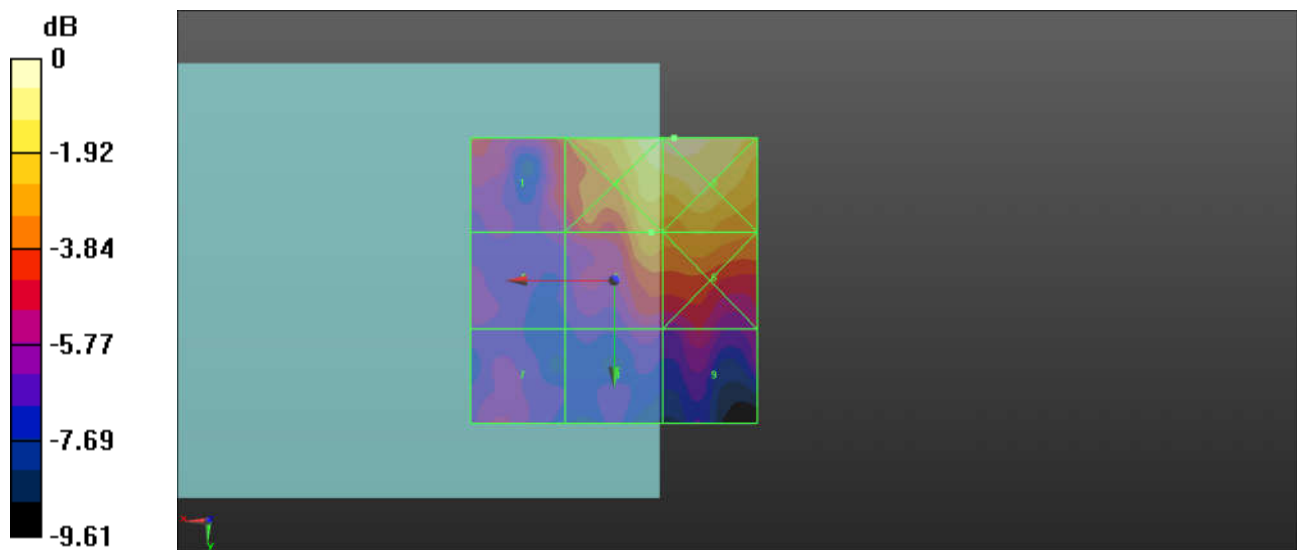
Grid 1 M4 14.06 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 17.68 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 17.88 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 12.19 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 15.36 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 15.42 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 12.35 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 12.03 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 12.82 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 17.88 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -10.5, -25, 9.7 mm



12 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch1175_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2480; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.11;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1175/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.799 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.00dB

RF audio interference level = 15.47 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

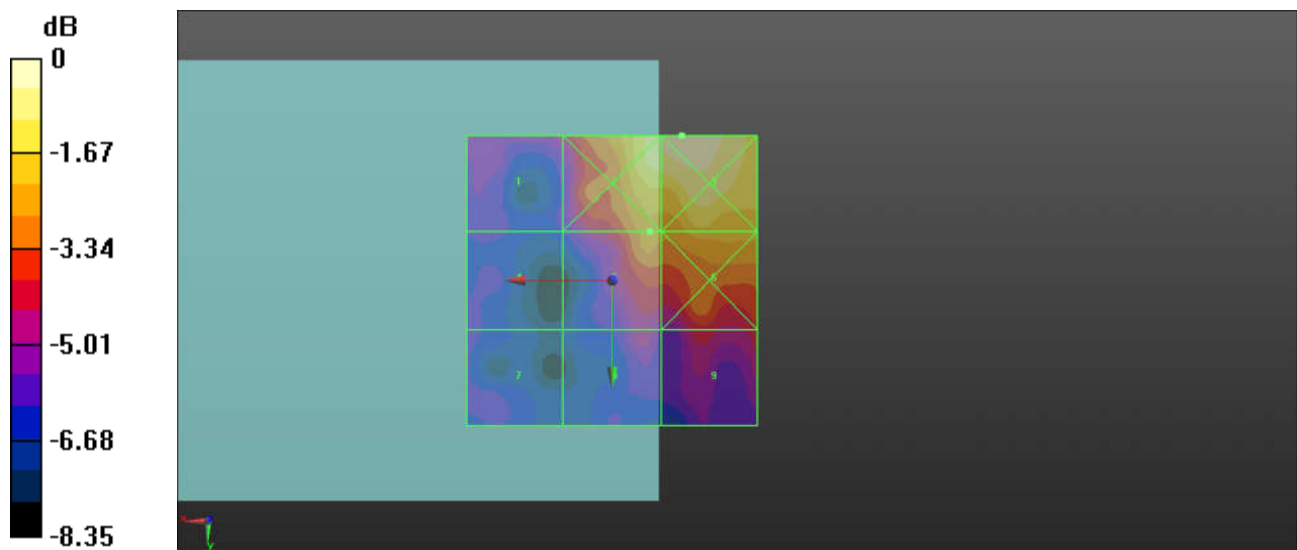
Grid 1 M4 13.45 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 17.58 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 17.97 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 12.24 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 15.47 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 16.16 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 12.3 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 13.38 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 14.09 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 17.97 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -12, -25, 9.7 mm



13 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch39750_E

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,QPSK) (0);
Frequency: 2506 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch39750/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 8.542 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -3.37 dB

RF audio interference level = 15.21 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

