

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2010-06-09 to 2010-06-16
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/10/859502/2, HW: B3, SW: 031.711, DUT: 14795 SN: 004401/10/859472/8, HW: B3, SW: 031.711, DUT: 14787
Batteries used in testing	BP-4LV, DUT: 14789, 14790, 14791, 14792, 14793, 14794
Headsets used in testing	WH-1V, DUT: 14788
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	128 / 824.2	30.5 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.753 W/kg	0.84 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4175 / 835.0	22.5 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.432 W/kg	0.48 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	27.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.578 W/kg	0.65 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9262 / 1852.4	22.0 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.621 W/kg	0.70 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	11 / 2462.0	18.0 dBm	Right, Tilt	0.329 W/kg	0.37 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.758 W/kg	0.85 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.441 W/kg	0.49 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.586 W/kg	0.66 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.621 W/kg	0.70 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	128 / 824.2	30.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.609 W/kg	0.68 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	22.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.322 W/kg	0.36 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	661 / 1880.0	27.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.340 W/kg	0.38 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9262 / 1852.4	22.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.446 W/kg	0.50 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	11 / 2462.0	18.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.026 W/kg	0.03 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.624 W/kg	0.70 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.325 W/kg	0.36 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.344 W/kg	0.39 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.471 W/kg	0.53 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

* SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.48 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1852 – 1908
HSUPA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, WCDMA800 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Voice-over-IP/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom. Dual Transfer Mode is a feature that utilises the multi-slot GPRS capability in this device; it allows simultaneous transmission of voice and data during the same call, using the same transmitter and antenna.

This is a WCDMA HSUPA device, but SAR tests for HSUPA mode have not been performed as no HSUPA Sub-test mode has an average power > 0.25dB above the basic WCDMA 12.2kbps RMC mode. Appendix C of this report gives a summary of the measured WCDMA and HSUPA average powers; a detailed report of these WCDMA and HSUPA conducted power tests is submitted separately.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas for both cellular and WLAN use. The cellular antenna is located at the bottom underneath the back cover. The WLAN antenna is located at the top underneath the back cover.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.4 to 23.2
Ambient humidity (RH %):	37 to 59

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester except for testing WLAN2450 where control software was used. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

The transmission mode of the device in all WLAN tests was b-mode with DSSS QPSK 11Mbps. This mode has the highest (or equal highest) time-averaged output power of all the WLAN b and g modulation modes in Nokia devices.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration - is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide

material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	555	12 months	2010-10
DAE 4	728	12 months	2011-03
DAE 4	1213	12 months	2010-11
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2010-10
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3194	12 months	2010-11
E-field Probe EX3DV4	3573	12 months	2010-11
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	480	24 months	2011-10
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d013	24 months	2012-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2	749	24 months	2011-10
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2010-09
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2010-09
Power Meter	NRVS	838624/032	12 months	2010-09
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2010-09
Call Tester	CMU 200	101111	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	103293	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2010-09
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-
Signal Generator	E4436B	US39260114	12 months	2010-12
Amplifier	5S1G4	25583	-	-
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2010-09
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	825600/004	12 months	2010-09

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix D
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm
Application	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.1.2 Isotropic E-field Probe Type EX3DV4

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix D
Frequency	10 MHz to >6 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g, Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 10 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 2.5 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was at least 15.0 measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

2450MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	56.0	70.20
Tween 20	44.0	29.62
Salt	-	0.18

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.36	40.5	0.88	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.12 – 2.60			
	2010-06-11	2.39	40.5	0.88	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.2	41.2	1.45	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	9.2 – 11.2			
	2010-06-09	10.1	39.5	1.39	21.0
	2010-06-10	10.8	39.2	1.42	21.0
	2010-06-11	9.94	39.2	1.38	21.0
2450	Reference result	13.2	39.1	1.78	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	11.9 – 14.5			
	2010-06-09	14.1	37.7	1.81	21.0
	2010-06-10	14.2	37.5	1.81	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.52	53.2	1.01	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.27 – 2.77			
	2010-06-15	2.55	54.1	0.99	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.4	55.0	1.58	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	9.4 – 11.4			
	2010-06-12	10.5	52.9	1.51	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2010-06-11	40.5	0.88	21.0
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2010-06-11	40.5	0.88	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2010-06-09	39.6	1.37	21.0
	2010-06-10	39.2	1.40	21.0
2442	Recommended value	39.2	1.79	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	37.3 – 41.2	1.70 – 1.88	
	2010-06-09	37.7	1.80	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2010-06-15	54.1	0.99	21.0
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2010-06-15	54.1	1.00	21.0
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2010-06-10	52.6	1.51	21.0
	2010-06-11	52.7	1.49	21.0
	2010-06-12	53.0	1.49	21.0
2442	Recommended value	52.7	1.94	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.1 – 55.3	1.85 – 2.04	
	2010-06-09	51.2	1.97	21.0
	2010-06-10	51.1	1.99	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with both sides facing the phantom to find the highest results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		-	32.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.620	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		30.5 dBm	30.5 dBm	30.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.753	0.738	0.727
		Tilt	-	0.464	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.611	-
		Tilt	-	0.421	-
3-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	28.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.698	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conducted Power		27.0 dBm	-	-
	Left	Cheek	0.099	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		22.5 dBm	22.5 dBm	22.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.410	0.432	0.416
		Tilt	-	0.252	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.370	-
		Tilt	-	0.240	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.345	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		27.5 dBm	27.5 dBm	27.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.404	-
		Tilt	-	0.122	-
	Right	Cheek	0.547	0.497	0.578
		Tilt	-	0.154	-
3-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	25.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.389	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conducted Power		-	-	26.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.148
		Tilt	-	-	-
Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		22.0 dBm	22.0 dBm	22.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.506	-
		Tilt	-	0.162	-
	Right	Cheek	0.621	0.611	0.576
		Tilt	-	0.204	-

2450MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN b-mode	Conducted Power		18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.208	-
		Tilt	-	0.287	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.252	-
		Tilt	0.267	0.305	0.329

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	30.5 dBm	30.5 dBm	30.5 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.567	-
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.479	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.609	0.583	0.592
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.485	-
Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	22.5 dBm	22.5 dBm	22.5 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.319	-
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.260	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.304	0.320	0.322
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.250	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	27.5 dBm	27.5 dBm	27.5 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	0.338	0.340	0.295
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.334	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.246	-
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.243	-
Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	22.0 dBm	22.0 dBm	22.0 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	0.446	0.426	0.369
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.420	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.305	-
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.306	-

2450MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN b-mode		Conducted Power	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-1V	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.014	0.022	0.026
		Headset WH-1V	-	0.016	-

Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results – Individual band Max results

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results				
	WLAN	2-slot GPRS850	WCDMA 850	2-slot GPRS1900	WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.208	0.753	0.432	0.404	0.506
Head: Left, Tilt	0.287	0.464	0.252	0.122	0.162
Head: Right, Cheek	0.252	0.611	0.370	0.578	0.621
Head: Right, Tilt	0.329	0.421	0.240	0.154	0.204
Body: Without Headset	0.026	0.609	0.322	0.340	0.446
Body: Headset WH-1V	0.016	0.485	0.260	0.334	0.420

Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results – Max + Max combined results

Test configuration	Combined 1g SAR values			
	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS850	WLAN + WCDMA850	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS1900	WLAN + WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.961	0.640	0.612	0.714
Head: Left, Tilt	0.751	0.539	0.409	0.449
Head: Right, Cheek	0.863	0.622	0.830	0.873
Head: Right, Tilt	0.750	0.569	0.483	0.533
Body: Without Headset	0.635	0.348	0.366	0.472
Body: Headset WH-701	0.501	0.276	0.350	0.436

The following table gives a more accurate assessment of the SAR values for simultaneous transmission. These values have been calculated using the SPEAG Combined Multiband algorithm, which is based on area scans. It a) converts the 2D area scans into 3D volume scans by assuming frequency-dependent decay characteristics for the E-field, b) sums the SAR values for WLAN2450 and the cellular bands point-by-point and c) calculates the combined average SAR values.

**Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results –
SPEAG Combined Multiband algorithm results**

Test configuration	Combined 1g SAR values			
	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS850	WLAN + WCDMA850	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS1900	WLAN + WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.758	0.441	-	-
Head: Left, Tilt	-	-	-	-
Head: Right, Cheek	-	-	0.586	0.619
Head: Right, Tilt	-	-	-	-
Body: Without Headset	0.624	0.325	0.344	0.471
Body: Headset WH-1V	-	-	-	-

Some of the Combined SAR values in the above table are less than the maximum SAR values for the contributing cellular band. This is due to a) minimal overlap of the SAR distributions of the cellular band with WLAN2450 and b) uncertainties associated with the different methods of calculation. In these cases, the maximum SAR values given for the combined Modes in the Summary table in Section 1.2 are those for the individual cellular band.

Note: Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2010-06-11 08:04:04

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.879 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.55 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.5 V/m

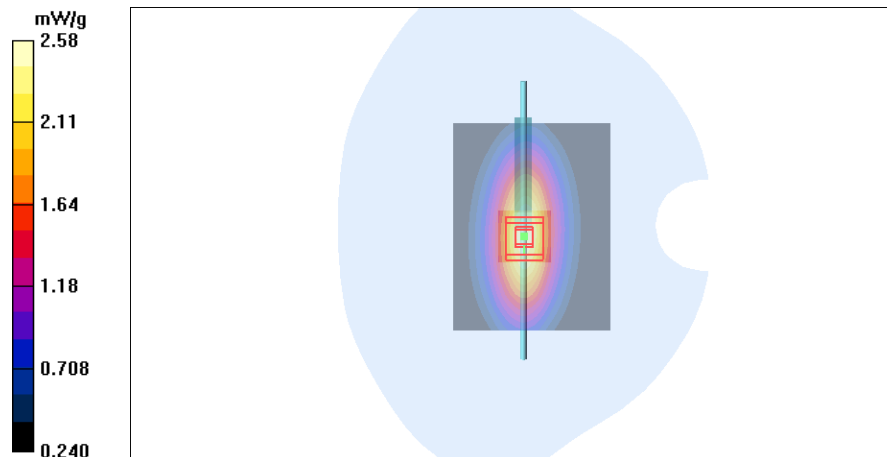
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 08:49:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.5 V/m

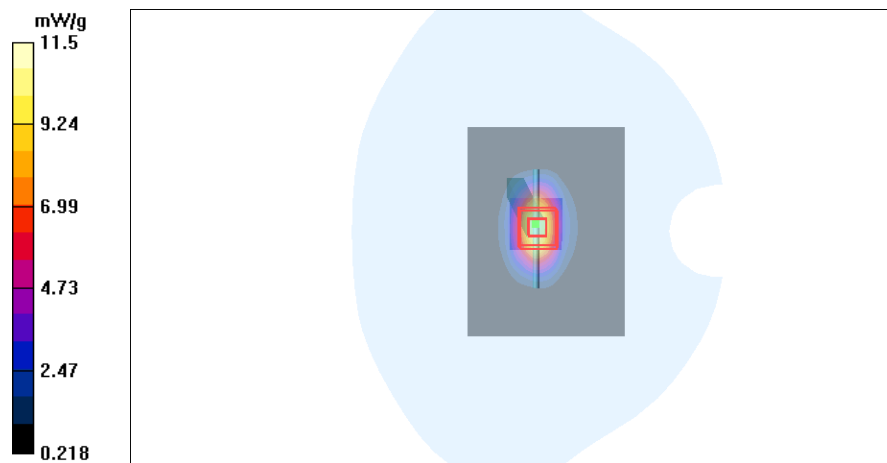
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.235 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 09:15:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=21.4 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.3 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.7 V/m

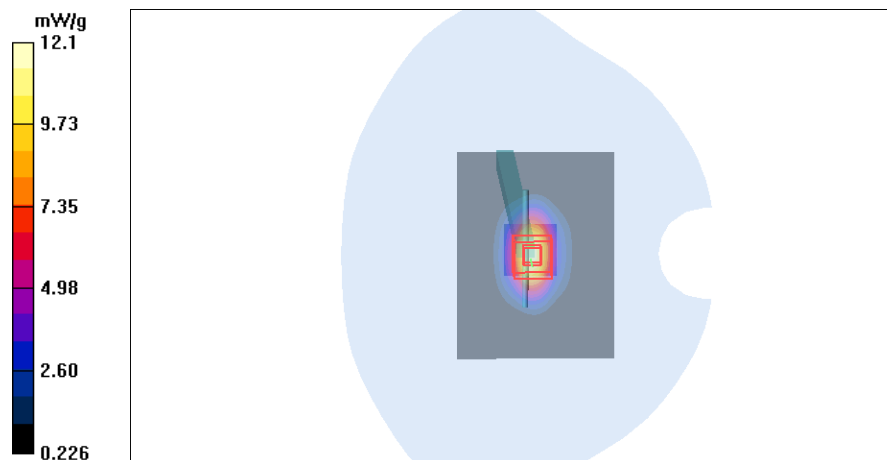
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.8 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.74 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 08:45:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=21.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.7 V/m

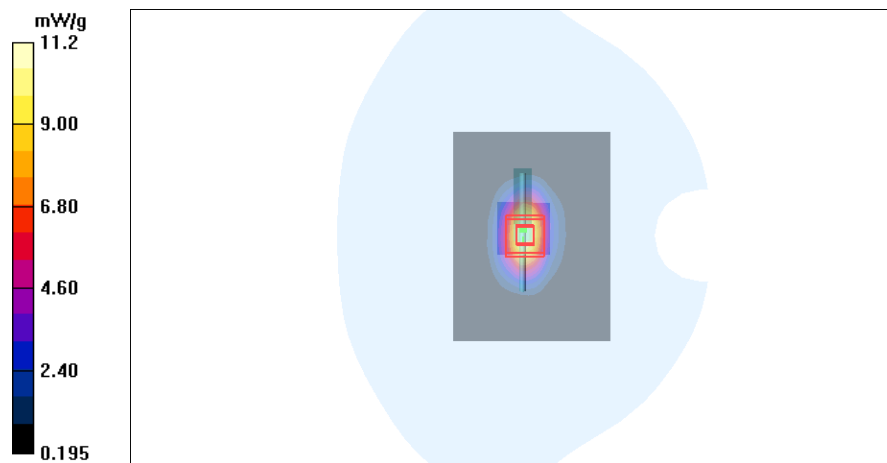
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.94 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.24 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 09:09:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.1 V/m

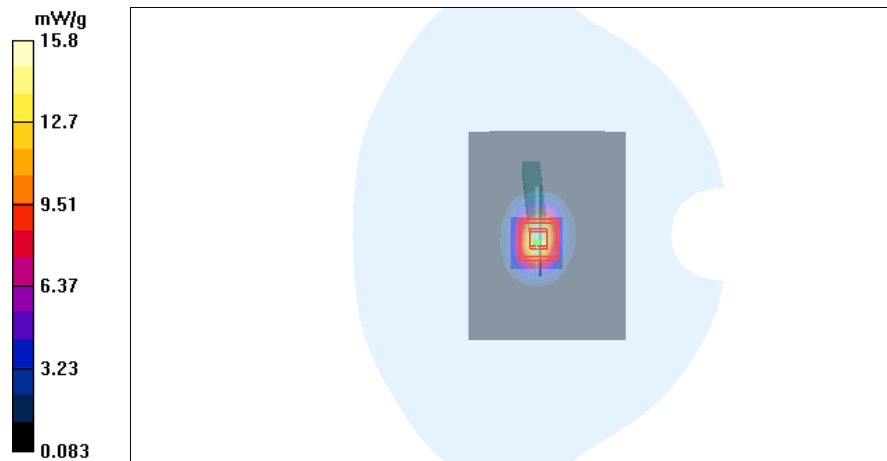
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.1 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.52 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.111 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 09:36:44

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.7 V/m

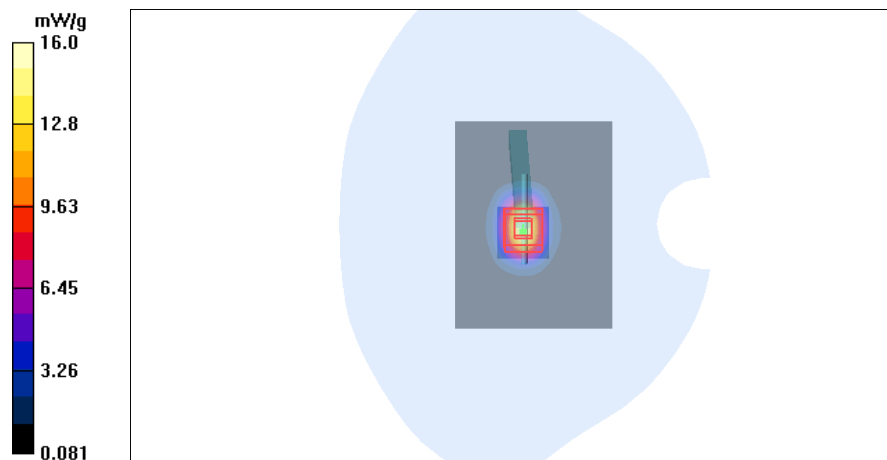
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.52 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-15 13:50:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.993 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.3 V/m

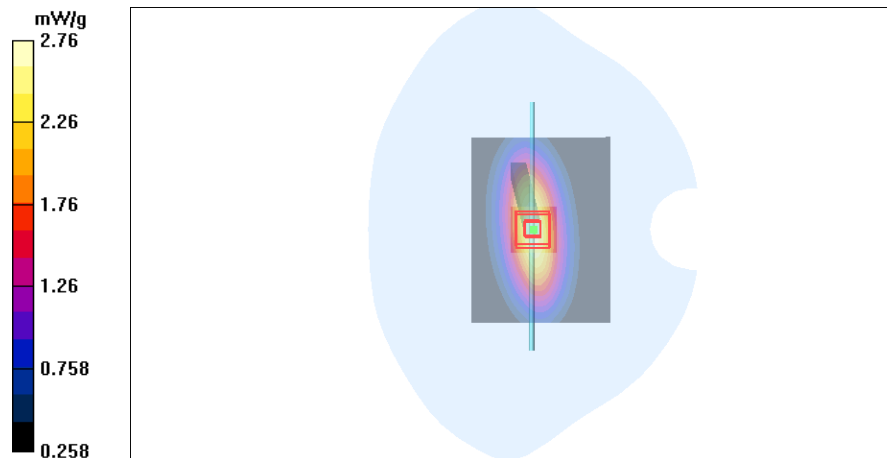
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.111 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-12 10:03:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.4 V/m

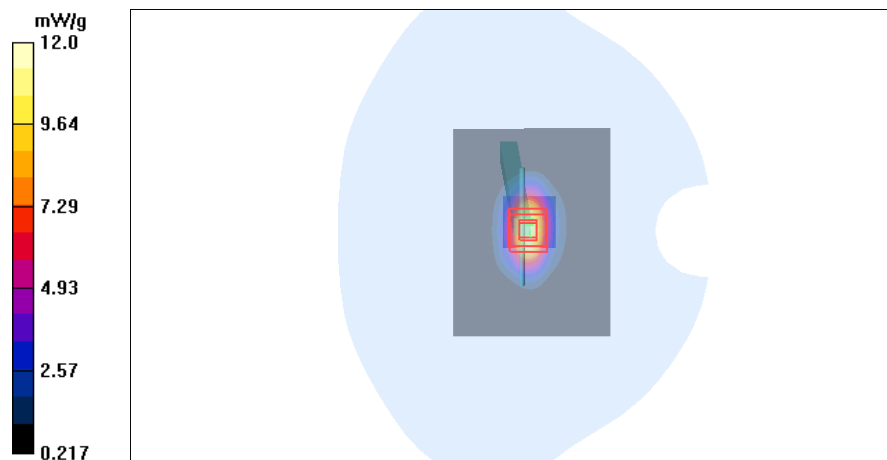
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.57 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.092 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2010-06-11 08:46:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m

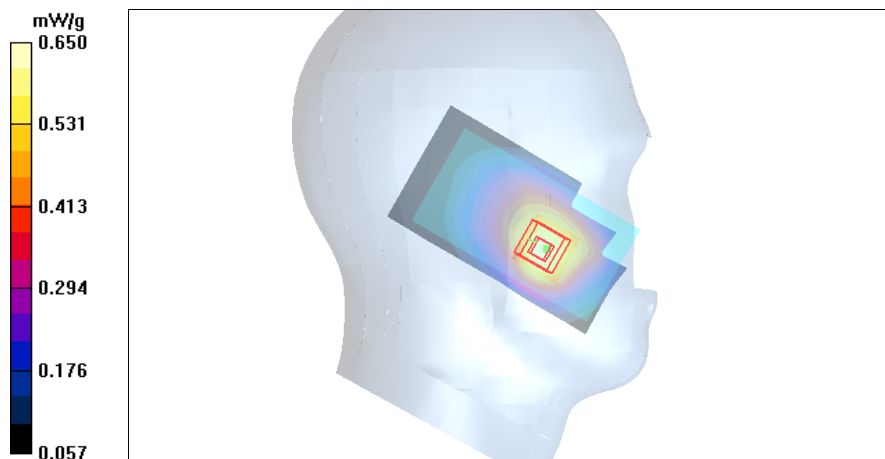
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.620 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.451 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.346 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 11:35:57

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.872$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.800 mW/g

Cheek - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m

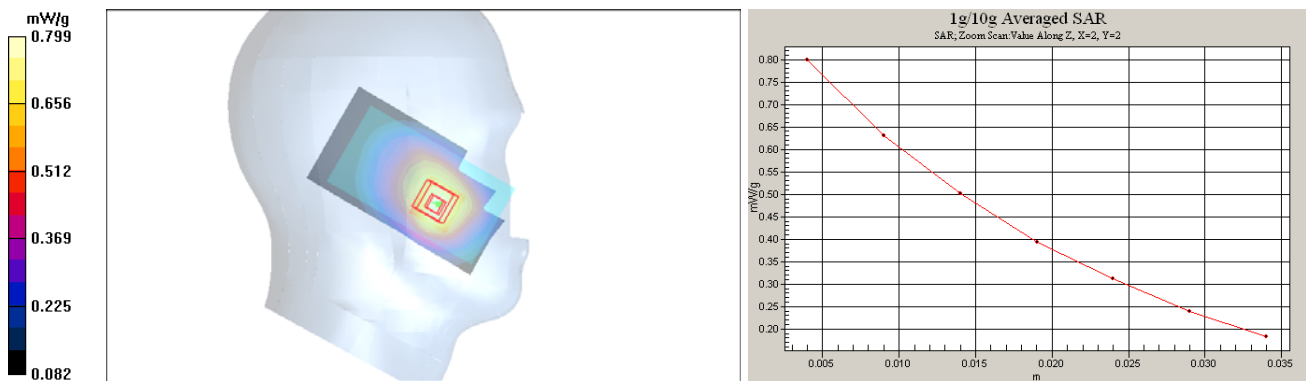
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.951 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.753 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.560 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.464 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.799 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 10:04:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.482 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m

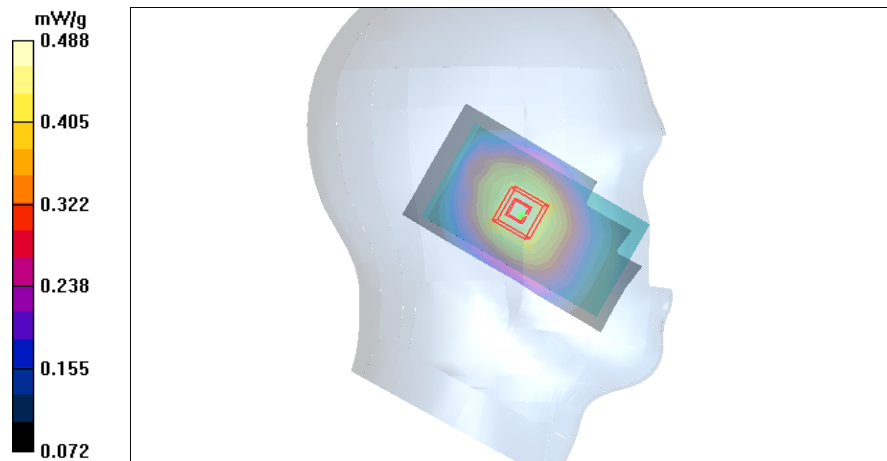
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.554 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.488 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 11:06:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.643 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.68 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

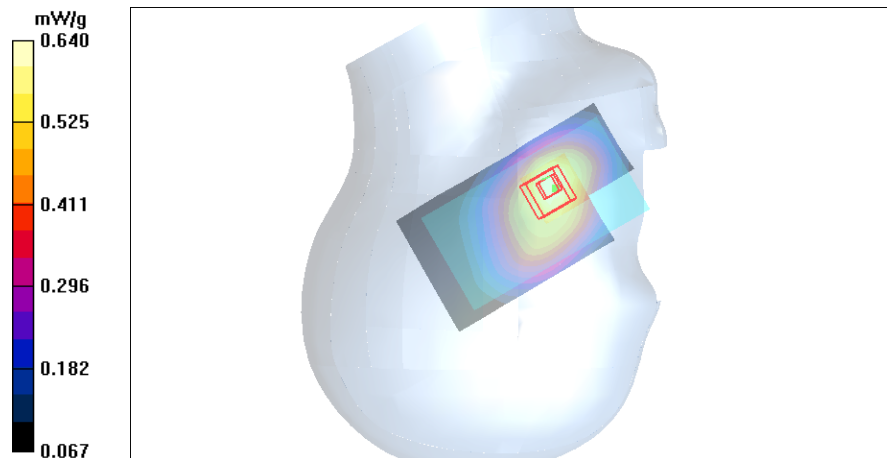
SAR(1 g) = 0.611 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.444 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.098 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.640 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 11:20:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m

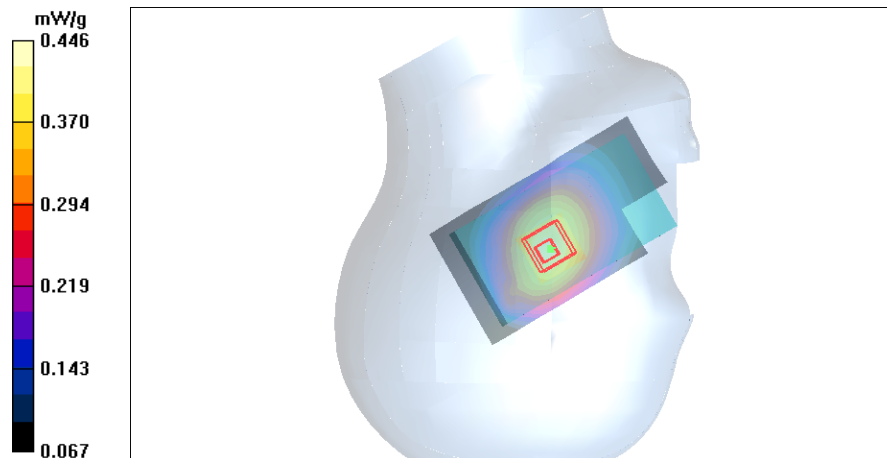
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.516 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.421 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.323 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.101 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.446 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 09:49:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.744 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m

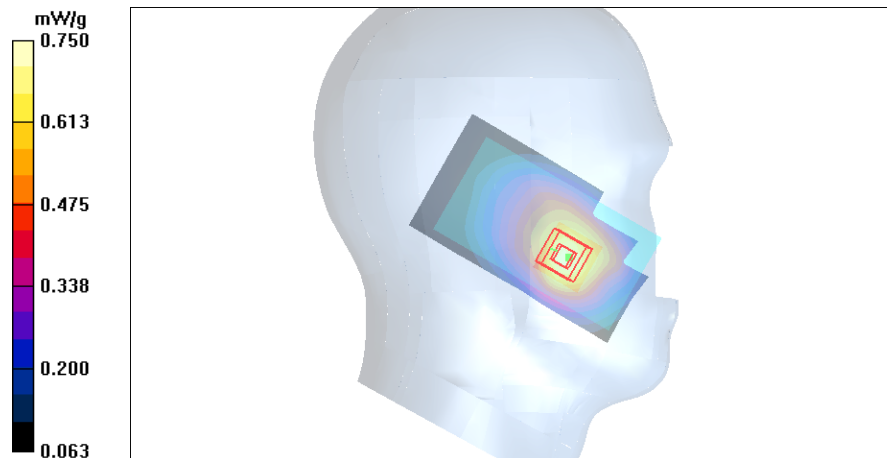
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.885 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.698 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.514 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.278 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.750 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 12:12:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 824 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 824 MHz; σ = 0.872 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.104 mW/g

Cheek - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.54 V/m

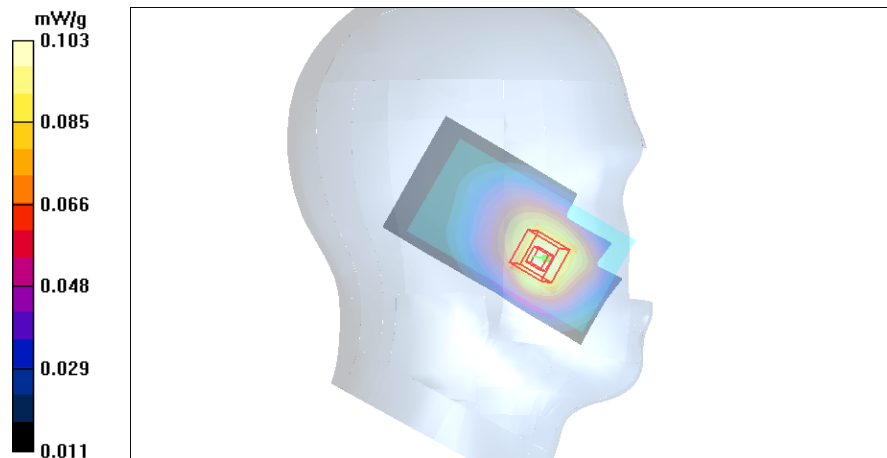
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.458 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 12:28:15

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.879 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.461 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.70 V/m

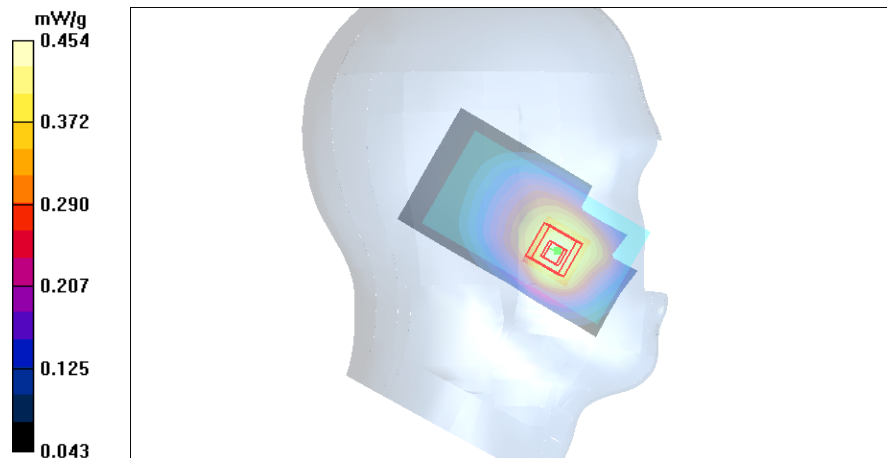
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.546 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.318 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.454 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 12:42:01

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.879 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.270 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m

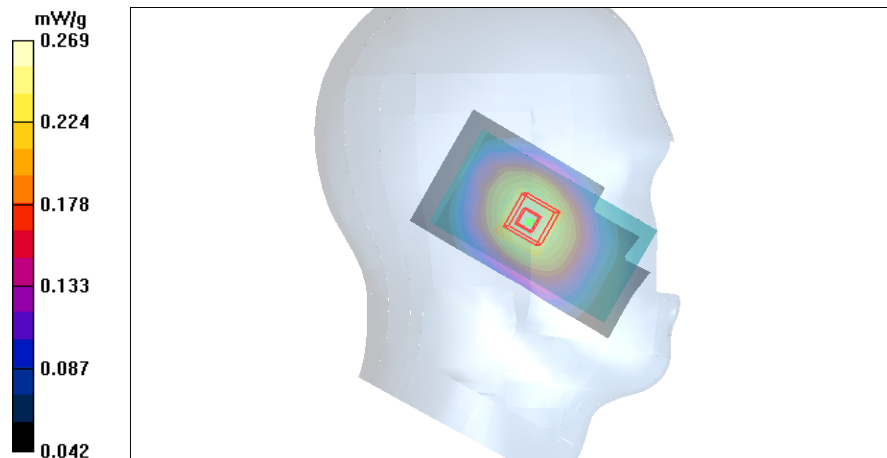
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.295 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.252 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 12:56:57