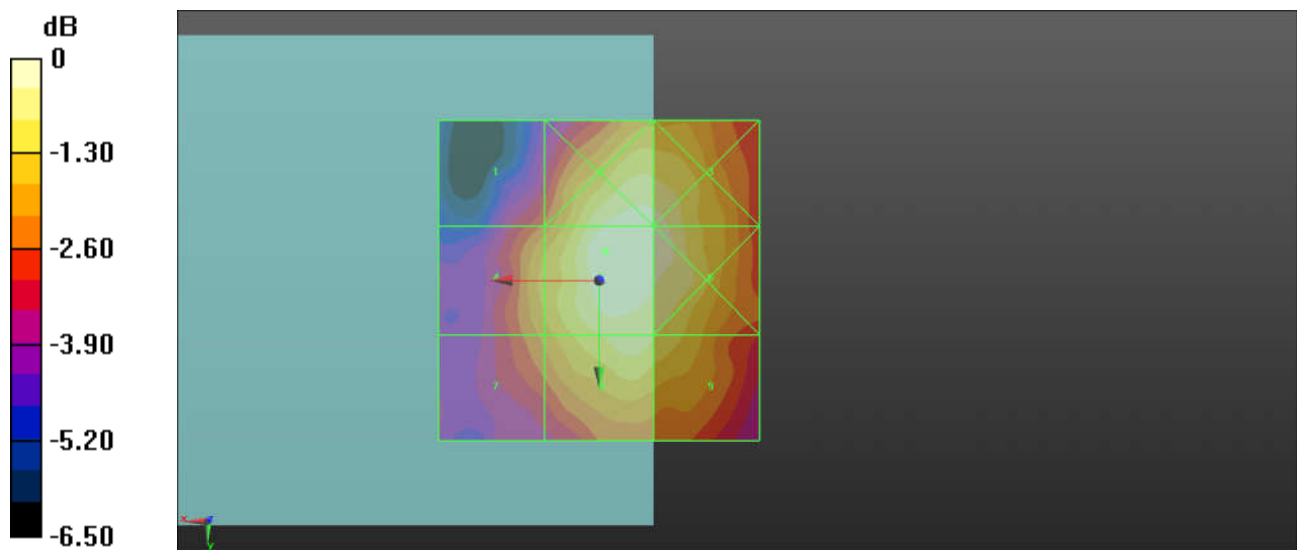
Grid 1 M4 12.77 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 14.97 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 14.94 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 13.7 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 15.21 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 15.11 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.24 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 14.66 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 14.39 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 15.21 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1, -4.5, 9.7 mm



14 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch40185_E

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,QPSK) (0);
Frequency: 2549.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch40185/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,
dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 8.530 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = -3.37 dB

RF audio interference level = 14.03 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

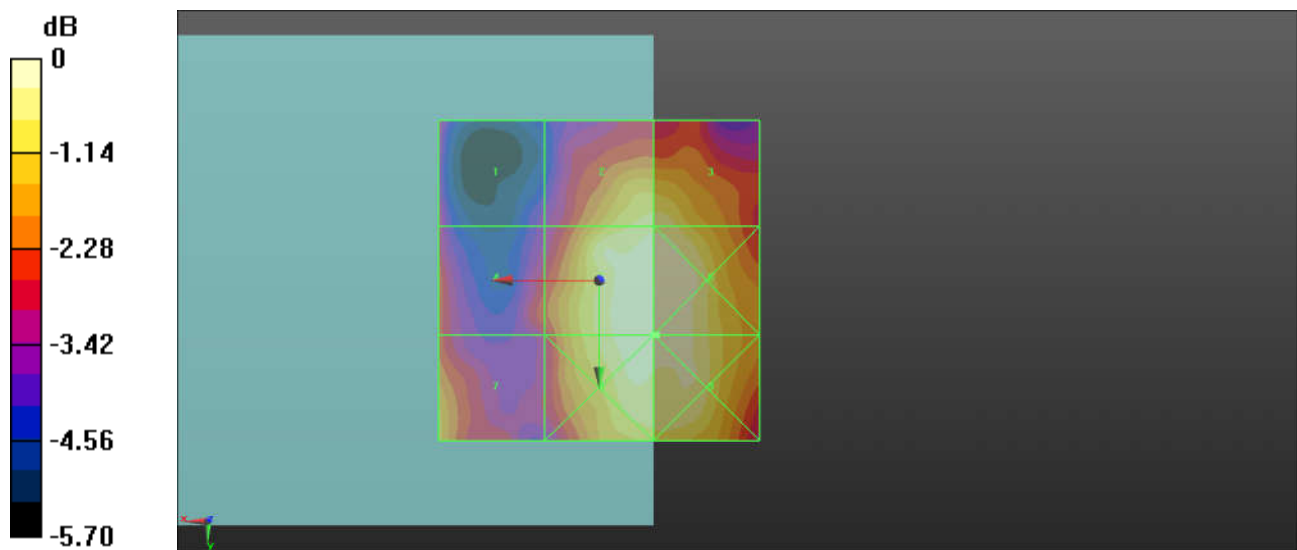
Grid 1 M4 11.13 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 13.54 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 13.54 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 11.76 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 14.02 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 14.03 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 12.73 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 14.02 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 14.03 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 14.03 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -9, 8.5, 9.7 mm



15 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch40620_E

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,QPSK) (0);
Frequency: 2593MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch40620/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.273 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = -3.37 dB

RF audio interference level = 13.31 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

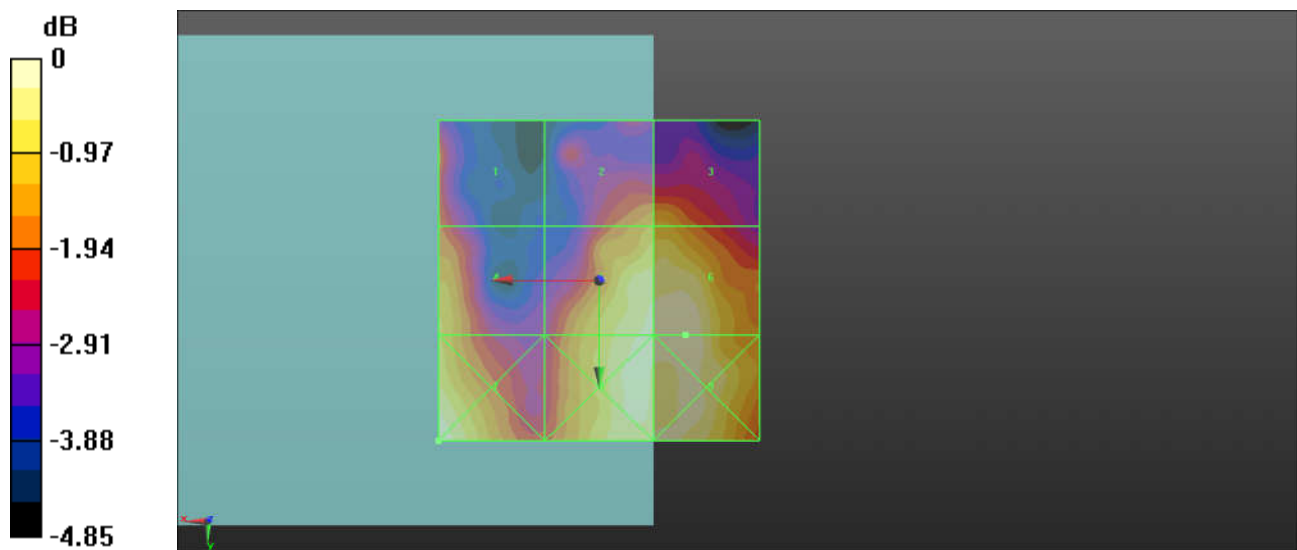
Grid 1 M4 11.71 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 12.16 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 12.21 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 12.51 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 13.16 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 13.31 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.39 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 13.24 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 13.34 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 13.39 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, 25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 4.671 V/m = 13.39 dBV/m