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.879 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.411 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.87 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.499 W/kg

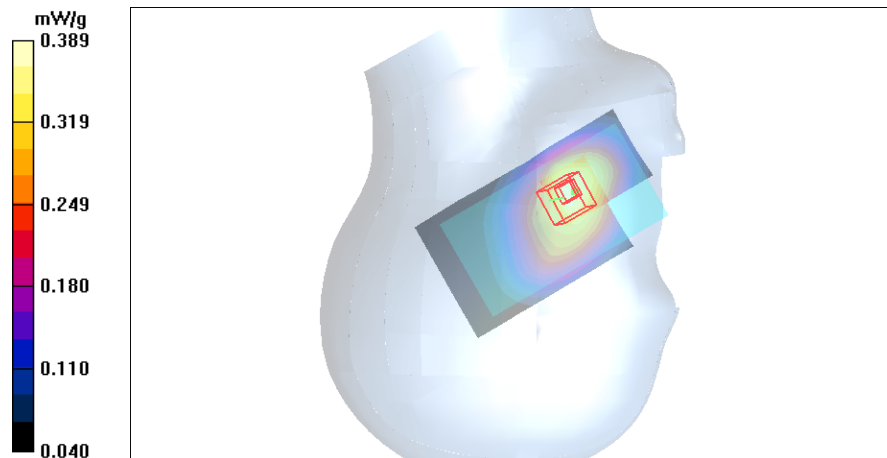
SAR(1 g) = 0.370 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.181 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 13:10:39

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.243 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m

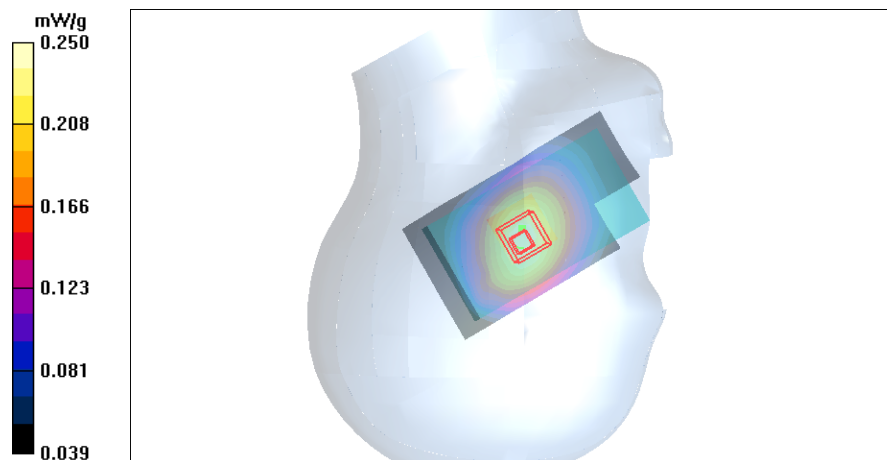
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.288 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.240 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.186 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 17:09:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=21.0 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.391 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.10 V/m

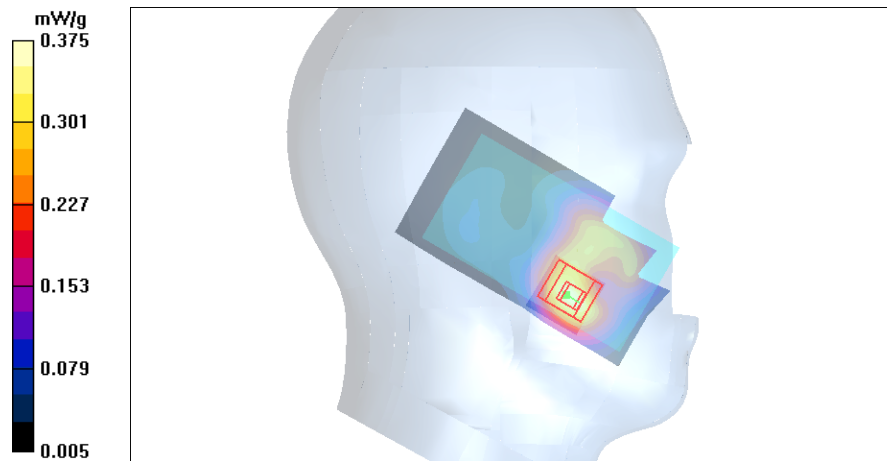
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.480 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.214 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.165 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 17:44:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.464 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.69 V/m

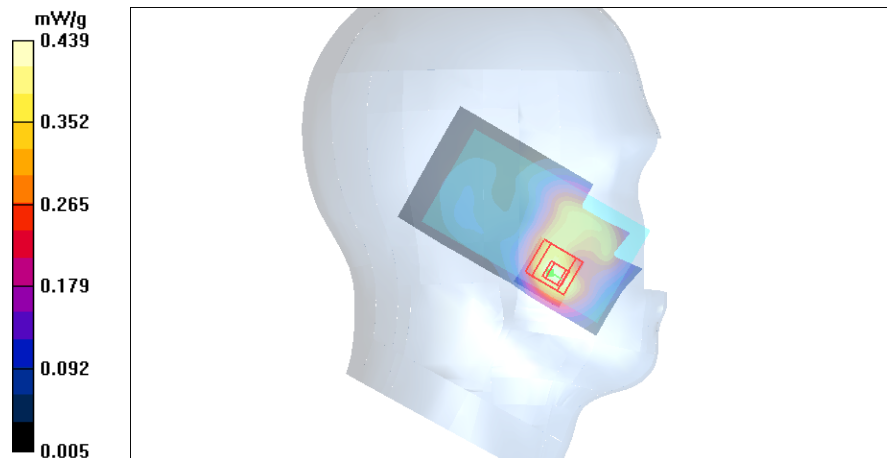
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.191 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 18:44:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194

- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.136 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.52 V/m

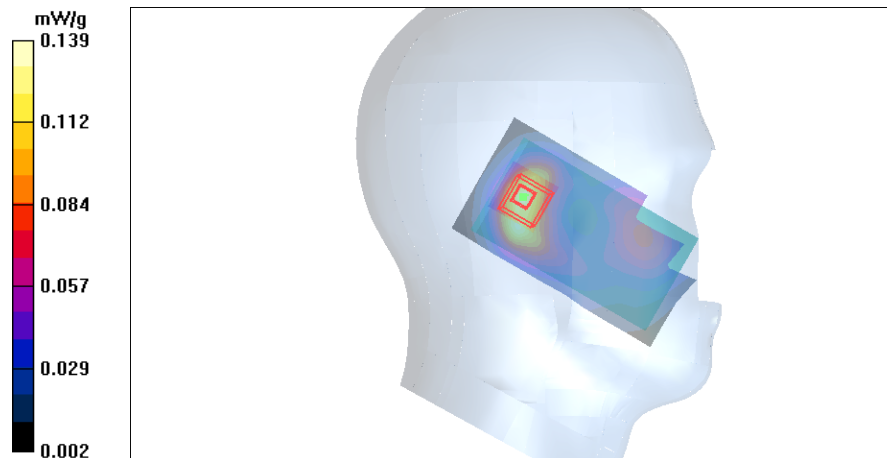
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.181 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.147 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 19:50:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 mW/g

Cheek - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.64 V/m

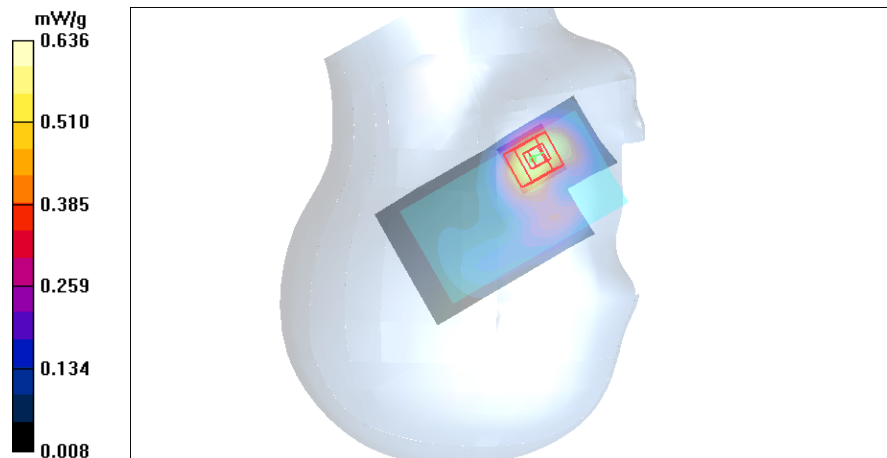
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.814 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.578 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.085 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 19:20:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.54 V/m

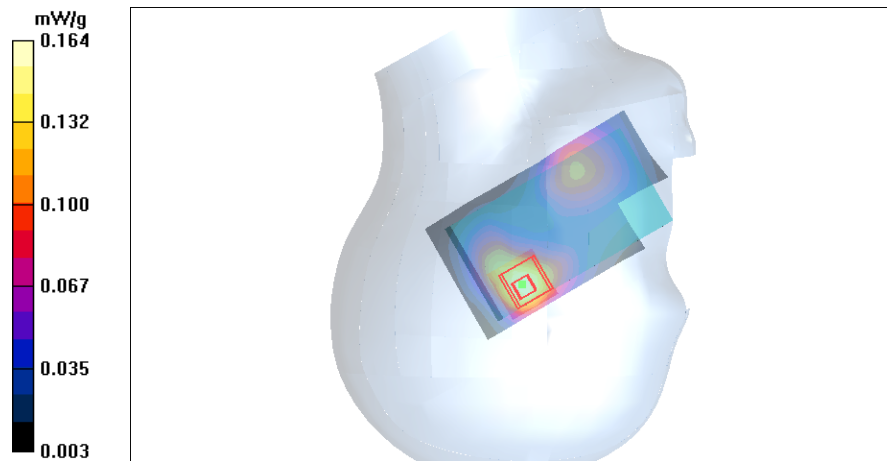
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.164 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 18:00:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.445 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.49 V/m

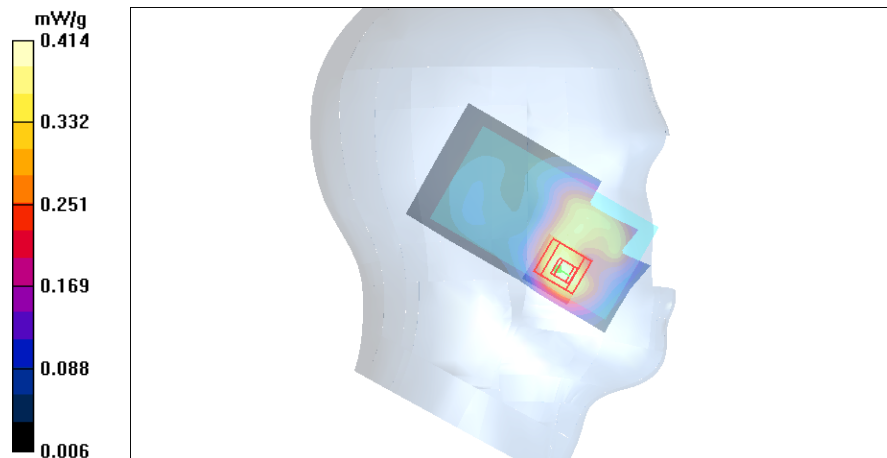
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.525 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.389 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.155 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.414 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 20:07:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.167 mW/g

Cheek - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.25 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 W/kg

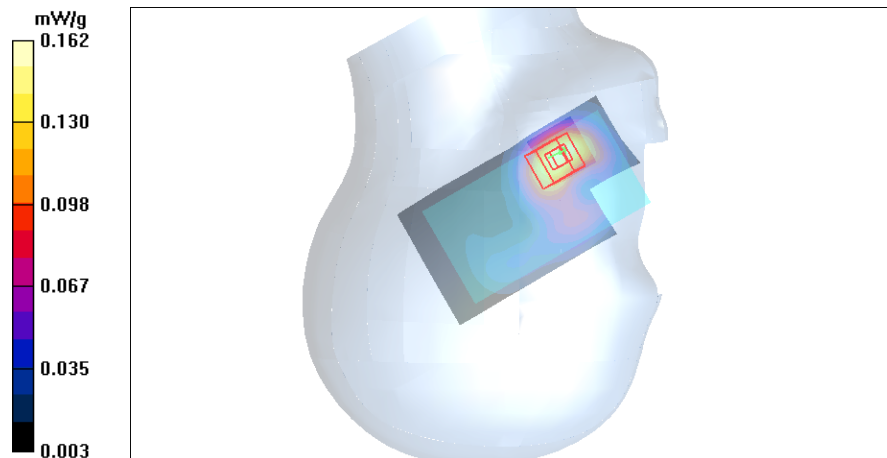
SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.308 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 13:52:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.13 V/m

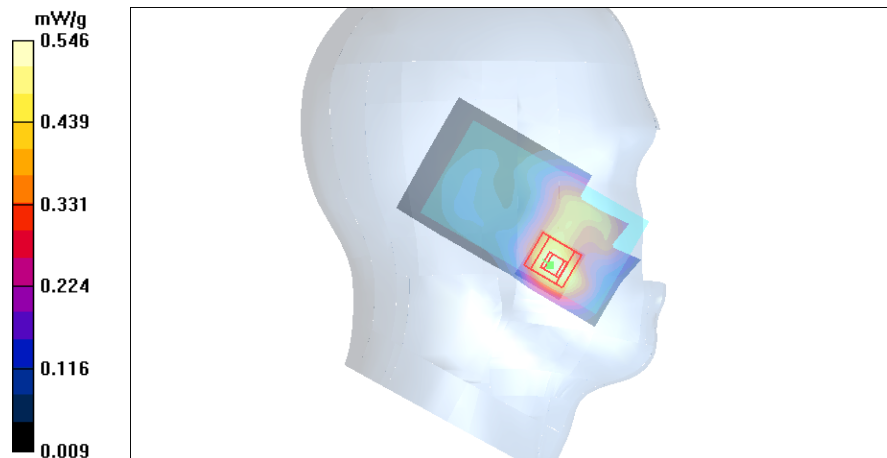
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.670 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.506 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.318 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.191 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.546 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 14:06:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.176 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m

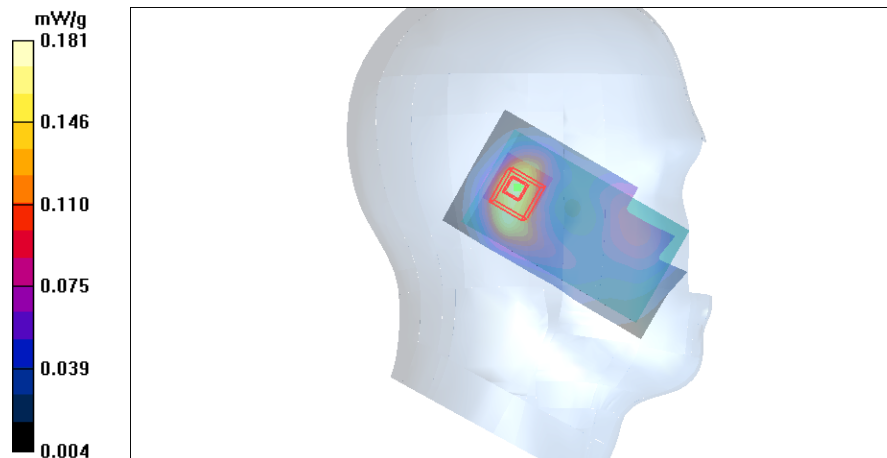
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.241 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.162 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 15:08:03

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.683 mW/g

Cheek - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.75 V/m

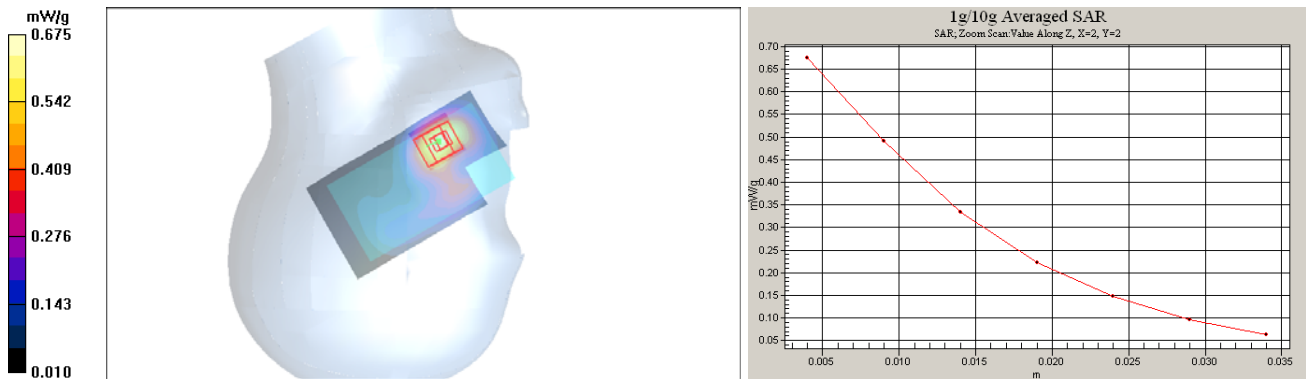
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.621 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.386 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.417 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 14:52:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m

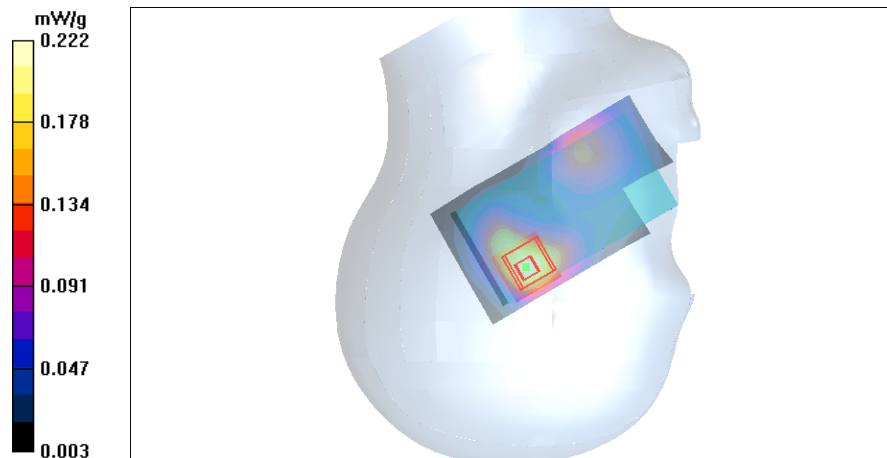
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.204 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.281 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.222 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:00:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.66 V/m

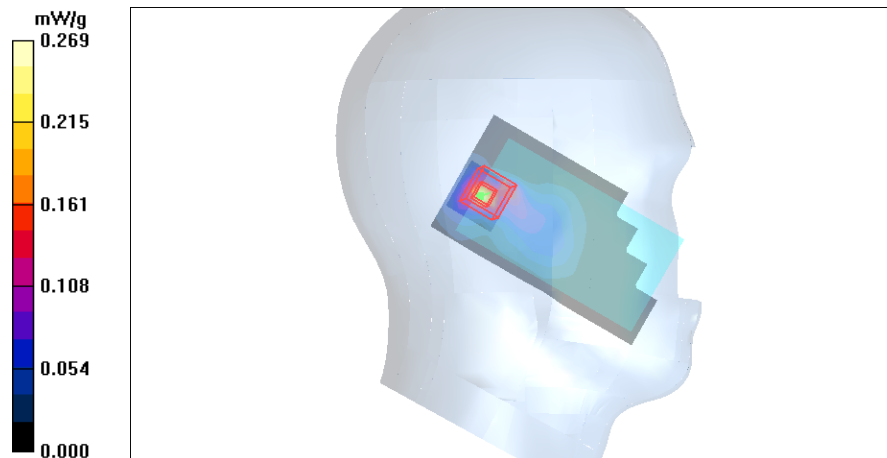
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.567 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:16:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.290 mW/g

Tilt - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m

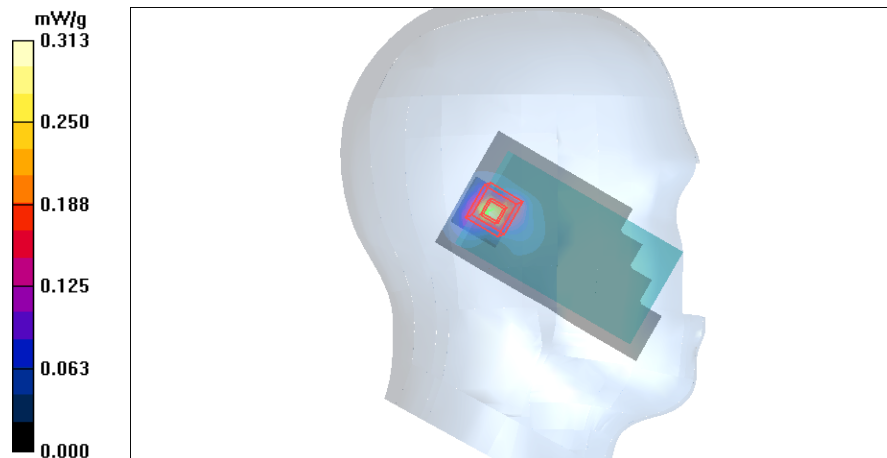
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.772 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.105 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.152 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.313 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:35:38

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 mW/g

Cheek - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

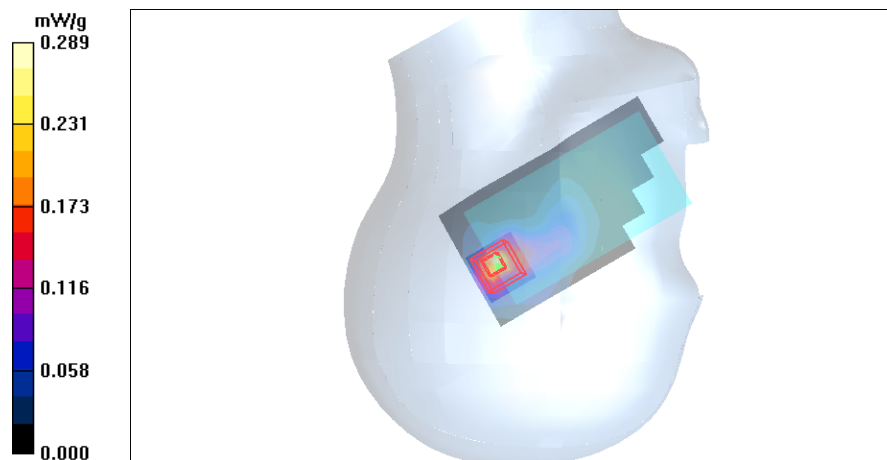
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.252 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.094 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.332 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 11:17:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.5C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573

- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56); Calibrated: 2009-11-20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15

- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1126

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.319 mW/g

Tilt - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m

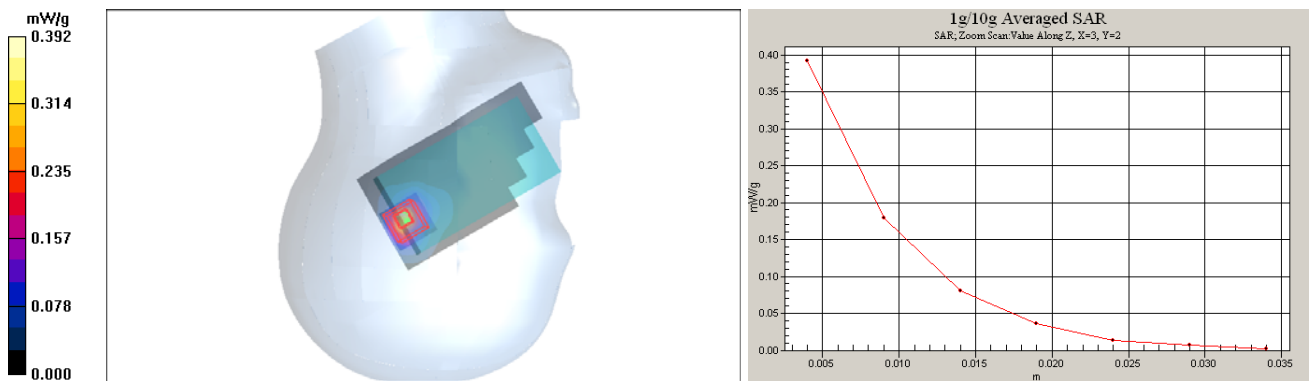
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.856 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-15 14:43:00

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.603 mW/g

Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.43 V/m

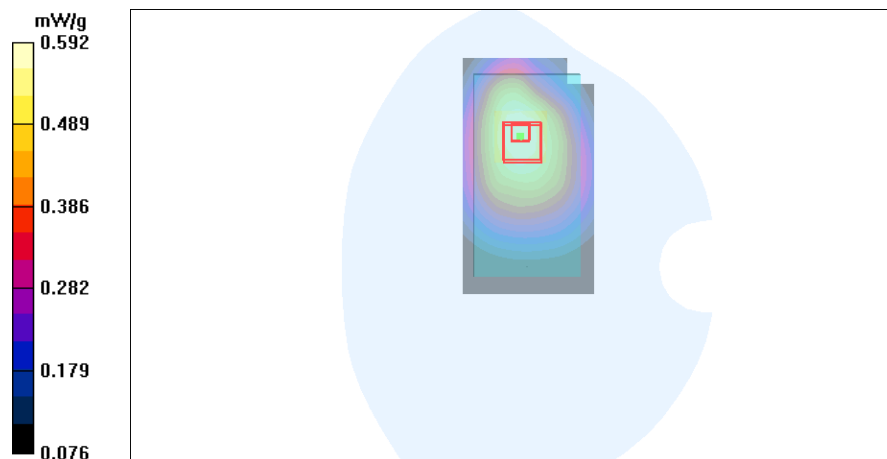
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.737 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.567 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.426 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.592 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-15 14:55:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.520 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.21 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.654 W/kg

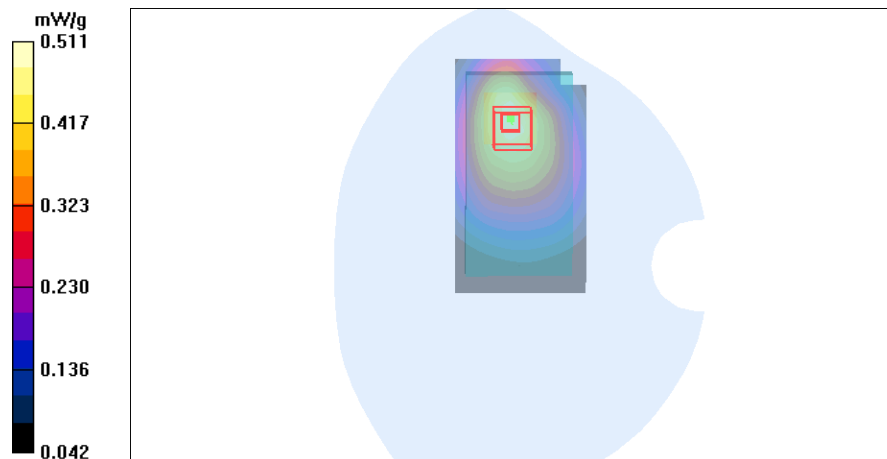
SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-15 15:30:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 mW/g

Body - Low - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m

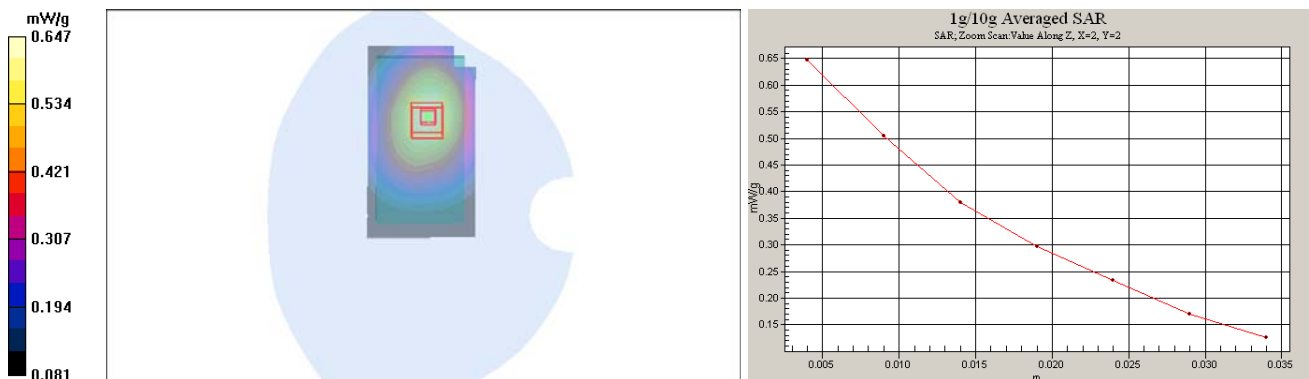
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.757 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.609 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.456 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.148 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-582V_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-582V

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Date/Time: 2010-06-15 15:18:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.499 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.28 V/m

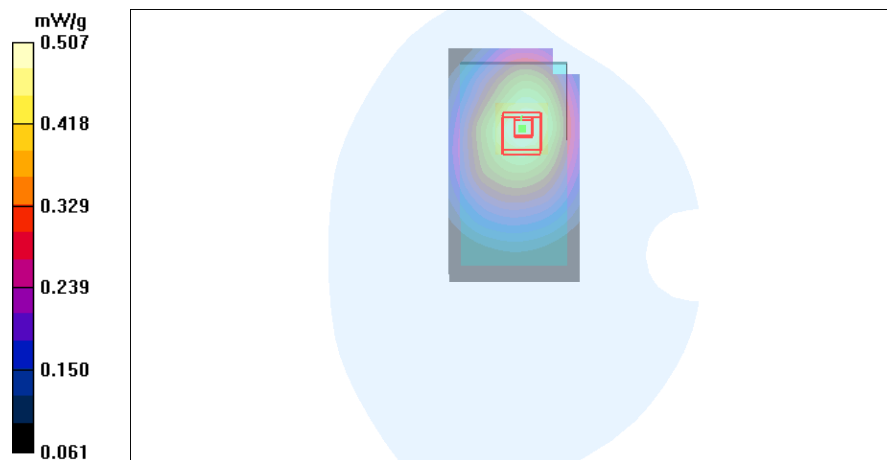
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.626 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.096 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-16 08:36:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.993 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.332 mW/g

Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.47 V/m

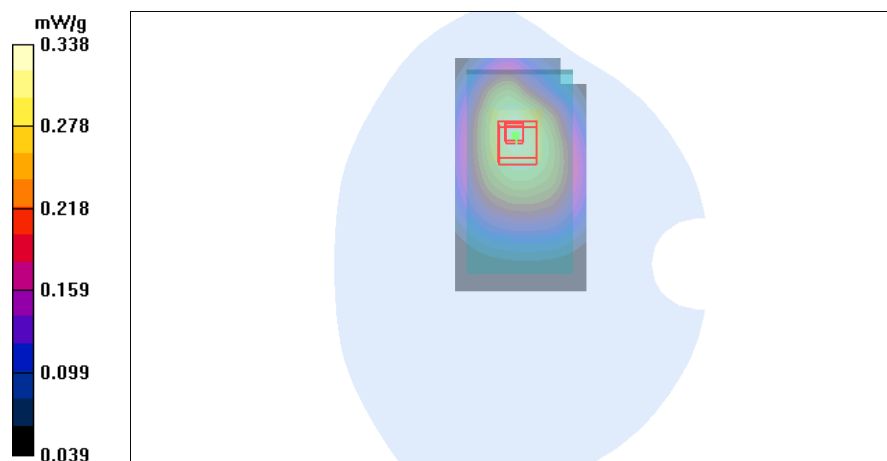
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.319 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.236 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.259 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-16 08:48:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.64 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.342 W/kg