16 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch41055_E

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,QPSK) (0);
Frequency: 2636.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch41055/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 5.926 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -3.37 dB

RF audio interference level = 13.43 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

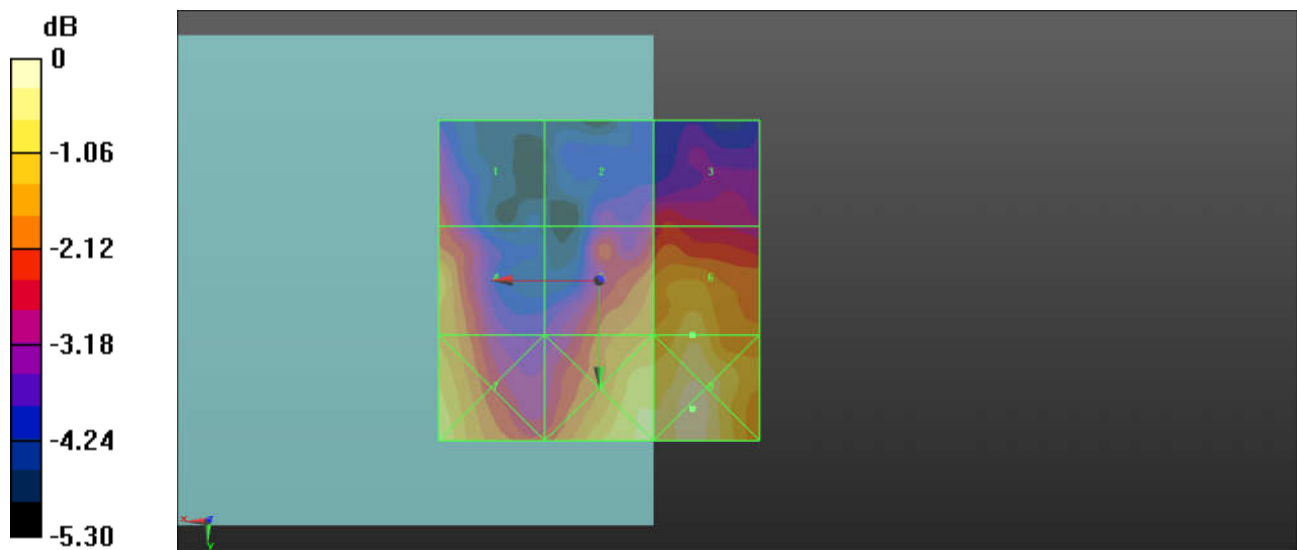
Grid 1 M4 12.18 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 11.52 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 11.84 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 13.17 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 12.88 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 13.43 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.72 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 13.68 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 14.25 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 14.25 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -14.5, 20, 9.7 mm



17 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch41490_E

Communication System: UID 10172 - CAB, LTE-TDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,QPSK) (0);
Frequency: 2680 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch41490/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,
dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.698 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = -3.37 dB

RF audio interference level = 13.47 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

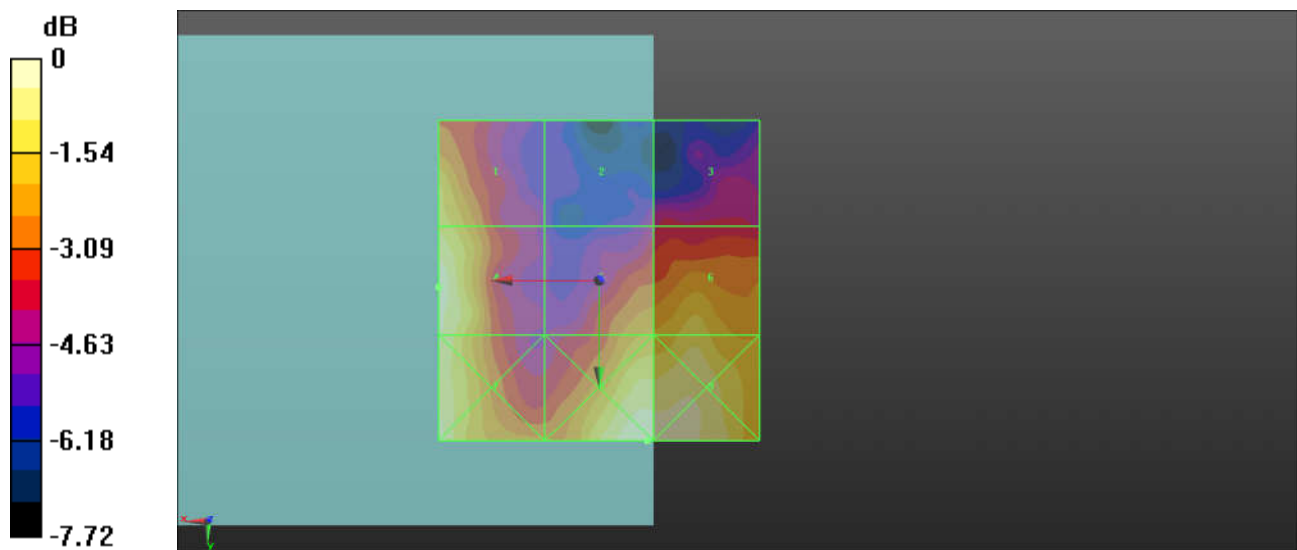
Grid 1 M4 12.42 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 9.28 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 9.71 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 13.47 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 11.58 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 12.29 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.39 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 13.55 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 13.54 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 13.55 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -7.5, 25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 4.760 V/m = 13.55 dBV/m

18 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch39750_E

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM) (0);
Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch39750/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.911 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = -3.03 dB

RF audio interference level = 14.48 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

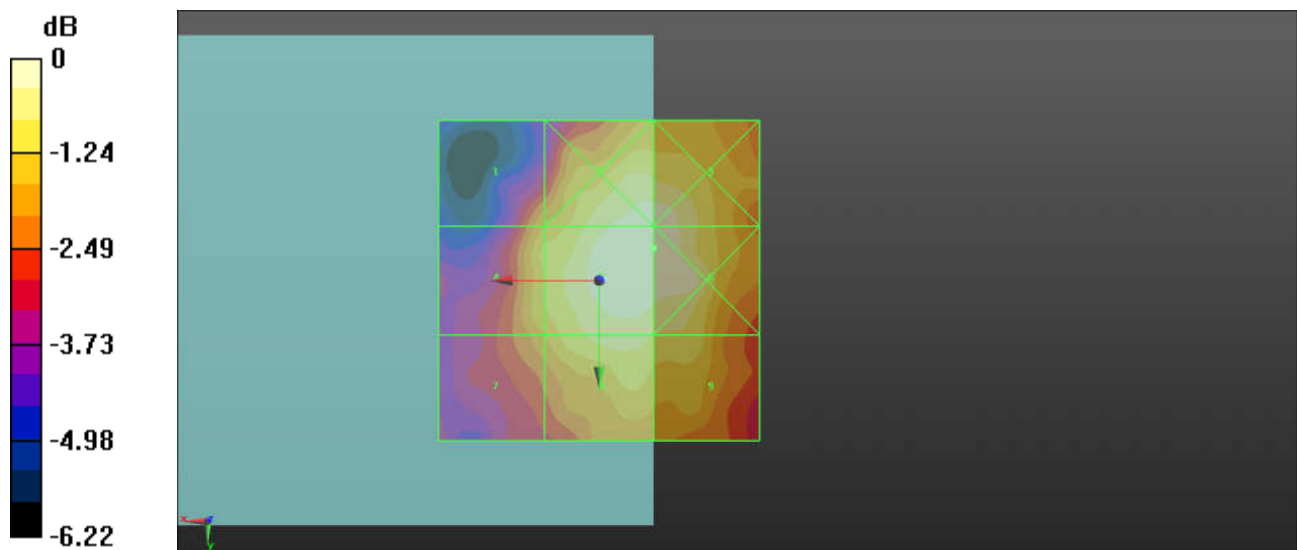
Grid 1 M4 12.87 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 14.37 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 14.37 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 13.35 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 14.48 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 14.48 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 12.84 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 13.86 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 13.67 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 14.48 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -8.5, -5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 5.294 V/m = 14.48 dBV/m

19 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch40185_E

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM) (0);
Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch40185/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 5.593 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -3.03 dB

RF audio interference level = 13.47 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

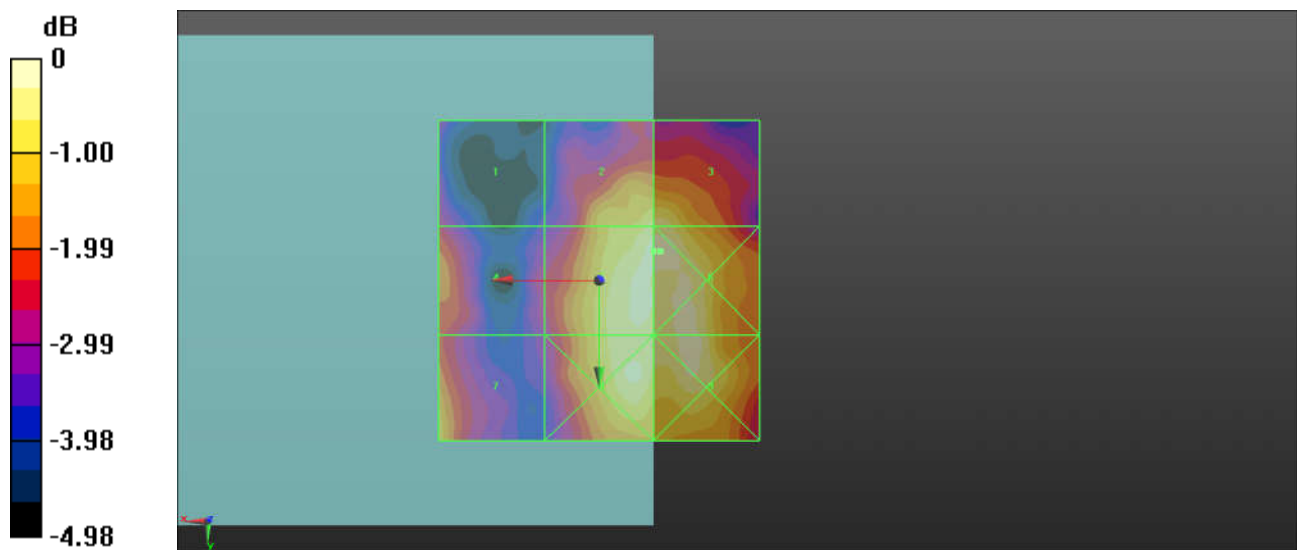
Grid 1 M4 11.01 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 13.03 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 13.06 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 11.82 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 13.47 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 13.56 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 12.65 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 13.35 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 13.47 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 13.56 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -9.5, -4.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 4.764 V/m = 13.56 dBV/m

20 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch40620_E

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM) (0);
Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch40620/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.648 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = -3.03dB

RF audio interference level = 12.86 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

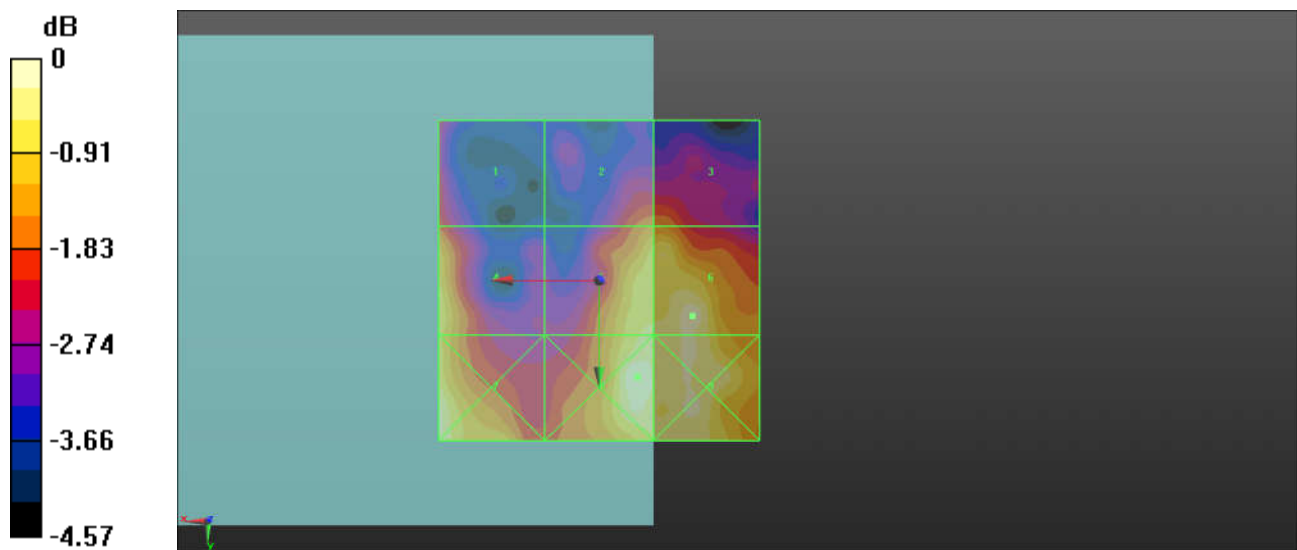
Grid 1 M4 11.15 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 11.46 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 11.46 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 12.39 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 12.42 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 12.86 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 12.86 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 12.98 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 12.77 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 12.98 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -6, 15, 9.7 mm