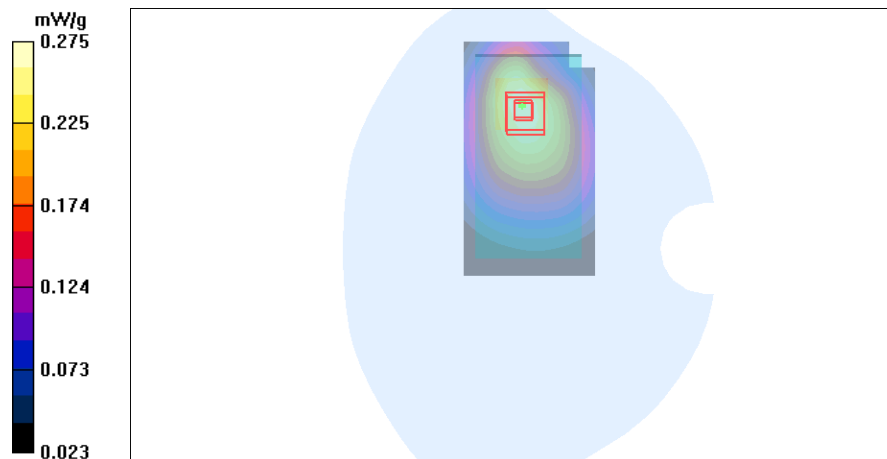
SAR(1 g) = 0.260 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.191 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-16 09:33:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body -High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 mW/g

Body -High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.12 V/m

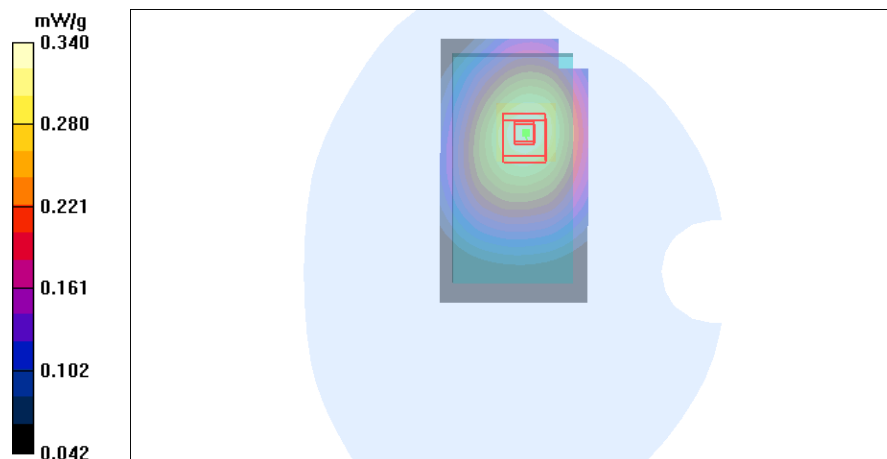
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.404 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.322 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.241 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-16 09:11:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.11 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.184 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.087 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 20:43:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.373 mW/g

Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.28 V/m

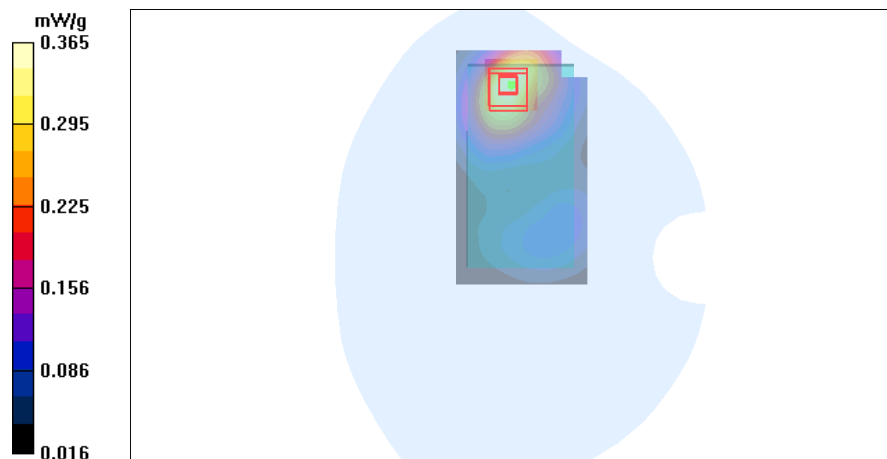
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.527 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.340 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.213 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.365 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 21:03:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.375 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.57 V/m

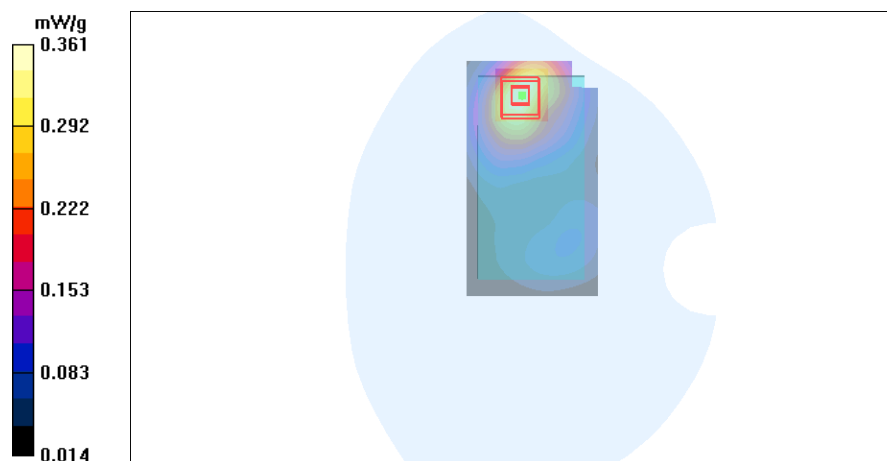
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.502 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.334 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.211 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 21:30:42

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 mW/g

Body - Middle - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.91 V/m

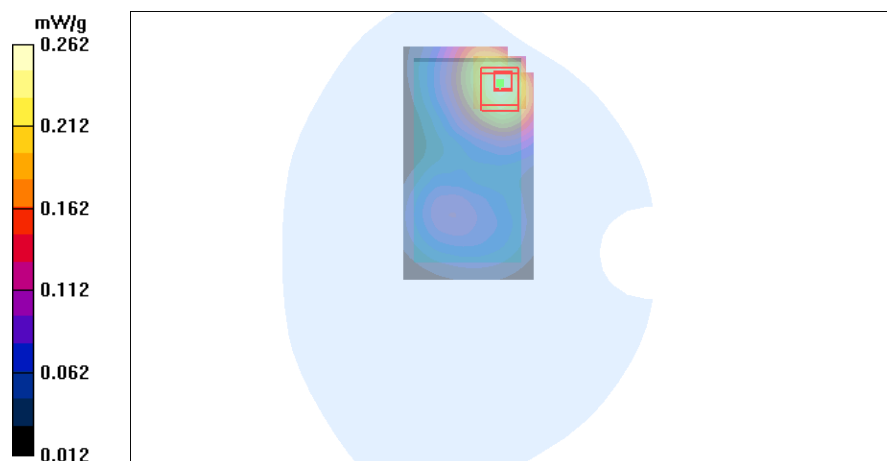
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.384 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.157 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.165 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 21:20:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194

- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.265 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.15 V/m

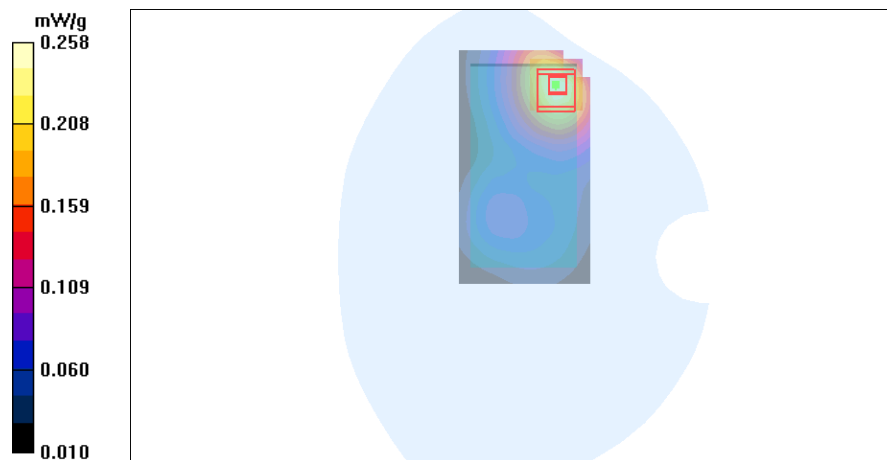
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.380 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 15:53:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.512 mW/g

Body - Low - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.85 V/m

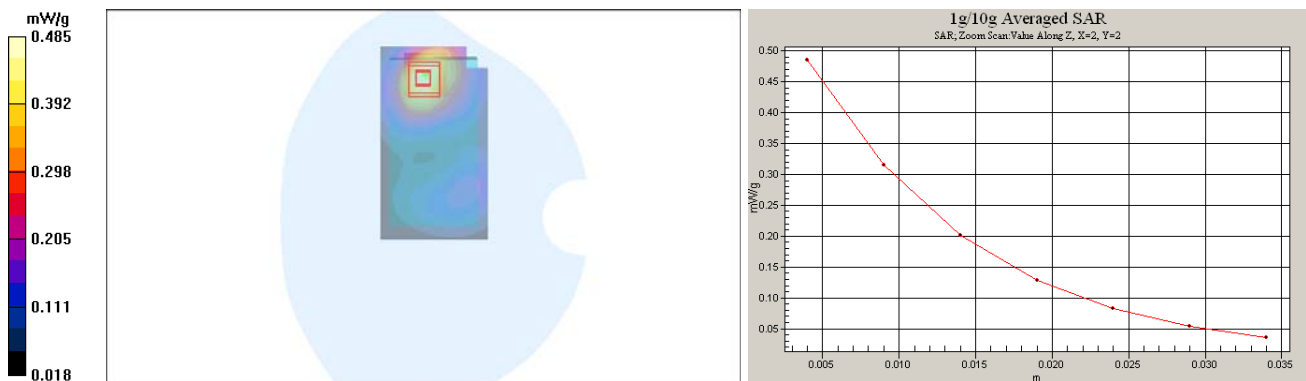
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.670 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.446 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.279 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.324 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 15:12:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.468 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.39 V/m

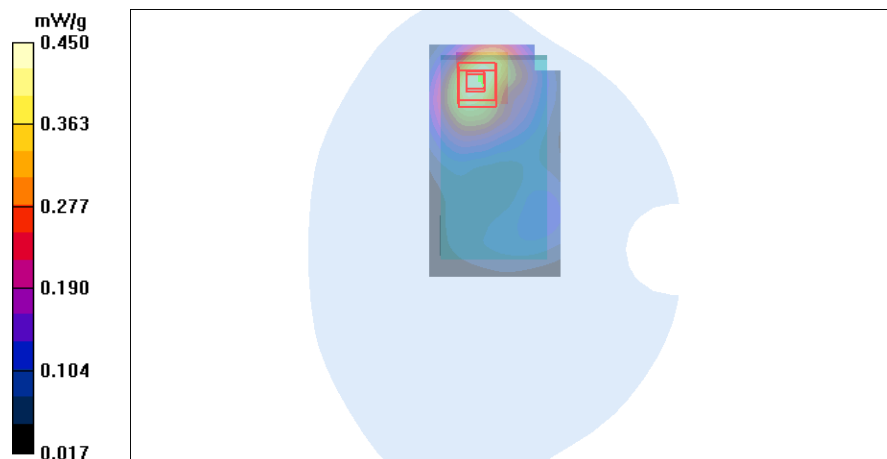
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.639 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.420 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.450 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 15:36:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.338 mW/g

Body - Middle - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.50 V/m

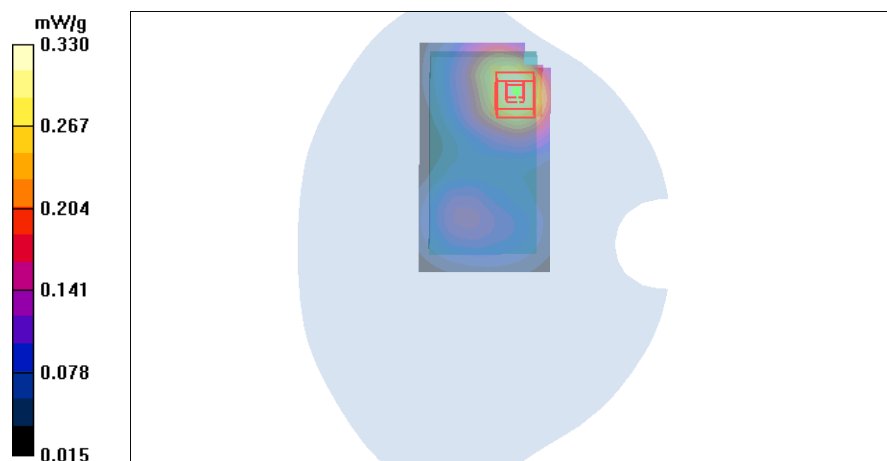
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.305 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-11 15:26:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.70 V/m

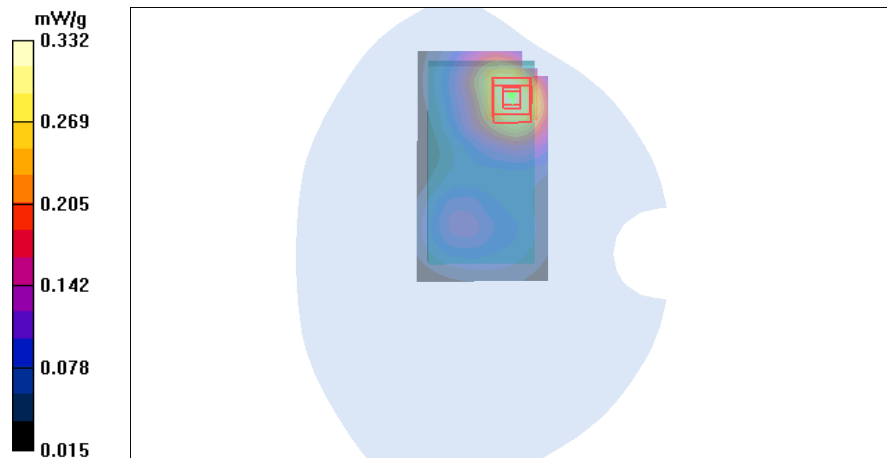
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.459 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.127 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 16:20:32

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.63, 6.63, 6.63); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: ; Serial:
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

Body - High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.80 V/m

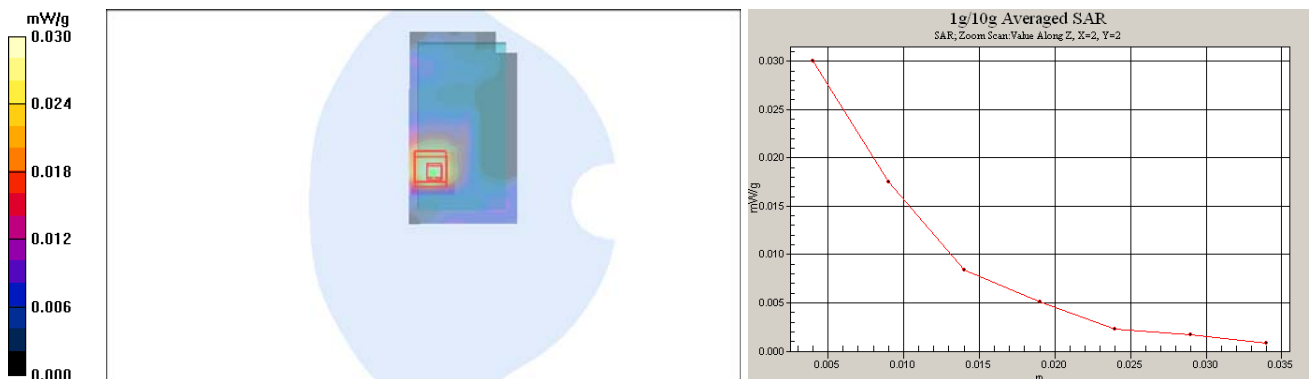
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.046 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.307 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 15:34:28

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; σ = 1.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573
- ConvF(6.63, 6.63, 6.63); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2009-10-15
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: ; Serial:
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-1V - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.43 V/m

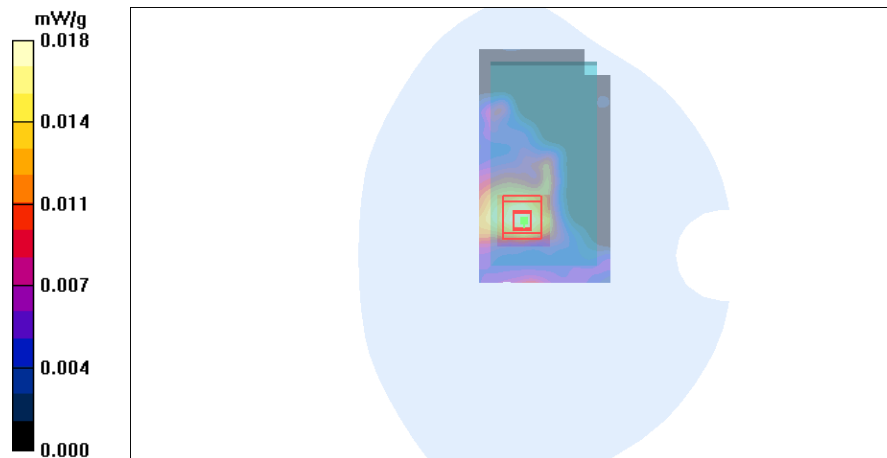
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.028 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.00792 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.480 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.018 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:00:59, Date/Time: 2010-06-11 11:35:57

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 2442 MHz, Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1, Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL2450, Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5C, Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.872 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56), ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-11-20, Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM1, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: SAM, Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1126, Serial: TP-1179
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

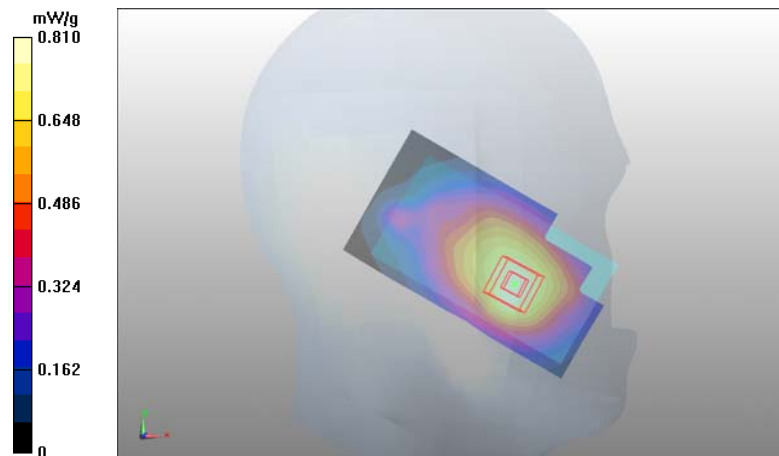
Configuration/Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Low/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.758 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.528 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.810 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:00:59, Date/Time: 2010-06-11 12:28:15

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 2442 MHz, Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450, Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.5C, Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used:
 $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.879$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

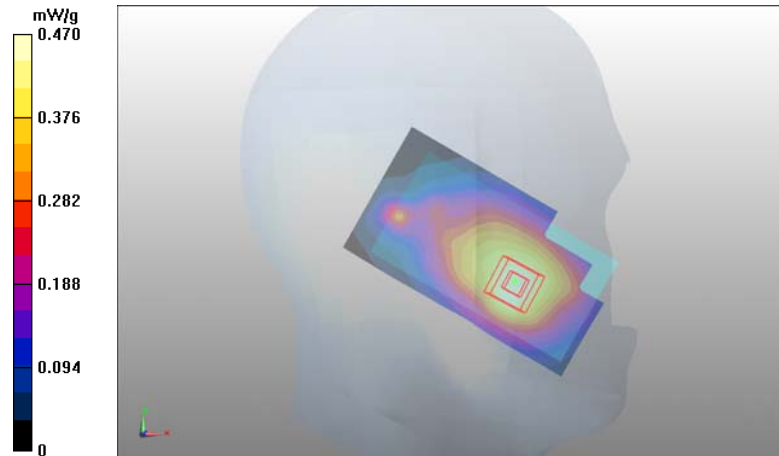
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56), ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-11-20, Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM1, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: SAM, Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1126, Serial: TP-1179
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.441 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:35:38, Date/Time: 2010-06-09 19:50:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1, Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL2450, Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5C, Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used:
 $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56), ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM1, Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM, Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1126, Serial: TP-1449
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

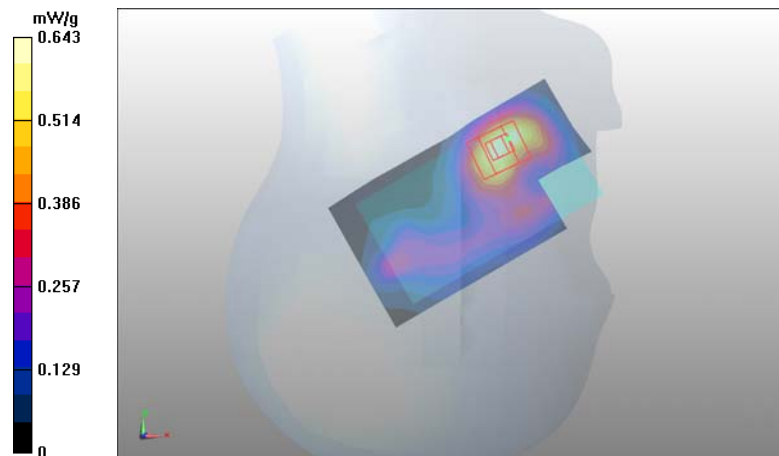
Configuration/Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - High/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.586 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.329 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.643 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-09 10:35:38, Date/Time: 2010-06-10 15:08:03

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 2442 MHz, Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450, Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.5C, Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56), ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM1, Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM, Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1126, Serial: TP-1449
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

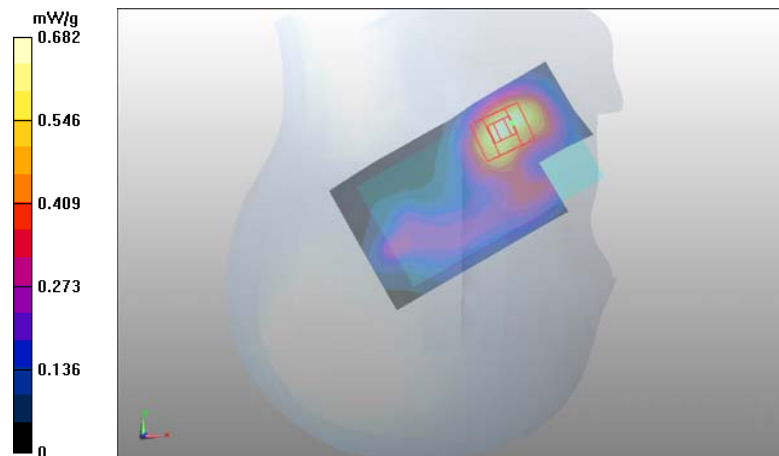
Configuration/Cheek - Middle/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Low/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.619 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.352 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.682 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 16:20:32, Date/Time: 2010-06-15 15:30:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1, Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL2450, Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C, Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(6.63, 6.63, 6.63), ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-11-20, Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM2, Phantom: SAM 1; Type: , Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: , Serial: TP-1179
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

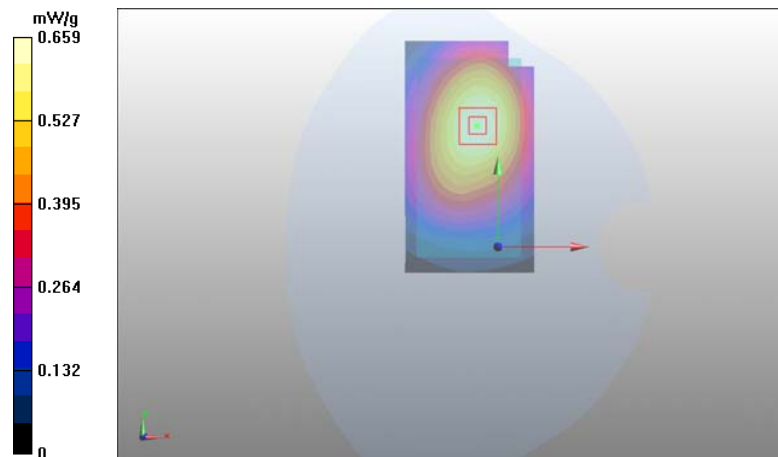
Configuration/Body - High US - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Body - Low - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.624 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.444 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.659 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 16:20:32, Date/Time: 2010-06-16 09:33:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 2462 MHz, Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450, Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C, Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(6.63, 6.63, 6.63), ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-11-20, Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn1213; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2009-11-16
- Phantom: SAM2, Phantom: SAM 1; Type: , Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial:, Serial: TP-1179
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

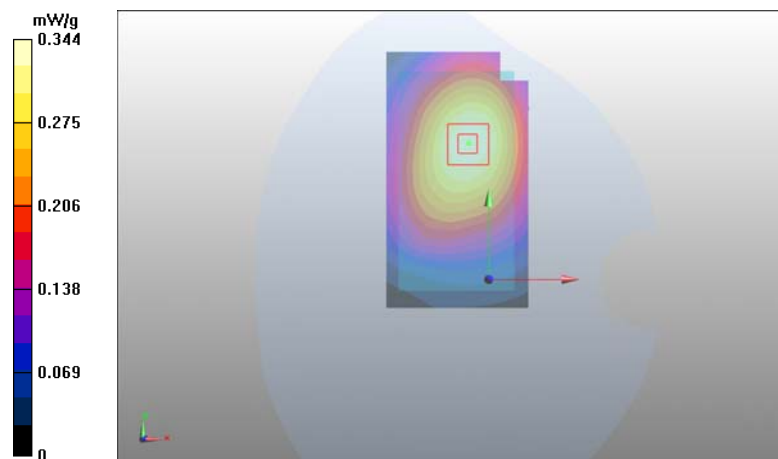
Configuration/Body - High US - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Body -High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.325 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 16:20:32, Date/Time: 2010-06-10 20:43:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1, Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL2450, Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C, Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(6.63, 6.63, 6.63), ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM2, Phantom: SAM 2; Type: , Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: , Serial: TP - 1177
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

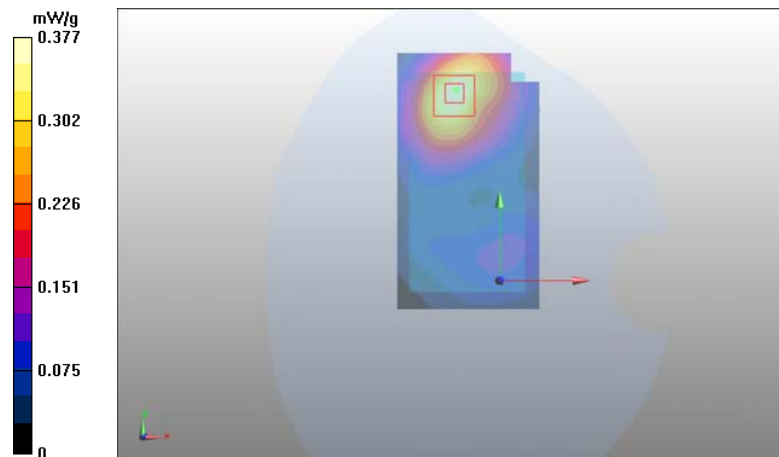
Configuration/Body - High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Body - Middle - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.344 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g



Date/Time: 2010-06-10 16:20:32, Date/Time: 2010-06-11 15:53:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859472/8, Serial: 004401/10/859502/2

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode, Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450, Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C, Medium Notes: t=20.5 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3573, Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3194
- ConvF(6.63, 6.63, 6.63), ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2009-11-20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555, Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-10-15, Calibrated: 2010-03-19
- Phantom: SAM2, Phantom: SAM 2; Type:, Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial:, Serial: TP - 1177
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

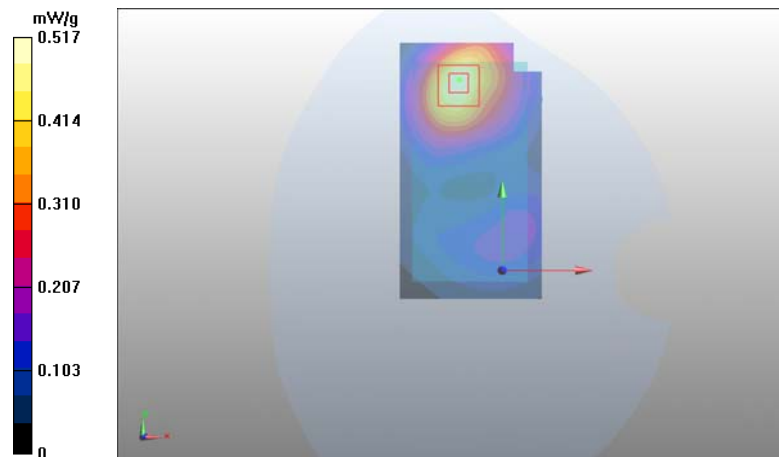
Configuration/Body - High - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Body - Low - No accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.471 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.279 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.517 mW/g



APPENDIX C: CONDUCTED AVERAGE POWER MEASUREMENTS FOR WCDMA AND HSUPA

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-592V; Serial: 004401/10/859536/0, HW: B3, SW: 031.711

C.1. WCDMA850 Test results

Average power

Ch / f (MHz)	P [dBm]
4133	22.48
4175	22.43
4232	22.59

C.2. HSUPA850 Test results

Average power

Ch / f (MHz)	P [dBm]				
	Subtest mode 1	Subtest mode 2	Subtest mode 3	Subtest mode 4	Subtest mode 5
4133	19.46	18.47	20.45	19.51	21.88
4175	19.28	19.07	20.31	19.10	21.59
4232	19.70	18.20	19.40	19.19	21.74

Note: In HSUPA operation, the output power is reduced relative to the tuning target power for WCDMA. This device runs two separate HSUPA power control routines: MPR and E-TFC MPR. In each Subtest mode, the routine with the higher power reduction dominates. In addition, to ensure linearity of the PA output, a further 1dB power reduction for all Subtest modes is implemented. As a result, the MPR for each of the Subtest modes is as follows:

Maximum Power Reduction (MPR)				
Subtest mode 1	Subtest mode 2	Subtest mode 3	Subtest mode 4	Subtest mode 5
2.5dB	3.0dB	2.0dB	3.0dB	1.0dB

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-582V; Serial: 004401/10/859536/0, HW: B3, SW: 031.711

C.3. WCDMA1900 Test results

Average power

Ch / f (MHz)	P [dBm]
9263	21.84
9400	21.72
9537	21.89

C.4. HSUPA1900 Test results

Average power

Ch / f (MHz)	P [dBm]				
	Subtest mode 1	Subtest mode 2	Subtest mode 3	Subtest mode 4	Subtest mode 5
9263	19.03	17.56	19.55	18.64	20.74
9400	18.94	17.47	18.40	17.47	20.74
9537	19.00	17.56	18.49	18.62	20.75

Note: In HSUPA operation, the output power is reduced relative to the tuning target power for WCDMA. This device runs two separate HSUPA power control routines: MPR and E-TFC MPR. In each Subtest mode, the routine with the higher power reduction dominates. In addition, to ensure linearity of the PA output, a further 1dB power reduction for all Subtest modes is implemented. As a result, the MPR for each of the Subtest modes is as follows:

Maximum Power Reduction (MPR)				
Subtest mode 1	Subtest mode 2	Subtest mode 3	Subtest mode 4	Subtest mode 5
2.5dB	3.0dB	2.0dB	3.0dB	1.0dB

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3131_Oct09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3131**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **October 27, 2009**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
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Issued: October 27, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.36	1.30	1.29	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	95.7	92.8	93.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.26	2.01 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.45	1.56 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.38	1.72 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.44	1.66 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