21 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch41055_E

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM) (0);
Frequency: 2636.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch41055/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.189 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = -3.03 dB

RF audio interference level = 12.82 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

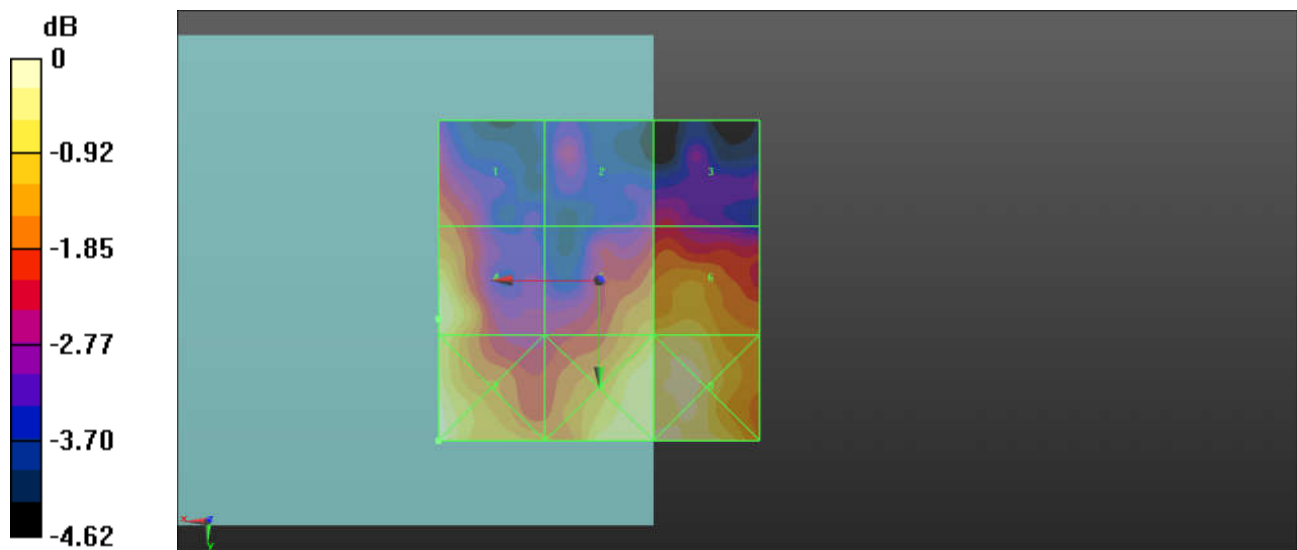
Grid 1 M4 11.48 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 10.51 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 10.71 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 12.82 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 12.21 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 12.43 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.05 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 12.82 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 12.9 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 13.05 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, 25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 4.495 V/m = 13.05 dBV/m

22 HAC RF TDD LTE 41_16QAM_1RB_0Offset_Voice_Ch41490_E

Communication System: UID 10173 - CAB, LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM) (0);
Frequency: 2680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2016.1.19;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch41490/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.522 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -3.03 dB

RF audio interference level = 12.58 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

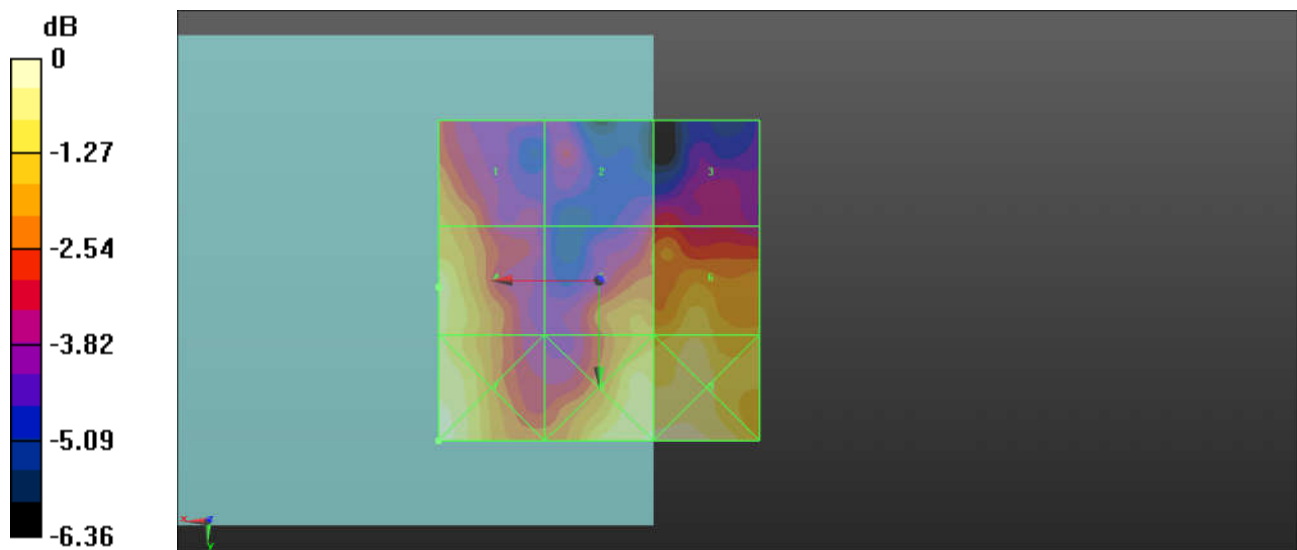
Grid 1 M4 11.54 dBV/m	Grid 2 M4 9.87 dBV/m	Grid 3 M4 10.18 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 12.58 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 11.59 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 12.18 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4 13.08 dBV/m	Grid 8 M4 12.76 dBV/m	Grid 9 M4 12.83 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 13.08 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, 25, 9.7 mm





Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD835V3-1171_Jan16**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD835V3 - SN: 1171**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: **January 27, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysnar	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Fin Bornholt	Deputy Technical Manager
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Issued: January 28, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.4 V/m = 40.62 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	104.7 V/m = 40.40 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.0 V/m $\pm$ 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.1 dB	42.8 Ω - 12.9 j Ω
835 MHz	27.3 dB	51.5 Ω + 4.1 j Ω
900 MHz	16.2 dB	57.9 Ω - 15.0 j Ω
950 MHz	21.7 dB	46.4 Ω + 7.1 j Ω
960 MHz	16.9 dB	53.0 Ω + 14.5 j Ω

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

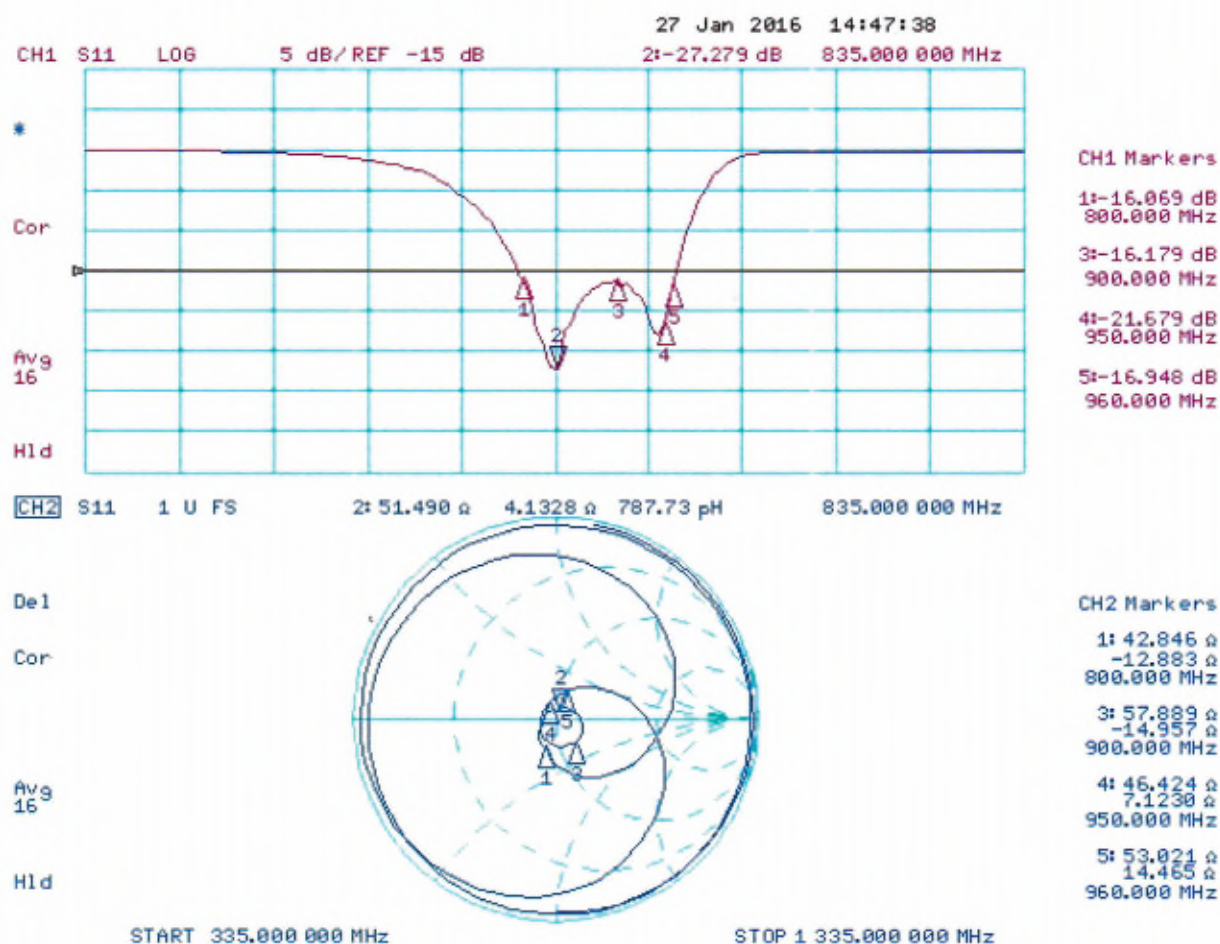
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 27.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1171

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 111.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

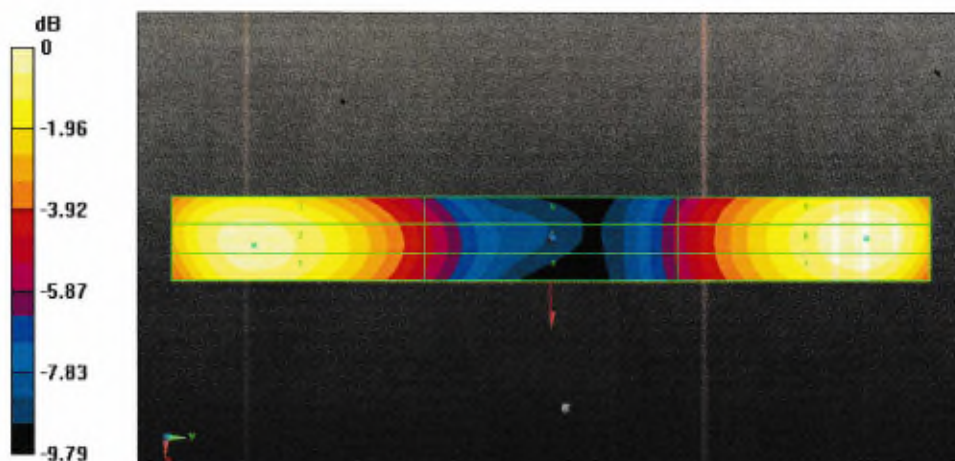
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.62 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 40.36 dBV/m	Grid 2 M3 40.4 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.14 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.79 dBV/m	Grid 5 M4 35.83 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.6 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 40.45 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 40.62 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.51 dBV/m



0 dB = 107.4 V/m = 40.62 dBV/m



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1155_Jan16**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD1880V3 - SN: 1155**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: **January 27, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-18

Calibrated by: **Leif Klysner** **Function**
Laboratory Technician

Approved by: **Fin Bomholt** **Deputy Technical Manager**

Signature

Leif Klysner

F. Bomholt

Issued: January 28, 2016

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	90.4 V/m = 39.13 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	87.8 V/m = 38.87 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.1 V/m $\pm$ 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	33.1 dB	52.0 Ω - 1.1 j Ω
1880 MHz	17.9 dB	42.7 Ω + 9.4 j Ω
1900 MHz	18.4 dB	45.6 Ω + 10.7 j Ω
1950 MHz	23.2 dB	50.8 Ω + 6.9 j Ω
2000 MHz	19.7 dB	43.0 Ω + 6.7 j Ω