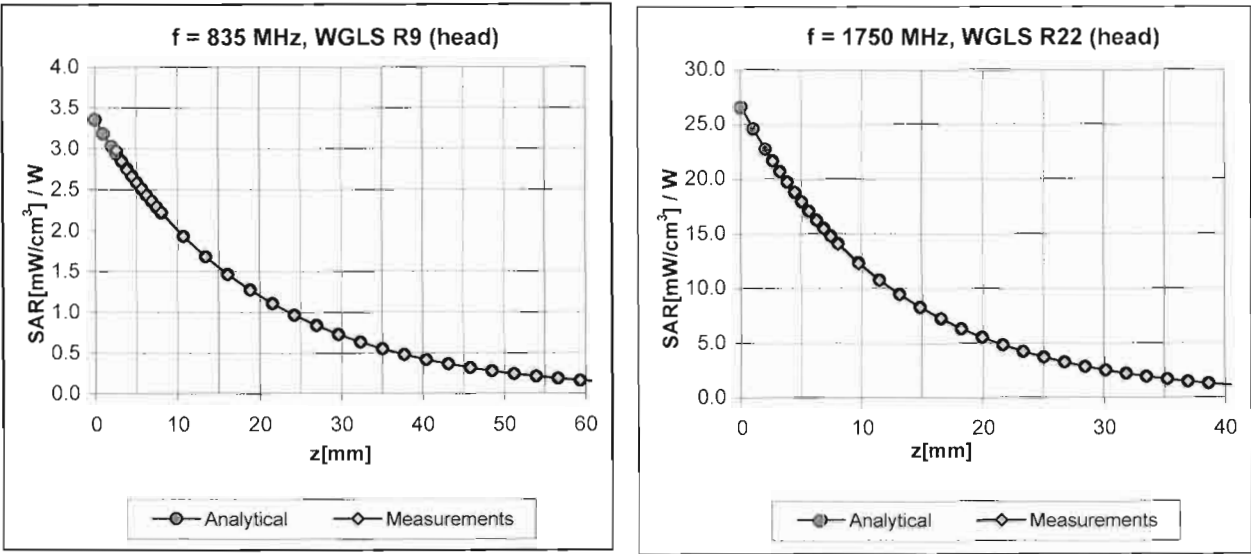
DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	5.69	5.69	5.69	0.32	1.93 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.43	1.83 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.34	2.34 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.94	1.10 ± 11.0%

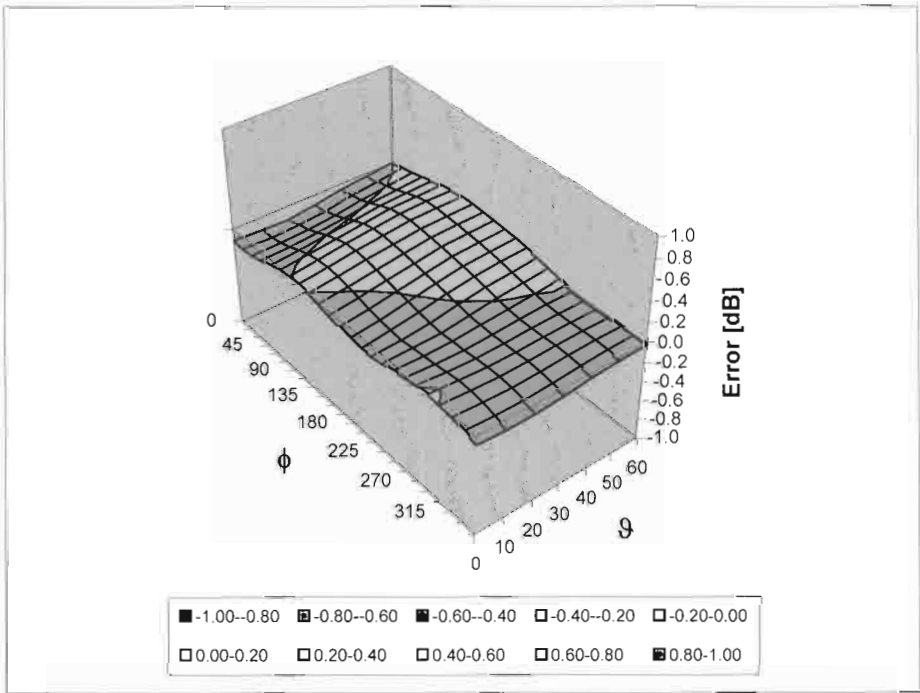
^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3194_Nov09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3194**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 20, 2009**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10

Calibrated by: **Marcel Fehr** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: November 23, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3194**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^A	1.39	1.27	1.37	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	92.8	95.8	92.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3194

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.16	3.23 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.81	1.31 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	5.06	5.06	5.06	0.35	2.32 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.56	1.72 ± 11.0%

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3194

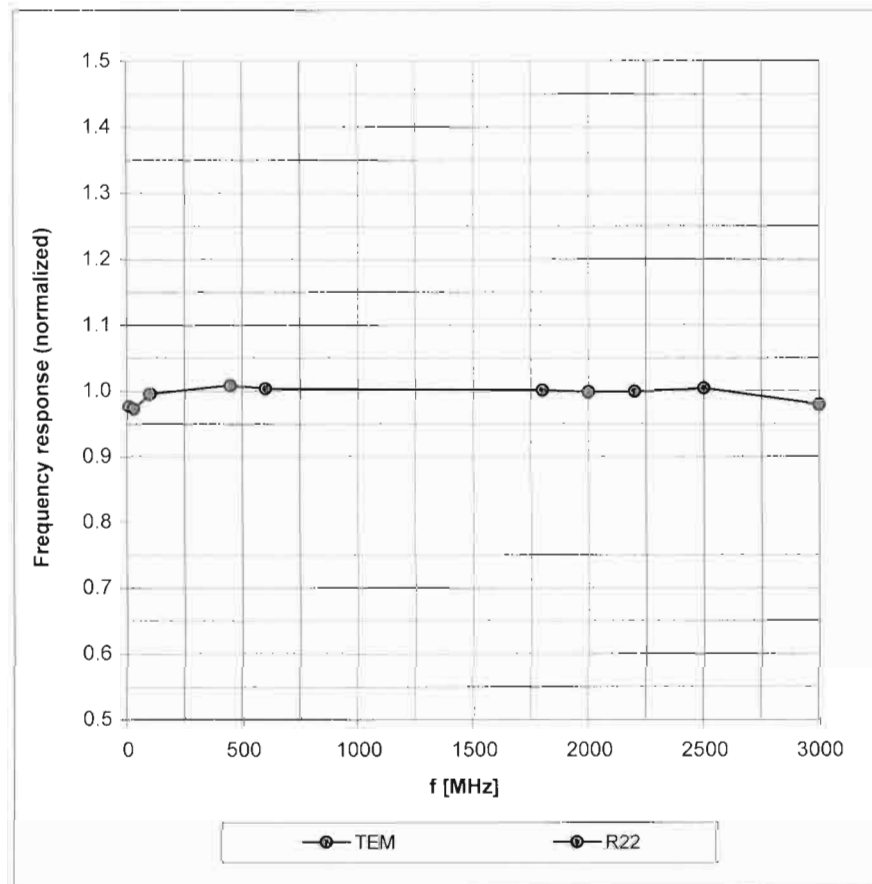
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	5.90	5.90	5.90	0.47	1.74 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.49	1.68 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.37	2.21 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.99	1.12 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

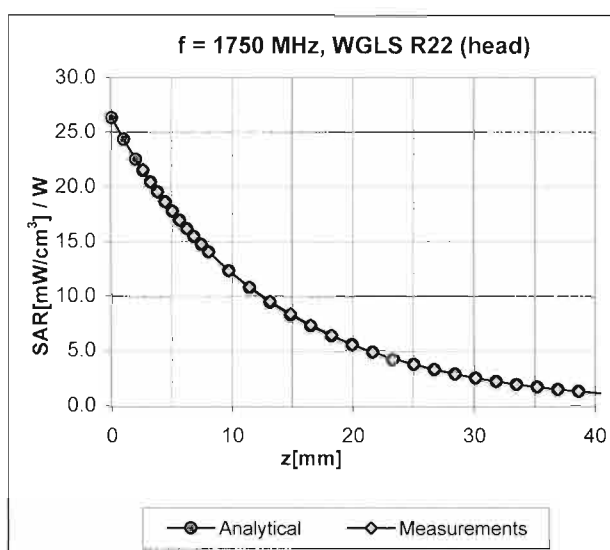
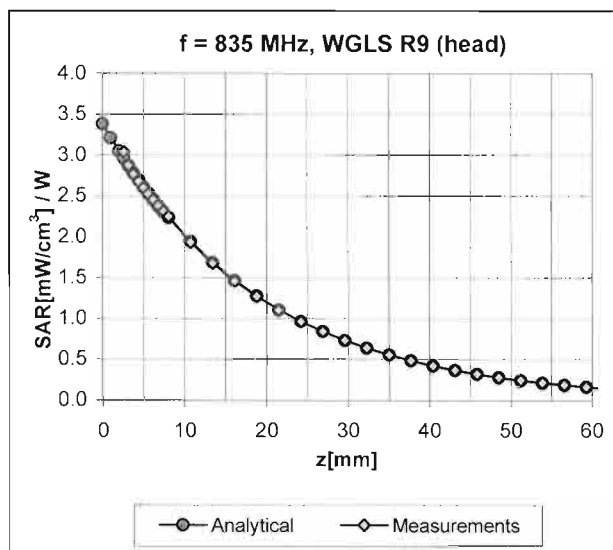
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



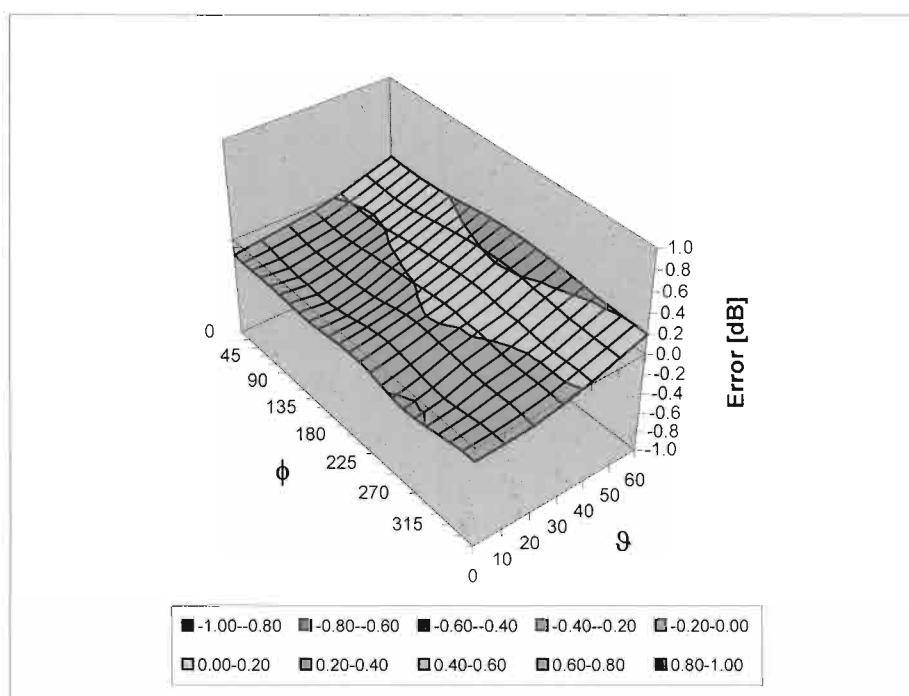
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **EX3-3573_Nov09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3573**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 20, 2009**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	

	Name	Function	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 23, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3573

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.47	0.43	0.54	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	92.9	93.4	92.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	$\pm 1.5\%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3573

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	8.56	8.56	8.56	0.58	0.68 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	7.41	7.41	7.41	0.69	0.63 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.60	0.68 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.37	0.84 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3573

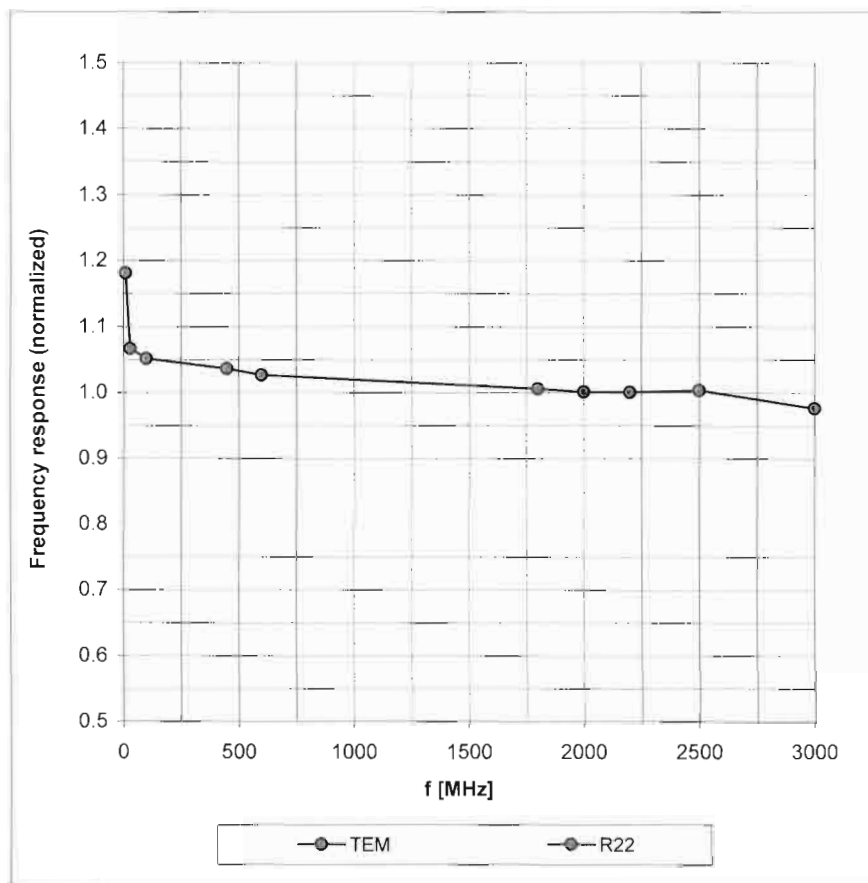
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.70	0.71 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.75	0.64 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	6.83	6.83	6.83	0.61	0.63 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	6.63	6.63	6.63	0.40	0.85 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

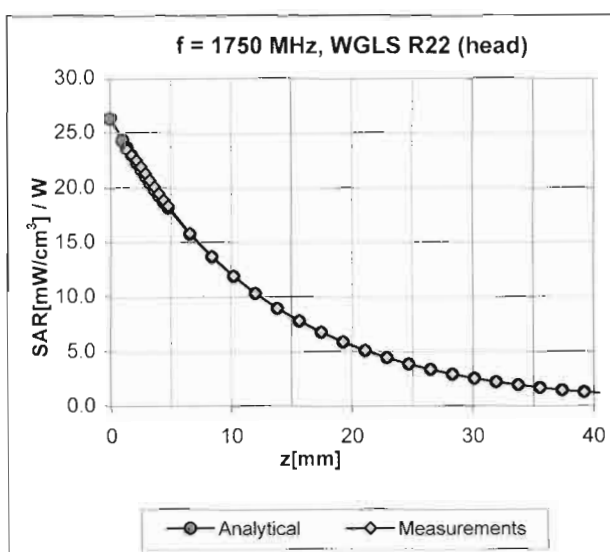
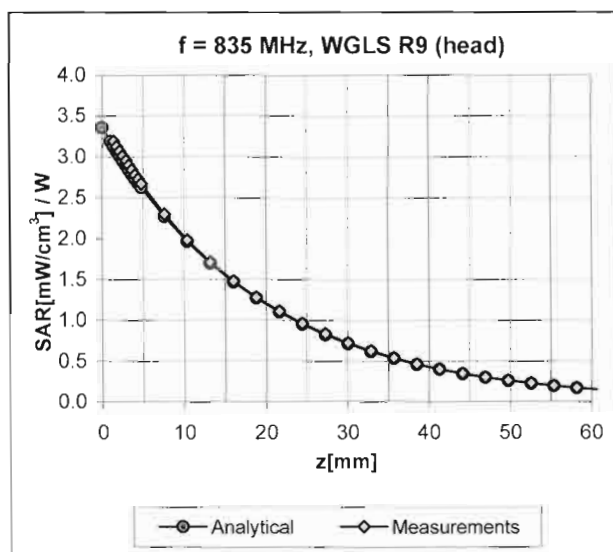
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