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

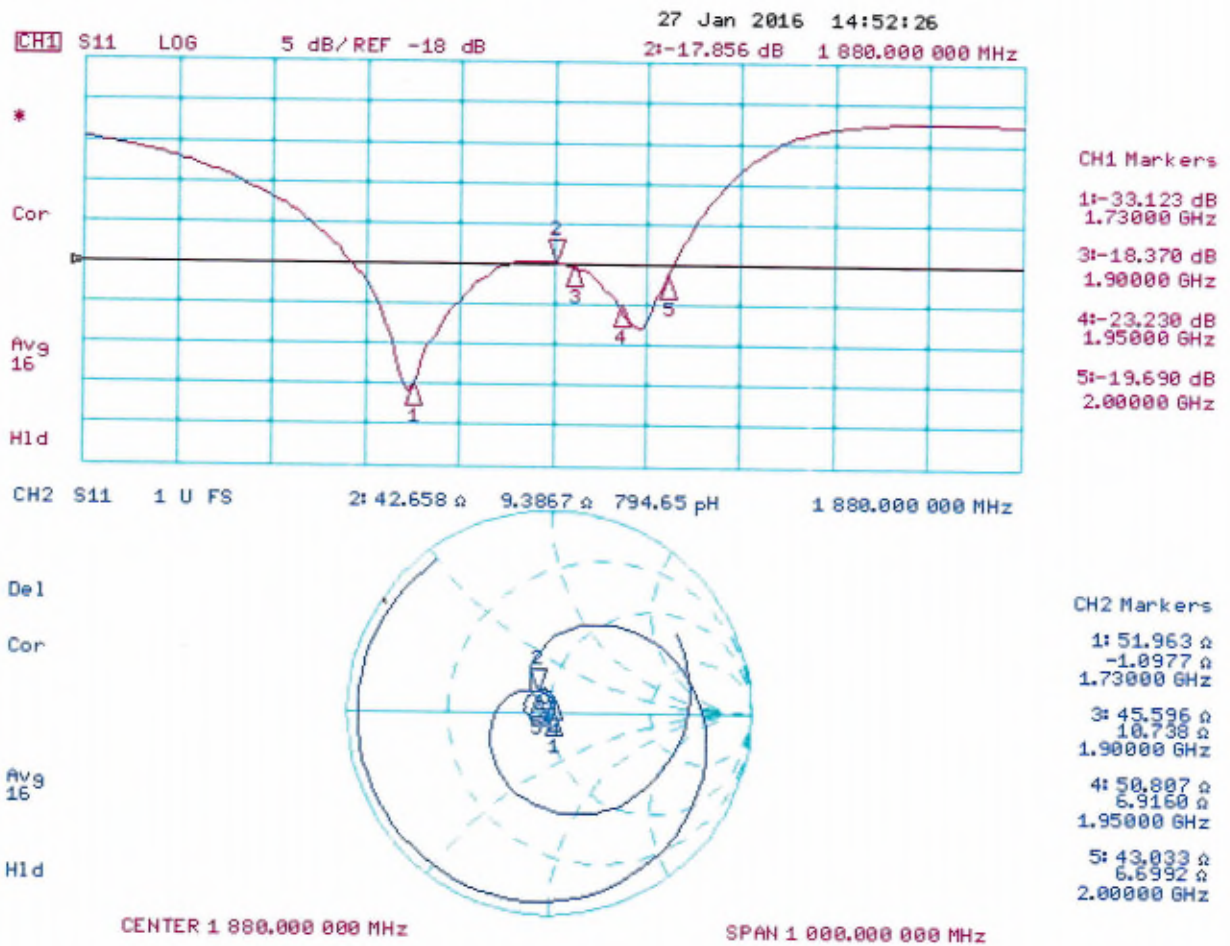
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 27.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1155

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 154.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

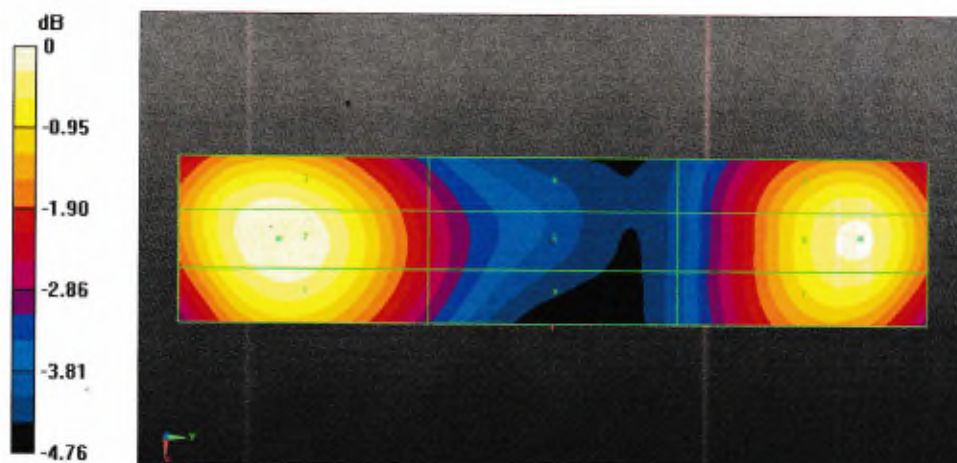
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.13 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.98 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 39.13 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 38.99 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 36.69 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 36.77 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 36.59 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.71 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 38.87 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.76 dBV/m



0 dB = 90.44 V/m = 39.13 dBV/m



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD2600V3-1005_Mar16**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD2600V3 - SN: 1005**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **March 17, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	23-Jun-15 (No. EF3-4013_Jun15)	Jun-16
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-18

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 23, 2016

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	86.8 V/m = 38.77 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.6 V/m = 38.65 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	86.2 V/m $\pm$ 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	23.0 dB	50.1 Ω - 7.1 j Ω
2550 MHz	29.1 dB	48.4 Ω + 3.1 j Ω
2600 MHz	27.4 dB	51.6 Ω + 4.1 j Ω
2650 MHz	25.0 dB	55.0 Ω + 3.2 j Ω
2750 MHz	18.4 dB	61.1 Ω - 7.5 j Ω

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

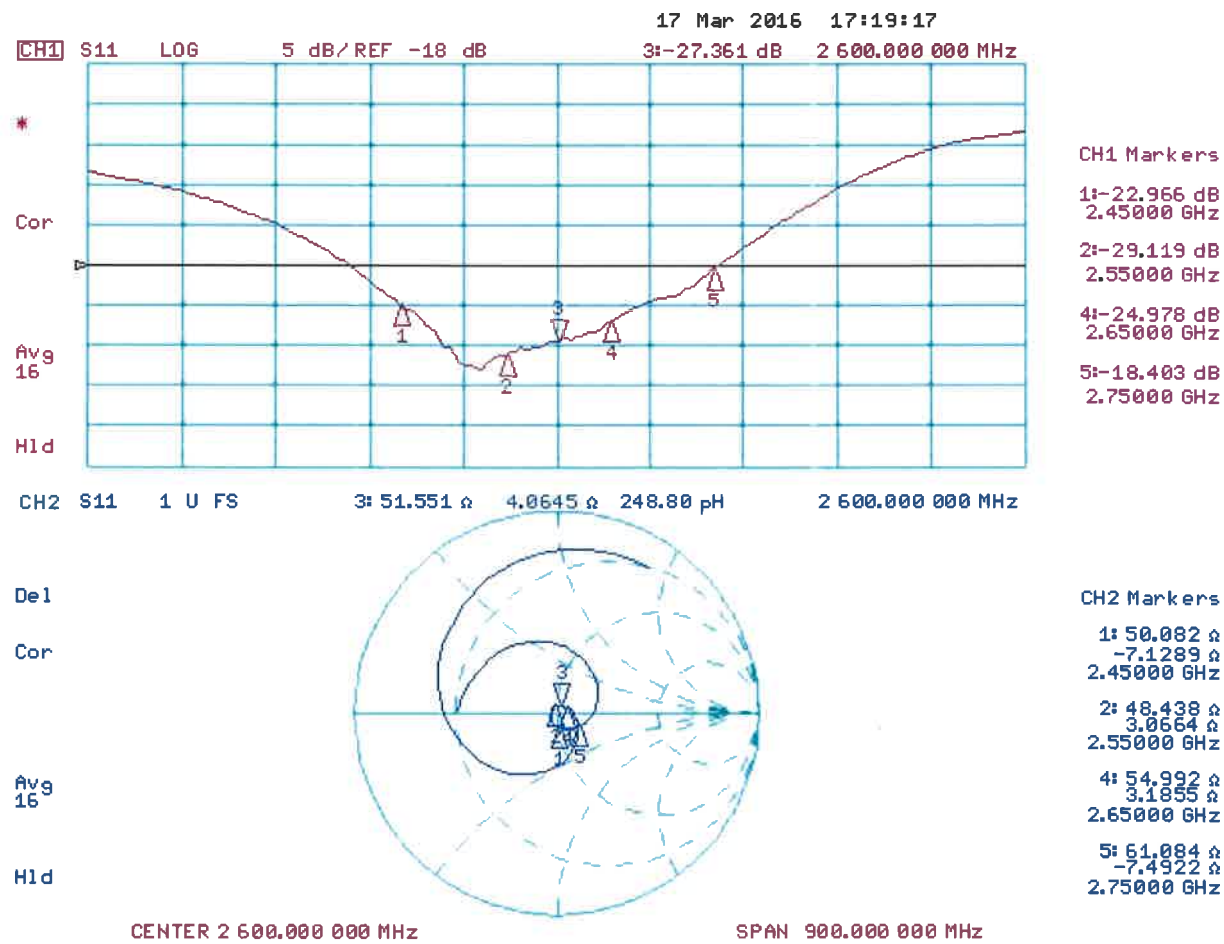
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 17.03.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1005

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 23.06.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz - with EF_4013/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

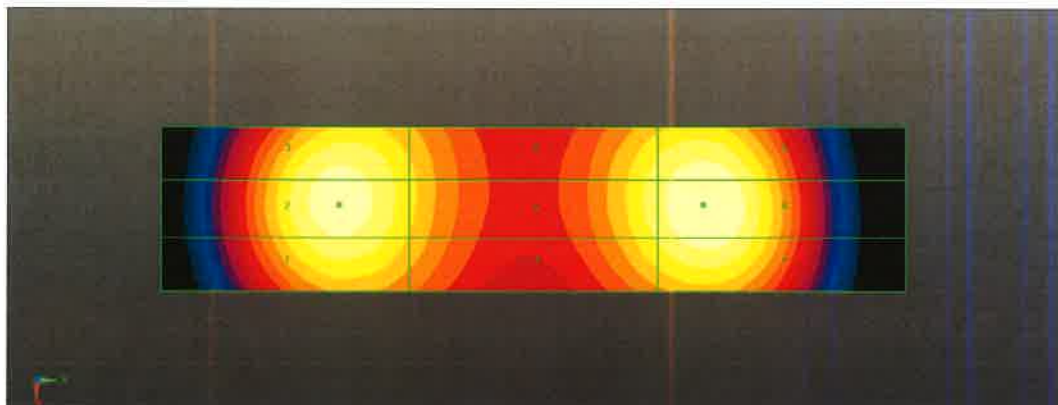
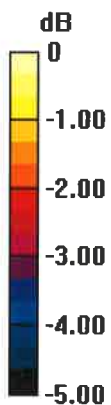
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.77 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.43 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 38.65 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 38.58 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 38.16 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 38.34 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 38.28 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.58 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 38.77 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.66 dBV/m



0 dB = 86.79 V/m = 38.77 dBV/m



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校准
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CNAS L0570

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

Client : **Sporton_CN**

Certificate No: **Z16-97071**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SN: 1210**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FD-Z11-2-002-01**
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: **May 18, 2016**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
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Process Calibrator 753	1971018	06-July-15 (CTTL, No:J15X04257)	July-16
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	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: May 19, 2016

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209
E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



In Collaboration with

s p e a g

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1\mu\text{V}$, full range = $-100\dots+300\text{ mV}$

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = $-1\dots+3\text{mV}$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.076 \pm 0.15\% (k=2)$	$404.897 \pm 0.15\% (k=2)$	$405.013 \pm 0.15\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.99810 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.98220 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.99829 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$58^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **ER3-2480_Jan16**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ER3DV6 - SN:2480**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field
evaluations in air

Calibration date: **January 11, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-15 (No. ER3-2328_Oct15)	Oct-16
DAE4	SN: 789	16-Mar-15 (No. DAE4-789_Mar15)	Mar-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name Michael Weber	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			
Issued: January 12, 2016			