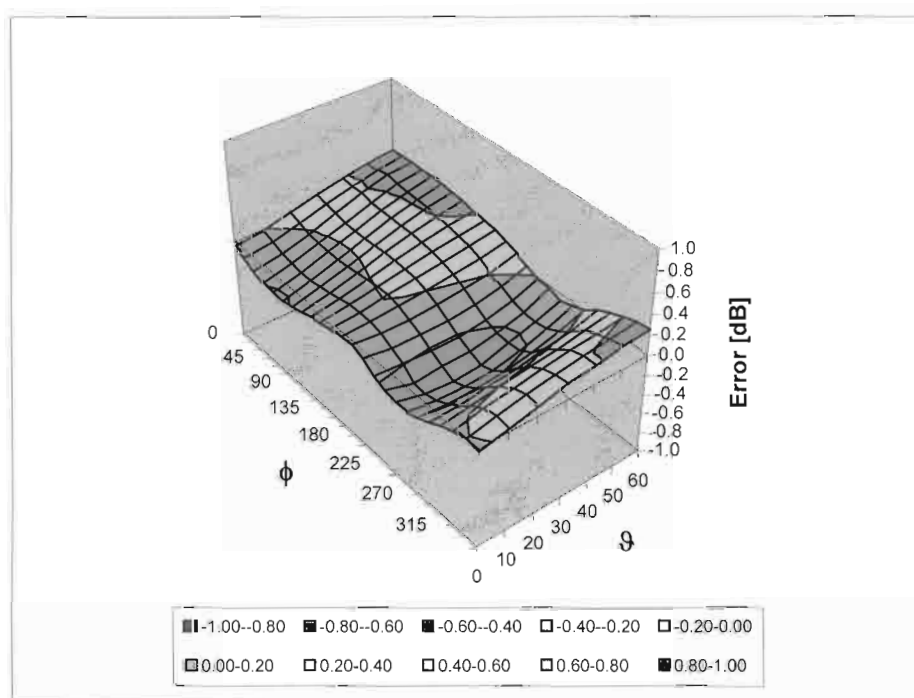
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

APPENDIX E: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-480_Oct09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 480**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **October 19, 2009**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager
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Issued: October 19, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 19.10.2009 10:11:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

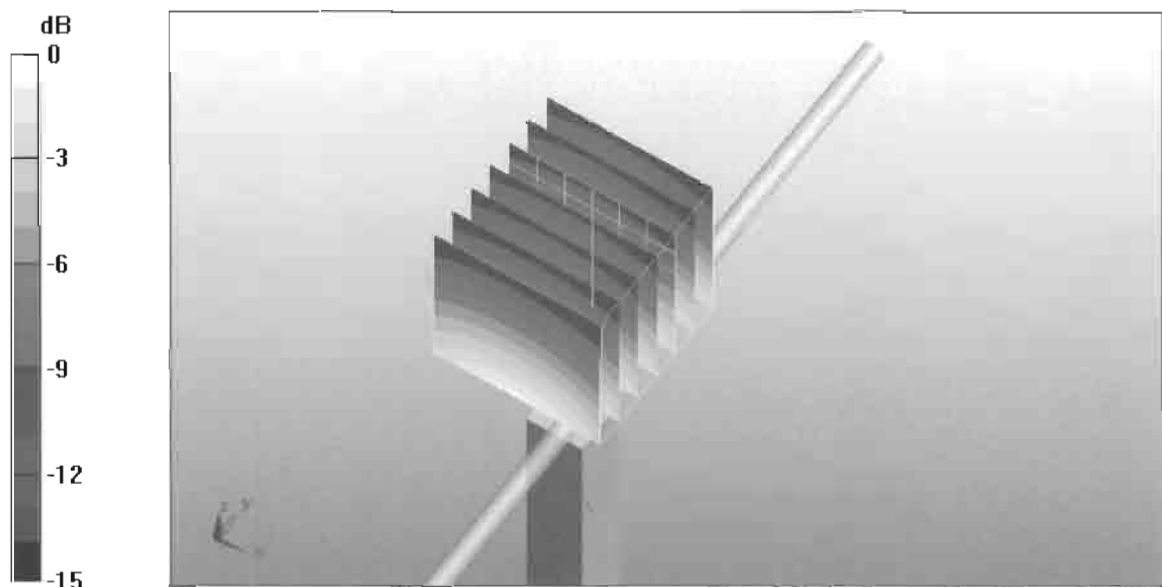
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00856 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 mW/g



0 dB = 2.76mW/g

DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 19.10.2009 13:40:30

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

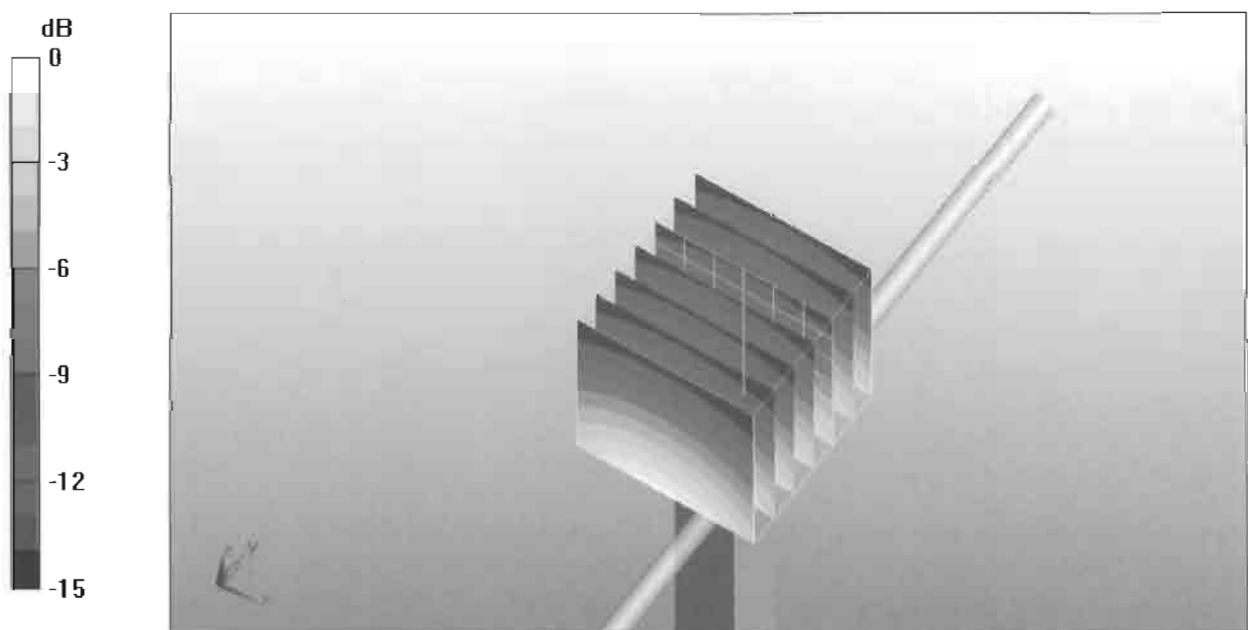
Pin250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 mW/g



0 dB = 2.94mW/g



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d013_Mar10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d013**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **March 23, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Mar-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dinco Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 23, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 10:16:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

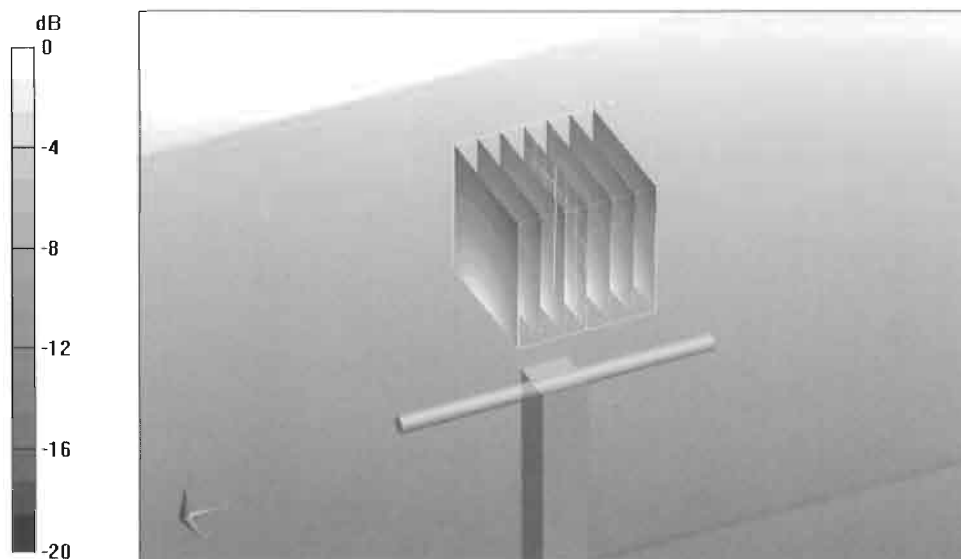
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g



0 dB = 12.6mW/g

DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 13:12:18

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

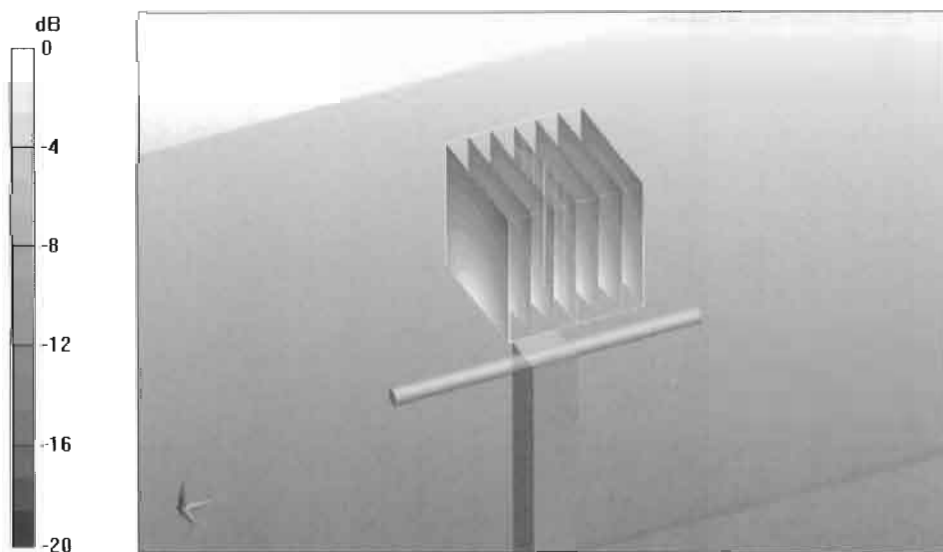
Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00956 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g



0 dB = 12.7mW/g



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Nokia Salo TCC** Certificate No: **D2450V2-749_Oct09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 749**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **October 21, 2009**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 22, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

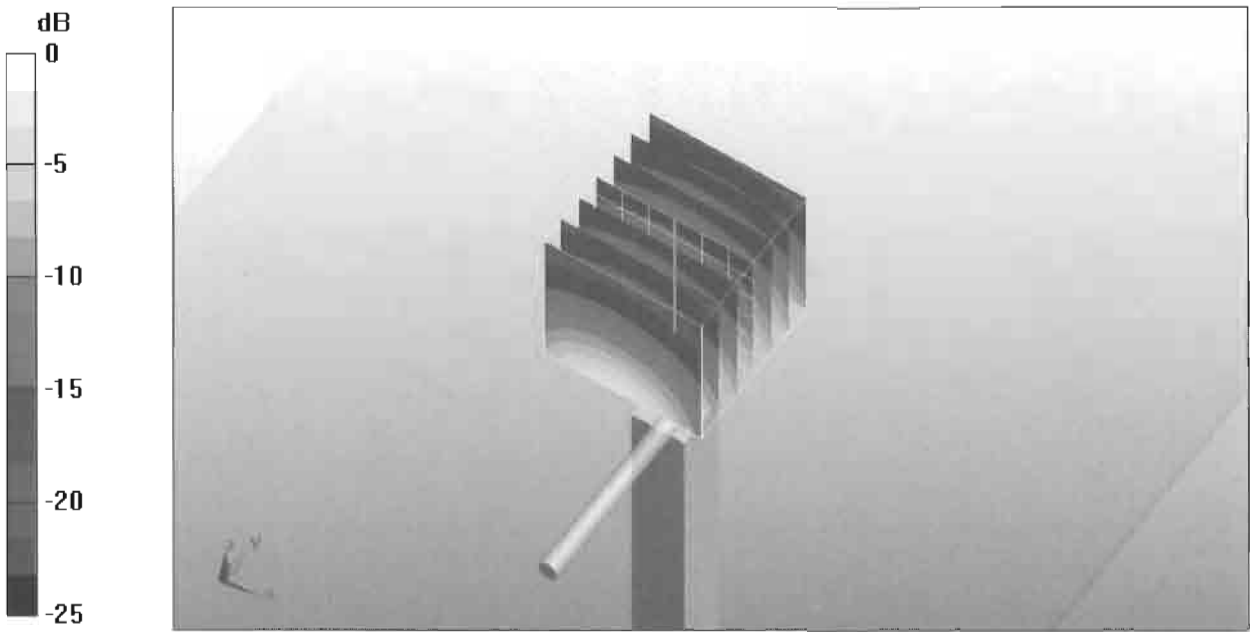
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g



0 dB = 16.9mW/g

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

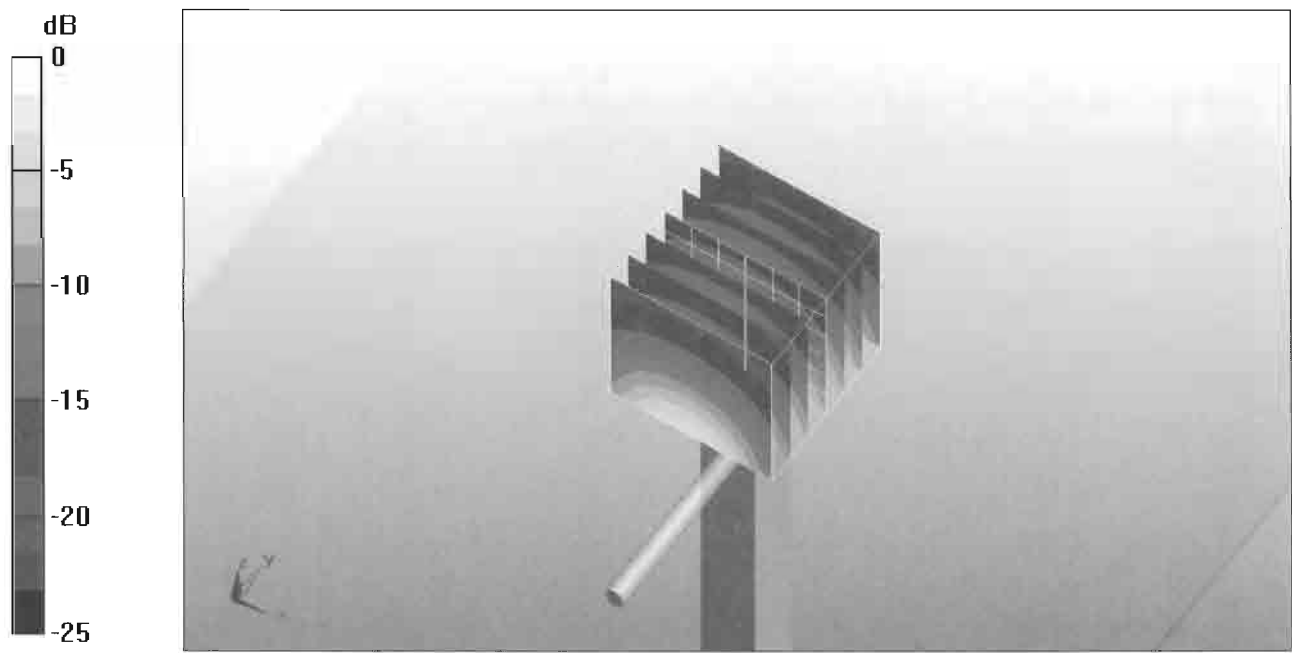
Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 mW/g



0 dB = 16.4mW/g